

to the bill H.R. 7148, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA 4253. Mr. CRUZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 7148, making further consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2026, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in division E, insert the following:

SEC. _____. None of the funds made available for obligation or expenditure by the District of Columbia government by this Act or any other Act may be used to carry out title IX of the Fiscal Year 1997 Budget Support Act of 1996 (sec. 50-2209.01 et seq., D.C. Official Code).

SA 4254. Ms. CORTEZ MASTO submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill H.R. 7148, making further consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2026, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 1235, between lines 21 and 22, insert the following:

SEC. 555. None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this division or by Public Law 119-21, and none of the fees collected by the Department of Homeland Security, may be used by any component of the Department of Homeland Security while carrying out any civil immigration enforcement activity under the immigration laws (as defined in section 101(17) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(17))—

(1) to detain a citizen of the United States; or

(2) to deport a citizen of the United States from the United States.

SA 4255. Mr. BUDD submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 7148, making further consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2026, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

In title V of Division H, insert after section 554 the following:

SEC. 555.
(a) Subject to subsections (b) and (c), not later than 5 business days after the date on which the Administrator of the Federal Emergency Management Agency designates an application for an award under section 404 or 408 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5170c, 5174) using amounts made available under this Act as pending approval by the Secretary of Homeland Security (referred to in this section as the “Secretary”), the Secretary shall obligate the amounts for that application.

(b) The Secretary may withhold an obligation described in subsection (a) if, during the 5 business day-period following the date described in subsection (a), the Secretary submits to the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a certification detailing specific and evidence-based findings of material fraud or legal ineligibility that preclude immediate obligation.

(c) Subsection (a) shall not apply during a period in which the Secretary determines that the amounts available in the Disaster

Relief Fund are insufficient to comply with the requirements under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq.).

SA 4256. Mr. BUDD submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 7148, making further consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2026, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. The Secretary of Health and Human Services (in this section referred to as the “Secretary”) shall collect data relating to the amount of Federal and State expenditures under the Medicaid program established under title XIX of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396 et seq.) that are attributable to costs incurred for providing medical assistance for inpatient hospital services, outpatient hospital services, and for services received at a hospital emergency room (without regard to whether such services are emergency services (as defined by the Secretary) related to marijuana use (as defined by the Secretary). Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this division, the Secretary shall submit a report to Congress that includes such data and recommendations for such legislation and administrative action as the Secretary determines appropriate.

SA 4257. Mr. CRUZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 7148, making further consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2026, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. **REPEAL OF COMPREHENSIVE POLICING AND JUSTICE REFORM AMENDMENT ACT OF 2022.**

The Comprehensive Policing and Justice Reform Amendment Act of 2022 (D.C. Law 24-345) is repealed, and any provision of law amended or repealed by that Act shall be restored or revived as if that Act had not been enacted into law.

SA 4258. Mr. MURPHY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 7148, making further consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2026, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 1147, line 24, strike “\$10,036,362,000” and insert “\$9,551,362,000”.

SA 4259. Mr. MURPHY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 7148, making further consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2026, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 1132, line 21, strike “\$316,295,000” and insert “\$387,795”.

On page 1133, line 14, insert before the period at the end the following: “: *Provided further*, That notwithstanding the previous provisos, \$42,900,000 shall be made available for the Office of Civil Rights and Civil Liberties and \$28,600,000 shall be made available for the Office of the Immigration Detention Ombudsman and such amounts shall be obligated to restore the staff levels set forth in the Department of Homeland Security Ap-

propriations Act, 2024 (division C of Public Law 118-47)”.

SA 4260. Mr. MURPHY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 7148, making further consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2026, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 1201, strike lines 12 through 18 and insert the following:

(f) No funds may be reprogrammed or transferred to, from, or within the accounts covering the expenses of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement or U.S. Customs and Border Protection.

SA 4261. Mr. MURPHY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 7148, making further consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2026, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 1235, between lines 21 and 22, insert the following:

SEC. 555. None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this Act or by any other Act may be used by the Department of Homeland Security to support immigration enforcement operations carried out by U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement or U.S. Customs and Border Protection if any Department of Homeland Security employee fails to cooperate with an investigation by an appropriate State or local official or agency relating to the use of force by any employee of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement or U.S. Customs and Border Protection.

SA 4262. Mr. MURPHY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 7148, making further consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2026, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 1235, between lines 21 and 22, insert the following:

SEC. 555. (a) The attorney general of a State, or another authorized State officer, alleging a violation of a use of force policy that harms such State or its residents shall have standing to bring a civil action against the Secretary of Homeland Security on behalf of such State or the residents of such State, as *parens patriae*, in an appropriate district court of the United States to obtain appropriate injunctive relief.

(b) The court shall advance on the docket and expedite the disposition of a civil action filed pursuant to subsection (a) to the greatest extent practicable.

(c) For purposes of subsection (a), a State or its residents shall be considered to have been harmed if the State or its residents experience harm, including financial harm in excess of \$100.

SA 4263. Mr. MURPHY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 7148, making further consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2026, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 1235, between lines 21 and 22, insert the following:

SEC. 555. All of the terms, conditions, purposes, and amounts provided in the explanatory statement accompanying this division, including the amounts for programs,

projects, and activities beginning on page 118 of the explanatory statement, shall have the force and effect of law, except that the language set forth in House Report 119-173 shall carry no legal force and effect.

SA 4264. Mr. MURPHY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 7148, making further consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2026, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in division H, insert the following:

SEC. ____. The Secretary of Homeland Security shall make publicly available on the website of the Department of Homeland Security any request for reprogramming or transfer of funds and any final spend plan for the Department of Homeland Security and any component of the Department for fiscal year 2026, and for each fiscal year thereafter, not later than 14 days after final agency action.

SA 4265. Mr. SCOTT of Florida submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 7148, making further consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2026, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in the matter preceding division A, insert the following:

SEC. ____. STRIKE OF EARMARKS.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, none of the funds provided under any division of this Act may be used for Congressionally Directed Spending projects.

SA 4266. Mr. BENNET submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 7148, making further consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2026, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 1176, after line 17, add the following:

SEC. 239. (a) In this section—

(1) the term “agency” means an Executive agency (as defined in section 105 of title 5, United States Code);

(2) the term “covered employee” means—

(A) a covered immigration officer (as defined in section 236(g)(1)(A) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, as amended by section 2), whose official duties put the covered employee at greater risk of being the target of a threat, intimidation, harassment, stalking, or a similar action;

(B) a spouse, child, or parent of an employee described in subparagraph (A); and

(C) any other familial relative of such employee who has the same permanent residence as such employee;

(3) the term “privacy-enhancing services” means any software or hardware solution, technical process, technique, or other technological means of mitigating privacy risks arising from data processing, including by eliminating, reducing, or suppressing personal information, including restricted personal information (as defined in section 119(b)(1) of title 18, United States Code).

(b) Section 236 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1226) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(g) IDENTIFICATION REQUIREMENT FOR IMMIGRATION ENFORCEMENT PERSONNEL.—

“(1) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:

“(A) COVERED IMMIGRATION OFFICER.—The term ‘covered immigration officer’ means—

“(i) any officer, agent, or employee of U.S. Customs and Border Protection;

“(ii) any officer, agent, or employee of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement; and

“(iii) any officer, agent, or individual authorized, deputized, or designated under Federal law, regulation, or agreement to perform immigration enforcement functions, including pursuant to section 287(g) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1357(g)) or any other delegation or agreement with the Department of Homeland Security.”

“(B) IMMIGRATION ENFORCEMENT FUNCTION.—The term ‘immigration enforcement function’—

“(i) means any activity that involves the direct exercise of Federal immigration enforcement through public-facing actions, including a patrol, stop, arrest, search, interview to determine immigration status, raid, checkpoint, or the service of a judicial or administrative warrant; and

“(ii) does not include any covert, nonpublic operation.

“(2) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (3), any covered immigration officer who is conducting an immigration enforcement function and any Federal or non-Federal law enforcement officer who is providing direct support to such immigration enforcement function shall visibly display—

“(A) such covered immigration officer’s last name and another individual identifier that is unique to such individual;

“(B) the name of the Federal law enforcement entity or other organization employing such covered immigration officer; and

“(C) the face of such covered immigration officer.

