

Rules and Regulations

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DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Parts 1, 25, and 97

[Docket No. FAA-2002-13982; Amendment Nos. 1-49, 25-208, 97-1333]

RIN 2120-AD40

1-g Stall Speed as the Basis for Compliance With Part 25 of the Federal Aviation Regulations; Correction

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Final rule, correction.

SUMMARY: In the November 26, 2002, issue of the **Federal Register**, the FAA published a final rule regarding 1-g stall speed as a basis for compliance with part 25 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (67 FR 70812). The final rule, as published, erroneously contained a former docket number. It contained an erroneous reference to a publication of a notice of proposed advisory circular revisions. It also contained a change to a part 25 section that was previously changed by an earlier amendment, and is therefore moot to this rulemaking. This document serves to correct these errors.

EFFECTIVE DATE: December 26, 2002.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Don Stimson, telephone (425) 227-1129.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Background

These amendments are based on notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) Notice No. 95-17, which was published in the **Federal Register** on January 18, 1996 (61 FR 1260), FAA Docket No. 28404. The final rule, published November 26, 2002 at 67 FR 70812, should have been given a new docket number, based on the fact that the FAA now uses the Department of Transportation's Docket Management

System (DMS) instead of the former FAA Docket System. The FAA transitioned to a new DMS maintained by the Department of Transportation during the course of this final rulemaking. At earlier stages of the rulemaking, the FAA Docket Number was 28404. Under the new DMS, the docket number is FAA-2002-13982. The final rule, as published, erroneously used the old, FAA docket number instead of the new DMS docket number.

The final rule docket erroneously made a reference to the publication (on November 12, 2002) of a notice of proposed advisory revisions. The advisory circular revisions have not yet been published and the document should have read that a notice of proposed advisory circular revisions will be published in the **Federal Register** shortly after publication of this final rule.

The final rule document contained a change to § 25.735, Brakes and braking systems, which was previously changed with Amendment 25-107. Therefore, the change made in this final rule document was unnecessary, and the appropriate text is reinstated.

Correction to Preamble of Final Rule

Document Number 02-29667, Amendment Nos. 1-49, 25-108, 97-133, published in the **Federal Register** on November 26, 2002 (67 FR 70812), is corrected as follows:

1. On page 70812, in the first column, fourth line, change "Docket No. 28404" to read "Docket No. FAA-2002-13982."

2. On page 78017, in the second column, fourth line, revise the last sentence of the paragraph to read: "A notice of proposed advisory circular revisions will be published in the **Federal Register** shortly after publication of this final rule."

Correcting Amendment to 14 CFR Part 25

PART 25—AIRWORTHINESS STANDARDS: TRANSPORT CATEGORY AIRPLANES

1. The authority citation for part 25 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701, 44702 and 44704.

2. Section 25.735 is corrected by revising paragraphs (f)(2) and (g) to read as follows:

Federal Register

Vol. 68, No. 10

Wednesday, January 15, 2003

§ 25.735 Brakes and braking systems.

* * * * *

(f) *

(2) Maximum kinetic energy accelerate-stop. The maximum kinetic energy accelerate-stop is a rejected takeoff for the most critical combination of airplane takeoff weight and speed. The accelerate-stop brake kinetic energy absorption requirement of each wheel, brake, and tire assembly must be determined. It must be substantiated by dynamometer testing that the wheel, brake, and tire assembly is capable of absorbing not less than this level of kinetic energy throughout the defined wear range of the brake. The energy absorption rate derived from the airplane manufacturer's braking requirements must be achieved. The mean deceleration must not be less than 6 fps $\backslash 2 \backslash$.

* * * * *

(g) Brake condition after high kinetic energy dynamometer stop(s). Following the high kinetic energy stop demonstration(s) required by paragraph (f) of this section, with the parking brake promptly and fully applied for at least 3 minutes, it must be demonstrated that for at least 5 minutes from application of the parking brake, no condition occurs (or has occurred during the stop), including fire associated with the tire or wheel and brake assembly, that could prejudice the safe and complete evacuation of the airplane.

