

- (B) the location of the business concern;
- (C) the area served by the business concern;
- (D) the type of good or service provided by the business concern;
- (E) the bonding level of the business concern; and
- (F) whether the business concern is—
  - (i) a small business concern;
  - (ii) a small business concern owned and controlled by socially and economically disadvantaged individuals;
  - (iii) a small business concern owned and controlled by women; or
  - (iv) a small business concern owned and controlled by service-disabled veterans.

### (3) Source of information

#### (A) Submission

Information maintained in the registry shall be submitted on a voluntary basis and be kept current by the submitting business concerns.

#### (B) Attestation

Each business concern submitting information to the registry shall submit—

- (i) an attestation that the information is true; and
- (ii) documentation supporting such attestation.

#### (C) Verification

The Administrator shall verify that the documentation submitted by each business concern supports the information submitted by that business concern.

### (4) Availability of registry

The registry shall be made generally available on the Internet site of the Agency.

### (5) Consultation of registry

As part of the acquisition planning for contracting for debris removal, distribution of supplies in a disaster, reconstruction, and other disaster or emergency relief activities, a Federal agency shall consult the registry.

(Pub. L. 109–295, title VI, §697, Oct. 4, 2006, 120 Stat. 1461.)

#### Editorial Notes

##### REFERENCES IN TEXT

The Small Business Act, referred to in subsec. (a)(2), is Pub. L. 85–536, §2(1 et seq.), July 18, 1958, 72 Stat. 384, which is classified generally to chapter 14A (§631 et seq.) of Title 15, Commerce and Trade. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 631 of Title 15 and Tables.

### § 797. Fraud prevention training program

The Administrator shall develop and implement a program to provide training on the prevention of waste, fraud, and abuse of Federal disaster relief assistance relating to the response to or recovery from natural disasters and acts of terrorism or other man-made disasters and ways to identify such potential waste, fraud, and abuse.

(Pub. L. 109–295, title VI, §698, Oct. 4, 2006, 120 Stat. 1462.)

## PART E—AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

### § 811. Authorization of appropriations

There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this title<sup>1</sup> and the amendments made by this title for the administration and operations of the Agency—

- (1) for fiscal year 2008, an amount equal to the amount appropriated for fiscal year 2007 for administration and operations of the Agency, multiplied by 1.1;
- (2) for fiscal year 2009, an amount equal to the amount described in paragraph (1), multiplied by 1.1; and
- (3) for fiscal year 2010, an amount equal to the amount described in paragraph (2), multiplied by 1.1.

(Pub. L. 109–295, title VI, §699, Oct. 4, 2006, 120 Stat. 1462.)

#### Editorial Notes

##### REFERENCES IN TEXT

This title, referred to in text, is title VI of Pub. L. 109–295, Oct. 4, 2006, 120 Stat. 1355, known as the Post-Katrina Emergency Management Reform Act of 2006. For complete classification of title VI to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 701 of this title and Tables.

## PART F—GLOBAL CATASTROPHIC RISK MANAGEMENT

#### Editorial Notes

##### CODIFICATION

Part was enacted as part of the Global Catastrophic Risk Management Act of 2022 and also as part of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023, and not part of the Post-Katrina Emergency Management Reform Act of 2006 which comprises this chapter.

### § 821. Definitions

In this part:

#### (1) Administrator

The term “Administrator” means the Administrator of the Federal Emergency Management Agency.

#### (2) Basic need

The term “basic need”—

(A) means any good, service, or activity necessary to protect the health, safety, and general welfare of the civilian population of the United States; and

(B) includes—

- (i) food;
- (ii) water;
- (iii) shelter;
- (iv) basic communication services;
- (v) basic sanitation and health services; and
- (vi) public safety.

#### (3) Catastrophic incident

The term “catastrophic incident”—

(A) means any natural or man-made disaster that results in extraordinary levels of

<sup>1</sup> See References in Text note below.