

(e) to cooperate with any other Federal, State, or municipal department, agency, or instrumentality, and with any private person, firm, educational institution, or other organization in effectuating the purpose of this Act.

SEC. 3. Research undertaken by the Secretary of the Interior under the authority contained in this Act shall be coordinated or conducted jointly with the Department of Defense to the greatest practicable extent compatible with military and security limitations, to the end that research and developments under this Act which are primarily of a civil nature will contribute to the defense of the Nation and that research and developments in the same field which are primarily of a military nature and are conducted by the Department of Defense will be made available to advance the purposes of this Act and to strengthen the civil economy of the Nation.

Cooperation with
Defense Department.

SEC. 4. The Secretary of the Interior is authorized, for the sole purpose of this Act, to dispose of all water and other products produced as a result of his operations under this Act pursuant to regulations to be prescribed by him: *Provided*, That nothing in this Act shall be construed to alter existing law with respect to the ownership and control of water.

Disposal.

SEC. 5. All moneys received for products of the plants under this Act shall be paid into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

Moneys.

SEC. 6. The Secretary of the Interior shall make reports to the President and the Congress at the beginning of each regular session of the action taken or instituted by him under the provisions of this Act. The report shall include suitable recommendations for further legislation.

Reports.

SEC. 7. The Secretary of the Interior may issue rules and regulations to effectuate the purposes of this Act.

Regulations.

SEC. 8. There are authorized to be appropriated, from any funds in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, such sums, not to exceed \$2,000,000, for a five-year period, to carry out the provisions of this Act: *Provided*, That departmental expenses for the correlation and coordination of information over such five-year period shall not exceed the sum of \$500,000: *Provided further*, That such departmental expenses shall be scheduled in equal amounts for each year of such period insofar as practicable.

Appropriation.

Approved July 3, 1952.

Public Law 449

CHAPTER 569

AN ACT

To amend section 7a of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate the employment of minors within the District of Columbia", approved May 29, 1928.

July 3, 1952
[H.R. 6857]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the first sentence of section 7a of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate the employment of minors within the District of Columbia", approved May 29, 1928, as amended (D. C. Code, sec. 36-207a), is amended by striking out "*Provided*, That such minor is at least fourteen years of age and has completed eight grades of elementary instruction or a course of study deemed by the Board of Education equivalent thereto: *And provided further*, That such minor shall not appear on said stage in more than two performances in any one day, nor more than three hours in any one day, nor more than six days in any week, nor more than twelve hours in any week, and shall not appear on said stage

Employment of
minors, D.C.

55 Stat. 863.

after the hour of 11 postmeridian" and inserting in lieu thereof "Provided, That such minor is at least seven years of age: *Provided further*, That such minor shall not appear on said stage in more than two performances in any one day, nor more than eight performances in any one week, and shall not appear on said stage after the hour of 11:30 postmeridian". The second sentence of such section is amended by striking out "at least fourteen days in advance of such appearance" and inserting in lieu thereof "at such time as the Board may require".

Approved July 3, 1952.

Public Law 450

CHAPTER 570

JOINT RESOLUTION

July 3, 1952
[H. J. Res. 477]

To continue the effectiveness of certain statutory provisions for the duration of the national emergency proclaimed December 16, 1950, and six months thereafter, but not beyond April 1, 1953.

Whereas certain statutory provisions dependent upon the existence of a state of war and upon the national emergencies proclaimed in 1939 and 1941 were continued in effect until June 1, 1952, by Public Law 313, approved April 14, 1952, and were subsequently further continued in effect until June 15, 1952, by Public Law 368, approved May 28, 1952, in order to permit further consideration of a more extended continuation; and

Whereas the last of the states of war of World War II and the national emergencies proclaimed by the President in 1939 and 1941 were terminated on April 28, 1952; and

Whereas a more extended continuation of the statutory provisions herein dealt with is needed to insure the national security and the capacity of the United States to support the efforts to establish and maintain world peace: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That notwithstanding the termination on April 28, 1952, of the existence of a state of war with Japan declared December 8, 1941 (55 Stat. 795), and of the national emergencies proclaimed by the President on September 8, 1939 (Proc. 2352, 54 Stat. 2643), and on May 27, 1941 (Proc. 2487, 55 Stat. 1647), and notwithstanding any proclamation of peace with respect to such war—

(a) The following statutory provisions, and the authorizations conferred and liabilities imposed thereby, in addition to coming into full force and effect in time of war or otherwise where their terms so provide, shall remain in full force and effect until six months after the termination of the national emergency proclaimed by the President on December 16, 1950 (Proc. 2914, 3 C. F. R., 1950 Supp., p. 71), or until such earlier date or dates as may be provided by the Congress by concurrent resolution either generally or for a particular statutory provision or by the President either generally by proclamation or for a particular statutory provision, but in no event beyond April 1, 1953, notwithstanding any other terminal date or provision of law with respect to such statutory provisions and notwithstanding any limitation, by reference to war or national emergency, of the time during or for which authorizations or liabilities thereunder may be exercised or imposed; and acts or events of the kind giving rise to legal consequences under any of those provisions when performed or occurring during the state of war which terminated on April 28, 1952, shall give rise to the same legal consequences when they are performed or occur during the period above provided for:

Emergency Powers Continuation Act.

50 USC app. note prec. 1.

Continuance of certain statutory provisions.

64 Stat. A454.
50 USC app. note prec. 1.