

rural communities, and reducing carbon impacts; considered and agreed to.

By Mr. DURBIN:

S. Res. 748. A resolution condemning the Department of Justice and Internal Revenue Service settlement agreement in *Trump v. Internal Revenue Service*, under which \$1,776,000,000 in taxpayer money may be used to financially benefit individuals who assaulted law enforcement officers on January 6, 2021, and President Trump, his family, and his political allies; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. SCOTT of Florida (for himself, Mr. KELLY, Mr. TUBERVILLE, Ms. WARREN, Mr. JUSTICE, Ms. COLLINS, Mrs. GILLIBRAND, Mr. KIM, and Mrs. MOODY):

S. Res. 749. A resolution designating May 2026 as "Older Americans Month"; considered and agreed to.

By Mrs. CAPITO (for herself, Mr. WHITEHOUSE, Ms. ALSOBROOKS, Ms. LUMMIS, Ms. BLUNT ROCHESTER, Mr. CRAMER, Mr. KELLY, Mr. BOOZMAN, and Mr. CURTIS):

S. Res. 750. A resolution recognizing "National Public Works Week" and the contributions of public works professionals; considered and agreed to.

By Mr. COONS (for himself, Ms. MURKOWSKI, Mr. WHITEHOUSE, and Mr. COTTON):

S. Res. 751. A resolution designating May 2026 as "ALS Awareness Month"; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. BLUMENTHAL:

S. Res. 752. A resolution expressing support for the designation of the month of May 2026 as "Progressive Supranuclear Palsy and Corticobasal Degeneration Awareness Month"; to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

By Mr. BLUMENTHAL (for himself, Mr. MERKLEY, Mr. SANDERS, Ms. SMITH, Mr. VAN HOLLEN, Mr. MARKEY, and Mr. LUJÁN):

S. Res. 753. A resolution expressing the sense of the Senate to reduce traffic fatalities to zero by 2050; to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.

By Mrs. SHAHEEN (for herself, Mr. TILLIS, Ms. COLLINS, and Mr. COONS):

S. Res. 754. A resolution reaffirming congressional support for the Taiwan Relations Act and longstanding bipartisan Taiwan policy; to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

ADDITIONAL COSPONSORS

S. 78

At the request of Mr. LANKFORD, the name of the Senator from New Jersey (Mr. KIM) was added as a cosponsor of S. 78, a bill to require certain agencies to develop plans for internal control in the event of an emergency or crisis, and for other purposes.

S. 81

At the request of Mr. LANKFORD, the name of the Senator from Florida (Mr. SCOTT) was added as a cosponsor of S. 81, a bill to require a guidance clarity statement on certain agency guidance, and for other purposes.

S. 508

At the request of Mr. WYDEN, the name of the Senator from New Jersey (Mr. KIM) was added as a cosponsor of S. 508, a bill to amend the Federal Water Pollution Control Act relating to grants for beach monitoring, and for other purposes.

S. 537

At the request of Mr. DAINES, the name of the Senator from Utah (Mr. CURTIS) was added as a cosponsor of S. 537, a bill to prohibit the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Agriculture from prohibiting the use of lead ammunition or tackle on certain Federal land or water under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Agriculture, and for other purposes.

S. 736

At the request of Mr. OSSOFF, the name of the Senator from Delaware (Mr. COONS) was added as a cosponsor of S. 736, a bill to increase the penalty for prohibited provision of a phone in a correctional facility, and for other purposes.

S. 1630

At the request of Mrs. BRITT, the name of the Senator from Ohio (Mr. MORENO) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1630, a bill to amend the Public Health Service Act to provide more opportunities for mothers to succeed, and for other purposes.

S. 1645

At the request of Mr. VAN HOLLEN, the names of the Senator from Tennessee (Mrs. BLACKBURN) and the Senator from Virginia (Mr. KAINE) were added as cosponsors of S. 1645, a bill to establish a domestic ownership investment facility, and for other purposes.

S. 1705

At the request of Mr. COTTON, the name of the Senator from Maryland (Ms. ALSOBROOKS) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1705, a bill to require the Secretary of Commerce to issue standards with respect to chip security mechanisms for integrated circuit products, and for other purposes.

S. 1970

At the request of Mr. BUDD, the name of the Senator from North Carolina (Mr. TILLIS) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1970, a bill to award a Congressional Gold Medal to the service members of the Military Assistance Command Vietnam-Studies and Observations Group, in recognition of their bravery and outstanding service in South Vietnam, North Vietnam, Laos, and Cambodia during the Vietnam War.

S. 3249

At the request of Mrs. SHAHEEN, the name of the Senator from Nevada (Ms. CORTEZ MASTO) was added as a cosponsor of S. 3249, a bill to enhance United States Government strategic coordination of the security, installation, maintenance, and repair of international subsea fiber-optic cables.

