to the bill S. 2296, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 3737. Mr. HAWLEY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 3738. Mr. HAWLEY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 3739. Mr. LANKFORD submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 3740. Mr. DAINES submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 3741. Mr. DAINES submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 3742. Mr. CRUZ (for himself, Ms. CANT-WELL, Mr. SULLIVAN, and Ms. BALDWIN) sub-mitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 3743. Mr. VAN HOLLEN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 3744. Mr. VAN HOLLEN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 3745. Mrs. SHAHEEN (for herself and Ms. HASSAN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2296, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table

SA 3746. Mr. LUJÁN (for himself and Mr. HEINRICH) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 3747. Mr. DAINES submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 3748. Mr. WICKER (for himself and Mr. REED) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 3749. Mr. HAWLEY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

#### TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA 3686. Mr. WICKER (for himself and Mr. REED) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

## DIVISION E—ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS TITLE LII—RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST. AND EVALUATION

#### Subtitle B—Program Requirements, Restrictions, and Limitations

## SEC. 5211. AVOIDING DUPLICATION OF HYPERSONIC TESTING EFFORTS.

To the maximum extent practicable, the Secretary of Defense shall use existing hypersonic testing facilities or hypersonic testing facilities currently undergoing refurbishment, including those owned by other departments and agencies, for testing related to the development of hypersonic systems.

#### Subtitle C—Plans, Reports, and Other Matters

## SEC. 5221. EVALUATION OF ADDITIONAL TEST CORRIDORS FOR HYPERSONIC AND LONG-RANGE WEAPONS.

The text of section 223 is hereby deemed to read as follows:

#### "SEC. 5223. EVALUATION OF ADDITIONAL TEST CORRIDORS FOR HYPERSONIC AND LONG-RANGE WEAPONS.

"(a) EVALUATION REQUIRED.—To assess impact effectiveness and increase the cadence of testing and training for long-range and hypersonic systems, the Secretary of Defense shall, acting through the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering and the Director of the Test Resource Management Center and in consultation with requirements owners of long-range and hypersonic systems of the Armed Forces, evaluate—

"(1) the comparative advantages of episodic and permanent special activity airspace designated by the Federal Aviation Administration for use by the Department of Defense suitable for the test and training of long-range and hypersonic systems;

"(2) requirements for continental test ranges, including—

"(A) attributes, including live, virtual, and constructive canabilities:

"(B) scheduling and availability;

"(C) safety;

"(D) end strength;

"(E) facilities, infrastructure, radar, and related systems:

"(F) launch locations including-

"(i) Bearpaw Air Traffic Control Assigned Airspace, Montana:

"(ii) Mountain Home Range Complex, Idaho;

"(iii) Fallon Range Training Complex, Ne-

"(iv) Utah Test and Training Range, Utah; "(v) Nevada Test and Training Range, Nevada:

"(vi) Green River Test Complex, Utah; and "(vii) White Sands Missile Range, New

Mexico; "(G) impact areas within the White Sands Missile Range, New Mexico; and

"(H) such other characteristics as the Secretary considers appropriate; and

"(3) potential enhancements to existing National Aeronautics and Space Administration facilities needed to enable use of these facilities by the Department of Defense for testing and research of hypersonic systems.

"(b) BRIEFING.—Not later than December 1, 2026, the Secretary shall provide to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives a briefing on the findings of the Secretary with respect to the evaluation conducted pursuant to subsection (a), including an assessment of the completion date.

"(c) Definitions.—In this section:

"(1) The term 'impact area' means the point at which a test terminates.

"(2) The term 'launch location' means the point from which a test is initiated.".

### TITLE LIII—OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

#### Subtitle D-Reports

## SEC. 5331. REPORT ON ADOPTION OF GRAPHITE OXIDE-BASED FIREFIGHTING FOAMS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than February 1, 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the progress and strategy of the Department of Defense for accelerating adoption of graphite oxide-based firefighting foams.

- (b) ELEMENTS.—The report required by subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) A summary of current testing, evaluation, and certification efforts for graphite oxide-based firefighting foams, including performance data and environmental assessments.
- (2) An identification of any remaining technical, regulatory, or logistical barriers to full-scale adoption of such foams, along with proposed mitigation strategies.

(3) A timeline for the phased replacement throughout the Department of firefighting foams containing perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances with graphite oxide-based alternatives.

(4) A description of interagency coordination and partnerships with industry and academia to ensure such foams meet relevant safety, operational, and environmental standards for military use.

### TITLE LVI—COMPENSATION AND OTHER MATTERS

#### Subtitle B—Special and Incentive Pay SEC. 5611. ONE-YEAR EXTENSION OF CERTAIN EX-PIRING BONUS AND SPECIAL PAY AUTHORITIES.

- (a) AUTHORITIES RELATING TO RESERVE FORCES.—Section 910(g) of title 37, United States Code, relating to income replacement payments for reserve component members experiencing extended and frequent mobilization for active duty service, is amended by striking "December 31, 2025" and inserting "December 31, 2026".
- (b) TITLE 10 AUTHORITIES RELATING TO HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS.—The following sections of title 10, United States Code, are amended by striking "December 31, 2025" and inserting "December 31, 2026":
- (1) Section 2130a(a)(1), relating to nurse officer candidate accession program.
- (2) Section 16302(d), relating to repayment of education loans for certain health professionals who serve in the Selected Reserve.
- (c) AUTHORITIES RELATING TO NUCLEAR OF-FICERS.—Section 333(i) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking "December 31, 2025" and inserting "December 31, 2008"
- (d) AUTHORITIES RELATING TO TITLE 37 CONSOLIDATED SPECIAL PAY, INCENTIVE PAY, AND BONUS AUTHORITIES.—The following sections of title 37, United States Code, are amended by striking "December 31, 2025" and inserting "December 31, 2026":
- (1) Section 331(h), relating to general bonus authority for enlisted members.
- (2) Section 332(g), relating to general bonus authority for officers
- (3) Section 334(i), relating to special aviation incentive pay and bonus authorities for officers.
- (4) Section 335(k), relating to special bonus and incentive pay authorities for officers in health professions.
- (5) Section 336(g), relating to contracting bonus for cadets and midshipmen enrolled in the Senior Reserve Officers' Training Corps.
- (6) Section 351(h), relating to hazardous duty pay.
- (7) Section 352(g), relating to assignment pay or special duty pay.
- (8) Section 353(i), relating to skill incentive pay or proficiency bonus.
- (9) Section 355(h), relating to retention incentives for members qualified in critical military skills or assigned to high priority units.
- (e) AUTHORITY TO PROVIDE TEMPORARY INCREASE IN RATES OF BASIC ALLOWANCE FOR HOUSING.—Section 403(b) of title 37, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in paragraph (7)(E), relating to an area covered by a major disaster declaration or containing an installation experiencing an influx of military personnel, by striking

"December 31, 2025" and inserting "December 31, 2026"; and

(2) in paragraph (8)(C), relating to an area where actual housing costs differ from current rates by more than 20 percent, by striking "December 31, 2025" and inserting "December 31, 2026".

#### Subtitle C—Other Matters

#### SEC. 5621. PILOT PROGRAM TO PROVIDE COU-PONS TO JUNIOR ENLISTED MEM-BERS TO PURCHASE FOOD AT COM-MISSARIES.

- (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—
- (1) members of the Armed Forces and their families deserve access to affordable and healthy food options, including during their duty day;
- (2) there has been increased awareness about the challenges members and their families face in accessing affordable and healthy food options;
- (3) those challenges have been especially acute for unaccompanied junior enlisted members who live in government-provided quarters on military installations; and
- (4) the Department of Defense should explore a variety of proposals for expanding the accessibility of healthy and affordable food options to members, especially members who live in unaccompanied housing on military installations.
  - (b) PILOT PROGRAM.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense may conduct a pilot program to assess the efficacy of providing junior enlisted members of the Armed Forces a monthly coupon for use in procuring food at commissaries.
  - (2) SELECTION OF INSTALLATIONS.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may conduct the pilot program authorized by paragraph (1) at 2 military installations.
- (B) CONSIDERATIONS.—In selecting installations for the pilot program authorized by paragraph (1), the Secretary shall consider installations with—
- (i) large numbers of enlisted members who live in unaccompanied housing;
- (ii) the largest ratios of enlisted members to commissioned officers;
- (iii) unaccompanied housing that provides access to functioning kitchens that residents may use to prepare meals;
- (iv) commissaries that are experimenting with or expanding their selection of nutritious and minimally processed ready-made and easy-to-make food options;
- (v) low rates of attendance at dining facilities;
- (vi) low customer satisfaction ratings for dining facilities, including installations with complaints about dining facilities submitted through the Interactive Customer Evaluation system of the Department of Defense; and
- (vii) commissaries located within easily accessible distances from unaccompanied housing.
  - (3) Coupons.—
- (A) AMOUNT.—The Secretary may determine the amount of the coupons to be provided under the pilot program authorized by paragraph (1).
  - (B) USE.-
- (i) IN GENERAL.—A coupon provided under the pilot program authorized by paragraph (1) may be used only to purchase food at commissaries.
- (ii) EXCLUSIONS.—A coupon provided under the pilot program authorized by paragraph (1) may not be used—
- (I) to purchase alcoholic beverages or to-bacco; or
- (II) to pay any deposit fee in excess of the amount of the State fee reimbursement (if any) required to purchase any food or food product contained in a returnable bottle or

- can, without regard to whether the fee is included in the shelf price posted for the food or food product.
- (C) SUPPLEMENT TO OTHER FOOD ASSIST-ANCE.—A coupon provided to a member under the pilot program authorized by paragraph (1) shall be supplement and not supplant—
- (i) the basic allowance for subsistence under section 402 of title 37, United States Code; and
- (ii) any program to provide meals or rations in kind for which the member is eligible.
- (4) DURATION OF PILOT PROGRAM.—The pilot program authorized by paragraph (1) shall terminate not later than one year after the pilot program commences.
- (5) Report required.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the termination under paragraph (4) of the pilot program authorized by paragraph (1), the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report detailing the results of the pilot program.
- (B) ELEMENTS.—The report required by subparagraph (A) shall include an assessment of the following:
- (i) The use of coupons by members who received coupons under the pilot program.
- (ii) The satisfaction of and feedback from such members relating to the coupons.
- (iii) The impact of providing the coupons on—
- (I) the rates at which such members used commissaries; and
- (II) the rates at which such members used dining facilities on their installations.
- (iv) Historical rates of use of dining facilities on installations and historical customer satisfaction metrics for such facilities, including the number of complaints with respect to such facilities submitted through the Interactive Customer Evaluation system
- (v) The efficacy of the pilot program in—

of the Department of Defense.

- (I) reducing food insecurity rates among junior enlisted members:
- (II) increasing the availability of nutritious food options for such members at commissaries; and
- (III) increasing the availability of nutritious food options for such members generally, including such members living in unaccompanied housing.
  - (c) Definitions.—In this section:
- (1) COUPON.—The term "coupon" means a voucher or monetary benefit for a member of the Armed Forces that may be used only at a commissary for the purchase of food.
- (2) FOOD.—The term "food" means any food or food product intended for home consumption, including a ready-made food item.

## TITLE LVII—HEALTH CARE PROVISIONS Subtitle C—Reports and Other Matters

#### SEC. 5721. BRIEFING ON USE OF OTHER TRANS-ACTION AGREEMENTS FOR DEVEL-OPMENT OF MEDICAL PROTOTYPES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on how the use of other transaction agreements can expedite development of medical prototypes for assessment by end-user communities to address capability gaps in medical research by leveraging subject matter expertise, infrastructure, and resources to include developing, testing, and fielding prototype technologies and solutions for the military health system.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The briefing required under subsection (a) shall include an update on the following:
- (1) Current medical research and development efforts to support the health and readiness of members of the Armed Forces.

- (2) Efforts of the Department of Defense to establish partnerships with small businesses, academic institutions, and industry to facilitate the advancement of medical concepts and prototypes to protect, treat, and optimize health, performance, and survivability of members of the Armed Forces.
- (3) How the Department is addressing critical gaps in combat casualty care, including trauma care delivery, musculoskeletal injury, and wound management.

#### SEC. 5722. REPORT ON INTEGRATION OF LIFE-STYLE AND PERFORMANCE MEDI-CINE AND BEHAVIORS TO SUPPORT HEALTH AND MILITARY READINESS.

Not later than December 1, 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report containing recommendations on how to integrate lifestyle and performance medicine and behaviors (such as diet, exercise, and sleep) throughout the Department of Defense to support the health and military readiness of members of the Armed Forces.

#### SEC. 5723. EVALUATION OF CERTAIN RESEARCH RELATED TO MENOPAUSE, PERIMENOPAUSE, OR MID-LIFE WOMEN'S HEALTH.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense, in coordination with Secretary of Veterans Affairs, shall evaluate—
- (1) the results of completed research related to menopause, perimenopause, or midlife women's health among women who are members of the uniformed services or veterans;
- (2) the status of such research that is ongoing;
- (3) any gaps in knowledge and research on—
- (A) treatments for menopause-related symptoms, including hormone and non-hormone treatments;
- (B) the safety and effectiveness of treatments for menopause-related symptoms:
- (C) the relation of service in the uniformed services to perimenopause and menopause and the impact of such service on perimenopause and menopause; and
- (D) the impact of perimenopause and menopause on the mental health of women who are members of the uniformed services or veterans;
- (4) the availability of and uptake of professional training resources for covered providers relating to mid-life women's health with respect to the care, treatment, and management of perimenopause and menopausal symptoms, and related support services; and
- (5) the availability of and uptake of treatments for women who are members of the uniformed services or veterans who are experiencing perimenopause or menopause.
- (b) REPORT; STRATEGIC PLAN.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Veterans Affairs shall each submit to Congress a report containing—
- (1) the findings of the evaluation conducted under subsection (a):
- (2) recommendations for improving professional training resources described in subsection (a)(4) for covered providers; and
- (3) a strategic plan that—
- (A) resolves the gaps in knowledge and research identified in the report; and
- (B) identifies topics in need of further research relating to potential treatments for menopause-related symptoms of women who are members of the uniformed services or veterans.
- (c) Nonduplication and Supplementation of Efforts.—In carrying out activities under this section, the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Veterans Affairs shall

ensure that such activities minimize duplication and supplement, not supplant, existing information-sharing efforts of the Department of Health and Human Services.

- (d) Sense of Congress on Additional Research Related to Menopause, Perimenopause, or Mid-life Women's Health.—It is the sense of Congress that the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Veterans Affairs should each conduct research related to menopause, perimenopause, or mid-life health regarding women who are members of the uniformed services or veterans.
  - (e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) COVERED PROVIDER.—The term "covered provider" means a health care provider employed by the Department of Defense or the Department of Veterans Affairs.
- (2) MENOPAUSE.—The term"menopause" means the stage of a woman's life—
- (A) when menstrual periods stop permanently and she can no longer get pregnant;
   and
- (B) that is not a disease state, but a normal part of aging for women.
- (3) MID-LIFE.—The term "mid-life" means a life stage that—
- (A) coincides with the menopausal transition in women, which may be physical or emotional;
- (B) encompasses the late reproductive age, which can begin at approximately 35 years of age, to the late postmenopausal stages of reproductive aging, which can extend to approximately 65 years of age; and
- (C) often marks the onset of many chronic diseases.
- (4) PERIMENOPAUSE.—The term "perimenopause" means the time during a woman's life when levels of the hormone estrogen fall unevenly in a woman's body and is also called the menopausal transition.
- (5) POSTMENOPAUSAL.—The term "postmenopausal" means the stage of a woman's life after a woman has been without a menstrual period for 12 months that lasts for the rest of a woman's life and reflects a time when women are at increased risk for osteoporosis and heart disease.

## TITLE LVIII—ACQUISITION POLICY, ACQUISITION MANAGEMENT, AND RELATED MATTERS

#### Subtitle E—Other Matters

SEC. 5861. REPEALS OF EXISTING LAWS TO STREAMLINE THE DEFENSE ACQUISITION PROCESS.

The text of section 868 is hereby deemed to read as follows:

#### "SEC. 868. REPEALS OF EXISTING LAW TO STREAMLINE THE DEFENSE ACQUI-SITION PROCESS.

"The following provisions are hereby repealed:

- "(1) Section 3070 of title 10, United States Code.
- "(2) Section 874 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law 115-91; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3101).
- "(3) Section 810 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114–92; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3101).
- ``(4) Section 3106 of title 10, United States Code.
- "(5) Section 8688 of title 10, United States Code.
- "(6) Subsections (a)—(c) of section 804 of the Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2009 (Public Law 110–417; 122 Stat. 4356).
- "(7) Section 822 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1996 (Public Law 104–106; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3201).
- "(8) Section 892 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110-181; 10 U.S.C. 3201 note).

- "(9) Section 805 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2004 (Public Law 108–136; 10 U.S.C. 3201 note).
- "(10) Section 802 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116-92; 10 U.S.C. 3206 note).
- "(11) Section 3208 of title 10, United States
- "(12) Section 852 of the Carl Levin and Howard P. 'Buck' McKeon National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2015 (Public Law 113-291; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3241).
- "(13) Subsections (a)–(f) of section 866 of the Ike Skelton National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011 (Public Law 111–383; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3241).
- "(14) Section 143 of the Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2009 (Public Law 110–417; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3241).
- "(15) Section 254 of the Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2009 (Public Law 110–417; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3241).
- "(16) Section 886 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110–181; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3241).
- "(17) Section 851 of the Ronald W. Reagan National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2005 (Public Law 108-375; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3241).
- "(18) Section 314 of the Bob Stump National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2003 (Public Law 107–314; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3241).
- "(19) Section 826 of the Floyd D. Spence National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2001 (Public Law 106-398; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3241).
- "(20) Section 806 of the Strom Thurmond National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1999 (Public Law 105-261; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3241).
- "(21) Section 368 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2012 (Public Law 112-81: 10 U.S.C. 3303 note).
- "(22) Section 875 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3344).
- "(23) Section 816 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2006 (Public Law 109–163: 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3344).
- "(24) Section 3373 of title 10, United States Code.
- "(25) Section 883 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 10 U.S.C. 3372 note).
- "(26) Section 3455 of title 10, United States Code.
- ``(27) Section 3678 of title 10, United States Code.
- "(28) Section 133 of the Bob Stump National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2003 (Public Law 107–314; 10 U.S.C. 3678 note).
- "(29) Section 891 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283; 10 U.S.C. 3804 note).
- "(30) Section 380 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81; 10 U.S.C. 4001 note).
- "(31) Section 1056 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114–92; 10 U.S.C. 4001 note).
- "(32) Section 1603 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2014 (Public Law 113-66; 10 U.S.C. 4007 note).
- "(33) Section 1089 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law 115-91; 10 U.S.C. 4025 note).
- "(34) Section 812 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2000 (Public Law 106-65; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4061).
- "(35) Section 235 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328; 10 U.S.C. 4126 note).

- "(36) Section 252 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116-92; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4141).
- "(37) Section 1043 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111-84; 10 U.S.C. 4174 note).
- "(38) Section 828 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114-92: 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4201).
- "(39) Section 1252 of the Defense Procurement Reform Act of 1984 (Public Law 98-525; 10 U.S.C. 4205 note).
- "(40) Section 812 of the Ike Skelton National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011 (Public Law 111–383; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4211).
- "(41) Section 806 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2006 (Public Law 109–163; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4211).
- "(42) Section 818 of the John Warner National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2007 (Public Law 109–364; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4231).
- "(43) Section 802(d)(2) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114-92; 10 U.S.C. 4251 note).
- "(44) Section 4271 of title 10, United States Code.
- "(45) Section 814 of the Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2009 (Public Law 110-417; 10 U.S.C. 4271 note).
- "(46) Section 925(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114-328: 10 U.S.C. 4271 note)
- "(47) Section 812 of the John Warner National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2007 (Public Law 109–364; 10 U.S.C. 4325 note).
- ``(48) Section 4423 of title 10, United States Code.
- "(49) Section 831(b) of the Ike Skelton National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011 (Public Law 111–383; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4501).
- "(50) Section 863(a)-(h) of the Ike Skelton National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011 (Public Law 111-383; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4501).
- "(51) Section 832 of the John Warner National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2007 (Public Law 109–364; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4501).
- "(52) Section 883(e) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114–92; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4571).
- "(53) Section 938 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2014 (Public Law 113-66: 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4571).
- "(54) Section 1272 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law 115-91: 10 U.S.C. 4571 note).
- "(55) Section 2867 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2012 (Public Law 112-81; 10 U.S.C. 4571 note).
- "(56) Section 215 of the Ike Skelton National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011 (Public Law 111–383; 10 U.S.C. 4571 note).
- "(57) Section 881 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110–181; 10 U.S.C. 4571 note).
- "(58) Section 804 of the Bob Stump National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2003 (Public Law 107–314; 10 U.S.C. 4571 note).
- "(59) Chapter 345 of title 10, United States Code.
- "(60) Section 378 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117-81; 10 U.S.C. 113 note).
- "(61) Section 846(a) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283; 10 U.S.C. 4811 note).
- "(62) Section 932 of the Ike Skelton National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal

Year 2011 (Public Law 111-383; 10 U.S.C. 2224 note).

"(63) Section 849 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law 115-91; 131 Stat. 1487).

"(64) Section 804 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111-84; 123 Stat. 2402).

"(65) Section 881 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114-92; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4601).

"(66) Section 802 of the Ronald W. Reagan National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2005 (Public Law 108-375; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3062).

"(67) Section 913 of the Department of Defense Authorization Act. 1986 (Public Law 99-145; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3201).

"(68) Section 821 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110-181; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3451).

"(69) Section 824(a) of the Ike Skelton National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011 (Public Law 111-383: 10 U.S.C. 3774 note).

"(70) Section 805 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110-181; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3451).

"(71) Section 844(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114-92: 10 U.S.C. 3453 note).

"(72) Section 238(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110-181; 10 U.S.C. 4841 note).

"(73) Subtitle D of title II of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2006 (Public Law 109-163; 119 Stat. 3175).

"(74) Section 214 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110-181; 10 U.S.C. 4841 note).

"(75) Section 218 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283; 10 U.S.C. 8013 note).

(76) Section 229 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116-92; 10 U.S.C. 4001 note).

(77) Section 232 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116-92; 10 U.S.C. 4001 note).

'(78) Section 222 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115-232: 10 U.S.C. 4014 note).

"(79) Section 230 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115-232: 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4061).

"(80) Section 843 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115-232: 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4171).

"(81) Section 938 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2014 (Public Law 113-66; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4571).

"(82) Section 1651 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116-92; 10 U.S.C. 4571 note).

"(83) Section 1064 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115-232; 10 U.S.C.

"(84) Section 854 of the Carl Levin and Howard P. 'Buck' McKeon National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2015 (Public Law 113-291; 10 U.S.C. 4571 note).

#### SEC. 5862. DUTY-FREE ENTRY OF SUPPLIES PRO-CURED BY DEPARTMENT OF DE-FENSE.

The text of section 874 is hereby deemed to read as follows:

#### "SEC. 874. DUTY-FREE ENTRY OF SUPPLIES PRO-CURED BY DEPARTMENT OF DE-

"The Secretary of Defense shall-

"(1) track the impact of economic fluctuations, include tariffs, supply chain disruptions and inflation, on all major prime contracts entered into by the Department of Defense; and

"(2) not later than January 30, 2026, submit to the congressional defense committees a report that includes-

"(A) an assessment of cost increases to both the Department and contractors as a result of tariffs imposed under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) and section 232 of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962 (19 U.S.C. 1862);

"(B) an assessment of the effects of such tariffs on supply chains and lead times for major defense platforms; and

(C) a summary of agreements entered into under section 4851 of title 10, United States Code, and an assessment of the application of those agreements to the defense supply chain."

#### TITLE LX—GENERAL PROVISIONS

#### Subtitle D-Miscellaneous Authorities and Limitations

#### SEC. 6011. SUPPORT FOR COUNTERDRUG ACTIVI-TIES AND ACTIVITIES TO COUNTER TRANSNATIONAL ORGANIZED CRIME.

The text of section 1033 is hereby deemed to read as follows:

#### "SEC. 1033. SUPPORT FOR COUNTERDRUG AC-TIVITIES AND ACTIVITIES TO COUNTER TRANSNATIONAL ORGA-NIZED CRIME.

"Subsection (h) of section 284 of title 10. United States Code, is amended-

(1) in paragraph (1)—

"(A) by redesignating subparagraphs (A) and (B) as subparagraphs (B) and (C), respectively; and

"(B) by inserting before subparagraph (B), as redesignated by subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, the following new subparagraph:

"(A) In the case of support for a purpose described in subsection (b)-

"(i) the agency to which support is provided:

"(ii) the budget, and anticipated delivery schedule for support:

"(iii) the source of funds provided for the project or purpose;

"(iv) a description of the arrangements. if any, for the sustainment of the project or purpose and the source of funds to support sustainment of the capabilities and performance outcomes achieved using such support, if applicable;

"(v) a description of the objectives for the project or purpose; and

"(vi) information, including the amount, type, and purpose, about the support provided the agency during the three fiscal years preceding the fiscal year for which the support covered by the notice is provided under this section with respect to-

"(I) this section;

"(II) counterdrug activities authorized by section 1033 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1998 (Public Law 105-85; 111 Stat. 1811); or

"(III) any other significant program, account, or activity for the provision of security assistance that the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of State consider appropriate. and

(2) in paragraph (3)(B)(i), by striking 'the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives' and inserting 'the congressional defense committees'.".

#### Subtitle F-Other Matters

#### SEC. 6021. TAKING OR TRANSMITTING VIDEO OF DEFENSE INFORMATION PROHIB-ITED.

Section 793 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting "video," after "photographic negative," each place such term appears.

#### SEC, 6022, STUDY AND REPORT.

Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Securities and Exchange Commission shall-

(1) conduct a study on the transparency and cooperation regarding-

(A) brokers and dealers that are a member of a national securities association and registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission that are controlled by or organized under the laws of the People's Republic of China; and

(B) investment advisors registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and controlled by or organized under the laws of the People's Republic of China; and

(2) submit to Congress a report that includes the results of the study conducted under paragraph (1).

#### SEC. 6023. INTERNATIONAL NUCLEAR ENERGY.

- (a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the "International Nuclear Energy Act of 2025".
  - (b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) ADVANCED NUCLEAR REACTOR.—The term "advanced nuclear reactor" means-

(A) a nuclear fission reactor, including a prototype plant (as defined in sections 50.2 and 52.1 of title 10. Code of Federal Regulations (or successor regulations)), with significant improvements compared to reactors operating on October 19, 2016, including improvements such as-

(i) additional inherent safety features;

(ii) lower waste vields:

(iii) improved fuel and material performance;

(iv) increased tolerance to loss of fuel cooling;

(v) enhanced reliability or improved resilience;

(vi) increased proliferation resistance;

(vii) increased thermal efficiency;

(viii) reduced consumption of cooling water and other environmental impacts;

(ix) the ability to integrate into electric applications and nonelectric applications;

(x) modular sizes to allow for deployment that corresponds with the demand for electricity or process heat; and

(xi) operational flexibility to respond to changes in demand for electricity or process heat and to complement integration with intermittent renewable energy or energy storage;

(B) a fusion machine (as defined in section 11 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2014)); and

(C) a radioisotope power system that utilizes heat from radioactive decay to generate energy.

(2) ALLY OR PARTNER NATION—The term "ally or partner nation" means-

(A) the Government of any country that is a member of the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development;

(B) the Government of the Republic of India: and

(C) the Government of any country designated as an ally or partner nation by the Secretary of State for purposes of this section.

APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CON-GRESS.—The term "appropriate committees of Congress" means-

(A) the Committees on Foreign Relations, Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, and Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate; and

(B) the Committees on Foreign Affairs and Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives.

(4) Associated entity.—The term "associated entity" means an entity that-

(A) is owned, controlled, or operated by-

(i) an ally or partner nation; or

(ii) an associated individual; or

- (B) is organized under the laws of, or otherwise subject to the jurisdiction of, a country described in paragraph (2), including a corporation that is incorporated in a country described in that paragraph.
- (5) ASSOCIATED INDIVIDUAL.—The term "associated individual" means a foreign national who is a national of a country described in paragraph (2).
- (6) CIVIL NUCLEAR.—The term "civil nuclear" means activities relating to-
  - (A) nuclear plant construction;
  - (B) nuclear fuel services:
  - (C) nuclear energy financing;
  - (D) nuclear plant operations;
  - (E) nuclear plant regulation;

  - (F) nuclear medicine:
- (G) nuclear safety;
- (H) community engagement in areas in reasonable proximity to nuclear sites;
- (I) infrastructure support for nuclear en-
  - (J) nuclear plant decommissioning;
  - (K) nuclear liability:
- (L) safe storage and safe disposal of spent nuclear fuel:
- (M) environmental safeguards;
- (N) nuclear nonproliferation and security; and
- (O) technology related to the matters described in subparagraphs (A) through (N).
  - (7) Embarking civil nuclear nation.
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The term "embarking civil nuclear nation" means a country that-
- (i) does not have a civil nuclear energy program;
- (ii) is in the process of developing or expanding a civil nuclear energy program, including safeguards and a legal and regulatory framework, for-
  - (I) nuclear safety:
  - (II) nuclear security:
- (III) radioactive waste management:
- (IV) civil nuclear energy;
- (V) environmental safeguards:
- (VI) community engagement in areas in reasonable proximity to nuclear sites:
  - (VII) nuclear liability; or
  - (VIII) advanced nuclear reactor licensing:
- (iii) is in the process of selecting, developing, constructing, or utilizing advanced light water reactors, advanced nuclear reactors, or advanced civil nuclear technologies;
- (iv) is eligible to receive development lending from the World Bank.
- (B) EXCLUSIONS.—The term "embarking civil nuclear nation" does not include-
- (i) the People's Republic of China:
- (ii) the Russian Federation:
- (iii) the Republic of Belarus: (iv) the Islamic Republic of Iran:
- (v) the Democratic People's Republic of Korea:
  - (vi) the Republic of Cuba:
- (vii) the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela;
- (viii) Burma: or
- (ix) any other country-
- (I) the property or interests in property of the government of which are blocked pursuant to the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.); or
- (II) the government of which the Secretary of State has determined has repeatedly provided support for acts of international terrorism for purposes of-
- (aa) section 620A(a) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2371(a));
- (bb) section 40(d) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2780(d));
- (cc) section 1754(c)(1)(A)(i) of the Export Control Reform Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C. 4813(c)(1)(A)(i)); or
  - (dd) any other relevant provision of law.
- (8) NATIONAL ENERGY DOMINANCE COUNCIL. The term "National Energy Dominance Council" means the National Energy Dominance Council established within the Execu-

- tive Office of the President under Executive Order 14213 (90 Fed. Reg. 9945; relating to establishing the National Energy Dominance Council).
- (9) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Energy.
- (10) SPENT NUCLEAR FUEL.—The term "spent nuclear fuel" has the meaning given the term in section 2 of the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982 (42 U.S.C. 10101).
- (11) U.S. NUCLEAR ENERGY COMPANY.—The term "U.S. nuclear energy company" means a company that-
- (A) is organized under the laws of, or otherwise subject to the jurisdiction of, the United States; and
- (B) is involved in the nuclear energy indus-
- (c) NUCLEAR EXPORTS WORKING GROUP.-
- (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established a working group, to be known as the "Nuclear Exports Working Group" (referred to in this subsection as the "working group").
- (2) Composition.—The working group shall be composed of-
- (A) senior-level Federal officials, selected internally by the applicable Federal agency or organization, from any Federal agency or organization that the President determines to be appropriate; and
- (B) other senior-level Federal officials, selected internally by the applicable Federal agency or organization, from any other Federal agency or organization that the Secretary determines to be appropriate.
- (3) REPORTING.—The working group shall report to the President or 1 or more Federal officials designated by the President, if applicable.
- (4) DUTIES.—The working group shall coordinate, not less frequently than quarterly, with the Civil Nuclear Trade Advisory Committee of the Department of Commerce, the Nuclear Energy Advisory Committee of the Department of Energy, and other advisory or stakeholder groups, as necessary, to maintain an accurate and up-to-date knowledge of the standing of civil nuclear exports from the United States, including with respect to meeting the targets established as part of the 10-year civil nuclear trade strategy described in paragraph (5)(A).
  - (5) STRATEGY.
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the working group shall establish a 10-year civil nuclear trade strategy, including biennial targets for the export of civil nuclear technologies, including light water and non-light water reactors and associated equipment and technologies, civil nuclear materials, and nuclear fuel that align with meeting international energy demand while seeking to avoid or reduce emissions and prevent the dissemination of nuclear technology, materials, and weapons to adversarial nations and terrorist groups.
- (B) COLLABORATION REQUIRED.—In establishing the strategy under subparagraph (A), the working group shall collaborate with
- (i) any Federal agency that the President determines to be appropriate; and
- (ii) representatives of private industry and experts in nuclear security and risk reduction, as appropriate.
- (d) Engagement With Ally or Partner NATIONS.
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The President shall launch, in accordance with applicable nuclear technology export laws (including regulations), an international initiative to modernize the civil nuclear outreach to embarking civil nuclear nations.
  - (2) Financing.-
- (A) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out the initiative described in paragraph (1), the President, acting through an appropriate Federal official, and in coordination with the offi-

- cials described in subparagraph (B), may, if the President determines to be appropriate, seek to establish cooperative financing relationships for the export of civil nuclear technology, components, materials, and infrastructure to embarking civil nuclear na-
- (B) OFFICIALS DESCRIBED.—The officials referred to in subparagraph (A) are-
- (i) appropriate officials of any Federal agency that the President determines to be appropriate; and
- (ii) appropriate officials representing foreign countries and governments, including-
- (I) ally or partner nations;
- (II) embarking civil nuclear nations; and
- (III) any other country or government that the President (or 1 or more Federal officials designated by the President) and the officials described in clause (i) jointly determine to be appropriate.
- (3) ACTIVITIES.—In carrying out the initiative described in paragraph (1), the President shall-
- (A) assist nongovernmental organizations and appropriate offices, administrations, agencies, laboratories, and programs of the Department of Energy and other relevant Federal agencies and offices in providing education and training to foreign governments in nuclear safety, security, and safeguards-
- (i) through engagement with the International Atomic Energy Agency; or
- (ii) independently, if the applicable entity determines that it would be more advantageous under the circumstances to provide the applicable education and training independently;
- (B) assist the efforts of the International Atomic Energy Agency to expand the support provided by the International Atomic Energy Agency to embarking civil nuclear nations for nuclear safety, security, and safeguards;
- (C) coordinate with appropriate Federal departments and agencies on efforts to expand outreach to the private investment community and establish public-private financing relationships that enable the adoption of civil nuclear technologies by embarking civil nuclear nations, including through exports from the United States;
- (D) seek to better coordinate, to the maximum extent practicable, the work carried out by any Federal agency that the President determines to be appropriate; and
- (E) coordinate with the Export-Import Bank of the United States to improve the efficient and effective exporting and importing of civil nuclear technologies and materials.
- (e) Cooperative Financing Relationships WITH ALLY OR PARTNER NATIONS AND EM-BARKING CIVIL NUCLEAR NATIONS.
- (1) IN GENERAL —The President shall designate an appropriate White House official to coordinate with the officials described in subsection (d)(2)(B) to develop, as the President determines to be appropriate, financing relationships with ally or partner nations to assist in the adoption of civil nuclear technologies exported from the United States or ally or partner nations to embarking civil nuclear nations.
- (2) UNITED STATES COMPETITIVENESS CLAUSES.
- (A) DEFINITION OF UNITED STATES COMPETI-TIVENESS CLAUSE.—In this paragraph, the "United States competitiveness clause" means any United States competitiveness provision in any agreement entered into by the Department of Energy, including-
- (i) a cooperative agreement;
- (ii) a cooperative research and development agreement; and
  - (iii) a patent waiver.

- (B) CONSIDERATION.—In carrying out paragraph (1), the relevant officials described in that paragraph shall consider the impact of United States competitiveness clauses on any financing relationships entered into or proposed to be entered into under that paragraph.
- (C) WAIVER.—The Secretary shall facilitate waivers of United States competitiveness clauses as necessary to facilitate financing relationships with ally or partner nations under paragraph (1).
- (f) COOPERATION WITH ALLY OR PARTNER NATIONS ON ADVANCED NUCLEAR REACTOR DEMONSTRATION AND COOPERATIVE RESEARCH FACILITIES FOR CIVIL NUCLEAR ENERGY.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary and the Secretary of Commerce, shall conduct bilateral and multilateral meetings with not fewer than 5 ally or partner nations, with the aim of enhancing nuclear energy cooperation among those ally or partner nations and the United States, for the purpose of developing collaborative relationships with respect to research, development, licensing, and deployment of advanced nuclear reactor technologies for civil nuclear energy.
- (2) REQUIREMENT.—The meetings described in paragraph (1) shall include—
- (A) a focus on cooperation to demonstrate and deploy advanced nuclear reactors, with an emphasis on U.S. nuclear energy companies, during the 10-year period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act to provide options for addressing energy security and environmental impacts: and
- (B) a focus on developing a memorandum of understanding or any other appropriate agreement between the United States and ally or partner nations with respect to—
- (i) the demonstration and deployment of advanced nuclear reactors; and
- (ii) the development of cooperative research facilities.
- (3) FINANCING ARRANGEMENTS.—In conducting the meetings described in paragraph (1), the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary, the Secretary of Commerce, and the heads of other relevant Federal agencies and only after initial consultation with the appropriate committees of Congress, shall seek to develop financing arrangements to share the costs of the demonstration and deployment of advanced nuclear reactors and the development of cooperative research facilities with the ally or partner nations participating in those meetings.
- (g) INTERNATIONAL CIVIL NUCLEAR ENERGY COOPERATION.—Section 959B of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16279b) is amended—
- (1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking "The Secretary" and inserting the following:
  - "(a) In General.—The Secretary":
  - (2) in subsection (a) (as so designated)—
  - (A) in paragraph (1)—
  - (i) by striking "financing,"; and
- (ii) by striking "and" after the semicolon at the end:
- (B) in paragraph (2)—
- (i) in subparagraph (A), by striking "preparations for"; and
- (ii) in subparagraph (C)(v), by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon; and
  - (C) by adding at the end the following:
- "(3) to support, with the concurrence of the Secretary of State, the safe, secure, and peaceful use of civil nuclear technology in countries developing nuclear energy programs, with a focus on countries that have increased civil nuclear cooperation with the

Russian Federation or the People's Republic of China; and

- "(4) to promote the fullest utilization of the reactors, fuel, equipment, services, and technology of U.S. nuclear energy companies (as defined in subsection (b) of the International Nuclear Energy Act of 2025) in civil nuclear energy programs outside the United States through—
- "(A) bilateral and multilateral arrangements developed and executed with the concurrence of the Secretary of State that contain commitments for the utilization of the reactors, fuel, equipment, services, and technology of U.S. nuclear energy companies (as defined in that subsection);
- "(B) the designation of 1 or more U.S. nuclear energy companies (as defined in that subsection) to implement an arrangement under subparagraph (A) if the Secretary determines that the designation is necessary and appropriate to achieve the objectives of this section; and
- "(C) the waiver of any provision of law relating to competition with respect to any activity related to an arrangement under subparagraph (A) if the Secretary, in consultation with the Attorney General and the Secretary of Commerce, determines that a waiver is necessary and appropriate to achieve the objectives of this section."; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following:
- "(b) REQUIREMENTS.—The program under subsection (a) shall be supported in consultation with the Secretary of State and implemented by the Secretary—
- "(1) to facilitate, to the maximum extent practicable, workshops and expert-based exchanges to engage industry, stakeholders, and foreign governments with respect to international civil nuclear issues, such as—
  - "(A) training:
  - "(B) financing;
  - "(C) safety;
- "(D) security;
- "(E) safeguards;
- "(F) liability;
- "(G) advanced fuels; "(H) operations; and
- "(I) options for multinational cooperation with respect to the disposal of spent nuclear fuel (as defined in section 2 of the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982 (42 U.S.C. 10101));
- "(2) in coordination with any Federal agency that the President determines to be appropriate.
- "(c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Of funds appropriated or otherwise made available to the Secretary to carry out the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.) in fiscal years 2026 through 2030, the Secretary may use \$15,500,000 to carry out this section."
- (h) INTERNATIONAL CIVIL NUCLEAR PROGRAM SUPPORT.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary and 1 or more other Federal officials designated by the President, if applicable, shall launch an international initiative (referred to in this subsection as the "initiative") to provide financial assistance to, and facilitate the building of technical capacities by, in accordance with this subsection, embarking civil nuclear nations for activities relating to the development of civil nuclear energy programs.
  - (2) FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out the initiative, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary and 1 or more other Federal officials designated by the President, if applicable, is authorized to award grants of financial assistance in amounts not greater than \$5,500,000 to embarking civil nu-

- clear nations in accordance with this paragraph—
- (i) for activities relating to the development of civil nuclear energy programs; and
- (ii) to facilitate the building of technical capacities for those activities.
- (B) LIMITATIONS.—The Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary and 1 or more other Federal officials designated by the President, if applicable, may award—
- (i) not more than 1 grant of financial assistance under subparagraph (A) to any 1 embarking civil nuclear nation each fiscal year; and
- (ii) not more than a total of 5 grants of financial assistance under subparagraph (A) to any 1 embarking civil nuclear nation.
  - (3) Senior advisors.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out the initiative, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary and 1 or more other Federal officials designated by the President, if applicable, is authorized to provide financial assistance to an embarking civil nuclear nation for the purpose of contracting with a U.S. nuclear energy company to hire 1 or more senior advisors to assist the embarking civil nuclear nation in establishing a civil nuclear program.
- (B) REQUIREMENT.—A senior advisor described in subparagraph (A) shall have relevant experience and qualifications to advise the embarking civil nuclear nation on, and facilitate on behalf of the embarking civil nuclear nation, 1 or more of the following activities:
- (i) The development of financing relationships.
- (ii) The development of a standardized financing and project management framework for the construction of nuclear power plants.
- (iii) The development of a standardized licensing framework for—
- (I) light water civil nuclear technologies; and
- (II) non-light water civil nuclear technologies and advanced nuclear reactors.
- (iv) The identification of qualified organizations and service providers.
- (v) The identification of funds to support payment for services required to develop a civil nuclear program.
  - (vi) Market analysis.
- (vii) The identification of the safety, security, safeguards, and nuclear governance required for a civil nuclear program.
- (viii) Risk allocation, risk management, and nuclear liability.
- (ix) Technical assessments of nuclear reactors and technologies.
- (x) The identification of actions necessary to participate in a global nuclear liability regime based on the Convention on Supplementary Compensation for Nuclear Damage, with Annex, done at Vienna September 12, 1997 (TIAS 15-415).
  - (xi) Stakeholder engagement.
- $\left( \text{xii} \right)$  Management of spent nuclear fuel and nuclear waste.
- (xiii) Any other major activities to support the establishment of a civil nuclear program, such as the establishment of export, financing, construction, training, operations, and education requirements.
- (C) CLARIFICATION.—Financial assistance under this paragraph is authorized to be provided to an embarking civil nuclear nation in addition to any financial assistance provided to that embarking civil nuclear nation under paragraph (2).
- (4) LIMITATION ON ASSISTANCE TO EMBARK-ING CIVIL NUCLEAR NATIONS.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Offices of the Inspectors General for the Department of State and the Department of Energy shall coordinate—

- (A) to establish and submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a joint strategic plan to conduct comprehensive oversight of activities authorized under this subsection to prevent fraud, waste, and abuse;
- (B) to engage in independent and effective oversight of activities authorized under this subsection through joint or individual audits, inspections, investigations, or evaluations.
- (5) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Of funds appropriated or otherwise made available to the Secretary of State to carry out the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.) in fiscal years 2026 through 2030, the Secretary of State may use \$50,000,000 to carry out this subsection.
- (i) BIENNIAL CABINET-LEVEL INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON NUCLEAR SAFETY, SECURITY, SAFEGUARDS, AND SUSTAINABILITY.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The President, in coordination with international partners, as determined by the President, and industry, shall hold a biennial conference on civil nuclear safety, security, safeguards, and sustainability (referred to in this subsection as a "conference").
- (2) Conference functions.—It is the sense of Congress that each conference should—
- (A) be a forum in which ally or partner nations may engage with each other for the purpose of reinforcing the commitment to—
- (i) nuclear safety, security, safeguards, and sustainability;
  - (ii) environmental safeguards; and
- (iii) local community engagement in areas in reasonable proximity to nuclear sites; and
  - (B) facilitate—(i) the development of—
- (I) joint commitments and goals to improve—
- (aa) nuclear safety, security, safeguards, and sustainability;
  - (bb) environmental safeguards; and
- (cc) local community engagement in areas in reasonable proximity to nuclear sites;
- (II) stronger international institutions that support nuclear safety, security, safeguards, and sustainability;
- (III) cooperative financing relationships to promote competitive alternatives to Chinese and Russian financing;
- (IV) a standardized financing and project management framework for the construction of civil nuclear power plants:
- (V) a standardized licensing framework for civil nuclear technologies;
- (VI) a strategy to change internal policies of multinational development banks, such as the World Bank, to support the financing of civil nuclear projects;
- (VII) a document containing any lessons learned from countries that have partnered with the Russian Federation or the People's Republic of China with respect to civil nuclear power, including any detrimental outcomes resulting from that partnership; and
- (VIII) a global civil nuclear liability regime;
- (ii) cooperation for enhancing the overall aspects of civil nuclear power, such as—
- (I) nuclear safety, security, safeguards, and sustainability;
  - (II) nuclear laws (including regulations);
  - (III) waste management;
  - (IV) quality management systems:
  - (V) technology transfer;
  - (VI) human resources development;
  - (VII) localization;
  - (VIII) reactor operations;
  - (IX) nuclear liability; and
  - (X) decommissioning; and
- (iii) the development and determination of the mechanisms described in subparagraphs (G) and (H) of subsection (j)(1), if the President intends to establish an Advanced Reac-

- tor Coordination and Resource Center as described in that subsection.
- (3) INPUT FROM INDUSTRY AND GOVERN-MENT.—It is the sense of Congress that each conference should include a meeting that convenes nuclear industry leaders and leaders of government agencies with expertise relating to nuclear safety, security, safeguards, or sustainability to discuss best practices relating to—
- (A) the safe and secure use, storage, and transport of nuclear and radiological materials:
- (B) managing the evolving cyber threat to nuclear and radiological security; and
- (C) the role that the nuclear industry should play in nuclear and radiological safety, security, and safeguards, including with respect to the safe and secure use, storage, and transport of nuclear and radiological materials, including spent nuclear fuel and nuclear waste.
- (j) ADVANCED REACTOR COORDINATION AND RESOURCE CENTER.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The President shall consider the feasibility of leveraging existing activities or frameworks or, as necessary, establishing a center, to be known as the "Advanced Reactor Coordination and Resource Center" (referred to in this subsection as the "Center"), for the purposes of—
- (A) identifying qualified organizations and service providers—
- (i) for embarking civil nuclear nations;
- (ii) to develop and assemble documents, contracts, and related items required to establish a civil nuclear program; and
- (iii) to develop a standardized model for the establishment of a civil nuclear program that can be used by the International Atomic Energy Agency:
- (B) coordinating with countries participating in the Center and with the Nuclear Exports Working Group established under subsection (c)—
- (i) to identify funds to support payment for services required to develop a civil nuclear program;
  - (ii) to provide market analysis; and
- (iii) to create—
- (I) project structure models;
- (II) models for electricity market analysis; (III) models for nonelectric applications market analysis; and
- (IV) financial models;
- (C) identifying and developing the safety, security, safeguards, and nuclear governance required for a civil nuclear program;
- (D) supporting multinational regulatory standards to be developed by countries with civil nuclear programs and experience;
- (E) developing and strengthening communications, engagement, and consensus-building:
- (F) carrying out any other major activities to support export, financing, education, construction, training, and education requirements relating to the establishment of a civil nuclear program;
- (G) developing mechanisms for how to fund and staff the Center; and
- (H) determining mechanisms for the selection of the location or locations of the Center.
- (2) OBJECTIVE.—The President shall carry out paragraph (1) with the objective of establishing the Center if the President determines that it is feasible to do so.
- (k) STRATEGIC INFRASTRUCTURE FUND WORKING GROUP.—
- (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established a working group, to be known as the "Strategic Infrastructure Fund Working Group" (referred to in this subsection as the "working group") to provide input on the feasibility of establishing a program to support strategically important capital-intensive infrastructure projects.

- (2) Composition.—The working group shall be composed of—
- (A) senior-level Federal officials, selected by the head of the applicable Federal agency or organization, from any Federal agency or organization that the President determines to be appropriate;
- (B) other senior-level Federal officials, selected by the head of the applicable Federal agency or organization, from any other Federal agency or organization that the Secretary determines to be appropriate; and
- (C) any senior-level Federal official selected by the President or 1 or more Federal officials designated by the President from any Federal agency or organization.
- (3) REPORTING.—The working group shall report to the National Security Council.
  - (4) DUTIES.—The working group shall-
- (A) provide direction and advice to the officials described in subsection (d)(2)(B)(i) and appropriate Federal agencies, as determined by the working group, with respect to the establishment of a Strategic Infrastructure Fund (referred to in this paragraph as the "Fund") to be used—
- (i) to support those aspects of projects relating to—
  - (I) civil nuclear technologies; and
  - (II) microprocessors; and
- (ii) for strategic investments identified by the working group; and
- (B) address critical areas in determining the appropriate design for the Fund, including—
  - (i) transfer of assets to the Fund:
  - (ii) transfer of assets from the Fund:
- (iii) how assets in the Fund should be invested; and
- (iv) governance and implementation of the Fund.
  - (5) Briefing and report required.-
- (A) BRIEFING.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the working group shall brief the committees described in subparagraph (C) on the status of the development of the processes necessary to implement this subsection.
- (B) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the working group shall submit to the committees described in subparagraph (C) a report on the findings of the working group that includes suggested legislative text for how to establish and structure a Strategic Infrastructure Fund.
- (C) COMMITTEES DESCRIBED.—The committees referred to in subparagraphs (A) and (B) are—
- (i) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, the Committee on Environment and Public Works, the Committee on Finance, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
- (ii) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Energy and Commerce, the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology, the Committee on Ways and Means, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
- (D) ADMINISTRATION OF THE FUND.—The report submitted under subparagraph (B) shall include suggested legislative language requiring all expenditures from a Strategic Infrastructure Fund established in accordance with this subsection to be administered by the Secretary of State (or a designee of the Secretary of State).
- (1) JOINT ASSESSMENT BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND INDIA ON NUCLEAR LIABILITY RULES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State, in consultation with the heads of other relevant Federal departments and agencies,

shall establish and maintain within the U.S.-India Strategic Security Dialogue a joint consultative mechanism with the Government of the Republic of India that convenes on a recurring basis—

- (A) to assess the implementation of the Agreement for Cooperation between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of India Concerning Peaceful Uses of Nuclear Energy, signed at Washington October 10, 2008 (TIAS 08–1206):
- (B) to discuss opportunities for the Republic of India to align domestic nuclear liability rules with international norms; and
- (C) to develop a strategy for the United States and the Republic of India to pursue bilateral and multilateral diplomatic engagements related to analyzing and implementing those opportunities.
- (2) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for 5 years, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the heads of other relevant Federal departments and agencies, shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report that describes the joint assessment developed pursuant to paragraph (1)(A).
- (m) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Except as expressly stated in this section, nothing in this section may be construed to alter or otherwise affect the interpretation or implementation of section 123 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2153) or any other provision of law, including the requirement that agreements pursuant to that section be submitted to Congress for consideration.
- (n) SUNSET.—This section and the amendments made by this section shall cease to have effect on the date that is 20 years after the date of enactment of this Act.

### SEC. 6024. NATIONAL REGISTRY OF KOREAN AMERICAN DIVIDED FAMILIES.

- (a) NATIONAL REGISTRY.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State, acting through the Special Envoy on North Korean Human Rights Issues, the Assistant Secretary of State for Consular Affairs, or such other individual as the Secretary may designate, shall—
- (A) engage, to the extent practicable, Korean American families who wish to be reunited with family members residing in North Korea from which such Korean American families were divided after the signing of the Agreement Concerning a Military Armistice in Korea, signed at Panmunjom July 27, 1953 (commonly referred to as the "Korean War Armistice Agreement"), in anticipation of future reunions for such families and family members, including in-person and video reunions; and
- (B) establish a private, internal national registry of the names and other relevant information of such Korean American families
  - (i) to facilitate such future reunions; and
- (ii) to provide for a repository of information about such Korean American families and family members in North Korea, including information about individuals who may be deceased.
- (2) DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION.—The Secretary of State may enter into agreements with Korean individuals and families, academic institutions, or other members of the public, as appropriate, to share, in whole or in part, information collected and housed in the database if—
- (A) the United States person whose personally identifiable information would be disclosed as a result of an agreement has provided consent to such disclosure; and
- (B) the agreement outlines reasonable steps and commitments to ensure that any information disclosed as a result of such agreement is—
  - (i) kept private and confidential; and

- (ii) will not be disclosed improperly to other parties outside the agreement.
- (b) ACTIONS TO FACILITATE DIALOGUE BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND NORTH KOREA.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State should take steps to ensure that any direct dialogue between the United States and North Korea includes progress towards holding future reunions for Korean American families and their family members in North Korea.
- (2) CONSULTATIONS.—The Secretary of State shall consult with the Government of the Republic of Korea, as appropriate, in carrying out this subsection.
  - (3) REPORTING REQUIREMENT.-
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State, acting through the Special Envoy on North Korean Human Rights Issues, shall include in each report required under section 107(d) of the North Korean Human Rights Act of 2004 (22 U.S.C. 7817(d)) a description of the consultations described in paragraph (2) conducted during the year preceding the submission of the report.
- (B) ELEMENTS.—The reporting required under subparagraph (A) should include—
- (i) the status of the national registry established pursuant to subsection (a)(1)(B):
- (ii) the number of individuals included on the registry who—
- (I) have met their family members in North Korea during previous reunions; and
- (II) have yet to meet their family members in North Korea;
- (iii) a summary of responses by North Korea to requests by the United States Government to hold reunions of divided families; and
- (iv) a description of actions taken by North Korea that prevent the emigration of family members of Korean American families.
- (c) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DEFINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives.

### SEC. 6025. REPORTS ON FOOD INSECURITY IN ARMED FORCES.

Not later than 5 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, and every 5 years thereafter, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report on food insecurity in the Armed Forces.

#### SEC. 6026. ALIGNMENT OF UPDATES OF STRA-TEGIC PLAN FOR THE MANUFAC-TURING USA PROGRAM WITH UP-DATES TO NATIONAL STRATEGY FOR ADVANCED MANUFACTURING.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Paragraph (2) of section 34(i) of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278s(i)) is amended—
- (1) in subparagraph (C), by striking "and update not less frequently than once every 3 years thereafter,";
- (2) by redesignating subparagraphs (D) through (M) as subparagraphs (E) through (N), respectively; and
- (3) by inserting after subparagraph (C), the following new bsubparagraph:
- "(D) to update the strategic plan developed under subparagraph (C) not less frequently than once every 4 years such that the planning cycle for the updates aligns with the planning cycle for updates to the National Strategy for Advanced Manufacturing required under section 102(c)(4) of the America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 6622(c)(4)) to better ensure the Program reflects the priorities of the national strategy:".
- (b) Conforming Amendments.—Such section is further amended—
- (1) in paragraph (3), by striking "paragraph (2)(C)" and inserting "subparagraphs (C) and (D) of paragraph (2)"; and

(2) in paragraph (4), by striking "paragraph (2)(C)" and inserting "subparagraph (C) of paragraph (2) and any update to the plan required under subparagraph (D) of such paragraph".

### SEC. 6027. EXTENSION OF DEFENSE PRODUCTION ACT OF 1950.

Section 717(a) of the Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. 4564(a)) is amended by striking "September 30, 2025" and inserting "September 30, 2026".

## SEC. 6028. INFORMATIONAL MATERIALS UNDER THE FOREIGN AGENTS REGISTRATION ACT.

- (a) DEFINITION OF INFORMATIONAL MATERIAL.—Section 1 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended (22 U.S.C. 611) is amended by inserting after subsection (p) the following:
- "(q) Informational Material.—The term 'informational material' means any material that a person disseminating the material believes or has reason to believe will, or that the person intends to in any way, influence any agency or official of the Government of the United States or any section of the public within the United States with reference to—
- "(1) formulating, adopting, or changing the domestic or foreign policies of the United States; or
- "(2) the political or public interests, policies, or relations of a government of a foreign country or a foreign political party.".
- (b) FILING AND LABELING OF INFORMATIONAL MATERIALS AND REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION OR ADVICE.—Section 4 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended (22 U.S.C. 614) is amended—
- (1) in the section heading, by striking "PO-LITICAL PROPAGANDA" and inserting "INFOR-MATIONAL MATERIALS";
- (2) in subsection (b), by inserting "that states the name of the foreign country in which the foreign principal is located," after "on behalf of the foreign principal.": and
- (3) by striking subsection (e) and inserting the following:
- (e) Information Furnished to Agencies OR OFFICIALS OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERN-MENT.—It shall be unlawful for any person within the United States who is an agent of a foreign principal required to register under the provisions of this Act to transmit, convev, or otherwise furnish to any agency or official of the Government (including a Member or committee of either House of Congress) for or in the interests of such foreign principal any informational material or to request from any such agency or official for or in the interests of such foreign principal any information or advice with respect to any matter pertaining to the political or public interests, policies, or relations of a foreign country or of a political party or pertaining to the foreign or domestic policies of the United States unless the informational material or the request is prefaced or accompanied by a true and accurate statement to the effect that such person is registered as an agent of such foreign principal under this
- (c) REPORTS TO THE CONGRESS.—Section 11 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended (22 U.S.C. 621) is amended by striking "political propaganda" and inserting "informational material".

#### SEC. 6029. CREDIT MONITORING.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.) is amended—
- (1) in section 605A(k) (15 U.S.C. 1681c-1(k))—
- (A) by striking paragraph (1) and inserting the following:
  - ``(1) Definitions.—In this subsection:
- "(A) ARMED FORCES.—The term 'armed forces' has the meaning given the term in section 101(a) of title 10, United States Code.

- "(B) ARMED FORCES MEMBER CONSUMER.— The term 'armed forces member consumer' means a consumer who, regardless of duty status, is a member of the armed forces."; and
- (B) in paragraph (2)(A), by striking "active duty military consumer" and inserting "armed forces member consumer"; and
- (2) in section 625(b)(1)(K) (15 U.S.C. 1681t(b)(1)(K)), by striking "active duty military consumers" and inserting "armed forces member consumers".

  (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments
- (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by subsection (a) shall take effect on the date that is 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act.

## SEC. 6030. TREATMENT OF EXEMPTIONS UNDER THE FOREIGN AGENTS REGISTRATION ACT OF 1938.

- (a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the "Preventing Adversary Influence, Disinformation, and Obscured Foreign Financing Act of 2025" or the "PAID OFF Act of 2025".
- (b) TREATMENT OF EXEMPTIONS UNDER THE FOREIGN AGENTS REGISTRATION ACT OF 1938.—Section 3 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended (22 U.S.C. 613), is amended—
- (1) in the matter preceding subsection (a), by inserting ", except as provided in subsection (i)" after "principals"; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

- "(i) LIMITATIONS.—The exemptions under subsections (d)(1), (d)(2), and (h) shall not apply to any agent of a foreign principal that is a corporate or government entity that is owned or controlled by 1 or more of the identified countries listed in clauses (i) through (v) of section 1(m)(1)(A) of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2651a(m)(1)(A)."
- (c) MECHANISM TO AMEND DEFINITION OF "COUNTRY OF CONCERN".—Section 1(m) of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2651a(m)) is amended—
- (1) by redesignating paragraphs (6) and (7) as paragraphs (7) and (8), respectively; and
- (2) by inserting after paragraph (5) the following:
- "(6) Modification to definition of 'country of concern'.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State may, in consultation with the Attorney General, propose the addition or deletion of countries described in paragraph (1)(A).
- "(B) SUBMISSION.—Any proposal described in subparagraph (A) shall—
- "(i) be submitted to the Chairman and Ranking Member of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Chairman and Ranking Member of the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives; and
- "(ii) become effective upon enactment of a joint resolution of approval as described in subparagraph (C).
- "(C) JOINT RESOLUTION OF APPROVAL.
- "(i) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of subparagraph (B)(ii), the term 'joint resolution of approval' means only a joint resolution—
  - "(I) that does not have a preamble;
- "(II) that includes in the matter after the resolving clause the following: 'That Congress approves the modification of the definition of "country of concern" under section 1(m) of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956, as submitted by the Secretary of State on ; and section 1(m)(1)(A) of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2651a(m)(1)(A)) is amended by ', the blank spaces being appropriately filled in with the appropriate date and the amendatory language required to modify the list of countries in paragraph (1)(A) of this subsection by adding or deleting 1 or more countries; and
- "(III) the title of which is as follows: 'Joint resolution approving modifications to defini-

tion of "country of concern" under section 1(m) of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956.

"(ii) Referral.-

- "(I) SENATE.—A resolution described in clause (i) that is introduced in the Senate shall be referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate.
- "(II) HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—A resolution described in clause (i) that is introduced in the House of Representatives shall be referred to the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives."
- (d) SUNSET.—The amendments made by this section shall terminate on the date that is 5 years after the date of enactment of this Act.

#### Subtitle G—Sentencing Enhancements for Certain Criminal Offenses Directed by or Coordinated With Foreign Governments SEC. 6071, SHORT TITLE.

This subtitle may be cited as the "Deterring External Threats and Ensuring Robust Responses to Egregious and Nefarious Criminal Endeavors Act" or the "DETERRENCE Act".

#### SEC. 6072. KIDNAPPING.

Section 1201 of title 18, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) by redesignating subsection (h) as subsection (i);
- (2) by inserting after subsection (g) the following:
- "(h) SENTENCE ENHANCEMENTS FOR OFFENSES DIRECTED BY OR COORDINATED WITH FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The sentence of a person convicted of an offense under subsection (a) may be increased by up to 10 years if such offense was committed knowingly at the direction of or in coordination with a foreign government or an agent of a foreign government.
- "(2) CONSPIRACY.—The sentence of a person convicted of conspiring to commit a violation of subsection (a) as part of a conspiracy under the elements specified in subsection (c) may be increased by up to 10 years if—
- "(A) 1 or more of the persons involved in such conspiracy were knowingly acting in coordination with a foreign government or an agent of a foreign government; and
- "(B) the person convicted of conspiring to commit a violation of subsection (a) knew that 1 or more of the persons involved in such conspiracy were knowingly acting in coordination with a foreign government or an agent of a foreign government.
- "(3) ATTEMPT.—The sentence of a person convicted of an attempt to violate subsection (a) may be increased by up to 5 years if such attempt was knowingly at the direction of or in coordination with a foreign government or an agent of a foreign government.": and
- (3) in subsection (i), as so designated, by inserting "DEFINITION.—" before "As used in this section".

#### SEC. 6073. USE OF INTERSTATE COMMERCE FA-CILITIES IN THE COMMISSION OF MURDER-FOR-HIRE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1958 of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) by redesignating subsection (b) as subsection (c);
- (2) by inserting after subsection (a) the following:
- "(b) SENTENCE ENHANCEMENTS FOR OFFENSES DIRECTED BY OR COORDINATED WITH FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS.—The sentence of a person convicted of an offense under subsection (a)—
- "(1) may be increased by up to 5 years, if such offense was committed knowingly at the direction of or in coordination with a foreign government or an agent of a foreign government; and

"(2) may be increased by up to 10 years—

- "(A) if such offense was committed knowingly at the direction of or in coordination with a foreign government or an agent of a foreign government; and
  - "(B) personal injury results."; and
- (3) in subsection (c), as so redesignated, by inserting "DEFINITIONS.—" before "As used in this section".
- (b) Technical and Conforming Amendments.—
- (1) Section 2332b(g)(2) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking "section 1958(b)(2)" and inserting "section 1958".
- (2) Section 1010A(d) of the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. 960a(d)) is amended by striking "section 1958(b)(1)" and inserting "section 1958".

# SEC. 6074. INFLUENCING, IMPEDING, OR RETALIATING AGAINST A FEDERAL OFFICIAL BY THREATENING OR INJURING A FAMILY MEMBER.

Section 115(b) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

- "(5) The sentence of a person convicted of an offense under subsection (a), if such offense was committed knowingly at the direction of or in coordination with a foreign government or an agent of a foreign government—
- "(A) may be increased by up to 5 years if the offense committed was an assault involving physical contact with the victim of that assault or the intent to commit another felony:
- "(B) may be increased by up to 10 years if—
  "(i) the offense committed was an assault resulting in bodily injury (including serious bodily injury (as that term is defined in section 1365 of this title)):
- "(ii) the offense involved any conduct that, if the conduct occurred in the special maritime and territorial jurisdiction of the United States, would violate section 2241 or 2242 of this title: or
- "(iii) a dangerous weapon was used during and in relation to the offense; and
- "(C) may be increased by up to 10 years if the offense committed was a murder, attempted murder, or conspiracy to murder.". SEC. 6075. STALKING.

Section 2261A of title 18, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) by striking "Whoever—" and inserting "(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection (b), whoever—"; and
  - (2) by adding at the end the following:
- "(b) ENHANCED PENALTIES FOR OFFENSES INVOLVING FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS.—The sentence of a person convicted of an offense under paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (a), if such offense was committed knowingly at the direction of or in coordination with a foreign government or an agent of a foreign government—
- "(1) may be increased by up to 5 years if—
  "(A) serious bodily injury (including permanent disfigurement or life threatening bodily injury) to the victim results;
- "(B) the offender uses a dangerous weapon during the offense; or
- "(C) the victim of the offense is under the age of 18 years:
- "(2) may be increased by up to 10 years if death of the victim results; and
- ((3) may be increased by up to 30 months in any other case.".

## SEC. 6076. PROTECTION OF OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE UNITED STATES.

Section 1114 of title 18, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) by redesignating subsection (b) as subsection (c); and
  (2) by inserting after subsection (a) the fol-
- (2) by inserting after subsection (a) the following:
- "(b) SENTENCE ENHANCEMENTS FOR OF-FENSES DIRECTED BY OR COORDINATED WITH

FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS.—The sentence of a person convicted of an offense under subsection (a) may be increased by up to 10 years if such offense was committed knowingly at the direction of or in coordination with a foreign government or an agent of a foreign government.".

## SEC. 6077. PRESIDENTIAL AND PRESIDENTIAL STAFF ASSASSINATION, KIDNAP-PING, AND ASSAULT.

Section 1751 of title 18, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) by redesignating subsections (f) through (k) as subsections (g) through (i), respectively; and
- (2) by inserting after subsection (e) the following:
- "(f)(1) The sentence of a person convicted of an offense under subsection (a), (b), or (c) may be increased by up to 10 years if such offense was committed knowingly at the direction of or in coordination with a foreign government or an agent of a foreign government.
- "(2) The sentence of a person convicted of conspiring to kill or kidnap any individual designated in subsection (a) as part of a conspiracy under the elements specified in subsection (d) may be increased by up to 10 years if—
- "(A) 1 or more of the persons involved in such conspiracy were knowingly acting in coordination with a foreign government or an agent of a foreign government; and
- "(B) the person convicted of conspiring to kill or kidnap an individual designated in subsection (a) knew that 1 or more of the persons involved in such conspiracy were knowingly acting in coordination with a foreign government or an agent of a foreign government.
- "(3) The sentence of a person convicted of an offense under subsection (e) may be increased by up to 10 years if—
- "(A) the victim was any person designated in subsection (a)(1); and
- "(B) such offense was committed knowingly at the direction of or in coordination with a foreign government or an agent of a foreign government.
- "(4) The sentence of a person convicted of an offense under subsection (e) may be increased by up to 10 years if—
- "(A) the victim was any person designated in subsection (a)(2); and
- "(B) such offense was committed knowingly at the direction of or in coordination with a foreign government or an agent of a foreign government.
- "(5) The sentence of a person convicted of an offense under subsection (e) may be increased by up to 10 years if—
- ``(A)(i) the offense involved the use of a dangerous weapon; or
- "(ii) personal injury resulted; and
- "(B) such offense was committed knowingly at the direction of or in coordination with a foreign government or an agent of a foreign government.".

#### Subtitle H—Export Controls for Advanced Artificial Intelligence Chips

#### SEC. 6081. SHORT TITLE.

This subtitle may be cited as the "Guaranteeing Access and Innovation for National Artificial Intelligence Act of 2025" or the "GAIN AI Act of 2025".

#### SEC. 6082. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

It is the sense of Congress that-

- (1) artificial intelligence is a transformative technology and United States policy should ensure that United States persons, including small businesses, startups, and universities, are in the best position to innovate and harness the potential of artificial intelligence;
- (2) the demand for advanced artificial intelligence chips far exceeds the supply, and

United States persons are forced to wait many months, if not longer, to acquire the latest chips;

- (3) at the same time, United States chip developers are selling advanced artificial intelligence chips to entities in countries that are subject to a United States arms embargo or countries that have a close relationship with such countries, so that United States persons are unable to acquire such chips;
- (4) the production of such chips for sale to entities in countries described in paragraph (3) is taking up production capacity that would otherwise be used to fabricate chips for United States persons; and
- (5) it should be the policy of the United States and the Department of Commerce—
- (A) to deny licenses for the export of the most powerful artificial intelligence chips, including such chips with a total processing power of 4,800 or above; and
- (B) to restrict the export of less advanced artificial intelligence chips to foreign entities in countries of concern so long as United States entities are waiting and unable to acquire those same chips.

# SEC. 6083. PROHIBITION ON PRIORITIZING COUNTRIES OF CONCERN OVER UNITED STATES PERSONS FOR EXPORTS OF ADVANCED INTEGRATED CIRCUITS.

Part I of the Export Control Reform Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C. 4811 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 1758 the following:

#### "SEC. 1758A. CONTROL OF EXPORTS OF AD-VANCED INTEGRATED CIRCUITS.

- "(a) LICENSE REQUIREMENT.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided by paragraph (2), the Under Secretary of Commerce for Industry and Security shall require a license for the export, reexport, or incountry transfer of an advanced integrated circuit or a product containing such a circuit.
- "(2) AUTHORITY TO EXEMPT CERTAIN COUNTRIES.—The requirement for a license under paragraph (1) does not apply with respect to the export, reexport, or in-country transfer of an advanced integrated circuit or a product containing such a circuit to or in a country that is listed in Country Group A:4, A:5, or A:6 in Supplement No. 1 to part 740 of the Export Administration Regulations.
- "(b) CERTIFICATION OF PRIORITY FOR UNITED STATES CUSTOMERS FOR CERTAIN ADVANCED INTEGRATED CIRCUITS.—
- "(1) CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENT.—The Under Secretary shall require a person submitting an application for a license to export, reexport, or in-country transfer an advanced integrated circuit or a product containing such a circuit to or in a country subject to a comprehensive United States arms embargo or a country of concern to certify in the application that—
- "(A) United States persons had a right-offirst-refusal for the circuit or product, which means the person submitting the application—
- "(i) upon reaching the decision to enter into a transaction for the sale of such a circuit or product to a person in a country subject to a comprehensive United States arms embargo or a country of concern, provided, in a manner accessible to United States persons, a notice of—
- "(I) intent to sell the circuit or product to the person in that country; and
- "(II) the terms of the transaction, including the price and quantity of the circuit or product involved in the transaction;
- "(ii) allowed not less than 15 business days for United States persons to request to purchase the full quantity or a lesser quantity of the circuit or product on the terms (other than quantity) specified under clause (i); and
- "(iii) provided preference to United States persons that requested to purchase the cir-

- cuit or product over the person in the country described in clause (i); and
- $\mbox{``(B)}$  the person submitting the application—
- "(i) has no current backlog of requests from United States persons for the circuit or product or a comparable circuit or product;
- "(ii) cannot foresee the export, reexport, or in-country transfer of the circuit or product resulting in such a backlog or a reduction in the capacity of production lines for the production of the circuit or product for United States persons; and
- "(iii) is not providing advantageous pricing or terms for the circuit or product to foreign persons that the person is not providing to United States persons.
- "(2) DENIAL OF APPLICATIONS WITHOUT CERTIFICATION.—If a certification described in paragraph (1) is not submitted with an application for a license described in that paragraph, the Under Secretary shall deny the application.
- days after the date of the enactment of this section, the Under Secretary shall prescribe regulations providing guidance for complying with the certification requirement under paragraph (1), which shall include—
- "(A) a description of the acceptable formats for the notice required by paragraph (1)(A)(i);
- "(B) establishment of a portal that allows—
- "(i) persons applying for a license under this section to submit details regarding intended sales of advanced integrated circuits and products containing such circuits; and
- "(ii) United States persons to view those details and submit requests to purchase such circuits or products pursuant to paragraph (1)(A)(ii);
- "(C) procedures for handling multiple requests for an intended sale of such a circuit or product, which shall allow for combining requests for lesser quantities of the circuit or product to match the full quantity offered for sale:
- "(D) recordkeeping requirements;
- "(E) penalties for misrepresentation and concealment of material facts; and
- $\lq\lq(F)$  metrics and procedures by which to determine whether—
- "(i) the export, reexport, or in-country transfer of a circuit or product would create—
- "(I) a backlog of requests described in paragraph (1)(B)(i); or
- "(II) a reduction in capacity described in paragraph (1)(B)(ii); and
- "(ii) the person selling the circuit or product is providing advantageous pricing or terms described in paragraph (1)(B)(iii) to foreign persons.
  - "(c) Definitions.—
- "(1) ADVANCED INTEGRATED CIRCUIT.—In this section, the term 'advanced integrated circuit' means an integrated circuit (as defined Export Control Classification Number 3A090 in the Commerce Control List) that has one or more digital processing units with—
- "(A) a total processing performance of 2,400 or more and a performance density of 1.6 or more;
- "(B) a total processing performance of 1,600 or more and a performance density of 3.2 or more; or
- "(C) a total DRAM bandwidth of 1,400 gigabytes per second or more, interconnect bandwidth of 1,100 gigabytes per second or more, or a sum of DRAM bandwidth and interconnect bandwidth of 1,700 gigabytes per second or more.
- "(2) COMMERCE CONTROL LIST.—In this section, the term 'Commerce Control List' means the list set forth in Supplement No. 1

to part 774 of the Export Administration Regulations.

"(3) COUNTRY OF CONCERN.—In this section, the term 'country of concern' means a country that the Director of National Intelligence assesses is hosting, or has the intencion of hosting, a military or intelligence facility associated with a country subject to a comprehensive United States arms embargo.

"(4) PERFORMANCE DENSITY; TOTAL PROC-ESSING PERFORMANCE.—In this section, the terms 'performance density' and 'total processing performance' have the meanings given those terms in, and are calculated as provided for under, Export Control Classification Number 3A090 in the Commerce Control List."

### TITLE LXI—CIVILIAN PERSONNEL MATTERS

#### SEC. 6101. DEFINITION OF DEFENSE INDUSTRIAL BASE FACILITY FOR PURPOSES OF DIRECT HIRE AUTHORITY.

Section 1125(c) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (10 U.S.C. 1580 note prec.; Public Law 114-328) is amended by inserting "and includes supporting units of a facility at an installation or base" after "United States".

### SEC. 6102. PUBLIC SHIPYARD APPRENTICE PROGRAM.

- (a) FISCAL YEAR 2026 CLASSES.—During fiscal year 2026, the Secretary of the Navy shall induct, at each of the Navy shipyards, a class of not fewer than 100 apprentices.
- (b) FISCAL YEAR 2027 COSTS.—The Secretary of the Navy shall include the costs of the classes of Navy shipyard apprentices to be inducted in fiscal year 2027 in the materials of the Department of Defense supporting the fiscal year 2027 budget request submitted to Congress by the President pursuant to section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code.

## TITLE LXII—MATTERS RELATING TO FOREIGN NATIONS

## Subtitle B—Matters Relating to Syria, Iraq, and Iran

### SEC. 6211. REPEAL OF CAESAR SYRIA CIVILIAN PROTECTION ACT OF 2019.

The Caesar Syria Civilian Protection Act of 2019 (title LXXIV of division F of Public Law 116-92; 22 U.S.C. 8791 note) is hereby repealed.

### SEC. 6212. COUNTERING CAPTAGON PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

The Secretary of State is authorize to establish a program that—

- (1) provides funding to rehabilitate border crossings in Syria: and
- (2) supports counter-narcotics, counterterrorism, and counter-weapons trafficking, particularly by personnel and ministries linked to the new Government of Syria.

#### Subtitle C—Matters Relating to Europe and the Russian Federation

#### SEC. 6221. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON RUSSIA'S IL-LEGAL ABDUCTION OF UKRAINIAN CHILDREN.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
- (1) Since the Russian Federation's fullscale invasion of Ukraine in February 2022, the Russian Federation military forces and the Government of the Russian Federation have abducted, forcibly transferred, or facilitated the illegal deportation of at least 20,000 Ukrainian children.
- (2) The Russian Federation's abduction, forcible transfer, and facilitation of the illegal deportation of Ukrainian children has left countless children and families with devastating physical and psychological trauma.
- (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that Congress—
- (1) condemns the Russian Federation's abduction, forcible transfer, and facilitation of

the illegal deportation of Ukrainian children; and

(2) implores the Russian Federation to work with the international community to ensure the return, without delay, of all forcibly transferred Ukrainian children to their families

#### SEC. 6222. MODIFICATION OF ANNUAL REPORT ON MILITARY AND SECURITY DEVEL OPMENTS INVOLVING THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION TO INCLUDE AN AS-SESSMENT ON USE OF CHEMICAL WEAPONS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1234 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283; 134 Stat. 3936) is amended—
- (1) in subsection (b), by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(27) An assessment of the use by the Russian Federation of chemical weapons (including chemical munitions) during the preceding year, which shall include an assessment of each of the following:
- "(A) The use, as part of armed conflict, of any substance the use of which is prohibited by the Organization for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons or any other chemicals the use of which is considered by the United States to be a violation of international obligations.
- "(B) The use of chemical weapons or agents to kill, maim, or incapacitate individuals outside an armed conflict.
- "(C) Any actions taken by the United States Government to hold the Russian Federation accountable for the actions described in subparagraphs (A) and (B).".
- (b) ECONOMIC SANCTIONS.—The President is urged to pursue economic sanctions, including sanctions under the Global Magnitsky Human Rights Accountability Act (22 U.S.C. 10101 et seq.), in any instance identified under paragraph (27) of section 1234(b) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283; 134 Stat. 3936) in which there is credible evidence that foreign person has been involved in the use of chemical weapons.

#### Subtitle D—Matters Relating to the Indo-Pacific Region

## SEC. 6231. MODERNIZING THE DEFENSE CAPABILITIES OF THE PHILIPPINES.

- (a) PURPOSE.—In addition to the purposes otherwise authorized for Foreign Military Financing with respect to the Philippines, the Secretary of State shall use the authorities under this section to—
- (1) strengthen the United States-Philippines alliance in accordance with the historic agreement reached at the United States-Philippines 2+2 Ministerial Dialogue on August 2, 2024;
- (2) enable the acceleration of phase three of the modernization of the Armed Forces of the Philippines;
- (3) provide additional information to the Chairs of the United States-Philippine Bilateral Security Dialogue to enable planning and prioritization of Joint Capability Areas (JCA):
- (4) support the execution of the Philippines-Security Sector Assistance Roadmap (P-SSAR); and
- (5) provide assistance, including equipment, training, and other support, to modernize the defense capabilities of the Armed Forces of the Philippines in order to—
- (A) safeguard the territorial sovereignty of the Philippines;
- (B) improve maritime domain awareness;
- (C) counter coercive military activities;(D) improve the military and civilian in-
- (D) improve the military and civilian infrastructure and capabilities necessary to prepare for regional contingencies; and

- (E) strengthen cooperation between the United States and the Philippines on counterterrorism-related efforts.
- (b) ANNUAL SPENDING PLAN.—Not later than March 1, 2026, and annually thereafter for a period of 4 years, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a plan describing how amounts authorized to be appropriated pursuant to subsection (e), if made available, would be used to achieve the purpose described in subsection (a).
- (c) Annual Report on Enhancing the United States-Philippines Defense Relationship.—
- (1) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 270 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for a period of 4 years, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, and in consultation with such other heads of Federal departments and agencies as the Secretary of State considers appropriate, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report that describes steps taken to enhance the United States-Philippines defense relationship.
- (2) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—Each report required under paragraph (1) shall include the following:
- (A) A description of the capabilities and defense infrastructure improvements needed to modernize the defense capabilities of the Philippines, including with respect to—
  - (i) coastal defense:
  - (ii) long-range fires;
  - (iii) integrated air defenses;
  - (iv) maritime security;
- (v) manned and unmanned aerial systems; (vi) mechanized ground mobility vehicles:
- (vii) intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance;
  - (viii) defensive cybersecurity;
  - (ix) military construction;
- (x) maintenance and sustainment of military capabilities; and
- (xi) any other defense capabilities that the Secretary of State determines, including jointly with the Philippines, are crucial to the defense of the Philippines.
- (B) An assessment of the absorptive capacity of the Armed Forces of the Philippines, including the coast guard, over the next 5 years.
- (C) A description of how statutory authorities under title 10, United States Code, including under section 333 of such title and authorities relating to unspecified minor military construction and overseas humanitarian, disaster, and civic aid, will be used to provide support for the Philippines-Security Sector Assistance Roadmap and the defense capabilities described in subparagraph (A), prioritized according to the assessment of the absorptive capacity of the Armed Forces of the Philippines required under subparagraph (B).
- (3) FORM.—Each report required under paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may contain a classified annex
- (d) Foreign Military Financing Loan and Loan Guarantee Authority.—
  - (1) DIRECT LOANS.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—During fiscal years 2026 through 2030, the Secretary of State may make direct loans available for the Philipines pursuant to section 23 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2763).
- (B) MAXIMUM OBLIGATIONS.—Gross obligations for the principal amounts of loans authorized under subparagraph (A) may not exceed \$1,000,000,000.
  - (C) SOURCE OF FUNDS.—
- (i) DEFINED TERM.—In this subparagraph, the term "cost"—

- (I) has the meaning given such term in section 502(5) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 661a(5));
- (II) shall include the cost of modifying a loan authorized under subparagraph (A); and
- (III) may include the costs of selling, reducing, or cancelling any amounts owed to the United States or to any agency of the United States.
- (ii) IN GENERAL.—Amounts authorized to be appropriated under subsection (e) may be made available to pay for the cost of loans authorized under subparagraph (A).
  - (D) FEES AUTHORIZED.—
- (i) IN GENERAL.—The Government of the United States may charge processing and origination fees for a loan made pursuant to subparagraph (A), not to exceed the cost to the Government of making such loan, which shall be collected from borrowers through a financing account (as defined in section 502(7) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 661a(7)).
- (ii) LIMITATION ON FEE PAYMENTS.— Amounts made available under any appropriations Act for any fiscal year may not be used to pay any fees associated with a loan authorized under subparagraph (A).
- (E) REPAYMENT.—Loans made pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall be repaid not later than 17 years after the loan is received by the borrower, including a grace period of not more than 1 year on repayment of principal.
- (F) INTEREST.—
- (i) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section 23(c)(1) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2763(c)(1)), interest for loans made pursuant to subparagraph (A) may be charged at a rate determined by the Secretary of State.
- (ii) TREATMENT OF LOAN AMOUNTS USED TO PAY INTEREST.—Amounts made available under this paragraph for interest costs shall not be considered assistance for the purposes of any statutory limitation on assistance to a country.
  - (2) LOAN GUARANTEES.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Amounts authorized to be appropriated under subsection (e) may be made available for the costs of loan guarantees for the Philippines under section 24 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2764) for the Philippines to subsidize gross obligations for the principal amount of commercial loans and total loan principal, any part of which may be guaranteed.
- (B) MAXIMUM AMOUNTS.—Loan guarantees authorized under subparagraph (A)—
- (i) may be made only to the extent that the total loan principal, any part of which is guaranteed, does not exceed \$1,000,000,000; and
- (ii) may not exceed 80 percent of the loan principal with respect to any single borrower.
- (C) Subordination.—Any loan guaranteed pursuant to subparagraph (A) may not be subordinated to—  $\,$
- (i) another debt contracted by the borrower; or
- (ii) any other claims against the borrower in the case of default.
- (D) REPAYMENT.—Repayment in United States dollars of any loan guaranteed under this paragraph shall be required not later than 17 years after the loan agreement is signed.
- (E) FEES.—Notwithstanding section 24 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2764), the Government of the United States may charge processing and origination fees for a loan guarantee authorized under subparagraph (A), not to exceed the cost to the Government of such loan guarantee, which shall be collected from borrowers, or from third parties on behalf of such borrowers, through a financing account (as defined in section

- 502(7) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 661a(7)).
- (F) TREATMENTS OF LOAN GUARANTEES.—Amounts made available under this paragraph for the costs of loan guarantees authorized under subparagraph (A) shall not be considered assistance for the purposes of any statutory limitation on assistance to a country.
- (G) COMMERCIAL FLEXIBILITY.—Loan guarantees authorized under subparagraph (A) may be provided to entities doing business inside or outside the United States, notwithstanding any provision of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2751 et seq.) that would otherwise limit eligibility for such guarantees based on geographic location or business operations.
- (3) NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENT.—Amounts authorized to be appropriated to carry out this subsection may not be expended without prior notification of the appropriate committees of Congress.
  - (e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—In addition to amounts otherwise authorized to be appropriated for Foreign Military Financing, there is authorized to be appropriated to the Department of State for Foreign Military Financing grant assistance for the Philippines up to \$500,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2026 through 2030.
- (2) Training.—Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated pursuant to paragraph (1), not less than \$500,000 is authorized to be appropriated each fiscal year for one or more blanket order agreements for Foreign Military Financing training programs related to the defense needs of the Philippines.
- (f) SUNSET PROVISION.—Assistance may not be provided under this section after September 30, 2035.
  - (g) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Armed Services, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
- (B) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Armed Services, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
- (2) BLANKET ORDER AGREEMENT.—The term "blanket order agreement" means an agreement between a foreign customer and the United States Government for a specific category of items or services (including training) that—
- (A) does not include a definitive list of items or quantities; and
- (B) specifies a dollar ceiling against which orders may be placed.

