

and my colleagues on the Energy and Commerce Committee for moving this bill with overwhelming bipartisan support. Today, we have a chance to deliver a long-overdue win for rural America.

Mr. Speaker, I urge my colleagues to vote "yes" on S. 98. Let's get this bill to the President's desk where it can finally become law.

Ms. MCCLELLAN. Mr. Speaker, I urge my colleagues to vote in favor of S. 98, the Rural Broadband Protection Act, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. ALLEN. Mr. Speaker, I thank my colleagues for their support. In closing, I encourage a "yes" vote on this bill, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Georgia (Mr. ALLEN) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill, S. 98.

The question was taken; and (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

ADJUSTING IMPORTS OF PHARMACEUTICALS AND PHARMACEUTICAL INGREDIENTS INTO THE UNITED STATES—MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES (H. DOC. NO. 119-150)

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following message from the President of the United States; which was read and, together with the accompanying papers, referred to the Committee on Ways and Means and ordered to be printed:

To the Congress of the United States:

Consistent with applicable law, including section 232(c)(2) of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1862(c)(2)) (section 232), I am submitting to the Congress this written statement of the reasons why I have decided to take action to adjust imports of pharmaceuticals and pharmaceutical ingredients so that such imports will not threaten to impair the national security of the United States.

On January 5, 2026, the Secretary of Commerce (Secretary), in accordance with section 232, transmitted to me a report on his investigation into the effects of imports of pharmaceuticals and pharmaceutical ingredients on the national security of the United States. Based on the facts considered in that investigation, the Secretary found and advised me of his opinion that pharmaceuticals and associated active pharmaceutical ingredients, including key starting materials, are being imported into the United States in such quantities and under such circumstances as to threaten to impair the national security of the United States.

In Proclamation 11020 of April 2, 2026 (Adjusting Imports of Pharmaceuticals

and Pharmaceutical Ingredients Into The United States) (Proclamation), after considering the Secretary's report, the factors in section 232(d) (19 U.S.C. 1862(d)), and other relevant factors and information, among other things, I concurred with the Secretary's finding that pharmaceuticals and associated pharmaceutical ingredients are being imported into the United States in such quantities and under such circumstances as to threaten to impair the national security of the United States. In my judgment, and in light of the Secretary's report, the factors in section 232(d) (19 U.S.C. 1862(d)), and other relevant factors and information, I determined that it is necessary and appropriate to adopt a plan of action to adjust such imports of pharmaceuticals and associated pharmaceutical ingredients so that such imports will not threaten to impair the national security of the United States. In particular, I determined that it is necessary and appropriate for the Secretary and the Secretary of Health and Human Services, and any senior official they deem appropriate, to pursue or continue pursuing negotiations of agreements to address the threatened impairment of the national security with respect to imported pharmaceuticals and pharmaceutical ingredients. In the Proclamation, I noted that depending on the status or outcome of those negotiations, I may take other measures to adjust the imports of pharmaceuticals and pharmaceutical ingredients to address the threat to the national security found in the Proclamation. I also determined that it is necessary and appropriate to impose an immediate *ad valorem* duty rate on the import of certain patented pharmaceuticals and associated pharmaceutical ingredients to address the national security threat found in the Proclamation.

I am enclosing a copy of the Proclamation that I have issued. The Proclamation further explains the circumstances underlying the threat to impair the national security of the United States posed by imports of pharmaceuticals and pharmaceutical ingredients and the actions taken in the Proclamation to eliminate that threat.

DONALD J. TRUMP.
THE WHITE HOUSE, April 16, 2026.

□ 1700

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess until approximately 6:30 p.m. today.

Accordingly (at 5 o'clock and 1 minute p.m.), the House stood in recess.

□ 1830

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro

tempore (Mr. NEWHOUSE) at 6 o'clock and 30 minutes p.m.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Proceedings will resume on motions to suspend the rules previously postponed. Votes will be taken in the following order:

H.R. 1681; and

H.R. 5200.

The first electronic vote will be conducted as a 15-minute vote. Pursuant to clause 9 of rule XX, the remaining electronic vote will be conducted as a 5-minute vote.

EXPEDITING FEDERAL BROADBAND DEPLOYMENT REVIEWS ACT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the unfinished business is the vote on the motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 1681) to require the Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Communications and Information to establish an interagency strike force to ensure that certain Federal land management agencies, including the organizational units of such agencies, prioritize the review of requests for communications use authorizations, and for other purposes on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Georgia (Mr. ALLEN) that the House suspend the rules and pass the bill.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 384, nays 9, not voting 37, as follows:

[Roll No. 125]

