the Text of the Administrative Procedure Act".

S. CON. RES. 4

At the request of Mr. DAINES, the name of the Senator from Indiana (Mr. Young) was added as a cosponsor of S. Con. Res. 4, a concurrent resolution expressing support for the Geneva Consensus Declaration on Promoting Women's Health and Strengthening the Family and urging that the United States rejoin this historic declaration.

S. RES. 426

At the request of Mr. Graham, the name of the Senator from Nebraska (Mr. Ricketts) was added as a cosponsor of S. Res. 426, a resolution designating the week of October 5, 2025, through October 11, 2025, as "Religious Education Week" to celebrate religious education in the United States.

S. RES. 430

At the request of Ms. Lummis, the name of the Senator from Alaska (Mr. Sullivan) was added as a cosponsor of S. Res. 430, a resolution designating October 4, 2025, as "National Energy Appreciation Day" to celebrate the people who work to power the United States and the economy of the United States and to build awareness of the important role that the energy producers of the United States play in reducing poverty, strengthening national security, and improving the quality of life for people around the world.

SUBMITTED RESOLUTIONS

SENATE RESOLUTION 432-TO DES-IGNATE SEPTEMBER 9, 2025, AS "NATIONAL WORLD WAR TT CAMPAIGN REMEM-ITALIAN BRANCE DAY", AND TO RECOG-NIZE THE SACRIFICES MADE BY AMERICAN AND ALLIED SOL-DIERS WHO LIBERATED ITALY FROM GERMAN OCCUPATION DURING WORLD WAR II

Mr. MORAN (for himself, Mrs. BLACKBURN, Mr. BOOZMAN, Mr. REED, Mr. SCOTT of Florida, and Mr. SHEEHY) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 432

Whereas the Allied invasion of Sicily began on July 9, 1943, with the first-ever large scale assault in the history of the United States Army;

Whereas, between July 9 and 10, 1943, the Allies executed the single largest amphibious landing of troops to that point in World War II, bringing more than 180,000 soldiers ashore on Sicily as part of Operation Husky;

Whereas the Cassibile Armistice was signed on September 3, 1943, and publicly announced on September 8, 1943, marking the surrender of Italy to the Allies and the withdrawal of Italy from the Axis powers;

Whereas September 9, 1943, marks the beginning of the liberation of mainland Italy from German occupation, with American forces landing at Salerno and along the Amalfi Coast for the launch of Operation Avalanche;

Whereas the campaign to reach Rome included many hard-fought engagements, in-

cluding the months-long struggle at Monte Cassino and the Battle of Anzio;

Whereas, on June 4, 1944, the Fifth Army of the United States entered Rome, becoming the first Allied force to liberate a European capital from German occupation;

Whereas the United States Office of Strategic Services worked with Italian partisan networks to support the April 1945 uprising and to lay the groundwork for post-war democratic reconstruction in Italy;

Whereas, on April 29, 1945, the surrender at Caserta resulted in the capitulation of nearly 1,000,000 Axis troops in the Italian theater, the largest surrender of German forces at that point in the war;

Whereas, on April 30, 1945, the death of Adolf Hitler signaled the collapse of Nazi leadership, occurring just 1 day after the German surrender in Italy;

Whereas, on May 2, 1945, the unconditional surrender of German forces in Italy took effect. liberating the Italian peninsula:

Whereas, on May 7, 1945, the overall German surrender in Europe took place;

Whereas the Italian campaign was a jointforces effort by the United States Army, the United States Army Air Forces, and the United States Navy;

Whereas the Italian campaign was one of the longest continual combat campaigns undertaken by the Allies during World War II, lasting 602 days;

Whereas the Italian campaign was supported by one of the longest sustainment operations conducted by American and Allied maintenance forces, exemplified by the Ordnance Corps of the United States Army, which were comprised of approximately 24,000 officers, 325,000 enlisted individuals, and 262,000 civilians stationed in the United States and overseas;

Whereas, for the majority of the Italian campaign, despite being on the offensive, the Allies were outnumbered by the Germans;

