

PUBLIC LAW 108-204—MAR. 2, 2004

NATIVE AMERICAN TECHNICAL  
CORRECTIONS ACT OF 2004

Public Law 108–204  
108th Congress

An Act

Mar. 2, 2004  
[S. 523]

To make technical corrections to laws relating to Native Americans, and for other purposes.

Native American  
Technical  
Corrections Act  
of 2004.  
25 USC 461 note.

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

**SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.**

(a) **SHORT TITLE.**—This Act may be cited as the “Native American Technical Corrections Act of 2004”.

(b) **TABLE OF CONTENTS.**—The table of contents of this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Definition of Secretary.

**TITLE I—TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS AND OTHER PROVISIONS RELATING TO NATIVE AMERICANS**

Subtitle A—Technical Amendments

- Sec. 101. Bosque Redondo Memorial Act.
- Sec. 102. Navajo-Hopi Land Settlement Act.
- Sec. 103. Tribal sovereignty.
- Sec. 104. Cow Creek Band of Umpqua Indians.
- Sec. 105. Pueblo de Cochiti; modification of settlement.
- Sec. 106. Four Corners Interpretive Center.
- Sec. 107. Mississippi Band of Choctaw Indians.
- Sec. 108. Rehabilitation of Celilo Indian Village.

Subtitle B—Other Provisions Relating to Native Americans

- Sec. 121. Barona Band of Mission Indians; facilitation of construction of pipeline to provide water for emergency fire suppression and other purposes.
- Sec. 122. Conveyance of Native Alaskan objects.
- Sec. 123. Pueblo of Acoma; land and mineral consolidation.
- Sec. 124. Quinault Indian Nation; water feasibility study.
- Sec. 125. Santee Sioux Tribe; study and report.
- Sec. 126. Shakopee Mdewakanton Sioux Community.
- Sec. 127. Agua Caliente Band of Cahuilla Indians.
- Sec. 128. Saginaw Chippewa Tribal College.
- Sec. 129. Ute Indian Tribe; oil shale reserve.

**TITLE II—PUEBLO OF SANTA CLARA AND PUEBLO OF SAN ILDEFONSO**

- Sec. 201. Definitions.
- Sec. 202. Trust for the Pueblo of Santa Clara, New Mexico.
- Sec. 203. Trust for the Pueblo of San Ildefonso, New Mexico.
- Sec. 204. Survey and legal descriptions.
- Sec. 205. Administration of trust land.
- Sec. 206. Effect.
- Sec. 207. Gaming.

**TITLE III—DISTRIBUTION OF QUINULT PERMANENT FISHERIES FUNDS**

- Sec. 301. Distribution of judgment funds.
- Sec. 302. Conditions for distribution.

**SEC. 2. DEFINITION OF SECRETARY.**

In this Act, except as otherwise provided in this Act, the term “Secretary” means the Secretary of the Interior.

## **TITLE I—TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS AND OTHER PROVISIONS RELATING TO NATIVE AMERICANS**

### **Subtitle A—Technical Amendments**

**SEC. 101. BOSQUE REDONDO MEMORIAL ACT.**

Section 206 of the Bosque Redondo Memorial Act (16 U.S.C. 431 note; Public Law 106–511) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) in paragraph (1), by striking “2000” and inserting “2004”; and

(B) in paragraph (2), by striking “2001 and 2002” and inserting “2005 and 2006”; and

(2) in subsection (b), by striking “2002” and inserting “2007”.

**SEC. 102. NAVAJO-HOPI LAND SETTLEMENT ACT.**

Section 25(a)(8) of Public Law 93–531 (commonly known as the “Navajo-Hopi Land Settlement Act of 1974”) (25 U.S.C. 640d–24(a)(8)) is amended by striking “annually for fiscal years 1995, 1996, 1997, 1998, 1999, and 2000” and inserting “for each of fiscal years 2003 through 2008”.

