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FEDERAL REGISTER

OF THE UNITED STATES 1934

VOLUME 18 NUMBER 4

Washington, Wednesday, January 7, 1953

TITLE 5—ADMINISTRATIVE PERSONNEL

Chapter III—Foreign and Territorial Compensation

Subchapter B—The Secretary of State

[Dept. Reg. 108.175]

PART 325—ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION IN FOREIGN AREAS

DESIGNATION OF DIFFERENTIAL POSTS

Section 325.11 *Designation of differential posts*, is amended as follows, effective on the dates indicated:

1. Effective as of the beginning of the first pay period following January 3, 1953, paragraph (a) is amended by the deletion of the following posts:

Eleuthera Island, Bahamas.
Grand Bahama Island, Bahamas.
Grand Turk Island, Bahamas.
Mayaguana Island, Bahamas.
San Salvador, Bahamas.

2. Effective as of the beginning of the first pay period following January 3, 1953, paragraph (b) is amended by the deletion of the following posts:

Cuzco, Peru.
Iran, all posts except Meshed, Shiraz and Tabriz.
Philippines, all posts except Angeles, Baguio City, Davao, Laoag, Legaspi, Manila, Subic Bay, and Tuguegarao.

3. Effective as of the beginning of the first pay period following January 3, 1953, paragraph (d) is amended by the deletion of the following post:

Shiraz, Iran.

4. Effective as of the beginning of the first pay period following January 3, 1953, paragraph (a) is amended by the addition of the following posts:

Babolsar, Iran.
Cuzco, Peru.
Eleuthera Island, British West Indies.
Grand Bahama Island, British West Indies.
Grand Turk Island, British West Indies.
Mayaguana Island, British West Indies.
Kerman, Iran.
Kermanshah, Iran.
San Salvador Island, British West Indies.

5. Effective as of the beginning of the first pay period following February 16, 1952, paragraph (b) is amended by the addition of the following post:

David, Panama.

6. Effective as of the beginning of the first pay period following August 2, 1952, paragraph (b) is amended by the addition of the following post:

Darwin, Australia.

7. Effective as of the beginning of the first pay period following January 3, 1953, paragraph (b) is amended by the addition of the following posts:

Iran, all posts except Babolsar, Kerman, Kermanshah, Meshed and Tabriz.
Philippines, all posts except Angeles, Baguio City, Cavite (including Sangley Point), Davao, Laoag, Legaspi, Manila, Subic Bay and Tuguegarao.

8. Effective as of the beginning of the first pay period following January 3, 1953, paragraph (c) is amended by the addition of the following post:

Cavite (including Sangley Point), Philippines.

9. Effective as of the beginning of the first pay period following September 13, 1952, paragraph (d) is amended by the addition of the following post:

Rabat-Sale Air Field, Morocco.

10. Effective as of the beginning of the first pay period following November 8, 1952, paragraph (d) is amended by the addition of the following posts:

Croix Chapeau, France.
Poitiers, France.
Trois Fontaines, France.

For the Secretary of State.

CARLISLE H. HUMELSINE,
Deputy Under Secretary.

DECEMBER 29, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 53-120; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:53 a. m.]

TITLE 6—AGRICULTURAL CREDIT

Chapter III—Farmers Home Administration, Department of Agriculture

Subchapter F—Miscellaneous Regulations

[FHA Instruction 445.1]

PART 381—DISASTER LOAN PROGRAM

CHANGE IN LOAN APPROVAL LIMITATIONS

Section 381.10 (a), Title 6, Code of Federal Regulations (16 F. R. 3971), is revised to increase the loan approval authority of State Field Representatives

(Continued on p. 127)

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FEDERAL REGISTER

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CODIFICATION GUIDE

A numerical list of the parts of the Code of Federal Regulations affected by documents published in this issue. Proposed rules, as opposed to final actions, are identified as such.

and County Supervisors, and to read as follows:

§ 381.10 *Loan approval authority.* (a) Subject to the policies and procedures contained in §§ 381.2 to 381.9, State Directors are authorized to approve disaster loans in amounts which will not cause the outstanding principal balance on such loans to exceed $12,000 for any one borrower. State Directors may redelegate to State Field Representatives and County Supervisors authority to approve Disaster loans subject to the following limitations:

(1) State Field Representatives may be authorized to approve Disaster loans in amounts which will not cause the outstanding principal balance on such loans to exceed $7,000 for any one borrower.

(2) County Supervisors may be authorized to approve Disaster loans in amounts which will not cause the outstanding principal balance on such loans to exceed $5,000 for any one borrower.

(R. S. 161; 5 U. S. C. 22. Interprets or applies sec. 2, 63 Stat. 44; 12 U. S. C. 1148a-2)

[SEAL] DILLARD B. LASSETER,
Administrator,
Farmers Home Administration.

DECEMBER 22, 1952.

Approved: December 31, 1952.

CHARLES F. BRANNAN,
Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 53-104; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:49 a. m.]

TITLE 14—CIVIL AVIATION

Chapter I—Civil Aeronautics Board

Subchapter B—Economic Regulations

[Regs., Serial No. ER-183]

PART 242—FILING OF REPORTS BY LARGE IRREGULAR CARRIERS, IRREGULAR TRANSPORT CARRIERS, AIR TAXI OPERATORS AND NONCERTIFICATED CARGO CARRIERS

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

Adopted by the Civil Aeronautics Board at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 31st day of December 1952.

Pursuant to the provisions of section 205 (a) and section 407 of the Civil Aeronautics Act of 1938, this amendment to Part 242 of the Economic Regulations (14 CFR Part 242) is being adopted for the purpose of establishing standard reporting forms for the large irregular carriers, irregular transport carriers, and noncertificated cargo carriers. The objectives are to improve uniformity of reported information and to provide the Board with more adequate information.

Notice of these proposed changes was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on September 4, 1952, in Draft Release No. 56.

The reporting forms contain quarterly statements of the type presently required, namely, balance sheet, profit and loss statement, statement of airplanes owned and rented, personnel and transportation data and a flight report. The reporting requirements include in addition (1) a separation of flight and traffic statistics between domestic and international operations, (2) a report of traffic flow, (3) when applicable, a supplemental statement of revenues and flight and traffic statistics in defense contract operations, (4) an annual statement on general officers, directors and stockholders, and (5) an annual statement of corporate securities data and investments in other companies.

Schedule F of the new form (Flight Report—Large Irregular Carriers and Irregular Transport Carriers) does not apply to noncertificated cargo carriers. Such carriers will continue to submit flight reports in accordance with the provisions of § 242.6, which remain unchanged.

These forms discontinue the existing requirement that a separation be made in transportation statistics to distinguish between those operations which are, and those operations which are not, performed under the Letter of Registration. However, the present requirement that carriers indicate in the flight report those flights which, in their opinion, were not in common carriage is left unchanged.

It will be noted that this rule does not affect in any way the reporting requirements for air taxi operators. It should be further noted that this rule will apply to the so-called "irregular transport carriers," which are air carriers so named in the Board orders granting them economic operating authorization by individual exemption to engage in limited irregular operations. These carriers are all former members of the large irregular carrier class. These reporting requirements are designed to apply to any other air carrier designated as an "irregular transport carrier" pursuant to a Board order in the future.

Interested persons have been afforded an opportunity to participate in the making of this rule and due consideration has been given to all relevant matters submitted and arguments presented.

In consideration of the foregoing, the Board hereby amends Part 242 of the Economic Regulations as follows, effective February 5, 1953:

1. By amending the title of the part to read as follows: "Part 242—Filing of Reports by Large Irregular Carriers, Irregular Transport Carriers, Air Taxi Operators, and Noncertificated Cargo Carriers"

2. By amending § 242.2 to read as follows:

§ 242.2 *Statistical and flight reports required.* Statistical reports, in accordance with the provisions of § 242.3, shall be filed with the Board with respect to operations of aircraft having more than 5 passenger seats by each air taxi operator owning or having the right to operate for compensation or hire any such aircraft. Each large irregular carrier, irregular transport carrier and noncertificated cargo carrier shall file statistical reports in accordance with § 242.4. Flight reports shall be filed with the Board by each large irregular carrier or irregular transport carrier in accordance with § 242.4 and by each noncertificated cargo carrier in accordance with § 242.6. Each such air taxi operator, large irregular carrier, irregular transport carrier and noncertificated cargo carrier shall keep all accounts, records, and memorandums (including accounts, rec-

ords and memorandums of the movement of traffic as well as of the receipts and expenditures of money), which are needed in order to accomplish full compliance with the reporting requirements of this part. Such accounts, records, and memorandums as relate to statistical reports shall be preserved for 3 years, and such as relate to flight reports shall be preserved for 1 year. The reports to be filed by such carriers shall be prepared in accordance with the following provisions and shall be certified to be correct by a responsible officer of the reporting carriers.

3. By amending § 242.4 to read as follows:

§ 242.4 *Statistical reports by large irregular carriers, irregular transport carriers and noncertificated cargo carriers, and flight reports by large irregular carriers and irregular transport carriers.* For the calendar quarter ending March 31, 1953, and all succeeding quarters with respect to all reports required to be filed quarterly, and for the calendar year 1952 and all succeeding calendar years with respect to all reports required to be filed annually, each large irregular carrier, irregular transport carrier and noncertificated cargo carrier shall file with the Board the prescribed number of copies of completed CAB Form 242,[1] entitled "Report of Financial and Operating Statistics for Large Irregular Carriers, Irregular Transport Carriers, and Noncertificated Cargo Carriers" in accordance with the instructions accompanying such form: *Provided*, That noncertificated cargo carriers shall not be required to file Schedule F (Flight Report) but shall furnish data of this kind in accordance with the provisions of § 242.6.

4. By amending § 242.5 to read as follows:

§ 242.5 *Filing of copies of agreements, manifests, other flight data and publicity material.* (a) All large irregular carriers and irregular transport carriers shall file with the Board, contemporaneously with filing the flight reports under Schedule F of CAB Form 242 as required by § 242.4, one copy of each of the following:

(1) *Agreements and manifests.* All written agreements, memorandums of all oral agreements, and all passenger and cargo manifests covering flights in the following categories:

(i) Each flight on which persons, either revenue or nonrevenue (other than crew required by applicable Civil Air Regulations), were carried between a point in the United States (as defined by section 1 (32) of the Civil Aeronautics Act) and a point outside thereof.

(ii) Each flight which, in the opinion of the carrier, was not in common carriage.

(2) *Other flight data.* A tabulation of the following data for each flight of the categories designated under subparagraph (1) (i) and (ii) of this paragraph (unless the information is available from instruments filed pursuant to subparagraph (1) of this paragraph):

(i) Name and address of the person for whom the flight was operated.

(ii) Manner in which passengers and cargo transported on such flight were obtained (solicitation, advertising, circular, etc.).

(iii) Nature, terms, and conditions of the arrangements for such flight.

(iv) Obligations and responsibilities of the parties to the arrangement in connection with the transportation.

(v) Number of persons (other than crew required by applicable Civil Air Regulations) carried on each flight of the category designated by subparagraph (1) (i) of this paragraph.

(3) *Agreements with ticket agents.* True and complete copies of every agreement between a large irregular carrier or irregular transport carrier and any ticket agent, if it pertains to any of the following subjects:

(i) The furnishing of passengers or groups of passengers for transportation by air.

(ii) The making of arrangements for flights for the accommodation of passengers or groups of passengers.

(iii) The solicitation or generation of passenger traffic to be transported by the large irregular carrier or irregular transport carrier; or

(iv) The charter or lease of aircraft.

(4) *Publicity material on large irregular carrier and irregular transport carrier operations.* Each advertisement, circular, pamphlet, brochure, or other publicity material and each announcement or notice issued by a large irregular carrier or irregular transport carrier during the preceding 3-month period and pertaining to any of its air transportation services for passengers, and information with respect to each such item showing, if published in a newspaper, magazine or other advertising medium, the place and date or dates of issue, and the name of the publication, or, if distributed otherwise (such as through circulars, bulletins, pamphlets, or brochures), the dates, manner and extent of distribution.

(b) Data reported pursuant to paragraphs (a) (1) and (2) of this section shall be available for official use on behalf of the Civil Aeronautics Board, but shall otherwise be withheld from public disclosure except as disclosure may be necessary in carrying out responsibilities under section 412 of the act.

(Sec. 205, 52 Stat. 984; 49 U. S. C. 425. Interpret or apply sec. 407, 52 Stat. 1000; 49 U. S. C. 487)

NOTE: The record keeping and reporting requirements of this amendment have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

[SEAL] M. C. MULLIGAN,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-141; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:57 a. m.]

[1] CAB Form 242 is filed as part of the original document with the Federal Register Division but not published. Copies may be obtained from the Civil Aeronautics Board.

TITLE 17—COMMODITY AND SECURITIES EXCHANGES

Chapter II—Securities and Exchange Commission

PART 240—GENERAL RULES AND REGULATIONS UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

EXEMPTION OF CERTAIN WARRANTS

Section 240.12a–4 (Rule X–12A–4) provides an exemption from registration under section 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for certain short term warrants. The Commission has reviewed the operation of this rule and has determined that it should be amended as hereinbelow set forth.

The rule as heretofore in effect required as one of the conditions of the exemption, the filing with the Commission of a statement on Form AN–4 (17 CFR 249.235). The amendment eliminates this requirement and substitutes therefor a requirement that the exchange on which the warrants are to be traded shall notify the Commission when the warrants have been admitted to dealing. Form AN–4 is rescinded. The purpose of this change is to simplify the exemption procedure by eliminating the necessity of preparing and filing a statement on Form AN–4. It also relieves the Commission's staff of the work involved in processing such statements.

The amendment also deletes from the rule a requirement, applicable in certain cases, that the exchange's quotations of transactions in the warrants and members' confirmations to purchasers shall indicate that the security subject to the warrants is neither admitted nor in process of admission to dealing on any national securities exchange. It appears that this requirement is no longer necessary.

Statutory basis. This action is taken pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, particularly sections 12 (a) and 23 (a) thereof, the Commission deeming such action necessary and appropriate in the public interest and for the protection of investors and necessary to carry out the provisions of the act.

The following changes in the text of § 240.12a–4 *Exemption of certain warrants from section 12 (a)* are adopted:

1. The words "or in Form AN–4" are deleted from the introductory clause of paragraph (a).

2. Paragraphs (b) and (c) are revised to read as follows:

(b) Any issued or unissued warrant granted to the holders of a security admitted to dealing on a national securities exchange, shall be exempt from the operation of section 12 (a) of the act to the extent necessary to render lawful the effecting of transactions therein on any national securities exchange (i) on which the beneficiary security is admitted to dealing or (ii) on which the subject security is admitted to dealing or is in the process of admission to dealing, subject to the following terms and conditions:

(1) Such warrant by its terms expires within 90 days after the issuance thereof;

(2) A registration statement under the Securities Act of 1933 is in effect as to such warrant and as to each subject security, or the applicable terms of any exemption from such registration have been met in respect to such warrant and each subject security; and,

(3) Within five days after the exchange has taken official action to admit such warrant to dealing, it shall notify the Commission of such action.

(c) Notwithstanding paragraph (b) of this section, no exemption pursuant to this section shall be available for transactions in any such warrant on any exchange on which the beneficiary security is admitted to dealing unless:

(1) Each subject security is admitted to dealing or is in process of admission to dealing on a national securities exchange; or

(2) There is available from a registration statement and periodic reports or other data filed by the issuer of the subject security, pursuant to any act administered by the Commission, information substantially equivalent to that available with respect to a security listed and registered on a national securities exchange.

The Commission finds that the foregoing action will operate to the advantage of issuers and exchanges and that notice and procedure in accordance with section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act with respect to such action is not necessary.

The foregoing action shall become effective December 29, 1952.

(Sec. 23, 48 Stat. 901, as amended; 15 U. S. C. 78w)

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS,
Secretary.

DECEMBER 29, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 53-97; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:47 a. m.]

PART 249—FORMS PRESCRIBED UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FORMS FOR EXEMPTION OF WARRANTS; RESCISSION OF FORM AN-4

This action is taken pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, particularly sections 12 (a) and 23 (a) thereof, the Commission deeming such action necessary and appropriate in the public interest and for the protection of investors and necessary to carry out the provisions of the act.

Form AN-4 (17 CFR 249.235) is hereby rescinded.

The foregoing action shall become effective December 29, 1952.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS,
Secretary.

DECEMBER 29, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 53-98; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:48 a. m.]

TITLE 26—INTERNAL REVENUE

Chapter I—Bureau of Internal Revenue, Department of the Treasury

Subchapter A—Income and Excess-Profits Taxes

[T. D. 5968; Regulations 111]

PART 29—INCOME TAX; TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING AFTER DECEMBER 31, 1941

WAR LOSSES

Correction

In F. R. Doc. 52-13794, appearing at page 11849 of the issue for Wednesday, December 31, 1952, the following change should be made:

The second sentence of the text following § 29.127 (c)-1 (d) (2) (iv) should read: "The date of the making of the election shall be the date the return, amended return, claim for refund or credit, petition or amended petition, or letter is filed in the office of the director of internal revenue."

