

which exceed the average of such expenses incurred by typical, permanent residents of the Metropolitan New York, New York, area with comparable salary and family size who are not compelled by reason of their employment to live in such high-rent area; and

“(2) provide such allowance as the President considers appropriate, to each Delegate and Alternate Delegate of the United States to any session of the General Assembly of the United Nations who is not a permanent member of the staff of the United States Mission to the United Nations, in order to compensate each such Delegate or Alternate Delegate for necessary housing and subsistence expenses incurred by him with respect to attending any such session.

Not more than forty-five employees shall be receiving an allowance under paragraph (1) of this section at any one time.”

MUTUAL RESTRAINT ON MILITARY EXPENDITURES

SEC. 16. It is the sense of the Congress that the United States and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics should, on an urgent basis and in their mutual interests, seek agreement on specific mutual reductions in their respective expenditures for military purposes so that both nations can devote a greater proportion of their available resources to the domestic needs of their respective peoples; and, the President of the United States is requested to seek such agreements for the mutual reduction of armament and other military expenditures in the course of all discussions and negotiations in extending guaranties, credits, or other forms of direct or indirect assistance to the Soviet Union.

EXPRESSION OF INDIVIDUAL VIEWS TO CONGRESS

SEC. 17. Section 502 of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act of 1972 (2 U.S.C. 194a) is amended by striking out “appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to a position in” and inserting in lieu thereof “or employee of”.

86 Stat. 496.

Approved October 18, 1973.

Public Law 93-127

AN ACT

To provide a new coinage design and date emblematic of the Bicentennial of the American Revolution for dollars, half dollars, and quarter dollars, to authorize the issuance of special silver coins commemorating the Bicentennial of the American Revolution, and for other purposes.

October 18, 1973
[S.1141]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the reverse side of all dollar, half-dollar, and quarter-dollar coins minted for issuance on or after July 4, 1975, and until such time as the Secretary of the Treasury may determine, shall bear a design determined by the Secretary to be emblematic of the Bicentennial of the American Revolution.

American Revolution Bicentennial.
Coinage design and date emblematic.

SEC. 2. All dollar, half-dollar, and quarter-dollar coins minted for issuance between July 4, 1975, and January 1, 1977, shall bear “1776-1976” in lieu of the date of coinage; and all dollar, half-dollar, and quarter-dollar coins minted thereafter until such time as the Secretary of the Treasury may determine shall bear a date emblematic of the Bicentennial in addition to the date of coinage.

Manufacture
and storage.

Silver-clad
coins, limitations.

84 Stat. 1768.
31 USC 391.

Numismatic
items, distribu-
tion.

SEC. 3. Until the Secretary of the Treasury determines that the mints of the United States are adequate for the production of ample supplies of coins and medals, any facility of the Bureau of the Mint may be used for the manufacture and storage of medals and coins.

SEC. 4. Notwithstanding any other provision of law with respect to the design of coins, the Secretary shall mint prior to July 4, 1975, for issuance on and after such date, 45 million silver-clad alloy coins authorized under section 101(a) of the Coinage Act of 1965, commemorating the Bicentennial of the American Revolution, of such design, in such denomination, and containing such quantities of such other metals as he determines appropriate. In addition, the Secretary shall coin and issue not more than an additional 15 million such coins, if he determines such coins are needed to meet public demand. Coins minted under this section may only be distributed by the Secretary as proof or uncirculated coins at such prices as he may determine. The Secretary is authorized, by regulation, to limit the number of silver coins minted under this section which any one person may purchase. Coins minted under this section shall be treated as pieces subject to the one hundred and fifty million piece limitation contained in section 101(d) of the Coinage Act of 1965, and shall be subject to such limitation. Receipts from the sale of coins under this section shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

SEC. 5. In connection with the operations of the Bureau of the Mint, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to manufacture and distribute numismatic items. Proceeds from the sale of numismatic items shall be reimbursed to the current appropriation for the cost of manufacturing and handling of such items.

Approved October 18, 1973.

Public Law 93-128

AN ACT

October 18, 1973
[H. R. 7976]

To amend the Act of August 31, 1965, commemorating certain historical events in the State of Kansas.

Commemoration
of historical sites,
Kans.

Additional ap-
propriation au-
thorization.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 4 of the Act of August 31, 1965 (79 Stat. 588), is amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 4. In addition to those funds heretofore authorized and appropriated, there are authorized to be appropriated for the purposes of this Act not more than \$1,420,000. Such sums, when appropriated, shall be available for planning, site rehabilitation, development, and marking of historic sites pursuant to the provisions of this Act."

Approved October 18, 1973.

Public Law 93-129

AN ACT

October 19, 1973
[S. 1914]

To provide for the establishment of the Board for International Broadcasting, to authorize the continuation of assistance to Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty, and for other purposes.

Board for Inter-
national Broad-
casting Act of
1973.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Board for International Broadcasting Act of 1973".