S. 3267

At the request of Ms. COLLINS, the name of the Senator from North Dakota (Mr. HOEVEN) was added as a cosponsor of S. 3267, a bill to amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to provide for Medicare coverage of blood-based dementia screening tests.

S. 3394

At the request of Mr. GRASSLEY, the name of the Senator from New York

(Mrs. GILLIBRAND) was added as a cosponsor of S. 3394, a bill to direct the United States Sentencing Commission to amend the sentencing guideline relating to child sexual abuse material.

S. 3397

At the request of Mr. GRASSLEY, the name of the Senator from New York (Mrs. GILLIBRAND) was added as a cosponsor of S. 3397, a bill to make coercion of children to commit harm a criminal offense, and for other purposes.

S. 3398

At the request of Mr. GRASSLEY, the name of the Senator from New York (Mrs. GILLIBRAND) was added as a cosponsor of S. 3398, a bill to amend title 18, United States Code, to criminalize intentional threats to distribute child sexual abuse material, and to provide appropriate penalties for the use of child sexual abuse material to extort or coerce victims.

S. 4097

At the request of Ms. MURKOWSKI, the name of the Senator from Iowa (Mr. GRASSLEY) was added as a cosponsor of S. 4097, a bill to establish that a State-based education loan program is excluded from certain requirements relating to a preferred lender arrangement.

S. 4143

At the request of Mr. BOOKER, the name of the Senator from Connecticut (Mr. MURPHY) was added as a cosponsor of S. 4143, a bill to require coverage of incarcerated workers under the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, and for other purposes.

S. 4429

At the request of Mr. MORENO, the names of the Senator from Missouri (Mr. HAWLEY) and the Senator from West Virginia (Mrs. CAPITO) were added as cosponsors of S. 4429, a bill to prohibit the importation, manufacture, sale, resale, or introduction into interstate commerce in the United States of connected vehicles and related software and hardware associated with foreign adversaries.

S. 4522

At the request of Mr. MURPHY, the name of the Senator from Vermont (Mr. SANDERS) was added as a cosponsor of S. 4522, a bill to prohibit vulture investors from investing in youth sports, and for other purposes.

STATEMENTS ON INTRODUCED BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

By Mr. PADILLA (for himself, Mr. TILLIS, Ms. KLOBUCHAR, Mr. KING, Mrs. SHAHEEN, and Mr. BLUMENTHAL):

S. 4640. A bill to amend the Public Health Service Act to award grants to eligible crisis centers to provide follow-up services to individuals receiving suicide prevention and crisis intervention services, to and the Communications Act of 1934 to improve the accessibility of 9-8-8, and for other purposes; to the

Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

Mr. PADILLA. Mr. President, I rise to introduce the bipartisan 9-8-8 Connect Act. This legislation would boost our continued efforts to improve access to and improve followup services through the 9-8-8 Suicide & Crisis Lifeline.

The 9-8-8 Connect Act establishes a new grant program for eligible crisis centers to provide followup services to individuals receiving suicide prevention and crisis intervention services, including check-in calls, outreach to ensure engagement in services and support, collaboration with family and caregivers, and referral navigation. It also requires carriers to allow calls and texts to 9-8-8 even if the plan is inactive or the carrier is experiencing service interruptions or failures, just as they currently do for 9-1-1 calls. Furthermore, it requires multiline systems like hotel and office phones to support the direct dialing of 9-8-8 rather than requiring a caller to dial 9 or another number before dialing 9-8-8.

Significant progress has been made in increasing access to quality mental health care in America. The 9-8-8 Suicide & Crisis Lifeline has been critical for supporting Americans in crisis; however, there is currently a lack of capacity to provide followup services for those in crisis.

The Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration emphasizes the role of connections to care following a crisis episode in supporting individuals who are experiencing mental health, substance use, or suicidal crisis towards recovery.

The American Foundation for Suicide Prevention reports that 80 percent of surveyed crisis line callers said that followup services helped save their lives. A frequent critique of 9-8-8 is that, while a single contact may resolve a crisis situation for many individuals, a lack of followup support doesn't provide callers with the necessary mental health resources they may need longterm.

As awareness of 9-8-8 increases, it is critical to ensure that the line can quickly connect callers to a range of mental health services and a full continuum of care, including mobile crisis response teams.

I would like to thank Senator TILLIS for introducing this important legislation with me, and I look forward to working with my colleagues to enact the bipartisan 9-8-8 Connect Act as soon as possible.

