

JOSHUA J. ZIRBES, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record of January 13, 2026.

LEGISLATIVE SESSION

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senate will now resume legislative session.

MEASURE READ THE FIRST TIME—S. 4744

Mr. CORNYN. Mr. President, I understand that there is a bill at the desk, and I ask for its first reading, S. 4744. The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will read the bill by title for the first time.

The senior assistant executive clerk read as follows:

A bill (S. 4744) to amend titles 10 and 38, United States Code, and other Federal laws, to improve benefits for veterans and the administration of the Department of Veterans Affairs.

Mr. CORNYN. I now ask for a second reading and, in order to place the bill on the calendar under the provisions of rule XIV, I object to my own request.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The objection having been heard, the bill will receive a second reading on the next legislative day.

STOP SECRET SPENDING ACT OF 2025

Mr. CORNYN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the immediate consideration of Calendar No. 265, S. 872.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report the bill by title.

The senior assistant executive clerk read as follows:

A bill (S. 872) to amend the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 to ensure that other transaction agreements are reported to USAspending.gov, and for other purposes.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill which had been reported from the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs with amendments, as follows:

(The parts of the bill intended to be stricken are in boldfaced brackets, and the parts of the bill intended to be inserted are in italic.)

S. 872

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Stop Secret Spending Act of 2025”.

SEC. 2. OTHER TRANSACTION AGREEMENT REPORTING.

(a) OTHER TRANSACTION AGREEMENTS.—Section 2(a) of the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (31 U.S.C. 6101 note) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (4)(A)—

(A) in clause (ii), by adding “or [and]” and the end; and

(B) by adding at the end the following:

“(iii) [includes]include other transaction agreements;” and

(2) in paragraph (7)—

(A) in subparagraph (B), by striking “(2)(A)(i)” and inserting “(4)(A)(i)”; and

(B) in subparagraph (C), by striking “(2)(A)(ii)” and inserting “(4)(A)(ii)”.

(b) DATA STANDARDS.—Section 4 of the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (31 U.S.C. 6101 note) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(e) OTHER TRANSACTION AGREEMENT DATA.—Not later than 3 years after the date of enactment of the Stop Secret Spending Act of 2025, the Secretary shall ensure that, with respect to the website established under section 2, or any successor website—

“(1) data relating to other transaction agreements is automatically transmitted to the website; and

“(2) a centralized view of the data described in paragraph (1) is available on the website.”.

(c) ANNUAL REPORT ON UNREPORTED FUNDING.—Section 2 of the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (31 U.S.C. 6101 note) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(h) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of the Stop Secret Spending Act of 2025, and annually thereafter, the Secretary, in consultation with the Director, shall post to the website established under this section a report that includes—

“(1) the total amount of Federal spending on Federal awards for which data has not been posted to the website; and

“(2) the reason data on the Federal spending described in paragraph (1) has not been posted to the website, including whether the Federal spending was—

“(A) national security-related or classified;

“(B) a grant or contract awarded or entered into by a legislative or judicial branch agency; or

“(C) a subaward below a primary subaward.”.

(d) IMPLEMENTATION PLAN.—

(1) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:

(A) DIRECTOR.—The term “Director” means the Director of the Office of Management and Budget.

(B) RELEVANT AGENCY.—The term “relevant agency” means a Federal agency (as defined in section 2(a) of the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (31 U.S.C. 6101 note)) that has the authority to enter into an other transaction agreement, as determined by the Director.

(C) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of the Treasury.

(D) USASPENDING.GOV.—The term “USAspending.gov” means the website established under section 2 of the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (31 U.S.C. 6101 note).

(2) INITIAL COMPILATION.—If the Secretary has not yet complied with subsection (e) of section 4 of the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (31 U.S.C. 6101 note), as added by this section, by the date that is 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary, in coordination with the Director and the heads of relevant agencies, shall publish on USAspending.gov a report that lists and includes a detailed description of all other transaction agreements entered into by the relevant agencies for the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year during which the report is published.