TITLE 29—LABOR

Chapter V—Wage and Hour Division, Department of Labor

PART 706—ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGE AND INDUSTRIAL ALCOHOL INDUSTRY IN PUERTO RICO

BEER DIVISION; WAGE RATES

Pursuant to the Administrative Procedure Act (60 Stat. 237; 5 U. S. C. 1001), notice was published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on December 10, 1952 (17 F. R. 11176) of my decision to approve the minimum wage recommendation of Special Industry Committee No. 12 for Puerto Rico for the beer division of the alcoholic beverage and industrial alcohol industry in Puerto Rico, and the amendments of the wage order contained in this part which I proposed to issue to carry such recommendation into effect were published therewith. Interested parties were given an opportunity to submit exceptions within 15 days from the date of publication of the notice. Exceptions have been received from the Corona Brewing Corporation.

The exception received repeats a number of arguments which have been previously raised at the public hearings in this proceeding. However, nothing was presented which was not before me at the time I wrote my original findings and opinion in this matter, or which requires any modification in my original decision.

Accordingly, pursuant to authority under the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended (52 Stat. 1060, as amended; 29 U. S. C. 201), my decision in this matter as set forth in my findings and opinion dated December 2, 1952, and in the notice referred to above, is hereby affirmed and made final, the recommendation of Special Industry Committee No. 12 for Puerto Rico for the beer division of the alcoholic beverage and industrial alcohol industry in Puerto Rico is approved, and the wage order contained in this part is hereby amended as follows:

1. The headnote of § 706.1 is changed from *Wage rate* to *Wage rates.*

2. The following new paragraph (b) is added to § 706.1, immediately after paragraph (a) thereof:

(b) Wages at a rate of not less than 53 cents per hour shall be paid under section 6 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended, by every employer to each of his employees in the beer division of the alcoholic beverage and industrial alcohol industry in Puerto Rico who is engaged in commerce or in the production of goods for commerce.

3. The text "Note" following § 706.1 (a), and reference to such note at the end of § 706.3 (a) (2), are deleted in their entirety.

(Sec. 8, 52 Stat. 1064, as amended; 29 U. S. C. 208)

The above amendments shall become effective February 9, 1953.

Signed at Washington, D. C., this 31st day of December 1952.

WM. R. MCCOMB,
Administrator,
Wage and Hour Division.

[F. R. Doc. 53-90; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:45 a. m.]

TITLE 32—NATIONAL DEFENSE

Chapter XIV—The Renegotiation Board

Subchapter B—Renegotiation Board Regulations Under the 1951 Act

PART 1455—PERMISSIVE EXEMPTIONS FROM RENEGOTIATION

CONTRACTS WHEN CONTRACTUAL PROVISIONS ADEQUATE TO PREVENT EXCESSIVE PROFITS

Section 1455.4 *Contracts when contractual provisions adequate to prevent excessive profits* is amended as follows:

1. Paragraph (c) is renumbered as paragraph (d) and a new paragraph (c) is inserted to read as follows:

(c) *Comment.* This exemption applies only to receipts and accruals derived from the United States in the form of subsidy payments. It does not exempt renegotiable receipts or accruals otherwise derived, including payments by shippers for freight charges.

(Sec. 109, 65 Stat. 22; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 1219)

Dated: January 2, 1953.

JOHN T. KOEHLER,
Chairman,
The Renegotiation Board.

[F. R. Doc. 53-127; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:54 a. m.]

PART 1455—PERMISSIVE EXEMPTIONS FROM RENEGOTIATION

STOCK ITEM EXEMPTION

Section 1455.6 (b) *"Stock item" exemption* is amended by deleting the date

"January 1, 1953" and inserting in lieu thereof the date "July 1, 1953".

(Sec. 109, 65 Stat. 22; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 1219)

Dated: January 2, 1953.

JOHN T. KOEHLER,
Chairman,
The Renegotiation Board.

[F. R. Doc. 53-126; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:54 a. m.]

PART 1463—INTERIM PREPAYMENT OF EXCESSIVE PROFITS

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

1. Section 1463.2 *What constitutes interim prepayment of excessive profits* is amended by adding a new paragraph (c) to read as follows:

(c) *Voluntary refunds of excessive profits likely to be received or accrued.* A prime contractor or subcontractor may wish to enter into an agreement with the Board to pay a portion of its profits from renegotiable business to eliminate excessive profits likely to be received or accrued. Such prepayments will, subject to the conditions set forth in § 1463.3, be accepted as interim prepayments of excessive profits likely to be received or accrued.

2. Section 1463.3 (a) is amended by adding a new subparagraph (4) to read as follows:

(4) If the contractor desires to pay excessive profits likely to be received or accrued, it may enter into a letter agreement in the form set forth in § 1463.92, or in such other form as the Board and the contractor may agree upon.

3. Section 1463.4 *Treatment of interim prepayment for Federal income tax purposes* is amended by deleting the comma after the figures "1463.91" and inserting in lieu thereof the word and figures "or § 1463.92,".

4. A new § 1463.92 *Letter agreement for voluntary prepayment of excessive profits likely to be received or accrued* is added to read as follows:

§ 1463.92 *Letter agreement for voluntary prepayment of excessive profits likely to be received or accrued.*

(Date)

THE RENEGOTIATION BOARD

WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

GENTLEMEN: The undersigned, desiring to eliminate excessive profits likely to be received or accrued in its fiscal year ending ---------- (hereinafter referred to as "such fiscal year") from prime contracts and/or subcontracts subject to the provisions of the Renegotiation Act of 1951, hereby agrees to pay monthly (*or:* quarterly) on the ------ day of each month (*or:* quarter) to the United States of America a sum equal to ------ percent (---%) of the amounts received or accrued (*or:* the profits realized) during the preceding month (*or:* quarter) of such fiscal year. The first payment shall be made on the ------ day of ---------- 195----.

All payments pursuant to this agreement will be made by check drawn to the order of the Treasurer of the United States and delivered to The Renegotiation Board, Washington 25, D. C.

All payments hereunder will be made on the understanding (1) that such amounts shall be deemed to be payments in elimination of "excessive profits" within the meaning of such term as defined in section 3806 of the Internal Revenue Code; and (2) that such amounts will not be included in income in the computation of taxable income for such fiscal year under the Internal Revenue Code and, accordingly, no tax credit will be allowable against such amounts.

It is agreed that the execution of this agreement does not constitute a commencement of renegotiation pursuant to the Renegotiation Act of 1951 and that, except as provided herein, renegotiation may be conducted in all respects as though this agreement had not been made. It is further agreed that if renegotiation pursuant to the Renegotiation Act of 1951 shall hereafter be concluded with respect to such fiscal year, (1) the amounts paid hereunder will, for the purpose of such renegotiation, be included in renegotiable receipts or accruals, (2) upon such basis, excessive profits, if any, will be determined under the Renegotiation Act of 1951 and the regulations promulgated thereunder and (3) upon such determination of excessive profits, the payments made hereunder will be applied in elimination of the excessive profits so determined, and, to the extent so applied, the payments made hereunder will be deemd to be excessive profits determined within the meaning of the Renegotiation Act of 1951. It is intended that, if any amount of excessive profits so determined is less than the amount of the payments made hereunder, or if for any reason renegotiation pursuant to the Renegotiation Act of 1951 shall not be concluded with respect to such fiscal year, then the excess of the payments made hereunder, or the full amount thereof, as the case may be, shall constitute a payment in elimination of excessive profits as such term is defined in section 3806 of the Internal Revenue Code even though not constituting an elimination of excessive profits determined within the meaning of the Renegotiation Act of 1951.

It is further agreed that no part of the payments made hereunder shall be refunded to the undersigned, provided, however, that if the payments made hereunder, or any portion thereof, shall be deemed to be excessive profits determined within the meaning of the Renegotiation Act of 1951, nothing herein contained shall prejudice any right which the undersigned may have to receive any refund or rebate which may be provided by law with respect to the excessive profits so determined.

If this letter agreement is acceptable on the foregoing terms, please so indicate by indorsement of one of the three (3) copies enclosed and return such copy to us.

Yours very truly.

(Name of contractor)
By ----------

(Title)

Attest:

(Secretary)
(If a corporation, add corporate seal.)
Accepted ----------, 195----:

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
By ----------
The Renegotiation Board.

(Sec. 109, 65 Stat. 22; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 1219)

Dated: January 2, 1953.

JOHN T. KOEHLER,
Chairman,
The Renegotiation Board.

[F. R. Doc. 53-125; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:54 a. m.]

TITLE 32A—NATIONAL DEFENSE, APPENDIX

Chapter III—Office of Price Stabilization, Economic Stabilization Agency

[Ceiling Price Regulation 175, Correction]

CPR 175—DOUGLAS FIR AND WESTERN HEMLOCK DOORS

CORRECTION

Through inadvertence, the words "produced west of the Cascade Mountains in the States of Washington and Oregon," were included in the first sentence of the Statement of Considerations, which describes the coverage of the regulation. As is indicated in Section 1, it was in fact intended that the regulation cover stock doors, door bars and bead stock produced from specified species of lumber and plywood, without limitation as to the place of manufacture.

Accordingly, the first sentence of the Statement of Considerations is corrected to read as follows: "This regulation establishes specific dollars-and-cents ceiling prices at the manufacturing level for standard sizes and grades of stock doors, door bars, and bead stock produced from the designated species."

(Sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, as amended; 50 U. S. C., App. Sup. 2154)

JOSEPH H. FREEHILL,
Director of Price Stabilization.

JANUARY 6, 1953.

[F. R. Doc. 53-191; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 11:59 a. m.]

[General Ceiling Price Regulation, Supplementary Regulation 63, Amdt. 1 to Area Milk Price Regulation 4]

GCPR, SR 63—AREA MILK PRICE ADJUSTMENTS

AMPR 4—MILK PRODUCTS FOR FLUID CONSUMPTION IN BOSTON OPS ZONE 1 AREA, MASSACHUSETTS

MISCELLANOUS AMENDMENTS

Pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, Executive Order 10161 (15 F. R. 6105), Economic Stabilization Agency General Order No. 2 (16 F. R. 738), Supplementary Regulation 63 to the General Ceiling Price Reguation (16 F. R. 9559), and Delegation of Authority No. 41 (16 F. R. 12679), this Amendment 1 to Area Milk Price Regulation 4 is hereby issued.

STATEMENT OF CONSIDERATIONS

This amendment makes a substantial change in the method of establishing ceiling prices for new items.

Prior to this amendment sellers who were unable to establish a ceiling price for the sale of an item either because they did not sell the item during the period December 19, 1950, through January 25, 1951, or because they could not price the item under section 5 or 6 of this regulation, or for any other reason, were required to apply to the Boston District Office for establishment of a ceiling price. The item could not be sold until the District Director, by

letter order, notified the applicant of his ceiling price or method of computing a ceiling price.

A year's experience has shown that a modification of the procedure set forth in section 9 (b) is desirable. Accordingly, the Food Division of the Regional Office has made a thorough study and analysis of the applications processed during the last year, and as a result they have recommended that section 9 (b) should be revised in order that the marketing of new items will be facilitated.

The basic technique used in this amendment is competitive pricing. A seller determines his ceiling prices for new items by using the ceiling prices of his most closely competitive seller who sells the same item or an item substantially similar to the new item. This is Method 1.

Method 2 is designed for sellers who cannot determine a ceiling price under Method 1. Processors and processor-distributors determine their ceiling prices by applying to the total unit direct labor and direct material costs for the new item the percentage markup they currently receive over the total unit direct labor and direct material costs for a comparison item. No percentage markup is permitted on container costs. Distributors determine their ceiling prices for new items by applying to the net invoice cost for the new item the percentage markup they currently receive over the current net invoice cost for the comparison item. Under Methods 1 and 2, sales of new items may be made as soon as the required report is sent, by registered mail, to the Boston Regional Office of the Office of Price Stabilization.

Sellers who cannot determine a ceiling price for a new item under either the first or second method must apply in writing to the Director of the Boston Regional Office for establishment of a ceiling price. The applicant may not sell the new item until the Director has issued a letter order establishing a ceiling price for the new item.

In view of the consolidation of the Boston District Office with the Boston Regional Office this amendment provides that reports and applications filed under the regulation shall be sent to the Director of the Boston Regional Office of the Office of Price Stabilization.

Certain minor changes and clarifications have been made in sections 7, 8, 17 and in the section on definitions, section 18.

The Director of the Boston Regional Office of the Office of Price Stabilization gave due consideration to the national effort to achieve maximum production in furtherance of the objectives of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended, and to all relative factors of general applicability.

In the formulation of this amendment the Director of the Boston Regional Office of the Office of Price Stabilization has consulted with industry representatives to the extent practicable, and has given due consideration to their recommendations. In his judgment this amendment is generally fair and equitable and will effectuate the purpose of Title IV of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended.

AMENDATORY PROVISIONS

Area Milk Price Regulation 4 is amended in the following respects:

1. The letter "(a)", which follows the heading "Special Pricing Provisions" in section 9, is deleted.

2. Section 9 (b) is deleted.

3. The following new section is inserted immediately after section 9.

SEC. 9a. *Ceiling prices for new items and for new sellers.* (a) This section applies to you if you are unable to determine a ceiling price under sections 5 or 6 of this regulation for the sale of an item covered by this regulation either because you did not sell that item during the period December 19, 1950, through January 25, 1951, or because during that period you did not sell that item in a Massachusetts Milk Marketing Area included in the Boston OPS Zone 1 Area and you now wish to do so, or for any other reason. In such case you determine your ceiling price for the sale of that item, hereinafter referred to as the "new item", by the first of the following two methods applicable to you:

(1) *First Method.* If your most closely competitive seller (as that term is defined in the General Ceiling Price Regulation) sells the same item or, lacking the same item, a substantially similiar item to the same class of purchaser, your ceiling price for the new item shall be the same as the ceiling price of that seller for the same or substantially similar item.

(2) *Second Method.* If the First Method is not applicable to you, but you have a ceiling price under this regulation for a "comparison item" (as that term is defined in section 18 (b)) and:

(i) If you are a processor or a processor-distributor, you shall determine your ceiling price for the new item by applying to your total unit direct labor and direct material costs for the new item the percentage markup you are currently receiving on the total unit direct labor and direct material costs for the comparison item. (The term "material" does not include the container in which an item is contained.) If your current unit cost for the container in which the new item is contained is greater than the current unit cost for the container in which the comparison item is contained, your ceiling price determined under this Second Method may include the dollar-and-cents difference per unit between such costs. If your current unit cost for the container in which the new item is contained is less than the current unit cost for the container in which the comparison item is contained, your ceiling price so determined shall reflect the difference between such costs.

(ii) If you are a distributor, you shall determine your ceiling price for the new item by applying to your current net invoice cost for the new item the percentage markup you are currently receiving over net invoice cost on the comparison item.

(3) *General provisions.* Once you have determined your ceiling price under paragraph (a) (1) or paragraph (a) (2), above, you may not redetermine that price, except as provided in sections 7 or 8 of this regulation. Before selling the new item for which you have so determined a ceiling price, you must file the report required by subparagraph (4), below, of this paragraph (a).

(4) *Report.* You shall file your report, by registered mail, with the Boston Regional Office of the Office of Price Stabilization, Boston 9, Massachusetts. Your report shall state the name and location of your establishment, and shall give the following information: the reason you are unable to determine your ceiling price for the new item under sections 5 or 6 of this regulation; a description of the new item and the size and type of container in which that item is contained; the Massachusetts Milk Marketing Areas included in section 7 (c) (2) in which you propose to sell that item; the class of purchaser in each such area to whom you propose to sell that item; and your determined ceiling price therefor to each such class of purchaser in each such area; and if your determined ceiling price for the new item is based on the method provided in paragraph (a) (1), above, your report shall also include: the name and type of business of your most closely competitive seller (e. g., processor, processor-distributor, or distributor), and the location of his establishment; your reasons for selecting him as your most closely competitive seller; a description of the same item that competitor sells; and if that competitor does not sell the same item but does sell an item substantially similar thereto, your report shall also include a statement showing the differences in specifications of that item from your new item; and:

(i) If you are a processor or processor-distributor your report shall also include a description of the raw and other materials of which the new item is composed, and its butterfat content, and the current producer price on which your determined ceiling price is based;

(ii) If you are a distributor, your report shall also include your net invoice cost for the new item and the name and address of each of your suppliers.

(5) Additional information to be furnished by a seller whose determined ceiling price is based on the method provided in paragraph (a) (2) above. If your determined ceiling price for the new item is based on the method provided in paragraph (a) (2), above, and:

(i) If you are a processor or a processor-distributor, your report shall also include a description of the raw and other materials of which the new item is composed, and its butterfat content; your current unit direct labor and direct material cost for that item; the current unit cost of the container in which that item is contained; the producer price upon which your ceiling price is based; a description of the raw and other materials of which the comparison item is composed; your total unit direct labor and direct material cost for that item; the size and type of container in which that item is contained and the current unit cost thereof; the percentage markup you are currently receiving on your total unit direct labor and direct mate-

rial cost for that item; and your current ceiling price for that item.

(ii) If you are a distributor your report shall also include a description of the comparison item, including the size and type of container in which it is contained; your most recent net invoice cost per unit for that item; the percentage markup you are currently receiving over your net invoice cost for that item; your current ceiling price for that item; the differences in specifications of that comparison item from the new item; and your net invoices cost for the new item.