* * * * *

Issued in Washington, DC, on January 6, 2002.

Donald P. Byrne,

Assistant Chief Counsel for Regulations.

[FR Doc. 03-656 Filed 1-14-03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-M

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 2002-SW-14-AD; Amendment 39-13015; AD 2003-01-04]

RIN 2120-AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Bell Helicopter Textron, Inc. Model 204B, 205A, 205A-1, 205B and 212 Helicopters

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

ACTION: Final rule; request for comments.

SUMMARY: This amendment adopts a new airworthiness directive (AD) for the specified Bell Helicopter Textron Inc. (BHTI) model helicopters. This action requires conducting various inspections associated with the main rotor grip (grip). If a crack is found, this AD requires replacing the grip before further flight. If delamination of the buffer pad on the grip tang inner surface is found, this AD requires inspecting the grip surface for corrosion or other damage and repairing or replacing the grip if corrosion or other damage is found. This AD also requires determining and recording the hours time-in-service (TIS) and the engine start/stop cycles for each grip on a component history card or equivalent record. Also, this action requires reporting certain inspection results and information to the FAA. This amendment is prompted by the discovery of 13 grips that cracked in the lower tang, three of which cracked in flight. The actions specified by this AD are intended to prevent failure of a grip, separation of a main rotor blade, and subsequent loss of control of the helicopter.

DATES: Effective January 30, 2003.

The incorporation by reference of certain publications listed in the regulations is approved by the Director of the Federal Register as of January 30, 2003.

Comments for inclusion in the Rules Docket must be received on or before March 17, 2003.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments in triplicate to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Office of the Regional Counsel, Southwest Region, Attention: Rules Docket No. 2002-SW-14-AD, 2601 Meacham Blvd., Room 663, Fort Worth, Texas 76137. You may also send comments electronically to the Rules Docket at the following address: 9-asw-adcomments@faa.gov.

The service information referenced in this AD may be obtained from Bell Helicopter Textron, Inc., P.O. Box 482, Fort Worth, Texas 76101, telephone (817) 280-3391, fax (817) 280-6466. This information may be examined at the FAA, Office of the Regional Counsel, Southwest Region, 2601 Meacham Blvd., Room 663, Fort Worth, Texas; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Michael Kohner, Aviation Safety Engineer, FAA, Rotorcraft Directorate, Rotorcraft Certification Office, Fort

Worth, Texas 76193-0170, telephone (817) 222-5447, fax (817) 222-5783.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This amendment adopts a new AD for the specified BHTI model helicopters. This AD is prompted by 3 in-flight grip failures and 2 recent incidents of cracked grips discovered during a 1200-hour inspection and on a scheduled 2400-hour overhaul, which brings the total to 13 grips that have cracked in the lower tang. The two recent cracks originated in the lower tang blade bolt bore. No anomalies or damage to the blade, blade bolt bore, or buffer pad tang surface was found. Cracking for all of the grips has been attributed to mechanical damage from improper blade bolt bushing installation, improper rework of the buffer pad tang surface, or subsurface fatigue damage. All of the fatigue cracks have occurred on grips, part number (P/N) 204-011-121-009 and -121, installed on BHTI Model 212 helicopters; P/N 204-011-121-005, -009, and -113 are also very similar in design. Based on the failures that have occurred on grips, P/N 204-011-121-009 and -121, the manufacturer performed a fatigue analysis on grip, P/N 204-011-121-117, and discovered that the assigned life limit was inaccurate.

