

applying to receive a grant under section 300ff-21 of this title;

(4) a demonstration of the ability of the State to utilize such supplemental financial resources in a manner that is immediately responsive and cost effective;

(5) a demonstration that the resources will be allocated in accordance with the local demographic incidence of AIDS including appropriate allocations for services for infants, children, women, and families with HIV/AIDS;

(6) a demonstration of the inclusiveness of the planning process, with particular emphasis on affected communities and individuals with HIV/AIDS; and

(7) a demonstration of the manner in which the proposed services are consistent with local needs assessments and the statewide coordinated statement of need.

(d) Definitions of emerging community

For purposes of this section, the term “emerging community” means a metropolitan area (as defined in section 300ff-17 of this title) for which there has been reported to and confirmed by the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention a cumulative total of at least 500, but fewer than 1,000, cases of AIDS during the most recent period of 5 calendar years for which such data are available.

(e) Continued status as emerging community

Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a metropolitan area that is an emerging community for a fiscal year continues to be an emerging community until the metropolitan area fails, for three consecutive fiscal years—

(1) to meet the requirements of subsection (d); and

(2) to have a cumulative total of 750 or more living cases of AIDS (reported to and confirmed by the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention) as of December 31 of the most recent calendar year for which such data is available.

(f) Distribution

The amount of a grant under subsection (a) for a State for a fiscal year shall be an amount equal to the product of—

(1) the amount available under section 300ff-31b(b)(1) of this title for the fiscal year; and

(2) a percentage equal to the ratio constituted by the number of living cases of HIV/AIDS in emerging communities in the State to the sum of the respective numbers of such cases in such communities for all States.

(July 1, 1944, ch. 373, title XXVI, § 2621, formerly § 2620, as added Pub. L. 106-345, title II, § 207(2), Oct. 20, 2000, 114 Stat. 1337; renumbered § 2621 and amended Pub. L. 109-415, title II, §§ 204(a), 205(1), 206, title VII, §§ 702(3), 703, Dec. 19, 2006, 120 Stat. 2796, 2797, 2799, 2820; Pub. L. 111-87, § 2(a)(1), (3)(A), Oct. 30, 2009, 123 Stat. 2885.)

Editorial Notes

PRIOR PROVISIONS

A prior section 300ff-30, act July 1, 1944, ch. 373, title XXVI, § 2620, as added Aug. 18, 1990, Pub. L. 101-381, title II, § 201, 104 Stat. 597, authorized appropriations for fis-

cal years 1991 through 1995, prior to repeal by Pub. L. 104-146, §§ 6(b), 13, May 20, 1996, 110 Stat. 1367, 1374, effective Oct. 1, 1996.

A prior section 2621 of act July 1, 1944, was classified to section 300ff-31 of this title, prior to repeal by Pub. L. 106-345.

AMENDMENTS

2009—Pub. L. 111-87 repealed Pub. L. 109-415, § 703, and revived the provisions of this section as in effect on Sept. 30, 2009. See 2006 Amendment note and Effective Date of 2009 Amendment; Revival of Section note below.

2006—Pub. L. 109-415, § 703, which directed repeal of this section effective Oct. 1, 2009, was itself repealed by Pub. L. 111-87, § 2(a)(1), effective Sept. 30, 2009.

Pub. L. 109-415, § 206(1), substituted “Emerging communities” for “Supplemental grants” in section catchline.

Subsec. (b)(3), (4). Pub. L. 109-415, § 206(2), added par. (3) and redesignated former par. (3) as (4).

Subsec. (c)(3). Pub. L. 109-415, § 204(a), substituted “section 300ff-21 of this title” for “this part”.

Subsec. (c)(5), (6). Pub. L. 109-415, § 702(3), substituted “HIV/AIDS” for “HIV disease”.

Subsecs. (d) to (f). Pub. L. 109-415, § 206(3), added subsecs. (d) to (f) and struck out former subsecs. (d) and (e) defining “emerging community” and relating to funding, respectively.

Statutory Notes and Related Subsidiaries

EFFECTIVE DATE OF 2009 AMENDMENT; REVIVAL OF SECTION

For provisions that repeal by section 2(a)(1) of Pub. L. 111-87 of section 703 of Pub. L. 109-415 be effective Sept. 30, 2009, and that the provisions of this section as in effect on Sept. 30, 2009, be revived, see section 2(a)(2), (3)(A) of Pub. L. 111-87, set out as a note under section 300ff-11 of this title.

§ 300ff-31. Repealed. Pub. L. 106-345, title II, § 207(1), Oct. 20, 2000, 114 Stat. 1337

Section, act July 1, 1944, ch. 373, title XXVI, § 2621, as added Pub. L. 104-146, § 3(c)(7), May 20, 1996, 110 Stat. 1356, related to coordination of planning and implementation of Federal HIV programs to facilitate the local development of a complete continuum of HIV-related services for individuals with HIV disease and those at risk of such disease and required a biennial report to Congress on coordination efforts.

§ 300ff-31a. Timeframe for obligation and expenditure of grant funds

(a) Obligation by end of grant year

Effective for fiscal year 2007 and subsequent fiscal years, funds from a grant award made to a State for a fiscal year pursuant to section 300ff-28(a)(1) or 300ff-28(a)(2)(F) of this title, or under section 300ff-29a or 300ff-30 of this title, are available for obligation by the State through the end of the one-year period beginning on the date in such fiscal year on which funds from the award first become available to the State (referred to in this section as the “grant year for the award”), except as provided in subsection (c)(1).

(b) Supplemental grants; cancellation of unobligated balance of grant award

Effective for fiscal year 2007 and subsequent fiscal years, if a grant award made to a State for a fiscal year pursuant to section 300ff-28(a)(2)(F)(ii) of this title, or under section 300ff-29a or 300ff-30 of this title, has an unobli-