

Public Law 94-302
94th Congress

An Act

To provide for increased participation by the United States in the Inter-American Development Bank, to provide for the entry of nonregional members and the Bahamas and Guyana in the Inter-American Development Bank, to provide for the participation of the United States in the African Development Fund, and for other purposes.

May 31, 1976

[H.R. 9721]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

TITLE I—INTER-AMERICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK

SEC. 101. The Inter-American Development Bank Act (22 U.S.C. 283 et seq.) is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sections:

"SEC. 26. (a) The United States Governor of the Bank is hereby authorized to vote in favor of two resolutions proposed by the Governors at a special meeting in July 1975, and now pending before the Board of Governors of the Bank, which provide for (1) an increase in the authorized capital stock of the Bank and additional subscriptions of members thereto and (2) an increase in the resources of the Fund for Special Operations and contributions thereto. Upon adoption of such resolutions, the United States Governor is authorized to agree on behalf of the United States (1) to subscribe to ninety-nine thousand four hundred and seventy-four shares of \$10,000 par value of the increase in the authorized capital stock of the Bank of which eighty-nine thousand five hundred and twenty-six shall be callable shares and nine thousand nine hundred and forty-eight shall be paid in and (2) to contribute to the Fund for Special Operations \$600,000,000, in accordance with and subject to the terms and conditions of such resolutions.

"(b) There are hereby authorized to be appropriated, without fiscal year limitation, the amounts necessary for payment by the Secretary of the Treasury of (1) \$1,199,997,873 for the United States subscription to the capital stock of the Bank and (2) \$600,000,000 for the United States share of the increase in the resources of the Fund for Special Operations.

"SEC. 27. (a) The United States Governor of the Bank is hereby authorized to vote for an additional increase of one hundred and eight thousand shares of \$10,000 par value in the authorized callable capital stock of the Bank as recommended in the resolution of the Board of Governors entitled 'Increase of US\$4 Billion in the Authorized Capital Stock and Subscriptions Thereto'. Upon adoption of a Board of Governors resolution increasing the authorized capital stock of the Bank by such amount, the United States Governor is authorized to agree on behalf of the United States to subscribe to thirty-seven thousand three hundred and three shares of \$10,000 par value of such additional increase in callable capital in accordance with and subject to the terms and conditions of such resolution.

Inter-American
Development
Bank and the
African
Development
Fund, increased
U.S.
participation.
Swine influenza,
control.
22 USC 283w.

Appropriation
authorization.

22 USC 283x.

Appropriation
authorization.

“(b) In order to pay for the increase in the United States subscription to the Bank provided for in this section, there is hereby authorized to be appropriated, without fiscal year limitation, \$450,002,218 for payment by the Secretary of the Treasury.”

89 Stat. 22.

SEC. 102. Under the center heading “INVESTMENT IN INTER-AMERICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK” in title III of the Foreign Assistance and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 1975, strike out all that follows after “to remain available until expended” and insert in lieu thereof a period.

SEC. 103. (a) The Inter-American Development Bank Act (22 U.S.C. 283 et seq.) is further amended as follows:

22 USC 283t.

(1) By adding after section 22 the following new sections:

“SEC. 23. The United States Governor of the Bank is authorized to vote for three proposed resolutions of the Board of Governors entitled (a) ‘Amendments to the Agreement Establishing the Bank with respect to the Creation of the Inter-Regional Capital Stock of the Bank and to Related Matters’, (b) ‘General Rules Governing Admission of Nonregional Countries to Membership in the Bank’, and (c) ‘Increase in the Authorized Callable Ordinary Capital Stock and Subscriptions Thereto in Connection with the Admission of Nonregional Member Countries’, which were submitted to the Board of Governors pursuant to a resolution of the Board of Executive Directors approved on March 4, 1975.

22 USC 283u.

“SEC. 24. The United States Governor of the Bank is authorized to agree to the amendments to article II, section 1(b) and article IV, section 3(b) of the Agreement Establishing the Bank, as proposed by the Board of Executive Directors, to provide for membership for the Bahamas and Guyana in the Bank at such times and in accordance with such terms as the Bank may determine.

22 USC 283v.

“SEC. 25. The United States Governor of the Bank is authorized to agree to the amendments to article III, sections 1, 4, and 6(b) of the Agreement Establishing the Bank, as proposed by the Board of Executive Directors, to provide for lending to the Caribbean Development Bank.

22 USC 283y.

“SEC. 28. (a) The United States Executive Director of the Bank is authorized and directed to vote against any loan, any extension of financial assistance, or any technical assistance to any country which engages in a consistent pattern of gross violations of internationally recognized human rights, including torture or cruel, inhumane, or degrading treatment or punishment, prolonged detention without charges, or other flagrant denial of the right to life, liberty, and the security of person, unless such assistance will directly benefit the needy people in such country.

“(b) In determining whether this standard is being met with regard to activities of the Inter-American Development Bank, the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate or the House Committee on International Relations, or the House Committee on Banking, Currency and Housing, may require the United States Governor of the Bank to submit in writing information demonstrating that such loan or assistance will directly benefit those persons in such country to which such loan or assistance is supposed to be directed, together with a detailed explanation of the assistance to be provided (including the dollar amounts of such assistance) and an explanation of how such assistance will directly benefit such persons in such country.