Hence, the FAA has determined that the other similarly-designed grips that are subjected to the same forces and loads as well as those grips adversely impacted by the inaccurate life limit may be susceptible to the same fatigue cracking as occurred on the Model 212 helicopter. Therefore, in addition to the repetitive ultrasonic (UT) inspection required for the Model 212 helicopter, the UT inspection also needs to be performed on the Model 204B, 205A, and 205A-1 helicopters with grip, P/N 204-011-121-117, installed. Additionally, when the service life for grips, P/N 201-011-121-005, -113, and -117, was established, we did not anticipate that these grips would be installed on the Model 205B helicopters, which has a higher power rating that is equivalent to the power rating of the twin-engine Model 212 helicopter. Operations at the higher power rating cause additional fatigue stresses on those grips installed on the Model 205B helicopter. Further, Supplemental Type Certificate (STC) SH5132NM, in part, allows the installation of grips, P/N 204-011-121-009 and -121, on the Model 205A-1 helicopter. This STC also allows the installation of additional dynamic components, including heavier main rotor blades, which add greater fatigue stresses to the P/N 204-011-121-009 and -121 grips. The actions

specified in this AD are intended to prevent failure of a grip, separation of a main rotor blade, and subsequent loss of control of the helicopter.

The FAA has reviewed the following BHTI service information:

- Operations Safety Notices 204-85-6, 205-85-9, and 212-85-13 all dated November 14, 1985.
- Alert Service Bulletin (ASB) 212-94-92, Revision A, dated March 13, 1995, which describes procedures for inspection and overhaul requirements of certain grips.
- ASB's 212-02-116, Revision A, dated October 30, 2002, and 205B-02-39, Revision B, dated November 22, 2002, which specify a UT inspection of certain grips; and the attached Nondestructive Inspection Procedure, Log No. 00-340, Revision E, dated April 9, 2002.

A crack in a grip creates a critical unsafe condition. This unsafe condition is likely to exist or develop on other helicopters of these same type designs. Therefore, this AD is being issued to prevent failure of a grip, separation of a main rotor blade, and subsequent loss of control of the helicopter. This AD requires the following actions:

- Within 10 hours TIS, determining and recording the hours TIS and the engine start/stop cycles for each grip on a component history card or equivalent record. On the single-engine model helicopters, one "engine start/stop cycle" occurs when the engine is started. On the Model 212 helicopter, one "engine start/stop cycle" occurs when either one or both engines are started. The intent is to add one "engine start/stop cycle" each time helicopter power starts the main rotor system turning.
- Within 10 hours TIS and thereafter at intervals not to exceed 25 hours TIS, visually inspecting the exposed surfaces of the upper and lower tangs of each grip for a crack, using a 10-power or higher magnifying glass.
- Initially and at specified intervals depending on the hours TIS or the engine start/stop cycles, whichever occurs first, conducting initial and repetitive UT inspections for the grips in accordance with the Nondestructive Inspection Procedure, Log No. 00-340, Revision E, dated April 9, 2002.
- At intervals not to exceed 1200 hours or 24 months, whichever occurs first, inspecting each buffer pad on the tang inner surfaces for delamination and removing the buffer pad and inspecting the grip surface for corrosion and other damage if delamination is found.
- Within 2400 hours TIS or at the next overhaul of the main rotor hub, whichever occurs first, and thereafter at

intervals not to exceed 2400 hours TIS, inspecting the surface of each grip for corrosion or other damage and conducting a fluorescent-penetrant inspection of the grip for a crack.

- Before further flight, replacing any grip with a crack, corrosion, or damage with an airworthy grip or repairing a grip with damage or corrosion if the damage or corrosion is within certain limits.

- Reporting certain inspection results and information to the FAA in accordance with Appendix 1 of this AD.

These AD actions are intended to be interim actions. The FAA is collecting data for further analysis to assist in determining appropriate terminating action.

The UT inspection of the grip must be performed by a UT Level I Special, Level II, or Level III inspector, qualified under the guidelines established by MIL-STD-410E, ATA Specification 105, AIA-NAS-410, or an FAA-accepted equivalent for qualification standards of Nondestructive Testing inspection/evaluation personnel. Recurrent training and examinations are part of the qualification requirements.