Whereas the Italian campaign involved the participation of several Allied states, with troops from the present-day countries of Australia, Brazil, Canada, France, Greece, India, Israel, Italy, New Zealand, Poland, South Africa, and the United Kingdom fighting alongside troops from the United States;

Whereas Allied troops persevered through harsh terrain, severe weather, and limited resources to achieve important and hardfought victories throughout the Italian campaign:

Whereas victory in the Italian campaign was achieved at great human cost, with approximately 350,000 Allied casualties, including 150,000 American casualties, of which more than 60,000 individuals were killed or missing and 92,000 individuals were wounded, and over 426,000 Axis causalities;

Whereas more than 15,000 American servicemembers are commemorated in American cemeteries in Italy, including 7,845 laid to rest and 3,095 commemorated in the wall of remembrance at the Sicily-Rome American Cemetery in Nettuno, and 4,392 laid to rest and 1,409 commemorated in the wall of remembrance at the Florence American Cemetery in Tavarnuzze;

Whereas the advanced age of the few remaining veterans of the Italian Campaign, the fact that less than 1 percent of American veterans of the Second World War are still living, and the gradual fading of living memory make it increasingly urgent to preserve and share the stories and sacrifices of those veterans with future generations; and

Whereas the world owes a debt of gratitude to the members of the "Greatest Generation" who assumed the task of freeing and restoring peace and democracy to Italy: Now therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate-

- (1) designates September 9, 2025, as "National World War II Italian Campaign Remembrance Day";
- (2) honors the bravery, service, and sacrifice of American and Allied forces during the campaign to liberate Italy;
- (3) recognizes the importance of preserving key battlefields, cemeteries, and historical sites across Italy, along with the memory those sites embody within Italy, as sacred places of remembrance;
- (4) supports all commemorative and educational efforts that work toward preserving this hard-fought memory for future generations:
- (5) encourages the people of the United States to observe the day with appropriate ceremonies, education, and reflection; and
- (6) requests that the people of the United States commemorate the Italian Campaign and express gratitude to Americans who gave their lives and to all others who served to defend freedom in the Italian campaign.

SENATE RESOLUTION 433—EXPRESSING SUPPORT FOR THE
CONTRIBUTIONS AND ACHIEVEMENTS OF STUDENT PARENTS
IN SEEKING AND COMPLETING A
POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION
AND DESIGNATING SEPTEMBER
2025 AS "NATIONAL STUDENT
PARENT MONTH"

Mr. MORAN (for himself and Ms. HASSAN) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 433

Whereas student parents are individuals who have children and who attend postsecondary educational institutions:

Whereas student parents make up roughly ½ of the postsecondary student population, totaling nearly 3.140.000 individuals;

Whereas 24 percent of female undergraduates are parents and 30 percent are food insecure:

Whereas 48 percent of student parents are first-generation college students;

Whereas 66 percent of parents who are enrolled at an institution of higher education work 40 hours a week or more, 26 percent work 20 to 39 hours per week, and 9 percent work less than 20 hours, which requires those individuals to balance school, work, and caring for their dependents;

Whereas 55 percent of postsecondary student parents are students of color, and of that population—

- (1) 21 percent are Black;
- (2) 20 percent are Latino or Latina;
- (3) 7 percent are multiracial;
- (4) 3 percent are Asian; and
- (5) 3 percent are Native American, Alaska Natives, or Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander;

Whereas 45 percent of student parents are military-connected students;

Whereas approximately 844 surviving military spouses are using education benefits for surviving dependents from the Department of Veterans Affairs;

Whereas 90 percent of military spouses have some college education or credential and, on average, make 38 percent less than their civilian counterparts;

Whereas 20 percent of student veterans are single parents while attending school;

Whereas 51 percent of student parents attend community colleges, 16 percent attend public baccalaureate institutions, and 13 percent attend private nonprofit institutions of higher education;

Whereas the cohort of single mothers currently enrolled in higher education will save

approximately \$19,900,000,000 in public assistance spending:

Whereas 52 percent of student parents report food insecurity, 58 percent report housing insecurity, and 42 percent of student parents experience both food and housing insecurity, compared to 26 percent of nonparenting students:

