program to explore the use of artificial intelligence in support of the mission of the Commission and to direct the Secretary of Commerce and the Federal Trade Commission to study and report on the use of blockchain technology and tokens, respectively; to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation.

SUBMISSION OF CONCURRENT AND SENATE RESOLUTIONS

The following concurrent resolutions and Senate resolutions were read, and referred (or acted upon), as indicated:

By Mr. GALLEGO:

S. Res. 382. A resolution expressing the sense of the Senate that Ashli Babbitt is disqualified from eligibility for military funeral honors under section 985 of title 10, United States Code; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs

By Mr. BLUMENTHAL (for himself and Mr. ROUNDS):

S. Res. 383. A resolution commemorating the 80th anniversary of the conclusion of World War II with the surrender of Imperial Japan and honoring veterans of both the Pacific and European theaters; considered and agreed to.

ADDITIONAL COSPONSORS

S. 100

At the request of Mr. Tuberville, the name of the Senator from Alabama (Mrs. Britt) was added as a cosponsor of S. 100, a bill to repeal the Corporate Transparency Act.

S. 138

At the request of Mr. Sheehy, the name of the Senator from Georgia (Mr. Ossoff) was added as a cosponsor of S. 138, a bill to require each enterprise to include on the Uniform Residential Loan Application a disclaimer to increase awareness of the direct and guaranteed home loan programs of the Department of Veterans Affairs, and for other purposes.

S. 463

At the request of Mrs. GILLIBRAND, the names of the Senator from Delaware (Mr. Coons) and the Senator from Delaware (Ms. Blunt Rochester) were added as cosponsors of S. 463, a bill to facilitate the implementation of security measures undertaken by the United States Postal Service, and for other purposes.

S. 545

At the request of Ms. CORTEZ MASTO, the name of the Senator from West Virginia (Mr. JUSTICE) was added as a cosponsor of S. 545, a bill to prohibit certain uses of xylazine, and for other purposes.

S. 556

At the request of Mr. Sullivan, the name of the Senator from Pennsylvania (Mr. Fetterman) was added as a cosponsor of S. 556, a bill to impose sanctions with respect to persons engaged in logistical transactions and sanctions evasion relating to oil, gas, liquefied natural gas, and related petrochemical products from the Islamic Republic of Iran, and for other purposes.

S. 739

At the request of Mrs. GILLIBRAND, the names of the Senator from Massachusetts (Mr. Markey), the Senator from Maryland (Mr. Van Hollen), the Senator from Maryland (Ms. Alsobrooks) and the Senator from Maine (Mr. King) were added as cosponsors of S. 739, a bill to amend title XXXIII of the Public Health Service Act with respect to flexibility and funding for the World Trade Center Health Program.

S. 1151

At the request of Mr. GRASSLEY, the name of the Senator from Tennessee (Mr. HAGERTY) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1151, a bill to expand the use of E-Verify to hold employers accountable, and for other purposes.

S. 1212

At the request of Mr. Welch, the name of the Senator from New Mexico (Mr. Heinrich) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1212, a bill to amend the Federal Meat Inspection Act to exempt certain owners of livestock from inspection requirements, and for other purposes.

S. 1247

At the request of Mr. SCHMITT, the name of the Senator from Indiana (Mr. BANKS) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1247, a bill to ensure the ability of public safety officers to retain their right to free speech on matters related to public safety, working conditions, and other matters.

S. 1330

At the request of Mr. Blumenthal, the name of the Senator from Indiana (Mr. Banks) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1330, a bill to advance research to achieve medical breakthroughs in brain tumor treatment and improve awareness and adequacy of specialized cancer and brain tumor care.

S. 1370

At the request of Mr. Heinrich, the name of the Senator from New Jersey (Mr. Booker) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1370, a bill to amend title 18, United States Code, to restrict the possession of certain firearms, and for other purposes.

S. 1404

At the request of Ms. CORTEZ MASTO, the name of the Senator from New Mexico (Mr. LUJÁN) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1404, a bill to combat organized crime involving the illegal acquisition of retail goods and cargo for the purpose of selling those illegally obtained goods through physical and online retail marketplaces.

S. 1593

At the request of Mr. Markey, the name of the Senator from New Mexico (Mr. Luján) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1593, a bill to exempt small business concerns from duties imposed pursuant to the national emergency declared on April 2, 2025, by the President.

