

that are consistent with the regulations promulgated under section 264(c) of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996. None of such information provided by a manufacturer, wholesaler, or distributor shall be disclosed without its consent to another manufacturer, wholesaler, or distributor, or shall be used in any manner to give a manufacturer, wholesaler, or distributor a proprietary advantage.

(d) Guidelines

The Secretary, in order to maintain the confidentiality of relevant information and ensure that none of the information contained in the systems involved may be used to provide proprietary advantage within the vaccine market, while allowing State, local, and tribal health officials access to such information to maximize the delivery and availability of vaccines to high priority populations, during times of influenza pandemics or other pandemics, vaccine shortages, and supply disruptions, in consultation with manufacturers, distributors, wholesalers and State, local, and tribal health departments, shall develop guidelines for subsections (a) and (b).

(e) Authorization of appropriations

There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section, \$30,800,000 for each of fiscal years 2019 through 2023.

(f) Report to Congress

As part of the National Health Security Strategy described in section 300hh-1 of this title, the Secretary shall provide an update on the implementation of subsections (a) through (d).

(July 1, 1944, ch. 373, title III, §319A, as added Pub. L. 106-505, title I, §102, Nov. 13, 2000, 114 Stat. 2316; amended Pub. L. 107-188, title I, §111(1), June 12, 2002, 116 Stat. 611; Pub. L. 109-417, title II, §204(a), Dec. 19, 2006, 120 Stat. 2850; Pub. L. 113-5, title II, §202(b), Mar. 13, 2013, 127 Stat. 175; Pub. L. 116-22, title VII, §701(b), June 24, 2019, 133 Stat. 961; Pub. L. 117-328, div. FF, title II, §2232, Dec. 29, 2022, 136 Stat. 5754.)

Editorial Notes

REFERENCES IN TEXT

Section 264(c) of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, referred to in subsec. (c), is section 264(c) of Pub. L. 104-191, which is set out as a note under section 1320d-2 of this title.

AMENDMENTS

2022—Subsec. (a). Pub. L. 117-328, §2232(1), inserted “, or other federally purchased vaccine to address another pandemic” after “in an influenza pandemic” and “or other pandemic” after “during an influenza pandemic”.

Subsec. (d). Pub. L. 117-328, §2232(2), inserted “or other pandemics” after “influenza pandemics”.

2019—Subsec. (e). Pub. L. 116-22 substituted “2019 through 2023” for “2014 through 2018”.

2013—Subsec. (e). Pub. L. 113-5 substituted “\$30,800,000 for each of fiscal years 2014 through 2018” for “such sums for each of fiscal years 2007 through 2011”.

2006—Pub. L. 109-417 amended section catchline and text generally, substituting provisions relating to vaccine tracking and distribution for provisions relating to establishment of capacities to combat threats to public health.

2002—Subsec. (a)(1). Pub. L. 107-188 substituted “five years” for “10 years”.

§ 247d-2. Earlier development of diagnostic tests

The Secretary may contract with public and private entities, as appropriate, to increase capacity in the rapid development, validation, manufacture, and dissemination of diagnostic tests, as appropriate, to State, local, and Tribal health departments and other appropriate entities for immediate public health response activities to address an emerging infectious disease with respect to which a public health emergency is declared under section 247d of this title, or that has significant potential to cause such a public health emergency.

(July 1, 1944, ch. 373, title III, §319B, as added Pub. L. 117-328, div. FF, title II, §2303(b), Dec. 29, 2022, 136 Stat. 5758.)

Editorial Notes

PRIOR PROVISIONS

A prior section 247d-2, act July 1, 1944, ch. 373, title III, §319B, as added Pub. L. 106-505, title I, §102, Nov. 13, 2000, 114 Stat. 2317; amended Pub. L. 107-188, title I, §111(2), June 12, 2002, 116 Stat. 611, related to grants to States to assess public health needs, prior to repeal by Pub. L. 109-417, title II, §204(b)(1), Dec. 19, 2006, 120 Stat. 2851.

§ 247d-3. Repealed. Pub. L. 109-417, title II, § 204(b)(1), Dec. 19, 2006, 120 Stat. 2851

Section, act July 1, 1944, ch. 373, title III, §319C, as added Pub. L. 106-505, title I, §102, Nov. 13, 2000, 114 Stat. 2317; amended Pub. L. 107-188, title I, §131(b), June 12, 2002, 116 Stat. 626, related to grants to improve State and local public health agencies.

§ 247d-3a. Improving State and local public health security

(a) In general

To enhance the security of the United States with respect to public health emergencies, the Secretary, acting through the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, shall award cooperative agreements to eligible entities to enable such entities to conduct the activities described in subsection (d).

(b) Eligible entities

To be eligible to receive an award under subsection (a), an entity shall—

(1)(A) be a State;

(B) be a political subdivision determined by the Secretary to be eligible for an award under this section (based on criteria described in subsection (h)(4)); or

(C) be a consortium of States; and

(2) prepare and submit to the Secretary an application at such time, and in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require, including—

(A) an All-Hazards Public Health Emergency Preparedness and Response Plan which shall include—

(i) a description of the activities such entity will carry out under the agreement to meet the goals identified under section 300hh-1 of this title, including with respect to chemical, biological, radiological, or nuclear threats, whether naturally occurring, unintentional, or deliberate;

(ii) a description of the activities such entity will carry out with respect to pan-