

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Numbers 59002 and 59008)

**James E. Rivera,**  
Associate Administrator for Disaster Assistance.

[FR Doc. 2011-27483 Filed 10-24-11; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 8025-01-P**

**SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION**

[Disaster Declaration #12858 and #12859]

**New York Disaster Number NY-00113**

**AGENCY:** U.S. Small Business Administration.

**ACTION:** Amendment 4.

**SUMMARY:** This is an amendment of the Presidential declaration of a major disaster for Public Assistance Only for the State of New York (FEMA-4031-DR), dated 09/23/2011.

*Incident:* Remnants of Tropical Storm Lee.

*Incident Period:* 09/07/2011 through 09/11/2011.

*Effective Date:* 10/13/2011.

*Physical Loan Application Deadline Date:* 11/22/2011.

*Economic Injury (EIDL) Loan Application Deadline Date:* 06/25/2012.

**ADDRESSES:** Submit completed loan applications to: U.S. Small Business Administration, Processing and Disbursement Center, 14925 Kingsport Road, Fort Worth, TX 76155.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** A. Escobar, Office of Disaster Assistance, U.S. Small Business Administration, 409 3rd Street, SW., Suite 6050, Washington, DC 20416.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The notice of the President's major disaster declaration for Private Non-Profit organizations in the State of New York, dated 09/23/2011, is hereby amended to include the following areas as adversely affected by the disaster.

*Primary Counties:* Montgomery.

All other information in the original declaration remains unchanged.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Numbers 59002 and 59008)

**James E. Rivera,**  
Associate Administrator for Disaster Assistance.

[FR Doc. 2011-27487 Filed 10-24-11; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 8025-01-P**

**SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION**

[Disaster Declaration #12891 and #12892]

**New Jersey Disaster #NJ-00028**

**AGENCY:** U.S. Small Business Administration.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** This is a Notice of the Presidential declaration of a major disaster for Public Assistance Only for the State of New Jersey (FEMA-4039-DR), dated 10/14/2011.

*Incident:* Remnants of Tropical Storm Lee.

*Incident Period:* 09/06/2011 through 09/11/2011.

*Effective Date:* 10/14/2011.

*Physical Loan Application Deadline Date:* 12/13/2011.

*Economic Injury (EIDL) Loan Application Deadline Date:* 07/16/2012.

**ADDRESSES:** Submit completed loan applications to: U.S. Small Business Administration, Processing and Disbursement Center, 14925 Kingsport Road, Fort Worth, TX 76155.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** A. Escobar, Office of Disaster Assistance, U.S. Small Business Administration, 409 3rd Street, SW., Suite 6050, Washington, DC 20416.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** Notice is hereby given that as a result of the President's major disaster declaration on 10/14/2011, Private Non-Profit organizations that provide essential services of governmental nature may file disaster loan applications at the address listed above or other locally announced locations.

The following areas have been determined to be adversely affected by the disaster:

*Primary Counties:* Hunterdon, Mercer, Passaic, Sussex, Warren.

The Interest Rates are:

	Percent
<i>For Physical Damage:</i>	
Non-Profit Organizations With Credit Available Elsewhere ...	3.250
Non-Profit Organizations Without Credit Available Elsewhere .....	3.000
<i>For Economic Injury:</i>	
Non-Profit Organizations Without Credit Available Elsewhere .....	3.000

The number assigned to this disaster for physical damage is 128918 and for economic injury is 128928.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance Numbers 59002 and 59008)

**James E. Rivera,**  
Associate Administrator for Disaster Assistance.

[FR Doc. 2011-27491 Filed 10-24-11; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 8025-01-P**

**SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION**

[Docket No. SSA-2011-0075]

**Cost-of-Living Increase and Other Determinations for 2012**

**AGENCY:** Social Security Administration.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** Under title II of the Social Security Act (Act), there will be a 3.6 percent cost-of-living increase in Social Security benefits effective December 2011. As a result of this increase, the following items will increase for 2012:

(1) The maximum Federal Supplemental Security Income (SSI) monthly benefit amounts for 2012 under title XVI of the Act will be \$698 for an eligible individual, \$1,048 for an eligible individual with an eligible spouse, and \$350 for an essential person;

(2) The special benefit amount under title VIII of the Act for certain World War II veterans will be \$523.50 for 2012;

(3) The student earned income exclusion under title XVI of the Act will be \$1,700 per month in 2012, but not more than \$6,840 for all of 2012;

(4) The dollar fee limit for services performed as a representative payee will be \$38 per month (\$75 per month in the case of a beneficiary who is disabled and has an alcoholism or drug addiction condition that leaves him or her incapable of managing benefits) in 2012; and

(5) The dollar limit on the administrative-cost assessment charged to attorneys representing claimants will be \$86 in 2012.