“(3) EXCEPTION.—The requirement under paragraph (2) shall not apply to individuals referred to in such paragraph who—

“(A) are engaged in investigative activity involving the use of an assumed name or cover identity;

“(B) are engaged in planned tactical operations (such as high-risk situations, responding to hostage incidents, terrorism response, narcotics raids, hazardous surveillance, sniper incidents, armed suicidal persons, barricaded suspects, high-risk felony warrant service, fugitives refusing to surrender, and active shooter incidents) by specifically trained law enforcement personnel to a high-risk situation that requires the application of specialized lifesaving tools, tactics, and capabilities which exceed those immediately available to the officer or agent of the Department of Homeland Security who is conducting an immigration enforcement function and any Federal or non-Federal law enforcement officer who is providing direct support to such immigration enforcement function in the regular performance of the officer’s or agent’s official duties; or

“(C) are engaged in a law enforcement function that necessitate the use of face coverings, as required under section 1960.10(b) of title 29, Code of Federal Regulations.”

(c) Nothing in this section or in the amendment made by this section may be construed to prohibit, restrain, or limit—

(1) the lawful investigation or reporting by the press of any unlawful activity or misconduct alleged to have been committed by a covered employee;

(2) the lawful disclosure of information relating to a covered employee or the immediate family of a covered employee regarding matters of public concern; or

(3) information that the covered employee or the employer of the covered employee voluntarily publishes on the internet after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SA 4267. Mr. BENNET submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 7148, making fur-

ther consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2026, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 1176, after line 17, add the following:

SEC. 239. None of the funds made available by this Act may be used to detain a child (as defined in section 101(b)(1) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(b)(1))) or a primary caregiver of a child unless the Secretary of Homeland Security demonstrates that it is unreasonable or not practicable to place such child or caregiver in a community-based supervision program.

SA 4268. Mr. BENNET submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 7148, making further consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2026, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 1176, after line 17, add the following:

SEC. 239. (a) In this section, the term “sensitive location” includes any physical space located within 1,000 feet of—

(1) any medical or mental healthcare facility, including any hospital, health care practitioner’s office, accredited health clinic, vaccination or testing site, or emergent or urgent care facility, or community health center;

(2) any public or private school (including preschools, primary schools, secondary schools, and postsecondary schools (including colleges and universities)), any site of an early childhood education program, any other institution of learning, such as vocational or trade schools, and any other site where individuals who are unemployed or underemployed may apply for or receive workforce training;

(3) any scholastic or education-related activity or event, including field trips and interscholastic events;

(4) any school bus or school bus stop during periods when school children are present on the bus or at the stop;

(5) any recreational facility for children, such as playgrounds and formal recreational facilities;

(6) any child care focused facility, including child care centers, before or after school care centers, foster care facilities, and group homes for children;

(7) any location where disaster or emergency response and relief is being provided by Federal, State, or local entities, such as the distribution of emergency supplies, food, and water; any place of temporary shelter; any place along an evacuation route; and any site where registration for disaster-related assistance or family reunification is taking place;

(8) any location of any organization that—

(A) assists children, pregnant women, victims of crime or abuse, or individuals with significant mental or physical disabilities, including domestic violence shelters, child advocacy centers, facilities that serve disabled persons, drug or alcohol counseling and treatment facilities, rape crisis centers, supervised visitation centers, family justice centers, victims’ services providers, and community-based organizations providing social services; or

(B) provides disaster or emergency social services and assistance, or services for individuals experiencing homelessness, including food banks, pantries, or other establishments distributing food, and shelters;

(9) any church, synagogue, mosque, or other place of worship or religious study, such as buildings rented for the purpose of

religious services, or a temporary facility or location where such activities are taking place;

(10) any sites of a funeral, graveside ceremony, wedding, or any site where other religious or civil ceremonies or observances are occurring;

(11) any site during the occurrence of a public demonstration, such as a march, rally, or parade;

(12) any Federal, State, or local courthouse, including the office of an individual's legal counsel or representative, and a probation office;

(13) any congressional district office;

(14) any Social Security office;

(15) any public assistance offices, including locations where individuals may apply for or receive unemployment compensation or report violations of labor and employment laws;

(16) the indoor or outdoor premises of a department of motor vehicles;

(17) a polling place, including any building or infrastructure where voting takes place during an election;

(18) a labor union hall or any other union-operated building or office where registered applicants are referred in rotation to jobs;

(19) any public library; or

(20) any other locations specified by the Secretary of Homeland Security.

(b) No Federal funds may be used by the Department of Homeland Security to engage in any immigration enforcement action, including any apprehension, arrest, interview, request for identification, investigative stop, search, or surveillance for the purposes of immigration enforcement (including enforcement actions that are part of a joint case led by another law enforcement agency), that takes place at, is focused on or occurs within 1,000 feet of a sensitive location.

SA 4269. Mr. BENNET submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 7148, making further consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2026, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 1176, after line 17, add the following:

SEC. 239. (a)(1) The Secretary of Homeland Security shall enhance the performance, professionalism, and integrity of immigration enforcement officers and agents by establishing strengthened hiring and screening standards for all newly hired officers and agents.

(2) The standards required under paragraph (1) shall, at a minimum, require that each applicant—

(A) be at least 20 years of age at the time of application and at least 21 years of age at the start of the next scheduled basic training academy;

(B) possess a high school diploma or equivalent credential at the time of application;

(C) possess authorization to live and work in the United States, as demonstrated by documentation sufficient to satisfy employment eligibility verification requirements under Federal law;

(D) possess not fewer than 5 years of prior law enforcement experience with a Federal, State, local, Tribal, or territorial law enforcement agency;

(E) hold a bachelor's degree from an accredited institution of higher education; and

(F) undergo comprehensive background investigations that include—

(i) criminal history checks;

(ii) reviews of prior law enforcement or military service, including disciplinary records and sustained complaints;

(iii) screening for any history of domestic violence, sexual assault, or other violent conduct;

(iv) drug use screening consistent with Federal law;

(v) reviews for affiliations with terrorist organizations, violent extremist groups, or hate-based organizations;

(vi) reviews of publicly available social media and online activity for evidence of bias, extremism, discriminatory conduct, or advocacy of violence; and

(vii) psychological suitability assessments to ensure fitness for duty, sound judgment, and the ability to safely interact with the public.

(b)(1) The Secretary of Homeland Security shall establish and enforce appearance standards applicable to immigration enforcement officers and agents.

(2) The standards required under paragraph (1) shall prohibit—

(A) any body markings that are vulgar, obscene, sexually explicit, gang-related, prejudicial, or otherwise reasonably likely to bring discredit upon the Department of Homeland Security or the law enforcement profession;

(B) body markings located on or above the collarbone; and

(C) body markings located on or below the wrist bone, except that an officer or agent may display one band-style marking on one finger, not exceeding 8 millimeters in width.

SA 4270. Mr. BENNET submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 7148, making further consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2026, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 1176, after line 17, add the following:

SEC. 239. (a) The Secretary of Homeland Security shall ensure each immigration enforcement officer or agent who interacts with members of the public is equipped with a body-worn camera.

(b) Except as provided under subsections (c) and (d), an immigration enforcement officer or agent shall wear and activate a body-worn camera, or a dash camera if the officer's vehicle is equipped with such a camera, while—

(1) responding to a call for service;

(2) entering any premises for the purpose of enforcing the law or investigating possible violations of law;

(3) conducting a welfare check, except for motorist assistance; or

(4) engaging in any interaction with a member of the public initiated by the officer or agent, whether consensual or nonconsensual, for the purpose of enforcing the law or investigating possible violations of law.

(c)(1) A camera need not be activated while an immigration enforcement officer or agent en route to a call for service, but shall be activated shortly before the officer or agent arrives at the scene.

(2) An officer or agent working in an undercover capacity is not required to wear or activate a body-worn camera.

(d) An immigration enforcement officer or agent may deactivate a body-worn camera—

(1) to avoid recording personal information that is not related to an immigration case;

(2) while working on an unrelated assignment;

(3) during a prolonged break in an incident; or

(4) during administrative, tactical, or management discussions when members of the public are not present.

(e)(1) If an immigration enforcement officer or agent fails to activate a body-worn or

dash camera as required under this section, or tampers with camera footage or operation when activation is required—

(A) there shall be a permissive inference, in any investigation or legal proceeding other than a criminal prosecution of the officer or agent, that the missing footage would have reflected misconduct; and

(B) any statements or conduct offered through the officer or agent that were not recorded and not otherwise documented shall be subject to a rebuttable presumption of inadmissibility.