4. The following new section is inserted immediately following section 9a.

SEC. 9b. *Sellers who cannot price under other sections.* (a) If you claim that you are unable to determine your ceiling price for an item covered by this regulation under any of the foregoing provisions of this regulation (which, in the opinion of the Director of the Boston Regional Office of the Office of Price Stabilization, provide adequate pricing instructions for determination of ceiling prices for the sale of items covered by this regulation), you may apply in writing for the establishment of a ceiling price for that item, hereinafter called the "new item". The application shall be sent by registered mail to the Director of the Boston Regional Office of the Office of Price Stabilization, Boston 9, Massachusetts. You may not sell the new item until the Director has issued a letter order establishing your ceiling price for the sale of that item.

(b) *What your application must contain.* An application filed under the provisions of this section must contain the following: The name and location of your establishment; an explanation of why you are unable to determine your ceiling price for the new item under any other provision of this regulation; a list of the Massachusetts Milk Marketing Areas included in section 7 (c) (2) in which you propose to sell the item; the classes of purchaser in each such area to whom you propose to sell that item and your proposed ceiling price therefor to each such class of purchaser; the basis used by you to determine that price and the reason you believe that price is in line with the level of ceiling prices otherwise established by this regulation; and

(1) (If you are a processor or a processor-distributor) a description of the new item, including the raw and other materials of which it is composed, and its butterfat content; your current unit direct labor and direct material cost for that item; the current unit cost of the container in which the item is contained; and the current producer price, in each of the areas listed by you, for the milk product from which the new item is processed;

(2) (If you are a distributor) a description of the new item and the size and type of container in which it is contained; your net invoice cost per unit for the new item; and the name and address of each of your suppliers of that item.

The application shall be signed by the applicant personally if an individual; if a partnership, by a partner; and if a corporation or association, by an officer thereof; or by any other person authorized in writing by the applicant to make the application.

5. Section 9 is further amended so as to change the phrase, "this District Office of the Office of Price Stabilization", where it appears, to read: the Boston Regional Office of the Office of Price Stabilization, Boston 9, Massachusetts.

6. Sections 11 (a), 11 (b) and 11 (c) are amended by changing the phrase, "Boston District Office", where it appears in each of these sections, to read: "Boston Regional Office."

7. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of section 7 are amended to read as follows:

(a) This section applies to you if you are a processor of milk product for fluid consumption and the producer price you have incurred for a current customary purchase of milk or cream differs from the producer price specified: (i) In paragraph (c) of this section, or (ii) in a report filed by you under section 9a (a) (4), or (iii) in a letter order issued to you under section 9b.

(b) In such case you may increase and you must decrease your ceiling prices established by sections 5 or 6, or in a letter order issued to you under section 9b, or determined by you under section 9a, of this regulation, for each item of a milk product for fluid consumption, in accordance with the method prescribed in section 8 of Supplementary Regulation 63 to the General Ceiling Price Regulation.

8. Section 8 is amended to read as follows:

SEC. 8. *Parity adjustments for distributors.* This section applies to you if (a) you are a distributor of an item of a milk product for fluid consumption and (b) the cost to you of a current customary purchase of that item from a customary source of supply differs from that supplier's ceiling price by reason of the operation of the provisions in section 7. In such case, on the first day following the effective change in your cost, you may increase, and you must decrease, your ceiling prices for that item, established pursuant to this regulation, by the dollar-and-cents difference per item in these costs.

9. Section 17 is amended to read as follows:

SEC. 17. *Power of Director to disapprove or revise reported prices.* The Director of the Boston Regional Office of the Office of Price Stabilization may at any time disapprove and revise downward ceiling prices reported pursuant to the provisions of sections 9a and 11 of this regulation, so as to bring prices so reported into line with the level of ceiling prices otherwise established by this regulation.

10. Section 18 is amended to read as follows:

SEC. 18. *Definitions*—(a) *Class of purchaser.* "Class of purchaser" refers to a seller's practice in setting different prices for sales of an item to different purchasers or kinds of purchasers, or to purchasers located in different areas, or for different quantities or container sizes or under different terms and conditions of sale.

(b) *Comparison item.* This term extends only to items which fall within the definition of the term "Milk products for fluid consumption" as defined in Supplementary Regulation 63 to the General Ceiling Price Regulation. In addition, the comparison item must be an item the ceiling price of which was established pursuant to this regulation; must be the item most nearly like the new item; and must be one with lower current unit direct costs (when the applicant is a processor or processor-distributor) or with lower current net invoice cost (when the applicant is a distributor); and if there is no such item with such lower current unit direct costs or such lower net invoice cost, the comparison item is the one with the same or next higher current unit direct costs, or next higher current net invoice cost, whichever is applicable.

(c) *Terms not defined in this regulation.* Terms not defined in this regulation but defined in Supplementary Regulation 63 to the General Ceiling Price Regulation or in the General Ceiling Price Regulation shall be construed as therein defined unless otherwise clearly required by the context of this regulation.

(Sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154)

Effective date. This Amendment 1 to Area Milk Price Regulation 4 under Supplementary Regulation 63 to the General Ceiling Price Regulation is effective January 5, 1953.

NOTE: The record keeping and reporting requirements of the regulation have been approved by the Bureau of the Budget in accordance with the Federal Reports Act of 1942.

JOHN A. FOX,
Acting Regional Director, Region I.

JANUARY 5, 1953.

[F. R. Doc. 53-171; Filed, Jan. 5, 1953; 5:08 p. m.]

[General Overriding Regulation 35, Correction]

GOR 35—PASS THROUGH FOR STEEL, PIG IRON, COPPER AND ALUMINUM COST INCREASES

CORRECTION

Due to a typographical error the following correction is made to Appendix A of General Overriding Regulation 35. Under Section I of Appendix A, the adjustment in ceiling price for copper weatherproof wire and cable sold by the pound is corrected to read as follows:

(ii) When sold by the pound..... $3.25

(Sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154)

JOSEPH H. FREEHILL,
Director of Price Stabilization.

JANUARY 6, 1953.

[F. R. Doc. 53-192; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 11:59 a. m.]

[General Overriding Regulation 35, Amdt 4, Correction]

GOR 35—PASS THROUGH FOR STEEL, PIG IRON, COPPER AND ALUMINUM COST INCREASES

ADDITION OF METAL CAPS AND HOME CANNING CLOSURES TO APPENDIXES C AND D; CORRECTION

The Statement of Considerations accompanying Amendment 4 to General Overriding Regulation 35 (17 F. R. 11399) is corrected as follows:

The figure "8 percent" in the thirteenth line is corrected to read "7¾ percent."

(Sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154)

JOSEPH H. FREEHILL,
Director of Price Stabilization.

JANUARY 6, 1953.

[F. R. Doc. 53-193; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 11:59 a. m.]

Chapter IV—Salary and Wage Stabilization, Economic Stabilization Agency

Subchapter A—Salary Stabilization Board

[General Salary Order 17]

GSO 17—MISCELLANEOUS APPLICATIONS TO THE OFFICE OF SALARY STABILIZATION FOR ADJUSTMENTS IN COMPENSATION

STATEMENT OF CONSIDERATIONS

Since its creation the Salary Stabilization Board has endeavored to establish "the principle of applying regulations wherein businessmen may largely solve their own problems under a framework of broad rules without prior approval."

In keeping with this principle, the General Salary Stabilization Regulations and Orders have allowed employers to make adjustments in compensation on a self-administering basis to the maximum extent feasible. For example, the ten percent "catch-up" increase, individual adjustments in compensation through merit and length-of-service increases, changes in compensation for promoted or transferred employees and the determination of salaries for new or changed positions have been permitted on this basis.

The Board has also authorized the payment of bonuses within prescribed maximum limits, usually based on the employer's past practice, without the prior approval of the Office of Salary Stabilization. Supplemental compensation arrangements (other than bonuses) put into effect after January 25, 1951 (the "freeze date") have also been allowed to be established on a self-administering basis subject to compliance with appropriate conditions to ensure conformity with the stabilization program. This applies to pensions, deferred profit-sharing and stock bonus plans and trusts, health and welfare plans and the payment of extended workweek compensation.

Although the basic approach of the Salary Stabilization Board has been to authorize as many types of adjustments in compensation as possible on a self-administering basis, there have remained certain areas in which it has not been feasible to authorize employers to make adjustments in compensation without the prior approval of the Office of Salary Stabilization. Some of these areas have been regarded as of sufficient importance to be referred to specifically in existing Regulations or Orders as appropriate subject matter for applications. Thus, the Regulations provide for applications for tandem salary increases, extended workweek compensation involving more than straight-time pay, the correction of inter-plant inequities, the approval of new or modified salary plans, the establishment of salary schedules for new plants (General Salary Stabilization Regulation 1, Amended), the continued operation of capital-raising employee stock plans (General Salary Stabilization Regulation 4, Revised, as amended), adjustments in commission rates and expenses allowances of sales employees (General Salary Stabilization Regulation 5, as amended), increases in the aggregate compensation paid by professional sports clubs to players above the ceiling specified in the Regulation (General Salary Stabilization Regulation 7, as amended), and the approval of certain health and welfare plans (General Salary Stabilization Regulation 8, Revised, as amended.

In addition, the Office of Salary Stabilization exercises broad powers to approve applications for adjustments in compensation by virtue of the provisions of Economic Stabilization Agency General Order No. 8 dated May 10, 1951. Since the major portion of proposed adjustments in compensation may be made by employers pursuant to the self-administering provisions of the General Salary Stabilization Regulations or Orders, or upon approval of applications made to the Office of Salary Stabilization in accordance with specific regulatory provisions, this broad general authority has, however, been exercised only in relatively limited areas.

Proposed adjustments in compensation which could only be approved by the exercise of this broad general authority have nevertheless shown considerable variety in line with the diversity of compensation practices for employees under the jurisdiction of the Salary Stabilization Board. As a result, it has not always been possible to define the areas involved and to establish uniform rules for them which could be applied on a self-administering basis. Such operating standards as were developed for the handling of certain applications did not lend themselves to transformation into self-administering regulations.

However, as a result of the experience of the Office of Salary Stabilization during the past eighteen months in the handling of such applications, it is now appropriate to state some of the areas in which relief has been granted in these individual cases. In order that employers of persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Salary Stabilization Board may be advised of the areas in which relief may be granted by the Office of Salary Stabilization under the general authority referred to, the Board now adopts this General Salary Order.

In the formulation of this Order, due consideration has been given to the standards and procedures set forth in Title IV and Title VII of the Defense Production Act, as amended.

REGULATORY PROVISIONS

SECTION 1. *Miscellaneous applications to the Office of Salary Stabilization.* The Office of Salary Stabilization is authorized to continue to act upon applications which involve any of the following categories:

(a) *Increases in salaries.* (1) The restoration of salaries to the level from which they were temporarily reduced during the period between January 1, 1946, and January 25, 1951.

(2) The redistribution of a portion of the salary of an employee with company-wide duties and responsibilities who has died, retired or resigned and who has not been replaced, accompanied by redistribution of functions to employees who have assumed his duties and responsibilities.

(b) *Increases in salaries and other compensation.* (1) Increases in compensation of employees with company-wide duties and responsibilities whose duties and responsibilities have materially increased as the result of the growth of the employer's business, as such growth is measured by substantial increases in the volume of business subsequent to the year 1950.

(2) Increases in compensation where employees with company-wide duties and responsibilities have not received such increases since June 1, 1948.

(c) *Changes in bonus arrangements.* (1) Conversion of bonuses into salaries, where bonus payments to individual employees have been maintained on a consistent level over a period of at least three years prior to January 25, 1951.

(2) Modifications of contractural bonus arrangements, including extension of arrangements to employees not previously receiving such bonuses, which do not increase total bonus payments under existing arrangements.

(d) *Pensions and other forms of "deferred compensation."* (1) Payment of individual pensions based on the age, past compensation and number of years of service of the employee.

(2) Agreements for compensation based on the rendition of substantial bona fide future consulting or other part-time services.

(3) Individual agreements for death benefits which are not excessive with reference to the employee's salary at the time of execution of the agreement.

(4) Minimum distributions and nondiscriminatory distributions to employees from pension, deferred profit sharing, or stock bonus funds or trusts, under conditions comparable to those authorized for self-administering plans.

(e) *Auxiliary pay practices.* (1) Production incentive plans related to existing incentive plans for employees under the jurisdiction of the Wage Stabilization Board or based on definite standards for measuring production.

(2) Adjustments in expense accounts or allowances for employees other than sales employees.

(3) Payment of moving expenses for new or transferred employees.

(4) Payment of tuition for courses of study where such payment is in the interest of the employer.

(5) Awards for novel or unusual inventions or ideas in any field of endeavor relating to a product or to processes or to methods of production of the employer.

(6) Severance pay.

(7) Vacations and paid leave not authorized on a self-administering basis, primarily in conformity with prevailing area and industry practice.

(f) *Miscellaneous adjustments.* (1) Reductions in hours worked required either by temporary seasonal closings or by shifts in industry or area practice without reduction in compensation.

(2) Rate range adjustments whether or not accompanied by simultaneous increases in wages or salaries.

(g) *Cases of exceptional merit.* Adjustments sought on the grounds of individual hardship and inequity in unusual cases of exceptional merit.

(Sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154)

Adopted by the Salary Stabilization Board, December 16, 1952.

JUSTIN MILLER,
Chairman.

[F. R. Doc. 53-183; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 11:05 a. m.]

[Interpretation 18, Amdt. 1]

INT. 18—HEALTH AND WELFARE PLANS

AMENDATORY PROVISION

1. Interpretation 18 is amended by the addition of the following paragraph:

12. Q. What is the meaning of the words "extension, renewal or continuation" of a plan in effect on January 25, 1951 or approved thereafter by the appropriate stabilization agency, as used in section 1 (e) of the regulation?

A. The words "extension, renewal or continuation" are used as a collective term to indicate the extension, renewal or continuation of the plan beyond its expiration date. In the context of section 1 (e) the word "extension" is used solely in this sense and not in the sense of extending the scope of a plan to include additional employees or groups of employees, as provided in section 1 (d).

(Sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154)

Issued by the Office of Salary Stabilization, December 29, 1952.

JOSEPH D. COOPER,
Executive Director.

[F. R. Doc. 53-184; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 11:05 a. m.]

Chapter VI—National Production Authority, Department of Commerce

[NPA Order M-46, Direction 7, as Amended Jan. 6, 1953]

M-46—PRIORITIES ASSISTANCE FOR PETROLEUM AND GAS INDUSTRIES IN THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA

DIR. 7—TRADING OR EXCHANGING OIL COUNTRY TUBULAR GOODS AND LINE PIPE

This amended direction is found necessary and appropriate to promote the national defense and is issued pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended. In the formulation of this direction, as amended, consultation with industry representatives has been rendered impracticable due to the need for immediate action.

EXPLANATORY

This amended direction changes Direction 7, as issued October 28, 1952, in the following respects:

1. It deletes reference to domestically produced steel, thereby making the direction applicable to foreign as well as domestic steel.

2. It includes steel distributors among those who may participate in exchanges with producers.

3. It adds a new paragraph (f) to section 2 imposing certain restrictions on such exchanges.

REGULATORY PROVISIONS

Sec.
1. What this direction does.
2. The direction.

AUTHORITY: Sections 1 and 2 issued under sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, Pub. Law 429, 82d Cong.; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154. Interpret or apply sec. 101, 64 Stat. 799, Pub. Law 429, 82d Cong.; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2071; sec. 101, E. O. 10161, Sept. 9, 1950, 15 F. R. 6105; 3 CFR, 1950 Supp.; sec. 2, E. O. 10200, Jan. 3, 1951, 16 F. R. 61; 3 CFR, 1951 Supp.; secs. 402, 405, E. O. 10281, Aug. 28, 1951, 16 F. R. 8789; 3 CFR, 1951 Supp.

SECTION 1. *What this direction does.* The purpose of this direction is to assist the domestic and Canadian petroleum programs in the interest of national defense by permitting certain trading and exchanging of oil country tubular goods and line pipe used therein.

SEC. 2. *The direction.* Notwithstanding the provisions of Schedule 2 of NPA Order M-6A, or of any other NPA order or regulation, and notwithstanding that the accounting arrangement of the parties may include a cash payment by each to the other of the agreed lawful value of the material to be traded or exchanged, a petroleum or gas operator may trade new oil country tubular goods to any other petroleum or gas operator or steel distributor in exchange for new oil country tubular goods, or may trade new line pipe to any other petroleum or gas operator or steel distributor in exchange for new line pipe, subject to the following limitations:

(a) Any such trade or exchange shall include simultaneous undertakings by each party to deliver to the other a substantially equal tonnage of the oil country tubular goods or line pipe received. "Substantially equal tonnage" means that the lesser volume shall constitute at least 90 percent of the tonnage of the greater volume.

(b) Each party to such trade or exchange shall at the time of the arrangement, as to the oil country tubular goods or line pipe which are the subject of the trade or exchange, either (1) have such material in his possession or (2) have been issued an allotment for such material and have an authorized controlled material order for the same accepted by a steel distributor or steel producer.

(c) Where the parties to such trade or exchange have the materials the subject of such trade or exchange in their possession, delivery of the materials shall be completed by the parties within 30 days from the date of the arrangement.

(d) Where one of the parties to such trade or exchange does not have the material in his possession but has received an allotment for the material and has an authorized controlled material order for the same accepted by a steel distributor or steel producer, delivery of such materials under the trade or exchange arrangement shall be completed within 30 days of their receipt under such authorized controlled material order.