The national average wage index for 2010 is \$41,673.83. This index affects the following amounts:

(1) The Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI) contribution and benefit base will be \$110,100 for remuneration paid in 2012 and self-employment income earned in taxable years beginning in 2012;

(2) The monthly exempt amounts under the OASDI retirement earnings test for taxable years ending in calendar year 2012 will be \$1,220, for years prior to the year in which a person attains his or her Normal Retirement Age (NRA) and \$3,240, for the year in which a person attains his or her NRA;

(3) The dollar amounts ("bend points") used in the primary insurance amount (PIA) benefit formula for workers who become eligible for benefits, or who die before becoming eligible, in 2012 will be \$767 and \$4,624;

(4) The bend points used in the formula for computing maximum family benefits for workers who become

eligible for benefits, or who die before becoming eligible, in 2012 will be \$980, \$1,415, and \$1,845;

(5) The amount of taxable earnings a person must have to be credited with a quarter of coverage in 2012 will be \$1,130;

(6) The “old-law” contribution and benefit base under title II of the Act will be \$81,900 for 2012;

(7) The monthly amount deemed to constitute substantial gainful activity for statutorily blind individuals in 2012 will be \$1,690, and the corresponding amount for non-blind disabled persons will be \$1,010;

(8) The earnings threshold establishing a month as a part of a trial work period will be \$720 for 2012; and

(9) Coverage thresholds for 2012 will be \$1,800 for domestic workers and \$1,500 for election officials and election workers.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:**

Susan C. Kunkel, Office of the Chief Actuary, Social Security Administration, 6401 Security Boulevard, Baltimore, MD 21235, (410) 965-3000. Information relating to this announcement is available on our Internet site at <http://www.socialsecurity.gov/oact/cola/index.html>. For information on eligibility or claiming benefits, call 1-800-772-1213, or visit our Internet site, Social Security Online, at <http://www.socialsecurity.gov>.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

In accordance with the Act, we must publish within 45 days after the close of the third calendar quarter of 2011 the benefit increase percentage and the revised table of “special minimum” benefits (section 215(i)(2)(D)). Also, we must publish on or before November 1 the national average wage index for 2010 (section 215(a)(1)(D)), the OASDI fund ratio for 2011 (section 215(i)(2)(C)(ii)), the OASDI contribution and benefit base for 2012 (section 230(a)), the amount of earnings required to be credited with a quarter of coverage in 2012 (section 213(d)(2)), the monthly exempt amounts under the Social Security retirement earnings test for 2012 (section 203(f)(8)(A)), the formula for computing a PIA for workers who first become eligible for benefits or die in 2012 (section 215(a)(1)(D)), and the formula for computing the maximum amount of benefits payable to the family of a worker who first becomes eligible for old-age benefits or dies in 2012 (section 203(a)(2)(C)).

**Cost-of-Living Increases**

*General*

The cost-of-living increase is 3.6 percent for benefits under titles II and XVI of the Act. Under title II, OASDI benefits will increase by 3.6 percent for individuals eligible for December 2011 benefits, payable in January 2012. This increase is based on the authority contained in section 215(i) of the Act.

Pursuant to section 1617 of the Act, Federal SSI payment levels will also increase by 3.6 percent effective for payments made for the month of January 2012 but paid on December 30, 2011.

*Computation*

Section 215(i)(1)(B) of the Act defines a “computation quarter” to be a third calendar quarter in which the average Consumer Price Index (CPI) for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers exceeded the average CPI in the previous computation quarter. The last cost-of-living increase, effective for those eligible to receive title II benefits for December 2008, was based on the CPI increase from the third quarter of 2007 to the third quarter of 2008. Accordingly, the last computation quarter is the third quarter of 2008. The law stipulates that a cost-of-living increase for benefits is determined based on the percentage increase, if any, in the CPI from the last computation quarter to the third quarter of the current year. Therefore, we compute the increase in the CPI from the third quarter of 2008 to the third quarter of 2011.

Section 215(i)(1) of the Act provides that the CPI for a cost-of-living computation quarter is the arithmetic mean of this index for the 3 months in that quarter. In accordance with 20 CFR 404.275, we round the arithmetic mean, if necessary, to the nearest 0.001. The CPI for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers for each month in the quarter ending September 30, 2008, is: For July 2008, 216.304; for August 2008, 215.247; and for September 2008, 214.935. The arithmetic mean for that calendar quarter is 215.495. The corresponding CPI for each month in the quarter ending September 30, 2011, is: For July 2011, 222.686; for August 2011, 223.326; and for September 2011, 223.688. The arithmetic mean for this calendar quarter is 223.233. The CPI for the calendar quarter ending September 30, 2011, exceeds that for the calendar quarter ending September 30, 2008 by 3.6 percent (rounded to the nearest 0.1), beginning December 2011. Therefore, a cost-of-living benefit increase of 3.6

percent is effective for benefits under title II of the Act.

Section 215(i) also specifies that a benefit increase under title II, effective for December of any year, will be limited to the increase in the national average wage index for the prior year if the OASDI fund ratio for that year is below 20.0 percent. The OASDI fund ratio for a year is the ratio of the combined assets of the Old-Age and Survivors Insurance and Disability Insurance Trust Funds at the beginning of that year to the combined expenditures of these funds during that year. For 2011, the OASDI fund ratio is assets of \$2,608,950 million divided by estimated expenditures of \$738,528 million, or 353.3 percent. Because the 353.3 percent OASDI fund ratio exceeds 20.0 percent, the benefit increase for December 2011 is not limited.

**Program Amounts That Change Based on the Cost-of-Living Increase**

The following program amounts change based on the cost-of-living increase: (1) Title II; (2) title XVI; (3) title VIII; (4) the student earned income exclusion; (5) the fee for services performed by a representative payee; and (6) the attorney assessment fee.

*Title II Benefit Amounts*

In accordance with section 215(i) of the Act, for workers and family members for whom eligibility for benefits (*i.e.*, the worker’s attainment of age 62, or disability or death before age 62) occurred before 2012, benefits will increase by 3.6 percent beginning with benefits for December 2011 which are payable in January 2012. In the case of first eligibility after 2011, the 3.6 percent increase will not apply.

