

within any national marine sanctuary. Together, these reforms reduce regulatory burdens. They protect our national security, and they ensure that America can lead the way in deploying undersea cables while protecting our marine environments.

Mr. Speaker, I want to thank Congressman CARTER for his leadership on this issue. I urge my colleagues to support this legislation, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. All time for debate has expired.

Pursuant to House Resolution 1057, the previous question is ordered on the bill, as amended.

The question is on the engrossment and third reading of the bill.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, and was read the third time.

MOTION TO RECOMMIT

Mr. CARBAJAL. Mr. Speaker, I have a motion to recommit at the desk.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will report the motion to recommit.

The Clerk read as follows:

Mr. Carbajal of California moves to recommit the bill H.R. 261 to the Committee on Natural Resources.

The material previously referred to by Mr. CARBAJAL is as follows:

Mr. Carbajal moves to recommit the bill H.R. 261 to the Committee on Natural Resources with instructions to report the same back to the House forthwith, with the following amendment:

Page 4, line 7, strike the closing quotation mark and the final period.

Page 4, after line 7, insert the following:

“(C) PUBLIC NOTICE REQUIRED.—The Secretary shall provide appropriate public notice for any license, lease, or permit issued by a Federal or State agency as described in subsection (a).

“(d) APPLICABILITY.—Subsection (a) shall only apply with respect to a license, lease, or permit issued by a Federal or State agency as described in that subsection if—

“(1) such license, lease, or permit requires that any activity conducted under such license, lease, or permit is—

“(A) compatible with the terms of designation of the applicable national marine sanctuary; and

“(B) conducted in a manner that does not destroy, cause the loss of, or injure any sanctuary resource; and

“(2) the issuing Federal or State agency requires the applicant for such license, lease, or permit, to be eligible to be issued such license, lease, or permit—

“(A) to carry general liability insurance; or

“(B)(i) post an equivalent bond against any claim arising out of an activity conducted under such license, lease, or permit; and

“(ii) agree to hold the United States harmless against such a claim.

“(e) FEES.—The Secretary may assess and collect fees for the conduct of any activity in a national marine sanctuary under a license, lease, or permit issued by a Federal or State agency as described in subsection (a) in accordance with the terms described in subsection 310(d).

“(f) STATE AGENCY DEFINED.—In this section, the term ‘State agency’ means an agency of a State such that all or part of the national marine sanctuary is within the territorial limits of such State or is superjacent

to the subsoil and seabed within the seaward boundary of such State, as that boundary is established under the Submerged Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1301 et seq.).”.

Strike section 3.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 2(b) of rule XIX, the previous question is ordered on the motion to recommit.

The question is on the motion to recommit.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the noes appeared to have it.

Mr. CARBAJAL. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, further proceedings on this question are postponed.

ADJUSTING IMPORTS OF PROCESSED CRITICAL MINERALS AND THEIR DERIVATIVE PRODUCTS INTO THE UNITED STATES—MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES (H. DOC. NO. 119-134)

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following message from the President of the United States; which was read and, together with the accompanying papers, referred to the Committee on Ways and Means and ordered to be printed:

To the Congress of the United States:

Consistent with applicable law, including section 232(c)(2) of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1862(c)(2)) (section 232), I am providing notice of the reasons why I have decided to take action to adjust imports of processed critical minerals and their derivative products (PCMDPs) so that such imports will not threaten to impair the national security of the United States.

On October 24, 2025, the Secretary of Commerce (Secretary), in accordance with section 232, transmitted to me a report on his investigation into the effects of imports of PCMDPs on the national security of the United States. Based on the facts considered in that investigation, the Secretary found and advised me of his opinion that PCMDPs are being imported into the United States in such quantities and under such circumstances as to threaten to impair the national security of the United States.

In Proclamation 11001 of January 14, 2026 (Adjusting Imports of Processed Critical Minerals and Their Derivative Products Into The United States) (Proclamation), after considering the Secretary's report, the factors in section 232(d) (19 U.S.C. 1862(d)), and other relevant factors and information, I concurred with the Secretary's finding that PCMDPs are being imported into the United States in quantities and under circumstances that threaten to impair the national security of the United States. In my judgment, and in light of the Secretary's report, the fac-

tors in section 232(d), and other relevant factors and information, I determined that it is necessary and appropriate to direct negotiations of agreements to address the national security threat. In the Proclamation, I also noted that depending on the status or outcome of those negotiations, I may take other measures to adjust the imports of PCMDPs to address the national security threat.

I am enclosing a copy of the Proclamation that I have issued. The Proclamation further explains the circumstances underlying the threat to impair the national security of the United States posed by imports of PCMDPs, and the actions taken in the Proclamation to eliminate that threat.