(2) This subsection shall not apply if—

(A) a body-worn camera or dash camera malfunctions;

(B) the officer or agent to whom the camera was assigned was unaware of the malfunction or unable to correct it prior to the incident; and

(C) the records of the agency demonstrate that the officer or agent checked the camera's functionality at the beginning of his or her shift.

(f) In addition to any criminal liability—

(1) if an adjudicative body or final agency determination finds that an officer or agent intentionally failed to activate or tampered with a camera, the employing agency shall impose discipline upon the officer or agent, up to and including termination, consistent with applicable law;

(2) if the conduct of the officer or agent was undertaken with the intent to conceal unlawful or inappropriate actions or obstruct justice, the officer's or agent's certification or authority to perform enforcement duties shall be suspended for not less than 1 year, subject to reinstatement only upon exoneration; and

(3) if such conduct occurred in an incident resulting in the death or serious bodily injury of a civilian, the officer's or agent's certification or authority to perform enforcement duties shall be permanently revoked, subject to reinstatement only upon exoneration.

(g) The Secretary of Homeland Security shall establish and follow a retention schedule for body-worn and dash-camera recordings in accordance with applicable records management requirements.

(h) Not later than 21 days after receiving a complaint alleging misconduct by an immigration enforcement officer or agent, the Department of Homeland Security shall release all unedited audio and video recordings of the incident to the public, subject to privacy protections and delayed release provisions under subsection (i).

(i)(1) Recordings depicting death shall be made available to a victim's immediate family or lawful representative before being publicly released.

(2)(A) Recordings implicating substantial privacy interests may be blurred to protect such interests without removing any portion of the recording.

(B) If blurring a recording is insufficient—

(i) the recording shall be released to affected individuals or their lawful representatives; and

(ii) the Department of Homeland Security shall notify affected persons of their right to waive the restrictions under this subsection.

(3) A recording of alleged misconduct may be temporarily withheld if the release of such recording would substantially interfere with an ongoing investigation. Such recording shall be publicly released not later than 45 days after the allegation of misconduct, accompanied by a written justification for the delay.

SA 4271. Mr. BENNET submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 7148, making further consolidated appropriations for

the fiscal year ending September 30, 2026, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 1176, after line 17, add the following:

SEC. 239. (a) The Secretary of Homeland Security shall ensure that all Members of Congress are given unrestricted access, without advance notice, to all immigration detention facilities used or operated by the Department of Homeland Security, including ICE-operated, State-run, and privately operated or contracted facilities, regardless of the source of funding for such facilities.

(b) Access to immigration detention facilities required under subsection (a) shall include—

(1) access to all of the areas in such facilities;

(2) the ability to speak privately with detained individuals and facility personnel; and

(3) the ability to observe conditions of confinement and compliance with applicable Federal law, regulations, and standards.

(c)(1) The operator of an immigration detention facility may not delay, condition, restrict, or deny access to such facility to a Member of Congress on the basis of security concerns, staffing limitations, operational considerations, contractual arrangements, or facility designation.

(2) Not later than 24 hours after discovering that a Member of Congress' access to an immigration detention facility was delayed or denied for any reason, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall submit a detailed report identifying the reasons for such delay and denial and describing the steps that will be taken to prevent future delays or denials to—

(A) the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate;

(B) the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate;

(C) the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate;

(D) the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives;

(E) the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives; and

(F) the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives.

SA 4272. Mr. PAUL (for himself and Mr. LEE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 7148, making further consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2026, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

In title II of division B, under the heading "REFUGEE AND ENTRANT ASSISTANCE (INCLUDING TRANSFER OF FUNDS)" under the heading "ADMINISTRATION FOR CHILDREN AND FAMILIES", strike "\$5,163,956,000" and all that follows through "sections 462 and 235." and insert "\$0."

SA 4273. Ms. COLLINS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill H.R. 7148, making further consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2026, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

(1) In section 2 in the matter preceding division A, strike the matter relating to division H and insert: "Division H—Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2026".

(2) On page 4, strike lines 17 through 25.

(3) Beginning on page 1132, strike line 9 and all that follows through "Sec. 554." on page 1235, line 16, and insert:

"DIVISION H—FURTHER CONTINUING APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2026

"SEC. 101. The Continuing Appropriations Act, 2026 (division A of Public Law 119-37) is amended by striking the date specified in section 106(3) and inserting 'February 13, 2026'.

"SEC. 102. For the purposes of the Continuing Appropriations Act, 2026 (division A of Public Law 119-37), the time covered by such division shall be considered to include the period which began on or about January 31, 2026, during which there occurred a lapse in appropriations.

"SEC. 103. Amounts made available in the Continuing Appropriations Act, 2026 (division A of Public Law 119-37) and the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2026 for personnel pay, allowances, and benefits in each department and agency shall be available for payments pursuant to subsection (c) of section 1341 of title 31, United States Code and such payments shall be made.

"SEC. 104. All obligations incurred and in anticipation of the appropriations made and authority granted by the Continuing Appropriations Act, 2026 (division A of Public Law 119-37) and by the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2026 for the purposes of maintaining the essential level of activity to protect life and property and bringing about orderly termination of Government function, and for purposes as otherwise authorized by law, are hereby ratified and approved if otherwise in accord with the provisions of such Act.

"SEC. 105. "

(4) On page 1235, strike lines 22 and 23 and insert:

"This division may be cited as the 'Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2026'."

SA 4274. Mrs. SHAHEEN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill H.R. 7148, making further consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2026, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title VII of division E, insert the following:

SEC. . . . LIMITATION ON USE OF FUNDS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this Act or any other Act with respect to any fiscal year may be used to blockade, occupy, annex, conduct military operations against, or otherwise assert control over the sovereign territory of a member state of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO), other than as authorized by that NATO member state or the North Atlantic Council.

(b) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the United States from defending itself or an ally from an armed attack or from a credible threat of an imminent armed attack.

SA 4275. Mr. LEE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 7148, making further consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2026, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

DIVISION —SAVE AMERICA ACT

SEC. .001. SHORT TITLE.

This division may be cited as the "Safe-guard American Voter Eligibility Act" or the "SAVE America Act".

SEC. .002. ENSURING ONLY CITIZENS ARE REGISTERED TO VOTE IN ELECTIONS FOR FEDERAL OFFICE.

(a) DEFINITION OF DOCUMENTARY PROOF OF UNITED STATES CITIZENSHIP.—Section 3 of

the National Voter Registration Act of 1993 (52 U.S.C. 20502) is amended—

(1) by striking "As used" and inserting "(a) IN GENERAL.—As used"; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

"(b) DOCUMENTARY PROOF OF UNITED STATES CITIZENSHIP.—As used in this Act, the term 'documentary proof of United States citizenship' means, with respect to an applicant for voter registration, any of the following:

"(1) A form of identification issued consistent with the requirements of the REAL ID Act of 2005 that indicates the applicant is a citizen of the United States.

"(2) A valid United States passport.

"(3) The applicant's official United States military identification card, together with a United States military record of service showing that the applicant's place of birth was in the United States.

"(4) A valid government-issued photo identification card issued by a Federal, State or Tribal government showing that the applicant's place of birth was in the United States.

"(5) A valid government-issued photo identification card issued by a Federal, State or Tribal government other than an identification described in paragraphs (1) through (4), but only if presented together with one or more of the following:

"(A) A certified birth certificate issued by a State, a unit of local government in a State, or a Tribal government which—

"(i) was issued by the State, unit of local government, or Tribal government in which the applicant was born;

"(ii) was filed with the office responsible for keeping vital records in the State;

"(iii) includes the full name, date of birth, and place of birth of the applicant;

"(iv) lists the full names of one or both of the parents of the applicant;

"(v) has the signature of an individual who is authorized to sign birth certificates on behalf of the State, unit of local government, or Tribal government in which the applicant was born;

"(vi) includes the date that the certificate was filed with the office responsible for keeping vital records in the State; and

"(vii) has the seal of the State, unit of local government, or Tribal government that issued the birth certificate.

"(B) An extract from a United States hospital Record of Birth created at the time of the applicant's birth which indicates that the applicant's place of birth was in the United States.

"(C) A final adoption decree showing the applicant's name and that the applicant's place of birth was in the United States.

"(D) A Consular Report of Birth Abroad of a citizen of the United States or a certification of the applicant's Report of Birth of a United States citizen issued by the Secretary of State.

"(E) A Naturalization Certificate or Certificate of Citizenship issued by the Secretary of Homeland Security or any other document or method of proof of United States citizenship issued by the Federal government pursuant to the Immigration and Nationality Act.