For eligibility after 1978, benefits are generally determined using a benefit formula provided by the Social Security Amendments of 1977 (Pub. L. 95-216), as described later in this notice.

For eligibility before 1979, we determine benefits by means of a benefit table. The table is available on the Internet at <http://www.socialsecurity.gov/oact/progdata/tableForm.html> or by writing to: Social Security Administration, Office of Public Inquiries, Windsor Park Building, 6401 Security Boulevard, Baltimore, MD 21235.

Section 215(i)(2)(D) of the Act requires that, when we determine an increase in Social Security benefits, we will publish in the **Federal Register** a revision of the range of the PIAs and corresponding maximum family benefits based on the dollar amount and other provisions described in section 215(a)(1)(C)(i). We refer to these benefits

as special minimum benefits. These benefits are payable to certain individuals with long periods of relatively low earnings. To qualify for such benefits, an individual must have at least 11 years of coverage. To earn a year of coverage for purposes of the special minimum benefit, a person must earn at least a certain proportion of the "old-law" contribution and benefit base (described later in this notice). For years before 1991, the proportion is 25 percent; for years after 1990, it is 15 percent. In accordance with section 215(a)(1)(C)(i), the table below shows the revised range of PIAs and corresponding maximum family benefit amounts after the 3.6 percent benefit increase.

**SPECIAL MINIMUM PIAS AND MAXIMUM FAMILY BENEFITS PAYABLE FOR DECEMBER 2011**

Number of years of coverage	Primary insurance amount	Maximum family benefit
11 .....	\$38.20	\$58.10
12 .....	77.80	117.70
13 .....	117.60	177.10
14 .....	157.00	236.30
15 .....	196.20	295.40
16 .....	236.00	355.10
17 .....	275.60	414.90
18 .....	315.20	474.00
19 .....	354.70	533.50
20 .....	394.40	592.50
21 .....	434.10	652.40
22 .....	473.40	711.70
23 .....	513.60	771.90
24 .....	553.10	830.80
25 .....	592.50	889.60
26 .....	632.70	950.10
27 .....	671.80	1,009.30
28 .....	711.50	1,068.50
29 .....	751.10	1,128.30
30 .....	790.60	1,187.00

*Title XVI Benefit Amounts*

In accordance with section 1617 of the Act, maximum Federal SSI benefit amounts for the aged, blind, and disabled will increase by 3.6 percent effective January 2012. For 2011, we derived the monthly benefit amounts for an eligible individual, an eligible individual with an eligible spouse, and for an essential person—\$674, \$1,011, and \$338, respectively—from corresponding yearly unrounded Federal SSI benefit amounts of \$8,095.32, \$12,141.61, and \$4,056.93. For 2012, these yearly unrounded amounts increase by 3.6 percent to \$8,386.75, \$12,578.71, and \$4,202.98, respectively. Each of these resulting amounts must be rounded, when not a multiple of \$12, to the next lower multiple of \$12. Accordingly, the corresponding annual amounts,

effective for 2012, are \$8,376, \$12,576, and \$4,200. Dividing the yearly amounts by 12 gives the corresponding monthly amounts for 2012—\$698, \$1,048, and \$350, respectively. In the case of an eligible individual with an eligible spouse, we equally divide the amount payable between the two spouses.

*Title VIII Benefit Amount*

Title VIII of the Act provides for special benefits to certain World War II veterans residing outside the United States. Section 805 provides that "[t]he benefit under this title payable to a qualified individual for any month shall be in an amount equal to 75 percent of the Federal benefit rate [the maximum amount for an eligible individual] under title XVI for the month, reduced by the amount of the qualified individual's benefit income for the month." Accordingly, the monthly benefit for 2012 under this provision is 75 percent of \$698, or \$523.50.

*Student Earned Income Exclusion*

A blind or disabled child who is a student regularly attending school, college, university, or a course of vocational or technical training can have limited earnings that are not counted against his or her SSI benefits. The maximum amount of such income that may be excluded in 2011 is \$1,640 per month, but not more than \$6,600 in all of 2011. These amounts increase based on a formula set forth in regulation 20 CFR 416.1112.

To compute each of the monthly and yearly maximum amounts for 2012, we increase the corresponding unrounded amount for 2011 by the latest cost-of-living increase. If the amount so calculated is not a multiple of \$10, we round it to the nearest multiple of \$10. The unrounded monthly amount for 2011 is \$1,637.89. We increase this amount by 3.6 percent to \$1,696.85, which we then round to \$1,700. Similarly, we increase the unrounded yearly amount for 2011, \$6,602.32, by 3.6 percent to \$6,840.00 and round this to \$6,840. Accordingly, the maximum amount of the income exclusion applicable to a student in 2012 is \$1,700 per month but not more than \$6,840 in all of 2012.

*Fee for Services Performed as a Representative Payee*

Sections 205(j)(4)(A)(i) and 1631(a)(2)(D)(i) of the Act permit a qualified organization to collect from a beneficiary a monthly fee for expenses incurred in providing services performed as such beneficiary's representative payee. Currently the fee is limited to the lesser of: (1) 10 Percent

of the monthly benefit involved; or (2) \$37 per month (\$72 per month in any case in which the beneficiary is entitled to disability benefits and has an alcoholism or drug addiction condition that makes the individual incapable of managing such benefits). The dollar fee limits are subject to increase by the cost-of-living increase, with the resulting amounts rounded to the nearest whole dollar amount. Accordingly, we increase the current amounts by 3.6 percent to \$38 and \$75 for 2012.