## SEC. 6232. STRATEGY TO RESPOND TO THE PRC'S GLOBAL BASING INTENTIONS.

- (a) SHORT TITLES.—This section may be cited as the "Combating PRC Overseas and Unlawful Networked Threats through Enhanced Resilience Act of 2025" or the "COUNTER Act of 2025".
- (b) FINDINGS.—According to multiple sources, including the 2024 annual report to Congress, titled "Military and Security Developments Involving the People's Republic of China" and known informally as the "China Military Power Report"—
- (1) the PRC is seeking to expand its overseas logistics and basing infrastructure to allow the PLA to project and sustain military power at greater distances;
- (2) a global PLA logistics network could give the PRC increased capabilities to surveil or disrupt United States military operations:
- (3) in August 2017, the PRC officially opened the first overseas PLA military base

- near the commercial port of Doraleh in Djibouti;
- (4) in 2019, the PRC also attempted to acquire strategically important port infrastructure at Subic Bay in the Philippines, but was stopped by the Governments of the United States, the Philippines, and Japan, and by private investors;
- (5) in April 2025, officials from the PRC and Cambodia officially inaugurated the China-Cambodia Ream Naval Base Joint Support and Training Center and celebrated the expansion of port facilities at Ream Naval Base, some of which appear to have been reserved for the use of PRC ships that have been continuously stationed at Ream Naval Base since December 2023: and
- (6) in addition to the base in Djibouti and the PRC's access to the port at the Ream Naval Base in Cambodia, the PRC is likely pursuing access to additional military facilities to support naval, air, and ground forces projection in many countries.
- (c) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—While the executive branch has undertaken case-by-case efforts to forestall the establishment of new PRC permanent military presence in several countries, it is the sense of Congress that future efforts to counter the PRC's global basing intentions must—
- (1) proceed with the urgency required to address the strategic implications of the PRC's actions;
- (2) reflect sufficient interagency coordination with respect to a problem that necessitates a whole-of-government approach;
- (3) ensure that the United States Government maintains a proactive posture rather than a reactive posture in order to maximize strategic decision space:
- (4) identify a comprehensive menu of actions that would be influential in shaping a partner's decision making regarding giving the PRC military access to its sovereign territory:
- (5) appropriately prioritize the subject of the PRC's global basing intentions within the context of the overall United States strategic competition with the PRC:
- (6) consider how the PRC uses commercial and scientific cooperation as a guise for establishing access for the PLA and other PRC security forces in foreign countries;
- (7) factor in the potential contributions of key allies and partners to help respond to the PRC's pursuit of global basing, many of which—
- (A) have historic ties and influence in many of the geographic areas the PRC is targeting for potential future bases; and
- (B) rely on the same basic intelligence picture to form our baseline understanding of the PRC's global intentions;
- (8) establish and ensure sufficient resourcing for enduring organizational structures and security and foreign assistance and cooperation efforts to effectively address the issue of PRC global basing intentions; and
- (9) ensure that future force posture, freedom of movement, and other interests of the United States and our allies are not jeopardized by the continued expansion of PRC bases.
  - (d) Definitions.—In this section:
- (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate;
- (B) the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate;
- (C) the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate;
- (D) the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate;
- (E) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives;

- (F) the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives;
- (G) the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives; and
- (H) the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
- (2) PLA.—The term "PLA" means the People's Liberation Army of the PRC.
- (3) PRC.—The term "PRC" means the People's Republic of China.
- (4) PRC GLOBAL BASING.—The term "PRC global basing" means the establishment of physical locations outside the geographic boundaries of the PRC where the PRC maintains some element of the People's Liberation Army, PRC intelligence or security forces, or infrastructure designed to support the presence of PRC military, intelligence, or security forces, for the purposes of potential power projection.
- (e) Assessment of Executive Branch's C-PRC GLOBAL BASING STRATEGY.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit an intelligence assessment, in classified form, if needed, to the appropriate congressional committees. The assessment shall analyze the risk posed by PRC global basing to the United States or to United States allies with respect to anv their ability to project power, maintain freedom of movement, and protect other interests as a function of the PRC's current or potential locations identified pursuant to subsection (f)(2)(A).
  - (f) STRATEGY.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense and other appropriate senior Federal officials, shall submit a strategy to the appropriate congressional committees that contains the information described in paragraph (2).
- (2) CONTENTS.—The strategy required under paragraph (1) shall—
- (A) identify not fewer than 5 locations that pose the greatest potential risks, as identified in the assessment required under subsection (e), where the PRC maintains a physical presence, or is suspected to be seeking a physical presence, which could ultimately transition into a PRC global base;
- (B) include a comprehensive listing of executive branch entities currently involved in addressing aspects of PRC global basing, including estimated programmatic and personal resource requirements on an agency-by-agency basis to effectively address the issue of PRC global basing intentions, and any relevant resource constraints;
- (C) describe in detail all executive branch efforts to mitigate the impacts to the national interests of the United States and partner countries of the locations referred to in subparagraph (A) and prevent the PRC from establishing new global bases, including with resources described in subparagraph (B): and
- (D) for each of the locations referred to in subparagraph (A), identify the actions by the United States or its allies that would be most effective in ensuring the respective foreign governments terminate plans for hosting a PRC base
- (g) TASK FORCE.—Not later than 90 days after submitting the strategy described in subsection (f), the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense and other appropriate senior Federal officials, shall establish an interagency task force—
- (1) to implement such strategy to counter the PRC's efforts at the locations of chief concern; and
- (2) to identify mitigation measures that would prevent the PRC from establishing new bases in locations beyond the locations

- of chief concern identified pursuant to subsection (f)(2)(A).
- (h) QUADRENNIAL REVIEWS AND REPORTS.—Not later than 4 years after the submission of the strategy required under subsection (f), and not less frequently than once every 4 years thereafter, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense, the Director of National Intelligence, and other appropriate senior Federal officials, shall—
- conduct a review of the Executive Branch's strategy and overall approach in response to the PRC global basing intentions;
   and
- (2) submit the results of such review, including the information described in subsection (f)(2), to the appropriate congressional committees.

#### SEC. 6233. STRATEGY TO STRENGTHEN MULTI-LATERAL DETERRENCE IN THE INDO-PACIFIC REGION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of State, shall develop and implement a strategy to strengthen multilateral deterrence against regional aggression in the Indo-Pacific region by expanding multilateral coordination with United States allies and partners in the Indo-Pacific region, particularly Japan, the Republic of Korea, the Philippines, and Australia, including by enhancing multilateral access and basing agreements, command and control structures, intelligence-sharing, and exercises and operations.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The strategy required by subsection (a) shall—
- (1) describe current activities and identify future actions to be taken over the next 5 years by the Department of Defense—
- (A) to leverage reciprocal access agreements between the United States and allies and partners in the Indo-Pacific region, particularly Japan, the Republic of Korea, the Philippines, and Australia, to expand regional access for the military forces of such allies and partners, including for purposes of enhancing interoperability at locations across the Indo-Pacific region, pre-positioning munitions stockpiles, and jointly supporting and leveraging shared facilities, operational access, and infrastructure:
- (B) to improve command and control structures enabling enhanced multilateral coordination with allies and partners in the Indo-Pacific region, including through the Combined Coordination Center in the Philippines, the joint force headquarters of the United States in Japan, the Combined Forces Command in the Republic of Korea, and a potential combined coordination structure in Australia;
- (C) to expand intelligence-sharing and maritime domain awareness among the United States and allies and partners in the Indo-Pacific region, including through the Bilateral Intelligence Analysis Cell in Japan and the Combined Coordination Center in the Philippines; and
- (D) to expand the scope and scale of multilateral military exercises and operations as well as basing infrastructure and posture in the Indo-Pacific region, particularly among the United States, Japan, the Republic of Korea, the Philippines, and Australia, including more frequent combined maritime operations through the Taiwan Strait, the South China Sea, and the Aleutian Islands;
- (2) fully consider strategic and operational contingencies for security of likely military and economic avenues of approach and trade routes across the South, Central, and North Indo-Pacific region: and
- (3) address the conduct of operations in accordance with such strategic and operational contingencies.
- (c) SUBMISSION.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act,

- the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees the written strategy required by subsection (a), including an identification of—
- (1) any changes to funding or policy required to strengthen multilateral deterrence among the United States and allies and partners in the Indo-Pacific region against regional aggression; and
- (2) any additional resources required to carry out specific initiatives described in subsection (b), such as expanding regional access to the military forces of such allies and partners, improving command and control structures, expanding intelligence-sharing and maritime domain awareness, and expanding the scope and scale of multilateral exercises and operations in the Indo-Pacific region.
- (d) INTERIM REPORT ON IMPLEMENTATION.— Not later than March 15, 2027, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on the progress of the implementation of the strategy required by subsection (a), including any resource or authority gaps identified in the ability of the Department of Defense to implement the strategy.
- (e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the congressional defense committees; and
- (B) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives.
- (2) INDO-PACIFIC REGION.—The term "Indo-Pacific region" means—
- (A) the geographical area encompassing the area of responsibility of the United States Indo-Pacific Command; and
- (B) the Alaska theater of operations, including the entirety of the State of Alaska and the entirety of the oceans or other such maritime features bordering the State of Alaska.

#### Subtitle E—Other Matters

#### SEC. 6241. MODIFICATION OF CERTAIN TEM-PORARY AUTHORIZATIONS RELATED TO MUNITIONS REPLACEMENT.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1244 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 136 Stat. 2844) is amended—
- (1) in the section heading, by striking "AND ISRAEL" and inserting "ISRAEL, AND THE UNITED STATES DEFENSE INDUSTRIAL BASE "; and
  - (2) in subsection (a)—
- (A) in paragraph (1), by striking "or Israel" each place it appears and inserting "Israel, or the United States defense industrial base": and
- (B) in paragraph (5), by striking "or Israel" each place it appears and inserting "Israel, or the United States defense industrial base".
  - (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—
- (1) The table of contents at the beginning of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 136 Stat. 2395) is amended by striking the item relating to section 1244 and inserting the following:
- "1244. Temporary authorizations related to Ukraine, Taiwan, Israel, and the United States defense industrial base.".
- (2) The table of contents at the beginning of title XII of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 136 Stat. 2820) is samended by striking the item relating to section 1244 and inserting the following:

"1244. Temporary authorizations related to Ukraine, Taiwan, Israel, and the United States defense industrial base.".

#### SEC. 6242. DISPOSITION OF WEAPONS AND MATE-RIEL IN TRANSIT FROM IRAN TO HOUTHIS IN YEMEN.

(a) DISPOSITION OF WEAPONS AND MATERIEL.—The President may treat as stocks of the United States any weapon or materiel seized by the United States while in transit from the Islamic Republic of Iran to the Houthis in the Republic of Yemen.

(b) DRAWDOWN AUTHORITY.—Section 506(a) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2318(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

"(4) In addition to amounts otherwise specified in this section, the President may direct the drawdown of weapons and materiel treated as stocks of the United States, seized pursuant to section 126\_(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026, to be provided to foreign partners."

(c) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the President shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report that includes the following:

(1) The number of times the President exercised the authority under subsection (a).

(2) An inventory of the weapons and materiel treated as United States stocks pursuant to such authority.

(3) An inventory of the weapons and materiel provided to foreign partners pursuant to the authority provided in paragraph (4) of section 506(a) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2318(a)).

(d) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DEFINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—

(1) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate; and

(2) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives.

## Subtitle F—Treatment of Taiwan at International Financial Institutions

SEC. 6251. SHORT TITLE.

This subtitle may be cited as the "Taiwan Non-Discrimination Act of 2025".

#### SEC. 6252. FINDINGS.

Congress finds as follows:

- (1) As enshrined in its Articles of Agreement, the International Monetary Fund (IMF) is devoted to promoting international monetary cooperation, facilitating the expansion and balanced growth of international trade, encouraging exchange stability, and avoiding competitive exchange depreciation.
- (2) Taiwan is the 21st largest economy in the world and the 10th largest goods trading partner of the United States.
- (3) Although Taiwan is not an IMF member, it is a member of the World Trade Organization, the Asian Development Bank, and the Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation forum.
- (4) According to the January 2020 Report on Macroeconomic and Foreign Exchange Policies of Major Trading Partners of the United States, published by the Department of the Treasury, Taiwan held \$471,900,000,000 in foreign exchange reserves, more than major economies such as India, South Korea, and Brazil.
- (5) According to section 4(d) of the Taiwan Relations Act (Public Law 96–8), enacted on April 10, 1979, "Nothing in this Act may be construed as a basis for supporting the exclusion or expulsion of Taiwan from continued membership in any international financial institution or any other international organization."

(6) Taiwan held membership in the IMF for 9 years following the recognition of the People's Republic of China (PRC) by the United Nations, and 16 Taiwan staff members at the Fund were allowed to continue their employment after the PRC was seated at the IMF in 1980. As James M. Boughton has noted in his Silent Revolution: The International Monetary Fund 1979–1989, even as the PRC was seated, the United States Executive Director to the IMF, Sam Y. Cross, expressed support on behalf of the United States Government for "some kind of association between Taiwan and the Fund".

(7) On September 27, 1994, in testimony before the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations regarding the 1994 Taiwan Policy Review, then-Assistant Secretary of State for East Asian and Pacific Affairs Winston Lord stated: "Recognizing Taiwan's important role in transnational issues, we will support its membership in organizations where statehood is not a prerequisite, and we will support opportunities for Taiwan's voice to be heard in organizations where its membership is not possible.".

(8) The Congress has repeatedly reaffirmed support for this policy, including in Public Laws 107-10, 107-158, 108-28, 108-235, 113-17, and 114-139, and the unanimous House and Senate passage of the Taiwan Allies International Protection and Enhancement Initiative (TAIPEI) Act of 2019.

(9) In its fact sheet, entitled "U.S. Relations with Taiwan", published on August 31, 2018, the Department of State asserts: "The United States supports Taiwan's membership in international organizations that do not require statehood as a condition of membership and encourages Taiwan's meaningful participation in international organizations where its membership is not possible.".

(10) According to the Articles of Agreement of the IMF, "membership shall be open to other countries", subject to conditions prescribed by the Board of Governors of the IMF.

(11) In the IMF publication "Membership and Nonmembership in the International Monetary Fund: A Study in International Law and Organization", Joseph Gold, the then-General Counsel and Director of the Legal Department of the IMF, elaborated on the differences between the terms "countries" and "states", noting that "the word 'country' may have been adopted because of the absence of agreement on the definition of a 'state' and, with respect to the use of 'countries' and applications for IMF membership, "the absence of any adjective in the Articles emphasizes the breadth of the discretion that the Fund may exercise in admitting countries to membership". According to Mr. Gold, "the desire to give the Fund flexibility in dealing with applications may explain not only the absence of any adjective that qualifies 'countries' but also the choice of that word itself"

(12) In his IMF study, Mr. Gold further observes, "in the practice of the Fund the concepts of independence and sovereignty have been avoided on the whole as a mode of expressing a criterion for membership in the Fund". He continues, "Although the Fund usually takes into account the recognition or nonrecognition of an entity as a state, there are no rules or even informal understandings on the extent to which an applicant must have been recognized by members or other international organizations before the Fund will regard it as eligible for membership.". In fact, when considering an application for membership where the status of an applicant may not be resolved, Mr. Gold writes "there have been occasions on which the Fund has made a finding before decisions had been taken by the United Nations or by most members or by members with a majority of the total voting power." Mr. Gold concludes, "the Fund makes its own findings on whether an applicant is a 'country', and makes them solely for its own purposes.".

(13) Although not a member state of the United Nations, the Republic of Kosovo is a member of both the IMF and the World Bank, having joined both organizations on June 29, 2009.

(14) On October 26, 2021, Secretary of State Antony Blinken issued a statement in support of Taiwan's "robust, meaningful participation" in the United Nations system, which includes the IMF, the World Bank, and other specialized United Nations agencies. Secretary of State Blinken noted, "As the international community faces an unprecedented number of complex and global issues, it is critical for all stakeholders to help address these problems. This includes the 24 million people who live in Taiwan. Taiwan's meaningful participation in the UN system is not a political issue, but a pragmatic one,". He continued. "Taiwan's exclusion undermines the important work of the UN and its related bodies, all of which stand to benefit greatly from its contributions.".
(15) In October 2024, Taiwan announced it

(15) In October 2024, Taiwan announced it would seek IMF membership, with the Taipei Economic and Cultural Representative Office in the United States stating, "Taiwan's membership at the IMF would help boost financial resilience.".

#### SEC. 6253. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS.

It is the sense of the Congress that-

(1) the size, significance, and connectedness of the Taiwanese economy highlight the importance of greater participation by Taiwan in the International Monetary Fund, given the purposes of the Fund articulated in its Articles of Agreement; and

(2) the experience of Taiwan in developing a vibrant and advanced economy under democratic governance and the rule of law should inform the work of the international financial institutions, including through increased participation by Taiwan in the institutions.

### SEC. 6254. SUPPORT FOR TAIWAN ADMISSION TO THE IMF.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The United States Governor of the International Monetary Fund (in this section referred to as the "Fund") shall use the voice and vote of the United States to vigorously support—

(1) the admission of Taiwan as a member of the Fund, to the extent that admission is sought by Taiwan;

(2) participation by Taiwan in regular surveillance activities of the Fund with respect to the economic and financial policies of Taiwan, consistent with Article IV consultation procedures of the Fund:

(3) employment opportunities for Taiwan nationals, without regard to any consideration that, in the determination of the United States Governor, does not generally restrict the employment of nationals of member countries of the Fund; and

(4) the ability of Taiwan to receive appropriate technical assistance and training by the Fund.

(b) UNITED STATES POLICY.—It is the policy of the United States not to discourage or otherwise deter Taiwan from seeking admission as a member of the Fund.

(c) WAIVER.—The Secretary of the Treasury may waive any requirement of subsection (a) for up to 1 year at a time on reporting to Congress that providing the waiver will substantially promote the objective of securing the meaningful participation of Taiwan at each international financial institution (as defined in section 1701(c)(2) of the International Financial Institutions Act).

(d) SUNSET.—This section shall have no force or effect on the earlier of—

- (1) the date of approval by the Board of Governors of the Fund for the admission of Taiwan as a member of the Fund; or
- (2) the date that is 10 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

#### SEC. 6255. TESTIMONY REQUIREMENT.

In each of the next 7 years in which the Secretary of the Treasury is required by section 1705(b) of the International Financial Institutions Act to present testimony, the Secretary shall include in the testimony a description of the efforts of the United States to support the greatest participation practicable by Taiwan at each international financial institution (as defined in section 1701(c)(2) of such Act).

## TITLE LXV—SPACE ACTIVITIES, STRATEGIC PROGRAMS, AND INTELLIGENCE MATTERS

#### Subtitle A—Space Activities

## SEC. 6501. ENHANCEMENT OF SPACE DOMAIN AWARENESS THROUGH GROUND-BASED SENSOR DEVELOPMENT.

- (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—
- (1) the expansion of space domain awareness infrastructure, including advanced ground-based optical sensing capabilities, is essential to the operational testing and training architecture of the Space Force; and
- (2) collaboration with academic institutions is critical to advancing electro-optical sensor research and development in support of national security objectives.
  - (b) Report.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Air Force shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on efforts by the Space Force to expand space domain awareness infrastructure.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The report required by paragraph (1) shall include, at a minimum—
- (A) a description of current and planned infrastructure, equipment, and capability expansions;
- (B) a summary of current and planned engagement with institutions of higher education that possess demonstrated expertise in space domain awareness, including electro-optical sensor development, tasking algorithms, and automation frameworks; and
- (C) an assessment of the ability to integrate research and development from academic partners into operational testing and training environments in support of space domain awareness objectives.

#### SEC. 6502. CONTINUATION OF OPERATION OF DE-FENSE METEOROLOGICAL SAT-ELLITE PROGRAM.

The text of section 1507 is hereby deemed to read as follows:

#### "SEC. 1507. CONTINUATION OF OPERATION OF DEFENSE METEOROLOGICAL SAT-ELLITE PROGRAM.

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall continue to operate the Defense Meteorological Satellite Program, and its existing functions and distribution capability, until the end of the functional life of the satellites in orbit as of the date of the enactment of this Act under such program.
- "(b) BRIEFING.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on—
- "(1) the status of the Defense Meteorological Satellite Program;
- "(2) the requirements, capabilities, and costs for such program for fiscal year 2026;
- "(3) the projected costs—
- "(A) to carry out such program for the functional life of the satellites in orbit as of the date of the enactment of this Act under such program; and

- "(B) to replace the satellite functions under such program; and
- "(4) any cybersecurity concerns relating to the systems used to process the data under such program.".

#### Subtitle D-Other Matters

## SEC. 6551. TRANSFER OF FOREIGN LANGUAGES PROGRAM TO DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

- (a) Transfer.—Not later than the effective date set forth in subsection (d), the Director of National Intelligence and the Secretary of Defense shall take such actions as may be necessary for the Secretary of Defense to carry out the Foreign Languages Program, including such transfer of personnel, assets, and facilities from the Director to the Secretary as the Director and the Secretary jointly consider appropriate.
- (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Part III of subtitle A of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new chapter:

#### "CHAPTER 114—FOREIGN LANGUAGES PROGRAM

#### "\$ 2200m. Program on advancement of foreign languages critical to the Defense Intelligence Enterprise

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall, in coordination with the Director of National Intelligence, carry out a program to advance skills in foreign languages that are critical to the capability of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise to carry out the national security activities of the United States (hereinafter in this chapter referred to as the 'Foreign Languages Program').
- "(b) IDENTIFICATION OF REQUISITE ACTIONS.—In order to carry out the Foreign Languages Program, the Secretary of Defense shall identify actions required to improve the education of personnel in the Defense Intelligence Enterprise in foreign languages that are critical to the capability of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise to carry out the national security activities of the United States and to meet the long-term intelligence needs of the United States.

#### "§ 2200n. Education partnerships

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out the Foreign Languages Program, the head of a covered element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise may enter into one or more education partnership agreements with educational institutions in the United States in order to encourage and enhance the study in such educational institutions of foreign languages that are critical to the capability of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise to carry out the national security activities of the United States.
- "(b) ASSISTANCE PROVIDED UNDER EDU-CATIONAL PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENTS.—Under an educational partnership agreement entered into with an educational institution pursuant to this section, the head of a covered element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise may provide the following assistance to the educational institution:
- "(1) The loan of equipment and instructional materials of the element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise to the educational institution for any purpose and duration that the head of the element considers appropriate.
- "(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law relating to the transfer of surplus property, the transfer to the educational institution of any computer equipment, or other equipment, that is—
- "(A) commonly used by educational institutions;
- "(B) surplus to the needs of the element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise; and
- "(C) determined by the head of the element to be appropriate for support of such agreement.

- "(3) The provision of dedicated personnel to the educational institution—
- "(A) to teach courses in foreign languages that are critical to the capability of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise to carry out the national security activities of the United States; or
- "(B) to assist in the development for the educational institution of courses and materials on such languages.
- "(4) The involvement of faculty and students of the educational institution in research projects of the element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise.
- "(5) Cooperation with the educational institution in developing a program under which students receive academic credit at the educational institution for work on research projects of the element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise.
- "(6) The provision of academic and career advice and assistance to students of the educational institution.
- "(7) The provision of cash awards and other items that the head of the element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise considers appropriate.

#### "§ 2200o. Voluntary services

- "(a) AUTHORITY TO ACCEPT SERVICES.—Notwithstanding section 1342 of title 31, and subject to subsection (b), the Foreign Languages Program under section 2200m shall include authority for the head of a covered element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise to accept from any dedicated personnel voluntary services in support of the activities authorized by this subtitle.
- "(b) REQUIREMENTS AND LIMITATIONS.—(1) In accepting voluntary services from an individual under subsection (a), the head of a covered element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise shall—
- "(A) supervise the individual to the same extent as the head of the element would supervise a compensated employee of that element providing similar services; and
- "(B) ensure that the individual is licensed, privileged, has appropriate educational or experiential credentials, or is otherwise qualified under applicable law or regulations to provide such services
- "(2) In accepting voluntary services from an individual under subsection (a), the head of a covered element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise may not—
- "(A) place the individual in a policymaking position, or other position performing inherently governmental functions;
- "(B) compensate the individual for the provision of such services.
- "(c) AUTHORITY TO RECRUIT AND TRAIN INDI-VIDUALS PROVIDING SERVICES.—The head of a covered element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise may recruit and train individuals to provide voluntary services under subsection (a).
- "(d) STATUS OF INDIVIDUALS PROVIDING SERVICES.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2), while providing voluntary services under subsection (a) or receiving training under subsection (c), an individual shall be considered to be an employee of the Federal Government only for purposes of the following provisions of law:
- "(A) Section 552a of title 5 (relating to maintenance of records on individuals).
- $\mbox{``(B)}$  Chapter 11 of title 18 (relating to conflicts of interest).
- "(2)(A) With respect to voluntary services under paragraph (1) provided by an individual that are within the scope of the services accepted under that paragraph, the individual shall be deemed to be a volunteer of a governmental entity or nonprofit institution for purposes of the Volunteer Protection Act of 1997 (42 U.S.C. 14501 et seq.).

- "(B) In the case of any claim against such an individual with respect to the provision of such services, section 4(d) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 14503(d)) shall not apply.
- "(3) Acceptance of voluntary services under this section shall have no bearing on the issuance or renewal of a security clearance.
- "(e) REIMBURSEMENT OF INCIDENTAL EXPENSES.—(1) The head of a covered element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise may reimburse an individual for incidental expenses incurred by the individual in providing voluntary services under subsection (a). The head of a covered element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise shall determine which expenses are eligible for reimbursement under this subsection.

"(2) Reimbursement under paragraph (1) may be made from appropriated or non-

appropriated funds.

- "(f) AUTHORITY TO INSTALL EQUIPMENT.—(1) The head of a covered element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise may install telephone lines and any necessary telecommunication equipment in the private residences of individuals who provide voluntary services under subsection (a).
- "(2) The head of a covered element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise may pay the charges incurred for the use of equipment installed under paragraph (1) for authorized purposes.
- "(3) Notwithstanding section 1348 of title 31, United States Code, the head of a covered element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise may use appropriated funds or non-appropriated funds of the element in carrying out this subsection.

#### "§ 2200p. Regulations

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall, in coordination with the Director of National Intelligence, prescribe regulations to carry out the Foreign Languages Program.
- "(b) ELEMENTS OF THE DEFENSE INTEL-LIGENCE ENTERPRISE.—The head of each covered element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise shall prescribe regulations to carry out sections 2200n and 22000 with respect to that element including the following:
- "(1) Procedures to be utilized for the acceptance of voluntary services under section 2200o.
- "(2) Procedures and requirements relating to the installation of equipment under section 2200o(f).

#### "§ 2200q. Definitions

- "In this chapter:
- "(1) The term 'covered element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise' means an agency, office, bureau, or element referred to in subparagraph (B) of section 426(b)(4) of this title.
- "(2) The term 'dedicated personnel' means employees of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise and private citizens (including former civilian employees of the Federal Government who have been voluntarily separated, and members of the United States Armed Forces who have been honorably discharged, honorably separated, or generally discharged under honorable circumstances and rehired on a voluntary basis specifically to perform the activities authorized under this subtitle).
- "(3) The term 'Defense Intelligence Enterprise' has the meaning given such term in section 426(b)(4) of this title.
- "(4) The term 'educational institution' means—
- "(A) a local educational agency (as that term is defined in section 8101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965);
- "(B) an institution of higher education (as defined in section 102 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1002) other than institutions referred to in subsection (a)(1)(C) of such section); or

- "(C) any other nonprofit institution that provides instruction of foreign languages in languages that are critical to the capability of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise to carry out national security activities of the United States."
  - (c) Conforming Repeals.—
- (1) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Title X of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3191 et seq.) is amended by striking subtitle B (50 U.S.C. 3201 et seq.).
- (2) CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—The table of contents for such Act, in the matter preceding section 2 of such Act, is amended by striking the items relating to subtitle B of title X.
- (d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on the date that is 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

### TITLE LXVI—CYBERSPACE-RELATED MATTERS

#### Subtitle B—Matters Relating to Department of Defense Cybersecurity and Information Technology

#### SEC. 6611. STRATEGY ON QUANTUM READINESS.

- (a) STRATEGY REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall, in coordination with the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense, submit to the congressional defense committees a strategy on quantum readiness. Such strategy shall include each of the following:
- (1) An assessment of the risks that quantum computing pose to Department of Defense systems and data.
- (2) A determination of which Department systems and data are most vulnerable to quantum threats and critical to protect, and timelines for the transition of such systems and data.
- (3) An identification of the progress made by organizations and elements of the Department of Defense in inventorying and migrating all cryptographic systems to post-quantum cryptography by 2035 or earlier.
- (4) A plan to adopt and deploy automated quantum readiness platform tools, including capabilities that—
- (A) provide continuous visibility into an organization's cryptographic landscape;
- (B) automate the prioritization of cryptographic risks; and
- (C) facilitate the remediation of insecure cryptography.
- (5) An identification of the methodology used for evaluating and validating Department cryptographic modules as quantum ready.
- (6) An estimate of resources needed to achieve quantum readiness by the target deadline of 2035, as well as an additional estimate of resources needed to achieve quantum readiness earlier than 2035.
- (7) A detailed breakdown of how the funds provided in section 20005(a)(29) of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of H. Con. Res. 14", approved July 4, 2025 (Public Law 119–21) will be allocated and obligated across specific programs, projects, and activities.
- (8) Any other matter the Secretary of Defense considers relevant.
- (b) FORM OF STRATEGY.—The strategy required by subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form but may contain a classified annex.
- (c) BRIEFING.—Not later than 240 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall, in coordination with the Chief Information Officer, submit to the congressional defense committees a briefing on the strategy required under subsection (a).
  - (d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) The term "post-quantum cryptography" has the meaning given that term in

- section 3 of the Quantum Computing Cybersecurity Preparedness Act (Public Law 117–260; 6 U.S.C. 1526 note).
- (2) The term "quantum readiness" means the state in which an agency's cryptographic systems have been inventoried, continuously assessed for quantum vulnerabilities, and remediated through the adoption of quantumresistant cryptographic algorithms and other practices.

#### SEC. 6612. SECURE AND INTEROPERABLE DE-FENSE COLLABORATION TECH-NOLOGY.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) CHIEF INFORMATION OFFICER.—The term "Chief Information Officer" means the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense.
- (2) COLLABORATION TECHNOLOGY.—The term "collaboration technology" means a software system or application that offers 1 or more primary collaboration technology features.
- (3) DEPARTMENT.—The term "Department" means the Department of Defense.
- (4) END-TO-END ENCRYPTION.—The term "end-to-end encryption" means communications encryption in which data is encrypted when being passed through a network such that no party, other than the sender and each intended recipient of the communication, can access the decrypted communication, regardless of the transport technology used and the intermediaries or intermediate steps along the sending path.
- (5) IDENTIFIED STANDARDS.—The term "identified standards" means the standard, or set of standards, identified under subsection (b)(2).
- (6) INTEROPERABILITY.—The term "interoperability" has the meaning given the term in section 3601 of title 44, United States Code.
- (7) OPEN STANDARD.—The term "open standard" means a standard, or a set of standards, that—
- (A) is available for any individual to read and implement;
- (B) does not impose any royalty or other fee for use; and
- (C) can be certified for low or no cost to users of the standard or set of standards.
- (8) PRIMARY COLLABORATION TECHNOLOGY FEATURE.—The term "primary collaboration technology feature" means a technology feature or function that—
- (A) facilitates remote work or collaboration within the Department;
- (B) facilitates the work or collaboration described in subparagraph (A) by providing functionality that is core or essential, rather than ancillary or secondary; and
- (C) is identified by the Chief Information Officer under subsection (b)(1).
- (9) STANDARDS-COMPATIBLE COLLABORATION TECHNOLOGY.—The term "standards-compatible collaboration technology" means collaboration technology—
- (A) each primary collaboration technology feature of which is compatible with the identified standards for such a primary collaboration technology feature; and
- (B) that has demonstrated compliance under subsection (d)(2).
- (10) VOLUNTARY CONSENSUS STANDARD.—The term "voluntary consensus standard" has the meaning given such term in Circular A—119 of the Office of Management and Budget entitled "Federal Participation in the Development and Use of Voluntary Consensus Standards and in Conformity Assessment Activities", issued in revised form on January 27, 2016.
- (b) IDENTIFYING STANDARDS FOR DEFENSE COLLABORATION TECHNOLOGY.—
- (1) IDENTIFICATION OF FEATURES.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Chief Information Officer

- shall, in consultation with such others as the Chief Information Officer considers relevant, identify a list of primary collaboration technology features, including-
  - (A) voice and video calling, including-
- (i) calling between 2 individuals; and (ii) calling between not less than 3 individ-
- (B) text-based messaging;
- (C) file sharing;
- (D) live document editing:
- (E) scheduling and calendaring; and
- (F) any other technology feature or function that the Chief Information Officer considers appropriate.
- (2) Identification of standards.—Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Chief Information Officer shall identify a standard, or set of standards, for collaboration technology used by the Department that-
- (A) for each primary collaboration technology feature, specifies interoperability protocols, and any other protocol, format, requirement, or guidance required to create interoperable implementations of that feature, including-
- (i) protocols for applications to specify and standardize security, including systems for-
- (I) identifying and authenticating the individuals who are party to a communication or collaboration task;
- (II) controlling the attendance and security settings of voice and video calls; and
- (III) controlling access and editing rights for shared documents; and
- (ii) protocols for any ancillary feature the Chief Information Officer identifies to support the core primary collaboration technology feature, including participation features available within video meetings:
- (B) to the extent possible, is based on open standards:
- (C) to the extent possible, is based on standards planned, developed, established, or coordinated using procedures consistent with those for voluntary consensus standards:
- (D) subject to paragraph (3), uses end-toend encryption technology;
- (E) incorporates protocols, guidance, and requirements based on best practices for the cybersecurity of collaboration technology and collaboration technology features:
- (F) to the extent practicable, integrates cybersecurity technology designed to protect communications from surveillance by foreign adversaries, including technology to protect communications metadata from traffic analysis, with requirements developed in consultation with such others as the Chief Information Officer considers relevant;
- (G) to the extent practicable, is usable by. or offers options for users with internet connections that have low-bandwidth or high-latency: and
- (H) subject to paragraph (5), with respect to the use of primary collaboration technology features, enables compliance with record retention and disclosure obligations.
- (3)END-TO-END ENCRYPTION REQUIRE-MENTS.
- GENERAL -The TN end-to-end encryption technology selected as part of the identified standards under paragraph (2), to the extent practicable, shall ensure that collaboration and communications content data cannot be compromised if a hosting server is compromised.
- (B) END-TO-END ENCRYPTION NOT AVAIL--Subject to subparagraph (C), if the Chief Information Officer has identified an ancillary feature or function for a primary collaboration technology feature and is unable to identify a standard, or set of standards, that uses end-to-end encryption and that is compatible with such ancillary feature or function, the Chief Information Officer may identify a standard or set of stand-

- ards that does not utilize end-to-end encryption that may be used to support the ancillary feature or function.
- (C) END-TO-END ENCRYPTION BY DEFAULT.-
- (i) IN GENERAL.—Subject to clause (ii), the Chief Information Officer shall ensure that, with respect to the use of standards-compatible collaboration technology that offers an ancillary technology feature or function described in subparagraph (B)-
- (I) the ancillary feature or function is disabled by default: and
- (II) the primary collaboration technology feature uses end-to-end encryption.
- (ii) EXCEPTION.—Clause (i) shall not apply to the use of a primary collaboration technology feature with an ancillary feature or function described in subparagraph (B) if-
- (I) the Chief Information Officer has enabled the use of the ancillary feature or function within the Department;
- (II) each user of the ancillary feature or function has been notified of the additional cybersecurity and surveillance risks accompanying the use of the ancillary feature or function:
- (III) each user of the ancillary feature or function has explicitly opted into the use of the ancillary feature or function; and
- (IV) the primary collaboration technology feature offers a means for the Chief Information Officer to collect aggregate statistics about the use of the options that are not end-to-end encrypted.
- (D) ENCRYPTION STATUS TRANSPARENCY.— To the extent practicable, the Chief Information Officer shall identify protocols, guidance, or requirements to ensure that standards-compatible collaboration technology provides users the ability to easily see the encryption status of any collaboration feature in use.
- (4) Considerations.—In identifying the identified standards, the Chief Information Officer shall consider secure, standardsbased technologies adopted by a component or element of the Department, allies of the United States, State and local governments, and the private sector.
- (5) COMPLIANCE WITH RECORD-KEEPING RE-QUIREMENTS.—The Chief Information Officer shall ensure that requirements added to the identified standards to achieve compliance with record retention and disclosure obligations to the greatest extent practicable-
- (A) preserve the security benefits of endto-end encryption;
- (B) avoid storing information, like plaintext messages or decryption keys, that would compromise the security of communications content data if a hosting server were compromised:
- (C) minimize other cybersecurity risks: and
- (D) require that all users party to a communication be notified that the communications content data is being saved for archival purposes.
- (6) WAIVER TO EXTEND DEADLINE FOR STAND-ARDS IDENTIFICATION.
- (A) IN GENERAL.—If the Chief Information Officer determines that it is infeasible to identify a standard for a particular primary collaboration technology feature not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Chief Information Officer may issue a waiver to extend the deadline for the identification of such standard for the particular primary collaboration technology feature.
- (B) WAIVER REQUIREMENTS.—A waiver described in subparagraph (A) shall include-
- (i) the particular primary collaboration technology feature for which the waiver is issued; and
- (ii) an explanation of the reason for which it is currently infeasible to identify a stand-

- ard meeting the requirements under paragraph (2).
- (C) WAIVER DURATION.—A waiver issued by the Chief Information Officer under subparagraph (A) shall be valid for 1 year.
- (D) WAIVER RE-ISSUANCE.—The Chief Information Officer may re-issue a waiver under paragraph (1) for a primary collaboration technology feature not more than 10 times.
- (c) Requirement to Use Identified Stand-ARDS
- (1) IN GENERAL.—On and after the date that is 4 years after the date on which the Chief Information Officer identifies the identified standards, the head of a component or element of the Department may only procure collaboration technology if the collaboration technology is standards-compatible collaboration technology.
- (2) EXCEPTION FOR PARTICULAR COLLABORA-TION SYSTEMS.—The following collaboration systems shall not be subject to the requirements under paragraph (1):
  - (A) Email.
- (B) Voice services, as defined in section 227(e) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 227(e)).
- (C) National security systems, as defined in section 11103(a) of title 40. United States Code
- (3) EXCEPTION FOR POST-PURCHASE CONFIGU-RATION.—If a software product or a device with a software operating system has builtin primary collaboration technology features that are not compatible with the identified standards, and the Chief Information Officer cannot procure the product or device with those primary collaboration technology features disabled before purchase, the Chief Information Officer may comply with this subsection by disabling the primary collaboration technology features that are not compatible with the identified standards before provisioning the software product or device to an employee of the Department.
  - (4) CERTIFICATION FOR WAIVER.-
- (A) CERTIFICATION.—The Chief Information Officer may issue a certification for waiver of the prohibition under paragraph (1) with respect to a particular collaboration technology.
- (B) REQUIREMENT —A certification under subparagraph (A) shall cite not less than 1 specific reason for which the Department is unable to procure standards-compatible collaboration technology that meets the needs of the Department.
- (C) SUBMISSION.—The Chief Information Officer shall submit to the congressional defense committees a copy of each certification issued under subparagraph (A).
- (D) ACCESSIBLE POSTING.—The Chief Information Officer shall post a copy of each certification issued under subparagraph (A) on the Department's website.
- (E) DURATION; RENEWAL.—A certification with respect to a particular collaboration technology under this paragraph shall result in a waiver of the prohibition for that particular collaboration technology under paragraph (1)(B) that-
- (i) shall be valid for a 4-year period; and
- (ii) may be renewed by the Chief Information Officer.
- (d) ATTESTATION OF COMPLIANCE AND INTER-OPERABILITY TEST RESULTS.
- (1) INTEROPERABILITY TEST.—Not later than 1 year after the date on which the Chief Information Officer identifies the identified the Chief Information Officer shall identify third-party online interoperability test suites, including not less than 1 free test suite, or develop a free online interoperability test suite if no suitable thirdparty test suite can be identified, which shall-
- (A) enable any entity to test whether an implementation of a primary collaboration

technology feature has interoperability with the identified standards; and

- (B) offer an externally-shareable version of the interoperability test results that can be provided as part of a demonstration of compliance under paragraph (2).
- (2) DEMONSTRATION OF COMPLIANCE.—In order to demonstrate that a collaboration technology is a standards-compatible collaboration technology, the provider of the collaboration technology shall provide to the Chief Information Officer—
- (A) an attestation that includes an affirmation that—
- (i) each primary collaboration technology feature of the collaboration technology, by default—
- (I) uses the relevant standard or standards from the identified standards for the primary collaboration technology feature to interoperate with other instances of standardscompatible collaboration technology; and
- (II) follows all guidance and requirements from the identified standards that is applicable to the primary collaboration technology feature; and
- (ii) the collaboration technology enables the Chief Information Officer to disable the ability of users to use modes of the collaboration technology that are not compatible with the identified standards; and
- (B) interoperability test results described in paragraph (1)(B) that demonstrate interoperability with the identified standards for each primary collaboration technology feature the collaboration technology offers.
- (3) PUBLICATION OF STANDARDS-COMPATIBLE COLLABORATION TECHNOLOGY VENDORS.—Upon a review of the materials submitted under paragraph (2), the Chief Information Officer shall publish on the website of the Department a list of each collaboration technology that the Chief Information Officer has determined to be a standards-compatible collaboration technology.
- (4) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to require a collaboration technology vendor to directly test the interoperability of a primary collaboration technology feature with the product of another collaboration technology vendor.
- (e) Cybersecurity Reviews of Collaboration Technology Products.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 4 years after the date on which the Chief Information Officer identifies the identified standards, the Chief Information Officer shall conduct security reviews of collaboration technology products used within the Department, to identify any cybersecurity vulnerability or threat relating to those collaboration technology products.
- (2) SELECTION AND PRIORITIZATION.—With respect to collaboration technology products selected for security reviews under paragraph (1), the Chief Information Officer shall determine the number of products, the specific products, and the prioritization of products for security review, considering factors including—
- (A) the total number of users across the Department using a collaboration technology product; and
- (B) an estimation of the likelihood of a collaboration technology product being targeted for hacking.
- (3) REPORT.—Not later than 30 days after the date on which the Chief Information Officer conducts security reviews under paragraph (1), the Chief Information Officer shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the results of the security reviews.
- (f) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the ability of—  $\,$

- (1) the Department to communicate with other entities using standards-compatible collaboration technology; or
- (2) other entities to use the identified standards or standards-compatible collaboration technology.

#### SEC. 6613. PROHIBITION ON ACCESS TO DEPART-MENT OF DEFENSE CLOUD-BASED RESOURCES BY INDIVIDUALS WHO ARE NOT CITIZENS OF THE UNITED STATES OR ALLIED COUNTRIES.

- (a) MAINTENANCE, ADMINISTRATION, OPERATION, AND ACCESS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—An individual not described in paragraph (2) may not maintain, administer, operate, use, receive information about, or directly access or indirectly access, irrespective of whether the individual is supervised by a citizen of the United States, any Department of Defense cloud computing system or cloud-based software, Department data, or Department-related data.
- (2) Individual described.—An individual is described in this paragraph if the individual—
- (A) has the requisite security clearance or authorization required to access the applicable system, software, or data; and
- (B)(i) is person described in paragraph (1) or (2) of section 504(b) of title 10, United States Code; or
- (ii) is a citizen of a member country of the Five Eyes intelligence-sharing alliance or of a country that is an ally or partner of the United States that has a similar agreement in effect.
- (3) SAFEGUARDS.—The Secretary of Defense shall establish regulations to carry out this subsection, including safeguards to ensure that only individuals described in paragraph (2) maintain, administer, operate, access, and use the systems, software, and data described in paragraph (1).
- (b) DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE GUIDANCE, DIRECTIVES, PROCEDURES, REQUIREMENTS, AND REGULATIONS.—The Secretary shall—
- (1) review all relevant guidance, directives, procedures, requirements, and regulations of the Department of Defense, including the Cloud Computing Security Requirements Guide, the Security Technical Implementation Guides, and related Department instructions; and
- (2) make such revisions as may be necessary to ensure conformity and compliance with subsection (a).
- (c) REVIEW AND REPORT.—The Secretary
- (1) conduct a review of all cloud computing contracts in effect for the Department—
- (A) for any violations of section 252.225-7058 of the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement and recommended penalties; and
  - (B) to determine—
- (i) which contracts have allowed individuals not described in paragraph (2) to maintain, administer, operate, or directly access or indirectly access, whether supervised or unsupervised by a United States citizen, any Government cloud computing system or cloud-based software, Government data, or Government-related data; and
- (ii) how many of the individuals described in clause (i) are citizens of foreign countries of concern; and
- (2) submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives a report on the findings of the Secretary with respect to the review conducted pursuant to paragraph (1).
- (d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) The term "cloud computing" has the meaning given such term in section 239.7601 of the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement, or successor regulation.

- (2) The term "cloud-based software" means a software application, platform, or computational service that is—
- (A) delivered to end users via internetbased cloud computing infrastructure;
- (B) hosted, operated, maintained, and controlled by a third-party service provider; and
- (C) accessed remotely by users without requiring local installation or deployment of the software on user devices or Department-controlled systems.
- (3) The terms "Department data" and "Department-related data" have the meanings given the terms "Government data" and "Government-related data", respectively, in section 239.7601 of the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement, or successor regulation, except in this section, such terms apply only to the Department of Defense.
- (4) The term "directly access", with respect to a system, software, or data, means—
- (A) to physically access the system, software, or data; or
- (B) to logically access the system, software, or data, through proxy, virtual, administrative, or programmatic means such that an individual can modify, alter, control, administer, configure, or deploy the system, software, or data.
- (5) The term "Five Eyes intelligence-sharing alliance" includes the following:
  - (A) The Commonwealth of Australia.
  - (B) Canada.
  - (C) New Zealand.
- (D) The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.
- (E) The United States of America.
- (6) The term "foreign country of concern" has the meaning given that term in section 9901 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (15 U.S.C. 4651).
- (7) The term "indirectly access", with respect to a system, software, or data, means to obtain, receive, collect, or derive information from the system, software, or data regarding technical details, operational characteristics, or security-related attributes, including—
  - (A) system configurations;
  - (B) network architecture;
  - (C) security controls;
  - (D) data schemas;
  - (E) performance metrics; and
- (F) access logs or other information that could compromise the confidentiality, integrity, or availability of the system, software, or data.

#### Subtitle C—Data and Artificial Intelligence

- SEC. 6621. COMPTROLLER GENERAL OF THE UNITED STATES REVIEW OF DE-PARTMENT OF DEFENSE GOVERN-ANCE PROCESSES FOR ADOPTION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE TOOLS.
- (a) REVIEW.—The Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct a review of the Department of Defense policies and governance relating to adoption of artificial intelligence tools for military needs.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The review conducted under subsection (a) shall include the following matters:
- (1) An analysis of Department organizational structure for overseeing, tracking, and responding to risks and opportunities arising from military uses of artificial intelligence, including—
- (A) the responsibilities, functions, authorities, and actions of the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Office and other relevant Department offices in the incorporation, implementation, and oversight of artificial intelligence:
- (B) Department processes for development of lessons learned, adoption of best practices,

and information sharing with other government agencies, industry, academia, and allies and partners;

- (C) the development of metrics, policy guardrails, oversight mechanisms, and risk mitigation procedures for Department use of artificial intelligence tools;
- (D) steps to ensure all Department engagement with artificial intelligence companies and industry leaders incorporate appropriate recusal requirements, safeguards, and oversight mechanisms to prevent conflicts of interest and biased decisionmaking processes; and
- (E) processes in place to ensure new contracting mechanisms for artificial intelligence provide for appropriate safeguards, transparency requirements, and oversight mechanisms to prevent conflicts of interest and to limit Department exposure to artificial intelligence risks.
- (2) A full description and assessment of current Department of Defense policies and practices relating to current and potential military and civilian applications of artificial intelligence.
- (3) Recommendations for improvements to standards, processes, procedures, and policy relating to the use of artificial intelligence in improving Department civilian and military operations, reducing associated risks, and increasing reliability, effectiveness, safety, and oversight of Department activities.
- (c) SUBMISSION OF REPORT.—Not later than July 1, 2026, the Comptroller General shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the findings of the Comptroller General with respect to the review conducted pursuant to subsection (a).

## TITLE LXXVIII—MILITARY CONSTRUCTION GENERAL PROVISIONS

# Subtitle A—Military Construction Program SEC. 7801. INCLUSION OF DEMOLITION PROJECTS IN DEFENSE COMMUNITY INFRASTRUCTURE PROGRAM.

Section 2391(d)(1) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

"(C) A project selected to receive assistance under this subsection may include a demolition project.".

#### Subtitle B-Military Housing

#### SEC. 7811. REPORT ON INDOOR MOLD, PATHO-GENS, AND AIRBORNE TOXINS WITH-IN HOUSING UNITS AT INSTALLA-TIONS OF THE AIR FORCE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Air Force shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the prevalence of indoor mold, pathogens, and airborne toxins within housing units at installations of the Air Force.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The report required under subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) An assessment of installations of the Air Force in the United States with 500 or more housing units that have had reported instances of mold, pathogens, or airborne toxins since 2010.
- (2) The number of reports of mold, pathogens, and airborne toxins at each installation specified under paragraph (1), including relevant dates of the reports.
- (3) A description of the steps the Secretary of the Air Force is taking to effectively remediate the housing units where mold, pathogens, and airborne toxins are found.
- (4) An assessment of the ability of installations of the Air Force to locate, mitigate, and prevent indoor residential mold, pathogens, and airborne toxins within housing units of the Air Force, including the feasibility and cost associated with testing and treating individual housing units located at

such installations for mold, pathogens, and airborne toxins prior to a member of the Air Force and their dependents taking residence in the unit.

#### SEC. 7813. MODIFICATION OF SEMI-ANNUAL RE-PORT ON PRIVATIZED MILITARY HOUSING.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (c) of section 2884 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraphs:
- "(15) An overview of the housing data being used by the Department and the housing data being sought from management companies.
- "(16) An assessment of how the Secretary of each military department is using such housing data to inform the on-base housing decisions for such military department.
- "(17) An explanation of the limitations of any customer satisfaction data collected (including with respect to the availability of survey data), the process for determining resident satisfaction, and reasons for missing data
- "(18) To the maximum extent practicable, a breakdown of the information under this paragraph by installation and military housing project."
- (b) Public Reporting.—Such subsection is further amended—
- (1) in paragraph (14), by redesignating subparagraphs (A) through (D) as clauses (i) through (iv), respectively;
- (2) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through (18) as subparagraphs (A) through (R), respectively;
- (3) in subparagraph (E), as redesignated by paragraph (2), by striking "paragraphs (1) through (4)" and inserting "subparagraphs (A) through (D)";
- (4) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), as so redesignated, by striking "The Secretary" and inserting "(1) The Secretary"; and
- (5) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(2) Not later than 30 days after submitting a report under paragraph (1), the Secretary of Defense shall publish the report on a publicly available website of the Department of Defense."
- (c) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The heading for such subsection is amended by striking "ANNUAL" and inserting "SEMI-ANNUAL".
- (d) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Subsection (d)(1) of such section is amended by striking "paragraphs (1) through (14) of subsection (c)" and inserting "subparagraphs (A) through (R) of subsection (c)(1)".

## SEC. 7814. IMPROVEMENT OF ADMINISTRATION OF MILITARY UNACCOMPANIED HOUSING.

- (a) UPDATED GUIDANCE ON SURVEYS.—The Secretary of Defense, in carrying out the satisfaction survey requirement under section 3058 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (division B of Public Law 116-92; 10 U.S.C. 2821 note), shall update guidance to the Secretaries of the military departments to ensure that members of the Armed Forces living in military unaccompanied housing are surveyed in a consistent and comparable manner.
- (b) REVIEW ON PROCESSES AND METHODOLO-GIES FOR CONDITION SCORES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall conduct a review of the processes and methodologies by which the Secretaries of the military departments calculate condition scores for military unaccompanied housing facilities under the jurisdiction of the Secretary concerned.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The review required under paragraph (1) shall, among other factors—
- (A) consider how best to ensure a condition score of a facility reflects—
- (i) the physical condition of the facility; and

- (ii) the effect of that condition on the quality of life of members of the Armed Forces.
- (B) aim to increase methodological consistency between the military departments.
- (3) REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the results of the review conducted under paragraph (1).
- (c) ACCOUNTING OF MEMBERS RESIDING IN MILITARY UNACCOMPANIED HOUSING.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall include with the submission to Congress by the President of the annual budget of the Department of Defense under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, an accounting of unaccompanied members of the Armed Forces whose rank would require that they live in military unaccompanied housing, but that also receive a basic allowance for housing under section 403 of title 37, United States Code.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The accounting required under paragraph (1) shall include—
- (A) the number of members of the Armed Forces described in such paragraph;
- (B) the total value of basic allowance for housing payments provided to those members; and
- (C) such other information as the Secretary considers appropriate.
- (d) CENTRALIZED TRACKING.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, each Secretary of a military department shall develop a means for centralized tracking, at the service level, of all military construction requirements related to military unaccompanied housing that have been identified at the installation level, regardless of whether or not they are submitted for funding.
- (e) MILITARY UNACCOMPANIED HOUSING DE-FINED.—In this section, the term "military unaccompanied housing" has the meaning given that term in section 2871 of title 10, United States Code.

## TITLE LXXXI—DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY AUTHORIZATIONS AND OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS

#### Subtitle B—Program Authorizations, Restrictions, and Limitations

#### SEC. 8111. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON GROUND-BASED LEG OF NUCLEAR TRIAD.

It is the sense of Congress that—

- (1) the modernization of the ground-based leg of the nuclear triad of the United States is vital to the security of the homeland and a core component of the homeland defense mission;
- (2) extending the lifecycle of the current Minuteman III platform is both costly and an unsustainable long-term option for maintaining a ready and capable ground-based leg of the nuclear triad;
- (3) the breach of chapter 325 of title 10, United States Code (commonly known as the "Nunn-McCurdy Act") by the program to modernize the ground-based leg of the nuclear triad should be addressed in a way that balances the national security need with fiscally responsible modifications to the program that prevent future unanticipated cost overruns;
- (4) that breach does not alter the fundamental national security need for the modernization program; and
- (5) the modernization program should remain funded and active.

## DIVISION F—INTELLIGENCE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2026

#### SEC. 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- (a) SHORT TITLE.—This division may be cited as the "Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026".
- (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for this division is as follows:

- DIVISION \_\_\_\_\_INTELLIGENCE AUTHOR-IZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2026
- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

Sec. 2. Definitions.

#### TITLE I—INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES

- Sec. 101. Authorization of appropriations.
- Sec. 102. Classified Schedule of Authorizations.
- Sec. 103. Increase in employee compensation and benefits authorized by law.
- TITLE II—CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY SYSTEM
- Sec. 201. Authorization of appropriations. TITLE III—INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY MATTERS
- Sec. 301. Unauthorized access to intelligence community property.

  Sec. 302. Annual survey of analytic objec-
- Sec. 302. Annual survey of analytic objectivity among officers and employees of elements of the intelligence community.
- Sec. 303. Annual training requirement and report regarding analytic standards.
- Sec. 304. Estimate of cost to ensure compliance with Intelligence Community Directive 705.
- Sec. 305. Amendments regarding Presidential appointments for intelligence community positions.
- Sec. 306. Counterintelligence support for Department of the Treasury networks and systems.
- Sec. 307. Report on Director's Initiatives Group personnel matters.
- Sec. 308. Higher Education Act of 1965 special rule.
- Sec. 309. Annual Central Intelligence Agency workplace climate assessment.
- Sec. 310. Report on secure mobile communications systems available to employees and of the intelligence community.
- Sec. 311. Plan for implementing an integrated system spanning the intelligence community for accreditation of sensitive compartmented information facilities.
- Sec. 312. Counterintelligence threats to United States space interests.
- Sec. 313. Chaplain Corps and Chief of Chaplains of the Central Intelligence Agency.
- Sec. 314. Prohibition on contractors collecting or selling location data of individuals at intelligence community locations.
- Sec. 315. Technical amendment to procurement authorities of Central Intelligence Agency.
- Sec. 316. Threat briefing to protect Federal Reserve information.
- Sec. 317. Plan to establish commercial geospatial intelligence data and services program management office.
- Sec. 318. Inspector General review of adequacy of policies and procedures governing use of commercial messaging applications by intelligence community.
- Sec. 319. Authority for National Security
  Agency to produce and disseminate intelligence products.
- Sec. 320. Prohibiting discrimination in the intelligence community.
- Sec. 321. Annual report on Federal Bureau of Investigation case data.
- TITLE IV—INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY EFFICIENCY AND EFFECTIVENESS
- Sec. 401. Short title.
- Sec. 402. Modification of responsibilities and authorities of the Director of National Intelligence.

- Sec. 403. Reforms relating to the Office of the Director of National Intelligence.
- Sec. 404. Appointment of Deputy Director of National Intelligence and Assistant Directors of National Intelligence.
- Sec. 405. Reform of the National Intelligence Council and National Intelligence Officers.
- Sec. 406. Transfer of National Counterintelligence and Security Center to Federal Bureau of Investigation.
- Sec. 407. Redesignation and reform of National Counterterrorism Center.
- Sec. 408. Transfer of National Counterproliferation and Biosecurity Cen-
- Sec. 409. National Intelligence Task Forces. Sec. 410. Repeal of various positions, units, centers, councils, and offices.

#### TITLE V—MATTERS CONCERNING FOREIGN COUNTRIES

Subtitle A—Foreign Countries Generally

- Sec. 501. Declassification of information relating to actions by foreign governments to assist persons evading justice.
- Sec. 502. Enhanced intelligence sharing relating to foreign adversary biotechnological threats.
- Sec. 503. Threat assessment regarding unmanned aircraft systems at or near the international borders of the United States.
- Sec. 504. Assessment of the potential effect of expanded partnerships among western hemisphere countries.
  - Subtitle B—People's Republic of China
- Sec. 511. Countering Chinese Communist
  Party efforts that threaten Europe.
- Sec. 512. Prohibition on intelligence community contracting with Chinese military companies engaged in biotechnology research, development or manufacturing.
- Sec. 513. Report on the wealth of the leadership of the Chinese Communist Party.
- Sec. 514. Assessment and report on investments by the People's Republic of China in the agriculture sector of Brazil.
- Sec. 515. Identification of entities that provide support to the People's Liberation Army.
- Sec. 516. Establishing a China Economics and Intelligence cell to publish China Economic Power Report.
- Sec. 517. Modification of annual reports on influence operations and campaigns in the United States by the Chinese Communist Party.
  - Subtitle C—The Russian Federation
- Sec. 521. Assessment of Russian destabilization efforts.
  - Subtitle D—Other Foreign Countries
- Sec. 531. Plan to enhance counternarcotics collaboration, coordination, and cooperation with the Government of Mexico.
- Sec. 532. Enhancing intelligence support to counter foreign adversary influence in Sudan.
- Sec. 533. Ukraine lessons learned working group.
- Sec. 534. Improvements to requirement for monitoring of Iranian enrichment of uranium-235.
- Sec. 535. Duty to warn United States persons threatened by Iranian lethal plotting.

- TITLE VI—EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES
- Sec. 601. Intelligence Community Technology Bridge Program.
- Sec. 602. Enhancing biotechnology talent within the intelligence community.
- Sec. 603. Enhanced intelligence community support to secure United States genomic data.
- Sec. 604. Ensuring intelligence community procurement of domestic United States production of synthetic DNA and RNA.
- Sec. 605. Report on identification of intelligence community sites for advanced nuclear technologies.
- Sec. 606. Addressing intelligence gaps relating to China's investment in United States-origin biotechnology.
- Sec. 607. Additional functions and requirements of Artificial Intelligence Security Center.
- Sec. 608. Artificial intelligence development and usage by intelligence community.
- Sec. 609. High-impact artificial intelligence systems.
- Sec. 610. Application of artificial intelligence policies of the intelligence community to publicly available models used for intelligence purposes.
- Sec. 611. Revision of interim guidance regarding acquisition and use of foundation models.
- Sec. 612. Strategy on intelligence coordination and sharing relating to critical and emerging technologies.
- TITLE VII—CLASSIFICATION REFORM, SECURITY CLEARANCES, AND WHIS-TLEBLOWERS
- Sec. 701. Notification of certain declassifications.
- Sec. 702. Elimination of cap on compensatory damages for retaliatory revocation of security clearances and access determinations.
- Sec. 703. Reforms relating to inactive security clearances.
- Sec. 704. Study on protection of classified information relating to budget functions.
- Sec. 705. Report on executive branch approval of access to classified intelligence information outside of established review processes.
- Sec. 706. Whistleblower protections relating to psychiatric testing or examination.

## TITLE VIII—ANOMALOUS HEALTH INCIDENTS

- Sec. 801. Standard guidelines for intelligence community to report and document anomalous health incidents.
- Sec. 802. Review and declassification of intelligence relating to anomalous health incidents.

#### TITLE IX—OTHER MATTERS

- Sec. 901. Declassification of intelligence and additional transparency measures relating to the COVID-19 pandemic.
- Sec. 902. Counterintelligence briefings for members of the Armed Forces.
- Sec. 903. Policy toward certain agents of foreign governments.
- Sec. 904. Tour limits of accredited diplomatic and consular personnel of certain nations in the United States.

- Sec. 905. Strict enforcement of travel protocols and procedures of accredited diplomatic and consular personnel of certain nations in the United States.
- Sec. 906. Repeal of certain report requirements.
- Sec. 907. Requiring penetration testing as part of the testing and certification of voting systems.
- Sec. 908. Independent security testing and coordinated cybersecurity vulnerability disclosure program for election systems.

Sec. 909. Foreign material acquisitions.

#### SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

In this division:

- (1) CONGRESSIONAL INTELLIGENCE COMMITTEES.—The term "congressional intelligence committees" has the meaning given such term in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003).
- (2) INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.—The term "intelligence community" has the meaning given such term in such section.

#### TITLE I—INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES

#### SEC. 101. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2026 for the conduct of the intelligence and intelligence-related activities of the Federal Government.

### SEC. 102. CLASSIFIED SCHEDULE OF AUTHORIZATIONS.

- (a) SPECIFICATIONS OF AMOUNTS.—The amounts authorized to be appropriated under section 101 for the conduct of the intelligence activities of the Federal Government are those specified in the classified Schedule of Authorizations prepared to accompany this division.
- (b) Availability of Classified Schedule of Authorizations.—
- (1) AVAILABILITY.—The classified Schedule of Authorizations referred to in subsection (a) shall be made available to the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives, and to the President.
- (2) DISTRIBUTION BY THE PRESIDENT.—Subject to paragraph (3), the President shall provide for suitable distribution of the classified Schedule of Authorizations referred to in subsection (a), or of appropriate portions of such Schedule, within the executive branch of the Federal Government.
- (3) LIMITS ON DISCLOSURE.—The President shall not publicly disclose the classified Schedule of Authorizations or any portion of such Schedule except—
- (A) as provided in section 601(a) of the Implementing Recommendations of the 9/11 Commission Act of 2007 (50 U.S.C. 3306(a));
- (B) to the extent necessary to implement the budget; or
- (C) as otherwise required by law.

#### SEC. 103. INCREASE IN EMPLOYEE COMPENSA-TION AND BENEFITS AUTHORIZED BY LAW.

Appropriations authorized by this division for salary, pay, retirement, and other benefits for Federal employees may be increased by such additional or supplemental amounts as may be necessary for increases in such compensation or benefits authorized by law.

## TITLE II—CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY SYSTEM

#### SEC. 201. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

There is authorized to be appropriated for the Central Intelligence Agency Retirement and Disability Fund \$514,000,000 for fiscal year 2026.

## TITLE III—INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY MATTERS

#### SEC. 301. UNAUTHORIZED ACCESS TO INTEL-LIGENCE COMMUNITY PROPERTY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3001 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

#### "SEC. 1115. UNAUTHORIZED ACCESS TO INTEL-LIGENCE COMMUNITY PROPERTY.

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—It shall be unlawful, within the jurisdiction of the United States, without authorization to willfully go upon any property, while knowing that such property is—
- "(1) under the jurisdiction of an element of the intelligence community; and
  - "(2) closed or restricted.
- "(b) PENALTIES.—Any person who violates subsection (a) with intent to gather intelligence or information to the detriment of the United States shall—
- "(1) in the case of the first offense, be fined under section 3517 of title 18, United States Code, imprisoned not more than 6 months, or both;
- "(2) in the case of a second offense after a prior conviction under subsection (a) has become final, be fined under such title, imprisoned not more than 2 years, or both; and
- "(3) in the case of a third or subsequent offense after a prior conviction under subsection (a) has become final, be fined under such title, imprisoned not more than 5 years, or both.".
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents preceding section 2 of such Act is amended by adding at the end the following: "Sec. 1115. Unauthorized access to intelligence community property."

# SEC. 302. ANNUAL SURVEY OF ANALYTIC OBJECTIVITY AMONG OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES OF ELEMENTS OF THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not less frequently than once each year, each head of an element of the intelligence community specified in subsection (c) shall—
- (1) conduct a survey of analytic objectivity among officers and employees of the element of the head who are involved in the production of intelligence products; and
- (2) submit to the congressional intelligence committees a report on the findings of the head with respect to the most recently completed survey under paragraph (1).
- (b) ELEMENTS.—Each survey conducted pursuant to subsection (a)(1) for an element of the intelligence community shall cover the following:
- (1) Perceptions of the officers and employees regarding the presence of bias or politicization affecting the intelligence cycle.
- (2) Types of intelligence products perceived by the officers and employees as most prone to objectivity concerns.
- (3) Whether objectivity concerns identified by responders to the survey were otherwise raised with an analytic ombudsman or appropriate entity.
- (c) ELEMENTS OF THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY SPECIFIED.—The elements of the intelligence community specified in this subsection are the following:
  - (1) The National Security Agency.
- (2) The Defense Intelligence Agency
- (3) The National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency.
- (4) Each intelligence element of the Army, the Navy, the Air Force, the Marine Corps, the Space Force, and the Coast Guard.
- (5) The Directorate of Intelligence of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
- (6) The Office of Intelligence and Counterintelligence of the Department of Energy.
- (7) The Bureau of Intelligence and Research of the Department of State.

- (8) The Office of Intelligence and Analysis of the Department of Homeland Security.
- (9) The Office of Intelligence and Analysis of the Department of the Treasury.

## SEC. 303. ANNUAL TRAINING REQUIREMENT AND REPORT REGARDING ANALYTIC STANDARDS.

Section 6312 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (50 U.S.C. 3364 note; Public Law 117–263) is amended—

- (1) by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:
- "(b) CONDUCT OF TRAINING.—Training required pursuant to the policy required by subsection (a) shall be a dedicated, standalone training that includes instruction on avoiding political bias."; and
  - (2) in subsection (d)(1)—
- (A) by striking "number and themes of"; and
- (B) by striking the period at the end and inserting ", including the number and themes of such incidents and a list of each intelligence product reported during the preceding 1-year period to the Analytic Ombudsman of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence.".

#### SEC. 304. ESTIMATE OF COST TO ENSURE COM-PLIANCE WITH INTELLIGENCE COM-MUNITY DIRECTIVE 705.

- (a) ESTIMATE REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives an estimate of the amount of obligations expected to be incurred by the Federal Government after the date of the enactment of this Act to ensure that all sensitive compartmented information facilities of the intelligence community are compliant with Intelligence Community Directive 705.
- (b) CONTENTS.—The estimate submitted pursuant to subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) The estimate described in subsection (a), disaggregated by element of the intelligence community.
- (2) An implementation plan to ensure compliance described in such subsection.
- (3) Identification of the administrative actions or legislative actions that may be necessary to ensure such compliance.

#### SEC. 305. AMENDMENTS REGARDING PRESI-DENTIAL APPOINTMENTS FOR IN-TELLIGENCE COMMUNITY POSI-TIONS.

- (a) APPOINTMENT OF DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 104B(a) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3037(a)) is amended by inserting ", by and with the advice and consent of the Senate" after "President".
- (2) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by paragraph (1) shall take effect on the first date after the date of the enactment of this Act that the position of Deputy Director of the Central Intelligence Agency becomes vacant.
- (b) APPOINTMENT OF DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF THE NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY.—Section 2 of the National Security Agency Act of 1959 (50 U.S.C. 3602) is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "(c) There is a Deputy Director of the National Security Agency, who shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate."
- (c) APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTOR OF THE NATIONAL COUNTERTERRORISM CENTER.—Section 119(b)(1) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3056(b)(1)) is amended by striking "President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate" and inserting "Director of National Intelligence".

- (d) APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTOR OF THE NATIONAL COUNTERINTELLIGENCE AND SECURITY CENTER.—Section 902(a) of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2003 (50 U.S.C. 3382a)) is amended by striking "President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate" and inserting "Director of National Intelligence".
- (e) APPOINTMENT OF GENERAL COUNSEL OF THE OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE.—Section 103C(a) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3028(a)) is amended by striking "by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate" and inserting "by the Director of National Intelligence".
- (f) APPOINTMENT OF GENERAL COUNSEL OF THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY.—Section 20(a) of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 3520(a)) is amended by striking "by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate" and inserting "by the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency".

## SEC. 306. COUNTERINTELLIGENCE SUPPORT FOR DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY NETWORKS AND SYSTEMS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The head of the Office of Counterintelligence of the Office of Intelligence and Analysis of the Department of the Treasury shall implement policies and procedures that ensure counterintelligence support—
- (1) to all entities of the Department of the Treasury responsible for safeguarding networks and systems; and
- (2) for coordination between counterintelligence threat mitigation activities and cyber network and system defense efforts.
- (b) REPORT.—Not later than 270 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the head described in subsection (a) shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a report on the status of the implementation of such subsection.

### SEC. 307. REPORT ON DIRECTOR'S INITIATIVES GROUP PERSONNEL MATTERS.

- (a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a report on personnel matters of the Director's Initiatives Group.
- (b) CONTENTS.—The report submitted pursuant to subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) The process for hiring members of the Director's Initiatives Group.
- (2) A list of personnel of such group, from the date of the creation of the group, including a description of responsibilities for each of the personnel.
- (3) Funding sources for personnel of such group.
- (4) A list of which personnel of such group received security clearances and the process for receiving such security clearances.
- (c) NOTICE REGARDING ACTIONS AFFECTING NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE PROGRAM RESOURCES.—Not later than 30 days before taking any action affecting the resources of the National Intelligence Program (as defined in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003)), the Director shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives notice of the intent of the Director to take such action.

### SEC. 308. HIGHER EDUCATION ACT OF 1965 SPECIAL RULE.

Section 135 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1015d) is amended—

- (1) by redesignating subsections (c) and (d) as subsections (d) and (e), respectively; and
- (2) by inserting after subsection (b) the following:
- "(c) SPECIAL RULE.—With respect to a member of a qualifying Federal service who is an officer or employee of an element of the intelligence community, the term 'permanent duty station', as used in this section, shall exclude a permanent duty station that is within 50 miles of the headquarters facility of such element."

## SEC. 309. ANNUAL CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY WORKPLACE CLIMATE ASSESSMENT.

Section 30 of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 3531) is amended by adding at the end the following:

- "(d) ANNUAL AGENCY CLIMATE ASSESS-
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not less frequently than once every 365 days, the Director shall—
- "(A) complete an Agency climate assessment—
- "(i) that does not request any information that would make an Agency employee or an Agency employee's position identifiable;
  - "(ii) for the purposes of-
- "(I) preventing and responding to sexual assault and sexual harassment; and
- "(II) examining the prevalence of sexual assault and sexual harassment occurring among the Agency's workforce; and
- "(iii) that includes an opportunity for Agency employees to express their opinions regarding the manner and extent to which the Agency responds to allegations of sexual assault and complaints of sexual harassment, and the effectiveness of such response; and
- "(B) submit to the appropriate congressional committees the findings of the Director with respect to the climate assessment completed pursuant to subparagraph (A).
- "(2) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term 'appropriate congressional committees' means—
- "(A) the Select Committee on Intelligence and the Subcommittee on Defense of the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
- "(B) the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence and the Subcommittee on Defense of the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.".

# SEC. 310. REPORT ON SECURE MOBILE COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS AVAILABLE TO EMPLOYEES AND OF THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.

- (a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense, shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a report on the secure mobile communications systems available to employees and officers of the intelligence community, disaggregated by element of the intelligence community.
- (b) CONTENTS.—The report submitted pursuant to subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) The number of employees and officers of the intelligence community using each secure mobile communications system, disaggregated by element of the intelligence community and by employee or officer level.
- (2) An estimate of the expenditures incurred by the intelligence community to develop and maintain the systems described in subsection (a), disaggregated by system, element of the intelligence community, year, and number of mobile devices using or accessing the systems.

- (3) A list of the capabilities of each system and the level of classification for each.
- (4) For each system described in subsection (a), identification of the element of the intelligence community that developed and maintains the system and whether that element has service agreements with other elements of the intelligence community for use of the system.
- (5) Identification of any secure mobile communications systems that are in development, the capabilities of such systems, how far along such systems are in development, and an estimate of when the systems will be ready for deployment.
- (c) FORM.—The report submitted pursuant to subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

#### SEC. 311. PLAN FOR IMPLEMENTING AN INTE-GRATED SYSTEM SPANNING THE IN-TELLIGENCE COMMUNITY FOR AC-CREDITATION OF SENSITIVE COM-PARTMENTED INFORMATION FA-CILITIES.

- (a) PLAN REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall—
- (1) develop a plan to implement an integrated tracking system that spans the intelligence community for the accreditation of sensitive compartmented information facilities to increase transparency, track the status of accreditation, and to reduce and minimize duplication of effort; and
- (2) submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives the plan developed pursuant to paragraph (1).
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The plan required by subsection (a)(1) shall include the following:
- (1) An estimated cost of implementing the plan.
- (2) A description for how applicants and cleared industry could monitor the status of their sensitive compartmented information facility accreditation.
- (3) Guidelines for minimizing duplication of effort across the intelligence community and the Department of Defense in the accreditation process for sensitive compartmented information facilities.
- (4) Creation of a mechanism to track compliance with Intelligence Community Directive 705 (relating to sensitive compartmented information facilities), or successor directive.
- (5) Proposed measures for increasing security against adversary threats.
- (6) A list of any administrative and legislative actions that may be necessary to carry out the plan.

### SEC. 312. COUNTERINTELLIGENCE THREATS TO UNITED STATES SPACE INTERESTS.

- (a) ASSESSMENT OF COUNTERINTELLIGENCE VULNERABILITIES OF THE NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence, in consultation with the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees an assessment of the counterintelligence vulnerabilities of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The assessment required by paragraph (1) shall include the following:
- (A) An assessment of the vulnerability of the security practices and facilities of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration to efforts by nation-state and non-nation-state actors to acquire United States space technology.

- (B) An assessment of the counterintelligence threat posed by nationals of the Russian Federation and the People's Republic of China at centers of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration.
- (C) Recommendations for how the National Aeronautics and Space Administration can mitigate any counterintelligence gaps identified under subparagraphs (A) and (B).
- (D) A description of efforts of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration to respond to the efforts of state sponsors of terrorism, other foreign countries, and entities to illicitly acquire United States satellites and related items as described in reports submitted by the Director of National Intelligence pursuant to section 1261 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2013 (Public Law 112–239).
- (E) An evaluation of the effectiveness of the efforts of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration described in subparagraph (D).
- (3) COOPERATION BY NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION.—The Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration shall cooperate fully with the Director of National Intelligence and the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation in submitting the assessment required by paragraph (1).
- (4) FORM.—The assessment required by paragraph (1) may be submitted in unclassified form with a classified annex.
- (5) DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—In this subsection, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the congressional intelligence commit-
- (B) the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Appropriations, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate; and
- (C) the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Appropriations, the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology, and the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives.
- (b) SUNSET.—Section 1261(e)(1) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2013 (Public Law 112–239) is amended by inserting "until December 31, 2026" after "thereafter".
- (c) Counterintelligence Support to Commercial Spaceports.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the head of the Counterintelligence Division of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, in coordination with the head of the Office of Private Sector of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, shall—
- (A) develop an assessment of the counterintelligence risks to commercial spaceports;
   and
  - (B) distribute the assessment to—
- (i) each field office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation the area of responsibility of which includes a federally licensed commercial spaceport;
- (ii) the leadership of each federally licensed commercial spaceport;
- (iii) the congressional intelligence committees;
- (iv) the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate; and
- (v) the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives.
- (2) CLASSIFICATION.—The assessment required by paragraph (1) shall be distributed at the lowest classification level possible, but may include classified annexes at higher classification levels.

## SEC. 313. CHAPLAIN CORPS AND CHIEF OF CHAPLAINS OF THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY.

Section 26 of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 3527) is amended to read as follows:

### "SEC. 26. CHAPLAIN CORPS AND CHIEF OF CHAPLAINS.

- "(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF CHAPLAIN CORPS.— There is in the Agency a Chaplain Corps for the provision of spiritual and religious pastoral services.
- "(b) CHIEF OF CHAPLAINS.—The head of the Chaplain Corps shall be the Chief of Chaplains, who shall be appointed by the Director and report directly to the Director.
- "(c) GLOBAL PRESENCE, SERVICES.—Chaplains of the Chaplain Corps shall—
  - "(1) be located—
- "(A) at the headquarters building of the Agency; and
- "(B) outside the United States in each region of the regional mission centers of the Agency; and
- "(2) travel as necessary to provide services to personnel of the Agency where such personnel are located.
  - "(d) STAFF .-
  - "(1) EMPLOYEES.—The Chaplain Corps—
- "(A) shall be staffed by full-time employees of the Agency; and
- "(B) shall not be staffed by any government contractor.
  - "(2) SERVICE.—
- "(A) EXCLUSIVE ROLE.—A member of the staff of the Chaplain Corps shall serve exclusively in the member's role in the Chaplain Corps.
- "(B) NOT COLLATERAL DUTY.—Assignment to the Chaplain Corps shall not be a collateral duty.
- "(3) APPOINTMENT; COMPENSATION.—The Director may appoint and fix the compensation of such staff of the Chaplain Corps as the Director considers appropriate, except that the Director may not provide basic pay to any member of the staff of the Chaplain Corps at an annual rate of basic pay in excess of the maximum rate of basic pay for grade GS-15 of the General Schedule under section 5332 of title 5. United States Code.
- "(4) NUMBER OF CHAPLAINS.—The ratio of chaplains of the Chaplain Corps to personnel of the Agency shall be, to the extent practicable, equal to the ratio of chaplains of the Armed Forces to members of the Armed Forces.
- "(5) QUALIFICATIONS OF CHAPLAINS.—Each chaplain of the Chaplain Corps shall—
- $\mbox{``(A)}$  before being hired to the Chaplain Corps—
- "(i) have had experience in chaplaincy or the provision of pastoral care; and
- "(ii) be board certified and licensed as a chaplain by a national chaplaincy and pastoral care organization or equivalent; and
- "(B) maintain such certification while in the Chaplain Corps.
- "(e) ADMINISTRATION.—The Director shall—"(1) reimburse members of the staff of the
- Chaplain Corps for work-related travel expenses;
- "(2) provide security clearances, including one-time read-ins, to such members to ensure that personnel of the Agency can seek unrestricted chaplaincy counseling; and
- "(3) furnish such physical workspace at the headquarters building of the Agency, and outside the United States in each region of the regional missions centers of the Agency, as the Director considers appropriate.
- "(f) PRIVACY.—The Director shall implement privacy standards with respect to the physical workspaces of the Chaplain Corps to ensure privacy for individuals visiting such spaces.
- "(g) PROTECTION OF CHAPLAIN CORPS.—The Director may not require a chaplain of the

Chaplain Corps to perform any rite, ritual, or ceremony that is contrary to the conscience, moral principles, or religious beliefs of such chaplain.

