

identify and appropriately respond to early signs of trauma and violence exposure when interacting with infants, children, and youth, and their families, as appropriate; and

(B) establish, operate, and evaluate a referral and partnership program with trauma-informed clinical mental health, substance use, health care, or social service professionals in the community in which the law enforcement agency serves.

(d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized to be appropriated to the Attorney General—

(1) \$6,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2026 through 2030 to award grants under subsection (c); and

(2) \$2,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2026 through 2030 for other activities of the Center.

SUBMITTED RESOLUTIONS

SENATE RESOLUTION 541—CONGRATULATING VERMONT GREEN FOOTBALL CLUB ON WINNING THE UNITED SOCCER LEAGUE TWO NATIONAL CHAMPIONSHIP

Mr. WELCH (for himself and Mr. SANDERS) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation:

S. RES. 541

Whereas, on August 2, 2025, Vermont Green Football Club (in this preamble referred to as “Vermont Green FC” and the “Boys in Green”) secured a 2-1 win against Seattle’s Ballard Football Club at Virtue Field in front of approximately 5,000 fans, securing an undefeated season and earning the team its first national title and the nickname “The Invincibles”;

Whereas this win marks the second year in a row that a Vermont-based soccer team has won a national championship;

Whereas several players from the University of Vermont’s 2024 Division I National Collegiate Athletic Association (NCAA) men’s soccer championship team further represented the Green Mountain State through their play with Vermont Green FC;

Whereas, having only entered United Soccer League’s (referred to in this preamble as “USL”) League Two in 2022, the Boys in Green were undefeated across 24 matches and earned a first-place finish in the Northeast Division in the 2025 season;

Whereas Maximilian Kissel scored the winning goal for Vermont Green FC in the championship game, just 8 months after doing the same for the University of Vermont in the 2024 Division I NCAA championship game;

Whereas Vermont Green FC has shown a commitment to building a soccer community that reflects the values of Vermonters;

Whereas fans of the Boys in Green and all Vermonters congratulate Vermont Green FC for its well-deserved championship and for representing the values of everyday Vermonters;

Whereas Vermont Green FC has solidified Vermont as a soccer State, as its victory was the product of hard work, dedication, and belief; and

Whereas the Boys in Green made Vermont very proud: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) congratulates the Vermont Green Football Club (referred to in this resolution as “Vermont Green FC”) for an incredible season and for winning the United Soccer League Two National Championship;

(2) recognizes the achievements of all players, coaches, and staff who contributed to the team’s success; and

(3) respectfully requests that the Secretary of the Senate transmit an enrolled copy of this resolution to—

(A) the head coach, Chris Taylor;

(B) the sporting director of the Vermont Green FC; and

(C) the Vermont Green FC founders, Sam Glickman, Patrick Infurna, and Matthew Wolff.

SENATE RESOLUTION 542—COMMEMORATING THE 50TH ANNIVERSARY OF SOUTHEAST ASIAN REFUGEE RESETTLEMENT AND THE MANY CONTRIBUTIONS AND SACRIFICES OF SOUTHEAST ASIAN AMERICANS TO THE UNITED STATES

Ms. HIRONO (for herself, Ms. BALDWIN, Ms. DUCKWORTH, Mr. KIM, Ms. KLOBUCHAR, Mr. MARKEY, Mr. PADILLA, Ms. ROSEN, Mr. SCHATZ, Mr. SCHIFF, Mr. VAN HOLLEN, and Mr. WYDEN) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary:

S. RES. 542

Whereas April 17, 2025, marks the 50th anniversary of the beginning of the Khmer Rouge’s devastating reign in Cambodia, April 30, 2025, marks the 50th anniversary of the fall of Saigon, December 2, 2025, marks the 50th anniversary of the abolition of the Lao monarchy, and May 1, 2025, marks the 50th anniversary of the beginning of the evacuation of Hmong, Lao, and other Lao ethnic minorities from Laos;

Whereas 2025 commemorates the 50th year of the beginning of the resettlement of Southeast Asian refugees to the United States;

