

PUBLIC LAW 116–340—JAN. 13, 2021

DIRECT ENHANCEMENT OF SNAPPER
CONSERVATION AND THE ECONOMY
THROUGH NOVEL DEVICES ACT OF 2020

Public Law 116–340
116th Congress

An Act

Jan. 13, 2021

[H.R. 5126]

Direct
Enhancement of
Snapper
Conservation and
the Economy
through Novel
Devices Act
of 2020.
16 USC 1801
note.

To require individuals fishing for Gulf reef fish to use certain descending devices, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Direct Enhancement of Snapper Conservation and the Economy through Novel Devices Act of 2020” or the “DESCEND Act of 2020”.

SEC. 2. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

It is the sense of Congress that commercial and recreational fishermen (which, for the purpose of this Act shall include charter fishing) for Gulf reef fish are expected to use a venting tool or a descending device required for possession under section 3 when releasing fish that are exhibiting signs of barotrauma. The Secretary of Commerce (referred to in this Act as the “Secretary”), in coordination with the Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council, should develop and disseminate to fishermen education and outreach materials related to proper use of venting tools and descending devices, and strongly encourage their use by commercial and recreational fishermen when releasing fish that are exhibiting signs of barotrauma.

SEC. 3. REQUIRED POSSESSION OF DESCENDING DEVICES.

(a) REQUIRED GEAR IN THE GULF REEF FISH FISHERY.—Title III of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1851 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

16 USC 1870.

“SEC. 321. REQUIRED POSSESSION OF DESCENDING DEVICES.

“(a) REQUIRE GEAR IN THE GULF REEF FISH FISHERY.—It shall be unlawful for a person on board a commercial or recreational vessel to fish for Gulf reef fish in the Gulf of Mexico Exclusive Economic Zone without possessing on board the vessel a venting tool or a descending device that is rigged and ready for use while fishing is occurring.

“(b) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—No provision of this section shall be interpreted to affect any program or activity carried out by the Gulf Coast Ecosystem Restoration Council established by the Resources and Ecosystems Sustainability, Tourist Opportunities, and Revived Economies of the Gulf Coast States Act of 2012 (33 U.S.C. 1321 note), or any project contained in an approved Restoration Plan developed by any Natural Resources Damage Assessment

Trustee Implementation Group to reduce post-release mortality from barotrauma in Gulf of Mexico Reef Fish Recreational Fisheries.

(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) DESCENDING DEVICE.—The term ‘descending device’ means an instrument that—

“(A) will release fish at a depth sufficient for the fish to be able to recover from the effects of barotrauma;

“(B) is a weighted hook, lip clamp, or box that will hold the fish while it is lowered to depth, or another device determined to be appropriate by the Secretary; and

“(C) is capable of—

“(i) releasing the fish automatically;

“(ii) releasing the fish by actions of the operator of the device; or

“(iii) allowing the fish to escape on its own.

“(2) VENTING TOOL.—The term ‘venting tool’ has the meaning given to it by the Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council.

“(3) GULF REEF FISH.—The term ‘Gulf reef fish’ means any fish chosen by the Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council that is in the reef Fishery Management Plan for the purposes of this Act.”

(b) CIVIL PENALTIES.—Section 308(a) of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1858(a)) is amended by inserting “or section 321” after “section 307”.

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this Act shall take effect 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act.

16 USC 1858
note.

(d) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Title III of the table of contents of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1851 et seq.) is amended by striking the item relating to section 305 and all that follows through the end of the items relating to such title and inserting the following:

“Sec. 305. Other requirements and authority.

“Sec. 306. State jurisdiction.

“Sec. 307. Prohibited acts.

“Sec. 308. Civil penalties and permit sanctions.

“Sec. 309. Criminal offenses.

“Sec. 310. Civil forfeitures.

“Sec. 311. Enforcement.

“Sec. 312. Transition to sustainable fisheries.

“Sec. 313. North Pacific fisheries conservation.

“Sec. 314. Northwest Atlantic Ocean fisheries reinvestment program.

“Sec. 315. Regional Coastal Disaster Assistance, Transition, and Recovery Program.

“Sec. 316. Bycatch Reduction Engineering Program.

“Sec. 317. Shark Feeding.

“Sec. 318. Cooperative Research and Management Program.

“Sec. 319. Herring Study.

“Sec. 320. Restoration Study.

“Sec. 321. Required possession of descending devices.”.

(e) SUNSET.—Five years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1851 et seq.) is amended—

16 USC 1858
note.

(1) in the table of contents, by striking the item relating to section 321;

(2) in section 308(a), by striking “or section 321”; and

(3) by striking section 321.

16 USC 1858.
16 USC 1870.

SEC. 4. IMPROVING DISCARD MORTALITY DATA.

(a) AGREEMENT.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall enter into an agreement with the National Academy of Sciences to conduct a study

16 USC 1865
note.
Deadline.
Study.
Reports.

- Assessments.
Recommendations.
- and produce a report on discard mortality in the Gulf of Mexico reef fish fisheries. The study shall include—
(1) assessment of gaps and biases in reporting of discards and associated discard mortality;
(2) assessment of uncertainty and likely impacts of such uncertainty in discard mortality;
(3) assessment of the effectiveness and usage rates of barotrauma-reducing devices;
(4) recommendations for future research priorities; and
(5) recommendations for standardized reporting and quantification of discards in the same metric as landings for fisheries under the Gulf of Mexico Reef Fishery Management Plan.
- Reports.
- (b) DEADLINES.—Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the National Academy of Sciences shall complete the study required under subsection (a) and transmit the final report to the Secretary. Not later than 3 months after receiving the study and report in accordance with this subsection, the Secretary shall submit the study and report to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Representatives.
- Deadline.
- (c) PLAN.—Not later than 1 year after the Secretary receives the study and report required under subsection (a), Secretary and the Gulf of Mexico Fishery Management Council shall develop—
(1) guidance for minimum standards for quantifying and reporting discards and associated mortality in the Gulf of Mexico Reef Fishery Management Plan; and
(2) a plan to assess and monitor the effectiveness and usage of barotrauma-reducing devices and the impact on discard mortality rates in Gulf of Mexico reef fish fisheries.
- Assessment.
- (d) FOLLOW-UP REPORT.—Not later than 3 years after developing minimum standards and developing the assessment and monitoring plan under subsection (c), the Secretary shall provide a detailed report on implementation to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Representatives.

SEC. 5. DETERMINATION OF BUDGETARY EFFECTS.

The budgetary effects of this Act, for the purpose of complying with the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010, shall be determined by reference to the latest statement titled “Budgetary Effects of PAYGO Legislation” for this Act, submitted for printing in the

Congressional Record by the Chairman of the House Budget Committee, provided that such statement has been submitted prior to the vote on passage.

Approved January 13, 2021.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 5126:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 116–531 (Comm. on Natural Resources).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 166 (2020):

Oct. 1, considered and passed House.

Dec. 21, considered and passed Senate.