"(F) An American Indian Card issued by the Department of Homeland Security with the classification 'KIC'."

(b) APPLICATION OF REQUIREMENTS.—Section 4 of the National Voter Registration Act of 1993 (52 U.S.C. 20503) is amended by striking subsection (b) and inserting the following:

"(b) REQUIRING APPLICANTS TO PRESENT DOCUMENTARY PROOF OF UNITED STATES CITIZENSHIP.—Under any method of voter registration in a State, the State shall not accept and process an application to register to

vote in an election for Federal office unless the applicant presents documentary proof of United States citizenship with the application.”.

(c) REGISTRATION WITH APPLICATION FOR MOTOR VEHICLE DRIVER'S LICENSE.—Section 5 of the National Voter Registration Act of 1993 (52 U.S.C. 20504) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(1), by striking “Each State motor vehicle driver's license application” and inserting “Subject to the requirements under section 8(j), each State motor vehicle driver's license application”;

(2) in subsection (c)(1), by striking “Each State shall include” and inserting “Subject to the requirements under section 8(j), each State shall include”;

(3) in subsection (c)(2)(B)—

(A) in clause (i), by striking “and” at the end;

(B) in clause (ii), by adding “and” at the end; and

(C) by adding at the end the following new clause:

“(iii) verify that the applicant is a citizen of the United States;”;

(4) in subsection (c)(2)(C)(i), by striking “(including citizenship)” and inserting “, including the requirement that the applicant provides documentary proof of United States citizenship”;

(5) in subsection (c)(2)(D)(iii), by striking “; and” and inserting the following: “, other than as evidence in a criminal proceeding or immigration proceeding brought against an applicant who knowingly attempts to register to vote and knowingly makes a false declaration under penalty of perjury that the applicant meets the eligibility requirements to register to vote in an election for Federal office; and”.

(d) REQUIRING DOCUMENTARY PROOF OF UNITED STATES CITIZENSHIP WITH NATIONAL MAIL VOTER REGISTRATION FORM.—Section 6 of the National Voter Registration Act of 1993 (52 U.S.C. 20505) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)(1)—

(A) by striking “Each State shall accept and use” and inserting “Subject to the requirements under section 8(j), each State shall accept and use”;

(B) by striking “Federal Election Commission” and inserting “Election Assistance Commission”;

(2) in subsection (b), by adding at the end the following: “The chief State election official of a State shall take such steps as may be necessary to ensure that residents of the State are aware of the requirement to provide documentary proof of United States citizenship to register to vote in elections for Federal office in the State.”;

(3) in subsection (c)(1)—

(A) in subparagraph (A), by striking “and” at the end;

(B) in subparagraph (B) by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”; and

(C) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

“(C) the person did not provide documentary proof of United States citizenship when registering to vote.”;

(4) by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(e) ENSURING PROOF OF UNITED STATES CITIZENSHIP.—

“(1) PRESENTING PROOF OF UNITED STATES CITIZENSHIP TO ELECTION OFFICIAL.—An applicant who submits the mail voter registration application form prescribed by the Election Assistance Commission pursuant to section 9(a)(2) or a form described in paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (a) shall not be registered to vote in an election for Federal office unless—

“(A) the applicant presents documentary proof of United States citizenship in person to the office of the appropriate election official not later than the deadline provided by

State law for the receipt of a completed voter registration application for the election; or

“(B) in the case of a State which permits an individual to register to vote in an election for Federal office at a polling place on the day of the election and on any day when voting, including early voting, is permitted for the election, the applicant presents documentary proof of United States citizenship to the appropriate election official at the polling place not later than the date of the election.

“(2) NOTIFICATION OF REQUIREMENT.—Upon receiving an otherwise completed mail voter registration application form prescribed by the Election Assistance Commission pursuant to section 9(a)(2) or a form described in paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (a), the appropriate election official shall transmit a notice to the applicant of the requirement to present documentary proof of United States citizenship under this subsection, and shall include in the notice instructions to enable the applicant to meet the requirement.

“(3) ACCESSIBILITY.—Each State shall, in consultation with the Election Assistance Commission, ensure that reasonable accommodations are made to allow an individual with a disability who submits the mail voter registration application form prescribed by the Election Assistance Commission pursuant to section 9(a)(2) or a form described in paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (a) to present documentary proof of United States citizenship to the appropriate election official.”.

(e) REQUIREMENTS FOR VOTER REGISTRATION AGENCIES.—Section 7 of the National Voter Registration Act of 1993 (52 U.S.C. 20506) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) in paragraph (4)(A), by adding at the end the following new clause:

“(iv) Receipt of documentary proof of United States citizenship of each applicant to register to vote in elections for Federal office in the State.”; and

(B) in paragraph (6)—

(i) in subparagraph (A)(i)(I), by striking “(including citizenship)” and inserting “, including the requirement that the applicant provides documentary proof of United States citizenship”;

(ii) by redesignating subparagraphs (B) and (C) as subparagraphs (C) and (D), respectively; and

(iii) by inserting after subparagraph (A) the following new subparagraph:

“(B) ask the applicant the question, ‘Are you a citizen of the United States?’ and if the applicant answers in the affirmative require documentary proof of United States citizenship prior to providing the form under subparagraph (C);”;

(2) in subsection (c)(1), by inserting “who are citizens of the United States” after “for persons”.

(f) REQUIREMENTS WITH RESPECT TO ADMINISTRATION OF VOTER REGISTRATION.—Section 8 of the National Voter Registration Act of 1993 (52 U.S.C. 20507) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) by striking “In the administration of voter registration” and inserting “Subject to the requirements of subsection (j), in the administration of voter registration”;

(B) in paragraph (3)—

(i) in subparagraph (B), by striking “or” at the end; and

(ii) by adding at the end the following new subparagraphs:

“(D) based on documentary proof or verified information that the registrant is not a United States citizen; or

“(E) the registration otherwise fails to comply with applicable State law;”;

(2) by redesignating subsection (j) as subsection (1); and

(3) by inserting after subsection (i) the following new subsections:

“(j) ENSURING ONLY CITIZENS ARE REGISTERED TO VOTE.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, a State may not register an individual to vote in elections for Federal office held in the State unless, at the time the individual applies to register to vote, the individual provides documentary proof of United States citizenship.

“(2) ADDITIONAL PROCESSES IN CERTAIN CASES.—

“(A) PROCESS FOR THOSE WITHOUT DOCUMENTARY PROOF.—

“(i) IN GENERAL.—Subject to any relevant guidance adopted by the Election Assistance Commission, each State shall establish a process under which an applicant who cannot provide documentary proof of United States citizenship under paragraph (1) may, if the applicant signs an attestation under penalty of perjury that the applicant is a citizen of the United States and eligible to vote in elections for Federal office, submit such other evidence to the appropriate State or local official demonstrating that the applicant is a citizen of the United States and such official shall make a determination as to whether the applicant has sufficiently established United States citizenship for purposes of registering to vote in elections for Federal office in the State.

“(ii) AFFIDAVIT REQUIREMENT.—If a State or local official makes a determination under clause (i) that an applicant has sufficiently established United States citizenship for purposes of registering to vote in elections for Federal office in the State, such determination shall be accompanied by an affidavit developed under clause (iii) signed by the official swearing or affirming the applicant sufficiently established United States citizenship for purposes of registering to vote.

“(iii) DEVELOPMENT OF AFFIDAVIT BY THE ELECTION ASSISTANCE COMMISSION.—The Election Assistance Commission shall develop a uniform affidavit for use by State and local officials under clause (ii), which shall—

“(I) include an explanation of the minimum standards required for a State or local official to register an applicant who cannot provide documentary proof of United States citizenship to vote in elections for Federal office in the State; and

“(II) require the official to explain the basis for registering such applicant to vote in such elections.

“(B) PROCESS IN CASE OF CERTAIN DISCREPANCIES IN DOCUMENTATION.—Subject to any relevant guidance adopted by the Election Assistance Commission, each State shall establish a process under which an applicant can provide such additional documentation to the appropriate election official of the State as may be necessary to establish that the applicant is a citizen of the United States in the event of a discrepancy with respect to the applicant's documentary proof of United States citizenship.

“(3) STATE REQUIREMENTS.—Each State shall take affirmative steps on an ongoing basis to ensure that only United States citizens are registered to vote under the provisions of this Act, which shall include the establishment of a program described in paragraph (4) not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this subsection.

