

warehouse, said duties shall be levied and collected upon the weight of such merchandise at the time of its entry.

SEC. 6. That all articles manufactured in bonded manufacturing warehouses in whole or in part of imported materials, or of materials subject to internal-revenue tax and intended for shipment from the United States to the Philippine Islands, shall, when so shipped, under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe, be exempt from internal-revenue tax, and shall not be charged with duty except the duty levied under this Act upon imports into the Philippine Islands.

Articles exempt from internal-revenue tax, etc.

That all articles subject under the laws of the United States to internal-revenue tax, or on which the internal-revenue tax has been paid, and which may under existing laws and regulations be exported to a foreign country without the payment of such tax, or with benefit of drawback, as the case may be, may also be shipped to the Philippine Islands with like privilege, under such regulations and the filing of such bonds, bills of lading, and other security as the Commissioner of Internal Revenue may, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, prescribe. And all taxes paid upon such articles shipped to the Philippine Islands since November fifteenth, nineteen hundred and one, under the decision of the Secretary of the Treasury of that date, shall be refunded to the parties who have paid the same, under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe, and a sum sufficient to make such payment is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Drawbacks, etc.

Taxes refunded.

Post, p. 1224.

Appropriation.

That where materials on which duties have been paid are used in the manufacture of articles manufactured or produced in the United States, there shall be allowed on the shipment of said articles to the Philippine Archipelago a drawback equal in amount to the duties paid on the materials used, less one per centum of such duties, under such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe.

Drawback for materials.

SEC. 7. That merchandise in bonded warehouse or otherwise in the custody and control of the officers of the customs, upon which duties have been paid, shall be entitled, on shipment to the Philippine Islands within three years from the date of the original arrival, to a return of the duties paid less one per centum, and merchandise upon which duties have not been paid may be shipped without the payment of duties to the Philippine Islands within said period, under such rules and regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury.

Reexportation to the Philippines.

SEC. 8. That the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to simplify the laws in relation to the collection of revenues," approved June tenth, eighteen hundred and ninety, as amended by an Act entitled "An Act to provide for the Government and to encourage the industries of the United States," approved July twenty-fourth, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven, shall apply to all articles coming into the United States from the Philippine Archipelago.

Customs administration and tariff laws applicable.
Vol. 26, p. 131.
Vol. 30, p. 151.

SEC. 9. That no person in the Philippine Islands shall, under the authority of the United States, be convicted of treason by any tribunal, civil or military, unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

Treason.
Evidence necessary to convict accused.

Approved, March 8, 1902.

CHAP. 141.—An Act Authorizing the Missouri and Meramec Water Company to take water from the Missouri River, and to construct and maintain a dam or other devices for that purpose.

March 10, 1902.

[Public, No. 29.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Missouri and Meramec Water Company, a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Missouri, its successors and assigns, be, and they

Missouri River.
Missouri and Meramec Water Company may dam, etc.
Water supply.

are hereby, authorized and empowered to draw, by canal, flume, or race, from the Missouri River, at or near a point about eight miles above Creve Coeur Lake, in the county of Saint Louis, in the State of Missouri, such supply of water as may be necessary or required for the purposes of said corporation, and to conduct and discharge said water not otherwise used at a point on the Meramec River in the neighborhood of Meramec Highlands, in the county of Saint Louis and State of Missouri; also to erect, construct, operate, and maintain for that purpose such dams (including a weir dam in the Missouri River at the head of said canal), regulating devices, locks, and other structures and improvements as may be required: *Provided*, That such withdrawal and discharge at any time of water shall not be so great as to interfere with the navigation of said Missouri or Meramec River: *And provided further*, That said corporation shall submit detailed plans showing the location and method of constructing said dams, devices, locks, and other structures and canal to the Secretary of War for his consideration and approval, and until the plans and location of the work herein authorized, so far as they affect the navigation of said rivers, shall have been approved by the Secretary of War they shall not be commenced or built.

Provisos.
Unobstructed navigation.

Secretary of War to approve plans, etc.

Time of construction.

Amendment.

SEC. 2. That unless the work herein authorized be commenced within one year and completed within five years from the date hereof the privileges granted shall cease and determine.

SEC. 3. That the right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Approved, March 10, 1902.

March 10, 1902.

[Public, No. 30.]

CHAP. 142.—An Act To authorize the construction of a bridge over the Missouri River at or near the city of Kansas City, Missouri.

Missouri River,
Chicago, Rock Island
and Pacific Railway
Company may
bridge at Kansas City,
Mo.

Railway, wagon,
and foot bridge.

Litigation.

Lawful structure
and post route.

Postal telegraph, etc.

Construction.
High bridge.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway Company, a corporation existing under the laws of the States of Illinois and Iowa, its successors and assigns, be, and are hereby, authorized to construct, operate, and maintain a bridge over the Missouri River at or near the city of Kansas City, in said State of Missouri. Said bridge shall be constructed to provide for the passage of railway trains, and, at the option of the persons by whom it may be built, may be used for the passage of wagons and vehicles of all kinds, for the transit of animals, and for foot passengers, for such reasonable rates of toll as may be approved from time to time by the Secretary of War; and in case of any litigation concerning any alleged obstruction to the free navigation of said river on account of said bridge, the cause may be tried before the circuit court of the United States in whose jurisdiction any portion of said obstruction or bridge is located.

SEC. 2. That any bridge constructed under this Act and according to its limitations shall be a lawful structure, and shall be recognized and known as a post route, upon which also no higher charge shall be made for the transmission over the same for the mails, the troops, and the munitions of war of the United States than the rate per mile paid for their transportation over railroads or public highways leading to said bridge; and the United States and all companies and individuals shall have the right of way for telegraph, postal telegraph, and telephone purposes across said bridge.

SEC. 3. That if said bridge shall be made with unbroken and continuous spans it shall not be of less elevation in any case than fifty-two feet above the high-water grade line for bridges as established by the Missouri River Commission, nor shall any of its spans over the waterway be less than four hundred feet in the clear between the piers or