(3) PLAN.—If the Secretary has not yet complied with subsection (e) of section 4 of the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (31 U.S.C. 6101 note), as added by this section, by the date that is 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, not later than 2 years after the date

of enactment of this Act, the Secretary, in consultation with the Director and the heads of relevant agencies, shall submit to Congress a plan that includes—

(A) the status of including data relating to other transaction agreements on USAspending.gov; and

(B) actions underway and planned to ensure that the data described in subparagraph (A) is fully incorporated into USAspending.gov by the date that is 3 years after the date of enactment of this Act.

SEC. 3. OTHER AMENDMENTS.

(a) INSPECTOR GENERAL REPORTS.—Section 6(a) of the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (31 U.S.C. 6101 note) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)—

(A) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking “each Federal agency” and inserting “each agency described in [paragraphs (1) and (2)] paragraph (1) or (2) of section 901(b) of title 31, United States Code”; and

(B) in subparagraph (A), by striking “Federal agency” and inserting “agency”; and

(C) in subparagraph (B), by striking “Federal agency” and inserting “agency”; and

(2) by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the following:

“(2) DEADLINES.—The inspector general of each agency described in [paragraphs (1) and (2)] paragraph (1) or (2) of section 901(b) of title 31, United States Code, shall submit to Congress and make publicly available a report described in paragraph (1)(B)—

“(A) not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of the Stop Secret Spending Act of 2025; and

“(B) not less than frequently than once every 2 years after the date described in subparagraph (A) until the date that is 10 years after the date of enactment of the Stop Secret Spending Act of 2025 on the date of submission of the report required under section 3521(f) or 9105(a)(3) of title 31, United States Code, for the applicable fiscal year.”.

(b) FULL DISCLOSURE OF FEDERAL FUNDS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 3 of the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (31 U.S.C. 6101 note) is amended—

(A) in subsection (b)—

(i) paragraph (1), in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking “a Federal agency or component of a Federal agency” and inserting “a Federal agency or a component of a Federal agency included on the list posted under subsection (e)(2)”; and

(ii) in paragraph (2)(B), in the matter preceding clause (i), by striking “to be posted” and inserting “to be posted by a Federal agency or a component of a Federal agency included on the list posted under subsection (e)(2)”; and

(B) by adding at the end the following:

“(c) QUALITY OF INFORMATION.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary and the Director, in consultation with the heads of Federal agencies, shall establish requirements to ensure that the information to be posted under subsection (b) that is posted by a Federal agency or component of a Federal agency is complete and accurate.

“(2) FEDERAL AGENCY RESPONSIBILITY.—The head of each Federal agency or component of a Federal agency posting data under subsection (b) shall ensure that the data is complete and accurate.

“(3) AUTHORITY TO VERIFY ACCURACY.—The Secretary and the Director may verify that the data posted under subsection (b) by a Federal agency or component of a Federal agency are complete, accurate, and consistent.

“(d) DISPLAY STANDARDS.—The Secretary, in consultation with the Director, shall ensure that the heads of Federal agencies that

post information under subsection (b) comply with display standards established by the Secretary.

“(e) AGENCY REPORTING DETERMINATION.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of the Stop Secret Spending Act of 2025, and not less frequently than once every 2 years thereafter, the Secretary, in coordination with the Director, shall—

“(1) assess and make a determination with respect to which Federal agencies and components of Federal agencies are required to post information under subsection (b);

“(2) publish a list of the Federal agencies and components of Federal agencies determined under paragraph (1) on the website established under section 2(b)(1); and

“(3) provide to the head and inspector general of each Federal agency or component of a Federal agency included on the list published under paragraph (2) written notice of the inclusion of the Federal agency or component of a Federal agency on the list.”.

(2) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by paragraph (1)(A) shall take effect on the date on which the Secretary publishes the first list under section 3(e)(2) of the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (31 U.S.C. 6101 note), as added by paragraph (1).

SEC. 4. GAO REPORT.

Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall make recommendations for any updates the Comptroller General of the United States determines advisable to clause [52.204.10] 52.204—10 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation with respect to incorporating requirements under the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (31 U.S.C. 6101 note).

Mr. CORNYN. I now ask unanimous consent that the committee-reported amendments be agreed to; that the bill, as amended, be considered and read a third time and passed; and that the motion to reconsider be considered made and laid upon the table.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The committee-reported amendments were agreed to.