“(4) PROGRAM DESCRIBED.—A State may meet the requirements of paragraph (3) by establishing a program under which the State identifies individuals who are not United States citizens using information supplied by one or more of the following sources:

“(A) The Department of Homeland Security through the Systematic Alien Verification for Entitlements (‘SAVE’) or otherwise.

“(B) The Social Security Administration through the Social Security Number Verification Service, or otherwise.

“(C) State agencies that supply State identification cards or driver’s licenses where the agency confirms the United States citizenship status of applicants.

“(D) Other sources, including databases, which provide confirmation of United States citizenship status.

“(5) AVAILABILITY OF INFORMATION.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—At the request of a State election official (including a request related to a process established by a State under paragraph (2)(A) or (2)(B)), any head of a Federal department or agency possessing information relevant to determining the eligibility of an individual to vote in elections for Federal office shall, not later than 24 hours after receipt of such request, provide the official with such information as may be necessary to enable the official to verify that an applicant for voter registration in elections for Federal office held in the State or a registrant on the official list of eligible voters in elections for Federal office held in the State is a citizen of the United States, which shall include providing the official with such batched information as may be requested by the official.

“(B) USE OF SAVE SYSTEM.—The Secretary of Homeland Security may respond to a request received under paragraph (1) by using the system for the verification of immigration status under the applicable provisions of section 1137 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1320b-7), as established pursuant to section 121(c) of the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986 (Public Law 99-603).

“(C) SHARING OF INFORMATION.—The heads of Federal departments and agencies shall share information with each other with respect to an individual who is the subject of a request received under paragraph (A) in order to enable them to respond to the request.

“(D) INVESTIGATION FOR PURPOSES OF REMOVAL.—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall conduct an investigation to determine whether to initiate removal proceedings under section 239 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1229) if it is determined pursuant to subparagraph (A) or (B) that an alien (as such term is defined in section 101 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101)) is unlawfully registered to vote in elections for Federal office.

“(E) PROHIBITING FEES.—The head of a Federal department or agency may not charge a fee for responding to a State’s request under paragraph (A).

“(k) REMOVAL OF NONCITIZENS FROM REGISTRATION ROLLS.—A State shall remove an individual who is not a citizen of the United States from the official list of eligible voters for elections for Federal office held in the State at any time upon receipt of documentation or verified information that a registrant is not a United States citizen.”.

(g) CLARIFICATION OF AUTHORITY OF STATE TO REMOVE NONCITIZENS FROM OFFICIAL LIST OF ELIGIBLE VOTERS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 8(a)(4) of the National Voter Registration Act of 1993 (52 U.S.C. 20507(a)(4)) is amended—

(A) by striking “or” at the end of subparagraph (A);

(B) by adding “or” at the end of subparagraph (B); and

(C) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

“(C) documentary proof or verified information that the registrant is not a United States citizen;”.

(2) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 8(c)(2)(B)(i) of such Act (52 U.S.C. 20507(c)(2)(B)(i)) is amended by striking “(4)(A)” and inserting “(4)(A) or (C)”.

(h) REQUIREMENTS WITH RESPECT TO FEDERAL MAIL VOTER REGISTRATION FORM.—

(1) CONTENTS OF MAIL VOTER REGISTRATION FORM.—Section 9(b) of such Act (52 U.S.C. 20508(b)) is amended—

(A) in paragraph (2)(A), by striking “(including citizenship)” and inserting “(including an explanation of what is required to present documentary proof of United States citizenship)”;

(B) in paragraph (3), by striking “and” at the end;

(C) in paragraph (4), by striking the period at the end and inserting “; and”; and

(D) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(5) shall include a section, for use only by a State or local election official, to record the type of document the applicant presented as documentary proof of United States citizenship, including the date of issuance, the date of expiration (if any), the office which issued the document, and any unique identification number associated with the document.”.

(2) INFORMATION ON MAIL VOTER REGISTRATION FORM.—Section 9(b)(4) of such Act (52 U.S.C. 20508(b)(4)) is amended—

(A) by redesignating clauses (i) through (iii) as subparagraphs (A) through (C), respectively; and

(B) in subparagraph (C) (as so redesignated and as amended by paragraph (1)(C)), by striking “; and” and inserting the following: “, other than as evidence in a criminal proceeding or immigration proceeding brought against an applicant who attempts to register to vote and makes a false declaration under penalty of perjury that the applicant meets the eligibility requirements to register to vote in an election for Federal office; and”.

(i) PRIVATE RIGHT OF ACTION.—Section 11(b)(1) of the National Voter Registration Act of 1993 (52 U.S.C. 20510(b)(1)) is amended by striking “a violation of this Act” and inserting “a violation of this Act, including the act of an election official who registers an applicant to vote in an election for Federal office who fails to present documentary proof of United States citizenship.”.

(j) CRIMINAL PENALTIES.—Section 12(2) of such Act (52 U.S.C. 20511(2)) is amended—

(1) by striking “or” at the end of subparagraph (A);

(2) by redesignating subparagraph (B) as subparagraph (D); and

(3) by inserting after subparagraph (A) the following new subparagraphs:

“(B) in the case of an officer or employee of the executive branch, providing material assistance to a noncitizen in attempting to register to vote or vote in an election for Federal office;

“(C) registering an applicant to vote in an election for Federal office who fails to present documentary proof of United States citizenship; or”.

(k) SPECIAL RULE FOR STATES NOT REQUIRING VOTER REGISTRATION.—Section 4 of the National Voter Registration Act of 1993 (52 U.S.C. 20503), as amended by subsection (b), is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(c) SPECIAL RULE FOR STATES NOT REQUIRING VOTER REGISTRATION.—In the case of a State or jurisdiction that does not require voter registration as a requirement to vote in an election for Federal office on or after the date of the enactment of this subsection, the State or jurisdiction shall be deemed to

meet the requirements of this Act if the State or jurisdiction establishes a system for confirming the citizenship of individuals voting in an election for Federal office prior to the first day for voting with respect to such election and provides such confirmation of citizenship status for each eligible voter to election officials at the polling places during the voting period.”.

(l) ELECTION ASSISTANCE COMMISSION GUIDANCE.—Not later than 10 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Election Assistance Commission shall adopt and transmit to the chief State election official of each State guidance with respect to the implementation of the requirements under the National Voter Registration Act of 1993 (52 U.S.C. 20501 et seq.), as amended by this section.

(m) INAPPLICABILITY OF PAPERWORK REDUCTION ACT.—Subchapter I of chapter 35 of title 44 (commonly referred to as the “Paperwork Reduction Act”) shall not apply with respect to the development or modification of voter registration materials under the National Voter Registration Act of 1993 (52 U.S.C. 20501 et seq.), as amended by this section, including the development or modification of any voter registration application forms.

(n) DUTY OF SECRETARY OF HOMELAND SECURITY TO NOTIFY ELECTION OFFICIALS OF NATURALIZATION.—Upon receiving information that an individual has become a naturalized citizen of the United States, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall promptly provide notice of such information to the appropriate chief election official of the State in which such individual is domiciled.

(o) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION REGARDING PROVISIONAL BALLOTS.—Nothing in this section or in any amendment made by this section may be construed to supercede, restrict, or otherwise affect the ability of an individual to cast a provisional ballot in an election for Federal office or to have the ballot counted in the election if the individual is verified as a citizen of the United States pursuant to section 8(j) of the National Voter Registration Act of 1993 (as added by subsection (f)).

(p) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION REGARDING EFFECT ON STATE EXEMPTIONS FROM OTHER FEDERAL LAWS.—Nothing in this section or in any amendment made by this section may be construed to affect the exemption of a State from any requirement of any Federal law other than the National Voter Registration Act of 1993 (52 U.S.C. 20501 et seq.).

(q) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section and the amendments made by this section shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this section, and shall apply with respect to applications for voter registration which are submitted on or after such date.

SEC. 303. PHOTO VOTER IDENTIFICATION REQUIRED FOR VOTING IN A FEDERAL ELECTION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Each individual voting in an election for Federal office shall present an eligible photo identification document.

(b) PRESENTATION REQUIREMENTS.—

(1) IN-PERSON VOTING.—In the case of an individual who votes in-person, the eligible photo identification document shall—

(A) be a tangible (not digital) document; and

(B) be presented at the time of voting.

(2) ABSENTEE VOTING.—In the case of an individual voting by absentee ballot, the individual shall include a copy of the eligible photo identification document—

(A) with the request for an absentee ballot; and

(B) with the submission of the absentee ballot.