(e) Each party to such trade or exchange shall make a written memorandum of the terms of the arrangement, including the names of the parties, size, grade, weight, footage, tonnage, and dates of delivery of the oil country tubular goods or line pipe involved, and shall preserve such memorandum for a period of 3 years.

(f) Any tonnage received pursuant to such trade or exchange shall be subject to the same requirements as to inventory and the same conditions as to use and disposition as applied to the tonnage delivered in exchange for it: *Provided, however,* That no further sale, transfer, trade, or exchange of such tonnage may be made by a petroleum or gas operator without authorization from the Petroleum Administration for Defense.

This direction as amended shall take effect January 6, 1953.

NATIONAL PRODUCTION AUTHORITY,
By GEORGE W. AUXIER,
Executive Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-179; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 10:29 a. m.]

[NPA Order M-46A, Direction 5, as Amended Jan. 6, 1953]

M-46A—PRIORITIES ASSISTANCE FOR FOREIGN PETROLEUM OPERATIONS

DIR. 5—TRADING OR EXCHANGING OIL COUNTRY TUBULAR GOODS AND LINE PIPE

This amended direction is found necessary and appropriate to promote the national defense and is issued pursuant to the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended. In the formulation of this direction as amended, consultation with industry representatives has been rendered impracticable due to the need for immediate action.

EXPLANATORY

This amended direction changes Direction 5, as issued October 28, 1952, in the following respects:

1. It deletes reference to domestically produced steel, thereby making the di-

rection applicable to foreign as well as domestic steel.

2. It includes steel distributors among those who may participate in exchanges with producers.

3. It adds a new paragraph (f) to section 2 imposing certain restrictions on such exchanges.

REGULATORY PROVISIONS

Sec.
1. What this direction does.
2. The direction.

AUTHORITY: Sections 1 and 2 issued under sec. 704, 64 Stat. 816, Pub. Law 429, 82d Cong.; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2154. Interpret or apply sec. 101, 64 Stat. 799, Pub. Law 429, 82d Cong.; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 2071; sec. 101, E. O. 10161, Sept. 9, 1950, 15 F. R. 6105; 3 CFR, 1950 Supp.; sec. 2, E. O. 10200, Jan. 3, 1951; 16 F. R. 61; 3 CFR, 1951 Supp.; secs. 402, 405, E. O. 10281, Aug. 28, 1951, 16 F. R. 8789; 3 CFR, 1951 Supp.

SECTION 1. *What this direction does.* The purpose of this direction is to assist the foreign petroleum program in the interest of national defense by permitting certain trading and exchanging of oil country tubular goods and line pipe used therein.

SEC. 2. *The direction.* Notwithstanding the provisions of Schedule 2 of NPA Order M–6A, or of any other NPA order or regulation, and notwithstanding that the accounting arrangement of the parties may include a cash payment by each to the other of the agreed lawful value of the material to be traded or exchanged, a petroleum or gas operator may trade new oil country tubular goods to any other petroleum or gas operator or steel distributor in exchange for new oil country tubular goods, or may trade new line pipe to any other petroleum or gas operator or steel distributor in exchange for new line pipe, subject to the following limitations:

(a) Any such trade or exchange shall include simultaneous undertakings by each party to deliver to the other a substantially equal tonnage of the oil country tubular goods or line pipe received. "Substantially equal tonnage" means that the lesser volume shall constitute at least 90 percent of the tonnage of the greater volume.

(b) Each party to such trade or exchange shall at the time of the arrangement, as to the oil country tubular goods or line pipe which are the subject of the trade or exchange, either (1) have such material in his possession or (2) have been issued an allotment for such material and have an authorized controlled material order for the same accepted by a steel distributor or steel producer.

(c) Where the parties to such trade or exchange have the materials the subject of such trade or exchange in their possession, delivery of the materials shall be completed by the parties within 30 days from the date of the arrangement.

(d) Where one of the parties to such trade or exchange does not have the material in his possession but has received an allotment for the material and has an authorized controlled material order for the same accepted by a steel distributor or steel producer, delivery of such materials under the trade or exchange arrangement shall be completed within 30 days of their receipt under such authorized controlled material order.

(e) Each party to such trade or exchange shall make a written memorandum of the terms of the arrangement, including the names of the parties, size, grade, weight, footage, tonnage, and dates of delivery of the oil country tubular goods or line pipe involved, and shall preserve such memorandum for a period of 3 years.

(f) Any tonnage received pursuant to such trade or exchange shall be subject to the same requirements as to inventory and the same conditions as to use and disposition as applied to the tonnage delivered in exchange for it: *Provided, however,* That no further sale, transfer, trade, or exchange of such tonnage may be made by a petroleum or gas operator without authorization from the Petroleum Administration for Defense.

This direction as amended shall take effect January 6, 1953.

NATIONAL PRODUCTION AUTHORITY,
By GEORGE W. AUXIER,
Executive Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53–180; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 10:29 a. m.]

Chapter XXI—Office of Rent Stabilization, Economic Stabilization Agency

(Rent Regulation 1, Amdt. 110 to Schedule A)

(Rent Regulation 2, Amdt. 108 to Schedule A)

RR 1—HOUSING

RR 2—ROOMS IN ROOMING HOUSES AND OTHER ESTABLISHMENTS

SCHEDULE A—DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS

ILLINOIS

Effective January 8, 1953, Schedules A of Rent Regulation 1 and Rent Regulation 2 are amended as set forth below.

(Sec. 204, 61 Stat. 197, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 1894)

Issued this 2d day of January 1953.

JAMES MCI. HENDERSON,
Director of Rent Stabilization.

1. Item 91 of Schedule A of Rent Regulation 1 is amended to read as follows:

State and name of defense-rental area	Class	County or counties in defense-rental area under regulation	Maximum rent date	Effective date of regulation
Illinois				
(91) Champaign-Vermilion.	B	Champaign County, except the cities of Champaign and Urbana and the village of St. Joseph; in Vermilion County, the city of Georgetown and the villages of Potomac, Tilton, and Westville.	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942
	C	Champaign County, except the cities of Champaign and Urbana and the village of St. Joseph.	Aug. 1, 1952	Jan. 8, 1953
	A	In Champaign County, the cities of Champaign and Urbana and the village of St. Joseph.	-----do-----	Do.

Paragraph 1 of these amendments extends the coverage of Rent Regulation 1 so as to include Class C and A accommodations as indicated above and decontrols all of Vermilion County except the portion specifically described above. The decontrols were effected by reason of a revision by the Secretary of Defense and Director of Defense Mobilization of the description of the Rantoul, Illinois, Critical Defense Housing Area, which revision deleted Vermilion County from the said description. Rent control remains in effect in that portion of Vermilion County described above as a result of resolutions passed in accordance with section 204 (f) (1) of the act.

2. Item 91 of Schedule A of Rent Regulation 2 is amended to read as follows:

State and name of defense-rental area	Class	County or counties in defense-rental area under regulation	Maximum rent date	Effective date of regulation
Illinois				
(91) Champaign-Vermilion.	B	Champaign County, except the cities of Champaign and Urbana and the village of St. Joseph.	Mar. 1, 1942	Sept. 1, 1942
	C	Champaign County, except the cities of Champaign and Urbana and the village of St. Joseph.	Aug. 1, 1952	Jan. 8, 1953
	A	In Champaign County, the cities of Champaign and Urbana and the village of St. Joseph.	-----do-----	Do.

Paragraph 2 of these amendments extends the coverage of Rent Regulation 2 so as to include the Class C and A accommodations indicated above.

[F. R. Doc. 53–122; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:53 a. m.]

[Rent Regulation 1, Amdt. 111 to Schedule A]

[Rent Regulation 2, Amdt. 109 to Schedule A]

RR 1—HOUSING

RR 2—ROOMS IN ROOMING HOUSES AND OTHER ESTABLISHMENTS

SCHEDULE A—DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS

ILLINOIS AND OHIO

These amendments are issued as a result of joint certification(s) pertaining to critical defense housing areas by the Secretary of Defense and the Director of

Defense Mobilization under section 204 (l) of the Housing and Rent Act of 1947, as amended, and a determination as to the relaxation of real estate construction credit controls under section 204 (m) of said act.

Effective January 6, 1953, Rent Regulation 1 and Rent Regulation 2 are amended so that the items of Schedule A read as set forth below.

(Sec. 204, 61 Stat. 197, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 1894)

Issued this 2d day of January 1953.

JAMES McI. HENDERSON,
Director of Rent Stabilization.

State and name of defense-rental area	Class	County or counties in defense-rental area under regulation	Maximum rent date	Effective date of regulation
Illinois				
(83) Chicago	B	In Cook County, the city of Chicago and the villages of Posen, River Grove, Robbins, and Skokie and all unincorporated localities; and in Kane County, the villages of Montgomery and all unincorporated localities.	Mar. 1, 1942	July 1, 1942
(88c) Lake County	B	Lake County, except the city of Lake Forest, the villages of Deerfield, Grayslake, and Lake Bluff and that portion of the village of Barrington located therein.	do	Do.
	C	do	Aug. 1, 1952	Jan. 6, 1953
	A	In Lake County, the city of Lake Forest, the villages of Deerfield, Grayslake, and Lake Bluff and that portion of the village of Barrington located therein.	do	Do.
(91b) Paxton	B	In Ford County, the city of Paxton and all unincorporated localities in Patton Township.	Jan. 1, 1946	Nov. 1, 1946
	C	do	Aug. 1, 1952	Jan. 8, 1953
	A	In Ford County, Patton Township, except the city of Paxton, and all unincorporated localities.	do	Do.
(229) Columbus	B	Franklin County, except the city of Upper Arlington, the villages of Riverlea, Westerville, and Worthington, and that part of the village of Canal Winchester located in Franklin County.	Mar. 1, 1942	Nov. 1, 1942
	C	do	Aug. 1, 1952	Jan. 7, 1953
	B	In Licking County, the city of Newark and all unincorporated localities in the townships of Madison and Newark.	Mar. 1, 1942	May 1, 1943
	A	In Franklin County, the city of Upper Arlington, the villages of Riverlea, Westerville, and Worthington, and that part of the village of Canal Winchester located in Franklin County; in Fairfield County, the townships of Armanda, Bloom, Clear Creek, and Violet; in Pickaway County, the townships of Circleville, Harrison, Madison, Walnut, and Washington.	Aug. 1, 1952	Jan. 7, 1953

[F. R. Doc. 53-123; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:53 a. m.]

[Rent Regulation 3, Amdt. 109 to Schedule A]

[Rent Regulation 4, Amdt. 51 to Schedule A]

RR 3—HOTELS

RR 4—MOTOR COURTS

SCHEDULE A—DEFENSE-RENTAL AREAS

ILLINOIS AND OHIO

These amendments are issued as a result of joint certification(s) pertaining to critical defense housing areas by the Secretary of Defense and the Director of Defense Mobilization under section 204 (l) of the Housing and Rent Act of 1947, as amended, and a determination as to the relaxation of real estate construction credit controls under section 204 (m) of said act.

Effective January 6, 1953, Rent Regulation 3 and Rent Regulation 4 are amended so that the items of Schedule A read as set forth below.

(Sec. 204, 61 Stat. 197, as amended; 50 U. S. C. App. Sup. 1894)

Issued this 2d day of January 1953.

JAMES McI. HENDERSON,
Director of Rent Stabilization.

Name of defense-rental area	State	County or counties in defense-rental area under regulation	Maximum rent date	Effective date of regulation
(88c) Lake County	Illinois	Lake	Aug. 1, 1952	Jan. 6, 1953
(91) Champaign-Vermillion.	do	Champaign	do	Jan. 8, 1953
(91b) Paxton	do	In Ford County, the township of Patton	do	Do.
(229) Columbus	Ohio	Franklin; in Fairfield County, the township of Amanda, Bloom, Clear Creek, and Violet; in Pickaway County, the townships of Circleville, Harrison, Madison, Walnut, and Washington.	do	Jan. 7, 1953

[F. R. Doc. 53-124; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:54 a. m.]

TITLE 47—TELECOMMUNICATION

Chapter I—Federal Communications Commission

[Docket No. 10173]

PART 12—AMATEUR RADIO SERVICE

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

In the matter of amendment to Part 12 with respect to special radiotelephone operating privileges presently granted only to holders of the Advanced and Extra Classes of amateur operator licenses; Docket No. 10173.

The Commission heretofore, on April 26, 1952, published a Notice of Proposed Rule Making (17 F. R. 3754) to amend existing rules, which provide that only radio amateurs holding an Advanced or Extra class amateur operator license may utilize radiotelephone emissions while operating in the frequency bands 3,800–4,000 and 14,200–14,300 kc, so that holders of General and Conditional class licenses may likewise utilize radiotelephone emissions in these frequency bands. This operator restriction was imposed, originally, some twenty years ago as a precaution against possible interference to radio services other than amateur and among amateurs, to reduce interference through faulty operation of radiotelephone transmitters by unskilled persons. Written comments concerning the proposed amendments were received from nearly 300 individual amateurs and local amateur clubs and from two national organizations.

Comments in favor of the proposed amendments were to the effect that larger numbers of amateur operators would be available for emergency network operation and civil defense work than are now available should the proposed rules be adopted. The comments also indicated that the need for denying persons, who hold a conditional or general class operator license, the privilege of utilizing radiotelephone emissions in the frequency bands 3,800–4,000 and 14,200–14,300 kc as an anti-interference measure no longer exists.

Comments in opposition to the proposed rules alleged that elimination of restrictions with respect to classes of operators who may utilize radiotelephone emissions in the frequency bands in question would reduce incentive for amateurs to progress from lower to higher grade licenses and result in over-all lowering of amateur standards of technical knowledge; that the frequency bands in question are already over-crowded and to permit additional persons to operate in them could be expected to result in use of excessive power and out-of-band operation. Rules, recently put into effect in long range planning, provide for discontinuing the issue of new Advanced class operator licenses after December 31, 1952, thus leaving the Extra class operator license as the next step above the General class license. One comment was that the Commission should nullify these rules and maintain the Advanced class license as a logical step between the General and Extra licenses. Disparity be-

tween the requirements for the General and Extra class license was given as a reason for this suggestion. It was further suggested that, in view of certain pending rule-making proceedings (Dockets 10073 and 10188), which contemplate providing additional space for voice operation in the frequency bands 7 and 21 mc., adoption of the rules proposed in this proceeding is unnecessary.

Proposals in Dockets 10073 and 10188 have not yet been adopted and, if adopted, could not be considered to affect this proceeding except that to provide additional frequency space in the 7 and 21 mc. bands, for voice emission, possibly, would relieve, to some extent, congestion in the frequency bands under consideration.

Study of all the comments received leads to the conclusion that the objections to the new rules are based, largely, upon sentiment and the desire for continuation of personal privilege rather than upon any technical or practical considerations. The suggestion that adoption of these rules would reduce incentive to progress from the General or Conditional to a higher class license (the Extra) is merely conjectural. The Extra Class license signifies that the holder is a pioneer in the field of amateur radio or that he has attained a code speed of at least 20 words a minute and passed an examination in advanced amateur technique, or both. That this in and of itself affords real incentive for obtaining the Extra Class license is evidenced by the fact that over 1,000 Extra Class licenses have been issued since January 1, 1952. Nor is a lowering of over-all amateur technical knowledge expected to result. On the contrary, it is believed that to make the frequency bands 3,800–4,000 and 14,200–14,300 kc available to all classes of operators, except the Novice and Technician, would encourage increase in technical skill on the part of General and Conditional Class operators desiring to communicate proficiently in these bands. As to the suggestion that the proposed elimination of restrictions would increase congestion in the frequency bands under consideration, the Commission realizes that these bands are already crowded, but the additional man-power which would become available for emergency and for civil defense operation from eliminating operator restrictions as contemplated by these rules would more than compensate for any inconvenience to operators which might result in the frequency bands under consideration. The technical knowledge and skill of the average amateur has been demonstrated to be such that the distinction between classes of operators as a means of reducing the probability of interference resulting from the use of telephony in two bands, for which the distinction was originally imposed, is no longer justified. Also it is believed that the reduction of congestion in particular amateur bands by means of such discrimination is not appropriate.

The proposed amendments may be adopted pursuant to the provisions of sections 4 (i) and 303 (b), (I), and (r) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended.

In view of the foregoing: *It is ordered,* This 23d day of December 1952, that §§ 12.23 (c) and 12.111 (a) (2) (ii) and 12.111 (a) (4) of Part 12, "Rules Governing Amateur Radio Service," are amended to read as follows:

1. Section 12.23 (c) is amended to read as follows:

(c) *General and conditional classes.* All authorized amateur privileges.

2. Section 12.111 (a) (2) (ii) is amended to read as follows:

(ii) 3,800 to 4,000 kc, using type A3 emission and narrow band frequency or phase modulation for radiotelephony, to those stations located within the continental limits of the United States, the Territories of Alaska and Hawaii, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, and all United States possessions lying west of the Territory of Hawaii to 170° west longitude.

3. Section 12.111 (a) (4) is amended to read as follows:

(4) 14,000–14,350 kc, using type A1 emission and, on frequencies 14,200 to 14,300 kc, type A3 emission and narrow band frequency or phase modulation for raidotelephony.

It is further ordered, That the foregoing amendments shall become effective on the 18th day of February 1953.

(Sec. 4, 48 Stat. 1066, as amended; 47 U. S. C. 154. Interprets or applies sec. 303, 48 Stat. 1082, as amended; 47 U. S. C. 303.)