Whereas Southeast Asian American refugees and their descendants comprise more than 3,000,000 individuals in the United States, including Cham, Hmong, Khmer, Khmer Kampuchea Krom, Khmer Loeu, Khmu, Lahu, Lao, Iu Mien, Montagnards, Phutai, Phong, Tai Dam, Tai Deng, Tai Lue, Vietnamese, and ethnic Chinese with Southeast Asian heritage;

Whereas the Vietnamese from South Vietnam allied with the United States in opposition to the expansion of communist North Vietnam;

Whereas tens of thousands of Vietnamese who served alongside the United States sought refuge in the United States after the fall of Saigon on April 30, 1975, and hundreds of thousands more Vietnamese arrived in the United States in the following decades to escape persecution and political oppression;

Whereas the Central Intelligence Agency and other Federal agencies enlisted the Hmong, Lao, and Laotian ethnic groups in Laos as allies to aid United States forces in Southeast Asia, waging a 13-year covert operation called the “Secret Wars” against the Pathet Lao, Viet Cong, and Northern Vietnamese Army;

Whereas thousands of Cambodians assisted United States forces during United States operations in Cambodia, including Operation Menu;

Whereas approximately 1,500,000 to 3,000,000 Cambodians were murdered during the Khmer Rouge genocide between 1975 and 1979;

Whereas more than 3,000,000 individuals were displaced from Cambodia, Laos, and Vietnam due to war, conflict, and genocide;

Whereas, between 1975 and the mid-2000s, the United States received more than

1,200,000 Southeast Asians escaping the aftermath of the Vietnam war, persecution in Laos and Vietnam, and the Khmer Rouge genocide in Cambodia;

Whereas, in 1975, Washington State Governor Daniel J. Evans was the first governor to welcome refugees from Vietnam to the United States through a program designed to resettle Vietnamese refugees;

Whereas, while the resettlement of Southeast Asian refugees throughout the United States provided new opportunities, many individuals and families encountered significant challenges due to lack of financial resources, comprehensive support, and language barriers;

Whereas, even after 50 years, many Southeast Asian Americans still face economic, educational, and linguistic barriers in the United States;

Whereas, as survivors of war and genocide, Southeast Asian Americans still face unique health disparities, including higher rates of physical, mental, and chronic health challenges, including more than 60 percent of Cambodian refugees in the United States and a significant number of other Southeast Asian Americans who continue to experience post-traumatic stress disorder;

Whereas, as children of the survivors of war and genocide, first- and second-generation Southeast Asian Americans have intergenerational, compounded trauma that has created poor mental health conditions, educational barriers, and immigration challenges, including some with removal orders;

Whereas limited English proficiency rates for Southeast Asian Americans are between 40 and 50 percent, and for elders, the rate of limited English proficiency is as high as 90 percent;

Whereas, despite many challenges they have faced in the United States, Southeast Asian Americans have thrived and contributed greatly to the economic, educational, military, political, and social culture of the United States since their resettlement;

Whereas Southeast Asian Americans serve at every level of United States Government, including in Congress;

Whereas Southeast Asian American communities have established vibrant cultural centers throughout every region across the United States; and

Whereas Southeast Asian Americans have strengthened the fabric of this Nation through their resilience, hard work, and cultural richness by enhancing our communities, enriching our economy, and helping build a more vibrant and resilient country for all: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) commemorates the 50-year anniversary of the beginning of the large-scale Southeast Asian refugee resettlement in the United States;

(2) honors the sacrifices made by Southeast Asian American communities on behalf of the United States, including all those who served and who gave their lives;

(3) recognizes the contributions of Southeast Asian Americans to the economic, military, political, and social culture of the United States;

(4) continues to pursue comprehensive policies that ensure opportunities for Southeast Asian American communities, including in education and health; and

(5) affirms the United States’ commitment to embracing and assisting refugees, immigrants, and naturalized United States citizens in our communities.