(c) ELIGIBLE PHOTO IDENTIFICATION DOCUMENT.—For purposes of this section:

(1) IN GENERAL.—The term “eligible photo identification document” means any document which—

(A) is issued by an authority described in paragraph (2); and

(B) meets the requirements of paragraph (3).

(2) ISSUING AUTHORITY.—The following are authorities described in this paragraph:

(A) A State agency responsible for issuing State motor vehicle drivers' licenses.

(B) A State or local election office.

(C) A Native tribal government.

(D) The Department of State.

(E) The Department of War.

(F) A branch of the Armed Forces.

(3) REQUIREMENTS.—A document meets the requirements of this paragraph if the document contains—

(A) a photograph of the individual identified on the document;

(B) an indication on the front of the document that the individual identified on the document is a United States citizen; and

(C) either—

(i) an identification number issues by the entity described in paragraph (2)(A); or

(ii) the last four digits of the social security number of the individual identified on the document.

(4) USE OF ADDITIONAL DOCUMENTATION.—

(A) USE OF ADDITIONAL DOCUMENTATION.—A document which fails to meet the requirements of paragraph (3)(B) shall not fail to be treated as an eligible photo identification document if the document is presented together with another identification document that indicates the individual is a United States citizen.

(B) STATES USING SAVE SYSTEM.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—The requirements of paragraph (3)(B) shall not apply to an individual—

(I) who votes in a State or jurisdiction which meets the requirements of clause (ii); and

(II) who registered to vote in such State or jurisdiction before the most recent date on which the State or jurisdiction last submitted its voter registration rolls to the Department of Homeland Security as provided in clause (ii)(I).

(ii) REQUIREMENTS.—The requirements of this clause are met if—

(I) the State or jurisdiction has submitted its voter registration list to the Department of Homeland Security through the Systematic Alien Verification for Entitlements (SAVE) program not less frequently than quarterly since June 1, 2025, for purposes of identifying ineligible registrations and non-citizens; and

(II) the State or jurisdiction indicates in each voter record on its voter rolls whether the voter has been verified as a United States citizen based on the information provided by the Department of Homeland Security under subclause (I), and the date of such verification.

(iii) SPECIAL RULE FOR STATES NOT REQUIRING VOTER REGISTRATION.—In the case of a State or jurisdiction that does not require voter registration as a requirement to vote in an election for Federal office on or after the date of the enactment of this Act—

(I) clause (i)(ii) shall not apply; and

(II) the State or jurisdiction shall be deemed to meet the requirements of clause (ii) if the State or jurisdiction establishes a system for confirming the citizenship of individuals voting in an election for Federal office prior to the first day of the period described in section 3 with respect to such election and provides such confirmation of citizenship status for each eligible voter to election officials at the polling places during the voting period.

(d) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 303(b) of the Help America Vote Act of 2002 (52 U.S.C. 21083(b)) is amended by striking all that precedes paragraph (4).

(e) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Each State and jurisdiction shall be required to comply with the requirements of this section with respect to all elections for Federal office occurring on and after the date of the enactment of this section.

SA 4276. Mr. MURPHY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 7148, making further consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2026, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 1176, after line 17, add the following:

SEC. 239. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law and except as provided under section 287(a)(2) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1357(a)(2)), no funds made available to the Department of Homeland Security by this Act or by any other Act may be used by any officer or employee to make a civil immigration arrest without—

(1) a judicially enforceable warrant issued by a Federal magistrate or Article III judge; or

(2) a civil administrative warrant that complies with the requirements described in subsection (b).

(b) To meet the requirements described in this subsection, a civil administrative warrant shall—

(1) be served on the recipient with the accompanying documentation described in paragraph (3) at the time the warrant is issued;

(2) be issued concurrently with or based on a previously-existing charging document or conclusive evidence of an existing removal order;

(3) accurately document the probable cause of the recipient's lack of lawful immigration status; and

(4) be approved by an immigration judge or a supervising officer not later than 24 hours before it is executed.

SA 4277. Mr. MURPHY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 7148, making further consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2026, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Beginning on page 1198, strike line 23 and all that follows through page 1201, line 19, and insert the following:

SEC. 503. (a) None of the funds provided by this Act, or by any prior appropriations Act, to the components in, or transferred to, the Department of Homeland Security that remain available for obligation or expenditure during fiscal year 2026, or provided from any accounts in the Treasury of the United States derived by the collection of fees available to the components funded by this Act or from Public Law 119-21 shall be available for obligation or expenditure through a reprogramming of funds that—

(1) creates or eliminates a program, project, or activity, or increases funds for any program, project, or activity for which funds have been denied or restricted by the Congress;

(2) contracts out any function or activity presently performed by Federal employees or any new function or activity proposed to be performed by Federal employees in the President's budget proposal for fiscal year 2026 for the Department of Homeland Security;

(3) augments funding for existing programs, projects, or activities in excess of \$1,000,000 or 1 percent, whichever is less;

(4) reduces funding for any program, project, or activity, or numbers of personnel, by 5 percent or more; or

(5) results from any general savings from a reduction in personnel that would result in a change in funding levels for programs, projects, or activities approved by the Congress.

(b) Subsection (a) shall not apply if the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives are notified at least 30 days in advance of such reprogramming.

(c) Up to 5 percent of any appropriation made available by this Act for fiscal year 2026 for the Department of Homeland Security or provided by any prior appropriations Act may be transferred between such appropriations if the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives are notified at least 30 days in advance of such transfer. None of these appropriations, except as otherwise specifically provided, may be increased by more than 1 percent by such transfer.

(d) Notwithstanding subsections (a), (b), and (c), funds may not be reprogrammed within or transferred between appropriations—

(1) based upon an initial notification provided after June 15, 2026, except in extraordinary circumstances that imminently threaten the safety of human life or the protection of property by a natural disaster or congressional authorized drug interdiction carried out by the United States Coast Guard;

(2) to increase or decrease funding for grant programs; or

(3) to create a program, project, or activity described in subsection (a)(1), including any new function or requirement within any program, project, or activity that has not been approved by Congress.

(e) The notification thresholds and procedures set forth in subsections (a), (b), (c), and (d) shall apply to any use of deobligated balances of funds provided to the Department of Homeland Security in a prior appropriations Act or funds provided under Public Law 119-21 that remain available for obligation during the 3-year period ending on September 30, 2029.

(f) Funds may not be reprogrammed or transferred to, from, or within U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement or U.S. Customs and Border Protection.

SA 4278. Mr. MURPHY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 7148, making further consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2026, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 1161, strike lines 7 through 12.

SA 4279. Mr. MURPHY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 7148, making further consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2026, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 1176, after line 17, add the following:

SEC. 239. No funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this Act or by any other Act may be used to carry out any civil arrest or apprehension of any noncitizen, including immigration enforcement actions authorized under section 287 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1357), without a judicial warrant issued by a Federal district court or magistrate judge.

SA 4280. Mr. MURPHY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 7148, making further consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2026, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 1133, line 14, insert before the period at the end the following: “: *Provided further*, That notwithstanding the previous provisos, \$42,964,000 shall be made available for the Office of Civil Rights and Civil Liberties and \$28,641,000 shall be made available for the Office of the Immigration Detention Ombudsman and such amounts shall be obligated to restore the staff levels set forth in the Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2024 (division C of Public Law 118-47)”.

SA 4281. Mr. BLUMENTHAL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 7148, making further consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2026, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 1235, between lines 21 and 22, insert the following:

SEC. 555. None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available to the Department of Homeland Security by this division or by Public Law 119-21, and none of the fees collected by the Department of Homeland Security, may be used to arrest or detain any United States citizen unless such action is explicitly authorized under paragraph (4) or (5) of section 287(a) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1357(a)).

SA 4282. Mr. BLUMENTHAL (for himself and Ms. HIRONO) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 7148, making further consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2026, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 1176, after line 17, add the following:

SEC. 239. LIMITING IMMIGRATION ENFORCEMENT ACTIONS AT SENSITIVE LOCATIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 287 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1357) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(i)(1) In order to ensure individuals’ access to sensitive locations, this subsection shall apply to any enforcement action by—

“(A) officers or agents of the Department of Homeland Security, including officers and agents of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement and U.S. Customs and Border Protection; and

“(B) any individual designated to perform immigration enforcement functions pursuant to a written agreement described in subsection (g).

“(2)(A) An enforcement action may not take place, be focused on a location, or occur, within 1,000 feet of a sensitive location, except under exigent circumstances.

