and greater understanding, and provide support to those who have experienced a stillbirth; and

Whereas "National Stillbirth Prevention and Awareness Day"—

- (1) celebrates the passage of the Maternal and Child Health Stillbirth Prevention Act of 2024 (Public Law 118-69; 138 Stat. 1485), which opens up more Federal resources for stillbirth prevention activities and research; and
- (2) calls on the President and all other Federal officials to use their authority to take action to help reduce stillbirths and to ensure every expectant family is educated on how to reduce the risk of losing a baby to stillbirth: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

- (1) supports the goals and ideals of "National Stillbirth Prevention and Awareness Day";
- (2) understands the importance of advancing evidence-based prevention efforts; and
- (3) requests that the President issue a proclamation calling upon the people of the United States to observe "National Stillbirth Prevention and Awareness Day" with appropriate prevention and awareness programs and activities.

SENATE RESOLUTION 402—RECOGNIZING LLOYD ASHBURN WILLIAMS'S UNPARALLELED DEDICATION TO FOSTERING ECONOMIC EMPOWERMENT, CULTURAL PRIDE, AND SOCIAL EQUITY IN HARLEM

Mr. SCHUMER submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary:

S. RES. 402

Whereas Lloyd Ashburn Williams was born on January 16, 1945, in Jamaica and immigrated to New York City at the age of 2, where he was raised in Harlem and committed his life to the advancement and empowerment of the Harlem community;

Whereas Mr. Williams attended Syracuse University and developed a lifelong passion for civic engagement, economic development, and cultural preservation;

Whereas, in 1986, Mr. Williams was appointed President and Chief Executive Officer of The Greater Harlem Chamber of Commerce, becoming one of the longest-serving leaders of the organization, guiding the Chamber through periods of economic challenges and revitalization over more than 4 decades:

Whereas, under his visionary leadership, The Greater Harlem Chamber of Commerce expanded its mission to promote minorityowned businesses, attract investments, foster entrepreneurship, and support workforce development initiatives that improved economic opportunities for Harlem residents;

Whereas, in 1974, Mr. Williams, along with Manhattan Borough President Percy E. Sutton, Voza Rivers, and others, co-founded HARLEM WEEK, which was initially designed as a 1-day event to restore community pride and combat negative stereotypes and grew into a multi-week cultural festival celebrating Harlem's history, art, music, business, and contributions to society and attracting millions of attendees annually;

Whereas he championed key social issues, including affordable housing, education reform, health equity, climate change awareness, and bridging the digital divide, working tirelessly to ensure that Harlem's growth was inclusive and reflective of the needs of its diverse population:

Whereas Mr. Williams served as Vice Chairman of the Harlem Arts Alliance, an Executive Committee Member of NYC & Company, Chairman of the President's Executive Advisory Board at The City College of New York, Founding Board Member of the Apollo Theater, and Executive Board Member of the National Jazz Museum in Harlem, strengthening Harlem's cultural institutions and heritage;

Whereas he was also a dedicated mentor, advisor, and educator, serving as a guest lecturer at prestigious institutions such as Columbia University, Rutgers University, and Fordham University, sharing his expertise in urban economics, tourism, business development, and public policy;

Whereas Mr. Williams received numerous awards and honors recognizing his significant contributions, including an Honorary Doctor of Laws Degree from the University of the West Indies, designation as one of the "Top 100 Most Influential New Yorkers" by the city and State of New York, acknowledgment as one of the "Top 25 Most Influential Black New Yorkers" by the New York Amsterdam News, and recognition as one of the "Most Influential Black Professionals" by the New York Christian Times;

Whereas he was a lifelong member of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People and the National Action Network, demonstrating his enduring commitment to civil rights, social justice, and community advocacy;

Whereas Lloyd Ashburn Williams passed away on August 6, 2025, and is survived by his wife, Valorie Roberson-Williams, his son and grandson, and two brothers and a sister; and

Whereas he leaves behind a profound legacy that transformed Harlem's economic landscape, cultural identity, and community spirit: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate recognizes Lloyd Ashburn Williams's unparalleled dedication to fostering economic empowerment, cultural pride, and social equity in Harlem.

