

any savings to begin with—are going to run out.

So Medicaid goes way beyond the individuals who have no savings at all. It actually helps people who do have some savings. It helps people who have worked their lives through, like my dad. Medicaid is there as a safety net for people.

Over the last few months, I have heard from thousands of constituents, including seniors in Minnesota, from Sunrise Village in Milaca that I visited, to Senior Living at Watkins in Winona, to the Pillars of Prospect Park and Episcopal Homes in the metro. They are worried about their healthcare.

I heard from one constituent from Inver Grove Heights, who told me that Medicaid helps her to afford the cost of her father's memory care.

I think about what a constituent who works with adults with disabilities told me. She is a mental health therapist for a woman who had a tracheotomy and is wheelchair-bound and requires nursing care. She is also the aunt of a man with Down syndrome, with many needs, who is in a residential home.

She said: I am concerned about the possible Medicaid service cuts to the people who most need it.

I have also heard from a constituent named Lola, whose daughter was diagnosed with leukemia. A social worker advised Lola that her employer-based insurance may not cover the cancer treatments her daughter needed, and she connected her with Medicaid. She said that "Medicaid helped completely" with the surgeries and the T-cell therapy. Lola said, "Using my own insurance would have caused a lot of delays, because it would not have covered" what she needed.

I heard from Robby, who, after years in an adult foster care facility, now lives independently with a roommate because of Medicaid's disability waiver and community-based services.

I have gotten to meet some of these incredible Minnesotans while visiting care providers who help people with disabilities.

I think about the progress we have made so people can either live in their homes or they can live in a group home, and they can have jobs. We just can't go backwards.

People will feel the impacts of these cuts, and we know it.

I will close with this: After learning that her insurance cost is set to skyrocket next year, a woman asked:

What can you and the Senate do to make sure I don't have to stop getting my insurance?

We can do something, and it is something that so many of my colleagues agree with, especially after the cuts that were made, especially after the bludgeoning tariffs and what they are doing to the cost of things for people. It is not going to fix everything, that is for sure, but it is going to save a lot of lives, and it is going to help people contain costs so they don't go over that cliff.

As Minnesota's former Senator—I have his desk—Hubert Humphrey once said: The moral test of government isn't just how it treats the young and the healthy; it is also how it treats the sick, the elderly, and people with disabilities. That is definitely true for us right now, and I believe this is a moral test for all Americans.

At a time when so many families are struggling just to make ends meet, we can't sit back here and just play a blame game and look at the polls and da, da, da. We can do something. It is really pretty simple: We must work to protect Americans' access to healthcare. We must protect our rural hospitals. We must address our healthcare crisis.

As I know, it is not a December or a January problem, it is a now problem, and it is completely within our grasp to do this, and it is certainly within the President's grasp to bring his party with him.

So stop, Mr. President, posting those fake, offensive videos, and start helping Americans with their healthcare.

I yield the floor.

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr. CURTIS). The majority leader.

LEGISLATIVE SESSION

MORNING BUSINESS

Mr. THUNE. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate resume legislative session and be in a period of morning business, with Senators permitted to speak therein for up to 10 minutes each.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

ARMS SALES NOTIFICATION

Mr. RISCH. Mr. President, section 36(b) of the Arms Export Control Act requires that Congress receive prior notification of certain proposed arms sales as defined by that statute. Upon such notification, the Congress has 30 calendar days during which the sale may be reviewed. The provision stipulates that, in the Senate, the notification of proposed sales shall be sent to the chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee.

In keeping with the committee's intention to see that relevant information is still available to the full Senate, I ask unanimous consent to have printed in the RECORD the notifications that have been received. If the cover letter references a classified annex, then such an annex is available to all Senators in the office of the Foreign Relations Committee, room SD-423.

There being no objection, the material was ordered to be printed in the RECORD as follows:

DEFENSE SECURITY
COOPERATION AGENCY,
Washington, DC.