**SEC. 103. TRIBAL SOVEREIGNTY.**

Section 16 of the Act of June 18, 1934 (25 U.S.C. 476), is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(h) TRIBAL SOVEREIGNTY.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act—

“(1) each Indian tribe shall retain inherent sovereign power to adopt governing documents under procedures other than those specified in this section; and

“(2) nothing in this Act invalidates any constitution or other governing document adopted by an Indian tribe after June 18, 1934, in accordance with the authority described in paragraph (1).”.

**SEC. 104. COW CREEK BAND OF UMPQUA INDIANS.**

Section 7 of the Cow Creek Band of Umpqua Tribe of Indians Recognition Act (25 U.S.C. 712e) is amended in the third sentence by inserting before the period at the end the following: “, and shall be treated as on-reservation land for the purpose of processing acquisitions of real property into trust”.

**SEC. 105. PUEBLO DE COCHITI; MODIFICATION OF SETTLEMENT.**

Section 1 of Public Law 102–358 (106 Stat. 960) is amended—

(1) by striking “implement the settlement” and inserting the following: “implement—

“(1) the settlement;”;

(2) by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

“(2) the modifications regarding the use of the settlement funds as described in the agreement known as the ‘First Amendment to Operation and Maintenance Agreement for Implementation of Cochiti Wetlands Solution’, executed—

“(A) on October 22, 2001, by the Army Corps of Engineers;

“(B) on October 25, 2001, by the Pueblo de Cochiti of New Mexico; and

“(C) on November 8, 2001, by the Secretary of the Interior.”.

#### **SEC. 106. FOUR CORNERS INTERPRETIVE CENTER.**

Section 7 of the Four Corners Interpretive Center Act (113 Stat. 1706) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(2), by striking “2005” and inserting “2008”;

(2) in subsection (b), by striking “2002” and inserting “2005”; and

(3) in subsection (c), by striking “2001” and inserting “2004”.

#### **SEC. 107. MISSISSIPPI BAND OF CHOCTAW INDIANS.**

Section 1(a)(2) of Public Law 106–228 (114 Stat. 462) is amended by striking “report entitled” and all that follows through “is hereby declared” and inserting the following: “report entitled ‘Report of May 17, 2002, Clarifying and Correcting Legal Descriptions or Recording Information for Certain Lands placed into Trust and Reservation Status for the Mississippi Band of Choctaw Indians by Section 1(a)(2) of Pub. L. 106–228, as amended by Title VIII, Section 811 of Pub. L. 106–568’, on file in the Office of the Superintendent, Choctaw Agency, Bureau of Indian Affairs, Department of the Interior, is declared”.

#### **SEC. 108. REHABILITATION OF CELILO INDIAN VILLAGE.**

Section 401(b)(3) of Public Law 100–581 (102 Stat. 2944) is amended by inserting “and Celilo Village” after “existing sites”.

### **Subtitle B—Other Provisions Relating to Native Americans**

California.

#### **SEC. 121. BARONA BAND OF MISSION INDIANS; FACILITATION OF CONSTRUCTION OF PIPELINE TO PROVIDE WATER FOR EMERGENCY FIRE SUPPRESSION AND OTHER PURPOSES.**

(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, subject to valid existing rights under Federal and State law, and to any easements or similar restrictions which may be granted to the city of San Diego, California, for the construction, operation and maintenance of a pipeline and related appurtenances and facilities for conveying water from the San Vicente Reservoir to the Barona Indian Reservation, or for conservation, wildlife or habitat protection, or related purposes, the land described in subsection (b), fee title to which is held by the Barona Band of Mission Indians of California (referred to in this section as the “Band”)—

(1) is declared to be held in trust by the United States for the benefit of the Band; and

(2) shall be considered to be a portion of the reservation of the Band.