The bill (S. 872), as amended, was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, was read the third time, and passed as follows:

S. 872

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Stop Secret Spending Act of 2025”.

SEC. 2. OTHER TRANSACTION AGREEMENT REPORTING.

(a) OTHER TRANSACTION AGREEMENTS.—Section 2(a) of the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (31 U.S.C. 6101 note) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (4)(A)—

(A) in clause (ii), by adding “or” and the end; and

(B) by adding at the end the following:

“(iii) include other transaction agreements;”;

(2) in paragraph (7)—

(A) in subparagraph (B), by striking “(2)(A)(i)” and inserting “(4)(A)(i)”; and

(B) in subparagraph (C), by striking “(2)(A)(ii)” and inserting “(4)(A)(ii)”.

(b) DATA STANDARDS.—Section 4 of the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (31 U.S.C. 6101 note) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(e) OTHER TRANSACTION AGREEMENT DATA.—Not later than 3 years after the date of enactment of the Stop Secret Spending Act of 2025, the Secretary shall ensure that, with respect to the website established under section 2, or any successor website—

“(1) data relating to other transaction agreements is automatically transmitted to the website; and

“(2) a centralized view of the data described in paragraph (1) is available on the website.”.

(c) ANNUAL REPORT ON UNREPORTED FUNDING.—Section 2 of the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (31 U.S.C. 6101 note) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(h) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of the Stop Secret Spending Act of 2025, and annually thereafter, the Secretary, in consultation with the Director, shall post to the website established under this section a report that includes—

“(1) the total amount of Federal spending on Federal awards for which data has not been posted to the website; and

“(2) the reason data on the Federal spending described in paragraph (1) has not been posted to the website, including whether the Federal spending was—

“(A) national security-related or classified;

“(B) a grant or contract awarded or entered into by a legislative or judicial branch agency; or

“(C) a subaward below a primary subaward.”.

(d) IMPLEMENTATION PLAN.—

(1) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:

(A) DIRECTOR.—The term “Director” means the Director of the Office of Management and Budget.

(B) RELEVANT AGENCY.—The term “relevant agency” means a Federal agency (as defined in section 2(a) of the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (31 U.S.C. 6101 note)) that has the authority to enter into an other transaction agreement, as determined by the Director.

(C) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of the Treasury.

(D) USASPENDING.GOV.—The term “USAspending.gov” means the website established under section 2 of the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (31 U.S.C. 6101 note).

(2) INITIAL COMPILATION.—If the Secretary has not yet complied with subsection (e) of section 4 of the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (31 U.S.C. 6101 note), as added by this section, by the date that is 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary, in coordination with the Director and the heads of relevant agencies, shall publish on USAspending.gov a report that lists and includes a detailed description of all other transaction agreements entered into by the relevant agencies for the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year during which the report is published.

(3) PLAN.—If the Secretary has not yet complied with subsection (e) of section 4 of the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (31 U.S.C. 6101 note), as added by this section, by the date that is 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary, in consultation with the Director and the heads of relevant agencies, shall submit to Congress a plan that includes—

(A) the status of including data relating to other transaction agreements on USAspending.gov; and

(B) actions underway and planned to ensure that the data described in subparagraph

(A) is fully incorporated into USAspending.gov by the date that is 3 years after the date of enactment of this Act.

SEC. 3. OTHER AMENDMENTS.

(a) INSPECTOR GENERAL REPORTS.—Section 6(a) of the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (31 U.S.C. 6101 note) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1)—

(A) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking “each Federal agency” and inserting “each agency described in paragraph (1) or (2) of section 901(b) of title 31, United States Code”;;

(B) in subparagraph (A), by striking “Federal agency” and inserting “agency”; and

(C) in subparagraph (B), by striking “Federal agency” and inserting “agency”; and

(2) by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the following:

“(2) DEADLINES.—The inspector general of each agency described in paragraph (1) or (2) of section 901(b) of title 31, United States Code, shall submit to Congress and make publicly available a report described in paragraph (1)(B)—

“(A) not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of the Stop Secret Spending Act of 2025; and

“(B) not less than frequently than once every 2 years after the date described in subparagraph (A) until the date that is 10 years after the date of enactment of the Stop Secret Spending Act of 2025 on the date of submission of the report required under section 3521(f) or 9105(a)(3) of title 31, United States Code, for the applicable fiscal year.”.