SENATE RESOLUTION 403—EX-PRESSING SUPPORT FOR THE DESIGNATION OF OCTOBER 14, 2025, AS THE "NATIONAL DAY OF REMEMBRANCE FOR CHARLIE KIRK"

Mr. SCOTT of Florida (for himself, Mr. Tuberville, Mr. Risch, Mr. Cassidy, Mr. Crapo, Mr. Sullivan, Mrs. Hyde-Smith, Mr. Moreno, Mr. Ricketts, Mr. Sheehy, Mr. Paul, Mr. Hawley, Mr. Graham, Mr. Daines, Mr. Lee, Mr. Kennedy, Mrs. Blackburn, Mr. Cruz, Mr. Lankford, Mr. Mullin, Mrs. Moody, Mrs. Fischer, and Mr. Hagerty) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 403

Whereas Charlie Kirk was a champion of free speech, civil dialogue, and faith;

Whereas Mr. Kirk consistently promoted the values of individual liberty, open debate, the importance of civic engagement, and the defense of constitutional principles;

Whereas Charlie Kirk was recognized as one of the leading voices among young leaders in the United States, creating opportunities for civic education, fostering youth leadership, and promoting principles of liberty and democracy across the United States;

Whereas Charlie Kirk was the founder and executive director of Turning Point USA, a nonprofit organization of thousands of chapters across the United States dedicated to educating students about the principles of

freedom, free markets, and limited government:

Whereas Charlie Kirk authored multiple national best-selling books, that engage readers in critical conversations about civics, culture, and the future of the United States:

Whereas, through Mr. Kirk's writing, public speaking, and media presence, Charlie Kirk reached millions of United States citizens, inspiring the next generation to become active participants in civic life;

Whereas Mr. Kirk's life's work has contributed to strengthening public discourse, defending constitutional principles, and fostering active citizenship; and

Whereas Mr. Kirk's life work, especially his efforts to bring these American ideals to life on college campuses in the United States, cost him his life by means of an assassin's bullet on September 10, 2025: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate-

- (1) supports the designation of October 14, 2025, as the "National Day of Remembrance for Charlie Kirk":
- (2) recognizes Charlie Kirk for his contributions to civic education and public service: and
- (3) encourages educational institutions, civic organizations, and citizens across the United States to observe this day with appropriate programs, activities, prayers, and ceremonies that promote civic engagement and the principles of faith, liberty, and democracy that Charlie Kirk championed.

SENATE RESOLUTION 404—URGING THE PROTECTION OF MEDICARE FROM THE DEVASTATING CUTS CAUSED BY H.R. 1

Mr. WHITEHOUSE submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Finance:

S. RES. 404

Whereas the Congressional Budget Office (referred to in this preamble as "CBO") has estimated that the Act entitled "An Act to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of H. Con. Res. 14", approved July 4, 2025 (Public Law 119–21; 139 Stat. 72) (commonly known as the "One Big Beautiful Bill Act" and referred to in this preamble as "H.R. 1") will add \$4,100,000,000,000 to the deficit between 2025 and 2034;

Whereas such an increase to the deficit will automatically trigger across-the-board spending cuts, called "sequestration", under the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 931 et seq.) (referred to in this preamble as "S-PAYGO");

Whereas sequestration will impose indiscriminate, across-the-board spending cuts to social safety net programs that millions of families in the United States rely on;

Whereas the Medicare program established under title XVIII of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395 et seq.), a critical lifeline for the people of the United States, is not exempt from sequestration under S-PAYGO;

Whereas CBO has estimated that \$45,000,000,000 will be cut from Medicare by sequestration in 2026 alone;

Whereas CBO has estimated that a total of \$536,000,000,000 will be cut from Medicare by sequestration through 2034;

Whereas these Medicare sequestration cuts compound nearly \$1,000,000,000,000 in health care reductions under H.R. 1, stripping coverage from 15,000,000 people of the Untied States and further undermining the financial stability of health care providers;

Whereas more than 67,000,000 people of the United States relied on Medicare for their health care coverage in 2024;