*Attorney Assessment Fee*

Under sections 206(d) and 1631(d) of the Act, whenever we pay fees to an attorney who has represented a claimant, we must impose on the attorney an assessment to cover administrative costs. Such assessment is no more than 6.3 percent of the attorney's fee or, if lower, a dollar amount that is subject to increase by the cost-of-living increase. We derive the dollar limit for December 2011 by increasing the unrounded limit for December 2010, \$83.85, by 3.6 percent, which is \$86.87. We then round \$86.87 to the next lower multiple of \$1. The dollar limit effective for December 2011 is, therefore, \$86.

**National Average Wage Index for 2010**

*Computation*

We determined the national average wage index for calendar year 2010 based on the 2009 national average wage index of \$40,711.61, announced in the **Federal Register** on November 30, 2010 (75 FR 74123), along with the percentage increase in average wages from 2009 to 2010, as measured by annual wage data. We tabulate the annual wage data, including contributions to deferred compensation plans, as required by section 209(k) of the Act. The average amounts of wages calculated directly from these data were \$39,036.67 and \$39,959.30 for 2009 and 2010, respectively. Note that the average amount of wages for 2009 is different from the amount shown in last year's **Federal Register** announcement because it reflects our improved data edits for this calculation. To determine the national average wage index for 2010 at a level that is consistent with the national average wage indexing series for 1951 through 1977 (published December 29, 1978, at 43 FR 61016), we multiply the 2009 national average wage index of \$40,711.61 by the percentage increase in average wages from 2009 to 2010 (based on SSA-tabulated wage data) as follows, with the result rounded to the nearest cent.

*Amount*

Multiplying the national average wage index for 2009 (\$40,711.61) by the ratio of the average wage for 2010 (\$39,959.30) to that for 2009 (\$39,036.67) produces the 2010 index, \$41,673.83. The national average wage index for calendar year 2010 is about 2.36 percent higher than the 2009 index.

Program Amounts That Change Based on the National Average Wage Index Under various provisions of the Act, the following amounts change with annual changes in the national average wage index: (1) The OASDI contribution and benefit base; (2) the exempt amounts under the retirement earnings test; (3) the dollar amounts, or “bend points,” in the PIA; (4) the bend points in the maximum family benefit formula; (5) the amount of earnings required for a worker to be credited with a quarter of coverage; (6) the “old-law” contribution and benefit base (as determined under section 230 of the Act as in effect before the 1977 amendments); (7) the substantial gainful activity amount applicable to statutorily blind individuals; and (8) the coverage threshold for election officials and election workers. Also, section 3121(x) of the Internal Revenue Code requires that the domestic employee coverage threshold be based on changes in the national average wage index.

In addition to the amounts required by statute, two amounts increase under regulatory requirements—the substantial gainful activity amount applicable to non-blind disabled persons, and the monthly earnings threshold that establishes a month as part of a trial work period for disabled beneficiaries.

**OASDI Contribution and Benefit Base***General*

The OASDI contribution and benefit base is \$110,100 for remuneration paid in 2012 and self-employment income earned in taxable years beginning in 2012. The OASDI contribution and benefit base serves as the maximum annual amount of earnings on which OASDI taxes are paid. It is also the maximum annual amount of earnings used in determining a person's OASDI benefits.

*Computation*

Section 230(b) of the Act provides the formula used to determine the OASDI contribution and benefit base. Under the formula, the base for 2012 is the larger of: (1) The 1994 base of \$60,600 multiplied by the ratio of the national average wage index for 2010 to that for 1992; or (2) the current base (\$106,800).

If the resulting amount is not a multiple of \$300, it is rounded to the nearest multiple of \$300.

*Amount*

Multiplying the 1994 OASDI contribution and benefit base amount (\$60,600) by the ratio of the national average wage index for 2010 (\$41,673.83 as determined above) to that for 1992 (\$22,935.42) produces the amount of \$110,110.65. We round this amount to \$110,100. Because \$110,100 exceeds the current base amount of \$106,800, the OASDI contribution and benefit base is \$110,100 for 2012.

**Retirement Earnings Test Exempt Amounts***General*

We withhold Social Security benefits when a beneficiary under the normal retirement age (NRA) has earnings in excess of the applicable retirement earnings test exempt amount. NRA is the age of initial benefit entitlement for which the benefit, before rounding, is equal to the worker's PIA. The NRA is age 66 for those born in 1943–55, and it gradually increases reaching age 67 for those born in 1960 or later. A higher exempt amount applies in the year in which a person attains his or her NRA, but only with respect to earnings in months prior to such attainment, and a lower exempt amount applies at all other ages below NRA. Section 203(f)(8)(B) of the Act, as amended by section 102 of Public Law 104–121, provides formulas for determining the monthly exempt amounts. The corresponding annual exempt amounts are exactly 12 times the monthly amounts.

For beneficiaries attaining NRA in the year, we withhold \$1 in benefits for every \$3 of earnings in excess of the annual exempt amount for months prior to such attainment. For all other beneficiaries under NRA, we withhold \$1 in benefits for every \$2 of earnings in excess of the annual exempt amount.

*Computation*

Under the formula applicable to beneficiaries who are under NRA and who will not attain NRA in 2012, the lower monthly exempt amount for 2012 is the larger of: (1) The 1994 monthly exempt amount multiplied by the ratio of the national average wage index for 2010 to that for 1992; or (2) the 2011 monthly exempt amount (\$1,180). If the resulting amount is not a multiple of \$10, it is rounded to the nearest multiple of \$10.