(b) FULL DISCLOSURE OF FEDERAL FUNDS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 3 of the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (31 U.S.C. 6101 note) is amended—

(A) in subsection (b)—

(i) paragraph (1), in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking “a Federal agency or component of a Federal agency” and inserting “a Federal agency or a component of a Federal agency included on the list posted under subsection (e)(2)”; and

(ii) in paragraph (2)(B), in the matter preceding clause (i), by striking “to be posted” and inserting “to be posted by a Federal agency or a component of a Federal agency included on the list posted under subsection (e)(2)”; and

(B) by adding at the end the following:

“(c) QUALITY OF INFORMATION.—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary and the Director, in consultation with the heads of Federal agencies, shall establish requirements to ensure that the information to be posted under subsection (b) that is posted by a Federal agency or component of a Federal agency is complete and accurate.

“(2) FEDERAL AGENCY RESPONSIBILITY.—The head of each Federal agency or component of a Federal agency posting data under subsection (b) shall ensure that the data is complete and accurate.

“(3) AUTHORITY TO VERIFY ACCURACY.—The Secretary and the Director may verify that the data posted under subsection (b) by a Federal agency or component of a Federal agency are complete, accurate, and consistent.

“(d) DISPLAY STANDARDS.—The Secretary, in consultation with the Director, shall ensure that the heads of Federal agencies that post information under subsection (b) comply with display standards established by the Secretary.

“(e) AGENCY REPORTING DETERMINATION.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of the Stop Secret Spending Act of 2025, and not less frequently than once every 2 years thereafter, the Secretary, in coordination with the Director, shall—

“(1) assess and make a determination with respect to which Federal agencies and components of Federal agencies are required to post information under subsection (b);

“(2) publish a list of the Federal agencies and components of Federal agencies determined under paragraph (1) on the website established under section 2(b)(1); and

“(3) provide to the head and inspector general of each Federal agency or component of a Federal agency included on the list published under paragraph (2) written notice of the inclusion of the Federal agency or component of a Federal agency on the list.”

(2) **EFFECTIVE DATE.**—The amendments made by paragraph (1)(A) shall take effect on the date on which the Secretary publishes the first list under section 3(e)(2) of the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (31 U.S.C. 6101 note), as added by paragraph (1).

SEC. 4. GAO REPORT.

Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall make recommendations for any updates the Comptroller General of the United States determines advisable to clause 52.204–10 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation with respect to incorporating requirements under the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (31 U.S.C. 6101 note).

THE CALENDAR

Mr. CORNYN. Mr. President, I now ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the immediate consideration of the following bills en bloc: Calendar No. 410, S. 736; Calendar No. 411, S. 825; Calendar No. 412, S. 3041; Calendar No. 414, S. 4394; Calendar No. 419, S. 1890.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the measures en bloc.

Mr. CORNYN. Mr. President, I ask further unanimous consent that the committee-reported amendments, where applicable, be agreed to; and that the bills, as amended, where amended, be considered read a third time.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

LIEUTENANT OSVALDO ALBARATI STOPPING PRISON CONTRABAND ACT

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (S. 736) to increase the penalty for prohibited provision of a phone in a correctional facility, and for other purposes, which was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading and was read the third time.

FIGHTING POST-TRAUMATIC STRESS DISORDER ACT OF 2025

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (S. 825) to require the Attorney General to propose a program for making treatment for post-traumatic stress disorder and acute stress disorder available to public safety officers, and for other purposes, which had been reported from the Committee on the Judiciary with amendments as follows:

(The parts of the bill intended to be stricken are in boldfaced brackets and

the parts of the bill intended to be inserted are in italic.)

S. 825

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Fighting Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder Act of 2025”.

SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

Congress finds the following:

(1) Public safety officers serve their communities with bravery and distinction in order to keep their communities safe.

(2) Public safety officers, including police officers, firefighters, emergency medical technicians, and 911 dispatchers, are on the front lines of dealing with situations that are stressful, graphic, harrowing, and life-threatening.