Released: December 29, 1952.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53–128; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:55 a. m.]

[Docket No. 10073]

PART 12—AMATEUR RADIO SERVICE

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission held at its offices in Washington, D. C., on the 23d day of December 1952;

The Commission having under consideration its Further Notice of Proposed Rule Making in the above-entitled matter in which it was proposed to provide for use of radiotelephone emissions in the 7,200–7,300 kc segment of the 7 mc amateur frequency band, to provide for the use of the 7,175–7,200 kc segment of the 7 mc amateur frequency band by Novice Class amateur operators, to provide standards for amateur radio teleprinter operation, to provide for the use of F–1 emission in the non-radiotelephone segments of the 3.5, 7 and 14 mc amateur frequency bands and to provide for readily identifiable transmission of call signs;

It appearing, that in accordance with the requirements of section 4 (a) of the Administrative Procedure Act, general notice of proposed rule making in the above entitled matter, which made provision for the submission of written comments by interested parties, was duly published in the FEDERAL REGISTER on April 26, 1952 (17 F. R. 3754), and that the period provided for the filing of comments has now expired;

It further appearing, that comments were filed by some 266 individuals, amateur radio clubs and other amateur organizations and that a large majority were in favor of adoption of the proposed amendments, some opposition to the severity of technical and identification requirements proposed for amateur radio teleprinter operation was expressed, clarification of the transmission of call signs requirements was suggested, the American Radio Relay League requested more space for Novice operation than was proposed and the League and several individuals requested that F–1 emission be restricted to a segment of the 7 mc amateur band only;

It further appearing, that, in order to facilitate monitoring and to assist the Commission in carrying out its responsibility for the proper enforcement of its rules and regulations, the proposed teleprinter technical and identification requirements cannot be relaxed at this time, and;

It further appearing, that consideration of providing a larger segment for Novice operation in the 7 mc amateur frequency band than that proposed preferably should be deferred until such time as experience with Novice operation in the space proposed has indicated the necessity for additional space, and;

It further appearing, that, in view of the present practice in amateur radioprinter operation to concentrate operation on a few frequencies selected, for their own advantage, in a manner least likely to interfere with other modes of amateur operation, the greater latitude of choice of frequency permitted by the amendments as proposed will be the most beneficial to the amateur service as a whole, and;

It further appearing, that clarification of the proposed requirements for the transmission of call signs as requested is desirable, and;

It further appearing, that authority for the aforesaid amendments is contained in section 4 (i) and 303 (a), (c), (e), and (r) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended:

It is ordered, That effective February 20, 1953, §§ 12.23 (e) (2), 12.82 (a), 12.111 (a) (2) (i), (3), and (4) are amended, and a new § 12.107 is added, as set forth below.

(Sec. 4, 48 Stat. 1066, as amended; 47 U. S. C. 154. Interprets or applies sec. 303, 48 Stat. 1082, as amended; 47 U. S. C. 303)

Released: December 29, 1952.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

1. Amend § 12.23 (e) (2) to read as follows:

§ 12.23 *Classes and privileges of amateur operator licenses—* * * *

(e) *Novice class.* * * *

(2) Only the following frequency bands and types of emission may be used, and the emissions of the transmitter must be crystal-controlled:

(i) 3700 to 3750 kc, radiotelegraphy using only type A–1 emission in accordance with the geographical restrictions set forth in § 12.111.

(ii) 7175 to 7200 kc, radiotelegraphy using only type A–1 omission.

(iii) 26.960 to 27.230 Mc, radiotelegraphy using only type A–1 emission.

(iv) 145 to 147 Mc, radiotelegraphy or radiotelephony using any type of emission except pulsed emission and type B emission.

2. Amend § 12.82 (a) to read as follows:

§ 12.82 *Transmission of call signs.* (a) (1) The operator of an amateur station shall transmit the call sign of the station or stations (or may transmit the generally accepted identification of the network) being called or communicated with, or shall identify appropriately any other purpose of a transmission, followed by the authorized call sign of the station transmitting:

(i) At the beginning and end of each single transmission or;

(ii) At the beginning and end of a series of transmissions between stations having established communication, each transmission of which is of less than three minutes duration (the identification at the end of such a series may be omitted when the duration of the entire series is less than three minutes), and;

(iii) At least once every ten minutes or as soon thereafter as possible during a series of transmissions between stations having established communications, and;

(iv) At least once every ten minutes during any single transmission of more than ten minutes duration.

(2) The required identification shall be transmitted on the frequency or frequencies being employed at the time and, in accordance with the type of emission authorized thereon, shall be by either telegraphy using the International Morse Code, or telephony.

In addition to the foregoing, when a method of communication other than telephony or telegraphy using the International Morse Code is being used or attempted, the prescribed identification shall also be transmitted by that method.

3. Add new § 12.107 as follows:

§ 12.107 *Special provisions regarding radio teleprinter transmissions.* The following special conditions shall be observed during the transmission of radio teleprinter signals on authorized frequencies by amateur stations:

(a) A single channel five-unit (start-stop) teleprinter code shall be used which shall correspond to the International Telegraphic Alphabet No. 2 with respect to all letters and numerals (including the slant sign or fraction bar) but special signals may be employed for the remote control of receiving printers, or for other purposes, in "figures" positions not utilized for numerals. In general, this code shall conform as nearly as possible to the teleprinter code or codes in common commercial usage in the United States.

(b) The nominal transmitting speed of the radio teleprinter signal keying equipment shall be adjusted as nearly as possible to the standard speed of 60 words per minute and, in any event, within the range 55 to 65 words per minute.

(c) When frequency-shift keying (type F–1 emission) is utilized, the deviation in frequency from the mark signal to the space signal, or from the space signal to the mark signal, shall be adjusted as nearly as possible to 850 cycles and, in any event, within the range 800 to 900 cycles per second.

(d) When audio-frequency-shift keying (type A–2 or type F–2 emission) is utilized, the highest fundamental modulating audio frequency shall not exceed 3000 cycles per second, and the difference between the modulating audio frequency for the mark signal and that for the space signal shall be adjusted as nearly as possible to 850 cycles and, in any event, within the range 800 to 900 cycles per second.

4. Amend § 12.111 (a) (2) (i), and (3) and (4), to read as follows:

§ 12.111 *Frequencies and types of emission for use of amateur stations.* (a) * * *

(2) * * *

(i) 3500 to 4000 kc, using type A–1 emission and, on frequencies 3500 to 3800 kc, using type F–1 emission, to those stations located within the continental limits of the United States, the Territories of Alaska and Hawaii, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands and all United States possessions lying west of the Territory of Hawaii to 170° west longitude.

* * * * *

(3) 7000 to 7300 kc, using type A–1 emission and, on frequencies 7000 to 7200 kc, using type F–1 emission and, on frequencies 7200 to 7300 kc, using type A–3 emission or narrow band frequency or phase modulation for radiotelephony.

(4) 14,000 to 14,350 kc, using type A–1 emission, 14,000 to 14,200 kc and 14,300 to 14,350 kc using type F–1 emission and on frequencies 14,200 to 14,300 kc, type A–3 emission or narrow band frequency or phase modulation for radiotelephony.

[F. R. Doc. 53–129; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:55 a. m.]

TITLE 49—TRANSPORTATION

Chapter I—Interstate Commerce Commission

Subchapter A—General Rules and Regulations

PART 120—ANNUAL, SPECIAL OR PERIODICAL REPORTS

FORM PRESCRIBED FOR LESSORS TO STEAM RAILWAYS

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Division 1, held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 10th day of December A. D. 1952.

The matter of annual reports from lessors to steam railways being under consideration, and it appearing that the changes in existing regulations to be effectuated by this order are only minor changes with respect to the data to be furnished, and that public rule-making procedures are unnecessary;

It is ordered, that the order of November 16, 1951, in the matter of annual reports from lessors to steam railway companies (49 CFR 120.14) be, and it is hereby modified with respect to annual reports for the year ended December 31, 1952, and subsequent years, as follows:

§ 120.14 *Form prescribed for lessors to steam railways.* All lessors to steam railway companies, subject to the provisions of section 20, Part I of the Interstate Commerce Act, shall file under oath an annual report for the year ended December 31, 1952, and for each succeeding year until further order, in accordance with Annual Report Form E (Railway Lessor Companies) which is hereby approved and made a part of this section.[1] The annual report shall be filed, in duplicate, in the Bureau of Transport Economics and Statistics, Interstate Commerce Commission, Washington 25, D. C., on or before March 31 of the year following the one to which it relates.

NOTE: Budget Bureau No. 60–R101.9.

(Sec. 12, 24 Stat. 386, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 20, 913)

By the Commission, Division 1.

[SEAL] GEORGE W. LAIRD, *Acting Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 53–112; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:51 a. m.]

PART 120—ANNUAL, SPECIAL OR PERIODICAL REPORTS

FORM PRESCRIBED FOR ELECTRIC RAILWAYS

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Division 1, held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 10th day of December A. D. 1952.

The matter of annual reports from electric railway companies being under consideration, and it appearing that the changes in existing regulations to be effectuated by this order are only minor changes with respect to the data to be furnished, and that public rule-making procedures are unnecessary;

It is ordered, that the order dated October 30, 1951, in the matter of annual reports from electric railways (49 CFR 120.21) be, and it is hereby, modified with respect to annual reports for the year ended December 31, 1952, and subsequent years, as follows:

§ 120.21 *Form prescribed for electric railways.* All electric railway companies subject to the provisions of section 20, Part I of the Interstate Commerce Act, are hereby required to file annual reports for the year ended December 31, 1952, and for each succeeding year until further order, in accordance with Annual Report Form G (Electric Railways), which is hereby approved and made a part of this section.[1] The annual report shall be filed, in duplicate, in the Bureau of Transport Economics and Statistics, Interstate Commerce Commission, Washington 25, D. C., on or before March 31 of the year following the one to which it relates.

Note: Budget Bureau No. 60–R102.9.

[1] Filed as part of the original document.

(Sec. 12, 24 Stat. 386, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 20, 913)

By the Commission, Division 1.

[SEAL] GEORGE W. LAIRD, *Acting Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 53-113; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:51 a. m.]

PART 120—ANNUAL, SPECIAL OR PERIODICAL REPORTS

FORM PRESCRIBED FOR CARRIERS BY PIPE LINE

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Division 1, held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 10th day of December A. D. 1952.

The matter of annual reports from carriers by pipe line being under consideration, and it appearing that the changes in existing regulations to be effectuated by this order are only minor changes with respect to the data to be furnished, and that public rule-making procedures are unnecessary;

It is ordered, that the order dated October 30, 1951, in the matter of annual reports from carriers by pipe line (49 CFR 120.61) be, and it is hereby modified with respect to annual reports for the year ended December 31, 1952, and subsequent years, as follows:

§ 120.61 *Form prescribed for carriers by pipe line.* All carriers by pipe line subject to the provisions of section 20, Part I of the Interstate Commerce Act, are hereby required to file annual reports for the year ended December 31, 1952, and for each succeeding year until further order, in accordance with Annual Report Form P (Carriers by Pipe Line), which is hereby approved and made a part of this section.[1] The annual report shall be filed, in duplicate, in the Bureau of Transport Economics and Statistics, Interstate Commerce Commission, Washington 25, D. C., on or before March 31 of the year following the one to which it relates.

NOTE: Budget Bureau No. 60-R108.9.

(Sec. 12, 24 Stat. 386, as amended; 49 U. S. C. 20, 913)

By the Commission, Division 1.

[SEAL] GEORGE W. LAIRD, *Acting Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 53-115; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:52 a. m.]

PART 120—ANNUAL, SPECIAL OR PERIODICAL REPORTS

FORM PRESCRIBED FOR PERSONS FURNISHING CARS OR PROTECTIVE SERVICE AND OWNING 1,000 CARS OR MORE

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Division 1, held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 10th day of December A. D. 1952.

The matter of annual reports from persons furnishing cars or protective service being under consideration, and it appearing that the changes in existing regulations to be effectuated by this order are only minor changes with respect to the data to be furnished, and that public rule-making procedures are unnecessary;

It is ordered, that the order dated November 16, 1951, in the matter of annual reports from persons furnishing cars or protective service (49 CFR 120.70) be, and it is hereby modified with respect to annual reports for the year ended December 31, 1952, and subsequent years, as follows:

§ 120.70 *Form prescribed for persons furnishing cars or protective service and owning 1,000 cars or more.* All persons furnishing cars or protective service to or on behalf of carriers by railroad or express companies within the scope of section 20 of Part I of the Interstate Commerce Act as amended, and owning 1,000 cars or more, are hereby required to file annual reports for the year ended December 31, 1952, and for each succeeding year until further order, in accordance with Annual Report Form B-1, which is hereby approved and made a part of this section.[1] The annual report shall be filed, in duplicate, in the Bureau of Transport Economics and Statistics, Interstate Commerce Commission, Washington 25, D. C., on or before March 31, of the year following the one to which it relates.

NOTE: Budget Bureau No. 60-R201.10.

(Sec. 13, 54 Stat. 917; 49 U. S. C. 20 (6))

By the Commission, Division 1.

[SEAL] GEORGE W. LAIRD, *Acting Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 53-111; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:51 a. m.]

Subchapter C—Carriers by Water

PART 301—REPORTS

ANNUAL REPORT FORM PRESCRIBED FOR CARRIERS BY INLAND AND COASTAL WATERWAYS OF CLASS A AND CLASS B

At a session of the Interstate Commerce Commission, Division 1, held at its office in Washington, D. C., on the 10th day of December A. D. 1952.

The matter of annual reports from carriers by water being under consideration, and it appearing that the changes in existing regulations to be effectuated by this order are only minor changes with respect to the data to be furnished, and that public rule-making procedures are unnecessary;

It is ordered, that the order dated November 16, 1951, in the matter of annual reports from carriers by water of Class A and of Class B (49 CFR 301.10) be, and it is hereby modified with respect to annual reports for the year ended December 31, 1952, and subsequent years, as follows:

§ 301.10 *Annual report form prescribed for carriers by Inland and Coastal Waterways of Class A and Class B.* All Inland and Coastal Waterways of Class A and Class B (§ 126.2 of this chapter) subject to the provisions of section 313, Part III of the Interstate Commerce Act, are hereby required to file annual reports for the year ended December 31, 1952, and for each succeeding year until further order, in accordance with Annual Report Form K-A (Inland and Coastal Waterways of Class A and Class B), which is hereby approved and made a part of this section.[1] The annual report shall be filed, in duplicate, in the Bureau of Transport Economics and Statistics, Interstate Commerce Commission, Washington 25, D. C., on or before March 31 of the year following the one to which it relates.

Note: Budget Bureau No. 60-R105.9.

(54 Stat. 944; 49 U. S. C. 913)

By the Commission, Division 1.

[SEAL] GEORGE W. LAIRD, *Acting Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 53-114; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:52 a. m.]

[1] Filed as part of the original document.

NOTICES

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Bureau of Entomology and Plant Quarantine

RESTRICTED ENTRY ORDERS

FOREIGN POTATOES: SPAIN, CANARY ISLANDS, LATVIA, AND ESTONIA

Pursuant to the authority vested in the Secretary of Agriculture by the Plant Quarantine Act of 1912, as amended (7 U. S. C. 151 et seq.), the following rule is hereby promulgated.

The field inspection of potatoes in Spain, the Canary Islands, Latvia, and Estonia, heretofore approved by this Department as adequate under the requirements of § 321.3 of the regulations governing the importation of potatoes into the United States (7 CFR 321.3), has now been found to be inadequate; such countries are no longer known to be free from the golden nematode of potatoes, an injurious potato disease not widely prevalent or distributed within and throughout the United States; and such countries are no longer considered as having effective quarantines prohibiting the entry therein of potatoes from any country known to be invaded by the golden nematode of potatoes.

Potatoes imported from Spain and the Canary Islands early in 1952 were found upon arrival at New York and San Juan, respectively, to be infested with the golden nematode. It was later learned that seed potatoes from countries known to be infested with the golden nematode or infected with the potato wart had been shipped to Spain and the Canary Islands. Field inspection at these sources was therefore deemed inadequate.

There is no recent scientific literature or governmental representation from either Estonia or Latvia to indicate that the requirements of the potato regulations are still being met in these Baltic countries. The golden nematode has been intercepted in shipments of plant material arriving in the United States from all Scandinavian countries and from Poland, indicating that such infestation may be present in all Baltic countries.

Accordingly, permits for the entry into the United States of common or Irish potatoes (Solanum tuberosum) and horticultural varieties thereof from Spain, the Canary Islands, Latvia, and Estonia will be refused.

The foregoing rule is deemed necessary to prevent the introduction into the United States of the golden nematode of potatoes and therefore must be made effective promptly in the public interest. Accordingly, under section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U. S. C. 1003) it is found upon good cause that notice and other public procedure with respect to this rule are impracticable and contrary to the public interest and good cause is found for making such rule effective less than 30 days after publication hereof in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

(Sec. 9, 37 Stat. 318; 7 U. S. C. 162)

The foregoing rule shall become effective on the 8th day of January 1953.

Done at Washington, D. C., this 31st day of December 1952.

[SEAL] CHARLES F. BRANNAN,
Secretary of Agriculture.

[F. R. Doc. 53-105; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:49 a. m.]

