

Public Law 85-742

AN ACT

To amend section 41 of the Longshoremen's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act so as to provide a system of safety rules, regulations, and safety inspection and training, and for other purposes.

August 23, 1958
[H. R. 13021]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 41 of the Longshoremen's and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act (ch. 509, 44 Stat. 1424), as amended, is amended to read as follows:

Longshoremen's
and Harbor Work-
ers' Compensation
Act, amendment.
Safety rules, etc.
33 USC 941.

"SEC. 41. (a) Every employer shall furnish and maintain employment and places of employment which shall be reasonably safe for his employees in all employments covered by this Act and shall install, furnish, maintain, and use such devices and safeguards with particular reference to equipment used by and working conditions established by such employers as the Secretary may determine by regulation or order to be reasonably necessary to protect the life, health, and safety of such employees, and to render safe such employment and places of employment, and to prevent injury to his employees. However, the Secretary may not make determinations by regulation or order under this section as to matters within the scope of title 52 of the Revised Statutes and Acts supplementary or amendatory thereto, the Act of June 15, 1917 (ch. 30, 40 Stat. 220), as amended, or section 4 (e) of the Act of August 7, 1953 (ch. 345, 67 Stat. 462), as amended.

46 USC 251-335,
passim.

50 USC 191 *et*
seq.; 22 USC 401 *et*
seq.; 43 USC 1333.

"(b) The Secretary, in enforcing and administering the provisions of this section, is authorized in addition to such other powers and duties as are conferred upon him—

"(1) to make studies and investigations with respect to safety provisions and the causes and prevention of injuries in employments covered by this Act and from time to time make to Congress such recommendations as he may deem proper as to the best means of preventing such injuries, and in making such studies and investigations to cooperate with any agency of the United States or with any State agency engaged in similar work;

"(2) to utilize the services of any agency of the United States or any State agency engaged in similar work (with the consent of such agency) in connection with the administration of this section;

"(3) to promote uniformity in safety standards in employments covered by this Act through cooperative action with any agency of the United States or with any State agency engaged in similar work;

"(4) to provide for the establishment and supervision of programs for the education and training of employers and employees in the recognition, avoidance, and prevention of unsafe working conditions in employments covered by this Act, and to consult with and advise employers as to the best means of preventing injuries;

"(5) to hold such hearings, issue such orders, and make such decisions, based upon findings of fact, as are deemed to be necessary to enforce the provisions of this section, and for such purposes the Secretary and the district courts shall have the authority and jurisdiction provided by section 5 of the Act of June 30, 1936 (ch. 881, 49 Stat. 2036), as amended, and the Secretary shall be represented in any court proceedings as provided in the Act of May 4, 1928 (ch. 502, 45 Stat. 490), as amended.

41 USC 39.

33 USC 921a.

"(c) The Secretary or his authorized representative may inspect such places of employment, question such employees, and investigate such conditions, practices, or matters in connection with employment subject to this Act, as he may deem appropriate to determine whether

any person has violated any provision of this section, or any rule or regulation issued thereunder, or which may aid in the enforcement of the provisions of this section. No employer or other person shall refuse to admit the Secretary or his authorized representatives to any such place or shall refuse to permit any such inspection.

“(d) Any employer may request the advice of the Secretary or his authorized representative, in complying with the requirements of any rule or regulation adopted to carry out the provisions of this section. In case of practical difficulties or unnecessary hardships, the Secretary in his discretion may grant variations from any such rule or regulation, or particular provisions thereof, and permit the use of other or different devices if he finds that the purpose of the rule or regulation will be observed by the variation and the safety of employees will be equally secured thereby. Any person affected by such rule or regulation, or his agent, may request the Secretary to grant such variation, stating in writing the grounds on which his request is based. Any authorization by the Secretary of a variation shall be in writing, shall describe the conditions under which the variation shall be permitted, and shall be published as provided in section 3 of the Administrative Procedure Act (ch. 324, 60 Stat. 237), as amended. A properly indexed record of all variations shall be kept in the office of the Secretary and open to public inspection.

