

Method for Sulfur in Petroleum Gas by Oxidative Microcoulometry;" D 5191-01, entitled, "Standard Test Method for Vapor Pressure of Petroleum Products (Mini Method);" D 5599-00, entitled, "Standard Test Method for Determination of Oxygenates in Gasoline by Gas Chromatography and Oxygen Selective Flame Ionization Detection;" D 5769-98, entitled, "Standard Test Method for Determination of Benzene, Toluene, and Total Aromatics in Finished Gasolines by Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry," D 86-01, entitled, "Standard Test Method for Distillation of Petroleum Products at Atmospheric Pressure;" D 5453-00^{e1}, entitled, "Standard Test Method for Determination of Total Sulfur in Light Hydrocarbons, Motor Fuels and Oils by Ultraviolet Fluorescence;" D 6428-99, entitled, "Test Method for Total Sulfur in Liquid Aromatic Hydrocarbons and Their Derivatives by Oxidative Combustion and Electrochemical Detection;" D 3120-96 (Reapproved 2002)^{e1}, entitled "Standard Test Method for Trace Quantities of Sulfur in Light Petroleum Hydrocarbons by Oxidative Microcoulometry;" and D 4468-85 (Reapproved 2000), "Standard Test Method for Total Sulfur in Gaseous Fuels by Hydrogenolysis and Rateometric Colorimetry "are incorporated by reference in this section. These incorporations by reference were approved by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Copies may be obtained from the American Society for Testing and Materials, 100 Barr Harbor Dr., West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959. Copies may be inspected at the Air Docket Center, room B-108, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Docket Nos. A-97-03, A-2002-15 and OAR-2003-0050, 1200 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW, Washington, DC 20460, or at the Office of the Federal Register, National Archives and Records Administration, 800 North Capitol Street, NW, Suite 700, Washington, DC.

■ 3. Section 80.330 is amended by revising paragraph (c)(1) to read as follows:

§ 80.330 What are the sampling and testing requirements for refiners and importers?

* * * * *

(c) *Test method for measuring sulfur content of gasoline.* (1) For purposes of paragraph (a) of this section, refiners and importers shall use the method provided in § 80.46(a)(1) or one of the alternative test methods listed in § 80.46(a)(3) to measure the sulfur

content of gasoline they produce or import.

* * * * *

■ 4. Section 80.340 is amended by revising paragraph (b)(2)(ii) to read as follows:

§ 80.340 What standards and requirements apply to refiners producing gasoline by blending blendstocks into previously certified gasoline (PCG)?

* * * * *

(b) * * *

(2) * * *

(ii) The testing must be performed by the method specified in § 80.46(a)(2) or by the alternative method specified in § 80.46(a)(4).

* * * * *

■ 5. Section 80.350 is amended by revising paragraph (b)(2) to read as follows:

§ 80.350 What alternative sulfur standards and requirements apply to importers who transport gasoline by truck?

* * * * *

(b) * * *

(2) The sampling and testing shall be performed using the methods specified in § 80.330(b) and § 80.46(a)(1) or one of the alternative test methods listed in § 80.46(a)(3), respectively.

* * * * *

[FR Doc. 03-25133 Filed 10-6-03; 8:45 am]

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ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 81

[CA087-DESIG; FRL-7568-3]

Clean Air Act Area Designations; California

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: EPA is finalizing approval of minor changes in the boundaries between areas in Southern California established under the Clean Air Act for purposes of addressing the national ambient air quality standards (NAAQS) for 1-hour ozone, particulate matter (PM-10), carbon monoxide (CO), nitrogen dioxide (NO₂), and sulfur dioxide (SO₂), and the prior NAAQS for total suspended particulate matter (TSP).

We are approving these boundary changes under the Clean Air Act as amended in 1990 (CAA or the Act).

EFFECTIVE DATE: This rule is effective on November 6, 2003.

ADDRESSES: You can inspect copies of the administrative record for this action at EPA's Region IX office during normal business hours by appointment. If you wish to schedule a visit, please contact Dave Jesson, as indicated below. You can inspect copies of the submitted materials by appointment at the following locations:

EPA, Region IX, 75 Hawthorne Street, San Francisco, CA 94105-3901.
California Air Resources Board, 1001 "I" Street, Sacramento, CA 95814.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Dave Jesson, EPA Region IX, at (415) 972-3957, or jesson.david@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Throughout this document, "we," "us," and "our" refer to EPA.

