

information and activities, including activities under this part, within the Federal Government by working with the General Services Administration and all relevant agencies, including, at a minimum—

- (1) the Environmental Protection Agency;
- (2) the Office of the Federal Environmental Executive;
- (3) the Office of Federal Procurement Policy;
- (4) the Department of Energy, particularly the Federal Energy Management Program;
- (5) the Department of Health and Human Services;
- (6) the Department of Housing and Urban Development;
- (7) the Department of Defense;
- (8) the National Institute of Standards and Technology;
- (9) the Department of Transportation;
- (10) the Office of Science Technology and Policy; and
- (11) such nonprofit high-performance green building rating and analysis entities as the Commercial Director determines can offer support, expertise, and review services.

**(f) High-Performance Green Building Partnership Consortium**

**(1) Recognition**

Not later than 90 days after December 19, 2007, the Commercial Director shall formally recognize one or more groups that qualify as a high-performance green building partnership consortium.

**(2) Representation to qualify**

To qualify under this section, any consortium shall include representation from—

- (A) the design professions, including national associations of architects and of professional engineers;
- (B) the development, construction, financial, and real estate industries;
- (C) building owners and operators from the public and private sectors;
- (D) academic and research organizations, including at least one national laboratory with extensive commercial building energy expertise;
- (E) building code agencies and organizations, including a model energy code-setting organization;
- (F) independent high-performance green building associations or councils;
- (G) experts in indoor air quality and environmental factors;
- (H) experts in intelligent buildings and integrated building information systems;
- (I) utility energy efficiency programs;
- (J) manufacturers and providers of equipment and techniques used in high-performance green buildings;
- (K) public transportation industry experts; and
- (L) nongovernmental energy efficiency organizations.

**(3) Funding**

The Secretary may make payments to the Consortium pursuant to the terms of a public-private partnership for such activities of the Consortium undertaken under such a partner-

ship as described in this part directly to the Consortium or through one or more of its members.

**(g) Report**

Not later than 2 years after December 19, 2007, and biennially thereafter, the Commercial Director, in consultation with the Consortium, shall submit to Congress a report that—

(1) describes the status of the high-performance green building initiatives under this part and other Federal programs affecting commercial high-performance green buildings in effect as of the date of the report, including—

- (A) the extent to which the programs are being carried out in accordance with this part; and
- (B) the status of funding requests and appropriations for those programs; and

(2) summarizes and highlights development, at the State and local level, of high-performance green building initiatives, including executive orders, policies, or laws adopted promoting high-performance green building (including the status of implementation of those initiatives).

(Pub. L. 110-140, title IV, § 421, Dec. 19, 2007, 121 Stat. 1602.)

**Statutory Notes and Related Subsidiaries**

**EFFECTIVE DATE**

Section effective on the date that is 1 day after Dec. 19, 2007, see section 1601 of Pub. L. 110-140, set out as a note under section 1824 of Title 2, The Congress.

**Executive Documents**

**CHANGE OF NAME**

Office of the Federal Environmental Executive reestablished as the Office of the Chief Sustainability Officer by Ex. Ord. No. 13693, § 6, Mar. 19, 2015, 80 F.R. 15877, formerly set out in a note under section 4321 of this title.

**§ 17082. Zero Net Energy Commercial Buildings Initiative**

**(a) Definitions**

In this section:

**(1) Consortium**

The term “consortium” means a High-Performance Green Building Consortium selected by the Commercial Director.

**(2) Initiative**

The term “initiative” means the Zero-Net-Energy Commercial Buildings Initiative established under subsection (b)(1).

**(3) Zero-net-energy commercial building**

The term “zero-net-energy commercial building” means a high-performance commercial building that is designed, constructed, and operated—

- (A) to require a greatly reduced quantity of energy to operate;
- (B) to meet the balance of energy needs from sources of energy that do not produce greenhouse gases;
- (C) in a manner that will result in no net emissions of greenhouse gases; and

(D) to be economically viable.

