

the certification agreement described in subparagraph (A)(ii). The Director of the Bureau of Prisons may require an auditor to sign a confidentiality agreement or other agreement designed to address the auditor's use of personally identifiable information, except that such an agreement may not limit an auditor's ability to provide all such documentation to the Department of Justice, as required under section 115.401(j) of title 28, Code of Federal Regulations.

(Pub. L. 108-79, §8, Sept. 4, 2003, 117 Stat. 985; Pub. L. 113-4, title XI, §1101(c), Mar. 7, 2013, 127 Stat. 134; Pub. L. 114-324, §§5, 7(2), Dec. 16, 2016, 130 Stat. 1950, 1951; Pub. L. 115-274, §4, Oct. 31, 2018, 132 Stat. 4161.)

Editorial Notes

CODIFICATION

Section was formerly classified to section 15607 of Title 42, The Public Health and Welfare, prior to editorial reclassification and renumbering as this section.

AMENDMENTS

2018—Subsec. (e)(8). Pub. L. 115-274 amended par. (8) generally. Prior to amendment, text read as follows: "An individual seeking certification by the Department of Justice to serve as an auditor of prison compliance with the national standards described in subsection (a) shall, upon request, submit fingerprints in the manner determined by the Attorney General for criminal history record checks of the applicable State and Federal Bureau of Investigation repositories."

2016—Subsec. (e)(1)(A)(iii). Pub. L. 114-324, §5, added cl. (iii).

Subsec. (e)(2). Pub. L. 114-324, §7(2)(A), added par. (2) and struck out former par. (2) which read as follows: "For each fiscal year, any amount that a State would otherwise receive for prison purposes for that fiscal year under a grant program covered by this subsection shall be reduced by 5 percent, unless the chief executive of the State submits to the Attorney General—

"(A) a certification that the State has adopted, and is in full compliance with, the national standards described in subsection (a); or

"(B) an assurance that not less than 5 percent of such amount shall be used only for the purpose of enabling the State to adopt, and achieve full compliance with, those national standards, so as to ensure that a certification under subparagraph (A) may be submitted in future years."

Subsec. (e)(8). Pub. L. 114-324, §7(2)(B), added par. (8).

2013—Subsecs. (c) to (e). Pub. L. 113-4 added subsecs. (c) and (d) and redesignated former subsec. (c) as (e).

§ 30308. Requirement that accreditation organizations adopt accreditation standards

(a) Eligibility for Federal grants

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an organization responsible for the accreditation of Federal, State, local, or private prisons, jails, or other penal facilities may not receive any new Federal grants during any period in which such organization fails to meet any of the requirements of subsection (b).

(b) Requirements

To be eligible to receive Federal grants, an accreditation organization referred to in subsection (a) must meet the following requirements:

(1) At all times after 90 days after September 4, 2003, the organization shall have in effect,

for each facility that it is responsible for accrediting, accreditation standards for the detection, prevention, reduction, and punishment of prison rape.

(2) At all times after 1 year after the date of the adoption of the final rule under section 30307(a)(4) of this title, the organization shall, in addition to any other such standards that it may promulgate relevant to the detection, prevention, reduction, and punishment of prison rape, adopt accreditation standards consistent with the national standards adopted pursuant to such final rule.

(Pub. L. 108-79, §9, Sept. 4, 2003, 117 Stat. 987.)

Editorial Notes

CODIFICATION

Section was formerly classified to section 15608 of Title 42, The Public Health and Welfare, prior to editorial reclassification and renumbering as this section.

§ 30309. Definitions

In this chapter, the following definitions shall apply:

(1) Carnal knowledge

The term "carnal knowledge" means contact between the penis and the vulva or the penis and the anus, including penetration of any sort, however slight.

(2) Inmate

The term "inmate" means any person incarcerated or detained in any facility who is accused of, convicted of, sentenced for, or adjudicated delinquent for, violations of criminal law or the terms and conditions of parole, probation, pretrial release, or diversionary program.

(3) Jail

The term "jail" means a confinement facility of a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency to hold—

(A) persons pending adjudication of criminal charges; or

(B) persons committed to confinement after adjudication of criminal charges for sentences of 1 year or less.

(4) HIV

The term "HIV" means the human immunodeficiency virus.

(5) Oral sodomy

The term "oral sodomy" means contact between the mouth and the penis, the mouth and the vulva, or the mouth and the anus.

(6) Police lockup

The term "police lockup" means a temporary holding facility of a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency to hold—

(A) inmates pending bail or transport to jail;

(B) inebriates until ready for release; or

(C) juveniles pending parental custody or shelter placement.

(7) Prison

The term "prison" means any confinement facility of a Federal, State, or local govern-