(3) The work of public safety officers puts them at risk for developing post-traumatic stress disorder and acute stress disorder.

(4) It is estimated that 30 percent of public safety officers develop behavioral health conditions at some point in their lifetimes, including depression and post-traumatic stress disorder, in comparison to 20 percent of the general population that develops such conditions.

(5) Victims of post-traumatic stress disorder and acute stress disorder are at a higher risk of dying by suicide.

(6) Firefighters have been reported to have higher suicide attempt and ideation rates than the general population.

(7) It is estimated that between 125 and 300 police officers die by suicide every year.

(8) In 2019, pursuant to section 2(b) of the Law Enforcement Mental Health and Wellness Act of 2017 (Public Law 115–113; 131 Stat. 2276), the Director of the Office of Community Oriented Policing Services of the Department of Justice developed a report (referred to in this section as the “LEMHWA report”) that expressed that many law enforcement agencies do not have the capacity or local access to the mental health professionals necessary for treating their law enforcement officers.

(9) The LEMHWA report recommended methods for establishing remote access or regional mental health check programs at the State or Federal level.

(10) Individual police and fire departments generally do not have the resources to employ full-time mental health experts who are able to treat public safety officers with state-of-the-art techniques for the purpose of treating job-related post-traumatic stress disorder and acute stress disorder.

SEC. 3. PROGRAMMING FOR POST-TRAUMATIC STRESS DISORDER.

(a) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section:

(1) **PUBLIC SAFETY OFFICER.**—The term “public safety officer”—

(A) has the meaning given the term in section 1204 of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10284); and

(B) includes Tribal public safety officers.

(2) **PUBLIC SAFETY TELECOMMUNICATOR.**—The term “public safety telecommunicator” means an individual who—

(A) operates telephone, radio, or other communication systems to receive and communicate requests for emergency assistance at 911 public safety answering points and emergency operations centers;

(B) takes information from the public and other sources relating to crimes, threats, disturbances, acts of terrorism, fires, medical emergencies, and other public safety matters; and

(C) coordinates and provides information to law enforcement and emergency response personnel.

(b) **REPORT.**—Not later than 150 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney General, acting through the Director of the Office of Community Oriented Policing Services of the Department of Justice, shall submit to the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives a report on—

(1) not fewer than 1 proposed program, if the Attorney General determines it appropriate and feasible to do so, to be administered by the Department of Justice for making state-of-the-art treatments or preventative care available to public safety officers and public safety telecommunicators with regard to job-related post-traumatic stress disorder or acute stress disorder by providing public safety officers and public safety telecommunicators access to evidence-based trauma-informed care, peer support, counselor services, and family supports for the purpose of treating or preventing post-traumatic stress disorder or acute stress disorder;

(2) a draft of any necessary grant conditions required to ensure that confidentiality is afforded to public safety officers on account of seeking the care or services described in paragraph (1) under the proposed program;

(3) how each proposed program described in paragraph (1) could be most efficiently administered throughout the United States at the State, Tribal, territorial, and local levels, taking into account in-person and telehealth capabilities;

(4) a draft of legislative language necessary to authorize each proposed program described in paragraph (1); and

(5) an estimate of the amount of annual appropriations necessary for administering each proposed program described in paragraph (1).

(c) **DEVELOPMENT.**—In developing the report required under subsection (b), the Attorney General shall consult relevant stakeholders, including—

(1) Federal, State, Tribal, territorial, and local agencies employing public safety officers [and] public safety telecommunicators; and

(2) non-governmental organizations, international organizations, academies, or other entities, including organizations that support the interests of public safety officers and public safety telecommunicators, and [the interests of] family members of public safety officers and public safety telecommunicators.

The committee-reported amendments were agreed to.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading and was read the third time.

TRIBAL WARRANT FAIRNESS ACT

The Senate proceeded to consider the bill (S. 3041) to allow the U.S. Marshals Service to assist in certain Tribal criminal matters, and for other purposes, which had been reported from the Committee on the Judiciary with an amendment to strike all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic, as follows:

S. 3041

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Tribal Warrant Fairness Act”.