

from any member of the International Coffee Organization of coffee which is not accompanied either by a valid certificate of origin, a valid certificate of reexport, a valid certificate of reshipment, or a valid certificate of transit, issued by a qualified agency in such form as required under the agreement;

(2) to require that every export or reexport of coffee from the United States shall be accompanied by a valid certificate of origin or a valid certificate of reexport, issued by a qualified agency of the United States designated by him, in such form as required under the agreement;

(3) to require the keeping of such records, statistics, and other information, and the rendering of such reports, relating to the importation, distribution, prices, and consumption of coffee as he may from time to time prescribe; and

(4) to take such other action, and issue and enforce such rules and regulations, as he may consider necessary or appropriate in order to implement the obligations of the United States under the agreement.

(Pub. L. 96-599, §2, Dec. 24, 1980, 94 Stat. 3491; Pub. L. 97-276, §161, Oct. 2, 1982, 96 Stat. 1204; Pub. L. 97-446, §154, Jan. 12, 1983, 96 Stat. 2345; Pub. L. 98-120, §1, Oct. 12, 1983, 97 Stat. 809; Pub. L. 100-418, title I, §1123(a), Aug. 23, 1988, 102 Stat. 1146.)

#### Editorial Notes

##### REFERENCES IN TEXT

The International Coffee Agreement, 1983, referred to in text, was entered into force for the United States provisionally Oct. 1, 1983, and definitively Sept. 11, 1985.

##### CODIFICATION

Section was enacted as part of the International Coffee Agreement Act of 1980, and not as part of the Tariff Act of 1930 which comprises this chapter.

##### AMENDMENTS

1988—Pub. L. 100-418 substituted “October 1, 1989” for “October 1, 1986”.

1983—Pub. L. 98-120 in provisions preceding par. (1) substituted “, 1983” for “1976” and “before October 1, 1986” for “for such period prior to October 1, 1983 as the agreement remains in effect”.

Pub. L. 97-446 substituted “October 1, 1983” for “the expiration of this joint resolution”.

1982—Pub. L. 97-276 substituted “the expiration of this joint resolution” for “October 1, 1982”.

#### Statutory Notes and Related Subsidiaries

##### EFFECTIVE DATE OF 1988 AMENDMENT

Pub. L. 100-418, title I, §1123(b), Aug. 23, 1988, 102 Stat. 1146, provided that: “The amendment made by subsection (a) [amending this section] shall take effect January 1, 1987.”

##### SHORT TITLE

Pub. L. 96-599, §1, Dec. 24, 1980, 94 Stat. 3491, provided that: “This Act [enacting this section and sections 1356l to 1356n of this title] may be cited as the ‘International Coffee Agreement Act of 1980.’”

#### § 1356l. “Coffee” defined

As used in this section and section 1356k of this title, the term “coffee” means coffee as de-

finied in article 3 of the International Coffee Agreement, 1983.

(Pub. L. 96-599, §3, Dec. 24, 1980, 94 Stat. 3491; Pub. L. 98-120, §1(1), Oct. 12, 1983, 97 Stat. 809.)

#### Editorial Notes

##### CODIFICATION

Section was enacted as part of the International Coffee Agreement Act of 1980, and not as part of the Tariff Act of 1930 which comprises this chapter.

##### AMENDMENTS

1983—Pub. L. 98-120 substituted “, 1983” for “1976”.

#### §§ 1356m, 1356n. Repealed. Pub. L. 105-362, title XIV, § 1401(a), Nov. 10, 1998, 112 Stat. 3294

Section 1356m, Pub. L. 96-599, §4, Dec. 24, 1980, 94 Stat. 3492, related to delegation of Presidential powers and duties, protection of interests of United States consumers, and remedial action with respect to the International Coffee Agreement Act of 1980.

Section 1356n, Pub. L. 96-599, §5, Dec. 24, 1980, 94 Stat. 3492; Pub. L. 98-120, §1(1), Oct. 12, 1983, 97 Stat. 809, related to annual report by the President to Congress on the International Coffee Agreement, 1983.

#### §§ 1357 to 1359. Repealed. Sept. 26, 1949, ch. 585, § 2, 63 Stat. 698

Sections, act June 26, 1948, ch. 678, §§3(a), (b), 4, 5, 62 Stat. 1053, 1054, related to the investigatory functions of the Tariff Commission and the report by the President to Congress.

#### § 1360. Investigation before trade negotiations

##### (a) Report by International Trade Commission

Before entering into negotiations concerning any proposed foreign trade agreement under section 1351 of this title, the President shall furnish the United States International Trade Commission (hereinafter in sections 1352(a), (c), 1354, and 1360 to 1367 of this title, and section 624(b) of title 7, referred to as the “Commission”) with a list of all articles imported into the United States to be considered for possible modification of duties and other import restrictions, imposition of additional import restrictions, or continuance of existing customs or excise treatment. Upon receipt of such list the Commission shall make an investigation and report to the President the findings of the Commission with respect to each such article as to (1) the limit to which such modification, imposition, or continuance may be extended in order to carry out the purpose of said section without causing or threatening serious injury to the domestic industry producing like or directly competitive articles; and (2) if increases in duties or additional import restrictions are required to avoid serious injury to the domestic industry producing like or directly competitive articles the minimum increases in duties or additional import restrictions required. Such report shall be made by the Commission to the President not later than six months after the receipt of such list by the Commission. No such foreign trade agreement shall be entered into until the Commission has made its report to the President or until the expiration of the six-month period.

##### (b) Procedures and determinations

(1) In the course of any investigation pursuant to this section the Commission shall hold hear-