SUBMITTED RESOLUTIONS

SENATE RESOLUTION 747—EXPRESSING SUPPORT FOR THE DESIGNATION OF MAY 2026 AS “RENEWABLE FUELS MONTH” TO RECOGNIZE THE IMPORTANT ROLE THAT RENEWABLE FUELS PLAY IN LOWERING FUEL PRICES FOR CONSUMERS, LESSENING RELIANCE ON FOREIGN ADVERSARIES, SUPPORTING RURAL COMMUNITIES, AND REDUCING CARBON IMPACTS

Mr. RICKETTS submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 747

Whereas the United States is the largest producer of biofuels in the world, which contributes to the domestic economy, creates jobs, and reduces greenhouse gas emissions;

Whereas ethanol is a renewable fuel made of biomass from plant materials;

Whereas, in 2025, more than 79,000 jobs in the United States were directly associated with the ethanol industry, with an additional 237,000 indirect and induced jobs supported across all sectors of the economy;

Whereas, in 2025, the ethanol industry created \$28,000,000,000 in household income and contributed nearly \$50,000,000,000 to the gross domestic product of the United States;

Whereas ethanol and feed co-product production provide a valuable market for United States corn, as a typical dry mill ethanol plant adds nearly \$2 of additional value, or 55 percent, to every bushel of corn processed;

Whereas ethanol use reduces greenhouse gas emissions by between 44 and 52 percent on average compared to gasoline, and by displacing hydrocarbon substances like aromatics in gasoline, ethanol also helps reduce emissions of air toxins, particulate matter, carbon monoxide, nitrous oxides, and exhaust hydrocarbons;

Whereas, in 2025, ethanol played a vital role in bolstering the energy independence of the United States by supplementing more than 640,000,000 barrels of imported crude oil;

Whereas, in 2025, ethanol exports reached a record 2,180,000,000 gallons, an increase of over 250,000,000 gallons compared to 2024;

Whereas ⅓ of every bushel processed by an ethanol plant is used to make distillers grains, one of the most efficient and desirable animal feeds available;

Whereas biodiesel is a drop-in replacement for petroleum-based diesel fuel that is produced from renewable resources such as recycled cooking oil, soybean oil, distillers corn oil, canola oil, and animal fats;

Whereas renewable diesel is an advanced biofuel, made from the same feedstocks as biodiesel, that reduces greenhouse gas emissions, while meeting the same standard specification for diesel fuels as petroleum-based diesel;

Whereas biomass-based diesel production uses more than 1,000,000,000 pounds of soybean oil per month and generates increasing amounts of soybean meal for feed markets, driving a 25 percent increase in crush capacity across the United States since 2023;

Whereas, in 2024, the biodiesel and renewable diesel sectors generated a total economic impact of \$42,400,000,000, supporting 107,400 United States jobs and contributing \$6,000,000,000 in wages;

Whereas biodiesel and renewable diesel can be used in existing diesel engines without modification and are available throughout the United States;

Whereas advanced biofuels like biodiesel and renewable diesel reduce greenhouse gas emissions by at least 50 percent compared to petroleum-based diesel;

Whereas biodiesel emits up to 80 percent less particulate matter than petroleum-based diesel, improving air quality and health outcomes;

Whereas the production of biodiesel and renewable diesel adds to the total domestic fuel supply, reducing the price of all diesel fuel at the pump;

Whereas, without the renewable fuel standard helping to drive production of biodiesel and renewable diesel, the value of soybeans grown by farmers in the United States would decrease by 10 percent;

Whereas sustainable aviation fuel is made from renewable biomass and waste resources and can deliver the performance of petroleum-based jet fuel; and

Whereas sustainable aviation fuel can be blended with conventional jet fuel and the use of sustainable or blended aviation fuel requires no infrastructure or equipment changes: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) supports the designation of May 2026 as “Renewable Fuels Month”; and

(2) recognizes—

(A) the important role renewable fuels play in reducing the carbon impact of the United States;

(B) the ability of renewable fuels to lower fuel prices for consumers;

(C) the support to rural communities that renewable fuel industries provide; and

(D) the opportunity that the production of renewable fuels provides to lessen the reliance of the United States on foreign adversaries.

SENATE RESOLUTION 784—CONDEMNING THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE AND INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT IN TRUMP V. INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE, UNDER WHICH \$1,776,000,000 IN TAXPAYER MONEY MAY BE USED TO FINANCIALLY BENEFIT INDIVIDUALS WHO ASSAULTED LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS ON JANUARY 6, 2021, AND PRESIDENT TRUMP, HIS FAMILY, AND HIS POLITICAL ALLIES

Mr. DURBIN submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary:

S. RES. 784

Whereas, on May 18, 2026, the Justice Department, Internal Revenue Service, and personal counsel to President Trump agreed to a settlement that requires the Federal Government to establish a \$1,776,000,000 “Anti-Weaponization Fund”;

Whereas the distribution of the \$1,776,000,000 in the “Anti-Weaponization Fund” will be determined by a panel of 5 members appointed by the Attorney General and eligible for removal by the President “without cause”;

Whereas the panel described in the previous proviso “shall have the power to determine its own procedures for submitting, receiving, processing, and granting or denying claims” and is not required to make those procedures public;

Whereas a document published by the Department of Justice on May 19, 2026, and signed by Acting Attorney General Todd Blanche further states the United States is “FOREVER BARRED and PRECLUDED from prosecuting or pursuing” claims