

SA 5491. Ms. SMITH (for herself and Ms. KLOBUCHAR) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5492. Ms. SMITH (for herself and Ms. KLOBUCHAR) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5493. Mr. WARNER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5494. Mr. WARNER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5495. Mr. WARNER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5496. Mr. WARNER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5497. Mr. WARNER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5498. Mr. WARNER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5499. Mr. WARNER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5500. Mr. WARNER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5453 proposed by Mr. GRAHAM to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5501. Mr. HICKENLOOPER (for himself and Mr. BENNET) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5502. Ms. KLOBUCHAR submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5453 proposed by Mr. GRAHAM to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5503. Ms. HIRONO (for herself and Mr. VAN HOLLEN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5504. Ms. HIRONO (for herself and Mr. VAN HOLLEN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5505. Ms. HIRONO submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5453 proposed by Mr. GRAHAM to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5506. Ms. HIRONO (for herself and Mr. VAN HOLLEN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5507. Ms. HIRONO (for herself and Mr. VAN HOLLEN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5508. Ms. HIRONO (for herself and Mr. VAN HOLLEN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5509. Ms. HIRONO submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5453 proposed by Mr. GRAHAM to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5510. Mr. MURPHY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5453 proposed by Mr. GRAHAM to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5511. Mr. PADILLA submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to

amendment SA 5453 proposed by Mr. GRAHAM to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5512. Mr. MERKLEY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5513. Mr. MERKLEY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5514. Mr. REED submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5453 proposed by Mr. GRAHAM to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5515. Mr. REED (for himself, Mr. LUJÁN, Mr. KING, Mr. WELCH, Mr. BLUMENTHAL, Mr. BOOKER, and Mr. MARKEY) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5516. Ms. CORTEZ MASTO submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5517. Ms. CORTEZ MASTO submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5518. Ms. CORTEZ MASTO submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5519. Mr. BENNET submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5520. Mr. BENNET submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5521. Mr. BENNET submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5522. Mr. BENNET (for himself, Mr. WYDEN, Mr. MERKLEY, Mr. HEINRICH, and Mr. HICKENLOOPER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5523. Mr. BENNET submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5524. Mr. BENNET submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5525. Mr. BENNET (for himself and Mr. HICKENLOOPER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5453 proposed by Mr. GRAHAM to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5526. Mr. BENNET submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5527. Mr. BENNET submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5528. Mr. BENNET submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5453 proposed by Mr. GRAHAM to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5529. Mr. BENNET submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5530. Mr. BENNET submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5531. Mr. BENNET submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA 5453. Mr. GRAHAM proposed an amendment to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33.; as follows:

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

(a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the “Secure America Act”.

(b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

TITLE I—COMMITTEE ON HOMELAND SECURITY AND GOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS

Sec. 101. U.S. Customs and Border Protection personnel.

Sec. 102. U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement.

Sec. 103. Border security, technology, and screening.

Sec. 104. Additional Department of Homeland Security appropriations.

TITLE II—COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY

Sec. 201. U.S. Customs and Border Protection.

Sec. 202. U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement.

Sec. 203. Additional Department of Homeland Security appropriations.

TITLE I—COMMITTEE ON HOMELAND SECURITY AND GOVERNMENTAL AFFAIRS

SEC. 101. U.S. CUSTOMS AND BORDER PROTECTION PERSONNEL.

(a) PERSONNEL.—In addition to amounts otherwise available, there is appropriated to the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection for fiscal year 2026, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, \$9,550,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2029, to hire, pay, train, and equip Border Patrol agents and Border Patrol support personnel to conduct functions other than immigration enforcement and customs functions.

(b) RESTRICTION.—None of the funds made available by subsection (a) may be used to recruit, hire, or train personnel for the duties of processing coordinators after October 31, 2028.

SEC. 102. U.S. IMMIGRATION AND CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT.

In addition to amounts otherwise available, there is appropriated to the Director of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement for fiscal year 2026, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, \$7,450,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2029, to hire, pay, train, and equip Homeland Security Investigations agents and support personnel and to provide other necessary expenses for Homeland Security Investigations’ mission support and operations and maintenance, of which \$108,500,000 shall be used to hire, pay, and equip additional child exploitation investigators and forensics analysts at the Victim Identification Laboratory of the Child Exploitation Investigations Unit of Homeland Security Investigations and at the Homeland Security Investigations offices of the Special Agent in Charge to support the identification and rescue of victims of child sexual exploitation and abuse, and to train such personnel and State and local law enforcement regarding identifying victims of child sexual exploitation and abuse within the Homeland Security Investigations Cyber Crimes Center, except that funds provided in this section shall be used for functions other than those related to Homeland Security Investigations’ immigration enforcement and customs enforcement missions.

SEC. 103. BORDER SECURITY, TECHNOLOGY, AND SCREENING.

(a) IN GENERAL.—In addition to amounts otherwise available, there is appropriated to the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection for fiscal year 2026, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to remain available until September 30, 2029, \$3,450,000,000 for the following:

(1) Procurement and integration of new nonintrusive inspection equipment and associated civil works, including artificial intelligence, machine learning, and other innovative technologies, as well as other mission support, to combat the entry or exit of illicit narcotics at ports of entry and along the southwest, northern, and maritime borders.

(2) Air and Marine operations' upgrading and procurement of new platforms for rapid air and marine response capabilities.

(3) Upgrades and procurement of border surveillance technologies along the southwest, northern, and maritime borders.

(4) Necessary expenses, including the deployment of technology, relating to the biometric entry and exit system under section 7208 of the Intelligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention Act of 2004 (8 U.S.C. 1365b).

(5) Enhancing border security by combating drug trafficking, including fentanyl and its precursor chemicals, at the southwest, northern, and maritime borders.

(6) Necessary expenses for U.S. Customs and Border Protection's mission support and operations and maintenance for functions other than those related to its immigration enforcement and customs missions.

(b) RESTRICTIONS.—None of the funds made available under subsection (a) may be used for the procurement or deployment of surveillance towers along the southwest border and northern border that have not been tested and accepted by U.S. Customs and Border Protection to deliver autonomous capabilities.

(c) DEFINITION OF AUTONOMOUS.—In this section, with respect to capabilities, the term "autonomous" means a system designed to apply artificial intelligence, machine learning, computer vision, or other algorithms to accurately detect, identify, classify, and track items of interest in real time such that the system can make operational adjustments without the active engagement of personnel or continuous human command or control.

SEC. 104. ADDITIONAL DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY APPROPRIATIONS.

In addition to amounts otherwise available, there are appropriated to the Secretary of Homeland Security for fiscal year 2026, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, \$2,500,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2029, for the purposes provided in this title.

TITLE II—COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY**SEC. 201. U.S. CUSTOMS AND BORDER PROTECTION.**

In addition to amounts otherwise available, there is appropriated to the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection for fiscal year 2026, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, \$13,020,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2029, for hiring, paying, training, and equipping U.S. Customs and Border Protection agents, and the necessary support staff, and to provide other necessary expenses for U.S. Customs and Border Protection mission support and operations and maintenance, in order to carry out immigration enforcement activities.

SEC. 202. U.S. IMMIGRATION AND CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT.

In addition to amounts otherwise available, there is appropriated to the Director of

U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement for fiscal year 2026, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, \$31,075,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2029, for the following purposes:

(1) HIRING, PAYING, AND TRAINING.—Hiring, paying, training, and equipping U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement personnel and the personnel for all its directorates, including officers, agents, investigators, attorneys and support staff, to carry out immigration enforcement activities.

(2) TRANSPORTATION.—Funding for transportation costs and related costs associated with alien departure or removal operations.

(3) INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY.—Funding for information technology maintenance and sustainment to support enforcement and removal operations, including improvements to fee collections and body-worn cameras.

(4) FACILITY MAINTENANCE AND SUSTAINMENT.—Funding for facility maintenance and sustainment to support enforcement and removal operations.

(5) FLEET MAINTENANCE AND SUSTAINMENT.—Funding for fleet maintenance and sustainment to support enforcement and removal operations.

(6) 287(G) AGREEMENTS.—Supporting coordination with state and local authorities by expanding, facilitating, and implementing agreements under section 287(g) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1357(g)).

(7) OFFICE OF THE PRINCIPAL LEGAL ADVISOR.—Hiring and paying attorneys and the necessary support staff within the Office of the Principal Legal Advisor to represent the Department in immigration enforcement and removal proceedings.

(8) OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE.—Necessary expenses for U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement's mission support, including awards, and operations and maintenance for its immigration enforcement functions.

(9) OPERATIONS BY U.S. IMMIGRATION AND CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT TO ARREST RELEASED COVERED UNLAWFUL ALIENS.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Not less than \$350,000,000 for U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement for necessary expenses, in accordance with existing law, of detainer management, detainer issuance, custodial transfer, release monitoring, transportation, and arrests of covered unlawful aliens encountered in jurisdictions that are not qualified cooperating jurisdictions, except that no Indian tribal government shall be treated as a jurisdiction that is not a qualified cooperating jurisdiction for purposes of this subparagraph.

(B) QUALIFIED COOPERATING JURISDICTION DEFINED.—In this paragraph, the term "qualified cooperating jurisdiction" means a State or political subdivision of a State that, as of the date of the enactment of this Act—

(i) is party to a written agreement in effect under section 287(g) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1357(g)); or

(ii) has in effect, and has filed with the Secretary in such form and manner as the Secretary may prescribe, a certification that such State or political subdivision is in compliance with section 642 of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1373) and section 434 of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 (8 U.S.C. 1644).

(C) LIMITATION ON USE OF FUNDS.—None of the funds appropriated pursuant to this paragraph may be used, except as required by existing law, to release, parole, place on alternatives to detention, transport for purposes of release, or otherwise facilitate the release into the community of any covered unlawful alien encountered.

(D) COVERED UNLAWFUL ALIEN DEFINED.—In this paragraph, the term "covered unlawful alien" means an adult alien who—

(i) is described in section 236(c)(1) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1226(c)(1));

(ii) is inadmissible under section 212(a)(2) of such Act (8 U.S.C. 1182(a)(2));

(iii) is deportable under section 237(a)(2) of such Act (8 U.S.C. 1227(a)(2));

(iv) following an arrest, charge, booking, or conviction for a criminal offense under Federal, State, or local law, other than a minor traffic offense, is the subject of an immigration detainer, notice request, or custody-transfer request issued by the Department of Homeland Security pursuant to section 236, 241(a), or 287 of such Act (8 U.S.C. 1226, 1231(a), or 1357); or

(v) has been charged with or convicted of an offense described in section 275 or 276 of such Act (8 U.S.C. 1325 or 1326).

SEC. 203. ADDITIONAL DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY APPROPRIATIONS.

In addition to amounts otherwise available, there is appropriated to the Secretary of Homeland Security for fiscal year 2026, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, \$2,500,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2029, for the purposes provided in this title or in paragraph (3) or (7) of section 100051 of Public Law 119–21.

SA 5454. Mr. TILLIS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of the bill, add the following:

SEC. ____ . NONIMMIGRANT VISAS FOR MOBILE ENTERTAINMENT WORKERS.

(a) SHORT TITLES.—This section may be cited as the "Restoring Industry Development in Entertainment Act" or the "RIDE Act".

(b) AUTHORIZATION OF NEW P-4 NON-IMMIGRANT VISA.—Section 101(a)(15)(P) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)(P)) is amended—

(1) in clause (iii)(II) by striking "or" at the end; and

(2) by striking clause (iv) and inserting the following:

"(iv) is a mobile entertainment worker described in section 214(c)(4)(I) and for which mobile entertainment position the Department of Labor has certified that if—

"(I) there are not sufficient workers who are able, willing, and qualified, and who will be available at the time and place needed, to perform the labor or services required; and

"(II) the employment of the alien in such labor or services will not adversely affect the wages and working conditions of workers in the United States similarly employed; or

"(v) is the spouse or child of an alien described in clause (i), (ii), (iii), or (iv) and is accompanying, or following to join, such alien."

(c) MOBILE ENTERTAINMENT WORKERS.—Section 214(c)(4) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1184(c)(4)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(I)(i) For purposes of section 101(a)(15)(P)(iv), an alien is a mobile entertainment worker described in this subparagraph if the alien seeks to enter the United States temporarily and solely for the purpose of performing functions that are integral and essential to the operation of a mobile entertainment provider, including—

"(I) transporting, assembly, operation, disassembly, and maintenance of mobile entertainment attractions, structures, and equipment, including rides, games, novelties, and food or beverage concessions; and

“(II) other functions that are common in the mobile entertainment industry and are necessary for the safe and efficient operation of the mobile entertainment provider.

“(ii) In this subparagraph, the term ‘mobile entertainment provider’ means—

“(I) a carnival or circus that travels around the United States on a temporary or seasonal basis; or

“(II) a provider of services normally affiliated with a carnival or circus, such as food and game concessions, that travels around the United States on a seasonal or temporary basis to provide services to—

“(aa) State, county, and local fairs and festivals; or

“(bb) support events sponsored by not-for-profit organizations for fundraising.”

(d) RULEMAKING.—The Secretary of Homeland Security and the Secretary of Labor shall each publish in the Federal Register—

(1) not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, proposed rules implementing the amendments made by subsections (b) and (c); and

(2) not later than 1 year after such date of enactment, final rules implementing the amendments made by subsections (b) and (c).

SA 5455. Mr. SANDERS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. REPEAL OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR U.S. IMMIGRATION AND CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT AND CHANGES TO THE MEDICAID PROGRAM.

(a) IN GENERAL.—

(1) OBBBA FUNDING.—Sections 90003 and 100052 of Public Law 119-21 (139 Stat. 358, 387) (commonly known as the “One Big Beautiful Bill Act”) are repealed and the unobligated balances of amounts made available under those sections (as in effect on the day before the date of enactment of this Act) are rescinded.

(2) OTHER FUNDING.—Amounts made available under section 102 or any other provision of this Act to the Director of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement for fiscal year 2026 are rescinded.

(b) REPEAL OF CHANGES TO ELIGIBILITY DETERMINATIONS.—

(1) REPEAL.—Section 71107 of the Act titled “An Act to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of H. Con. Res. 14” (Public Law 119-21) is repealed and title XIX of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396 et seq.) shall be applied as if such section and the amendments made by such section had not been enacted.

(2) RESCISSION.—The amounts appropriated under section 71107(c) of the Act titled “An Act to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of H. Con. Res. 14” (Public Law 119-21) are hereby rescinded.

(c) REPEAL OF CHANGES TO MEDICAID COST SHARING REQUIREMENTS.—

(1) REPEAL.—Section 71120 of the Act titled “An Act to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of H. Con. Res. 14” (Public Law 119-21) is repealed and title XIX of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1396 et seq.) shall be applied as if such section and the amendments made by such section had not been enacted.