“(c) In determining whether or not a country falls within the provisions of subsection (a), the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations and the House Committee on International Relations and the House Committee on Banking, Currency and Housing shall give considera-

tion to the extent of cooperation of such country in permitting an unimpeded investigation of alleged violations of internationally recognized human rights by appropriate international organizations, including the International Committee of the Red Cross, or groups or persons acting under the authority of the United Nations or of the Organization of American States.”

(2) By inserting in the first sentence of section 5 after “article II, section 3” a comma and the words “or article IIA, section 2,”; and by inserting in the last sentence of section 5 after “article II, section 2,” the words “or article IIA, section 1,”.

(3) By deleting in the first sentence of section 11(a) the word “ordinary”; by inserting in section 11(a) after the words “article II, section 5,” the words “and article IIA, section 4,”; and by inserting in section 11(a) after the words “article II, section 4(a) (ii),” the words “or article IIA, section 3(c),”.

(b) The amendments made by paragraphs (2) and (3) of this section shall become effective upon approval by the Board of Governors of the Bank of the resolutions referred to in section 23 of the Inter-American Development Bank Act (22 U.S.C. 283 et seq.).

SEC. 104. The Inter-American Development Bank Act (22 U.S.C. 283 et seq.) is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

“SEC. 29. (a) The United States Executive Director of the Bank shall propose to the Board of Executive Directors of the Bank the adoption of a resolution providing (1) that the development and utilization of light-capital or intermediate technologies should be accepted as major facets of the Bank’s development strategy, and (2) that such light-capital or intermediate technologies should be developed and utilized as soon as possible in all Bank activities. Such resolution shall further provide that, by the close of the calendar year 1977, some projects that employ primarily such light-capital or intermediate technologies shall be designed and approved.

“(b) The United States Governor of the Bank shall report to the Congress no later than six months after the date of the enactment of this section on the proposal made under subsection (a), and no later than twelve months after such date on the progress that has been made with respect to such proposal.”.

TITLE II—AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT FUND

SEC. 201. This Title may be cited as the “African Development Fund Act”.

SEC. 202. The President is hereby authorized to accept participation for the United States in the African Development Fund (hereinafter referred to as the “Fund”) provided for by the agreement establishing the Fund (hereinafter referred to as the “agreement”) deposited in the Archives of the United Nations.

SEC. 203. (a) The President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint a Governor, and an Alternate Governor, of the Fund.

(b) The Governor, or in his absence the Alternate Governor, on the instructions of the President, shall cast the votes of the United States for the Director to represent the United States in the Fund. The Director representing the United States and his Alternate, if they are citizens of the United States, may, in the discretion of the President, receive such compensation, allowances, and other benefits not exceeding those authorized for a Chief of Mission, class 2, within the meaning of the Foreign Service Act of 1946, as amended.

22 USC 283c.

22 USC 283h.

22 USC 283c note.

Ante, p. 592.

22 USC 283z.

Report to Congress.

African Development Fund Act.
22 USC 290g note.
22 USC 290g.

Governor, appointment
22 USC 290g-l.

Compensation.

22 USC 801 note.

22 USC 290g-2. SEC. 204. The provisions of section 4 of the Bretton Woods Agreements Act, as amended (22 U.S.C. 286b), shall apply with respect to the Fund to the same extent as with respect to the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development and the International Monetary Fund. Reports with respect to the Fund under paragraphs (5) and (6) of subsection 4 of said Act, as amended, shall be included in the first report made thereunder after the United States accepts participation in the Fund.

22 USC 290g-3. SEC. 205. Unless Congress by law authorizes such action, neither the President nor any person or agency shall, on behalf of the United States:

(a) agree to an increase in the subscription of the United States to the Fund;

(b) vote for or agree to any amendment of the agreement which increases the obligations of the United States, or which would change the purpose or functions of the Fund; or

(c) make a loan or provide other financing to the Fund, except that funds for technical assistance may be provided to the Fund by a United States agency created pursuant to an Act of Congress which is authorized by law to provide funds to international organizations.

Appropriation
authorization.
22 USC 290g-4. SEC. 206. (a) There is hereby authorized to be appropriated without fiscal year limitation, as the United States subscription, \$25,000,000 to be paid by the Secretary of the Treasury to the Fund in three annual installments of \$9,000,000, \$8,000,000, and \$8,000,000.

(b) Any repayment or distribution of moneys from the Fund to the United States shall be covered into the Treasury as a miscellaneous receipt.

22 USC 290g-5. SEC. 207. Any Federal Reserve bank which is requested to do so by the President shall act as a depository for the Fund, and the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System shall supervise and direct the carrying out of these functions by the Federal Reserve banks.

