

Public Law 92-127

AN ACT

To authorize the Secretary of the Interior to establish the Lincoln Home National Historic Site in the State of Illinois, and for other purposes.

August 18, 1971
[H. R. 9798]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That, in order to preserve and interpret for the benefit of present and future generations the home of Abraham Lincoln in Springfield, Illinois, the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to acquire by donation, purchase with donated or appropriated funds, or exchange the property and improvements thereon in the city of Springfield, Illinois, within the area generally depicted on the map entitled "Boundary Map, Lincoln Home National Historic Site", numbered LIHO-20,000 and dated April 1970, which he deems necessary for the establishment and administration of a national historic site: *Provided*, That lands or interests in lands owned by such State or city may be acquired by donation only. The map shall be on file and available for public inspection in the offices of the National Park Service, Department of the Interior.

Lincoln Home
National Historic
Site, Ill.
Establishment.

SEC. 2. The property acquired pursuant to the first section of this Act shall be known as the Lincoln Home National Historic Site, and it shall be administered by the Secretary of the Interior in accordance with the Act of August 25, 1916 (39 Stat. 535), as amended and supplemented (16 U.S.C. 1, 2-4), and the Act of August 21, 1935 (49 Stat. 666; 16 U.S.C. 461-467).

Administration.

SEC. 3. There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act, but not more than \$2,003,000 (said sum shall include relocation assistance required by Public Law 91-646) for the acquisition of property, and not more than \$5,860,000 (February 1970 prices) for development of the area, plus or minus such amounts, if any, as may be justified by reason of ordinary fluctuations in construction cost as indicated by engineering cost indexes applicable to the types of construction involved herein.

Appropriation.

84 Stat. 1894.
42 USC 4601
note.

Approved August 18, 1971.

Public Law 92-128

AN ACT

To amend title 18, United States Code, to prohibit the establishment of detention camps, and for other purposes.

September 25, 1971
[H. R. 234]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) section 4001 of title 18 of the United States Code is amended by designating the first and second paragraphs thereof as "(b) (1)" and "(2)", respectively, and by inserting at the beginning thereof the following:

Detention
camps; citizen
imprisonment.
Limitation.
62 Stat. 847.

"(a) No citizen shall be imprisoned or otherwise detained by the United States except pursuant to an Act of Congress."

(b) The section heading of such section 4001 is amended to read as follows:

"§ 4001. Limitation on detention; control of prisons."

(c) The chapter analysis of chapter 301 of such title 18 is amended by striking out the item relating to section 4001 and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"4001. Limitation on detention; control of prisons."

Repeal.
64 Stat. 1019.
80 Stat. 559.

SEC. 2. (a) Title II of the Internal Security Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. 811-826) is hereby repealed.

(b) Section 8312(c)(1)(C) of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking out “, 822 (conspiracy or evasion of apprehension during internal security emergency), or 823 (aiding evasion or apprehension during internal security emergency)”.

73 Stat. 453.

(c) Clause (4) of section 3505(b) of title 38, United States Code, is amended to read as follows: “(4) in section 4 of the Internal Security Act of 1950.”

Approved September 25, 1971.

Public Law 92-129

AN ACT

September 28, 1971
[H. R. 6531]

To amend the Military Selective Service Act of 1967; to increase military pay; to authorize military active duty strengths for fiscal year 1972; and for other purposes.

Military Selective Service Act of 1967, amendments.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

TITLE I—AMENDMENTS TO THE MILITARY SELECTIVE SERVICE ACT OF 1967; RELATED PROVISIONS

SEC. 101. (a) The Military Selective Service Act of 1967, as amended, is amended as follows:

(1) Section 1(a) is amended to read as follows:

“(a) This Act may be cited as the ‘Military Selective Service Act.’”

(2) Section 3 is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 3. Except as otherwise provided in this title, it shall be the duty of every male citizen of the United States, and every other male person residing in the United States, who, on the day or days fixed for the first or any subsequent registration, is between the ages of eighteen and twenty-six, to present himself for and submit to registration at such time or times and place or places, and in such manner, as shall be determined by proclamation of the President and by rules and regulations prescribed hereunder. The provisions of this section shall not be applicable to any alien lawfully admitted to the United States as a nonimmigrant under section 101(a)(15) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended (66 Stat. 163; 8 U.S.C. 1101), for so long as he continues to maintain a lawful nonimmigrant status in the United States.”

(3) The first two paragraphs of section 4(a) are amended to read as follows:

“Except as otherwise provided in this title, every person required to register pursuant to section 3 of this title who is between the ages of eighteen years and six months and twenty-six years, at the time fixed for his registration, or who attains the age of eighteen years and six months after having been required to register pursuant to section 3 of this title, or who is otherwise liable as provided in section 6(h) of this title, shall be liable for training and service in the Armed Forces of the United States: *Provided*, That each registrant shall be immediately liable for classification and examination, and shall, as soon as practicable following his registration, be so classified and examined, both physically and mentally, in order to determine his availability for induction for training and service in the Armed Forces: *Provided further*, That, notwithstanding any other provision of law, any registrant who has failed or refused to report for induction shall continue to remain liable for induction and when available shall be immediately inducted. The President is authorized, from time to time, whether or

Short title redesignation.
81 Stat. 100.
50 USC app. 451.
Registration.
65 Stat. 76.
50 USC app. 453.

Induction.
50 USC app. 454.

Post, p. 350.