(2) RESCISSION.—The amounts appropriated under section 71120(c) of the Act titled “An Act to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of H. Con. Res. 14” (Public Law 119-21) are hereby rescinded.

SA 5456. Ms. HASSAN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by

her to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. HOME INVESTMENT PARTNERSHIPS PROGRAM.

Of the amounts made available to fund the Anti-Weaponization Fund established by the Attorney General on May 18, 2026 (referred to in this section as “the Fund”), including any amounts that may be used to provide payment of claims related to the Fund or any successor program derived from the purported settlement agreement dated May 18, 2026, related to Trump v. Internal Revenue Service, No. 1:26-cv-20609, or any successor version of the Fund, \$1,776,000,000 shall be made available to the HOME Investment Partnerships program under subtitle A of title II of the Cranston-Gonzalez National Affordable Housing Act (42 U.S.C. 12741 et seq.) for the purpose of helping to build 100,000 new homes.

SA 5457. Mr. COONS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. PROHIBITION ON DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FROM USING TAXPAYER FUNDS TO MAKE SETTLEMENT PAYMENTS TO INDIVIDUALS CONVICTED OF ASSAULTING LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS ON JANUARY 6, 2021.

The Department of Justice may not use taxpayer funds to make settlement payments to individuals convicted of assaulting law enforcement officers at or around the United States Capitol on January 6, 2021.

SA 5458. Mr. COONS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. PROHIBITION ON DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FROM USING TAXPAYER FUNDS TO MAKE PAYMENTS FROM THE “ANTI-WEAPONIZATION FUND” ANNOUNCED ON MAY 18, 2026.

The Department of Justice may not use taxpayer funds to make payments from the “Anti-Weaponization Fund” announced on May 18, 2026, or to make any payment from any other fund formed as part of an agreement to settle claims brought by a sitting President.

SA 5459. Mr. COONS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS TO REMOVE VETTED AFGHAN NATIONALS WHO SUPPORTED THE ARMED FORCES OF THE UNITED STATES IN AFGHANISTAN.

None of the funds made available under this Act may be used to remove from the United States any vetted national of Afghanistan who supported the Armed Forces of the United States in Afghanistan.

SA 5460. Mr. COONS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. NULLIFICATION OF ORDER OF ATTORNEY GENERAL RELATING TO THE RELEASE OF CLAIMS IN TRUMP V. INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE.

The order of the Attorney General relating to the Settlement Agreement in Trump v. Internal Revenue Service, No. 1:26-cv-20609 (S.D. Fla.), issued on May 19, 2026, shall have no force or effect.

SA 5461. Mr. COONS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. QUARTERLY DOJ REPORT ON ANTI-WEAPONIZATION FUND.

The Attorney General shall publish a quarterly report detailing all payments made from the Anti-Weaponization Fund announced by the Department of Justice on May 18, 2026, that includes—

(1) the name of each individual receiving taxpayer funds from the Anti-Weaponization Fund;

(2) the amount of taxpayer funds each individual described in paragraph (1) received; and

(3) the justification for the disbursement of taxpayer funds to each individual described in paragraph (1).

SA 5462. Mr. COONS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. PRIORITIZATION FOR REMOVAL OF INDIVIDUALS CONVICTED OF SERIOUS CRIMES OR INDIVIDUALLY ASSESSED TO BE DANGERS TO THE COMMUNITY.

The Director of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement shall prioritize, over the removal of longtime residents without criminal records, the removal of individuals who have been convicted of serious crimes or who pose a danger to the community based on individualized threat assessments.

SA 5463. Ms. CORTEZ MASTO submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5453 proposed by Mr. GRAHAM to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Strike section 202, and insert the following:

SEC. 202. APPROPRIATION FOR COPS HIRING PROGRAM.

In addition to amounts otherwise available, there is appropriated to the Attorney General for fiscal year 2026, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, \$31,075,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2029, for grants under paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 1701(b) of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10381(b)).

SA 5464. Ms. CORTEZ MASTO (for herself and Mr. WYDEN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. EXCISE TAX ON COVERED SETTLEMENT PAYMENTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subtitle D of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by adding at the end the following new chapter:

“CHAPTER 50B—COVERED SETTLEMENT PAYMENTS

“Sec. 5000E. Covered settlement payments.

“SEC. 5000E. COVERED SETTLEMENT PAYMENTS.

“(a) IN GENERAL.—In the case of any covered individual, there is imposed a tax equal to the amount of any covered settlement payment received by such individual.

“(b) PAYMENT OF TAX.—The tax imposed by subsection (a) shall be paid by the covered individual who received the covered settlement payment.

“(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—

“(1) COVERED FUND.—The term ‘covered fund’ means any fund, trust, account, escrow, or similar arrangement the assets of which are derived, in whole or substantial part, from amounts paid by the United States in satisfaction, compromise, or settlement of a civil action commenced by—

“(A) an individual who at any time held the office of President, or

“(B) a corporate entity wholly or partially owned or controlled by an individual described in subparagraph (A).

“(2) COVERED INDIVIDUAL.—The term ‘covered individual’ means any individual convicted of a serious violent felony (as defined in section 3559(c)(2) of title 18, United States Code) under any Federal, State, tribal, territorial, or military law—

“(A) at any time prior to the last day of the taxable year in which the covered settlement payment was received, and

“(B) without regard to whether the conviction has been pardoned, expunged, vacated, or set aside.

“(3) COVERED SETTLEMENT PAYMENT.—The term ‘covered settlement payment’ means any distribution or payment which is received (directly or indirectly) by an individual from a covered fund.

“(d) NO DEDUCTION FOR TAXES PAID.—No deduction shall be allowed under any provision of this title with respect to the payment of the tax imposed under this section.

“(e) SPECIAL RULES.—

“(1) ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.—For purposes of subtitle F, any tax imposed by this section shall be treated as a tax imposed by subtitle A.

“(2) EXCLUSION FROM GROSS INCOME.—For purposes of chapter 1, the gross income of any covered individual for any taxable year shall not include any covered settlement payment received by such taxpayer during such taxable year.

“(f) REGULATIONS AND GUIDANCE.—The Secretary shall issue such regulations or other guidance as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes of this section, including any regulations or guidance which may be necessary or appropriate to prevent avoidance of the tax imposed under subsection (a) through nominees, intermediaries, assignments, successor trusts, gifts, or similar arrangements.”

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of chapters for subtitle D of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by inserting after the item relating to chapter 50A the following new item:

“CHAPTER 50B—COVERED SETTLEMENT PAYMENTS”.

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to any covered settlement payment received on or after the date of enactment of this Act, without regard to the date on which the covered fund from which the payment was made was established.

SA 5465. Ms. WARREN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. RELEASE OF CONFIDENTIAL SUPERVISORY INFORMATION RELATING TO JEFFREY EPSTEIN.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law or regulation, not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, the Comptroller of the Currency, and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation shall publicly release all confidential supervisory information within the possession of the respective agency relating to Jeffrey Epstein and the co-conspirators of Jeffrey Epstein.

(b) LIMITATION.—In carrying out subsection (a), the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, the Comptroller of the Currency, and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation may withhold or redact the segregable portion of records that contain personally identifiable information of victims (or the personal or medical files of victims) and any similar records, the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

SA 5466. Mr. CASSIDY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. Notwithstanding sections 8336(c) and 8412(d) of title 5, United States Code, a U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement officer is not entitled to an annuity under subpart G of part III of title 5, United States Code, unless the officer is separated from the service, other than by removal for cause on charges of misconduct or delinquency, after becoming 55 years of age and completing 20 years of service in such position.

SA 5467. Mr. CASSIDY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. VITIATION OF SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT RELATING TO THE TAXES OF PRESIDENT TRUMP.

The settlement agreement in *Trump v. Internal Revenue Service*, announced on May 18, 2026, (including the addendum announced on May 19, 2026) is vitiated and shall have no force and effect.

SA 5468. Mr. CASSIDY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for rec-

onciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. Notwithstanding the policy memorandum issued by U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services on May 21, 2026, and publicly released the following day, and any statutes and judicial opinions referenced therein, U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services may not require an individual who is lawfully present in the United States and is seeking to adjust his or her immigration status to that of an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence to return to his or her country of nationality in order to apply for such status through consular processing by the Department of State.

SA 5469. Mr. CASSIDY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. PROHIBITION ON SETTLEMENT AGREEMENTS PROHIBITING TAX AUDITS OF THE PRESIDENT.

Neither the Secretary of the Treasury (or the Secretary’s delegate) nor the Attorney General may enter any settlement agreement that prohibits, bars, or precludes the Internal Revenue Service from examining the tax returns of the President.

SA 5470. Mr. CASSIDY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. CAPITOL DEFENDERS FUND.

(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) COLLATERAL SOURCE OF COMPENSATION.—The term “collateral source of compensation”—

(A) means a source of compensation, other than compensation under this section, relating to the events that occurred at or near the United States Capitol on January 6, 2021; and

(B) includes compensation from life insurance, pension funds, a death benefit program, and any payment by the Federal Government or a State or local government.

(2) ECONOMIC LOSS.—The term “economic loss”—

(A) means any pecuniary loss, the recovery of which is allowed under the laws of the District of Columbia; and

(B) includes—

(i) a loss of earnings or other benefits relating to employment;

(ii) a medical expense loss;

(iii) a replacement service loss;

(iv) loss due to death, including suicide or any other death;

(v) burial costs; and

(vi) the loss of a business or employment opportunity.

(3) ELIGIBLE CLAIMANT.—The term “eligible claimant” means an individual who—

(A)(i) served as an active duty law enforcement officer in defense of the United States Capitol on January 6, 2021; and

(ii) suffered economic loss, noneconomic loss, or death as a result of the attack on the United States Capitol, including suicide or other death that is reasonably attributable to the service of the individual on January 6, 2021; or

(B)(i) is the personal representative of a decedent who is an individual described in subparagraph (A); and

(ii) files a claim on behalf of the decedent described in clause (i).

(4) **FUND.**—The term “Fund” means the January 6th Law Enforcement Heroes Compensation Fund established under subsection (b)(1).

(5) **NONECONOMIC LOSS.**—The term “noneconomic loss” means a loss for—

(A) physical, emotional, or psychological pain;

(B) suffering;

(C) a physical impairment;

(D) mental anguish;

(E) post-traumatic stress disorder;

(F) disfigurement;

(G) a loss of enjoyment of life;

(H) a loss of society and companionship;

(I) a loss of consortium (other than loss of domestic service);

(J) hedonic damages;

(K) an injury to reputation; and

(L) any other nonpecuniary loss of any kind or nature.

(6) **SPECIAL MASTER.**—The term “Special Master” means the Special Master appointed under subsection (d)(1).

(7) **UNITED STATES CAPITOL.**—The term “United States Capitol” means the United States Capitol Building and the surrounding congressional office buildings and Library of Congress buildings.

(b) **ESTABLISHMENT.**—There is established within the Treasury a fund to be known as the “January 6th Law Enforcement Heroes Compensation Fund”.

(c) **APPROPRIATIONS.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—There are appropriated to the Fund, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to remain available until expended, \$100,000,000.

(2) **ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES.**—The Special Master may use amounts from the Fund to pay the administrative and support costs for the Special Master to carry out this Act.

(d) **ADMINISTRATION.**—

(1) **SPECIAL MASTER.**—Not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney General shall appoint a Special Master to administer the Fund.

(2) **DUTIES.**—The Special Master shall—

(A) administer the compensation program established under this section;

(B) promulgate all procedural and substantive rules for the administration of this section; and

(C) employ and supervise hearing officers and other administrative personnel to perform the duties of the Special Master under this section.

(e) **DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY FOR COMPENSATION.**—

(1) **FILING OF CLAIM.**—

(A) **IN GENERAL.**—An eligible claimant may file a claim for compensation under this section with the Special Master that states—

(i) the factual basis for eligibility for compensation; and

(ii) the amount of compensation sought.

(B) **LIMITATION.**—Not more than 1 claim may be submitted under this Act by an individual or on behalf of a deceased individual.

(C) **CLAIM FORM.**—

(i) **IN GENERAL.**—The Special Master shall develop a claim form that—

(I) eligible claimants shall use when submitting claims under subparagraph (A); and

(II) can be filed electronically.

(ii) **CONTENTS.**—The form developed under clause (i) shall request—

(I) information from the eligible claimant concerning the service of the eligible claimant or an applicable decedent as an active duty law enforcement officer in defense of the United States Capitol on January 6, 2021;

(II)(aa) information from the eligible claimant concerning the physical, emotional, and psychological harm that the eligible claimant suffered; or

(bb) in the case of a claim filed on behalf of a decedent, information confirming the decedent's death, as a result of the events that occurred at or near the United States Capitol on January 6, 2021, including suicide or any other death that is reasonably attributable to the eligible claimant's service on January 6, 2021;

(III) information from the eligible claimant concerning any possible economic loss or non-economic loss that the eligible claimant or the decedent suffered as a result of the events that occurred at or near the United States Capitol on January 6, 2021; and

(IV) information relating to any collateral source of compensation the eligible claimant has received or is entitled to receive.

(2) **TIME LIMIT.**—No claim may be filed under paragraph (1) after the date that is 3 years after the date on which regulations are promulgated under subsection (1).

(f) **REVIEW AND DETERMINATION.**—

(1) **REVIEW.**—Not later than 90 days after the date on which an individual submits a claim under subsection (e)(1), the Special Master shall—

(A) review the claim;

(B) determine—

(i) whether the individual submitting the claim qualifies as an eligible claimant; and

(ii) with respect to an individual determined to be an eligible claimant under clause (i)—

(I) the extent of the harm to the eligible claimant that is reasonably attributable to the service of the applicable law enforcement officer at or near the United States Capitol on January 6, 2021, including any economic and non-economic losses; and

(II) the amount of compensation to which the eligible claimant is entitled based on the harm to the eligible claimant, the facts of the claim, and the individual circumstances of the eligible claimant; and

(C) provide written notice to the individual with respect to the matters that were the subject of the claim.

(2) **RIGHTS OF ELIGIBLE CLAIMANT.**—An individual who submits a claim under subsection (e)(1) shall have—

(A) the right to be represented by an attorney;

(B) the right to present evidence, including the presentation of witnesses and documents; and

(C) any other due process rights determined appropriate by the Special Master.

(3) **NO PUNITIVE DAMAGES.**—The Special Master may not include amounts for punitive damages in any compensation paid under a claim under this section.

(4) **COLLATERAL COMPENSATION.**—The Special Master shall reduce the amount of compensation determined under paragraph (1)(B)(ii)(II) by the amount of each collateral source of compensation the eligible claimant has received or is entitled to receive.

(g) **PAYMENTS TO ELIGIBLE INDIVIDUALS FOR DEATH OR INJURY.**—Not later than 60 days after the date on which the Special Master determines an amount of compensation owed to an eligible claimant under subsection (f)(1)(B)(ii)(II), the Special Master shall authorize payment from the Fund to the eligible claimant in that amount.