The short compliance time involved is required because the previously described critical unsafe condition of cracking in the grips can adversely affect the controllability and structural integrity of the helicopter. Therefore, this AD requires, before 10 hours TIS, visually inspecting the exposed surfaces of each grip for a crack and, before further flight, replacing or repairing the grip, and this AD must be issued immediately.

Since a situation exists that requires the immediate adoption of this regulation, it is found that notice and opportunity for prior public comment hereon are impracticable, and that good cause exists for making this amendment effective in less than 30 days.

The FAA estimates that this AD will affect 110 helicopters and that it will take approximately 7 work hours to create and maintain the records, 6.25 work hours to conduct the inspections, and 10 work hours to replace the grip, at an average labor rate of \$60 per work hour. Required parts will cost

approximately \$18,390 per grip replaced. Based on these figures, the total cost impact of the AD on U.S. operators is estimated to be \$315,330, assuming replacement of a total of 12 grips.

Comments Invited

Although this action is in the form of a final rule that involves requirements affecting flight safety and, thus, was not preceded by notice and an opportunity for public comment, comments are invited on this rule. Interested persons are invited to comment on this rule by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications should identify the Rules Docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address specified under the caption **ADDRESSES**. All communications received on or before the closing date for comments will be considered, and this rule may be amended in light of the comments received. Factual information that supports the commenter's ideas and suggestions is extremely helpful in evaluating the effectiveness of the AD action and determining whether additional rulemaking action would be needed.

Comments are specifically invited on the overall regulatory, economic, environmental, and energy aspects of the rule that might suggest a need to modify the rule. All comments submitted will be available in the Rules Docket for examination by interested persons. A report that summarizes each FAA-public contact concerned with the substance of this AD will be filed in the Rules Docket.

Commenters wishing the FAA to acknowledge receipt of their mailed comments submitted in response to this rule must submit a self-addressed, stamped postcard on which the following statement is made: "Comments to Docket No. 2002-SW-14-AD." The postcard will be date stamped and returned to the commenter.

The regulations adopted herein will not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national Government and the States,

or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, it is determined that this final rule does not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132.

The FAA has determined that this regulation is an emergency regulation that must be issued immediately to correct an unsafe condition in aircraft, and that it is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866. It has been determined further that this action involves an emergency regulation under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979). If it is determined that this emergency regulation otherwise would be significant under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures, a final regulatory evaluation will be prepared and placed in the Rules Docket. A copy of it, if filed, may be obtained from the Rules Docket at the location provided under the caption **ADDRESSES**.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, pursuant to the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration amends 14 CFR part 39 as follows:

PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

§ 39.13 [Amended]

2. Section 39.13 is amended by adding a new airworthiness directive to read as follows:

2003-01-04 Bell Helicopter Textron, Inc.:
Amendment 39-13015. Docket No. 2002-SW-14-AD.

Applicability: The following model helicopters with the listed part number (P/N) installed, certificated in any category:

Model	With main rotor grip (Grip) P/N
(1) 205B	204-011-121-005, -009, -113, -117, or -121.
(2) 212	204-011-121-009 or -121.
(3) 204B	204-011-121-005 if the grip was ever installed on a Model 205B helicopter.
(4) 205A and 205A-1	204-011-121-005 or -113 if the grip was ever installed on a Model 205B helicopter.
(5) 204B, 205A, and 205A-1	204-011-121-117.
(6) 205A-1	204-011-121-009 or -121 modified in accordance with Supplemental Type Certificate (STC) SH5132NM.

Note 1: This AD applies to each helicopter identified in the preceding applicability provision, regardless of whether it has been otherwise modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For helicopters that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (h) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and if the unsafe condition has not been eliminated, the request should include specific proposed actions to address it.

Compliance: Required as indicated, unless accomplished previously.