Whereas two-thirds of student parents live at or near the poverty line, and 52 percent of student parents are Pell Grant recipients, with 85 percent of Black student parents reporting some form of basic needs insecurity;

Whereas, on average, student parents have higher grade point averages than their non-parenting peers, but student parents are 10 times less likely to complete a bachelor's degree within 5 years than students without children:

Whereas 23 percent of student parents have missed at least 1 class due to a lack of child care:

Whereas student parents are twice as likely to drop out of college and later re-enroll, with 45 percent of such student parents reporting their decision involved childcare or parenting responsibilities;

Whereas a low-income student parent who earns a degree or credential boosts the income of that individual and the earning potential of the children of that individual when those children become adults; and

Whereas student parents are uniquely motivated to excel in their courses of study while often facing challenges, including lack of affordable child care and balancing work responsibilities while attending postsecondary educational institutions: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate-

(1) expresses support for the contributions and achievements of student parents in seeking and completing a postsecondary education; and

(2) designates September 2025 as "National Student Parent Month".

SENATE RESOLUTION 434—EX-PRESSING SUPPORT FOR THE DESIGNATION OF OCTOBER 5 THROUGH OCTOBER 11, 2025, AS "NATIONAL 4-H WEEK"

Mr. BOOZMAN (for himself, Ms. KLo-BUCHAR, Ms. ALSOBROOKS, Mr. BAR-RASSO, Mr. BENNET, Ms. BLUNT ROCH-ESTER, Mr. BUDD, Mr. CASSIDY, Mr. HAGERTY, Ms. COLLINS, Mr. COTTON, Mr. CRAMER, Mr. CRAPO, Mr. DAINES, DUCKWORTH, Mr. DURBIN, Ms. ERNST, Mr. FETTERMAN, Mrs. FISCHER, GRASSLEY, Mr. HEINRICH, Mr. HOEVEN, Mrs. HYDE-SMITH, Mr. KING, Mr. Lankford, Mr. Luján, Ms. Lummis, Mr. Marshall, Mr. McConnell, Mr. MERKLEY, Mr. MORAN, Mr. RICKETTS, Mr. RISCH, Mr. SCHIFF, Mrs. SHAHEEN, Ms. SMITH, Mr. SULLIVAN, Mr. WARNOCK, and Mr. YOUNG) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 434

Whereas 4-H is the largest youth development organization in the United States, supporting nearly 6,000,000 young people across the United States:

Whereas 4-H helps young people become confident, independent, resilient, and compassionate leaders;

Whereas 4-H is delivered by the Cooperative Extension System, a community of more than 110 land-grant colleges and universities across the United States that provides experiences for young people to learn

through hands-on projects in the important areas of health, science, agriculture, and civic engagement:

Whereas the National Institute of Food and Agriculture of the Department of Agriculture serves as the Federal partner of 4-H in collaboration with land-grant colleges and universities, the Cooperative Extension System, and National 4-H Council:

Whereas National 4-H Week showcases the incredible ways 4-H provides opportunities for all young people and highlights the remarkable members of 4-H in all 50 States and across the globe who work each day to make a positive impact on other individuals;

Whereas the 4-H network of nearly 500,000 volunteers and 3,500 professionals provides caring and supportive mentoring to all members of 4-H, helping members to grow into true leaders, entrepreneurs, and visionaries; and

Whereas members of 4-H will celebrate National 4-H Week during the week of October 5 through October 11, 2025: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate-

(1) supports the designation of October 5 through October 11, 2025, as "National 4-H Week":

(2) recognizes the important role of 4–H as the youth development program of the Cooperative Extension System and the Department of Agriculture;

(3) encourages all citizens to recognize 4-H for the significant impact the organization and members have made and continue to make by empowering youth with the skills needed to lead for a lifetime; and

(4) celebrates the work of 4-H in developing engaged, healthy, and productive citizens who are "Beyond Ready" for work and life in a world of change.