YEAS—384

Adams	Cammack	Davids (KS)
Aderholt	Carbajal	Davidson
Aguilar	Carey	Davis (IL)
Alford	Carson	Davis (NC)
Allen	Carter (GA)	Dean (PA)
Amo	Carter (LA)	DeGette
Arrington	Carter (TX)	DeLauro
Auchincloss	Case	DeBene
Babin	Casten	Deluzio
Bacon	Castor (FL)	DeSaulnier
Balderson	Castro (TX)	DesJarlais
Barragan	Cherfilus	Dexter
Barrett	McCormick	Diaz-Balart
Baumgartner	Chu	Dingell
Bean (FL)	Ciscomani	Doggett
Beatty	Cisneros	Donalds
Begich	Clark (MA)	Downing
Bell	Clarke (NY)	Dunn (FL)
Bentz	Cleaver	Edwards
Bera	Clyburn	Elfreth
Bergman	Cohen	Elzey
Beyer	Cole	Emmer
Bice	Collins	Escobar
Biggs (SC)	Comer	Espallat
Bilirakis	Conaway	Estes
Bishop	Correa	Evans (CO)
Boebert	Costa	Evans (PA)
Bonamici	Courtney	Ezell
Bost	Craig	Fallon
Boyle (PA)	Crane	Fedorchak
Bresnahan	Crank	Feenstra
Brown	Crawford	Fields
Budzinski	Crockett	Figures
Bynum	Crow	Fine
Calvert	Cuellar	Finstad

Fischbach	Latta	Rogers (KY)
Fitzgerald	Lawler	Rose
Fitzpatrick	Lee (FL)	Ross
Fleischmann	Lee (NV)	Rouzer
Flood	Lee (PA)	Ruiz
Fong	Leger Fernandez	Rulli
Foster	Letlow	Rutherford
Foushee	Levin	Ryan
Fox	Liccardo	Salazar
Frankel, Lois	Lieu	Salinas
Franklin, Scott	Lofgren	Sánchez
Friedman	Loudermilk	Scalise
Frost	Lucas	Scanlon
Fry	Luna	Schmidt
Fulcher	Luttrell	Schneider
Fuller	Lynch	Scholten
Garamendi	Mackenzie	Schrier
Garbarino	Magaziner	Schweikert
Garcia (CA)	Malliotakis	Scott (VA)
Garcia (IL)	Maloy	Scott, Austin
Garcia (TX)	Mann	Scott, David
Gill (TX)	Mannion	Sessions
Gillen	Mast	Sewell
Jimenez	Matsui	Sherman
Golden (ME)	McBath	Shreve
Goldman (TX)	McBride	Simon
Gonzalez, V.	McClain Delaney	Simpson
Gooden	McClellan	Smith (MO)
Goodlander	McClintock	Smith (NE)
Gosar	McCollum	Smith (NJ)
Graves	McCormick	Smith (WA)
Gray	McDonald Rivet	Smucker
Green, Al (TX)	McDowell	Sorensen
Grijalva	McGarvey	Spartz
Grothman	McGovern	Stansbury
Guest	McIver	Stanton
Guthrie	Meeks	Stauber
Hageman	Menefee	Steil
Hamadeh (AZ)	Menendez	Steube
Harder (CA)	Messmer	Stevens
Haridopolos	Meuser	Strickland
Harrigan	Miller (IL)	Strong
Harris (MD)	Miller (OH)	Stutzman
Harris (NC)	Miller (WV)	Subramanyam
Harshbarger	Miller-Meeks	Min
Hayes	Moolenaar	Suozzi
Higgins (LA)	Moore (AL)	Sykes
Hill (AR)	Moore (NC)	Takano
Himes	Moore (UT)	Taylor
Hinson	Moore (WI)	Tenney
Horsford	Moore (WV)	Thanedar
Houchin	Moran	Thompson (CA)
Houlahan	Morelle	Thompson (MS)
Hoyer	Morrison	Thompson (PA)
Hoyle (OR)	Moskowitz	Timmons
Hudson	Mirvan	Titus
Huffman	Mullin	Tlaib
Huizenga	Murphy	Tokuda
Hunt	Nadler	Tonko
Hurd (CO)	Neal	Torres (CA)
Issa	Neguse	Torres (NY)
Ivey	Newhouse	Trahan
Jack	Norcross	Tran
Jackson (IL)	Nunn (IA)	Turner (OH)
Jackson (TX)	Obernolte	Underwood
Jacobs	Ocasio-Cortez	Valadao
James	Ogles	Van Drew
Jayapal	Olszewski	Van Dyne
Jeffries	Omar	Van Epps
Johnson (GA)	Onder	Van Orden
Johnson (TX)	Owens	Vargas
Jordan	Pallone	Vasquez
Joyce (OH)	Palmer	Veasey
Joyce (PA)	Panetta	Velázquez
Kaptur	Pappas	Vindman
Keating	Patronis	Wagner
Kelly (IL)	Pelosi	Walberg
Kelly (MS)	Perez	Walkinshaw
Kelly (PA)	Peters	Wasserman
Kennedy (NY)	Pettersen	Schultz
Khanna	Pfluger	Waters
Kiggans (VA)	Pingree	Watson Coleman
Kiley (CA)	Pocan	Weber (TX)
Kim	Pou	Westerman
Knott	Pressley	Whitesides
Krishnamoorthi	Quigley	Wied
Kustoff	Ramirez	Williams (GA)
LaHood	Randall	Williams (TX)
LaLota	Raskin	Wilson (SC)
Landsman	Reschenthaler	Wittman
Langworthy	Riley (NY)	Womack
Larsen (WA)	Rivas	Yakym
Larson (CT)	Rogers (AL)	Zinke
Latimer		