(b) LAND.—The land referred to in subsection (a) is land comprising approximately 85 acres in San Diego County, California, and described more particularly as follows: San Bernardino Base and Meridian; T. 14 S., R. 1 E.; sec. 21: W $\frac{1}{2}$  SE $\frac{1}{4}$ , 68 acres; NW $\frac{1}{4}$  NW $\frac{1}{4}$ , 17 acres.

(c) GAMING.—The land taken into trust by subsection (a) shall neither be considered to have been taken into trust for gaming, nor be used for gaming (as that term is used in the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act (25 U.S.C. 2701 et seq.)).

#### SEC. 122. CONVEYANCE OF NATIVE ALASKAN OBJECTS.

Notwithstanding any provision of law affecting the disposal of Federal property, on the request of the Chugach Alaska Corporation or Sealaska Corporation, the Secretary of Agriculture shall convey to whichever of those corporations that has received title to a cemetery site or historical place on National Forest System land conveyed under section 14(h)(1) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1613(h)(1)) all artifacts, physical remains, and copies of any available field records that—

(1)(A) are in the possession of the Secretary of Agriculture; and

(B) have been collected from the cemetery site or historical place; but

(2) are not required to be conveyed in accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (25 U.S.C. 3001 et seq.) or any other applicable law.

#### SEC. 123. PUEBLO OF ACOMA; LAND AND MINERAL CONSOLIDATION.

(a) DEFINITION OF BIDDING OR ROYALTY CREDIT.—The term “bidding or royalty credit” means a legal instrument or other written documentation, or an entry in an account managed by the Secretary, that may be used in lieu of any other monetary payment for—

(1) a bonus bid for a lease sale on the outer Continental Shelf; or

(2) a royalty due on oil or gas production; for any lease located on the outer Continental Shelf outside the zone defined and governed by section 8(g)(2) of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1337(g)(2)).

(b) AUTHORITY.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary may acquire any nontribal interest in or to land (including an interest in mineral or other surface or subsurface rights) within the boundaries of the Acoma Indian Reservation for the purpose of carrying out Public Law 107–138 (116 Stat. 6) by issuing bidding or royalty credits under this section in an amount equal to the value of the interest acquired by the Secretary, as determined under section 1(a) of Public Law 107–138 (116 Stat. 6).

(c) USE OF BIDDING AND ROYALTY CREDITS.—On issuance by the Secretary of a bidding or royalty credit under subsection (b), the bidding or royalty credit—

(1) may be freely transferred to any other person (except that, before any such transfer, the transferor shall notify the Secretary of the transfer by such method as the Secretary may specify); and

Notification.

(2) shall remain available for use by any person during the 5-year period beginning on the date of issuance by the Secretary of the bidding or royalty credit.

Washington.

**SEC. 124. QUINULT INDIAN NATION; WATER FEASIBILITY STUDY.**

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary is authorized to carry out, in accordance with Federal reclamation law (the Act of June 17, 1902 (32 Stat. 388, chapter 1093), and Acts supplemental to and amendatory of that Act (43 U.S.C. 371 et seq.)), a water source, quantity, and quality feasibility study for land of the Quinault Indian Nation to identify ways to meet the current and future domestic and commercial water supply and distribution needs of the Quinault Indian Nation on the Olympic Peninsula, Washington.

(b) **PUBLIC AVAILABILITY OF RESULTS.**—As soon as practicable after completion of a feasibility study under subsection (a), the Secretary shall—

Federal Register,  
publication.

(1) publish in the Federal Register a notice of the availability of the results of the feasibility study; and

(2) make available to the public, on request, the results of the feasibility study.

Nebraska.

**SEC. 125. SANTEE SIOUX TRIBE; STUDY AND REPORT.**

(a) **STUDY.**—Pursuant to reclamation laws, the Secretary, acting through the Bureau of Reclamation and in consultation with the Santee Sioux Tribe of Nebraska (referred to in this subtitle as the “Tribe”), shall conduct a feasibility study to determine the most feasible method of developing a safe and adequate municipal, rural, and industrial water treatment and distribution system for the Santee Sioux Tribe of Nebraska that could serve the tribal community and adjacent communities and incorporate population growth and economic development activities for a period of 40 years.