Under the formula applicable to beneficiaries attaining NRA in 2012, the

higher monthly exempt amount for 2012 is the larger of: (1) The 2002 monthly exempt amount multiplied by the ratio of the national average wage index for 2010 to that for 2000; or (2) the 2011 monthly exempt amount (\$3,140). If the resulting amount is not a multiple of \$10, it is rounded to the nearest multiple of \$10.

*Lower Exempt Amount*

Multiplying the 1994 retirement earnings test monthly exempt amount of \$670 by the ratio of the national average wage index for 2010 (\$41,673.83) to that for 1992 (\$22,935.42) produces the amount of \$1,217.40. We round this to \$1,220. Because \$1,220 exceeds the corresponding current exempt amount of \$1,180, the lower retirement earnings test monthly exempt amount is \$1,220 for 2012. The corresponding lower annual exempt amount is \$14,640 under the retirement earnings test.

*Higher Exempt Amount*

Multiplying the 2002 retirement earnings test monthly exempt amount of \$2,500 by the ratio of the national average wage index for 2010 (\$41,673.83) to that for 2000 (\$32,154.82) produces the amount of \$3,240.09. We round this to \$3,240. Because \$3,240 exceeds the corresponding current exempt amount of \$3,140, the higher retirement earnings test monthly exempt amount is \$3,240 for 2012. The corresponding higher annual exempt amount is \$38,880 under the retirement earnings test.

**Primary Insurance Amount (PIA) Benefit Formula***General*

The Social Security Amendments of 1977 provided a method for computing benefits that generally applies when a worker first becomes eligible for benefits after 1978. This method uses the worker's average indexed monthly earnings (AIME) to compute the PIA. We adjust the computation formula each year to reflect changes in general wage levels, as measured by the national average wage index.

We also adjust, or index, a worker's earnings to reflect the change in the general wage levels that occurred during the worker's years of employment. Such indexing ensures that a worker's future benefit level will reflect the general rise in the standard of living that will occur during his or her working lifetime. To compute the AIME, we first determine the required number of years of earnings. We then select the number of years with the highest indexed earnings, add the indexed earnings for those

years, and divide the total amount by the total number of months in those years. We then round the resulting average amount down to the next lower dollar amount. The result is the AIME.

#### *Computing the PIA*

The PIA is the sum of three separate percentages of portions of the AIME. In 1979 (the first year the formula was in effect), these portions were the first \$180, the amount between \$180 and \$1,085, and the amount over \$1,085. We call the dollar amounts in the formula governing the portions of the AIME the "bend points" of the formula. Therefore, the bend points for 1979 were \$180 and \$1,085.

To obtain the bend points for 2012, we multiply each of the 1979 bend-point amounts by the ratio of the national average wage index for 2010 to that average for 1977. We then round these results to the nearest dollar. Multiplying the 1979 amounts of \$180 and \$1,085 by the ratio of the national average wage index for 2010 (\$41,673.83) to that for 1977 (\$9,779.44) produces the amounts of \$767.05 and \$4,623.59. We round these to \$767 and \$4,624. Accordingly, the portions of the AIME to be used in 2012 are the first \$767, the amount between \$767 and \$4,624, and the amount over \$4,624.

Consequently, for individuals who first become eligible for old-age insurance benefits or disability insurance benefits in 2012, or who die in 2012 before becoming eligible for benefits, their PIA will be the sum of:

- (a) 90 percent of the first \$767 of their AIME, plus.
- (b) 32 percent of their AIME over \$767 and through \$4,624, plus.
- (c) 15 percent of their AIME over \$4,624.

We round this amount to the next lower multiple of \$0.10 if it is not already a multiple of \$0.10. This formula and the rounding adjustment described above are contained in section 215(a) of the Act.

#### **Maximum Benefits Payable to a Family**

##### *General*

The 1977 amendments continued the long-established policy of limiting the total monthly benefits that a worker's family may receive based on his or her PIA. Those amendments also continued the then-existing relationship between maximum family benefits and PIAs but changed the method of computing the maximum amount of benefits that may be paid to a worker's family. The Social Security Disability Amendments of 1980 (Pub. L. 96-265) established a formula for computing the maximum benefits

payable to the family of a disabled worker. This formula applies to the family benefits of workers who first become entitled to disability insurance benefits after June 30, 1980, and who first become eligible for these benefits after 1978. For disabled workers initially entitled to disability benefits before July 1980 or whose disability began before 1979, we compute the family maximum payable the same as the old-age and survivor family maximum.

#### *Computing the Old-Age and Survivor Family Maximum*

The formula used to compute the family maximum is similar to that used to compute the PIA. It involves computing the sum of four separate percentages of portions of the worker's PIA. In 1979, these portions were the first \$230, the amount between \$230 and \$332, the amount between \$332 and \$433, and the amount over \$433. We refer to such dollar amounts in the formula as the "bend points" of the family-maximum formula.

To obtain the bend points for 2012, we multiply each of the 1979 bend-point amounts by the ratio of the national average wage index for 2010 to that average for 1977. Then we round this amount to the nearest dollar. Multiplying the amounts of \$230, \$332, and \$433 by the ratio of the national average wage index for 2010 (\$41,673.83) to that for 1977 (\$9,779.44) produces the amounts of \$980.12, \$1,414.78, and \$1,845.17. We round these amounts to \$980, \$1,415, and \$1,845. Accordingly, the portions of the PIAs to be used in 2012 are the first \$980, the amount between \$980 and \$1,415, the amount between \$1,415 and \$1,845, and the amount over \$1,845.