"(h) CERTIFICATIONS TO CONGRESS.—Not less frequently than annually, the Director shall certify to Congress whether the chaplains of the Chaplain Corps meet the qualifications described in subsection (d)(5)(R)"

#### SEC. 314. PROHIBITION ON CONTRACTORS COL-LECTING OR SELLING LOCATION DATA OF INDIVIDUALS AT INTEL-LIGENCE COMMUNITY LOCATIONS.

- (a) PROHIBITION.—A contractor or subcontractor of an element of the intelligence community, as a condition on contracting with an element of the intelligence community, may not, while a contract or subcontract for an element of the intelligence community is effective—
- (1) collect, retain, or knowingly or recklessly facilitate the collection or retention of location data from phones, wearable fitness trackers, and other cellular-enabled or cellular-connected devices located in any covered location, regardless of whether service for such device is provided under contract with an element of the intelligence community, except as necessary for the provision of the service as specifically contracted; or
- (2) sell, monetize, or knowingly or recklessly facilitate the sale of, location data described in paragraph (1) to any individual or entity that is not an element of the intelligence community.
- (b) COVERED LOCATIONS.—For purposes of subsection (a), a covered location is any location described in section 202.222(a)(1) of title 28, Code of Federal Regulations, or successor regulations.
- (c) CERTIFICATION.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, each head of an element of the intelligence community shall require each contractor and subcontractor of the element to submit to the head a certification as to whether the contractor or subcontractor is in compliance with subsection (a).
- (d) TREATMENT OF CERTIFICATIONS.—The veracity of a certification under subsection (c) shall be treated as "material" for purposes of section 3729 of title 31, United States Code.

## SEC. 315. TECHNICAL AMENDMENT TO PROCUREMENT AUTHORITIES OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY.

Section 3(a) of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 3503(a)) is amended by striking "3069" and inserting "3066".

#### SEC. 316. THREAT BRIEFING TO PROTECT FED-ERAL RESERVE INFORMATION.

The Director of National Intelligence, in coordination with the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and in consultation with the relevant heads of the elements of the intelligence community, as determined by the Directors, shall brief the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System on foreign threats to the Federal Reserve System.

# SEC. 317. PLAN TO ESTABLISH COMMERCIAL GEOSPATIAL INTELLIGENCE DATA AND SERVICES PROGRAM MANAGEMENT OFFICE.

- (a) PLAN REQUIRED.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of the National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency and the Director of the National Reconnaissance Office, in consultation with the Director of National Intelligence and the Secretary of Defense, shall jointly develop and submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a plan to establish an office described in subsection (b).
- (b) OFFICE DESCRIBED.—An office described in this subsection is a co-located joint program management office for commercial geospatial intelligence data and services.

- (c) CONTENTS.—The plan required by subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) Milestones for implementation of the plan.
- (2) An updated acquisition strategy that considers efficiencies to be gained from closely coordinated acquisitions of geospatial intelligence data and services.
- (d) DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—In this section, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (1) the congressional intelligence committees:
- (2) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate: and
- (3) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

#### SEC. 318. INSPECTOR GENERAL REVIEW OF ADE-QUACY OF POLICIES AND PROCE-DURES GOVERNING USE OF COM-MERCIAL MESSAGING APPLICA-TIONS BY INTELLIGENCE COMMU-NUTY.

- (a) REVIEW REQUIRED.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Inspector General of the Inteligence Community shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Homeland Security and Government Affairs and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate, and the Committee Oversight and Government Reform and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives on a review of the Adequacy of policies and procedures governing the use of commercial messaging applications by the intelligence community.
- (b) CONTENTS.—The review required by subsection (a) shall include an assessment of compliance by the intelligence community with chapter 31 of title 44, United States Code (commonly known as the "Federal Records Act of 1950").
- (c) FORM.—The review required by subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

#### SEC. 319. AUTHORITY FOR NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY TO PRODUCE AND DISSEMI-NATE INTELLIGENCE PRODUCTS.

The National Security Agency Act of 1959 (50 U.S.C. 3602 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

## "SEC. 23. AUTHORITY TO PRODUCE AND DISSEMINATE INTELLIGENCE PRODUCTS.

"The Director of the National Security Agency may correlate and evaluate intelligence related to national security and provide appropriate dissemination of such intelligence to appropriate legislative and executive branch customers."

### SEC. 320. PROHIBITING DISCRIMINATION IN THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence, in coordination with the head of each element of the intelligence community, shall revise all regulations, policies, procedures, manuals, circulars, courses, training, and guidance in the intelligence community such that all such materials are in compliance with and consistent with this section.
- (b) PROHIBITION.—None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by any law for the National Intelligence Program shall be used for the purposes of implementing covered practices in the intelligence community.
- (c) COVERED PRACTICE DEFINED.—In this section, the term "covered practice" means any practice that discriminates for or against any person in a manner prohibited by the Constitution of the United States, the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000 et seq.), or any other Federal law.

### SEC. 321. ANNUAL REPORT ON FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION CASE DATA.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Title V of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3091 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 512 the following:

#### "SEC. 512A. ANNUAL REPORT ON FEDERAL BU-REAU OF INVESTIGATION CASE DATA.

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this section, and annually thereafter, the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate, and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives a report containing data on cases of the Federal Bureau of Investigation for the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year in which the report is submitted.
- "(b) ELEMENTS.—Each report required by subsection (a) shall include, for the fiscal year covered by the report, the number of active cases, the number of unique cases, and the number of cases opened, for each of the following:
  - "(1) Russia counterintelligence cases.
  - "(2) China counterintelligence cases.
  - "(3) Espionage or leak cases.
  - "(4) All other counterintelligence cases.
  - "(5) ISIS counterterrorism cases.
- "(6) Hizballah counterterrorism cases.
- "(7) Cartel and other transnational criminal organization counterterrorism cases.
- "(8) All other international counterterrorism cases.
- ``(9) Russia cyber national security cases.
- "(10) China cyber national security cases. "(11) All other cyber national security cases.
- "(c) FORM.—Each report required by subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.".
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents preceding section 2 of such Act is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 512 the following:

"Sec. 512A. Annual report on Federal Bureau of Investigation case

## TITLE IV—INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY EFFICIENCY AND EFFECTIVENESS

#### SEC. 401. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026".

#### SEC. 402. MODIFICATION OF RESPONSIBILITIES AND AUTHORITIES OF THE DIREC-TOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE.

- (a) REPEAL OF SUNSETTED REQUIREMENT FOR SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT.—Subsection (c)(7) of section 102A of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3024) is amended by striking "(A) The Director" and all that follows through "(B) The Director" and inserting "The Director".
- (b) REPEAL OF AUTHORITY TO TRANSFER PERSONNEL TO NEW NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE CENTERS.—Such section is amended by striking subsection (e).
  - (c) TASKING AND OTHER AUTHORITIES.-
- (1) REPEAL OF AUTHORITY TO ESTABLISH NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE CENTERS; MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITY TO PRESCRIBE PERSONNEL POLICIES AND PROGRAMS.—Subsection (f) of such section is amended—
- (A) in paragraph (2), by striking "and may" and all that follows through "determines necessary"; and
  - (B) in paragraph (3)(A)—
- (i) in the matter preceding clause (i), by striking "consultation" and inserting "coordination":
  - (ii) in clause (iii)—
- (I) by striking "recruitment and retention" and inserting "recruitment, retention, and training"; and

- (II) by striking the semicolon at the end and inserting ", including those with diverse ethnic, cultural, and linguistic backgrounds; and":
- (iii) in clause (vi), by inserting "on behalf of the Director of National Intelligence" after "matters":
- (iv) by striking clauses (i), (ii), (iv), and (v); and
- (v) by redesignating clauses (iii) and (vi) as clauses (i) and (ii), respectively.
- (2) ACCOUNTABILITY REVIEWS.—Paragraph (7) of such subsection is amended—
  (A) in subparagraph (A), by striking "con-
- duct" and inserting "direct";
- (B) in subparagraph (B), by inserting "directed" before "under"; and
- (C) in subsection (C)(i), by striking "conducted" and inserting "directed".
- (3) INDEPENDENT ASSESSMENTS AND AUDITS OF COMPLIANCE WITH MINIMUM INSIDER THREAT POLICIES.—Paragraph (8)(A) of such subsection is amended by striking "conduct" and inserting "direct independent".
- (4) INDEPENDENT EVALUATIONS OF COUNTER-INTELLIGENCE, SECURITY, AND INSIDER THREAT PROGRAM ACTIVITIES.—Paragraph (8)(D) of such subsection is amended by striking "carry out" and inserting "direct independent".
- (d) REPEAL OF REQUIREMENT FOR ENHANCED PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT.—Such section is further amended by striking subsection (1).
- (e) ANALYSES AND IMPACT STATEMENTS REGARDING PROPOSED INVESTMENT INTO THE UNITED STATES.—Subsection (z) of such section is amended—
  - (1) in paragraph (1)—
- (A) by inserting ", or the head of an element of the intelligence community to whom the Director has delegated such review or investigation," after "for which the Director"; and
- (B) by inserting "or such head" after "materials, the Director"; and
- (2) in paragraph (2), by inserting ", or the head of an element of the intelligence community to whom the Director has delegated such review or investigation," after "the Director".
- (f) PLAN FOR REFORM OF INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY ACQUISITION PROCESS.—
- (1) PLAN REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall, in consultation with each head of an element of the intelligence community, submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a plan to reform the acquisition process of each element of the intelligence community so that, to the maximum extent practicable. the process uses existing authorities to expedite acquisitions and includes a preference for acquisition of commercial solutions, consistent with section 3453 of title 10, United States Code, and Executive Order 14265 (90 Fed. Reg. 15621; relating to modernizing defense acquisitions and spurring innovation in the defense industrial base).
- (2) ITEMIZATION OF MAJOR PLANNED OR PENDING ACQUISITIONS.—The plan required by paragraph (1) shall include an itemization of major planned or pending acquisitions for each element of the intelligence community.
  - (g) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Such section is further amended—
- (A) by redesignating subsections (f) through (k) as subsections (e) through (j), respectively;
- (B) by redesignating subsections (m) through (z) as subsections (k) through (x), respectively;

- (C) in subsection (e), as redesignated by subparagraph (A), in paragraph (7), by striking "under subsection (m)" and inserting "under subsection (k)"; and
- (D) in subsection (v)(3), as redesignated by subparagraph (B), by striking "under subsection (f)(8)" and inserting "under subsection (e)(8)".
  - (2) External.—
- (A) NATIONAL SECURITY ACT OF 1947.—The National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3001 et seq.) is amended—
- (i) in section 103(c)(15) (50 U.S.C. 3025(c)(15)), by striking ", including national intelligence centers"; and
- (ii) in section 313(1) (50 U.S.C. 3079(1)), by striking "with section 102A(f)(8)" and inserting "with section 102A(e)(8)".
- (B) REDUCING OVER-CLASSIFICATION ACT.— Section 7(a)(1)(A) of the Reducing Over-Classification Act (50 U.S.C. 3344(a)(1)(A)) is amended by striking "of section 102A(g)(1)" and inserting "of section 102A(f)(1)".
- (C) INTELLIGENCE REFORM AND TERRORISM PREVENTION ACT OF 2004.—Section 1019(a) of the Intelligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention Act of 2004 (50 U.S.C. 3364(a)) is amended by striking "out section 102A(h)" and inserting "out section 102A(g)".

#### SEC. 403. REFORMS RELATING TO THE OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTEL-LIGENCE.

- (a) PLAN FOR REDUCTION OF STAFF.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a plan to reduce the staff of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence.
- (2) CONTENTS.—The plan required by paragraph (1) shall include a plan for reducing the staff of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence to the maximum number of full-time equivalent employees, detailees, and individuals under contract with the Office that the Director requires for the optimized execution of the Director's statutory authorities and ensures—
- (A) each Federal employee who is employed by, detailed to, or assigned to the Office of the Director of National Intelligence will be provided an opportunity to accept alternative employment, detail, or assignment within the United States Government; and
- (B) no such Federal employee will be involuntarily terminated by the implementation of the plan required by paragraph (1).
- (b) Orderly Reduction in Staff of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence.—
- (1) PROCESS.—On a date that is at least 90 days after the date on which the plan required by subsection (a)(1) is submitted, or 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, whichever is later, the Director of National Intelligence shall initiate a process to reduce the staff of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence, provided the Director submits to the congressional intelligence committees a certification that—
- (A) each Federal employee who is employed by, detailed to, or assigned to the Office of the Director of National Intelligence will be provided an opportunity to accept alternative employment, detail, or assignment within the United States Government; and
- (B) no such Federal employee will be involuntarily terminated by the implementation of such process, except as provided in subsection (c)(1).
- (2) INTERIM UPDATES.—Not later than 60 days after the date on which the plan required by subsection (a)(1) is submitted, and every 60 days thereafter until the staff of the Office of the Director of National Intel-

- ligence does not exceed the number of fulltime equivalent employees, detailees, and individuals under contract with the Office identified in the plan provided pursuant to subsection (a), the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a written update identifying the positions of the employees, detailees, and individuals under contract with the Office of the Director of National Intelligence who have been part of the reduction in staff.
- (c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed as prohibiting—
- (1) the involuntarily termination of a Federal employee when there is—
- (A) written documentation to support a security, counterintelligence, or other lawful basis for termination based on misconduct;
- (B) written documentation over a period of at least 180 days to support a performance basis for the termination; or
- (2) the return of detailees to their home agencies 45 days after the date on which the plan required by subsection (a)(1) is submitted
- (d) LOCATION OF THE OFFICE.—Subsection (f) of such section is amended by inserting ", with facilities necessary to carry out the core intelligence mission of the Office" before the period at the end.

# SEC. 404. APPOINTMENT OF DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE AND ASSISTANT DIRECTORS OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE.

- (a) REDESIGNATION OF PRINCIPAL DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE AS DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (a) of section 103A of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3026) is amended—
- (A) in the subsection heading, by striking "PRINCIPAL"; and
- (B) by striking "Principal" each place it appears.
- (2) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Subsection (c) of such section is amended—
- (A) in the subsection heading, by striking "PRINCIPAL"; and
- (B) in paragraph (2)(B), by striking "Principal".
- (3) ADDITIONAL CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—
  (A) NATIONAL SECURITY ACT OF 1947.—Such
- Act is further amended—
  (i) in section 103(c)(2) (50 U.S.C. 3025(c)(2)), by striking "Principal":
- (ii) in section 103I(b)(1) (50 U.S.C.
- 3034(b)(1)), by striking "Principal"; (iii) in section 106(a)(2)(A) (50 U.S.C. 3041(a)(2)(A)), by striking "Principal"; and
- (iv) in section 116(b) (50 U.S.C. 3053(b)), by striking "Principal".
- (B) DAMON PAUL NELSON AND MATTHEW YOUNG POLLARD INTELLIGENCE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEARS 2018, 2019, AND 2020.—Section 6310 of the Damon Paul Nelson and Matthew Young Pollard Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 2018, 2019, and 2020 (50 U.S.C. 3351b) is amended by striking "Principal" each place it appears.
- (C) NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2022.—Section 1683(b)(3) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (50 U.S.C. 3373(b)(3)) is amended by striking "Principal" both places it appears.
- (b) ELIMINATION OF DEPUTY DIRECTORS OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE AND ESTABLISHMENT OF ASSISTANT DIRECTORS OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE.—
- (1) In general.—Section 103A(b) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3026(b)) is amended—
- (A) in the subsection heading, by striking "DEPUTY" and inserting "ASSISTANT";

- (B) in paragraph (1), by striking "may" and all that follows through the period at the end and inserting the following: "is an Assistant Director of National Intelligence for Mission Integration and an Assistant Director of National Intelligence for Policy and Capabilities, who shall be appointed by the Director of National Intelligence."; and
- (C) in paragraph (2), by striking "Deputy" and inserting "Assistant".
- (2) Conforming amendments.—The National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3001 et seq.) is amended—
- (A) in section 102A(1)(4)(F) (50 U.S.C. 3024(1)(4)(F)), as redesignated by section 402(g)(1)(B), by striking "a Deputy" and inserting "an Assistant"; and
- (B) in section 103(c) (50 U.S.C. 3025(c)), by striking paragraph (3).
- (c) REFERENCE'S TO PRINCIPAL DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE IN LAW.—Any reference in law to the Principal Deputy Director of National Intelligence shall be treated as a reference to the Deputy Director of National Intelligence.
  - (d) CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.-
- (1) SECTION HEADING.—Section 103A of such Act (50 U.S.C. 3026) is further amended, in the section heading, by striking "DEPUTY DIRECTORS OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE" and inserting "DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE AND ASSISTANT DIRECTORS OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE".
- (2) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for such Act, in the matter preceding section 2 of such Act, is amended by striking the item relating to section 103A and inserting the following:
- "Sec. 103A. Deputy Director of National Intelligence and Assistant Directors of National Intelligence.".

#### SEC. 405. REFORM OF THE NATIONAL INTEL-LIGENCE COUNCIL AND NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE OFFICERS.

- (a) DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES.—Subsection (c)(1) of section 103B of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3027) is amended—
- (1) in subparagraph (A), by adding "or coordinate the production of" after "produce"; and
- (2) in subparagraph (B), by striking "and the requirements and resources of such collection and production".
- (b) STAFF.—Subsection (f) of such section is amended by striking "The" and inserting "Subject to section 103(d)(1), the".

#### SEC. 406. TRANSFER OF NATIONAL COUNTER-INTELLIGENCE AND SECURITY CEN-TER TO FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVES-TIGATION.

- (a) PLAN FOR TRANSFERS.—
- (1) DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—In this subsection, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (A) the congressional intelligence committees:
- (B) the Committee on the Judiciary and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
- (C) the Committee on the Judiciary and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
- (2) PLAN REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence and the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall jointly submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a plan to achieve the transfer of—
- (A) the National Counterintelligence and Security Center to the Counterintelligence Division of the Federal Bureau of Investigation: and
- (B) the duties of the Director of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center to the Assistant Director of the Federal

Bureau of Investigation for Counterintelligence.

(b) Transfers —

- (1) Transfer of center.—On a date that is at least 180 days after the date on which the plan required by subsection (a) is submitted, or 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, whichever is later, the Director of National Intelligence shall initiate the transfer of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center to the Counterintelligence Division of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, including such staff and resources of the Center as the Director of National Intelligence, in coordination with the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, determines appropriate and as is consistent with the provisions of this section.
- (2) Transfer of duties of director of the CENTER -On a date that is at least 90 days after the date on which the plan required by subsection (a) is submitted, or 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, whichever is later, the Director of National Intelligence shall initiate the transfer to the Assistant Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation for Counterintelligence of such duties of the Director of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center as the Director of National Intelligence, in coordination with the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, determines appropriate and as is consistent with the provisions of this section.
- (3) COMPLETION.—Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall complete the transfers initiated under paragraphs (1) and (2).

(c) REDUCTIONS IN STAFF.—Any reduction in staff of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center shall comply with the requirements of section 403(b).

- (d) QUARTERLY REPORTS.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and every 90 days thereafter until the date specified in subsection (h), the Director of National Intelligence and the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall jointly submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives, the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate, and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives a report on the status of the implementation of this section, including—
- (1) the missions and functions of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center that have been transferred to the Federal Bureau of Investigation;
- (2) the missions and functions of such Center that have been retained at the Office of the Director of National Intelligence;
- (3) the missions and functions of such Center that have been transferred to another department or agency; and
- (4) the missions and functions of such Center that have been terminated.
- (e) REPEAL —
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 103F of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3031) is repealed.
- (2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for such Act, in the matter preceding section 2 of such Act, is amended by striking the item relating to section 103F.
- (f) Conforming Amendments to Counter-INTELLIGENCE ENHANCEMENT ACT OF 2002.—
- (1) Head of center.—Section 902 of the Counterintelligence Enhancement Act of 2002 (50 U.S.C. 3382) is amended—
- (A) in the section heading, by striking "DI-RECTOR" and inserting "HEAD":
- (B) by striking subsection (a) and inserting the following:
- "(a) HEAD OF CENTER.—The head of the National Counterintelligence and Security Cen-

- ter shall be the Assistant Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation for Counterintelligence or the Assistant Director's designee.'';
- (C) in subsection (b), by striking "the Director" and inserting "the individual serving as the head of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center": and
  - (D) in subsection (c)—
- (i) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking "Subject to the direction and control of the Director of National Intelligence, the duties of the Director" and inserting "The duties of the head of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center"; and
- (ii) in paragraph (4), by striking "Director of National Intelligence" and inserting "Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation".
- (2) NATIONAL COUNTERINTELLIGENCE AND SECURITY CENTER.—Section 904 of such Act (50 U.S.C. 3383) is amended—
- (A) in subsection (a), by inserting "in the Counterintelligence Division of the Federal Bureau of Investigation" before the period at the end:
- (B) in subsection (b), by striking "Director of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center" and inserting "Assistant Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation for Counterintelligence or the Assistant Director's designee";
- (C) in subsection (e), by striking "Office of the Director of National Intelligence" and inserting "Counterintelligence Division of the Federal Bureau of Investigation":
- (D) in subsection (e)-
- (i) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking "Director of" and inserting "head of"; and
- (ii) in paragraphs (2)(B), (4), and (5), by striking "Director of National Intelligence" each place it appears and inserting "Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation":
- (E) in subsection (f)(3), by striking "Director" and inserting "head":
- (F) in subsection (g)(2), by striking "Director" and inserting "head"; and
- (G) in subsection (i), by striking "Office of the Director of National Intelligence" and inserting "Counterintelligence Division of the Federal Bureau of Investigation".
- (g) ADDITIONAL CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—
- (1) TITLE 5.—Section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking the item relating to the Director of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center.
- (2) NATIONAL SECURITY ACT OF 1947.—The National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3001 et seq.) is amended—
- (A) in section 103(c) (50 U.S.C. 3025(c)), by striking paragraph (9);
- (B) in section 1107 (50 U.S.C. 3237)—
- (i) in subsection (a), by striking "the Director" and inserting "the head"; and
- (ii) in subsection (c), by striking "the Director shall" and inserting "the head of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center shall"; and
- (C) in section 1108 (50 U.S.C. 3238)—
- (i) in subsection (a), by striking "the Director" and inserting "the head"; and
- (ii) in subsection (c), by striking "the Director shall" and inserting "the head of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center shall".
- (3) DAMON PAUL NELSON AND MATTHEW YOUNG POLLARD INTELLIGENCE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEARS 2018, 2019, AND 2020.—The Damon Paul Nelson and Matthew Young Pollard Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 2018, 2019, and 2020 (division E of Public Law 116–92) is amended—
- (A) in section 6306(e)(6) (50 U.S.C. 3370(e)(6)), by striking "the Director" and inserting "the head"; and

- (B) in section 6508 (50 U.S.C. 3371d), by striking "Director of National Intelligence" both places it appears and inserting "Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation".
- (4) INTELLIGENCE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 1995.—Section 811 of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995 (50 U.S.C. 3381) is amended—
- (A) by striking "Director of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center" each place it appears and inserting "head of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center"; and
- (B) in subsection (b), by striking "appointed".
- (5) INTELLIGENCE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024.—
- (A) Section 7318.—Section 7318 of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (50 U.S.C. 3384) is amended—
  - (i) in subsection (c)-
- (I) in paragraph (1), by striking ", acting through the Director of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center,"; and
- (II) in paragraph (3), by striking "Director of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center" and inserting "Director of National Intelligence, as the Security Executive Agent."; and
  - (ii) in subsection (d)-
- (I) in paragraph (1)—
- (aa) in subparagraph (A)(i), by striking "Director of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center" and inserting "Director of National Intelligence"; and
- (bb) in subparagraph (B), by striking "National Counterintelligence and Security Center" both places it appears and inserting "Federal Bureau of Investigation"; and
- (II) in paragraph (2)(A), by striking "Director of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center" and inserting "Director of National Intelligence".
- (B) SECTION 7334.—Section 7334(c)(2) of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (50 U.S.C. 3385(c)(2)) is amended by striking "Director of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center" and inserting "head of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center".
- (h) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on the date that is 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (i) REFERENCES IN LAW.—On and after the date that is 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, any reference to the Director of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center in law shall be treated as a reference to the Assistant Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation for Counterintelligence or the Assistant Director's designee acting on behalf of the Assistant Director as the head of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center.
- (j) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall preclude the Director of National Intelligence from determining that—
- (1) certain coordinating functions of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center shall be retained at the Office of the Director of National Intelligence consistent with the authorities of the Director under section 102A of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3024), transferred to another department or agency, or terminated; or
- (2) certain missions or functions of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center shall be transferred to another department or agency, or terminated.

## SEC. 407. REDESIGNATION AND REFORM OF NATIONAL COUNTERTERRORISM CENTER.

- (a) DOMESTIC COUNTERTERRORISM INTELLIGENCE.—Subsection (e) of section 119 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3056) is amended to read as follows:
- "(e) LIMITATION ON DOMESTIC ACTIVITIES.— The Center may, consistent with applicable

law, the direction of the President, and the guidelines referred to in section 102A(b), receive and retain intelligence pertaining to domestic terrorism (as defined in section 2331 of title 18, United States Code) to enable the Center to collect, retain, and disseminate intelligence pertaining only to international terrorism (as defined in section 2331 of title 18, United States Code)."

- (b) REDESIGNATION OF NATIONAL COUNTER-TERRORISM CENTER AS NATIONAL COUNTER-TERRORISM AND COUNTERNARCOTICS CENTER.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Such section is further amended—
- (A) in the section heading, by striking "NATIONAL COUNTERTERRORISM CENTER" and inserting "NATIONAL COUNTERTERRORISM AND COUNTERNARCOTICS CENTER":
- (B) in subsection (b), in the subsection heading, by striking "NATIONAL COUNTERTERRORISM CENTER" and inserting "NATIONAL COUNTERTERRORISM AND COUNTERNARCOTICS CENTER"; and
- (C) by striking "National Counterterrorism Center" each place it appears and inserting "National Counterterrorism and Counternarcotics Center".
- (2) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for such Act, in the matter preceding section 2 of such Act, is amended by striking the item relating to section 119 and inserting the following:
- "Sec. 119. National Counterterrorism and Counternarcotics Center.".
  - (c) Conforming Amendments.—
- (1) NATIONAL SECURITY ACT OF 1947.—Section 102A(g)(3) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3024(g)(3)) is amended by striking "National Counterterrorism Center" and inserting "National Counterterrorism and Counternarcotics Center".
- (2) HOMELAND SECURITY ACT OF 2002.—The Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 101 et seq.) is amended—
- (A) in section 201(d)(1) (6 U.S.C. 121(d)(1)), by striking "National Counterterrorism Center" and inserting "National Counterterrorism and Counternarcotics Center"; and
  - (B) in section 210D (6 U.S.C. 124k)-
- (i) in subsections (b), (c), (d), (f)(1), (f)(2)(A), and (f)(2)(C), by striking "National Counterterrorism Center" each place it appears and inserting "National Counterterrorism and Counternarcotics Center"; and
- (ii) in subsection (f)(2)—
- (I) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking "Pursuant to section 119(f)(E) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 4040(f)(E)), the Director of the National Counterterrorism Center" and inserting "The Director of the National Counterterrorism and Counterterrorism and Counternations"; and
- (II) in subparagraph (B), by striking "119(f)(E)" and inserting "119(f)".
- (3) INTELLIGENCE REFORM AND TERRORISM PREVENTION ACT OF 2004.—The Intelligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention Act of 2004 (Public Law 108-458) is amended by striking "National Counterterrorism Center" each place it appears and inserting "National Counterterrorism and Counternarcotics Center".
- (4) WILLIAM M. (MAC) THORNBERRY NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2021.—Section 1299F of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (22 U.S.C. 2656j) is amended by striking "Director of the National Counterterrorism Center" each place it appears and inserting "Director of the National Counterterrorism and Counternarcotics Center".
- (5) NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2008.—Section 1079 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (50 U.S.C. 3307) is amended by striking "Director of the National Counter-

- terrorism Center" both places it appears and inserting "Director of the National Counterterrorism and Counternarcotics Center".
- (d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on the date that is 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
  - (e) References in Law.—
- (1) NATIONAL COUNTERTERRORISM CENTER.—On and after the date that is 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, any reference to the National Counterterrorism Center in law shall be treated as a reference to the National Counterterrorism and Counternarcotics Center, as redesignated by subsection (c).
- (2) DIRECTOR OF THE NATIONAL COUNTERTER-RORISM CENTER.—On and after the date that is 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, any reference to the Director of the National Counterterrorism Center in law shall be treated as a reference to the Director of the National Counterterrorism and Counternarcotics Center.

#### SEC. 408. TRANSFER OF NATIONAL COUNTERPRO-LIFERATION AND BIOSECURITY CEN-TER.

- (a) PLAN FOR TRANSFERS.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence and the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency shall jointly submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a plan to achieve the transfer of—
- (1) the National Counterproliferation and Biosecurity Center to the Central Intelligence Agency; and
- (2) the duties and responsibilities of the Director of the National Counterproliferation and Biosecurity Center to the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency.
  - (b) Transfers.-
- (1) Transfer of center.—On a date that is at least 90 days after the date on which the plan required by subsection (a) is submitted, or 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, whichever is later, the Director of National Intelligence shall initiate the transfer of the National Counterproliferation and Biosecurity Center to the Central Intelligence Agency, including such missions, objectives, staff, and resources of the Center as the Director of National Intelligence, in coordination with the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency, determines appropriate and as is consistent with the provisions of this section.
- (2) Transfer of duties and responsibil-ITIES OF DIRECTOR OF THE CENTER.—On a date that is at least 90 days after the date on which the plan required by subsection (a) is submitted, or 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, whichever is later, the Director of National Intelligence shall initiate the transfer to the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency of such duties and responsibilities of the Director of the National Counterproliferation and Biosecurity Center as the Director of National Intelligence, in coordination with the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency, determines appropriate and as is consistent with the provisions of this section.
- (3) COMPLETION.—Not later than 455 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall complete the transfers initiated under paragraphs (1) and (2).
- (c) REDUCTIONS IN STAFF.—Any reduction in staff of the National Counterproliferation and Biosecurity Center shall comply with the requirements of section 403(b).
- (d) QUARTERLY REPORTS.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and every 90 days thereafter until the

- date specified in subsection (i), the Director of National Intelligence and the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency shall jointly submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a report on the status of the implementation of this section, including—
- (1) the missions and functions of the National Counterproliferation and Biosecurity Center that have been transferred to the Central Intelligence Agency;
- (2) the missions and functions of such Center that have been retained at the Office of the Director of National Intelligence;
- (3) the missions and functions of such Center that have been transferred to another department or agency; and
- (4) the missions and functions of such Center that have been terminated.
- (e) Conforming Amendments.—The National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3001 et seq.) is amended—
- (1) in section 103(c) (50 U.S.C. 3025(c)), by striking paragraph (13); and
- (2) in subsection (a) of section 119A (50 U.S.C. 3057)—
- (A) in paragraph (2), by striking "the Director of the National Counterproliferation and Biosecurity Center, who shall be appointed by the Director of National Intelligence" and inserting "the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency or the Director's designee";
- (B) in paragraph (3), by striking "Office of the Director of National Intelligence" and inserting "Central Intelligence Agency"; and
  - (C) by striking paragraph (4).
- (f) REPEAL OF NATIONAL SECURITY WAIVER AUTHORITY.—Such section is further amended by striking subsection (c).
- (g) REPEAL OF REPORT REQUIREMENT.— Such section is further amended by striking subsection (d).
- (h) REPEAL OF SENSE OF CONGRESS.—Such section is further amended by striking subsection (e).
- (i) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect 455 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (j) REFERENCES IN LAW.—On and after the date that is 455 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, any reference to the Director of the National Counterproliferation and Biosecurity Center in law shall be treated as a reference to the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency acting as the head of the National Counterproliferation Center or the Director's designee pursuant to section 119A(a)(2) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3057(a)(2)), as amended by subsection (e)(2).
- (k) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall preclude the Director of National Intelligence from determining that—
- (1) certain coordinating functions of the National Counterproliferation and Biosecurity Center shall be retained at the Office of the Director of National Intelligence consistent with the authorities of the Director under section 102A of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3024), transferred to another department or agency, or terminated; or
- (2) certain missions or functions of the National Counterproliferation and Biosecurity Center shall be transferred to another department or agency, or terminated.

### SEC. 409. NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE TASK FORCES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 119B of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3058) is amended to read as follows:

### "SEC. 119B. NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE TASK FORCES.

"(a) AUTHORITY TO CONVENE.—The Director of National Intelligence may convene 1 or more national intelligence task forces, as the Director considers necessary, to address intelligence priorities.

"(b) TASK FORCE AUTHORITIES.—Pursuant to the direction of the Director of National Intelligence, a national intelligence task force convened under subsection (a) may—

"(1) be comprised of select employees of elements of the intelligence community, other than the Office of the Director of National Intelligence, as determined by the Director of National Intelligence to be necessary and appropriate for the task force:

"(2) convene at the Office of the Director of National Intelligence for a limited time in support of a specific intelligence matter recognized by the Director; and

"(3) be dissolved by the Director of National Intelligence not later than 540 days after the conclusion of support to a specific intelligence matter.

"(c) Transfer of Responsibility.—If the specific intelligence matter a national intelligence task force has been convened to support has not concluded within 540 days after the establishment of the task force, the Director shall transfer responsibility for supporting the intelligence matter to a specific element of the intelligence community.

"(d) COMPENSATION.—Employees of elements of the intelligence community participating in a national intelligence task force pursuant to subsection (b)(1) shall continue to receive compensation from their agency of employment.

"(e) CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION.—

- "(1) NOTIFICATION REQUIRED.—In any case in which a national intelligence task force convened under subsection (a) is in effect for a period of more than 60 days, the Director of National Intelligence shall, not later than 61 days after the date of the convening of the task force, submit to the congressional intelligence committees notice regarding the task force.
- "(2) CONTENTS.—A notice regarding a national intelligence task force submitted pursuant to paragraph (1) shall include the following:
- "(A) The number of personnel of the intelligence community participating in the task force.
- "(B) A list of the elements of the intelligence community that are employing the personnel described in subparagraph (A).
- "(C) Identification of the specific intelligence matter the task force was convened to support.
- "(D) An approximate date by which the task force will be dissolved.".
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for such Act, in the matter preceding section 2 of such Act, is amended by striking the item relating to section 119B and inserting the following:
- "Sec. 119B. National Intelligence Task Forces.".

## SEC. 410. REPEAL OF VARIOUS POSITIONS, UNITS, CENTERS, COUNCILS, AND OFFICES.

- (a) INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY CHIEF DATA
- (1) REPEAL.—Title I of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3021 et seq.) is amended by striking section 103K (50 U.S.C. 3024b)
- (2) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 103G of such Act (50 U.S.C. 3032) is amended by striking subsection (d).
- (3) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for such Act, in the matter preceding section 2 of such Act, is amended by striking the item relating to section 103K.
- (b) INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY INNOVATION UNIT.—

- (1) TERMINATION.—The Director of National Intelligence shall take such actions as may be necessary to terminate and wind down the operations of the Intelligence Community Innovation Unit before the date specified in paragraph (3).
- (2) Repeal.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Title I of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3021 et seq.) is further amended by striking section 103L (50 U.S.C. 3034c).
- (B) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for such Act, in the matter preceding section 2 of such Act, is further amended by striking the item relating to section 103L.
- (3) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this subsection shall take effect on the date that is 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (c) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT REGARDING EXPIRED CLIMATE SECURITY ADVISORY COUNCIL.—
- (1) REPEAL.—Title I of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3021 et seq.) is further amended by striking section 120 (50 U.S.C. 3060).
- (2) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 331 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117-81; 10 U.S.C. 113 note) is amended by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the following:

"(2) The term 'climate security' means the effects of climate change on the following:

- "(A) The national security of the United States, including national security infrastructure.
- "(B) Subnational, national, and regional political stability.
- "(C) The security of allies and partners of the United States.
- "(D) Ongoing or potential political violence, including unrest, rioting, guerrilla warfare, insurgency, terrorism, rebellion, revolution, civil war, and interstate war."
- (3) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for such Act, in the matter preceding section 2 of such Act, is further amended by striking the item relating to section 120.
  - (d) Office of Engagement.—
- (1) TERMINATION.—The Director of National Intelligence shall take such actions as may be necessary to terminate and wind down the operations of the Office of Engagement before the date specified in paragraph (3).
- (2) Repeal.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Title I of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3021 et seq.) is further amended by striking section 122 (50 U.S.C. 3062).
- (B) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for such Act, in the matter preceding section 2 of such Act, is further amended by striking the item relating to section 122.
- (3) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this subsection shall take effect on the date that is 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (e) Framework for Cross-disciplinary Education and Training.—
- (1) REPEAL.—Subtitle A of title X of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3191 et seq.) is amended by striking section 1002 (50 U.S.C. 3192).
- (2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for such Act, in the matter preceding section 2 of such Act, is further amended by striking the item relating to section 1002.
- (f) JOINT INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY COUNCIL.—
- (1) TERMINATION.—The Joint Intelligence Community Council is terminated.
- (2) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Title I of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3021

- et seq.) is amended by striking section 101A (50 U.S.C. 3022).
- (3) REPEAL OF REQUIREMENT TO CONSULT WITH JOINT INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY COUNCIL FOR NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE PROGRAM BUDGET.—Section 102A(c)(1)(B) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3024(c)(1)(B)) is amended by striking ", as appropriate, after obtaining the advice of the Joint Intelligence Community Council,"
- (4) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for such Act, in the matter preceding section 2 of such Act, is amended by striking the item relating to section 101A.

#### TITLE V—MATTERS CONCERNING FOREIGN COUNTRIES

#### Subtitle A-Foreign Countries Generally

#### SEC. 501. DECLASSIFICATION OF INFORMATION RELATING TO ACTIONS BY FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS TO ASSIST PERSONS EVADING JUSTICE.

Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall, in coordination with the Director of National Intelligence, declassify, with any redactions necessary to protect intelligence sources and methods and to comply with provisions of Federal law relating to privacy, any information relating to whether foreign government officials have assisted or facilitated any citizen or national of their country in departing the United States while the citizen or national was under investigation or awaiting trial or sentencing for a criminal offense committed in the United States.

## SEC. 502. ENHANCED INTELLIGENCE SHARING RELATING TO FOREIGN ADVERSARY BIOTECHNOLOGICAL THREATS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence, in consultation with such other heads of elements of the intelligence community as the Director considers appropriate, shall establish and submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate, and the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives a policy for streamlining the declassification or downgrading and sharing of intelligence information relating to biotechnological developments and threats in order to counter efforts by foreign adversaries to weaponize biotechnologies and biological weapons, including threats relating to military, industrial, agricultural, and health applications of biotechnology.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The plan required by subsection (a) shall include mechanisms for sharing the information described in such subsection—
  - (1) with allies and partners;
  - (2) with private sector partners; and
  - (3) across the Federal Government.
- (c) REPORTING.— Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for 2 years, the Director shall submit to the committees specified in subsection (a) a report on progress sharing information with recipients under subsection (b).

#### SEC. 503. THREAT ASSESSMENT REGARDING UN-MANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS AT OR NEAR THE INTERNATIONAL BOR-DERS OF THE UNITED STATES.

- (a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the "Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026".
  - (b) DEFINITIONS.— In this section:
- (1) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—The term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (A) the congressional intelligence committees:
- (B) the congressional defense committees;

- (C) the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
- (D) the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Homeland Security, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
- (2) DIRECTOR.—The term "Director" means the Director of National Intelligence.
- (3) FOREIGN MALIGN INFLUENCE.—The term "foreign malign influence" has the meaning given such term in section 119B(f) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3059(f)).
- (4) MALIGN ACTOR.—The term "malign actor" means any individual, group, or organization that is engaged in foreign malign influence, illicit drug trafficking, or other forms of transpational organized crime.
- (5) Transnational organized crime.—The term "transnational organized crime" has the meaning given such term in section 284(i) of title 10. United States Code.
- (6) UNDER SECRETARY.—The term "Under Secretary" means the Under Secretary for Intelligence and Analysis of the Department of Homeland Security.
- (7) UNMANNED AIRCRAFT; UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEM.—The terms "unmanned aircraft" and "unmanned aircraft system" have the meanings given such terms in section 44801 of title 49, United States Code.
  - (c) THREAT ASSESSMENT.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director, the Under Secretary, and the heads of the other elements of the intelligence community, shall complete an assessment of the threat regarding unmanned aircraft systems at or near the international borders of the United States.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The threat assessment required under paragraph (1) shall include a description of—
- (A) the malign actors operating unmanned aircraft systems at or near the international borders of the United States, including malign actors who cross such borders;
- (B) how a threat is identified and assessed at or near the international borders of the United States, including a description of the capabilities of the United States Government to detect and identify unmanned aircraft systems operated by, or on behalf of, malign actors;
- (C) the data and information collected by operators of unmanned aircraft systems at or near the international borders of the United States, including how such data is used by malign actors;
- (D) the tactics, techniques, and procedures used at or near the international borders of the United States by malign actors with regard to unmanned aircraft systems, including how unmanned aircraft systems are acquired, modified, and utilized to conduct malicious activities, including attacks, surveillance, conveyance of contraband, and other forms of threats:
- (E) the guidance, policies, and procedures that address the privacy, civil rights, and civil liberties of persons who lawfully operate unmanned aircraft systems at or near the international borders of the United States; and
- (F) an assessment of the adequacy of current authorities of the United States Government to counter the use of unmanned aircraft systems by malign actors at or near the international borders of the United States.
  - (d) Report.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after completing the threat assessment required under subsection (c), the Director and the Under Secretary shall jointly submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a re-

- port containing findings with respect to such assessment.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The report required under paragraph (1) shall include a detailed description of the threats posed to the national security of the United States by unmanned aircraft systems operated by malign actors at or near the international borders of the United States.
- (3) FORM.—The report required under paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex, as appropriate.

#### SEC. 504. ASSESSMENT OF THE POTENTIAL EF-FECT OF EXPANDED PARTNERSHIPS AMONG WESTERN HEMISPHERE COUNTRIES.

- (a) DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—In this section, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (1) the congressional intelligence committees:
- (2) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate; and
- (3) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives.
- (b) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the National Intelligence Council shall—
- (1) conduct an assessment of the potential effect of expanding partnerships among countries in the western hemisphere; and
- (2) submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report on the findings of the National Intelligence Council regarding the assessment conducted pursuant to paragraph
- (c) ELEMENTS.—The assessment required by subsection (b) shall include an assessment of the potential effect of expanding such partnerships on—
- (1) the illicit drug trade, human smuggling networks, and corruption in Latin America; and
- (2) the efforts of China to control global manufacturing.
- (d) FORM.—The report submitted pursuant to subsection (b)(2) shall be submitted in unclassified form and made available to the public, but may include a classified annex.

#### Subtitle B—People's Republic of China

## SEC. 511. COUNTERING CHINESE COMMUNIST PARTY EFFORTS THAT THREATEN EUROPE.

- (a) STRATEGY REQUIRED.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President, acting through the National Security Council, shall develop an interagency strategy to counter the efforts of the Chinese Communist Party to expand its economic, military, and ideological influence in Europe.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The strategy required by subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) An assessment of the current efforts by the intelligence community to brief members of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization on intelligence and influence activities by the Chinese Communist Party in Europe, including the following:
- (A) Any support by the Chinese Communist Party to the economy and defense industrial base of the Russian Federation.
- (B) Any provision of lethal assistance to the Russian army by the Chinese Communist Party.
- (C) Any cyber operations by the Chinese Communist Party to gain the ability to remotely shut down critical infrastructure in Europe.
- (D) Any influence operations by the Chinese Communist Party to sway European public opinion.

- (E) Any use by the Chinese Communist Party of economic coercion and weaponization of economic ties to members of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization for political gain.
- (2) A strategic plan to counter the influence of the Chinese Communist Party in Europe that includes proposals for actions by the United States, including the following:
- (A) Robust intelligence sharing with European allies in the areas described in paragraph (1), and an identification of additional capabilities and resources needed for such intelligence sharing.
- (B) Engagement with European allies regarding coordinated sanctions and export control actions, including compliance with existing and future sanctions and export controls, designed to deter and undermine the ongoing support of the People's Republic of China for the defense industrial base of the Russian Federation.
- (C) Actions required by the United States Government to support United States and allied country businesses to provide competitive alternatives to Chinese bids in the following European sectors:
  - (i) Energy
  - (ii) Telecommunications.
  - (iii) Defense
  - (iv) Finance.
- (v) Ports and other critical infrastructure. (D) Assistance to European governments in passing legislation or enforcing regulations that protect European academic institutions, think tanks, research entities, and
- tions, think tanks, research entities, and nongovernmental organizations from efforts by the United Front Work Department of the Chinese Communist Party to normalize talking points and propaganda of the Chinese Communist Party.
- (E) Any other action the President determines is necessary to counter the Chinese Communist Party in Europe.
  - (c) Submission to Congress.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after the date on which the President completes development of the strategy required by subsection (a), the President shall submit the strategy to the appropriate committees of Congress.
- (2) DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—In this subsection, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (A) the congressional intelligence committees;
- (B) the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Finance, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
- (C) the Committee on Homeland Security, the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Financial Services, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

#### SEC. 512. PROHIBITION ON INTELLIGENCE COM-MUNITY CONTRACTING WITH CHI-NESE MILITARY COMPANIES EN-GAGED IN BIOTECHNOLOGY RE-SEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, OR MANU-FACTURING.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) 1260H LIST.—The term "1260H list" means the list of Chinese military companies operating in the United States most recently submitted under section 1260H(b)(1) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (10 U.S.C. 113 note; Public Law 116-283).

- (2) AFFILIATE.—The term "affiliate" means an entity that directly or indirectly controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with another entity.
- (3) BIOTECHNOLOGY.—The term "biotechnology" means the use of biological processes, organisms, or systems for manufacturing, research, or medical purposes, including genetic engineering, synthetic biology, and bioinformatics.
- (b) Prohibition.—Subject to subsections (d) and (e), a head of an element of the intelligence community may not enter into, renew, or extend any contract for a good or service with—
- (1) any entity listed on the 1260H list that is engaged in biotechnology research, development, manufacturing, or related activities:
- (2) any entity that is an affiliate, subsidiary, or parent company of a biotechnology company included on the 1260H list:
- (3) any entity that has a known joint venture, partnership, or contractual relationship with a biotechnology company included on the 1260H list, where such relationship presents a risk to national security as determined by the Director of National Intelligence; or
- (4) any entity that is engaged in biotechnology research, development, manufacturing, or related activities and deemed to be a threat to national security as determined by the Director.
- (c) IMPLEMENTATION AND COMPLIANCE.—The Director of National Intelligence shall—
- (1) establish guidelines for determining affiliation and contractual relationships under this section;
- (2) maintain a publicly available list of biotechnology companies and affiliates with whom contracting is prohibited under subsection (b);
- (3) require that each head of an element of the intelligence community ensure that the contractors and subcontractors engaged by the element certify that they are not engaged in a contract for a good or service with an entity included on the 1260H list that is engaged in biotechnology research, development, manufacturing, or a related activity; and
- (4) conduct regular audits to ensure compliance with subsection (b).
  - (d) WAIVER AUTHORITY.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Director of National Intelligence may waive the prohibition under subsection (b) for a procurement on a case-by-case basis if the Director determines, in writing, that—
- (A) the procurement is essential for national security and no reasonable alternative source exists; and
- (B) appropriate measures are in place to mitigate risks associated with the procurement.
- (2) CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION.—For each waiver for a procurement issued under subsection (b), the Director shall, not later than 30 days after issuing the waiver, submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a notice of the waiver, which shall include a justification for the waiver and a description of the risk mitigation measures implemented for the procurement.
- (e) EXCEPTIONS.—The prohibitions under subsection (b) shall not apply to—
- (1) the acquisition or provision of health care services overseas for—
- (A) employees of the United States, including members of the uniformed services (as defined in section 101(a) of title 10, United States Code), whose official duty stations are

- located overseas or who are on permissive temporary duty travel overseas; or
- (B) employees of contractors or su contractors of the United States—
- (i) who are performing under a contract that directly supports the missions or activities of individuals described in subparagraph (A); and
- (ii) whose primary duty stations are located overseas or who are on permissive temporary duty travel overseas; or
- (2) the acquisition, use, or distribution of human multiomic data, lawfully compiled, that is commercially or publicly available.
- that is commercially or publicly available.

  (f) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section shall take effect on the date that is 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (g) SUNSET.—The provisions of this section shall terminate on the date that is 10 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

  SEC. 513. REPORT ON THE WEALTH OF THE LEADERSHIP OF THE CHINESE COMMUNIST PARTY.
- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and not later than 180 days following the appointment of a new Central Committee within the Chinese Communist Party, the Director of National Intelligence, in consultation with the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Defense, shall post on a publicly available website of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence and submit to the Select Committee on Intelligence and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives a report on the wealth of the leadership of the Chinese Communist Party.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The report required under subsection (a) shall include the following elements:
- (1) A detailed assessment of the personal wealth, financial holdings, and business interests of the following foreign persons, including the immediate family members of such persons:
- (A) The General Secretary of the Chinese Communist Party.
- (B) Members of the Politburo Standing Committee.
- (C) Members of the full Politburo.
- (2) Evidence of physical and financial assets owned or controlled directly or indirectly by such officials and their immediate family members, including, at a minimum—
- (A) real estate holdings inside and outside the People's Republic of China, including the Special Administrative Regions of Hong Kong and Macau;
  - (B) any high-value personal assets; and
- (C) business holdings, investments, and financial accounts held in foreign jurisdictions.
- (3) Identification of financial proxies, business associates, or other entities used to obscure the ownership of such wealth and assets, including as a baseline those referenced in the March 2025 report issued by the Office of the Director of National Intelligence entitled, "Wealth and Corrupt Activities of the Leadership of the Chinese Communist Party".
- (4) Nonpublic information related to the wealth of the leadership of the Chinese Communist Party, to the extent possible consistent with the protection of intelligence sources and methods.
- (c) FORM.—The report posted and submitted under subsection (a) shall be in unclassified form, but the version submitted to the Select Committee on Intelligence and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives may include a classified annex as necessary.

- (d) SUNSET.—This section shall have no force or effect 5 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.
  - (e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) IMMEDIATE FAMILY MEMBER.—The term "immediate family member", with respect to a foreign person, means—
  - (A) the spouse of the person;
- (B) the natural or adoptive parent, child, or sibling of the person;
- (C) the stepparent, stepchild, stepbrother, or stepsister of the person;
- (D) the father-, mother-, daughter-, son-, brother-, or sister-in-law of the person;
  (E) the grandparent or grandchild of the
- (E) the grandparent or grandchild of the person; and
- (F) the spouse of a grandparent or grand-child of the person.
- (2) INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.—the term "intelligence community" has the meaning given such term in section 3(4) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003(4)).

  SEC. 514. ASSESSMENT AND REPORT ON INVEST-

## MENTS BY THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA IN THE AGRICULTURE SECTOR OF BRAZIL.

- (a) Definitions.—In this section:
- (1) AGRICULTURE SECTOR.—The term "agriculture sector" means any physical infrastructure, energy production, land, or other inputs associated with the production of agricultural commodities (as defined in section 102 of the Agricultural Trade Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5602)).
- (2) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—The term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (A) the congressional intelligence committees:
- (B) the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate; and
- (C) the Committee on Agriculture and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives.
  - (b) Assessment Required.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence, in consultation with the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Agriculture, shall assess the extent of investment by the People's Republic of China in the agriculture sector of Brazil.
- (2) CONSIDERATIONS.—The assessment shall consider the following:
- (A) The extent to which President Xi Jinping has engaged in or directed engagement with Brazilian leadership with regard to the agriculture sector of Brazil.
- (B) The extent of engagement between the Government of the People's Republic of China and the agriculture sector of Brazil.
- (C) The strategic intentions of the engagement or direction of President Xi, if any, to invest in the agriculture sector of Brazil.
- (D) The number of entities based in or owned by the People's Republic of China invested in the agriculture sector of Brazil, including joint ventures with Brazilian-owned companies.
- (E) The impacts to the supply chain, global market, and food security of investment in or control of the agriculture sector in Brazil by the People's Republic of China.
  - (c) Report Required.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report detailing the assessment required by subsection (b).
- (2) FORM.—The report required by paragraph (2) shall be submitted in unclassified form but may include a classified annex.

## SEC. 515. IDENTIFICATION OF ENTITIES THAT PROVIDE SUPPORT TO THE PEO-PLE'S LIBERATION ARMY.

(a) DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—In this section, the term

- "appropriate committees of Congress" means—

  (1) the congressional intelligence commit-
- tees;
  (2) the congressional defense committees;
- (3) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate; and
- (4) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives.
- (b) IN GENERAL.—The Director of National Intelligence shall identify the businesses, academic and research institutions, and other entities in the People's Republic of China that provide support to the People's Liberation Army, including—
- (1) for national defense or military modernization, including the development, application, or integration of civilian capabilities for military, paramilitary, or security purposes;
- (2) for the development, production, testing, or proliferation of weapons systems, critical technologies, or dual-use items, as defined under applicable United States law (including regulations); or
- (3) academic, scientific, or technical collaboration that materially contributes to or supports any of the activities described in paragraphs (1) through (3).
- (c) Submission of List to Congress.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a list of each entity identified under subsection (b).

#### SEC. 516. ESTABLISHING A CHINA ECONOMICS AND INTELLIGENCE CELL TO PUB-LISH CHINA ECONOMIC POWER RE-PORT.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Assistant Secretary of State for Intelligence and Research and the Assistant Secretary of the Treasury for Intelligence and Analysis (referred to in this section as the "Assistant Secretaries") shall establish a joint cell to be known as the "China Economics and Intelligence Cell".
- (b) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the China Economics and Intelligence Cell, in coordination with other elements of the intelligence community and Federal agencies, as the Assistant Secretaries determine appropriate, shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives a report on economic and technological developments involving the People's Republic of China.

  (c) ELEMENTS.—The report required by sub-
- (c) ELEMENTS.—The report required by subsection (b) shall include the following:
- (1) An assessment of the economic goals and strategies, financial capabilities, and current and future technological developments used by the People's Republic of China to become the dominant economic, technological, and military power in the world.
- (2) An assessment of efforts by the People's Republic of China during the preceding year to acquire technology from the United States and United States allies, to increase dependence of the United States on the economy of the People's Republic of China, and to distort global markets and harm the economy of the United States through predatory, non-market practices.
- (3) An assessment of plans and efforts by the People's Republic of China to leverage and weaponize the economic power of the country, including access to markets, manufacturing capacity, and use of trade and investment ties, to coerce the United States and United States allies to make concessions on economic security and national security matters.

- (4) An appendix that lists any Chinese entity that is—
- (A) included on the Entity List maintained by the Department of Commerce and set forth in Supplement No. 4 to part 744 of the Export Administration Regulations under subchapter C of chapter VII of title 15, Code of Federal Regulations;
- (B) included on the Unverified List maintained by the Department of Commerce and set forth in Supplement No. 6 to part 744 of the Export Administration Regulations;
- (C) included on the list of specially designated nationals and blocked persons maintained by the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the Department of the Treasury (commonly known as the "SDN list"):
- (D) included on the Non-SDN Chinese Military-Industrial Complex Companies List maintained by the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the Department of the Treasury pursuant to Executive Order 13959 (50 U.S.C. 1701 note; relating to addressing the threat from securities investments that finance communist Chinese military companies):
- (E) designated by the Secretary of State as a foreign terrorist organization pursuant to section 219 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1189);
- (F) identified by the Secretary of Defense under section 1260H(a) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283; 10 U.S.C. 113 note) as a Chinese military company operating directly or indirectly in the United States; or
- (G) included on a list maintained under clause (i), (ii), (iv), or (v) of section 2(d)(2)(B) of the Act entitled "An Act to ensure that goods made with forced labor in the Xinjiang Autonomous Region of the People's Republic of China do not enter the United States market, and for other purposes", approved December 23, 2021 (Public Law 117-78; 22 U.S.C. 6901 note) (commonly referred to as the "Uyghur Forced Labor Prevention Act").
- (d) USE OF INFORMATION.—In preparing the report required by subsection (b), the Assistant Secretaries, in coordination with the Director of National Intelligence, shall use all available source intelligence and strive to declassify information included in the report.
- (e) FORM.—The report required by subsection (b) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.
- (f) PUBLIC AVAILABILITY.—The unclassified portion of the report required by subsection (b) shall be made available to the public.

# SEC. 517. MODIFICATION OF ANNUAL REPORTS ON INFLUENCE OPERATIONS AND CAMPAIGNS IN THE UNITED STATES BY THE CHINESE COMMUNIST PARTY.

Section 1107 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3237) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

- (A) by striking "Director of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center" and inserting "Director of National Intelligence, in coordination with the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency, the Director of the National Security Agency, and any other head of an element of the intelligence community the Director of National Intelligence considers relevant,"; and
- (B) by inserting "the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate, the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives," after "congressional intelligence committees":
- (2) in subsection (b)—
- (A) by redesignating paragraph (10) as paragraph (12); and
- (B) by inserting after paragraph (9) the following:
- "(10) A listing of provincial, municipal, or other law enforcement institutions, includ-

- ing police departments, in the People's Republic of China associated with establishing or maintaining a Chinese police presence in the United States.
- "(11) A listing of colleges and universities in the People's Republic of China that conduct military research or host dedicated military initiatives or laboratories.";
  - (3) by striking subsection (c); and
- (4) by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (c).

#### Subtitle C-The Russian Federation

#### SEC. 521. ASSESSMENT OF RUSSIAN DESTA-BILIZATION EFFORTS.

Section 1234(b) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283; 134 Stat. 3936) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

"(27) An assessment of the efforts by Russia to undermine or destabilize the national or economic security of the United States or members of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization, including plans or attempts by Russia to conduct sabotage, including damage to infrastructure, or acts of arson or vandalism."

#### Subtitle D-Other Foreign Countries

- SEC. 531. PLAN TO ENHANCE COUNTER-NARCOTICS COLLABORATION, CO-ORDINATION, AND COOPERATION WITH THE GOVERNMENT OF MEX-ICO.
- (a) REQUIREMENT FOR INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY ELEMENTS.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the head of each element of the intelligence community shall submit to the Director of National Intelligence the following:
- (1) A description and assessment of the intelligence community element's direct relationship, if any, with any element of the Government of Mexico, including an assessment of the counterintelligence risks of such relationship.
- (2) A strategy to enhance counternarcotics cooperation and appropriate coordination with each element of the Government of Mexico with which the intelligence community element has a direct relationship.
- (3) Recommendations and a description of the resources required to efficiently and effectively implement the strategy required by paragraph (2) in furtherance of the national interest of the United States.
- (b) REQUIREMENT FOR DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives the following:
- (1) The submissions received by the Director pursuant to subsection (a).
- (2) An action plan to enhance counternarcotics collaboration, coordination, and cooperation with the Government of Mexico, including recommendations or requests for any changes in authorities or resources in order to effectuate the plan effectively in fiscal year 2026.
  - (c) FORM.—
- (1) SUBMISSIONS FROM INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY ELEMENTS.—The submissions required by subsection (b)(1) shall be submitted to the relevant committees in the same form in which they were submitted to the Director of National Intelligence.
- (2) ACTION PLAN.—The submission required by subsection (b)(2) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

#### SEC. 532. ENHANCING INTELLIGENCE SUPPORT TO COUNTER FOREIGN ADVERSARY INFLUENCE IN SUDAN.

Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency shall, in consultation with such other heads of elements of the intelligence community as the Director considers appropriate, develop a plan—

(1) to share relevant intelligence, if any, relating to foreign adversary efforts to influence the conflict in Sudan, with regional allies and partners of the United States, including to downgrade or declassify such intelligence as needed; and

(2) to counter foreign adversary efforts to influence the conflict in Sudan in order to protect national and regional security.

### SEC. 533. UKRAINE LESSONS LEARNED WORKING GROUP.

Section 6413(e) of the Intelligence Authorization Act of 2025 (division F of Public Law 118–159) is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (4); and

(2) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following new paragraph (3):

"(3) Evaluate which lessons should be shared with Taiwan to assist Taiwan's acquisitions decisions and capability development.".

#### SEC. 534. IMPROVEMENTS TO REQUIREMENT FOR MONITORING OF IRANIAN ENRICH-MENT OF URANIUM-235.

Paragraph (1) of section 7413(b) of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 22 U.S.C. 8701 note) is amended—

- (1) by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3);
- (2) in paragraph (1), by striking "assesses that the Islamic Republic of Iran has produced or possesses any amount of uranium-235 enriched to greater than 60 percent purity or has engaged in significant enrichment activity," and inserting "makes a finding described in paragraph (2) pursuant to an assessment."; and
- (3) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following:
- "(2) FINDING DESCRIBED.—A finding described in this paragraph is a finding that the Islamic Republic of Iran has—
- "(A) produced or possesses any amount of uranium-235 enriched to greater than 60 percent purity:
- "(B) engaged in significant enrichment activity; or
- $\mbox{``(C)}$  made the decision to produce a nuclear weapon from highly enriched uranium.''.

#### SEC. 535. DUTY TO WARN UNITED STATES PER-SONS THREATENED BY IRANIAN LE-THAL PLOTTING.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Select Committee on Intelligence, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate; and
- (B) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence, the Committee on Homeland Security, and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives.
- (2) IRANIAN PROXY.—The term "Iranian proxy" means any entity receiving support from the Government of the Islamic Republic of Iran or the Iranian Revolutionary Guard Corps, including—
  - (A) Hizballah;
- (B) Ansar Allah;
- (C) Hamas; and
- (D) Shia militia groups in Iraq and Syria.
- (3) UNITED STATES PERSON.—The term "United States person" means—

- (A) a United States citizen;
- (B) a national of the United States; or
- (C) an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence to the United States.
- (b) IN GENERAL.—Upon collecting or acquiring credible and specific information indicating an impending threat of intentional killing, serious bodily injury, or kidnapping directed at a United States person by the Islamic Republic of Iran or an Iranian proxy, an element of the intelligence community must immediately notify the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and, if the intended victim is under protection of a government entity, any persons responsible for protecting that individual of such information.
- (c) WARNING; TRANSMISSION TO CONGRESS.— Not later than 48 hours after receiving a notification pursuant to subsection (b), the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall—
- (1) warn the intended victim, or any persons responsible for protecting the intended victim, of the impending threat;
- (2) inform the agencies with a protective mission of the information, consistent with the protection of sources and methods; and
- (3) provide the information received pursuant to subsection (b) to the appropriate congressional committees, consistent with the protection of sources and methods.
- (d) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit any duty to warn already in effect, including under Intelligence Community Directive 191 (relating to duty to warn) and any policies or procedures issued in accordance with such directive.

## TITLE VI—EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES SEC. 601. INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY TECH-

### NOLOGY BRIDGE PROGRAM.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
  (1) NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION.—The term "nonprofit organization" means an organization that is described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and that is exempt from tax under section 501(a) of such Code.
- (2) WORK PROGRAM.—The term "work program" means any agreement between In-Q-Tel and a third-party company, where such third-party company furnishes or is furnishing a product or service for use by any government customer of In-Q-Tel to address the technology needs or requirements of such customer.
- (b) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.—There is established in the Office of the Director of National Intelligence a program to be known as the "Intelligence Community Technology Bridge Program" (in this subsection referred to as the "Program") to assist in the transitioning of products or services from the research and development phase to the prototype or production phase, subject to the extent and in such amounts as specifically provided in advance in appropriations Acts for such purposes.
- (c) Provision of Assistance.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (3), the Director shall, in consultation with In-Q-Tel, carry out the Program by providing assistance to a business or nonprofit organization that is transitioning a product or service to the prototype or production phase, as a means of advancing government acquisitions of the product or service.
- (2) Types of Assistance.—Assistance under paragraph (1) may be provided in the form of a grant or a payment for a product or service.
- (3) REQUIREMENTS FOR ASSISTANCE.—Assistance may be provided under paragraph (1) to a business or nonprofit organization that is transitioning a product or service only if—
- (A) the business or nonprofit organization—  $\,$

- (i) has participated or is participating in a work program; or
- (ii) is engaged with an element of the intelligence community or Department of Defense for research and development; and
- (B) the Director of National Intelligence or the head of an element of the intelligence community attests that the product or service will be utilized by an element of the intelligence community for a mission need, such as because it would be valuable in addressing a needed capability, fill or complement a technology gap, or increase the supplier base or price competitiveness for the Federal Government.
- (4) PRIORITY FOR SMALL BUSINESS CONCERNS AND NONTRADITIONAL DEFENSE CONTRACTORS.—In providing assistance under paragraph (1), the Director shall limit the provision of assistance to small business concerns (as defined under section 3(a) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632(a))) and nontraditional defense contractors (as defined in section 3014 of title 10. United States Code).
  - (d) Administration of Program.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Program shall be administered by the Director of National Intelligence.
- (2) CONSULTATION.—In administering the Program, the Director—
- (A) shall consult with the heads of the elements of the intelligence community; and
- (B) may consult with In-Q-Tel, the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency, Intelligence Advanced Research Projects Activity, National Laboratories intelligence community laboratories, the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Investment Fund, the Defense Innovation Unit, and such other entities as the Director deems appropriate.
  - (e) SEMIANNUAL REPORTS.—
- (1) In General.—Not later than September 30, 2026, and not less frequently than twice each fiscal year thereafter in which amounts are available for the provision of assistance under the Program, the Director shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a report on the Program.
- (2) CONTENTS.—Each report submitted pursuant to paragraph (1) shall include, for the period covered by the report, information about the following:
- (A) How much was expended or obligated by the Program in the provision of assistance under subsection (c).
- (B) For what the amounts were expended or obligated.
- (C) The effects of such expenditures and obligations, including a timeline for expected milestones for operational use.
- (D) A summary of annual transition activities and outcomes of such activities for the intelligence community.
- (E) A description of why products and services were chosen for transition, including a description of milestones achieved.
- (3) FORM.—Each report submitted pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.
- (f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There is authorized to be appropriated to the Office of the Director of National Intelligence to carry out the Program \$75,000,000 for fiscal year 2026.

## SEC. 602. ENHANCING BIOTECHNOLOGY TALENT WITHIN THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall establish a policy for how existing and future funding and resources of the intelligence community can be directed to ensure the intelligence community has sufficient cleared

personnel, including private sector experts, to identify and respond to biotechnology threats

- (b) ELEMENTS.—The policy required by subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) The exact number of personnel dedicated to biotechnology issues apart from biological weapons, including military, industrial, agricultural, and healthcare threats, in each element of the intelligence community as of the date on which the report is submitted, including staff breakdowns by position function.
  - (2) An assessment on the following:
- (A) Where additional full-time employees or detailees are appropriate.
- (B) How to increase partnerships with other government and private sector organizations, including the National Laboratories (as defined in section 2 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 15801)), including how existing funding and resources of the intelligence community can be directed to secure such expertise, including appropriate security clearances.
- (C) How to better use special hiring authorities to accomplish the goal described in subsection (a).
- (D) How to increase recruitment and retention of biotechnology talent.
- (c) IMPLEMENTATION AND REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the establishment of the policy required by subsection (a), the Director of National Intelligence shall—
- (1) direct the funding and resources described in subsection (b)(2)(B) towards securing sufficient expertise to identify and respond to biotechnology threats; and
- (2) submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a report on additional funding and resources needed to carry out subsection (b)(2).

## SEC. 603. ENHANCED INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY SUPPORT TO SECURE UNITED STATES GENOMIC DATA.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Director of National Intelligence, in consultation with such other heads of elements of the intelligence community as the Director considers appropriate, shall provide support to and consult with the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Committee on Foreign Investment in the United States, and other government agencies as appropriate when reviewing transactions relating to the acquisition of covered entities by foreign entities, including attempts by the Government of the People's Republic of China—
- (1) to leverage and acquire biological and genomic data in the United States; and
- (2) to leverage and acquire biological and genomic data outside the United States, including by providing economic support to the military, industrial, agricultural, or healthcare infrastructure of foreign countries of concern.
- (b) ASSESSMENT.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall brief the appropriate congressional committees on—
- (1) a formal process for ensuring intelligence community support to Federal agencies relating to adversary acquisition of genomic data, in compliance with Executive Order 14117 (50 U.S.C. 1701 note; relating to preventing access to Americans' bulk sensitive personal data and United States Government-related data by countries of concern), or any successor order; and
- (2) any additional resources or authorities needed to conduct subsequent intelligence assessments under such subsection.
- (c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

- (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the congressional intelligence committees;
- (B) the congressional defense committees;
- (C) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate; and
- (D) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives.
- (2) BIOLOGICAL DATA.—The term "biological data" means information, including associated descriptors, derived from the structure, function, or process of a biological system, that is either measured, collected, or aggregated for analysis, including information from humans, animals, plants, or microbes.
- (3) COVERED ENTITY.—The term "covered entity" means a private entity involved in genomic data (including genomic data equipment, technologies, sequencing, or synthesis), including a biobank or other private entity that holds large amounts of genomic or biological data.
- (4) FOREIGN ENTITY OF CONCERN.—The term "foreign entity of concern" has the meaning given that term in section 10612(a) of the Research and Development, Competition, and Innovation Act (42 U.S.C. 19221(a)).

# SEC. 604. ENSURING INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY PROCUREMENT OF DOMESTIC UNITED STATES PRODUCTION OF SYNTHETIC DNA AND RNA.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence, in consultation with such other heads of elements of the intelligence community as the Director considers appropriate, shall establish a policy to ensure that elements of the intelligence community may not contract with Chinese biotechnology suppliers that are determined by the Director to pose a security threat.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The policy required by subsection (a) shall include that an element of the intelligence community may not procure or obtain any product made using synthetic DNA or RNA unless—
- (1) the final assembly or processing of the product occurs in the United States;
- (2) all significant processing of the product occurs in the United States: and
- (3) all or nearly all ingredients or components of the product are made and sourced in the United States
- (c) WAIVER.—The Director of National Intelligence may waive the application of the policy required by subsection (a) to allow purchases prohibited by such policy if the purpose of such a purchase fulfills a national security need.
  - (d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) CHINESE BIOTECHNOLOGY SUPPLIER.—The term "Chinese biotechnology supplier" means a supplier of biotechnology that is organized under the laws of, or otherwise subject to the jurisdiction of, the People's Republic of China.
- (2) SYNTHETIC DNA OR RNA.—The term "synthetic DNA or RNA" means any nucleic acid sequence that is produced de novo through chemical or enzymatic synthesis.

#### SEC. 605. REPORT ON IDENTIFICATION OF INTEL-LIGENCE COMMUNITY SITES FOR ADVANCED NUCLEAR TECH-NOLOGIES.

- (a) DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—In this section, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (1) the congressional intelligence committees;
- (2) the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, the Committee on Commerce,

Science, and Transportation, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, and the Committee on Environment and Public Works of the Senate; and

- (3) the Committee on Energy and Commerce and the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives.
- (b) REPORT ON IDENTIFICATION OF SITES. Not later than 240 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall, in consultation with such heads of elements of the intelligence community as the Director considers necessary, and in coordination with efforts of the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Energy, submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report identifying 1 or more sites which could benefit from secure, resilient energy through the deployment of advanced nuclear technologies. ranging from 1 to 100 megawatts, at minimum, which deployment would be to serve in whole or in part the facility, structure, infrastructure, or part thereof for which a head of an element of the intelligence community has financial or maintenance responsibility.
- (c) PLANS.—The report submitted pursuant to subsection (b) shall include plans to ensure—
- (1) prioritizing early site preparation and licensing activities for deployment of advanced nuclear technologies with a goal of beginning advanced nuclear technology deployment at any identified site not later than 3 years after the date of the enactment of this Act;
- (2) the ability to authorize an identified site to interconnect with the commercial electric grid, in accordance with the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2011 et seq.), if the head of the element responsible for the reactor deployment determines that such interconnection enhances national security; and
- (3) fuel for the advanced nuclear technologies operated at identified sites is not subject to obligations (as defined in section 110.2 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations, or successor regulations).

#### SEC. 606. ADDRESSING INTELLIGENCE GAPS RE-LATING TO CHINA'S INVESTMENT IN UNITED STATES-ORIGIN BIO-TECHNOLOGY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence, in coordination with the officials specified in subsection (b), shall submit to the President, the congressional intelligence committees, and the congressional defense committees a strategy for addressing intelligence gaps relating to—
- (1) investment activity by the People's Republic of China in the biotechnology sector of the United States;
- (2) acquisition of intellectual property relating to United States-origin biotechnology by entities of the People's Republic of China; and
- (3) any authorities or resources needed to address the gaps outlined in paragraphs (1) and (2).
- (b) OFFICIALS SPECIFIED.—The officials specified in this paragraph are the following:
- (1) The Director of the Central Intelligence Agency.
- (2) The Assistant Secretary of the Treasury for Intelligence and Analysis.
- (3) The Director of the Defense Intelligence Agency.
- (4) The Director of the Office of Intelligence and Counterintelligence of the Department of Energy.
- (5) The Assistant Secretary of State for Intelligence and Research.
- (6) The heads of such other elements of the intelligence community as the Director of National Intelligence considers appropriate.

#### SEC. 607. ADDITIONAL FUNCTIONS AND REQUIRE-MENTS OF ARTIFICIAL INTEL-LIGENCE SECURITY CENTER.

Section 6504 of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (division F of Public Law 118–159) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (c)—
- (A) by redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (4); and
- (B) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following new paragraph (3):
- "(3) Making available a research test bed to private sector and academic researchers, on a subsidized basis, to engage in artificial intelligence security research, including through the secure provision of access in a secure environment to proprietary third-party models with the consent of the vendors of the models.";
- (2) by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (f); and
- (3) by inserting after subsection (c) the following:
- "(d) TEST BED REQUIREMENTS.—
- "(1) ACCESS AND TERMS OF USAGE.-
- "(A) RESEARCHER ACCESS.—The Director shall establish terms of usage governing researcher access to the test bed made available under subsection (c)(3), with limitations on researcher publication only to the extent necessary to protect classified information or proprietary information concerning third-party models provided through the consent of model yendors.
- "(B) AVAILABILITY TO FEDERAL AGENCIES.— The Director shall ensure that the test bed made available under subsection (c)(3) is also made available to other Federal agencies on a cost-recovery basis.
- "(2) USE OF CERTAIN INFRASTRUCTURE AND OTHER RESOURCES.—In carrying out subsection (c)(3), the Director shall coordinate with the Secretary of Energy to leverage existing infrastructure and other resources associated with the National Artificial Intelligence Research Resource.
- "(e) ACCESS TO PROPRIETARY MODELS.—In carrying out this section, the Director shall establish such mechanisms as the Director considers appropriate, including potential contractual incentives, to ensure the provision of access to proprietary models by qualified independent third-party researchers if commercial model vendors have voluntarily provided models and associated resources for such testing.".

#### SEC. 608. ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE DEVELOP-MENT AND USAGE BY INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.

- (a) IDENTIFICATION OF COMMONLY USED ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE SYSTEMS AND FUNCTIONS THAT CAN BE RE-USED BY OTHER ELEMENTS.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Chief Information Officer of the Intelligence Community shall, in coordination with the Chief Artificial Intelligence Officer of the Intelligence Community, identify commonly used artificial intelligence systems or functions that have the greatest potential for re-use by intelligence community elements.
- (b) Sharing of Identified Applications and Functions.—Except as explicitly prohibited by a contractual obligation, and to the extent consistent with the protection of intelligence sources and methods, for any artificial intelligence system or function identified pursuant to subsection (a), each Chief Artificial Intelligence Officer of an element of the intelligence community shall adopt a policy to promote the sharing of any custom-developed code, including models and model weights, whether agency-developed or procured, with other elements of the intelligence community that rely on common artificial intelligence systems or functions.
- (c) CONTRACTS.—
- (1) RIGHTS TO FEDERAL DATA AND IMPROVE-MENTS.—Each head of an element of the in-

- telligence community shall take such steps as the Chief Information Officer of the element determines appropriate, to ensure that contracts to which the element is a party provide for the retention of sufficient rights to all Federal data and the retention of the rights to any improvement to that data, including the continued design, development, testing, and operation of an artificial intelligence system.
- (2) LIMITATIONS ON RE-USE OF DERIVED INFORMATION.—Each head of an element of the intelligence community shall consider contractual terms that protect Federal information used by vendors in the development and operation of artificial intelligence products and services procured by the element, including limitations on the re-use of derived information for products or services sold to foreign governments by such vendors.
- (3) LIMITATIONS ON USE OF DATA TO TRAIN OR IMPROVE COMMERCIAL OFFERINGS.—Each head of an element of the intelligence community shall include terms in the contracts in which the elements are parties to protect intelligence community data from being used to train or improve the functionality of a vendor's commercial offerings without express permission from the head.
- (d) Model Contract Terms.—The Chief Information Officer of the Intelligence Community shall provide the elements of the intelligence community with model contractual terms for consideration by the heads of those elements to prevent vendor lock-in, as well as the adoption of procurement practices that encourage competition to sustain a robust marketplace for artificial intelligence products and services, including through contractual preferences for interoperable artificial intelligence products and services.
- (e) TRACKING AND EVALUATING PERFORMANCE.—Each head of an element of the intelligence community shall track and evaluate performance of procured and element-developed artificial intelligence by—
- (1) documenting known capabilities and limitations of the artificial intelligence system and any guidelines on how the artificial intelligence is intended to be used;
- (2) documenting provenance of the data used to train, fine-tune, or operate the artificial intelligence system;
- (3) conducting ongoing testing and validation on artificial intelligence system performance, the effectiveness of vendor artificial intelligence offerings, and associated risk management measures, including by testing in real-world conditions;
- (4) assessing for overfitting to known test data, ensuring that artificial intelligence developers or vendors are not directly relying on the test data to train their artificial intelligence systems:
- (5) considering contractual terms that prioritize the continuous improvement, performance monitoring, and evaluation of effectiveness of procured artificial intelligence:
- (6) stipulating conditions for retraining or decommissioning artificial intelligence models; and
- (7) requiring sufficient post-award monitoring and evaluation of effectiveness of the artificial intelligence system, where appropriate in the context of the product or service acquired.

### SEC. 609. HIGH-IMPACT ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE SYSTEMS.

- (a) DEFINITION OF USE CASE.—In this section, the term "use case", with respect to an artificial intelligence system, means the specific mission being performed through the use of an artificial intelligence system.
- (b) GUIDANCE REGARDING DEFINITIONS OF HIGH-IMPACT ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enact-

- ment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall issue guidance to the heads of elements of the intelligence community to ensure consistency and accuracy in each element's interpretation of the definition of high-impact artificial intelligence systems and high-impact artificial intelligence use cases to apply to each element's respective missions.
- (c) INVENTORY OF HIGH-IMPACT ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE USE CASES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Each head of an element of the intelligence community shall maintain an annual inventory of high-impact artificial intelligence use cases, including detailed information on the specific artificial intelligence systems associated with such uses.
- (2) SUBMITTAL TO CONGRESS.—Not less frequently than once each year, each head of an element of the intelligence community shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees the inventory maintained by the head pursuant to paragraph (1).
- (d) GUIDANCE TO MAINTAIN MINIMUM STANDARDS.—The Director of National Intelligence shall, in coordination with the heads of the elements of the intelligence community, issue guidance to ensure elements of the intelligence community utilizing high-impact artificial intelligence systems or executing high-impact artificial intelligence use cases maintain minimum standards for the following:
  - (1) Whistleblower protections.
- (2) Risk management practices and policies.
- (3) Performance expectations to ensure high-impact artificial intelligence systems or high-impact artificial intelligence use cases are subject to policies that ensure they continue to perform as expected over time or be discontinued, including—
  - (A) continuous monitoring;
- (B) independent testing by a reviewer or team of reviewers within the element that have not been involved in the development or procurement of such artificial intelligence system; and
- (C) cost analyses, supported by a summary of direct costs associated and expected savings, if applicable, relative to existing or feasible human-led alternatives.
- (4) Pre-deployment requirements to ensure high-impact artificial intelligence systems or high-impact artificial intelligence use cases document—
- (A) the advantages and risks of using such capability, to include appropriate legal and policy safeguards;
- (B) the cost of operating such a capability; (C) a schedule to ensure such capability is periodically reevaluated for efficacy and per-
- formance; and
  (D) the oversight and compliance mechanisms in place for reviewing the use and output of such capability.
- (5) Policies to ensure appropriate human oversight and training.

#### SEC. 610. APPLICATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTEL-LIGENCE POLICIES OF THE INTEL-LIGENCE COMMUNITY TO PUBLICLY AVAILABLE MODELS USED FOR IN-TELLIGENCE PURPOSES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 6702 of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (50 U.S.C. 3334m) is amended—
- (1) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (e);
- (2) by inserting after subsection (b) the following:
- "(c) APPLICATION OF POLICIES TO PUBLICLY AVAILABLE MODELS USED FOR INTELLIGENCE PURPOSES.—In carrying out subsections (a) and (b), the Director shall ensure that the policies established under such subsections apply to the greatest extent possible to artificial intelligence models generally available

to the public in any context in which they are used for an intelligence purpose and hosted in classified environments.

``(d) Common Testing Standards and Benchmarks.—

"(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Chief Artificial Intelligence Officer of the Intelligence Community, or any provider of common concern designated by the Director of National Intelligence, shall establish standards for testing of artificial intelligence models, including common benchmarks and methodologies for the performance of artificial intelligence models across common use cases, including targeting, machine translation, object detection, and object recognition. Benchmarks and methodologies shall establish higher performance standards for any high-impact artificial intelligence use case, including any artificial intelligence system task whose output (directly or indirectly) could serve as an input for a lethal application.

"(2) IDENTIFICATION OF COMPUTING MODEL.— The Chief Artificial Intelligence Officer of the Intelligence Community shall convene the Intelligence Community Chief Artificial Intelligence Officer Council to identify an appropriate computing environment, at a level (or multiple levels) of classification deemed appropriate, for elements of the intelligence community to engage in testing and evaluation of models prior to acquisition.": and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

"(f) LIMITATION.—Under the policies established pursuant to subsection (a)(1), no office or employee of the intelligence community may direct or pressure a vendor or prospective vendor to alter a model to favor a particular viewpoint in a manner that would limit its ability to serve as a neutral, nonpartisan tool that prioritizes accuracy.

"(g) Definitions.—

- "(1) INTELLIGENCE PURPOSE DEFINED.—In this section, the term 'intelligence purpose' means the collection, analysis, or other mission-related intelligence activity.
- "(2) GUIDANCE REGARDING DEFINITIONS OF HIGH-IMPACT ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this subsection, the Director of National Intelligence shall issue guidance to the heads of elements of the intelligence community to ensure consistency and accuracy in each element's interpretation of the definition of high-impact artificial intelligence systems and high-impact artificial intelligence use cases to apply to each element's respective missions."
- (b) UPDATES.—The Director shall make such revisions to Intelligence Community Directive 505 (relating to Artificial Intelligence) and other relevant documents as the Director considers necessary to ensure compliance with subsection (c) of section 6702 of such Act. as added by subsection (a).

#### SEC. 611. REVISION OF INTERIM GUIDANCE RE-GARDING ACQUISITION AND USE OF FOUNDATION MODELS.

(a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that the evaluation of training data, methods of labeling data, and model weights pertaining to artificial intelligence systems being considered for use by an element of the intelligence community does not constitute collection by such element of the intelligence community.