(b) **COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT.**—At the request of the Tribe, the Secretary shall enter into a cooperative agreement with the Tribe for activities necessary to conduct the study required by subsection (a) regarding which the Tribe has unique expertise or knowledge.

Deadline.

(c) **REPORT.**—Not later than 1 year after funds are made available to carry out this subtitle, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a report containing the results of the study required by subsection (a).

(d) **AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**—There is authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary to carry out this section \$500,000, to remain available until expended.

Minnesota.

**SEC. 126. SHAKOPEE MDEWAKANTON SIOUX COMMUNITY.**

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, without further authorization by the United States, the Shakopee Mdewakanton Sioux Community in the State of Minnesota (referred to in this section as the “Community”) may lease, sell, convey, warrant, or otherwise transfer all or any part of the interest of the Community in or to any real property that is not held in trust by the United States for the benefit of the Community.

(b) **NO EFFECT ON TRUST LAND.**—Nothing in this section—

(1) authorizes the Community to lease, sell, convey, warrant, or otherwise transfer all or part of an interest in any real property that is held in trust by the United States for the benefit of the Community; or

(2) affects the operation of any law governing leasing, selling, conveying, warranting, or otherwise transferring any interest in that trust land.

**SEC. 127. AGUA CALIENTE BAND OF CAHUILLA INDIANS.**

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Notwithstanding any other provision of law (including any restrictive covenant in effect under, or required by operation of, a State law), title to land that the Secretary of the Interior agrees is to be acquired by the United States in accordance with the Act of June 18, 1934 (25 U.S.C. 465), for the Agua Caliente Band of Cahuilla Indians shall be taken in the name of the United States.

(b) **COVENANTS.**—A restrictive covenant referred to in subsection (a) shall be unenforceable against the United States if the land to which the restrictive covenant is attached was held in trust by the United States for, or owned by, the Agua Caliente Band of Cahuilla Indians, or an individual member of the Band, before the date on which the restrictive covenant attached to the land.

**SEC. 128. SAGINAW CHIPPEWA TRIBAL COLLEGE.**

Section 532 of the Equity in Educational Land Grant Status Act of 1994 (7 U.S.C. 301 note; Public Law 103–382) is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraphs (22) through (31) as paragraphs (23) through (32), respectively; and

(2) by inserting after paragraph (21) the following:

“(22) Saginaw Chippewa Tribal College.”.

**SEC. 129. UTE INDIAN TRIBE; OIL SHALE RESERVE.**

Section 3405(c) of the Strom Thurmond National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1999 (10 U.S.C. 7420 note; Public Law 105–261) is amended by striking paragraph (3) and inserting the following:

“(3) With respect to the land conveyed to the Tribe under subsection (b)—

“(A) the land shall not be subject to any Federal restriction on alienation; and

“(B) notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in the constitution, bylaws, or charter of the Tribe, the Act of May 11, 1938 (commonly known as the ‘Indian Mineral Leasing Act of 1938’) (25 U.S.C. 396a et seq.), the Indian Mineral Development Act of 1982 (25 U.S.C. 2101 et seq.), section 2103 of the Revised Statutes (25 U.S.C. 81), or section 2116 of the Revised Statutes (25 U.S.C. 177), or any other law, no purchase, grant, lease, or other conveyance of the land (or any interest in the land), and no exploration, development, or other agreement relating to the land that is authorized by resolution by the governing body of the Tribe, shall require approval by the Secretary of the Interior or any other Federal official.”.

**TITLE II—PUEBLO OF SANTA CLARA  
AND PUEBLO OF SAN ILDEFONSO**

New Mexico.

**SEC. 201. DEFINITIONS.**

In this title:

(1) **AGREEMENT.**—The term “Agreement” means the agreement entitled “Agreement to Affirm Boundary Between Pueblo of Santa Clara and Pueblo of San Ildefonso Aboriginal Lands Within Garcia Canyon Tract”, entered into by the Governors on December 20, 2000.

