

Public Law 329

CHAPTER 689

August 9, 1955
[H. R. 6102]

AN ACT

To change the name of Garza-Little Elm Dam, located in Denton County, Texas, to Lewisville Dam.

Lewisville Dam,
Tex.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the dam, known as Garza-Little Elm Dam, in Denton County, Texas, shall hereafter be known as Lewisville Dam and any law, regulation, document, or record of the United States in which such dam is designated or referred to under the name Garza-Little Elm Dam shall be held to refer to such dam under and by the name of Lewisville Dam.

Approved August 9, 1955.

Public Law 331

CHAPTER 691

August 9, 1955
[H. R. 6122]

AN ACT

To remit the duty on certain bells to be imported for addition to the carillons of The Citadel, Charleston, South Carolina.

The Citadel, S.C.
Carillon bells.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized and directed to admit free of duty twelve bells imported for addition to the carillons possessed by The Citadel, an educational institution situated in Charleston, South Carolina.

Approved August 9, 1955.

Public Law 330

CHAPTER 690

August 9, 1955
[H. R. 6590]

AN ACT

To prohibit the employment by the Government of the United States of persons who are disloyal or who participate in or assert the right to strike against the Government of the United States, and for other purposes.

Government em-
ployment.
Disloyalty pro-
hibition, etc.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That no person shall accept or hold office or employment in the Government of the United States or any agency thereof, including wholly owned Government corporations, who—

- (1) advocates the overthrow of our constitutional form of government in the United States;
- (2) is a member of an organization that advocates the overthrow of our constitutional form of government in the United States, knowing that such organization so advocates;
- (3) participates in any strike or asserts the right to strike against the Government of the United States or such agency; or
- (4) is a member of an organization of Government employees that asserts the right to strike against the Government of the United States or such agencies, knowing that such organization asserts such right.

Affidavit.

SEC. 2. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), every person who accepts office or employment in the Government of the United States after the date of enactment of this Act, shall, not later than sixty days after he accepts such office or employment, execute an affidavit that his acceptance and holding of such office or employment does not or (if the affidavit is executed prior to acceptance of such office or employment)

will not constitute a violation of the first section of this Act. Such affidavit shall be considered prima facie evidence that the acceptance and holding of office or employment by the person executing the affidavit does not or will not constitute a violation of such section.

(b) An affidavit shall not be required from a person employed by the Government of the United States for less than sixty days for sudden emergency work involving the loss of human life or the destruction of property. This subsection shall not relieve any person from liability for violation of the first section of this Act.

Sec. 3. Any person who violates section 1 of this Act shall be guilty of a felony, and shall be fined not more than \$1,000 or imprisoned not more than one year and a day, or both.

Sec. 4. The following parts of Acts are hereby repealed:

(1) Section 612 of the Housing Act of 1949 (42 U. S. C., sec. 1445);
 (2) Section 9A of the Act entitled "An Act to prevent pernicious political activities", approved August 2, 1939 (5 U. S. C., sec. 118j);
 and

(3) Section 305 of the Labor Management Relations Act, 1947, as amended (29 U. S. C., sec. 188).

Approved August 9, 1955.

Emergency work.

Penalty.

Repeals.

63 Stat. 444.

53 Stat. 1148.

61 Stat. 160.

Public Law 332

CHAPTER 692

AN ACT

To provide for the conveyance of one and eight-tenths acres of land, more or less, within the Grapevine Dam and Reservoir project to the city of Grapevine, Texas, for sewage disposal purposes.

August 9, 1955
 [H. R. 6634]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Army is authorized and directed to convey to the city of Grapevine, Texas, a portion of tract A-28 within the Grapevine Dam and Reservoir project, not to exceed two acres, required by the city for the expansion of its sewage treatment plant located on adjoining land belonging to the city, the conveyance to be by quitclaim deed upon payment of 50 per centum of the fair appraised market value thereof, but on condition that in the event the property so conveyed shall fail or cease to be used for disposal purposes, the title thereto shall revert to and revest in the United States; and subject to such reservations, including flowage easements, restrictions, terms, and conditions, as the Secretary of the Army determines to be necessary in the interest of the United States.

Grapevine, Tex.
 Conveyance.

Approved August 9, 1955.

Public Law 333

CHAPTER 693

AN ACT

To amend the Internal Revenue Codes so as to provide a personal exemption with respect to certain dependents in the Republic of the Philippines.

August 9, 1955
 [H. R. 7148]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 25 (b) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1939 (defining the term "dependent") is hereby amended by inserting after the fourth sentence thereof the following new sentence: "For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1946, the preceding sentence shall not exclude from the definition of 'dependent' any child of the taxpayer born to him, or

Philippines.
 Income tax ex-
 emptions.
 67 Stat. 471.
 26 USC 25.