Hon. JAMES E. RISCH,
Chairman, Committee on Foreign Relations,
U.S. Senate, Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. CHAIRMAN: Pursuant to the reporting requirements of Section 36(b)(1) of

the Arms Export Control Act, as amended, we are forwarding herewith Transmittal No. 25-76, concerning the Army's proposed Letter(s) of Offer and Acceptance to the Government of Canada for defense articles and services estimated to cost \$1.75 billion. We will issue a news release to notify the public of this proposed sale upon delivery of this letter to your office.

Sincerely,

MARY BETH MORGAN

(For Michael F. Miller, Director).

Enclosures.

TRANSMITTAL NO. 25-76

Notice of Proposed Issuance of Letter of Offer Pursuant to Section 36(b)(1) of the Arms Export Control Act, as Amended

(i) Prospective Purchaser: Government of Canada.

(ii) Total Case Estimated Value:

Major Defense Equipment* \$1.58 billion.

Other \$170 million.

Total \$1.75 billion.

(iii) Description and Quantity or Quantities of Articles or Services under Consideration for Purchase:

Major Defense Equipment (MDE):

Twenty-six (26) M142 High Mobility Artillery Rocket Systems (HIMARS).

One hundred thirty-two (132) M31A2 Guided Multiple Launch Rocket System (GMLRS) Unitary pods with Insensitive Munitions Propulsion System (IMPS).

One hundred thirty-two (132) M30A2 GMLRS Alternative Warhead (AW) pods with IMPS.

Thirty-two (32) M403 Extended Range (ER) GMLRS AW pods with IMPS.

Thirty-two (32) M404 ER GMLRS Unitary pods with IMPS.

Sixty-four (64) M57 Army Tactical Missile System (ATACMS) pods.

Non-Major Defense Equipment: The following non-MDE items will also be included: Low Cost Reduced Range Practice Rocket pods; interactive electronic technical manuals; integration support services; spare parts; tool kits; test equipment; contractor logistics support; training; training equipment; technical assistance; technical publications; transportation; Type 1 radios (AN/PRC-160 and AN/PRC-167); 7800I intercom equipment; Simple Key Loaders (SKL); U.S. Government and contractor technical, engineering, and logistics personnel services; and other related elements of logistics and program support.

(iv) Military Department: Army (CN-B-VBV).

(v) Prior Related Cases, if any: None.

(vi) Sales Commission, Fee, etc., Paid, Offered, or Agreed to be Paid: None known at this time.

(vii) Sensitivity of Technology Contained in the Defense Article or Defense Services Proposed to be Sold: See Attached Annex.

(viii) Date Report Delivered to Congress: October 1, 2025.

* As defined in Section 47(6) of the Arms Export Control Act.

POLICY JUSTIFICATION

Canada—M142 High Mobility Artillery Rocket Systems

The Government of Canada has requested to buy twenty-six (26) M142 High Mobility Artillery Rocket Systems (HIMARS); one hundred thirty-two (132) M31A2 Guided Multiple Launch Rocket System (GMLRS) Unitary pods with Insensitive Munitions Propulsion System (IMPS); one hundred thirty-two (132) M30A2 GMLRS Alternative Warhead (AW) pods with IMPS; thirty-two (32) M403 Extended Range (ER) GMLRS AW pods with IMPS; thirty-two (32) M404 ER GMLRS Unitary pods with IMPS; and sixty-four (64) M57 Army Tactical Missile System (ATACMS)

Pods. The following non-MDE items will be included: Low Cost Reduced Range Practice Rocket pods; interactive electronic technical manuals; integration support services; spare parts; tool kits; test equipment; contractor logistics support; training; training equipment; technical assistance; technical publications; transportation; Type 1 radios (AN/PRC-160 and AN/PRC-167); 7800I intercom equipment; Simple Key Loaders (SKL); U.S. Government and contractor technical, engineering, and logistics personnel services; and other related elements of logistics and program support. The estimated total cost is \$1.75 billion.