**SENATE RESOLUTION 543—COM-
MENDING CENTENARY COLLEGE
OF LOUISIANA ON THE OCCASION
OF ITS BICENTENNIAL AND ITS
YEARS OF SERVICE TO THE
STATE OF LOUISIANA AND THE
UNITED STATES**

Mr. KENNEDY (for himself and Mr. CASSIDY) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary:

S. RES. 543

Whereas, on February 18, 1825, the College of Louisiana was established by the State legislature in Jackson, Louisiana, where, in the young State, it quickly established itself as one of the leading colleges in the United States;

Whereas, in January 1826, the college opened its doors to its first class of students;

Whereas, in 1839, Centenary College was founded in Brandon Springs, Mississippi, under the auspices of the Mississippi Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, honoring the centennial of the ministry of John Wesley, the founder of Methodism;

Whereas, in 1845, the College of Louisiana and Centenary College merged to create Centenary College of Louisiana, which is today the oldest institution of higher learning in Louisiana, and the oldest chartered liberal arts college west of the Mississippi River;

Whereas Centenary College of Louisiana was debilitated by the loss of property and life during the Civil War and struggled to regain its prominence;

Whereas, in the early 20th century, a group of forward-thinking church, civil, and philanthropic leaders proposed relocating Centenary College of Louisiana to Shreveport, a move that was completed in 1908;

Whereas, in 1970, construction of the "Gold Dome" was completed and has since played host to countless athletic events, as well as to a President of the United States and an individual who would later become President;

Whereas, throughout its history in Northwest Louisiana, Centenary College of Louisiana has been a leading educator in its region, truly establishing itself as Shreveport-Bossier's college, and has been consistently recognized as a nationally ranked liberal arts institution;

Whereas Centenary College of Louisiana generates significant economic benefit for the Northwest Louisiana region and enriches the local population with its cultural, intellectual, and athletic activities available to the public; and

Whereas Centenary College of Louisiana has grown markedly in its enrollment, academic programming, and extracurricular offerings in its last decade, reflective of its prominence as a comprehensive liberal arts institution: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) commends Centenary College of Louisiana on the occasion of its bicentennial and its years of service to the State of Louisiana and the United States;

(2) recognizes Centenary College of Louisiana for its dedication and longstanding contributions to higher education in the State of Louisiana and the Northwest Louisiana community; and

(3) respectfully requests that the Secretary of the Senate transmit an enrolled copy of this resolution to—

(A) the President of Centenary College of Louisiana, the Honorable Dr. Christopher L. Holoman;

(B) the Provost and Vice President for Academic Affairs of Centenary College of Louisiana, the Honorable Dr. Karen Soul; and

(C) the Centenary College of Louisiana Bicentennial Planning Committee.

**SENATE RESOLUTION 544—DESIG-
NATING DECEMBER 13, 2025, AS
"NATIONAL WREATHS ACROSS
AMERICA DAY"**

Ms. COLLINS (for herself and Mr. KING) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:.

S. RES. 544

Whereas 33 years before the date of the introduction of this resolution, the Wreaths Across America project began and is now an annual December tradition in which 5,000 Maine balsam fir veterans' remembrance wreaths are donated, transported, and placed on the graves of the fallen heroes buried at Arlington National Cemetery;

Whereas, since the Wreaths Across America project began, more than 23,000,000 wreaths have been sent to various locations, including national cemeteries and veterans' memorials in every State and overseas;

Whereas the mission of the Wreaths Across America project, to "Remember, Honor, and Teach", is carried out in part by coordinating wreath-laying ceremonies in all 50 States and overseas, including at—

- (1) Arlington National Cemetery;
- (2) veterans' cemeteries; and
- (3) other memorial locations;

Whereas the Wreaths Across America project carries out a week-long veterans' parade between Maine and Virginia, stopping along the way to spread a message about the importance of—

- (1) remembering the fallen heroes of the United States;
- (2) honoring those who serve; and
- (3) teaching the next generation of children about the service and sacrifices made by our veterans and their families to preserve freedoms enjoyed by all in the United States;