To prevent failure of a grip, separation of a main rotor blade, and subsequent loss of control of the helicopter, accomplish the following:

(a) Within 10 hours time-in-service (TIS), create a component history card or equivalent record and determine and record the total hours TIS for each grip. If the total hours TIS cannot be determined from the helicopter records, assume and record 900 hours TIS for each year the grip has been installed on any helicopter. Continue to count and record the hours TIS and begin to count and record the number of times the

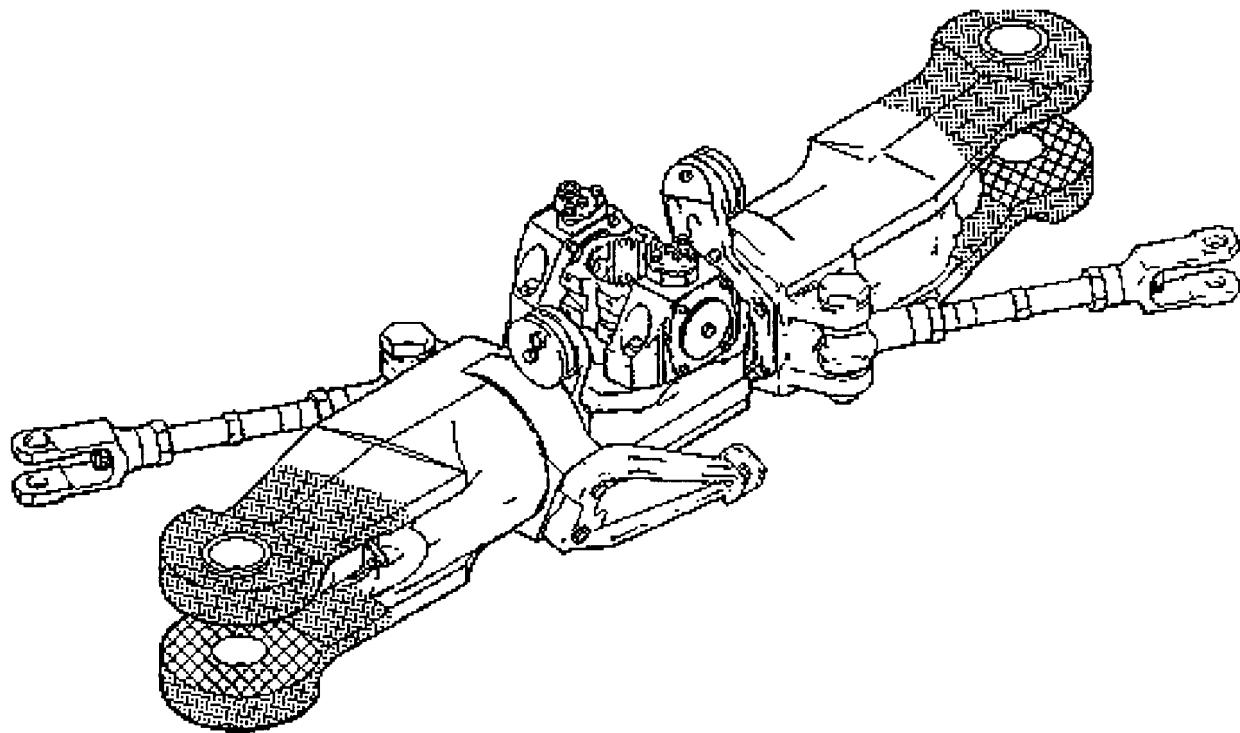
helicopter engine(s) are started (engine start/stop cycles).

(b) Within 10 hours TIS, and thereafter at intervals not to exceed 25 hours TIS, without removing the main rotor blades:

(1) Clean the exposed surfaces of the upper and lower tangs of each grip with denatured alcohol. Wipe dry.

(2) Using a 10-power or higher magnifying glass, visually inspect the exposed surfaces of the upper and lower tangs of each grip for a crack. Pay particular attention to the lower surface of each lower grip tang from the main rotor blade bolt-bushing flange to the leading and trailing edge of each grip tang. See Figure 1 as follows:

BILLING CODE 4910-13-P



■ INSPECT BUFFER PAD
FOR DELAMINATION (IF
INSTALLED)

■ AREA TO BE INSPECTED
UPPER AND LOWER
TANGS ALL EXPOSED
SURFACES

Figure 1. Inspection of Main Rotor Hub Grip Tangs

(c) Ultrasonic (UT) inspect each grip shown in the following table of this AD

in accordance with the Bell Helicopter Textron, Inc. (BHTI) Nondestructive

Inspection Procedure, Log No. 00-340, Revision E, dated April 9, 2002.

TABLE 1

UT Inspect Grip P/N	Within 30 days, for a Grip with the following or more hours TIS	Thereafter, at intervals not to exceed the following hours TIS or the engine start/stop cycles, whichever occurs first	
		Hours TIS	Engine start/stop cycles
(1) 204-011-121-009	4000	400	1600
(2) 204-011-121-121	500	150	600
(3) 204-011-121-005, or -113 if the grip was EVER installed on a Model 205B helicopter	4000	400	1600
(4) 204-011-121-117 if the grip was NEVER installed on a Model 205B helicopter	4000	150	600
(5) 204-011-121-117 if the grip was EVER installed on a Model 205B helicopter	500	150	600
(6) 204-011-121-009 if the grip is installed on a Model 205A-1 helicopter modified in accordance with STC SH5132NM	4000	400	1600
(7) 204-011-121-121 if the grip is installed on a Model 205A-1 helicopter modified in accordance with STC SH5132NM	500	150	600

The UT inspection of the grip must be performed by a Non-Destructive Testing (NDT) UT Level I Special, Level II, or Level III inspector who is qualified under the guidelines established by MIL-STD-410E, ATA Specification 105, AIA-NAS-410, or an FAA-accepted equivalent for qualification standards of NDT Inspection/Evaluation Personnel.

Note 2: You can find the Nondestructive Inspection Procedure attached to BHTI Alert Service Bulletin (ASB) 205B-02-39, Revision B, dated November 22, 2002, or BHTI ASB 212-02-116, Revision A, dated October 30, 2002.

(d) At intervals not to exceed 1200 hours TIS or 24 months, whichever occurs first:

(1) Remove each main rotor blade, and

(2) Inspect each grip buffer pad on the inner surfaces of each grip tang for delamination (see Figure 1 of this AD). If there is any delamination, remove the buffer pad and inspect the grip surface for corrosion or other damage.

Note 3: This inspection interval coincides with the main rotor tension-torsion strap replacement times.

(e) Within 2400 hours TIS or at the next overhaul of the main rotor hub, whichever occurs first, and thereafter at intervals not to exceed 2400 hours TIS:

(1) Remove each main rotor blade.

(2) Remove each grip buffer pad (if installed) from the inner surfaces of each grip tang.

(3) Inspect the grip surfaces for corrosion or other damage.

(4) Fluorescent-penetrant inspect (FPI) the grip for a crack, paying particular attention to the upper and lower grip tangs. When inspecting grips, P/N 204-011-121-005, -09, and -113,

pay particular attention to the leading and trailing edges of the grip barrel.

Note 4: FPI procedures are contained in BHTI's Standard Practices Manual, BHT-ALL-SPM.

(f) Before further flight:

(1) Replace with an airworthy grip any grip with a crack.

(2) Replace with an airworthy grip or repair, if within maximum repair damage limits, any grip with any corrosion or other damage.

Note 5: The maximum repair damage limitations are found in the applicable Component and Repair Overhaul Manual.