S. 1726

At the request of Mr. Tuberville, the name of the Senator from Indiana

(Mr. Banks) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1726, a bill to amend title 38, United States Code, to clarify that the Department of Veterans Affairs definition of "medical services" includes medically necessary automobile adaptations, and for other purposes.

S. 1763

At the request of Mr. Young, the name of the Senator from Florida (Mrs. Moody) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1763, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to make permanent the 7-year recovery period for motor-sports entertainment complexes.

S. 2365

At the request of Mr. Lankford, the name of the Senator from Indiana (Mr. Banks) was added as a cosponsor of S. 2365, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to make the credit for small employer pension plan startup costs and the retirement auto-encollment credit available to tax-exempt eligible small employers.

S. 2690

At the request of Mrs. Moody, the name of the Senator from Oklahoma (Mr. Lankford) was added as a cosponsor of S. 2690, a bill to amend title 49, United States Code, to require that commercial driver's licenses be restricted to United States citizens, lawful permanent residents, and individuals authorized by U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services to engage in employment in the United States that includes driving a commercial motor vehicle, and for other purposes.

S. 2721

At the request of Mr. Lankford, the name of the Senator from Missouri (Mr. Hawley) was added as a cosponsor of S. 2721, a bill to provide for a period of continuing appropriations in the event of a lapse in appropriations under the normal appropriations process, to establish procedures and consequences in the event of a failure to enact appropriations, and for other purposes.

S. 2742

At the request of Mr. Lee, the name of the Senator from Texas (Mr. CRUZ) was added as a cosponsor of S. 2742, a bill to amend the Clean Air Act to prohibit the reallocation of applicable volumes for small refineries under the Renewable Fuel Standard, and for other purposes.

AMENDMENT NO. 3210

At the request of Ms. Duckworth, the name of the Senator from New York (Mrs. Gillibrand) was added as a cosponsor of amendment No. 3210 intended to be proposed to S. 2296, an original bill to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes.

AMENDMENT NO. 3287

At the request of Mr. Moran, the names of the Senator from New Hampshire (Ms. HASSAN) and the Senator

from Arizona (Mr. Kelly) were added as cosponsors of amendment No. 3287 intended to be proposed to S. 2296, an original bill to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes.

AMENDMENT NO. 3592

At the request of Mr. Welch, the name of the Senator from California (Mr. Padilla) was added as a cosponsor of amendment No. 3592 intended to be proposed to S. 2296, an original bill to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes.

AMENDMENT NO. 3773

At the request of Mr. Durbin, the name of the Senator from Maryland (Mr. Van Hollen) was added as a cosponsor of amendment No. 3773 intended to be proposed to S. 2296, an original bill to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes.

AMENDMENT NO. 3810

At the request of Mr. ROUNDS, the name of the Senator from Wyoming (Ms. LUMMIS) was added as a cosponsor of amendment No. 3810 intended to be proposed to S. 2296, an original bill to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes.

STATEMENTS ON INTRODUCED BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

By Mr. DURBIN (for himself, Mr. CRAMER, Mr. WELCH, Ms. COL-LINS, Mr. COONS, Mr. MARSHALL, Mr. KELLY, Mr. YOUNG, Mr. PADILLA, and Mr. ROUNDS):

S. 2759. A bill to enhance our Nation's nurse and physician workforce by recapturing unused immigrant visas; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. DURBIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the text of the bill be printed in the RECORD.

There being no objection, the text of the bill was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

S. 2759

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled.

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Healthcare Workforce Resilience Act".

SEC. 2. RECAPTURING UNUSED IMMIGRANT VISAS FOR PROFESSIONAL NURSES AND PHYSICIANS.

Section 106(d) of the American Competitiveness in the Twenty-first Century Act of 2000 (title I of Public Law 106–313; 8 U.S.C. 1153 note) is amended to read as follows:

''(d) RECAPTURE OF UNUSED EMPLOYMENT-BASED IMMIGRANT VISAS.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2), and notwithstanding any other provision of law, the number of employment-based visas made available under section 203(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1153(b)) shall be increased by the number calculated under paragraph (3).

"(2) Limitations.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Visas may only be made available under this subsection for up to 40,000 employment-based immigrants (and their family members accompanying or following to join under section 203(d) of such Act (8 U.S.C. 1153(d))) whose immigrant worker petitions are filed not later than 3 years after the date of the enactment of the Healthcare Workforce Resilience Act.