**(b) Establishment**

**(1) In general**

The Commercial Director shall establish an initiative, to be known as the “Zero-Net-Energy Commercial Buildings Initiative”—

(A) to reduce the quantity of energy consumed by commercial buildings located in the United States; and

(B) to achieve the development of zero net energy commercial buildings in the United States.

**(2) Consortium**

**(A) In general**

Not later than 180 days after December 19, 2007, the Commercial Director shall competitively select, and enter into an agreement with, a consortium to develop and carry out the initiative.

**(B) Agreements**

In entering into an agreement with a consortium under subparagraph (A), the Commercial Director shall use the authority described in section 7256(g) of this title, to the maximum extent practicable.

**(c) Goal of initiative**

The goal of the initiative shall be to develop and disseminate technologies, practices, and policies for the development and establishment of zero net energy commercial buildings for—

(1) any commercial building newly constructed in the United States by 2030;

(2) 50 percent of the commercial building stock of the United States by 2040; and

(3) all commercial buildings in the United States by 2050.

**(d) Components**

In carrying out the initiative, the Commercial Director, in consultation with the consortium, may—

(1) conduct research and development on building science, design, materials, components, equipment and controls, operation and other practices, integration, energy use measurement, and benchmarking;

(2) conduct pilot programs and demonstration projects to evaluate replicable approaches to achieving energy efficient commercial buildings for a variety of building types in a variety of climate zones;

(3) conduct deployment, dissemination, and technical assistance activities to encourage widespread adoption of technologies, practices, and policies (including demand-response technologies, practices, and policies) to achieve energy efficient commercial buildings;

(4) conduct other research, development, demonstration, and deployment activities necessary to achieve each goal of the initiative, as determined by the Commercial Director, in consultation with the consortium;

(5) develop training materials and courses for building professionals and trades on achieving cost-effective high-performance energy efficient buildings;

(6) develop and disseminate public education materials to share information on the benefits

and cost-effectiveness of high-performance energy efficient buildings;

(7) support code-setting organizations and State and local governments in developing minimum performance standards in building codes that recognize the ready availability of many technologies utilized in high-performance energy efficient buildings;

(8) develop strategies for overcoming the split incentives between builders and purchasers, and landlords and tenants, to ensure that energy efficiency and high-performance investments are made that are cost-effective on a lifecycle basis; and

(9) develop improved means of measurement and verification of energy savings and performance for public dissemination.

**(e) Cost sharing**

In carrying out this section, the Commercial Director shall require cost sharing in accordance with section 16352 of this title.

**(f) Authorization of appropriations**

There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section—

(1) \$20,000,000 for fiscal year 2008;

(2) \$50,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2009 and 2010;

(3) \$100,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2011 and 2012; and

(4) \$200,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2013 through 2018.

(Pub. L. 110-140, title IV, § 422, Dec. 19, 2007, 121 Stat. 1604; Pub. L. 117-58, div. D, title I, § 40104(d), Nov. 15, 2021, 135 Stat. 933.)

**Editorial Notes**

AMENDMENTS

2021—Subsec. (d)(3). Pub. L. 117-58 inserted “(including demand-response technologies, practices, and policies)” after “policies”.

**Statutory Notes and Related Subsidiaries**

EFFECTIVE DATE

Section effective on the date that is 1 day after Dec. 19, 2007, see section 1601 of Pub. L. 110-140, set out as a note under section 1824 of Title 2, The Congress.

WAGE RATE REQUIREMENTS

For provisions relating to rates of wages to be paid to laborers and mechanics on projects for construction, alteration, or repair work funded under div. D or an amendment by div. D of Pub. L. 117-58, including authority of Secretary of Labor, see section 18851 of this title.

**§ 17083. Public outreach**

The Commercial Director and Federal Director, in coordination with the Consortium, shall carry out public outreach to inform individuals and entities of the information and services available governmentwide by—

(1) establishing and maintaining a national high-performance green building clearinghouse, including on the Internet, that—

(A) identifies existing similar efforts and coordinates activities of common interest; and

(B) provides information relating to high-performance green buildings, including