(h) **MINIMUM PAYMENT AMOUNTS FOR DEATH.**—The payment for a claim under this section for death, including suicide or any other death that is reasonably attributable to the service of an individual on January 6, 2021, shall be the maximum amount allowed under subsection (i)

(i) **MAXIMUM PAYMENT AMOUNT FOR EACH CLAIMANT.**—The amount payable to each eli-

gible claimant under this section shall not exceed \$1,000,000.

(j) **ATTORNEYS' FEES AND COSTS.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—No attorney representing an eligible claimant shall charge, receive, or collect, and the Special Master shall not approve, any payment of fees and costs that, in the aggregate, exceeds 10 percent of any payment made under this section.

(2) **PENALTY.**—An attorney who violates paragraph (1) shall be fined under title 18, imprisoned for not more than 1 year, or both.

(k) **JUDICIAL REVIEW.**—

(1) **APPEAL.**—Not later than 30 days after the date on which an eligible claimant receives a written decision by the Special Master with respect to the whole or partial denial of a claim made under this section, the eligible claimant may appeal the decision to the United States Court of Federal Claims, which shall have exclusive jurisdiction to review decisions issued by the Special Master under this section.

(2) **NO DECISION ISSUED.**—If the Special Master fails to issue a written decision with respect to a claim filed by an eligible claimant under this section by the date required under subsection (f)(1), not later than 60 days after that date, the eligible claimant may seek relief before the United States Court of Federal Claims, which shall adjudicate the claim in the first instance.

(3) **NO APPLICATION PROCESS.**—If the Special Master fails to develop an application process for the submission of claims in accordance with this section, an eligible claimant may seek relief before the United States Court of Federal Claims, which shall adjudicate the claim in the first instance.

(l) **REGULATIONS.**—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Attorney General, in consultation with the Special Master, shall promulgate regulations to carry out this section, including regulations with respect to—

(1) forms to be used in submitting claims under this section;

(2) procedures for hearing and the presentation of evidence;

(3) procedures to assist an individual in filing and pursuing claims under this section; and

(4) other matters determined appropriate by the Attorney General.

(m) **RIGHT OF SUBROGATION.**—The United States shall have the right of subrogation with respect to any claim paid by the United States under this section.

(n) **TERMINATION.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Amounts in the Fund may not be obligated on or after January 1, 2036.

(2) **CLOSING OF FUND.**—Effective on the date that is 1 day after the date on which all amounts authorized to be paid from the Fund under this section obligated before January 1, 2036 are expended, any unobligated balances in the Fund shall be transferred to the Judgment Fund of the Department of Justice.

SA 5471. Mr. WHITEHOUSE (for himself and Mr. PADILLA) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____. **LIMITATION ON FEDERAL FUNDS BEING USED TO MAKE A PAYMENT TO ANY INDIVIDUAL CONVICTED OF ASSAULTING A LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER IN CONNECTION WITH BREACHING THE CAPITOL ON JANUARY 6, 2021.**

(a) **DEFINITION.**—In this section, the term “covered individual” means an individual

who has been convicted of an offense involving assaulting a law enforcement officer, including a violation of section 111 of title 18, United States Code, or a violation of section 432 of the Revised Statutes of the District of Columbia (sec. 22-405, D.C. Official Code), in connection with the events that occurred at or near the Capitol on January 6, 2021.

(b) **LIMITATION.**—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no Federal funds, including amounts appropriated under section 1304 of title 31, United States Code (commonly known as the “Judgment Fund”), may be obligated or expended to make any payment to a covered individual if the claims giving rise to the payment are based on alleged harm suffered by the covered individual—

(1) during the events that occurred at or near the Capitol on January 6, 2021; or

(2) from prosecution for an offense relating to such events.

SA 5472. Ms. KLOBUCHAR (for herself and Ms. SMITH) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____. Of the funds made available for U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement under this title, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall reserve such amounts as may be necessary to reimburse the State of Minnesota and the cities and counties in the Minneapolis-St. Paul metropolitan area that were impacted by Operation Metro Surge for the expenses incurred by the governments of such jurisdictions, including law enforcement overtime costs, in response to the surge in Federal immigration enforcement operations during the 10-week period beginning on December 1, 2025.

SA 5473. Ms. SLOTKIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____. **LIMITATION ON USE OF FUNDS.**

None of the funds made available under this Act may be used to send armed employees or contractors of the Department of Homeland Security to polling places.

SA 5474. Ms. SLOTKIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____. **LIMITATION ON USE OF FUNDS.**

None of the funds made available under this Act may be used for employees or contractors of the Department of Homeland Security to seize ballots or other election records that are retained and preserved under section 301 of the Civil Rights Act of 1960 (52 U.S.C. 20701).

SA 5475. Ms. SLOTKIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title I, insert the following:

SEC. ____. **INVESTIGATION OF CERTAIN STOCK TRADES BY PRESIDENT TRUMP.**

(a) **INVESTIGATION.**—Of the amounts appropriated to the Department of Homeland Security under this title, \$1,000,000 shall be allocated to the Office of Government Ethics to investigate whether any of the stock trades reported in the Form 278 Transaction Report filed by President Donald Trump on May 14, 2026, violate any statutory prohibition on insider trading, including any prohibition under the STOCK Act (5 U.S.C. 13101 note; Public Law 112-105).

(b) **REPORT.**—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director of the Office of Government Ethics shall submit the results of the investigation carried out under subsection (a) to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate and the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives.

SA 5476. Ms. SLOTKIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____. **PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS TO CONVERT CERTAIN FACILITIES FOR IMMIGRATION DETENTION PURPOSES.**

None of the funds made available under this Act may be used to retrofit or convert any facility for immigration detention purposes if the facility—

(1) was originally constructed for commercial or industrial use;

(2) was never intended for human habitation;

(3) does not contain adequate sewage capacity;

(4) is located within ¼ mile of a residential neighborhood;

(5) is located within 1 mile of an elementary school;

(6) does not have the support of local elected officials for the retrofitting or conversion; or

(7) is located in the same State as another existing facility with open detention beds.

SA 5477. Mr. HICKENLOOPER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Strike section 102 and insert the following:

SEC. 102. **REIMBURSEMENT OF CONSUMERS AND SMALL BUSINESSES FOR INCREASED COSTS AS A RESULT OF TARIFFS IMPOSED BY THE PRESIDENT.**

In addition to amounts otherwise available, there is appropriated to the Secretary of Homeland Security for fiscal year 2026, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, \$2,500,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2029, to reimburse consumers and small businesses for increased costs caused by tariffs imposed by the President.

SA 5478. Mr. HICKENLOOPER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____. **FARMER FERTILIZER ASSISTANCE FUNDING.**

Of the unobligated funds made available by Public Law 119-21 (commonly known as the “One Big Beautiful Bill Act”), there is rescinded \$1,000,000,000, and such amount is appropriated to the Secretary of Agriculture to provide assistance to farmers in purchasing fertilizer at higher prices due to the war in Iran.

SA 5479. Mr. HICKENLOOPER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____. **TRANSFER OF ONE BIG BEAUTIFUL BILL ACT AMOUNTS TO DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY FOR ESSENTIAL CARE FOR CHILDREN IN DETENTION.**

Effective on the date of the enactment of this Act, \$1,000,000,000 of the unobligated balances of amounts made available under the Act entitled “An Act to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of H. Con. Res. 14”, approved July 4, 2025 (Public Law 119-21; 139 Stat. 72) (commonly known as the “One Big Beautiful Bill Act”) shall be transferred to the Department of Homeland Security to ensure essential care and attention are provided to children in immigration detention.

SA 5480. Mr. HICKENLOOPER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Strike section 202 (relating to U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement) and insert the following:

SEC. 202. **REIMBURSE AMERICANS FOR HIGH GAS PRICES CAUSED BY THE WAR IN IRAN.**

In addition to amounts otherwise available, there is appropriated to the Secretary of Homeland Security for fiscal year 2026, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, \$31,075,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2029, for immediate consumer refunds for high gas prices caused by the war in Iran.

SA 5481. Mr. HICKENLOOPER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____. **FULLY FUNDING THE NATIONAL CENTER FOR ATMOSPHERIC RESEARCH.**

(a) **REDUCTION OF FUNDS FOR ICE.**—Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, the amount appropriated under section 202 to the Director of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement for fiscal year 2026 shall be reduced by \$1,000,000,000.

(b) **APPROPRIATION FOR NATIONAL CENTER FOR ATMOSPHERIC RESEARCH.**—In addition to amounts otherwise available, there is appropriated to the Director of the National Science Foundation for fiscal year 2026, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, \$1,000,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2031, for the purposes of fully funding the National Center

for Atmospheric Research for not less than 5 years, thereby supporting modeling and prediction of severe weather events, space weather, and wildfire impacts.

SA 5482. Mr. HICKENLOOPER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. No funds made available by this title may be obligated or expended unless the Department of Homeland Security rescinds all restrictions limiting Members of Congress and their staff from exercising their constitutional oversight authority by visiting immigration detention facilities.

SA 5483. Mr. HICKENLOOPER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Strike section 202 and insert the following:
SEC. 202. WILDFIRE DETECTION, MITIGATION, SUPPRESSION, AND RECOVERY ACTIVITIES.

In addition to amounts otherwise available, there is appropriated to the Secretary of Homeland Security for fiscal year 2026, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, \$31,075,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2029, for wildfire detection, mitigation, suppression, and recovery activities of the Department of Homeland Security.

SA 5484. Ms. BALDWIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS FOR U.S. IMMIGRATION AND CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT OR NATIONAL GUARD PRESENCE NEAR VOTING POLLING PLACES.

None of the funds made available by this Act may be used to allow agents or officers

of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement or U.S. Customs and Border Protection, or members of the National Guard, who are on duty or in uniform, during any voting period, to enter any location within ¼ mile of an active polling place, set up a check-point along any route to an active polling place, or interfere in any way with the ability of any eligible voter to access his or her assigned polling place.

SA 5485. Ms. BALDWIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5453 proposed by Mr. GRAHAM to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. TRANSFER OF FUNDING TO THE CHILD CARE AND DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT PROGRAM.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, of the amounts made available to the Director of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement under section 202, \$14,270,000,000 shall be transferred to the Secretary of Health and Human Services to carry out the Child Care and Development Block Grant Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 9857 et seq.).

SA 5486. Ms. BALDWIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5453 proposed by Mr. GRAHAM to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. TRANSFER OF FUNDING TO THE HEAD START PROGRAM.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, of the amounts made available to the Director of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement under section 202, \$14,270,000,000 shall be transferred to the Secretary of Health and Human Services to carry out the Head Start Act (42 U.S.C. 9831 et seq.).

SA 5487. Ms. BALDWIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to

amendment SA 5453 proposed by Mr. GRAHAM to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. TRANSFER OF FUNDING TO NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, of the amounts made available to the Director of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement under section 202, \$1,776,000,000 shall be transferred to the National Cancer Institute of the National Institutes of Health.

SA 5488. Ms. BALDWIN (for herself and Mrs. SHAHEEN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5453 proposed by Mr. GRAHAM to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. PERMANENT EXTENSION OF ENHANCED TAX CREDIT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subparagraph (A) of section 36B(c)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by striking “but does not exceed 400 percent”.

(b) APPLICABLE PERCENTAGES.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Subparagraph (A) of section 36B(b)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended to read as follows:

“(A) APPLICABLE PERCENTAGE.—The applicable percentage for any taxable year shall be the percentage such that the applicable percentage for any taxpayer whose household income is within an income tier specified in the following table shall increase, on a sliding scale in a linear manner, from the initial premium percentage to the final premium percentage specified in such table for such income tier:

	The initial premium percentage is—	The final premium percentage is—
Up to 150 percent	0	0
150 percent up to 200 percent	0	2.0
200 percent up to 250 percent	2.0	4.0
250 percent up to 300 percent	4.0	6.0
300 percent up to 400 percent	6.0	8.5
400 percent and higher	8.5	8.5.”.

(2) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS RELATING TO AFFORDABILITY OF COVERAGE.—

(A) Paragraph (1) of section 36B(c) of such Code is amended by striking subparagraph (E).

(B) Subparagraph (C) of section 36B(c)(2) of such Code is amended by striking clause (iv).

(C) Paragraph (4) of section 36B(c) of such Code is amended by striking subparagraph (F).

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after December 31, 2025.

SA 5489. Ms. BALDWIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to

amendment SA. 5453 proposed by Mr. GRAHAM to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. TRANSFER OF FUNDING TO NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, of the amounts made available to the Director of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement under section 202, \$4,100,000,000 shall be transferred to the National Institutes of Health.

SA 5490. Ms. BALDWIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5453 proposed by Mr. GRAHAM to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. TRANSFER OF FUNDING TO REDIRECT FUNDING FOR U.S. IMMIGRATION AND CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT TO CARRY OUT THE INDIVIDUALS WITH DISABILITIES EDUCATION ACT.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, of the amounts made available to

the Director of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement under section 202, \$31,075,000,000 shall be transferred to the Secretary of Education to carry out the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq.).

SA 5491. Ms. SMITH (for herself and Ms. KLOBUCHAR) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 6, line 22, strike “\$31,075,000,000” and insert “\$30,075,000,000”.

At the end of the bill, add the following:

SEC. 204. RELIEF FUND FOR STATES AND MUNICIPALITIES HARMED BY FEDERAL IMMIGRATION ENFORCEMENT ACTIONS.

In addition to amounts otherwise made available for such purposes, there is appropriated to the Attorney General for fiscal year 2026, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, \$1,000,000,000, to remain available through September 30, 2029, which shall be used to carry out a program that awards grants to States to assist with the recovery of such States from the economic and physical damages resulting from—

- (1) Operation Metro Surge;
- (2) Operation Catch of the Day;
- (3) Operation Midway Blitz; and
- (4) similar large-scale immigration enforcement actions carried out by the Federal Government.

SA 5492. Ms. SMITH (for herself and Ms. KLOBUCHAR) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . ENSURING COOPERATION BETWEEN FEDERAL AND STATE INVESTIGATIVE AUTHORITIES REGARDING CIVILIAN DEATHS THAT MAY HAVE BEEN CAUSED BY FEDERAL LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS.

Whenever a Federal law enforcement officer is involved in an enforcement action that results in the death of any civilian, the head of the Federal agency for which such officer is employed, shall ensure full cooperation between Federal and State investigative authorities with respect to the investigation of such death.

SA 5493. Mr. WARNER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS FOR DETAINING OR DEPORTING UNITED STATES CITIZENS.

None of the funds made available under this Act shall be used to detain or deport United States citizens.

SA 5494. Mr. WARNER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS FOR TRAINING, DEPLOYING, OR COORDINATING WITH NON-DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY EMPLOYEES.