I. Proposed Action

On August 15, 2003 (68 FR 48848), we proposed to approve minor revisions to the boundaries of the Los Angeles-South Coast Air Basin Area ("South Coast Air Basin") and the Southeast Desert Air Basin.¹ These revisions were requested on November 18, 2002, by the California Air Resources Board (CARB) under CAA section 107(d)(3)(D), which authorizes States to submit revised area designations.

The purposes of CARB's request are to:

(1) enlarge the South Coast Air Basin to include the Banning Pass area, thereby excluding the area from the Southeast Desert;

(2) harmonize the boundaries of the Coachella Valley area² by changing them to match the PM-10 area boundaries; and

(3) correct the eastern boundary of the South Coast Air Basin with respect to CO.

We proposed to approve these redesignations and apply the boundary changes to all affected pollutants, because the revisions comply with the relevant provisions of CAA section 107(d)(3)(D) and apply equally to other pollutants for which the areas have existing designations. Our proposed action contains more information about the proposed revisions and our evaluation.

¹ The Los Angeles-South Coast Air Basin Area includes all of Orange County and the more populated portions of Los Angeles, San Bernardino, and Riverside Counties. The Southeast Desert Air Basin includes portions of Los Angeles, San Bernardino, and Riverside Counties. For a description of the current boundaries of the basins and subareas for each pollutant, see 40 CFR 81.305.

² The Coachella Valley area is part of the Southeast Desert nonattainment area for ozone and is its own PM-10 nonattainment area.

II. Public Comments and EPA Responses

Our proposed action provided a 30-day public comment period. During this period, we received no comments.

III. EPA Action

As authorized in section 107(d)(3)(D), EPA is taking final action to:

(1) revise the boundary of the South Coast Air Basin to incorporate the Banning Pass;

(2) amend the boundary of the Coachella Valley area (Riverside County portion of the Southeast Desert Air Basin for 1-hour ozone) to correspond to the PM-10 boundary for the area; and

(3) approve the State's request to make a typographical correction to the boundary of the South Coast Air Basin with respect to CO.

We are making the first two changes for all pollutants for which the areas are designated in our regulations (40 CFR Part 81). Thus, the boundary changes apply to 1-hour ozone, PM-10, CO, NO₂, SO₂, and TSP. We are amending the descriptions of the areas in 40 CFR 81.305 for TSP, CO, 1-Hour Ozone, and NO₂. No changes are required in the 40 CFR 81.305 designation tables for PM-10 and SO₂, since the tables for these pollutants do not specify boundaries and the area names need not be changed.

IV. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews

Under Executive Order 12866 (58 FR 51735, October 4, 1993), this action is not a "significant regulatory action" and therefore is not subject to review by the Office of Management and Budget. For this reason, this action is also not subject to Executive Order 13211, "Actions Concerning Regulations That Significantly Affect Energy Supply, Distribution, or Use" (66 FR 28355, May 22, 2001). This action merely approves state law as meeting Federal requirements and imposes no additional requirements beyond those imposed by state law. Accordingly, the Administrator certifies that this rule will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*). Because this rule approves pre-existing requirements under state law and does not impose any additional enforceable duty beyond that required by state law, it does not contain any unfunded mandate or significantly or uniquely affect small governments, as described in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104-4).

This rule also does not have tribal implications because it will not have a

substantial direct effect on one or more Indian tribes, on the relationship between the Federal Government and Indian tribes, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities between the Federal Government and Indian tribes, as specified by Executive Order 13175 (65 FR 67249, November 9, 2000). This action also does not have Federalism implications because it does not have substantial direct effects on the States, on the relationship between the national government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government, as specified in Executive Order 13132 (64 FR 43255, August 10, 1999). This action merely approves a state rule implementing a Federal standard, and does not alter the relationship or the distribution of power and responsibilities established in the Clean Air Act. This rule also is not subject to Executive Order 13045 "Protection of Children from Environmental Health Risks and Safety Risks" (62 FR 19885, April 23, 1997), because it is not economically significant.

In reviewing SIP submissions, EPA's role is to approve state choices, provided that they meet the criteria of the Clean Air Act. In this context, in the absence of a prior existing requirement for the State to use voluntary consensus standards (VCS), EPA has no authority to disapprove a SIP submission for failure to use VCS. It would thus be inconsistent with applicable law for EPA, when it reviews a SIP submission, to use VCS in place of a SIP submission that otherwise satisfies the provisions of the Clean Air Act. Thus, the requirements of section 12(d) of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act of 1995 (15 U.S.C. 272 note) do not apply. This rule does not impose an information collection burden under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*).