5 USC 1002.

“(e) The United States district courts, together with the District Court for the Territory of Alaska, shall have jurisdiction for cause shown, in any action brought by the Secretary, represented as provided in the Act of May 4, 1928 (ch. 502, 45 Stat. 490), as amended, to restrain violations of this section or of any rule, regulation, or order of the Secretary adopted to carry out the provisions of this section.

33 USC 921a.

“(f) Any employer who, willfully, violates or fails or refuses to comply with the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, or with any lawful rule, regulation, or order adopted to carry out the provisions of this section, and any employer or other person who willfully interferes with, hinders, or delays the Secretary or his authorized representative in carrying out his duties under subsection (c) of this section by refusing to admit the Secretary or his authorized representative to any place, or to permit the inspection or examination of any employment or place of employment, or who willfully hinders or delays the Secretary or his authorized representative in the performance of his duties in the enforcement of this section, shall be guilty of an offense, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished for each offense by a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$3,000; and in any case where such employer is a corporation, the officer who willfully permits any such violation to occur shall be guilty of an offense, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished also for each offense by a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$3,000. The liability hereunder shall not affect any other liability of the employer under this Act.

“(g) (1) The provisions of this section shall not apply in the case of any employment relating to the operations for the exploration, production, or transportation by pipeline of mineral resources upon the navigable waters of the United States, nor under the authority of the Act of August 7, 1953 (ch. 345, 67 Stat. 462), nor in the case of any employment in connection with lands (except filled in, made or reclaimed lands) beneath the navigable waters as defined in the Act of May 22, 1953 (ch. 65, 67 Stat. 29) nor in the case of any employment for which compensation in case of disability or death is provided for employees under the authority of the Act of May 17,

43 USC 1331
note.

43 USC 1301
note.

1928 (ch. 612, 45 Stat. 600), as amended, nor under the authority of the Act of August 16, 1941 (ch. 357, 55 Stat. 622), as amended.

"(2) The provisions of this section, with the exception of paragraph (1) of subsection (b), shall not be applied under the authority of the Act of September 7, 1916 (ch. 458, 39 Stat. 742), as amended."

SEC. 2. The term "Secretary" as used in this Act and in amendments made by this Act means the Secretary of Labor.

Approved August 23, 1958.

D. C. Code 36-501, 36-502.
42 USC 1651-1654.

5 USC 751 note.

Public Law 85-743

AN ACT

Providing for the extension of certain authorized functions of the Secretary of the Interior to areas other than the United States, its Territories and possessions.

August 23, 1958
[H. R. 11123]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the authority vested in the Secretary of the Interior, to perform surveys, investigations, and research in geology, biology, minerals and water resources, and mapping is hereby extended to include Antarctica and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.

Antarctica;
Trust Territory of
Pacific Islands.

SEC. 2. The Secretary of the Interior is authorized to compile maps of Antarctica from materials already available and from such additional material as may result from the several expeditions in support of the International Geophysical Year.

SEC. 3. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to authorize the absorption or modification of, or change in any way, the responsibility of any other department or agency of the United States, including the performance of surveys, mapping, and compilation of maps.

SEC. 4. There are hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this Act.

Appropriations.

Approved August 23, 1958.

Public Law 85-744

AN ACT

To amend the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended.

August 23, 1958
[H. R. 13455]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 170 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

Atomic Energy
Act of 1954,
amendment.
71 Stat. 576.
42 USC 2210.
Licenses for
educational activ-
ities.

"k. With respect to any license issued pursuant to section 53, 63, 81, 104 a., or 104 c. for the conduct of educational activities to a person found by the Commission to be a nonprofit educational institution, the Commission shall exempt such licensee from the financial protection requirement of subsection 170 a. With respect to licenses issued between August 30, 1954, and August 1, 1967, for which the Commission grants such exemption:

"(1) the Commission shall agree to indemnify and hold harmless the licensee and other persons indemnified, as their interests may appear, from public liability in excess of \$250,000 arising from nuclear incidents. The aggregate indemnity for all persons indemnified in connection with each nuclear incident shall not exceed \$500,000,000, including the reasonable cost of investigating and settling claims and defending suits for damage;