Whereas cuts of this magnitude will jeopardize the financial stability of community health centers, hospitals, providers, and many others who rely on Medicare payments to serve seniors, people with disabilities, and those with end-stage renal disease;

Whereas Republicans' partisan bill expanded the national debt by \$4,100,000,000,000, and the Republicans chose not to protect the people of the United States from these cuts; and

Whereas the people of the United States have paid into Medicare throughout their working lives with the expectation that their earned benefits will be protected: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That-

(1) the Senate should protect the Medicare program established under title XVIII of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395 et seq.) from devastating cuts caused by the Act entitled "An Act to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of H. Con. Res. 14", approved July 4, 2025 (Public Law 119–21; 139 Stat. 72) (commonly known as the "One Big Beautiful Bill Act" and referred to in this resolution as "H.R. 1");

(2) the Senate should safeguard seniors' Medicare benefits and essential social services that are jeopardized by the cuts triggered by H.R. 1; and

(3) seniors who have paid into Medicare throughout their working lives should be protected from reckless, across-the-board cuts to their health care.

SENATE RESOLUTION 405—EX-PRESSING SUPPORT FOR THE RECOGNITION OF SEPTEMBER 22, 2025, TO SEPTEMBER 28, 2025, AS "ASIAN AMERICAN AND NATIVE AMERICAN PACIFIC ISLANDER-SERVING INSTITUTIONS WEEK"

Ms. HIRONO (for herself, Mr. SCHATZ, Mr. KAINE, Mr. MERKLEY, Ms. KLOBUCHAR, Ms. DUCKWORTH, Mr. PADILLA, Ms. WARREN, Mr. BOOKER, Mr. WYDEN, Mr. SANDERS, Ms. ROSEN, Mr. DURBIN, and Ms. SMITH) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary:

S. RES. 405

Whereas the Asian American and Native American Pacific Islander-Serving Institutions Program was originally authorized on September 27, 2007, by the College Cost Reduction and Access Act (Public Law 110-84; 121 Stat. 784);

Whereas 2025 marks the 18th anniversary of the establishment of Asian American and Native American Pacific Islander-serving institutions by Congress;

Whereas Asian American and Native American Pacific Islander-serving institutions are degree-granting postsecondary institutions that have an undergraduate enrollment of no less than 10 percent Asian American, Native Hawaiian, and Pacific Islander students;

Whereas the purpose of the Asian American and Native American Pacific Islander-Serving Institutions Program is to improve the availability and quality of postsecondary education programs to serve Asian American, Native Hawaiian, and Pacific Islander students:

Whereas, since 2007, over 280 colleges and universities throughout the United States, including the United States territories in the Pacific, have been eligible for funding as Asian American and Native American Pacific Islander-serving institutions;

Whereas, as of 2025, there are 208 funded and eligible Asian American and Native American Pacific Islander-serving institutions operating in the United States, including the United States territories in the Pacific:

Whereas, as of the 2024-2025 academic year, 69 Asian American and Native American Pacific Islander-serving institutions are or have been funded in the United States, including the United States territories in the Pacific:

Whereas Asian American and Native American Pacific Islander-serving institutions are of critical importance, as they enroll, support, and graduate large proportions of Asian American, Native Hawaiian, and Pacific Islander college students, the majority of whom are from families with low incomes and are first-generation college students:

Whereas Asian American and Native American Pacific Islander-serving institutions comprise only 7.1 percent of all institutions of higher education, yet enroll 46 percent of all Asian American, Native Hawaiian, and Pacific Islander undergraduate students in the United States, including the United States territories in the Pacific:

Whereas Asian American and Native American Pacific Islander-serving institutions employ many Asian American, Native Hawaiian, and Pacific Islander faculty, staff, and administrators:

Whereas Asian American and Native American Pacific Islander-serving institutions award 51 percent of the associate's degrees and 44 percent of the bachelor's degrees attained by all Asian American, Native Hawaiian, and Pacific Islander college students in the United States, including the United States territories in the Pacific;

Whereas more than one-third of funded Asian American and Native American Pacific Islander-serving institutions maintain an Asian American, Native Hawaiian, and Pacific Islander enrollment of over 20 percent:

Whereas Asian American and Native American Pacific Islander-serving institutions play a vital role in preserving the diverse culture, experiences, heritage, and history of Asian Americans, Native Hawaiians, and Pacific Islanders;

Whereas Asian American and Native American Pacific Islander-serving institutions create culturally relevant academic and co-curricular programs, research, and services which increase retention, transfer, and graduation rates, while also enhancing the overall educational experiences of Asian American, Native Hawaiian, and Pacific Islander students;

Whereas celebrating the vast contributions of Asian American and Native American Pacific Islander-serving institutions strengthens the culture of the United States; and

Whereas the achievements and goals of Asian American and Native American Pacific Islander-serving institutions deserve national recognition: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate-

(1) recognizes the achievements and goals of Asian American and Native American Pacific Islander-serving institutions in providing quality educational opportunities to Asian American, Native Hawaiian, and Pacific Islander and other students who attend these institutions;

(2) encourages institutions of higher education that are eligible Asian American and Native American Pacific Islander-serving institutions to obtain funding and establish programs to serve the unique needs of Asian American, Native Hawaiian, and Pacific Islander students, families, and communities;

(3) recognizes the 18th anniversary of the establishment of Asian American and Native American Pacific Islander-serving Institutions Program and expresses support for the designation of "Asian American and Native

American Pacific Islander-Serving Institutions Week''; and

(4) calls on the people of the United States, including the United States territories in the Pacific, and interested groups to observe "Asian American and Native American Pacific Islander-Serving Institutions Week" with appropriate activities, ceremonies, and programs to demonstrate support for Asian American and Native American Pacific Islander-serving institutions.

SENATE RESOLUTION 406—DESIGNATING SEPTEMBER 30, 2025, AS "IMPACT AID RECOGNITION DAY" TO RECOGNIZE AND CELEBRATE THE 75TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE IMPACT AID PROGRAM

Ms. HIRONO (for herself, Mr. Crapo, Ms. Baldwin, Mr. Barrasso, Mr. Blumenthal, Mr. Daines, Mr. Booker, Mr. Lankford, Ms. Duckworth, Ms. Lummis, Mr. Durbin, Mr. Mullin, Mr. Gallego, Mr. Risch, Mrs. Gillibrand, Mr. Thune, Mr. Kaine, Mr. Kelly, Mr. Kim, Ms. Klobuchar, Mr. Luján, Mrs. Murray, Mr. Padilla, Mr. Reed, Mr. Schiff, Ms. Smith, and Mr. Whitehouse) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary:

S. RES. 406

Whereas September 30, 2025, marks the 75th anniversary of the date on which President Harry S. Truman signed the Act of September 30, 1950 (commonly known as the "Impact Aid Act") (64 Stat. 1100; chapter 1124), which established the Impact Aid program;

Whereas the community served by the Impact Aid program considers the Impact Aid program to be the "original" Federal elementary and secondary education program;

Whereas the Impact Aid program is administered by the Secretary of Education;

Whereas the Impact Aid program reimburses local educational agencies for the loss of revenue and other costs associated with the presence of tax-exempt Federal property within the boundaries of those local educational agencies;

Whereas payments under the Impact Aid program are dispersed directly to local educational agencies, which allocate those payments based on local context and needs to provide a quality education to the students served by those local educational agencies:

Whereas, in 2025, more than 600,000 children, including children of individuals in the uniformed services (as defined in section 101 of title 37, United States Code), children residing on Indian lands, children in low-rent public housing, and children of civilians working or living on Federal land, are "federally connected children" who are served by local educational agencies that are eligible for basic support payments under the Impact Aid program:

Whereas, in 2025, there are 4,700,000 acres of federally owned land within the boundaries of local educational agencies for which those local educational agencies are eligible to receive Federal property payments under the Impact Aid program;

Whereas, in fiscal year 2025, \$1,625,151,000 will be provided under the Impact Aid program to approximately 1,100 local educational agencies that together enroll more than 8,000,000 students;

Whereas, in 1965, Congress passed the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 6301 et seq.), which amended