Consequently, for the family of a worker who becomes age 62 or dies in 2012 before age 62, we will compute the total amount of benefits payable to them so that it does not exceed:

- (a) 150 percent of the first \$980 of the worker's PIA, plus.
- (b) 272 percent of the worker's PIA over \$980 through \$1,415, plus.
- (c) 134 percent of the worker's PIA over \$1,415 through \$1,845, plus.
- (d) 175 percent of the worker's PIA over \$1,845.

We then round this amount to the next lower multiple of \$0.10 if it is not already a multiple of \$0.10. This formula and the rounding adjustment described above are contained in section 203(a) of the Act.

#### **Quarter of Coverage Amount**

##### *General*

The amount of earnings required for a quarter of coverage in 2012 is \$1,130. A quarter of coverage is the basic unit for determining whether a worker is insured under the Social Security program. For years before 1978, we generally credited an individual with a quarter of coverage for each quarter in which wages of \$50 or more were paid, or with 4 quarters of coverage for every taxable year in which \$400 or more of self-employment income was earned. Beginning in 1978, employers generally report wages on an annual basis instead of a quarterly basis. With the change to annual reporting, section 352(b) of the Social Security Amendments of 1977 amended section 213(d) of the Act to provide that a quarter of coverage would be credited for each \$250 of an individual's total wages and self-employment income for calendar year 1978, up to a maximum of 4 quarters of coverage for the year.

##### *Computation*

Under the prescribed formula, the quarter of coverage amount for 2012 is the larger of (1) The 1978 amount of \$250 multiplied by the ratio of the national average wage index for 2010 to that for 1976; or (2) the current amount of \$1,120. Section 213(d) provides that if the resulting amount is not a multiple of \$10, it is rounded to the nearest multiple of \$10.

##### *Quarter of Coverage Amount*

Multiplying the 1978 quarter of coverage amount (\$250) by the ratio of the national average wage index for 2010 (\$41,673.83) to that for 1976 (\$9,226.48) produces the amount of \$1,129.19. We then round this amount to \$1,130. Because \$1,130 exceeds the current amount of \$1,120, the quarter of coverage amount is \$1,130 for 2012.

#### **"Old-Law" Contribution and Benefit Base**

##### *General*

The "old-law" contribution and benefit base for 2012 is \$81,900. This base would have been effective under the Act without the enactment of the 1977 amendments.

The "old-law" contribution and benefit base is used by:

- (a) The Railroad Retirement program to determine certain tax liabilities and tier II benefits payable under that program to supplement the tier I payments that correspond to basic Social Security benefits,
- (b) The Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation to determine the maximum

amount of pension guaranteed under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (section 230(d) of the Act),

(c) Social Security to determine a year of coverage in computing the special minimum benefit, as described earlier, and

(d) Social Security to determine a year of coverage (acquired whenever earnings equal or exceed 25 percent of the "old-law" base for this purpose only) in computing benefits for persons who are also eligible to receive pensions based on employment not covered under section 210 of the Act.

#### *Computation*

The "old-law" contribution and benefit base is the larger of: (1) The 1994 "old-law" base (\$45,000) multiplied by the ratio of the national average wage index for 2010 to that for 1992; or (2) the current "old-law" base (\$79,200). If the resulting amount is not a multiple of \$300, it is rounded to the nearest multiple of \$300.

#### *Amount*

Multiplying the 1994 "old-law" contribution and benefit base amount (\$45,000) by the ratio of the national average wage index for 2010 (\$41,673.83) to that for 1992 (\$22,935.42) produces the amount of \$81,765.34. We round this amount to \$81,900. Because \$81,900 exceeds the current amount of \$79,200, the "old-law" contribution and benefit base is \$81,900 for 2012.

#### **Substantial Gainful Activity Amounts**

##### *General*

A finding of disability under titles II and XVI of the Act requires that a person, except for a title XVI disabled child, be unable to engage in substantial gainful activity (SGA). A person who is earning more than a certain monthly amount is ordinarily considered to be engaging in SGA. The amount of monthly earnings considered as SGA depends on the nature of a person's disability. Section 223(d)(4)(A) of the Act specifies a higher SGA amount for statutorily blind individuals under title II while Federal regulations (20 CFR 404.1574 and 416.974) specify a lower SGA amount for non-blind individuals.

##### *Computation*

The monthly SGA amount for statutorily blind individuals under title II for 2012 is the larger of: (1) Such amount for 1994 multiplied by the ratio of the national average wage index for 2010 to that for 1992; or (2) such amount for 2011. The monthly SGA amount for non-blind disabled individuals for 2012 is the larger of: (1)

Such amount for 2000 multiplied by the ratio of the national average wage index for 2010 to that for 1998; or (2) such amount for 2011. In either case, if the resulting amount is not a multiple of \$10, it is rounded to the nearest multiple of \$10.

##### *SGA Amount for Statutorily Blind Individuals*

Multiplying the 1994 monthly SGA amount for statutorily blind individuals (\$930) by the ratio of the national average wage index for 2010 (\$41,673.83) to that for 1992 (\$22,935.42) produces the amount of \$1,689.82. We then round this amount to \$1,690. Because \$1,690 exceeds the current amount of \$1,640, the monthly SGA amount for statutorily blind individuals is \$1,690 for 2012.

##### *SGA Amount for Non-Blind Disabled Individuals*

Multiplying the 2000 monthly SGA amount for non-blind individuals (\$700) by the ratio of the national average wage index for 2010 (\$41,673.83) to that for 1998 (\$28,861.44) produces the amount of \$1,010.75. We then round this amount to \$1,010. Because \$1,010 exceeds the current amount of \$1,000, the monthly SGA amount for non-blind disabled individuals is \$1,010 for 2012.