22 USC 290g-6. SEC. 208. For the purpose of any civil action which may be brought within the United States, its territories or possessions, or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, by or against the Fund in accordance with the agreement, the Fund shall be deemed to be an inhabitant of the Federal judicial district in which its principal office or agency appointed for the purpose of accepting service or notice of service is located, and any such action to which the Fund shall be party shall be deemed to arise under the laws of the United States, and the district courts of the United States (including the courts enumerated in title 28, section 460, United States Code) shall have original jurisdiction of any such action. When the Fund is defendant in any action in a State court, it may, at any time before the trial thereof, remove such action into the district court of the United States for the proper district by following the procedure for removal of causes otherwise provided by law.

22 USC 290g-7. SEC. 209. The agreement, including without limitation articles 41 through 50, shall have full force and effect in the United States, its territories and possessions, and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, upon the acceptance of participation by the United States in, and the entry into force of, the Fund. The President, at the time of deposit of the instrument of acceptance of participation of the United States in the Fund, shall also deposit a declaration that the United States retains for itself and its political subdivisions the right to tax salaries and emoluments paid by the Fund to its citizens or nationals and may deposit a declaration providing for reservations on other matters set forth in article 58.

SEC. 210. The President shall instruct the United States Governor of the Fund to cause the Executive Director representing the United States in the Fund to cast the votes of the United States against any loan or other utilization of the funds of the Fund for the benefit of any country which has—

22 USC 290g-8.

(1) nationalized or expropriated or seized ownership or control of property owned by any United States citizen or by any corporation, partnership, or association not less than 50 per centum of which is beneficially owned by United States citizens;

(2) taken steps to repudiate or nullify existing contracts or agreements with any United States citizen or any corporation, partnership, or association not less than 50 per centum of which is beneficially owned by United States citizens; or

(3) imposed or enforced discriminatory taxes or other exactions, or restrictive maintenance or operational conditions, or has taken other actions, which have the effect of nationalizing, expropriating, or otherwise seizing ownership or control of property so owned;

unless the President determines that (A) an arrangement for prompt, adequate, and effective compensation has been made, (B) the parties have submitted the dispute to arbitration under the rules of the Convention for the Settlement of Investment Disputes, or (C) good faith negotiations are in progress aimed at providing prompt, adequate, and effective compensation under the applicable principles of international law.

SEC. 211. (a) The United States Governor of the Fund is authorized and directed to cause the Executive Director representing the United States to vote against any loan, any extension of financial assistance, or any technical assistance to any country which engages in a consistent pattern of gross violations of internationally recognized human rights, including torture or cruel, inhumane, or degrading treatment or punishment, prolonged detention without charges, or other flagrant denial of the right to life, liberty, and the security of person, and including providing refuge to individuals committing acts of international terrorism such as the hijacking of an aircraft, unless such assistance will directly benefit the needy people in such country.

22 USC 290g-9.

(b) In determining whether this standard is being met with regard to activities of the African Development Fund, the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate or the House Committee on International Relations, or the House Committee on Banking, Currency and Housing may require the United States Governor of the Bank to submit in writing information demonstrating that such loan or assistance will directly benefit those persons in such country to which such loan or assistance is supposed to be directed, together with a detailed explanation of the assistance to be provided (including the dollar amounts of such assistance) and an explanation of how such assistance will directly benefit such persons in such country.

(c) In determining whether or not a country falls within the provisions of subsection (a), the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations and the House Committee on International Relations and the House Committee on Banking, Currency and Housing shall give consideration to the extent of cooperation of such country in permitting an unimpeded investigation of alleged violations of internationally recognized human rights by appropriate international organizations, including the International Committee of the Red Cross, or groups or persons acting under the authority of the United Nations or of the Organization of American States.

TITLE III—SWINE INFLUENZA

International
cooperation and
coordination.
22 USC 2101
note.

SEC. 301. (a) The Congress finds and declares that—

(1) the problems posed by swine influenza transcend national and political boundaries;

(2) no one country, or even one portion of the world, can singularly undertake the search for a worldwide solution to the problems posed by swine influenza;

(3) the global nature of swine influenza demands international cooperation and coordination in the investigation and planning for effective control of swine influenza;

(4) the Public Health Service of the United States has invited the World Health Organization of the United Nations and its International Influenza Reference Centers to participate in the investigation and planning for the control of swine influenza;

(5) special collaboration has already been established among the United States, the United Kingdom, and Canada for mutual participation in the investigation and planning for the control of swine influenza;

(6) the United States Department of State and the Public Health Service of the United States have joint programs to provide information to foreign countries on the nature and extent of swine influenza and the methods necessary to control it; and

(7) the technology of the United States for the surveillance of virus disease and vaccine production should be made available to foreign countries.

(b) It is the sense of the Congress that the President should furnish assistance to foreign countries and international organizations for the investigation and planning for the control of swine influenza.

Approved May 31, 1976.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 94-541 (Comm. on Banking, Currency and Housing) and No. 94-1121 (Comm. on Conference).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 94-673 (Comm. on Foreign Relations) and No. 94-815 (Comm. of Conference).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD:

Vol. 121 (1975): Dec. 8, 9, considered and passed House.

Vol. 122 (1976): Mar. 18, 30, considered and passed Senate, amended.

May 11, Senate agreed to conference report.

May 20, House agreed to conference report.