(b) IN GENERAL.—The Director of National Intelligence, in coordination with the Attorney General, shall revise the interim guidance of the intelligence community entitled "Regarding the Acquisition and Use of Foundation Models" to include the following:

(1) Guidance stipulating that the consideration by an element of the intelligence community of acquisition of a foundation model should involve consideration of the data upon which the model was trained on. Any

element of the intelligence community evaluating whether to acquire a foundation model for a potential intelligence use shall request or otherwise lawfully gather pertinent information on sources of training data and methods of data labeling, including any functions carried out by third party vendors, in order to make informed decisions on what mitigation practices or other relevant dissemination, usage, or retention measures may be applicable to that element's future adoption of the foundation model under consideration.

(2) Guidance stipulating that each element of the intelligence community shall to the greatest extent practicable avoid use of publicly available models found to contain information obtained unlawfully by a model vendor.

#### SEC. 612. STRATEGY ON INTELLIGENCE COORDI-NATION AND SHARING RELATING TO CRITICAL AND EMERGING TECH-NOLOGIES.

- (a) DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—In this section, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (1) the congressional intelligence committees:
- (2) the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
- (3) the Committee on Homeland Security and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
- (b) STRATEGY.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall develop a strategy for—
- (1) coordinating the collection, processing, analysis, and dissemination of intelligence relating to critical and emerging technologies across the intelligence community; and
- (2) the appropriate sharing of such intelligence with other Federal departments and agencies with responsibilities for regulation, innovation and research, science, public health, export control and screenings, and Federal financial tools.
- (c) REPORT.—Not later than 30 days after the development of the strategy required by subsection (b), the Director shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a copy of the strategy.

## TITLE VII—CLASSIFICATION REFORM, SECURITY CLEARANCES, AND WHISTLE-BLOWERS

### SEC. 701. NOTIFICATION OF CERTAIN DECLASSIFICATIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Title VIII of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3161 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following: "SEC. 806. NOTIFICATION OF CERTAIN

### "SEC. 806. NOTIFICATION OF CERTAIN DECLASSIFICATIONS.

"(a) NOTIFICATION TO CONGRESS BY DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Immediately upon declassifying, downgrading, or directing the declassification or downgrading of information or intelligence relating to intelligence sources, methods, or activities pursuant to section 3.1(c) of Executive Order 13526 (50 U.S.C. 3161 note; relating to classified national security information), or any successor order, the Director of National Intelligence, or the Principal Deputy Director of National Intelligence, as delegated by the Director of National Intelligence, shall notify the congressional intelligence committees and the Archivist of the United States in writing of such declassification, downgrading, or direction.

"(2) CONTENTS.—Each notification required by paragraph (1) shall include a copy of the information that has been, or has been directed to be, declassified or downgraded.

- ''(b) NOTIFICATION TO CONGRESS BY AGENCY HEAD.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Immediately upon the declassification of information pursuant to section 3.1(d) of Executive Order 13526, or any successor order, the head, or senior official, of a relevant element of the intelligence community, shall notify the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate, the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform of the House of Representatives, and the Archivist of the United States in writing of such declassification
- "(2) CONTENTS.—Each notification required by paragraph (1) shall include a copy of the information that has been declassified.".
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3001 et seq.) is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 805 the following:

"Sec. 806. Notification of certain declassifications.".

# SEC. 702. ELIMINATION OF CAP ON COMPENSATORY DAMAGES FOR RETALIATORY REVOCATION OF SECURITY CLEARANCES AND ACCESS DETERMINATIONS.

Section 3001(j)(4)(B) of the Intelligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention Act of 2004 (50 U.S.C. 3341(j)(4)(B)) is amended, in the second sentence, by striking "not to exceed \$300.000".

### SEC. 703. REFORMS RELATING TO INACTIVE SECURITY CLEARANCES.

- (a) EXTENSION OF PERIOD OF INACTIVE SECU-RITY CLEARANCES.—The Director of National Intelligence shall review and evaluate the feasibility of updating personnel security standards and procedures governing eligibility for access to sensitive compartmented information and other controlled access program information and security adjudicative guidelines for determining eligibility for access to sensitive compartmented information and other controlled access program information to determine whether individuals who have been retired or otherwise separated from employment with the intelligence community for a period of not more than 5 years and who was eligible to access classified information on the day before the individual retired or otherwise separated, could, as a matter of policy, be granted eligibility by the Director to access classified information as long as-
- (1) there is no indication the individual no longer satisfies the standards established for access to classified information;
- (2) the individual certifies in writing to an appropriate security professional that there has been no change in the relevant information provided for the last background investigation of the individual; and
- (3) an appropriate record check reveals no unfavorable information
- (b) FEASIBILITY AND ADVISABILITY ASSESSMENT —
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall conduct an assessment of the feasibility and advisability of subjecting inactive security clearances to continuous vetting and due diligence.
- (2) FINDINGS.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director shall provide to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate, and the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform of the House of Representatives the findings from the assessment conducted pursuant to paragraph (1).

## SEC. 704. STUDY ON PROTECTION OF CLASSIFIED INFORMATION RELATING TO BUDGET FUNCTIONS.

(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

- (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the congressional intelligence committees:
- (B) the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
- (C) the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform, the Committee on Financial Services, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
- (2) COVERED OFFICIAL.—The term "covered official" means the following:
  - (A) The Secretary of the Treasury.
- (B) The Director of the Office of Management and Budget.
- (C) Each head of an element of the intelligence community.
- (D) Any other head of a department or agency of the Federal Government carrying out a function specified in paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of subsection (a).
- (3) FEDERAL FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT SERV-ICE FUNCTIONS.—The term "Federal financial management service functions" means standard functions, as determined by the Secretary of the Treasury, that departments and agencies of the Federal Government perform relating to Federal financial management, including budget execution, financial information management, payable management, revenue management, reimbursable management, receivable management, delinquent debt management, cost management, general ledger management, financial reconciliation, and financial and performance reporting.
- (4) NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE PROGRAM.—The term "National Intelligence Program" has the meaning given such term in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003)
- (b) STUDY REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a study outlining the feasibility of and cost associated with the department or agency of a covered official using secure systems that meet the requirements to protect classified information, including with respect to the location at which the system is located or accessed, to carry out any of the following activities of the department or agency:
- (1) Formulating, developing, and submitting the budget of the department or agency (including the budget justification materials submitted to Congress) under the National Intelligence Program.
- (2) Apportioning, allotting, issuing warrants for the disbursement of, and obligating and expending funds under the National Intelligence Program.
- (3) Carrying out Federal financial management service functions or related activities of the intelligence community.
- (c) FORM.—The study required by subsection (b) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

#### SEC. 705. REPORT ON EXECUTIVE BRANCH AP-PROVAL OF ACCESS TO CLASSIFIED INTELLIGENCE INFORMATION OUT-SIDE OF ESTABLISHED REVIEW PROCESSES.

- (a) REPORTS REQUIRED.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Homeland Security and Govern-

- mental Affairs of the Senate, and the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform of the House of Representatives a report on approvals of interim security clearances or other access to classified intelligence information that does not satisfy the investigative and adjudicative standards established under Executive Order 12968 (50 U.S.C. 3161 note; relating to access to classified information) for covered individuals issued during the preceding calendar year. The first report under this paragraph shall include information for each of the calendar years 2017 through the calendar year in which this Act is enacted.
- (2) CONTENTS.—Each report required by paragraph (1) shall include—
- (A) the number of such approvals, disaggregated by sponsoring agency, duration of access, and level of security clearance or access:
- (B) the investigative and adjudicative process conducted, if any, for each such level of security clearance or access;
- (C) a categorization of the justifications supporting such approvals, and the number of approvals in each category; and
- (D) the disposition of such approvals, disaggregated by the number of instances in which access was terminated, continued, or resulted in completion of a process satisfying investigative and adjudicative standards required by Executive Order 12986.
- (b) COVERED INDIVIDUAL DEFINED.—In this section, the term "covered individual" means an individual who—
- (1) is an employee or contractor of the intelligence community; or
- (2) has been granted access to the facilities or information of the intelligence community.

#### SEC. 706. WHISTLEBLOWER PROTECTIONS RE-LATING TO PSYCHIATRIC TESTING OR EXAMINATION.

- (a) In General.—Section 1104(a)(3) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3234(a)(3)), as amended by section 803(a)(1), is further amended—
- (1) in subparagraph (J), by striking "; or" and inserting a semicolon;
- (2) by redesignating subparagraph (K) as subparagraph (L); and
- (3) by inserting after subparagraph (J) the following:
- "(K) a decision to order psychiatric testing or examination; or".
- (b) APPLICATION.—The amendments made by this section shall apply with respect to matters arising under section 1104 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3234) on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.

### TITLE VIII—ANOMALOUS HEALTH INCIDENTS

#### SEC. 801. STANDARD GUIDELINES FOR INTEL-LIGENCE COMMUNITY TO REPORT AND DOCUMENT ANOMALOUS HEALTH INCIDENTS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall, in coordination with such heads of elements of the intelligence community as the Director considers appropriate, develop and issue standard guidelines for personnel of the intelligence community to report and properly document anomalous health incidents.
- (b) CONFORMITY WITH DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE GUIDELINES.—In developing the standard guidelines required by subsection (a), the Director shall ensure that such standard guidelines are as similar as practicable to guidelines issued by the Secretary of Defense for personnel of the Department of Defense to report and properly document anomalous health incidents.
- (c) SUBMISSION.—Not later than 10 days after the date on which the Director issues

the standard guidelines required by subsection (a), the Director shall provide the congressional intelligence committees with the standard guidelines, including a statement describing the implementation of such standard guidelines, how the standard guidelines differ from those issued by the Secretary, and the justifications for such differences.

#### SEC. 802. REVIEW AND DECLASSIFICATION OF IN-TELLIGENCE RELATING TO ANOMA-LOUS HEALTH INCIDENTS.

- (a) REVIEW.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, shall initiate a review of holdings of the intelligence community regarding anomalous health incidents.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The review initiated pursuant to paragraph (1) shall cover the following:
- (A) Reports of anomalous health incidents affecting personnel of the United States Government and dependents of such personnel.
- (B) Reports of other incidents affecting personnel of the United States Government that have known causes that result in symptoms similar to those observed in anomalous health incidents.
- (C) Information regarding efforts by foreign governments to covertly develop or deploy weapons and technology that could cause any or all symptoms observed in reported anomalous health incidents.
- (D) Assessment of the success of the intelligence community in detecting clandestine weapons programs of foreign governments.
- (b) DECLASSIFICATION.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director shall perform a declassification review of all intelligence relating to anomalous health incidents reviewed pursuant to subsection (a).
  - (c) Publication.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—The Director shall provide for public release of a declassified report that contains all information declassified pursuant to the declassification review required by subsection (b) on the website of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence.
- (2) FORM OF REPORT.—The report required by paragraph (1) may include only such redactions as the Director determines necessary to protect sources and methods and information of United States persons.

#### TITLE IX—OTHER MATTERS

#### SEC. 901. DECLASSIFICATION OF INTELLIGENCE AND ADDITIONAL TRANSPARENCY MEASURES RELATING TO THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC.

Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall, in coordination with the heads of such Federal agencies as the Director considers appropriate—

- (1) perform a declassification review of intelligence relating to research conducted at the Wuhan Institute of Virology or any other medical or scientific research center within the People's Republic of China, on coronaviruses, including—
- (A) information relating to Gain of Function research and the intention of this research;
- (B) information relating to sources of funding or direction for research on coronaviruses, including both sources within the People's Republic of China and foreign sources; and
- (C) the names of researchers who conducted research into coronaviruses, as well as their current locations of employment;
- (2) perform a declassification review of intelligence relating to efforts by government

- officials of entities of the People's Republic of China—
- (A) to disrupt or obstruct information sharing or investigations into the origins of the coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) pandemic;
- (B) to disrupt the sharing of medically significant information relating to the transmissibility and potential harm of SARS-CoV-2 to humans, including—
- (i) efforts to limit the sharing of information with the United States Government;
- (ii) efforts to limit the sharing of information with the governments of allies and partners of the United States; and
- (iii) efforts to limit the sharing of information with the United Nations and World Health Organization;
- (C) to obstruct or otherwise limit the sharing of information between national, provincial, and city governments within the People's Republic of China and between subnational entities within the People's Republic of China and external researchers;
- (D) to deny the sharing of information with the United States, allies and partners of the United States, or multilateral organizations, including the United Nations and the World Health Organization;
- (E) to pressure or lobby foreign governments, journalists, medical researchers, officials of the United States Government, or officials of multilateral organizations (including the United Nations and the World Health Organization) with respect to the source, scientific origins, transmissibility, or other attributes of the SARS-CoV-2 virus or the COVID-19 pandemic:
- (F) to disrupt government or private-sector efforts to conduct research and development of medical interventions or countermeasures for the COVID-19 pandemic, including vaccines; and
- (G) to promote alternative narratives regarding the origins of COVID-19 as well as the domestic Chinese and international response to the COVID-19 pandemic;
- (3) provide for public release a declassified report that contains all appropriate information described under paragraphs (1) and (2) and which includes only such redactions as the Director determines necessary to protect sources and methods and information of United States persons; and
- (4) submit to the congressional intelligence committees an unredacted version of the declassified report required under paragraph (3).

#### SEC. 902. COUNTERINTELLIGENCE BRIEFINGS FOR MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) COVERED INDIVIDUAL.—The term "covered individual" has the meaning given such term in section 989(h) of title 10, United States Code.
- (2) GOVERNMENTS OR COMPANIES OF CONCERN.—The term "governments or companies of concern" means a government described in subparagraph (A) of section 989(h)(2) of title 10, United States Code, or a company, entity, or other person described in subparagraph (B) of such section.
- (b) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary of Defense for Intelligence and Security shall issue appropriate policy to require the military departments to conduct counterintelligence briefings for members of the Armed Forces as part of the process required by section 989(c) of title 10 United States Code
- (c) ELEMENTS.—Each briefing provided under subsection (b) shall provide members of the Armed Forces—
- (1) with awareness of methods commonly used by governments and companies of concern to solicit and learn from covered individuals sensitive military techniques, tactics, and procedures of the Armed Forces;

- (2) recommended practices for covered individuals to avoid a covered activity that could subject the members to civil or criminal penalties:
- (3) the contact information for the counterintelligence authorities to whom covered individuals should report attempted recruitment or a related suspicious contact; and
- (4) an overview of the prohibition and penalties under subsections (a) and (c) of section 989 of title 10, United States Code.
- (d) Provision of Briefings at Certain Trainings.—The Under Secretary may mandate the briefings required by subsection (b) during the trainings required by Department of Defense Directive 5240.06 (relating to counterintelligence awareness and reporting), or successor document.

### SEC. 903. POLICY TOWARD CERTAIN AGENTS OF FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS.

Section 601 of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1985 (Public Law 98-618; 98 Stat. 3303) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a), by striking "It is the sense of the Congress" and inserting "It is the policy of the United States";
- (2) by redesignating subsections (b) through (d) as subsections (d) through (f), respectively; and
- (3) by inserting after subsection (a) the following new subsections:
- "(b) The Secretary of State, in negotiating agreements with foreign governments regarding reciprocal privileges and immunities of United States diplomatic personnel, shall consult with the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the Director of National Intelligence in achieving the statement of policy in subsection (a).
- "(c) Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this subsection, and annually thereafter for 5 years, the Secretary of State, the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the Select Committee on Intelligence, the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Permanent Select Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a report on each foreign government that—
- "(1) engages in intelligence activities within the United States harmful to the national security of the United States; and
- "(2) possesses numbers, status, privileges and immunities, travel accommodations, and facilities within the United States that exceed the respective numbers, status, privileges and immunities, travel accommodations, and facilities within such country of official representatives of the United States to such country.".

#### SEC. 904. TOUR LIMITS OF ACCREDITED DIPLO-MATIC AND CONSULAR PERSONNEL OF CERTAIN NATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES.

- (a) Definitions.—In this section:
- (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Select Committee on Intelligence, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
- (B) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
- (2) COVERED NATION.—The term "covered nation" means—
- (A) the People's Republic of China;
- (B) the Russian Federation;
- (C) the Islamic Republic of Iran;
- (D) the Democratic People's Republic of Korea; and

- (E) the Republic of Cuba.
- (b) IN GENERAL.—Accredited diplomatic and consular personnel of covered nations in the United States may not—
- (1) receive diplomatic privileges and immunities for more than 3 consecutive years;
- (2) receive diplomatic privileges and immunities for a second 3-year period until after living outside of the United States for not less than 2 years; or
- (3) receive diplomatic privileges and immunities for more than 6 total years.
- (c) WAIVER.—The Secretary of State may waive a limitation in subsection (b) on a case-by-case basis that permits accredited diplomatic and consular personnel of covered nations to exceed the stated tour limits in such subsection if the following conditions are met:
- (1) The Secretary determines that doing so serves United States national security interests, provided the Secretary submits a justification to the appropriate congressional committees not later than 15 days prior to issuing the waiver that contains the following:
- (A) A description of the factors considered by the Secretary when evaluating whether to issue the waiver.
- (B) A compelling justification as to why issuing the waiver is in the national security interests of the United States.
- (2) The covered nation at issue reciprocally eases its tour limitations on United States diplomatic and consular personnel.

# SEC. 905. STRICT ENFORCEMENT OF TRAVEL PROTOCOLS AND PROCEDURES OF ACCREDITED DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR PERSONNEL OF CERTAIN NATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES.

Section 502 of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (division N of Public Law 115-31; 22 U.S.C. 254a note) is amended—

- (1) by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
  - "(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- "(1) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—The term 'appropriate congressional committees' means—
- "(A) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Select Committee on Intelligence, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
- "(B) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence, the Committee on Homeland Security, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
- "(2) COVERED NATIONS.—The term 'covered nations' means—
  - "(A) the People's Republic of China;
  - "(B) the Russian Federation;
- "(C) the Islamic Republic of Iran;
- "(D) the Democratic People's Republic of Korea; and
  - "(E) the Republic of Cuba.";
  - (2) in subsection (b)-
- (A) by striking "consular personnel of the Russian Federation" and inserting "consular personnel of covered nations"; and
- (B) by striking "Russian consular personnel" and inserting "covered nation personnel";
- (3) in subsection (c)(1), by striking "consular personnel of the Russian Federation" and inserting "consular personnel of covered nations";
- (4) by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (f);
- (5) by inserting after subsection (c) the following new subsections:
- "(d) WAIVERS.—The Secretary of State may waive a requirement of the mandatory advanced notification regime established

pursuant to subsection (b) on a case-by-case basis if the Secretary determines that doing so serves United States national security interests, provided the Secretary submits to the appropriate committees of Congress a justification describing the circumstances necessitating the waiver and the reason why the waiver is in the national security interests of the United States.

"(e) ELEMENTS OF ADVANCE APPROVAL RE-QUIREMENTS.—In establishing the advance approval requirements described in subsection (c), the Secretary of State shall—

"(1) ensure that covered nations request approval from the Secretary of State at least 2 business days in advance of all travel that is subject to such requirements by accredited diplomatic and consular personnel of covered nations in the United States:

"(2) immediately provide such requests to the Director of National Intelligence and the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation:

"(3) not later than 10 days after approving such a request, certify to the appropriate congressional committees that—

"(A) personnel traveling on the request are not known or suspected intelligence officers; and

"(B) the requested travel will not be used for known or suspected intelligence purposes; and

"(4) establish penalties for noncompliance with such requirements by accredited diplomatic and consular personnel of covered nations in the United States, including loss of diplomatic privileges and immunities."; and

(6) in subsection (e), as redesignated by paragraph (4)—

(A) by inserting "for 5 years after the date of the enactment of subsection (d)" after "quarterly thereafter";

(B) in paragraph (1), by striking "the number of notifications submitted under the regime required by subsection (b)" and inserting "the number of requests submitted under the regime required by subsection (b) and the number of such requests approved by the Secretary"; and

(C) in paragraph (2), by striking "consular personnel of the Russian Federation" and inserting "consular personnel of covered nations".

### SEC. 906. REPEAL OF CERTAIN REPORT REQUIREMENTS.

- (a) Briefings on Analytic Integrity Reviews.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 1019 of the Intelligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention Act of 2004 (50 U.S.C. 3364) is amended by striking subsections (c) and (d).
- (2) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 6312(d)(1) of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (50 U.S.C. 3364 note) is amended by striking "In conjunction with each briefing provided under section 1019(c) of the Intelligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention Act of 2004 (50 U.S.C. 3364(c))" and inserting "Not later than February 1 each year".
- (b) PERSONNEL-LEVEL ASSESSMENTS FOR THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 506B of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3098) is repealed.
- (2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents of such Act is amended by striking the item relating to section 506B.
- (c) REPORTS ON FOREIGN EFFORTS TO ILLICITLY ACQUIRE SATELLITES AND RELATED ITEMS.—Section 1261 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2013 (Public Law 112–239) is amended by striking subsection (e)
- (d) REPORTS BY DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE ON NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE UNIVERSITY PLAN.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 1033 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3227b) is repealed.
- (2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents of such Act is amended by striking the item relating to section 1033.
- (e) MONITORING MINERAL INVESTMENTS UNDER BELT AND ROAD INITIATIVE.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 7003 of the Energy Act of 2020 (50 U.S.C. 3372) is repealed.
- (2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents of such Act is amended by striking the item relating to section 7003.
- (f) NOTICE OF DEPLOYMENT OR TRANSFER OF CONTAINERIZED MISSILE SYSTEM BY RUSSIA OR CERTAIN OTHER COUNTRIES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 501 of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (division M of Public Law 114–113) is repealed.
- (2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents of such Act is amended by striking the item relating to section 501.
- (g) BRIEFINGS ON PROGRAMS FOR NEXT-GENERATION MICROELECTRONICS IN SUPPORT OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.—Section 7507 of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (50 U.S.C. 3334s) is amended by striking subsection (e).
- (h) REPORTS ON COMMERCE WITH, AND ASSISTANCE TO, CUBA FROM OTHER FOREIGN COUNTRIES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 108 of the Cuban Liberty and Democratic Solidarity (LIBERTAD) Act of 1996 (22 U.S.C. 6038) is repealed.
- (2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents of such Act is amended by striking the item relating to section 108.
- (i) BRIEFINGS ON IRANIAN EXPENDITURES SUPPORTING FOREIGN MILITARY AND TERRORIST ACTIVITIES.—Section 6705 of the Damon Paul Nelson and Matthew Young Pollard Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 2018, 2019, and 2020 (22 U.S.C. 9412) is amended—
- (1) in the section heading, by striking "AND ANNUAL BRIEFING"; and
- (2) by striking subsection (b).

# SEC. 907. REQUIRING PENETRATION TESTING AS PART OF THE TESTING AND CERTIFICATION OF VOTING SYSTEMS.

Section 231 of the Help America Vote Act of 2002 (52 U.S.C. 20971) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

"(e) REQUIRED PENETRATION TESTING.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this subsection, the Commission shall provide for the conduct of penetration testing as part of the testing, certification, decertification, and recertification of voting system hardware and software by the Commission based on accredited laboratories under this section.
- ACCREDITATION.—The Commission "(2) shall develop a program for the acceptance of the results of penetration testing on election systems. The penetration testing required by this subsection shall be required for Commission certification. The Commission shall vote on the selection of any entity identified. The requirements for such selection shall be based on consideration of an entity's competence to conduct penetration testing under this subsection. The Commission may consult with the National Institute of Standards and Technology or any other appropriate Federal agency on lab selection criteria and other aspects of this program.".

# SEC. 908. INDEPENDENT SECURITY TESTING AND COORDINATED CYBERSECURITY VULNERABILITY DISCLOSURE PROGRAM FOR ELECTION SYSTEMS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subtitle D of title II of the Help America Vote Act of 2002 (42 U.S.C. 15401 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following new part: "PART 7—INDEPENDENT SECURITY TEST-ING AND COORDINATED CYBERSECU-RITY VULNERABILITY DISCLOSURE PILOT PROGRAM FOR ELECTION SYS-TEMS

"SEC. 297. INDEPENDENT SECURITY TESTING AND COORDINATED CYBERSECU-RITY VULNERABILITY DISCLOSURE PILOT PROGRAM FOR ELECTION SYSTEMS.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—

- "(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Commission, in consultation with the Secretary, shall establish an Independent Security Testing and Coordinated Vulnerability Disclosure Pilot Program for Election Systems (VDP-E) (in this section referred to as the 'program') to test for and disclose cybersecurity vulnerabilities in election systems.
- "(2) DURATION.—The program shall be conducted for a period of 5 years.
- "(3) REQUIREMENTS.—In carrying out the program, the Commission, in consultation with the Secretary, shall—
- "(A) establish a mechanism by which an election systems vendor may make their election system (including voting machines and source code) available to cybersecurity researchers participating in the program;
- "(B) provide for the vetting of cybersecurity researchers prior to their participation in the program, including the conduct of background checks;
- "(C) establish terms of participation that—
  "(i) describe the scope of testing permitted under the program;
  - "(ii) require researchers to-
- "(I) notify the vendor, the Commission, and the Secretary of any cybersecurity vulnerability they identify with respect to an election system; and
- "(II) otherwise keep such vulnerability confidential for 180 days after such notification;
- "(iii) require the good faith participation of all participants in the program; and
- "(iv) require an election system vendor, within 180 days after validating notification of a critical or high vulnerability (as defined by the National Institute of Standards and Technology) in an election system of the vendor, to—
- "(I) send a patch or propound some other fix or mitigation for such vulnerability to the appropriate State and local election officials, in consultation with the researcher who discovered it; and
- "(II) notify the Commission and the Secretary that such patch has been sent to such officials;
- "(D) in the case where a patch or fix to address a vulnerability disclosed under subparagraph (C)(ii)(I) is intended to be applied to a system certified by the Commission, provide—
- "(i) for the expedited review of such patch or fix within 90 days after receipt by the Commission: and
- "(ii) if such review is not completed by the last day of such 90-day period, that such patch or fix shall be deemed to be certified by the Commission, subject to any subsequent review of such determination by the Commission; and
- "(E) not later than 180 days after the disclosure of a vulnerability under subparagraph (C)(ii)(I), notify the Director of the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency of the vulnerability for inclusion in the database of Common Vulnerabilities and Exposures.
- (4) Voluntary participation; safe harbor.—
- "(A) VOLUNTARY PARTICIPATION.—Participation in the program shall be voluntary for election systems vendors and researchers.

- "(B) SAFE HARBOR.—When conducting research under this program, such research and subsequent publication shall be—
- "(i) authorized in accordance with section 1030 of title 18, United States Code (commonly known as the 'Computer Fraud and Abuse Act'), (and similar State laws), and the election system vendor will not initiate or support legal action against the researcher for accidental, good faith violations of the program; and
- "(ii) exempt from the anti-circumvention rule of section 1201 of title 17, United States Code (commonly known as the 'Digital Millennium Copyright Act'), and the election system vendor will not bring a claim against a researcher for circumvention of technology controls.
- "(C) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this paragraph may be construed to limit or otherwise affect any exception to the general prohibition against the circumvention of technological measures under subparagraph (A) of section 1201(a)(1) of title 17, United States Code, including with respect to any use that is excepted from that general prohibition by the Librarian of Congress under subparagraphs (B) through (D) of such section 1201(a)(1).
  - "(5) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:
- "(A) CYBERSECURITY VULNERABILITY.—The term 'cybersecurity vulnerability' means, with respect to an election system, any security vulnerability that affects the election system.
- "(B) ELECTION INFRASTRUCTURE.—The term 'election infrastructure' means—
- "(i) storage facilities, polling places, and centralized vote tabulation locations used to support the administration of elections for public office; and
- "(ii) related information and communications technology, including—
  - "(I) voter registration databases;
  - "(II) election management systems;
  - "(III) voting machines;
- "(IV) electronic mail and other communications systems (including electronic mail and other systems of vendors who have entered into contracts with election agencies to support the administration of elections, manage the election process, and report and display election results); and
- "(V) other systems used to manage the election process and to report and display election results on behalf of an election agency.
- "(C) ELECTION SYSTEM.—The term 'election system' means any information system that is part of an election infrastructure, including any related information and communications technology described in subparagraph (B)(ii).
- "(D) ELECTION SYSTEM VENDOR.—The term 'election system vendor' means any person providing, supporting, or maintaining an election system on behalf of a State or local election official
- "(E) INFORMATION SYSTEM.—The term 'information system' has the meaning given the term in section 3502 of title 44, United States Code
- "(F) SECRETARY.—The term 'Secretary' means the Secretary of Homeland Security.
- "(G) SECURITY VULNERABILITY.—The term 'security vulnerability' has the meaning given the term in section 102 of the Cybersecurity Information Sharing Act of 2015 (6 U.S.C. 1501)."
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents of such Act is amended by adding at the end of the items relating to subtitle D of title II the following:

- "PART 7—INDEPENDENT SECURITY TESTING AND COORDINATED CYBERSECURITY VULNER-ABILITY DISCLOSURE PILOT PROGRAM FOR ELECTION SYSTEMS
- "Sec. 297. Independent security testing and coordinated cybersecurity vulnerability disclosure pilot program for election systems.".

#### SEC. 909. FOREIGN MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Energy may, acting through the Director of the Office of Intelligence and Counterintelligence, enter into contracts or other arrangements for goods and services, through the National Laboratories, plants, or sites of the Department of Energy, for the purpose of foreign material acquisition in support of existing national security requirements.
- (b) Annual Report.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter until the date that is 4 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of the Office of Intelligence and Counterintelligence shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a report on the use by the Office of Intelligence and Counterintelligence of the authority provided by subsection (a).

## DIVISION G—DEPARTMENT OF STATE MATTERS

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The table of content for this division is as follows:

### DIVISION F—DEPARTMENT OF STATE MATTERS

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Sec. 6322. Extension of authorizations under the International Megan's Law. Subtitle C—Briefings

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#### TITLE LXI—BUST FENTANYL ACT

#### SEC. 6101, SHORT TITLES.

This title may be cited as the "Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026" or the "Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026".

## SEC. 6102. INTERNATIONAL NARCOTICS CONTROL STRATEGY REPORT.

Section 489(a) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2291h(a)) is amended—

- (1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking "March 1" and inserting "June 1"; and
- (2) in paragraph (8)(A)(i), by striking "pseudoephedrine" and all that follows through "chemicals)" and inserting "chemical precursors used in the production of methamphetamine that significantly affected the United States".

# SEC. 6103. STUDY AND REPORT ON EFFORTS TO ADDRESS FENTANYL TRAFFICKING FROM THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA AND OTHER RELEVANT COUNTRIES.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—The term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (A) the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate:
- (B) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate;
- (C) the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate;
- (D) the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives;
- (E) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives; and
- (F) the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives.
- (2) DEA.—The term "DEA" means the Drug Enforcement Administration.
- (3) PRC.—The term "PRC" means the People's Republic of China.
- (b) STUDY AND REPORT ON ADDRESSING TRAFFICKING OF FENTANYL AND OTHER SYNTHETIC OPIOIDS FROM THE PRC AND OTHER RELEVANT COUNTRIES.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State and the Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, shall jointly submit to the appropriate committees of Congress an unclassified written report, with a classified annex, that includes—
- (1) a description of United States Government efforts to gain a commitment from the Government of the PRC to submit unregulated fentanyl precursors, such as 4-AP, to controls;
- (2) a plan for future steps the United States Government will take to urge the

Government of the PRC to combat the production and trafficking of illicit fentanyl and synthetic opioids from the PRC, including the trafficking of precursor chemicals used to produce illicit narcotics in Mexico and in other countries;

(3) a detailed description of cooperation by the Government of the PRC to address the role of the PRC financial system and PRC money laundering organizations in the trafficking of fentanyl and synthetic opioid precursors:

(4) an assessment of the expected impact that the designation of principal corporate officers of PRC financial institutions for facilitating narcotics-related money laundering would have on PRC money laundering organizations;

(5) an assessment of whether the Trilateral Fentanyl Committee, which was established by the United States, Canada, and Mexico during the January 2023 North American Leaders' Summit, is improving cooperation with law enforcement and financial regulators in Canada and Mexico to combat the role of PRC financial institutions and PRC money laundering organizations in narcotics trafficking;

(6) an assessment of the effectiveness of other United States bilateral and multilateral efforts to strengthen international cooperation to address the PRC's role in the trafficking of fentanyl and synthetic opioid precursors, including through the Global Coalition to Address Synthetic Drug Threats;

(7) an update on the status of commitments made by third countries through the Global Coalition to Address Synthetic Drug Threats to combat the synthetic opioid crisis and progress towards the implementation of such commitments;

(8) a plan for future steps to further strengthen bilateral and multilateral efforts to urge the Government of the PRC to take additional actions to address the PRC's role in the trafficking of fentanyl and synthetic opioid precursors, particularly in coordination with countries in East Asia and Southeast Asia that have been impacted by such activities:

(9) an assessment of how actions the Government of the PRC has taken since November 15, 2023 has shifted relevant supply chains for fentanyl and synthetic opioid precursors, if at all; and

(10) the items described in paragraphs (1) through (4) pertaining to India, Mexico, and other countries the Secretary of State determines to have a significant role in the production or trafficking of fentanyl and synthetic opioid precursors for purposes of this report.

(c) ESTABLISHMENT OF DEA OFFICES IN THE PRC.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State and the Attorney General shall jointly provide to the appropriate committees of Congress a classified briefing on—

(1) outreach and negotiations undertaken by the United States Government with the Government of the PRC that was aimed at securing the approval of the Government of the PRC to establish of United States Drug Enforcement Administration offices in Shanghai and Guangzhou, the PRC; and

(2) additional efforts to establish new partnerships with provincial-level authorities in the PRC to counter the illicit trafficking of fentanyl, fentanyl analogues, and their precursors.

# SEC. 6104. PRIORITIZATION OF IDENTIFICATION OF PERSONS FROM THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.

Section 7211 of the Fentanyl Sanctions Act (21 U.S.C. 2311) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

(A) by redesignating paragraphs (3) and (4) as paragraphs (4) and (5), respectively; and

(B) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following:

"(3) PRIORITIZATION.—

"(A) DEFINED TERM.—In this paragraph, the term 'person of the People's Republic of China' means—

"(i) an individual who is a citizen or national of the People's Republic of China; or

"(ii) an entity organized under the laws of the People's Republic of China or otherwise subject to the jurisdiction of the Government of the People's Republic of China.

"(B) IN GENERAL.—In preparing the report required under paragraph (1), the President shall prioritize, to the greatest extent practicable, the identification of persons of the People's Republic of China involved in the shipment of fentanyl, fentanyl analogues, fentanyl precursors, precursors for fentanyl analogues, pre-precursors for fentanyl and fentanyl analogues, and equipment for the manufacturing of fentanyl and fentanyl-laced counterfeit pills to Mexico or any other country that is involved in the production of fentanyl trafficked into the United States, including—

"(i) any entity involved in the production of pharmaceuticals; and

(ii) any person that is acting on behalf of any such entity.

"(C) TERMINATION OF PRIORITIZATION.—The President shall continue the prioritization required under subparagraph (B) until the President certifies to the appropriate congressional committees that the People's Republic of China is no longer the primary source for the shipment of fentanyl, fentanyl analogues, fentanyl precursors, precursors for fentanyl analogues, pre-precursors for fentanyl and fentanyl analogues, and equipment for the manufacturing of fentanyl and fentanyl-laced counterfeit pills to Mexico or any other country that is involved in the production of fentanyl trafficked into the United States."; and

(2) in subsection (c), by striking "the date that is 5 years after such date of enactment" and inserting "December 31, 2030".

## SEC. 6105. EXPANSION OF SANCTIONS UNDER THE FENTANYL SANCTIONS ACT.

Section 7212 of the Fentanyl Sanctions Act (21 U.S.C. 2312) is amended—

(1) in paragraph (1), by striking "or" at the end:

(2) in paragraph (2), by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon; and

(3) by adding at the end the following:

"(3) the President determines has knowingly engaged in, on or after the date of the enactment of the BUST FENTANYL Act, a significant activity or significant financial transaction that has materially contributed to opioid trafficking; or

"(4) the President determines—

"(A) has knowingly provided significant financial, material, or technological support for, including through the provision of goods or services in support of any activity or transaction described in paragraph (3); or

"(B) is or has been owned, controlled, or directed by any foreign person described in subparagraph (A) or in paragraph (3), or has knowingly acted or purported to act for or on behalf of, directly or indirectly, such a foreign person."

#### SEC. 6106. IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS WITH RE-SPECT TO AGENCIES OR INSTRU-MENTALITIES OF FOREIGN STATES.

(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the terms "knowingly" and "opioid trafficking" have the meanings given such terms in section 7203 of the Fentanyl Sanctions Act (21 U.S.C. 2302).

(b) IN GENERAL.—The President may—

(1) impose one or more of the sanctions described in section 7213 of the Fentanyl Sanctions Act (21 U.S.C. 2313) with respect to any political subdivision, agency, or instrumen-

tality of a foreign government, including any financial institution owned or controlled by a foreign government, that the President determines has knowingly, on or after the date of the enactment of this Act—

(A) engaged in a significant activity or a significant financial transaction that has materially contributed to opioid trafficking;

(B) provided financial, material, or technological support for (including through the provision of goods or services in support of) any significant activity or significant financial transaction described in subclause (A); and

(2) impose one or more of the sanctions described in section 7213(a)(6) of the Fentanyl Sanctions Act (21 U.S.C. 2313(a)(6)) with respect to each senior official of a political subdivision, agency, or instrumentality of a foreign government that the President determines has knowingly, on or after the date of the enactment of this Act, facilitated a significant activity or a significant financial transaction described in paragraph (1).

#### SEC. 6107. ANNUAL REPORT ON EFFORTS TO PRE-VENT THE SMUGGLING OF METH-AMPHETAMINE INTO THE UNITED STATES FROM MEXICO.

Section 723(c) of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026 (22 U.S.C. 2291 note) is amended by striking the period at the end and inserting the following ", which shall—

"(1) identify the significant source countries for methamphetamine that significantly affect the United States, and

"(2) describe the actions by the governments of the countries identified pursuant to paragraph (1) to combat the diversion of relevant precursor chemicals and the production and trafficking of methamphetamine."

## TITLE LXII—COUNTERING WRONGFUL DETENTION ACT OF 2025

SEC. 6201. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026".

# SEC. 6202. DESIGNATION OF A FOREIGN COUNTRY AS A STATE SPONSOR OF UNLAWFUL OR WRONGFUL DETENTION.

The Robert Levinson Hostage Recovery and Hostage-Taking Accountability Act (22 U.S.C. 1741 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 306 the following:

# "SEC. 306A. DESIGNATION OF A FOREIGN COUNTRY AS A STATE SPONSOR OF UNLAWFUL OR WRONGFUL DETENTION.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the notice requirement of subsection (c)(1)(A), the Secretary of State, in consultation with the heads of other relevant Federal agencies, may designate a foreign country that has provided support for or directly engaged in the unlawful or wrongful detention of a United States national as a State Sponsor of Unlawful or Wrongful Detention based on any of the following criteria:

"(1) The unlawful or wrongful detention of a United States national occurs in the foreign country.

"(2) The government of the foreign country or an entity organized under the laws of a foreign country has failed to release an unlawfully or wrongfully detained United States national within 30 days of being officially notified by the Department of State of the unlawful or wrongful detention.

"(3) Actions taken by the government of the foreign country indicate that the government is responsible for, complicit in, or materially supports the unlawful or wrongful detention of a United States national, including by acting as described in paragraph (2) after having been notified by the Department of State.

"(4) The actions of a state or nonstate actor in the foreign country, including any

previous action relating to unlawful or wrongful detention or hostage taking of a United States national, pose a risk to the safety and security of United States nationals abroad sufficient to warrant designation of the foreign country as a State Sponsor of Unlawful or Wrongful Detention, as determined by the Secretary.

- "(b) TERMINATION OF DESIGNATION.—The Secretary of State may terminate the designation of a foreign country under subsection (a) if the Secretary certifies to Congress that the government of the foreign country—
- "(1) has released the United States nationals unlawfully or wrongfully detained within the territory of the foreign country;
- "(2) has positively contributed to the release of United States nationals taken hostage within the territory of the foreign country or from the custody of a nonstate entity;
- "(3) has demonstrated changes in leadership or policies with respect to unlawful or wrongful detention and hostage taking; or
- "(4) has provided assurances that the government of the foreign country will not engage or be complicit in or support acts described in subsection (a).
- "(c) Briefing and Reports to Congress; Publication.—
- "(1) Reports to congress.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 7 days prior to making a designation of a foreign country as a State Sponsor of Unlawful or Wrongful Detention under subsection (a), the Secretary of State shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report that notifies the committees of the proposed designation.
- "(B) ELEMENTS.—In each report submitted under subparagraph (A) with respect to the designation of a foreign country as a State Sponsor of Unlawful or Wrongful Detention, the Secretary shall include—
- "(i) the justification for the designation;
- "(ii) a description of any action taken by the United States Government, including the Secretary of State or the head of any other relevant Federal agency, in response to the designation to deter the unlawful or wrongful detention or hostage-taking of foreign nationals in the country.
- "(2) INITIAL BRIEFING REQUIRED.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this section, the Secretary shall brief Congress on the following:
- "(A) Whether any of the following countries should be designated as a State Sponsor of Unlawful or Wrongful Detention under subsection (a):
  - "(i) Afghanistan
- "(ii) The Islamic Republic of Iran.
- "(iii) The People's Republic of China.
- "(iv) The Russian Federation.
- "(v) Venezuela under the regime of Nicolás Maduro.
- "(vi) The Republic of Belarus.
- "(B) The steps taken by the Secretary and the heads of other relevant Federal agencies to deter the unlawful and wrongful detention of United States nationals and to respond to such detentions, including—
- "(i) any engagement with private sector companies to optimize the distribution of travel advisories; and
- "(ii) any engagement with private companies responsible for promoting travel to foreign countries engaged in the unlawful or wrongful detention of United States nationals.
- "(C) An assessment of a possible expansion of chapter 97 of title 28, United States Code (commonly known as the 'Foreign Sovereign Immunities Act of 1976') to include an exception from asset seizure immunity for State Sponsors of Unlawful or Wrongful Detention.

- "(D) A detailed plan on the manner by which a geographic travel restriction could be instituted against State Sponsors of Unlawful or Wrongful Detention.
- "(E) The progress made in multilateral fora, including the United Nations and other international organizations, to address the unlawful and wrongful detention of United States nationals, in addition to nationals of partners and allies of the United States in foreign countries.
- "(3) ANNUAL BRIEFING.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this section, and annually thereafter for 5 years, the Assistant Secretary of State for Consular Affairs and the Special Presidential Envoy for Hostage Affairs shall brief the appropriate committees of Congress with respect to unlawful or wrongful detentions taking place in the countries listed under paragraph (2)(A) and actions taken by the Secretary of State and the heads of other relevant Federal agencies to deter the wrongful detention of United States nationals, including any steps taken in accordance with paragraph (2)(B).
- "(4) PUBLICATION.—The Secretary shall make available on a publicly accessible website of the Department of State, and regularly update, a list of foreign countries designated as State Sponsors of Unlawful or Wrongful Detention under subsection (a).
- "'(d) REVIEW OF AVAILABLE RESPONSES TO STATE SPONSORS OF UNLAWFUL OR WRONGFUL DETENTION.—Upon designation of a foreign country as a State Sponsor of Unlawful or Wrongful Detention under subsection (a), the Secretary of State, in consultation with the heads of other relevant Federal agencies, shall conduct a comprehensive review of the use of existing authorities to respond to and deter the unlawful or wrongful detention of United States nationals in the foreign country, including—
- "(1) sanctions available under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.);
- "(2) visa restrictions available under section 7031(c) of the Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2024 (division F of Public Law 118-47; 8 U.S.C. 1182 note) or any other provision of Federal law;
- "(3) sanctions available under the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.)"
- "(4) imposition of a geographic travel restriction on citizens of the United States;
- "(5) restrictions on assistance provided to the government of the country under the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.) or any other provision of Federal law;
- "(6) restrictions on the export of certain goods to the country under the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2751 et seq.), the Export Control Reform Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C. 4801 et seq.), or any other Federal law; and
- "(7) designating the government of the country as a government that has repeatedly provided support for acts of international terrorism pursuant to—
- "(A) section 1754(c)(1)(A)(i) of the Export Control Reform Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C. 4813(c)(1)(A)(i)):
- "(B) section 620A of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2371):
- "(C) section 40(d) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2780(d)); or
- "(D) any other provision of law.
- "(e) DEFINED TERM.—In this section, the term 'appropriate committees of Congress' means—
- "(1) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Appropriations, and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate;

- "(2) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Appropriations, and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives.
- "(f) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section may be construed to imply that the United States Government formally recognizes any particular country or the government of such country as legitimate."

### SEC. 6203. NOTIFICATION OF INTERNATIONAL TRAVEL ADVISORIES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 423 of title 49, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

### "\$ 42309. Notification of international travel advisories

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—An air carrier, foreign air carrier, ticket agent, website, or search engine who advertises or provides access to, or sells, in the United States, a ticket for foreign air transportation of a passenger shall make reasonable effort to notify the passenger (or, if applicable, a guardian of such passenger), prior to departure, that United States Government international travel advisories may be in effect and shall make available a web link to the Department of State Travel Advisory System. Such notification shall be accessible for individuals with disabilities (as defined in section 382.3 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations).
- "(b) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—For the purposes of this section, an air carrier, foreign air carrier, ticket agent, website, or search engine referenced in subsection (a) may not be subject to civil or criminal penalty, or considered to be in violation of subsection (a), if information provided by the Department of State's travel advisory website is unavailable, inaccurate, or expired.
- "(c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in subsection (a) may be construed as grounds to inhibit access to consular services by a United States citizen abroad.".
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 423 of title 49, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 42308 the following:
- "42309. Notification of international travel advisories.".
- (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by subsections (a) and (b) shall take effect one year after the date of the enactment of this Act.

# SEC. 6204. CONGRESSIONAL REPORT ON COMPONENTS RELATED TO HOSTAGE AFFAIRS AND RECOVERY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall submit to Congress a report on the following:
- (1) The Hostage Response Group established pursuant to section 305(a) of the Robert Levinson Hostage Recovery and Hostage-Taking Accountability Act (22 U.S.C. 1741c(a)).
- (2) The Hostage Recovery Fusion Cell established pursuant to section 304(a) of such Act (22 U.S.C. 1741b(a)).
- (3) The Office of the Special Presidential Envoy for Hostage Affairs established pursuant to section 303(a) of such Act (22 U.S.C. 1741a(a)).
- (b) Elements.—The report required by subsection (a) shall include—
- (1) a description of the existing structure of each component listed in subsection (a);
- (2) recommendations on how the components can be improved, including through reorganization or consolidation of the components; and
- (3) cost efficiencies on the components listed in subsection (a), including resources available to eligible former wrongful detainees and hostages and their family members.

#### SEC. 6205, RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.

Nothing in this title or the amendments made by this title may be construed as preventing the freedom of travel of United States citizens

#### TITLE LXIII—INTERNATIONAL TRAF-FICKING VICTIMS PROTECTION REAU-THORIZATION ACT OF 2025

#### SEC. 6301. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026".

#### Subtitle A—Combating Human Trafficking Abroad

#### SEC. 6311. UNITED STATES SUPPORT FOR INTE-GRATION OF ANTI-TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS INTERVENTIONS IN MUL-TILATERAL DEVELOPMENT BANKS.

- (a) REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the Secretary of State acting through the Ambassador-at-Large to Monitor and Combat Trafficking in Persons, shall instruct the United States Executive Director of each multilateral development bank (as defined in section 110(d) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7107(d))) to encourage the inclusion of a counter-trafficking strategy, including risk assessment and mitigation efforts as needed, in proposed projects in countries listed—
- (1) on the Tier 2 Watch List (required under section 110(b)(2)(A) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7107(b)(2)(A)), as amended by section 104(a));
- (2) under subparagraph (C) of section 110(b)(1) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7107(b)(1)) (commonly referred to as "Tier 3"); and
- (3) as Special Cases in the most recent report on trafficking in persons required under such section (commonly referred to as the "Trafficking in Persons Report").
- (b) BRIEFINGS.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall brief the appropriate congressional committees regarding the implementation of this section.
- (c) GAO REPORT.—Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report that details the activities of the United States relating to combating human trafficking, including forced labor, within multilateral development projects.
- (d) Defined Term.—In this section, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (1) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate:
- (2) the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate;
- (3) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives; and
- (4) the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

#### SEC. 6312. COUNTER-TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS EFFORTS IN DEVELOPMENT CO-OPERATION AND ASSISTANCE POL-ICY.

The Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.) is amended—

- (1) in section 102(b)(4) (22 U.S.C. 2151–1(b)(4))—
- (A) in subparagraph (F), by striking "and" at the end;
- (B) in subparagraph (G), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and
- (C) by adding at the end the following:
- "(H) effective counter-trafficking in persons policies and programs."; and
- (2) in section 492(d)(1) (22 U.S.C 2292a(d)(1))—
- (A) by striking "that the funds" and inserting the following: "that—

- "(A) the funds":
- (B) in subparagraph (A), as added by subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and
- (C) by adding at the end the following:
- "(B) in carrying out the provisions of this chapter, the President shall, to the greatest extent possible—
- "(i) ensure that assistance made available under this section does not create or contribute to conditions that can be reasonably expected to result in an increase in trafficking in persons who are in conditions of heightened vulnerability as a result of natural and manmade disasters; and
- "(ii) integrate appropriate protections into the planning and execution of activities authorized under this chapter.".

### SEC. 6313. TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS TO TIER RANKINGS.

- (a) Modifications to Tier 2 Watch List.—Section 110(b)(2) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7107(b)(2)) is amended—
- (1) in the paragraph heading, by striking "SPECIAL" and inserting "TIER 2"; and
- (2) by amending subparagraph (A) to read as follows:
- "(A) SUBMISSION OF LIST.—Not later than the date on which the determinations described in subsections (c) and (d) are submitted to the appropriate congressional committees in accordance with such subsections, the Secretary of State shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a list of countries that the Secretary determines require special scrutiny during the following year. Such list shall be composed of countries that have been listed pursuant to paragraph (1)(B) pursuant to the current annual report because—
- "(i) the estimated number of victims of severe forms of trafficking is very significant or is significantly increasing and the country is not taking proportional concrete actions: or
- "(ii) there is a failure to provide evidence of increasing efforts to combat severe forms of trafficking in persons from the previous year, including increased investigations, prosecutions and convictions of trafficking crimes, increased assistance to victims, and decreasing evidence of complicity in severe forms of trafficking by government officials."
- (b) Modification to Special Rule for Downgraded and Reinstated Countries.—Section 110(b)(2)(F) of such Act (22 U.S.C. 7107(b)(2)(F)) is amended—
- (1) in the matter preceding clause (i), by striking "the special watch list" and all that follows through "the country—" and inserting "the Tier 2 watch list described in subparagraph (A) for more than 2 years immediately after the country consecutively—":
- (2) in clause (i), in the matter preceding subclause (I), by striking "the special watch list described in subparagraph (A)(iii)" and inserting "the Tier 2 watch list described in subparagraph (A)"; and
- (3) in clause (ii), by inserting "in the year following such waiver under subparagraph (D)(ii)" before the period at the end.
- (c) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Section 110(b) of such Act (22 U.S.C. 7107(b)) is further amended—
- (1) in paragraph (2), as amended by subsection (a)—
- (A) in subparagraph (B), by striking "special watch list" and inserting "Tier 2 watch list"
  - (B) in subparagraph (C)—
- (i) in the subparagraph heading, by striking "SPECIAL WATCH LIST" and inserting "TIER 2 WATCH LIST"; and
- (ii) by striking "special watch list" and inserting "Tier 2 watch list"; and

- (C) in subparagraph (D)-
- (i) in the subparagraph heading, by striking "SPECIAL WATCH LIST" and inserting "TIER 2 WATCH LIST"; and
- (ii) in clause (i), by striking "special watch list" and inserting "Tier 2 watch list";
- (2) in paragraph (3)(B), in the matter preceding clause (i), by striking "clauses (i), (ii), and (iii) of"; and
  - (3) in paragraph (4)-
- (A) in subparagraph (A), in the matter preceding clause (i), by striking "each country described in paragraph (2)(A)(ii)" and inserting "each country described in paragraph (2)(A)"; and
- (B) in subparagraph (D)(ii), by striking "the Special Watch List" and inserting "the Tier 2 watch list".
- (d) FREDERICK DOUGLASS TRAFFICKING VICTIMS PREVENTION AND PROTECTION REAUTHORIZATION ACT OF 2018.—Section 204(b)(1) of the Frederick Douglass Trafficking Victims Prevention and Protection Reauthorization Act of 2018 (Public Law 115-425) is amended by striking "special watch list" and inserting "Tier 2 watch list".
- (e) BIPARTISAN CONGRESSIONAL TRADE PRIORITIES AND ACCOUNTABILITY ACT OF 2015.—
  Section 106(b)(6)(E)(iii) of the Bipartisan Congressional Trade Priorities and Accountability Act of 2015 (19 U.S.C. 4205(b)(6)(E)(iii) is amended by striking "under section" and all that follows and inserting "under section 110(b)(2)(A) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7107(b)(2)(A))".

  SEC. 6314. MODIFICATIONS TO THE PROGRAM TO

### EC. 6314. MODIFICATIONS TO THE PROGRAM TO END MODERN SLAVERY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1298 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (22 U.S.C. 7114) is amended—
- (1) in subsection (g)(2), by striking "2020" and inserting "2029"; and
- (2) in subsection (h)(1), by striking "Not later than September 30, 2018, and September 30, 2020" and inserting "Not later than September 30, 2025, and September 30, 2029".
- (b) ELIGIBILITY.—To be eligible for funding under the Program to End Modern Slavery of the Office to Monitor and Combat Trafficking in Persons, a grant recipient shall—
- (1) publish the names of all subgrantee organizations on a publicly available website; or
- (2) if the subgrantee organization expresses a security concern, the grant recipient shall relay such concerns to the Secretary of State, who shall transmit annually the names of all subgrantee organizations in a classified annex to the chairs of the appropriate congressional committees (as defined in section 1298(i) of the National Defense Authorization Act of 2017 (22 U.S.C. 7114(i))).
- (c) AWARD OF FUNDS.—All grants issued under the program referred to in subsection (b) shall be—
  - (1) awarded on a competitive basis; and
- (2) subject to the regular congressional notification procedures applicable with respect to grants made available under section 1298(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act of 2017 (22 U.S.C. 7114(b)).

#### SEC. 6315. CLARIFICATION OF NONHUMANI-TARIAN, NONTRADE-RELATED FOR-EIGN ASSISTANCE.

- (a) CLARIFICATION OF SCOPE OF WITHHELD ASSISTANCE.—Section 110(d)(1) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7107(d)(1)) is amended to read as follows:
- "(1) WITHHOLDING OF ASSISTANCE.—The President has determined that—
- "(A) the United States will not provide nonhumanitarian, nontrade-related foreign assistance to the central government of the country or funding to facilitate the participation by officials or employees of such central government in educational and cultural exchange programs, for the subsequent fiscal

year until such government complies with the minimum standards or makes significant efforts to bring itself into compliance; and

"(B) the President will instruct the United States Executive Director of each multilateral development bank and of the International Monetary Fund to vote against, and to use the Executive Director's best efforts to deny, any loan or other utilization of the funds of the respective institution to that country (other than for humanitarian assistance, for trade-related assistance, or for development assistance that directly addresses basic human needs, is not administered by the central government of the sanctioned country, and is not provided for the benefit of that government) for the subsequent fiscal year until such government complies with the minimum standards or makes significant efforts to bring itself into compliance.

(b) DEFINITION OF NONHUMANITARIAN, NONTRADE RELATED ASSISTANCE.—Section 103(10) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7102(10)) is amended to read as follows:

 $^{"}(10)$  Nonhumanitarian, nontrade-related foreign assistance.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'nonhumanitarian, nontrade-related foreign assistance' means—

"(i) sales, or financing on any terms, under the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2751 et seq.), other than sales or financing provided for narcotics-related purposes following notification in accordance with the prior notification procedures applicable to reprogrammings pursuant to section 634A of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2394-1); or

"(ii) United States foreign assistance, other than—

"(I) with respect to the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961—

"(aa) assistance for international narcotics and law enforcement under chapter 8 of part I of such Act (22 U.S.C. 2291 et seq.);

"(bb) assistance for International Disaster Assistance under subsections (b) and (c) of section 491 of such Act (22 U.S.C. 2292);

"(cc) antiterrorism assistance under chapter 8 of part II of such Act (22 U.S.C. 2349aa et seq.); and

"(dd) health programs under chapters 1 and 10 of part I and chapter 4 of part II of such Act (22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.);

"(II) assistance under the Food for Peace Act (7 U.S.C. 1691 et seq.);

"(III) assistance under sections 2(a), (b), and (c) of the Migration and Refugee Assistance Act of 1962 (22 U.S.C. 2601(a), (b), (c)) to meet refugee and migration needs:

"(IV) any form of United States foreign assistance provided through nongovernmental organizations, international organizations, or private sector partners—

"(aa) to combat human and wildlife trafficking:

"(bb) to promote food security;

"(cc) to respond to emergencies;

"(dd) to provide humanitarian assistance;

"(ee) to address basic human needs, including for education;

"(ff) to advance global health security; or "(gg) to promote trade; and

"(V) any other form of United States foreign assistance that the President determines, by not later than October 1 of each fiscal year, is necessary to advance the security, economic, humanitarian, or global health interests of the United States without compromising the steadfast United States commitment to combating human trafficking globally.

"(B) EXCLUSIONS.—The term 'nonhumanitarian, nontrade-related foreign assistance' shall not include payments to or the participation of government entities necessary or incidental to the implementation of a pro-

gram that is otherwise consistent with section 110.".

#### SEC. 6316. EXPANDING PROTECTIONS FOR DO-MESTIC WORKERS OF OFFICIAL AND DIPLOMATIC PERSONS.

Section 203(b) of the William Wilberforce Trafficking Victims Protection Reauthorization Act of 2008 (8 U.S.C. 1375c(b)) is amended by inserting after paragraph (4) the following:

"(5) NATIONAL EXPANSION OF IN-PERSON REGISTRATION PROGRAM.—The Secretary shall administer the Domestic Worker In-Person Registration Program for employees with A-3 visas or G-5 visas employed by accredited foreign mission members or international organization employees and shall expand this program nationally, which shall include—

"(A) after the arrival of each such employee in the United States, and annually during the course of such employee's employment, a description of the rights of such employee under applicable Federal and State law:

"(B) provision of a copy of the pamphlet developed pursuant to section 202 to the employee with an A-3 visa or a G-5 visa; and

"(C) information on how to contact the National Human Trafficking Hotline.

"(6) MONITORING AND TRAINING OF A-3 AND G-5 VISA EMPLOYERS ACCREDITED TO FOREIGN MISSIONS AND INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS.—The Secretary shall—

"(A) inform embassies, international organizations, and foreign missions of the rights of A-3 and G-5 domestic workers under the applicable labor laws of the United States, including the fair labor standards described in the pamphlet developed pursuant to section 202 and material on labor standards and labor rights of domestic worker employees who hold A-3 and G-5 visas;

"(B) inform embassies, international organizations, and foreign missions of the potential consequences to individuals holding a nonimmigrant visa issued pursuant to subparagraph (A)(i), (A)(ii), (G)(i), (G)(ii), or (G)(iii) of section 101(a)(15) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)) who violate the laws described in subclause (I)(aa), including (at the discretion of the Secretary)—

"(i) the suspension of A-3 visas and G-5 visas:

risas;
"(ii) request for waiver of immunity;

"(iii) criminal prosecution;

"(iv) civil damages; and

"(v) permanent revocation of or refusal to renew the visa of the accredited foreign mission or international organization employee; and

"(C) require all accredited foreign mission and international organization employers of individuals holding A-3 visas or G-5 visas to report the wages paid to such employees on an annual basis."

#### SEC. 6317. EFFECTIVE DATES.

Sections 6314(b) and 6315, and the amendments made by those sections, take effect on the date that is the first day of the first full reporting period for the report required under section 110(b)(1) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7107(b)(1)) after the date of the enactment of this Act.

# Subtitle B—Authorization of Appropriations SEC. 6321. EXTENSION OF AUTHORIZATIONS UNDER THE VICTIMS OF TRAFFICKING AND VIOLENCE PROTECTION ACT OF 2000.

Section 113 of the Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7110) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by striking "2018 through 2021, \$13,822,000" and inserting "2026 through 2030, \$17,000,000"; and

(2) in subsection (c)—

(A) in paragraph (1), in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking "2018 through 2021, \$65,000,000" and inserting "2026 through 2030, \$102,500,000"; and

(B) by adding at the end the following:

"(3) PROGRAMS TO END MODERN SLAVERY.—
Of the amounts authorized by paragraph (1) to be appropriated for a fiscal year, not more than \$37,500,000 may be made available to fund programs to end modern slavery."

# SEC. 6322. EXTENSION OF AUTHORIZATIONS UNDER THE INTERNATIONAL MEGAN'S LAW.

Section 11 of the International Megan's Law to Prevent Child Exploitation and Other Sexual Crimes Through Advanced Notification of Traveling Sex Offenders (34 U.S.C. 21509) is amended by striking "2018 through 2021" and inserting "2025 through 2029".

#### Subtitle C-Briefings

### SEC. 6331. BRIEFING ON ANNUAL TRAFFICKING IN PERSON'S REPORT.

Not later than 30 days after the public designation of country tier rankings and subsequent publishing of the Trafficking in Persons Report, the Secretary of State shall brief the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives on—

(1) countries that were downgraded or upgraded in the most recent Trafficking in Persons Report; and

(2) the efforts made by the United States to improve counter-trafficking efforts in those countries, including foreign government efforts to better meet minimum standards to eliminate human trafficking.

### SEC. 6332. BRIEFING ON USE AND JUSTIFICATION OF WAIVERS.

Not later than 30 days after the President has determined to issue a waiver under section 110(d)(5) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7107(d)(5)), the Secretary of State shall brief the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives on—

(1) each country that received a waiver;

(2) the justification for each such waiver; and

(3) a description of the efforts made by each country to meet the minimum standards to eliminate human trafficking.

SA 3687. Mr. WICKER (for himself and Mr. REED) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title XV, insert the following:

# SEC. 15\_\_\_. TRANSFER OF FOREIGN LANGUAGES PROGRAM TO DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

(a) Transfer.—Not later than the effective date set forth in subsection (d), the Director of National Intelligence and the Secretary of Defense shall take such actions as may be necessary for the Secretary of Defense to carry out the Foreign Languages Program, including such transfer of personnel, assets, and facilities from the Director to the Secretary as the Director and the Secretary jointly consider appropriate.

(b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Part III of subtitle A of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new chapter:

## "CHAPTER 114—FOREIGN LANGUAGES PROGRAM

#### "\$ 2200m. Program on advancement of foreign languages critical to the Defense Intelligence Enterprise

"(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall, in coordination with the Director of National Intelligence, carry out a program to advance skills in foreign languages that are critical to the capability of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise to carry out the national security activities of the United States (hereinafter in this chapter referred to as the 'Foreign Languages Program').

"(b) IDENTIFICATION OF REQUISITE ACTIONS.—In order to carry out the Foreign Languages Program, the Secretary of Defense shall identify actions required to improve the education of personnel in the Defense Intelligence Enterprise in foreign languages that are critical to the capability of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise to carry out the national security activities of the United States and to meet the long-term intelligence needs of the United States.

#### "§ 2200n. Education partnerships

"(a) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out the Foreign Languages Program, the head of a covered element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise may enter into one or more education partnership agreements with educational institutions in the United States in order to encourage and enhance the study in such educational institutions of foreign languages that are critical to the capability of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise to carry out the national security activities of the United States.

"(b) ASSISTANCE PROVIDED UNDER EDU-CATIONAL PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENTS.—Under an educational partnership agreement entered into with an educational institution pursuant to this section, the head of a covered element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise may provide the following assistance to the educational institution:

"(1) The loan of equipment and instructional materials of the element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise to the educational institution for any purpose and duration that the head of the element considers appropriate.

"(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law relating to the transfer of surplus property, the transfer to the educational institution of any computer equipment, or other equipment, that is—

"(A) commonly used by educational institutions:

"(B) surplus to the needs of the element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise; and

"(C) determined by the head of the element to be appropriate for support of such agreement.

"(3) The provision of dedicated personnel to the educational institution—

"(A) to teach courses in foreign languages that are critical to the capability of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise to carry out the national security activities of the United States: or

"(B) to assist in the development for the educational institution of courses and materials on such languages.

"(4) The involvement of faculty and students of the educational institution in research projects of the element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise.

"(5) Cooperation with the educational institution in developing a program under which students receive academic credit at the educational institution for work on research projects of the element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise.

"(6) The provision of academic and career advice and assistance to students of the educational institution.

"(7) The provision of cash awards and other items that the head of the element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise considers appropriate

#### "§ 22000. Voluntary services

"(a) AUTHORITY TO ACCEPT SERVICES.—Notwithstanding section 1342 of title 31, and subject to subsection (b), the Foreign Languages Program under section 2200m shall include authority for the head of a covered element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise to accept from any dedicated personnel voluntary services in support of the activities authorized by this subtitle.

"(b) REQUIREMENTS AND LIMITATIONS.—(1) In accepting voluntary services from an individual under subsection (a), the head of a covered element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise shall—

"(A) supervise the individual to the same extent as the head of the element would supervise a compensated employee of that element providing similar services; and

"(B) ensure that the individual is licensed, privileged, has appropriate educational or experiential credentials, or is otherwise qualified under applicable law or regulations to provide such services.

"(2) In accepting voluntary services from an individual under subsection (a), the head of a covered element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise may not—

"(A) place the individual in a policymaking position, or other position performing inherently governmental functions; or

"(B) compensate the individual for the provision of such services.

"(c) AUTHORITY TO RECRUIT AND TRAIN INDI-VIDUALS PROVIDING SERVICES.—The head of a covered element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise may recruit and train individuals to provide voluntary services under subsection (a).

"(d) STATUS OF INDIVIDUALS PROVIDING SERVICES.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2), while providing voluntary services under subsection (a) or receiving training under subsection (c), an individual shall be considered to be an employee of the Federal Government only for purposes of the following provisions of law:

"(A) Section 552a of title 5 (relating to maintenance of records on individuals).

"(B) Chapter 11 of title 18 (relating to conflicts of interest).

"(2)(A) With respect to voluntary services under paragraph (1) provided by an individual that are within the scope of the services accepted under that paragraph, the individual shall be deemed to be a volunteer of a governmental entity or nonprofit institution for purposes of the Volunteer Protection Act of 1997 (42 U.S.C. 14501 et seq.).

"(B) In the case of any claim against such an individual with respect to the provision of such services, section 4(d) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 14503(d)) shall not apply.

"(3) Acceptance of voluntary services under this section shall have no bearing on the issuance or renewal of a security clearance.

"(e) REIMBURSEMENT OF INCIDENTAL EXPENSES.—(1) The head of a covered element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise may reimburse an individual for incidental expenses incurred by the individual in providing voluntary services under subsection (a). The head of a covered element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise shall determine which expenses are eligible for reimbursement under this subsection.

"(2) Reimbursement under paragraph (1) may be made from appropriated or non-appropriated funds.

"(f) AUTHORITY TO INSTALL EQUIPMENT.—(1) The head of a covered element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise may install telephone lines and any necessary telecommunication equipment in the private residences of individuals who provide voluntary services under subsection (a).

"(2) The head of a covered element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise may pay the charges incurred for the use of equipment installed under paragraph (1) for authorized purposes.

"(3) Notwithstanding section 1348 of title 31, United States Code, the head of a covered element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise may use appropriated funds or non-appropriated funds of the element in carrying out this subsection.

#### "§ 2200p. Regulations

"(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall, in coordination with the Director of National Intelligence, prescribe regulations to carry out the Foreign Languages Program.

"(b) ELEMENTS OF THE DEFENSE INTEL-LIGENCE ENTERPRISE.—The head of each covered element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise shall prescribe regulations to carry out sections 2200n and 22000 with respect to that element including the following:

"(1) Procedures to be utilized for the acceptance of voluntary services under section 2200o.

"(2) Procedures and requirements relating to the installation of equipment under section 2200o(f).

#### "§ 2200q. Definitions

"In this chapter:

"(1) The term 'covered element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise' means an agency, office, bureau, or element referred to in subparagraph (B) of section 426(b)(4) of this title.

"(2) The term 'dedicated personnel' means employees of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise and private citizens (including former civilian employees of the Federal Government who have been voluntarily separated, and members of the United States Armed Forces who have been honorably discharged, honorably separated, or generally discharged under honorable circumstances and rehired on a voluntary basis specifically to perform the activities authorized under this subtitle).

"(3) The term 'Defense Intelligence Enterprise' has the meaning given such term in section 426(b)(4) of this title.

``(4) The term 'educational institution' means—

"(A) a local educational agency (as that term is defined in section 8101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965):

"(B) an institution of higher education (as defined in section 102 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1002) other than institutions referred to in subsection (a)(1)(C) of such section); or

"(C) any other nonprofit institution that provides instruction of foreign languages in languages that are critical to the capability of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise to carry out national security activities of the United States."

(c) Conforming Repeals.—

(1) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Title X of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3191 et seq.) is amended by striking subtitle B (50 U.S.C. 3201 et seq.).

(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—The table of contents for such Act, in the matter preceding section 2 of such Act, is amended by striking the items relating to subtitle B of title X.

(d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments

(d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on the date that is 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SA 3688. Mr. SCHIFF submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by

him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle C of title VII, add the following:

#### SEC. 724. REPORT ON INTEGRATION OF LIFE-STYLE AND PERFORMANCE MEDI-CINE AND BEHAVIORS TO SUPPORT HEALTH AND MILITARY READINESS.

Not later than December 1, 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report containing recommendations on how to integrate lifestyle and performance medicine and behaviors (such as diet, exercise, and sleep) throughout the Department of Defense to support the health and military readiness of members of the Armed Forces.

SA 3689. Mr. DURBIN (for himself, Mr. GRASSLEY, Mr. BENNET, Mr. WELCH, Mr. BLUMENTHAL, Mr. PADILLA, Mr. GALLEGO, and Ms. BALDWIN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle C of title XII, insert the following:

#### SEC. 12\_\_\_. BALTIC SECURITY INITIATIVE.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Pursuant to the authority provided in chapter 16 of title 10, United States Code, the Secretary of Defense may establish and carry out an initiative, to be known as the "Baltic Security Initiative", for the purpose of deepening security cooperation with the military forces of the Baltic countries.
- (b) RELATIONSHIP TO EXISTING AUTHORITIES.—An initiative established under subsection (a) shall be carried out pursuant to the authorities provided in title 10, United States Code.
- (c) Objectives.—The objectives of an initiative established under subsection (a) shall be—
- (1) to achieve United States national security objectives by—
- (A) deterring aggression by the Russian Federation: and
- (B) implementing the North Atlantic Treaty Organization's new Strategic Concept, which seeks to strengthen the alliance's deterrence and defense posture by denying potential adversaries any possible opportunities for aggression;
- (2) to enhance regional planning and cooperation among the military forces of the Baltic countries, particularly with respect to long-term regional capability projects, including—
- (A) long-range precision fire systems and capabilities;
  - (B) integrated air and missile defense;
- (C) maritime domain awareness;
- (D) land forces development, including stockpiling large caliber ammunition;
- (E) command, control, communications, computers, intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance;
  - (F) special operations forces development;

- (G) coordination with and security enhancements for Poland, which is a neighboring North Atlantic Treaty Organization ally; and
- (H) other military capabilities, as determined by the Secretary; and
- (3) with respect to the military forces of the Baltic countries, to improve cyber defenses and resilience to hybrid threats.
- (d) Strategy.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report setting forth a strategy for the Department of Defense to achieve the objectives described in subsection (c).
- (2) Considerations.—The strategy required by this subsection shall include a consideration of—  $\,$
- (A) security assistance programs for the Baltic countries authorized as of the date on which the strategy is submitted;
- (B) the ongoing security threats to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization's eastern flank posed by Russian aggression, including as a result of the Russian Federation's 2022 invasion of Ukraine with support from Belarus; and
- (C) the ongoing security threats to the Baltic countries posed by the presence, coercive economic policies, and other malign activities of the People's Republic of China.
  - (e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary \$350,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2026, 2027, and 2028 to carry out an initiative established under subsection (a).
- (2) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that the Secretary should seek to require matching funds from each of the Baltic countries that participate in such an initiative in amounts commensurate with amounts provided by the Department for the initiative.
- (f) BALTIC COUNTRIES DEFINED.—In this section, the term "Baltic countries" means—
- (1) Estonia;
- (2) Latvia; and
- (3) Lithuania.
- SA 3690. Mr. KELLY (for himself and Mr. TILLIS) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:
- At the appropriate place, insert the following:
- . YOUTH SUBSTANCE USE PREVENTION
  AND AWARENESS THROUGH GRANTS
  FOR PUBLIC SERVICE ANNOUNCEMENT CAMPAIGNS.
- (a) EXPANSION OF GRANT PROGRAM.—Section 3021(a) of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10701(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "(11) Developing, implementing, or expanding research-based public service announcement campaign programs targeted at youth substance use prevention using age-appropriate material, including—
- "(A) television, radio, print, outdoor, social media, and digital public service announcements; and
- $\lq\lq(B)$  public service announcement contests that solicit youth public service announcement submissions. $\lq\lq$ .

- (b) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—The Attorney General shall publish an annual report on any grants awarded for public service announcement campaigns under paragraph (11) of section 3021(a) of title I of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (34 U.S.C. 10701(a)), as added by subsection (a), that includes, which respect to each such public service announcement campaign—
- (1) a description of the grant awarded and the public service announcement campaign funded by the grant;
- (2) the research used to inform and develop the public service announcement campaign funded by the grant:
- (3) any regional or geographic-specific messaging used as part of the public service announcement campaign;
- (4) a description of how the public service announcement campaign funded by the grant supports the other substance use prevention initiatives or strategy of the grantee; and
- (5) an evaluation of the success of the public service announcement campaign, such as the effectiveness of the campaign at reducing the rate of drug use by youth.
- SA 3691. Mr. MURPHY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:
- At the appropriate place in title XVI, insert the following:
- SEC. 16\_\_\_. COMPTROLLER GENERAL OF THE UNITED STATES REVIEW OF DE-PARTMENT OF DEFENSE GOVERN-ANCE PROCESSES FOR ADOPTION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE TOOLS.
- (a) REVIEW.—The Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct a review of the Department of Defense policies and governance relating to adoption of artificial intelligence tools for military needs.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The review conducted under subsection (a) shall include the following matters:
- (1) An analysis of Department organizational structure for overseeing, tracking, and responding to risks and opportunities arising from military uses of artificial intelligence, including—
- (A) the responsibilities, functions, authorities, and actions of the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Office and other relevant Department offices in the incorporation, implementation, and oversight of artificial intelligence:
- (B) Department processes for development of lessons learned, adoption of best practices, and information sharing with other government agencies, industry, academia, and allies and partners:
- (C) the development of metrics, policy guardrails, oversight mechanisms, and risk mitigation procedures for Department use of artificial intelligence tools;
- (D) steps to ensure all Department engagement with artificial intelligence companies and industry leaders incorporate appropriate recusal requirements, safeguards, and oversight mechanisms to prevent conflicts of interest and biased decisionmaking processes; and
- (E) processes in place to ensure new contracting mechanisms for artificial intelligence provide for appropriate safeguards, transparency requirements, and oversight mechanisms to prevent conflicts of interest and to limit Department exposure to artificial intelligence risks.

- (2) A full description and assessment of current Department of Defense policies and practices relating to current and potential military and civilian applications of artificial intelligence.
- (3) Recommendations for improvements to standards, processes, procedures, and policy relating to the use of artificial intelligence in improving Department civilian and military operations, reducing associated risks, and increasing reliability, effectiveness, safety, and oversight of Department activities.
- (c) SUBMISSION OF REPORT.—Not later than July 1, 2026, the Comptroller General shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the findings of the Comptroller General with respect to the review conducted pursuant to subsection (a).

SA 3692. Mr. KIM submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title X, insert the following:

### SEC. \_\_\_. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION REGARDING IMMIGRATION ENFORCEMENT.

Nothing in this Act or any amendment made by this Act may be construed to authorize the Secretary of Defense to engage in or support immigration enforcement.

SA 3693. Mr. KIM submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle F of title X, add the following:

#### SEC. 1067. ACCESS TO MIGRANT DETENTION FA-CILITIES AT INSTALLATIONS OF DE-PARTMENT OF DEFENSE BY FAMI-LIES AND MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.

- (a) Access by Families.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of Homeland Security, shall ensure that family members of any migrant detained at an installation of the Department of Defense are offered visiting hours at detention facilities and expedited access to such installation for purposes of visiting such migrant.
  - (2) Emergency exception.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of Homeland Security, may limit access to installations of the Department of Defense by individuals under paragraph (1) in an emergency.
- (B) EMERGENCY DEFINED.—In this paragraph, the term "emergency" means—
  - (i) a public health emergency;
- (ii) a natural disaster that impacts the area;
- (iii) a period of war declared by Congress; or
- (iv) an incident of domestic terrorism.
- (b) ACCESS BY MEMBERS OF CONGRESS TO CONDUCT OVERSIGHT.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2), a facility located on an installation of the De-

partment of Defense and operated by or for the Department of Homeland Security to detain or otherwise house migrants may not deny entry to a Member of Congress or an employee of the Senate or the House of Representatives for the purpose of conducting oversight.

- (2) Prior notice.-
- (A) MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.—A Member of Congress may enter a facility described in paragraph (1) without prior notice for the purpose of conducting oversight.
- (B) STAFF.—The Secretary of Defense or the Secretary of Homeland Security, as the case may be, may require an employee of the Senate or the House of Representatives to provide 24-hour notice before entering a facility described in paragraph (1) for purpose of conducting oversight.
  - (c) VISITORS LOG.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall maintain a log of all visitors to detention facilities at installations of the Department of Defense at which migrants are detained, which shall include—
- (A) the name of each visitor;
- (B) the time that the visitor arrived at the detention facility;
- (C) the time the visitor obtained entry to the detention facility, if the visitor obtained entry; and
- (D) if the visitor was denied access to the detention facility, the reason for denying access.
- (2) PUBLIC ACCESSIBILITY.—The Secretary of Homeland Security shall make the log maintained under paragraph (1) publicly accessible online for inspection.

SA 3694. Mr. KIM submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle F of title X, add the following:

# SEC. 1067. ACCESS TO COUNSEL AT INSTALLATIONS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

- (a) In General.—Except as provided in subsection (e), the Secretary of Defense—  $\,$
- (1) shall ensure prompt access to counsel for aliens detained by the Government on installations of the Department of Defense;
- (2) shall not require counsel of an alien detained at such an installation to provide prior notification of intent to visit such alien at the installation;
- (3) with respect to counsel representing an alien detained at such an installation, may request from such counsel such information as may be necessary to allow counsel to enter and exit the installation without delay; and
- (4) shall provide counsel and the detained alien concerned access to a designated location, within the detention facility at the installation concerned, with a measure of privacy to discuss sensitive information.
- (b) EXCEPTION.—The Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of Homeland Security, may limit access to installations of the Department of Defense by counsel in an emergency.
- (c) Preservation and Publication of Records.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Homeland Security, in collaboration with the Secretary of Defense, shall maintain a record of each counsel who seeks access to an alien de-

tained at an installation of the Department of Defense, including—

- (A) the name of the counsel;
- (B) an identification of the installation to which counsel seeks access;
- (C) the date and time of arrival of counsel at the installation;
- (D) the date and time at which counsel obtains entry to the installation, if such entry was obtained; and
- (E) in the case of counsel denied entry to the installation at which an alien is detained, a justification for the denial.
- (2) PUBLIC AVAILABILITY.—Not less frequently than daily, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall, make the record required by paragraph (1) for the preceding day available to the public on a website of the Department of Homeland Security.
- (d) ALTERNATIVE ACCESS.—In a case in which counsel cannot physically visit an alien detained at an installation of the Department of Defense whom such counsel represents, the Secretary of Defense shall provide for an alternate manner by which counsel and the alien concerned may communicate, such as by telephone, teleconference, or video teleconference.

  (e) RESTORATION OF LEGAL ACCESS AND
- (e) RESTORATION OF LEGAL ACCESS AND REPRESENTATION PROGRAMS.—The Attorney General shall restore funding and operations for the following legal access and representation programs of the Executive Office for Immigration Review:
- (1) The legal orientation program for detained adults.
- (2) The immigration court help desk.
- (3) Family group legal orientation.
- (4) The counsel for children initiative.

SA 3695. Mr. BENNET (for himself and Mr. SULLIVAN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle D of title XII, add the following:

#### SEC. 1248. STRATEGY TO STRENGTHEN MULTI-LATERAL DETERRENCE IN THE INDO-PACIFIC REGION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of State, shall develop and implement a strategy to strengthen multilateral deterrence against regional aggression in the Indo-Pacific region by expanding multilateral coordination with United States allies and partners in the Indo-Pacific region, particularly Japan, the Republic of Korea, the Philippines, and Australia, including by enhancing multilateral access and basing agreements, command and control structures, intelligence-sharing, and exercises and operations.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The strategy required by subsection (a) shall—
- (1) describe current activities and identify future actions to be taken over the next 5 years by the Department of Defense—
- (A) to leverage reciprocal access agreements between the United States and allies and partners in the Indo-Pacific region, particularly Japan, the Republic of Korea, the Philippines, and Australia, to expand regional access for the military forces of such allies and partners, including for purposes of enhancing interoperability at locations across the Indo-Pacific region, pre-positioning munitions stockpiles, and jointly supporting and leveraging shared facilities, operational access, and infrastructure;

- (B) to improve command and control structures enabling enhanced multilateral coordination with allies and partners in the Indo-Pacific region, including through the Combined Coordination Center in the Philippines, the joint force headquarters of the United States in Japan, the Combined Forces Command in the Republic of Korea, and a potential combined coordination structure in Australia;
- (C) to expand intelligence-sharing and maritime domain awareness among the United States and allies and partners in the Indo-Pacific region, including through the Bilateral Intelligence Analysis Cell in Japan and the Combined Coordination Center in the Philippines: and
- (D) to expand the scope and scale of multilateral military exercises and operations as well as basing infrastructure and posture in the Indo-Pacific region, particularly among the United States, Japan, the Republic of Korea, the Philippines, and Australia, including more frequent combined maritime operations through the Taiwan Strait, the South China Sea, and the Aleutian Islands:
- (2) fully consider strategic and operational contingencies for security of likely military and economic avenues of approach and trade routes across the South, Central, and North Indo-Pacific region; and
- (3) address the conduct of operations in accordance with such strategic and operational contingencies.
- (c) Submission.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees the written strategy required by subsection (a), including an identification of—
- (1) any changes to funding or policy required to strengthen multilateral deterrence among the United States and allies and partners in the Indo-Pacific region against regional aggression; and
- (2) any additional resources required to carry out specific initiatives described in subsection (b), such as expanding regional access to the military forces of such allies and partners, improving command and control structures, expanding intelligence-sharing and maritime domain awareness, and expanding the scope and scale of multilateral exercises and operations in the Indo-Pacific region.
- (d) INTERIM REPORT ON IMPLEMENTATION.— Not later than March 15, 2027, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on the progress of the implementation of the strategy required by subsection (a), including any resource or authority gaps identified in the ability of the Department of Defense to implement the strategy.
  - (e) Definitions.—In this section:
- (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the congressional defense committees; and
- (B) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives.
- (2) INDO-PACIFIC REGION.—The term "Indo-Pacific region" means—
- (A) the geographical area encompassing the area of responsibility of the United States Indo-Pacific Command; and
- (B) the Alaska theater of operations, including the entirety of the State of Alaska and the entirety of the oceans or other such maritime features bordering the State of Alaska.
- SA 3696. Mr. COTTON (for himself and Mr. WARNER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him

to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the fol-

## lowing: DIVISION —INTELLIGENCE AUTHOR-

#### IZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2026 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- (a) SHORT TITLE.—This division may be cited as the "Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026".
- (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for this division is as follows:

#### 

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents. Sec. 2. Definitions.

