

sioner to whom it would otherwise have been paid, and such part of it as shall not sooner have been paid to him shall be paid to him on his discharge from the institution. The board of commissioners may from time to time pay over to any inmate such part of his pension-money as they think best for his interest and consistent with the discipline and good order of the Home, but such pensioner shall not be entitled to demand or have the same so long as he remains an inmate of the Home. In case of the death of any pensioner, any pension money due him and remaining in the hands of the treasurer shall be paid to his legal heirs, if demand is made within three years; otherwise the same shall escheat to the Home.

Pension paid in full on discharge of pensioner from the Home.

Death of pensioner; money due, etc., paid to legal heirs.

SEC. 5. That a suitable uniform shall be furnished to every inmate of the Home, without cost to him.

Uniform to be furnished inmates free of cost.

SEC. 6. That the board of commissioners are authorized to aid persons who are entitled to admission to the Home, by out-door relief, in such manner and to such an extent as they may deem proper; but such relief shall not exceed the average cost of maintaining an inmate of the Home.

Aid to persons, etc., by out-door relief.

SEC. 7. That the Governor and all other officers of the Home shall be selected by the President of the United States, and the Treasurer of the Home shall be required to give a bond in the penal sum of twenty thousand dollars for the faithful performance of his duty.

Governor and officers selected by the President of the United States. Treasurer to give bond.

SEC. 8. That all funds of the Home not needed for current use, and which are not now invested in United States registered bonds, shall, as soon as received, or as soon as present investments can be converted into money without loss, be deposited in the Treasury of the United States to the credit of the Home, as a permanent fund, and shall draw interest at the rate of three per centum per annum, which shall be paid quarterly to the treasurer of the Home; and the proceeds of such registered bonds, as they are paid, shall be deposited in like manner. No part of the principal sum so deposited shall be withdrawn for use except upon a resolution of the board of commissioners stating the necessity and approved by the Secretary of War.

Funds, etc., of the Home to be deposited in the Treasury United States as a permanent fund.

Interest.

SEC. 9. That no officers of the Home shall borrow any money on the credit of the Home for any purpose, nor shall any pledge of any of its property or securities for any purpose be valid.

Principal sum to be used only by resolution of board, etc.

Borrowing money on credit of Home prohibited.

SEC. 10. That the Board of Commissioners of the Soldiers' Home shall hereafter consist of the General in Chief commanding the Army, the Surgeon General, the Commissary General, the Adjutant General, the Quartermaster General, the Judge Advocate General and the Governor of the Home, and the General in Chief shall be President of the Board, and any four of them shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

Board of Commissioners to consist of, etc.

SEC. 11. That all laws and parts of laws relating to the Soldiers' Home now in force and not inconsistent with this act are continued in force, and such as are inconsistent herewith are to that extent repealed.

Repeal.

SEC. 12. That the sum of ten thousand dollars is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated to be expended by the Secretary of the Treasury in the employment of additional clerical force to be used in adjusting the accounts in the Treasury Department of those funds which under the law belong to the Soldiers' Home.

Appropriation for clerical labor in adjusting accounts, etc.

Approved, March 3, 1883.

CHAP. 131.—An act to amend sections six and seven of the act providing for the publication of the Revised Statutes and the laws of the United States, approved June twentieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-six.

Mar. 3, 1883.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That an act approved June twentieth, eighteen hundred and seventy-six, be so amended as to in-

Increase of number of pamphlet

and bound copies of laws of U. S., authorized.

Distribution.

crease the number of the pamphlet and bound copies of the laws of the United States to be supplied to the Treasury Department, as provided in sections six and seven, from two hundred copies to three hundred copies; and that the number of pamphlets and bound copies of the laws of the United States printed for distribution by the Secretary of State, as provided in section five of the said act, be increased from two thousand copies to two thousand one hundred copies.

Approved, March 3, 1883.

Mar. 3, 1883.

CHAP. 132.—An act making Saint Vincent, in the State of Minnesota, a port of entry in lieu of Pembina, in the Territory of Dakota.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Saint Vincent, in the State of Minnesota, be, and is hereby, created the port of entry for the collection district of Minnesota, in place of Pembina, in the Territory of Dakota; that from and after the date of the passage of this act Pembina shall cease to be a port of entry of the United States; that the collector of customs for the collection district of Minnesota shall reside at Saint Vincent; and section twenty-five hundred and ninety-five and twenty-five hundred and ninety six of the Revised Statutes are hereby amended accordingly.

Approved, March 3, 1883.

Mar. 3, 1883.

CHAP. 133.—An act to amend section four thousand two hundred and fourteen of the Revised Statutes, relating to yachts.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section forty-two hundred and fourteen of the Revised Statutes of the United States be amended so as to read as follows:

*SEC. 4214. The Secretary of the Treasury may cause yachts used and employed exclusively as pleasure vessels or designed as models of naval architecture, if built and owned in compliance with the provisions of sections forty-one hundred and thirty-three to forty-one hundred and thirty-five, to be licensed on terms which will authorize them to proceed from port to port of the United States, and by sea to foreign ports, without entering or clearing at the custom house, such license shall be in such form as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe. The owner of any such vessel, before taking out such license, shall give a bond in such form and for such amount as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe, conditioned that the vessel shall not engage in any trade, nor in any way violate the revenue laws of the United States; and shall comply with the laws in all other respects. Such vessels, so enrolled and licensed, shall not be allowed to transport merchandise or carry passengers for pay. Such vessels shall have their name and port placed on some conspicuous portion of their hulls. Such vessels shall, in all respects, except as above, be subject to the laws of the United States, and shall be liable to seizure and forfeiture for any violation of the provisions of this title: *Provided*, That all charges for license and inspection fees for any pleasure vessel or yacht shall not exceed five dollars, and for admeasurement shall not exceed ten cents per ton."*

SEC. 2.—That the said original section forty-two hundred and fourteen be, and the same is hereby, repealed.

SEC. 3.—That this act shall take effect from and after its passage

Approved, March 3, 1883.