“(B) If an immigration enforcement action is taking place under exigent circumstances, and the exigent circumstances permitting the enforcement action cease, the enforcement action shall be discontinued until such exigent circumstances reemerge.

“(C) If an individual referred to in subparagraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (1) is not certain as to whether exigent circumstances exist, the individual—

“(i) shall cease the enforcement action immediately;

“(ii) shall consult with his or her supervisor in real time regarding the existence of exigent circumstances; and

“(iii) may not continue the enforcement action until the individual’s supervisor affirmatively confirms the existence of exigent circumstances.

“(3)(A) When proceeding with an enforcement action at or near a sensitive location, individuals referred to in subparagraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (1) shall make every effort—

“(i) to conduct themselves as discreetly as possible, consistent with officer and public safety;

“(ii) to limit the time spent at the sensitive location; and

“(iii) to limit the enforcement action to the person or persons for whom prior approval was obtained.

“(B) If, in the course of an enforcement action that is not initiated at or focused on a sensitive location, individuals referred to in subparagraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (1) are led to or near a sensitive location, and no clear exigent circumstance with respect to the sensitive location exists, such individuals shall—

“(i) cease before taking any further enforcement action;

“(ii) conduct themselves in a discreet manner;

“(iii) maintain surveillance; and

“(iv) in the event that uncertainty exists about the existence of exigent circumstances, immediately consult their supervisor in order to determine whether such enforcement action should be discontinued pursuant to paragraph (2)(C).

“(C) This subsection shall not apply to the transportation of an individual apprehended at or near a land or sea border to a hospital or health care provider for the purpose of providing such individual medical care.

“(D) This subsection shall not apply to a rare premeditated arrest operation, undertaken with the prior written approval of an appropriate authorizing official, involving the targeted arrest of a terrorist suspect, an individual who poses a clear threat to national security, or an individual who poses an extraordinary danger to public safety.

“(4) If an enforcement action is carried out in violation of this subsection—

“(A) no information resulting from the enforcement action may be entered into the record or received into evidence in a removal proceeding resulting from the enforcement action; and

“(B) the alien who is the subject of such removal proceeding may file a motion for the immediate termination of the removal proceeding.

“(5)(A) Each official specified in subparagraph (B) shall ensure that the employees under the supervision of such official receive annual training in compliance with the requirements of this subsection, section 239, and section 384 of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1367).

“(B) The officials specified in this subparagraph are the following:

“(i) The Chief Counsel of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement.

“(ii) The Field Office Directors of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement.

“(iii) Each Special Agent in Charge of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement.

“(iv) Each Chief Patrol Agent of U.S. Customs and Border Protection.

“(v) The Director of Field Operations of U.S. Customs and Border Protection.

“(vi) The Director of Air and Marine Operations of U.S. Customs and Border Protection.

“(vii) The Internal Affairs Special Agent in Charge of U.S. Customs and Border Protection.

“(6)(A) Not later than 30 days after any enforcement action is taken at a sensitive location by any individual referred to in subparagraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (1), the Secretary of Homeland Security shall provide a report to both the Office of the Inspector General of the Department of Homeland Security and the Office for Civil Rights and Civil Liberties of the Department of Homeland Security for each such enforcement action, which shall contain—

“(i) the date, State, and local political subdivision (such as city, town, or county) in which each enforcement action occurred;

“(ii) the specific sensitive location site where the enforcement action occurred;

“(iii) the type of enforcement action that occurred;

“(iv) the specific department, agency, and officers responsible for the enforcement action;

“(v) a thorough description of the circumstances which purportedly justified the enforcement action, including either—

“(I) a clear description of the exigent circumstances involved; or

“(II) a certified copy of the written approval for the immigration arrest that was signed by an appropriate authorizing officer, along with a clear description of the specific and rare threat which justified the premeditated arrest at this sensitive location;

“(vi) a description of the intended target of the enforcement action;

“(vii) the number of individuals, if any, arrested or taken into custody through the enforcement action;

“(viii) the number of collateral arrests, if any, from the enforcement action and the reasons for each such arrest; and

“(ix) a certification of whether a supervisor was contacted prior to, during, or after each such enforcement action.

“(B) An appropriate committee of Congress may, at any time, request and successfully receive a confidential or redacted copy of any of the individual reports described in subparagraph (A).

“(7)(A) The Director of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement and the Commissioner for U.S. Customs and Border Protection shall each submit an annual report to the appropriate committees of Congress that describes the enforcement actions undertaken by U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement or U.S. Customs and Border Protection, as applicable, during the preceding fiscal year that were covered by this subsection.

“(B) Each report submitted pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall include—

“(i) the number of enforcement actions at or focused on a sensitive location;

“(ii) the number of enforcement actions where officers or agents were subsequently led to or near a sensitive location;

“(iii) the date, site, State, and local political subdivision (such as city, town, or county) in which each enforcement action covered by clause (i) or (ii) occurred;

“(iv) the component of the agency responsible for each such enforcement action;

“(v) a description of the intended target of each such enforcement action;

“(vi) the number of individuals, if any, arrested or taken into custody through each such enforcement action;

“(vii) the number of collateral arrests, if any, from each such enforcement action and the reasons for each such arrest; and

“(viii) a certification of whether the location administrator was contacted prior to, during, or after each such enforcement action.

“(8)(A) The Office of the Inspector General of the Department of Homeland Security shall submit an annual report to the appropriate committees of Congress regarding the

complaints of enforcement actions taken in sensitive locations by U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement and U.S. Customs and Border Protection during the preceding year that were covered by this subsection.

“(B) Each report submitted pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall include—

“(i) the number of complaints of enforcement actions reported at, or focused on, a sensitive location;

“(ii) the reported date, site, State, and local political subdivision (such as city, town, or county) in which each enforcement action referred to in clause (i) occurred;

“(iii) the reported agency responsible for each such enforcement action;

“(iv) a description of the intended target of each such enforcement action;

“(v) the reported number of individuals, if any, arrested or taken into custody through each such enforcement action;

“(vi) the reported number of collateral arrests, if any, from each such enforcement action, and the reasons for each such arrest; and

“(vii) if available, a certification of whether the location administrator was contacted prior to, during, or after each such enforcement action.

“(9) In this subsection:

“(A) The term ‘appropriate authorizing official’ means—

“(i) in the case of officers and agents of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement—

“(I) the Assistant Director of Operations, Homeland Security Investigations;

“(II) the Executive Associate Director of Homeland Security Investigations;

“(III) the Assistant Director for Field Operations, Enforcement, and Removal Operations;

“(IV) the Executive Associate Director for Field Operations, Enforcement, and Removal Operations; or

“(V) any other individual who is determined to be an appropriate authorizing official by the Secretary of Homeland Security; and

“(ii) in the case of officers and agents of U.S. Customs and Border Protection—

“(I) a Chief Patrol Agent;

“(II) the Director of Field Operations;

“(III) the Director of Air and Marine Operations;

“(IV) the Internal Affairs Special Agent in Charge; or

“(V) any other individual who is determined to be an appropriate authorizing official by the Secretary of Homeland Security; and

“(iii) in the case of all other individuals referred to in subparagraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (1), an official determined under rules promulgated by the Secretary of Homeland Security not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of the Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2026.

“(B) The term ‘appropriate committees of Congress’ means—

“(i) the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate;

“(ii) the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate;

“(iii) the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate;

“(iv) the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives;

“(v) the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives; and

“(vi) the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

“(C) The term ‘early childhood education program’ has the meaning given such term in section 103(8) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1003(8)).

“(D) The term ‘enforcement action’—

“(i) means an apprehension, arrest, interview, request for identification, search, or surveillance for the purposes of immigration enforcement; and

“(ii) includes an enforcement action at, or focused on, a sensitive location that is part of a joint case led by another law enforcement agency.

“(E) The term ‘exigent circumstances’ means a situation involving—

“(i) the imminent risk of death, violence, or physical harm to any person, including a situation implicating terrorism or the national security of the United States in some other manner;

“(ii) the immediate arrest or hot pursuit of an individual presenting an imminent danger to public safety, including the imminent risk of death, violence, or physical harm to a person;

“(iii) a rare, premeditated arrest operation described in paragraph (3)(D), undertaken with the prior written approval of an appropriate authorizing official, involving the targeted arrest of a terrorist suspect, an individual who poses a clear threat to national security, or an individual who poses an extraordinary danger to public safety;

“(iv) a direct threat to national security; or

“(v) the imminent risk of destruction of evidence that is material to an ongoing criminal case.

