the 1980 Winter Olympics where, being comprised of amateur collegiate players, they defeated the dominant Soviet hockey team in the historic "Miracle on Ice", revitalizing American morale at the height of the Cold War, inspiring generations and transforming the sport of hockey in the United States.

There being no objection, the committee was discharged, and the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

Mr. MORAN. Mr. President, based upon that, I ask unanimous consent that the Cramer substitute amendment at the desk be considered and agreed to; that the bill, as amended, be considered read a third time and passed; and that the motion to reconsider be considered made and laid upon the table.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The amendment (No. 3828) in the nature of a substitute was agreed to as follows:

(Purpose: In the nature of a substitute)
Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Miracle on Ice Congressional Gold Medal Act".

SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

Congress finds the following:

- (1) The United States Olympic Men's Ice Hockey Team competed at the 1980 Winter Olympics, officially the XIII Olympic Winter Games and known as the 1980 Lake Placid games, from February 13 to 24, 1980, in Lake Placid, New York.
- (2) Team USA, comprised of collegiate players, defeated the defending Olympic champion the Soviet Union 4-3 on February 22, 1980, in the final round of the 1980 Winter Olympics men's ice hockey tournament.
- (3) The 1980 United States Olympic Men's Ice Hockey Team roster included—
- (A) Bill Baker (Grand Rapids, Minnesota);
- (B) Neal Broten (Roseau, Minnesota);
- (C) Dave Christian (Warroad, Minnesota);
- (D) Steve Christoff (Richfield, Minnesota); (E) Jim Craig (North Easton, Massachu-
- setts);
 (E) Mike Erwsione (Winthrop Messachu-
- (F) Mike Eruzione (Winthrop, Massachusetts);
- (G) John Harrington (Virginia, Minnesota); (H) Steve Janaszak (Saint Paul, Minnesota);
- (I) Mark Johnson (Madison, Wisconsin);
- (J) Rob McClanahan (Saint Paul, Minnesota):
- (K) Ken Morrow (Flint, Michigan);
- (L) Jack O'Callahan (Charlestown, Massachusetts);
- (M) Mark Pavelich (Eveleth, Minnesota);
- (N) Mike Ramsey (Minneapolis, Minnesota):
- (O) Buzz Schneider (Grand Rapids, Minnesota);
 - (P) Dave Silk (Scituate, Massachusetts):
 - (Q) Eric Strobel (Rochester, Minnesota);
- (R) Bob Suter (Madison, Wisconsin);(S) Mark Wells (St. Clair Shores, Michi-
- gan); and (T) Phil Verchota (Duluth, Minnesota).
- (4) The "Miracle on Ice" United States and Soviet Union final round game aired on tape delay on Feb 22, 1980, from Lake Placid and drew 34,200,000 average viewers. The match is remembered as a "miracle" as collegiate ice hockey players defied expectations in defeating a Soviet team that won 4 consecutive gold medals dating back to 1964.
- (5) Team USA defeated Finland 4-2 in its final game to win the gold medal, its first gold medal since 1960 in men's ice hockey.
- (6) Herb Brooks, the last player cut from the 1960 United States Olympic Men's Ice

Hockey Team that won gold at Squaw Valley, guided the 1980 team to its historic gold medal. Known as a motivator, Brooks molded a team built around hard work, belief in oneself, and belief in teammates. He reminded his team when they played the Soviets, "you were born to be hockey players, everyone one of you . . . and you were meant to be here".

- (7) The tournament occurred at a time when the United States was struggling with rampant stagflation, high gas prices, hostages held in Iran, and increased tensions with the Soviet Union whose invasion of Afghanistan led to the boycott of the 1980 Summer Olympics.
- (8) The Miracle on Ice was a turning point for ice hockey in the United States. The game was named the greatest sports moment of the 20th century by Sports Illustrated.
- (9) The historic win brought ice hockey to the front-page of newspapers everywhere, and forever opened the door to the National Hockey League for players born in the United States. The impact of the event was far-reaching and is still being felt today.
- (10) Since 1980, interest in the United States in the sport of ice hockey has increased exponentially. Registrations with USA Hockey have increased by nearly 400 percent since 1980 from 136,000 to over 564,000, and the number of National Hockey League players from the United States has increased from 72 in 1980 to 245 in 2024.