TITLE I—INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES

- Sec. 101. Authorization of appropriations.
- Sec. 102. Classified Schedule of Authorizations.
- Sec. 103. Increase in employee compensation and benefits authorized by law.
- TITLE II—CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY SYSTEM
- Sec. 201. Authorization of appropriations. TITLE III—INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY MATTERS
- Sec. 301. Unauthorized access to intelligence community property.
- Sec. 302. Annual survey of analytic objectivity among officers and employees of elements of the intelligence community.
- Sec. 303. Annual training requirement and report regarding analytic standards.
- Sec. 304. Estimate of cost to ensure compliance with Intelligence Community Directive 705.
- Sec. 305. Amendments regarding Presidential appointments for intelligence community positions.
- Sec. 306. Counterintelligence support for Department of the Treasury networks and systems.
- Sec. 307. Report on Director's Initiatives Group personnel matters.
- Sec. 308. Higher Education Act of 1965 special rule.
- Sec. 309. Annual Central Intelligence Agency workplace climate assessment.
- Sec. 310. Report on secure mobile communications systems available to employees and of the intelligence community.
- Sec. 311. Plan for implementing an integrated system spanning the intelligence community for accreditation of sensitive compartmented information facilities.
- Sec. 312. Counterintelligence threats to United States space interests.
- Sec. 313. Chaplain Corps and Chief of Chaplains of the Central Intelligence Agency.
- Sec. 314. Prohibition on contractors collecting or selling location data of individuals at intelligence community locations.
- Sec. 315. Technical amendment to procurement authorities of Central Intelligence Agency.
- Sec. 316. Threat briefing to protect Federal Reserve information.

- Sec. 317. Plan to establish commercial geospatial intelligence data and services program management office.
- Sec. 318. Inspector General review of adequacy of policies and procedures governing use of commercial messaging applications by intelligence community.
- Sec. 319. Authority for National Security
  Agency to produce and disseminate intelligence products.
- Sec. 320. Prohibiting discrimination in the intelligence community.
- Sec. 321. Annual report on Federal Bureau of Investigation case data.

## TITLE IV—INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY EFFICIENCY AND EFFECTIVENESS

- Sec. 401. Short title.
- Sec. 402. Modification of responsibilities and authorities of the Director of National Intelligence
- Sec. 403. Reforms relating to the Office of the Director of National Intelligence.
- Sec. 404. Appointment of Deputy Director of National Intelligence and Assistant Directors of National Intelligence.
- Sec. 405. Reform of the National Intelligence Council and National Intelligence Officers.
- Sec. 406. Transfer of National Counterintelligence and Security Center to Federal Bureau of Investigation.
- Sec. 407. Redesignation and reform of National Counterterrorism Center.
- Sec. 408. Transfer of National Counterproliferation and Biosecurity Center.
- Sec. 409. National Intelligence Task Forces.
- Sec. 410. Repeal of various positions, units, centers, councils, and offices.

## TITLE V—MATTERS CONCERNING FOREIGN COUNTRIES

- Subtitle A—Foreign Countries Generally
- Sec. 501. Declassification of information relating to actions by foreign governments to assist persons evading justice.
- Sec. 502. Enhanced intelligence sharing relating to foreign adversary biotechnological threats.
- Sec. 503. Threat assessment regarding unmanned aircraft systems at or near the international borders of the United States.
- Sec. 504. Assessment of the potential effect of expanded partnerships among western hemisphere countries.
  - Subtitle B—People's Republic of China
- Sec. 511. Countering Chinese Communist
  Party efforts that threaten Europe.
- Sec. 512. Prohibition on intelligence community contracting with Chinese military companies engaged in biotechnology research, development, or manufacturing.
- Sec. 513. Report on the wealth of the leadership of the Chinese Communist Party.
- Sec. 514. Assessment and report on investments by the People's Republic of China in the agriculture sector of Brazil.
- Sec. 515. Identification of entities that provide support to the People's Liberation Army.
- Sec. 516. Establishing a China Economics and Intelligence cell to publish China Economic Power Report.

Sec. 517. Modification of annual reports on influence operations and campaigns in the United States by the Chinese Communist Party.

Subtitle C-The Russian Federation

Sec. 521. Assessment of Russian destabilization efforts.

Subtitle D—Other Foreign Countries

- Sec. 531. Plan to enhance counternarcotics collaboration, coordination, and cooperation with the Government of Mexico.
- Sec. 532. Enhancing intelligence support to counter foreign adversary influence in Sudan.
- Sec. 533. Ukraine lessons learned working group.
- Sec. 534. Improvements to requirement for monitoring of Iranian enrichment of uranium-235.
- Sec. 535. Duty to warn United States persons threatened by Iranian lethal plotting.

#### TITLE VI—EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES

- Sec. 601. Intelligence Community Technology Bridge Program.
- Sec. 602. Enhancing biotechnology talent within the intelligence community.
- Sec. 603. Enhanced intelligence community support to secure United States genomic data.
- Sec. 604. Ensuring intelligence community procurement of domestic United States production of synthetic DNA and RNA.
- Sec. 605. Report on identification of intelligence community sites for advanced nuclear technologies.
- Sec. 606. Addressing intelligence gaps relating to China's investment in United States-origin biotechnology.
- Sec. 607. Additional functions and requirements of Artificial Intelligence Security Center.
- Sec. 608. Artificial intelligence development and usage by intelligence community
- Sec. 609. High-impact artificial intelligence systems.
- Sec. 610. Application of artificial intelligence policies of the intelligence community to publicly available models used for intelligence purposes.
- Sec. 611. Revision of interim guidance regarding acquisition and use of foundation models.
- Sec. 612. Strategy on intelligence coordination and sharing relating to critical and emerging technologies.
- TITLE VII—CLASSIFICATION REFORM, SECURITY CLEARANCES, AND WHISTLEBLOWERS
- Sec. 701. Notification of certain declassifications.
- Sec. 702. Elimination of cap on compensatory damages for retaliatory revocation of security clearances and access determinations.
- Sec. 703. Reforms relating to inactive security clearances.
- Sec. 704. Study on protection of classified information relating to budget functions.
- Sec. 705. Report on executive branch approval of access to classified intelligence information outside of established review processes.
- Sec. 706. Whistleblower protections relating to psychiatric testing or examination.

### TITLE VIII—ANOMALOUS HEALTH INCIDENTS

- Sec. 801. Standard guidelines for intelligence community to report and document anomalous health incidents.
- Sec. 802. Review and declassification of intelligence relating to anomalous health incidents.

#### TITLE IX—OTHER MATTERS

- Sec. 901. Declassification of intelligence and additional transparency measures relating to the COVID-19 pandemic.
- Sec. 902. Counterintelligence briefings for
- members of the Armed Forces. Sec. 903. Policy toward certain agents of foreign governments.
- Sec. 904. Tour limits of accredited diplomatic and consular personnel of certain nations in the United States.
- Sec. 905. Strict enforcement of travel protocols and procedures of accredited diplomatic and consular personnel of certain nations in the United States.
- Sec. 906. Repeal of certain report requirements.
- Sec. 907. Requiring penetration testing as part of the testing and certification of voting systems.
- Sec. 908. Independent security testing and coordinated cybersecurity vulnerability disclosure program for election systems.

Sec. 909. Foreign material acquisitions.

#### SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

In this division:

- (1) CONGRESSIONAL INTELLIGENCE COMMITTEES.—The term "congressional intelligence committees" has the meaning given such term in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003).
- (2) INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.—The term "intelligence community" has the meaning given such term in such section.

#### TITLE I—INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES

#### SEC. 101. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2026 for the conduct of the intelligence and intelligence-related activities of the Federal Government.

### SEC. 102. CLASSIFIED SCHEDULE OF AUTHORIZATIONS.

- (a) Specifications of Amounts.—The amounts authorized to be appropriated under section 101 for the conduct of the intelligence activities of the Federal Government are those specified in the classified Schedule of Authorizations prepared to accompany this division.
- (b) AVAILABILITY OF CLASSIFIED SCHEDULE OF AUTHORIZATIONS.—
- (1) AVAILABILITY.—The classified Schedule of Authorizations referred to in subsection (a) shall be made available to the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives, and to the President.
- (2) DISTRIBUTION BY THE PRESIDENT.—Subject to paragraph (3), the President shall provide for suitable distribution of the classified Schedule of Authorizations referred to in subsection (a), or of appropriate portions of such Schedule, within the executive branch of the Federal Government.
- (3) LIMITS ON DISCLOSURE.—The President shall not publicly disclose the classified Schedule of Authorizations or any portion of such Schedule except—
- (A) as provided in section 601(a) of the Implementing Recommendations of the 9/11 Commission Act of 2007 (50 U.S.C. 3306(a));
- (B) to the extent necessary to implement the budget; or

(C) as otherwise required by law.

# SEC. 103. INCREASE IN EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS AUTHORIZED BY LAW.

Appropriations authorized by this division for salary, pay, retirement, and other benefits for Federal employees may be increased by such additional or supplemental amounts as may be necessary for increases in such compensation or benefits authorized by law.

# TITLE II—CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY SYSTEM

#### SEC. 201. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

There is authorized to be appropriated for the Central Intelligence Agency Retirement and Disability Fund \$514,000,000 for fiscal year 2026.

## TITLE III—INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY MATTERS

#### SEC. 301. UNAUTHORIZED ACCESS TO INTEL-LIGENCE COMMUNITY PROPERTY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3001 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

#### "SEC. 1115. UNAUTHORIZED ACCESS TO INTEL-LIGENCE COMMUNITY PROPERTY.

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—It shall be unlawful, within the jurisdiction of the United States, without authorization to willfully go upon any property, while knowing that such property is—
- "(1) under the jurisdiction of an element of the intelligence community; and
  - "(2) closed or restricted.
- "(b) PENALTIES.—Any person who violates subsection (a) with intent to gather intelligence or information to the detriment of the United States shall—
- "(1) in the case of the first offense, be fined under section 3517 of title 18, United States Code, imprisoned not more than 6 months, or both:
- "(2) in the case of a second offense after a prior conviction under subsection (a) has become final, be fined under such title, imprisoned not more than 2 years, or both; and
- "(3) in the case of a third or subsequent offense after a prior conviction under subsection (a) has become final, be fined under such title, imprisoned not more than 5 years, or both."
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents preceding section 2 of such Act is amended by adding at the end the following: "Sec. 1115. Unauthorized access to intel-
- "Sec. 1115. Unauthorized access to intelligence community property.".

# SEC. 302. ANNUAL SURVEY OF ANALYTIC OBJECTIVITY AMONG OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES OF ELEMENTS OF THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY. (a) IN GENERAL—Not less frequently than

- once each year, each head of an element of the intelligence community specified in subsection (c) shall—
- (1) conduct a survey of analytic objectivity among officers and employees of the element of the head who are involved in the production of intelligence products; and
- (2) submit to the congressional intelligence committees a report on the findings of the head with respect to the most recently completed survey under paragraph (1).
- (b) ELEMENTS.—Each survey conducted pursuant to subsection (a)(1) for an element of the intelligence community shall cover the following:
- (1) Perceptions of the officers and employees regarding the presence of bias or politicization affecting the intelligence cycle.
- (2) Types of intelligence products perceived by the officers and employees as most prone to objectivity concerns.
- (3) Whether objectivity concerns identified by responders to the survey were otherwise

raised with an analytic ombudsman or appropriate entity.

- (c) ELEMENTS OF THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY SPECIFIED.—The elements of the intelligence community specified in this subsection are the followine:
  - (1) The National Security Agency.
  - (2) The Defense Intelligence Agency.
- (3) The National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency.
- (4) Each intelligence element of the Army, the Navy, the Air Force, the Marine Corps, the Space Force, and the Coast Guard.
- (5) The Directorate of Intelligence of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
- (6) The Office of Intelligence and Counterintelligence of the Department of Energy.
- (7) The Bureau of Intelligence and Research of the Department of State.
- (8) The Office of Intelligence and Analysis of the Department of Homeland Security.
- (9) The Office of Intelligence and Analysis of the Department of the Treasury.

#### SEC. 303. ANNUAL TRAINING REQUIREMENT AND REPORT REGARDING ANALYTIC STANDARDS.

Section 6312 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (50 U.S.C. 3364 note; Public Law 117–263) is amended—

- (1) by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:
- "(b) CONDUCT OF TRAINING.—Training required pursuant to the policy required by subsection (a) shall be a dedicated, standalone training that includes instruction on avoiding political bias."; and
- (2) in subsection (d)(1)—
- (A) by striking "number and themes of"; and
- (B) by striking the period at the end and inserting ", including the number and themes of such incidents and a list of each intelligence product reported during the preceding 1-year period to the Analytic Ombudsman of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence."

#### SEC. 304. ESTIMATE OF COST TO ENSURE COM-PLIANCE WITH INTELLIGENCE COM-MUNITY DIRECTIVE 705.

- (a) ESTIMATE REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives an estimate of the amount of obligations expected to be incurred by the Federal Government after the date of the enactment of this Act to ensure that all sensitive compartmented information facilities of the intelligence community are compliant with Intelligence Community Directive 705.
- (b) CONTENTS.—The estimate submitted pursuant to subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) The estimate described in subsection (a), disaggregated by element of the intelligence community.
- (2) An implementation plan to ensure compliance described in such subsection.
- (3) Identification of the administrative actions or legislative actions that may be necessary to ensure such compliance.

#### SEC. 305. AMENDMENTS REGARDING PRESI-DENTIAL APPOINTMENTS FOR IN-TELLIGENCE COMMUNITY POSI-TIONS.

- (a) APPOINTMENT OF DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 104B(a) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3037(a)) is amended by inserting ", by and with the advice and consent of the Senate" after "President".
- (2) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by paragraph (1) shall take effect on

the first date after the date of the enactment of this Act that the position of Deputy Director of the Central Intelligence Agency becomes vacant.

- (b) APPOINTMENT OF DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF THE NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY.—Section 2 of the National Security Agency Act of 1959 (50 U.S.C. 3602) is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "(c) There is a Deputy Director of the National Security Agency, who shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.".
- (c) APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTOR OF THE NATIONAL COUNTERTERRORISM CENTER.—Section 119(b)(1) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3056(b)(1)) is amended by striking "President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate" and inserting "Director of National Intelligence".
- (d) APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTOR OF THE NATIONAL COUNTERINTELLIGENCE AND SECURITY CENTER.—Section 902(a) of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2003 (50 U.S.C. 3382a)) is amended by striking "President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate" and inserting "Director of National Intelligence".
- (e) APPOINTMENT OF GENERAL COUNSEL OF THE OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE.—Section 103C(a) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3028(a)) is amended by striking "by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate" and inserting "by the Director of National Intelligence".
- (f) APPOINTMENT OF GENERAL COUNSEL OF THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY.—Section 20(a) of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 3520(a)) is amended by striking "by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate" and inserting "by the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency".

# SEC. 306. COUNTERINTELLIGENCE SUPPORT FOR DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY NETWORKS AND SYSTEMS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The head of the Office of Counterintelligence of the Office of Intelligence and Analysis of the Department of the Treasury shall implement policies and procedures that ensure counterintelligence support—
- (1) to all entities of the Department of the Treasury responsible for safeguarding networks and systems; and
- (2) for coordination between counterintelligence threat mitigation activities and cyber network and system defense efforts.
- (b) REPORT.—Not later than 270 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the head described in subsection (a) shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a report on the status of the implementation of such subsection.

### SEC. 307. REPORT ON DIRECTOR'S INITIATIVES GROUP PERSONNEL MATTERS.

- (a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a report on personnel matters of the Director's Initiatives Group.
- (b) CONTENTS.—The report submitted pursuant to subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) The process for hiring members of the Director's Initiatives Group.
- (2) A list of personnel of such group, from the date of the creation of the group, including a description of responsibilities for each of the personnel.

- (3) Funding sources for personnel of such group.
- (4) A list of which personnel of such group received security clearances and the process for receiving such security clearances.
- (c) NOTICE REGARDING ACTIONS AFFECTING NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE PROGRAM RESOURCES.—Not later than 30 days before taking any action affecting the resources of the National Intelligence Program (as defined in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003)), the Director shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives notice of the intent of the Director to take such action.

### SEC. 308. HIGHER EDUCATION ACT OF 1965 SPECIAL RULE.

Section 135 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1015d) is amended—

- (1) by redesignating subsections (c) and (d) as subsections (d) and (e), respectively; and
- (2) by inserting after subsection (b) the fol-
- "(c) SPECIAL RULE.—With respect to a member of a qualifying Federal service who is an officer or employee of an element of the intelligence community, the term 'permanent duty station', as used in this section, shall exclude a permanent duty station that is within 50 miles of the headquarters facility of such element."

#### SEC. 309. ANNUAL CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY WORKPLACE CLIMATE AS-SESSMENT.

Section 30 of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 3531) is amended by adding at the end the following:

- "(d) Annual Agency Climate Assessment —
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not less frequently than once every 365 days, the Director shall—
- "(A) complete an Agency climate assessment—
- "(i) that does not request any information that would make an Agency employee or an Agency employee's position identifiable;
  - "(ii) for the purposes of—
- "(I) preventing and responding to sexual assault and sexual harassment; and
- "(II) examining the prevalence of sexual assault and sexual harassment occurring among the Agency's workforce; and
- "(iii) that includes an opportunity for Agency employees to express their opinions regarding the manner and extent to which the Agency responds to allegations of sexual assault and complaints of sexual harassment, and the effectiveness of such response; and
- "(B) submit to the appropriate congressional committees the findings of the Director with respect to the climate assessment completed pursuant to subparagraph (A).
- "(2) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term 'appropriate congressional committees' means—
- "(A) the Select Committee on Intelligence and the Subcommittee on Defense of the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
- "(B) the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence and the Subcommittee on Defense of the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.".

# SEC. 310. REPORT ON SECURE MOBILE COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS AVAILABLE TO EMPLOYEES AND OF THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.

(a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense, shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the congressional defense committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee

on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a report on the secure mobile communications systems available to employees and officers of the intelligence community, disaggregated by element of the intelligence community.

- (b) CONTENTS.—The report submitted pursuant to subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) The number of employees and officers of the intelligence community using each secure mobile communications system, disaggregated by element of the intelligence community and by employee or officer level.
- (2) An estimate of the expenditures incurred by the intelligence community to develop and maintain the systems described in subsection (a), disaggregated by system, element of the intelligence community, year, and number of mobile devices using or accessing the systems.
- (3) A list of the capabilities of each system and the level of classification for each.
- (4) For each system described in subsection (a), identification of the element of the intelligence community that developed and maintains the system and whether that element has service agreements with other elements of the intelligence community for use of the system.
- (5) Identification of any secure mobile communications systems that are in development, the capabilities of such systems, how far along such systems are in development, and an estimate of when the systems will be ready for deployment.
- (c) FORM.—The report submitted pursuant to subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex

#### SEC. 311. PLAN FOR IMPLEMENTING AN INTE-GRATED SYSTEM SPANNING THE IN-TELLIGENCE COMMUNITY FOR AC-CREDITATION OF SENSITIVE COM-PARTMENTED INFORMATION FA-CILITIES

- (a) PLAN REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence
- (1) develop a plan to implement an integrated tracking system that spans the intelligence community for the accreditation of sensitive compartmented information facilities to increase transparency, track the status of accreditation, and to reduce and minimize duplication of effort; and
- (2) submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives the plan developed pursuant to paragraph (1).
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The plan required by subsection (a)(1) shall include the following:
- (1) An estimated cost of implementing the plan.
- (2) A description for how applicants and cleared industry could monitor the status of their sensitive compartmented information facility accreditation.
- (3) Guidelines for minimizing duplication of effort across the intelligence community and the Department of Defense in the accreditation process for sensitive compartmented information facilities.
- (4) Creation of a mechanism to track compliance with Intelligence Community Directive 705 (relating to sensitive compartmented information facilities), or successor directive.
- (5) Proposed measures for increasing security against adversary threats.
- (6) A list of any administrative and legislative actions that may be necessary to carry out the plan.

### SEC. 312. COUNTERINTELLIGENCE THREATS TO UNITED STATES SPACE INTERESTS.

- (a) ASSESSMENT OF COUNTERINTELLIGENCE VULNERABILITIES OF THE NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence, in consultation with the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees an assessment of the counterintelligence vulnerabilities of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration.
- (2) ÉLEMENTS.—The assessment required by paragraph (1) shall include the following:
- (A) An assessment of the vulnerability of the security practices and facilities of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration to efforts by nation-state and non-nation-state actors to acquire United States space technology.
- (B) An assessment of the counterintelligence threat posed by nationals of the Russian Federation and the People's Republic of China at centers of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration.
- (C) Recommendations for how the National Aeronautics and Space Administration can mitigate any counterintelligence gaps identified under subparagraphs (A) and (B).
- (D) A description of efforts of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration to respond to the efforts of state sponsors of terrorism, other foreign countries, and entities to illicitly acquire United States satellites and related items as described in reports submitted by the Director of National Intelligence pursuant to section 1261 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2013 (Public Law 112–239).
- (E) An evaluation of the effectiveness of the efforts of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration described in subparagraph (D).
- (3) COOPERATION BY NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION.—The Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration shall cooperate fully with the Director of National Intelligence and the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation in submitting the assessment required by paragraph (1).
- (4) FORM.—The assessment required by paragraph (1) may be submitted in unclassified form with a classified annex.
- (5) DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—In this subsection, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the congressional intelligence committees;
- (B) the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Appropriations, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate: and
- (C) the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Appropriations, the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology, and the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives.
- (b) SUNSET.—Section 1261(e)(1) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2013 (Public Law 112–239) is amended by inserting "until December 31, 2026" after "thereafter".
- (c) COUNTERINTELLIGENCE SUPPORT TO COMMERCIAL SPACEPORTS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the head of the Counterintelligence Division of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, in coordination with the head of the Office of Private Sector of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, shall—

- (A) develop an assessment of the counterintelligence risks to commercial spaceports;
- (B) distribute the assessment to-
- (i) each field office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation the area of responsibility of which includes a federally licensed commercial spaceport;
- (ii) the leadership of each federally licensed commercial spaceport;
- (iii) the congressional intelligence committees;
- (iv) the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate; and
- (v) the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives.
- (2) CLASSIFICATION.—The assessment required by paragraph (1) shall be distributed at the lowest classification level possible, but may include classified annexes at higher classification levels.

#### SEC. 313. CHAPLAIN CORPS AND CHIEF OF CHAP-LAINS OF THE CENTRAL INTEL-LIGENCE AGENCY.

Section 26 of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 3527) is amended to read as follows:

### "SEC. 26. CHAPLAIN CORPS AND CHIEF OF CHAPLAINS.

- "(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF CHAPLAIN CORPS.— There is in the Agency a Chaplain Corps for the provision of spiritual and religious pastoral services.
- "(b) CHIEF OF CHAPLAINS.—The head of the Chaplain Corps shall be the Chief of Chaplains, who shall be appointed by the Director and report directly to the Director.
- "(c) GLOBAL PRESENCE, SERVICES.—Chaplains of the Chaplain Corps shall—"(1) be located—
- "(A) at the headquarters building of the Agency; and
- "(B) outside the United States in each region of the regional mission centers of the Agency; and
- "(2) travel as necessary to provide services to personnel of the Agency where such personnel are located.
  - "(d) STAFF.—
  - "(1) EMPLOYEES.—The Chaplain Corps—
- "(A) shall be staffed by full-time employees of the Agency; and
- "(B) shall not be staffed by any government contractor.
  - "(2) Service.—
- "(A) EXCLUSIVE ROLE.—A member of the staff of the Chaplain Corps shall serve exclusively in the member's role in the Chaplain Corps.
- "(B) NOT COLLATERAL DUTY.—Assignment to the Chaplain Corps shall not be a collateral duty.
- "(3) APPOINTMENT; COMPENSATION.—The Director may appoint and fix the compensation of such staff of the Chaplain Corps as the Director considers appropriate, except that the Director may not provide basic pay to any member of the staff of the Chaplain Corps at an annual rate of basic pay in excess of the maximum rate of basic pay for grade GS-15 of the General Schedule under section 5332 of title 5, United States Code.
- "(4) NUMBER OF CHAPLAINS.—The ratio of chaplains of the Chaplain Corps to personnel of the Agency shall be, to the extent practicable, equal to the ratio of chaplains of the Armed Forces to members of the Armed Forces.
- "(5) QUALIFICATIONS OF CHAPLAINS.—Each chaplain of the Chaplain Corps shall—
- "(A) before being hired to the Chaplain Corps—
- "(i) have had experience in chaplaincy or the provision of pastoral care; and
- "(ii) be board certified and licensed as a chaplain by a national chaplaincy and pastoral care organization or equivalent; and

- "(B) maintain such certification while in the Chaplain Corps.
- "(e) ADMINISTRATION.—The Director shall—"(1) reimburse members of the staff of the Chaplain Corps for work-related travel expenses;
- "(2) provide security clearances, including one-time read-ins, to such members to ensure that personnel of the Agency can seek unrestricted chaplaincy counseling; and
- "(3) furnish such physical workspace at the headquarters building of the Agency, and outside the United States in each region of the regional missions centers of the Agency, as the Director considers appropriate.
- "(f) PRIVACY.—The Director shall implement privacy standards with respect to the physical workspaces of the Chaplain Corps to ensure privacy for individuals visiting such spaces.
- "(g) PROTECTION OF CHAPLAIN CORPS.—The Director may not require a chaplain of the Chaplain Corps to perform any rite, ritual, or ceremony that is contrary to the conscience, moral principles, or religious beliefs of such chaplain.
- "(h) CERTIFICATIONS TO CONGRESS.—Not less frequently than annually, the Director shall certify to Congress whether the chaplains of the Chaplain Corps meet the qualifications described in subsection (d)(5)(B)."

#### SEC. 314. PROHIBITION ON CONTRACTORS COL-LECTING OR SELLING LOCATION DATA OF INDIVIDUALS AT INTEL-LIGENCE COMMUNITY LOCATIONS.

- (a) Prohibition.—A contractor or subcontractor of an element of the intelligence community, as a condition on contracting with an element of the intelligence community, may not, while a contract or subcontract for an element of the intelligence community is effective—
- (1) collect, retain, or knowingly or recklessly facilitate the collection or retention of location data from phones, wearable fitness trackers, and other cellular-enabled or cellular-connected devices located in any covered location, regardless of whether service for such device is provided under contract with an element of the intelligence community, except as necessary for the provision of the service as specifically contracted; or
- (2) sell, monetize, or knowingly or recklessly facilitate the sale of, location data described in paragraph (1) to any individual or entity that is not an element of the intelligence community.
- (b) COVERED LOCATIONS.—For purposes of subsection (a), a covered location is any location described in section 202.222(a)(1) of title 28, Code of Federal Regulations, or successor regulations.
- (c) CERTIFICATION.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, each head of an element of the intelligence community shall require each contractor and subcontractor of the element to submit to the head a certification as to whether the contractor or subcontractor is in compliance with subsection (a).
- (d) TREATMENT OF CERTIFICATIONS.—The veracity of a certification under subsection (c) shall be treated as "material" for purposes of section 3729 of title 31, United States Code.

#### SEC. 315. TECHNICAL AMENDMENT TO PROCURE-MENT AUTHORITIES OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY.

Section 3(a) of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 3503(a)) is amended by striking "3069" and inserting "3066".

#### SEC. 316. THREAT BRIEFING TO PROTECT FED-ERAL RESERVE INFORMATION.

The Director of National Intelligence, in coordination with the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and in consultation with the relevant heads of the elements of the intelligence community, as determined by the Directors, shall brief the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System on foreign threats to the Federal Reserve System.

#### SEC. 317. PLAN TO ESTABLISH COMMERCIAL GEOSPATIAL INTELLIGENCE DATA AND SERVICES PROGRAM MANAGE-MENT OFFICE.

- (a) PLAN REQUIRED.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of the National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency and the Director of the National Reconnaissance Office, in consultation with the Director of National Intelligence and the Secretary of Defense, shall jointly develop and submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a plan to establish an office described in subsection (b).
- (b) Office Described.—An office described in this subsection is a co-located joint program management office for commercial geospatial intelligence data and services.
- (c) CONTENTS.—The plan required by subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) Milestones for implementation of the plan.
- (2) An updated acquisition strategy that considers efficiencies to be gained from closely coordinated acquisitions of geospatial intelligence data and services.
- (d) DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—In this section, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (1) the congressional intelligence committees:
- (2) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate: and
- (3) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

#### SEC. 318. INSPECTOR GENERAL REVIEW OF ADE-QUACY OF POLICIES AND PROCE-DURES GOVERNING USE OF COM-MERCIAL MESSAGING APPLICA-TIONS BY INTELLIGENCE COMMU-NITY.

- (a) REVIEW REQUIRED.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Inspector General of the Intelligence Community shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Homeland Security and Government Affairs and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate, and the Committee Oversight and Government Reform and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives on a review of the adequacy of policies and procedures governing the use of commercial messaging applications by the intelligence community.
- (b) CONTENTS.—The review required by subsection (a) shall include an assessment of compliance by the intelligence community with chapter 31 of title 44, United States Code (commonly known as the "Federal Records Act of 1950").
- (c) FORM.—The review required by subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

#### SEC. 319. AUTHORITY FOR NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY TO PRODUCE AND DISSEMI-NATE INTELLIGENCE PRODUCTS.

The National Security Agency Act of 1959 (50 U.S.C. 3602 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

#### "SEC. 23. AUTHORITY TO PRODUCE AND DISSEMI-NATE INTELLIGENCE PRODUCTS.

"The Director of the National Security Agency may correlate and evaluate intelligence related to national security and provide appropriate dissemination of such intelligence to appropriate legislative and executive branch customers."

## SEC. 320. PROHIBITING DISCRIMINATION IN THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act,

the Director of National Intelligence, in coordination with the head of each element of the intelligence community, shall revise all regulations, policies, procedures, manuals, circulars, courses, training, and guidance in the intelligence community such that all such materials are in compliance with and consistent with this section.

- (b) PROHIBITION.—None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by any law for the National Intelligence Program shall be used for the purposes of implementing covered practices in the intelligence community.
- (c) COVERED PRACTICE DEFINED.—In this section, the term "covered practice" means any practice that discriminates for or against any person in a manner prohibited by the Constitution of the United States, the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000 et seq.), or any other Federal law.

#### SEC. 321. ANNUAL REPORT ON FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION CASE DATA.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Title V of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3091 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 512 the following:

#### "SEC. 512A. ANNUAL REPORT ON FEDERAL BU-REAU OF INVESTIGATION CASE DATA.

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this section, and annually thereafter, the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate, and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives a report containing data on cases of the Federal Bureau of Investigation for the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year in which the report is submitted.
- "(b) ELEMENTS.—Each report required by subsection (a) shall include, for the fiscal year covered by the report, the number of active cases, the number of unique cases, and the number of cases opened, for each of the following:
  - "(1) Russia counterintelligence cases.
  - "(2) China counterintelligence cases.
  - "(3) Espionage or leak cases.
  - "(4) All other counterintelligence cases.
  - "(5) ISIS counterterrorism cases.
  - "(6) Hizballah counterterrorism cases
- "(7) Cartel and other transnational criminal organization counterterrorism cases.
- "(8) All other international counterterrorism cases.
  - "(9) Russia cyber national security cases.
- "(10) China cyber national security cases.
- "(11) All other cyber national security cases.
- "(c) FORM.—Each report required by subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.".
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents preceding section 2 of such Act is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 512 the following:
- "Sec. 512A. Annual report on Federal Bureau of Investigation case data.".

## TITLE IV—INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY EFFICIENCY AND EFFECTIVENESS

SEC. 401. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Intelligence Community Efficiency and Effectiveness Act of 2025".

#### SEC. 402. MODIFICATION OF RESPONSIBILITIES AND AUTHORITIES OF THE DIREC-TOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE.

(a) REPEAL OF SUNSETTED REQUIREMENT FOR SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT.—Subsection (c)(7) of section 102A of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3024) is amended by striking "(A) The Director" and all that follows through "(B) The Director" and inserting "The Director".

- (b) Repeal of Authority to Transfer Personnel to New National Intelligence CENTERS.—Such section is amended by striking subsection (e).
  (c) TASKING AND OTHER AUTHORITIES.
- (1) Repeal of authority to establish na-TIONAL INTELLIGENCE CENTERS: MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITY TO PRESCRIBE PERSONNEL POLI-CIES AND PROGRAMS.—Subsection (f) of such section is amended—
- (A) in paragraph (2), by striking "and and all that follows through "determay mines necessary"; and
  - (B) in paragraph (3)(A)-
- (i) in the matter preceding clause (i), by striking "consultation" and inserting ordination":
  - (ii) in clause (iii)—
- (I) by striking "recruitment and retention" and inserting "recruitment, retention, and training"; and
- (II) by striking the semicolon at the end and inserting ", including those with diverse ethnic, cultural, and linguistic backgrounds: and'
- (iii) in clause (vi), by inserting "on behalf of the Director of National Intelligence" after "matters";
- (iv) by striking clauses (i), (ii), (iv), and (v); and
- (v) by redesignating clauses (iii) and (vi) as clauses (i) and (ii), respectively.
- (2) ACCOUNTABILITY REVIEWS.—Paragraph (7) of such subsection is amended-
- (A) in subparagraph (A), by striking "conduct" and inserting "direct":
- (B) in subparagraph (B), by inserting "directed" before "under"; and
- (C) in subsection (C)(i), by striking "conducted" and inserting "directed".
- (3) Independent assessments and audits OF COMPLIANCE WITH MINIMUM INSIDER THREAT POLICIES.—Paragraph (8)(A) of such subsection is amended by striking "conduct" and inserting "direct independent"
- (4) Independent evaluations of counter-INTELLIGENCE, SECURITY, AND INSIDER THREAT PROGRAM ACTIVITIES.—Paragraph (8)(D) of such subsection is amended by striking "carry out" and inserting "direct indeand inserting pendent"
- (d) Repeal of Requirement for Enhanced PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT.—Such section is further amended by striking subsection (1).
- (e) Analyses and Impact Statements Re-GARDING PROPOSED INVESTMENT INTO THE UNITED STATES.—Subsection (z) of such section is amended-
- (1) in paragraph (1)—
- (A) by inserting ", or the head of an element of the intelligence community to whom the Director has delegated such review or investigation," after "for which the Direc-
- (B) by inserting "or such head" after "materials, the Director"; and
- (2) in paragraph (2), by inserting ", or the head of an element of the intelligence community to whom the Director has delegated such review or investigation," after "the Di-
- (f) Plan for Reform of Intelligence Com-MUNITY ACQUISITION PROCESS.
- (1) PLAN REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall, in consultation with each head of an element of the intelligence community, submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a plan to reform the acquisition process of each element of the intelligence community so that, to the maximum extent practicable, the process uses existing authorities to expedite acquisitions and includes a preference for acquisition of commercial solutions, con-

- sistent with section 3453 of title 10, United States Code, and Executive Order 14265 (90 Fed. Reg. 15621; relating to modernizing defense acquisitions and spurring innovation in the defense industrial base).
- (2) ITEMIZATION OF MAJOR PLANNED OR PEND-ING ACQUISITIONS.—The plan required by paragraph (1) shall include an itemization of major planned or pending acquisitions for each element of the intelligence community.
- (g) Conforming Amendments .
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Such section is further amended—
- redesignating subsections (f) (A) by through (k) as subsections (e) through (i), respectively;
- (B) by redesignating subsections (m) through (z) as subsections (k) through (x), respectively;
- (C) in subsection (e), as redesignated by subparagraph (A), in paragraph (7), by striking "under subsection (m)" and inserting under subsection (k)": and
- (D) in subsection (v)(3), as redesignated by subparagraph (B), by striking "under suband inserting "under subsection (f)(8)" section (e)(8)".
  - (2) External.
- (A) NATIONAL SECURITY ACT OF 1947 The National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3001 et seq.) is amended-
- 103(c)(15) (50 U.S.C. in section 3025(c)(15)), by striking ", including national intelligence centers"; and
- (ii) in section 313(1) (50 U.S.C. 3079(1)), by striking "with section 102A(f)(8)" and inserting "with section 102A(e)(8)"
- (B) REDUCING OVER-CLASSIFICATION ACT.-Section 7(a)(1)(A) of the Reducing Over-Classification Act (50 U.S.C. 3344(a)(1)(A)) is amended by striking "of section 102A(g)(1)" and inserting "of section 102A(f)(1)"
- (C) INTELLIGENCE REFORM AND TERRORISM PREVENTION ACT OF 2004.—Section 1019(a) of the Intelligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention Act of 2004 (50 U.S.C. 3364(a)) is amended by striking "out section 102A(h)" and inserting "out section 102A(g)"

#### SEC. 403. REFORMS RELATING TO THE OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTEL-LIGENCE.

- (a) PLAN FOR REDUCTION OF STAFF.
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a plan to reduce the staff of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence.
- (2) CONTENTS.—The plan required by paragraph (1) shall include a plan for reducing the staff of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence to the maximum number of full-time equivalent employees, detailees, and individuals under contract with the Office that the Director requires for the optimized execution of the Director's statutory authorities and ensures-
- (A) each Federal employee who is employed by, detailed to, or assigned to the Office of the Director of National Intelligence will be provided an opportunity to accept alternative employment, detail, or assignment within the United States Government: and
- (B) no such Federal employee will be involuntarily terminated by the implementation of the plan required by paragraph (1).
- ORDERLY REDUCTION IN STAFF OF THE OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTEL-
- (1) PROCESS.—On a date that is at least 90 days after the date on which the plan required by subsection (a)(1) is submitted, or 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, whichever is later, the Director of National Intelligence shall initiate a process to

- reduce the staff of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence, provided the Director submits to the congressional intelligence committees a certification that-
- (A) each Federal employee who is employed by, detailed to, or assigned to the Office of the Director of National Intelligence will be provided an opportunity to accept alternative employment, detail, or assignment within the United States Government; and
- (B) no such Federal employee will be involuntarily terminated by the implementation of such process, except as provided in subsection (c)(1).
- (2) INTERIM UPDATES.—Not later than 60 days after the date on which the plan required by subsection (a)(1) is submitted, and every 60 days thereafter until the staff of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence does not exceed the number of fulltime equivalent employees, detailees, and individuals under contract with the Office identified in the plan provided pursuant to subsection (a) the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a written update identifying the positions of the employees, detailees, and individuals under contract with the Office of the Director of National Intelligence who have been part of the reduction in staff.
- (c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed as prohibiting
- (1) the involuntarily termination of a Federal employee when there is-
- (A) written documentation to support a security, counterintelligence, or other lawful basis for termination based on misconduct: or
- (B) written documentation over a period of at least 180 days to support a performance basis for the termination; or
- (2) the return of detailers to their home agencies 45 days after the date on which the plan required by subsection (a)(1) is submitted.
- (d) LOCATION OF THE OFFICE.—Subsection (f) of such section is amended by inserting " with facilities necessary to carry out the core intelligence mission of the Office" before the period at the end.

#### SEC. 404. APPOINTMENT OF DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE AND ASSISTANT DIRECTORS OF NA-TIONAL INTELLIGENCE.

- (a) REDESIGNATION OF PRINCIPAL DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE AS DEP-UTY DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE.
- (1) IN GENERAL —Subsection (a) of section 103A of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3026) is amended-
- (A) in the subsection heading, by striking "PRINCIPAL"; and
- (B) by striking "Principal" each place it appears.
- (2) Conforming amendments.—Subsection (c) of such section is amended-
- (A) in the subsection heading, by striking 'PRINCIPAL''; and
- (B) in paragraph (2)(B), by striking "Principal'
- (3) Additional conforming amendment.-
- (A) NATIONAL SECURITY ACT OF 1947.—Such Act is further amended-
- (i) in section 103(c)(2) (50 U.S.C. 3025(c)(2)), by striking "Principal";
- section 103I(b)(1)U.S.C. 3034(b)(1)), by striking "Principal"
- (iii) in section 106(a)(2)(A) (50 U.S.C. 3041(a)(2)(A)), by striking "Principal"; and
- (iv) in section 116(b) (50 U.S.C. 3053(b)), by striking "Principal".
- (B) DAMON PAUL NELSON AND MATTHEW YOUNG POLLARD INTELLIGENCE AUTHORIZATION

ACT FOR FISCAL YEARS 2018, 2019, AND 2020.—Section 6310 of the Damon Paul Nelson and Matthew Young Pollard Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 2018, 2019, and 2020 (50 U.S.C. 3351b) is amended by striking "Principal" each place it appears.

(C) NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2022.—Section 1683(b)(3) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (50 U.S.C. 3373(b)(3)) is amended by striking "Principal" both places it appears.

(b) ELIMINATION OF DEPUTY DIRECTORS OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE AND ESTABLISHMENT OF ASSISTANT DIRECTORS OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 103A(b) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3026(b)) is amended—

(A) in the subsection heading, by striking "DEPUTY" and inserting "ASSISTANT";

(B) in paragraph (1), by striking "may" and all that follows through the period at the end and inserting the following: "is an Assistant Director of National Intelligence for Mission Integration and an Assistant Director of National Intelligence for Policy and Capabilities, who shall be appointed by the Director of National Intelligence."; and

(C) in paragraph (2), by striking "Deputy" and inserting "Assistant".

(2) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—The National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3001 et seq.) is amended—

(A) in section 102A(1)(4)(F) (50 U.S.C. 3024(1)(4)(F)), as redesignated by section 402(g)(1)(B), by striking "a Deputy" and inserting "an Assistant"; and

(B) in section 103(e) (50 U.S.C. 3025(e)), by striking paragraph (3).

(c) REFERENCES TO PRINCIPAL DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE IN LAW.—Any reference in law to the Principal Deputy Director of National Intelligence shall be treated as a reference to the Deputy Director of National Intelligence.

(d) CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—

(1) SECTION HEADING.—Section 103A of such Act (50 U.S.C. 3026) is further amended, in the section heading, by striking "DEPUTY DIRECTORS OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE" and inserting "DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE AND ASSISTANT DIRECTORS OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE".

(2) Table of contents.—The table of contents for such Act, in the matter preceding section 2 of such Act, is amended by striking the item relating to section 103A and inserting the following:

"Sec. 103A. Deputy Director of National Intelligence and Assistant Directors of National Intelligence.".

# SEC. 405. REFORM OF THE NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE COUNCIL AND NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE OFFICERS.

(a) DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES.—Subsection (c)(1) of section 103B of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3027) is amended—

(1) in subparagraph (A), by adding "or coordinate the production of" after "produce"; and

(2) in subparagraph (B), by striking "and the requirements and resources of such collection and production".

(b) STAFF.—Subsection (f) of such section is amended by striking "The" and inserting "Subject to section 103(d)(1), the".

#### SEC. 406. TRANSFER OF NATIONAL COUNTER-INTELLIGENCE AND SECURITY CEN-TER TO FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVES-TIGATION.

(a) PLAN FOR TRANSFERS.—

(1) DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—In this subsection, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—

(A) the congressional intelligence committees;

(B) the Committee on the Judiciary and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

(C) the Committee on the Judiciary and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

(2) PLAN REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence and the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall jointly submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a plan to achieve the transfer of—

(A) the National Counterintelligence and Security Center to the Counterintelligence Division of the Federal Bureau of Investigation: and

(B) the duties of the Director of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center to the Assistant Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation for Counterintelligence.

(b) Transfers.—

(1) Transfer of center.—On a date that is at least 180 days after the date on which the plan required by subsection (a) is submitted, or 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, whichever is later, the Director of National Intelligence shall initiate the transfer of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center to the Counterintelligence Division of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, including such staff and resources of the Center as the Director of National Intelligence, in coordination with the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, determines appropriate and as is consistent with the provisions of this section.

(2) Transfer of duties of director of the CENTER.—On a date that is at least 90 days after the date on which the plan required by subsection (a) is submitted, or 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, whichever is later, the Director of National Intelligence shall initiate the transfer to the Assistant Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation for Counterintelligence of such duties of the Director of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center as the Director of National Intelligence, in coordination with the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, determines appropriate and as is consistent with the provisions of this section.

(3) COMPLETION.—Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall complete the transfers initiated under paragraphs (1) and (2).

(c) REDUCTIONS IN STAFF.—Any reduction in staff of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center shall comply with the requirements of section 403(b).

(d) QUARTERLY REPORTS.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and every 90 days thereafter until the date specified in subsection (h), the Director of National Intelligence and the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall jointly submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives, the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate, and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives a report on the status of the implementation of this section, including—

(1) the missions and functions of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center that have been transferred to the Federal Bureau of Investigation;

(2) the missions and functions of such Center that have been retained at the Office of the Director of National Intelligence;

(3) the missions and functions of such Center that have been transferred to another department or agency; and

(4) the missions and functions of such Center that have been terminated.

(e) Repeal.

(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 103F of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3031) is repealed.

(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for such Act, in the matter preceding section 2 of such Act, is amended by striking the item relating to section 103F.

(f) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS TO COUNTER-INTELLIGENCE ENHANCEMENT ACT OF 2002.—

(1) Head of center.—Section 902 of the Counterintelligence Enhancement Act of 2002 (50 U.S.C. 3382) is amended—

(A) in the section heading, by striking "DIRECTOR" and inserting "HEAD";

(B) by striking subsection (a) and inserting the following:

"(a) HEAD OF CENTER.—The head of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center shall be the Assistant Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation for Counterintelligence or the Assistant Director's designee.":

(C) in subsection (b), by striking "the Director" and inserting "the individual serving as the head of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center"; and

(D) in subsection (c)-

(i) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking "Subject to the direction and control of the Director of National Intelligence, the duties of the Director" and inserting "The duties of the head of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center"; and

(ii) in paragraph (4), by striking "Director of National Intelligence" and inserting "Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation"

(2) NATIONAL COUNTERINTELLIGENCE AND SECURITY CENTER.—Section 904 of such Act (50 U.S.C. 3383) is amended—

(A) in subsection (a), by inserting "in the Counterintelligence Division of the Federal Bureau of Investigation" before the period at the end:

(B) in subsection (b), by striking "Director of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center" and inserting "Assistant Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation for Counterintelligence or the Assistant Director's designee":

(C) in subsection (c), by striking "Office of the Director of National Intelligence" and inserting "Counterintelligence Division of the Federal Bureau of Investigation";

(D) in subsection (e)-

(i) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking "Director of" and inserting "head of"; and

(ii) in paragraphs (2)(B), (4), and (5), by striking "Director of National Intelligence" each place it appears and inserting "Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation";

(E) in subsection (f)(3), by striking "Director" and inserting "head";

(F) in subsection (g)(2), by striking "Director" and inserting "head"; and

(G) in subsection (i), by striking "Office of the Director of National Intelligence" and inserting "Counterintelligence Division of the Federal Bureau of Investigation".

(g) Additional Conforming Amendments.—

(1) TITLE 5.—Section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking the item relating to the Director of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center.

(2) NATIONAL SECURITY ACT OF 1947.—The National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3001 et seq.) is amended—

(A) in section 103(c) (50 U.S.C. 3025(c)), by striking paragraph (9);

(B) in section 1107 (50 U.S.C. 3237)—

(i) in subsection (a), by striking "the Director" and inserting "the head"; and

- (ii) in subsection (c), by striking "the Director shall" and inserting "the head of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center shall"; and
  - (C) in section 1108 (50 U.S.C. 3238)-
- (i) in subsection (a), by striking "the Director" and inserting "the head"; and
- (ii) in subsection (c), by striking "the Director shall" and inserting "the head of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center shall".
- (3) DAMON PAUL NELSON AND MATTHEW YOUNG POLLARD INTELLIGENCE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEARS 2018, 2019, AND 2020.—The Damon Paul Nelson and Matthew Young Pollard Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 2018, 2019, and 2020 (division E of Public Law 116–92) is amended—
- (A) in section 6306(c)(6) (50 U.S.C. 3370(c)(6)), by striking "the Director" and inserting "the head"; and
- (B) in section 6508 (50 U.S.C. 3371d), by striking "Director of National Intelligence" both places it appears and inserting "Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation".
- (4) INTELLIGENCE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 1995.—Section 811 of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995 (50 U.S.C. 3381) is amended—
- (A) by striking "Director of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center" each place it appears and inserting "head of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center"; and
- (B) in subsection (b), by striking "appointed".
- (5) INTELLIGENCE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024.—
- (A) Section 7318.—Section 7318 of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (50 U.S.C. 3384) is amended—
  - (i) in subsection (c)-
- (I) in paragraph (1), by striking ", acting through the Director of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center,"; and
- (II) in paragraph (3), by striking "Director of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center" and inserting "Director of National Intelligence, as the Security Executive Agent,"; and
  - (ii) in subsection (d)—
- (I) in paragraph (1)—
- (aa) in subparagraph (A)(i), by striking "Director of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center" and inserting "Director of National Intelligence"; and
- (bb) in subparagraph (B), by striking "National Counterintelligence and Security Center" both places it appears and inserting "Federal Bureau of Investigation"; and
- (II) in paragraph (2)(A), by striking "Director of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center" and inserting "Director of National Intelligence".
- (B) SECTION 7334.—Section 7334(c)(2) of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (50 U.S.C. 3385(c)(2)) is amended by striking "Director of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center" and inserting "head of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center".
- (h) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on the date that is 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (i) REFERENCES IN LAW.—On and after the date that is 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, any reference to the Director of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center in law shall be treated as a reference to the Assistant Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation for Counterintelligence or the Assistant Director's designee acting on behalf of the Assistant Director as the head of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center.

- (j) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall preclude the Director of National Intelligence from determining that—
- (1) certain coordinating functions of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center shall be retained at the Office of the Director of National Intelligence consistent with the authorities of the Director under section 102A of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3024), transferred to another department or agency, or terminated; or
- (2) certain missions or functions of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center shall be transferred to another department or agency, or terminated.

# SEC. 407. REDESIGNATION AND REFORM OF NATIONAL COUNTERTERRORISM CENTER.

- (a) DOMESTIC COUNTERTERRORISM INTELLIGENCE.—Subsection (e) of section 119 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3056) is amended to read as follows:
- "(e) LIMITATION ON DOMESTIC ACTIVITIES.— The Center may, consistent with applicable law, the direction of the President, and the guidelines referred to in section 102A(b), receive and retain intelligence pertaining to domestic terrorism (as defined in section 2331 of title 18, United States Code) to enable the Center to collect, retain, and disseminate intelligence pertaining only to international terrorism (as defined in section 2331 of title 18, United States Code)."
- (b) REDESIGNATION OF NATIONAL COUNTER-TERRORISM CENTER AS NATIONAL COUNTER-TERRORISM AND COUNTERNARCOTICS CENTER.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Such section is further amended—
- (A) in the section heading, by striking "NATIONAL COUNTERTERRORISM CENTER" and inserting "NATIONAL COUNTERTERRORISM AND COUNTERNARCOTICS CENTER";
- (B) in subsection (b), in the subsection heading, by striking "NATIONAL COUNTERTERRORISM CENTER" and inserting "NATIONAL COUNTERTERRORISM AND COUNTERNARCOTICS CENTER"; and
- (C) by striking "National Counterterrorism Center" each place it appears and inserting "National Counterterrorism and Counternarcotics Center".
- (2) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for such Act, in the matter preceding section 2 of such Act, is amended by striking the item relating to section 119 and inserting the following:
- "Sec. 119. National Counterterrorism and Counternarcotics Center.".
- (c) Conforming Amendments.—
- (1) NATIONAL SECURITY ACT OF 1947.—Section 102A(g)(3) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3024(g)(3)) is amended by striking "National Counterterrorism Center" and inserting "National Counterterrorism and Counternarcotics Center".
- (2) HOMELAND SECURITY ACT OF 2002.—The Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 101 et seq.) is amended—
- (A) in section 201(d)(1) (6 U.S.C. 121(d)(1)), by striking "National Counterterrorism Center" and inserting "National Counterterrorism and Counternarcotics Center"; and
- (B) in section 210D (6 U.S.C. 124k)—
- (i) in subsections (b), (c), (d), (f)(1), (f)(2)(A), and (f)(2)(C), by striking "National Counterterrorism Center" each place it appears and inserting "National Counterterrorism and Counternarcotics Center"; and
- (ii) in subsection (f)(2)—
- (I) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking "Pursuant to section 119(f)(E) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 4040(f)(E)), the Director of the National Counterterrorism Center" and inserting "The Director of the National Counterterrorism and Counternarcotics Center"; and
- (II) in subparagraph (B), by striking "119(f)(E)" and inserting "119(f)".

- (3) INTELLIGENCE REFORM AND TERRORISM PREVENTION ACT OF 2004.—The Intelligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention Act of 2004 (Public Law 108-458) is amended by striking "National Counterterrorism Center" each place it appears and inserting "National Counterterrorism and Counternarcotics Center".
- (4) WILLIAM M. (MAC) THORNBERRY NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2021.—Section 1299F of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (22 U.S.C. 2656j) is amended by striking "Director of the National Counterterrorism Center" each place it appears and inserting "Director of the National Counterterrorism and Counternarcotics Center".
- (5) NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2008.—Section 1079 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (50 U.S.C. 3307) is amended by striking "Director of the National Counterterrorism Center" both places it appears and inserting "Director of the National Counterterrorism and Counternarcotics Center".
- (d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on the date that is 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
  - (e) References in Law.—
- (1) NATIONAL COUNTERTERRORISM CENTER.—On and after the date that is 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, any reference to the National Counterterrorism Center in law shall be treated as a reference to the National Counterterrorism and Counternarcotics Center, as redesignated by subsection (c).
- (2) DIRECTOR OF THE NATIONAL COUNTERTER-RORISM CENTER.—On and after the date that is 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, any reference to the Director of the National Counterterrorism Center in law shall be treated as a reference to the Director of the National Counterterrorism and Counternarcotics Center.

#### SEC. 408. TRANSFER OF NATIONAL COUNTERPRO-LIFERATION AND BIOSECURITY CEN-TER.

- (a) PLAN FOR TRANSFERS.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence and the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency shall jointly submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a plan to achieve the transfer of—
- (1) the National Counterproliferation and Biosecurity Center to the Central Intelligence Agency; and
- (2) the duties and responsibilities of the Director of the National Counterproliferation and Biosecurity Center to the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency.
  - (b) Transfers.—
- (1) TRANSFER OF CENTER.—On a date that is at least 90 days after the date on which the plan required by subsection (a) is submitted. or 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, whichever is later, the Director of Intelligence shall initiate the National transfer of the National Counterproliferation and Biosecurity Center to the Central Intelligence Agency, including such missions, objectives, staff, and resources of the Center as the Director of National Intelligence, in coordination with the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency, determines appropriate and as is consistent with the provisions of this section.
- (2) TRANSFER OF DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTOR OF THE CENTER.—On a date that is at least 90 days after the date on which the plan required by subsection (a) is

submitted, or 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, whichever is later, the Director of National Intelligence shall initiate the transfer to the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency of such duties and responsibilities of the Director of the National Counterproliferation and Biosecurity Center as the Director of National Intelligence, in coordination with the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency, determines appropriate and as is consistent with the provisions of this section.

- (3) COMPLETION.—Not later than 455 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall complete the transfers initiated under paragraphs (1) and (2).
- (c) REDUCTIONS IN STAFF.—Any reduction in staff of the National Counterproliferation and Biosecurity Center shall comply with the requirements of section 403(b).
- (d) QUARTERLY REPORTS.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and every 90 days thereafter until the date specified in subsection (i), the Director of National Intelligence and the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency shall jointly submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a report on the status of the implementation of this section, including-
- (1) the missions and functions of the National Counterproliferation and Biosecurity Center that have been transferred to the Central Intelligence Agency:
- (2) the missions and functions of such Center that have been retained at the Office of the Director of National Intelligence:
- (3) the missions and functions of such Center that have been transferred to another department or agency; and
- (4) the missions and functions of such Center that have been terminated.
- (e) Conforming Amendments.tional Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3001 et seq.) is amended—
- (1) in section 103(c) (50 U.S.C. 3025(c)), by striking paragraph (13); and
- (2) in subsection (a) of section 119A (50 U.S.C. 3057)-
- (A) in paragraph (2), by striking "the Director of the National Counterproliferation and Biosecurity Center, who shall be appointed by the Director of National Intelligence" and inserting "the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency or the Director's designee":
- (B) in paragraph (3), by striking "Office of the Director of National Intelligence" and inserting "Central Intelligence Agency"; and
- (C) by striking paragraph (4). (f) REPEAL OF NATIONAL SECURITY WAIVER AUTHORITY -Such section is further amended by striking subsection (c).
- (g) Repeal of Report Requirement.— Such section is further amended by striking subsection (d)
- (h) REPEAL OF SENSE OF CONGRESS.—Such section is further amended by striking subsection (e).
- EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect 455 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (j) REFERENCES IN LAW .- On and after the date that is 455 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, any reference to the Director of the National Counterproliferation and Biosecurity Center in law shall be treated as a reference to the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency acting as the head of the National Counterproliferation Center or the Director's designee pursuant to section 119A(a)(2) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3057(a)(2)), as amended by subsection (e)(2).

- (k) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this section shall preclude the Director of National Intelligence from determining
- (1) certain coordinating functions of the National Counterproliferation and Biosecurity Center shall be retained at the Office of the Director of National Intelligence consistent with the authorities of the Director under section 102A of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3024), transferred to another department or agency, or terminated; or
- (2) certain missions or functions of the National Counterproliferation and Biosecurity Center shall be transferred to another department or agency, or terminated.

#### SEC. 409. NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE FORCES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 119B of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3058) is amended to read as follows:

#### "SEC. 119B. NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE TASK FORCES.

- (a) AUTHORITY TO CONVENE.—The Director of National Intelligence may convene 1 or more national intelligence task forces, as the Director considers necessary, to address intelligence priorities.
- "(b) TASK FORCE AUTHORITIES.—Pursuant to the direction of the Director of National Intelligence, a national intelligence task force convened under subsection (a) may-
- "(1) be comprised of select employees of elements of the intelligence community, other than the Office of the Director of National Intelligence, as determined by the Director of National Intelligence to be necessary and appropriate for the task force;
- "(2) convene at the Office of the Director of National Intelligence for a limited time in support of a specific intelligence matter recognized by the Director; and
- "(3) be dissolved by the Director of National Intelligence not later than 540 days after the conclusion of support to a specific intelligence matter.
- (c) TRANSFER OF RESPONSIBILITY.—If the specific intelligence matter a national intelligence task force has been convened to support has not concluded within 540 days after the establishment of the task force, the Director shall transfer responsibility for supporting the intelligence matter to a specific element of the intelligence community.
- "(d) Compensation.—Employees of ments of the intelligence community participating in a national intelligence task force pursuant to subsection (b)(1) shall continue to receive compensation from their agency of employment.
  - "(e) CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION.
- "(1) NOTIFICATION REQUIRED.—In any case in which a national intelligence task force convened under subsection (a) is in effect for a period of more than 60 days, the Director of National Intelligence shall, not later than 61 days after the date of the convening of the task force, submit to the congressional intelligence committees notice regarding the task force.
- "(2) CONTENTS.—A notice regarding a national intelligence task force submitted pursuant to paragraph (1) shall include the following:
- "(A) The number of personnel of the intelligence community participating in the task force.
- "(B) A list of the elements of the intelligence community that are employing the personnel described in subparagraph (A).
- "(C) Identification of the specific intelligence matter the task force was convened to support.
- '(D) An approximate date by which the task force will be dissolved.".
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for such Act, in the matter pre-

ceding section 2 of such Act, is amended by striking the item relating to section 119B and inserting the following:

"Sec. 119B. National Intelligence Task Forces."

#### SEC. 410. REPEAL OF VARIOUS POSITIONS, UNITS, CENTERS, COUNCILS, AND OFFICES.

- (a) INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY CHIEF DATA OFFICER.-
- (1) REPEAL.—Title I of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3021 et seq.) is amended by striking section 103K (50 U.S.C. 3034b).
- (2) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 103G of such Act (50 U.S.C. 3032) is amended by striking subsection (d).
- (3) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for such Act, in the matter preceding section 2 of such Act, is amended by striking the item relating to section 103K.
- (b) Intelligence Community Innovation TINIT
- (1) TERMINATION.—The Director of National Intelligence shall take such actions as may be necessary to terminate and wind down the operations of the Intelligence Community Innovation Unit before the date specified in paragraph (3).
  - (2) Repeal.-
- (A) IN GENERAL —Title I of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3021 et seq.) is further amended by striking section 103L (50 U.S.C. 3034c).
- (B) CLERICAL AMENDMENT—The table of contents for such Act, in the matter preceding section 2 of such Act, is further amended by striking the item relating to section 103L.
- (3) EFFECTIVE DATE—The amendments made by this subsection shall take effect on the date that is 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (c) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT REGARDING EX-PIRED CLIMATE SECURITY ADVISORY COUN-CIL.-
- (1) REPEAL.—Title I of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3021 et seq.) is further amended by striking section 120 (50 U.S.C. 3060).
- (2) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 331 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117-81; 10 U.S.C. 113 note) is amended by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the following:
- '(2) The term 'climate security' means the effects of climate change on the following:
- "(A) The national security of the United States, including national security infrastructure.
- "(B) Subnational, national, and regional political stability.
- "(C) The security of allies and partners of the United States.
- "(D) Ongoing or potential political violence, including unrest, rioting, guerrilla warfare, insurgency, terrorism, rebellion, revolution, civil war, and interstate war."
- (3) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for such Act, in the matter preceding section 2 of such Act, is further amended by striking the item relating to section 120.
  - (d) Office of Engagement.-
- (1) TERMINATION.—The Director of National Intelligence shall take such actions as may be necessary to terminate and wind down the operations of the Office of Engagement before the date specified in paragraph (3).
  - (2) Repeal.
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Title I of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3021 et seq.) is further amended by striking section 122 (50 U.S.C. 3062).
- (B) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for such Act, in the matter preceding section 2 of such Act, is further amended by striking the item relating to section 122.

- (3) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this subsection shall take effect on the date that is 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (e) FRAMEWORK FOR CROSS-DISCIPLINARY EDUCATION AND TRAINING.—
- (1) REPEAL.—Subtitle A of title X of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3191 et seq.) is amended by striking section 1002 (50 U.S.C. 3192).
- (2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for such Act, in the matter preceding section 2 of such Act, is further amended by striking the item relating to section 1002.
- (f) JOINT INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY COUNCIL.—
- (1) TERMINATION.—The Joint Intelligence Community Council is terminated.
- (2) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Title I of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3021 et seq.) is amended by striking section 101A (50 U.S.C. 3022).
- (3) REPEAL OF REQUIREMENT TO CONSULT WITH JOINT INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY COUNCIL FOR NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE PROGRAM BUDGET.—Section 102A(c)(1)(B) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3024(c)(1)(B)) is amended by striking ", as appropriate, after obtaining the advice of the Joint Intelligence Community Council."
- (4) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for such Act, in the matter preceding section 2 of such Act, is amended by striking the item relating to section 101A.

#### TITLE V—MATTERS CONCERNING FOREIGN COUNTRIES

#### Subtitle A-Foreign Countries Generally

#### SEC. 501. DECLASSIFICATION OF INFORMATION RELATING TO ACTIONS BY FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS TO ASSIST PERSONS EVADING JUSTICE.

Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall, in coordination with the Director of National Intelligence, declassify, with any redactions necessary to protect intelligence sources and methods and to comply with provisions of Federal law relating to privacy, any information relating to whether foreign government officials have assisted or facilitated any citizen or national of their country in departing the United States while the citizen or national was under investigation or awaiting trial or sentencing for a criminal offense committed in the United States.

# SEC. 502. ENHANCED INTELLIGENCE SHARING RELATING TO FOREIGN ADVERSARY BIOTECHNOLOGICAL THREATS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act. the Director of National Intelligence, in consultation with such other heads of elements of the intelligence community as the Director considers appropriate, shall establish and submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate, and the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives a policy for streamlining the declassification or downgrading and sharing of intelligence information relating to biotechnological developments and threats in order to counter efforts by foreign adversaries to weaponize biotechnologies and biological weapons, including threats relating to military, industrial, agricultural, and health applications of biotechnology.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The plan required by subsection (a) shall include mechanisms for sharing the information described in such subsection—
- (1) with allies and partners;
- (2) with private sector partners; and
- (3) across the Federal Government.

(c) REPORTING.— Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for 2 years, the Director shall submit to the committees specified in subsection (a) a report on progress sharing information with recipients under subsection (b).

#### SEC. 503. THREAT ASSESSMENT REGARDING UN-MANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS AT OR NEAR THE INTERNATIONAL BOR-DERS OF THE UNITED STATES.

- (a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the "Border Drone Threat Assessment Act".
  - (b) DEFINITIONS.— In this section:
- (1) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—The term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (A) the congressional intelligence committees:
- (B) the congressional defense committees;
- (C) the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
- (D) the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Homeland Security, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
- (2) DIRECTOR.—The term "Director" means the Director of National Intelligence.
- (3) FOREIGN MALIGN INFLUENCE.—The term "foreign malign influence" has the meaning given such term in section 119B(f) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3059(f)).
- (4) MALIGN ACTOR.—The term "malign actor" means any individual, group, or organization that is engaged in foreign malign influence, illicit drug trafficking, or other forms of transnational organized crime.
- (5) Transnational organized crime.—The term "transnational organized crime" has the meaning given such term in section 284(i) of title 10, United States Code.
- (6) UNDER SECRETARY.—The term "Under Secretary" means the Under Secretary for Intelligence and Analysis of the Department of Homeland Security.
- (7) UNMANNED AIRCRAFT; UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEM.—The terms "unmanned aircraft" and "unmanned aircraft system" have the meanings given such terms in section 44801 of title 49. United States Code.
  - (c) THREAT ASSESSMENT.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director, the Under Secretary, and the heads of the other elements of the intelligence community, shall complete an assessment of the threat regarding unmanned aircraft systems at or near the international borders of the United States.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The threat assessment required under paragraph (1) shall include a description of—
- (A) the malign actors operating unmanned aircraft systems at or near the international borders of the United States, including malign actors who cross such borders:
- (B) how a threat is identified and assessed at or near the international borders of the United States, including a description of the capabilities of the United States Government to detect and identify unmanned aircraft systems operated by, or on behalf of, malign actors;
- (C) the data and information collected by operators of unmanned aircraft systems at or near the international borders of the United States, including how such data is used by malien actors:
- (D) the tactics, techniques, and procedures used at or near the international borders of the United States by malign actors with regard to unmanned aircraft systems, including how unmanned aircraft systems are acquired, modified, and utilized to conduct malicious activities, including attacks, surveil-

- lance, conveyance of contraband, and other forms of threats;
- (E) the guidance, policies, and procedures that address the privacy, civil rights, and civil liberties of persons who lawfully operate unmanned aircraft systems at or near the international borders of the United States; and
- (F) an assessment of the adequacy of current authorities of the United States Government to counter the use of unmanned aircraft systems by malign actors at or near the international borders of the United States.
- (d) Report.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after completing the threat assessment required under subsection (c), the Director and the Under Secretary shall jointly submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report containing findings with respect to such assessment.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The report required under paragraph (1) shall include a detailed description of the threats posed to the national security of the United States by unmanned aircraft systems operated by malign actors at or near the international borders of the United States.
- (3) FORM.—The report required under paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex, as appropriate.

#### SEC. 504. ASSESSMENT OF THE POTENTIAL EF-FECT OF EXPANDED PARTNERSHIPS AMONG WESTERN HEMISPHERE COUNTRIES.

- (a) DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—In this section, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (1) the congressional intelligence committees:
- (2) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate; and
- (3) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives.
- (b) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the National Intelligence Council shall—
- (1) conduct an assessment of the potential effect of expanding partnerships among countries in the western hemisphere; and
- (2) submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report on the findings of the National Intelligence Council regarding the assessment conducted pursuant to paragraph (1).
- (c) ELEMENTS.—The assessment required by subsection (b) shall include an assessment of the potential effect of expanding such partnerships on—
- (1) the illicit drug trade, human smuggling networks, and corruption in Latin America; and
- (2) the efforts of China to control global manufacturing.
- (d) FORM.—The report submitted pursuant to subsection (b)(2) shall be submitted in unclassified form and made available to the public, but may include a classified annex.

# Subtitle B—People's Republic of China SEC. 511. COUNTERING CHINESE COMMUNIST

#### SEC. 511. COUNTERING CHINESE COMMUNIST PARTY EFFORTS THAT THREATEN EUROPE.

(a) STRATEGY REQUIRED.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President, acting through the National Security Council, shall develop an interagency strategy to counter the efforts of the Chinese Communist Party to expand its economic, military, and ideological influence in Europe.

- (b) ELEMENTS.—The strategy required by subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) An assessment of the current efforts by the intelligence community to brief members of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization on intelligence and influence activities by the Chinese Communist Party in Europe, including the following:
- (A) Any support by the Chinese Communist Party to the economy and defense industrial base of the Russian Federation.
- (B) Any provision of lethal assistance to the Russian army by the Chinese Communist Party.
- (C) Any cyber operations by the Chinese Communist Party to gain the ability to remotely shut down critical infrastructure in Europe.
- (D) Any influence operations by the Chinese Communist Party to sway European public opinion.
- (E) Any use by the Chinese Communist Party of economic coercion and weaponization of economic ties to members of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization for political gain.
- (2) A strategic plan to counter the influence of the Chinese Communist Party in Europe that includes proposals for actions by the United States, including the following:
- (A) Robust intelligence sharing with European allies in the areas described in paragraph (1), and an identification of additional capabilities and resources needed for such intelligence sharing.
- (B) Engagement with European allies regarding coordinated sanctions and export control actions, including compliance with existing and future sanctions and export controls, designed to deter and undermine the ongoing support of the People's Republic of China for the defense industrial base of the Russian Federation.
- (C) Actions required by the United States Government to support United States and allied country businesses to provide competitive alternatives to Chinese bids in the following European sectors:
  - (i) Energy
  - (ii) Telecommunications.
  - (iii) Defense
  - (iii) Defense (iv) Finance.
  - (v) Ports and other critical infrastructure.
- (D) Assistance to European governments in passing legislation or enforcing regulations that protect European academic institutions, think tanks, research entities, and nongovernmental organizations from efforts by the United Front Work Department of the Chinese Communist Party to normalize talking points and propaganda of the Chinese Communist Party.
- (E) Any other action the President determines is necessary to counter the Chinese Communist Party in Europe.
  - (c) Submission to Congress.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after the date on which the President completes development of the strategy required by subsection (a), the President shall submit the strategy to the appropriate committees of Congress.
- (2) DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—In this subsection, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (A) the congressional intelligence committees;
- (B) the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Finance, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

- (C) the Committee on Homeland Security, the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Financial Services, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
- SEC. 512. PROHIBITION ON INTELLIGENCE COM-MUNITY CONTRACTING WITH CHI-NESE MILITARY COMPANIES EN-GAGED IN BIOTECHNOLOGY RE-SEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, OR MANU-FACTURING.
  - (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) 1260H LIST.—The term "1260H list" means the list of Chinese military companies operating in the United States most recently submitted under section 1260H(b)(1) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (10 U.S.C. 113 note; Public Law 116–283).
- (2) AFFILIATE.—The term "affiliate" means an entity that directly or indirectly controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with another entity.
- (3) BIOTECHNOLOGY.—The term "biotechnology" means the use of biological processes, organisms, or systems for manufacturing, research, or medical purposes, including genetic engineering, synthetic biology, and bioinformatics.
- (b) PROHIBITION.—Subject to subsections (d) and (e), a head of an element of the intelligence community may not enter into, renew, or extend any contract for a good or service with—
- (1) any entity listed on the 1260H list that is engaged in biotechnology research, development, manufacturing, or related activities:
- (2) any entity that is an affiliate, subsidiary, or parent company of a biotechnology company included on the 1260H list:
- (3) any entity that has a known joint venture, partnership, or contractual relationship with a biotechnology company included on the 1260H list, where such relationship presents a risk to national security as determined by the Director of National Intelligence; or
- (4) any entity that is engaged in biotechnology research, development, manufacturing, or related activities and deemed to be a threat to national security as determined by the Director.
- (c) IMPLEMENTATION AND COMPLIANCE.—The Director of National Intelligence shall—
- (1) establish guidelines for determining affiliation and contractual relationships under this section:
- (2) maintain a publicly available list of biotechnology companies and affiliates with whom contracting is prohibited under subsection (b):
- (3) require that each head of an element of the intelligence community ensure that the contractors and subcontractors engaged by the element certify that they are not engaged in a contract for a good or service with an entity included on the 1260H list that is engaged in biotechnology research, development, manufacturing, or a related activity; and
- (4) conduct regular audits to ensure compliance with subsection (b).
- (d) WAIVER AUTHORITY.—
  (1) IN GENERAL.—The Director of National Intelligence may waive the prohibition under subsection (b) for a procurement on a case-by-case basis if the Director deter-
- mines, in writing, that—
  (A) the procurement is essential for national security and no reasonable alternative source exists: and
- (B) appropriate measures are in place to mitigate risks associated with the procurement.
- (2) CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION.—For each waiver for a procurement issued under sub-

- section (b), the Director shall, not later than 30 days after issuing the waiver, submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a notice of the waiver, which shall include a justification for the waiver and a description of the risk mitigation measures implemented for the procurement.
- (e) EXCEPTIONS.—The prohibitions under subsection (b) shall not apply to—
- (1) the acquisition or provision of health care services overseas for—
- (A) employees of the United States, including members of the uniformed services (as defined in section 101(a) of title 10, United States Code), whose official duty stations are located overseas or who are on permissive temporary duty travel overseas; or
- (B) employees of contractors or subcontractors of the United States—
- (i) who are performing under a contract that directly supports the missions or activities of individuals described in subparagraph (A); and
- (ii) whose primary duty stations are located overseas or who are on permissive temporary duty travel overseas; or
- (2) the acquisition, use, or distribution of human multiomic data, lawfully compiled, that is commercially or publicly available.
- (f) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section shall take effect on the date that is 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (g) SUNSET.—The provisions of this section shall terminate on the date that is 10 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

#### SEC. 513. REPORT ON THE WEALTH OF THE LEAD-ERSHIP OF THE CHINESE COM-MUNIST PARTY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act. and not later than 180 days following the appointment of a new Central Committee within the Chinese Communist Party, the Director of National Intelligence, in consultation with the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Defense, shall post on a publicly available website of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence and submit to the Select Committee on Intelligence and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives a report on the wealth of the leadership of the Chinese Communist Party.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The report required under subsection (a) shall include the following elements:
- (1) A detailed assessment of the personal wealth, financial holdings, and business interests of the following foreign persons, including the immediate family members of such persons:
- (A) The General Secretary of the Chinese Communist Party.
- $\left( B\right)$  Members of the Politburo Standing Committee.
  - (C) Members of the full Politburo.
- (2) Evidence of physical and financial assets owned or controlled directly or indirectly by such officials and their immediate family members, including, at a minimum—
- (A) real estate holdings inside and outside the People's Republic of China, including the Special Administrative Regions of Hong Kong and Macau;
- (B) any high-value personal assets; and
- (C) business holdings, investments, and financial accounts held in foreign jurisdictions.
- (3) Identification of financial proxies, business associates, or other entities used to obscure the ownership of such wealth and assets, including as a baseline those referenced in the March 2025 report issued by the Office

- of the Director of National Intelligence entitled, "Wealth and Corrupt Activities of the Leadership of the Chinese Communist Party".
- (4) Nonpublic information related to the wealth of the leadership of the Chinese Communist Party, to the extent possible consistent with the protection of intelligence sources and methods.
- (c) FORM.—The report posted and submitted under subsection (a) shall be in unclassified form, but the version submitted to the Select Committee on Intelligence and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives may include a classified annex as necessary.
- (d) SUNSET.—This section shall have no force or effect 5 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (e) Definitions.—In this section:
- (1) IMMEDIATE FAMILY MEMBER.—The term "immediate family member", with respect to a foreign person, means—
  - (A) the spouse of the person;
- (B) the natural or adoptive parent, child, or sibling of the person;
- (C) the stepparent, stepchild, stepbrother, or stepsister of the person;
- (D) the father-, mother-, daughter-, son-, brother-, or sister-in-law of the person;
- (E) the grandparent or grandchild of the person; and
- person; and

  (F) the spouse of a grandparent or grandchild of the person.
- (2) INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.—the term "intelligence community" has the meaning given such term in section 3(4) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003(4)).

#### SEC. 514. ASSESSMENT AND REPORT ON INVEST-MENTS BY THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA IN THE AGRICULTURE SECTOR OF BRAZIL.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) AGRICULTURE SECTOR.—The term "agriculture sector" means any physical infrastructure, energy production, land, or other inputs associated with the production of agricultural commodities (as defined in section 102 of the Agricultural Trade Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5602)).
- (2) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—The term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (A) the congressional intelligence committees:
- (B) the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate; and
- (C) the Committee on Agriculture and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives.
- (b) Assessment Required.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence, in consultation with the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Agriculture, shall assess the extent of investment by the People's Republic of China in the agriculture sector of Brazil.
- (2) Considerations.—The assessment shall consider the following:
- (A) The extent to which President Xi Jinping has engaged in or directed engagement with Brazilian leadership with regard to the agriculture sector of Brazil.
- (B) The extent of engagement between the Government of the People's Republic of China and the agriculture sector of Brazil.
- (C) The strategic intentions of the engagement or direction of President Xi, if any, to invest in the agriculture sector of Brazil.
- (D) The number of entities based in or owned by the People's Republic of China invested in the agriculture sector of Brazil, including joint ventures with Brazilian-owned companies.

- (E) The impacts to the supply chain, global market, and food security of investment in or control of the agriculture sector in Brazil by the People's Republic of China.
- (c) Report Required.
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report detailing the assessment required by subsection (b).
- (2) FORM.—The report required by paragraph (2) shall be submitted in unclassified form but may include a classified annex.

#### SEC. 515. IDENTIFICATION OF ENTITIES THAT PROVIDE SUPPORT TO THE PEO-PLE'S LIBERATION ARMY.

- (a) DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—In this section, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (1) the congressional intelligence committees:
- (2) the congressional defense committees;
- (3) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate; and
- (4) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives.
- (b) IN GENERAL.—The Director of National Intelligence shall identify the businesses, academic and research institutions, and other entities in the People's Republic of China that provide support to the People's Liberation Army, including—
- (1) for national defense or military modernization, including the development, application, or integration of civilian capabilities for military, paramilitary, or security purposes:
- (2) for the development, production, testing, or proliferation of weapons systems, critical technologies, or dual-use items, as defined under applicable United States law (including regulations); or
- (3) academic, scientific, or technical collaboration that materially contributes to or supports any of the activities described in paragraphs (1) through (3).
- (c) SUBMISSION OF LIST TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a list of each entity identified under subsection (b).

#### SEC. 516. ESTABLISHING A CHINA ECONOMICS AND INTELLIGENCE CELL TO PUB-LISH CHINA ECONOMIC POWER RE-PORT.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Assistant Secretary of State for Intelligence and Research and the Assistant Secretary of the Treasury for Intelligence and Analysis (referred to in this section as the "Assistant Secretaries") shall establish a joint cell to be known as the "China Economics and Intelligence Cell".
- (b) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the China Economics and Intelligence Cell, in coordination with other elements of the intelligence community and Federal agencies, as the Assistant Secretaries determine appropriate, shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives a report on economic and technological developments involving the People's Republic of China.
- (c) ELEMENTS.—The report required by subsection (b) shall include the following:
- (1) An assessment of the economic goals and strategies, financial capabilities, and current and future technological developments used by the People's Republic of China to become the dominant economic, technological, and military power in the world.

- (2) An assessment of efforts by the People's Republic of China during the preceding year to acquire technology from the United States and United States allies, to increase dependence of the United States on the economy of the People's Republic of China, and to distort global markets and harm the economy of the United States through predatory, non-market practices.
- (3) An assessment of plans and efforts by the People's Republic of China to leverage and weaponize the economic power of the country, including access to markets, manufacturing capacity, and use of trade and investment ties, to coerce the United States and United States allies to make concessions on economic security and national security matters.
- (4) An appendix that lists any Chinese entity that is—
- (A) included on the Entity List maintained by the Department of Commerce and set forth in Supplement No. 4 to part 744 of the Export Administration Regulations under subchapter C of chapter VII of title 15, Code of Federal Regulations:
- (B) included on the Unverified List maintained by the Department of Commerce and set forth in Supplement No. 6 to part 744 of the Export Administration Regulations:
- (C) included on the list of specially designated nationals and blocked persons maintained by the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the Department of the Treasury (commonly known as the "SDN list"):
- (D) included on the Non-SDN Chinese Military-Industrial Complex Companies List maintained by the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the Department of the Treasury pursuant to Executive Order 13959 (50 U.S.C. 1701 note; relating to addressing the threat from securities investments that finance communist Chinese military companies):
- (E) designated by the Secretary of State as a foreign terrorist organization pursuant to section 219 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1189);
- (F) identified by the Secretary of Defense under section 1260H(a) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283; 10 U.S.C. 113 note) as a Chinese military company operating directly or indirectly in the United States; or
- (G) included on a list maintained under clause (i), (ii), (iv), or (v) of section 2(d)(2)(B) of the Act entitled "An Act to ensure that goods made with forced labor in the Xinjiang Autonomous Region of the People's Republic of China do not enter the United States market, and for other purposes", approved December 23, 2021 (Public Law 117-78; 22 U.S.C. 6901 note) (commonly referred to as the "Uvghur Forced Labor Prevention Act").
- (d) USE OF INFORMATION.—In preparing the report required by subsection (b), the Assistant Secretaries, in coordination with the Director of National Intelligence, shall use all available source intelligence and strive to declassify information included in the report.
- (e) FORM.—The report required by subsection (b) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.
- (f) PUBLIC AVAILABILITY.—The unclassified portion of the report required by subsection (b) shall be made available to the public.

# SEC. 517. MODIFICATION OF ANNUAL REPORTS ON INFLUENCE OPERATIONS AND CAMPAIGNS IN THE UNITED STATES BY THE CHINESE COMMUNIST PARTY.