None of the funds made available under this Act shall be used to train, deploy, or coordinate Federal immigration enforcement with Federal employees who are not employees of the Department of Homeland Security if—

- (1) the primary responsibilities of such employees are focused on combating child exploitation, terrorism, or drug trafficking; and
- (2) the intent is to allocate more than 5 days per fiscal year of the time of such employees to immigration enforcement.

SA 5495. Mr. WARNER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . USE OF FUNDS FOR PRIVACY-ENHANCING SERVICES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Of the funds made available under this Act to the Secretary of Homeland Security, the Secretary shall use \$100,000,000 to provide privacy-enhancing services to—

- (1) any immigration officer (as defined in section 236(g)(1)(A) of the Immigration and Nationality Act), whose official duties put such immigration officer at greater risk of being the target of a threat, intimidation, harassment, stalking, or a similar action;
- (2) any spouse, child, or parent of such an immigration officer;
- (3) any other familial relative of such an immigration officer who has the same permanent residence as the immigration officer; and
- (4) any State or local law enforcement office who is covered under an agreement under section 287(g) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1357(g)).

(b) REQUIREMENTS.—Any immigration officer or other law enforcement officer who receives privacy-enhancing services pursuant to subsection (a) shall, in the course of conducting immigration enforcement, visibly display—

- (1) his or her last name and one additional individual identifier that is unique to the officer;
- (2) the name of the Federal law enforcement agency or other organization employing the officer; and
- (3) his or her face.

(c) EXCEPTIONS.—The Secretary of Homeland Security may promulgate regulations to establish necessary exceptions to the requirement described in subsection (b)(1).

SA 5496. Mr. WARNER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title I, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . APPROPRIATION FOR CYBERSECURITY AND INFRASTRUCTURE SECURITY AGENCY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—In addition to amounts otherwise available, there is appropriated to the Director of the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency for fiscal year 2026, out of amounts in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, \$1,000,000,000 for the hardening of critical infrastructure from artificial intelligence-generated cyberattacks.

(b) REDUCTION IN FUNDS.—Notwithstanding section 102, the amount appropriated under that section shall be \$6,450,000,000.

SA 5497. Mr. WARNER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . PROHIBITION ON PAYMENTS TO POLITICAL GROUPS FROM TRUMP SETTLEMENT FUND.

No payment may be made from the fund created by the Settlement Agreement in *Trump v. Internal Revenue Service*, No. 1:26-cv-20609 (S.D. Fla. May 18, 2026), to an organization described in section 501(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 which is exempt from taxation under section 501(a) thereof, or a political organization as defined in section 527(e)(1) of such Code.

SA 5498. Mr. WARNER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . LIMITATION ON SERVICE OF DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE.

An individual directed to perform the functions and duties of the Director of National Intelligence temporarily in an acting capacity may not simultaneously serve as the head of any other Federal department or agency.

SA 5499. Mr. WARNER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . LIMITATION ON USE OF FUNDS FOR SALARY OF DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE.

None of the funds made available by this Act or any other Act may be used to pay the salary of an individual directed to perform the functions and duties of the Director of National Intelligence temporarily in an acting capacity if the individual does not have extensive national security expertise.

SA 5500. Mr. WARNER submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5453 proposed by Mr. GRAHAM to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . APPROPRIATION FOR UNITED STATES SECRET SERVICE.

(a) REDUCTION IN AMOUNTS APPROPRIATED.—Notwithstanding section 102, the amount appropriated under that section shall be \$6,450,000,000.

(b) APPROPRIATION TO SECRET SERVICE.—In addition to amounts otherwise available, there is appropriated to the Director of the United States Secret Service for fiscal year 2026, out of amounts in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, \$1,000,000,000 for the recruitment, retention, and training of United States Secret Service agents who will strengthen security for the President.

SA 5501. Mr. HICKENLOOPER (for himself and Mr. BENNET) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . PROHIBITION ON DISTRIBUTION OF FUNDS TO INDIVIDUALS CONVICTED OF CERTAIN CRIMES.

No funds made available under this Act, and no other Federal funds, may be used to make any payment to an individual in connection with a prosecution that resulted in the individual being convicted of a crime related to any of the following:

- (1) Interference in a State or Federal election.
- (2) Impersonation.
- (3) Identity theft.
- (4) Official misconduct.
- (5) Violation of duty in elections.
- (6) Failure to comply with the requirements of a Secretary of State.

SA 5502. Ms. KLOBUCHAR submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5453 proposed by Mr. GRAHAM to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . APPROPRIATION FOR COPS PROGRAM.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Of the amounts appropriated under section 202 to the Director of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement, the Director of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement shall transfer \$1,047,000,000 to the Attorney General to carry out the program under part Q of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.).

(b) PROHIBITION.—In awarding the amounts transferred under subsection (a), the Attorney General may not withhold a grant from a State, unit of local government, or Indian tribal government for failing to cooperate with the Federal Government with respect to the enforcement of immigration laws.

SA 5503. Ms. HIRONO (for herself and Mr. VAN HOLLEN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

SEC. ____ . PAYMENTS TO STATES FOR THE CHILD CARE AND DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT ACT OF 1990.

In addition to amounts otherwise available, there is appropriated to the Secretary of Health and Human Services for fiscal year 2026, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, \$18,000,000,000 for carrying out the Child Care and Development Block Grant Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 9857 et seq.).

SA 5504. Ms. HIRONO (for herself and Mr. VAN HOLLEN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

SECTION 1. FUNDING FOR STUDENT SUPPORT AND ACADEMIC ENRICHMENT PROGRAMS.

In addition to amounts otherwise available, there is appropriated to the Secretary of Education for fiscal year 2026, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, \$2,800,000,000 for carrying out part A of title IV of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7101 et seq.).

SA 5505. Ms. HIRONO submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5453 proposed by Mr. GRAHAM to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . APPROPRIATION FOR MATCHING GRANT PROGRAM FOR SCHOOL SECURITY.

(a) REDUCTION IN AMOUNTS APPROPRIATED TO ICE.—Notwithstanding section 202, the amount appropriated under that section to U.S. Immigrations and Custom Enforcement shall be \$30,075,000,000.

(b) APPROPRIATION FOR DOJ.—In addition to amounts otherwise available, there is appropriated to the Attorney General for fiscal year 2026, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, \$1,000,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2029, to carry out part AA of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10551 et seq.).

SA 5506. Ms. HIRONO (for herself and Mr. VAN HOLLEN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . DOJ YOUTH MENTORING PROGRAMS.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this title, of the amounts made available to the U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement under this title, \$105,000,000 shall be transferred to the Department of Justice, for each of fiscal years 2026 through 2029, to carry out the youth mentoring programs of the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention of the Department of Justice.

SA 5507. Ms. HIRONO (for herself and Mr. VAN HOLLEN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

SECTION 1. FUNDING FOR FEDERAL PELL GRANTS.

In addition to amounts otherwise available, there is appropriated to the Secretary of Education for fiscal year 2026, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, \$17,000,000,000 for awarding Federal Pell Grants under section 401 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1070a).

SA 5508. Ms. HIRONO (for herself and Mr. VAN HOLLEN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

SECTION 1. FUNDING FOR LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCIES AND THE INDIVIDUALS WITH DISABILITIES EDUCATION ACT.

In addition to amounts otherwise available, there is appropriated to the Secretary of Education for fiscal year 2026, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated—

- (1) \$40,000,000,000 for carrying out part A of title I of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6311 et seq.); and
- (2) \$30,000,000,000 for carrying out the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq.).

SA 5509. Ms. HIRONO submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5453 proposed by Mr. GRAHAM to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . APPROPRIATION FOR EMERGENCY FOOD AND SHELTER GRANTS.

(a) REDUCTION IN AMOUNTS APPROPRIATED TO ICE.—Notwithstanding section 102, the amount appropriated under that section to U.S. Immigrations and Custom Enforcement shall be \$6,450,000,000.

(b) APPROPRIATE TO FEMA.—In addition to amounts otherwise available, there is appropriated to the Administrator of the Federal Emergency Management Agency for fiscal year 2026, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, \$1,000,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2029, to carry out subtitle B of title III of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11341 et seq.).

SA 5510. Mr. MURPHY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5453 proposed by Mr. GRAHAM to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . PROHIBITION ON ATTORNEY GENERAL ENTERING INTO CERTAIN SETTLEMENT AGREEMENTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General may not enter into a settlement agreement in a lawsuit in which the plaintiff is—

(1) the President or the spouse or a child of the President; or

(2) any entity controlled by any individual described in paragraph (1).

(b) NULL AND VOID.—Any settlement agreement entered into by the Attorney General in a lawsuit described in subsection (a) shall be null and void.

(c) UNLAWFUL PAYMENTS.—It shall be unlawful for any officer or employee of the United States Government to pay any account, claim, or demand against said Government, which accrued or exists due to a settlement agreement entered into by the Attorney General in a lawsuit described in subsection (a).

SA 5511. Mr. PADILLA submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5453 proposed by Mr. GRAHAM to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of section 202, add the following:

(10) TRANSPARENCY AND ACCOUNTABILITY.—
(A) IN GENERAL.—Not less than \$10,000,000 for—

(i) all officers and agents to be trained on and equipped with activated body-worn cameras while engaging in immigration enforcement activities; and

(ii) storage and to make accessible to Congress, and the subjects of such footage, all footage captured by such cameras.

(B) LIMITATION.—Amounts provided under this title for purposes other than the purposes set forth in subparagraph (A) shall only be made available for obligation if the funds specified in such subparagraph have been obligated and awarded for such purposes.

SA 5512. Mr. MERKLEY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. CLARIFICATION; PROHIBITION.

Nothing in this Act provides the authorization of Congress to construct the East Wing Modernization Project and no Federal funds or private donations may be used for the East Wing Modernization Project absent express authorization of Congress after the date of enactment of this Act.

SA 5513. Mr. MERKLEY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. CONGRESSIONAL APPROVAL FOR PAYMENTS FROM "ANTI-WEAPONIZATION FUND".

No payment may be made from the "Anti-Weaponization Fund", established by the Attorney General, without congressional approval.

SA 5514. Mr. REED submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5453 proposed by Mr. GRAHAM to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Strike sections 101, 103, 104, 201, 202, and 203 and insert the following:

SEC. _____. FUNDING FOR THE HOME INVESTMENT PARTNERSHIPS PROGRAM.

In addition to amounts otherwise available, there are appropriated, to remain available until September 30, 2029, \$62,095,000,000 for the HOME Investment Partnerships program under subtitle A of title II of the Cranston-Gonzalez National Affordable Housing Act (42 U.S.C. 12741 et seq.).

SA 5515. Mr. REED (for himself, Mr. LUJÁN, Mr. KING, Mr. WELCH, Mr. BLUMENTHAL, Mr. BOOKER, and Mr. MARKEY) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Strike section 104 and insert the following:

SEC. _____. FUNDING FOR THE LOW INCOME HOME ENERGY ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.

In addition to amounts otherwise available, there is appropriated to the Secretary

of Health and Human Services, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, \$2,500,000,000 for an additional amount for fiscal year 2026, to remain available until September 30, 2027, for making payments under subsection (b) of section 2602 of the Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Act of 1981 (42 U.S.C. 8621) subject to the following conditions:

(1) Of the amount made available under this section, \$1,250,000,000 shall be allocated as though the total appropriation for such payments for fiscal year 2026 was less than \$1,975,000,000.

(2) The Secretary shall obligate and distribute the amount made available under this section not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

SA 5516. Ms. CORTEZ MASTO submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title II, insert the following:

SEC. 2 _____. PROHIBITION ON USE FUNDS TO DETAIN OR REMOVE SURVIVORS OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE.

None of the funds made available under this title may be used to detain or remove a victim of domestic violence or a crime victim who has an application for relief pending with U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services or on appeal at any stage of the appeal process.

SA 5517. Ms. CORTEZ MASTO submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title II, insert the following:

SEC. 2 _____. PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS TO DETAIN OR REMOVE DACA RECIPIENTS.

None of the funds made available under this title may be used to detain or remove a recipient of deferred action pursuant to the Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals program, as set forth in the final rule issued by the Department of Homeland Security and entitled "Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals" (87 Fed. Reg. 53152 (August 30, 2022)), who has a renewal of I-821D and I-765 pending with U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services.

SA 5518. Ms. CORTEZ MASTO submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title II, insert the following:

SEC. 2 _____. PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS FOR DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY OFFICERS OR EMPLOYEES TO ENTER HOMES WITHOUT CONSENT, JUDICIAL WARRANTS, OR EXIGENT CIRCUMSTANCES.

None of the funds made available under this title may be obligated or expended to allow any officer or employee of the Department of Homeland Security to enter a home absent consent, a warrant issued by a neutral and detached judicial officer, or exigent circumstances, pursuant to the Fourth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States and any other applicable laws.

SA 5519. Mr. BENNET submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by

him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. LIMITATION ON USE OF FUNDS UNTIL THE 5-WEEK ROLLING AVERAGE FOR THE PRICE OF CRUDE OIL DROPS.

None of the funds made available under this Act may be obligated until the 5-week rolling average for the price of crude oil is equal to or less than the price of crude oil on February 27, 2026, as determined by the Energy Information Administration.

SA 5520. Mr. BENNET submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Strike section _____ 2 (relating to U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement) of title I [_____] and insert the following:

SEC. _____. 2. DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR AND FOREST SERVICE HAZARDOUS FUELS REDUCTION PROJECTS.

In addition to amounts otherwise available, there is appropriated to the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Agriculture (acting through the Chief of the Forest Service) for fiscal year 2026, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, \$30,725,000,000, to remain available until September 30, 2029, for the conduct of hazardous fuels reduction projects of the Department of the Interior and the Forest Service.

SA 5521. Mr. BENNET submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. DISPATCHABLE ENERGY REQUIREMENT FOR CERTAIN UTILITY MERGERS.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if the merger of 2 or more utilities would result in a utility with a generating capacity greater than 70 gigawatts, each Federal agency reviewing the merger shall withhold all relevant approvals relating to the merger until the persons seeking those approvals demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Federal agency that more than 30 percent of the installed generating capacity is dispatchable clean energy produced or provided, as applicable, by renewable resources, such as wind, solar, hydropower, or other renewable resources, geothermal energy, nuclear energy, or battery or other energy storage resources.

SA 5522. Mr. BENNET (for himself, Mr. WYDEN, Mr. MERKLEY, Mr. HEINRICH, and Mr. HICKENLOOPER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. _____. PROVISIONS RESULTING IN THE SALE, DISPOSAL, OR TRANSFER OF FEDERAL LANDS DESIGNATED AS EXTRANEOUS UNDER THE BYRD RULE.

Section 313(b)(1) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 644(b)(1)) is amended—

(1) by striking “and (F)” and inserting “(F)”;

(2) by inserting “; and (G) a provision that results in the sale, disposal, or transfer of Federal lands shall be considered extraneous” before the period at the end.

SA 5523. Mr. BENNET submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . ARKANSAS VALLEY CONDUIT, COLORADO.

Public Law 87-590 (76 Stat. 389; 123 Stat. 1320) is amended—

(1) in the first section—

(A) in subsection (c), in the second sentence, by striking “or in the case of the Arkansas Valley Conduit, payment in an amount equal to 35 percent of the cost of the conduit that is comprised of revenue generated by payments pursuant to a repayment contract and revenue that may be derived from contracts for the use of Fryingpan-Arkansas project excess capacity or exchange contracts using Fryingpan-Arkansas project facilities.”;

(B) by adding at the end the following:

“(d) ARKANSAS VALLEY CONDUIT.—

“(1) REPAYMENT CONTRACT.—To provide domestic water supplies to communities and households that do not have reliable access to domestic water supplies, the contract for the Arkansas Valley Conduit shall provide for payment in an amount equal to 35 percent of the cost of the conduit, notwithstanding the reclamation laws or any other provision of this Act. The contract payments shall consist of—

“(A) funding provided during construction from any entity other than the Secretary; and

“(B) based on a demonstration of financial hardship, as determined by the Secretary, repayment of the balance not covered under subparagraph (A) for a period of not more than 75 years with simple interest at a rate that is equal to 50 percent of the interest rate determined by the Secretary of the Treasury under section 2(c), including revenue derived from contracts for the use of excess capacity or exchange contracts using Fryingpan-Arkansas project facilities.

“(2) OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE.—The contract for the Arkansas Valley Conduit shall provide for the assumption by the contracting parties of the care, operation, maintenance, and replacement of the conduit.”;

(2) in section 2(b)(3)(A), by striking “this section” and inserting “subsection (d) of the first section”.

SA 5524. Mr. BENNET submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ . PROCESS FOR CONGRESSIONAL REVERSAL OF REFUSAL TO DECLARE MAJOR DISASTER.

Section 401 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5170) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(d) NOTIFICATION TO CONGRESS.—

“(1) COVERED REFUSAL.—In this subsection, the term ‘covered refusal’ means an instance in which—

“(A) the Governor of a State requests a declaration by the President of a major disaster under subsection (a); and

“(B) the President declines to declare such a major disaster—

“(i) contrary to a recommendation provided by the Administrator of the Federal Emergency Management Agency; or

“(ii) based on a recommendation by the Administrator of the Federal Emergency Management Agency not to approve the declaration that is contrary to established precedent.

“(2) NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENT.—Not later than 24 hours after issuing a covered refusal, the President shall submit to the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate a written explanation of the covered refusal.

“(e) DECLARATION BY JOINT RESOLUTION.—

“(1) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:

“(A) COVERED JOINT RESOLUTION.—The term ‘covered joint resolution’ means only a joint resolution of either House of Congress—

“(i) introduced not later than 14 calendar days after the date on which Congress receives a notification under subsection (d)(2) relating to a covered refusal; and

“(ii) the sole matter after the resolving clause of which is as follows: ‘That the President shall declare a major disaster under section 401 of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5170) relating to _____’, the blanks being filled in with a description of the disaster that is the subject of the covered refusal.

“(B) COVERED REFUSAL.—The term ‘covered refusal’ has the meaning given the term in subsection (d).

“(2) INTRODUCTION.—A covered joint resolution may be introduced—

“(A) in the House of Representatives, by the majority leader (or the majority leader’s designee) or the minority leader (or the minority leader’s designee); and

“(B) in the Senate, by the majority leader (or the majority leader’s designee) or the minority leader (or the minority leader’s designee).

“(3) FLOOR CONSIDERATION IN HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—

“(A) DISCHARGE FROM COMMITTEE.—If a committee of the House of Representatives to which a covered joint resolution has been referred has not reported the joint resolution within 2 calendar days after the date of referral of the joint resolution, the committee shall be discharged from further consideration of the joint resolution and the joint resolution shall be placed on the appropriate calendar.

“(B) MOVING TO CONSIDERATION.—At any time after a covered joint resolution has been placed on the appropriate calendar, it is in order for the sponsor of the joint resolution (or a designee) to move for the consideration of that joint resolution.

“(C) POINTS OF ORDER; MOTIONS.—All points of order against the covered joint resolution and its consideration are waived. If the motion under subparagraph (B) is agreed to, the joint resolution shall remain the unfinished business of the House until disposed of, except as provided in paragraph (5).

“(D) NO AMENDMENTS.—A covered joint resolution shall not be subject to amendment in the House of Representatives.

“(E) DEBATE.—General debate on a covered joint resolution shall not exceed 4 hours, which shall be equally divided and controlled by the sponsor of the joint resolution (or a designee) and an opponent.

“(F) FINAL PASSAGE.—At the conclusion of debate, the previous question shall be considered as ordered on the resolution, and the House of Representatives shall vote on final passage without intervening motion.

“(4) CONSIDERATION IN THE SENATE.—

“(A) REPORTING AND DISCHARGE.—If the committee of the Senate to which a covered joint resolution was referred has not reported the joint resolution within 2 calendar days after the date of referral of the joint resolution, that committee shall be discharged from further consideration of the joint resolution and the joint resolution shall be placed on the appropriate calendar.

“(B) PROCEEDING TO CONSIDERATION.—Notwithstanding Rule XXII of the Standing Rules of the Senate, it is in order at any time after the committee of the Senate to which a covered joint resolution was referred reports the joint resolution to the Senate or has been discharged from consideration of the joint resolution (even though a previous motion to the same effect has been disagreed to) to move to proceed to the consideration of the joint resolution, and all points of order against the joint resolution (and against consideration of the joint resolution) are waived. The motion to proceed is not debatable. The motion is not subject to a motion to postpone.

“(C) NO AMENDMENTS.—An amendment to a covered joint resolution, or a motion to postpone, or a motion to proceed to the consideration of other business, or a motion to recommit a covered joint resolution, is not in order.

“(D) CONSIDERATION.—

“(i) LIMITATION ON DEBATE.—Consideration in the Senate of a covered joint resolution shall be limited to not more than 10 hours, which shall be equally divided between, and controlled by, the majority leader and the minority leader, or by their designees.

“(ii) VOTE ON ADOPTION.—Whenever all the time for debate on a covered joint resolution has been used or yielded back, the vote on the passage of the resolution shall occur without any intervening motion or amendment, except that a single quorum call at the conclusion of the debate if requested in accordance with the Rules of the Senate may occur immediately before such vote.

“(E) RULINGS OF THE CHAIR ON PROCEDURE.—Appeals from the decisions of the Chair relating to the application of the rules of the Senate, as the case may be, to the procedure relating to a covered joint resolution shall be decided without debate.

“(F) CONSIDERATION OF VETO MESSAGES.—Debate in the Senate of any veto message with respect to a covered joint resolution, including all debatable motions and appeals in connection with the joint resolution, shall be limited to 10 hours, to be equally divided between, and controlled by, the majority leader and the minority leader or their designees.

“(5) RULES RELATING TO SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—

“(A) TREATMENT OF SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION IN HOUSE.—In the House of Representatives, the following procedures shall apply to a covered joint resolution received from the Senate (unless the House has already passed a joint resolution relating to the same proposed action):

“(i) The joint resolution shall be referred to the appropriate committees.

“(ii) If a committee to which a joint resolution has been referred has not reported the joint resolution within 2 calendar days after the date of referral, that committee shall be discharged from further consideration of the joint resolution.

“(iii) Beginning on the third legislative day after the committee to which a joint resolution has been referred reports the joint resolution to the House or has been discharged from further consideration thereof, it shall be in order to move to proceed to consider the joint resolution in the House. All points of order against the motion are

waived. Such a motion shall not be in order after the House has disposed of a motion to proceed on the joint resolution. The previous question shall be considered as ordered on the motion to its adoption without intervening motion. The motion shall not be debatable. A motion to reconsider the vote by which the motion is disposed of shall not be in order.

“(iv) The joint resolution shall be considered as read. All points of order against the joint resolution and against its consideration are waived. The previous question shall be considered as ordered on the joint resolution to final passage without intervening motion except 4 hours of debate equally divided and controlled by the sponsor of the joint resolution (or a designee) and an opponent. A motion to reconsider the vote on passage of the joint resolution shall not be in order.

“(B) TREATMENT OF HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION IN SENATE.—

“(i) RECEIPT BEFORE PASSAGE.—If, before the passage by the Senate of a covered joint resolution, the Senate receives an identical joint resolution from the House of Representatives, the following procedures shall apply:

“(I) That joint resolution shall not be referred to a committee.

“(II) With respect to that joint resolution—

“(aa) the procedure in the Senate shall be the same as if no joint resolution had been received from the House of Representatives; but

“(bb) the vote on passage shall be on the joint resolution from the House of Representatives.

“(ii) RECEIPT AFTER PASSAGE.—If, following passage of a covered joint resolution in the Senate, the Senate receives an identical joint resolution from the House of Representatives, that joint resolution shall be placed on the appropriate Senate calendar.

“(iii) NO COMPANION MEASURE.—If a covered joint resolution is received from the House, and no companion joint resolution has been introduced in the Senate, the Senate procedures under this subsection shall apply to the House joint resolution.

“(C) APPLICATION TO REVENUE MEASURES.—The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply in the House of Representatives to a covered joint resolution that is a revenue measure.

“(6) RULES OF HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AND SENATE.—This subsection is enacted by Congress—

“(A) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of the Senate and the House of Representatives, respectively, and as such is deemed a part of the rules of each House, respectively, and supersedes other rules only to the extent that it is inconsistent with such rules; and

“(B) with full recognition of the constitutional right of either House to change the rules (so far as relating to the procedure of that House) at any time, in the same manner, and to the same extent as in the case of any other rule of that House.”.

SA 5525. Mr. BENNET (for himself and Mr. HICKENLOOPER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5453 proposed by Mr. GRAHAM to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ PROHIBITION ON THE ANTI-WEAPONIZATION FUND.

The “Anti-Weaponization Fund” established by the Attorney General on May 18, 2026, is terminated and on and after the date of enactment of this Act, no amounts may be paid into any fund that is substantially similar to the “Anti-Weaponization Fund”.

SA 5526. Mr. BENNET submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ LIMITATION ON OBLIGATION OF FUNDS.

None of the funds made available under this Act may be obligated until the Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Communications and Information makes available non-deployment funds associated with the Broadband Equity, Access, and Deployment Program established under section 60102 of the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (47 U.S.C. 1702) to the States originally slated to receive those funds.

SA 5527. Mr. BENNET submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ____ PROHIBITION ON SETTLEMENT AGREEMENTS PROHIBITING TAX AUDITS OF THE PRESIDENT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Attorney General may not enter into any settlement agreement that prohibits, bars, or precludes the Internal Revenue Service from examining the tax returns of the President.

(b) PORTION OF SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT RELATING TO THE TAXES OF PRESIDENT TRUMP.—The portion of the settlement agreement in *Trump v. Internal Revenue Service*, announced on May 19, 2026, that bars and precludes examinations of the tax returns of President Trump, and claims or actions resulting from such examinations, shall have no force and effect.

SA 5528. Mr. BENNET submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 5453 proposed by Mr. GRAHAM to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Strike section 202 and insert the following:

SEC. 202. GASOLINE PRICE REBATES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter B of chapter 65 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

“SEC. 6436. GASOLINE PRICE REBATES.

“(a) IN GENERAL.—In the case of an eligible individual, there shall be allowed as a credit against the tax imposed by subtitle A for the taxable year beginning after December 31, 2025, an amount equal to the gasoline price rebate amount for such taxable year.

“(b) GASOLINE PRICE REBATE AMOUNT.—For purposes of this section—

“(1) IN GENERAL.—The term ‘gasoline price rebate amount’ means, with respect to any taxpayer, an amount, as determined by the Secretary not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this section, equal to the quotient of—

“(A) \$31,075,000,000, divided by

“(B) the number of eligible individuals.

“(2) SPECIAL RULE FOR JOINT RETURNS.—In the case of an eligible individual filing a joint return, the gasoline price rebate amount shall be 150 percent of the amount determined under paragraph (1) with respect to other taxpayers.

“(3) LIMITATION BASED ON ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME.—The amount of the credit allowed by subsection (a) (determined without regard to this subsection and subsection (e)) shall be reduced (but not below zero) by 5 percent of so much of the eligible individual’s adjusted gross income as exceeds—

“(A) \$150,000 in the case of a joint return,

“(B) \$112,500 in the case of a head of household, and

“(C) \$75,000 in any other case.

“(c) ELIGIBLE INDIVIDUAL.—For purposes of this section, the term ‘eligible individual’ means any individual other than—

“(1) any nonresident alien individual,

“(2) any individual who is a dependent of another taxpayer for a taxable year beginning in the calendar year in which the individual’s taxable year begins, and

“(3) an estate or trust.

“(d) DEFINITIONS AND SPECIAL RULES.—

“(1) DEPENDENT DEFINED.—For purposes of this section, the term ‘dependent’ has the meaning given such term by section 152.

“(2) IDENTIFICATION NUMBER REQUIREMENT.—

“(A) IN GENERAL.—In the case of a return other than a joint return, the gasoline price rebate amount in subsection (b)(1) shall be treated as being zero unless the taxpayer includes the valid identification number of the taxpayer on the return of tax for the taxable year.

“(B) JOINT RETURNS.—In the case of a joint return, the gasoline price rebate amount in subsection (b)(1) shall be treated as being—

“(i) 50 percent of the amount otherwise determined without regard to this paragraph if the valid identification number of only 1 spouse is included on the return of tax for the taxable year, and

“(ii) zero if the valid identification number of neither spouse is so included.

“(C) VALID IDENTIFICATION NUMBER.—For purposes of this paragraph, the term ‘valid identification number’ means a social security number issued to an individual by the Social Security Administration on or before the due date for filing the return for the taxable year.

“(D) SPECIAL RULE FOR MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES.—Subparagraph (B) shall not apply in the case where at least 1 spouse was a member of the Armed Forces of the United States at any time during the taxable year and the valid identification number of at least 1 spouse is included on the return of tax for the taxable year.

“(E) COORDINATION WITH CERTAIN ADVANCE PAYMENTS.—In the case of any payment determined pursuant to subsection (f)(6), a valid identification number shall be treated for purposes of this paragraph as included on the taxpayer’s return of tax if such valid identification number is available to the Secretary as described in such subsection.

“(F) MATHEMATICAL OR CLERICAL ERROR AUTHORITY.—Any omission of a correct valid identification number required under this paragraph shall be treated as a mathematical or clerical error for purposes of applying section 6213(g)(2) to such omission.

“(3) CREDIT TREATED AS REFUNDABLE.—The credit allowed by subsection (a) shall be treated as allowed by subpart C of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1.

“(e) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary shall prescribe such regulations or other guidance as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes of this section.

“(f) OUTREACH.—The Secretary shall carry out a robust and comprehensive outreach program to ensure that all taxpayers learn of their eligibility for the credits allowed under this section and are provided assistance in claiming such credits.”.