“(F) The term ‘sensitive location’ includes all of the physical space located within 1,000 feet of—

“(i) any medical or mental healthcare facility, including any hospital, health care practitioner’s office, accredited health clinic, vaccination or testing site, or emergent or urgent care facility, or community health center;

“(ii) any public or private school (including preschools, primary schools, secondary schools, and postsecondary schools (including colleges and universities)), any site of an early childhood education program, any other institution of learning, such as vocational or trade schools, and any other site where individuals who are unemployed or underemployed may apply for or receive workforce training;

“(iii) any scholastic or education-related activity or event, including field trips and interscholastic events;

“(iv) any school bus or school bus stop during periods when school children are present on the bus or at the stop;

“(v) any recreational facility for children, such as playgrounds and formal recreational facilities;

“(vi) any child care focused facility, including child care centers, before or after school care centers, foster care facilities, and group homes for children;

“(vii) any location where disaster or emergency response and relief is being provided by Federal, State, or local entities, such as the distribution of emergency supplies, food, and water; any place of temporary shelter; any place along an evacuation route; and any site where registration for disaster-related assistance or family reunification is taking place;

“(viii) any location of any organization that—

“(I) assists children, pregnant women, victims of crime or abuse, or individuals with significant mental or physical disabilities, including domestic violence shelters, child advocacy centers, facilities that serve disabled persons, drug or alcohol counseling and treatment facilities, rape crisis centers, supervised visitation centers, family justice centers, victims’ services providers, and community-based organizations providing social services; or

“(II) provides disaster or emergency social services and assistance, or services for individuals experiencing homelessness, including food banks, pantries, or other establishments distributing food, and shelters;

“(ix) any church, synagogue, mosque, or other place of worship or religious study, such as buildings rented for the purpose of religious services, or a temporary facility or location where such activities are taking place;

“(x) any sites of a funeral, graveside ceremony, wedding, or any site where other religious or civil ceremonies or observances are occurring;

“(xi) any site during the occurrence of a public demonstration, such as a march, rally, or parade;

“(xii) any Federal, State, or local courthouse, including the office of an individual’s legal counsel or representative, and a probation office;

“(xiii) any congressional district office;

“(xiv) any Social Security office;

“(xv) any public assistance offices, including locations where individuals may apply for or receive unemployment compensation or report violations of labor and employment laws;

“(xvi) the indoor or outdoor premises of a department of motor vehicles;

“(xvii) a polling place, including any building or infrastructure where voting takes place during an election;

“(xviii) a labor union hall or any other union-operated building or office where registered applicants are referred in rotation to jobs;

“(xix) any public library; or

“(xx) any other locations specified by the Secretary of Homeland Security for purposes of this subsection.

“(G) The term ‘supervisor’ means an official determined under rules promulgated by the Secretary of Homeland Security pursuant to section 239(c) of the Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2026.”

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect on the date that is 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(c) RULEMAKING.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall promulgate regulations to carry out the amendment made by subsection (a).

SA 4283. Mr. BLUMENTHAL (for himself and Ms. HIRONO) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 7148, making further consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2026, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 1235, between lines 21 and 22, insert the following:

SEC. 555. None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this division or by Public Law 119–21, and none of the fees collected by the Department of Homeland Security, may be used by any component of the Department of Homeland Security for any operation involving the entry into a private residence solely on the basis of an administrative warrant.

SA 4284. Mr. BENNET submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 7148, making further consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2026, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

After section 194 of title I of division D, insert the following:

SEC. _____. (a) Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Transportation shall issue a notice of funding opportunity for each program described in subsection (c) using any amounts made available in title VIII of division J of the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (Public Law 117-58; 135 Stat. 1412) for each program described in subsection (c) that are unobligated and have not been committed to any existing grantees.

(b) In making awards for each program described in subsection (c), the Secretary of Transportation shall first prioritize any applicant that had a previously awarded grant withdrawn, canceled, or terminated after December 15, 2025.

(c) A program referred to in subsections (a) and (b) is—

(1) the consolidated rail infrastructure and safety improvements grant program under section 22907 of title 49, United States Code;

(2) the Strengthening Mobility and Revolutionizing Transportation Grant Program under section 25005 of the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (23 U.S.C. 502 note; Public Law 117-58);

(3) the local and regional project assistance program under section 6702 of title 49, United States Code; and

(4) grants to States or localities under the twenty-second proviso in paragraph (2) in the matter under the heading "HIGHWAY INFRASTRUCTURE PROGRAMS" under the heading "FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION" under the heading "DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION" in title VIII of division J of the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (Public Law 117-58; 135 Stat. 1425).

(d) Amounts repurposed pursuant to this section shall continue to be treated as amounts specified in section 103(b) of division A of Public Law 118-5 (137 Stat. 16).

SA 4285. Mr. SANDERS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 7148, making further consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2026, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. REPEAL OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR U.S. IMMIGRATION AND CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT.

Sections 90003 and 100052 of Public Law 119-21 (139 Stat. 358, 387) (commonly known as the "One Big Beautiful Bill Act") are repealed and the unobligated balances of amounts made available under those sections (as in effect on the day before the date of enactment of this Act) are rescinded.

SA 4286. Mr. LEE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 7148, making further consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2026, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

In title III of division F, under "BILATERAL ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE", strike the heading "UNITED STATES AFRICAN DEVELOPMENT FOUNDATION" and everything that follows under such heading.

SA 4287. Mr. MERKLEY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill H.R. 7148, making further consolidated appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2026, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. PROHIBITION ON LAST-MINUTE REVISIONS.

Notwithstanding any provision of the Impoundment Control Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 681 et seq.), a special message transmitted under section 1012 or 1013 of such Act may not propose to rescind or defer any budget authority that expires on or before the date that is 90 days after the date on which such special message is transmitted.

AUTHORITY FOR COMMITTEES TO MEET

Mrs. CAPITO. Mr. President, I have six requests for committees to meet during today's session of the Senate.

They have the approval of the Majority and Minority Leaders.

Pursuant to Rule XXVI, paragraph 5(a), of the Standing Rules of the Senate, the following committees are authorized to meet during today's session of the Senate:

COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE, NUTRITION, AND FORESTRY

The Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry is authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Thursday, January 29, 2026, at 10:30 a.m., to conduct a business meeting.

COMMITTEE ON ARMED SERVICES

The Committee on Armed Services is authorized to meet in executive session during the session of the Senate on Thursday, January 29, 2026.

COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE, SCIENCE, AND TRANSPORTATION

The Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation is authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Thursday, January 29, 2026, at 10 a.m., to conduct a subcommittee hearing.

COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN RELATIONS

The Committee on Foreign Relations is authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Thursday, January 29, 2026, at 9:30 a.m., to conduct a business meeting.

SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON AGING

The Special Committee on Aging is authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Thursday, January 29, 2026, at 9:30 a.m., to conduct a hearing.

SELECT COMMITTEE ON INTELLIGENCE

The Select Committee on Intelligence is authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Thursday, January 29, 2026, at 10 a.m., to conduct an open hearing on a nomination.

FOREIGN TRAVEL FINANCIAL REPORTS

In accordance with the appropriate provisions of law, the Secretary of the Senate herewith submits the following reports for standing committees of the Senate, certain joint committees of the Congress, delegations and groups, and select and special committees of the Senate, relating to expenses incurred in the performance of authorized foreign travel:

CONSOLIDATED REPORT OF EXPENDITURE OF FUNDS FOR FOREIGN TRAVEL BY MEMBERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE U.S. SENATE, UNDER AUTHORITY OF SEC. 22, P.L. 95-384—22 U.S.C 1754(b), COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS FOR TRAVEL FROM OCT. 1 TO DEC. 31, 2025

Table with 7 columns: Name and country, Name of currency, Per diem (U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency), Transportation (U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency), Miscellaneous (U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency), Total (U.S. dollar equivalent or U.S. currency). Rows include CODEL Hagerly—Cancelled, Delegation Expenses: ** (Japan), Senator John Hoeven (Canada, United States), Joshua Carter (Canada), Delegation Expenses ** (Canada), and Total.

* Note: All values are United States Dollar Equivalent.
** Delegation Expenses include payments and reimbursements to the Department of State, under the authority of Sec. 502(b) of the Mutual Security Act of 1954, as amended by Sec. 22 of P.L. 95-384, and S. Res. 179 agreed to May 25, 1977.