Section 1107 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3237) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a)—
- (A) by striking "Director of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center" and inserting "Director of National Intelligence, in coordination with the Director of

the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency, the Director of the National Security Agency, and any other head of an element of the intelligence community the Director of National Intelligence considers relevant,"; and

- (B) by inserting "the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate, the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives, after "congressional intelligence committees"
- (2) in subsection (b)-
- (A) by redesignating paragraph (10) as paragraph (12); and
- (B) by inserting after paragraph (9) the following:
- '(10) A listing of provincial, municipal, or other law enforcement institutions, including police departments, in the People's Republic of China associated with establishing or maintaining a Chinese police presence in the United States.
- '(11) A listing of colleges and universities in the People's Republic of China that conduct military research or host dedicated military initiatives or laboratories.";
  - (3) by striking subsection (c); and
- (4) by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (c).

#### Subtitle C-The Russian Federation SEC. 521. ASSESSMENT OF RUSSIAN DESTA-BILIZATION EFFORTS.

Section 1234(b) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283; 134 Stat. 3936) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

"(27) An assessment of the efforts by Russia to undermine or destabilize the national or economic security of the United States or members of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization, including plans or attempts by Russia to conduct sabotage, including damage to infrastructure, or acts of arson or vandalism.'

#### Subtitle D-Other Foreign Countries

#### SEC. 531. PLAN TO ENHANCE COUNTER-NARCOTICS COLLABORATION, CO-ORDINATION. AND COOPERATION ORDINATION, AND COOPERATION WITH THE GOVERNMENT OF MEX-

- (a) REQUIREMENT FOR INTELLIGENCE COMMU-NITY ELEMENTS.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act. the head of each element of the intelligence community shall submit to the Director of National Intelligence the following:
- (1) A description and assessment of the intelligence community element's direct relationship, if any, with any element of the Government of Mexico, including an assessment of the counterintelligence risks of such relationship.
- (2) A strategy to enhance counternarcotics cooperation and appropriate coordination with each element of the Government of Mexico with which the intelligence community element has a direct relationship.
- (3) Recommendations and a description of the resources required to efficiently and effectively implement the strategy required by paragraph (2) in furtherance of the national interest of the United States.
- (b) REQUIREMENT FOR DIRECTOR OF NA-TIONAL INTELLIGENCE.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives the following:
- (1) The submissions received by the Director pursuant to subsection (a).
- (2) An action plan to enhance counternarcotics collaboration, coordination, and cooperation with the Government of Mexico,

including recommendations or requests for any changes in authorities or resources in order to effectuate the plan effectively in fiscal year 2026.

- (c) FORM.
- (1) Submissions from intelligence commu-NITY ELEMENTS.—The submissions required by subsection (b)(1) shall be submitted to the relevant committees in the same form in which they were submitted to the Director of National Intelligence.
- (2) ACTION PLAN.—The submission required by subsection (b)(2) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified

#### SEC. 532. ENHANCING INTELLIGENCE SUPPORT TO COUNTER FOREIGN ADVERSARY INFLUENCE IN SUDAN.

Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency shall, in consultation with such other heads of elements of the intelligence community as the Director considers appropriate, develop a plan-

- (1) to share relevant intelligence, if any, relating to foreign adversary efforts to influence the conflict in Sudan, with regional allies and partners of the United States, including to downgrade or declassify such intelligence as needed; and
- (2) to counter foreign adversary efforts to influence the conflict in Sudan in order to protect national and regional security

#### SEC. 533. UKRAINE LESSONS LEARNED WORKING GROUP.

Section 6413(e) of the Intelligence Authorization Act of 2025 (division F of Public Law 118-159) is amended-

- (1) by redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (4); and
- (2) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following new paragraph (3):
- "(3) Evaluate which lessons should be shared with Taiwan to assist Taiwan's acquisitions decisions and capability development."

#### SEC. 534. IMPROVEMENTS TO REQUIREMENT FOR MONITORING OF IRANIAN ENRICH-MENT OF URANIUM-235.

Paragraph (1) of section 7413(b) of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31; 22 U.S.C. 8701 note) is amended-

- (1) by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3);
- (2) in paragraph (1), by striking "assesses that the Islamic Republic of Iran has produced or possesses any amount of uranium-235 enriched to greater than 60 percent purity or has engaged in significant enrichment activity," and inserting "makes a finding described in paragraph (2) pursuant to an assessment,"; and
- (3) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following:
- "(2) FINDING DESCRIBED.—A finding described in this paragraph is a finding that the Islamic Republic of Iran has-
- "(A) produced or possesses any amount of uranium-235 enriched to greater than 60 percent purity;
- "(B) engaged in significant enrichment activity; or
- "(C) made the decision to produce a nuclear weapon from highly enriched uranium."

#### SEC. 535, DUTY TO WARN UNITED STATES PER-SONS THREATENED BY IRANIAN LE-THAL PLOTTING.

- (a) Definitions.—In this section:
- (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMIT-TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means-
- (A) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Select Committee on Intelligence, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate; and

- (B) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence, the Committee on Homeland Security, and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives.
- (2) IRANIAN PROXY.—The term "Iranian proxy" means any entity receiving support from the Government of the Islamic Republic of Iran or the Iranian Revolutionary Guard Corps, including-
  - (A) Hizballah;
  - (B) Ansar Allah;
  - (C) Hamas; and
- (D) Shia militia groups in Iraq and Syria. (3) UNITED STATES PERSON.—The term "United States person" means—
- (A) a United States citizen:
- (B) a national of the United States: or
- (C) an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence to the United States.
- (b) IN GENERAL.—Upon collecting or acquiring credible and specific information indicating an impending threat of intentional killing, serious bodily injury, or kidnapping directed at a United States person by the Islamic Republic of Iran or an Iranian proxy, an element of the intelligence community must immediately notify the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and, if the intended victim is under protection of a government entity, any persons responsible for protecting that individual of such informa-
- (c) Warning; Transmission to Congress.— Not later than 48 hours after receiving a notification pursuant to subsection (b), the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall-
- (1) warn the intended victim, or any persons responsible for protecting the intended victim, of the impending threat;
- (2) inform the agencies with a protective mission of the information, consistent with the protection of sources and methods; and
- (3) provide the information received pursuant to subsection (b) to the appropriate congressional committees, consistent with the protection of sources and methods.
- (d) RILLE OF CONSTRUCTION -Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit any duty to warn already in effect, including under Intelligence Community Directive 191 (relating to duty to warn) and any policies or procedures issued in accordance with such directive.

#### TITLE VI-EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES SEC. 601. INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY TECH-NOLOGY BRIDGE PROGRAM.

- (a) Definitions.—In this section:
- (1) Nonprofit organization.—The term "nonprofit organization" means an organization that is described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and that is exempt from tax under section 501(a) of such Code
- (2) WORK PROGRAM.—The term "work program" means any agreement between In-Q-Tel and a third-party company, where such third-party company furnishes or is furnishing a product or service for use by any government customer of In-Q-Tel to address the technology needs or requirements of such customer.
- (b) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM —There is established in the Office of the Director of National Intelligence a program to be known as the "Intelligence Community Technology Bridge Program" (in this subsection referred to as the "Program") to assist in the transitioning of products or services from the research and development phase to the prototype or production phase, subject to the extent and in such amounts as specifically provided in advance in appropriations Acts for such purposes.
  - (c) Provision of Assistance.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (3), the Director shall, in consultation with In-Q-

- Tel, carry out the Program by providing assistance to a business or nonprofit organization that is transitioning a product or service to the prototype or production phase, as a means of advancing government acquisitions of the product or service.
- (2) Types of Assistance under paragraph (1) may be provided in the form of a grant or a payment for a product or service.
- (3) REQUIREMENTS FOR ASSISTANCE.—Assistance may be provided under paragraph (1) to a business or nonprofit organization that is transitioning a product or service only if—
- (A) the business or nonprofit organization—
- (i) has participated or is participating in a work program; or
- (ii) is engaged with an element of the intelligence community or Department of Defense for research and development; and
- (B) the Director of National Intelligence or the head of an element of the intelligence community attests that the product or service will be utilized by an element of the intelligence community for a mission need, such as because it would be valuable in addressing a needed capability, fill or complement a technology gap, or increase the supplier base or price competitiveness for the Federal Government.
- (4) PRIORITY FOR SMALL BUSINESS CONCERNS AND NONTRADITIONAL DEFENSE CONTRACTORS.—In providing assistance under paragraph (1), the Director shall limit the provision of assistance to small business concerns (as defined under section 3(a) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632(a))) and nontraditional defense contractors (as defined in section 3014 of title 10, United States Code).
  - (d) Administration of Program.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Program shall be administered by the Director of National Intelligence.
- (2) CONSULTATION.—In administering the Program, the Director—
- (A) shall consult with the heads of the elements of the intelligence community; and
- (B) may consult with In-Q-Tel, the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency, Intelligence Advanced Research Projects Activity, National Laboratories intelligence community laboratories, the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Investment Fund, the Defense Innovation Unit, and such other entities as the Director deems appropriate.
- (e) SEMIANNUAL REPORTS.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—Not later than September 30, 2026, and not less frequently than twice each fiscal year thereafter in which amounts are available for the provision of assistance under the Program, the Director shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a report on the Program.
- (2) CONTENTS.—Each report submitted pursuant to paragraph (1) shall include, for the period covered by the report, information about the following:
- (A) How much was expended or obligated by the Program in the provision of assistance under subsection (c).
- (B) For what the amounts were expended or obligated.
- (C) The effects of such expenditures and obligations, including a timeline for expected milestones for operational use.
- (D) A summary of annual transition activities and outcomes of such activities for the intelligence community.
- (E) A description of why products and services were chosen for transition, including a description of milestones achieved.
- (3) FORM.—Each report submitted pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be submitted in un-

- classified form, but may include a classified annex
- (f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There is authorized to be appropriated to the Office of the Director of National Intelligence to carry out the Program \$75,000,000 for fiscal year 2026.

## SEC. 602. ENHANCING BIOTECHNOLOGY TALENT WITHIN THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall establish a policy for how existing and future funding and resources of the intelligence community can be directed to ensure the intelligence community has sufficient cleared personnel, including private sector experts, to identify and respond to biotechnology threats.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The policy required by subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) The exact number of personnel dedicated to biotechnology issues apart from biological weapons, including military, industrial, agricultural, and healthcare threats, in each element of the intelligence community as of the date on which the report is submitted, including staff breakdowns by position function.
  - (2) An assessment on the following:
- (A) Where additional full-time employees or detailees are appropriate.
- (B) How to increase partnerships with other government and private sector organizations, including the National Laboratories (as defined in section 2 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 15801)), including how existing funding and resources of the intelligence community can be directed to secure such expertise, including appropriate security clearances.
- (C) How to better use special hiring authorities to accomplish the goal described in subsection (a).
- (D) How to increase recruitment and retention of biotechnology talent.
- (c) IMPLEMENTATION AND REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the establishment of the policy required by subsection (a), the Director of National Intelligence shall—
- (1) direct the funding and resources described in subsection (b)(2)(B) towards securing sufficient expertise to identify and respond to biotechnology threats; and
- (2) submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a report on additional funding and resources needed to carry out subsection (b)(2).

# SEC. 603. ENHANCED INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY SUPPORT TO SECURE UNITED STATES GENOMIC DATA.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Director of National Intelligence, in consultation with such other heads of elements of the intelligence community as the Director considers appropriate, shall provide support to and consult with the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Committee on Foreign Investment in the United States, and other government agencies as appropriate when reviewing transactions relating to the acquisition of covered entities by foreign entities, including attempts by the Government of the People's Republic of China—
- (1) to leverage and acquire biological and genomic data in the United States; and
- (2) to leverage and acquire biological and genomic data outside the United States, including by providing economic support to the military, industrial, agricultural, or healthcare infrastructure of foreign countries of concern.
- (b) ASSESSMENT.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act,

- the Director of National Intelligence shall brief the appropriate congressional committees on—
- (1) a formal process for ensuring intelligence community support to Federal agencies relating to adversary acquisition of genomic data, in compliance with Executive Order 14117 (50 U.S.C. 1701 note; relating to preventing access to Americans' bulk sensitive personal data and United States Government-related data by countries of concern), or any successor order; and
- (2) any additional resources or authorities needed to conduct subsequent intelligence assessments under such subsection.
  - (c) Definitions.—In this section:
- (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the congressional intelligence committees;
  - (B) the congressional defense committees;
- (C) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate: and
- (D) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives.
- (2) BIOLOGICAL DATA.—The term "biological data" means information, including associated descriptors, derived from the structure, function, or process of a biological system, that is either measured, collected, or aggregated for analysis, including information from humans, animals, plants, or microbes.
- (3) COVERED ENTITY.—The term "covered entity" means a private entity involved in genomic data (including genomic data equipment, technologies, sequencing, or synthesis), including a biobank or other private entity that holds large amounts of genomic or biological data.
- (4) FOREIGN ENTITY OF CONCERN.—The term "foreign entity of concern" has the meaning given that term in section 10612(a) of the Research and Development, Competition, and Innovation Act (42 U.S.C. 19221(a)).

# SEC. 604. ENSURING INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY PROCUREMENT OF DOMESTIC UNITED STATES PRODUCTION OF SYNTHETIC DNA AND RNA.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence, in consultation with such other heads of elements of the intelligence community as the Director considers appropriate, shall establish a policy to ensure that elements of the intelligence community may not contract with Chinese biotechnology suppliers that are determined by the Director to pose a security threat.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The policy required by subsection (a) shall include that an element of the intelligence community may not procure or obtain any product made using synthetic DNA or RNA unless—
- (1) the final assembly or processing of the product occurs in the United States:
- (2) all significant processing of the product occurs in the United States; and
- (3) all or nearly all ingredients or components of the product are made and sourced in the United States.
- (c) WAIVER.—The Director of National Intelligence may waive the application of the policy required by subsection (a) to allow purchases prohibited by such policy if the purpose of such a purchase fulfills a national security need.
- (d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) CHINESE BIOTECHNOLOGY SUPPLIER.—The term "Chinese biotechnology supplier" means a supplier of biotechnology that is organized under the laws of, or otherwise subject to the jurisdiction of, the People's Republic of China.

(2) SYNTHETIC DNA OR RNA.—The term "synthetic DNA or RNA" means any nucleic acid sequence that is produced de novo through chemical or enzymatic synthesis.

#### SEC. 605. REPORT ON IDENTIFICATION OF INTEL-LIGENCE COMMUNITY SITES FOR ADVANCED NUCLEAR TECH-NOLOGIES.

- (a) DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—In this section, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (1) the congressional intelligence committees:
- (2) the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, and the Committee on Environment and Public Works of the Senate: and
- (3) the Committee on Energy and Commerce and the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives.
- (b) REPORT ON IDENTIFICATION OF SITES .-Not later than 240 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall in consultation with such heads of elements of the intelligence community as the Director considers necessary, and in coordination with efforts of the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Energy, submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report identifying 1 or more sites which could benefit from secure, resilient energy through the deployment of advanced nuclear technologies. ranging from 1 to 100 megawatts, at minimum, which deployment would be to serve in whole or in part the facility, structure, infrastructure, or part thereof for which a head of an element of the intelligence community has financial or maintenance responsibility.
- (c) PLANS.—The report submitted pursuant to subsection (b) shall include plans to ensure—
- (1) prioritizing early site preparation and licensing activities for deployment of advanced nuclear technologies with a goal of beginning advanced nuclear technology deployment at any identified site not later than 3 years after the date of the enactment of this Act;
- (2) the ability to authorize an identified site to interconnect with the commercial electric grid, in accordance with the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2011 et seq.), if the head of the element responsible for the reactor deployment determines that such interconnection enhances national security; and
- (3) fuel for the advanced nuclear technologies operated at identified sites is not subject to obligations (as defined in section 110.2 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations, or successor regulations).

#### SEC. 606. ADDRESSING INTELLIGENCE GAPS RE-LATING TO CHINA'S INVESTMENT IN UNITED STATES-ORIGIN BIO-TECHNOLOGY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence, in coordination with the officials specified in subsection (b), shall submit to the President, the congressional intelligence committees, and the congressional defense committees a strategy for addressing intelligence gaps relating to—
- (1) investment activity by the People's Republic of China in the biotechnology sector of the United States;
- (2) acquisition of intellectual property relating to United States-origin biotechnology by entities of the People's Republic of China; and
- (3) any authorities or resources needed to address the gaps outlined in paragraphs (1) and (2).

- (b) OFFICIALS SPECIFIED.—The officials specified in this paragraph are the following: (1) The Director of the Central Intelligence Agency.
- (2) The Assistant Secretary of the Treasury for Intelligence and Analysis.
- (3) The Director of the Defense Intelligence
- (4) The Director of the Office of Intelligence and Counterintelligence of the Department of Energy.
- (5) The Assistant Secretary of State for Intelligence and Research.
- (6) The heads of such other elements of the intelligence community as the Director of National Intelligence considers appropriate.

#### SEC. 607. ADDITIONAL FUNCTIONS AND REQUIRE-MENTS OF ARTIFICIAL INTEL-LIGENCE SECURITY CENTER.

Section 6504 of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (division F of Public Law 118–159) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (c)—
- (A) by redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (4); and
- (B) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following new paragraph (3):
- "(3) Making available a research test bed to private sector and academic researchers, on a subsidized basis, to engage in artificial intelligence security research, including through the secure provision of access in a secure environment to proprietary third-party models with the consent of the vendors of the models.";
- (2) by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (f); and
- (3) by inserting after subsection (c) the following:
- "(d) Test Bed Requirements.—
- "(1) ACCESS AND TERMS OF USAGE.-
- "(A) RESEARCHER ACCESS.—The Director shall establish terms of usage governing researcher access to the test bed made available under subsection (c)(3), with limitations on researcher publication only to the extent necessary to protect classified information or proprietary information concerning third-party models provided through the consent of model vendors.
- "(B) AVAILABILITY TO FEDERAL AGENCIES.— The Director shall ensure that the test bed made available under subsection (c)(3) is also made available to other Federal agencies on a cost-recovery basis.
- "(2) USE OF CERTAIN INFRASTRUCTURE AND OTHER RESOURCES.—In carrying out subsection (c)(3), the Director shall coordinate with the Secretary of Energy to leverage existing infrastructure and other resources associated with the National Artificial Intelligence Research Resource.
- "(e) ACCESS TO PROPRIETARY MODELS.—In carrying out this section, the Director shall establish such mechanisms as the Director considers appropriate, including potential contractual incentives, to ensure the provision of access to proprietary models by qualified independent third-party researchers if commercial model vendors have voluntarily provided models and associated resources for such testing.".

#### SEC. 608. ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE DEVELOP-MENT AND USAGE BY INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.

- (a) IDENTIFICATION OF COMMONLY USED ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE SYSTEMS AND FUNCTIONS THAT CAN BE RE-USED BY OTHER ELEMENTS.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Chief Information Officer of the Intelligence Community shall, in coordination with the Chief Artificial Intelligence Officer of the Intelligence Community, identify commonly used artificial intelligence systems or functions that have the greatest potential for re-use by intelligence community elements.
- (b) SHARING OF IDENTIFIED APPLICATIONS AND FUNCTIONS.—Except as explicitly prohib-

ited by a contractual obligation, and to the extent consistent with the protection of intelligence sources and methods, for any artificial intelligence system or function identified pursuant to subsection (a), each Chief Artificial Intelligence Officer of an element of the intelligence community shall adopt a policy to promote the sharing of any custom-developed code, including models and model weights, whether agency-developed or procured, with other elements of the intelligence community that rely on common artificial intelligence systems or functions.

#### (c) Contracts.—

- (1) RIGHTS TO FEDERAL DATA AND IMPROVEMENTS.—Each head of an element of the intelligence community shall take such steps as the Chief Information Officer of the element determines appropriate, to ensure that contracts to which the element is a party provide for the retention of sufficient rights to all Federal data and the retention of the rights to any improvement to that data, including the continued design, development, testing, and operation of an artificial intelligence system.
- (2) LIMITATIONS ON RE-USE OF DERIVED INFORMATION.—Each head of an element of the intelligence community shall consider contractual terms that protect Federal information used by vendors in the development and operation of artificial intelligence products and services procured by the element, including limitations on the re-use of derived information for products or services sold to foreign governments by such vendors.
- (3) LIMITATIONS ON USE OF DATA TO TRAIN OR IMPROVE COMMERCIAL OFFERINGS.—Each head of an element of the intelligence community shall include terms in the contracts in which the elements are parties to protect intelligence community data from being used to train or improve the functionality of a vendor's commercial offerings without express permission from the head.
- (d) Model Contract Terms.—The Chief Information Officer of the Intelligence Community shall provide the elements of the intelligence community with model contractual terms for consideration by the heads of those elements to prevent vendor lock-in, as well as the adoption of procurement practices that encourage competition to sustain a robust marketplace for artificial intelligence products and services, including through contractual preferences for interoperable artificial intelligence products and services.
- (e) TRACKING AND EVALUATING PERFORMANCE.—Each head of an element of the intelligence community shall track and evaluate performance of procured and element-developed artificial intelligence by—
- (1) documenting known capabilities and limitations of the artificial intelligence system and any guidelines on how the artificial intelligence is intended to be used:
- (2) documenting provenance of the data used to train, fine-tune, or operate the artificial intelligence system;
- (3) conducting ongoing testing and validation on artificial intelligence system performance, the effectiveness of vendor artificial intelligence offerings, and associated risk management measures, including by testing in real-world conditions;
- (4) assessing for overfitting to known test data, ensuring that artificial intelligence developers or vendors are not directly relying on the test data to train their artificial intelligence systems;
- (5) considering contractual terms that prioritize the continuous improvement, performance monitoring, and evaluation of effectiveness of procured artificial intelligence:

- (6) stipulating conditions for retraining or decommissioning artificial intelligence models; and
- (7) requiring sufficient post-award monitoring and evaluation of effectiveness of the artificial intelligence system, where appropriate in the context of the product or service acquired.

#### SEC. 609. HIGH-IMPACT ARTIFICIAL INTEL-LIGENCE SYSTEMS.

- (a) DEFINITION OF USE CASE.—In this section, the term "use case", with respect to an artificial intelligence system, means the specific mission being performed through the use of an artificial intelligence system.
- (b) GUIDANCE REGARDING DEFINITIONS OF HIGH-IMPACT ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall issue guidance to the heads of elements of the intelligence community to ensure consistency and accuracy in each element's interpretation of the definition of high-impact artificial intelligence systems and high-impact artificial intelligence use cases to apply to each element's respective missions.
- (c) INVENTORY OF HIGH-IMPACT ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE USE CASES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Each head of an element of the intelligence community shall maintain an annual inventory of high-impact artificial intelligence use cases, including detailed information on the specific artificial intelligence systems associated with such uses.
- (2) SUBMITTAL TO CONGRESS.—Not less frequently than once each year, each head of an element of the intelligence community shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees the inventory maintained by the head pursuant to paragraph (1).
- (d) GUIDANCE TO MAINTAIN MINIMUM STANDARDS.—The Director of National Intelligence shall, in coordination with the heads of the elements of the intelligence community, issue guidance to ensure elements of the intelligence community utilizing high-impact artificial intelligence systems or executing high-impact artificial intelligence use cases maintain minimum standards for the following:
  - (1) Whistleblower protections.
- (2) Risk management practices and policies.
- (3) Performance expectations to ensure high-impact artificial intelligence systems or high-impact artificial intelligence use cases are subject to policies that ensure they continue to perform as expected over time or be discontinued, including—
- (A) continuous monitoring;
- (B) independent testing by a reviewer or team of reviewers within the element that have not been involved in the development or procurement of such artificial intelligence system; and
- (C) cost analyses, supported by a summary of direct costs associated and expected savings, if applicable, relative to existing or feasible human-led alternatives.
- (4) Pre-deployment requirements to ensure high-impact artificial intelligence systems or high-impact artificial intelligence use cases document—
- (A) the advantages and risks of using such capability, to include appropriate legal and policy safeguards;
- (B) the cost of operating such a capability; (C) a schedule to ensure such capability is periodically reevaluated for efficacy and per-
- (D) the oversight and compliance mechanisms in place for reviewing the use and output of such capability.

formance: and

(5) Policies to ensure appropriate human oversight and training.

#### SEC. 610. APPLICATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTEL-LIGENCE POLICIES OF THE INTEL-LIGENCE COMMUNITY TO PUBLICLY AVAILABLE MODELS USED FOR IN-TELLIGENCE PURPOSES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 6702 of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (50 U.S.C. 3334m) is amended—
- (1) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (e);
- (2) by inserting after subsection (b) the following:
- "(c) APPLICATION OF POLICIES TO PUBLICLY AVAILABLE MODELS USED FOR INTELLIGENCE PURPOSES.—In carrying out subsections (a) and (b), the Director shall ensure that the policies established under such subsections apply to the greatest extent possible to artificial intelligence models generally available to the public in any context in which they are used for an intelligence purpose and hosted in classified environments.
- ''(d) COMMON TESTING STANDARDS AND BENCHMARKS.—
- "(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Chief Artificial Intelligence Officer of the Intelligence Community, or any provider of common concern designated by the Director of National Intelligence, shall establish standards for testing of artificial intelligence models, including common benchmarks and methodologies for the performance of artificial intelligence models across common use cases, including targeting, machine translation, object detection, and object recognition. Benchmarks and methodologies shall establish higher performance standards for any high-impact artificial intelligence use case, including any artificial intelligence system task whose output (directly or indirectly) could serve as an input for a lethal application.
- "(2) IDENTIFICATION OF COMPUTING MODEL.—
  The Chief Artificial Intelligence Officer of
  the Intelligence Community shall convene
  the Intelligence Community Chief Artificial
  Intelligence Officer Council to identify an
  appropriate computing environment, at a
  level (or multiple levels) of classification
  deemed appropriate, for elements of the intelligence community to engage in testing
  and evaluation of models prior to acquisition" and
  - (3) by adding at the end the following:
- "(f) LIMITATION.—Under the policies established pursuant to subsection (a)(1), no office or employee of the intelligence community may direct or pressure a vendor or prospective vendor to alter a model to favor a particular viewpoint in a manner that would limit its ability to serve as a neutral, nonpartisan tool that prioritizes accuracy.
  - "(g) Definitions.—
- "(1) INTELLIGENCE PURPOSE DEFINED.—In this section, the term 'intelligence purpose' means the collection, analysis, or other mission-related intelligence activity.
- "(2) GUIDANCE REGARDING DEFINITIONS OF HIGH-IMPACT ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this subsection, the Director of National Intelligence shall issue guidance to the heads of elements of the intelligence community to ensure consistency and accuracy in each element's interpretation of the definition of high-impact artificial intelligence systems and high-impact artificial intelligence use cases to apply to each element's respective missions."
- (b) UPDATES.—The Director shall make such revisions to Intelligence Community Directive 505 (relating to Artificial Intelligence) and other relevant documents as the Director considers necessary to ensure compliance with subsection (c) of section 6702 of such Act, as added by subsection (a).

#### SEC. 611. REVISION OF INTERIM GUIDANCE RE-GARDING ACQUISITION AND USE OF FOUNDATION MODELS.

- (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that the evaluation of training data, methods of labeling data, and model weights pertaining to artificial intelligence systems being considered for use by an element of the intelligence community does not constitute collection by such element of the intelligence community.
- (b) IN GENERAL.—The Director of National Intelligence, in coordination with the Attorney General, shall revise the interim guidance of the intelligence community entitled "Regarding the Acquisition and Use of Foundation Models" to include the following:
- (1) Guidance stipulating that the consideration by an element of the intelligence community of acquisition of a foundation model should involve consideration of the data upon which the model was trained on. Any element of the intelligence community evaluating whether to acquire a foundation model for a potential intelligence use shall request or otherwise lawfully gather pertinent information on sources of training data and methods of data labeling, including any functions carried out by third party vendors, in order to make informed decisions on what mitigation practices or other relevant dissemination, usage, or retention measures may be applicable to that element's future adoption of the foundation model under consideration.
- (2) Guidance stipulating that each element of the intelligence community shall to the greatest extent practicable avoid use of publicly available models found to contain information obtained unlawfully by a model vendor.

# SEC. 612. STRATEGY ON INTELLIGENCE COORDINATION AND SHARING RELATING TO CRITICAL AND EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES.

- (a) DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—In this section, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (1) the congressional intelligence committees:
- (2) the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
- (3) the Committee on Homeland Security and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
- (b) STRATEGY.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall develop a strategy for—
- (1) coordinating the collection, processing, analysis, and dissemination of intelligence relating to critical and emerging technologies across the intelligence community; and
- (2) the appropriate sharing of such intelligence with other Federal departments and agencies with responsibilities for regulation, innovation and research, science, public health, export control and screenings, and Federal financial tools.
- (c) REPORT.—Not later than 30 days after the development of the strategy required by subsection (b), the Director shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a copy of the strategy.

# TITLE VII—CLASSIFICATION REFORM, SECURITY CLEARANCES, AND WHISTLE-BLOWERS

## SEC. 701. NOTIFICATION OF CERTAIN DECLASSIFICATIONS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Title VIII of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3161 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following: "SEC. 806. NOTIFICATION OF CERTAIN DECLASSIFICATIONS.
- ''(a) NOTIFICATION TO CONGRESS BY DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.-Immediately upon declassifying, downgrading, or directing the declassification or downgrading of information or intelligence relating to intelligence sources, methods, or activities pursuant to section 3.1(c) of Executive Order 13526 (50 U.S.C. 3161 note; relating to classified national security information), or any successor order, the Director of National Intelligence, or the Principal Deputy Director of National Intelligence, as delegated by the Director of National Intelligence, shall notify the congressional intelligence committees and the Archivist of the United States in writing of such declassification, downgrading, or direction.
- "(2) CONTENTS.—Each notification required by paragraph (1) shall include a copy of the information that has been, or has been directed to be, declassified or downgraded.
- "(b) Notification to Congress by Agency Head.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Immediately upon the declassification of information pursuant to section 3.1(d) of Executive Order 13526, or any successor order, the head, or senior official, of a relevant element of the intelligence community, shall notify the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate, the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform of the House of Representatives, and the Archivist of the United States in writing of such declassification.
- "(2) CONTENTS.—Each notification required by paragraph (1) shall include a copy of the information that has been declassified.".
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3001 et seq.) is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 805 the following:
- "Sec. 806. Notification of certain declassifications.".

# SEC. 702. ELIMINATION OF CAP ON COMPENSATORY DAMAGES FOR RETALIATORY REVOCATION OF SECURITY CLEARANCES AND ACCESS DETERMINATIONS.

Section 3001(j)(4)(B) of the Intelligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention Act of 2004 (50 U.S.C. 3341(j)(4)(B)) is amended, in the second sentence, by striking "not to exceed \$300.000".

#### SEC. 703. REFORMS RELATING TO INACTIVE SE-CURITY CLEARANCES.

- (a) Extension of Period of Inactive Secu-RITY CLEARANCES —The Director of National Intelligence shall review and evaluate the feasibility of updating personnel security standards and procedures governing eligibility for access to sensitive compartmented information and other controlled access program information and security adjudicative guidelines for determining eligibility for access to sensitive compartmented information and other controlled access program information to determine whether individuals who have been retired or otherwise separated from employment with the intelligence community for a period of not more than 5 years and who was eligible to access classified information on the day before the individual retired or otherwise separated, could, as a matter of policy, be granted eligibility by the Director to access classified information
- (1) there is no indication the individual no longer satisfies the standards established for access to classified information:
- (2) the individual certifies in writing to an appropriate security professional that there has been no change in the relevant information provided for the last background investigation of the individual; and
- (3) an appropriate record check reveals no unfavorable information.

- (b) Feasibility and Advisability Assessment.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall conduct an assessment of the feasibility and advisability of subjecting inactive security clearances to continuous vetting and due diligence.
- (2) FINDINGS.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director shall provide to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate, and the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform of the House of Representatives the findings from the assessment conducted pursuant to paragraph (1).

# SEC. 704. STUDY ON PROTECTION OF CLASSIFIED INFORMATION RELATING TO BUDGET FUNCTIONS.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the congressional intelligence committees;
- (B) the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
- (C) the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform, the Committee on Financial Services, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
- (2) COVERED OFFICIAL.—The term "covered official" means the following:
  - (A) The Secretary of the Treasury
- (B) The Director of the Office of Management and Budget.
- (C) Each head of an element of the intelligence community.
- (D) Any other head of a department or agency of the Federal Government carrying out a function specified in paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of subsection (a).
- (3) FEDERAL FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT SERV-ICE FUNCTIONS.—The term "Federal financial management service functions" means standard functions, as determined by the Secretary of the Treasury, that departments and agencies of the Federal Government perform relating to Federal financial management, including budget execution, financial information management, payable management, revenue management, reimbursable management, receivable management, delinquent debt management, cost management, general ledger management, financial reconciliation, and financial and performance reporting.
- (4) NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE PROGRAM.—The term "National Intelligence Program" has the meaning given such term in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 2002)
- (b) STUDY REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a study outlining the feasibility of and cost associated with the department or agency of a covered official using secure systems that meet the requirements to protect classified information, including with respect to the location at which the system is located or accessed, to carry out any of the following activities of the department or agency:
- (1) Formulating, developing, and submitting the budget of the department or agency (including the budget justification materials submitted to Congress) under the National Intelligence Program.

- (2) Apportioning, allotting, issuing warrants for the disbursement of, and obligating and expending funds under the National Intelligence Program.
- (3) Carrying out Federal financial management service functions or related activities of the intelligence community.
- (c) FORM.—The study required by subsection (b) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

#### SEC. 705. REPORT ON EXECUTIVE BRANCH AP-PROVAL OF ACCESS TO CLASSIFIED INTELLIGENCE INFORMATION OUT-SIDE OF ESTABLISHED REVIEW PROCESSES.

- (a) REPORTS REQUIRED.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate, and the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform of the House of Representatives a report on approvals of interim security clearances or other access to classified intelligence information that does not satisfy the investigative and adjudicative standards established under Executive Order 12968 (50 U.S.C. 3161 note; relating to access to classified information) for covered individuals issued during the preceding calendar year. The first report under this paragraph shall include information for each of the calendar years 2017 through the calendar year in which this Act is enacted.
- (2) CONTENTS.—Each report required by paragraph (1) shall include—
- (A) the number of such approvals, disaggregated by sponsoring agency, duration of access, and level of security clearance or access:
- (B) the investigative and adjudicative process conducted, if any, for each such level of security clearance or access;
- (C) a categorization of the justifications supporting such approvals, and the number of approvals in each category; and
- (D) the disposition of such approvals, disaggregated by the number of instances in which access was terminated, continued, or resulted in completion of a process satisfying investigative and adjudicative standards required by Executive Order 12986.
- (b) COVERED INDIVIDUAL DEFINED.—In this section, the term "covered individual" means an individual who—
- (1) is an employee or contractor of the intelligence community; or
- (2) has been granted access to the facilities or information of the intelligence community.

#### SEC. 706. WHISTLEBLOWER PROTECTIONS RE-LATING TO PSYCHIATRIC TESTING OR EXAMINATION.

- (a) In General.—Section 1104(a)(3) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3234(a)(3)), as amended by section 803(a)(1), is further amended—
- (1) in subparagraph (J), by striking "; or" and inserting a semicolon;
- (2) by redesignating subparagraph (K) as subparagraph (L); and
- (3) by inserting after subparagraph (J) the following:
- "(K) a decision to order psychiatric testing or examination; or".
- (b) APPLICATION.—The amendments made by this section shall apply with respect to matters arising under section 1104 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3234) on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.

## TITLE VIII—ANOMALOUS HEALTH INCIDENTS

#### SEC. 801. STANDARD GUIDELINES FOR INTEL-LIGENCE COMMUNITY TO REPORT AND DOCUMENT ANOMALOUS HEALTH INCIDENTS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall, in coordination with such heads of elements of the intelligence community as the Director considers appropriate, develop and issue standard guidelines for personnel of the intelligence community to report and properly document anomalous health incidents.
- (b) CONFORMITY WITH DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE GUIDELINES.—In developing the standard guidelines required by subsection (a), the Director shall ensure that such standard guidelines are as similar as practicable to guidelines issued by the Secretary of Defense for personnel of the Department of Defense to report and properly document anomalous health incidents.
- (c) SUBMISSION.—Not later than 10 days after the date on which the Director issues the standard guidelines required by subsection (a), the Director shall provide the congressional intelligence committees with the standard guidelines, including a statement describing the implementation of such standard guidelines, how the standard guidelines differ from those issued by the Secretary, and the justifications for such differences.

# SEC. 802. REVIEW AND DECLASSIFICATION OF INTELLIGENCE RELATING TO ANOMALOUS HEALTH INCIDENTS.

- (a) REVIEW.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, shall initiate a review of holdings of the intelligence community regarding anomalous health incidents.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The review initiated pursuant to paragraph (1) shall cover the following:
- (A) Reports of anomalous health incidents affecting personnel of the United States Government and dependents of such personnel.
- (B) Reports of other incidents affecting personnel of the United States Government that have known causes that result in symptoms similar to those observed in anomalous health incidents.
- (C) Information regarding efforts by foreign governments to covertly develop or deploy weapons and technology that could cause any or all symptoms observed in reported anomalous health incidents.
- (D) Assessment of the success of the intelligence community in detecting clandestine weapons programs of foreign governments.
- (b) DECLASSIFICATION.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director shall perform a declassification review of all intelligence relating to anomalous health incidents reviewed pursuant to subsection (a).
  - (c) Publication.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall provide for public release of a declassified report that contains all information declassified pursuant to the declassification review required by subsection (b) on the website of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence.
- (2) FORM OF REPORT.—The report required by paragraph (1) may include only such redactions as the Director determines necessary to protect sources and methods and information of United States persons.

#### TITLE IX—OTHER MATTERS

#### SEC. 901. DECLASSIFICATION OF INTELLIGENCE AND ADDITIONAL TRANSPARENCY MEASURES RELATING TO THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC.

Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall, in coordination with the heads of such Federal agencies as the Director considers appropriate—

- (1) perform a declassification review of intelligence relating to research conducted at the Wuhan Institute of Virology or any other medical or scientific research center within the People's Republic of China, on coronaviruses, including—
- (A) information relating to Gain of Function research and the intention of this research:
- (B) information relating to sources of funding or direction for research on coronaviruses, including both sources within the People's Republic of China and foreign sources; and
- (C) the names of researchers who conducted research into coronaviruses, as well as their current locations of employment:
- (2) perform a declassification review of intelligence relating to efforts by government officials of entities of the People's Republic of China—
- (A) to disrupt or obstruct information sharing or investigations into the origins of the coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) pandemic:
- (B) to disrupt the sharing of medically significant information relating to the transmissibility and potential harm of SARS-CoV-2 to humans, including—
- (i) efforts to limit the sharing of information with the United States Government;
- (ii) efforts to limit the sharing of information with the governments of allies and partners of the United States; and
- (iii) efforts to limit the sharing of information with the United Nations and World Health Organization:
- (C) to obstruct or otherwise limit the sharing of information between national, provincial, and city governments within the People's Republic of China and between subnational entities within the People's Republic of China and external researchers;
- (D) to deny the sharing of information with the United States, allies and partners of the United States, or multilateral organizations, including the United Nations and the World Health Organization:
- (E) to pressure or lobby foreign governments, journalists, medical researchers, officials of the United States Government, or officials of multilateral organizations (including the United Nations and the World Health Organization) with respect to the source, scientific origins, transmissibility, or other attributes of the SARS-CoV-2 virus or the COVID-19 pandemic:
- (F) to disrupt government or private-sector efforts to conduct research and development of medical interventions or countermeasures for the COVID-19 pandemic, including vaccines; and
- (G) to promote alternative narratives regarding the origins of COVID-19 as well as the domestic Chinese and international response to the COVID-19 pandemic;
- (3) provide for public release a declassified report that contains all appropriate information described under paragraphs (1) and (2) and which includes only such redactions as the Director determines necessary to protect sources and methods and information of United States persons; and
- (4) submit to the congressional intelligence committees an unredacted version of the declassified report required under paragraph (3)

#### SEC. 902. COUNTERINTELLIGENCE BRIEFINGS FOR MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) COVERED INDIVIDUAL.—The term "covered individual" has the meaning given such term in section 989(h) of title 10, United States Code.
- (2) GOVERNMENTS OR COMPANIES OF CONCERN.—The term "governments or companies of concern" means a government described in subparagraph (A) of section 989(h)(2) of title 10, United States Code, or a company, entity, or other person described in subparagraph (B) of such section.
- (b) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary of Defense for Intelligence and Security shall issue appropriate policy to require the military departments to conduct counterintelligence briefings for members of the Armed Forces as part of the process required by section 989(c) of title 10, United States Code.
- (c) ELEMENTS.—Each briefing provided under subsection (b) shall provide members of the Armed Forces—
- (1) with awareness of methods commonly used by governments and companies of concern to solicit and learn from covered individuals sensitive military techniques, tactics, and procedures of the Armed Forces:
- (2) recommended practices for covered individuals to avoid a covered activity that could subject the members to civil or criminal penalties;
- (3) the contact information for the counterintelligence authorities to whom covered individuals should report attempted recruitment or a related suspicious contact; and
- (4) an overview of the prohibition and penalties under subsections (a) and (c) of section 989 of title 10, United States Code.
- (d) Provision of Briefings at Certain Trainings.—The Under Secretary may mandate the briefings required by subsection (b) during the trainings required by Department of Defense Directive 5240.06 (relating to counterintelligence awareness and reporting), or successor document.

### SEC. 903. POLICY TOWARD CERTAIN AGENTS OF FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS.

Section 601 of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1985 (Public Law 98–618; 98 Stat. 3303) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a), by striking "It is the sense of the Congress" and inserting "It is the policy of the United States";
- (2) by redesignating subsections (b) through (d) as subsections (d) through (f), respectively; and
- (3) by inserting after subsection (a) the following new subsections:
- "(b) The Secretary of State, in negotiating agreements with foreign governments regarding reciprocal privileges and immunities of United States diplomatic personnel, shall consult with the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the Director of National Intelligence in achieving the statement of policy in subsection (a).
- "(c) Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this subsection, and annually thereafter for 5 years, the Secretary of State, the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the Select Committee on Intelligence, the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence, the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a report on each foreign government that—
- "(1) engages in intelligence activities within the United States harmful to the national security of the United States; and
- "(2) possesses numbers, status, privileges and immunities, travel accommodations, and

facilities within the United States that exceed the respective numbers, status, privileges and immunities, travel accommodations, and facilities within such country of official representatives of the United States to such country."

# SEC. 904. TOUR LIMITS OF ACCREDITED DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR PERSONNEL OF CERTAIN NATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Select Committee on Intelligence, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
- (B) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
- (2) COVERED NATION.—The term "covered nation" means—
  - (A) the People's Republic of China;
  - (B) the Russian Federation;
- (C) the Islamic Republic of Iran;
- (D) the Democratic People's Republic of Korea; and
- (E) the Republic of Cuba.
- (b) IN GENERAL.—Accredited diplomatic and consular personnel of covered nations in the United States may not—
- (1) receive diplomatic privileges and immunities for more than 3 consecutive years;
- (2) receive diplomatic privileges and immunities for a second 3-year period until after living outside of the United States for not less than 2 years; or
- (3) receive diplomatic privileges and immunities for more than 6 total years.
- (c) WAIVER.—The Secretary of State may waive a limitation in subsection (b) on a case-by-case basis that permits accredited diplomatic and consular personnel of covered nations to exceed the stated tour limits in such subsection if the following conditions are met:
- (1) The Secretary determines that doing so serves United States national security interests, provided the Secretary submits a justification to the appropriate congressional committees not later than 15 days prior to issuing the waiver that contains the following:
- (A) A description of the factors considered by the Secretary when evaluating whether to issue the waiver.
- (B) A compelling justification as to why issuing the waiver is in the national security interests of the United States.
- (2) The covered nation at issue reciprocally eases its tour limitations on United States diplomatic and consular personnel.

# SEC. 905. STRICT ENFORCEMENT OF TRAVEL PROTOCOLS AND PROCEDURES OF ACCREDITED DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR PERSONNEL OF CERTAIN NATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES.

Section 502 of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (division N of Public Law 115–31; 22 U.S.C. 254a note) is amended—

- (1) by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
- "(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- "(1) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—The term 'appropriate congressional committees' means—
- "(A) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Select Committee on Intelligence, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
- "(B) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence, the Committee on Homeland Secu-

- rity, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
- "(2) COVERED NATIONS.—The term 'covered nations' means—
  - "(A) the People's Republic of China;
  - "(B) the Russian Federation;
- "(C) the Islamic Republic of Iran;
- "(D) the Democratic People's Republic of Korea; and
  - "(E) the Republic of Cuba.";
  - (2) in subsection (b)-
- (A) by striking "consular personnel of the Russian Federation" and inserting "consular personnel of covered nations"; and
- (B) by striking "Russian consular personnel" and inserting "covered nation personnel";
- (3) in subsection (c)(1), by striking "consular personnel of the Russian Federation" and inserting "consular personnel of covered nations";
- (4) by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (f);
- (5) by inserting after subsection (c) the following new subsections:  $\begin{tabular}{ll} \begin{tabular}{ll} \begin{tabular$
- "(d) WAIVERS.—The Secretary of State may waive a requirement of the mandatory advanced notification regime established pursuant to subsection (b) on a case-by-case basis if the Secretary determines that doing so serves United States national security interests, provided the Secretary submits to the appropriate committees of Congress a justification describing the circumstances necessitating the waiver and the reason why the waiver is in the national security interests of the United States.
- "(e) ELEMENTS OF ADVANCE APPROVAL RE-QUIREMENTS.—In establishing the advance approval requirements described in subsection (c), the Secretary of State shall—
- "(1) ensure that covered nations request approval from the Secretary of State at least 2 business days in advance of all travel that is subject to such requirements by accredited diplomatic and consular personnel of covered nations in the United States;
- "(2) immediately provide such requests to the Director of National Intelligence and the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation;
- "(3) not later than 10 days after approving such a request, certify to the appropriate congressional committees that—
- "(A) personnel traveling on the request are not known or suspected intelligence officers; and
- "(B) the requested travel will not be used for known or suspected intelligence purposes; and
- "(4) establish penalties for noncompliance with such requirements by accredited diplomatic and consular personnel of covered nations in the United States, including loss of diplomatic privileges and immunities."; and
- (6) in subsection (e), as redesignated by paragraph (4)—
- (A) by inserting "for 5 years after the date of the enactment of subsection (d)" after "quarterly thereafter";
- (B) in paragraph (1), by striking "the number of notifications submitted under the regime required by subsection (b)" and inserting "the number of requests submitted under the regime required by subsection (b) and the number of such requests approved by the Secretary"; and
- (C) in paragraph (2), by striking "consular personnel of the Russian Federation" and inserting "consular personnel of covered nations".

#### SEC. 906. REPEAL OF CERTAIN REPORT REQUIRE-MENTS.

- (a) Briefings on Analytic Integrity Reviews.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 1019 of the Intelligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention

- Act of 2004 (50 U.S.C. 3364) is amended by striking subsections (c) and (d).
- (2) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 6312(d)(1) of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (50 U.S.C. 3364 note) is amended by striking "In conjunction with each briefing provided under section 1019(c) of the Intelligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention Act of 2004 (50 U.S.C. 3364(c))" and inserting "Not later than February 1 each year".
- (b) PERSONNEL-LEVEL ASSESSMENTS FOR THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 506B of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3098) is repealed.
- (2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents of such Act is amended by striking the item relating to section 506B.
- (c) REPORTS ON FOREIGN EFFORTS TO ILLIC-ITLY ACQUIRE SATELLITES AND RELATED ITEMS.—Section 1261 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2013 (Public Law 112–239) is amended by striking subsection (e).
- (d) REPORTS BY DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL IN-TELLIGENCE ON NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE UNI-VERSITY PLAN.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 1033 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3227b) is repealed.
- (2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents of such Act is amended by striking the item relating to section 1033.
- (e) MONITORING MINERAL INVESTMENTS UNDER BELT AND ROAD INITIATIVE.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 7003 of the Energy Act of 2020 (50 U.S.C. 3372) is repealed.
- (2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents of such Act is amended by striking the item relating to section 7003.
- (f) NOTICE OF DEPLOYMENT OR TRANSFER OF CONTAINERIZED MISSILE SYSTEM BY RUSSIA OR CERTAIN OTHER COUNTRIES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 501 of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (division M of Public Law 114–113) is repealed.
- (2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents of such Act is amended by striking the item relating to section 501.
- (g) BRIEFINGS ON PROGRAMS FOR NEXT-GENERATION MICROELECTRONICS IN SUPPORT OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.—Section 7507 of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (50 U.S.C. 3334s) is amended by striking subsection (e).
- (h) REPORTS ON COMMERCE WITH, AND ASSISTANCE TO, CUBA FROM OTHER FOREIGN COUNTRIES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 108 of the Cuban Liberty and Democratic Solidarity (LIBERTAD) Act of 1996 (22 U.S.C. 6038) is repealed.
- (2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents of such Act is amended by striking the item relating to section 108.
- (i) BRIEFINGS ON IRANIAN EXPENDITURES SUPPORTING FOREIGN MILITARY AND TERRORIST ACTIVITIES.—Section 6705 of the Damon Paul Nelson and Matthew Young Pollard Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 2018, 2019, and 2020 (22 U.S.C. 9412) is amended—
- (1) in the section heading, by striking "AND ANNUAL BRIEFING"; and
  - (2) by striking subsection (b).

# SEC. 907. REQUIRING PENETRATION TESTING AS PART OF THE TESTING AND CERTIFICATION OF VOTING SYSTEMS.

Section 231 of the Help America Vote Act of 2002 (52 U.S.C. 20971) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

- "(e) REQUIRED PENETRATION TESTING.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this subsection, the Commission shall provide for the conduct of penetration testing as part of the

testing, certification, decertification, and recertification of voting system hardware and software by the Commission based on accredited laboratories under this section.

ACCREDITATION.—The Commission shall develop a program for the acceptance of the results of penetration testing on election systems. The penetration testing required by this subsection shall be required for Commission certification. The Commission shall vote on the selection of any entity identified. The requirements for such selection shall be based on consideration of an entity's competence to conduct penetration testing under this subsection. The Commission may consult with the National Institute of Standards and Technology or any other appropriate Federal agency on lab selection criteria and other aspects of this program.".

# SEC. 908. INDEPENDENT SECURITY TESTING AND COORDINATED CYBERSECURITY VULNERABILITY DISCLOSURE PROGRAM FOR ELECTION SYSTEMS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subtitle D of title II of the Help America Vote Act of 2002 (42 U.S.C. 15401 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following new part:

#### "PART 7—INDEPENDENT SECURITY TEST-ING AND COORDINATED CYBERSECU-RITY VULNERABILITY DISCLOSURE PILOT PROGRAM FOR ELECTION SYS-TEMS

"SEC. 297. INDEPENDENT SECURITY TESTING AND COORDINATED CYBERSECU-RITY VULNERABILITY DISCLOSURE PILOT PROGRAM FOR ELECTION SYSTEMS.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—

"(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Commission, in consultation with the Secretary, shall establish an Independent Security Testing and Coordinated Vulnerability Disclosure Pilot Program for Election Systems (VDP-E) (in this section referred to as the 'program') to test for and disclose cybersecurity vulnerabilities in election systems.

"(2) DURATION.—The program shall be conducted for a period of 5 years.

"(3) REQUIREMENTS.—In carrying out the program, the Commission, in consultation with the Secretary, shall—

"(A) establish a mechanism by which an election systems vendor may make their election system (including voting machines and source code) available to cybersecurity researchers participating in the program;

"(B) provide for the vetting of cybersecurity researchers prior to their participation in the program, including the conduct of background checks;

"(C) establish terms of participation that—"(i) describe the scope of testing permitted

under the program;

"(ii) require researchers to-

"(I) notify the vendor, the Commission, and the Secretary of any cybersecurity vulnerability they identify with respect to an election system; and

"(II) otherwise keep such vulnerability confidential for 180 days after such notifica-

"(iii) require the good faith participation of all participants in the program; and

"(iv) require an election system vendor, within 180 days after validating notification of a critical or high vulnerability (as defined by the National Institute of Standards and Technology) in an election system of the vendor to—

"(I) send a patch or propound some other fix or mitigation for such vulnerability to the appropriate State and local election officials, in consultation with the researcher who discovered it; and

"(II) notify the Commission and the Secretary that such patch has been sent to such officials;

"(D) in the case where a patch or fix to address a vulnerability disclosed under subparagraph (C)(ii)(I) is intended to be applied to a system certified by the Commission, provide—

"(i) for the expedited review of such patch or fix within 90 days after receipt by the Commission: and

"(ii) if such review is not completed by the last day of such 90-day period, that such patch or fix shall be deemed to be certified by the Commission, subject to any subsequent review of such determination by the Commission; and

"(E) not later than 180 days after the disclosure of a vulnerability under subparagraph (C)(ii)(I), notify the Director of the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency of the vulnerability for inclusion in the database of Common Vulnerabilities and Exposures.

``(4) Voluntary participation; safe harbor.—

"(A) VOLUNTARY PARTICIPATION.—Participation in the program shall be voluntary for election systems vendors and researchers.

"(B) SAFE HARBOR.—When conducting research under this program, such research and subsequent publication shall be—

"(i) authorized in accordance with section 1030 of title 18, United States Code (commonly known as the 'Computer Fraud and Abuse Act'), (and similar State laws), and the election system vendor will not initiate or support legal action against the researcher for accidental, good faith violations of the program; and

"(ii) exempt from the anti-circumvention rule of section 1201 of title 17, United States Code (commonly known as the 'Digital Millennium Copyright Act'), and the election system vendor will not bring a claim against a researcher for circumvention of technology controls.

"(C) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this paragraph may be construed to limit or otherwise affect any exception to the general prohibition against the circumvention of technological measures under subparagraph (A) of section 1201(a)(1) of title 17, United States Code, including with respect to any use that is excepted from that general prohibition by the Librarian of Congress under subparagraphs (B) through (D) of such section 1201(a)(1).

"(5) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:

"(A) CYBERSECURITY VULNERABILITY.—The term 'cybersecurity vulnerability' means, with respect to an election system, any security vulnerability that affects the election system.

"(B) ELECTION INFRASTRUCTURE.—The term 'election infrastructure' means—

"(i) storage facilities, polling places, and centralized vote tabulation locations used to support the administration of elections for public office; and

"(ii) related information and communications technology, including—

``(I) voter registration databases;

"(II) election management systems;

"(III) voting machines;

"(IV) electronic mail and other communications systems (including electronic mail and other systems of vendors who have entered into contracts with election agencies to support the administration of elections, manage the election process, and report and display election results); and

"(V) other systems used to manage the election process and to report and display election results on behalf of an election agency.

"(C) ELECTION SYSTEM.—The term 'election system' means any information system that is part of an election infrastructure, including any related information and communica-

tions technology described in subparagraph (B)(ii).

"(D) ELECTION SYSTEM VENDOR.—The term 'election system vendor' means any person providing, supporting, or maintaining an election system on behalf of a State or local election official.

"(E) INFORMATION SYSTEM.—The term 'information system' has the meaning given the term in section 3502 of title 44, United States Code.

"(F) SECRETARY.—The term 'Secretary' means the Secretary of Homeland Security.

"(G) SECURITY VULNERABILITY.—The term 'security vulnerability' has the meaning given the term in section 102 of the Cybersecurity Information Sharing Act of 2015 (6 U.S.C. 1501)."

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents of such Act is amended by adding at the end of the items relating to subtitle D of title II the following:

"PART 7—INDEPENDENT SECURITY TESTING AND COORDINATED CYBERSECURITY VULNER-ABILITY DISCLOSURE PILOT PROGRAM FOR ELECTION SYSTEMS

"Sec. 297. Independent security testing and coordinated cybersecurity vulnerability disclosure pilot program for election systems.".

#### SEC. 909. FOREIGN MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Energy may, acting through the Director of the Office of Intelligence and Counterintelligence, enter into contracts or other arrangements for goods and services, through the National Laboratories, plants, or sites of the Department of Energy, for the purpose of foreign material acquisition in support of existing national security requirements.

(b) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter until the date that is 4 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of the Office of Intelligence and Counterintelligence shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a report on the use by the Office of Intelligence and Counterintelligence of the authority provided by subsection (a).

SA 3697. Mr. CURTIS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

#### SEC. \_\_\_\_\_. MODERNIZATION OF THE PAY COM-PARABILITY SYSTEM.

(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) COMPARABILITY PAYMENT.—The term "comparability payment" means a comparability payment payable under section 5304 or 5304a of title 5, United States Code.

(2) GENERAL SCHEDULE POSITION; PAY DIS-PARITY.—The terms "General Schedule position" and "pay disparity" have the meanings given those terms in section 5302 of title 5, United States Code.

(3) PAY AGENT.—The term "Pay Agent" means the agent designated by the President under section 5304(d) of title 5, United States

- (b) REQUIREMENT.—The Pay Agent shall enter into a contract with the National Academy of Public Administration under which, not later than 380 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the National Academy of Public Administration, in consultation with the Pay Agent, the Secretary of Defense, the Federal Salary Council, and the Director of the Office of Personnel Management. shall—
- (1) conduct a review of the methodologies used to determine the amounts of comparability payments, which shall include—
- (A) an assessment of the extent to which comparability payments align with cost-of-living and labor market data, as derived from—
- (i) salary data from the National Compensation Survey and Occupational Employment and Wage Statistics programs administered by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor;
- (ii) the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor:
- (iii) regional price parity indices published by the Bureau of Economic Analysis of the Department of Commerce;
- (iv) the House Price Index published by the Federal Housing Finance Agency;
- (v) the National Housing Market Indicators produced by the Department of Housing and Urban Development; and
- (vi) other Federal indicators or reputable publicly available indicators, as determined appropriate by the Pay Agent; and
  - (B) a specific analysis of-
  - (i) pay disparities in Utah; and
- (ii) regional pay disparities affecting the recruitment and retention of Federal employees in defense-related roles, using Utah as a case study for areas undergoing rapid economic growth; and
- (2) recommend alternative models for determining the amounts of comparability payments, including by—
- (A) making adjustments based on broader economic indicators;
- (B) comparing the rates of pay payable under General Schedule positions with the rates of pay payable under positions in the Federal Government that are not General Schedule positions, such as rates of pay established under the AcqDemo Project of the Department of Defense carried out under section 1762 of title 10, United States Code; and
- (C) using regional housing market trends, with a particular focus on the markets in Salt Lake City, Ogden, Layton, Utah, and other similarly fast-growing areas, as determined by the Pay Agent.
- (c) PILOT PROGRAM.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding sections 5304 and 5304a of title 5, United States Code, after the National Academy of Public Administration completes the review described in subsection (b), the Pay Agent shall carry out a pilot program under which the Pay Agent, after consideration of the alternative models recommended under subsection (b)(2), uses alternative models to determine the amounts of comparability payments that shall be paid in Utah and each area in which a pay disparity described in subsection (b)(1)(B)(ii) exists.
- (2) LENGTH OF PILOT PROGRAM.—The pilot program under this subsection shall terminate on the date that is 3 years after the date on which the National Academy of Public Administration completes the review under subsection (b).
- (3) NOTIFICATION.—Before implementing a pilot program under this subsection, the Pay Agent shall provide notice regarding, and an explanation of, that pilot program to Congress and the public.
- (d) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section may be construed to limit the

- authority of an agency under section 5305, 5753, or 5754 of title 5, United States Code, to establish special salary rates or offer recruitment, relocation, or retention bonuses while the Pay Agent is carrying out the requirements under subsection (b) or any pilot program under subsection (c).
- (e) LIMITATION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed as granting authority to use alternative models to determine the amounts of comparability payments after the termination of the pilot program under subsection (c)(2).

SA 3698. Mr. McCORMICK (for himself and Mr. Coons) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title X, add the following:

#### Subtitle H—International Nuclear Energy Financing Act of 2025

#### SEC. 1091. SHORT TITLE.

This subtitle may be cited as the "International Nuclear Energy Financing Act of 2025"

#### SEC. 1092, FINDINGS.

Congress finds the following:

- (1) Nuclear power is an emissions-free energy source that produces approximately 30 percent of the world's low-carbon electricity. In 2021, 33 countries operated nuclear power plants.
- (2) The People's Republic of China and the Russian Federation have sought to export nuclear reactors to Europe, Eurasia, Latin America, Africa, and South Asia. According to a 2017 study by Columbia University's Center on Global Energy Policy, Chinese and Russian nuclear reactors are associated with higher safety risk than Western nuclear reactors. In addition, financial and operational support for nuclear power can extend over decades, allowing Beijing and Moscow to secure long-term influence in both advanced and developing economies.
- (3) As of the date of the enactment of this Act, the Russian Federation is building 21 reactors outside its borders, while the People's Republic of China is assembling more than one-third of reactors under construction globally. According to research published in Nature Energy in February 2023, when the Russian Federation launched its invasion of Ukraine in 2022. Russian state-owned nuclear operator Rosatom "boasted as many as 73 different projects in 29 countries. The projects were at very different stages of development from power plants in operation; through construction of reactors ongoing, contracted, ordered or planned; to involvement in tenders, invitations to partnerships or officially published proposals. On top of that, Russian companies have bilateral agreements or memoranda of understanding (MoUs) with 13 countries for services or general joint development of nuclear energy
- (4) In its report titled, "International Status and Prospects for Nuclear Power 2021", the International Atomic Energy Agency wrote, "A total of 28 countries have expressed interest in nuclear power and are considering, planning or actively working to include it into their energy mix. Another 24 Member States participate in the Agency's nuclear infrastructure related activities or are involved in energy planning projects through the technical cooperation pro-

gramme. Ten to twelve embarking Member States plan to operate NPPs [nuclear power plants] by 2030–2035, representing a potential increase of nearly 30% in the number of operating countries. Several embarking countries have also expressed interest in SMRs [small modular reactors] technology, in particular Estonia, Ghana, Jordan, Kenya, Poland, Saudi Arabia and Sudan, as well as expanding countries such as South Africa."

(5) On December 2, 2023, the United States, alongside more than 20 other countries, pledged to triple nuclear energy capacity by 2050 and support the financing of nuclear energy through the World Bank and regional development banks, so as to "encourage the inclusion of nuclear energy in their organizations' energy lending policies as needed, and to actively support nuclear power when they have such a mandate".

#### SEC. 1093. MULTILATERAL DEVELOPMENT BANK SUPPORT FOR NUCLEAR ENERGY.

Title XV of the International Financial Institutions Act (22 U.S.C. 2620 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following: "SEC. 1506. MULTILATERAL DEVELOPMENT BANK SUPPORT FOR NUCLEAR ENERGY.

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall instruct the United States Executive Directors at the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development, and, as the Secretary determines appropriate, any other multilateral development bank (as defined in section 1307(g)) to use the voice, vote, and influence of the United States to advocate for—
- "(1) the removal of prohibitions at the respective bank against financial and technical assistance for the generation and distribution of nuclear energy, to the extent that the prohibitions apply to nuclear technologies that meet or exceed the quality standards prevalent in the United States or a country allied with the United States; and
- "(2) increased internal capacity-building at the respective bank for the purpose of assessing—
- "(A) the potential role of nuclear energy in the energy systems of client countries; and
- "(B) the delivery of financial and technical assistance described in paragraph (1) to those countries.
- "(b) SUNSET.—This section shall have no force or effect beginning on the date that is 10 years after the date of the enactment of the International Nuclear Energy Financing Act of 2025."

### SEC. 1094. ESTABLISHMENT OF NUCLEAR ENERGY ASSISTANCE TRUST FUNDS.

Title XV of the International Financial Institutions Act (22 U.S.C. 2620 et seq.), as amended by section 1093, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

#### "SEC. 1507. ESTABLISHMENT OF NUCLEAR EN-ERGY ASSISTANCE TRUST FUNDS.

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall instruct the United States Executive Directors of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development, and, as the Secretary determines appropriate, other international financial institutions to use the voice, vote, and influence of the United States to encourage the establishment at each such institution of a trust fund to be known as the 'Nuclear Energy Assistance Trust Fund' that meets the requirements of subsections (b) and (c).
- "(b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of a trust fund established under subsection (a) at an international financial institution shall be the following:
- "(1) To provide financial and technical assistance to support the generation, transmission, and distribution of nuclear energy in borrowing countries.

- "(2) To ensure that the international financial institution makes financing available on competitive terms, including for the purpose of countering credit extended by the government of a country that is not a member of the Arrangement on Officially Supported Export Credits of the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development.
- "(3) To exclusively support the adoption of nuclear energy technologies that meet or exceed the quality standards prevalent in the United States or a country allied with the United States.
- "(4) To strengthen the capacity of the international financial institution to assess, implement, and evaluate nuclear energy projects.
- "(c) USE OF TRUST FUND REFLOWS.—The United States Executive Director of the relevant international financial institution shall advocate that reflows of a trust fund established under subsection (a) at that institution be made available for activities for the purposes described in subsection (b), or the United States share of those reflows shall be remitted to the general fund of the Treasury, as the Secretary determines appropriate.
- "(d) RULE OF INTERPRETATION.—This section shall not be interpreted to affect the ability of the United States Governor of, or the United States Executive Director at, an international financial institution to encourage the provision of financial or technical assistance from resources of the institution other than a trust fund established under subsection (a) to support the generation or distribution of nuclear energy.
- "(e) INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL INSTITUTION DEFINED.—The term 'international financial institution' means an institution specified in section 1701(c)(2).
  "(f) SUNSET.—This section shall have no
- "(f) SUNSET.—This section shall have no force or effect beginning on the date that is 10 years after the date of the enactment of the International Nuclear Energy Financing Act of 2025."

#### SEC. 1095. INCLUSION IN ANNUAL REPORT.

During the 3-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act, the Chairman of the National Advisory Council on International Monetary and Financial Policies shall include in the annual report required by section 1701 of the International Financial Institutions Act (22 U.S.C. 262r) a description of any progress made—

- (1) to promote assistance by multilateral development banks (as defined in such section) for nuclear energy; and
- (2) to establish a trust fund pursuant to section 1507 of such Act (as added by section 1094) or, as the case may be, a summary of the activities of any such trust fund.

SA 3699. Mr. McCORMICK (for himself and Mr. Kaine) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

#### At the end of title XII, add the following:

#### Subtitle F—Inter-American Development Bank

#### SEC. 1271. SHORT TITLE.

This subtitle may be cited as the "Strengthening United States Leadership at the IDB Act".

SEC. 1272. DEFINITIONS.

In this subtitle:

- (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate; and
- (B) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives.
- (2) IDB.—The term "IDB" means all of the current and former institutions in the IDB Group, including the Inter-American Development Bank, the Inter-American Investment Corporation (commonly known as "IDB Invest"), IDB Lab, and any related or predecessor entities.
  - (3) PRC.—The term "PRC"—
- (A) means the People's Republic of China; (B) except as provided by subparagraph (C), includes all Special Administrative Regions of the People's Republic of China, including Hong Kong and Macau; and
  - (C) excludes Taiwan.
- (4) PRC ENTITY.—The term "PRC entity" means any corporation, company, limited liability company, limited partnership, business trust, business association, or other similar entity owned by, controlled by, or subject to the jurisdiction or direction of the Government of the People's Republic of China.

#### SEC. 1273. UNITED STATES POLICY RELATED TO THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA AT INTER-AMERICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK.

The Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall instruct the United States Executive Director at the Inter-American Development Bank to use the voice, vote, and influence of the United States to reduce the influence of the PRC and PRC entities in IDB operations, activities, and projects, including by—

- (1) reviewing any IDB projects, or loans, grants, or other financing, that include entry into a contract, provision of funding, or provision of other financing, involving the PRC or PRC entities, for potential risks to the national and economic security interests of the United States; and
  - (2) voting against—
- (A) any project, or loan, grant, or other financing, that—
- (i) would include the participation of PRC trust funds created within the IDB; or
- (ii) after a review is conducted under paragraph (1), the United States Executive Director or the Secretary of the Treasury determines poses a risk to the national and economic security interests of the United States: and
- (B) the issuance, sale, or transfer of additional shares of stock in the IDB to the PRC in a manner that increases the voting share of the PRC at the IDB relative to the voting share of the United States.

#### SEC. 1274. ENCOURAGING INTER-AMERICAN DE-VELOPMENT BANK PROCUREMENT FROM UNITED STATES AND PART-NER COUNTRY ENTITIES.

The Secretary of the Treasury shall instruct the United States Executive Director at the Inter-American Development Bank to use the voice, vote, and influence of the United States to advocate for—

- (1) increased internal and external capacity-building by the IDB to encourage procurement by entities from the United States and member countries of the IDB that are allies or partners of the United States, rather than entities from the People's Republic of China: and
- (2) implementing IDB procurement policies that prioritize value for money, transparency, and integrity over lowest upfront cost.

# SEC. 1275. UNITED STATES DEVELOPMENT FINANCE CORPORATION COLLABORATION WITH INTER-AMERICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall instruct the United States Executive Director at the Inter-American Development Bank to use the voice, vote, and influence of the United States to encourage collaboration between the IDB and the United States International Development Finance Corporation (in this section referred to as the "Corporation") on projects, financing, loans, or grants in IDB borrowing member countries.
- (b) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Chief Executive Officer of the Corporation shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report that includes the following:
- (1) An overview of collaboration between the Corporation and the IDB since the signing in 2019 of a memorandum of understanding between the IDB and the Corporation's predecessor agency with respect to investments in projects in Latin America and the Caribbean.
- (2) An analysis of potential areas to expand collaboration between the Corporation and the IDB in IDB borrowing member countries.

SA 3700. Mr. DAINES (for himself and Mr. VAN HOLLEN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

### SEC. . . ACCESS TO BENEFICIAL OWNER-SHIP INFORMATION.

Section 5336 of title 31, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) by redesignating subsection (j) as subsection (k); and
- (2) by inserting after subsection (i) the following:
- "(j) Access to Beneficial Ownership Information by Private Parties.—
  - "(1) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:
- "(A) ACCESS LICENSE.—The term 'access license' means a license to access beneficial ownership information in accordance with this subsection.
- "(B) COVERED ENTITY.—The term 'covered entity' means a financial institution that provides, or an entity that assists a financial institution in providing, screening services.
- "(C) PERMITTED PERSONNEL.—The term 'permitted personnel' means personnel of a covered entity who are permitted to access beneficial ownership information in accordance with this subsection.
- "(D) PERMITTED PURPOSE.—The term 'permitted purpose' means the use of beneficial ownership information for screening services.
- "(E) SCREENING SERVICES.—The term 'screening services' means the risk management procedures and activities undertaken by permitted personnel for the protection of the United States national security from international illicit actors and corrupt foreign officials who seek to exploit the financial systems of the United States by engaging in illicit activity such as serious tax fraud, human and drug trafficking, money laundering, financing terrorism.
  - "(2) ACCESS LICENSES.—

- "(A) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the Director shall establish a process by which covered entities may apply to the Director for an access license.
- "(B) DETERMINATION.—The Director may not issue an access license to a covered entity unless the Director determines that—
- "(i) access to beneficial ownership information under this subsection is predicated upon a reasonable concern for United States national security and United States economic stability, by identifying international illicit actors and corrupt foreign officials and preventing international illicit activity such as—
  - "(I) international terrorist financing;
- "(II) any activity engaged in by an agent of the Government of Iran, North Korea, Syria, or any other government the Secretary of State has determined has repeatedly provided support for acts of international terrorism for purposes of—
- "(aa) section 1754(c)(1)(A)(i) of the Export Control Reform Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C. 4813(c)(1)(A)(i));
- "(bb) section 620A of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2371):
- "(cc) section 40(d) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2780(d)); or
- "(dd) any other provision of law;
- "(III) any activity engaged in by any individual or entity included on the list of specially designated nationals and blocked persons maintained by the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the Department of the Treasury; or
- "(IV) any other illicit financial conduct directly or indirectly supporting a transnational criminal organization, transnational drug trafficking organization, or transnational money laundering organization.
- "(ii) the covered entity limits access to and use of the beneficial ownership information to permitted personnel of the covered entity in connection with, or to support, screening services; and
- "(iii) the use, disclosure, and retention of the beneficial ownership information is strictly limited to a permitted purpose.
- "(C) DURATION.—
- "(i) IN GENERAL.—An access license issued under this subsection shall expire on the date that is 2 years after the date on which the license is issued.
- "(ii) RENEWAL.—An expired access license may be renewed for 2-year periods in accordance with the process established under this paragraph.
- "(3) REGULATIONS.—The Director shall promulgate regulations governing the use, disclosure, and retention of the beneficial ownership information accessed pursuant to an access license issued under this subsection."

SA 3701. Mr. KENNEDY (for himself and Mr. Cassidy) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Strike section 1512 and insert the following:

### SEC. 1512. ESTABLISHMENT OF AIR FORCE GLOBAL STRIKE COMMAND.

Chapter 907 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

#### "§ 9068. Global Strike Command

sition.

- "(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in the Air Force a major command, which shall be known as Global Strike Command.
  "(b) COMMANDER.—
- "(1) The Commander of Global Strike Command shall hold the grade of general while serving in that position, without vacating that officer's permanent grade. The Commander shall be appointed to that grade by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, for service in that po-
- "(2) The Commander shall serve as the single accountable officer responsible to the Secretary of the Air Force and the Chief of Staff of the Air Force for carrying out all aspects of the nuclear and long-range strike missions of the Air Force, including such aspects described in subsection (c).
- "(c) Functions.—The Commander of Global Strike Command shall be responsible for carrying out all elements and activities of the nuclear and long-range strike missions of the Air Force. Such elements include nuclear weapons, nuclear weapon delivery systems, long-range strike bomber aircraft, and the nuclear command, control, and communication system. Such activities include the following:
- "(1) Providing combat-ready nuclear and long-range conventional strike forces in support of Presidential and combatant commander directives.
- "(2) Administrating, organizing, training, and equipping assigned and gained forces.
- "(3) Assessing the readiness of assigned and gained forces and submitting to the Secretary and the Chief of Staff periodic reports with respect to such assessments.
- "(4) Leading development in the Air Force of—
- "(A) military requirements with respect to nuclear and long-range strike missions;
- "(B) budget proposals necessary to carry out the missions of the Global Strike Command:
- "(C) long-range investment plans and priorities to sustain, modernize, and recapitalize assigned forces; and
- "(D) strategy, employment concepts, tactics, techniques, and procedures with respect to nuclear deterrence and conventional longrange strike operations.
- "(5) Advising the Secretary, as necessary, on the adequacy of resources of the Department of the Air Force dedicated to support and execute nuclear missions.
- "(6) Such other functions as the Secretary determines necessary or appropriate for the execution of nuclear deterrence and longrange strike missions."
- SA 3702. Mr. KENNEDY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle F of title X, add the following:

#### 

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 205(r) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 405(r)), as amended by section 801(a)(7) of title VIII of division FF of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 (Public Law 116-260), is amended by striking paragraph (11) and inserting the following:

- "(11) The Commissioner of Social Security shall, to the extent feasible, provide information furnished to the Commissioner under paragraph (1) to the agency operating the Do Not Pay working system described in section 3354(c) of title 31, United States Code, for the authorized uses of the Do Not Pay working system to help prevent improper payments of, and support the recovery of improperly paid, benefits or other payments through a cooperative arrangement with such agency, provided that the requirements of subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (3) are met with respect to such arrangement with such agency. The Commissioner of Social Security and the agency operating the Do Not Pay working system shall, while the data described in the preceding sentence is being provided to the agency operating the Do Not Pay working system, enter into an agreement based upon an agreed upon methodology, which covers the proportional share of State death data costs, which the Commissioner of Social Security and the agency onerating the Do Not Pay working system may periodically review.
- "(12) The Commissioner of Social Security may not record a death to a record that may be provided under this section for any individual unless the Commissioner of Social Security has found it has clear and convincing evidence to support that the individual should be presumed to be deceased."
- (b) IMPROVING COORDINATION REGARDING INDIVIDUALS INCORRECTLY IDENTIFIED AS DECEASED.—Section 205(r)(7) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 405(r)(7)), as added by section 801(a)(4) of title VIII of division FF of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 (Public Law 116–260), is amended by striking "and" at the end of subparagraph (A), by striking the period at the end of subparagraph (B) and inserting "; and", and by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
- "(C) notify any agency that has a cooperative arrangement with the Commissioner of Social Security under paragraph (3) or (11) of the error."
- (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on December 27, 2026.

SA 3703. Mr. KENNEDY (for himself and Mr. VAN HOLLEN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows: At the appropriate place, insert the fol-

#### SEC. \_\_\_\_\_. DISCLOSURES BY DIRECTORS, OFFI-CERS, AND PRINCIPAL STOCK-HOLDERS.

- (a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the "Holding Foreign Insiders Accountable Act".
  - (b) DISCLOSURES.—

lowing:

- (1) AMENDMENTS.—Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78p(a)) is amended—
- (A) in paragraph (1), by inserting "(including, solely for the purposes of this subsection, every person who is a director or an officer of a foreign private issuer, as that term is defined in section 240.3b-4 of title 17, Code of Federal Regulations, or any successor regulation)" after "an officer of the issuer of such security";
  - (B) in paragraph (2)—

- (i) in subparagraph (C), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; or"; and
- (ii) by adding at the end the following:
- "(D) with respect to a foreign private issuer, the securities of which are, as of the date of enactment of the Holding Foreign Insiders Accountable Act, registered pursuant to subsection (b) or (g) of section 12, on the date that is 90 days after that date of enactment."; and
- (C) in paragraph (4)(A), by inserting "and in English" after "electronically".
- (2) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by paragraph (1) shall take effect on the date that is 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act.
- (c) EFFECT ON REGULATION.—If any provision of section 240.3a12–3(b) of title 17, Code of Federal Regulations, or any successor regulation, is inconsistent with the amendments made by subsection (b), that provision of such section 240.3a12–3(b) (or such successor) shall have no force or effect beginning on the effective date described in subsection (b)(2).
- (d) ISSUANCE OR AMENDMENT OF REGULATIONS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Securities and Exchange Commission shall issue final regulations (or amend or rescind, in whole or in part, existing regulations of the Commission) to carry out the amendments made by subsection (b).
- (2) ADDITIONAL RULEMAKING.—The Securities and Exchange Commission may issue such additional regulations (or amend or rescind, in whole or in part, existing regulations of the Commission) as necessary to implement the intent of this section.
- SA 3704. Mr. GRASSLEY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle F of title X, add the following:

# SEC. 1067. INFORMATIONAL MATERIALS UNDER THE FOREIGN AGENTS REGISTRATION ACT.

- (a) DEFINITION OF INFORMATIONAL MATERIAL.—Section 1 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended (22 U.S.C. 611) is amended by inserting after subsection (p) the following:
- "(q) INFORMATIONAL MATERIAL.—The term 'informational material' means any material that a person disseminating the material believes or has reason to believe will, or that the person intends to in any way, influence any agency or official of the Government of the United States or any section of the public within the United States with reference to—
- "(1) formulating, adopting, or changing the domestic or foreign policies of the United States: or
- "(2) the political or public interests, policies, or relations of a government of a foreign country or a foreign political party.".
- (b) FILING AND LABELING OF INFORMATIONAL MATERIALS AND REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION OR ADVICE.—Section 4 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended (22 U.S.C. 614) is amended—
- (1) in the section heading, by striking "PO-LITICAL PROPAGANDA" and inserting "INFOR-MATIONAL MATERIALS";
- (2) in subsection (b), by inserting "that states the name of the foreign country in

- which the foreign principal is located," after "on behalf of the foreign principal,"; and
- (3) by striking subsection (e) and inserting the following:
- "(e) Information Furnished to Agencies OR OFFICIALS OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERN-MENT.—It shall be unlawful for any person within the United States who is an agent of a foreign principal required to register under the provisions of this Act to transmit, convey, or otherwise furnish to any agency or official of the Government (including a Member or committee of either House of Congress) for or in the interests of such foreign principal any informational material or to request from any such agency or official for or in the interests of such foreign principal any information or advice with respect to any matter pertaining to the political or public interests, policies, or relations of a foreign country or of a political party or pertaining to the foreign or domestic policies of the United States unless the informational material or the request is prefaced or accompanied by a true and accurate statement to the effect that such person is registered as an agent of such foreign principal under this Act.
- (c) REPORTS TO THE CONGRESS.—Section 11 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended (22 U.S.C. 621) is amended by striking "political propaganda" and inserting "informational material".
- SA 3705. Mr. CORNYN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle C of title XII, add the following:

## SEC. 1230B. EXPANSION OF PERMISSIBLE USES OF UKRAINE SUPPORT FUND.

Section 104(f)(2) of the Rebuilding Economic Prosperity and Opportunity for Ukrainians Act (division F of Public Law 118-50; 22 U.S.C. 9521 note) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(D) Purchases by the Government of Ukraine of defense articles and services to respond to and recover from the consequences of the aggression of the Russian Federation."

SA 3706. Mr. CORNYN (for himself and Mrs. Shaheen) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title XII, add the following:

## Subtitle F—Scam Compound Accountability and Mobilization Act

#### SEC. 1271. SHORT TITLE.

This subtitle may be cited as the "Scam Compound Accountability and Mobilization Act".

#### SEC. 1272. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

- It is the sense of Congress that-
- (1) transnational cyber-enabled fraud, particularly perpetrated from scam compounds in Southeast Asia, is a growing threat to

- citizens of the United States, national security, and economic interests globally, with the Federal Bureau of Investigation reporting \$13,700,000,000 in losses in the United States due to cyber-enabled fraud in 2024, including schemes commonly perpetrated by significant transnational criminal organizations operating scam compounds:
- (2) significant transnational criminal organizations responsible for a large proportion of these scam compounds are affiliated with the People's Republic of China (PRC), actively spread PRC propaganda, promote unification with Taiwan, and have brokered projects for the Belt and Road Initiative;
- (3) significant transnational criminal organizations have lured hundreds of thousands of human trafficking victims from over 40 countries to seam compounds, primarily in Burma, Cambodia, and Laos, for purposes of forced criminality;
- (4) significant transnational criminal organizations are expanding scam compounds internationally including in Africa, the Middle East, South Asia, and the Pacific Islands, and related money laundering, human trafficking and recruitment fraud have occurred in Europe, North America, and South America.
- (5) the United States should redouble efforts to hold the perpetrators and enablers of scam compound operations accountable, including those involved in related money laundering, human trafficking, and recruitment fraud, by employing tools, such as targeted sanctions, visa restrictions, and asset seizures;
- (6) to effectively address cyber-enabled fraud originating from scam compounds internationally, the United States Government should work with partner governments, multilateral institutions, civil society experts, and private sector stakeholders to improve information sharing, strengthen preventative measures, raise public awareness, and increase coordination on law enforcement investigations and regulatory actions; and
- (7) survivors of human trafficking, including forced criminality, require victim-centered support to ensure they are not punished for offences that directly resulted from being trafficked.