(2) **BOUNDARY LINE.**—The term “boundary line” means the boundary line established under section 204(a).

(3) **GOVERNORS.**—The term “Governors” means—

(A) the Governor of the Pueblo of Santa Clara, New Mexico; and

(B) the Governor of the Pueblo of San Ildefonso, New Mexico.

(4) **INDIAN TRIBE.**—The term “Indian tribe” has the meaning given the term in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 450b).

(5) **PUEBLOS.**—The term “Pueblos” means—

(A) the Pueblo of Santa Clara, New Mexico; and

(B) the Pueblo of San Ildefonso, New Mexico.

(6) **TRUST LAND.**—The term “trust land” means the land held by the United States in trust under section 202(a) or 203(a).

#### **SEC. 202. TRUST FOR THE PUEBLO OF SANTA CLARA, NEW MEXICO.**

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—All right, title, and interest of the United States in and to the land described in subsection (b), including improvements on, appurtenances to, and mineral rights (including rights to oil and gas) to the land, shall be held by the United States in trust for the Pueblo of Santa Clara, New Mexico.

(b) **DESCRIPTION OF LAND.**—The land referred to in subsection (a) consists of approximately 2,484 acres of Bureau of Land Management land located in Rio Arriba County, New Mexico, and more particularly described as—

(1) the portion of T. 20 N., R. 7 E., sec. 22, New Mexico Principal Meridian, that is located north of the boundary line;

(2) the southern half of T. 20 N., R. 7 E., sec. 23, New Mexico Principal Meridian;

(3) the southern half of T. 20 N., R. 7 E., sec. 24, New Mexico Principal Meridian;

(4) T. 20 N., R. 7 E., sec. 25, excluding the 5-acre tract in the southeast quarter owned by the Pueblo of San Ildefonso;

(5) the portion of T. 20 N., R. 7 E., sec. 26, New Mexico Principal Meridian, that is located north and east of the boundary line;

(6) the portion of T. 20 N., R. 7 E., sec. 27, New Mexico Principal Meridian, that is located north of the boundary line;

(7) the portion of T. 20 N., R. 8 E., sec. 19, New Mexico Principal Meridian, that is not included in the Santa Clara Pueblo Grant or the Santa Clara Indian Reservation; and

(8) the portion of T. 20 N., R. 8 E., sec. 30, that is not included in the Santa Clara Pueblo Grant or the San Ildefonso Grant.

#### **SEC. 203. TRUST FOR THE PUEBLO OF SAN ILDEFONSO, NEW MEXICO.**

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—All right, title, and interest of the United States in and to the land described in subsection (b), including improvements on, appurtenances to, and mineral rights (including rights to oil and gas) to the land, shall be held by the United States in trust for the Pueblo of San Ildefonso, New Mexico.



(b) **DESCRIPTION OF LAND.**—The land referred to in subsection (a) consists of approximately 2,000 acres of Bureau of Land Management land located in Rio Arriba County and Santa Fe County in the State of New Mexico, and more particularly described as—

(1) the portion of T. 20 N., R. 7 E., sec. 22, New Mexico Principal Meridian, that is located south of the boundary line;

(2) the portion of T. 20 N., R. 7 E., sec. 26, New Mexico Principal Meridian, that is located south and west of the boundary line;

(3) the portion of T. 20 N., R. 7 E., sec. 27, New Mexico Principal Meridian, that is located south of the boundary line;

(4) T. 20 N., R. 7 E., sec. 34, New Mexico Principal Meridian; and

(5) the portion of T. 20 N., R. 7 E., sec. 35, New Mexico Principal Meridian, that is not included in the San Ildefonso Pueblo Grant.