This proposed sale will support the foreign policy and national security objectives of the United States by helping to improve the military capability of Canada, a North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) Ally that is an important force for ensuring political stability and economic progress and is a contributor to military, peacekeeping, and humanitarian operations around the world.

The proposed sale will improve Canada's ability to meet current and future threats by providing the M142 HIMARS long range precision strike system and munitions. This capability will protect Canada by improving Canada's contribution to collective hemispheric defense and to defense and deterrence in Europe, as directed by NATO's defense plans. Canada will have no difficulty absorbing these articles and services into its armed forces.

The proposed sale of this equipment and support will not alter the basic military balance in the region.

The principal contractor will be Lockheed Martin, located in Grand Prairie, TX. The purchaser typically requests offsets. Any offset agreement will be defined in negotiations between the purchaser and the contractor.

Implementation of this proposed sale will require multiple trips to Canada involving up to twenty U.S. Government and up to fifteen contractor representatives for program management reviews to support the program. Travel is expected to occur approximately twice per year as needed to support equipment fielding and training.

There will be no adverse impact on U.S. defense readiness as a result of this proposed sale.

TRANSMITTAL NO. 25-76

Notice of Proposed Issuance of Letter of Offer Pursuant to Section 36(b)(1) of the Arms Export Control Act

Annex Item No. vii

(vii) Sensitivity of Technology:

1. The M142 High Mobility Artillery Rocket System (HIMARS) is a C-130 transportable wheeled launcher mounted on a 5-ton Family of Medium Tactical Vehicles truck chassis. HIMARS is the modern Army-fielded version of the Multiple Launch Rocket System (MLRS) M270 launcher and can be all of the MLRS Family of Munitions (FOM), including the Guided Multiple Launch Rocket System (GMLRS) and Army Tactical Missile System (ATACMS). Utilizing the MLRS FOM, the HIMARS can engage targets between 15 and 300 kilometers with GPS-aided precision accuracy.

2. The GMLRS M31A2 Unitary (GMLRS-U) is the Army's primary munition for units fielding the M142 HIMARS and M270A1 MLRS launchers. The M31 Unitary is a solid propellant artillery rocket that uses Global Positioning System/Precise Positioning Service (GPS/PPS) aided inertial guidance provided by Selective Availability Anti-Spoofing Module (SAASM) or M-Code. It accurately and quickly delivers a single high-explosive blast fragmentation warhead to targets at ranges from 15-70 kilometers. The rockets are fired from a launch pod con-

tainer that also serves as the storage and transportation container for the rockets. Each rocket pod holds six rockets.

3. The M30A2 GMLRS Alternative Warhead (GMLRS-AW) shares a greater than 90% commonality with the M31A1 Unitary. The GMLRS-AW replaces the GMLRS-U's high explosive warhead with a 200 pound fragmentation warhead of pre-formed tungsten penetrators to optimize for effectiveness against large area and imprecisely located targets. The munitions otherwise share a common motor, GPS/PPS-aided inertial guidance provided by SAASM or M-Code, control system, fusing mechanism, multi-option height of burst capability, and effective range between 15 and 70 kilometers.

4. The Extended Range Guided Multiple Launch Rocket System (ER GMLRS) provides a persistent, responsive, all-weather, rapidly deployed, long-range, surface-to-surface, area- and point-precision strike capability. The M403 Alternative Warhead variant carries a 200 pound fragmentation assembly filled with high explosives which are optimized for effectiveness against large area and imprecisely located targets. The M404 Unitary variant is a 200 pound class Unitary with a steel blast fragmentation case designed for low collateral damage against point targets. The ER GMLRS maintains the accuracy and effectiveness demonstrated by the baseline GMLRS out to a maximum range of 150 km (double that of the baseline GMLRS) while also including a new height of burst capability.

5. The M57 Army Tactical Missile System (ATACMS) is a conventional, semi-ballistic missile that utilizes a 500-pound high explosive warhead. It has an effective range of between 70 and 300 kilometers and has increased accuracy over previous versions of the ATACMS due to a GPS/PPS aided navigation system provided by SAASM or M-Code.