Note 6: BHTI Operations Safety Notice 204-85-6, 205-85-9 and 212-85-13, all dated November 14, 1985, and BHTI ASB 212-94-92, Revision A, dated March 13, 1995, also pertain to the subject of this AD.

(g) Within 24 hours for any grip found with a crack and within 7 days for any grip inspected per paragraph (e) of this AD, report to the FAA Rotorcraft Certification Office the information requested in Appendix 1 to this AD. The information collection requirements of this AD have been approved by the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) under the provisions of the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1980 (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*) and have been assigned OMB Control Number 2120-0056.

(h) An alternative method of compliance or adjustment of the compliance time that provides an acceptable level of safety may be used if approved by the Manager, Rotorcraft Certification Office, Rotorcraft Directorate, FAA. Operators shall submit their requests through an FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector, who may concur or comment and then send

it to the Manager, Rotorcraft Certification Office.

Note 7: Information concerning the existence of approved alternative methods of compliance with this AD, if any, may be obtained from the Rotorcraft Certification Office.

(i) Special flight permits may be issued in accordance with 14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199 to operate the helicopter to a location where the requirements of this AD can be accomplished.

(j) The inspections shall be done in accordance with the Bell Helicopter Textron Nondestructive Inspection Procedures of Log No. 00-340, Rev. E, dated April 9, 2002. This incorporation by reference was approved by the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51. Copies may be obtained from Bell Helicopter Textron, Inc., P.O. Box 482, Fort Worth, Texas 76101, telephone (817) 280-3391, fax (817) 280-6466. Copies may be inspected at the FAA, Office of the Regional Counsel, Southwest Region, 2601 Meacham Blvd., Room 663, Fort Worth, Texas; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

(k) This amendment becomes effective on January 30, 2003.

Appendix 1 to AD 2003-01-04

AD Compliance Inspection Report (Sample Format)

Provide the following information and mail or fax it to: Manager, Rotorcraft Certification Office, Federal Aviation Administration, Fort Worth, Texas, 76193-0170, USA, Fax: 817-222-5783.

Aircraft Registration No:
Helicopter Model:
Helicopter Serial Number:

Owner and Operator of the Helicopter:
 Contact Phone Number:
 Grip Part Number:
 Grip Serial Number:
 Grip Total Hours Time-in-Service (TIS) at
 Inspection:
 Grip Hours TIS since Overhaul:
 Grip Start/Stop Cycles and Associated Hours
 TIS since Last Reported:

Description of Findings

Who performed the inspection?
 Date and location the inspection was performed:
 Crack Found (Y/N)? If yes, describe the crack size, location, orientation (provide a sketch or pictures with the grip part and serial numbers).
 Which inspection was being performed when the crack was discovered?
 Has the grip ever been installed on another model helicopter? If so, provide the models and associated hours.
 Provide any other comments.

Issued in Fort Worth, Texas, on December 31, 2002.

David A. Downey,
Manager, Rotorcraft Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 03-328 Filed 1-14-03; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4910-13-P

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. 2002-NE-34-AD; Amendment 39-13017; AD 2003-02-01]

RIN 2120-AA64

Airworthiness Directives: Honeywell International, Inc., (formerly AlliedSignal, Inc. and Textron Lycoming) ALF502L-2, ALF502L-2C, ALF502R-3 and ALF502R-3A Series Turbofan Engines

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

ACTION: Final rule; request for comments.

SUMMARY: This amendment adopts a new airworthiness directive (AD) that is applicable to Honeywell International, Inc., (formerly AlliedSignal, Inc. and Textron Lycoming) ALF502L-2, ALF502L-2C, ALF502R-3 and ALF502R-3A series turbofan engines. This action requires inspection of the flow divider primary, secondary, and drain tube assemblies for security and proper clamping. This amendment is prompted by a fire in the engine nacelle of an ALF502L-2C powered airplane caused by fracture of the flow divider left primary fuel tube, due to high-cycle fatigue resulting from a missing support clamp. The actions specified in this AD

are intended to prevent fire in the engine nacelle, in-flight shutdown, and possible damage to the engine.