SEC. 3. CONGRESSIONAL GOLD MEDALS.

- (a) AWARD AUTHORIZED.—The Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President pro tempore of the Senate shall make appropriate arrangements for the award, on behalf of Congress, of 3 gold medals of appropriate design to the members of the 1980 United States Olympic Men's Ice Hockey Team, in recognition of their extraordinary achievement at the XIII Olympic Winter Games where, being comprised of amateur collegiate players, they defeated the dominant Soviet hockey team in the historic "Miracle on Ice", revitalizing morale in the United States at the height of the Cold War. inspiring generations, and transforming the sport of ice hockey in the United States.
- (b) DESIGN AND STRIKING.—For the purposes of the award referred to in subsection (a), the Secretary of the Treasury (referred to in this Act as the "Secretary") shall strike gold medals with suitable emblems, devices, and inscriptions to be determined by the Secretary.
- (c) DISPOSITION OF MEDALS.—Following the award of the gold medals under subsection (a)—
- (1) one gold medal shall be given to the Lake Placid Olympic Center in Lake Placid, New York, where it shall be displayed and made available for research, as appropriate;
- (2) one gold medal shall be given to the United States Hockey Hall of Fame Museum in Eveleth, Minnesota, where it shall be displayed and made available for research, as appropriate; and
- (3) one gold medal shall be given to the United States Olympic & Paralympic Museum in Colorado Springs, Colorado, where it shall be displayed and made available for research, as appropriate.

SEC. 4. DUPLICATE MEDALS.

The Secretary may strike and sell duplicates in bronze of the gold medals struck under section 3, at a price sufficient to cover the costs thereof, including labor, materials, dies, use of machinery, and overhead expenses.

SEC. 5. STATUS OF MEDALS.

(a) NATIONAL MEDALS.—Medals struck under this Act are national medals for purposes of chapter 51 of title 31, United States Code

(b) NUMISMATIC ITEMS.—For purposes of sections 5134 and 5136 of title 31, United States Code, all medals struck under this Act shall be considered to be numismatic items.

SEC. 6. AUTHORITY TO USE FUND AMOUNTS; PROCEEDS OF SALE.

- (a) AUTHORITY TO USE FUND AMOUNTS.— There is authorized to be charged against the United States Mint Public Enterprise Fund such amounts as may be necessary to pay for the costs of the medals struck under this Act.
- (b) PROCEEDS OF SALE.—Amounts received from the sale of duplicate bronze medals authorized under section 4 shall be deposited into the United States Mint Public Enterprise Fund.

The amendment was ordered to be engrossed and the bill to be read a third a time.

The bill was read the third time.

The bill (H.R. 452), as amended, was passed.

UNANIMOUS CONSENT AGREE-MENT—EXECUTIVE CALENDAR

Mr. MORAN. Mr. President, as if in executive session, I ask unanimous consent that the following nominations be returned to committee: Calendar Nos. 176, 183, 257, 258, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, and 321.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

ORDERS FOR TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 2025

Mr. MORAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that when the Senate completes its business today, it stand adjourned until 10 a.m. on Tuesday, September 9; that following the prayer and pledge, the Journal of proceedings be approved to date, the morning hour be deemed expired, the time for the two leaders be reserved for their use later in the day, morning business be closed, and the Senate proceed to executive session to resume consideration of Calendar No. 262, Maria Lanahan, and notwithstanding rule XXII, at 11:45 a.m., the Senate execute the order of September 3 with respect to the Lanahan nomination; further, following the cloture vote on Calendar No. 269, Robert Law, the Senate recess until 2:15 p.m. to allow for the weekly conference meetings, and at 2:15 p.m., the Senate vote on confirmation of the Law nomination followed by cloture on Calendar No. 293, Kyle Dudek; and, finally, if any nominations are confirmed during Tuesday's session of the Senate, the motions to reconsider be considered made and laid upon the table and the President be immediately notified of the Senate's action.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

UNANIMOUS CONSENT AGREE-MENT—EXECUTIVE CALENDAR

Mr. MORAN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to vitiate the order with respect to the 10 U.S. attorneys agreed to just moments ago.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

UNANIMOUS CONSENT REQUEST— WATERMAN NOMINATION

Mr. MORAN. Mr. President, as if in executive session, I ask consent to move to proceed to Executive Calendar No. 176 and make a point of order that the nomination was not properly reported.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The point of order is sustained. The nomination will be returned to committee.