#### **Trial Work Period Earnings Threshold**

##### *General*

During a trial work period of 9 months in a rolling 60-month period, a beneficiary receiving Social Security disability benefits may test his or her ability to work and still receive monthly benefit payments. To be considered a trial work period month, earnings must be over a certain level. In 2012, any month in which earnings exceed \$720 is considered a month of services for an individual's trial work period.

##### *Computation*

The method used to determine the new amount is set forth in our regulations at 20 CFR 404.1592(b). Monthly earnings in 2012, used to determine whether a month is part of a trial work period, is such amount for 2001 (\$530) multiplied by the ratio of the national average wage index for 2010 to that for 1999 or, if larger, such amount for 2011. If the amount so calculated is not a multiple of \$10, we round it to the nearest multiple of \$10.

##### *Amount*

Multiplying the 2001 monthly earnings threshold (\$530) by the ratio of the national average wage index for 2010 (\$41,673.83) to that for 1999 (\$30,469.84) produces the amount of

\$724.88. We then round this amount to \$720. Because \$720 equals the current amount of \$720, the monthly earnings threshold is \$720 for 2012.

#### **Domestic Employee Coverage Threshold**

##### *General*

The minimum amount a domestic worker must earn so that such earnings are covered under Social Security or Medicare is the domestic employee coverage threshold. For 2012, this threshold is \$1,800. Section 3121(x) of the Internal Revenue Code provides the formula for increasing the threshold.

##### *Computation*

Under the formula, the domestic employee coverage threshold amount for 2012 is equal to the 1995 amount of \$1,000 multiplied by the ratio of the national average wage index for 2010 to that for 1993. If the resulting amount is not a multiple of \$100, it is rounded to the next lower multiple of \$100.

##### *Domestic Employee Coverage Threshold Amount*

Multiplying the 1995 domestic employee coverage threshold amount (\$1,000) by the ratio of the national average wage index for 2010 (\$41,673.83) to that for 1993 (\$23,132.67) produces the amount of \$1,801.51. We then round this amount to \$1,800. Accordingly, the domestic employee coverage threshold amount is \$1,800 for 2012.

#### **Election Official and Election Worker Coverage Threshold**

##### *General*

The minimum amount an election official and election worker must earn so that such earnings are covered under Social Security or Medicare is the election official and election worker coverage threshold. For 2012, this threshold is \$1,500. Section 218(c)(8)(B) of the Act provides the formula for increasing the threshold.

##### *Computation*

Under the formula, the election official and election worker coverage threshold amount for 2012 is equal to the 1999 amount of \$1,000 multiplied by the ratio of the national average wage index for 2010 to that for 1997. If the amount so determined is not a multiple of \$100, it is rounded to the nearest multiple of \$100.

##### *Election Worker Coverage Threshold Amount*

Multiplying the 1999 election worker coverage threshold amount (\$1,000) by

the ratio of the national average wage index for 2010 (\$41,673.83) to that for 1997 (\$27,426.00) produces the amount of \$1,519.50. We then round this amount to \$1,500. Accordingly, the election worker coverage threshold amount is \$1,500 for 2012.

(Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance: Program Nos. 96.001 Social Security-Disability Insurance; 96.002 Social Security-Retirement Insurance; 96.004 Social Security-Survivors Insurance; 96.006 Supplemental Security Income)

**Michael J. Astrue,**

*Commissioner of Social Security.*

[FR Doc. 2011-27496 Filed 10-24-11; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 4191-02-P**

## SUSQUEHANNA RIVER BASIN COMMISSION

### Projects Approved for Consumptive Uses of Water

**AGENCY:** Susquehanna River Basin Commission.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** This notice lists the projects approved by rule by the Susquehanna River Basin Commission during the period set forth in "DATES."

**DATES:** August 1, 2011, through September 30, 2011.

**ADDRESSES:** Susquehanna River Basin Commission, 1721 North Front Street, Harrisburg, PA 17102-2391.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Richard A. Cairo, General Counsel, telephone: (717) 238-0423, ext. 306; fax: (717) 238-2436; e-mail: rcairo@srbc.net or Stephanie L. Richardson, Secretary to the Commission, telephone: (717) 238-0423, ext. 304; fax: (717) 238-2436; e-mail: srichardson@srbc.net. Regular mail inquiries may be sent to the above address.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** This notice lists the projects, described below, receiving approval for the consumptive use of water pursuant to the Commission's approval by rule process set forth in 18 CFR 806.22(f) for the time period specified above:

*Approvals By Rule Issued Under 18 CFR 806.22(f):*

1. Talisman Energy USA Inc., Pad ID: 05 098 Younger, ABR-201108001, Pike Township, Bradford County, Pa.; Consumptive Use of up to 6.000 mgd; Approval Date: August 1, 2011.

2. Talisman Energy USA Inc., Pad ID: 02 010 DCNR 587, ABR-201108002, Ward Township, Tioga County, Pa.; Consumptive Use of up to 6.000 mgd; Approval Date: August 1, 2011.

3. Talisman Energy USA Inc., Pad ID: 03 113 Vanblarcom, ABR-201108003, Columbia Township, Bradford County, Pa.; Consumptive Use of up to 6.000 mgd; Approval Date: August 1, 2011.