(b) TREATMENT OF CERTAIN POSSESSIONS.—

(1) PAYMENTS TO POSSESSIONS WITH MIRROR CODE TAX SYSTEMS.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall pay to each possession of the United States which has a mirror code tax system amounts equal to the loss (if any) to that possession by reason of the amendments made by this section. Such amounts shall be determined by the Secretary of the Treasury based on information provided by the government of the respective possession.

(2) PAYMENTS TO OTHER POSSESSIONS.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall pay to each possession of the United States which does not have a mirror code tax system amounts estimated by the Secretary of the Treasury as being equal to the aggregate benefits (if any) that would have been provided to residents of such possession by reason of the amendments made by this section if a mirror code tax system had been in effect in such possession. The preceding sentence shall not apply unless the respective possession has a plan, which has been approved by the Secretary of the Treasury, under which such possession will promptly distribute such payments to its residents.

(3) INCLUSION OF ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall pay to each possession of the United States to which the Secretary makes a payment under paragraph (1) or (2) an amount equal to the increase (if any) of the administrative expenses of such possession—

(A) in the case of a possession described in paragraph (1), by reason of the amendments made by this section, and

(B) in the case of a possession described in paragraph (2), by reason of carrying out the plan described in such paragraph, or the amount described in subparagraph (A) shall be determined by the Secretary of the Treasury based on information provided by the government of the respective possession.

(4) COORDINATION WITH CREDIT ALLOWED AGAINST UNITED STATES INCOME TAXES.—No credit shall be allowed against United States income taxes under section 6434 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (as added by this section) to any person—

(A) to whom a credit is allowed against taxes imposed by the possession by reason of the amendments made by this section, or

(B) who is eligible for a payment under a plan described in paragraph (2).

(5) MIRROR CODE TAX SYSTEM.—For purposes of this subsection, the term “mirror code tax system” means, with respect to any possession of the United States, the income tax system of such possession if the income tax liability of the residents of such possession under such system is determined by reference to the income tax laws of the United States as if such possession were the United States.

(6) TREATMENT OF PAYMENTS.—For purposes of section 1324 of title 31, United States Code, the payments under this subsection shall be treated in the same manner as a refund due from a credit provision referred to in subsection (b)(2) of such section.

(c) ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS.—

(1) DEFINITION OF DEFICIENCY.—Section 6211(b)(4)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by striking “and 6433” and inserting “6433, and 6436.”.

(2) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—

(A) Paragraph (2) of section 1324(b) of title 31, United States Code, is amended by inserting “6436,” after “6433.”.

(B) The table of sections for subchapter B of chapter 65 of the Internal Revenue Code of

1986 is amended by adding at the end the following new item:

“Sec. 6436. Gasoline price rebates.”.

SA 5529. Mr. BENNET submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of the bill, add the following:

SEC. 301. SHORT TITLES.

This title may be cited as the “Keeping Immigrants and Destinations Safe Act” or the “KIDS Act”.

SEC. 302. DEFINITIONS.

In this title:

(1) CHILD.—The term “child” has the meaning given such term in section 101(b)(1) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(b)(1)).

(2) COGNITIVE DISABILITY.—The term “cognitive disability” means a mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities of an individual involving learning, reading, concentrating, thinking, or communicating, or the operation of a neurological or brain function, consistent with the meaning of “disability” under section 3(1) of the Americans with Disabilities Act (42 U.S.C. 12102(1)).

(3) DEPARTMENT.—The term “Department” means the Department of Homeland Security.

(4) PRIMARY CAREGIVER.—The term “primary caregiver” means a noncitizen parent or legal guardian who is the primary caretaker of 1 or more minor children in the United States, including a noncitizen parent or legal guardian with a direct interest in family court, probate court, guardianship, or child welfare proceedings involving a minor child.

(5) SECRETARY.—The term “Secretary” means the Secretary of Homeland Security.

(6) SENSITIVE LOCATION.—The term “sensitive location” includes any physical space located within 1,000 feet of—

(A) any medical or mental health care facility, including any hospital, health care practitioner’s office, accredited health clinic, vaccination or testing site, emergent or urgent care facility, or community health center;

(B) any public or private school (including preschools, primary schools, secondary schools, and postsecondary schools (including colleges and universities)), any site of an early childhood education program, any other institution of learning, such as vocational or trade schools, and any other site where individuals who are unemployed or underemployed may apply for or receive workforce training;

(C) any scholastic or education-related activity or event, including field trips and interscholastic events;

(D) any school bus or school bus stop during periods when school children are present on the bus or at the stop;

(E) any recreational facility for children, such as playgrounds and formal recreational facilities;

(F) any child care focused facility, including child care centers, before or after school care centers, foster care facilities, and group homes for children;

(G) any location where disaster or emergency response and relief is being provided by Federal, State, or local entities, such as—

(i) the distribution of emergency supplies, food, and water;

(ii) any place of temporary shelter;

(iii) any place along an evacuation route; and

(iv) any site where registration for disaster-related assistance or family reunification is taking place;

(H) any location of any organization that—

(i) assists children, pregnant women, victims of crime or abuse, or individuals with significant mental or physical disabilities, including domestic violence shelters, child advocacy centers, facilities that serve disabled persons, drug or alcohol counseling and treatment facilities, rape crisis centers, supervised visitation centers, family justice centers, victims’ services providers, and community-based organizations providing social services; or

(ii) provides disaster or emergency social services and assistance, or services for individuals experiencing homelessness, including food banks, pantries, or other establishments distributing food, and shelters;

(I) any church, synagogue, mosque, or other place of worship or religious study, such as buildings rented for the purpose of religious services or a temporary facility or location where such activities are taking place;

(J) any site of a funeral, graveside ceremony, wedding, or any site where other religious or civil ceremonies or observances are occurring;

(K) any site during a public demonstration, such as a march, rally, or parade;

(L) any Federal, State, or local courthouse, including immigration courts operated by the Executive Office for Immigration Review, the office of an individual’s legal counsel or representative, probation offices, and any facility where programs or services are provided in relation to a court proceeding;

(M) any congressional district office;

(N) any office of the Social Security Administration;

(O) any public assistance office, including locations at which individuals may apply for or receive unemployment compensation or report violations of labor and employment laws;

(P) the indoor or outdoor premises of a department of motor vehicles;

(Q) a polling place, including any building or infrastructure at which voting takes place during an election;

(R) a labor union hall or any other union-operated building or office at which registered applicants are referred in rotation to jobs;

(S) any public library; or

(T) any other location specified by the Secretary.

SEC. 303. DETENTION OF CHILDREN.

(a) LIMITATION.—Except as provided in section 305, the Department may not detain a child, an individual with a cognitive disability, or a primary caregiver of a child or individual with a cognitive disability.

(b) PARENTAL NOTICE AND REPORTING.—If a detention is permitted under section 305, the Department may not detain any child or individual with a cognitive disability without the confirmed notification of a parent or legal guardian of such child or individual. All such detentions shall be reported to Congress not later than 24 hours after the Department takes such a child or individual into custody.

(c) LIMITATION ON DETENTION OF PRIMARY CAREGIVERS.—There shall be a presumption that a primary caregiver of a child or an individual with a cognitive disability may not be detained unless the Department Secretary documents, based on clear and convincing evidence that has been provided to the primary caregiver of such child or individual, that release of the primary caregiver is unreasonable or impracticable.

(d) RELEASE TO DESIGNATED CAREGIVER OR CHILD WELFARE AUTHORITY.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—If a child or an individual with a cognitive disability is detained by the Department in violation of subsection (a), the Department shall prioritize the prompt release of such child or individual to—

(A) a parent or legal guardian;

(B) a designated caregiver identified by a parent or legal guardian of such child or individual;

(C) the appropriate State or local child or adult protective services agency; or

(D) appropriate officials of the Department of Health and Human Services Office of Refugee Resettlement, if appropriate and practicable.

(2) RECOGNITION OF DELEGATED PARENTAL AUTHORITY.—For purposes of paragraph (1)(B), the Department shall recognize and give effect to any written instrument executed by a parent or legal guardian that delegates temporary caregiving authority or parental authority to another individual, including a power of attorney or other document authorized under applicable State law.

(3) VERIFICATION.—The Department may take reasonable steps to verify the identity of the designated caregiver or the authenticity of the written instrument described in paragraph (2), but such verification shall not unreasonably delay the release of the child or individual with a cognitive disability.

(4) BEST INTERESTS OF THE CHILD.—All determinations made under this subsection shall be guided by the best interests of the child or individual with a cognitive disability.

SEC. 304. LIMITATION ON ENFORCEMENT ACTIONS AT SENSITIVE LOCATIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in section 305, the Department may not conduct, engage in, or execute any immigration enforcement action that takes place at, is focused on, or occurs within 1,000 feet of, a sensitive location.

(b) TRAVEL TO AND FROM SENSITIVE LOCATIONS.—For purposes of this section, an immigration enforcement action shall be considered to occur at a sensitive location if such action is taken while an individual is traveling to, attending, or returning from a sensitive location.

SEC. 305. EXCEPTION FOR CRIMINAL WARRANTS.

The restrictions under sections 303 and 304 may not be construed to prohibit or restrict enforcement actions conducted pursuant to a criminal arrest warrant or a criminal search warrant issued by a court of competent jurisdiction.

SEC. 306. REMEDIES FOR VIOLATIONS.

In the event of a violation of section 304—

(1) any information obtained as a result of such enforcement action for purposes of establishing alienage or chargeability may not be—

(A) entered into the record or received into evidence in a removal proceeding; or

(B) used by the Department to effectuate any type of removal;

(2) the noncitizen who was the subject of such removal proceedings may file a motion to enforce the prohibition under section 304, including through a motion to terminate such proceedings;

(3) any individual who was detained in violation of such section shall be released from detention; and

(4) any person wrongfully detained shall be placed in proceedings under section 240 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1229a), which require the Department to rebut the presumption of the individual's eligibility for release by clear and convincing evidence.

SA 5530. Mr. BENNET submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for rec-

onciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of the bill, add the following:

TITLE III—IMMIGRATION ENFORCEMENT OFFICER HIRING AND SCREENING STANDARDS

SEC. 301. SHORT TITLES.

This title may be cited as the “Training, Responsibility, Uniforms, and Standards for Transparency Act” or the “TRUST Act”.

SEC. 302. STRENGTHENED HIRING AND SCREENING STANDARDS FOR IMMIGRATION ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS.

(a) MINIMUM ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall enhance the performance, professionalism, and integrity of immigration enforcement officers and agents by establishing strengthened hiring and screening standards for all newly hired officers and agents.

(b) STANDARDS.—The standards required under subsection (a) shall require each applicant—

(1) to be at least 20 years of age at the time of application and at least 21 years of age at the start of the next scheduled basic training academy;

(2) to possess a high school diploma or equivalent credential at the time of application;

(3) to possess authorization to live and work in the United States, as demonstrated by documentation sufficient to satisfy employment eligibility verification requirements under Federal law; and

(4) to undergo comprehensive background investigations that include—

(A) criminal history checks;

(B) reviews of prior law enforcement or military service, including disciplinary records and sustained complaints;

(C) screening for any history of domestic violence, sexual assault, or other violent conduct;

(D) drug use screening consistent with Federal law;

(E) reviews for affiliations with terrorist organizations, violent extremist groups, or hate-based organizations;

(F) reviews of publicly available social media and online activity for evidence of bias, extremism, discriminatory conduct, or advocacy of violence; and

(G) psychological suitability assessments to ensure fitness for duty, sound judgment, and the ability to safely interact with the public.

SEC. 303. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY UNIFORM AND IDENTIFICATION REGULATIONS.

(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that Department of Homeland Security law enforcement personnel, including U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement officers and agents (including Enforcement and Removal Operations and Homeland Security Investigations) and U.S. Customs and Border Protection officers, agents, and specialists, wear a uniform that identifies such personnel—

(1) as Federal immigration law enforcement authorities; and

(2) as authorized personnel of a specific directorate within the Department of Homeland Security and not as “Police”.

(b) UNIFORM REQUIREMENTS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—All uniformed Department of Homeland Security law enforcement personnel, including sworn U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement officers and agents and U.S. Customs and Border Protection officers, agents, and specialists—

(A) shall possess and maintain at all times a serviceable uniform and the necessary equipment to perform uniformed field duty;

(B) shall maintain their uniforms and equipment in a serviceable condition in

order to be ready at any time for immediate use;

(C) shall keep their uniforms neat, clean, and having the appearance of being professionally pressed;

(D) may only wear the uniform specified for their rank, assignment, and component within the Department of Homeland Security;

(E) may not loan any portion of the uniform to others; and

(F) may not permit the uniform, badge, insignia, or markings to be reproduced or duplicated.

(2) INSPECTIONS.—All supervisors shall perform periodic inspections of Department of Homeland Security law enforcement personnel to ensure conformance with Department of Homeland Security uniform specifications and procedures.

(3) CIVILIAN ATTIRE.—Civilian attire may not be worn in combination with any distinguishable part of the official Department of Homeland Security uniform.

(4) TIME AND PLACE RESTRICTIONS.—Department of Homeland Security law enforcement personnel may only wear a uniform while on duty, while in transit to or from duty, for court appearances, or at other official Department of Homeland Security functions or events.

(5) LIMITATION ON PURCHASE OR CONSUMPTION OF ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES.—Department of Homeland Security law enforcement personnel may not purchase or consume alcoholic beverages while wearing any part of their uniform.

SEC. 304. DEPARTMENT-ISSUED IDENTIFICATION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Department of Homeland Security shall issue to each U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement officer or agent and each U.S. Customs and Border Patrol officer, agent, or specialist an official identification card bearing the employee's name, identifying information, photograph, and a unique serial number. All such personnel shall be in possession of such identification card while on duty or when carrying a concealed firearm under Federal authority.

(b) DISPLAY.—Except as provided in subsection (c)(2), Department of Homeland Security officers and agents shall clearly display their Department-issued identification and badge in a courteous manner to any person upon request and as soon as practical while on duty or acting in an official capacity.

(c) VISIBILITY REQUIREMENT.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2) and section 305(b), every Department of Homeland Security immigration enforcement officer or agent conducting an immigration enforcement function shall visibly display—

(A) the individual's last name and a unique identifier;

(B) the name of the employing agency; and

(C) the face of such officer or agent.

(2) EXCEPTIONS.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The requirement under paragraph (1) shall not apply to any individual who is engaged in an undercover assignment involving the use of an assumed name or a cover identity.

(B) FACE COVERING.—The requirement under paragraph (1)(C) shall not apply if the officer or agent—

(i) is engaged in a specialized tactical assignment;

(ii) is working in a hazardous or high-risk environment;

(iii) is wearing a face covering as a protection from weather-related conditions; or

(iv) has received prior approval to wear a face covering due to a medical condition.

