

mation, subject to the jurisdiction of the United States or exported by any person subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, from being exported to Libya.

**(c) “United States” defined**

For purposes of this section, the term “United States”, when used in a geographical sense, includes territories and possessions of the United States.

(Pub. L. 99-83, title V, § 504, Aug. 8, 1985, 99 Stat. 221.)

**Editorial Notes**

**CODIFICATION**

Section was enacted as part of the International Security and Development Cooperation Act of 1985, and not as part of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 which comprises this chapter.

**Statutory Notes and Related Subsidiaries**

**EFFECTIVE DATE**

Section effective Oct. 1, 1985, see section 1301 of Pub. L. 99-83, set out as an Effective Date of 1985 Amendment note under section 2151-1 of this title.

**Executive Documents**

**DELEGATION OF FUNCTIONS**

For delegation of functions of President under this section, see Ex. Ord. No. 12163, Sept. 29, 1979, 44 F.R. 56673, as amended, set out as a note under section 2381 of this title.

**§ 2349aa-9. Ban on importing goods and services from countries supporting terrorism**

**(a) Authority**

The President may ban the importation into the United States of any good or service from any country which supports terrorism or terrorist organizations or harbors terrorists or terrorist organizations.

**(b) Consultation**

The President, in every possible instance, shall consult with the Congress before exercising the authority granted by this section and shall consult regularly with the Congress so long as that authority is being exercised.

**(c) Reports**

Whenever the President exercises the authority granted by this section, he shall immediately transmit to the Congress a report specifying—

- (1) the country with respect to which the authority is to be exercised and the imports to be prohibited;
- (2) the circumstances which necessitate the exercise of such authority;
- (3) why the President believes those circumstances justify the exercise of such authority; and
- (4) why the President believes the prohibitions are necessary to deal with those circumstances.

At least once during each succeeding 6-month period after transmitting a report pursuant to this subsection, the President shall report to the Congress with respect to the actions taken,

since the last such report, pursuant to this section and with respect to any changes which have occurred concerning any information previously furnished pursuant to this subsection.

**(d) “United States” defined**

For purposes of this section, the term “United States” includes territories and possessions of the United States.

(Pub. L. 99-83, title V, § 505, Aug. 8, 1985, 99 Stat. 221.)

**Editorial Notes**

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**Executive Documents**

**DELEGATION OF FUNCTIONS**

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**§ 2349aa-10. Antiterrorism assistance**

**(a) Omitted**

**(b) Assistance to foreign countries to procure explosives detection devices and other counterterrorism technology**

(1) Subject to section 2349aa-4(b) of this title, up to \$3,000,000 in any fiscal year may be made available—

(A) to procure explosives detection devices and other counterterrorism technology; and

(B) for joint counterterrorism research and development projects on such technology conducted with NATO and major non-NATO allies under the auspices of the Technical Support Working Group of the Department of State.

(2) As used in this subsection, the term “major non-NATO allies” means those countries designated as major non-NATO allies for purposes of section 2350a(i)(3)<sup>1</sup> of title 10.

**(c) Assistance to foreign countries**

Notwithstanding any other provision of law (except section 2371 of this title) up to \$1,000,000 in assistance may be provided to a foreign country for counterterrorism efforts in any fiscal year if—

(1) such assistance is provided for the purpose of protecting the property of the United States Government or the life and property of any United States citizen, or furthering the apprehension of any individual involved in any act of terrorism against such property or persons; and

<sup>1</sup> See References in Text note below.