DONALD J. TRUMP.

THE WHITE HOUSE, February 11, 2026.

ADJUSTING IMPORTS OF MEDIUM- AND HEAVY-DUTY VEHICLES, MEDIUM- AND HEAVY-DUTY VEHICLE PARTS, AND BUSES INTO THE UNITED STATES—MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES (H. DOC. NO. 119-135)

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following message from the President of the United States; which was read and, together with the accompanying papers, referred to the Committee on Ways and Means and ordered to be printed:

To the Congress of the United States:

Consistent with applicable law, including section 232(c)(2) of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1862(c)(2)) (section 232), I am providing notice of the reasons why I have decided to take action to adjust imports of medium- and heavy-duty vehicles (MHDVs), and medium- and heavy-duty vehicle parts (MHDVPs), and buses so that such imports will not threaten to impair the national security of the United States.

In September 2025, the Secretary of Commerce (Secretary), in accordance with section 232, transmitted to me a report on his investigation into the effects of imports of MHDVs, MHDVPs, and buses on the national security of the United States. Based on the facts considered in that investigation, the Secretary found and advised me of his opinion that MHDVs, MHDVPs, and buses are being imported into the United States in such quantities and under such circumstances as to threaten to impair the national security of the United States.

In Proclamation 10984 of October 17, 2025 (Adjusting Imports of Medium- and Heavy-Duty Vehicles, Medium- and Heavy-Duty Vehicle Parts, and Buses Into the United States) (Proclamation), after considering the Secretary's report, the factors in section 232(d) (19 U.S.C. 1862(d)), and other relevant factors and information, I concurred with the Secretary's finding that MHDVs, MHDVPs, and buses are being imported

into the United States in quantities and under circumstances that threaten to impair the national security of the United States. In my judgment, and in light of the Secretary's report, the factors in section 232(d), and other relevant factors and information, I determined that it is necessary and appropriate to impose tariffs on certain imports of MHDVs, MHDVPs, and buses.

I am enclosing a copy of the Proclamation that I have issued. The Proclamation further explains the circumstances underlying the threat to impair the national security of the United States posed by imports of MHDVs, MHDVPs, and buses and the actions taken in the Proclamation to eliminate that threat.

DONALD J. TRUMP.
THE WHITE HOUSE, February 11, 2026.

□ 1650

ADJUSTING IMPORTS OF SEMICONDUCTORS, SEMICONDUCTOR MANUFACTURING EQUIPMENT, AND THEIR DERIVATIVE PRODUCTS INTO THE UNITED STATES—MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES (H. DOC. NO. 119-136)

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following message from the President of the United States; which was read and, together with the accompanying papers, referred to the Committee on Ways and Means and ordered to be printed:

To the Congress of the United States:

Consistent with applicable law, including section 232(c)(2) of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1862(c)(2)) (section 232), I am providing notice of the reasons why I have decided to take action to adjust imports of semiconductors, semiconductor manufacturing equipment, and their derivative products so that such imports will not threaten to impair the national security of the United States.

On December 22, 2025, the Secretary of Commerce (Secretary), in accordance with section 232, transmitted to me a report on his investigation into the effects of imports of semiconductors, semiconductor manufacturing equipment, and their derivative products on the national security of the United States. Based on the facts considered in that investigation, the Secretary found and advised me of his opinion that semiconductors, semiconductor manufacturing equipment, and their derivative products are being imported into the United States in such quantities and under such circumstances as to threaten to impair the national security of the United States.

In Proclamation 11002 of January 14, 2026 (Adjusting Imports of Semiconductors, Semiconductor Manufacturing Equipment, and Their Derivative Products Into The United States) (Proclamation), after considering the Secretary's report, the factors in section

232(d) (19 U.S.C. 1862(d)), and other relevant factors and information, among other things, I concurred with the Secretary's finding that semiconductors, semiconductor manufacturing equipment, and their derivatives are being imported into the United States in quantities and under circumstances that threaten to impair the national security of the United States. In my judgment, and in light of the Secretary's report, the factors in section 232(d), and other relevant factors and information, I determined that it is necessary and appropriate to direct negotiations of agreements to address the national security threat. In the Proclamation, I also noted that depending on the status or resolution of those negotiations, I may take other measures to adjust the imports of semiconductors, semiconductor manufacturing equipment, and their derivatives to address the national security threat. I also determined that it is necessary and appropriate to impose an immediate *ad valorem* duty rate on the import of certain advanced computing chips and certain derivative products to address the national security threat found in the Proclamation.