The Congressional Review Act, 5 U.S.C. section 801 *et seq.*, as added by the Small Business Regulatory Enforcement Fairness Act of 1996, generally provides that before a rule may take effect, the agency promulgating the rule must submit a rule report, which includes a copy of the rule, to each House of the Congress and to the Comptroller General of the United States. EPA will submit a report containing this rule and other required information to the U.S. Senate, the U.S. House of Representatives, and the Comptroller General of the United States prior to publication of the rule in the **Federal Register**. A major rule cannot take effect until 60 days after it

is published in the **Federal Register**. This action is not a "major rule" as defined by 5 U.S.C. section 804(2).

Under section 307(b)(1) of the Clean Air Act, petitions for judicial review of this action must be filed in the United States Court of Appeals for the appropriate circuit by December 8, 2003. Filing a petition for reconsideration by the Administrator of this final rule does not affect the finality of this rule for the purposes of judicial review nor does it extend the time within which a petition for judicial review may be filed, and shall not postpone the effectiveness of such rule or action. This action may not be challenged later in proceedings to enforce its requirements. (See section 307(b)(2).)

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 81

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, National parks, Wilderness areas.

Dated: September 23, 2003.

Deborah Jordan,

Acting Regional Administrator, Region IX.

■ Part 81, chapter I, title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations is amended as follows:

PART 81—[AMENDED]

■ 1. The authority citation for part 81 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401 *et seq.*

■ 2. Section 81.305 is amended as follows:

■ a. In the table for "California-TSP" by revising the entry for Riverside County under "Southeast Desert Air Basin";

■ b. In the table for "California—Carbon Monoxide" by revising the entry for Riverside County (part) under "Los Angeles-South Coast Air Basin Area"; by revising the entry for San Bernardino County (part) under "Los Angeles-South Coast Air Basin Area"; and by revising the entry for Riverside County (part) under the "Southeast Desert Air Basin";

■ c. In the table for "California—Ozone (1-Hour Standard)" by revising the entry for Riverside County (part) under "Los Angeles-South Coast Air Basin Area"; and by revising the entry for Riverside County (part) under the "Southeast Desert modified AQMA area";

■ d. In the table for "California-NO₂" by revising the entry for "Riverside County (portion within S.E. Desert AQMA) County"; and by revising the entry for "Riverside County, non-AQMA portion County."

The revisions read as follows:

§ 81.305 California.

CALIFORNIA—TSP

Designated area	Does not meet pri- mary stand- ards	Does not meet sec- ondary standards	Cannot be classified	Better than national standards
* * *	*	*	*	*
Southeast Desert Air Basin:				
* * *	*	*	*	*
Riverside County (Coachella Valley planning area)	X	
Riverside County (remainder of County).				
* * *	*	*	*	*

CALIFORNIA—CARBON MONOXIDE

Designated area	Designation		Classification	
	Date ¹	Type	Date ¹	Type
* * *	*	*	*	*
Los Angeles—South Coast Air Basin Area Attainment.				
* * *	*	*	*	*
Riverside County (part) that portion of Riverside County which lies to the west of a line described as follows:				
1. Beginning at the Riverside-San Diego County bound- ary and running north along the range line common to Range 4 East and Range 3 East, San Bernardino Base and Meridian;	Nonattainment	Serious
2. then east along the Township line common to Town- ship 8 South and Township 7 South;				
3. then north along the range line common to Range 5 East and Range 4 East;				
4. then west along the Township line common to Town- ship 6 South and Township 7 South to the southwest corner of Section 34, Township 6 South, Range 4 East;				
5. then north along the west boundaries of Sections 34, 27, 22, 15, 10, and 3, Township 6 South, Range 4 East;				
6. Then west along the Township line common to Town- ship 5 South and Township 6 South;				
7. Then north along the range line common to Range 4 East and Range 3 East;				
8. Then west along the south boundaries of Sections 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18, Township 5 South, Range 3 East;				
9. then north along the range line common to Range 2 East and Range 3 East to the Riverside-San Bernardino county line.				
San Bernardino County (part)—that portion of San Bernardino County which lies south and west of a line de- scribed as follows:	Nonattainment	Serious
1. Beginning at the San Bernardino-Riverside County boundary and running north along the range line com- mon to Range 3 East and Range 2 East, San Bernardino Base and Meridian;				
2. Then west along the Township line common to Town- ship 3 North and Township 2 North to the San Bernardino-Los Angeles County boundary.				
* * *	*	*	*	*
Southeast Desert Air Basin				
* * *	*	*	*	*
Riverside County (part) Portion excluding Los Angeles- South Coast Air Basin.	Unclassifiable/Attain- ment.		
* * *	*	*	*	*

¹ This date is November 15, 1990, unless otherwise noted.