Production and Marketing Administration

PEANUTS

NOTICE OF REDELEGATION OF FINAL AUTHORITY BY THE TENNESSEE STATE PRODUCTION AND MARKETING ADMINISTRATION COMMITTEE REGARDING MARKETING QUOTA REGULATIONS FOR 1953 CROP

Section 729.432 of the Marketing Quota Regulations for the 1953 Crop of Peanuts (17 F. R. 10611), issued pursuant to the marketing quota provisions of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended (7 U. S. C. 1301-1376), provides that any authority delegated to the State Production and Marketing Administration Committee by the regulations may be redelegated by the State committee. In accordance with section 3 (a) (1) of the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U. S. C. 1002 (a)), which requires delegations of final authority to be published in the FEDERAL REGISTER, there are set out herein the redelegations of final authority which have been made by the Tennessee State Production and Marketing Administration Committee of authority vested in such committee by the Secretary of Agriculture in the regulations referred to above. Shown below are the sections of the regulations in which such authority appears and the officer or the committee to whom the authority has been redelegated:

TENNESSEE

Sections 729.411 (h) (2) (ii), 729.418 (b) (5), 729.419, 729.421, 729.426 (c), 729.427 (b), and 729.429—Chairman or Acting Chairman of the State PMA Committee.

Sections 729.422 (a), 729.424 (a), 729.424 (b) (4), 729.426 (c), and 729.430—Chairman or Acting Chairman of the State PMA Committee and the following employees of the office of the State PMA Committee: John H. Allen, Henry C. Neal, and Houston O. Gillespie.

(Sec. 375, 52 Stat. 66, as amended; 7 U. S. C. 1375. Interpret or apply secs. 301, 358, 359, 361-368, 373, 374; 52 Stat. 38, 62, 65, as amended, 55 Stat. 88, as amended; 66 Stat. 27; 7 U. S. C. 1301, 1358, 1359, 1361-1368, 1373, 1374)

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 2d day of January 1953.

[SEAL] G. F. GEISSLER,
Administrator,
Production and Marketing Administration.

[F. R. Doc. 53-142; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:58 a. m.]

PEANUTS

NOTICE OF REDELEGATION OF FINAL AUTHORITY BY THE ARKANSAS STATE PRODUCTION AND MARKETING ADMINISTRATION COMMITTEE REGARDING MARKETING QUOTA REGULATIONS FOR 1953 CROP

Section 729.432 of the Marketing Quota Regulations for the 1953 Crop of Peanuts (17 F. R. 10611), issued pursuant to the marketing quota provisions of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938, as amended (7 U. S. C. 1301-1376), provides that any authority delegated to the State Production and Marketing Administration Committee by the regulations may be redelegated by the State committee. In accordance with section 3 (a) (1) of the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U. S. C. 1002 (a)), which requires delegations of final authority to be published in the FEDERAL REGISTER, there are set out herein the redelegations of final authority which have been made by the Arkansas State Production and Marketing Administration Committee of authority vested in such committee by the Secretary of Agriculture in the regulations referred to above. Shown below are the sections of the regulations in which such authority appears and the officer to whom the authority has been redelegated:

ARKANSAS

Sections 729.411 (h) (2) (ii), 729.418 (b) (5), 729.419, 729.421, 729.422 (a), 729.424 (b) (4), 729.426 (b), 729.426 (c), 729.424 (a), 729.429, and 729.430—Chairman of the State PMA Committee.

(Sec. 375, 52 Stat. 66, as amended; 7 U. S. C. 1375. Interpret or apply secs. 301, 358, 359, 361-368, 373, 374; 52 Stat. 38, 62, 65, as amended, 55 Stat. 88, as amended; 66 Stat. 27; 7 U. S. C. 1301, 1358, 1359, 1361-1368, 1373, 1374)

Issued at Washington, D. C., this 2d day of January 1953.

[SEAL] G. F. GEISSLER,
Administrator,
Production and Marketing Administration.

[F. R. Doc. 53-143; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:58 a. m.]

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Wage and Hour Division

[Administrative Order 425]

PUERTO RICO: SPECIAL INDUSTRY COMMITTEE No. 13

APPOINTMENT OF ADDITIONAL MEMBER

By Administrative Order No. 424 dated December 22, 1952, I, Wm. R. McComb, Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, United States Department of Labor, appointed Special Industry Committee No. 13 for Puerto Rico, and named certain members to serve thereon.

Pursuant to authority under the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended (52 Stat. 1060, as amended; 29 U. S. C., and Sup. 201), I hereby appoint Paul F. Brissenden, of Dobbs Ferry, New York, to serve as an additional public member of said committee, and as its chairman, in accordance with the provisions of Administrative Order No. 424.

Signed at Washington, D. C., this 30th day of December 1952.

WM. R. MCCOMB,
Administrator,
Wage and Hour Division.

[F. R. Doc. 53-91; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:46 a. m.]

LEARNER EMPLOYMENT CERTIFICATES

ISSUANCE TO VARIOUS INDUSTRIES

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to section 14 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended (52 Stat. 1068, as amended; 29 U. S. C. and Sup. 214), and Part 522 of the regulations issued thereunder (29 CFR Part 522), special certificates authorizing the employment of learners at hourly wage rates lower than the minimum wage rates applicable under section 6 of the act have been issued to the firms listed below. The employment of learners under these certificates is limited to the terms and conditions therein contained and is subject to the provisions of Part 522. The effective and expiration dates, occupations, wage rates, number or proportion of learners, and learning period for certificates issued under the general learner regulations (§§ 522.1 to 522.14) are as indicated below; conditions provided in certificates issued under special industry regulations are as established in these regulations.

Single Pants, Shirts and Allied Garments, Women's Apparel, Sportswear and Other Odd Outerwear, Rainwear, Robes and Leather and Sheep-Lined Garments Divisions of the Apparel Industry Learner Regulations (29 CFR

522.160 to 522.166, as amended December 31, 1951; 16 F. R. 12043; and June 2, 1952; 17 F. R. 3818).

Angelica Uniform Co., Marquand, Mo., effective 12-18-52 to 6-17-53; 20 learners for expansion purposes (men's washable service apparel).

American Modes, Inc., Roodhouse, Ill., effective 12-22-52 to 12-21-53; 10 learners (dresses).

American Modes, Inc., White Hall, Ill., effective 12-22-52 to 12-21-53; 10 learners (dresses).

Bee & Gee Pants Co., 104-06 River Street, Olyphant, Pa., effective 12-15-52 to 12-14-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (men's and boys' trousers).

Big Winston Garment Co., 924 South Main Street, Winston-Salem, N. C., effective 12-16-52 to 12-17-53; 6 learners (overalls and dungarees).

Carthage Corp., Carthage, Miss., effective 12-18-52 to 3-28-53; 75 additional learners for expansion purposes (supplemental certificate) (men's work pants and ladies' dungarees).

Jaco Pants, Inc., Ashburn, Ga., effective 12-22-52 to 6-21-53; 25 learners for expansion purposes (men's dress pants).

F. Jacobson & Sons, Inc., Jay and River Streets, Troy, N. Y., effective 12-18-52 to 12-17-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (men's shirts and pajamas).

F. Jacobson & Sons, Inc., Smith and Cornell Streets, Kingston, N. Y., effective 12-18-52 to 12-17-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (men's shirts).

Jantus Manufacturing Co., 606 West 11th Avenue, Gary, Ind., effective 12-17-52 to 12-16-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (ladies' sportswear).

Jantus Manufacturing Co., 606 West 11th Avenue, Gary, Ind., effective 12-17-52 to 6-16-53; 15 learners for expansion purposes (ladies' sportswear).

Jay Bee Lingerie, Inc., 608 Union Street, Allentown, Pa., effective 12-16-52 to 12-15-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (ladies' slips).

Jayson-York, Inc., East Street and Pennsylvania Avenue, York, Pa., effective 12-15-52 to 12-14-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (sport shirts).

Jersey Shore Manufacturing Corp., 144-148 South Main Street, Jersey Shore, Pa., effective 12-19-52 to 6-18-53; 40 learners for expansion purposes (sport shirts, jackets and sportswear).

Lancaster Sportswear, Inc., Portage, Pa., effective 12-19-52 to 6-18-53; 20 learners for expansion purposes (ladies', girls' and boys' poplin jackets).

Leitchfield Manufacturing Co., Leitchfield, Ky., effective 12-28-52 to 12-27-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (single trousers).

R. Lowenbaum Manufacturing Co., Red Bud, Ill., effective 12-15-52 to 10-22-53; 5 learners (supplemental certificate) (dresses).

Martin Manufacturing Co., Martin, Tenn., effective 1-3-53 to 1-2-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force (dress and sport shirts, khaki shirts and jackets).

Morehead City Garment Co., Inc., 1504-08 Bridges Street, Morehead City, N. C., effective 12-16-52 to 6-15-53; 50 learners for expansion purposes (shirts).

A. Morganstern & Co., 900 William Street, Fredericksburg, Va., effective 12-18-52 to 6-17-53; 15 learners for expansion purposes (men's trousers).

A. Morganstern & Co., 900 William Street, Fredericksburg, Va., effective 12-18-52 to 12-17-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (men's trousers).

Over The Top, Inc., Picayune, Miss., effective 12-20-52 to 12-19-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (ladies' shirts and dungarees).

Albert Rosenblatt & Sons, Inc., West Rutland, Vt., effective 12-15-52 to 12-14-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (dresses).

Tot Dress Corp., 17 Colfax Street, Raritan, N. J., effective 12-19-52 to 12-18-53; 10 learners (children's dresses).

Sol Walter Contracting Co., 16 Burd Street, Nyack, N. Y., effective 12-16-52 to 12-15-53; 10 learners (dresses).

Waverly Garment Co., Waverly, Tenn., effective 12-26-52 to 12-25-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (work shirts).

Yunker Manufacturing Co., Inc., 301 Ann Street, Parkersburg, W. Va., effective 12-28-52 to 12-27-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force (infants' cotton wear).

Hosiery Industry Learner Regulations (29 CFR 522.40 to 522.51, as revised November 19, 1951; 16 F. R. 10733).

Thomasville Hosiery Mills, Carmalt Street, Thomasville, N. C., effective 12-19-52 to 12-18-53; 5 percent of the productive factory force.

Washington Hosiery Mills, 1313 Clinton Street, Nashville, Tenn., effective 12-19-52 to 12-18-53; 5 learners (replacement certificate).

Independent Telephone Industry Learner Regulations (29 CFR 522.82 to 522.93, as amended January 25, 1950; 15 F. R. 398).

Southland Telephone Co., Atmore, Ala., effective 12-22-52 to 12-21-53.

Knitted Wear Industry Learner Regulations (29 CFR 522.68 to 522.79, as amended January 21, 1952; 16 F. R. 12866).

Apco Manufacturing Co., St. Elmo, Ill., effective 12-23-52 to 6-22-53; 15 learners for expansion purposes (children's knit polo shirts).

Porter Mills, Inc., Second and Elizabeth Streets, Cullman, Ala., effective 12-21-52 to 6-20-53; five learners (children's panties, men's and boys' briefs, infants' shirts, etc.).

Porter Mills, Inc., Second and Elizabeth Streets, Cullman, Ala., effective 12-21-52 to 6-20-53; five learners for expansion purposes (children's panties, men's and boys' briefs, infants' shirts, etc.).

Shoe Industry Learner Regulations (29 CFR 522.250 to 522.260, as amended March 17, 1952; 17 F. R. 1500).

Belleville Shoe Manufacturing Co., Main and Walnut Streets, Belleville, Ill., effective 12-17-52 to 12-16-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force.

Holly Shoe Co., Beacon Street, Littleton, N. H., effective 1-1-53 to 12-31-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force.

Oriole Shoe Co., 419 East Oliver Street, Baltimore 2, Md., effective 12-18-52 to 12-17-53; 10 percent of the productive factory force.

St. Clair Shoe Manufacturing Corp., St. Clair, Mo., effective 1-15-53 to 1-14-54; 10 percent of the productive factory force.

The following special learner certificates were issued in Puerto Rico to the companies hereinafter named. The effective and expiration dates, the number of learners, the learner occupations, the length of the learning period and the learner wage rates are indicated, respectively.

Atlas Products Corp., Toa Alta, P. R., effective 12-9-52 to 6-8-53; 24 learners; machine stitching operations; 160 hours at 34 cents per hour, 160 hours at 39 cents per hour, 160 hours at 44 cents per hour (leather gloves).

Fonda Gauge, Inc., Bo. Canas, Ponce, P. R., effective 12-8-52 to 6-7-53; 33 learners; grinding, beveling and sanding, heat treating, rough lapping, finish lapping, etching, inspecting; each 320 hours at 30 cents per hour, 320 hours at 34 cents per hour, 320 hours at 38 cents per hour (steel and carbide gauge blocks).

Each certificate has been issued upon the employer's representation that employment of learners at subminimum rates is necessary in order to prevent curtailment of opportunities for employment, and that experienced workers for the learner occupations are not available. The certificates may be cancelled in the manner provided in the regulations and as indicated in the certificates. Any person aggrieved by the issuance of any of these certificates may seek a review or reconsideration thereof within fifteen days after publication of this notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER pursuant to the provisions of Part 522.

Signed at Washington, D. C., this 22d day of December 1952.

MILTON BROOKE,
Authorized Representative of the Administrator.

[F. R. Doc. 53-89; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:45 a. m.]

ECONOMIC STABILIZATION AGENCY

Office of Price Stabilization

[Ceiling Price Regulation 34, as Amended, Supplementary Regulation 3, as Amended, Section 5, Special Order 13]

FORD MOTOR CO.

APPROVAL OF ADDITIONS ATTACHED TO LETTER TO DEALERS, DATED DECEMBER 23, 1952

Statement of considerations. This Special Order, pursuant to section 5 of Supplementary Regulation 3 to Ceiling Price Regulation 34, approves certain supplements to time allowances which appear in the Ford Suggested Time Schedule Reprint dated June 15, 1952.

The Director of Price Stabilization has determined from the data submitted by the publisher of the Ford Suggested Time Schedule, 1952 that the approval of these supplements would not be inconsistent with the purposes of the Defense Production Act of 1950, as amended.

Special provisions. 1. On and after the effective date of this order, the supplements to the Ford Suggested Time Schedule Reprint dated June 15, 1952, as covered in Ford Application #FPSB-4 are authorized for use in establishing the time allowances for the operations described therein.

2. The following notice must be printed or stamped in a prominent position in the publication "Approved by OPS December 31, 1952, by Special Order No. 13 issued under section 5 of SR 3 to CPR 34."

3. All provisions of Ceiling Price Regulation 34, as amended, and Supplementary Regulation 3, as amended, except as changed by this Special Order shall remain in full force and effect.

4. This Special Order or any provision thereof may be revoked, suspended or amended at any time by the Director of Price Stabilization.

Effective date. This order shall become effective December 31, 1952.

JOSEPH H. FREEHILL,
Director of Price Stabilization.

DECEMBER 31, 1952.

[F. R. Doc. 52-13811; Filed, Dec. 31, 1952; 12:26 p. m.]

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[Docket No. 10310]

CLASS B FM BROADCAST STATIONS

REVISED TENTATIVE ALLOCATION PLAN

In the matter of amendment of the Revised Tentative Allocation Plan for Class B FM Broadcast Stations; Docket No. 10310.

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission held in its offices in Washington, D. C., on the 23d day of December 1952;

The Commission having under consideration a proposal to amend its Revised Tentative Allocation Plan for Class B FM Broadcast Stations; and

It appearing, that Further Notice of Proposed Rule-Making (FCC 52-1439) setting forth the above amendment was issued by the Commission on November 7, 1952, and was duly published in the FEDERAL REGISTER (17 F. R. 10573), which notice provided that interested parties might file statements or briefs with respect to the said amendment on or before December 8, 1952; and

It further appearing, that no comments were received either favoring or opposing the adoption of the proposed reallocation;

It further appearing, that the immediate adoption of the proposed reallocations would facilitate consideration of a pending application requesting a Class B assignment in Cullman, Alabama;

It is ordered, That effective January 27, 1953, the Revised Tentative Allocation Plan for Class B FM Broadcast Stations is amended as follows:

General area	Channels	
	Delete	Add
Cullman, Ala.		266
Chattanooga, Tenn.	266	
Tuscaloosa, Ala.	267	289

Released: December 29, 1952.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-133; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:55 a. m.]

CHIEF, COMMON CARRIER BUREAU

DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY WITH RESPECT TO FIXED PUBLIC AND FIXED PUBLIC PRESS SERVICES

In the matter of amending section 0.145 (d) (3) of the Commission's Delegations of Authority.

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission held at its offices in Washington, D. C., on the 23d day of December 1952.