"(B) RESERVATIONS.—Of the visas authorized under subparagraph (A)—

 $\text{``(i)}\ 25,000 \text{ shall be reserved for professional nurses: and}$

"(ii) 15,000 shall be reserved for physicians. "(C) EXEMPTION FROM COUNTRY CAPS.—

Visas made available under this subsection— "(i) shall not be subject to the per country numerical limitation set forth in section 202(a)(2) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1152(a)(2)); and

"(ii) shall be issued in order of the priority date assigned at the time the visa petition was filed.

"(D) ADDITIONAL LIMITATION.—Visas may only be made available under this subsection to a beneficiary and such beneficiary's dependents if visas are not otherwise immediately available to such individuals pursuant to the worldwide and per country allocations set forth in sections 202(a)(2) and 203(b) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1152(a)(2) and 1153(b)).

"(3) NUMBER AVAILABLE.—

"(A) UNUSED VISAS.—Subject to subparagraph (B), the number calculated under this paragraph is the difference between—

"(i) the total number of employment-based visas that were made available for fiscal years 1992 through 2024; and

"(ii) the total number of such visas that were used in such fiscal years.

"(B) REDUCTION AND LIMITATION.—The number described in subparagraph (A) shall be reduced, for each fiscal year following the fiscal year during which the Healthcare Workforce Resilience Act is enacted, by the cumulative number of immigrant visas used pursuant to paragraph (1).

"(C) FAMILY MEMBERS.-

"(i) IN GENERAL.—Family members described in section 203(d) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1153(d)) who are accompanying or following to join a principal beneficiary seeking admission under this subsection shall be entitled to an unreserved visa in the same status and in the same order of consideration as such principal beneficiary.

"(ii) EXEMPT FROM SKILL-BASED NUMERICAL LIMITATION.—Visas described in clause (i)—

"(I) shall be made available from the pool of recaptured unused immigrant visas calculated under subparagraph (A); and

"(II) shall not be counted against the total number of immigrant visas reserved for professional nurses and physicians under paragraph (2).

"(D) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this paragraph may be construed as affecting the application of section 201(c)(3)(C) of the

Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1151(c)(3)(C)).

"(4) Premium processing; expedited processing.—

"(A) PREMIUM PROCESSING.—The Secretary of Homeland Security, in conjunction with the Secretary of State, shall provide premium processing procedures, as provided for under section 286(u) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1356(u)), for reviewing and acting upon petitions and applications for immigrants described in paragraph (2). Notwithstanding such section, U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services may not charge a premium fee for such services.

"(B) SHIPPING PETITIONS.—The Director of U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services shall expedite the shipping of each petition described in subparagraph (A) requiring consular processing to the Department of State immediately after—

"(i) the completed petition has been resolved; and

"(ii) the petitioner has replied to any request from U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services for additional evidence.

"(C) EXPEDITED PROCESSING.—The Secretary of State shall expedite the processing of applications for immigrants described in paragraph (2) after receiving a petition on behalf of such immigrants from U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services.

"(5) LABOR ATTESTATION.—Before an immigrant visa reserved under paragraph (2)(B)(i) is issued to an alien, the petitioner shall attest, in the job offer letter presented by the alien to a consular officer during the consular interview or to the Department of Homeland Security as an application for an adjustment of status, that the hiring of the alien has not displaced and will not displace a United States worker."

SUBMITTED RESOLUTIONS

SENATE RESOLUTION 382—EX-PRESSING THE SENSE OF THE SENATE THAT ASHLI BABBITT IS DISQUALIFIED FROM ELIGI-BILITY FOR MILITARY FUNERAL HONORS UNDER SECTION 985 OF TITLE 10, UNITED STATES CODE

Mr. GALLEGO submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs:

S. RES. 382

Whereas Ashli Babbitt, an Air Force veteran, died on January 6, 2021, while illegally attempting to breach the United States Capitol during the violent insurrection intended to overturn the certification of the 2020 Presidential election:

Whereas law enforcement officers responded courageously to defend the Capitol, risking and, in some cases, sacrificing their lives to uphold democratic institutions;

Whereas United States Capitol Police repeatedly ordered Ashli Babbitt, who was carrying a weapon, and other insurrectionists to step back from the locked and barricaded door leading to the House Speaker's Lobby, but the mob continued pressing forward, pounding on the door until its glass shattered;

Whereas Ashli Babbitt then attempted to force her way inside by climbing through the door's broken window, where a Capitol Police Officer intervened to protect dozens of House members and staff cornered nearby;

Whereas military funeral honors are a solemn recognition reserved for those who both served in uniform and upheld their oath to support and defend the Constitution of the United States;