#### SEC. 1273. DEFINITIONS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—In this subtitle:
- (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate;
- (B) the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate;
- (C) the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate;
- (D) the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate;
- (E) the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate;
- (F) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives;
- (G) the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives;
- (H) the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives;
- (I) the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives; and
- (J) the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives.
- (2) CYBER-ENABLED FRAUD.—The term "cyber-enabled fraud" means the use of the internet or other technology to commit fraudulent activity, including the theft of money, data, or identity or the creation of counterfeit goods or services.
- (3) ENABLING COUNTRY.—The term "enabling country" means a country where—

- (A) government authorities actively or implicitly permit, enable, or perpetuate scam compound operations; or
- (B) ineffective law enforcement or a failure to enact legislation intended to prevent facilitating services from reaching scam compounds or significant transnational criminal organizations enables scam compound operators to obtain facilitating services.
- (4) FORCED CRIMINALITY.—The term "forced criminality" means trafficking in persons for the purpose of exploitation of victims through forcing or otherwise compelling them to commit criminal acts for economic or other gains of traffickers.
- (5) IMPACTED COUNTRY.—The term "impacted country" means a country that is a significant—
- significant—
  (A) transit location for victims of human
- trafficking to scam compounds;
  (B) source location for victims of human trafficking for scam compounds; or
- (C) target of cyber-enabled fraud originating from scam compounds internationally.
- (6) SCAM COMPOUND.—The term "scam compound" means a physical installation where a significant transnational criminal organization carries out cyber-enabled fraud operations, frequently using victims of human trafficking and forced criminality.
- (7) SIGNIFICANT TRANSNATIONAL CRIMINAL ORGANIZATION.—The term "significant transnational criminal organization" means a group of persons that—
- (A) includes one or more foreign person;
- (B) engages in or facilitates an ongoing pattern of serious criminal activity involving the jurisdictions of at least two foreign states or one foreign state and the United States: and
- (C) threatens the national security, foreign policy, or economy of the United States.
- (8) STRATEGY.—The term "Strategy" means the strategy to counter scam compounds and hold significant transnational criminal organizations accountable required under section 1274.
- (b) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—The definitions under this subtitle are exclusive to this subtitle and may not be construed to affect any other provision of United States criminal law.

#### SEC. 1274. STRATEGY TO COUNTER SCAM COM-POUNDS AND HOLD SIGNIFICANT TRANSNATIONAL CRIMINAL ORGANI-ZATIONS ACCOUNTABLE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Attorney General, the Secretary of the Treasury, and other Federal departments and agencies as designated by the President, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a comprehensive strategy to counter scam compounds and hold significant transnational criminal organizations accountable.
- (b) CONTENTS.—The Strategy shall—
- (1) articulate a comprehensive problem statement identifying the structural vulnerabilities exploited by significant transnational criminal organizations operating scam compounds;
- (2) develop a comprehensive list of enabling countries and impacted countries;
- (3) identify all active executive branch foreign assistance programs and diplomatic efforts underway to address scam compounds, significant transnational criminal organizations connected to scam compounds, and related money laundering, human trafficking and forced criminality, including efforts with enabling countries and impacted countries;
- (4) identify foreign assistance resources needed to fully implement the Strategy and any obstacles to the response of the Federal

- Government to scam compounds, including coordination with partner governments, to address the human trafficking, including forced criminality, and money laundering that facilitates and sustains scam compound operations:
- (5) include objectives, activities, and performance indicators regarding the response of the Federal government to scam compounds, including—
- (A) the prevention of recruitment fraud and human trafficking, including by—
- (i) engaging private sector entities operating internet platforms or other services that can be abused or exploited to perpetrate recruitment fraud, human trafficking or cyber-enabled fraud;
- (ii) raising awareness among at-risk populations to identify common recruitment fraud strategies and improve due diligence and self-protection measures;
- (iii) urging governments to monitor and enforce laws against fraudulent and unlawful recruitment practices; and
- (iv) sharing information and building awareness among foreign counterparts, including law enforcement and border officials, to identify potential human trafficking victims:
- (B) the support for survivors of human trafficking and forced criminality under the direction of the Ambassador at Large to Monitor and Combat Trafficking in Persons;
- (C) the enhancement of coordination and strengthening the capabilities of partner governments and law enforcement agencies;
- (D) the use of sanctions, visa restrictions, and other accountability measures against enabling countries, significant transnational criminal organizations, and related third-party facilitators of scam compound operations:
- (E) the support of partner governments in countering corruption and money laundering related to scam compound operations; and
- (F) the investigation of PRC connections to significant transnational criminal organizations operating scam compounds.

#### SEC. 1275. ESTABLISHING A TASK FORCE TO IM-PLEMENT THE STRATEGY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after submitting the Strategy pursuant to section 1274(a), the Secretary of State and the Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury and other Federal departments and agencies designated by the President, shall establish an interagency task force (referred to in this section as the "Task Force")—
- (1) to coordinate the implementation of the Strategy;
- (2) to conduct regular monitoring and analysis of scam compound operations internationally;
- (3) to track and evaluate progress toward the objectives, activities, and performance indicators of the Strategy described in section 1274(b)(5); and
- (4) to update the Strategy, in consultation with the appropriate congressional committees, as needed.
- (b) ANNUAL REVIEWS AND REPORTS.—Not later than one year after the establishment of the Task Force, and not less frequently than annually thereafter, the Secretary of State and the Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury and the heads of other Federal departments and agencies as designated by the President, shall—
- (1) conduct a status review of the Strategy and the overall state of scam compounds operated by significant transnational criminal organizations:
- (2) include a list of enabling countries and impacted countries; and
- (3) submit the results of such review in a public report to the appropriate congres-

- sional committees, which may contain a classified annex.
- (c) TASK FORCE TERMINATION.—The Task Force shall terminate six years after the date of its establishment.

#### SEC. 1276. STRENGTHENING TOOLS TO DIS-MANTLE SCAM COMPOUNDS AND HOLD SIGNIFICANT TRANSNATIONAL CRIMINAL ORGANI-ZATIONS ACCOUNTABLE.

- (a) IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO SIGNIFICANT ACTORS IN SCAM COMPOUND OPERATIONS.—Beginning on and after the date that is 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President may impose the sanctions described in subsection (b) with respect to any foreign person that the President determines—
- (1) has materially assisted in, or provided significant financial or technological support to, or provided significant goods or services in support of, the activities of international scam compounds or enabling services, including recruitment fraud, human trafficking (including forced criminality), cyber-enabled fraud, or money-laundering; or
- (2) owns, controls, directs, or acts for or on behalf of, a significant scam compound operation or enabling service, including recruitment fraud, human trafficking (including forced criminality), cyber-enabled fraud, or money-laundering.
- (b) SANCTIONS DESCRIBED.—The President may exercise of all powers granted to the President under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) to the extent necessary to block and prohibit all transactions in all property and interests in property of a foreign person described in subsection (a), including, to the extent appropriate, the vessel of which the person is the beneficial owner, if such property or interests in property are in the United States, come within the United States, or are or come within the possession or control of a United States person.
- (c) Implementation; Penalties.—
- (1) IMPLEMENTATION.—The President may exercise all authorities provided under sections 203 and 205 of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1702 and 1704) to carry out this section.
- (2) PENALTIES.—The penalties set forth in subsections (b) and (c) of section 206 of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1705) shall apply to any person who violates, attempts to violate, conspires to violate, or causes a violation of any prohibition of this section, or an order or regulation prescribed under this section, to the same extent that such penalties apply to a person that commits an unlawful act described in section 206(a) of such Act (50 U.S.C. 1705(a)).
- (d) INTELLIGENCE AND LAW ENFORCEMENT ACTIVITIES.—Sanctions authorized under this section shall not apply with respect to—
- (1) any activity subject to the reporting requirements under title V of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3091 et seq.); or
- (2) any authorized intelligence or law enforcement activities of the United States.
- (e) SEMIANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and every 180 days thereafter, the President shall submit a report to the appropriate congressional committees that—
- (1) identifies all foreign persons the President has sanctioned pursuant to the authorities under this section; and
- (2) the dates on which sanctions were imposed.
- (f) Exception Relating to Importation of Goods.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—A requirement to block and prohibit all transactions in all property and interests in property pursuant to subsection (b) shall not include the authority or

- a requirement to impose sanctions on the importation of goods.
- (2) DEFINED TERM.—In this subsection, the term "good" means any article, natural or manmade substance, material, supply, or manufactured product, including inspection and test equipment, and excluding technical data.
- (g) WAIVER.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The President may waive the application of sanctions under this section with respect to a foreign person or a foreign financial institution if the President determines that such waiver is in the national interest of the United States.
- (2) REPORT.—Not later than 15 days before granting a waiver pursuant to paragraph (1), the President shall submit a report to the appropriate congressional committees that includes—
- (A) the name of the individual or institution that is benefitting from such waiver; and
- (B) if the beneficiary is an individual, a detailed justification explaining how the waiver serves the national security interests of the United States.
- (h) SUNSET.—This subtitle shall cease to be effective beginning on the date that is 7 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SA 3707. Mr. CORNYN (for himself, Mr. Whitehouse, Mr. Risch, Mr. Tillis, Mr. Grassley, and Mr. Hagerty) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle F of title X, add the following:

# SEC. 1067. TREATMENT OF EXEMPTIONS UNDER THE FOREIGN AGENTS REGISTRATION ACT OF 1938.

- (a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the "Preventing Adversary Influence, Disinformation, and Obscured Foreign Financing Act of 2025" or the "PAID OFF Act of 2025".
- (b) TREATMENT OF EXEMPTIONS UNDER THE FOREIGN AGENTS REGISTRATION ACT OF 1938.—Section 3 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended (22 U.S.C. 613), is amended—
- (1) in the matter preceding subsection (a), by inserting ", except as provided in subsection (i)" after "principals"; and
  - (2) by adding at the end the following:
- "(i) LIMITATIONS.—The exemptions under subsections (d)(1), (d)(2), and (h) shall not apply to any agent of a foreign principal that is a corporate or government entity that is owned or controlled by 1 or more of the identified countries listed in clauses (i) through (v) of section 1(m)(1)(A) of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2651a(m)(1)(A))."
- (c) MECHANISM TO AMEND DEFINITION OF "COUNTRY OF CONCERN".—Section 1(m) of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2651a(m)) is amended—
- (1) by redesignating paragraphs (6) and (7) as paragraphs (7) and (8), respectively; and
- (2) by inserting after paragraph (5) the following:
- "(6) MODIFICATION TO DEFINITION OF 'COUNTRY OF CONCERN'.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State may, in consultation with the Attorney Gen-

- eral, propose the addition or deletion of countries described in paragraph (1)(A).
- "(B) SUBMISSION.—Any proposal described in subparagraph (A) shall—
- "(i) be submitted to the Chairman and Ranking Member of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Chairman and Ranking Member of the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives; and
- "(ii) become effective upon enactment of a joint resolution of approval as described in subparagraph (C).
  - "(C) Joint resolution of approval.-
- "(i) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of subparagraph (B)(ii), the term 'joint resolution of approval' means only a joint resolution—
- "(I) that does not have a preamble:
- "(II) that includes in the matter after the resolving clause the following: 'That Congress approves the modification of the definition of "country of concern" under section 1(m) of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956, as submitted by the Secretary of State on \_ ; and section 1(m)(1)(A) of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2651a(m)(1)(A)) is amended by ', the blank spaces being appropriately filled in with the appropriate date and the amendatory language required to modify the list of countries in paragraph (1)(A) of this subsection by adding or deleting 1 or more countries; and
- "(III) the title of which is as follows: 'Joint resolution approving modifications to definition of "country of concern" under section 1(m) of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956.'
  - "(ii) Referral.—
- "(I) SENATE.—A resolution described in clause (i) that is introduced in the Senate shall be referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate.
- "(II) HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—A resolution described in clause (i) that is introduced in the House of Representatives shall be referred to the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives."
- (d) SUNSET.—The amendments made by this section shall terminate on the date that is 5 years after the date of enactment of this Act.
- SA 3708. Mr. MULLIN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:
- At the end of subtitle B of title VIII, add the following:

#### SEC. 839A. GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABILITY OF-FICE BID PROTEST PROCESS EN-HANCEMENT.

- (a) REVISE REGULATIONS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall revise the Defense Supplement to the Federal Acquisition Regulation to establish procedures for a contracting officer of the Department of Defense to file a claim against a contractor that files a covered bid protest.
- (2) CLAIMS PROCEDURES.—The procedures required by paragraph (1) shall ensure the following:
- (A) A claim described in paragraph (1) shall be filed in accordance with chapter 71 of title 41, United States Code.
- (B) Any remedy shall be limited to the disgorgement of any profits and fees earned

- by the incumbent contractor in the performance of a covered contract during the disgogement period.
- (3) TREATMENT OF AMOUNTS RECEIVED.—Amounts received as result of a claim described in paragraph (1) shall be credited to the fund or account that was used to cover the costs of the covered contract, or, if the period of availability of obligations for the appropriation from which such costs were paid has expired, to the appropriations of a fund or account that is currently available to the Secretary for the same purpose. Amounts so credited shall be merged with amounts in such fund or account and shall be available for the same purposes, and subject to the same conditions and limitations, as amounts in such fund or account.
  - (4) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:
- (A) The term "covered bid protest" means a bid protest—
- (i) that was filed with the Comptroller General of the United States by an incumbent contractor:
- (ii) that was dismissed by the Comptroller General based a lack of any reasonable legal or factual basis; and
- (iii) for which such dismissal was finally determined.
- (B) The term "covered contract" means a contract with the Department of Defense entered into with the incumbent contractor for the acquisition of goods or services by the Department during the disgorgement period that are the same or substantially similar to goods or services to be acquired by the Department under the contract previously awarded to the incumbent contractor.
- (C) The term "disgorgement period" means the period of performance under a contract that was awarded or extended because the Department of Defense received notice of a protest by the incumbent contractor and was prohibited from awarding a new contract during the pendency of such bid protest under section 3553(c) of title 31, United States Code.
- (D) The term "finally determined", with respect to the dismissal of a bid protest, means dismissal—
- (i) was not appealed and is no longer appealable because the time for taking an appeal has expired; or
- (ii) was appealed and the appeals process for which is completed.
- (E) The term "incumbent contractor" means a contractor under a contract with the Department of Defense for the acquisition of goods or services by the Department that are the same or substantially similar to goods or services to be acquired by the Department under a new or follow-on contract that is the subject of a covered bid protest.
- (b) CONTINUED PERFORMANCE TO FACILITATE NATIONAL DEFENSE.—Section 3553 of title 31, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) by amending subsection (c)(3) to read as follows:
- "(3) For the purposes of the written finding under paragraph (2)(A) with respect to a contract for a procurement by a component of the Department of Defense, the head of the procuring activity may make the finding under such paragraph for such contract if such head of the procuring activity determines that the performance of such contract would facilitate the national defense."; and
- (2) in subsection (d)(3), by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
- "(D) For the purposes of the determination under paragraph (2)(B) with respect to a contract for a procurement by a component of the Department of Defense, a contracting officer may not determine that immediate performance of such contract is not in the best interests of the United States if the contracting officer determines that performance

of the contract would facilitate the national defense.".

SA 3709. Mr. RICKETTS (for himself and Mr. BENNET) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title XII, insert the following:

# SEC. 12 . ASSESSMENT OF AND STRATEGY TO COMBAT ARMS SALES OF THE PEO-PLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.

- (a) Assessment of Chinese Arms Sales.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for 3 years, the Director of National Intelligence, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of State, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on arms sales facilitated by entities in the People's Republic of China.
- (2) CONTENTS.—The report required by paragraph (1) shall include an analysis of—
- (A) the weapons systems and military equipment originating from the People's Republic of China available for purchase by foreign countries:
- (B) the technical aspects and capabilities of such weapons systems and military equipment:
- (C) how such weapons systems and military equipment may impact the balance of power in the area of responsibility of each geographic combatant command, when applicable:
- (D) the weapons systems and military equipment originating from the People's Republic of China that are considered direct alternatives to weapons systems and military equipment originating from the United States:
- (E) the weapons systems and military equipment originating from the People's Republic of China that present the greatest security risks regarding the potential to collect intelligence on or compromise assets, weapons, or platforms of the United States:
- (F) the countries mostly likely to procure weapons systems and military equipment originating from the People's Republic of China, including the specific type, quantity, and estimated value in United States dollars of weapons, during the 1-year period following the date of the submission of the report;
- (G) the weapons systems and military equipment in development as of the date of the submission of the report by entities in the People's Republic of China that could be available on the global market not later than 5 years after such date:
- (H) the factors that incentivize countries to procure such weapons systems and military equipment, including costs, flexible payment conditions and financing, a lack of end-user agreements, and speed of sale and delivery; and
- (I) the strategy of the People's Republic of China regarding arms sales and variables that could influence such strategy.
- (3) FORM.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The report required by paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but shall include a classified annex.
- (B) CLASSIFIED ANNEX.—The classified annex required by subparagraph (A) shall

- contain an assessment by the Director of National Intelligence of—
- (i) the contents required by paragraph (2);
- (ii) the counterintelligence risks and risks of onward proliferation of technology and defense systems originating in the United States and created through the purchase, deployment, and use of weapons systems and military equipment originating from the People's Republic of China by United States allies and partners.
- (4) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Foreign Relations, and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate: and
- (B) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives.
- (b) STRATEGY TO COMBAT ARMS SALES OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense, shall develop a strategy to dissuade purchases of new weapons systems and military equipment, excluding spare parts or parts for maintenance of previously procured weapons, originating from the People's Republic of China.
- (2) Elements.—The strategy shall include the following elements:
- (A) An information campaign targeting countries interested in procuring weapons systems and military equipment originating from the People's Republic of China to warn such countries about—
- (i) potential risks, including the lack of a proven track record in combat, insufficient training on the operation of the weapon or weapons system, reliability issues, and the lack of maintenance and spare parts available:
- (ii) the inability to integrate such weapons systems and military equipment with weapons systems and military equipment from the United States; and
- (iii) the potential limitation of future security cooperation with the United States that could arise if such weapons are acquired.
- (B) A description of actions the United States Government can take, including creative financing and subsidized pricing, to make weapons systems and military equipment from the United States more attractive to prospective buyers of weapons systems or military equipment originating from the People's Republic of China.
- (C) An analysis of whether the use of sanctions, export controls, or other economic restrictions targeting buyers of new weapons systems or military equipment originating from the People's Republic of China could serve as an effective deterrent.
- (D) A description of actions defense firms of the United States can take to provide competitive alternatives to prospective buyers of weapons systems and military equipment originating from the People's Republic of China.
- (E) A plan to combat Chinese disinformation campaigns targeting the performance of weapons or platforms produced by the United States or trusted allies.
- (F) A plan to ensure close coordination with Congress to prevent disjointed engagement with countries.
- (3) REPORT AND IMPLEMENTATION PLAN.— Not later than the date on which the strategy required by paragraph (1) is completed, the Secretary of State shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a re-

port detailing the strategy and a plan for implementation.

- (4) FORM.—The report required by paragraph (3) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.
- (5) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate; and
- (B) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives.

SA 3710. Mr. McCORMICK submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

#### SEC. STUDY AND REPORT.

Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Securities and Exchange Commission shall—

- (1) conduct a study on the transparency of, and cooperation regarding—
- (A) brokers and dealers that are—
- (i) members of a national securities association and registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission; and
- (ii) controlled by or organized under the laws of the People's Republic of China; and
- (B) investment advisors that are registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and controlled by or organized under the laws of the People's Republic of China; and
- (2) submit to Congress a report that includes the results of the study conducted under paragraph (1).

SA 3711. Mr. SULLIVAN (for himself and Mr. Whitehouse) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title X, insert the following:

### Subtitle H—FISH Act of 2025

SEC. 1091. SHORT TITLE.

This subtitle may be cited as the "Fighting Foreign Illegal Seafood Harvests Act of 2025" or the "FISH Act of 2025".

### SEC. 1092. DEFINITIONS.

In this subtitle:

- (1) ADMINISTRATOR.—Unless otherwise provided, the term "Administrator" means the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration or the designee of the Administrator.
- (2) BENEFICIAL OWNER.—The term "beneficial owner" means, with respect to a vessel, a person that, directly or indirectly, through any contract, arrangement, understanding, relationship, or otherwise—
- (A) exercises substantial control over the vessel; or
- (B) owns not less than 50 percent of the ownership interests in the vessel.

- (3) FISH.—The term "fish" means finfish, crustaceans, and mollusks.
- (4) FORCED LABOR.—The term "forced labor" has the meaning given that term in section 307 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1307)
- (5) IUU FISHING.—The term "IUU fishing" means activities described as illegal fishing, unreported fishing, and unregulated fishing in paragraph 3 of the International Plan of Action to Prevent, Deter, and Eliminate Illegal, Unreported and Unregulated Fishing, adopted at the 24th Session of the Committee on Fisheries in Rome on March 2, 2001.
- (6) REGIONAL FISHERIES MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION.—The terms "regional fisheries management organization" and "RFMO" have the meaning given the terms in section 303 of the Port State Measures Agreement Act of 2015 (16 U.S.C. 7402).
- (7) SEAFOOD.—The term "seafood" means fish, shellfish, processed fish, fish meal, shellfish products, and all other forms of marine animal and plant life other than marine mammals and birds.
- (8) SECRETARY.—Unless otherwise provided, the term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Commerce acting through the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration or the designee of the Administrator.

### SEC. 1093. STATEMENT OF POLICY.

- It is the policy of the United States to partner, consult, and coordinate with foreign governments (at the national and subnational levels), civil society, international organizations, international financial institutions, subnational coastal communities, commercial and recreational fishing industry leaders, communities that engage in artisanal or subsistence fishing, fishers, and the private sector, in a concerted effort—
- (1) to continue the broad effort across the Federal Government to counter IUU fishing, including any potential links to forced labor, human trafficking, and other threats to maritime security, as outlined in sections 3533 and 3534 of the Maritime SAFE Act (16 U.S.C. 8002 and 8003); and
  - (2) to, additionally-
- (A) prioritize efforts to prevent IUU fishing at its sources; and
- (B) support continued implementation of the Central Arctic Ocean Fisheries agreement, as well as joint research and follow-on actions that ensure sustainability of fish stocks in Arctic international waters.

### SEC. 1094. ESTABLISHMENT OF AN IUU VESSEL LIST.

Section 608 of the High Seas Driftnet Fishing Moratorium Protection Act (16 U.S.C. 1826i) is amended by striking subsections (c) and (d) and inserting the following:

- "(c) IUU VESSEL LIST.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, in coordination with the Secretary of State, the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection, and the Secretary of Labor, shall develop, maintain, and make public a list of foreign vessels, foreign fleets, and beneficial owners of foreign vessels or foreign fleets engaged in IUU fishing or fishing-related activities in support of IUU fishing (referred to in this section as the 'IUU vessel list').
- "(2) INCLUSION ON LIST.—The IUU vessel list shall include any foreign vessel, foreign fleet, or beneficial owner of a foreign vessel or foreign fleet for which the Secretary determines there is clear and convincing evidence to believe that a foreign vessel is any of the following (even if the Secretary has only partial information regarding the vessel):
- "(A) A vessel listed on an IUU vessel list of an international fishery management organization.

- "(B) A vessel knowingly taking part in fishing that undermines the effectiveness of an international fishery management organization's conservation and management measures, including a vessel—
- "(i) exceeding applicable international fishery management organization catch limits; or
- "(ii) that is operating inconsistent with relevant catch allocation arrangements of the international fishery management organization, even if operating under the authority of a foreign country that is not a member of the international fishery management organization.
- "(C) A vessel, either on the high seas or in the exclusive economic zone of another country, identified and reported by United States authorities to an international fishery management organization to be conducting IUU fishing when the United States has reason to believe the foreign country to which the vessel is registered or documented is not addressing the allegation.
- "(D) A vessel, fleet, or beneficial owner of a vessel or fleet on the high seas identified by United States authorities to be conducting IUU fishing or fishing that involves the use of forced labor, including individuals and entities subject to a withhold release order or a finding issued by U.S. Customs and Border Protection pursuant to section 307 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1307) or any other U.S. Customs and Border Protection enforcement action.
- "(E) A vessel that knowingly provides services (excluding emergency or enforcement services) to a vessel that is on the IUU vessel list, including transshipment, resupply, refueling, or pilotage.
- "(F) A vessel that is a fishing vessel engaged in commercial fishing within the exclusive economic zone of the United States without a permit issued under title II of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1821 et seq.).
- "(G) A vessel that has the same beneficial owner as another vessel on the IUU vessel list at the time of the infraction.
- "(3) NOMINATIONS TO BE PUT ON THE IUU VESSEL LIST.—The Secretary may receive nominations for putting a vessel on the IUU vessel list from—
- "(A) the head of an executive branch agency that is a member of the Interagency Working Group on IUU Fishing established under section 3551 of the Maritime SAFE Act (16 U.S.C. 8031):
- "(B) a country that is a member of the Combined Maritime Forces; or
- $\lq\lq(C)$  civil organizations that have data-sharing agreements with a member of the Interagency Working Group on IUU Fishing.
- "(4) PROCEDURES FOR ADDITION.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may put a vessel on the IUU vessel list only after notification to the vessel's beneficial owner and a review of any information that the owner provides within 90 days of the notification.
- "(B) Hearing.—A beneficial owner may request a hearing on the evidence if the owner's vessel is placed on the IUU vessel list under subparagraph (A) and may present new evidence to the Interagency Working Group on IUU Fishing described in paragraph (3)(A). Such Working Group shall review the new evidence and vote on whether the vessel shall remain on the IUU vessel list or not.
- "(5) PUBLIC INFORMATION.—The Secretary shall publish its procedures for adding vessels on, and removing vessels from, the IUU vessel list. The Secretary shall publish the IUU vessel list itself in the Federal Register annually and on a website, which shall be updated any time a vessel is added to the IUU vessel list, and include the following infor-

- mation (as much as is available and confirmed) for each vessel on the IUU vessel list:
- "(A) The name of the vessel and previous names of the vessel.
- "(B) The International Maritime Organization (IMO) number of the vessel, or other Unique Vessel Identifier (such as the flag state permit number or authorized vessel number issued by an international fishery management organization).
- "(C) The maritime mobile service identity number and call sign of the vessel.
- "(D) The business or corporate address of each beneficial owner of the vessel.
- "(E) The country where the vessel is registered or documented, and where it was previously registered if known.
- "(F) The date of inclusion on the IUU vessel list of the vessel.
- "(G) Any other Unique Vessel Identifier (UVI), if applicable.
- "(H) Any other identifying information on the vessel, as determined appropriate by the Secretary.
- "(I) The basis for the Secretary's inclusion of the vessel on the IUU vessel list under paragraph (2).
- "(d) Consequences of Being on IUU Vessel List.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Except for the purposes of inspection and enforcement or in case of force majeure, a vessel on the IUU vessel list may be prohibited from—
- "(A) traveling through the United States territorial sea unless it is conducting innocent passage; and
- "(B) delivering or receiving supplies or services, or transshipment, within waters subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.
- "(2) SERVICING PROHIBITED.—No vessel of the United States may service a vessel that is on the IUU vessel list, except in an emergency involving life and safety or to facilitate enforcement.
- "(e) PERMANENCY OF IUU VESSEL LIST.-
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraphs (2) through (4), a vessel, fleet, or beneficial owner of a vessel or fleet that is put on the IUU vessel list shall remain on the IUU vessel list.
- "(2) REVOCATION OF WRO.—The Secretary shall remove a vessel or fleet from the IUU vessel list if the vessel was added to the IUU vessel list because it was found by U.S. Customs and Border Protection to have had a withhold release order or a finding issued pursuant to section 307 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1307) and the withhold release order was subsequently revoked.
- "(3) APPLICATION BY OWNER FOR POTENTIAL REMOVAL.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—In consultation with the Secretary of State and U.S. Customs and Border Protection, the Secretary may remove a vessel, fleet, or beneficial owner of a vessel or fleet from the IUU vessel list if the beneficial owner of the vessel submits an application for removal to the Secretary that meets the standards that the Secretary has set out for removal.
- "(B) STANDARDS.—The Secretary shall include in the standards set out for removal a determination that the vessel or vessel owner has not engaged in IUU fishing or fishing that involves the use of forced labor during the 5-year period preceding the date of the application for removal. The Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of State and the U.S. Customs and Border Protection, shall determine whether each application for removal demonstrates that sufficient corrective action has been taken to remediate the violations and infractions that led to the inclusion on the IUU vessel list.

- "(C) CONSIDERATION OF RELEVANT INFORMA-TION.—In considering an application for removal, the Secretary shall consider relevant information from all sources.
- "(4) REMOVAL DUE TO INTERNATIONAL FISHERY MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION ACTION.—The Secretary may remove a vessel from the IUU vessel list if the vessel was put on the list because it was a vessel listed on an IUU vessel list of an international fishery management organization, pursuant to subsection (c)(2)(A), and the international fishery management organization removed the vessel from its IUU vessel list.
- "(f) REGULATIONS AND PROCESS.—Not later than 12 months after the date of enactment of the Fighting Foreign Illegal Seafood Harvests Act of 2025, the Secretary shall issue regulations to set a process for establishing, maintaining, implementing, and publishing the IUU vessel list. The Administrator may add or remove a vessel, fleet, or beneficial owner of a vessel or fleet from the IUU vessel list on the date the vessel becomes eligible for such addition or removal.
  - "(g) Definitions.—In this section:
- "(1) ADMINISTRATOR.—Unless otherwise provided, the term 'Administrator' means the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration or the designee of the Administrator.
- "(2) BENEFICIAL OWNER.—The term 'beneficial owner' means, with respect to a vessel, a person that, directly or indirectly, through any contract, arrangement, understanding, relationship, or otherwise—
- "(A) exercises substantial control over the vessel: or
- $\mbox{``(B)}$  owns not less than 50 percent of the ownership interests in the vessel.
- "(3) FORCED LABOR.—The term 'forced labor' has the meaning given that term in section 307 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1307).
- "(4) FOREIGN VESSEL.—The term 'foreign vessel' has the meaning given the term in section 110 of title 46, United States Code).
- "(5) INTERNATIONAL FISHERY MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATION.—The term 'international fishery management organization' means an international organization established by any bilateral or multilateral treaty, convention, or agreement for the conservation and management of fish.
- "(6) IUU FISHING.—The term 'IUU fishing' has the meaning given the term 'illegal, unreported, or unregulated fishing' in the implementing regulations or any subsequent regulations issued pursuant to section 609(e).
- "(7) SEAFOOD.—The term 'seafood' means fish, shellfish, processed fish, fish meal, shellfish products, and all other forms of marine animal and plant life other than marine mammals and birds
- "(h) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There are authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Commerce to carry out this section \$10,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2025 through 2030."

### SEC. 1095. VISA SANCTIONS FOR FOREIGN PER-SONS.

- (a) FOREIGN PERSONS DESCRIBED.—A foreign person is described in this subsection if the foreign person is the owner or beneficial owner of a vessel on the IUU vessel list developed under section 608(c) of the High Seas Driftnet Fishing Moratorium Protection Act (16 U.S.C. 1826i(c)).
- (b) INELIGIBILITY FOR VISAS, ADMISSION, OR PAROLE.—
- (1) VISAS, ADMISSION, OR PAROLE.—A foreign person described in subsection (a) is—
- (A) inadmissible to the United States
- (B) ineligible to receive a visa or other documentation to enter the United States; and
- (C) otherwise ineligible to be admitted or paroled into the United States or to receive any other benefit under the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.).

- (2) Current visas revoked.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The visa or other entry documentation of a foreign person described in subsection (a) shall be revoked, regardless of when such visa or other entry documentation is or was issued.
- (B) IMMEDIATE EFFECT.—A revocation under subparagraph (A) shall, in accordance with section 221(i) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1201(i))—
- (i) take effect; and
- (ii) cancel any other valid visa or entry documentation that is in the person's possession.
- (c) NATIONAL INTEREST WAIVER.—The President may waive the imposition of sanctions under this section with respect to a foreign person if doing so is in the national interest of the United States.
- (d) Exceptions.—
- (1) EXCEPTIONS FOR AUTHORIZED INTELLIGENCE AND LAW ENFORCEMENT ACTIVITIES.—
  This section shall not apply with respect to activities subject to the reporting requirements under title V of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3091 et seq.) or any authorized intelligence, law enforcement, or national security activities of the United States.
- (2) EXCEPTION TO COMPLY WITH INTER-NATIONAL AGREEMENTS.—Sanctions under subsection (b) shall not apply with respect to the admission of an alien to the United States if such admission is necessary to comply with the obligations of the United States under the Agreement regarding the Headquarters of the United Nations, signed at Lake Success June 26, 1947, and entered into force November 21, 1947, between the United Nations and the United States, or the Convention on Consular Relations, done at Vienna April 24, 1963, and entered into force March 19, 1967, or other international obligations.
- (3) EXCEPTION FOR SAFETY OF VESSELS AND CREW.—Sanctions under subsection (b) shall not apply with respect to a person providing provisions to a vessel identified under section 608(c) of the High Seas Driftnet Fishing Moratorium Protection Act (16 U.S.C. 1826i) if such provisions are intended for the safety and care of the crew aboard the vessel, or the maintenance of the vessel to avoid any environmental or other significant damage.
- (4) EXCEPTION FOR FORCED LABOR.—Sanctions under subsection (b) shall not apply with respect to a person described in subsection (a), if such person was listed as the owner of a vessel described in that subsection through the use of force, threats of force, fraud, or coercion.
- (e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) ADMISSION; ADMITTED; ALIEN; LAWFULLY ADMITTED FOR PERMANENT RESIDENCE.—The terms "admission", "admitted", "alien", and "lawfully admitted for permanent residence" have the meanings given those terms in section 101 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101).
- (2) FOREIGN PERSON.—The term "foreign person" means an individual or entity that is not a United States person.
- (3) UNITED STATES PERSON.—The term "United States person" means—
- (A) a United States citizen or an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence to the United States;
- (B) an entity organized under the laws of the United States or any jurisdiction within the United States, including a foreign branch of such an entity; or
- (C) any person in the United States.

### SEC. 1096. AGREEMENTS.

(a) PRESIDENTIAL NEGOTIATION.—In negotiating any relevant agreement with a foreign nation or nations after the date of enactment of this Act, the President is encour-

- aged to consider the impacts on or to IUU fishing and fishing that involves the use of forced labor and strive to ensure that the agreement strengthens efforts to combat IUU fishing and fishing that involves the use of forced labor as long as such considerations do not come at the expense of higher priority national interests of the United States.
- (b) FEDERAL GOVERNMENT ENCOURAGE-MENT.—The Federal Government should encourage other nations to ratify treaties and agreements that address IUU fishing to which the United States is a party, including the High Seas Fishing Compliance Agreement and the Port State Measures Agreement, and pursue bilateral and multilateral initiatives to raise international ambition to combat IUU fishing, including in the G7 and G20, the United Nations, the International Labor Organization (ILO), and the International Maritime Organization (IMO), and through voluntary multilateral efforts, as long as clear burden sharing arrangements with partner nations are determined. The bilateral and multilateral initiatives should address underlying drivers of IUU fishing and fishing that involves the use of forced labor, such as the practice of transshipment, flags of convenience vessels, and government subsidies of the distant water fishing industry.
- (c) Transparency for Non-binding Instruments Concluded Under This Section.—Any memorandum of understanding or other non-binding instrument to further the objectives of this section shall be considered a qualifying non-binding instrument for purposes of section 112b of title 1, United States Code.

### SEC. 1097. ENFORCEMENT PROVISIONS.

- (a) INCREASE BOARDING OF VESSELS SUSPECTED OF IUU FISHING.—The Commandant of the Coast Guard shall strive to increase, from year to year, its observation of vessels on the high seas that are suspected of IUU fishing and related harmful practices, and is encouraged to consider boarding these vessels to the greatest extent practicable.
- (b) FOLLOW UP.—The Administrator shall, in consultation with the Commandant of the Coast Guard and the Secretary of State, coordinate regularly with regional fisheries management organizations to determine what corrective measures each country has taken after vessels that are registered or documented by the country have been boarded for suspected IUU fishing.
- (c) REPORT.—Not later than 3 years after the date of enactment of this Act and in accordance with information management rules of the relevant regional fisheries management organizations, the Commandant of the Coast Guard shall submit a report to Congress on—
- (1) the total number of bilateral agreements utilized or enacted during Coast Guard counter-IUU patrols and future patrol plans for operations with partner nations where bilateral agreements are required to effectively execute the counter-IUU mission and any changes to IUU provisions in bilateral agreements;
- (2) incidents of IUU fishing observed while conducting High Seas Boarding and Inspections (HSBI), how the conduct is tracked after referral to the respective country where the vessel is registered or documented, and what actions are taken to document or otherwise act on the enforcement, or lack thereof, taken by the country;
- (3) the country where the vessel is registered or documented, the country where the vessel was previously registered and documented if known, and status of a vessel interdicted or observed to be engaged in IUU fishing on the high seas by the Coast Guard;
- (4) incident details on vessels observed to be engaged in IUU fishing on the high seas,

boarding refusals, and what action was taken; and

(5) any other potential enforcement actions that could decrease IUU fishing on the high seas.

#### SEC. 1098. IMPROVED MANAGEMENT AT THE RE-GIONAL FISHERIES MANAGEMENT ORGANIZATIONS.

- (a) Interagency Working Group on IUU Fishing.—Section 3551(c) of the Maritime SAFE Act (16 U.S.C. 8031(c)) is amended—
- (1) in paragraph (13), by striking "and" after the semicolon;
- (2) in paragraph (14), by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following:
- "(15) developing a strategy for leveraging enforcement capacity against IUU fishing, particularly focusing on nations identified under section 609(a) of the High Seas Driftnet Fishing Moratorium Protection Act (16 U.S.C. 1826j(a)); and
- "(16) developing a strategy for leveraging enforcement capacity against associated abuses, such as fishing that involves the use of forced labor and other illegal labor practices, and increasing enforcement and other actions across relevant import control and assessment programs, using as resources—
- "(A) the List of Goods Produced by Child Labor or Forced Labor produced pursuant to section 105 of the Trafficking Victims Protection Reauthorization Act of 2005 (22 U.S.C. 7112);
- "(B) the Trafficking in Persons Report required under section 110 of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7107):
- "(C) United States Customs and Border Protection's Forced Labor Division and enforcement activities and regulations authorized under section 307 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1307); and
- "(D) reports submitted under the Uyghur Human Rights Policy Act of 2020 (Public Law 116–145).".
- (b) Secretary of State Identification.— The Secretary of State, in coordination with the Commandant of the Coast Guard and the Administrator, shall—
- (1) identify regional fisheries management organizations that the United States is party to that do not have a high seas boarding and inspection program; and
- (2) identify obstacles, needed authorities, or existing efforts to increase implementation of these programs, and take action as appropriate.

### SEC. 1099. STRATEGIES TO OPTIMIZE DATA COL-LECTION, SHARING, AND ANALYSIS.

Section 3552 of the Maritime SAFE Act (16 U.S.C. 8032) is amended by adding at the end:

- "(c) STRATEGIES TO OPTIMIZE DATA COLLECTION, SHARING, AND ANALYSIS.—Not later than 3 years after the date of enactment of the Fighting Foreign Illegal Seafood Harvests Act of 2025, the Working Group shall identify information and resources to prevent fish and fish products from IUU fishing and fishing that involves the use of forced labor from entering United States commerce without increasing burden or trade barriers on seafood not produced from IUU fishing. The report shall include the following:
- "(1) Identification of relevant data streams collected by Working Group members.
- "(2) Identification of legal, jurisdictional, or other barriers to the sharing of such data.
- "(3) In consultation with the Secretary of Defense, recommendations for joint enforcement protocols, collaboration, and information sharing between Federal agencies and States
- "(4) Recommendations for sharing and developing forensic resources between Federal agencies and States.
- "(5) Recommendations for enhancing capacity for United States Customs and Border

Protection and National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration to conduct more effective field investigations and enforcement efforts with U.S. state enforcement officials.

- "(6) Recommendations for improving data collection and automated risk-targeting of seafood imports within the United States' International Trade Data System and Automated Commercial Environment.
- "(7) Recommendations for the dissemination of IUU fishing and fishing that involves the use of forced labor analysis and information to those governmental and non-governmental entities that could use it for action and awareness, with the aim to establish an IUU fishing information sharing center.
- "(8) Recommendations for an implementation strategy, including measures for ensuring that trade in seafood not linked to IUU fishing and fishing that involves the use of forced labor is not impeded.
- "(9) An analysis of the IUU fishing policies and regulatory regimes of other countries in order to develop policy and regulatory alternatives for United States consideration.".

# SEC. 1099A. INVESTMENT AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE IN THE FISHERIES SECTOR.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State and the Secretary of Commerce, in consultation with the heads of relevant agencies, are encouraged to increase support to programs that provide technical assistance, institutional capacity, and investment to nations' fisheries sectors for sustainable fisheries management and combating IUU fishing and fishing involving the use of forced labor. The focus of such support is encouraged to be on priority regions and priority flag states identified under section 3552(b) of the Maritime SAFE Act (16 U.S.C. 8032(b)).
- (b) ANALYSIS OF US CAPACITY-BUILDING EXPERTISE AND RESOURCES.—In order to maximize efforts on preventing IUU fishing at its sources, the Interagency Working Group on IUU Fishing established under section 3551 of the Maritime SAFE Act (16 U.S.C. 8031) shall analyze United States capacity-building expertise and resources to provide support to nations' fisheries sectors. This analysis may include an assessment of potential avenues for in-country public-private collaboration and multilateral collaboration on developing local fisheries science, fisheries management, maritime enforcement, and maritime judicial capabilities.

#### SEC. 1099B. STRATEGY TO IDENTIFY SEAFOOD AND SEAFOOD PRODUCTS FROM FOREIGN VESSELS USING FORCED LABOR.

The Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection, in coordination with the Secretary shall—

- (1) develop a strategy for utilizing relevant United States Government data to identify imports of seafood harvested on foreign vessels using forced labor; and
- (2) publish information regarding the strategy developed under paragraph (1) on the website of U.S. Customs and Border Protection

### SEC. 1099C. REPORTS.

(a) IMPACT OF NEW TECHNOLOGY.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Homeland Security, with support from the Administrator the Working Group established under section 3551 of the Maritime SAFE Act (16 U.S.C. 8031), shall conduct a study to assess the impact of new technology (such as remote observing, the use of drones, development of risk assessment tools and data-sharing software, immediate containerization of fish on fishing vessels, satellite Wi-Fi technology on fishing vessels, and other technology-enhanced new fishing practices) on IUU fishing and associated crimes (such as trafficking and fishing involving the use of

forced labor) and propose ways to integrate these technologies into global fisheries enforcement and management.

- (b) RUSSIAN AND CHINESE FISHING INDUSTRIES' INFLUENCE ON EACH OTHER AND ON THE UNITED STATES SEAFOOD AND FISHING INDUSTRY.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, with support from the Secretary of Commerce and the Office of the United States Trade Representative, shall—
- (1) conduct a study on the collaboration between the Russian and Chinese fishing industries and on the role of seafood reprocessing in China (including that of raw materials originating in Russia) in global seafood markets and its impact on United States seafood importers, processors, and consumers; and

(2) complete a report on the study that includes classified and unclassified portions, as the Secretary of State determines necessary.

- (c) FISHERMEN CONDUCTING UNLAWFUL FISHING IN THE EXCLUSIVE ECONOMIC ZONE.—Section 3551 of the Maritime SAFE Act (16 U.S.C. 8031) is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "(d) THE IMPACTS OF IUU FISHING AND FISHING INVOLVING THE USE OF FORCED LABOR.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator, in consultation with relevant members of the Working Group, shall seek to enter into an arrangement with the National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine underwhich the National Academies will undertake a multifaceted study that includes the following:
- "(A) An analysis that quantifies the occurrence and extent of IUU fishing and fishing involving the use of forced labor among all flag states.
- "(B) An evaluation of the costs to the United States economy of IUU fishing and fishing involving the use of forced labor.
- "(C) An assessment of the costs to the global economy of IUU fishing and fishing involving the use of forced labor.
- "(D) An assessment of the effectiveness of response strategies to counter IUU fishing, including both domestic programs and foreign capacity-building and partnering programs.
- "(2) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this subsection \$2,000,000.".
- (d) REPORT.—Not later than 24 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall submit to Congress a report on the study conducted under subsection (d) of section 3551 of the Maritime SAFE Act that includes—
- (1) the findings of the National Academies; and
- (2) recommendations on knowledge gaps that warrant further scientific inquiry.

#### SEC. 1099D. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIA-TIONS FOR NATIONAL SEA GRANT COLLEGE PROGRAM.

Section 212(a) of the National Sea Grant College Program Act (33 U.S.C. 1131(a)) is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (1), by striking "for fiscal year 2025" and inserting "for each of fiscal years 2025 through 2031"; and
- (2) in paragraph (2)-
- (A) in the paragraph heading, by striking "FOR FISCAL YEARS 2021 THROUGH 2025"; and
- (B) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking "fiscal years 2021 through 2025" and inserting "fiscal years 2026 through 2031".

SA 3712. Mr. COONS (for himself and Mr. Young) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for

military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in subtitle F of title X, insert the following:

### SEC. 10\_\_\_\_\_. FINDING OPPORTUNITIES FOR RESOURCE EXPLORATION.

- (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that the United States should prioritize, to the greatest extent practicable, the onshoring of critical mineral processing.
- (b) Definitions.—In this section:
- (1) ALLIED FOREIGN COUNTRY.—The term "allied foreign country" means a member country of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization or a country that has been designated as a major non-NATO ally under section 517 of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2321k).
- (2) CRITICAL MINERAL.—The term "critical mineral" has the meaning given the term in section 7002(a) of the Energy Act of 2020 (30 U.S.C. 1606(a)).
- (3) INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION.—The term "institution of higher education" has the meaning given the term in section 101 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001).
- (4) PARTNER FOREIGN COUNTRY.—The term "partner foreign country" means a country that is a source of a critical mineral or rare earth element.
- (5) RARE EARTH ELEMENT.—The term "rare earth element" means cerium, dysprosium, erbium, europium, gadolinium, holmium, lanthanum, lutetium, neodymium, praseodymium, promethium, samarium, scandium, terbium, thulium, ytterbium, or yttrium.
- (6) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Director of the United States Geological Survey.
- (c) MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING WITH RESPECT TO THE MAPPING OF CRITICAL MINERALS AND RARE EARTH ELEMENTS.—
- (1) MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING.—The Secretary may enter into a memorandum of understanding with 1 or more heads of agencies of partner foreign countries with respect to scientific and technical cooperation in the mapping of critical minerals and rare earth elements.
- (2) OBJECTIVES.—In negotiating a memorandum of understanding under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall seek to increase the security and resilience of international supply chains, to the maximum extent practicable, for critical minerals and rare earth elements by—
- (A) committing to assisting the partner foreign country through cooperative activities described in paragraph (3) that help the partner foreign country map reserves of critical minerals and rare earth elements; and
- (B) ensuring that mapping data created through the cooperative activities described in paragraph (3) is protected against unauthorized access by, or disclosure to, governmental or private entities based in countries that are not—
- (i) a party to the memorandum of understanding; or
- (ii) an allied foreign country.
- (3) COOPERATIVE ACTIVITIES.—The cooperative activities referred to in paragraphs (2) and (5)(A)(ii) include—
- (A) acquisition, compilation, analysis, and interpretation of geologic, geophysical, geochemical, and spectroscopic remote sensing data:
- (B) prospectivity mapping and mineral resource assessment;
- (C) analysis of geoscience data, including developing derivative map products that can

- help more effectively evaluate the mineral resources of the partner foreign country;
- (D) scientific collaboration to enhance the understanding and management of the natural resources of the partner foreign country to contribute to the sustainable development of the mineral resources sector of that partner foreign country:
- (E) training and capacity building in each area described in subparagraphs (A) through (D):
- (F) facilitation of education and specialized training in geoscience and mineral resource management at institutions of higher education:
- (G) training in relevant international standards for relevant officials of the government and private companies of the partner foreign country; and
- (H) cooperation among entities of the partner foreign country that are a party to the memorandum of understanding and entities in the United States, including Federal departments and agencies, institutions of higher education, research centers, and private companies.
- (4) NOTIFICATION AND REPORT TO CONGRESS.—
- (A) DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—In this paragraph, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (i) the Committees on Energy and Natural Resources, Foreign Relations, and Appropriations of the Senate; and
- (ii) the Committees on Natural Resources, Foreign Affairs, and Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
- (B) NOTIFICATION AND REPORT.—Not later than 30 days before the Secretary intends to enter into a memorandum of understanding under paragraph (1), the Secretary and the Secretary of State shall jointly—
- (i) notify the appropriate committees of Congress; and
- (ii) submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report detailing the implementing partners, scope of the memorandum of understanding, activities to be undertaken, estimated costs, and source of funding.
- (5) SECRETARY OF STATE.—
- (A) AUTHORITY.—For purposes of negotiating and implementing the memorandum of understanding under paragraph (1), the Secretary of State shall be responsible for matters relating to—
- (i) ensuring that private companies headquartered in the United States or an allied foreign country are offered the right of first refusal in the further development of critical minerals and rare earth elements in the partner foreign country; and
- (ii) facilitating private-sector investment in the exploration and development of critical minerals and rare earth elements.
- (B) CONCURRENCE.—The Secretary shall obtain the concurrence of the Secretary of State in—
- (i) prioritizing and selecting partner foreign countries with which to enter into a memorandum of understanding under paragraph (1);
- (ii) negotiating a memorandum of understanding under paragraph (1);
- (iii) implementing a memorandum of understanding entered into under paragraph (1); and
  - (iv) carrying out paragraphs (4) and (6).
- (6) CONSULTATION WITH PRIVATE SECTOR.— The Secretary shall consult with relevant private sector actors, as the Secretary determines to be appropriate, in—
- (A) prioritizing and selecting partner foreign countries with which to enter into a memorandum of understanding under paragraph (1); and

- (B) assessing how a memorandum of understanding can best facilitate private sector interest in pursuing the further development of critical minerals and rare earth elements in accordance with the objectives described in paragraph (2).
- (d) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—Nothing in this section impedes or otherwise alters any authority of the Director of the United States Geological Survey provided by—
- (1) the matter under the heading "GEO-LOGICAL SURVEY" of the first section of the Act of March 3, 1879 (43 U.S.C. 31(a)); or (2) the first section of Public Law 87-626 (43 U.S.C. 31(b)).
- SA 3713. Mr. HAGERTY (for himself and Mr. KAINE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:
- At the appropriate place, insert the following:

### SEC. \_\_\_. MODERNIZING THE DEFENSE CAPABILITIES OF THE PHILIPPINES.

- (a) PURPOSE.—In addition to the purposes otherwise authorized for Foreign Military Financing with respect to the Philippines, the Secretary of State shall use the authorities under this section to—
- (1) strengthen the United States-Philippines alliance in accordance with the historic agreement reached at the United States-Philippines 2+2 Ministerial Dialogue on August 2. 2024:
- (2) enable the acceleration of phase three of the modernization of the Armed Forces of the Philippines:
- (3) provide additional information to the Chairs of the United States-Philippine Bilateral Security Dialogue to enable planning and prioritization of Joint Capability Areas (JCA);
- (4) support the execution of the Philippines-Security Sector Assistance Roadmap (P-SSAR); and
- (5) provide assistance, including equipment, training, and other support, to modernize the defense capabilities of the Armed Forces of the Philippines in order to—
- (A) safeguard the territorial sovereignty of the Philippines;
- (B) improve maritime domain awareness; (C) counter coercive military activities;
- (D) improve the military and civilian infrastructure and capabilities necessary to prepare for regional contingencies; and
- (E) strengthen cooperation between the United States and the Philippines on counterterrorism-related efforts.
- (b) ANNUAL SPENDING PLAN.—Not later than March 1, 2026, and annually thereafter for a period of 4 years, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a plan describing how amounts authorized to be appropriated pursuant to subsection (e), if made available, would be used to achieve the purpose described in subsection (a).
- (c) Annual Report on Enhancing the United States-Philippines Defense Relationship.—
- (1) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 270 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for a period of 4 years, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, and in

- consultation with such other heads of Federal departments and agencies as the Secretary of State considers appropriate, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report that describes steps taken to enhance the United States-Philippines defense relationship.
- (2) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—Each report required under paragraph (1) shall include the following:
- (A) A description of the capabilities and defense infrastructure improvements needed to modernize the defense capabilities of the Philippines, including with respect to—
  - (i) coastal defense;
  - (ii) long-range fires;
  - (iii) integrated air defenses:
  - (iv) maritime security;
  - (v) manned and unmanned aerial systems;
  - (vi) mechanized ground mobility vehicles;
- (vii) intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance;
- (viii) defensive cybersecurity:
- (ix) military construction:
- (x) maintenance and sustainment of military capabilities; and
- (xi) any other defense capabilities that the Secretary of State determines, including jointly with the Philippines, are crucial to the defense of the Philippines.
- (B) An assessment of the absorptive capacity of the Armed Forces of the Philippines, including the coast guard, over the next 5 years.
- (C) A description of how statutory authorities under title 10, United States Code, including under section 333 of such title and authorities relating to unspecified minor military construction and overseas humanitarian, disaster, and civic aid, will be used to provide support for the Philippines-Security Sector Assistance Roadmap and the defense capabilities described in subparagraph (A), prioritized according to the assessment of the absorptive capacity of the Armed Forces of the Philippines required under subparagraph (B).
- (3) FORM.—Each report required under paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may contain a classified annex.
- (d) FOREIGN MILITARY FINANCING LOAN AND LOAN GUARANTEE AUTHORITY.—
  - (1) DIRECT LOANS.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—During fiscal years 2026 through 2030, the Secretary of State may make direct loans available for the Philippines pursuant to section 23 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2763).
- (B) MAXIMUM OBLIGATIONS.—Gross obligations for the principal amounts of loans authorized under subparagraph (A) may not exceed \$1.000.000.000.
  - (C) Source of funds.—
- (i) Defined term.—In this subparagraph, the term "cost"—
- (I) has the meaning given such term in section 502(5) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 661a(5)):
- (II) shall include the cost of modifying a loan authorized under subparagraph (A); and
- (III) may include the costs of selling, reducing, or cancelling any amounts owed to the United States or to any agency of the United States.
- (ii) IN GENERAL.—Amounts authorized to be appropriated under subsection (e) may be made available to pay for the cost of loans authorized under subparagraph (A).
  - (D) FEES AUTHORIZED.-
- (i) IN GENERAL.—The Government of the United States may charge processing and origination fees for a loan made pursuant to subparagraph (A), not to exceed the cost to the Government of making such loan, which shall be collected from borrowers through a financing account (as defined in section

- 502(7) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 661a(7)).
- (ii) LIMITATION ON FEE PAYMENTS.— Amounts made available under any appropriations Act for any fiscal year may not be used to pay any fees associated with a loan authorized under subparagraph (A).
- (E) REPAYMENT.—Loans made pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall be repaid not later than 17 years after the loan is received by the borrower, including a grace period of not more than 1 year on repayment of principal.
- (F) Interest.—
  (i) In general.—Notwithstanding section 23(c)(1) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2763(c)(1)), interest for loans made
- pursuant to subparagraph (A) may be charged at a rate determined by the Secretary of State.

  (ii) TREATMENT OF LOAN AMOUNTS USED TO
- PAY INTEREST.—Amounts made available under this paragraph for interest costs shall not be considered assistance for the purposes of any statutory limitation on assistance to a country.
  - (2) LOAN GUARANTEES.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Amounts authorized to be appropriated under subsection (e) may be made available for the costs of loan guarantees for the Philippines under section 24 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2764) for the Philippines to subsidize gross obligations for the principal amount of commercial loans and total loan principal, any part of which may be guaranteed.
- (B) MAXIMUM AMOUNTS.—Loan guarantees authorized under subparagraph (A)—
- (i) may be made only to the extent that the total loan principal, any part of which is guaranteed, does not exceed \$1,000,000,000;
- (ii) may not exceed 80 percent of the loan principal with respect to any single borrower.
- (C) Subordination.—Any loan guaranteed pursuant to subparagraph (A) may not be subordinated to—
- (i) another debt contracted by the borrower; or
- (ii) any other claims against the borrower in the case of default.
- (D) REPAYMENT.—Repayment in United States dollars of any loan guaranteed under this paragraph shall be required not later than 17 years after the loan agreement is signed.
- (E) FEES.—Notwithstanding section 24 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2764), the Government of the United States may charge processing and origination fees for a loan guarantee authorized under subparagraph (A), not to exceed the cost to the Government of such loan guarantee, which shall be collected from borrowers, or from third parties on behalf of such borrowers, through a financing account (as defined in section 502(7) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 661a(7)).
- (F) TREATMENTS OF LOAN GUARANTEES.— Amounts made available under this paragraph for the costs of loan guarantees authorized under subparagraph (A) shall not be considered assistance for the purposes of any statutory limitation on assistance to a country.
- (G) COMMERCIAL FLEXIBILITY.—Loan guarantees authorized under subparagraph (A) may be provided to entities doing business inside or outside the United States, notwithstanding any provision of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2751 et seq.) that would otherwise limit eligibility for such guarantees based on geographic location or business operations.
- (3) NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENT.—Amounts authorized to be appropriated to carry out this subsection may not be expended without

- prior notification of the appropriate committees of Congress.
  - (e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—In addition to amounts otherwise authorized to be appropriated for Foreign Military Financing, there is authorized to be appropriated to the Department of State for Foreign Military Financing grant assistance for the Philippines up to \$500,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2026 through 2030.
- (2) Training.—Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated pursuant to paragraph (1), not less than \$500,000 is authorized to be appropriated each fiscal year for one or more blanket order agreements for Foreign Military Financing training programs related to the defense needs of the Philippines.
- (f) SUNSET PROVISION.—Assistance may not be provided under this section after September 30, 2035.
  - (g) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Armed Services, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
- (B) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Armed Services, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
- (2) BLANKET ORDER AGREEMENT.—The term "blanket order agreement" means an agreement between a foreign customer and the United States Government for a specific category of items or services (including training) that—
- (A) does not include a definitive list of items or quantities; and
- (B) specifies a dollar ceiling against which orders may be placed.
- SA 3714. Mr. BANKS (for himself and Ms. Warren) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:
  - At the end of division A, add the following:

# TITLE XVII—EXPORT CONTROLS FOR ADVANCED ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE CHIPS

### SEC. 1701. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Guaranteeing Access and Innovation for National Artificial Intelligence Act of 2025" or the "GAIN AI Act of 2025".

### SEC. 1702. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

- It is the sense of Congress that—
- (1) artificial intelligence is a transformative technology and United States policy should ensure that United States persons, including small businesses, startups, and universities, are in the best position to innovate and harness the potential of artificial intelligence;
- (2) the demand for advanced artificial intelligence chips far exceeds the supply, and United States persons are forced to wait many months, if not longer, to acquire the latest chips;
- (3) at the same time, United States chip developers are selling advanced artificial intelligence chips to entities in countries that are subject to a United States arms embargo or countries that have a close relationship with such countries, so that United States persons are unable to acquire such chips;

- (4) the production of such chips for sale to entities in countries described in paragraph (3) is taking up production capacity that would otherwise be used to fabricate chips for United States persons; and
- (5) it should be the policy of the United States and the Department of Commerce—
- (A) to deny licenses for the export of the most powerful artificial intelligence chips, including such chips with a total processing power of 4,800 or above; and
- (B) to restrict the export of less advanced artificial intelligence chips to foreign entities in countries of concern so long as United States entities are waiting and unable to acquire those same chips.

# SEC. 1703. PROHIBITION ON PRIORITIZING COUNTRIES OF CONCERN OVER UNITED STATES PERSONS FOR EXPORTS OF ADVANCED INTEGRATED CIRCUITS.

Part I of the Export Control Reform Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C. 4811 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 1758 the following:

### "SEC. 1758A. CONTROL OF EXPORTS OF AD-VANCED INTEGRATED CIRCUITS.

- "(a) LICENSE REQUIREMENT.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided by paragraph (2), the Under Secretary of Commerce for Industry and Security shall require a license for the export, reexport, or incountry transfer of an advanced integrated circuit or a product containing such a circuit.
- "(2) AUTHORITY TO EXEMPT CERTAIN COUNTRIES.—The requirement for a license under paragraph (1) does not apply with respect to the export, reexport, or in-country transfer of an advanced integrated circuit or a product containing such a circuit to or in a country that is listed in Country Group A:4, A:5, or A:6 in Supplement No. 1 to part 740 of the Export Administration Regulations.
- ''(b) CERTIFICATION OF PRIORITY FOR UNITED STATES CUSTOMERS FOR CERTAIN ADVANCED INTEGRATED CIRCUITS.—
- "(1) CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENT.—The Under Secretary shall require a person submitting an application for a license to export, reexport, or in-country transfer an advanced integrated circuit or a product containing such a circuit to or in a country subject to a comprehensive United States arms embargo or a country of concern to certify in the application that—
- "(A) United States persons had a right-offirst-refusal for the circuit or product, which means the person submitting the application—
- "(i) upon reaching the decision to enter into a transaction for the sale of such a circuit or product to a person in a country subject to a comprehensive United States arms embargo or a country of concern, provided, in a manner accessible to United States persons a notice of—
- "(I) intent to sell the circuit or product to the person in that country; and
- "(II) the terms of the transaction, including the price and quantity of the circuit or product involved in the transaction:
- "(ii) allowed not less than 15 business days for United States persons to request to purchase the full quantity or a lesser quantity of the circuit or product on the terms (other than quantity) specified under clause (i); and
- "(iii) provided preference to United States persons that requested to purchase the circuit or product over the person in the country described in clause (i); and
- $^{\prime\prime}(B)$  the person submitting the application—
- "(i) has no current backlog of requests from United States persons for the circuit or product or a comparable circuit or product;
- "(ii) cannot foresee the export, reexport, or in-country transfer of the circuit or product resulting in such a backlog or a reduction in the capacity of production lines for the pro-

- duction of the circuit or product for United States persons; and
- "(iii) is not providing advantageous pricing or terms for the circuit or product to foreign persons that the person is not providing to United States persons.
- "(2) DENIAL OF APPLICATIONS WITHOUT CERTIFICATION.—If a certification described in paragraph (1) is not submitted with an application for a license described in that paragraph, the Under Secretary shall deny the application.
- "(3) IMPLEMENTATION.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this section, the Under Secretary shall prescribe regulations providing guidance for complying with the certification requirement under paragraph (1), which shall include—
- "(A) a description of the acceptable formats for the notice required by paragraph (1)(A)(i);
- "(B) establishment of a portal that allows—
- "(i) persons applying for a license under this section to submit details regarding intended sales of advanced integrated circuits and products containing such circuits; and
- "(ii) United States persons to view those details and submit requests to purchase such circuits or products pursuant to paragraph (1)(A)(ii):
- "(C) procedures for handling multiple requests for an intended sale of such a circuit or product, which shall allow for combining requests for lesser quantities of the circuit or product to match the full quantity offered for sale;
  - "(D) recordkeeping requirements;
- "(E) penalties for misrepresentation and concealment of material facts; and
- "(F) metrics and procedures by which to determine whether—
- "(i) the export, reexport, or in-country transfer of a circuit or product would cre-
- "(I) a backlog of requests described in paragraph (1)(B)(i): or
- "(II) a reduction in capacity described in paragraph (1)(B)(ii): and
- "(ii) the person selling the circuit or product is providing advantageous pricing or terms described in paragraph (1)(B)(iii) to foreign persons.
- "(c) DEFINITIONS.—
- "(1) ADVANCED INTEGRATED CIRCUIT.—In this section, the term 'advanced integrated circuit' means an integrated circuit (as defined Export Control Classification Number 3A090 in the Commerce Control List) that has one or more digital processing units with—
- "(A) a total processing performance of 2,400 or more and a performance density of 1.6 or more:
- "(B) a total processing performance of 1,600 or more and a performance density of 3.2 or more; or
- "(C) a total DRAM bandwidth of 1,400 gigabytes per second or more, interconnect bandwidth of 1,100 gigabytes per second or more, or a sum of DRAM bandwidth and interconnect bandwidth of 1,700 gigabytes per second or more.
- "(2) COMMERCE CONTROL LIST.—In this section, the term 'Commerce Control List' means the list set forth in Supplement No. 1 to part 774 of the Export Administration Regulations.
- ''(3) COUNTRY OF CONCERN.—In this section, the term 'country of concern' means a country that the Director of National Intelligence assesses is hosting, or has the intention of hosting, a military or intelligence facility associated with a country subject to a comprehensive United States arms embargo.
- "(4) PERFORMANCE DENSITY; TOTAL PROC-ESSING PERFORMANCE.—In this section, the terms 'performance density' and 'total proc-

essing performance' have the meanings given those terms in, and are calculated as provided for under, Export Control Classification Number 3A090 in the Commerce Control List.".

SA 3715. Mr. COTTON submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title XVI, insert the following:

SEC. 16 PROHIBITION ON ACCESS TO DE-PARTMENT OF DEFENSE CLOUD-BASED RESOURCES BY INDIVIDUALS WHO ARE NOT CITIZENS OF THE UNITED STATES OR ALLIED COUN-TRIES

- (a) Maintenance, Administration, Operation, and Access.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—An individual not described in paragraph (2) may not maintain, administer, operate, use, receive information about, or directly access or indirectly access, irrespective of whether the individual is supervised by a citizen of the United States, any Department of Defense cloud computing system or cloud-based software, Department data, or Department-related data.
- (2) Individual described.—An individual is described in this paragraph if the individual—
- (A) has the requisite security clearance or authorization required to access the applicable system, software, or data; and
- (B)(i) is person described in paragraph (1) or (2) of section 504(b) of title 10, United States Code: or
- (ii) is a citizen of a member country of the Five Eyes intelligence-sharing alliance or of a country that is an ally or partner of the United States that has a similar agreement in effect.
- (3) SAFEGUARDS.—The Secretary of Defense shall establish regulations to carry out this subsection, including safeguards to ensure that only individuals described in paragraph (2) maintain, administer, operate, access, and use the systems, software, and data described in paragraph (1).
- (b) DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE GUIDANCE, DIRECTIVES, PROCEDURES, REQUIREMENTS, AND REGULATIONS.—The Secretary shall—
- (1) review all relevant guidance, directives, procedures, requirements, and regulations of the Department of Defense, including the Cloud Computing Security Requirements Guide, the Security Technical Implementation Guides, and related Department instructions; and
- (2) make such revisions as may be necessary to ensure conformity and compliance with subsection (a).
- (c) REVIEW AND REPORT.—The Secretary shall—
- (1) conduct a review of all cloud computing contracts in effect for the Department—
- (A) for any violations of section 252.225-7058 of the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement and recommended penalties; and
  - (B) to determine—
- (i) which contracts have allowed individuals not described in paragraph (2) to maintain, administer, operate, or directly access or indirectly access, whether supervised or unsupervised by a United States citizen, any Government cloud computing system or cloud-based software, Government data, or Government-related data; and

- (ii) how many of the individuals described in clause (i) are citizens of foreign countries of concern; and
- (2) submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives a report on the findings of the Secretary with respect to the review conducted pursuant to paragraph (1).
  - (d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) The term "cloud computing" has the meaning given such term in section 239.7601 of the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement, or successor regulation.
- (2) The term "cloud-based software" means a software application, platform, or computational service that is—
- (A) delivered to end users via internetbased cloud computing infrastructure;
- (B) hosted, operated, maintained, and controlled by a third-party service provider; and
- (C) accessed remotely by users without requiring local installation or deployment of the software on user devices or Department-controlled systems.
- (3) The terms "Department data" and "Department-related data" have the meanings given the terms "Government data" and "Government-related data", respectively, in section 239.7601 of the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement, or successor regulation, except in this section, such terms apply only to the Department of Defense. (4) The term "directly access", with re-
- (4) The term "directly access", with respect to a system, software, or data, means—
- (A) to physically access the system, software, or data; or
- (B) to logically access the system, software, or data, through proxy, virtual, administrative, or programmatic means such that an individual can modify, alter, control, administer, configure, or deploy the system, software, or data.
- (5) The term "Five Eyes intelligence-sharing alliance" includes the following:
  - (A) The Commonwealth of Australia.
  - (B) Canada.
  - (C) New Zealand.
- (D) The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.
  - (E) The United States of America.
- (6) The term "foreign country of concern" has the meaning given that term in section 9901 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (15 U.S.C. 4651).
- (7) The term "indirectly access", with respect to a system, software, or data, means to obtain, receive, collect, or derive information from the system, software, or data regarding technical details, operational characteristics, or security-related attributes, including—
  - (A) system configurations;
  - (B) network architecture;
  - (C) security controls;
  - (D) data schemas;
  - (E) performance metrics; and
- (F) access logs or other information that could compromise the confidentiality, integrity, or availability of the system, software, or data.

SA 3716. Mr. RISCH (for himself and Mrs. Shaheen) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end add the following:

### DIVISION F—DEPARTMENT OF STATE MATTERS

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The table of content for this division is as follows:

### DIVISION F—DEPARTMENT OF STATE MATTERS

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### TITLE LXII—COUNTERING WRONGFUL DETENTION ACT OF 2025

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- Sec. 6331. Briefing on annual trafficking in person's report.
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### TITLE LXI—BUST FENTANYL ACT

### SEC. 6101. SHORT TITLES.

This title may be cited as the "Break Up Suspicious Transactions of Fentanyl Act" or the "BUST FENTANYL Act".

### SEC. 6102. INTERNATIONAL NARCOTICS CONTROL STRATEGY REPORT.

Section 489(a) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2291h(a)) is amended—

- (1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking "March 1" and inserting "June 1"; and
- (2) in paragraph (8)(A)(i), by striking "pseudoephedrine" and all that follows through "chemicals)" and inserting "chemical precursors used in the production of methamphetamine that significantly affected the United States".

# SEC. 6103. STUDY AND REPORT ON EFFORTS TO ADDRESS FENTANYL TRAFFICKING FROM THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA AND OTHER RELEVANT COUNTRIES.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—The term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (A) the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate;
- (B) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate;
- (C) the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate;
- (D) the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives;
- (E) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives; and
- (F) the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives.
- (2) DEA.—The term "DEA" means the Drug Enforcement Administration.
- (3) PRC.—The term "PRC" means the People's Republic of China.
- (b) STUDY AND REPORT ON ADDRESSING TRAFFICKING OF FENTANYL AND OTHER SYNTHETIC OPIOIDS FROM THE PRC AND OTHER RELEVANT COUNTRIES.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State and the Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, shall jointly submit to the appropriate committees of Congress an unclassified written report, with a classified annex, that includes—
- (1) a description of United States Government efforts to gain a commitment from the Government of the PRC to submit unregulated fentanyl precursors, such as 4-AP, to controls:
- (2) a plan for future steps the United States Government will take to urge the Government of the PRC to combat the production and trafficking of illicit fentanyl and synthetic opioids from the PRC, including the trafficking of precursor chemicals used to produce illicit narcotics in Mexico and in other countries:
- (3) a detailed description of cooperation by the Government of the PRC to address the role of the PRC financial system and PRC money laundering organizations in the trafficking of fentanyl and synthetic opioid precursors;
- (4) an assessment of the expected impact that the designation of principal corporate officers of PRC financial institutions for facilitating narcotics-related money laundering would have on PRC money laundering organizations;
- (5) an assessment of whether the Trilateral Fentanyl Committee, which was established by the United States, Canada, and Mexico during the January 2023 North American Leaders' Summit, is improving cooperation with law enforcement and financial regulators in Canada and Mexico to combat the role of PRC financial institutions and PRC money laundering organizations in narcotics trafficking;
- (6) an assessment of the effectiveness of other United States bilateral and multilateral efforts to strengthen international cooperation to address the PRC's role in the trafficking of fentanyl and synthetic opioid precursors, including through the Global Coalition to Address Synthetic Drug Threats;

- (7) an update on the status of commitments made by third countries through the Global Coalition to Address Synthetic Drug Threats to combat the synthetic opioid crisis and progress towards the implementation of such commitments;
- (8) a plan for future steps to further strengthen bilateral and multilateral efforts to urge the Government of the PRC to take additional actions to address the PRC's role in the trafficking of fentanyl and synthetic opioid precursors, particularly in coordination with countries in East Asia and Southeast Asia that have been impacted by such activities:
- (9) an assessment of how actions the Government of the PRC has taken since November 15, 2023 has shifted relevant supply chains for fentanyl and synthetic opioid precursors, if at all; and
- (10) the items described in paragraphs (1) through (4) pertaining to India, Mexico, and other countries the Secretary of State determines to have a significant role in the production or trafficking of fentanyl and synthetic opioid precursors for purposes of this report.
- (c) ESTABLISHMENT OF DEA OFFICES IN THE PRC.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State and the Attorney General shall jointly provide to the appropriate committees of Congress a classified briefing on—
- (1) outreach and negotiations undertaken by the United States Government with the Government of the PRC that was aimed at securing the approval of the Government of the PRC to establish of United States Drug Enforcement Administration offices in Shanghai and Guangzhou, the PRC: and
- (2) additional efforts to establish new partnerships with provincial-level authorities in the PRC to counter the illicit trafficking of fentanyl, fentanyl analogues, and their precursors.

## SEC. 6104. PRIORITIZATION OF IDENTIFICATION OF PERSONS FROM THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.

Section 7211 of the Fentanyl Sanctions Act (21 U.S.C. 2311) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

- (A) by redesignating paragraphs (3) and (4) as paragraphs (4) and (5), respectively; and
- $\left( B\right)$  by inserting after paragraph (2) the following:
  - "(3) PRIORITIZATION.—
- "(A) DEFINED TERM.—In this paragraph, the term 'person of the People's Republic of China' means—
- "(i) an individual who is a citizen or national of the People's Republic of China; or
- "(ii) an entity organized under the laws of the People's Republic of China or otherwise subject to the jurisdiction of the Government of the People's Republic of China.
- "(B) IN GENERAL.—In preparing the report required under paragraph (1), the President shall prioritize, to the greatest extent practicable, the identification of persons of the People's Republic of China involved in the shipment of fentanyl, fentanyl analogues, fentanyl precursors, precursors for fentanyl analogues, pre-precursors for fentanyl analogues, pre-precursors for fentanyl and fentanyl analogues, and equipment for the manufacturing of fentanyl and fentanyl-laced counterfeit pills to Mexico or any other country that is involved in the production of fentanyl trafficked into the United States, including—
- ``(i) any entity involved in the production of pharmaceuticals; and
- "(ii) any person that is acting on behalf of any such entity.
- "(C) TERMINATION OF PRIORITIZATION.—The President shall continue the prioritization required under subparagraph (B) until the President certifies to the appropriate congressional committees that the People's Re-

- public of China is no longer the primary source for the shipment of fentanyl, fentanyl analogues, fentanyl precursors, precursors for fentanyl analogues, pre-precursors for fentanyl and fentanyl analogues, and equipment for the manufacturing of fentanyl and fentanyl-laced counterfeit pills to Mexico or any other country that is involved in the production of fentanyl trafficked into the United States."; and
- (2) in subsection (c), by striking "the date that is 5 years after such date of enactment" and inserting "December 31, 2030".

### SEC. 6105. EXPANSION OF SANCTIONS UNDER THE FENTANYL SANCTIONS ACT.

Section 7212 of the Fentanyl Sanctions Act (21 U.S.C. 2312) is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (1), by striking "or" at the end:
- (2) in paragraph (2), by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following:
- "(3) the President determines has knowingly engaged in, on or after the date of the enactment of the BUST FENTANYL Act, a significant activity or significant financial transaction that has materially contributed to opioid trafficking; or
  - "(4) the President determines—
- "(A) has knowingly provided significant financial, material, or technological support for, including through the provision of goods or services in support of any activity or transaction described in paragraph (3): or
- "(B) is or has been owned, controlled, or directed by any foreign person described in subparagraph (A) or in paragraph (3), or has knowingly acted or purported to act for or on behalf of, directly or indirectly, such a foreign person."

#### SEC. 6106. IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS WITH RE-SPECT TO AGENCIES OR INSTRU-MENTALITIES OF FOREIGN STATES.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the terms "knowingly" and "opioid trafficking" have the meanings given such terms in section 7203 of the Fentanyl Sanctions Act (21 U.S.C. 2302)
  - (b) IN GENERAL.—The President may—
- (1) impose one or more of the sanctions described in section 7213 of the Fentanyl Sanctions Act (21 U.S.C. 2313) with respect to any political subdivision, agency, or instrumentality of a foreign government, including any financial institution owned or controlled by a foreign government, that the President determines has knowingly, on or after the date of the enactment of this Act—
- (A) engaged in a significant activity or a significant financial transaction that has materially contributed to opioid trafficking;
- (B) provided financial, material, or technological support for (including through the provision of goods or services in support of) any significant activity or significant financial transaction described in subclause (A); and
- (2) impose one or more of the sanctions described in section 7213(a)(6) of the Fentanyl Sanctions Act (21 U.S.C. 2313(a)(6)) with respect to each senior official of a political subdivision, agency, or instrumentality of a foreign government that the President determines has knowingly, on or after the date of the enactment of this Act, facilitated a significant activity or a significant financial transaction described in paragraph (1).

#### SEC. 6107. ANNUAL REPORT ON EFFORTS TO PRE-VENT THE SMUGGLING OF METH-AMPHETAMINE INTO THE UNITED STATES FROM MEXICO.

Section 723(c) of the Combat Methamphetamine Epidemic Act of 2005 (22 U.S.C. 2291 note) is amended by striking the period at the end and inserting the following ", which shall—

- "(1) identify the significant source countries for methamphetamine that significantly affect the United States, and
- "(2) describe the actions by the governments of the countries identified pursuant to paragraph (1) to combat the diversion of relevant precursor chemicals and the production and trafficking of methamphetamine."

### TITLE LXII—COUNTERING WRONGFUL DETENTION ACT OF 2025

SEC. 6201. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Countering Wrongful Detention Act of 2025".

## SEC. 6202. DESIGNATION OF A FOREIGN COUNTRY AS A STATE SPONSOR OF UNLAWFUL OR WRONGFUL DETENTION.

The Robert Levinson Hostage Recovery and Hostage-Taking Accountability Act (22 U.S.C. 1741 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 306 the following:

# "SEC. 306A. DESIGNATION OF A FOREIGN COUNTRY AS A STATE SPONSOR OF UNLAWFUL OR WRONGFUL DETENTION.

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the notice requirement of subsection (c)(1)(A), the Secretary of State, in consultation with the heads of other relevant Federal agencies, may designate a foreign country that has provided support for or directly engaged in the unlawful or wrongful detention of a United States national as a State Sponsor of Unlawful or Wrongful Detention based on any of the following criteria:
- "(1) The unlawful or wrongful detention of a United States national occurs in the foreign country.
- "(2) The government of the foreign country or an entity organized under the laws of a foreign country has failed to release an unlawfully or wrongfully detained United States national within 30 days of being officially notified by the Department of State of the unlawful or wrongful detention.
- "(3) Actions taken by the government of the foreign country indicate that the government is responsible for, complicit in, or materially supports the unlawful or wrongful detention of a United States national, including by acting as described in paragraph (2) after having been notified by the Department of State.
- "(4) The actions of a state or nonstate actor in the foreign country, including any previous action relating to unlawful or wrongful detention or hostage taking of a United States national, pose a risk to the safety and security of United States nationals abroad sufficient to warrant designation of the foreign country as a State Sponsor of Unlawful or Wrongful Detention, as determined by the Secretary.
- "(b) TERMINATION OF DESIGNATION.—The Secretary of State may terminate the designation of a foreign country under subsection (a) if the Secretary certifies to Congress that the government of the foreign country—
- "(1) has released the United States nationals unlawfully or wrongfully detained within the territory of the foreign country;
- "(2) has positively contributed to the release of United States nationals taken hostage within the territory of the foreign country or from the custody of a nonstate entity;
- "(3) has demonstrated changes in leadership or policies with respect to unlawful or wrongful detention and hostage taking; or
- "(4) has provided assurances that the government of the foreign country will not engage or be complicit in or support acts described in subsection (a).
- "(c) Briefing and Reports to Congress; Publication.—
  - "(1) Reports to congress.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 7 days prior to making a designation of a foreign country as a State Sponsor of Unlawful or

Wrongful Detention under subsection (a), the Secretary of State shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report that notifies the committees of the proposed designation.

- "(B) ELEMENTS.—In each report submitted under subparagraph (A) with respect to the designation of a foreign country as a State Sponsor of Unlawful or Wrongful Detention, the Secretary shall include—
- $\mbox{``(i)}$  the justification for the designation; and
- "(ii) a description of any action taken by the United States Government, including the Secretary of State or the head of any other relevant Federal agency, in response to the designation to deter the unlawful or wrongful detention or hostage-taking of foreign nationals in the country.
- "(2) INITIAL BRIEFING REQUIRED.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this section, the Secretary shall brief Congress on the following:
- "(A) Whether any of the following countries should be designated as a State Sponsor of Unlawful or Wrongful Detention under subsection (a):
  - "(i) Afghanistan.
- "(ii) The Islamic Republic of Iran.
- "(iii) The People's Republic of China.
- "(iv) The Russian Federation.
- "(v) Venezuela under the regime of Nicolás Maduro.
- "(vi) The Republic of Belarus.
- "(B) The steps taken by the Secretary and the heads of other relevant Federal agencies to deter the unlawful and wrongful detention of United States nationals and to respond to such detentions, including—
- "(i) any engagement with private sector companies to optimize the distribution of travel advisories; and
- "(ii) any engagement with private companies responsible for promoting travel to foreign countries engaged in the unlawful or wrongful detention of United States nationals.
- "(C) An assessment of a possible expansion of chapter 97 of title 28, United States Code (commonly known as the 'Foreign Sovereign Immunities Act of 1976') to include an exception from asset seizure immunity for State Sponsors of Unlawful or Wrongful Detention.
- "(D) A detailed plan on the manner by which a geographic travel restriction could be instituted against State Sponsors of Unlawful or Wrongful Detention.
- "(E) The progress made in multilateral fora, including the United Nations and other international organizations, to address the unlawful and wrongful detention of United States nationals, in addition to nationals of partners and allies of the United States in foreign countries.
- "(3) ANNUAL BRIEFING.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this section, and annually thereafter for 5 years, the Assistant Secretary of State for Consular Affairs and the Special Presidential Envoy for Hostage Affairs shall brief the appropriate committees of Congress with respect to unlawful or wrongful detentions taking place in the countries listed under paragraph (2)(A) and actions taken by the Secretary of State and the heads of other relevant Federal agencies to deter the wrongful detention of United States nationals, including any steps taken in accordance with paragraph (2)(B).
- "(4) PUBLICATION.—The Secretary shall make available on a publicly accessible website of the Department of State, and regularly update, a list of foreign countries designated as State Sponsors of Unlawful or Wrongful Detention under subsection (a).
- "(d) REVIEW OF AVAILABLE RESPONSES TO STATE SPONSORS OF UNLAWFUL OR WRONGFUL DETENTION.—Upon designation of a foreign

country as a State Sponsor of Unlawful or Wrongful Detention under subsection (a), the Secretary of State, in consultation with the heads of other relevant Federal agencies, shall conduct a comprehensive review of the use of existing authorities to respond to and deter the unlawful or wrongful detention of United States nationals in the foreign country, including—

(1) sanctions available under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.);

- "(2) visa restrictions available under section 7031(c) of the Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2024 (division F of Public Law 118–47; 8 U.S.C. 1182 note) or any other provision of Federal law:
- "(3) sanctions available under the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.);
- (4) imposition of a geographic travel restriction on citizens of the United States:
- "(5) restrictions on assistance provided to the government of the country under the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.) or any other provision of Federal law;
- "(6) restrictions on the export of certain goods to the country under the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2751 et seq.), the Export Control Reform Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C. 4801 et seq.), or any other Federal law; and
- "(7) designating the government of the country as a government that has repeatedly provided support for acts of international terrorism pursuant to—
- "(A) section 1754(c)(1)(A)(i) of the Export Control Reform Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C. 4813(c)(1)(A)(i));
- "(B) section 620A of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2371);
- "(C) section 40(d) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2780(d)); or
  - "(D) any other provision of law.
- "(e) DEFINED TERM.—In this section, the term 'appropriate committees of Congress' means—
- "(1) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Appropriations, and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate; and
- "(2) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Appropriations, and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives.
- "(f) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section may be construed to imply that the United States Government formally recognizes any particular country or the government of such country as legitimate."