(d) SPECIALIZED AND UNDERCOVER EXCEPTIONS.—

(1) DEFINED TERM.—In this section and in section 306, the term “undercover assignment” only means an authorized investigative operation in which—

(A) an agent is assuming a covert identity or persona to infiltrate a specific criminal enterprise;

(B) the mission is conducted for the primary purpose of gathering evidence regarding felony violations of Federal law, such as human trafficking or narcotics smuggling; and

(C) the revelation of the agent’s identity would pose an immediate and demonstrable threat to the safety of the agent or the integrity of the investigation.

(2) ARREST TEAM REQUIREMENTS.—Notwithstanding any undercover assignment, all agents involved in the physical arrest, transport, or processing of a detained individual must be clearly identifiable in accordance with the standards described in subsections (a) and (b).

SEC. 305. BADGE AND DISTINCTIVE IDENTIFICATION.

(a) ISSUANCE.—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall issue to each U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement officer or agent, each U.S. Customs and Border Protection officer, agent, or specialist, and each other Department of Homeland Security sworn enforcement officer a badge of authority bearing the seal of the Department of Homeland Security and the title of the directorate for which they are employed encircling such seal, along with the designation of the position held by the officer. Each such badge shall be serially numbered and each officer shall display a distinctive identifying number.

(b) DISPLAY.—All Department of Homeland Security officers and agents and other uniformed Department of Homeland Security immigration enforcement personnel, while on duty, shall be dressed in full distinctive uniform and shall display the official badge and visible identification of their office, except when authorized by the Secretary or designee to operate in plain clothes.

(c) RESTRICTION.—Neither the Secretary of Homeland Security nor any other person may issue a badge, uniform, insignia, or identification to any individual who is not a duly authorized, classified, and regularly appointed officer or employee of the Department of Homeland Security.

(d) CRIMINAL PENALTIES FOR MISREPRESENTATION.—Any person who, without authority, wears or duplicates a Department of Homeland Security badge, uniform, or equipment with intent to represent himself or herself as a Federal immigration officer shall be subject to Federal criminal penalties.

SEC. 306. BODY-WORN CAMERAS.

(a) PROVISION OF BODY-WORN CAMERAS.—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall ensure that each immigration enforcement officer or agent who interacts with members of the public is equipped with a body-worn camera. All such cameras shall be worn in a location and manner that maximizes the camera’s ability to capture video footage of the officer’s activities.

(b) REQUIRED ACTIVATION.—Except as provided under subsections (c) and (d), an immigration enforcement officer or agent shall wear and activate a body-worn camera, and a dash camera if the officer’s vehicle is equipped with such a camera, while—

(1) responding to a call for an enforcement action;

(2) entering any premises for the purpose of enforcing the law or investigating possible violations of law; or

(3) engaging in any interaction with a member of the public initiated by an officer or agent, whether consensual or nonconsensual,

for the purpose of enforcing the law or investigating possible violations of law.

(c) EXCEPTIONS; PRIVACY NOTIFICATIONS.—

(1) EN ROUTE.—A body-worn camera need not be activated while an officer or agent is traveling to a call for an enforcement action, but shall be activated shortly before the officer or agent arrives at the scene.

(2) UNDERCOVER.—An officer or agent working in an undercover assignment is not required to wear a body-worn camera.

(3) NOTIFICATION.—An officer or agent wearing a body-worn camera shall notify all subjects of the recording that they are being recorded as close to the commencement of the encounter as is reasonably possible.

(d) PERMISSIBLE DEACTIVATION; CIVILIAN REQUEST.—

(1) DEACTIVATION.—An immigration enforcement officer or agent may deactivate a body-worn camera—

(A) while working on an unrelated assignment or during a prolonged break in an incident; or

(B) during administrative, tactical, or management discussions when members of the public are not present.

(2) CIVILIAN REQUEST.—Before entering a private residence without a warrant, or when interacting with an apparent crime victim or anonymous source, an officer shall ask if the individual wants the camera to be deactivated. If the individual responds affirmatively, the officer shall deactivate the camera. The offer to deactivate and the response from the victim or source shall be recorded by the camera before such deactivation.

(e) FAILURE TO ACTIVATE OR TAMPERING.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—If an officer or agent fails to activate a body-worn camera in accordance with the requirements under this section or tampers with camera footage when activation is required—

(A) there shall be a permissive inference, in any investigation or legal proceeding (excluding criminal proceedings against the officer or agent), that the missing footage would have reflected misconduct;

(B) any statements or conduct that was not recorded by other means shall be subject to a rebuttable presumption of inadmissibility; and

(C) a rebuttable evidentiary presumption shall be adopted in favor of criminal defendants or civil plaintiffs who reasonably assert that exculpatory evidence was destroyed or not captured.

(2) PROOF COMPLIANCE WAS IMPOSSIBLE.—The disciplinary action requirement and rebuttable presumptions described in subparagraphs (B) and (C) of paragraph (1) may be overcome by contrary evidence or proof of exigent circumstances that made compliance impossible.

(f) DISCIPLINE; CERTIFICATION CONSEQUENCES.—In addition to any criminal liability—

(1) if an adjudicative body or final agency determination finds that an officer or agent intentionally failed to activate or tampered with a camera (except as permitted under this section), the employing agency shall impose discipline upon the officer or agent, up to and including termination, consistent with applicable law;

(2) unless otherwise permitted under this section, if the conduct of the officer or agent was undertaken with the intent to conceal unlawful or inappropriate actions or obstruct justice, the officer’s or agent’s certification or authority to perform enforcement duties shall be suspended for not less than 1 year, subject to reinstatement only upon exonerated; and

(3) if such conduct occurred in an incident resulting in the death or serious bodily injury of a civilian, the officer’s or agent’s certification or authority to perform enforce-

ment duties shall be permanently revoked, subject to reinstatement only upon exoneration.

(g) INTEGRITY OF REPORTS.—No officer or agent may review or receive an accounting of any body-worn camera footage related to a use of force or misconduct complaint before completing all required initial reports, statements, and interviews regarding the recorded event.

(h) RETENTION OF RECORDINGS.—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall establish a retention schedule for body-worn camera recordings that requires—

(1) standard footage to be retained for a period of not less than 6 months; and

(2) footage involving the use of force or a complaint to be retained for a period of not less than 3 years.

(i) PUBLIC RELEASE; PRIVACY PROTECTIONS.—

(1) MISCONDUCT.—Not later than 21 days after receiving a complaint alleging misconduct by an immigration enforcement officer or agent, the Department of Homeland Security shall release all unedited audio and video recordings of the incident to the public, subject to privacy protections and delayed release provisions under subsection (j).

(2) DEATH OR SERIOUS INJURY.—Not later than 5 days after an immigration enforcement incident resulting in death or serious injury, the Department of Homeland Security shall release all unedited audio and video recordings of the incident to the public, subject to privacy protections and delayed release provisions under subsection (j).

(3) PROHIBITION ON SECONDARY USE DURING RETENTION PERIOD.—During any retention period established under this subsection, body-worn camera footage shall be stored in an isolated system that is not accessible to, and may not be queried by, any immigration enforcement targeting system, fusion center, or interagency intelligence platform. Access to retained footage shall be limited to personnel directly involved in accountability review or legal proceedings arising from the recorded interaction.

(j) PRIVACY PROTECTIONS AND DELAYED RELEASE.—

(1) DEATH.—Recordings depicting death shall be made available to a victim’s immediate family or lawful representative before being publicly released.

(2) PRIVACY INTERESTS.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Recordings implicating substantial privacy interests may be blurred to protect such interests without removing any portion of the recording.

(B) LIMITED RELEASE.—If blurring a recording is insufficient—

(i) the recording shall be released to affected individuals or their lawful representatives; and

(ii) the Department of Homeland Security shall notify affected persons of their right to waive the restrictions under this subsection.

(3) INVESTIGATIONS.—A recording of alleged misconduct may be temporarily withheld if the release of such recording would substantially interfere with an ongoing investigation. Such recording shall be publicly released not later than 45 days after the allegation of misconduct, accompanied by a written justification for the delay.

SEC. 307. SPECIALIZED TRAINING REQUIREMENTS.

The Secretary of Homeland Security shall require all immigration enforcement officers and agents to complete specialized training, in addition to basic training required by the Department, before conducting enforcement operations, including training on—

(1) identity verification procedures and documentation review designed to prevent the wrongful detention of United States citizens, lawful permanent residents, Native

Americans, and other individuals who are lawfully present in the United States;

(2) deescalation techniques and safe civilian engagement practices to ensure immigration enforcement operations are conducted in a manner that protects public safety and reduces the risk of unnecessary force;

(3) language access and interpretation procedures to ensure effective communication during enforcement encounters with individuals who have limited English proficiency;

(4) recognizing medical distress, disabilities, and mental health conditions, and responding appropriately during enforcement encounters to individuals experiencing medical emergencies or requiring disability-related accommodations;

(5) constitutional protections and civil rights laws governing immigration enforcement activities, including protections against unlawful searches, seizures, and discriminatory enforcement; and

(6) preventing discriminatory enforcement practices, including profiling based on race, ethnicity, national origin, religion, or language proficiency.

SA 5531. Mr. BENNET submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2, to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of S. Con. Res. 33; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of the bill, add the following:

TITLE III—IMMIGRATION ENFORCEMENT TRANSPARENCY

SEC. 301. SHORT TITLES.

This title may be cited as the “Oversight, Protection, and Enforcement Notification Act” and “OPEN Act”.

SEC. 302. DEFINITIONS.

In this title:

(1) **CHOKEHOLD OR CAROTID HOLD.**—The term “chokehold or carotid hold” means the application of any pressure to the throat or windpipe, the use of maneuvers that restrict blood or oxygen flow to the brain, or carotid artery restraints that prevent or hinder breathing or reduce intake of air of an individual.

(2) **CONDUCT EXCEEDING AUTHORIZED AUTHORITY.**—The term “conduct exceeding authorized authority” means any action taken without legal authorization, outside the scope of assigned duties, or in violation of Federal law, regulation, or Department of Homeland Security policy, including—

(A) conducting a stop, search, entry, arrest, or detention without legal authority, a valid warrant, or required supervisory approval;

(B) misrepresenting identity, authority, or purpose to gain compliance or entry;

(C) conducting enforcement activity outside an assigned geographic area, mission scope, or operational plan;

(D) using unapproved tactics, equipment, or vehicles, including failure to comply with identification or uniform requirements;

(E) acting in violation of constitutional protections, civil rights laws, or court orders; and

(F) any action involving sexual violence.

(3) **EXCESSIVE FORCE.**—The term “excessive force” means the use of physical force or weapons beyond what is objectively reasonable and necessary, including—

(A) discharging or brandishing a firearm at any individual or vehicle;

(B) using a chemical agent, a conducted energy device, a baton, or an impact weapon;

(C) any action involving a physical take-down, a chokehold, or the placement of an individual on the ground;

(D) using restraints or force resulting in bodily injury, hospitalization, or death; and

(E) using deadly force to incapacitate a subject.

(4) **MEMBER OF CONGRESS.**—The term “Member of Congress” includes any Senator, Representative, Delegate, or Resident Commissioner of the United States Congress.

SEC. 303. IMPROVING IMMIGRATION ENFORCEMENT TRANSPARENCY.

(a) **ACCESS TO IMMIGRATION DETENTION FACILITIES.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall ensure that all Members of Congress are given unrestricted access, without advance notice, to all immigration detention facilities used or operated by the Department of Homeland Security, including facilities operated by U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement or U.S. Customs and Border Protection, regional processing centers, field offices, State-run facilities, and privately operated or contracted facilities, regardless of the source of funding for such facilities.

(2) **SCOPE OF ACCESS.**—Access to immigration detention facilities required under paragraph (1) shall include—

(A) access to all of the areas in such facilities;

(B) the ability to speak privately with detained individuals and facility personnel on the same day as the visit and without prior authorization;

(C) the ability to observe conditions of confinement and compliance with applicable Federal law, regulations, and standards; and

(D) the ability of a Member of Congress, a State or local elected official, or a representative of a local health and safety agency to be accompanied by congressional staff and, at the discretion of the Member, official, or representative, subject matter experts, including medical professionals, legal experts, interpreters, and other individuals who such Member, official, or representative considers necessary to assist in evaluating facility conditions and compliance with applicable laws and standards.

(3) **ACCESS FOR LEGAL COUNSEL, FAITH LEADERS, AND FAMILY MEMBERS.**—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall ensure that detained individuals have timely and reasonable access to legal counsel, faith leaders, and family members, including the ability to communicate privately and in person whenever practicable, subject only to narrowly tailored limitations that are necessary to protect the safety and security of the facility in which such individuals are detained.

(4) **PROHIBITION ON DELAY OR DENIAL.**—

(A) **IN GENERAL.**—The operator of an immigration detention facility may not delay, condition, restrict, or deny access to such facility to a Member of Congress on the basis of staffing limitations, operational considerations, contractual arrangements, or facility designation.

(B) **NOTICE.**—Not later than 72 hours after discovering that a Member of Congress’ access to an immigration detention facility was delayed or denied for any reason, the Director of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement or the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection shall submit a detailed report identifying the reasons for such delay and denial and describing the steps that will be taken to prevent future delays or denials to—

(i) the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate;

(ii) the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate;

(iii) the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate;

(iv) the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives;

(v) the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives;

(vi) the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives; and

(vii) the Office of Inspector General of the Department of Homeland Security.

(5) **CONSEQUENCES FOR REPEATED NON-COMPLIANCE.**—

(A) **IN GENERAL.**—If access to an immigration detention facility is delayed or denied to 2 or more Members of Congress in violation of this subsection during any fiscal year, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall ensure that any officer, employee, or contractor of the Department of Homeland Security who knowingly delays, restricts, or denies access to such a facility in violation of this subsection is subject to appropriate administrative or contractual disciplinary action.

(B) **NOTIFICATION.**—The Secretary shall notify the committees listed in paragraph (4)(B) not later than 48 hours after determining a violation described in subparagraph (A) has occurred.

(6) **RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.**—Nothing in this subsection may be construed to limit the authority of Congress to impose additional requirements or restrictions through appropriations Acts or other legislation.

(b) **PUBLIC REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.**—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall track and publicly report, on an aggregated basis without including personally identifiable information of those involved, all allegations and incidents in which immigration enforcement officers or agents, during an immigration enforcement operation or while an individual is detained by the Department of Homeland Security—

(1) used excessive force to carry out their objective;

(2) engaged in conduct exceeding authorized authority;

(3) detained a United States citizen; or

(4) mistakenly detained or arrested an individual who should not have been detained or arrested;

(5) perpetrated sexual assault, abuse, or harassment; or

(6) engaged in other misconduct.

(c) **DETENTION ACCOUNTABILITY AND GRIEVANCE PROCEDURES.**—

(1) **GRIEVANCE PROCESS.**—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall ensure that each immigration detention facility used or operated by the Department of Homeland Security or its contractors maintains a confidential and accessible grievance process through which detained individuals may report grievances regarding—

(A) the use of excessive force;

(B) violations of Federal law, detention standards, or Department policy;

(C) threats, intimidation, retaliation, or abuse by facility personnel; or

(D) sexual assault, abuse, or harassment.