The Commission, having under consideration the numerous applications filed with it by licensees in the international fixed public and fixed public press point-to-point radiotelegraph and radiotelephone services for the assignment of new frequencies; the Table of Frequency Allocations, Atlantic City (1947); the Agreement for the implementation of the Atlantic City Table reached at the Extraordinary Administrative Radio Conference, Geneva (1951); and its order of September 6, 1950, delegating authority to the Chief, Common Carrier Bureau or his nominee to act upon certain applications in the fixed public and fixed public press services;

It appearing, that action upon applications for the assignment of additional frequencies not already assigned to a station of the licensee at some other location is specifically excepted from the delegations set forth in section 0.145 (d) by the provisions of subsection (3) thereof;

It further appearing, that it would expedite the handling of the Commission's business and be in the public interest to provide for a procedure for action by the Chief, Common Carrier Bureau on the above described type of applications;

It further appearing, that the amendments to the Commission's Statement of Delegations of Authority contemplated by this order concern Agency management, organization and procedure, and that, therefore, compliance with the public notice and procedure provided for in section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act is unnecessary; and

It further appearing, that authority for the amendment herein ordered is contained in section 4 (i), section 5 (d), and section 303 (r) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended;

It is ordered, That, effective immediately, subsection (3) of section 0.145 (d) of the Statement of Delegations of Authority is amended to read as follows:

(3) Assignment of additional frequencies not already assigned to a station of the licensee at some other location; unless the application is for the assignment of additional frequencies to a station of a licensee in the international fixed public or fixed public press service.

Released: December 31, 1952.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-132; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:55 a. m.]

[Docket Nos. 8001, 8602, 8685, 8830, 9130, 9222, 9442, 9755, 9756, 9811, 9812, 9813]

ARK-VALLEY BROADCASTING CO., INC., ET AL.

NOTICE OF ORAL ARGUMENT; CORRECTED

Beginning at 10:00 o'clock a. m. on Monday, January 12, 1953, the Commission will hear oral argument in Room 6121, on the following matters in the order indicated:

ARGUMENT NO. 1

Docket No: 9811 BP-7704	KGAR	Ark-Valley Broadcasting Co., Inc., Garden City, Kans.	C. P. to change frequency.	920 kc 500 w DA-N night, 1 kw day unlimited.
9812 BP-7783	KLMR	The Southeast Colorado Broadcasting Co., Lamar, Colo.	C. P. to change frequency, increase power, etc.	920 kc 500 w DA night, 1 kw day unlimited.
9813 BP-7805	KFNF	Capital Broadcasting Co., Lincoln, Nebr.	C. P. to change transmitter, etc.	920 kc 500 w night, 1 kw day unlimited.

ARGUMENT NO. 2

Docket No.: 8602 BP-6734	New	Delta Broadcasters, Inc., Thibodaux, La.	C. P.	630 kc 500 w day daytime.
9442 BP-7282	KCIL	Charles Wilbur Lamar, Jr., Houma, La.	C. P. to change frequency, increase power, etc.	630 kc 1 kw night, 1 kw day DA-2 unlimited.

ARGUMENT NO. 3

Docket No.: 8001 B4-P-5071	WTOD	Unity Corp., Inc., Toledo, Ohio.	C. P. to change hours from daytime to unlimited.	1470 kc 1 kw night, 1 kw day DA-2 unlimited.
8685 BP-6421	New	The Midwestern Broadcasting Co., Toledo, Ohio.	C. P.	1470 kc 1 kw night, 1 kw day DA unlimited.
8830 BP-6534	New	The Toledo Blade Co., Toledo, Ohio.	C. P.	1470 kc 1 kw night, 1 kw day DA unlimited.
9222 BP-7057	New	Radio Corp. of Toledo, Toledo, Ohio.	C. P.	1470 kc 1 kw night, 1 kw day DA-2 unlimited.
9130 BP-6758	New	The Rural Broadcasting Co. of Ohio, Oak Harbor, Ohio.	C. P.	1470 kc 1 kw night, 1 kw day DA-2 unlimited.

ARGUMENT NO. 4

Docket No.: 9755 BP-7665	New	Byrne Ross, Lila G. Ross, Robert R. Harrison and Dorothy V. Harrison, d/b as Lawton-Fort Sill Broadcasting Co., Lawton, Okla.	C. P.	1250 kc 500 w night, 1 kw day DA unlimited.
9756 BP-7737		J. D. Allen tr/as Caddo Broadcasting Co., Anadarko, Okla.	C. P.	1250 kc 500 w day daytime.

Dated: December 12, 1952.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-136; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:56 a. m.]

[Docket No. 9822]

TROPICAL RADIO TELEGRAPH CO. AND WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH CO.

NOTICE OF ORAL ARGUMENT

Beginning at 10:00 o'clock a. m. on on Tuesday, February 17, 1953, the Commission will hear oral argument in Room 6121, on the following matter.

ARGUMENT NO. 1[1]

Docket No.: 9822	Tropical Radio Telegraph Co., complainant, vs. The Western Union Telegraph Co., defendant.	Petition complaint.

[1] This argument will precede the argument already scheduled for this date.

Dated: December 29, 1952.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-140; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:57 a. m.]

[Docket No. 10193]

HEART OF THE BLACK HILLS STATION (KRSD)

ORDER CONTINUING HEARING

In re application of John Daniels, Eli Daniels and Harry Daniels, d/b as The Heart of the Black Hills Station (KRSD) Rapid City, South Dakota, Docket No. 10193, File No. BMP-5661; for modification of construction permit.

The Commission having under consideration a motion filed December 9, 1952, by John Daniels, Eli Daniels, and Harry Daniels, doing business as The Heart of the Black Hills Station, Rapid City, South Dakota, for continuance on an indefinite basis of the hearing on the above-entitled matter now scheduled for December 22, 1952; and

It appearing that one of the issues in this proceeding relates to the coverage of the City of Rapid City, South Dakota; that pursuant to prior permission from the Commission, the applicant has taken measurements from its present site and has set forth the facts resolving this issue in a petition to reconsider the designation of said application for hearing and for a grant thereof without hearing; that a grant of this motion for continuance on an indefinite basis pending action by the Commission on said petition would conduce to the dispatch of the Commission's business and the ends of justice; that there are no other parties to this proceeding save the Broadcast Bureau of the Commission and its counsel has consented to a grant of this motion;

Therefore, it is ordered, This 11th day of December 1952, that the motion of John Daniels, Eli Daniels, and Harry Daniels, doing business as The Heart of the Black Hills Station, Rapid City, South Dakota, is granted; and the hearing on the above-entitled matter is continued without date and until further order of the Commission.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-134; Filed, Jan. 6. 1953; 8:55 a. m.]

[Docket Nos. 10284, 10285, 10352]

LUFKIN AMUSEMENT CO. ET AL.

ORDER CONTINUING HEARING

In re applications of Lufkin Amusement Co., Beaumont, Texas, Docket No. 10284, File No. BPCT-545; Port Arthur College, Port Arthur, Texas, Docket No. 10285, File No. BPCT-839; Joe B. Carrigan, trustee, and James K. Smith, a partnership d/b as Smith Radio Company, Port Arthur, Texas, Docket No. 10352, File No. BPCT-1013; for construction permits for new television stations.

The Commission having under consideration the above-entitled proceeding now scheduled for hearing on December 15, 1952; and, also, having under consideration an application, filed by Jefferson Amusement Company on November 24, 1952, File No. BPCT-1440, together with a request that said application be dismissed, filed by Joe B. Carrigan, Trustee, and James K. Smith, a partnership, d/b as Smith Radio Company, on December 10, 1952; and

It appearing, that a question is presented as to whether the aforesaid application of Jefferson Amusement Company should be dismissed or should be consolidated for hearing with the applications in the above-entitled proceeding pursuant to the provisions of § 1.387 (b) (3) of the Commission's rules; and that a determination of this question prior to the commencement of the hearing in the above-entitled proceeding will best conduce to the proper dispatch of business and to the ends of justice:

It is ordered, this 12th day of December 1952, that, on the Commission's own motion, the hearing in the above-entitled proceeding, now scheduled for December 15, 1952, is hereby continued to January 26, 1953, in order to permit adequate time for the completion of necessary administrative procedures and determinations in connection with the above prior to the commencement of the hearing herein.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-135; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:55 a. m.]

[Docket Nos. 10291, 10292]

RIDSON, INC., AND LAKEHEAD TELECASTERS, INC.

ORDER CONTINUING HEARING

In the matter of Ridson, Inc., Superior, Wisconsin, Docket No. 10291, File No. BPCT-728; Lakehead Telecasters, Inc., Duluth, Minnesota, Docket No. 10292, File No. BPCT-981; for construction permits for new television stations.

Upon oral motion of counsel for the applicants, and without objection thereto by counsel for the Commission's Broadcast Bureau, the only other participant: *It is ordered,* This 29th day of December 1952, that the further hearing in the above matter, scheduled for this date, is continued to a date to be set by later order.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-139; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:56 a. m.]

[Docket Nos. 10355, 10358]

PACIFIC TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH CO.

ORDER DESIGNATING APPLICATIONS FOR CONSOLIDATED HEARING

In the matter of the application of the Pacific Telephone and Telegraph Company, Docket No. 10355, File No. P-C-3022; for a certificate under section 221 (a) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, to acquire certain telephone plant and property of E. A. Peterson, d/b as Tri-County Telephone Company.

In the matter of the application of the Pacific Telephone and Telegraph Company, Docket No. 10358, File No. P-C-3023; for a certificate under section 221 (a) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, to acquire certain telephone plant and property of A. M. Weier, d/b as Pe Ell Telephone Company.

The Commission having under consideration applications filed by The Pacific Telephone and Telegraph Company for certificates under section 221(a) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, that the proposed acquisition by The Pacific Telephone and Telegraph Company of certain telephone plant and property of E. A. Peterson d/b as Tri-County Telephone Company, located in parts of Thurston, Lewis and Grays Harbor Counties, Washington, and of certain telephone plant and property of A. M. Weier d/b as Pe Ell Telephone Company, located in Lewis and Pacific Counties, Washington, will be of advantage to persons to whom service is to be rendered and in the public interest:

It is ordered, This 22d day of December 1952, that pursuant to the provisions of section 221 (a) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, the above applications are assigned for public hearing in a consolidated proceeding for the purpose of determining whether each of the proposed acquisitions will be of advantage to persons to whom service is to be rendered and in the public interest:

It is further ordered, That the hearing upon the said applications be held at the offices of the Commission in Washington, D. C., beginning at 10:00 a. m. on the 14th day of January 1953, and that a copy of the order shall be served upon the Governor of the State of Washington, the Washington Public Service Commission, The Pacific Telephone and Telegraph Company, E. A. Peterson, d/b as Tri-County Telephone Company, A. M. Weier, d/b as Pe Ell Telephone Company, and the Postmasters of Oakville, Rochester, and Pe Ell, Washington:

It is further ordered, That within five days after receipt from the Commission of a copy of this order, the applicant herein shall cause a copy hereof to be published in a newspaper or newspapers having general circulation in Thurston, Lewis, Grays Harbor and Pacific Counties, Washington, and shall furnish proof of such publication at the hearing herein.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-137; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:56 a. m.]

[Docket No. 10360]

MACKAY RADIO AND TELEGRAPH CO., INC., AND RCA COMMUNICATIONS, INC.

ORDER DESIGNATING APPLICATION FOR CONSOLIDATED HEARING ON STATED ISSUES

In the matter of Mackay Radio and Telegraph Company, Inc., and RCA Communications, Inc., Docket No. 10360, File Nos. 169-C4-ML-52, 211-C4-ML-52, 212-C4-ML-52, applications for modification of licenses to communicate with Ankara, Turkey.

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission held at its offices in Washington, D. C., on the 23d day of December 1952;

The Commission having under consideration:

(a) An application (File No. 169-C4-ML-52) filed on August 16, 1951, by Mackay Radio and Telegraph Company, Inc., (Mackay) for modification of its license for its point-to-point radiotelegraph station in the fixed public service located at Brentwood, New York, so as to permit communication with Ankara, Turkey, directly and via Mackay's relay station at Tangier;

(b) The applications (File Nos. 211-C4-ML-52 and 212-C4-ML-52) filed on September 6, 1951, by RCA Communications, Inc., (RCAC) for its point-to-point radiotelegraph stations in the fixed public service located at Rocky Point, New York, and New Brunswick, New Jersey, so as to permit communication with Ankara, Turkey, directly and via RCAC's relay station at Tangier;

(c) Correspondence filed with the Commission in connection with the foregoing applications by RCAC and Mackay in which are set forth their views with respect to granting said applications;

(d) The Commission's letter of August 27, 1952, prepared in accordance with the provisions of section 309 (b) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, copies of which were sent to the applicants herein and other companies who appear to be parties in interest, in which were set forth the reasons why the Commission was unable to find that public interest, convenience, and necessity would be served by granting the applications and in which also were set forth the source and nature of all objections made to the applications;

(e) The responses to the foregoing letter filed by Mackay under dates of September 18, 1952, and September 25, 1952;

(f) The letter dated November 12, 1952, filed by RCAC in reply to the aforementioned Mackay responses; and

(g) The dismissal without prejudice on November 7, 1952, of Mackay's application (File No. 569-C4-ML-52) requesting modification of its license for its point-to-point radiotelegraph station in the fixed public service located at Brentwood, New York, so as to permit communication with Istanbul, Turkey, directly and via Mackay's relay station at Tangier, which application was referred to in the aforementioned Commission letter of August 27, 1952;

It appearing, that RCAC is presently authorized to operate and is operating radiotelegraph circuits between New York and Istanbul, Turkey, both directly and via its relay station at Tangier, and that RACA is presently authorized to communicate from New York to Ankara for the limited purpose of conducting preliminary tests and cue and contact control in connection with the transmission and reception of addressed program material;

It further appearing, that telegraph service between the United States and Turkey is provided also by means of the radiotelegraph circuit of Mackay and the cable circuits of The Commercial Cable Company and The Western Union Telegraph Company, by relay via the facilities of Cable and Wireless, Ltd., at London, England; and by means of the cable circuit of the French Telegraph Cable Company by relay at Paris, France;

If further appearing, that the Commission, upon an examination of the above-described applications for authorizations to communicate with Ankara, and the responses to its letter of August 27, 1952, is unable to find that public interest, convenience, and necessity would be served by the granting of said applications:

It is ordered, That pursuant to the provisions of section 309 (b) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, the above applications of Mackay and RCAC for modification of licenses to communicate with Ankara, Turkey, are designated for hearing herein on the following issues:

(1) The present and expected volume of telegraph traffic and the revenues therefrom between the United States and Turkey, including the present and expected volume of traffic and the revenues therefrom between the United States and Ankara;

(2) The nature, capacity and adequacy of existing communication facilities between the United States and Turkey;

(3) The extent to which each of the applicant's presently authorized frequencies and facilities are presently being used to provide communications service between the United States and Turkey and the extent to which they will be used for operating the proposed circuits;

(4) The extent to which each of the applicants will be required, in order to give adequate service over the circuits proposed in its applications, to use frequencies and facilities in addition to those now in use by it;

(5) The capacity, transmission qualities and scheduled hours of operation of the circuits proposed in the above applications;

(6) The extent of public need, if any, for additional communication facilities between the United States and Turkey, including the need, if any, for such additional facilities to Ankara;

(7) The nature of any contracts, agreement, understandings and routing practices between each of the applicants and any other carrier or Government communications administration in connection with the operation of existing circuits with Turkey and in connection with the operation of the circuits proposed in the above applications;

(8) The nature of the service to be rendered by each applicant over the circuits proposed by it, including the classes of service to be offered, the charges to be made for each such class, and the division of such charges;

(9) The financial effects upon each of the applicants and upon the other United States telegraph carriers serving Turkey of a grant of any or all of the above applications;

(10) The extent of existing cable v. cable, cable v. radio, and radio v. radio competition in communications service between the United States and Turkey and the effect of a grant of any or all of the above applications upon future cable v. cable, cable v. radio, and radio v. radio competition in communications service between the two countries;

(11) To determine whether a grant of the Mackay application may result in a substantial lessening of competition, restraint of commerce or the creation of a monopoly in telegraph communications in violation of the provisions of section 314 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended;

(12) In the light of the facts adduced upon the foregoing issues, to determine whether the public interest, convenience, and necessity will be served by a grant of any or all of the foregoing applications:

It is further ordered, That copies of this order be served upon Mackay and RCAC, the applicants herein, and upon the Western Union Telegraph Company, the Commercial Cable Company and the French Telegraph Cable Company, who appear to be parties in interest; and

It is further ordered, That the hearings herein shall be held at the offices of the Commission at Washington, D. C.

beginning at 10:00 a. m., on the 3d day of March 1953.

Released: December 30, 1952.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-138; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:56 a. m.]

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[File Nos. 59-86, 54-148]

PUBLIC SERVICE CORP. OF NEW JERSEY ET AL.

MEMORANDUM OPINION AND ORDER RELEASING JURISDICTION OVER CERTAIN FEES AND EXPENSES

DECEMBER 30, 1952.

In the matter of Public Service Corporation of New Jersey, and its subsidiary companies, and the United Corporation, File No. 59-86; Public Service Corporation of New Jersey, File No. 54-148.

The Commission has heretofore by order approved a plan filed under section 11 (e) of the act proposing the liquidation and dissolution of the Public Service Corporation of New Jersey ("Public Service"), a then registered holding company. The Commission's order reserved jurisdiction, inter alia, over the payment of all fees and expenses incurred in connection with said plan. Subsequently, applications for payment of fees and expenses were filed by the participants in the proceedings.

A public hearing was held on these applications. On December 22, 1950, the Commission entered its Interim Order permitting payment to be made to certain of the claimants on account of their final allowances of fees and payment of all of their claimed expenses. Thereafter the staff of the Division of Public Utilities of the Commission issued a recommended findings and opinion with respect to all fees and expenses, certain exceptions thereto were filed and the matter is awaiting oral argument. Following the issuance of such recommended findings and opinion certain of the applicants, some of whom had requested amounts in excess of those recommended by the Division of Public Utilities, agreed to waive objections to the recommended findings and opinion and to accept the amounts recommended therein and requested the severance of the consideration of their claims. No exceptions were filed by Public Service with respect to the amounts recommended to be paid to such applicants.

