

persons on board such steam-vessels; which examination and statements so taken and received shall be transmitted to the Secretary of the Treasury, at such time as he shall prescribe.

SEC. 40. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to cause such interrogatories to be prepared and published as in his opinion may be proper to elicit the information contemplated by the preceding section, and upon the receipt of the examination and statements taken by the inspectors shall report the same to Congress, together with the recommendation of such further provisions as he may deem proper to be made for the better security of the lives of persons on board steam-vessels.

Secretary of the Treasury to prepare interrogatories to elicit such information, and report the information to Congress with his own recommendation.

SEC. 41. *And be it further enacted*, That all penalties imposed by this act may be recovered in an action of debt by any person who will sue therefor in any court of the United States.

Penalties, how sued for and recovered.

SEC. 42. *And be it further enacted*, That this act shall not apply to public vessels of the United States or vessels of other countries; nor to steamers used as ferry-boats, tug-boats, towing-boats, nor to steamers not exceeding one hundred and fifty tons burthen and used in whole or in part for navigating canals. The inspection and certificate required by this act shall in all cases of ocean steamers constructed under contract with the United States for the purpose, if desired, of being converted into War Steamers, be made by a Chief Engineer of the Navy, to be detailed for that service by the Secretary of the Navy, and he shall report both to said Secretary and to the supervising inspector of the district where he shall make any inspection.

This act not to apply to certain vessels.

Inspection of the Ocean Mail Steamers.

SEC. 43. *And be it further enacted*, That all such parts of this act as authorize the appointment and qualification of inspectors, and the licensing of engineers and pilots, shall take effect upon the passage thereof; and that all other parts of this act shall go into effect at the times and places as follows: in the districts of New Orleans, St. Louis, Louisville, Cincinnati, Wheeling, Pittsburgh, Nashville, Mobile, and Galveston, on the first day of January next, and in all other districts on the first day of March next.

When this act shall take effect.

Post, p. 261.

SEC. 44. *And be it further enacted*, That all parts of laws heretofore made, which are suspended by or are inconsistent with this act, are hereby repealed.

Inconsistent laws repealed.

APPROVED, August 30, 1852.

CHAP. CVII.—*An Act in addition to An Act to Promote the Progress of the Useful Arts. (a).*

August 30, 1852.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That appeals provided for in the eleventh section of the act entitled An Act in addition to an act to promote the progress of the useful arts, approved March the third, eighteen hundred and thirty-nine, may also be made to either of the assistant judges of the Circuit Court of the District of Columbia, and all the powers, duties, and responsibilities imposed by the aforesaid act, and conferred upon the chief judge, are hereby imposed and conferred upon each of the said assistant judges.

1836, ch. 357.  
1839, ch. 88.

Appeals from the decisions of the Com'r of Patents may be made to either of the Assistant Judges of the Circuit Court for the District of Columbia.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That in case appeals shall be made to the said chief judge, or to either of the said assistant judges, the Commissioner of Patents shall pay to such chief judge or assistant judge the sum of twenty-five dollars, required to be paid by the appellant into the Patent-Office by the eleventh section of the said act, on said appeal.

Payment to the Judge for his services in appeal cases.

(a) For previous acts and decisions see 1836, ch. 357; vol. i. pp. 109, 318; and 1848, ch. 47.

Former provision for payment repealed.  
1839, ch. 88.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That section thirteen of the aforesaid act, approved March the third, eighteen hundred and thirty-nine, is hereby repealed.

APPROVED, August 30, 1852.

August 31, 1852. CHAP. CVIII. — *An Act making Appropriations for the Civil and Diplomatic Expenses of the Government for the Year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty-three, and for other purposes.*

Appropriations. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That the following sums be and are hereby appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the objects hereafter expressed, for the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and fifty-three, namely:

Legislative. *Legislative.* — For compensation and mileage of Senators, one hundred and ten thousand seven hundred and seventy-six dollars.

Members of Congress. For compensation and mileage of members of the House of Representatives and Delegates from Territories, three hundred and thirty-five thousand three hundred and fifty-two dollars.

For compensation of Senators, members of the House of Representatives, and Delegates, fifty thousand dollars.

Officers and clerks. For compensation of the officers and clerks of both houses of Congress, forty-two thousand five hundred and fifty-seven dollars and fifty cents.

Contingencies of the Senate. For the contingent expenses of the Senate, viz.:

For printing, thirty-five thousand dollars.

For binding, fifteen thousand dollars.

For lithographing, thirteen thousand five hundred dollars.

For books, twelve thousand dollars.

For stationery, five thousand dollars.

For newspapers, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For Congressional Globe, six thousand dollars.

For reporting proceedings, &c., twenty-two thousand dollars.

For messengers, pages, laborers, police, horses, and carryalls, twenty thousand dollars.

For miscellaneous items, nineteen thousand dollars.

Contingencies of the House of Representatives. For the contingent expenses of the House of Representatives, viz.:

For printing and binding, one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars:

Accounts of T. Ritchie, and W. M. Belt. *Provided*, That in settling the accounts of Thomas Ritchie, assignee of William M. Belt, for the printing of the thirty-first Congress, one half of the prices given by the joint resolution of eighteen hundred and nineteen, be allowed, not exceeding the amounts that would be paid under the respective contracts, if settled by the prices named in the act passed at the present session in regard to the public printing, estimating the paper at the actual cost thereof, to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated: *Provided, further*, That the amount to be paid for said printing, over and above the amount which would be paid under the terms and at the rate of the contracts for the same, shall not exceed fifty thousand dollars; and for printing the obituary notices of the decease of President Taylor, said contractor shall be paid the actual cost, with a profit of twenty per centum.

Proviso.

For furniture and repairs, three thousand five hundred dollars.

For stationery, eighteen thousand dollars.

For salary of librarian, reading clerk of the House of Representatives, clerk to the Committee of Claims, messengers, pages, and laborers, thirty-eight thousand dollars.

For horses and mail carriages, two thousand five hundred and fifty dollars.

For fuel, oil, and candles, two thousand four hundred dollars.