CALIFORNIA—OZONE (1-HOUR STANDARD)

Designated area	Designation		Classification	
	Date ¹	Type	Date ¹	Type
Los Angeles—South and Coast Air Basin Area				
Riverside County (part) that portion of Riverside County which lies to the west of a line described as follows:				
1. Beginning at the Riverside-San Diego County boundary and running north along the range line common to Range 4 East and Range 3 East, San Bernardino Base and Meridian;	11/15/90	Nonattainment	11/15/90	Extreme.
2. then east along the Township line common to Township 8 South and Township 7 South;				
3. then north along the range line common to Range 5 East and Range 4 East;				
4. then west along the Township line common to Township 6 South and Township 7 South to the southwest corner of Section 34, Township 6 South, Range 4 East;				
5. then north along the west boundaries of Sections 34, 27, 22, 15, 10, and 3, Township 6 South, Range 4 East;				
6. then west along the Township line common to Township 5 South and Township 6 South;				
7. then north along the range line common to Range 4 East and Range 3 East;				
8. then west along the south boundaries of Sections 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18, Township 5 South, Range 3 East;				
9. then north along the range line common to Range 2 East and Range 3 East to the Riverside-San Bernardino county line.				
Southeast Desert Modified AQMA Area:				
Riverside County	11/15/90	Nonattainment	11/15/90	Severe-17
Coachella Valley planning area—that portion of Riverside County which lies to the east of a line described as follows:				
1. Beginning at the Riverside-San Diego County boundary and running north along the range line common to Range 4 East and Range 3 East, San Bernardino Base and Meridian;				
2. then east along the Township line common to Township 8 South and Township 7 South;				
3. then north along the range line common to Range 5 East and Range 4 East;				
4. then west along the Township line common to Township 6 South and Township 7 South to the southwest corner of Section 34, Township 6 South, Range 4 East;				
5. then north along the west boundaries of Sections 34, 27, 22, 15, 10, and 3, Township 6 South, Range 4 East;				
6. then west along the Township line common to Township 5 South and Township 6 South;				
7. then north along the range line common to Range 4 East and Range 3 East;				
8. then west along the south boundaries of Sections 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18, Township 5 South, Range 3 East;				

CALIFORNIA—OZONE (1-HOUR STANDARD)—Continued

Designated area	Designation		Classification	
	Date ¹	Type	Date ¹	Type
9. then north along the range line common to Range 2 East and Range 3 East to the Riverside-San Bernardino County line and that portion of Riverside County which lies to the west of a line described as follows: That segment of the southwestern boundary line of Hydrologic Unit Number 18100100 within Riverside County, further described as follows:				
10. Beginning at the Riverside-Imperial County boundary and running north along the range line common to Range 17 East and Range 16 East, San Bernardino Base and Meridian;				
11. then northwest along the ridge line of the Chuckwalla Mountains, through Township 8 South, Range 16 East and Township 7 South, Range 16 East, until the Black Butte Mountain, elevation 4504 feet;				
12. then west and northwest along the ridge line to the southwest corner of Township 5 South, Range 14 East;				
13. then north along the range line common to Range 14 East and Range 13 East;				
14. then west and northwest along the ridge line to Monument Mountain, elevation 4834 feet;				
15. then southwest and then northwest along the ridge line of the Little San Bernardino Mountains to Quail Mountain, elevation 5814 feet;				
16. then northwest along the ridge line to the Riverside-San Bernardino County line				
*	*	*	*	*

¹ This date is November 15, 1990, unless otherwise noted.

* * * * *

CALIFORNIA—NO₂

Designated area	Does not meet primary standards	Cannot be classified or better than national standards
Riverside County (Coachella Valley planning area)		
* * * * *	* * * * *	*
Riverside County (portion not within South Coast Air Basin or Coachella Valley planning area).	X
* * * * *	* * * * *	*

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ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Parts 239 and 258

[FRL-7569-4]

Virginia: Approval of Financial Assurance Regulations for the Commonwealth's Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Permitting Program

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Immediate final rule.

SUMMARY: In **Federal Register** documents of February 3, 1993 and March 31, 1994, the Commonwealth of Virginia received Federal determinations of partial program adequacy for its Municipal Solid Waste Landfill permit program under section 4005 of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA). This section requires states to develop and implement permit programs that ensure that Municipal Solid Waste Landfills (MSWLF) which may receive hazardous household waste or small quantity generator waste are obligated to comply