UNANIMOUS CONSENT REQUEST— PARSONS NOMINATION

Mr. MORAN. Mr. President, as if in executive session, I ask consent to move to proceed to Executive Calendar No. 183, and I make a point of order that the nomination was not properly reported.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The point of order is sustained, and the nomination will be returned to committee.

UNANIMOUS CONSENT REQUEST— METCALF NOMINATION

Mr. MORAN. Mr. President, as if in executive session, I ask consent to move to proceed to Executive Calendar No. 257, and I make a point of order that the nomination was not properly reported.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The point of order is sustained, and the nomination will be returned to committee.

UNANIMOUS CONSENT REQUEST— DAVIS NOMINATION

Mr. MORAN. Mr. President, as if in executive session, I ask consent to move to proceed to Executive Calendar No. 258, and I make a point of order that the nomination was not properly reported.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The point of order is sustained, and the

nomination will be returned to committee.

UNANIMOUS CONSENT REQUEST— ALME NOMINATION

Mr. MORAN. Mr. President, as if in executive session, I ask consent to move to proceed to Executive Calendar No. 316, and I make a point of order that the nomination was not properly reported.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The point of order is sustained, and the nomination will be returned to committee.

UNANIMOUS CONSENT REQUEST— CHASE NOMINATION

Mr. MORAN. Again, Mr. President, as if in executive session, I ask consent to move to proceed to Executive Calendar No. 317, and I make a point of order that the nomination was not properly reported.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The point of order is sustained, and the nomination will be returned to committee.

UNANIMOUS CONSENT REQUEST— MURPHY NOMINATION

Mr. MORAN. Mr. President, as if in executive session, I ask consent to move to proceed to Executive Calendar No. 318, and I make a point of order that the nomination was not properly reported.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The point of order is sustained, and the nomination will be returned to committee.

UNANIMOUS CONSENT REQUEST— ROSEN NOMINATION

Mr. MORAN. Mr. President, as if in executive session, I ask consent to move to proceed to Executive Calendar No. 319, and I make a point of order that the nomination was not properly reported.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The point of order is sustained, and the

nomination will be returned to committee.

UNANIMOUS CONSENT REQUEST— SIEBERT NOMINATION

Mr. MORAN. Mr. President, as if in executive session, I ask consent to move to proceed to Executive Calendar No. 320, and I make a point of order that the nomination was not properly reported.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The point of order is sustained, and the nomination will be returned to committee.

$\begin{array}{c} {\tt UNANIMOUS} \ {\tt CONSENT} \ {\tt REQUEST-} \\ {\tt WALL} \ {\tt NOMINATION} \end{array}$

Mr. MORAN. Mr. President, as if in executive session, I ask consent to move to proceed to Executive Calendar No. 321, and I make a point of order that the nomination was not properly reported.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The point of order is sustained. The nomination will be returned to committee.

Mr. MORAN. For the information of all Senators, there are two votes at 11:45 a.m., two votes at 2:15 p.m., and further votes are expected later in the day.

ADJOURNMENT UNTIL 10 A.M. TOMORROW

Mr. MORAN. Mr. President, if there is no further business to come before the Senate, I ask that it stand adjourned under the previous order.

There being no objection, the Senate, at 7:14 p.m., adjourned until Tuesday, September 9, 2025, at 10 a.m.

CONFIRMATION

Executive nomination confirmed by the Senate September 8, 2025:

THE JUDICIARY

EDWARD L. ARTAU, OF FLORIDA, TO BE UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF FLORIDA.