NAYS—9

Brecheen	Clyde
Burlison	Kennedy (UT)
Cloud	Massie

Amodei (NV)	Fletcher	Meng
Ansari	Goldman (NY)	Mfume
Baird	Gomez	Mills
Balint	Gottheimer	Moulton
Barr	Griffith	Nehls
Biggs (AZ)	Hern (OK)	Norman
Brownley	Johnson (SD)	Schakowsky
Buchanan	Kamlager-Dove	Stefanik
Burchett	Kean	Tiffany
Casar	Mace	Webster (FL)
Cline	McCaul	Wilson (FL)
Crenshaw	McClain	
De La Cruz	McGuire	

NOT VOTING—37

□ 1859

Messrs. BURLISON and SELF changed their vote from “yea” to “nay.”

Ms. STEVENS changed her vote from “nay” to “yea.”

So (two-thirds being in the affirmative) the rules were suspended and the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE

The SPEAKER laid before the House the following communication from the Clerk of the House of Representatives:

OFFICE OF THE CLERK,
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, DC, April 20, 2026.

Hon. MIKE JOHNSON,
The Speaker, House of Representatives,
Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. SPEAKER: I have the honor to transmit herewith a copy of a letter received from Ms. Donna Barber, Executive Director, with the New Jersey Division of Elections indicating that, according to the unofficial results for the Special General Election held on April 16, 2026, the Honorable Analilia Mejia was elected Representative to Congress for the Eleventh Congressional District of New Jersey.

With best wishes, I am,
Sincerely,

KEVIN F. MCCUMBER,
Clerk.

Enclosure.

STATE OF NEW JERSEY,
DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
Trenton, New Jersey, April 17, 2026.

Hon. KEVIN F. MCCUMBER,
Clerk, House of Representatives,
Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. MCCUMBER: This is to advise you that the unofficial results of the Special Election held on Thursday, April 16, 2026 for a Representative in Congress from the Eleventh Congressional District of New Jersey, show that Analilia Mejia received 77,708 or 59% of the total number of votes cast for that office.

It would appear from these unofficial election results, of the ballots counted so far, that Analilia Mejia has received the highest number of votes for the office of Representative in Congress from the Eleventh Congressional District.

To the best of our knowledge and belief at this time, there is no contest to this election. The deadline to file an election contest is May 18, 2026.

As soon as the official results are certified to this office by County Clerks involved, the Board of State Canvassers will meet to certify the Official Special General Election results. Furthermore, an official Certificate of

Election will be prepared for transmittal as required by law after the State Board of Canvassers has certified the results of the election.

Sincerely,
DONNA BARBER,
Executive Director, NJ Division of Elections.

SWEARING IN OF THE HONORABLE ANALILIA MEJIA, OF NEW JERSEY, AS A MEMBER OF THE HOUSE

Mr. SMITH of New Jersey. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the gentlewoman from New Jersey, the Honorable Analilia Mejia, be permitted to take the oath of office today.

Her certificate of election has not arrived, but there is no contest and no question has been raised with regard to her election.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from New Jersey?

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER. Will the Representative-elect and the members of the New Jersey delegation present themselves in the well.

All Members will rise and the Representative-elect will please raise her right hand.

Ms. MEJIA appeared at the bar of the House and took the oath of office, as follows:

Do you solemnly swear that you will support and defend the Constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that you will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that you take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion; and that you will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which you are about to enter, so help you God.

The SPEAKER. Congratulations, you are now a Member of the 119th Congress.

WELCOMING THE HONORABLE ANALILIA MEJIA TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. PALLONE. Mr. Speaker, I cannot overemphasize the level of enthusiasm that I and the New Jersey delegation express today on the swearing in of Congresswoman MEJIA. I cannot. We are so enthusiastic, and I think you can tell from her own constituents who came here today.

I just want you to understand that her leadership was so important, her reaching out to the grassroots, her reaching out and standing up for working families, but even more so for young people. Young people were so enthused by her.

Many of us are concerned about the future of our democracy and whether younger people are going to vote, whether they are going to participate. ANALILIA made it clear that that was so important to her, and so we had—She got so many people who were younger to come out to vote, to actually participate in the election, to knock on doors, and all the things that are so important to our democracy.