DATES: Effective January 30, 2003. The incorporation by reference of certain publications listed in the rule is approved by the Director of the Federal Register as of January 30, 2003.

Comments for inclusion in the Rules Docket must be received on or before March 17, 2003.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments in triplicate to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), New England Region, Office of the Regional Counsel, Attention: Rules Docket No. 2002-NE-34-AD, 12 New England Executive Park, Burlington, MA 01803-5299. Comments may be inspected at this location, by appointment, between 8:00 a.m. and 4:30 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. Comments may also be sent via the Internet using the following address: "9-ane-adcomment@faa.gov". Comments sent via the Internet must contain the docket number in the subject line.

The service information referenced in this AD may be obtained from Honeywell International, Inc. (formerly AlliedSignal, Inc. and Textron Lycoming), Attn: Data Distribution, M/S 64-3/2101-201, PO Box 29003, Phoenix, AZ 85038-9003, telephone: (602) 365-2493; fax: (602) 365-5577. This information may be examined, by appointment, at the FAA, New England Region, Office of the Regional Counsel, 12 New England Executive Park, Burlington, MA; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW., suite 700, Washington, DC.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Robert Baitoo, Aerospace Engineer, Los Angeles Aircraft Certification Office (LAACO), FAA, Transport Airplane Directorate, 3960 Paramount Blvd., Lakewood, CA 90712-4137; telephone (562) 627-5245; fax (562) 627-5210.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The FAA has been informed that a Bombardier CL-600 airplane powered by ALF502L-2C engines had a fire in the nacelle of the number one engine, resulting from fracturing of the flow divider left primary fuel tube. The fracture was due to high-cycle fatigue caused by a missing support clamp. This action mandates inspection of the flow divider primary, secondary, and drain tube assemblies for security and proper clamping. The actions specified in this AD are intended to prevent fire in the engine nacelle. This condition, if not corrected, could result in an in-flight shutdown and possible damage to the engine.

Manufacturer's Service Information

The FAA has reviewed and approved the technical contents of Honeywell Alert Service Bulletin (ASB) ALF/LF A73-1013, dated October 18, 2002, that describes procedures for inspection of the flow divider primary, secondary, and drain tube assemblies for security and proper clamping.

Differences Between This AD and the Manufacturer's Service Information

Although Honeywell ASB ALF/LF A73-1013 requires compliance within 75 hours after receipt of the service bulletin, this AD requires compliance within 100 flight hours after the effective date of this AD, allowing operators more time to schedule and perform inspections.

FAA's Determination of an Unsafe Condition and Required Actions

Since an unsafe condition has been identified that is likely to exist or develop on other Honeywell International, Inc., (formerly AlliedSignal, Inc. and Textron Lycoming) ALF502L-2, ALF502L-2C, ALF502R-3 and ALF502R-3A series turbofan engines, this AD is being issued to prevent fire in the engine nacelle, in-flight-shutdown, and possible damage to the engine. This AD requires inspection of the flow divider primary, secondary and drain tube assemblies for security and proper clamping. The actions are required to be done in accordance with the service bulletin described previously.

Immediate Adoption of This AD

Since a situation exists that requires the immediate adoption of this regulation, it is found that notice and opportunity for prior public comment hereon are impracticable, and that good cause exists for making this amendment effective in less than 30 days.

Comments Invited

Although this action is in the form of a final rule that involves requirements affecting flight safety and, thus, was not preceded by notice and an opportunity for public comment, comments are invited on this rule. Interested persons are invited to comment on this rule by submitting such written data, views, or arguments as they may desire. Communications should identify the Rules Docket number and be submitted in triplicate to the address specified under the caption **ADDRESSES**. All communications received on or before the closing date for comments will be considered, and this rule may be amended in light of the comments received. Factual information that