

**CHAP. 805.**—Joint Resolution To declare July 5, 1930, a legal holiday in the District of Columbia.

July 2, 1930.  
[S. J. Res. 184.]  
[Pub. Res., No. 103.]

*Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That Saturday, July 5, 1930, be, and the same is hereby, declared a legal holiday in the District of Columbia for all purposes: *Provided,* That all employees of the United States Government in the District of Columbia and all employees of the District of Columbia shall be entitled to pay for this holiday the same as on other days.

District of Columbia.  
July 5, 1930, declared legal holiday in.  
*Proviso.*  
Employees of Government, etc., entitled to pay.

Approved, July 2, 1930.

**CHAP. 826.**—An Act To amend an Act entitled "An Act relative to naturalization and citizenship of married women," approved September 22, 1922.

July 3, 1930.  
[S. 3691.]  
[Public, No. 499.]

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the Act entitled "An Act relative to the naturalization and citizenship of married women," approved September 22, 1922, is amended by adding the following at the end thereof:

Citizenship and naturalization of married women.  
Vol. 42, p. 1021.

"SEC. 8. That any woman eligible by race to citizenship who has married a citizen of the United States before the passage of this amendment, whose husband shall have been a native-born citizen and a member of the military or naval forces of the United States during the World War, and separated therefrom under honorable conditions; if otherwise admissible, shall not be excluded from admission into the United States under section 3 of the Immigration Act of 1917, unless she be excluded under the provisions of that section relating to—

New matter.  
Admission of women, eligible to citizenship, who married citizen, etc., prior hereto.

"(a) Persons afflicted with a loathsome or dangerous contagious disease, except tuberculosis in any form;

"(b) Polygamy;

"(c) Prostitutes, procurers, or other like immoral persons;

"(d) Persons convicted of crime: *Provided,* That no such wife shall be excluded because of offenses committed during legal infancy, while a minor under the age of twenty-one years, and for which the sentences imposed were less than three months, and which were committed more than five years previous to the date of the passage of this amendment;

Vol. 39, p. 875.  
U. S. C., p. 131.  
Exceptions.

"(e) Persons previously deported;

"(f) Contract laborers.

"That after admission to the United States she shall be subject to all other provisions of this Act."

*Proviso.*  
Offenses during legal infancy, etc., not to exclude.

Status after admission.

Approved, July 3, 1930.

**CHAP. 827.**—An Act Granting the consent of Congress for the construction of a dike or dam across the head of Camas Slough (Washougal Slough) to Lady Island on the Columbia River in the State of Washington.

July 3, 1930.  
[S. 4663.]  
[Public, No. 500.]

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,* That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to the Crown Willamette Paper Company, of Portland, Oregon, to construct a dike or dam across Camas Slough (Washougal Slough) at a point near the mouth of Washougal River to Lady Island, State of Washington: *Provided,* That the work of constructing this dike or dam shall not be commenced until the plans therefor have been filed with and approved by the Chief of Engineers of the United States Army and the Secretary of War:

Camas Slough (Washougal Slough), Wash.  
Crown Willamette Paper Company, Portland, Oreg., may dam.  
*Provisos.*  
Plans.

Conditions.	<i>Provided further</i> , That in approving the plans for said dike or dam such conditions and stipulations may be imposed as the Chief of Engineers and the Secretary of War may deem necessary to protect the present and future interests of the United States: <i>And provided further</i> , That this Act shall not be construed to authorize the use of such dike or dam to develop water power or generate hydroelectric energy.
Water power, etc., development, not authorized.	
Time limit on construction.	SEC. 2. The authority granted by this Act shall cease and be null and void unless the actual construction of said dike or dam hereby authorized is commenced within one year and completed within three years from the date of approval of this Act.
Amendment.	SEC. 3. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this act is hereby expressly reserved.
	Approved, July 3, 1930.

July 3, 1930. [S. 4683.] [Public, No. 501.]	<b>CHAP. 828.</b> —An Act To authorize the sale of all of the right, title, interest, and estate of the United States of America in and to certain lands in the State of Michigan.
Fort Gratiot, Mich. Lands within right of way over, may be sold.	<i>Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled</i> , That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized to cause to be appraised and to sell in parcels or as a whole upon such terms and conditions as he considers advisable, at not less than the appraised value, and to make proper deed of conveyance therefor all of the right, title, interest, and estate of the United States of America in and to the lands (or any part thereof) described in the instrument dated March 8, 1859, issued to the Chicago, Detroit and Canada Grand Trunk Junction Railroad Company under the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act granting the right of way over and depot grounds on the military reserve at Fort Gratiot, in the State of Michigan, for railroad purposes," approved February 8, 1859, as amended.
Vol. 11, p. 381.	
Disposition of proceeds.	SEC. 2. That the proceeds of said sale shall be deposited in the Treasury to the credit of the fund known as the military post construction fund, after first paying the expenses of and incident to the sale.
	Approved, July 3, 1930.

July 3, 1930. [H. R. 3395.] [Public, No. 502.]	<b>CHAP. 829.</b> —An Act Authorizing the Commissioner of Narcotics to pay for information concerning violations of the narcotic laws of the United States.
Narcotic laws. Payment for information of violations of. <i>Ante</i> , p. 585.	<i>Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled</i> , That the Commissioner of Narcotics is authorized and empowered to pay to any person, from funds now or hereafter appropriated for the enforcement of the narcotic laws of the United States, for information concerning a violation of any narcotic law of the United States, resulting in a seizure of contraband narcotics, such sum or sums of money as he may deem appropriate, without reference to any moieties or rewards to which such person may otherwise be entitled by law: <i>Provided</i> , That all payments under authority of this Act to any informer in any foreign country shall be made only through an accredited consul or vice consul of the United States stationed in such country, and every such payment must be supported by a voucher with an accompanying certificate of the said consul or vice consul that the payment of the amount stated on the voucher has been made to the informer named, and at the place and time specified on said voucher.
<i>Proviso.</i> If informer in foreign country.	
	Approved, July 3, 1930.