I am enclosing a copy of the Proclamation that I have issued. The Proclamation further explains the circumstances underlying the threat to impair the national security of the United States posed by imports of semiconductors, semiconductor manufacturing equipment, and their derivative products, and the actions taken in the Proclamation to eliminate that threat.

DONALD J. TRUMP.
THE WHITE HOUSE, February 11, 2026.

RECESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 12(a) of rule I, the Chair declares the House in recess subject to the call of the Chair.

Accordingly (at 4 o'clock and 55 minutes p.m.), the House stood in recess.

□ 1716

AFTER RECESS

The recess having expired, the House was called to order by the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. DESJARLAIS) at 5 o'clock and 16 minutes p.m.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Proceedings will resume on questions previously postponed. Votes will be taken in the following order:

The motion to recommit on H.R. 3617;

- Passage of H.R. 3617, if ordered;
- Passage of H.J. Res. 72;
- The motion to recommit on H.R. 261;
- Passage of H.R. 261, if ordered;
- The motion to commit on S. 1383; and
- Passage of S. 1383, if ordered.

The first electronic vote will be conducted as a 15-minute vote. Pursuant to clause 9 of rule XX, remaining electronic votes will be conducted as 5-minute votes.

SECURING AMERICA'S CRITICAL MINERALS SUPPLY ACT

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the unfinished business is the vote on the motion to recommit on the bill (H.R. 3617) to amend the Department of Energy Organization Act to secure the supply of critical energy resources, including critical minerals and other materials, and for other purposes, offered by the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. LANDSMAN), on which the yeas and nays were ordered.

The Clerk will redesignate the motion.

The Clerk redesignated the motion. The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion to recommit.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 214, nays 215, not voting 3, as follows:

[Roll No. 63]
YEAS—214

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| Adams | Evans (PA) | Mannion |
| Aguilar | Fields | Matsui |
| Amo | Figures | McBath |
| Ansari | Fletcher | McBride |
| Auchincloss | Foster | McClellan Delaney |
| Balint | Foushee | McClellan |
| Barragán | Frankel, Lois | McCollum |
| Beatty | Friedman | McDonald Rivet |
| Bell | Frost | McGarvey |
| Bera | Garamendi | McGovern |
| Beyer | Garcia (CA) | McIver |
| Bishop | Garcia (IL) | Meeks |
| Bonamici | Garcia (TX) | Menefee |
| Boyle (PA) | Gillen | Menendez |
| Brown | Golden (ME) | Meng |
| Brownley | Goldman (NY) | Mfume |
| Budzinski | Gomez | Min |
| Bynum | Gonzalez, V. | Moore (WI) |
| Carbajal | Goodlander | Morelle |
| Carson | Gottheimer | Morrison |
| Carter (LA) | Gray | Moskowitz |
| Casar | Green, Al (TX) | Moulton |
| Case | Grijalva | Mrvan |
| Casten | Harder (CA) | Mullin |
| Castor (FL) | Hayes | Nadler |
| Castro (TX) | Himes | Neal |
| Cherfilus- | Horsford | Neguse |
| McCormick | Houlahan | Norcross |
| Chu | Hoyer | Ocasio-Cortez |
| Cisneros | Hoyle (OR) | Olshewski |
| Clark (MA) | Huffman | Omar |
| Clarke (NY) | Ivey | Pallone |
| Cleaver | Jackson (IL) | Panetta |
| Clyburn | Jacobs | Pappas |
| Cohen | Jayapal | Pelosi |
| Conaway | Jeffries | Perez |
| Correa | Johnson (GA) | Peters |
| Costa | Johnson (TX) | Petterson |
| Courtney | Kamlager-Dove | Pingree |
| Craig | Kaptur | Pocan |
| Crockett | Keating | Pou |
| Crow | Kelly (IL) | Pressley |
| Cuellar | Kennedy (NY) | Quigley |
| Davids (KS) | Khanna | Ramirez |
| Davis (IL) | Krishnamoorthi | Randall |
| Davis (NC) | Landsman | Raskin |
| Dean (PA) | Larsen (WA) | Riley (NY) |
| DeGette | Larson (CT) | Rivas |
| DeLauro | Latimer | Ross |
| DelBene | Lee (NV) | Ruiz |
| Deluzio | Lee (PA) | Ryan |
| DeSaulnier | Leger Fernandez | Salinas |
| Dexter | Levin | Sánchez |
| Dingell | Liccardo | Scanlon |
| Doggett | Lieu | Schakowsky |
| Elfreth | Lofgren | Schneider |
| Escobar | Lynch | Scholten |
| Espallat | Magaziner | Schrier |