Upon careful consideration of the entire record we find that those amounts hereinafter set forth for fees, as recommended by the Division of Public Utilities and agreed to by the applicants concerned, are reasonable and that we may, therefore, at this time direct payment of such balances of such fees as have not heretofore been paid pursuant to our Interim Order of December 22, 1950:

It is ordered, That the reservation of jurisdiction in this matter with respect to the following fees be, and the same hereby is, released, and Public Service is directed to pay the following applicants the balances set forth below:

	Amounts recommended by Division of Public Utilities	Amounts paid pursuant to interim order of Dec. 22, 1950	Balance of recommended fees unpaid
Preferred stockholders:			
General protective committee:			
Wolf, Block, Schorr & Solis-Cohen, counsel	$50,000	$40,000	$10,000
Eugene Rohac, secretary	2,000	1,000	1,000
Steven L. Osterweis	1,800	1,500	300
Frederick P. Gruenberg	1,200	1,000	200
Ralph C. Tees	1,200	1,000	200
Edmund O. Howell	750	750	000
Common stockholders:			
General protective committee:			
McKeown & Schreiber, Alexander Avidan, counsel	10,000	7,500	2,500
Besser & Co., financial adviser	3,000	2,000	1,000

It is further ordered, That jurisdiction be and the same hereby is released with respect to the fees of the following persons who, pursuant to our Interim Order of December 22, 1950, have received payment of the full amounts requested: Edgar Williamson, Sheridan Schechner and Warren Holle;

It is further ordered, That the reservation of jurisdiction over fees and expenses contained in our orders of December 30, 1947, and December 22, 1950, hereby is expressly continued except insofar as specifically released herein.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-103; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:49 a. m.]

[File No. 70-2770]

WEST PENN ELECTRIC CO.

SUPPLEMENTAL ORDER RELEASING JURISDICTION OVER FEES AND EXPENSES

DECEMBER 30, 1952.

The Commission, by orders dated January 22, 1952, and January 31, 1952, having granted and permitted to become effective an application-declaration, and amendments thereto, filed by the West Penn Electric Company ("West Penn"), a registered holding company, with respect to the issuance and sale by West Penn of 440,000 shares of its common stock; and

The Commission having, in said order of January 31, 1952, released jurisdiction over the payment of all fees and expenses in connection with the issuance and sale of the common stock, except the payment of fees and expenses for legal and accounting services; and

The record having been completed with respect to the legal and accounting fees and expenses incurred by West Penn, which are stated as follows:

	Fee	Expenses
Sullivan & Cromwell, counsel for West Penn	$8,500	$200.00
Price Waterhouse & Co., accountants for West Penn	16,250	1,898.20

The record also having been completed with respect to the proposed fee and expenses of Cravath, Swaine & Moore, counsel for the underwriters, which are to be paid by the underwriters, in the amounts of $5,000 and $1,000 respectively; and

It appearing to the Commission that the fees and expenses enumerated above are not unreasonable and that jurisdiction with respect thereto should be released:

It is ordered, That the jurisdiction heretofore reserved over the payment of fees and expenses for legal and accounting services be, and the same hereby is, released.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-102; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:49 a. m.]

[File No. 70-2894]

GENERAL PUBLIC UTILITIES CORP. ET AL.

SUPPLEMENTAL ORDER RELEASING JURISDICTION AS TO LEGAL AND ACCOUNTING FEES

DECEMBER 30, 1952.

In the matter of General Public Utilities Corporation, Associated Electric Company, Pennsylvania Electric Company; File No. 70-2894.

The Commission by orders entered herein on July 22 and August 5, 1952, having granted and permitted to become effective the application-declaration of General Public Utilities Corporation ("GPU"), a registered holding company, Associated Electric Company ("Aelec"), a registered holding company and a subsidiary of GPU, and Pennsylvania Electric Company ("Penelec"), a subsidiary of GPU and of Aelec, regarding the donation by GPU to Aelec of $5,000,000, the issuance by Penelec and the purchase by Aelec of 250,000 additional shares of Common Stock, and the issue and sale by Penelec to the public of $9,500,000 principal amount of additional First Mortgage Bonds and 45,000 additional shares of Preferred Stock, pursuant to sections 6 (b), 7, 10, and 12 of the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, reserving jurisdiction only with respect to legal and accounting fees; and

The record now being completed with respect to such fees, as follows: Ballard, Spahr, Andrews & Ingersoll, Penelec's general counsel, $10,000; Berlack & Israels, $2,500 as Penelec's associate counsel and $1,000 as counsel to GPU

and Aelec; 21 local counsel, $3,500 (estimated); Beekman & Bogue, underwriter's counsel, $9,000; Lybrand, Ross Bros. & Montgomery, accountants, $4,600; and

The Commission, on the basis of its examination of the record, finding that said fees in the amounts proposed are not unreasonable, and deeming it appropriate to release the jurisdiction heretofore reserved with respect thereto:

It is ordered, That the jurisdiction heretofore reserved with respect to the legal and accounting fees herein be, and the same hereby is, released.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 53-101; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:48 a. m.]

[File No. 70-2900]

NEW ENGLAND GAS AND ELECTRIC ASSN. AND ALGONQUIN GAS TRANSMISSION CO.

SUPPLEMENTAL ORDER RELEASING JURISDICTION OVER FEES AND EXPENSES

DECEMBER 30, 1952.

The Commission by order dated July 31, 1952 (Holding Company Act Release No. 11417), having granted and permitted to become effective the application-declaration, as amended, of New England Gas and Electric Association ("NEGEA"), a registered holding company, and one of its subsidiary companies, Algonquin Gas Transmission Company ("Algonquin"), with respect to the issuance and private sale by Algonquin to insurance companies of $9,734,000 principal amount of bonds and the issuance and sale pursuant to preemptive rights of 48,660 shares of additional common stock and the acquisition by NEGEA of 15,610 shares of such common stock and the issuance and sale to a bank by NEGEA of promissory notes with a maturity of nine months or less, said order having reserved jurisdiction with respect to fees and expenses; and

NEGEA and Algonquin having filed amendments which set forth the nature and extent of the legal and financial advisory services rendered and the amounts of the fees and expenses paid or proposed to be paid, all of which have been allocated to Algonquin; and the Commission finding that said fees and expenses, if they do not exceed the amounts set forth in the amended application-declaration, are not unreasonable, and that it is appropriate to release jurisdiction heretofore reserved with respect thereto, as follows:

	Fees	Expenses	Total
The First Boston Corp., Algonquin's financial adviser	$10,000.00		$10,000.00
Palmer, Dodge, Gardner, Bickford & Bradford, Algonquin's special counsel	7,500.00	$366.48	7,866.48
Burns, Blake & Rich, applicants' counsel	3,000.00	1,000.00	4,000.00
Wilkie, Owen, Farr, Gallagher & Walton, counsel for bond purchasers	10,000.00	1,070.98	11,070.98
Federal documentary stamps		16,060.00	16,060.00
Printing		2,238.55	2,238.55
Total	30,500.00	20,736.01	51,236.01

It is ordered, That jurisdiction heretofore reserved with respect to fees and expenses be, and it hereby is, released.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] ORVAL L. DUBOIS, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 53-100; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:48 a. m.]

[File No. 70-2970]

SOUTHERN CO. AND GULF POWER CO.

ORDER AUTHORIZING ISSUANCE AND SALE BY SUBSIDIARY OF COMMON STOCK AND ACQUISITION THEREOF BY PARENT COMPANY

DECEMBER 30, 1952.

The Southern Company ("Southern"), a registered holding company, and its subsidiary company, Gulf Power Company ("Gulf Power"), a public utility company, having filed with this Commission an application-declaration and an amendment thereto, pursuant to sections 6, 7, 9 (a), 10 and 12 (f) of the act and Rules U-23 and U-43 promulgated thereunder, with respect to certain transactions which are summarized as follows:

Gulf Power's authorized capital common stock consists of 750,000 shares without par value of which 632,900 shares are issued and outstanding and which are all owned by Southern. The authorized but unissued shares total 117,100 shares.

Gulf Power proposes to issue and sell to its parent an additional 134,817 shares for a cash consideration of $3,000,000, of which $2,000,000 is to be received for 89,878 shares to be sold in January 1953. The balance of 44,939 shares are to be sold for $1,000,000 in May 1953, after Gulf Power's stockholders have taken appropriate action at their annual meeting scheduled to be held on April 21, 1953, to increase the authorized common stock from 750,000 shares by an amount at least sufficient to permit the issuance of 44,939 shares. The price per share of the 134,817 shares represents the approximate book value of the presently outstanding shares of common stock of Gulf Power as at August 31, 1952.

It is stated that the proceeds from the sale of such shares will be used by Gulf Power to finance improvements, extensions and additions to its utility plant.

The Florida Railroad and Public Utilities Commission has approved the proposed issuance and sale of the remaining 117,100 shares of authorized common stock by Gulf Power, and has also approved the issuance and sale of 17,717 additional shares on condition that the Gulf Power stockholders adopt an appropriate amendment to the company's charter.

The application-declaration, as amended, states that no other State Commission or Federal Commission, other than this Commission, has jurisdiction over the proposed transactions.

The application-declaration, as amended, further states that the expenses to be incurred in connection with the proposed transactions are estimated at $5,750, including counsel fees of $500.

It is requested that the Commission's order herein become effective upon issuance.

Notice of the filing of the application-declaration having been given in the manner and form provided by Rule U-23 of the rules and regulations promulgated under the act, and a hearing not having been requested or ordered by the Commission within the time specified in said notice; and the Commission finding that the applicable provisions of the act and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder are satisfied, and deeming it appropriate in the public interest and in the interest of investors and consumers that said application-declaration, as amended, be granted and permitted to become effective forthwith, subject to the conditions specified herein:

It is ordered, Pursuant to Rule U-23 and the applicable provisions of the act, that said application-declaration, as amended, be, and hereby is, granted and permitted to become effective forthwith on condition that appropriate corporate action be taken by Gulf Power to increase its authorized common stock by at least 17,717 shares prior to the issuance of the 44,939 shares in May 1953 as proposed and also subject to the terms and conditions prescribed in Rule U-24.

By the Commission.

ORVAL L. DUBOIS, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 53-99; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:48 a. m.]

FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION

[Docket No. E-6464; Project No. 2069]

ARIZONA PUBLIC SERVICE CO. AND NORTHERN ARIZONA LIGHT & POWER CO.

NOTICE OF ORDER AUTHORIZING AND APPROVING DISPOSITION AND MERGER OR CONSOLIDATION OF FACILITIES AND TRANSFER OF LEASE

DECEMBER 31, 1952.

Notice is hereby given that on December 30, 1952, the Federal Power Commission issued its order entered December 22, 1952, authorizing and approving disposition and merger or consolidation of facilities and transfer of lease of licensed project in the above-entitled matters.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY, *Secretary.*

[F. R. Doc. 53-92; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:46 a. m.]

[Project No. 1055]

SIERRA PACIFIC POWER CO.

NOTICE OF ORDER ACCEPTING SURRENDER OF LICENSE

DECEMBER 31, 1952.

Notice is hereby given that on December 30, 1952, the Federal Power Com-

mission issued its order entered December 22, 1952, accepting surrender of license (Transmission Line) in the above-entitled matter.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-93; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:46 a. m.]

[Project No. 1894]

SOUTH CAROLINA ELECTRIC & GAS CO.

NOTICE OF ORDER PERMITTING WITHDRAWAL OF APPLICATIONS

DECEMBER 31, 1952.

Notice is hereby given that on October 30, 1952, the Federal Power Commission issued its order entered October 28, 1952, permitting withdrawal of applications for amendment of licenses and further amending licenses (Major) in the above-entitled matter.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-94; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:46 a. m.]

[Project No. 1895]

SOUTH CAROLINA ELECTRIC & GAS CO.

NOTICE OF ORDER PERMITTING WITHDRAWAL OF APPLICATIONS

DECEMBER 31, 1952.

Notice is hereby given that on October 30, 1952, the Federal Power Commission issued its order entered October 28, 1952, permitting withdrawal of applications for amendment of licenses and further amending licenses (Major) in the above-entitled matter.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-95; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:46 a. m.]

[Project No. 2069]

VALLEY NATIONAL BANK OF PHOENIX

NOTICE OF ORDER DETERMINING COST, NET CHANGES, AND PRESCRIBING ACCOUNTING

DECEMBER 31, 1952.

In the matter of the Valley National Bank of Phoenix, as Trustee, Licensee; Project No. 2069.

Notice is hereby given that on December 30, 1952, the Federal Power Commission issued its order entered December 22, 1952, determining actual legitimate original cost of initial project, net changes therein, and prescribing accounting therefor in the above-entitled matter.

[SEAL] LEON M. FUQUAY,
Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-96; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:46 a. m.]

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

[4th Sec. Application 27676]

BARN EQUIPMENT FROM FAIRFIELD, IOWA, TO ALBANY, N. Y.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

DECEMBER 31, 1952.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: C. J. Hennings, Alternate Agent, for carriers parties to his tariff I. C. C. No. A-3940, pursuant to fourth-section order No. 17220.

Commodities involved: Barn equipment, carloads, as indicated in supplement 14 to above tariff.

From: Fairfield, Iowa.

To: Albany, N. Y.

Grounds for relief: Competition with rail carriers and circuitous routes.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] GEORGE W. LAIRD,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-63; Filed, Jan. 5, 1953; 8:47 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 27678]

COAL FROM ALABAMA TO BOYKIN, FLA.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

DECEMBER 31, 1952.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: The Central of Georgia Railway Company, for itself and on behalf of carriers parties to schedule listed below.

Commodities involved: Coal, carloads.

From: Mines in Alabama.

To: Boykin, Fla.

Grounds for relief: Rail, water, and market competition and circuitous routes.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: C. of Ga. Ry. tariff I. C. C. No. 3297, Supp. 1.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] GEORGE W. LAIRD,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-65; Filed, Jan. 5, 1953; 8:47 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 27680]

PAPER ARTICLES FROM SPRING HILL, LA., TO ALTON, ILL.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

DECEMBER 31, 1952.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: F. C. Kratzmeir, Agent, for carriers parties to schedule listed below.

Commodities involved: Paper and paper articles, including pulpboard, carloads.

From: Spring Hill, La.

To: Alton, Ill.

Grounds for relief: Competition with rail carriers and circuitous routes.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: F. C. Kratzmeir, Agent, I. C. C. No. 3959, Supp. 23.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] GEORGE W. LAIRD,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-67; Filed, Jan. 5, 1953; 8:48 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 27683]

HIDES, PELTS OR SKINS FROM THE SOUTH TO ENDICOTT, N. Y.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JANUARY 2, 1953.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: R. E. Boyle, Jr., Agent, for carriers parties to schedules listed below.

Commodities involved: Hides, pelts, or skins, carloads.

From: Specified points in southern territory.

To: Endicott, N. Y.

Grounds for relief: Rail competition, circuitous routes, and to apply rates constructed on the basis of the short line distance formula.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: C. A. Spaninger, Agent, I. C. C. No. 1324, Supp. 15. W. P. Emerson, Jr., Agent, I. C. C. No. 413, Supp. 36.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] GEORGE W. LAIRD,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-106; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:49 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 27684]

SCRAP IRON OR STEEL FROM SOUTHERN TERRITORY TO KOKOMO, IND.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JANUARY 2, 1953.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: R. E. Boyle, Jr., Agent, for carriers parties to schedule listed below.

Commodities involved: Scrap iron or steel, carloads.

From: Points in southern territory.

To: Kokomo, Ind.

Grounds for relief: Competition with rail carriers, circuitous routes, and to apply rates constructed on the basis of the short line distance formula.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: C. A. Spaninger, Agent, I. C. C. No. 950, Supp. 189.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] GEORGE W. LAIRD,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-107; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:49 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 27685]

SCRAP PAPER FROM SOUTHERN POINTS TO WISCONSIN

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JANUARY 2, 1953.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: R. E. Boyle, Jr., Agent, for carriers parties to schedule listed below.

Commodities involved: Paper, scrap or waste, carloads.

From: Points in southern territory.

To: Appleton, De Pere, Green Bay, Neenah, and Wisconsin Rapids, Wis.

Grounds for relief: Rail competition, circuitous routes, and to apply rates constructed on the basis of the short line distance formula.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: C. A. Spaninger, Agent, I. C. C. No. 1257, Supp. 11.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] GEORGE W. LAIRD,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-108; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:50 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 27686]

CEMENT AND RELATED ARTICLES FROM SOUTHERN AND OFFICIAL TERRITORIES TO FLORIDA

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JANUARY 2, 1953.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: R. E. Boyle, Jr., Agent, for carriers parties to schedule listed below.

Commodities involved: Cement and related articles, carloads.

From: Points in southern and official territories including Dorena, Fla.

To: Points in Florida.

Grounds for relief: Rail competition, circuity, grouping, and to apply rates constructed on the basis of the short line distance formula.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: C. A. Spaninger, Agent, I. C. C. No. 1244, Supp. 30.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission.

[SEAL] GEORGE W. LAIRD,
Acting Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 53-109; Filed, Jan. 6, 1953; 8:50 a. m.]