

establish and maintain a profit-sharing plan for its directors, officers, employees, and general partners and such directors, officers, employees, and general partners may participate in such profit-sharing plan, if—

(A)(i) in the case of a profit-sharing plan for officers and employees of the business development company (including any officer or employee who is also a director of such company), such profit-sharing plan is approved by the required majority (as defined in subsection (o) of the directors or general partners in such company on the basis that such plan is reasonable and fair to the shareholders or partners of such company, does not involve overreaching of such company or its shareholders or partners on the part of any person concerned, and is consistent with the interests of the shareholders or partners of such company; or

(ii) in the case of a profit-sharing plan which includes one or more directors of the business development company who are not also officers or employees of such company, or one or more general partners in such company, such profit-sharing plan is approved by order of the Commission, upon application, on the basis that such plan is reasonable and fair to the shareholders or partners of such company, does not involve overreaching of such company or its shareholders or partners on the part of any person concerned, and is consistent with the interests of the shareholders or partners of such company; and

(B) the aggregate amount of benefits which would be paid or accrued under such plan shall not exceed 20 per centum of the business development company's net income after taxes in any fiscal year.

(2) This subsection may not be used where the business development company has outstanding any stock option, warrant, or right issued as part of an executive compensation plan, including a plan pursuant to section 80a-60(a)(4)(B) of this title, or has an investment adviser registered or required to be registered under subchapter II of this chapter.

(o) Required majority for approval of proposed transactions

The term "required majority", when used with respect to the approval of a proposed transaction, plan, or arrangement, means both a majority of a business development company's directors or general partners who have no financial interest in such transaction, plan, or arrangement and a majority of such directors or general partners who are not interested persons of such company.

(Aug. 22, 1940, ch. 686, title I, § 57, as added Pub. L. 96-477, title I, § 105, Oct. 21, 1980, 94 Stat. 2280; amended Pub. L. 100-181, title VI, § 627, Dec. 4, 1987, 101 Stat. 1263; Pub. L. 115-141, div. S, title VIII, § 802(b)(2)(A), Mar. 23, 2018, 132 Stat. 1140.)

Editorial Notes

REFERENCES IN TEXT

The Securities Act of 1933, referred to in subsecs. (c)(2) and (f)(2), is act May 27, 1933, ch. 38, title I, 48 Stat. 74, which is classified generally to subchapter I

(§77a et seq.) of chapter 2A of this title. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see section 77a of this title and Tables.

The Securities Exchange Act of 1934, referred to in subsecs. (c)(2) and (f)(2), is act June 6, 1934, ch. 404, 48 Stat. 881, which is classified principally to chapter 2B (§78a et seq.) of this title. For complete classification of this Act to the Code, see section 78a of this title and Tables.

AMENDMENTS

2018—Subsecs. (j)(1), (n)(2). Pub. L. 115-141 substituted "section 80a-60(a)(4)(B) of this title" for "section 80a-60(a)(3)(B) of this title".

1987—Subsec. (i). Pub. L. 100-181 substituted "subsections (a) and (d) of section 80a-17 of this title" for "sections 80a-17(a) and (d) of this title" in two places.

§ 80a-57. Changes in investment policy

No business development company shall, unless authorized by the vote of a majority of its outstanding voting securities or partnership interests, change the nature of its business so as to cease to be, or to withdraw its election as, a business development company.

(Aug. 22, 1940, ch. 686, title I, § 58, as added Pub. L. 96-477, title I, § 105, Oct. 21, 1980, 94 Stat. 2285.)

§ 80a-58. Incorporation of subchapter provisions

Notwithstanding the exemption set forth in section 80-6(f) of this title, sections 80a-1, 80a-2, 80a-3, 80a-4, 80a-5, 80a-6, 80a-9, 80a-10(f), 80a-15(a), (c), and (f), 80a-16(b), 80a-17(f) through (j), 80a-19(a), 80a-20(b), 80a-31(a) and (c), 80a-32 through 80a-46, and 80a-48 through 80a-52 of this title shall apply to a business development company to the same extent as if it were a registered closed-end investment company.

(Aug. 22, 1940, ch. 686, title I, § 59, as added Pub. L. 96-477, title I, § 105, Oct. 21, 1980, 94 Stat. 2285.)

§ 80a-59. Functions and activities of business development companies

Notwithstanding the exemption set forth in section 80a-6(f) of this title, section 80a-12 of this title shall apply to a business development company to the same extent as if it were a registered closed-end investment company, except that the Commission shall not prescribe any rule, regulation, or order pursuant to section 80a-12(a)(1) of this title governing the circumstances in which a business development company may borrow from a bank in order to purchase any security.

(Aug. 22, 1940, ch. 686, title I, § 60, as added Pub. L. 96-477, title I, § 105, Oct. 21, 1980, 94 Stat. 2285.)

§ 80a-60. Capital structure

(a) Exceptions for business development company

Notwithstanding the exemption set forth in section 80a-6(f) of this title, section 80a-18 of this title shall apply to a business development company to the same extent as if it were a registered closed-end investment company, except as follows:

(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the asset coverage requirements of subparagraphs (A) and (B) of section 80a-18(a)(1) of this title (and any related rule promulgated under this