(2) **ACCESSIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.**—The grievance process required under paragraph (1) shall—

(A) be available in all languages commonly spoken by detained individuals;

(B) permit grievances to be filed orally or in writing;

(C) allow detained individuals to submit grievances without interference or retaliation; and

(D) provide timely review and resolution of such grievances.

(3) **ACCOUNTABILITY FOR EXCESSIVE FORCE OR MISCONDUCT.**—If an investigation conducted by the Department of Homeland Security, the Office of Inspector General of the Department, the Office of Professional Responsibility of the Department, U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement, a local field office, or any other authorized investigative entity determines that an officer, employee, or contractor used excessive force against a detained individual, the head of the

agency with jurisdiction over the facility shall ensure that such individual—

(A) is immediately removed from duties involving the supervision, custody, or transport of detained individuals at the facility at which the incident occurred; and

(B) is not permitted to return to perform such duties.

(4) **SEXUAL ABUSE AND ASSAULT PREVENTION AND INTERVENTION PROGRAM.**—Not less frequently than annually, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall publish facility-specific information for each immigration detention facility regarding each facility's compliance with U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement's Sexual Abuse and Assault Prevention and Intervention Program, including—

(A) the number of allegations of sexual abuse or harassment reported at such facility;

(B) the status and outcome of investigations into such allegations;

(C) whether the facility was found compliant with applicable standards under the Sexual Abuse and Assault Prevention and Intervention Program; and

(D) any corrective actions required and the status of such actions.

SEC. 304. PRESERVING CIVIL RIGHTS.

(a) **USE OF FORCE.**—In carrying out immigration enforcement operations, immigration enforcement officers and agents may not use excessive force.

(b) **DETAINEE RIGHTS.**—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall ensure, after an immigration enforcement officer or agent detains any individual—

(1) a member of such individual's immediate family, as determined by the detained individual, is notified of such detention by the Department of Homeland Security not later than 5 hours after the commencement of such detention;

(2) such individual is guaranteed access to at least 1 phone call within 5 hours after the commencement of the detention;

(3) such individual is guaranteed reasonable access to legal counsel and a faith leader not later than 12 hours after the commencement of the detention and periodically thereafter, either in person or through telephonic communication; and

(4) such individual is guaranteed reasonable accommodations to facilitate the signing of any necessary legal documentation.

(c) **MEDICAL AND MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES.**—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall ensure that—

(1) after an immigration enforcement officer or agent detains any individual, such individual is provided timely medical and mental health services, including access to emergency care and chronic condition management, in accordance with the standards established under the National Detention Standards and the Performance-Based National Detention Standards;

(2) any individual in detention with care provided by the Department of Veterans Affairs should have access to health care services provided by the Department of Veterans Affairs;

(3) if an individual described in paragraph (1) is transferred to a hospital or emergency room—

(A) the individual's legal counsel or designated representative is immediately notified; and

(B) family members or a designated emergency contact are notified of the location of such hospital or emergency room as soon as practicable; and

(4) procedures are implemented to allow family members or legal representatives of such individuals to drop off valid prescription medications and necessary medical de-

vices for use in detention facilities, including CPAP machines, mobility aids, and glucose monitors, for the individual's use after such items are cleared through standard security and medical review.

(d) **TRANSPORTATION AND TRANSFERS.**—

(1) **NOTICE OF TRANSFER.**—Not later than 24 hours after any detained individual is transferred to another detention facility, the head of the facility housing the individual shall notify the individual's legal counsel, designated representative, and next of kin, as applicable, of—

(A) the specific name and address of the facility to which the individual has been transferred; and

(B) the direct contact information for such facility, including a primary phone number and a point of contact for inquiries from the family and legal representative of such individual.

(2) **JUSTIFICATION FOR TRANSFER.**—

(A) **IN GENERAL.**—Before any transfer described in paragraph (1), the Director of the facility or the field office shall provide a written justification to the detained individual and such individual's legal counsel detailing the specific administrative or safety reason for such transfer, such as medical necessity, facility capacity, or specialized housing requirements.

(B) **MEDICAL TRANSFER SUMMARIES.**—The Director of the facility from which a detained individual is being transferred shall provide a medical transfer summary with respect to such individual to the receiving facility.

(C) **OBSERVATIONS.**—Officers involved in the transfer of detained individuals between detention facilities shall share with the receiving facility any observations suggesting the detained individual—

(i) has engaged in self-injurious behavior; or

(ii) has expressed a desire to harm himself or herself during such transfer.

(D) **SPECIALTY CARE.**—A detained individual in need of specialty care may not be transferred to a detention facility that lacks the resources to provide such care unless such resources may be easily procured from a nearby hospital, clinic, or doctors' office.

(3) **BED AVAILABILITY AND FACILITY STANDARDS.**—A transfer described in paragraph (1) may not occur unless the Director of both the originating and receiving detention facilities attest that—

(A) a dedicated bed and appropriate housing space are available at the destination facility to which the individual is being transferred; and

(B) such destination facility meets all applicable Federal detention standards, including having the medical and mental health resources to maintain the individual's continuity of care.

(4) **ADDITIONAL DETENTION STANDARDS.**—All transfers of detained individuals shall comply with all applicable standards established by the Secretary of Transportation, including—

(A) minimum protections during transport, including—

(i) the use of seatbelts or secure seating for all individuals during vehicle movement;

(ii) prohibition on transport in overcrowded conditions or standing-room configurations; and

(iii) access to adequate ventilation, temperature control, food, drinking water, and necessary medications; and

(iv) for individuals who are restrained or shackled—

(I) the application or adjustment of such restraints shall allow the individual the physical range of motion necessary to safely drink water and consume food without assistance; or

(II) if the security level of the restraint prevents the individual from self-feeding or self-drinking, the provision of direct, safe assistance to ensure the individual is able to eat and drink fully and comfortably;

(B) regular bathroom breaks, including—

(i) access to restroom facilities not less frequently than once every 2 hours during transport;

(ii) reasonable accommodations for children, elderly individuals, pregnant women, and individuals with medical conditions; and

(iii) mandatory reasonable accommodations for individuals with physical, sensory, intellectual, or mental health disabilities, including the provision of vehicles and communication assistance in full compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.); and

(C) safety protocols, including—

(i) medical screening before transport to identify health risks, disabilities, or special needs;

(ii) continuous monitoring of individuals during transport by trained personnel;

(iii) prohibiting the use of restraint methods that impede breathing, circulation, or safe seating during transport;

(iv) maintaining written transport logs documenting the duration, conditions, stops, and personnel involved;

(v) operating audio or video recording equipment, where available, for the duration of transport; and

(vi) protecting mobility and medical devices by ensuring such items are transported with the individual and are not separated or damaged during the transfer process;

(5) **DOCUMENTATION AND REPORTING.**—Not later than 24 hours after each incident involving a violation by a transporting officer or agent of any standard described in paragraph (4), such incident shall be—

(A) documented by the supervisor of such officer or agent, which documentation shall include—

(i) the nature of the violation;

(ii) the duration of the transport during which such violation occurred;

(iii) the individuals affected by such violation;

(iv) any corrective actions taken to prevent future violations; and

(v) any disciplinary or remedial measures imposed on the violator; and

(B) reported to—

(i) the Office for Civil Rights and Civil Liberties of the Department of Homeland Security;

(ii) the Office of Inspector General of the Department of Homeland Security; and

(iii) the appropriate congressional committees.

(e) **OFFICE FOR CIVIL RIGHTS AND CIVIL LIBERTIES.**—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall—

(1) reconstitute the Office for Civil Rights and Civil Liberties of the Department of Homeland Security; and

(2) ensure such Office has an independent reporting structure, including direct reporting authority to the Secretary of Homeland Security, for purposes of investigating, reviewing, and reporting on civil rights and civil liberties violations related to immigration enforcement or detention.

SEC. 305. LIMITATIONS ON CONVERSIONS OF EXISTING BUILDINGS INTO IMMIGRANT DETENTION CENTERS.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement or U.S. Customs and Border Protection may not acquire and repurpose any warehouse, State-run facility, or correctional facility as a detention center for individuals who are awaiting removal proceedings or are in Federal custody absent full compliance with the requirements set forth in subsection (b).

(b) REQUIREMENTS FOR CONVERSION OF EXISTING FACILITIES.—

(1) COMPLIANCE AND FINANCIAL ACCOUNTABILITY.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The new immigrant detention center shall be operated in full compliance with all applicable Federal detention and safety standards.

(B) CONTRACTUAL PENALTIES.—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall ensure all contracts for the operation of immigration detention centers include enforceable financial clawbacks and liquidated damages provisions to be triggered by a persistent or systemic failure to adhere to all applicable Federal detention and safety standards.

(2) GUARANTEED ACCESS.—All individuals housed at any immigration detention center shall be guaranteed regular access to legal counsel, faith leaders, and family members, either in person or through telephonic communication, in accordance with paragraphs (2) and (3) of section 303(a).

(3) INDEPENDENT INSPECTIONS AND TIMELINE.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Each immigration detention center shall be subject to a rigorous inspection schedule.

(B) PRE-OPERATIONAL AUDIT.—An independent inspection of each new immigration detention facility shall be completed and published not later than 30 days before any contract is executed for the operation of such facility.

(C) RECURRING ACCESS.—State Attorneys General, the Office for Civil Rights and Civil Liberties of the Department of Homeland Security, and a court-appointed independent monitor shall have unrestricted, unannounced access to each immigration detention facility at any time.

(D) REPORTING.—Not later than 14 days after conducting an inspection of an immigration detention facility, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall submit a report containing the results of such inspection to—

(i) the appropriate congressional committees; and

(ii) the Governor of the State in which such facility is located.

(4) COMMENCEMENT OF OPERATIONS.—A new immigration detention center may not commence operations without full transparency and oversight in accordance with this subsection.

(5) NOTICE; BRIEFINGS.—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall provide advance written notice and ongoing coordination to the Governor, State attorney general, and appropriate local government officials in the jurisdiction in which any new immigration detention center is located, including—

(A) notice of the intent to establish, expand, or materially modify operations at the facility; and

(B) regular briefings regarding population levels, medical capacity, emergency protocols, and public safety impacts.

(6) INTERGOVERNMENTAL CONSULTATION.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall establish procedures for consulting with appropriate State and local government officials regarding any new immigration detention center's impact on local infrastructure.

(B) CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENT.—The Secretary shall certify that each new immigration detention center adheres to all applicable State health and safety standards unless such standards directly conflict with the execution of Federal immigration law.

(c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section may be construed to waive the supremacy of Federal law.

SEC. 306. WARRANT REQUIREMENTS.

(a) JUDICIAL WARRANTS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, including the Im-

migration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.) and any regulation or policy issued by the Department of Homeland Security, an officer or agent of U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement or U.S. Customs and Border Protection may not arrest or detain an individual without a judicially enforceable warrant issued by a magistrate judge or a judge appointed under article III of the Constitution of the United States who has been duly confirmed by the Senate.

(b) ADMINISTRATIVE WARRANTS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), an administrative warrant, including a warrant of arrest or removal issued by an officer or employee of the Department of Homeland Security, may not—

(A) authorize entry into a private residence or dwelling; or

(B) be used to justify forced entry, coercive entry, or entry without consent.

(2) EXCEPTIONS.—The restrictions set forth in paragraph (1) shall not apply with respect to an individual who is determined to be a flight risk or a danger to the public.

(c) REMEDIES FOR VIOLATIONS.—If an immigration enforcement action is conducted in violation of this section—

(1) any information obtained as a result of such action shall be prohibited from being entered into the record or received into evidence in a removal proceeding for purposes of establishing alienage or chargeability; and

(2) the noncitizen who is the subject of such removal proceedings may file a motion to enforce the prohibition described in paragraph (1), including through a motion to terminate such proceedings.

AUTHORITY FOR COMMITTEES TO MEET

Ms. LUMMIS. Mr. President, I have 11 requests for committees to meet during today's session of the Senate. They have the approval of the Majority and Minority Leaders.

Pursuant to rule XXVI, paragraph 5(a), of the Standing Rules of the Senate, the following committees are authorized to meet during today's session of the Senate:

COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE, SCIENCE, AND TRANSPORTATION

The Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation is authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Wednesday, June 3, 2026, at 9 a.m., to conduct a hearing.

COMMITTEE ON ENVIRONMENT AND PUBLIC WORKS

The Committee on Environment and Public Works is authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Wednesday, June 3, 2026, at 10 a.m., to conduct a hearing.

COMMITTEE ON FINANCE

The Committee on Finance is authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Wednesday, June 3, 2026, at 10 a.m., to conduct a hearing.

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH, EDUCATION, LABOR, AND PENSIONS

The Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions is authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Wednesday, June 3, 2026, at 10 a.m., to conduct a hearing.

COMMITTEE ON INDIAN AFFAIRS

The Committee on Indian Affairs is authorized to meet during the session

of the Senate on Wednesday, June 3, 2026, at 2 p.m., to conduct a hearing.

COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY

The Committee on the Judiciary is authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Wednesday, June 3, 2026, at 2 p.m., to conduct a hearing.

COMMITTEE ON SMALL BUSINESS AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP

The Committee on Small Business and Entrepreneurship is authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Wednesday, June 3, 2026, at 2:30 p.m., to conduct a hearing.

COMMITTEE ON VETERANS' AFFAIRS

The Committee on Veterans' Affairs is authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Wednesday, June 3, 2026, at 4 p.m., to conduct a hearing on nominations.

SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON AGING

The Special Committee on Aging is authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Wednesday, June 3, 2026, at 3:30 p.m., to conduct a hearing.

SELECT COMMITTEE ON INTELLIGENCE

The Select Committee on Intelligence is authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Wednesday, June 3, 2026, at 3 p.m., to conduct a closed briefing.

PERMANENT SUBCOMMITTEE ON INVESTIGATIONS

The Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations of the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs is authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Wednesday, June 3, 2026, at 2:30 p.m., to conduct a hearing.

PRIVILEGES OF THE FLOOR

Mr. CASSIDY. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the following interns in my office be granted floor privileges through June 4, 2026: Hayden Jackson, Madison Albright, and Stella Israelite.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. GRAHAM. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the following staff members on my staff and Senator MERKLEY's staff be given all-access floor passes to the Senate floor during consideration of the bill: Meghan Green, Lillian Meadows, Conrad Meek, Mike Jones, Melissa Kaplan-Pistiner, Josh Smith, Tyler Evilsizer.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

ADJOURNMENT UNTIL 9:30 A.M. TOMORROW

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Under the previous order, the Senate stands adjourned until 9:30 a.m. tomorrow.

Thereupon, the Senate, at 7:12 p.m., adjourned until Thursday, June 4, 2026, at 9:30 a.m.