SENATE RESOLUTION 435—HON-THE LIFE OF ORING BRIAN DOUGLAS WILSON AS A ROCK-N-ROLL AND POP ICON, A MUSICAL GENIUS. AND ONE OF GREATEST COMPOSERS, SONG-WRITERS, AND INNOVATORS IN THE HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. SCHIFF (for himself and Mr. PADILLA) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. Res. 435

Whereas Brian Douglas Wilson was born on June 20, 1942, in Inglewood, California, to Audree and Murry Wilson;

Whereas Mr. Wilson grew up in Hawthorne, California, with his brothers Carl and Dennis Wilson and attended Hawthorne High School:

Whereas Mr. Wilson was a musical prodigy from a young age, recreating tunes he heard on the radio and teaching himself to play the piano at the age of 12;

Whereas Mr. Wilson, with little formal training beyond a handful of high school music classes, began experimenting with production elements and writing songs as a teenager:

Whereas Mr. Wilson, his brothers, their cousin Mike Love, and friend Al Jardine formed the Beach Boys in 1961, pioneering a unique harmonic sound with lyrics embracing California surf culture:

Whereas Mr. Wilson and the Beach Boys released their first album *Surfin' Safari* in 1962, and quickly achieved commercial success and widespread popularity;

Whereas Mr. Wilson, as the group's bassist and primary songwriter, propelled the Beach Boys to 13 top-ten singles between 1962 and 1967 and 3 number 1 hits: "I Get Around" "Help Me, Rhonda", and "Good Vibrations"

Whereas Mr. Wilson composed, arranged, and produced the Beach Boys' revolutionary album *Pet Sounds*, which, widely considered among the greatest albums of all time, features some of the band's most enduring hits, like "Wouldn't It Be Nice", "God Only Knows", and "Sloop John B";

Whereas Mr. Wilson and the Beach Boys were inducted into the Rock & Roll Hall of Fame in 1988 and earned a lifetime achievement award from the Recording Academy in 2001:

Whereas Mr. Wilson won 2 Grammy Awards as a solo artist and received Kennedy Center honors in 2007:

Whereas Mr. Wilson openly talked about his struggles with mental health and addiction, helping to decrease stigma, and served as an advocate for those who suffer from similar conditions:

Whereas Mr. Wilson completed his long-awaited masterpiece *Smile* in 2004, an ambitious and critically acclaimed 17-song rock opera he began producing decades earlier in 1966: and

Whereas Mr. Wilson passed away on June 11, 2025, and has left an enduring legacy in music, inspiring countless artists and millions of fans with his intricate and emotive musical arrangements, introspective songwriting, and pioneering California surf culture sound: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate honors the life of Brian Douglas Wilson as a rock-n-roll and pop icon, a musical genius, and one of the greatest composers, songwriters, and innovators in the history of the United States.

SENATE RESOLUTION 436—EX-PRESSING SUPPORT FOR THE DESIGNATION OF SEPTEMBER 2025 AS "NATIONAL PROSTATE CANCER AWARENESS MONTH"

Mr. CRAPO (for himself, Mr. Booker, Mr. RISCH, and Mr. VAN HOLLEN) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 436

Whereas more than 3,300,000 men are living with prostate cancer in the United States;

Whereas 1 in 8 men in the United States will be diagnosed with prostate cancer in their lifetimes and 1 in 41 men in the United States will die from prostate cancer:

Whereas prostate cancer is the most commonly diagnosed non-skin cancer and the second-leading cause of cancer-related deaths among men in the United States;

Whereas the American Cancer Society estimates that, in 2025, 313,780 men will be diagnosed with, and more than 35,770 men will die of, prostate cancer:

Whereas 35 percent of newly diagnosed prostate cancer cases occur in men under the age of 65;

Whereas the odds of developing prostate cancer rise rapidly after age 50;

Whereas having a father or brother with prostate cancer more than doubles the risk of a man developing prostate cancer, with a higher risk for men who have a brother with the disease and the highest risk for men with several affected relatives;

Whereas screening by a digital rectal examination and a prostate-specific antigen blood test may be able to detect the disease at an early stage;

Whereas, when diagnosed with localized- or regional-stage prostate cancer, the survival rate nears 100 percent;