

as to aliens whenever there exists a state of war between, or among, two or more states, and the President shall find that the interests of the United States require that restrictions and prohibitions in addition to those provided otherwise than by this Act be imposed upon the departure of persons from and their entry into the United States, and shall make public proclamation thereof, it shall, until otherwise ordered by the President or Congress, be unlawful—”

SEC. 2. That section 3 of such Act of May 22, 1918, is amended to read as follows:

“Any person who shall willfully violate any of the provisions of this Act, or of any order or proclamation of the President promulgated, or of any permit, rule, or regulation issued thereunder, shall, upon conviction, be fined not more than \$5,000, or, if a natural person, imprisoned for not more than five years, or both; and the officer, director, or agent of any corporation who knowingly participates in such violation shall be punished by like fine or imprisonment, or both; and any vehicle, vessel or aircraft, together with its or her appurtenances, equipment, tackle, apparel, and furniture, concerned in any such violation, shall be forfeited to the United States.”

SEC. 2a. That section 4 of such Act of May 22, 1918, is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 4. The term ‘United States’ as used in this Act includes the Canal Zone, the Commonwealth of the Philippines, and all territory and waters, continental or insular, subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.

“The word ‘person’ as used herein shall be deemed to mean any individual, partnership, association, company, or other unincorporated body of individuals, or corporation, or body politic.”

SEC. 3. That such Act of May 22, 1918, is further amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sections:

“SEC. 5. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to entitle an alien to whom a permit to enter the United States has been issued to enter the United States, if, upon arrival in the United States, he is found to be inadmissible to the United States under this Act or any law relating to the entry of aliens into the United States.

“SEC. 6. The revocation of any proclamation, rule, regulation, or order issued in pursuance of this Act, shall not prevent prosecution for any offense committed or the imposition of any penalties or forfeitures, liability for which was incurred under this Act prior to the revocation of such proclamation, rule, regulation, or order.”

Approved, June 21, 1941.

[CHAPTER 211]

AN ACT

To amend section 6 of an Act of Congress approved May 20, 1935, entitled “An Act concerning the incorporated town of Seward, Territory of Alaska.”

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 6 of an Act of Congress approved May 29, 1935, entitled “An Act concerning the incorporated town of Seward, Territory of Alaska”, is amended to read as follows:

“SEC. 6. This Act shall become effective thirty days after its passage: *Provided,* That if at any time hereafter the public utilities property consisting of an electric system and a telephone system now being operated in and adjacent to said town of Seward under the name of Seward Light and Power, or Seward Light and Power Company, shall be offered by the owner or owners thereof to the town of

40 Stat. 559.
22 U. S. C. § 225.

Penalties.

40 Stat. 559.
22 U. S. C. § 226.

“United States.”

“Person.”

40 Stat. 559.
22 U. S. C. §§ 223-226.

Aliens holding permits.
Entry denied if found inadmissible.

Prosecutions, etc., upon revocation of proclamation.

June 21, 1941
[H. R. 95]
[Public Law 115]

Seward, Alaska.
49 Stat. 284.

Effective date.
Provisos.
Purchase of certain utilities.

Operation and maintenance.

Bond issue.
Rates, fees, etc.

Use of revenues to pay bonds.

Restriction on principal amount of bonds.

Refunding and acquisition bonds.

Interest.

Repeals.

Seward at a reasonable price, and the purchase shall be approved by the holder or holders of not less than 75 per centum in principal amount of electric revenue bonds of said town outstanding on the date of approval by said bondholders, and by a majority of the qualified electors of the town of Seward voting upon the question at a regular election or at a special election called and held for that purpose within ninety days after the formal submission of said offer, the town of Seward is hereby authorized and empowered (a) to acquire said property, and to pay the agreed purchase price thereof; (b) to operate and maintain all or any part thereof for its own use and benefit and for the use and benefit of public and private consumers or users within and without the territorial boundaries of said town, as an integral part of the municipal electric system of said town; (c) to issue its bonds to finance in whole or in part the cost of acquiring said property; (d) to prescribe and collect rates, fees, tolls, or charges for the services, facilities and commodities furnished in connection with the operation of said property; (e) to pledge to the punctual payment of said bonds and interest thereon all or any part of the gross or net revenues from the operation of said property, separately or in conjunction with property heretofore acquired by said town (including improvements, betterments, or extensions thereto hereafter constructed or acquired): *Provided further*, That the principal amount of bonds authorized under the foregoing provisions of this section shall in no event be in excess of the purchase price stated in the offer and all proceedings for the issuance and sale of said bonds shall be submitted to and approved by the holder or holders of not less than 75 per centum in principal amount of aforesaid electric revenue bonds of said town outstanding on the date of such approval: *Provided further*, That said town may, upon consent of the holder or holders of not less than 75 per centum in principal amount of bonds of said town issued under this Act and outstanding on the date of such consent, issue its refunding and acquisition bonds in the aggregate principal amount of bonds to be refunded and such additional principal amount as the probable revenues from the operation of the combined systems will reasonably justify. Refunding and acquisition bonds, if issued, shall bear interest not exceeding 4 per centum per annum; otherwise they shall be issued in compliance with other bond provisions contained in this Act.”

SEC. 2. All Acts and parts of Acts in conflict herewith are hereby repealed to the extent of such conflict.

Approved, June 21, 1941.

[CHAPTER 212]

AN ACT

June 21, 1941
[H. R. 2844]
[Public Law 116]

To provide for the transportation home of persons who have been arrested and subsequently released without conviction or convicted and placed on probation.

U. S. courts.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act of July 3, 1926 (ch. 795, 44 Stat. 901 (U. S. C., title 18, sec. 746)), be, and the same is hereby, amended by adding thereto the following sections:

Transportation of persons released without conviction.

“SEC. 2. On the release from custody of any person who has been arrested on a charge of violating any law of the United States or of the Territory of Alaska, and who has not been convicted of such charge, other than a person admitted to bail, the court having jurisdiction of the trial of the case, including cases where arrests have been made and no indictment returned, in its discretion may direct the United States marshal for the district wherein he is released, pursuant to regulations that may be promulgated by the Attorney