6. The AN/PRC-160 is a high frequency tactical radio communications for vehicular and dismounted command and control operations. The final end-items are L3Harris AN/PRC-160 multi-channel manpack radios with a Micro Global Positioning System (GPS) receiver application module (MicroGRAM) receiver card and SAASM.

7. The AN/PRC-167 is a multi-domain, multi-channel, tactical, narrow and wide-band dual transceiver radio system with Type 1 encryption and SAASM GPS location and timing capabilities. The system can provide wide-band high-assurance self-healing networking capabilities and Mobile User Objective System over-the-horizon capabilities. Each transceiver is software programmable and operates in the 30-512 MHz and 764-2600 MHz frequency ranges.

8. The highest level of classification of defense articles, components, and services included in this potential sale is SECRET.

9. If a technologically advanced adversary were to obtain knowledge of the specific hardware and software elements, the information could be used to develop countermeasures that might reduce weapon system effectiveness or be used in the development of a system with similar or advanced capabilities.

10. A determination has been made that Canada can provide substantially the same degree of protection for the sensitive technology being released as the U.S. Government. This proposed sale is necessary in furtherance of the U.S. foreign policy and national security objectives outlined in the Policy Justification.

11. All defense articles and services listed in this transmittal have been authorized for release and export to the Government of Canada.

ARMS SALES NOTIFICATION

Mr. RISCH. Mr. President, section 36(b) of the Arms Export Control Act requires that Congress receive prior notification of certain proposed arms sales as defined by that statute. Upon such notification, the Congress has 30 calendar days during which the sale may be reviewed. The provision stipulates that, in the Senate, the notification of proposed sales shall be sent to the chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee.

In keeping with the committee's intention to see that relevant information is still available to the full Senate, I ask unanimous consent to have printed in the RECORD the notifications that have been received. If the cover letter references a classified annex, then such an annex is available to all Senators in the office of the Foreign Relations Committee, room SD-423.

There being no objection, the material was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

DEFENSE SECURITY
COOPERATION AGENCY,
Washington, DC.

Hon. JAMES E. RISCH,
Chairman, Committee on Foreign Relations,
U.S. Senate, Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. CHAIRMAN: Pursuant to the reporting requirements of Section 36(b)(1) of the Arms Export Control Act, as amended, we are forwarding herewith Transmittal No. 25-71, concerning the Air Force's proposed Letter(s) of Offer and Acceptance to the Republic of Korea for defense articles and services estimated to cost \$34 million. We will issue a news release to notify the public of this proposed sale upon delivery of this letter to your office.

Sincerely,

MARY BETH MORGAN
(for Michael F. Miller, Director).

Enclosures.

TRANSMITTAL NO. 25-71

Notice of Proposed Issuance of Letter of Offer Pursuant to Section 36(b)(1) of the Arms Export Control Act, as amended

(i) Prospective Purchaser: Republic of Korea.

(ii) Total Estimated Value:

Major Defense Equipment* \$32 million.

Other \$2 million.

Total \$34 million.

(iii) Description and Quantity or Quantities of Articles or Services under Consideration for Purchase:

Major Defense Equipment (MDE): Forty-four (44) AGM-65G2 Maverick tactical missiles.

Non-Major Defense Equipment: The following non-MDE items will be included: U.S. Government and contractor engineering; technical, and logistics support services; and other related elements of logistics and program support.

(iv) Military Department: Air Force (KS-D-YBC).

(v) Prior Related Cases, if any: KS-D-YHF.

(vi) Sales Commission, Fee, etc., Paid, Offered, or Agreed to be Paid: None known at this time.

(vii) Sensitivity of Technology Contained in the Defense Article or Defense Services Proposed to be Sold: See Attached Annex.

(viii) Date Report Delivered to Congress: October 1, 2025.

*As defined in Section 47(6) of the Arms Export Control Act.