4. Talisman Energy USA Inc., Pad ID: 03 110 Barlow, ABR-201108004, Columbia Township, Bradford County, Pa.; Consumptive Use of up to 6.000 mgd; Approval Date: August 1, 2011.

5. Cabot Oil & Gas Corporation, Pad ID: Mogridge P1, ABR-201108005, Springville Township, Susquehanna County, Pa.; Consumptive Use of up to 3.575 mgd; Approval Date: August 1, 2011.

6. EXCO Resources, (PA), LLC, Pad ID: Lamborne Pad 195, ABR-201108006, Jordan Township, Clearfield County, Pa.; Consumptive Use of up to 8.000 mgd; Approval Date: August 1, 2011.

7. Southwestern Energy Production Company, Pad ID: Cramer Pad, ABR-201108007, New Milford Township, Susquehanna County, Pa.; Consumptive Use of up to 4.990 mgd; Approval Date: August 4, 2011.

8. Seneca Resources Corporation, Pad ID: Rich Valley Pad B, ABR-201108008, Shippen Township, Cameron County, Pa.; Consumptive Use of up to 4.000 mgd; Approval Date: August 8, 2011.

9. Talisman Energy USA Inc., Pad ID: 03 111 Stephani, ABR-201108009, Columbia Township, Bradford County, Pa.; Consumptive Use of up to 6.000 mgd; Approval Date: August 8, 2011.

10. Talisman Energy USA Inc., Pad ID: 05 229 Acres, ABR-201108010, Windham Township, Bradford County, Pa.; Consumptive Use of up to 6.000 mgd; Approval Date: August 8, 2011.

11. EXCO Resources (PA), LLC, Pad ID: Remley Drilling Pad #1, ABR-201012035.1, Jackson Township, Columbia County, Pa.; Consumptive Use of up to 8.000 mgd; Approval Date: August 8, 2011.

12. EXCO Resources (PA), LLC, Pad ID: Hess Drilling Pad #1, ABR-201012037.1, Jackson Township, Columbia County, Pa.; Consumptive Use of up to 8.000 mgd; Approval Date: August 8, 2011.

13. Southwestern Energy Production Company, Pad ID: Shively Pad, ABR-201108011, Lenox Township, Susquehanna County, Pa.; Consumptive Use of up to 4.990 mgd; Approval Date: August 8, 2011.

14. Carrizo (Marcellus), LLC, Pad ID: Frystak Central Pad, ABR-201108012, Bridgewater Township, Susquehanna County, Pa.; Consumptive Use of up to 2.100 mgd; Approval Date: August 8, 2011.

15. Chesapeake Appalachia, LLC, Pad ID: CSB, ABR-201108013, Cherry Township, Sullivan County, Pa.;

Consumptive Use of up to 7.500 mgd; Approval Date: August 8, 2011.

16. Chesapeake Appalachia, LLC, Pad ID: Joe, ABR-201108014, Wilmot Township, Bradford County, Pa.; Consumptive Use of up to 7.500 mgd; Approval Date: August 8, 2011.

17. Chesapeake Appalachia, LLC, Pad ID: Rock Ridge, ABR-201108015, Towanda Township, Bradford County, Pa.; Consumptive Use of up to 7.500 mgd; Approval Date: August 8, 2011.

18. J-W Operating Company, Pad ID: Pardee-F, ABR-201108016, Shippen Township, Cameron County, Pa.; Consumptive Use of up to 5.000 mgd; Approval Date: August 9, 2011.

19. Anadarko E&P Company LP, Pad ID: COP Tract 356 Pad G, ABR-201108017, Cummings Township, Lycoming County, Pa.; Consumptive Use of up to 4.000 mgd; Approval Date: August 10, 2011.

20. Chief Oil & Gas LLC, Pad ID: Savage Drilling Pad #1, ABR-20118018, Elkland Township, Sullivan County, Pa.; Consumptive Use of up to 2.000 mgd; Approval Date: August 10, 2011.

21. EXCO Resources (PA), LLC, Pad ID: Sterner Drilling Pad #1, ABR-201012036.1, Jackson Township, Columbia County, Pa.; Consumptive Use of up to 8.000 mgd; Approval Date: August 12, 2011.

22. Chesapeake Appalachia, LLC, Pad ID: Colcam, ABR-201108019, Meshoppen Township, Wyoming County, Pa.; Consumptive Use of up to 7.500 mgd; Approval Date: August 12, 2011.

23. Southwestern Energy Production Company, Pad ID: Roman Pad, ABR-201108020, New Milford Township, Susquehanna County, Pa.; Consumptive Use of up to 4.990 mgd; Approval Date: August 15, 2011.

24. Chesapeake Appalachia, LLC, Pad ID: Mad Dog, ABR-201108021, Wilmot Township, Bradford County, Pa.; Consumptive Use of up to 7.500 mgd; Approval Date: August 15, 2011.

25. Southwestern Energy Production Company, Pad ID: Alexander Pad, ABR-201108022, New Milford Township, Susquehanna County, Pa.; Consumptive Use of up to 4.990 mgd; Approval Date: August 15, 2011.

26. Southwestern Energy Production Company, Pad ID: Grizzanti Pad, ABR-201108023, New Milford Township, Susquehanna County, Pa.; Consumptive Use of up to 4.990 mgd; Approval Date: August 15, 2011.

27. EXCO Resources (PA), LLC, Pad ID: Marquardt Drilling Pad #1, ABR-201008008.1, Davidson Township, Sullivan County, Pa.; Consumptive Use of up to 8.000 mgd; Approval Date: August 15, 2011.