Whereas, in 2024, approximately 3,000,000 veterans' remembrance wreaths were delivered to over 4,900 locations across the United States;

Whereas, in December 2025, the tradition of escorting tractor-trailers filled with donated wreaths from Harrington, Maine, to Arlington National Cemetery will again be continued by—

- (1) the Patriot Guard Riders; and
- (2) other patriotic escort units, including—
 - (A) motorcycle units;
 - (B) law enforcement units; and
 - (C) first responder units;

Whereas hundreds of thousands of individuals volunteer each December to help lay veterans' remembrance wreaths;

Whereas the trucking industry in the United States will continue to support the Wreaths Across America project by providing drivers, equipment, and related services to assist in the transportation of wreaths across the United States to over 5,050 locations;

Whereas the Senate designated December 14, 2024, as "Wreaths Across America Day"; and

Whereas, on December 13, 2025, the Wreaths Across America project will continue the proud legacy of bringing veterans' remembrance wreaths to Arlington National Cemetery: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That Congress—

(1) designates December 13, 2025, as "National Wreaths Across America Day";

(2) honors—

- (A) the Wreaths Across America project;
- (B) patriotic escort units, including—
 - (i) motorcycle units;
 - (ii) law enforcement units; and

(iii) first responder units;

(C) the trucking industry in the United States; and

(D) the millions of volunteers and donors involved in this worthy tradition; and

(3) recognizes—

(A) the service of veterans and members of the Armed Forces; and

(B) the sacrifices that veterans, their family members and members of the Armed Forces have made, and continue to make, for the United States, a great Nation.

**SENATE RESOLUTION 545—DESIG-
NATING DECEMBER 6, 2025, AS
"NATIONAL MINERS DAY"**

Mr. JUSTICE (for himself, Mr. GALLEGO, Mr. DAINES, Mr. HOEVEN, Mrs. CAPITO, Mr. KELLY, Mr. KING, Mr. LEE, Mr. KAINE, Ms. KLOBUCHAR, Mr. RISCH, Ms. CORTEZ MASTO, Mr. FETTERMAN, Mr. HICKENLOOPER, Mr. SHEEHY, Ms. LUMMIS, Ms. SMITH, Mr. MCCONNELL, and Mr. BARRASSO) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 545

Whereas miners daily risk life and limb in their labors;

Whereas the miners of the United States have labored long and hard over the existence of the United States to make it the economically strong, militarily secure Nation that it is today;

Whereas miners and their families have achieved, provided, and sacrificed so much for the betterment of their fellow citizens;

Whereas miners have struggled, in their lives and in their work, to obtain health and safety protections;

Whereas the terrible mining tragedy at Monongah, West Virginia, that occurred on December 6, 1907, is recognized for causing the greatest loss of lives in the industrial history of the United States, and this tragedy helped launch the national effort to secure the safety and health of our miners that continues to this day; and

Whereas still today miners risk life and limb in their labors: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) designates December 6, 2025, as "National Miners Day", in appreciation, honor, and remembrance of the accomplishments and sacrifices of the miners of the United States; and

(2) encourages the people of the United States to participate in local and national activities celebrating and honoring the contributions of miners.

**AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED AND
PROPOSED**

SA 3961. Mr. THUNE proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1071, to require the Secretary of Veterans Affairs to disinter the remains of Fernando V. Cota from Fort Sam Houston National Cemetery, Texas, and for other purposes.

SA 3962. Mr. THUNE proposed an amendment to amendment SA 3961 proposed by Mr. THUNE to the bill S. 1071, *supra*.

SA 3963. Mr. THUNE proposed an amendment to the bill S. 1071, *supra*.

SA 3964. Mr. THUNE proposed an amendment to amendment SA 3963 proposed by Mr. THUNE to the bill S. 1071, *supra*.

SA 3965. Mr. THUNE proposed an amendment to amendment SA 3964 proposed by Mr. THUNE to the amendment SA 3963 proposed by Mr. THUNE to the bill S. 1071, *supra*.

SA 3966. Mr. LEE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill