

(b) The term “separable costs,” as applied to any project purpose, means the difference between the capital cost of the entire multiple-purpose project and the capital cost of the project with the purpose omitted.

(c) The term “joint costs” means the difference between the capital cost of the entire multiple-purpose project and the sum of the separable costs for all project purposes.

(d) The term “feasibility report” shall mean any report of the scope required by the Congress when formally considering authorization of the project of which the report treats.

(e) The term “capital cost” includes interest during construction, wherever appropriate.

(Pub. L. 89–72, § 10, July 9, 1965, 79 Stat. 218.)

#### Editorial Notes

##### REFERENCES IN TEXT

This part, referred to in text, was in the original “this Act”, meaning Pub. L. 89–72, which enacted sections 4601–12 to 4601–21 of this title and amended former section 4601–5(a) and section 662(d) of this title.

#### PART D—LAND TRANSFERS

### § 4601–22. Repealed. Pub. L. 113–287, § 7, Dec. 19, 2014, 128 Stat. 3272

Section, Pub. L. 90–401, § 5, July 15, 1968, 82 Stat. 356; Pub. L. 98–506, § 2, Oct. 19, 1984, 98 Stat. 2338, related to conveyance of property and interests in property in national park system and miscellaneous areas. See sections 100903 and 102901 of Title 54, National Park Service and Related Programs.

#### PART E—RECLAMATION RECREATION MANAGEMENT

### § 4601–31. Findings

The Congress finds and declares the following:

(1) There is a Federal responsibility to provide opportunities for public recreation at Federal water projects.

(2) Some provisions of the Federal Water Project Recreation Act [16 U.S.C. 4601–12 et seq.] are outdated because of increases in demand for outdoor recreation and changes in the economic climate for recreation managing entities.

(3) Provisions of such Act relating to non-Federal responsibility for all costs of operation, maintenance, and replacement of recreation facilities result in an unfair burden, especially in cases where the facilities are old or underdesigned.

(4) Provisions of such Act that limit the Federal share of recreation facility development at water projects completed before 1965 to \$100,000 preclude a responsible Federal share in providing adequate opportunities for safe outdoor recreation.

(5) There should be Federal authority to expand existing recreation facilities to meet public demand, in partnership with non-Federal interests.

(6) Nothing in this part changes the responsibility of the Bureau to meet the purposes for which Federal Reclamation projects were initially authorized and constructed.

(7) It is therefore in the best interest of the people of this Nation to amend the Federal

Water Project Recreation Act [16 U.S.C. 4601–12 et seq.] to remove outdated restrictions and authorize the Secretary of the Interior to undertake specific measures for the management of Reclamation lands.

(Pub. L. 102–575, title XXVIII, § 2802, Oct. 30, 1992, 106 Stat. 4690.)

#### Editorial Notes

##### REFERENCES IN TEXT

The Federal Water Project Recreation Act, referred to in pars. (2) to (4) and (7), is Pub. L. 89–72, July 9, 1965, 79 Stat. 213, which is classified principally to part C (§ 4601–12 et seq.) of this subchapter. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see Short Title note set out under section 4601–12 of this title and Tables.

This part, referred to in par. (6), was in the original “this title”, meaning title XXVIII of Pub. L. 102–575, Oct. 30, 1992, 106 Stat. 4690, which enacted sections 4601–31 to 4601–34 of this title and amended sections 4601–13 to 4601–15 and 4601–18 of this title.

#### Statutory Notes and Related Subsidiaries

##### SHORT TITLE

Pub. L. 102–575, title XXVIII, § 2801, Oct. 30, 1992, 106 Stat. 4690, provided that: “This title [enacting this part and amending sections 4601–13 to 4601–15 and 4601–18 of this title] may be cited as the ‘Reclamation Recreation Management Act of 1992’.”

### § 4601–32. Definitions

For the purposes of this part:

(1) The term “Reclamation lands” means real property administered by the Secretary, acting through the Commissioner of Reclamation, and includes all acquired and withdrawn lands and water areas under jurisdiction of the Bureau.

(2) The term “Reclamation program” means any activity authorized under the Federal reclamation laws (the Act of June 17, 1902 (32 Stat. 388, chapter 1093; 43 U.S.C. 371)),<sup>1</sup> and Acts supplementary thereto and amendatory thereof.

(3) The term “Reclamation project” means any water supply or water delivery project constructed or administered by the Bureau of Reclamation under the Federal reclamation laws (the Act of June 17, 1902 (32 Stat. 388, chapter 1093; 43 U.S.C. 371)),<sup>2</sup> and Acts supplementary thereto and amendatory thereof.

(4) The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of the Interior.

(Pub. L. 102–575, title XXVIII, § 2803, Oct. 30, 1992, 106 Stat. 4691.)

#### Editorial Notes

##### REFERENCES IN TEXT

This part, referred to in text, was in the original “this title”, meaning title XXVIII of Pub. L. 102–575, Oct. 30, 1992, 106 Stat. 4690, which enacted sections 4601–31 to 4601–34 of this title and amended sections 4601–13 to 4601–15 and 4601–18 of this title.

Act of June 17, 1902, referred to in pars. (2) and (3), is act June 17, 1902, ch. 1093, 32 Stat. 388, popularly known as the Reclamation Act, which is classified generally to

<sup>1</sup> So in original. There should probably be only a single closing parenthesis. See References in Text note below.

<sup>2</sup> See References in Text note below.