#### SEC. 204. SURVEY AND LEGAL DESCRIPTIONS.

(a) **SURVEY.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Office of Cadastral Survey of the Bureau of Land Management shall, in accordance with the Agreement, complete a survey of the boundary line established under the Agreement for the purpose of establishing, in accordance with sections 3102(b) and 3103(b), the boundaries of the trust land. Deadline.

(b) **LEGAL DESCRIPTIONS.**—

(1) **PUBLICATION.**—On approval by the Governors of the survey completed under subsection (a), the Secretary shall publish in the Federal Register— Federal Register, publication.

(A) a legal description of the boundary line; and

(B) legal descriptions of the trust land.

(2) **TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS.**—Before the date on which the legal descriptions are published under paragraph (1)(B), the Secretary may correct any technical errors in the descriptions of the trust land provided in sections 3102(b) and 3103(b) to ensure that the descriptions are consistent with the terms of the Agreement.

(3) **EFFECT.**—Beginning on the date on which the legal descriptions are published under paragraph (1)(B), the legal descriptions shall be the official legal descriptions of the trust land.

#### SEC. 205. ADMINISTRATION OF TRUST LAND.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—Effective beginning on the date of enactment of this Act— Effective date.

(1) the land held in trust under section 202(a) shall be declared to be a part of the Santa Clara Indian Reservation; and

(2) the land held in trust under section 203(a) shall be declared to be a part of the San Ildefonso Indian Reservation.

(b) **APPLICABLE LAW.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The trust land shall be administered in accordance with any law (including regulations) or court order generally applicable to property held in trust by the United States for Indian tribes.

(2) **PUEBLO LANDS ACT.**—The following shall be subject to section 17 of the Act of June 7, 1924 (commonly known as the “Pueblo Lands Act”) (25 U.S.C. 331 note):

(A) The trust land.

(B) Any land owned as of the date of enactment of this Act or acquired after the date of enactment of this Act by the Pueblo of Santa Clara in the Santa Clara Pueblo Grant.

(C) Any land owned as of the date of enactment of this Act or acquired after the date of enactment of this Act by the Pueblo of San Ildefonso in the San Ildefonso Pueblo Grant.

(c) **USE OF TRUST LAND.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Subject to the criteria developed under paragraph (2), the trust land may be used only for—

(A) traditional and customary uses; or

(B) stewardship conservation for the benefit of the Pueblo for which the trust land is held in trust.

(2) **CRITERIA.**—The Secretary shall work with the Pueblos to develop appropriate criteria for using the trust land in a manner that preserves the trust land for traditional and customary uses or stewardship conservation.

(3) **LIMITATION.**—Beginning on the date of enactment of this Act, the trust land shall not be used for any new commercial developments.

Effective date.

**SEC. 206. EFFECT.**

Nothing in this title—

(1) affects any valid right-of-way, lease, permit, mining claim, grazing permit, water right, or other right or interest of a person or entity (other than the United States) that is—

(A) in or to the trust land; and

(B) in existence before the date of enactment of this Act;

(2) enlarges, impairs, or otherwise affects a right or claim of the Pueblos to any land or interest in land that is—

(A) based on Aboriginal or Indian title; and

(B) in existence before the date of enactment of this Act;

(3) constitutes an express or implied reservation of water or water right with respect to the trust land; or

(4) affects any water right of the Pueblos in existence before the date of enactment of this Act.

**SEC. 207. GAMING.**

Land taken into trust under this title shall neither be considered to have been taken into trust for, nor be used for, gaming (as that term is used in the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act (25 U.S.C. 2701 et seq.)).

## **TITLE III—DISTRIBUTION OF QUINULT PERMANENT FISHERIES FUNDS**

**SEC. 301. DISTRIBUTION OF JUDGMENT FUNDS.**

(a) **FUNDS TO BE DEPOSITED INTO SEPARATE ACCOUNTS.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Subject to section 302, not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the funds appropriated on September 19, 1989, in satisfaction of an award granted to the Quinault Indian Nation under Dockets 772–71, 773–71, 774–71, and 775–71 before the United States

Deadline.

