

of fare for the service furnished as he may establish. All moneys collected as fares from such employees shall be accounted for and shall be deposited in the Treasury of the United States to the credit of miscellaneous receipts. The authority herein granted the Administrator of Veterans' Affairs shall be exercised with respect to any station only after determination by the Administrator that existing private and other facilities are not and cannot be rendered adequate by other means, and that its exercise will result in the most efficient method of supplying transportation to the personnel concerned and a proper utilization of transportation facilities.

Approved June 18, 1953.

Public Law 69

CHAPTER 128

AN ACT

To provide for the suspension of the imposition or execution of sentence in certain cases in the Municipal Court for the District of Columbia and in the Juvenile Court of the District of Columbia.

June 18, 1953
[H. R. 1832]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in all cases in the Municipal Court for the District of Columbia, and in the Juvenile Court of the District of Columbia, the municipal court or the juvenile court, as the case may be, shall have power upon conviction to suspend the imposition of sentence or to impose sentence and suspend the execution thereof, if it should appear to the satisfaction of the court that the ends of justice and the best interests of the public and of the defendant would be served thereby. In each case of the imposition of sentence and the suspension of the execution thereof, the municipal court may, in its discretion, place the defendant on probation as provided by the Act approved June 25, 1910 (36 Stat. 864; sec. 24-102, D. C. Code, 1940), and the juvenile court may, in its discretion, place the defendant on probation as provided by the Act approved June 1, 1938 (52 Stat. 601; sec. 11-919, D. C. Code, 1940), by the Act approved March 23, 1906, as amended (34 Stat. 86; sec. 22-903, D. C. Code, 1940), or by the Act approved February 4, 1925 (43 Stat. 807; sec. 31-207, D. C. Code, 1940), as the case may be.

Approved June 18, 1953.

D. C. municipal
and juvenile
courts.
Sentence powers.

Public Law 70

CHAPTER 129

AN ACT

To revive and reenact the Act of December 21, 1944, authorizing the City of Clinton Bridge Commission to construct, maintain, and operate a bridge and approaches thereto across the Mississippi River, at or near the cities of Clinton, Iowa, and Fulton, Illinois, as amended.

June 18, 1953
[H. R. 2761]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act approved December 21, 1944, entitled "An Act creating the City of Clinton Bridge Commission and authorizing said commission and its successors to acquire by purchase or condemnation and to construct, maintain, and operate a bridge or bridges across the Mississippi River at or near Clinton, Iowa, and at or near Fulton, Illinois", as amended, be, and is hereby, revived and reenacted: *Provided*, That this Act shall be null and void unless the actual construction of the bridge herein referred to be commenced within two years and completed within four years from the date of approval hereof.

Bridge.

58 Stat. 846.

SEC. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved June 18, 1953.

Public Law 71

CHAPTER 130

June 18, 1953
[H. R. 4486]

AN ACT

To amend the law of the District of Columbia relating to forcible entry and detainer.

D. C. Code,
amendment.

31 Stat. 1193.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 20 of the Act entitled "An Act to establish a code of law for the District of Columbia", approved March 3, 1901 (31 Stat. 1189, 1192), as amended (41 Stat. 555; D. C. Code, 1940, title 11, sec. 11-735), be, and the same hereby is, amended by striking out section 20, as amended, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"SEC. 20. UNLAWFUL DETAINER.—Whenever any person shall detain possession of real property without right, or after his right to possession shall have ceased, it shall be lawful for the municipal court, on complaint under oath verified by the person aggrieved by such detention or by his agent or attorney having knowledge of the facts, to issue a summons to the party complained of to appear and show cause why judgment should not be given against him for the restitution of possession."

Approved June 18, 1953.

Public Law 72

CHAPTER 131

June 18, 1953
[H. R. 4487]

AN ACT

To amend the Act entitled "An Act to establish a code of law for the District of Columbia", approved March 3, 1901, as further amended by an Act of April 19, 1920 (title 20, ch. 1, sec. 116, D. C. Code, 1951), relating to continuing decedent's business.

D. C., decedent's business.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act of April 19, 1920 (41 Stat. 556, ch. 153, sec. 123a), amending the Act entitled "An Act to establish a code of law for the District of Columbia", approved March 3, 1901 (title 20, ch. 1, sec. 116, D. C. Code, 1951), is amended by striking out the first sentence thereof, and in lieu thereof inserting the following: "The probate court may, in its discretion, authorize any fiduciary accountable to it to continue any business of the decedent for a period of twelve months after decedent's death: *Provided*, That, upon good cause shown, the probate court may, in its discretion, extend the said period."

Approved June 18, 1953.