

“§ 33. Destruction of motor vehicles or motor vehicle facilities

“Whoever willfully, with intent to endanger the safety of any person on board or anyone who he believes will board the same, or with a reckless disregard for the safety of human life, damages, disables, destroys, tampers with, or places or causes to be placed any explosive or other destructive substance in, upon, or in proximity to, any motor vehicle which is used, operated, or employed in interstate or foreign commerce, or its cargo or material used or intended to be used in connection with its operation; or

“Whoever willfully, with like intent, damages, disables, destroys, sets fire to, tampers with, or places or causes to be placed any explosive or other destructive substance in, upon, or in proximity to any garage, terminal, structure, supply, or facility used in the operation of, or in support of the operation of, motor vehicles engaged in interstate or foreign commerce or otherwise makes or causes such property to be made unworkable, unusable, or hazardous to work or use; or

“Whoever, with like intent, willfully disables or incapacitates any driver or person employed in connection with the operation or maintenance of the motor vehicle, or in any way lessens the ability of such person to perform his duties as such; or

“Whoever willfully attempts to do any of the aforesaid acts—
shall be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned not more than twenty years, or both.

“§ 34. Penalty when death results

“Whoever is convicted of any crime prohibited by this chapter, which has resulted in the death of any person, shall be subject also to the death penalty or to imprisonment for life, if the jury shall in its discretion so direct, or, in the case of a plea of guilty, or a plea of not guilty where the defendant has waived a trial by jury, if the court in its discretion shall so order.

“§ 35. Imparting or conveying false information

“Whoever willfully imparts or conveys or causes to be imparted or conveyed false information, knowing the information to be false, concerning an attempt or alleged attempt being made or to be made, to do any act which would be a crime prohibited by this chapter or chapter 97 or chapter 111 of this title—

shall be fined not more than \$1,000, or imprisoned not more than one year, or both.”

SEC. 2. The part analysis preceding chapter 1 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting between chapters 1 and 3 the following item:

“2. Aircraft and motor vehicles..... 31”

Approved July 14, 1956.

Public Law 710

CHAPTER 596

AN ACT

July 14, 1956
[S. 3723]

To authorize the Secretary of the Navy to convey certain land in the county of Alameda, California, and to accept other land in exchange therefor.

Alameda, Calif.
Conveyances.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Navy is authorized to convey to the State of California all of the right, title, and interest of the United States of America in and to that certain real property located in the county of Alameda, State of California, as more particularly described in section 2 of this Act,

and in consideration for said conveyance, to accept on behalf of the United States of America all of the right, title, and interest of the State of California in and to that certain real property described in section 3 of this Act. Said conveyances shall be made by, and accepted on behalf of, the United States of America subject to (1) all reservations, rights, and easements hereinbelow set forth, and (2) to such other and further terms and conditions as may be expressly agreed upon by the parties thereto.

SEC. 2. The property to be conveyed by the United States of America to the State of California is described as follows:

A portion of tract 39, according to the map entitled, "Map of Alameda Marsh Land, as partitioned among the owners thereof in the suit numbered 8923 and entitled 'Pacific Improvement Company, plaintiff, against James A. Waymire, and others', defendants, superior court of Alameda County, State of California", filed July 30, 1900, in the office of the recorder of Alameda County and of record in map book 25, pages 74, 76, and 78, said portion being described as follows:

Commencing at the northeasterly corner of that certain 76.15 acre tract of land, described in the declaration of taking made on December 13, 1951, in District Court of the United States for the Northern District of California, southern division, case numbered 30735, United States of America against 76.15 acres of land, more or less, and so forth, a certified copy of which was recorded on December 21, 1951, in book 6618, page 339, official records of Alameda County said corner also being on the general western line of Webster Street, as said line was established by the deed from the regents of the University of California to city of Alameda, dated April 13, 1944, recorded May 4, 1944, in book 4555 of official records of Alameda County, page 50; thence along the last mentioned line the three following courses and distances: South 6 degrees 52 minutes 06 seconds west 28.42 feet south 4 degrees 52 minutes 13 seconds west 352.37 feet and south 89 degrees 41 minutes 14 seconds east 42.00 feet (recorded bearings and distances south 5 degrees 54 minutes 38.5 seconds west 28.52 feet south 3 degrees 43 minutes 27 seconds west 352.37 feet and north 89 degrees 10 minutes east 42.00 feet) to the westerly line of Webster Street, as said line was established by the deed to the city of Alameda, dated May 31, 1928, recorded June 5, 1928, in book 1867 of official records of Alameda County, page 236; thence along the last mentioned line south 0 degrees 18 minutes 46 seconds west 74.95 feet (recorded bearing and distance south 0 degrees 50 minutes east 74.95 feet) to the southern boundary line of the said 76.15 acre tract of land; thence along said southern boundary line north 87 degrees 55 minutes 29 seconds west 839.66 feet (recorded bearing north 89 degrees 00 minutes 30 seconds west) thence north 2 degrees 04 minutes 31 seconds east 464.03 feet to the general northerly boundary line of said 76.15 acre tract of land; thence along said northerly line south 87 degrees 12 minutes 43 seconds east (recorded bearing south 88 degrees 20 minutes east), 815.00 feet to the point of commencement, said property containing 8.538 acres, more or less.

SEC. 3. The land to be conveyed to the United States of America by the State of California is described as follows:

A portion of tract 39 as shown on the map of Alameda Marsh Land filed July 30, 1900, in book 25 of maps at pages 74, 76, and 78 in the office of the county recorder of Alameda County, said portion being described as follows:

Commencing at the northwesterly corner of that certain 76.15 acre parcel of land described in the declaration of taking made on December 13, 1951, in District Court of the United States for the Northern District of California, southern division, case numbered 30735, United

States of America against 76.15 acres of land, more or less, a certified copy of which was recorded on December 21, 1951, in book 6618, page 339, official records of Alameda County; thence along the northern boundary line of the said 76.15 acre parcel south 87 degrees 12 minutes 43 seconds east, 1,863.14 feet; thence north 2 degrees 47 minutes 17 seconds east, 309.5 feet; thence north 87 degrees 12 minutes 43 seconds west, 1,875.09 feet to the westerly line of said tract 39; thence along said westerly line south 0 degrees 34 minutes 39 seconds west, 309.73 feet to the point of commencement, said property containing 13.280 acres, more or less.

Easements.

SEC. 4. (a) The property authorized to be conveyed to the State of California by section 2 of this Act shall be subject to—

(1) nonexclusive easement for roadway purposes over and across a strip of land 75 feet wide, the centerline of said strip of land described as follows:

Commencing at a point on the westerly line of the above-described parcel, distance thereon north 2 degrees 04 minutes 31 seconds east 37.50 feet from the southwest corner of said parcel; thence south 87 degrees 55 minutes 29 seconds east 387.19 feet. The easterly terminus of said centerline being distant north 87 degrees 55 minutes 29 seconds west 452.39 feet from the westerly line of Webster Street, as said line was established by the deed to the city of Alameda, recorded June 5, 1928, in book 1867, page 266, official records of Alameda County;

(2) easement for water pipeline serving the Oakland Quartermaster Market Center;

(3) easement for water pipeline serving Estuary Housing Project; and

(4) easement for utility lines lying within the 8.538 acres to be conveyed.

(b) The property authorized to be conveyed to the United States by section 3 of this Act shall be subject to a perpetual easement for right-of-way 20 feet in width for the construction and maintenance of a sewer over and across the herein-described property as condemned by the United States of America in action numbered 22606-S had in the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of California, southern division. The certified copy of the decree of condemnation in said action being recorded on June 18, 1943, in book 4414 of official records of Alameda County at page 13.

(c) The bearings and distances used in the description of property contained in this Act are on the California coordinate system, zone 3.

Approved July 14, 1956.

Public Law 711

CHAPTER 597

AN ACT

July 14, 1956
[H. R. 1761]

To relieve certain veterans who relied on an erroneous interpretation of the law from liability to repay a portion of the subsistence allowances which they received under the Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944.

Veterans.
U. C. and Stan-
ford U. students.
Subsistence re-
payments.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That every individual who, while attending the University of California or Stanford University prior to January 1, 1951, was employed by the Veterans' Administration as a clinical psychologist trainee, and who, in reliance upon interpretations of paragraph 6 of part VIII of Veterans Regulation Numbered 1 (a) that work performed in excess of twenty hours per week was to be considered as irregular and nonscheduled overtime,

53 Stat. 289.
38 USC ch. 12A.