

Bay Office \$6,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2002 through 2006.

(Pub. L. 102-567, title III, §307, Oct. 29, 1992, 106 Stat. 4284; Pub. L. 107-372, title IV, §401(a), Dec. 19, 2002, 116 Stat. 3096.)

#### Editorial Notes

##### AMENDMENTS

2002—Pub. L. 107-372 substituted “Chesapeake Bay Office” for “Chesapeake Bay Estuarine Resources Office” in section catchline and amended text generally, substituting provisions establishing Office, describing functions, establishing habitat restoration small watershed grants program, and authorizing appropriations, for provisions establishing Office, describing functions, and requiring identification of funding request in President’s annual budget.

#### Statutory Notes and Related Subsidiaries

##### MULTIPLE SPECIES MANAGEMENT STRATEGY

Pub. L. 107-372, title IV, §401(c), Dec. 19, 2002, 116 Stat. 3099, provided that:

“(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act [Dec. 19, 2002], the Director of the Chesapeake Bay Office of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration shall begin a 5-year study, in cooperation with the scientific community of the Chesapeake Bay, appropriate State and interstate resource management entities, and appropriate Federal agencies—

“(A) to determine and expand the understanding of the role and response of living resources in the Chesapeake Bay ecosystem; and

“(B) to develop a multiple species management strategy for the Chesapeake Bay.

“(2) REQUIRED ELEMENTS OF STUDY.—In order to improve the understanding necessary for the development of the strategy under paragraph (1)(B), the study shall—

“(A) determine the current status and trends of fish and shellfish that live in the Chesapeake Bay and its tributaries and are selected for study;

“(B) evaluate and assess interactions among the fish and shellfish referred to in subparagraph (A) and other living resources, with particular attention to the impact of changes within and among trophic levels; and

“(C) recommend management actions to optimize the return of a healthy and balanced ecosystem for the Chesapeake Bay.”

#### § 1511e. Repealed. Pub. L. 111-314, § 6, Dec. 18, 2010, 124 Stat. 3444

Section, Pub. L. 105-309, §8, Oct. 30, 1998, 112 Stat. 2937; Pub. L. 107-305, §14, Nov. 27, 2002, 116 Stat. 2380; Pub. L. 108-447, div. B, title II, Dec. 8, 2004, 118 Stat. 2878, related to Office of Space Commercialization. See section 50702 of Title 51, National and Commercial Space Programs.

#### § 1512. Powers and duties of Department

It shall be the province and duty of said Department to foster, promote, and develop the foreign and domestic commerce, the mining, manufacturing, and fishery industries of the United States; and to this end it shall be vested with jurisdiction and control of the departments, bureaus, offices, and branches of the public service hereinafter specified, and with such other powers and duties as may be prescribed by law.

(Feb. 14, 1903, ch. 552, §3, 32 Stat. 826; Pub. L. 97-31, §12(7), Aug. 6, 1981, 95 Stat. 154.)

#### Editorial Notes

##### CODIFICATION

Section was formerly classified to section 596 of Title 5 prior to the general revision and enactment of Title 5 by Pub. L. 89-554, Sept. 6, 1966, 80 Stat. 378.

##### AMENDMENTS

1981—Pub. L. 97-31 struck out references to shipping and transportation facilities.

#### Statutory Notes and Related Subsidiaries

##### MANUFACTURING.GOV HUB

Pub. L. 117-328, div. BB, title I, §101, Dec. 29, 2022, 136 Stat. 5551, provided that:

“(a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term ‘Secretary’ means the Secretary of Commerce.

“(b) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act [Dec. 29, 2022], the Secretary, in coordination with the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Commerce, shall modify the manufacturing.gov website by establishing a section of the website to be known as the ‘manufacturing.gov hub’.

“(c) FUNCTIONS.—The manufacturing.gov hub established under subsection (b) shall—

“(1) serve as the primary hub for information relating to every Federal manufacturing program, including the programs identified in the report of the Government Accountability Office entitled ‘U.S. Manufacturing’ (GAO 17-240), published on March 28, 2017;

“(2) provide the contact information of relevant program offices carrying out the Federal manufacturing programs described in paragraph (1);

“(3) provide an avenue for public input and feedback relating to—

“(A) the functionality of the website of the Department of Commerce;

“(B) the Federal manufacturing programs described in paragraph (1); and

“(C) any other manufacturing-related challenges experienced by manufacturers in the United States;

“(4) establish web pages within the hub that shall focus on—

“(A) technology and research and development;

“(B) trade;

“(C) workforce development and training;

“(D) industrial commons and supply chains; and

“(E) small and medium manufacturers; and

“(5) use machine learning to—

“(A) identify frequently asked questions; and

“(B) disseminate to the public answers to the questions identified under subparagraph (A).

“(d) NO ADDITIONAL FUNDS.—No additional funds are authorized to be appropriated for the purpose of carrying out this section.”

##### ASSISTANCE TO FISHERY PARTICIPANTS

Pub. L. 116-136, div. B, title II, §12005, Mar. 27, 2020, 134 Stat. 518, provided that:

“(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Commerce is authorized to provide assistance to Tribal, subsistence, commercial, and charter fishery participants affected by the novel coronavirus (COVID-19), which may include direct relief payments.

“(b) FISHERY PARTICIPANTS.—For the purposes of this section, ‘fishery participants’ include Tribes, persons, fishing communities, aquaculture businesses not otherwise eligible for assistance under part 1416 of title 7 of the Code of Federal Regulations for losses related to COVID-19, processors, or other fishery-related businesses, who have incurred, as a direct or indirect result of the coronavirus pandemic—

“(1) economic revenue losses greater than 35 percent as compared to the prior 5-year average revenue; or

“(2) any negative impacts to subsistence, cultural, or ceremonial fisheries.