Claims Court, less attorney fees and litigation expenses, and including all interest accrued to the date of disbursement, shall be distributed by the Secretary and deposited into 3 separate accounts to be established and maintained by the Quinault Indian Nation (referred to in this title as the “Tribe”) in accordance with this subsection.

(2) ACCOUNT FOR PRINCIPAL AMOUNT.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The Tribe shall—

(i) establish an account for the principal amount of the judgment funds; and

(ii) use those funds to establish a Permanent Fisheries Fund.

(B) USE AND INVESTMENT.—The principal amount described in subparagraph (A)(i)—

(i) except as provided in subparagraph (A)(ii), shall not be expended by the Tribe; and

(ii) shall be invested by the Tribe in accordance with the investment policy of the Tribe.

(3) ACCOUNT FOR INVESTMENT INCOME.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The Tribe shall establish an account for, and deposit in the account, all investment income earned on amounts in the Permanent Fisheries Fund established under paragraph (2)(A)(ii) after the date of distribution of the funds to the Tribe under paragraph (1).

(B) USE OF FUNDS.—Funds deposited in the account established under subparagraph (A) shall be available to the Tribe—

(i) subject to subparagraph (C), to carry out fisheries enhancement projects; and

(ii) pay expenses incurred in administering the Permanent Fisheries Fund established under paragraph (2)(A)(ii).

(C) SPECIFICATION OF PROJECTS.—Each fisheries enhancement project carried out under subparagraph (B)(i) shall be specified in the approved annual budget of the Tribe.

(4) ACCOUNT FOR INCOME ON JUDGMENT FUNDS.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The Tribe shall establish an account for, and deposit in the account, all investment income earned on the judgment funds described in subsection (a) during the period beginning on September 19, 1989, and ending on the date of distribution of the funds to the Tribe under paragraph (1).

(B) USE OF FUNDS.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—Subject to clause (ii), funds deposited in the account established under subparagraph (A) shall be available to the Tribe for use in carrying out tribal government activities.

(ii) SPECIFICATION OF ACTIVITIES.—Each tribal government activity carried out under clause (i) shall be specified in the approved annual budget of the Tribe.

(b) DETERMINATION OF AMOUNT OF FUNDS AVAILABLE.—Subject to compliance by the Tribe with paragraphs (3)(C) and (4)(B)(ii) of subsection (a), the Quinault Business Committee, as the governing body of the Tribe, may determine the amount of funds available for expenditure under paragraphs (3) and (4) of subsection (a).

(c) ANNUAL AUDIT.—The records and investment activities of the 3 accounts established under subsection (a) shall—

(1) be maintained separately by the Tribe; and

(2) be subject to an annual audit.

Deadline.

(d) REPORTING OF INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES AND EXPENDITURES.—Not later than 120 days after the date on which each fiscal year of the Tribe ends, the Tribe shall make available to members of the Tribe a full accounting of the investment activities and expenditures of the Tribe with respect to each fund established under this section (which may be in the form of the annual audit described in subsection (c)) for the fiscal year.

**SEC. 302. CONDITIONS FOR DISTRIBUTION.**

(a) UNITED STATES LIABILITY.—On disbursement to the Tribe of the funds under section 301(a), the United States shall bear no trust responsibility or liability for the investment, supervision, administration, or expenditure of the funds.

(b) APPLICATION OF OTHER LAW.—All funds distributed under this title shall be subject to section 7 of the Indian Tribal Judgment Funds Use or Distribution Act (25 U.S.C. 1407).

Approved March 2, 2004.

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**LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—S. 523:**

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 108–374, Pt. 1 (Comm. on Resources).

SENATE REPORTS: No. 108–49 (Comm. on Indian Affairs).

**CONGRESSIONAL RECORD:**

Vol. 149 (2003): July 30, considered and passed Senate.

Vol. 150 (2004): Feb. 11, considered and passed House.

