

Public Law 85-29

AN ACT

May 14, 1957
[H. R. 4803]

To permit articles imported from foreign countries for the purpose of exhibition at the Chicagoland Commerce and Industry Exposition, to be held at Chicago, Illinois, to be admitted without payment of tariff, and for other purposes.

Chicagoland
Commerce and In-
dustry Exposition.
Free entry for
exhibits.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That any article which is imported from a foreign country for the purpose of exhibition at the Chicagoland Commerce and Industry Exposition (hereinafter in this Act referred to as the "exposition") to be held at Navy Pier, Chicago, Illinois, from June 28, 1957, to July 14, 1957, inclusive, by the Chicagoland Commerce and Industry Exposition, Incorporated, a corporation, or for the use in constructing, installing, or maintaining foreign exhibits at the exposition, upon which article there is a tariff or customs duty, shall be admitted without payment of such tariff or customs duty or any fees or charges under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe.

SEC. 2. It shall be lawful at any time during or within three months after the close of the exposition to sell within the area of the exposition any articles provided for in this Act, subject to such regulations for the security of the revenue and for the collection of import duties as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe. All such articles, when withdrawn for consumption or use in the United States, shall be subject to the duties, if any, imposed upon such articles by the revenue laws in force at the date of their withdrawal; and on such articles which shall have suffered diminution or deterioration from incidental handling or exposure, the duties, if payable, shall be assessed according to the appraised value at the time of withdrawal from entry under this Act for consumption or entry under the general tariff law.

Marking require-
ments.

SEC. 3. Imported articles provided for in this Act shall not be subject to any marking requirements of the general tariff laws, except when such articles are withdrawn for consumption or use in the United States, in which case they shall not be released from customs custody until properly marked, but no additional duty shall be assessed because such articles were not sufficiently marked when imported into the United States.

Abandonment of
articles.

SEC. 4. At any time during or within three months after the close of the exposition, any article entered under this Act may be abandoned to the United States or destroyed under customs supervision, whereupon any duties on such articles shall be remitted.

Transfers.

SEC. 5. Articles which have been admitted without payment of duty for exhibition under any tariff law and which have remained in continuous customs custody or under a customs exhibition bond and imported articles in bonded warehouses under the general tariff law may be accorded the privilege of transfer to and entry for exhibition at the exposition, under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe.

Payment of cus-
toms charges, etc.

SEC. 6. The Chicagoland Commerce and Industry Exposition, Incorporated, shall be deemed, for customs purposes only, to be the sole consignee of all merchandise imported under this Act. The actual and necessary customs charges for labor, services, and other expenses in connection with the entry, examination, appraisement, release, or custody, together with the necessary charges for salaries of customs officers and employees in connection with the supervision, custody of, and accounting for, articles imported under this Act, shall be reimbursed by the Chicagoland Commerce and Industry Exposition, Incorporated, to the United States under regulations to be prescribed by

the Secretary of the Treasury. Receipts from such reimbursement shall be deposited as refunds to the appropriation from which paid, in the manner provided for in section 524 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U. S. C. sec. 1524).

52 Stat. 1087.

Approved May 14, 1957.

Public Law 85-30

AN ACT

To extend for a period of two years the privilege of free importation of gifts from members of the Armed Forces of the United States on duty abroad.

May 14, 1957
[H. R. 6304]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act of December 5, 1942, entitled "An Act to accord free entry to bona fide gifts from members of the armed forces of the United States on duty abroad", as amended (U. S. C., title 50 App., secs 846 and 847), is amended to read as follows: "That under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe so much of any shipment as does not exceed \$50 in value, with such further limitation on the importation of alcoholic beverages and tobacco products as the Secretary may prescribe, shall be admitted into the United States or its Territories or possessions or the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico free of all customs duties, charges, or exactions, or internal-revenue taxes imposed upon or by reason of importation, if there is filed in connection with the entry satisfactory evidence that the articles for which free entry is claimed were purchased in or through authorized agencies of the Armed Forces of the United States or in accordance with regulations prescribed by the major geographical commands of the United States Armed Forces, and are bona fide gifts from a member of the Armed Forces of the United States on duty outside the continental limits of the United States.

Armed Forces.
Free entry of
gifts.
56 Stat. 1041; 69
Stat. 394.

"SEC. 2. This Act shall be effective with respect to articles entered for consumption or withdrawn from warehouse for consumption on or after the day following the date of its enactment and before July 1, 1959."

Effective date.

Approved May 14, 1957.

Public Law 85-31

AN ACT

To amend the Act of June 4, 1953 (67 Stat. 41), and for other purposes.

May 16, 1957
[S. 998]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act of June 4, 1953 (67 Stat. 41) is amended by adding at the end thereof the following sentence: "If the grantee of such land fails for a period of one year to observe the provisions of the transfer agreement and the Secretary of the Interior fails to declare a forfeiture of the conveyance, the former beneficial owner, if an individual Indian or an Indian tribe, may petition the United States District Court for the district where the land is located to declare a forfeiture of the conveyance and to vest the title in the United States, in the same trust status as previously existed."

Indians.
Conveyance of
school lands.

Approved May 16, 1957.