### SEC. 6203. NOTIFICATION OF INTERNATIONAL TRAVEL ADVISORIES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 423 of title 49, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

### "§ 42309. Notification of international travel advisories

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—An air carrier, foreign air carrier, ticket agent, website, or search engine who advertises or provides access to, or sells, in the United States, a ticket for foreign air transportation of a passenger shall make reasonable effort to notify the passenger (or, if applicable, a guardian of such passenger), prior to departure, that United States Government international travel advisories may be in effect and shall make available a web link to the Department of State Travel Advisory System. Such notification shall be accessible for individuals with disabilities (as defined in section 382.3 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations).
- "(b) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—For the purposes of this section, an air carrier, foreign air carrier, ticket agent, website, or search engine referenced in subsection (a) may not be sub-

ject to civil or criminal penalty, or considered to be in violation of subsection (a), if information provided by the Department of State's travel advisory website is unavailable, inaccurate, or expired.

- "(c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in subsection (a) may be construed as grounds to inhibit access to consular services by a United States citizen abroad.".
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 423 of title 49, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 42308 the following:
- "42309. Notification of international travel advisories.".
- (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by subsections (a) and (b) shall take effect one year after the date of the enactment of this Act.

# SEC. 6204. CONGRESSIONAL REPORT ON COMPONENTS RELATED TO HOSTAGE AFFAIRS AND RECOVERY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall submit to Congress a report on the following:
- (1) The Hostage Response Group established pursuant to section 305(a) of the Robert Levinson Hostage Recovery and Hostage-Taking Accountability Act (22 U.S.C. 1741c(a)).
- (2) The Hostage Recovery Fusion Cell established pursuant to section 304(a) of such Act (22 U.S.C. 1741b(a)).
- (3) The Office of the Special Presidential Envoy for Hostage Affairs established pursuant to section 303(a) of such Act (22 U.S.C. 1741a(a)).
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The report required by subsection (a) shall include—
- (1) a description of the existing structure of each component listed in subsection (a);
- (2) recommendations on how the components can be improved, including through reorganization or consolidation of the components; and
- (3) cost efficiencies on the components listed in subsection (a), including resources available to eligible former wrongful detainees and hostages and their family members.

### SEC. 6205. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.

Nothing in this title or the amendments made by this title may be construed as preventing the freedom of travel of United States citizens.

### TITLE LXIII—INTERNATIONAL TRAF-FICKING VICTIMS PROTECTION REAU-THORIZATION ACT OF 2025

### SEC. 6301. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "International Trafficking Victims Protection Reauthorization Act of 2025".

### Subtitle A—Combating Human Trafficking Abroad

#### SEC. 6311. UNITED STATES SUPPORT FOR INTE-GRATION OF ANTI-TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS INTERVENTIONS IN MUL-TILATERAL DEVELOPMENT BANKS.

- (a) REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the Secretary of State acting through the Ambassador-at-Large to Monitor and Combat Trafficking in Persons, shall instruct the United States Executive Director of each multilateral development bank (as defined in section 110(d) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7107(d))) to encourage the inclusion of a counter-trafficking strategy, including risk assessment and mitigation efforts as needed, in proposed projects in countries listed—
- (1) on the Tier 2 Watch List (required under section 110(b)(2)(A) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7107(b)(2)(A)), as amended by section 104(a));

- (2) under subparagraph (C) of section 110(b)(1) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7107(b)(1)) (commonly referred to as "Tier 3"); and
- (3) as Special Cases in the most recent report on trafficking in persons required under such section (commonly referred to as the "Trafficking in Persons Report").
- (b) BRIEFINGS.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall brief the appropriate congressional committees regarding the implementation of this section.
- (c) GAO REPORT.—Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report that details the activities of the United States relating to combating human trafficking, including forced labor, within multilateral development projects.
- (d) DEFINED TERM.—In this section, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (1) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate:
- (2) the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate;
- (3) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives; and
- (4) the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

#### SEC. 6312. COUNTER-TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS EFFORTS IN DEVELOPMENT CO-OPERATION AND ASSISTANCE POL-ICY.

The Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.) is amended—

- (1) in section 102(b)(4) (22 U.S.C. 2151-1(b)(4))—
- (A) in subparagraph (F), by striking "and" at the end;
- (B) in subparagraph (G), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and
- (C) by adding at the end the following:
- "(H) effective counter-trafficking in persons policies and programs."; and
- (2) in section 492(d)(1) (22 U.S.C 2292a(d)(1))—
- (A) by striking "that the funds" and inserting the following: "that—
- "(A) the funds";
- (B) in subparagraph (A), as added by subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and
  - (C) by adding at the end the following:
- "(B) in carrying out the provisions of this chapter, the President shall, to the greatest extent possible—
- "(i) ensure that assistance made available under this section does not create or contribute to conditions that can be reasonably expected to result in an increase in trafficking in persons who are in conditions of heightened vulnerability as a result of natural and manmade disasters; and
- "(ii) integrate appropriate protections into the planning and execution of activities authorized under this chapter."

### SEC. 6313. TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS TO TIER RANKINGS.

- (a) Modifications to Tier 2 Watch List.—Section 110(b)(2) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7107(b)(2)) is amended—
- (1) in the paragraph heading, by striking "Special" and inserting "Tier 2"; and
- (2) by amending subparagraph (A) to read as follows:
- "(A) SUBMISSION OF LIST.—Not later than the date on which the determinations described in subsections (c) and (d) are submitted to the appropriate congressional committees in accordance with such sub-

- sections, the Secretary of State shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a list of countries that the Secretary determines require special scrutiny during the following year. Such list shall be composed of countries that have been listed pursuant to paragraph (1)(B) pursuant to the current annual report because—
- "(i) the estimated number of victims of severe forms of trafficking is very significant or is significantly increasing and the country is not taking proportional concrete actions; or
- "(ii) there is a failure to provide evidence of increasing efforts to combat severe forms of trafficking in persons from the previous year, including increased investigations, prosecutions and convictions of trafficking crimes, increased assistance to victims, and decreasing evidence of complicity in severe forms of trafficking by government officials."
- (b) Modification to Special Rule for Downgraded and Reinstated Countries.—Section 110(b)(2)(F) of such Act (22 U.S.C. 7107(b)(2)(F)) is amended—
- (1) in the matter preceding clause (i), by striking "the special watch list" and all that follows through "the country—" and inserting "the Tier 2 watch list described in subparagraph (A) for more than 2 years immediately after the country consecutively—";
- (2) in clause (i), in the matter preceding subclause (I), by striking "the special watch list described in subparagraph (A)(iii)" and inserting "the Tier 2 watch list described in subparagraph (A)"; and
- (3) in clause (ii), by inserting "in the year following such waiver under subparagraph (D)(ii)" before the period at the end.
- (c) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Section 110(b) of such Act (22 U.S.C. 7107(b)) is further amended—
- (1) in paragraph (2), as amended by subsection (a)—
- (A) in subparagraph (B), by striking "special watch list" and inserting "Tier 2 watch list":
- (B) in subparagraph (C)—
- (i) in the subparagraph heading, by striking "SPECIAL WATCH LIST" and inserting "TIER 2 WATCH LIST"; and
- (ii) by striking "special watch list" and inserting "Tier 2 watch list"; and
- (C) in subparagraph (D)—
- (i) in the subparagraph heading, by striking "SPECIAL WATCH LIST" and inserting "TIER 2 WATCH LIST"; and
- (ii) in clause (i), by striking "special watch list" and inserting "Tier 2 watch list";
- (2) in paragraph (3)(B), in the matter preceding clause (i), by striking "clauses (i), (ii), and (iii) of"; and
  - (3) in paragraph (4)-
- (A) in subparagraph (A), in the matter preceding clause (i), by striking "each country described in paragraph (2)(A)(ii)" and inserting "each country described in paragraph (2)(A)": and
- (B) in subparagraph (D)(ii), by striking "the Special Watch List" and inserting "the Tier 2 watch list".
- (d) FREDERICK DOUGLASS TRAFFICKING VICTIMS PREVENTION AND PROTECTION REAUTHORIZATION ACT OF 2018.—Section 204(b)(1) of the Frederick Douglass Trafficking Victims Prevention and Protection Reauthorization Act of 2018 (Public Law 115-425) is amended by striking "special watch list" and inserting "Tier 2 watch list".
- (e) BIPARTISAN CONGRESSIONAL TRADE PRIORITIES AND ACCOUNTABILITY ACT OF 2015.—Section 106(b)(6)(E)(iii) of the Bipartisan Congressional Trade Priorities and Accountability Act of 2015 (19 U.S.C. 4205(b)(6)(E)(iii) is amended by striking "under section" and all that follows and inserting "under section

110(b)(2)(A) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7107(b)(2)(A))".

SEC. 6314. MODIFICATIONS TO THE PROGRAM TO

#### SEC. 6314. MODIFICATIONS TO THE PROGRAM TO END MODERN SLAVERY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1298 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (22 U.S.C. 7114) is amended—
- (1) in subsection (g)(2), by striking "2020" and inserting "2029"; and
- (2) in subsection (h)(1), by striking "Not later than September 30, 2018, and September 30, 2020" and inserting "Not later than September 30, 2025, and September 30, 2029".
- (b) ELIGIBILITY.—To be eligible for funding under the Program to End Modern Slavery of the Office to Monitor and Combat Trafficking in Persons, a grant recipient shall—
- (1) publish the names of all subgrantee organizations on a publicly available website;
- (2) if the subgrantee organization expresses a security concern, the grant recipient shall relay such concerns to the Secretary of State, who shall transmit annually the names of all subgrantee organizations in a classified annex to the chairs of the appropriate congressional committees (as defined in section 1298(i) of the National Defense Authorization Act of 2017 (22 U.S.C. 7114(i))).
- (c) AWARD OF FUNDS.—All grants issued under the program referred to in subsection (b) shall be—
  - (1) awarded on a competitive basis; and
- (2) subject to the regular congressional notification procedures applicable with respect to grants made available under section 1298(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act of 2017 (22 U.S.C. 7114(b)).

#### SEC. 6315. CLARIFICATION OF NONHUMANI-TARIAN, NONTRADE-RELATED FOR-EIGN ASSISTANCE.

- (a) CLARIFICATION OF SCOPE OF WITHHELD ASSISTANCE.—Section  $110(\mathrm{d})(1)$  of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C.  $7107(\mathrm{d})(1)$ ) is amended to read as follows:
- ``(1) WITHHOLDING OF ASSISTANCE.—The President has determined that—
- "(A) the United States will not provide nonhumanitarian, nontrade-related foreign assistance to the central government of the country or funding to facilitate the participation by officials or employees of such central government in educational and cultural exchange programs, for the subsequent fiscal year until such government complies with the minimum standards or makes significant efforts to bring itself into compliance; and
- "(B) the President will instruct the United States Executive Director of each multilateral development bank and of the International Monetary Fund to vote against, and to use the Executive Director's best efforts to deny, any loan or other utilization of the funds of the respective institution to that country (other than for humanitarian assistance, for trade-related assistance, or for development assistance that directly addresses basic human needs, is not administered by the central government of the sanctioned country, and is not provided for the benefit of that government) for the subsequent fiscal year until such government complies with the minimum standards or makes significant efforts to bring itself into compliance.'
- (b) DEFINITION OF NONHUMANITARIAN, NONTRADE RELATED ASSISTANCE.—Section 103(10) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7102(10)) is amended to read as follows:
- ''(10) NONHUMANITARIAN, NONTRADE-RE LATED FOREIGN ASSISTANCE.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'nonhumanitarian, nontrade-related foreign assistance' means—
- "(i) sales, or financing on any terms, under the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2751

et seq.), other than sales or financing provided for narcotics-related purposes following notification in accordance with the prior notification procedures applicable to reprogrammings pursuant to section 634A of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2394–1); or

"(ii) United States foreign assistance, other than—

''(I) with respect to the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961—

"(aa) assistance for international narcotics and law enforcement under chapter 8 of part I of such Act (22 U.S.C. 2291 et seq.);

"(bb) assistance for International Disaster Assistance under subsections (b) and (c) of section 491 of such Act (22 U.S.C. 2292);

"(cc) antiterrorism assistance under chapter 8 of part II of such Act (22 U.S.C. 2349aa et seq.); and

"(dd) health programs under chapters 1 and 10 of part I and chapter 4 of part II of such Act (22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.);

"(II) assistance under the Food for Peace Act (7 U.S.C. 1691 et seq.);

"(III) assistance under sections 2(a), (b), and (c) of the Migration and Refugee Assistance Act of 1962 (22 U.S.C. 2601(a), (b), (c)) to meet refugee and migration needs;

"(IV) any form of United States foreign assistance provided through nongovernmental organizations, international organizations, or private sector partners—

"(aa) to combat human and wildlife trafficking:

"(bb) to promote food security;

"(cc) to respond to emergencies;

"(dd) to provide humanitarian assistance;

"(ee) to address basic human needs, including for education;

"(ff) to advance global health security; or "(gg) to promote trade; and

"(V) any other form of United States foreign assistance that the President determines, by not later than October 1 of each fiscal year, is necessary to advance the security, economic, humanitarian, or global health interests of the United States without compromising the steadfast United States commitment to combating human trafficking globally.

"(B) EXCLUSIONS.—The term 'nonhumanitarian, nontrade-related foreign assistance' shall not include payments to or the participation of government entities necessary or incidental to the implementation of a program that is otherwise consistent with section 110."

#### SEC. 6316. EXPANDING PROTECTIONS FOR DO-MESTIC WORKERS OF OFFICIAL AND DIPLOMATIC PERSONS.

Section 203(b) of the William Wilberforce Trafficking Victims Protection Reauthorization Act of 2008 (8 U.S.C. 1375c(b)) is amended by inserting after paragraph (4) the following:

"(5) NATIONAL EXPANSION OF IN-PERSON REGISTRATION PROGRAM.—The Secretary shall administer the Domestic Worker In-Person Registration Program for employees with A-3 visas or G-5 visas employed by accredited foreign mission members or international organization employees and shall expand this program nationally, which shall include—

"(A) after the arrival of each such employee in the United States, and annually during the course of such employee's employment, a description of the rights of such employee under applicable Federal and State law:

"(B) provision of a copy of the pamphlet developed pursuant to section 202 to the employee with an A-3 visa or a G-5 visa; and

"(C) information on how to contact the National Human Trafficking Hotline.

 $^{"}(6)$  Monitoring and training of A-3 and G-5 visa employers accredited to foreign

MISSIONS AND INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS.—The Secretary shall—

"(A) inform embassies, international organizations, and foreign missions of the rights of A-3 and G-5 domestic workers under the applicable labor laws of the United States, including the fair labor standards described in the pamphlet developed pursuant to section 202 and material on labor standards and labor rights of domestic worker employees who hold A-3 and G-5 visas:

"(B) inform embassies, international organizations, and foreign missions of the potential consequences to individuals holding a nonimmigrant visa issued pursuant to subparagraph (A)(i), (A)(ii), (G)(i), (G)(ii), or (G)(iii) of section 101(a)(15) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)) who violate the laws described in subclause (I)(aa), including (at the discretion of the Secretary)—

"(i) the suspension of A-3 visas and G-5 visas;

"(ii) request for waiver of immunity;

"(iii) criminal prosecution;

"(iv) civil damages; and

"(v) permanent revocation of or refusal to renew the visa of the accredited foreign mission or international organization employee; and

"(C) require all accredited foreign mission and international organization employers of individuals holding A-3 visas or G-5 visas to report the wages paid to such employees on an annual basis."

### SEC. 6317. EFFECTIVE DATES.

Sections 6314(b) and 6315, and the amendments made by those sections, take effect on the date that is the first day of the first full reporting period for the report required under section 110(b)(1) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7107(b)(1)) after the date of the enactment of this Act.

# Subtitle B—Authorization of Appropriations SEC. 6321. EXTENSION OF AUTHORIZATIONS UNDER THE VICTIMS OF TRAFFICKING AND VIOLENCE PROTECTION ACT OF 2000.

Section 113 of the Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7110) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), by striking "2018 through 2021, \$13,822,000" and inserting "2026 through 2030, \$17,000,000"; and

(2) in subsection (c)—

(A) in paragraph (1), in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking "2018 through 2021, 65,000,000" and inserting "2026 through 2030, 102,500,000"; and

(B) by adding at the end the following:

"(3) PROGRAMS TO END MODERN SLAVERY.—Of the amounts authorized by paragraph (1) to be appropriated for a fiscal year, not more than \$37,500,000 may be made available to fund programs to end modern slavery."

# SEC. 6322. EXTENSION OF AUTHORIZATIONS UNDER THE INTERNATIONAL MEGAN'S LAW.

Section 11 of the International Megan's Law to Prevent Child Exploitation and Other Sexual Crimes Through Advanced Notification of Traveling Sex Offenders (34 U.S.C. 21509) is amended by striking "2018 through 2021" and inserting "2025 through 2029".

### Subtitle C—Briefings SEC. 6331. BRIEFING ON ANNUAL TRAFFICKING IN PERSON'S REPORT.

Not later than 30 days after the public designation of country tier rankings and subsequent publishing of the Trafficking in Persons Report, the Secretary of State shall brief the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives on—

(1) countries that were downgraded or upgraded in the most recent Trafficking in Persons Report; and

(2) the efforts made by the United States to improve counter-trafficking efforts in those countries, including foreign government efforts to better meet minimum standards to eliminate human trafficking.

### SEC. 6332. BRIEFING ON USE AND JUSTIFICATION OF WAIVERS.

Not later than 30 days after the President has determined to issue a waiver under section 110(d)(5) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7107(d)(5)), the Secretary of State shall brief the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives on—

(1) each country that received a waiver;

(2) the justification for each such waiver; and

(3) a description of the efforts made by each country to meet the minimum standards to eliminate human trafficking.

SA 3717. Mr. RISCH (for himself, Mr. Lee, Mr. Coons, and Mr. Heinrich) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in subtitle F of title X, insert the following:

### SECTION 10\_\_\_. INTERNATIONAL NUCLEAR ENERGY.

(a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the "International Nuclear Energy Act of 2025".

(b) Definitions.—In this section:

(1) ADVANCED NUCLEAR REACTOR.—The term "advanced nuclear reactor" means—

(A) a nuclear fission reactor, including a prototype plant (as defined in sections 50.2 and 52.1 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations (or successor regulations)), with significant improvements compared to reactors operating on October 19, 2016, including improvements such as—

(i) additional inherent safety features;

(ii) lower waste yields;

(iii) improved fuel and material performance;

(iv) increased tolerance to loss of fuel cooling;

(v) enhanced reliability or improved resilience:

(vi) increased proliferation resistance;

(vii) increased thermal efficiency;

(viii) reduced consumption of cooling water and other environmental impacts;

(ix) the ability to integrate into electric applications and nonelectric applications;

(x) modular sizes to allow for deployment that corresponds with the demand for electricity or process heat; and

(xi) operational flexibility to respond to changes in demand for electricity or process heat and to complement integration with intermittent renewable energy or energy storage;

(B) a fusion machine (as defined in section 11 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2014)); and

(C) a radioisotope power system that utilizes heat from radioactive decay to generate energy.

(2) ALLY OR PARTNER NATION.—The term "ally or partner nation" means—

(A) the Government of any country that is a member of the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development;

(B) the Government of the Republic of India; and

- (C) the Government of any country designated as an ally or partner nation by the Secretary of State for purposes of this sec-
- (3) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF GRESS.—The term "appropriate committees of Congress" means-
- (A) the Committees on Foreign Relations. Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, and Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate: and
- (B) the Committees on Foreign Affairs and Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives.
- (4) Associated entity.—The term "associated entity" means an entity that-
  - (A) is owned, controlled, or operated by-
  - (i) an ally or partner nation; or
  - (ii) an associated individual; or
- (B) is organized under the laws of, or otherwise subject to the jurisdiction of, a country described in paragraph (2), including a corporation that is incorporated in a country described in that paragraph.
- (5) ASSOCIATED INDIVIDUAL.—The term "associated individual" means a foreign national who is a national of a country described in paragraph (2).
- (6) CIVIL NUCLEAR.—The term "civil nuclear" means activities relating to-
  - (A) nuclear plant construction:
  - (B) nuclear fuel services:
  - (C) nuclear energy financing;
  - (D) nuclear plant operations;
  - (E) nuclear plant regulation;
  - (F) nuclear medicine;
  - (G) nuclear safety;
- (H) community engagement in areas in reasonable proximity to nuclear sites;
- (I) infrastructure support for nuclear energy
  - (J) nuclear plant decommissioning;
  - (K) nuclear liability;
- (L) safe storage and safe disposal of spent nuclear fuel;
  - (M) environmental safeguards;
- (N) nuclear nonproliferation and security;
- (O) technology related to the matters described in subparagraphs (A) through (N).
- (7) EMBARKING CIVIL NUCLEAR NATION.
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The term "embarking civil nuclear nation" means a country that— (i) does not have a civil nuclear energy pro-
- gram; (ii) is in the process of developing or ex-
- panding a civil nuclear energy program, including safeguards and a legal and regulatory framework, for-
  - (I) nuclear safety:
  - (II) nuclear security:
- (III) radioactive waste management:
- (IV) civil nuclear energy;
- (V) environmental safeguards:
- (VI) community engagement in areas in reasonable proximity to nuclear sites;
- (VII) nuclear liability; or
- (VIII) advanced nuclear reactor licensing:
- (iii) is in the process of selecting, developing, constructing, or utilizing advanced light water reactors, advanced nuclear reactors, or advanced civil nuclear technologies;
- (iv) is eligible to receive development lending from the World Bank.
- (B) EXCLUSIONS.—The term "embarking civil nuclear nation" does not include—
  - (i) the People's Republic of China;
  - (ii) the Russian Federation;
  - (iii) the Republic of Belarus;
  - (iv) the Islamic Republic of Iran;
- (v) the Democratic People's Republic of Korea:
  - (vi) the Republic of Cuba;
- (vii) the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela;
- (viii) Burma; or
- (ix) any other country-

- (I) the property or interests in property of the government of which are blocked pursuto the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.); or
- (II) the government of which the Secretary of State has determined has repeatedly provided support for acts of international terrorism for purposes of-
- (aa) section 620A(a) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2371(a));
- (bb) section 40(d) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2780(d)):
- (cc) section 1754(c)(1)(A)(i) of the Export Control Reform Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C. 4813(c)(1)(A)(i)); or
- (dd) any other relevant provision of law.
- (8) NATIONAL ENERGY DOMINANCE COUNCIL.-The term "National Energy Dominance Council" means the National Energy Dominance Council established within the Executive Office of the President under Executive Order 14213 (90 Fed. Reg. 9945; relating to establishing the National Energy Dominance Council).
- (9) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Energy.
- (10) SPENT NUCLEAR FUEL.—The 'spent nuclear fuel" has the meaning given the term in section 2 of the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982 (42 U.S.C. 10101).
- (11) U.S. NUCLEAR ENERGY COMPANY.—The term "U.S. nuclear energy company" means a company that-
- (A) is organized under the laws of, or otherwise subject to the jurisdiction of, the United States; and
- (B) is involved in the nuclear energy industry.
- (c) NUCLEAR EXPORTS WORKING GROUP.-
- (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established a working group, to be known as the "Nuclear Exports Working Group" (referred to in this subsection as the "working group").
- (2) COMPOSITION.—The working group shall be composed of-
- (A) senior-level Federal officials, selected internally by the applicable Federal agency or organization, from any Federal agency or organization that the President determines to be appropriate; and
- (B) other senior-level Federal officials, selected internally by the applicable Federal agency or organization, from any other Federal agency or organization that the Secretary determines to be appropriate.
- (3) REPORTING.—The working group shall report to the President or 1 or more Federal officials designated by the President, if applicable.
- (4) DUTIES.—The working group shall coordinate, not less frequently than quarterly, with the Civil Nuclear Trade Advisory Committee of the Department of Commerce, the Nuclear Energy Advisory Committee of the Department of Energy, and other advisory or stakeholder groups, as necessary, to maintain an accurate and up-to-date knowledge of the standing of civil nuclear exports from the United States, including with respect to meeting the targets established as part of the 10-year civil nuclear trade strategy described in paragraph (5)(A).
  - (5) STRATEGY.
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the working group shall establish a 10-year civil nuclear trade strategy, including biennial targets for the export of civil nuclear technologies, including light water and non-light water reactors and associated equipment and technologies, civil nuclear materials, and nuclear fuel that align with meeting international energy demand while seeking to avoid or reduce emissions and prevent the dissemination of nuclear technology, materials, and weapons to adversarial nations and terrorist groups.

- (B) COLLABORATION REQUIRED.—In establishing the strategy under subparagraph (A), the working group shall collaborate with-
- (i) any Federal agency that the President determines to be appropriate; and
- (ii) representatives of private industry and experts in nuclear security and risk reduction, as appropriate.
  (d) ENGAGEMENT WITH ALLY OR PARTNER
- NATIONS.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The President shall launch, in accordance with applicable nuclear technology export laws (including regulations), an international initiative to modernize the civil nuclear outreach to embarking civil nuclear nations.
  - (2) Financing.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out the initiative described in paragraph (1), the President, acting through an appropriate Federal official, and in coordination with the officials described in subparagraph (B), may, if the President determines to be appropriate. seek to establish cooperative financing relationships for the export of civil nuclear technology, components, materials, and infrastructure to embarking civil nuclear nations.
- (B) Officials described.—The officials referred to in subparagraph (A) are-
- (i) appropriate officials of any Federal agency that the President determines to be appropriate; and
- (ii) appropriate officials representing foreign countries and governments, including-
  - (I) ally or partner nations:
  - (II) embarking civil nuclear nations; and
- (III) any other country or government that the President (or 1 or more Federal officials designated by the President) and the officials described in clause (i) jointly determine to be appropriate.
- (3) ACTIVITIES.—In carrying out the initiative described in paragraph (1), the President shall-
- (A) assist nongovernmental organizations and appropriate offices, administrations, agencies, laboratories, and programs of the Department of Energy and other relevant Federal agencies and offices in providing education and training to foreign governments in nuclear safety, security, and safeguards-
- (i) through engagement with the International Atomic Energy Agency; or
- (ii) independently, if the applicable entity determines that it would be more advantageous under the circumstances to provide the applicable education and training independently;
- (B) assist the efforts of the International Atomic Energy Agency to expand the support provided by the International Atomic Energy Agency to embarking civil nuclear nations for nuclear safety, security, safeguards;
- (C) coordinate with appropriate Federal departments and agencies on efforts to expand outreach to the private investment community and establish public-private financing relationships that enable the adoption of civil nuclear technologies by embarking civil nuclear nations, including through exports from the United States;
- (D) seek to better coordinate, to the maximum extent practicable, the work carried out by any Federal agency that the President determines to be appropriate; and
- (E) coordinate with the Export-Import Bank of the United States to improve the efficient and effective exporting and importing of civil nuclear technologies and materials.
- (e) Cooperative Financing Relationships WITH ALLY OR PARTNER NATIONS AND EM-BARKING CIVIL NUCLEAR NATIONS.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The President shall designate an appropriate White House official to coordinate with the officials described in

subsection (d)(2)(B) to develop, as the President determines to be appropriate, financing relationships with ally or partner nations to assist in the adoption of civil nuclear technologies exported from the United States or ally or partner nations to embarking civil nuclear nations.

- (2) UNITED STATES COMPETITIVENESS CLAUSES.—
- (A) DEFINITION OF UNITED STATES COMPETITIVENESS CLAUSE.—In this paragraph, the term "United States competitiveness clause" means any United States competitiveness provision in any agreement entered into by the Department of Energy, including—
  - (i) a cooperative agreement:
- (ii) a cooperative research and development agreement; and
  - (iii) a patent waiver.
- (B) CONSIDERATION.—In carrying out paragraph (1), the relevant officials described in that paragraph shall consider the impact of United States competitiveness clauses on any financing relationships entered into or proposed to be entered into under that paragraph.
- (C) WAIVER.—The Secretary shall facilitate waivers of United States competitiveness clauses as necessary to facilitate financing relationships with ally or partner nations under paragraph (1).

  (f) COOPERATION WITH ALLY OR PARTNER
- (f) COOPERATION WITH ALLY OR PARTNER NATIONS ON ADVANCED NUCLEAR REACTOR DEMONSTRATION AND COOPERATIVE RESEARCH FACILITIES FOR CIVIL NUCLEAR ENERGY.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary and the Secretary of Commerce, shall conduct bilateral and multilateral meetings with not fewer than 5 ally or partner nations, with the aim of enhancing nuclear energy cooperation among those ally or partner nations and the United States, for the purpose of developing collaborative relationships with respect to research, development, licensing, and deployment of advanced nuclear reactor technologies for civil nuclear energy
- (2) REQUIREMENT.—The meetings described in paragraph (1) shall include—
- (A) a focus on cooperation to demonstrate and deploy advanced nuclear reactors, with an emphasis on U.S. nuclear energy companies, during the 10-year period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act to provide options for addressing energy security and environmental impacts; and
- (B) a focus on developing a memorandum of understanding or any other appropriate agreement between the United States and ally or partner nations with respect to—
- (i) the demonstration and deployment of advanced nuclear reactors; and
- (ii) the development of cooperative research facilities.
- (3) FINANCING ARRANGEMENTS.—In conducting the meetings described in paragraph (1), the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary, the Secretary of Commerce, and the heads of other relevant Federal agencies and only after initial consultation with the appropriate committees of Congress, shall seek to develop financing arrangements to share the costs of the demonstration and deployment of advanced nuclear reactors and the development of cooperative research facilities with the ally or partner nations participating in those meetings
- (g) INTERNATIONAL CIVIL NUCLEAR ENERGY COOPERATION.—Section 959B of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16279b) is amended—
- (1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking "The Secretary" and inserting the following:

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary";
- (2) in subsection (a) (as so designated)—
- (A) in paragraph (1)—
- (i) by striking "financing,"; and
- (ii) by striking "and" after the semicolon at the end;
  - (B) in paragraph (2)—
- (i) in subparagraph (A), by striking "preparations for"; and
- (ii) in subparagraph (C)(v), by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon; and
- (C) by adding at the end the following:
- "(3) to support, with the concurrence of the Secretary of State, the safe, secure, and peaceful use of civil nuclear technology in countries developing nuclear energy programs, with a focus on countries that have increased civil nuclear cooperation with the Russian Federation or the People's Republic of China; and
- "(4) to promote the fullest utilization of the reactors, fuel, equipment, services, and technology of U.S. nuclear energy companies (as defined in subsection (b) of the International Nuclear Energy Act of 2025) in civil nuclear energy programs outside the United States through—
- "(A) bilateral and multilateral arrangements developed and executed with the concurrence of the Secretary of State that contain commitments for the utilization of the reactors, fuel, equipment, services, and technology of U.S. nuclear energy companies (as defined in that subsection);
- "(B) the designation of I or more U.S. nuclear energy companies (as defined in that subsection) to implement an arrangement under subparagraph (A) if the Secretary determines that the designation is necessary and appropriate to achieve the objectives of this section; and
- "(C) the waiver of any provision of law relating to competition with respect to any activity related to an arrangement under subparagraph (A) if the Secretary, in consultation with the Attorney General and the Secretary of Commerce, determines that a waiver is necessary and appropriate to achieve the objectives of this section."; and
  - (3) by adding at the end the following:
- "(b) REQUIREMENTS.—The program under subsection (a) shall be supported in consultation with the Secretary of State and implemented by the Secretary—
- "(1) to facilitate, to the maximum extent practicable, workshops and expert-based exchanges to engage industry, stakeholders, and foreign governments with respect to international civil nuclear issues, such as—
  - "(A) training:
  - "(B) financing;
  - "(C) safety;
  - "(D) security;
  - "(E) safeguards;
  - "(F) liability;
  - "(G) advanced fuels;
  - "(H) operations; and
- "(I) options for multinational cooperation with respect to the disposal of spent nuclear fuel (as defined in section 2 of the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982 (42 U.S.C. 10101)); and
- "(2) in coordination with any Federal agency that the President determines to be appropriate.
- "(c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Of funds appropriated or otherwise made available to the Secretary to carry out the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.) in fiscal years 2026 through 2030, the Secretary may use \$15,500,000 to carry out this section."
- (h) International Civil Nuclear Program Support.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the

Secretary and 1 or more other Federal officials designated by the President, if applicable, shall launch an international initiative (referred to in this subsection as the "initiative") to provide financial assistance to, and facilitate the building of technical capacities by, in accordance with this subsection, embarking civil nuclear nations for activities relating to the development of civil nuclear energy programs

- (2) FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out the initiative, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary and 1 or more other Federal officials designated by the President, if applicable, is authorized to award grants of financial assistance in amounts not greater than \$5,500,000 to embarking civil nuclear nations in accordance with this paragraph—
- (i) for activities relating to the development of civil nuclear energy programs; and
- (ii) to facilitate the building of technical capacities for those activities.
- (B) LIMITATIONS.—The Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary and 1 or more other Federal officials designated by the President, if applicable, may award—
- (i) not more than 1 grant of financial assistance under subparagraph (A) to any 1 embarking civil nuclear nation each fiscal year;
- (ii) not more than a total of 5 grants of financial assistance under subparagraph (A) to any 1 embarking civil nuclear nation.
  - (3) SENIOR ADVISORS.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out the initiative, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary and 1 or more other Federal officials designated by the President, if applicable, is authorized to provide financial assistance to an embarking civil nuclear nation for the purpose of contracting with a U.S. nuclear energy company to hire 1 or more senior advisors to assist the embarking civil nuclear nation in establishing a civil nuclear program.
- (B) REQUIREMENT.—A senior advisor described in subparagraph (A) shall have relevant experience and qualifications to advise the embarking civil nuclear nation on, and facilitate on behalf of the embarking civil nuclear nation, 1 or more of the following activities:
- (i) The development of financing relationships.
- $(ar{ii})$  The development of a standardized financing and project management framework for the construction of nuclear power plants.
- (iii) The development of a standardized licensing framework for—
- (I) light water civil nuclear technologies; and
- (II) non-light water civil nuclear technologies and advanced nuclear reactors.
- (iv) The identification of qualified organizations and service providers.
- (v) The identification of funds to support payment for services required to develop a civil nuclear program.
  - (vi) Market analysis.
- (vii) The identification of the safety, security, safeguards, and nuclear governance required for a civil nuclear program.
- (viii) Risk allocation, risk management, and nuclear liability.
- (ix) Technical assessments of nuclear reactors and technologies.
- (x) The identification of actions necessary to participate in a global nuclear liability regime based on the Convention on Supplementary Compensation for Nuclear Damage, with Annex, done at Vienna September 12, 1997 (TIAS 15-415).
  - (xi) Stakeholder engagement.
- (xii) Management of spent nuclear fuel and nuclear waste.

- (xiii) Any other major activities to support the establishment of a civil nuclear program, such as the establishment of export, financing, construction, training, operations, and education requirements.
- (C) CLARIFICATION.—Financial assistance under this paragraph is authorized to be provided to an embarking civil nuclear nation in addition to any financial assistance provided to that embarking civil nuclear nation under paragraph (2).
- (4) LIMITATION ON ASSISTANCE TO EMBARK-ING CIVIL NUCLEAR NATIONS.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Offices of the Inspectors General for the Department of State and the Department of Energy shall coordinate—
- (A) to establish and submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a joint strategic plan to conduct comprehensive oversight of activities authorized under this subsection to prevent fraud, waste, and abuse; and
- (B) to engage in independent and effective oversight of activities authorized under this subsection through joint or individual audits, inspections, investigations, or evaluations.
- (5) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Of funds appropriated or otherwise made available to the Secretary of State to carry out the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.) in fiscal years 2026 through 2030, the Secretary of State may use \$50,000,000 to carry out this subsection.
- (i) BIENNIAL CABINET-LEVEL INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON NUCLEAR SAFETY, SECURITY, SAFEGUARDS, AND SUSTAINABILITY.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The President, in coordination with international partners, as determined by the President, and industry, shall hold a biennial conference on civil nuclear safety, security, safeguards, and sustainability (referred to in this subsection as a "conference").
- (2) Conference functions.—It is the sense of Congress that each conference should—  $\,$
- (A) be a forum in which ally or partner nations may engage with each other for the purpose of reinforcing the commitment to—
- (i) nuclear safety, security, safeguards, and sustainability;
  - (ii) environmental safeguards; and
- (iii) local community engagement in areas in reasonable proximity to nuclear sites; and
  - (B) facilitate—
  - (i) the development of—
- $\left( I\right)$  joint commitments and goals to improve—
- (aa) nuclear safety, security, safeguards, and sustainability;
- (bb) environmental safeguards; and
- (cc) local community engagement in areas in reasonable proximity to nuclear sites;
- (II) stronger international institutions that support nuclear safety, security, safeguards, and sustainability:
- (III) cooperative financing relationships to promote competitive alternatives to Chinese and Russian financing;
- (IV) a standardized financing and project management framework for the construction of civil nuclear power plants;
- (V) a standardized licensing framework for civil nuclear technologies;
- (VI) a strategy to change internal policies of multinational development banks, such as the World Bank, to support the financing of civil nuclear projects;
- (VII) a document containing any lessons learned from countries that have partnered with the Russian Federation or the People's Republic of China with respect to civil nuclear power, including any detrimental outcomes resulting from that partnership; and
- (VIII) a global civil nuclear liability regime;

- (ii) cooperation for enhancing the overall aspects of civil nuclear power, such as—
- (I) nuclear safety, security, safeguards, and sustainability;
  - (II) nuclear laws (including regulations);
- (III) waste management;
- (IV) quality management systems;
- (V) technology transfer;
- (VI) human resources development;
- (VII) localization;
- (VIII) reactor operations;
- (IX) nuclear liability; and
- (X) decommissioning: and
- (iii) the development and determination of the mechanisms described in subparagraphs (G) and (H) of subsection (j)(1), if the President intends to establish an Advanced Reactor Coordination and Resource Center as described in that subsection.
- (3) INPUT FROM INDUSTRY AND GOVERNMENT.—It is the sense of Congress that each conference should include a meeting that convenes nuclear industry leaders and leaders of government agencies with expertise relating to nuclear safety, security, safeguards, or sustainability to discuss best practices relating to—
- (A) the safe and secure use, storage, and transport of nuclear and radiological materials;
- (B) managing the evolving cyber threat to nuclear and radiological security; and
- (C) the role that the nuclear industry should play in nuclear and radiological safety, security, and safeguards, including with respect to the safe and secure use, storage, and transport of nuclear and radiological materials, including spent nuclear fuel and nuclear waste.
- (j) ADVANCED REACTOR COORDINATION AND RESOURCE CENTER.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The President shall consider the feasibility of leveraging existing activities or frameworks or, as necessary, establishing a center, to be known as the "Advanced Reactor Coordination and Resource Center" (referred to in this subsection as the "Center"), for the purposes of—
- (A) identifying qualified organizations and service providers—
- (i) for embarking civil nuclear nations;
- (ii) to develop and assemble documents, contracts, and related items required to establish a civil nuclear program; and
- (iii) to develop a standardized model for the establishment of a civil nuclear program that can be used by the International Atomic Energy Agency;
- (B) coordinating with countries participating in the Center and with the Nuclear Exports Working Group established under subsection (c)—
- (i) to identify funds to support payment for services required to develop a civil nuclear program;
  - (ii) to provide market analysis; and
  - (iii) to create—
  - (I) project structure models;
- (II) models for electricity market analysis;
- (III) models for nonelectric applications market analysis; and
- (IV) financial models;
- (C) identifying and developing the safety, security, safeguards, and nuclear governance required for a civil nuclear program;
- (D) supporting multinational regulatory standards to be developed by countries with civil nuclear programs and experience;
- (E) developing and strengthening communications, engagement, and consensus-building;
- (F) carrying out any other major activities to support export, financing, education, construction, training, and education requirements relating to the establishment of a civil nuclear program;
- (G) developing mechanisms for how to fund and staff the Center; and

- (H) determining mechanisms for the selection of the location or locations of the Center
- (2) OBJECTIVE.—The President shall carry out paragraph (1) with the objective of establishing the Center if the President determines that it is feasible to do so.
- (k) STRATEGIC INFRASTRUCTURE FUND WORKING GROUP.—
- (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established a working group, to be known as the "Strategic Infrastructure Fund Working Group" (referred to in this subsection as the "working group") to provide input on the feasibility of establishing a program to support strategically important capital-intensive infrastructure projects.
- (2) COMPOSITION.—The working group shall be composed of—
- (A) senior-level Federal officials, selected by the head of the applicable Federal agency or organization, from any Federal agency or organization that the President determines to be appropriate;
- (B) other senior-level Federal officials, selected by the head of the applicable Federal agency or organization, from any other Federal agency or organization that the Secretary determines to be appropriate: and
- (C) any senior-level Federal official selected by the President or 1 or more Federal officials designated by the President from any Federal agency or organization.
- (3) REPORTING.—The working group shall report to the National Security Council.
  - (4) DUTIES.—The working group shall—
- (A) provide direction and advice to the officials described in subsection (d)(2)(B)(i) and appropriate Federal agencies, as determined by the working group, with respect to the establishment of a Strategic Infrastructure Fund (referred to in this paragraph as the "Fund") to be used—
- (i) to support those aspects of projects relating to—
  - (I) civil nuclear technologies; and
  - (II) microprocessors; and
- (ii) for strategic investments identified by the working group; and
- (B) address critical areas in determining the appropriate design for the Fund, including—
  - (i) transfer of assets to the Fund;
  - (ii) transfer of assets from the Fund;
- (iii) how assets in the Fund should be invested; and
- (iv) governance and implementation of the Fund.
  - (5) Briefing and report required.—
- (A) Briefing.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the working group shall brief the committees described in subparagraph (C) on the status of the development of the processes necessary to implement this subsection.
- (B) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the working group shall submit to the committees described in subparagraph (C) a report on the findings of the working group that includes suggested legislative text for how to establish and structure a Strategic Infrastructure Fund.
- (i) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, the Committee on Environment and Public Works, the Committee on Finance, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
- (ii) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Energy and Commerce, the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology,

the Committee on Ways and Means, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

- (D) ADMINISTRATION OF THE FUND.—The report submitted under subparagraph (B) shall include suggested legislative language requiring all expenditures from a Strategic Infrastructure Fund established in accordance with this subsection to be administered by the Secretary of State (or a designee of the Secretary of State).
- (1) JOINT ASSESSMENT BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND INDIA ON NUCLEAR LIABILITY RULES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State, in consultation with the heads of other relevant Federal departments and agencies, shall establish and maintain within the U.S.-India Strategic Security Dialogue a joint consultative mechanism with the Government of the Republic of India that convenes on a recurring basis—
- (A) to assess the implementation of the Agreement for Cooperation between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of India Concerning Peaceful Uses of Nuclear Energy, signed at Washington October 10, 2008 (TIAS 08-1206);
- (B) to discuss opportunities for the Republic of India to align domestic nuclear liability rules with international norms; and
- (C) to develop a strategy for the United States and the Republic of India to pursue bilateral and multilateral diplomatic engagements related to analyzing and implementing those opportunities.
- (2) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for 5 years, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the heads of other relevant Federal departments and agencies, shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report that describes the joint assessment developed pursuant to paragraph (1)(A).
- (m) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Except as expressly stated in this section, nothing in this section may be construed to alter or otherwise affect the interpretation or implementation of section 123 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2153) or any other provision of law, including the requirement that agreements pursuant to that section be submitted to Congress for consideration.
- (n) SUNSET.—This section and the amendments made by this section shall cease to have effect on the date that is 20 years after the date of enactment of this Act.
- SA 3718. Ms. LUMMIS (for herself and Mr. Tuberville) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:
- At the appropriate place in title X, insert the following:
- SEC. 10 ... STUDY AND REPORT ON THE STRATEGIC IMPLICATIONS OF CRYPTOCURRENCY FOR UNITED STATES NATIONAL AND ECONOMIC SECURITY.
- (a) STUDY AND REPORT REQUIRED.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall—
- (A) engage an appropriate federally funded research and development center to conduct a study on—
- (i) the strategic implications of cryptocurrencies on the Department of Defense; and

- (ii) recommended courses of action on improving the Department's posture relating to any such findings; and
- (B) not later than August 1, 2026, submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives a report on the findings of the federally funded research and development center with respect to the study conducted pursuant to subparagraph (A).
- (2) Scope.—The report submitted pursuant to paragraph (1)(B) shall, at a minimum, include the following:
- (A) GLOBAL ASSESSMENT OF NATIONAL POLICIES RELATED TO USES AND INTEGRATION OF CRYPTOCURRENCIES INTO GOVERNMENTAL FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS.—A detailed assessment of the current and planned accumulation of cryptocurrencies, by type, by nation states and nation state-affiliated entities, including sovereign wealth funds, state-owned enterprises, and individual national leaders, as well as related policy and adoption trends.
- (B) UNITED STATES CRYPTOCURRENCY USAGE.—An analysis of present and planned United States Government cryptocurrency holdings, including policies to assess the risks and benefits of such holdings compared to traditional financial instruments.
- (C) LEGAL AND POLICY REVIEW.—A review of Department authorities, policies, regulations, and contractual rules that govern or constrain any Department component or contractor in receiving, holding, acquiring, disposing, transacting, or otherwise lawfully using cryptocurrency.
- (b) COORDINATION AND CONTRIBUTORS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—In preparing the report required by subparagraph (B) of subsection (a)(1), the Secretary shall ensure that the federally funded research and development center selected for this study under subparagraph (A) of such subsection is able to coordinate through the Office of the Secretary of Defense (OSD) and shall incorporate input from—
- (A) relevant combatant commands;
- (B) Department organizations with economic security or competition responsibilities and expertise; and
- (C) the Under Secretary of Defense for Intelligence and Security.
- (2) CONSULTATION.—In preparing the report required by subparagraph (B) of subsection (a)(1), the Secretary shall ensure the federally funded research and development center selected to conduct the study under subparagraph (A) of such subsection is able to consult, as the Secretary considers appropriate, with—
- (A) the Executive Director of the President's Council of Advisors on Digital Assets;(B) the Chair of the Council of Economic Advisors; and
- (C) other interagency partners with relevant expertise.
- (3) Solicitation of data, analysis, and assessment support from nongovernmental organizations, academia, and industry consistent with applicable procurement and security regulations.
- (c) FORM OF REPORT.—The report required by subsection (a)(1)(B) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

SA 3719. Mr. CASSIDY (for himself and Mr. WHITEHOUSE) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction,

and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle F of title X, add the following:

### SEC. 1067. PUBLIC DISCLOSURE OF VEHICLE AND AIRCRAFT MANIFEST INFORMATION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 431 of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1431) is amended—
- (1) by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
- "(a) IN GENERAL.—Each of the following shall have a manifest that complies with the requirements prescribed under subsection (d):
- "(1) Every vessel required to make entry under section 434 or obtain clearance under section 60105 of title 46, United States Code.
- "(2) Every aircraft required to make entry and obtain clearance under section 644(a).
- "(3) Every commercial vehicle arriving in or departing from the United States that is—
- "(A) transporting merchandise for importation into or exportation from the United States; and
- "(B) required to transmit advance electronic information under section 343(a) of the Trade Act of 2002 (19 U.S.C. 1415(a))."; and
- (2) in subsection (c)—
- (A) in paragraph (1)—
- (i) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking "subparagraph (2)" and all that follows through "public disclosure" and inserting "paragraph (2) or (3), when included in a vessel, vehicle, or aircraft manifest, the following information shall be available for public disclosure";
- (ii) in subparagraph (D), by striking "vessel, aircraft, or carrier" and inserting "vessel, vehicle, or aircraft";
- (iii) in subparagraph (E), by striking "or airport of loading" and inserting ", airport, or other point of loading"; and
- (iv) in subparagraph (F), by striking "or airport of discharge" and inserting ", airport, or other point of unlading";
- (B) by amending paragraph (2)(B) to read as follows:
- "(B)(i) The Secretary shall ensure that any personally identifiable information of individuals, such as the information described in clause (ii), is removed from any manifest signed, produced, delivered, or electronically transmitted under this section before access to the manifest is provided to the public.
- "(ii) The information described in this clause includes the following:
- "(I) Social Security numbers.
- "(II) Passport numbers.
- "(III) The following names and addresses appearing in the manifest in the names and addresses associated with a shipper, consignee, or notify party:
- "(aa) Names of individuals who are end consumers.
- "(bb) Residential addresses (excluding zip codes) that are not primary addresses of a trade or business.
- "(iii) Nothing in this paragraph may be construed to permit the removal of the name, address, or identification number of a business from a manifest signed, produced, delivered or electronically transmitted under this section."
- (C) by redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (4); and
- (D) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following:
- "(3) In the case of a manifest required by subsection (a)(3) for a vehicle departing from the United States, when the manifest is provided to the Automated Commercial Environment system of U.S. Customs and Border

Protection, U.S. Customs and Border Protection shall process the manifest and provide the information in the manifest described in paragraph (1) and not excluded from disclosure under paragraph (2) to the appropriate parties."

- (b) BOND REQUIREMENT FOR TRUCKS.—Section 431(d)(1) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (19 U.S.C. 1431(d)(1)) is amended—
- (1) in subparagraph (C), by striking "; and" and inserting a semicolon;
- (2) in subparagraph (D), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and
- riod at the end and inserting "; and"; and (3) by adding at the end the following:

"(E) require each vehicle arriving in the United States and required under subsection (a) to have a manifest to post a bond to ensure compliance with that requirement.".

(c) APPLICABILITY.—The amendments made by subsections (a) and (b) shall apply with respect to each vessel, vehicle, and aircraft arriving in or departing from the United States on or after the date that is 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SA 3720. Mr. GRASSLEY (for himself and Mr. DURBIN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle C of title XII, add the following:

# SEC. 12 \_\_\_\_\_. MODIFICATION OF REQUIREMENTS FOR TRANSFERS OF UNITED STATES DEFENSE ARTICLES AND DEFENSE SERVICES AMONG BALITIC STATES.

- (a) EXEMPTIONS FROM REQUIREMENT FOR CONSENT TO TRANSFER.—
- (1) RETRANSFERS AMONG BALTIC STATES.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding the requirements of section 3(a)(2) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 USC 2753(a)(2)) and Section 505(a)(1) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 USAC 2314(a)(1)), retransfers of defense articles related to United States-origin mobile rocket artillery systems among Estonia, Lithuania, and Latvia shall not require prior Presidential consent.
- (B) EXPIRATION.—The authority provided in subparagraph (A) shall cease to have effect on the date that is 10 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.
  - (2) AGREEMENTS.—
- (A) CONSENT TO TRANSFER NOT REQUIRED.—An agreement between the United States and a Baltic State under section 3 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2753(a)) with respect to defense articles or defense services related to mobile rocket artillery systems provided by the United States shall not require the Baltic state to seek approval from the United States to transfer the defense article or defense service to any other Baltic state.
- (B) Modification.—With respect to any agreement under section 3(a)(2) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2753(a)(2)) in effect as of the date of the enactment of this Act that requires the consent of the President before a Baltic state may transfer a defense article or defense service related to mobile rocket artillery systems provided by the United States, at the request of any Baltic state, the United States shall modify such agreement so as to remove such requirement with respect to such a transfer to any other Baltic state.
- (b) COMMON COALITION KEY.—The Secretary of Defense shall establish among the Baltic

states a common coalition key or other technological solution within the Baltic states for the purpose of sharing ammunition for High Mobility Artillery Rocket Systems (HIMARS) among the Baltic states for training and operational purposes.

- (c) Definitions.—In this section:
- (1) BALTIC STATE.—The term "Baltic state" means the following:
- (A) Estonia.
- (B) Lithuania.
- (C) Latvia.
- (2) DEFENSE ARTICLE; DEFENSE SERVICE.— The terms "defense article" and "defense service" have the meanings given such terms in section 47 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2794).

SA 3721. Ms. KLOBUCHAR (for herself and Mr. Grassley) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle E of title XII, add the following:

#### SEC. 1265. SUPPORTING THE IDENTIFICATION AND RECOVERY OF ABDUCTED UKRAINIAN CHILDREN.

- (a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the "Abducted Ukrainian Children Recovery and Accountability Act".
- (b) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
- (1) According to a White House press release, dated March 25, 2025, "The United States and Ukraine agreed that the United States remains committed to helping achieve the exchange of prisoners of war, the release of civilian detainees, and the return of forcibly transferred Ukrainian children."
- (2) To implement the commitment referred to in paragraph (1), the United States Government requires an organized and resourced policy approach to assist Ukraine with—
- (A) investigations of Russia's abduction of Ukrainian children:
- (B) the rehabilitation and reintegration of children returned to Ukraine; and
- (C) justice and accountability for perpetrators of the abductions.(c) AUTHORIZATION OF TECHNICAL ASSIST-
- (c) AUTHORIZATION OF TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE AND ADVISORY SUPPORT.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Department of Justice and the Department of State are authorized—
- (A) to provide law enforcement and intelligence technical assistance, training, capacity building, and advisory support to the Government of Ukraine in support of the commitment described in subsection (b)(1); and
- (B) to advance the objectives described in subsection (b)(2).
- (2) Type of assistance.—The law enforcement and intelligence technical assistance authorized under paragraph (1)(A) may include—
- (A) training regarding the utilization of biometric identification technologies in abduction and trafficking in persons investigations:
- (B) assistance with respect to collecting and analyzing open source intelligence information:
- (C) assistance in the development and use of secure communications technologies; and (D) assistance with respect to managing and securing relevant databases.
- (3) REPORTS.—Not later than 30 days after the determination to provide assistance in

any category identified in this subsection, the Secretary of State shall brief the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives on—

- (A) the amount of assistance determined to be obligated;
- (B) the type of assistance to be utilized; and
- (C) any information on the technology operationalized to support the means identified in this subsection.
  - (d) COORDINATION.—
- (1) NONGOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS.— The Department of Justice and the Department of State shall coordinate with, and may provide grants to, nongovernmental organizations to carry out the assistance authorized under subsection (c).
- (2) FEDERAL AGENCIES.—The National Security Council shall convene meetings with appropriate representatives from the Department of Justice, the Department of State, the intelligence community (as defined in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003)), and other Federal agencies, as needed, to carry out the assistance authorized under subsection (c).
- (e) NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENT.—The National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency may not suspend or terminate the Government of Ukraine's access to the Global Enhanced GEOINT Delivery Program unless the Director of such agency, not later than 30 days before the date of such suspension or termination, submits a notification to Congress that includes—
- (1) a justification for such suspension or termination; and
- (2) a plan describing an alternate method by which the Government of Ukraine may access satellite imagery collected by the United States Government.
  - (f) REHABILITATION AND REINTEGRATION.-
- (1) AUTHORIZATION OF ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary of State is authorized to provide support to the Government of Ukraine and nongovernmental organizations and local civil society groups in Ukraine for the purpose of providing Ukrainian children (including teenagers) who have been abducted, forcibly transferred, or held against their will by the Russian Federation with—
- (A) medical and psychological rehabilitation services;
- (B) family reunification and support services; and
- (C) services in support of the reintegration of such children into Ukrainian society, including case management, legal aid, and educational screening and placement.
- (2) REPORT.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall submit a report to the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives that describes all current or planned foreign assistance programs that will provide the assistance authorized under paragraph (1).
- (g) ATROCITY CRIMES ADVISORY GROUP FOR UKRAINE.—The Department of State is authorized to support the Atrocity Crimes Advisory Group for Ukraine by providing technical assistance, capacity building, and advisory support to the Government of Ukraine's Office of the Prosecutor General, and other relevant components of the Government of Ukraine, for the purpose of investigating and prosecuting cases involving abducted children, and other atrocity crimes.
- (h) DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.—The Department of Justice is authorized to provide technical assistance, capacity building, and advisory support to the Government of Ukraine through its Office of Overseas Prosecutorial Development, Assistance, and Training, which shall be coordinated by the

Resident Legal Adviser at the United States Embassy in Kyiv, for the purpose of investigating and prosecuting cases involving abducted children, and other atrocity crimes.

- (i) REPORTS.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act—
- (1) the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Attorney General, shall submit a report to the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate, the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives that describes current and planned United States Government support for the Government of Ukraine's work to investigate and prosecute atrocity crimes; and
- (2) the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary of the Treasury, shall submit a report to the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate, the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives that outlines—
- (A) any discrepancies between the sanctions regimes of the United States, the United Kingdom, and the European Union with respect to those responsible for the abduction of Ukrainian children; and
- (B) efforts made by the United States Government to better align such sanction regimes.

SA 3722. Mr. PADILLA (for himself and Mr. CRAMER) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle F of title X, add the following:

### SEC. 1067. AGENT MEMBERSHIP.

Section 304(b)(2) of the Federal Credit Union Act (12 U.S.C. 1795c(b)(2)) is amended by striking "all those credit unions" and inserting "such credit unions as the Board may in its discretion determine".

SA 3723. Mr. KING submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title X, insert the following:

SEC. 10\_\_. PRE-TRANSITION HEALTH CARE REGISTRATION OF MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES TO STREAMLINE RECEIPT OF HEALTH CARE FROM DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS.

- (a) HEALTH CARE PRE-REGISTRATION.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter I of chapter 17 of title 38, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 1705A the following new section:
- "\$ 1705B. Management of health care: registration in pre-transition system and facilitation of enrollment
  - "(a) PRE-TRANSITION SYSTEM.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days before the anticipated separation from the Armed Forces of a member of the Armed Forces, the Secretary shall automatically register such member in the pre-transition health care registration system.
- "(2) REGISTRATION.—Registration of a member of the Armed Forces in the pre-transition health care registration system under paragraph (1) shall consist of the entry of relevant information of such member into such system so as to facilitate and permit, at a future date, a final determination with respect to the enrollment of such member in the patient enrollment system if such member elects to enroll in the patient enrollment system and is eligible to enroll in the patient enrollment system.
- "(b) FACILITATION OF ENROLLMENT IN PATIENT ENROLLMENT SYSTEM.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after separation of a covered individual from the Armed Forces, or as soon as feasibly possible following such separation, the Secretary shall engage with such individual—
- "(A) to assist and facilitate the completion of the process for enrollment of such individual in the patient enrollment system, to include the appropriate electronic or paper forms; and
- "(B) to schedule an initial primary care or other health appointment for such individual under the laws administered by the Secretary if the individual is interested in such an appointment.
- "(2) COMMUNICATION EFFORTS.—Communication to a covered individual under paragraph (1) shall be conducted through a combination of effective mechanisms to include by electronic means through email and text message, paper mail, and by phone.
- "(3) COVERED INDIVIDUAL DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term 'covered individual' means an individual who—
- "(A) is eligible for or expected to be eligible for enrollment in the patient enrollment system; and
  - "(B) is not yet enrolled in such system.
  - "(c) OUTREACH.—
  - "(1) PRE-TRANSITION.—
- "(A) In GENERAL.—To the greatest extent feasible, the Secretary shall conduct timely outreach to members of the Armed Forces registered in the pre-transition health care registration system, in advance of their separation from the Armed Forces, to explain—
- "(i) what such registration means in practical terms;
- "(ii) what steps each such member will need to take after separation from the Armed Forces to fully enroll, if eligible, in the patient enrollment system:
- "(iii) health care services that may be available to such member upon enrollment in such system, including the general rules of eligibility for such services:
- "(iv) health care services that may be available to such member regardless of enrollment in such system, including counseling for military sexual trauma and services from Vet Centers (as defined in section 1712A of this title), including the general rules of eligibility for such services; and
- "(v) the steps required to access services described in clauses (iii) and (iv).
- "(B) OUTREACH EFFORTS.—Outreach to a member of the Armed Forces required under subparagraph (A) shall be conducted through a combination of effective mechanisms, including by electronic means through email and text message, paper mail, and by phone.
- "(2) After enrollment.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—Not less frequently than once during the 180-day period following the enrollment of an individual in the patient enrollment system, the Secretary shall contact any such individual who has not scheduled a primary care appointment or other

- health appointment under the laws administered by the Secretary and offer to schedule such appointment should such individual be interested in doing so.
- "(B) CONDUCT OF OUTREACH.—The Secretary may conduct outreach under subparagraph (A) as part of the Solid Start program under section 6320 of this title, other existing processes of the Department, or any new process as the Secretary determines appropriate.
  - "(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- "(1) PATIENT ENROLLMENT SYSTEM.—The term 'patient enrollment system' means the system of annual patient enrollment of the Department established and operated under section 1705(a) of this title.
- "(2) PRE-TRANSITION HEALTH CARE REG-ISTRATION SYSTEM.—The term 'pre-transition health care registration system' means an information technology or other system or systems of the Department in which the Department enters or stores the relevant information of a transitioning member of the Armed Forces so as to facilitate and permit, at a future date, a final enrollment determination with respect to the enrollment of such member in the patient enrollment system.".
- (2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 1705A the following new item:
- "1705B. Management of health care: registration in pre-transition system and facilitation of enrollment.".
- (3) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This subsection and the amendments made by this subsection shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act and apply to any member of the Armed Forces who is anticipated to separate from the Armed Forces on and after the date that is one year after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (b) ESTABLISHMENT OF SYSTEM.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Veterans Affairs, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, shall establish and implement an automated process to implement the pre-transition health care registration system required under section 1705B(a) of title 38, United States Code, as added by subsection (a)(1).
- (2) BRIEFINGS ON INITIAL IMPLEMENTATION.—
  Not later than each of 180 days, one year, and two years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Department of Veterans Affairs-Department of Defense Joint Executive Committee established under section 320 of title 38, United States Code, shall provide to the appropriate committees of Congress a briefing on the implementation of the process required under paragraph (1).
- (c) COORDINATION WITH DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—In implementing the requirements of this section and the amendments made by this section, the Secretary of Veterans Affairs may integrate and coordinate such implementation with the Solid Start program of the Department of Veterans Affairs under section 6320 of title 38, United States Code, other existing processes of the Department, or any new process as the Secretary determines appropriate to ensure collaboration and coordination with relevant programs of the Department of Defense.
- (2) INCLUSION IN TRANSITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.—On and after the date that is one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall include an explanation of the pre-transition health care registration system required under section 1705B of title 38, United States Code, as added by subsection (a)(1), as part of the

Transition Assistance Program of the Department of Defense.

- (d) REQUIREMENT TO CREATE AND MAINTAIN SIMPLE AND STREAMLINED PROCESS FOR PREREGISTRATION AND ENROLLMENT.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Veterans Affairs shall make enrollment in the patient enrollment system, including pre-transition health care registration under section 1705B of title 38, United States Code, as added by subsection (a)(1), a simple and streamlined process for all transitioning members of the Armed Forces and veterans—
- (A) to facilitate access to and utilization of services from the Department of Veterans Affairs to which such individuals are entitled:
- (B) to ensure such individuals have a healthy and smooth transition out of the Armed Forces into civilian life as veterans:
- (C) to support the mental and physical health of such individuals; and
- (D) to reduce, to the greatest extent possible, veteran suicide.
- (2) IMPROVEMENT OF PROCESS.—The Secretary shall continuously monitor, improve, and modernize the process described in paragraph (1).
- (e) OUTREACH AND ENGAGEMENT.—The Secretary of Veterans Affairs shall—
- (1) proactively conduct outreach to transitioning and recently transitioned members of the Armed Forces to assist such members in enrolling in the patient enrollment system:
- (2) proactively and regularly engage with veterans already enrolled in the patient enrollment system to offer assistance in accessing health care services under such system;
- (3) proactively and regularly engage with veterans who may not be eligible for enrollment in the patient enrollment system but may be eligible to access certain specific health services of the Department:
- (4) proactively engage with veterans from traditionally under-represented groups, to include women veterans, minority veterans, Native American veterans, Native Hawaiian veterans, Alaska Native veterans, and LGBTOIA+ veterans: and
- (5) engage with veterans who are eligible but not enrolled in the patient enrollment system and offer information and assistance regarding the steps to facilitate enrollment in such system.
- (f) ANNUAL REPORT ON PRE-TRANSITION REGISTRATION.—Section 8111(f)(2) of title 38, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) by redesignating subparagraphs (E) and (F) as subparagraphs (F) and (G), respectively; and
- (2) by inserting after subparagraph (D) the following new subparagraph (E):
- "(E) With respect to the registration of members of the Armed Forces in the pretransition health care registration system under section 1705B of this title during the preceding fiscal year, the following:
- "(i) The number of members of the Armed Forces who were registered in such system.
- "(ii) The number of such members who subsequently applied for enrollment in the system of annual patient enrollment of the Department established and operated under section 1705(a) of this title.
- "(iii) The aggregated disposition of each such application for enrollment, whether denied or approved, and a reason for any denial, if available.
- "(iv) Aggregated demographic information for members of the Armed Forces described in clauses (i) and (ii), including age, gender, ethnicity, length of service, military rank, and branch of service.
- "(v) Any information on health care utilization rates based on registration in the pretransition health care registration system

- under section  $1705\mathrm{B}$  of this title that the Secretary considers relevant.
- "(vi) Any additional observations or information the Secretary considers relevant regarding the impact of pre-transition health care registration on streamlining and improving the transition from the Armed Forces to civilian life.".
  - (g) Reports.—
- (1) REPORT ON FEASIBILITY AND ADVISABILITY OF PERMITTING MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES TO RECEIVE PRE-SEPARATION HEALTH APPOINTMENT WITH DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Veterans Affairs, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report on the feasibility and advisability of permitting transitioning members of the Armed Forces, including those on separation leave, while still on active duty, to receive at least one no-cost health care appointment at a facility of the Department of Veterans Affairs—
- (i) to familiarize the member with the health services of the Department prior to the member leaving the Armed Forces; and
- (ii) to improve the transition process and health and wellness of the member once they have transitioned to civilian life.
- (B) ELEMENTS.—The report required under subparagraph (A) shall include the following:
- (i) A description of the reasons the Secretary of Veterans Affairs has determined the policy described in such subparagraph is feasible and advisable or not.
- (ii) An identification of changes to law that would be required or recommended to make such policy feasible and advisable.
- (iii) If the Secretary determines such policy is feasible and advisable, a proposed schedule and timeline to implement such policy and an estimate of costs to implement and sustain such policy.
- (iv) Such other information as the Secretary considers appropriate.
- (2) REPORT ON EFFORTS TO IMPROVE ENROLL-MENT.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Veterans Affairs, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report containing the following:
- (A) An assessment of the efforts of the Secretary of Veterans Affairs as follows:
- (i) To develop and implement a system or systems, and processes to implement such a system or systems, to notify veterans who receive a positive adjudication for a service-connected disability and are not already enrolled in the patient enrollment system regarding how to enroll in the patient enrollment system, should they be inclined to enroll
- (ii) To pre-populate information in the pretransition health care registration system required under section 1705B of title 38, United States Code, as added by subsection (a)(1), using data available within the Department of Veterans Affairs, other Federal agencies, or State agencies or other appropriate commercial or publicly available information so as to assist transitioning members of the Armed Forces with completing the process of enrollment in the patient enrollment system, and to simplify and streamline enrollment in such system, including—
- (I) a description of any roadblocks to prepopulating such information;
- (II) a description of any challenges in receiving relevant information from any Federal agency or State agency; and
- (III) an identification of any legislative action that may be required to improve the

- collection of data necessary to carry out this clause.
- (B) An assessment of any challenges experienced by the Secretary of Veterans Affairs in receiving timely and reliable electronic information, data feeds, and notifications from the Department of Defense, other Federal agencies, or non-Federal entities regarding the separation from the Armed Forces of members of the Armed Forces, including—
- (i) specific requests for legislative action to improve data transmission from the Department of Defense or other Federal agencies to the Department of Veterans Affairs; and
- (ii) a description of policy reforms to require the military departments to report to the Secretary of Defense known or anticipated separations in a more timely manner.
- (C) The identification of an individual in a Senior Executive Service position (as defined in section 3132(a) of title 5, United States Code), or equivalent, and office within the Department of Veterans Affairs that is coordinating or will coordinate all programs of the Department relating to improving the registration and enrollment of transitioning or transitioned members of the Armed Forces in health care services of the Department (including pursuant to this section and the amendments made by this section) and the usage by such members of those services, to include the following programs and offices:
- (i) The Solid Start program of the Department under section 6320 of title 38, United States Code.
- (ii) The Federal Recovery Consultant Office of the Department.
- (iii) The Post-9/11 Military2VA Case Management Program of the Department.
- (iv) The Liaison Program of the Department.
- (v) The Concierge for Care Program of the Department.
- (vi) The office of the Department responsible for carrying out the pre-transition health care registration system under section 1705B of title 38, United States Code, as added by subsection (a)(1).
- (vii) Other similar or successor programs or offices of the Department.
- (D) A description of how the individual and office identified under subparagraph (C) manages or will manage various programs across the Department, to include—
- (i) programs under the Veterans Health Administration, Veterans Benefits Administration, and other entities of the Department that have different reporting chains;
- (ii) an identification of metrics that are used or will be used to monitor program goals;
- (iii) an identification of steps that can be taken to improve management and outcomes of such programs, to include collaboration and coordination with relevant programs of the Department of Defense; and
- (iv) an organizational chart to show how efforts described under this subparagraph are managed across the Department of Veterans Affairs.
- (h) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section or the amendments made by this section shall be construed to require any member of the Armed Forces, former member of the Armed Forces, or veteran to use any service of the Department of Veterans Affairs or to enroll in the patient enrollment system.
  - (i) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—The term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (A) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Veterans Affairs' of the Senate; and

- (B) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Veterans Affairs' of the House of Representatives.
- (2) PATIENT ENROLLMENT SYSTEM.—The term "patient enrollment system" means the system of annual patient enrollment of the Department established and operated under section 1705(a) of title 38, United States Code

SA 3724. Ms. CORTEZ MASTO submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in subtitle E of title V, insert the following:

## SEC. \_\_\_. FACTORS FOR COUNSELING PATHWAYS UNDER TRANSITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.

Section 1142(c)(1) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) by redesignating subparagraph (M) as subparagraph (R): and
- (2) by inserting after subparagraph (L) the following new subparagraphs:
- "(M) Child care requirements of the member (including whether a dependent of the member is enrolled in the Exceptional Family Member Program).
- "(N) The employment status of other adults in the household of the member.
- "(O) The location of the duty station of the member (including whether the member was separated from family while on duty).
- "(P) The effects of operating tempo and personnel tempo on the member and the household of the member."

SA 3725. Mr. YOUNG submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title X, add the following:

### Subtitle H—Helping Allies Respond to Piracy, Overfishing, and Oceanic Negligence Act SEC. 1091. SHORT TITLE.

This subtitle may be cited as the "Helping Allies Respond to Piracy, Overfishing, and Oceanic Negligence Act" or the "HARPOON Act".

### SEC. 1092. DEFINITIONS.

In this subtitle:

- (1) COMMANDANT.—The term "Commandant" means the Commandant of the Coast Guard.
- (2) ILLEGAL, UNREPORTED, AND UNREGULATED FISHING; IUU FISHING.—The terms "illegal, unreported, and unregulated fishing" and "IUU fishing" mean activities described as illegal fishing, unreported fishing, or unregulated fishing in paragraph 3 of the International Plan of Action to Prevent, Deter and Eliminate Illegal, Unreported and Unregulated Fishing, adopted at the 24th Session of the Committee on Fisheries in Rome on March 2, 2001.
- (3) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Defense.

### SEC. 1093. COUNTER-IUU FISHING PROGRAM ENHANCEMENT.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary and the Commandant, in coordination with the Secretary of State, shall seek to engage with foreign partners to establish joint patrols to enhance counter-IUU fishing efforts, combat transnational crime, and enhance regional security.
- (b) Report.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary and the Commandant, in coordination with the Secretary of State, shall jointly submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report on engagements with foreign partners under subsection (a), including—
- (A) an identification of specific regions and countries interested in increased cooperation to combat IUU fishing;
- (B) a description of any limitations on enhanced counter-IUU fishing partnerships due to insufficient resources or authorities;
- (C) recommendations for increased program effectiveness in counter-IUU fishing operations;
- (D) an assessment of the effectiveness of ongoing counter-IUU fishing partner operations;
- (E) an identification of authorities provided in sections 331 and 333(a) of title 10, United States Code, pursuant to which such counter-IUU fishing operations are conducted; and
- (F) any other information the Secretary, the Commandant, and the Secretary of State consider appropriate.
- (2) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (Å) the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, the Committee on Armed Services, and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate: and
- (B) the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology, the Committee on Armed Services, and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives.

SA 3726. Mr. PETERS (for himself and Mr. Young) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in subtitle F of title X, insert the following:

### SEC. 10\_\_\_\_. GREAT LAKES RESTORATION INITIATIVE REAUTHORIZATION.

Section 118(c)(7)(J)(i) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1268(c)(7)(J)(i)) is amended—

- (1) in subclause (V), by striking "and" at the end;
- (2) in subclause (VI), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following:
- "(VII) \$500,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2027 through 2031."

SA 3727. Mr. PETERS (for himself and Mr. DAINES) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Depart-

ment of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in subtitle F of title X, insert the following:

## SEC. 10 ... DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY STUDY ON ESTABLISHING NATIONAL STRATEGIC PROPANE RESERVE.

- (a) STUDY.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Energy, in consultation with the Administrator of the Energy Information Administration, shall complete a study to determine the feasibility and effectiveness of establishing a national strategic propane reserve, separate from the Strategic Petroleum Reserve established under part B of title I of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act (42 U.S.C. 6231 et seq.).
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The study under paragraph (1) shall include—
- (A) an assessment of the current state of the propane supply chain in the United States to meet current and forecasted consumer demands:
- (B) an assessment of the risks of regional propane supply disruptions, including—
  - (i) past causes of disruptions;
- (ii) possible causes of disruptions in the future; and
- (iii) whether disruptions justify the establishment of a national strategic propane reserve:
  - (C) an evaluation of-
- (i) appropriate and most suitable locations for a strategic propane reserve;
- (ii) the quantity of propane storage that would be appropriate at each such location; and
- (iii) the suitability of existing infrastructure to facilitate transportation and delivery of propane from a strategic propane reserve during a drawdown;
- (D) an evaluation of the additional infrastructure needed for a strategic propane reserve to function properly;
- (E) consideration of the means by which a strategic propane reserve would prevent and manage degradation of the propane in storage:
- (F) an evaluation of appropriate triggers (including price and supply) for making available propane from a strategic reserve;
- (G) an evaluation of the appropriate manner of acquiring propane and propane storage for a strategic reserve, while minimizing market implications, including an assessment of—
- $\left( i\right)$  unutilized and under-utilized storage; and
- (ii) new storage opportunities;
- (H) an evaluation of the appropriate transactions (including direct sales, exchanges, or other options) for delivering propane in a strategic reserve to the market when a release is triggered;
- (I) an evaluation of likely consumers (including individuals, agricultural producers, and the Armed Forces) of propane from a strategic reserve, including—
- $\hspace{1.5cm} \hbox{(i)} \hspace{0.2cm} \hbox{identification} \hspace{0.2cm} \hbox{and} \hspace{0.2cm} \hbox{categorization} \hspace{0.2cm} \hbox{of} \\ \hbox{those consumers;} \\$
- (ii) a State-by-State breakdown of propane usage by those consumers; and
- (iii) an evaluation of the expected impacts of a strategic propane reserve on those categories of consumers and States;
- (J) an evaluation of the market implications of establishing and administering a strategic propane reserve, including an assessment of potential price and supply effects; and
- (K) identification, preliminary assessment, and evaluation of alternatives to a strategic propane reserve that could provide supply

and price relief during regional propane supply disruptions.

- (3) RECOMMENDATIONS.—In conducting the study under this subsection, the Secretary of Energy shall develop recommendations with respect to each element of the study described in paragraph (2) regarding—
- (A) whether a national strategic propane reserve should be established; and
- (B) if such a reserve should be established, the most practicable method of establishment.
- (b) PLAN.—Not later than 180 days after the date of completion of the study under subsection (a), the Secretary of Energy shall develop a plan for implementing the recommendations developed under paragraph (3) of that subsection.
- (c) INDUSTRY COORDINATION.—In conducting the study under subsection (a) and developing the plan under subsection (b), the Secretary of Energy is encouraged to coordinate with entities in the propane industry, including representatives from the entire propane supply chain.
- (d) SUBMISSION TO CONGRESS.—The Secretary of Energy shall submit to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives a report describing—
- (1) the study completed under subsection (a); and
- (2) the plan developed under subsection (b).
  (e) PROTECTION OF NATIONAL SECURITY INFORMATION.—Before submitting the report under subsection (d), or otherwise publishing the study completed under subsection (a) or the plan developed under subsection (b), the Secretary of Energy shall adopt such procedures with respect to confidentiality (including procedures for redaction of information) as the Secretary determines to be necessary to ensure the protection of classified information relating to specific vulnerabilities to United States energy security or reliability.

SA 3728. Mr. COONS (for himself, Mr. McCormick, and Mr. Bennet) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title XII, add the following: Subtitle F—Defending International Security by Restricting Unacceptable Partnerships and Tactics

### SEC. 1271. SHORT TITLE.

This subtitle may be cited as the "Defending International Security by Restricting Unacceptable Partnerships and Tactics Act" or "DISRUPT Act".

### SEC. 1272. FINDINGS.

Congress makes the following findings:

- (1) The People's Republic of China, the Russian Federation, the Islamic Republic of Iran, and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea are each considered—
- (A) a foreign adversary (as defined in section 825(d) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31; 137 Stat. 322; 46 U.S.C. 50309 note));
- (B) a country of risk (as defined in section 6432(a) of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159; 138 Stat. 2488; 42 U.S.C. 7144b note)) for purposes of assessing counterintelligence

risks posed by certain visitors to National Laboratories;

- (C) a foreign country of concern (as defined in section 10612(a) of the Research and Development, Competition, and Innovation Act (Public Law 117–167; 136 Stat. 1635; 42 U.S.C. 19221 note));
- (D) a covered foreign country (as defined in section 164 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159; 138 Stat. 1818; 10 U.S.C. 4651 note prec.)) for purposes of a prohibition on operation, procurement, and contracting relating to foreign-made light detection and ranging technology; and
- (E) a covered foreign country (as defined in section 1622 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law) 117–81; 135 Stat. 2086; 10 U.S.C. 421 note prec.) for purposes of a strategy and plan to implement certain defense intelligence reforms.
- (2) According to the 2025 Intelligence Community Annual Threat Assessment, the United States faces an increasingly contested and dangerous global landscape as the four adversaries named in paragraph (1) deepen cooperation in a manner that—
- (A) reinforces threats posed by each such adversary individually; and
- (B) poses new challenges to the strength and power of the United States globally.
- (3) Much of the cooperation referred to in paragraph (2) is occurring bilaterally, as the People's Republic of China, the Russian Federation, the Islamic Republic of Iran, and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea strengthen diplomatic, economic, and military ties in accordance with bilateral agreements, which include—
- (A) the Treaty on Friendship, Cooperation and Mutual Assistance between China and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, signed at Beijing July 11, 1961;
- (B) the Joint Statement on Comprehensive Strategic Partnership between the Islamic Republic of Iran and the People's Republic of China, issued on March 27, 2021.
- (C) the Joint Statement of the Russian Federation and the People's Republic of China on International Relations Entering a New Era and Global Sustainable Development, issued on February 4, 2022:
- (D) the Treaty on Comprehensive Strategic Partnership between the Russian Federation and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, signed at Pyongyang June 18, 2024;
- (E) the Iranian-Russian Treaty on Comprehensive Strategic Partnership, signed at Moscow January 17, 2025; and
- (F) traditional relations of friendship and cooperation between the Islamic Republic of Iran and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.
- (4) The most concerning forms of such cooperation with respect to the interests of the United States occur bilaterally in the realm of defense cooperation. Examples include the following:
- (A) Transfer and sharing of Weapons and Munitions.—Since 2022, the Islamic Republic of Iran has supplied the Russian Federation with drones and ballistic missiles, and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea has provided artillery ammunition and ballistic missiles. Likewise, the Russian Federation has agreed to provide the Islamic Republic of Iran with Su-35 fighter jets and air defense assistance.
- (B) Transfer and sharing of dual-use technologies and capabilities.—Dual-use goods supplied by the People's Republic of China have enabled the Russian Federation to continue defense production in the face of wide-ranging sanctions and export controls intended to prevent the Russian Federation from accessing the necessary components to fuel its defense industry. In turn, reporting

indicates that the Russian Federation has provided technical expertise on satellite technology to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and is working closely with the People's Republic of China on air defense and submarine technology.

- (C) JOINT MILITARY ACTIVITIES AND EXERCISES.—The military forces of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea are actively participating in the Russian Federation's invasion of Ukraine, and joint military exercises between the People's Republic of China and the Russian Federation are expanding in scope, scale, and geographic reach, including in close proximity to territory of the United States.
- (D) COORDINATION.—Coordination on disinformation and cyber operations, including coordinated messaging aimed at denigrating and isolating the United States internationally.
- (5) Adversaries of the United States are also cooperating in a manner that may circumvent United States and multilateral economic tools. Examples include the following:
- (A) The continued purchase by the People's Republic of China of oil from the Islamic Republic of Iran despite sanctions imposed by the Treasury of the United States on oil from the Islamic Republic of Iran.
- (B) The veto by the Russian Federation of, and abstention by the People's Republic of China in a vote on, a United Nations Security Council resolution relating to monitoring United Nations Security Council-levied sanctions on the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.
- (6) Adversaries of the United States are cooperating multilaterally in international institutions such as the United Nations and through expanded multilateral groupings, such as the Brazil-Russia-India-China-South Africa group (commonly known as "BRICS"), to isolate and erode the influence of the United States.
- (7) Such increased cooperation and alignment among the People's Republic of China, the Russian Federation, the Islamic Republic of Iran, and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, to an unprecedented extent, poses a significant threat to United States interests and national security.
  - (8) Such increasing alignment—
- (A) allows each such adversary to modernize its military more quickly than previously anticipated;
- (B) enables unforeseen breakthroughs in capabilities through the sharing among such adversaries of critical military technologies, which could erode the technological edge of the United States Armed Forces:
- (C) presents increasing challenges to strategies of isolation or containment against such individual adversaries, since the People's Republic of China, the Russian Federation, the Islamic Republic of Iran, and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea now provide critical lifelines to each other;
- (D) threatens the effectiveness of United States economic tools, as such adversaries cooperate to evade United States sanctions and export controls and seek to establish alternative payment mechanisms that do not require transactions in United States dollars; and
- (E) increases the chances of United States conflict or tensions with any one of such adversaries drawing in another, thereby posing a greater risk that the United States will have to contend with simultaneous threats from such adversaries in one or more theaters.

### SEC. 1273. STATEMENT OF POLICY.

It is the policy of the United States—

(1) to disrupt or frustrate the most dangerous aspects of cooperation between and among the People's Republic of China, the

Russian Federation, the Islamic Republic of Iran, and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, including by using the threat of sanctions and export controls, bringing such cooperation to light, and sharing information with United States allies and partners who may—

- (A) share the concerns and objectives of the United States; and
- (B) have influence over such adversaries;
- (2) to constrain such grouping from expanding its footprint or capabilities across the world; and
- (3) to prepare for the increasing likelihood that the United States could face simultaneous challenges or conflict with multiple such adversaries in multiple theaters, including by bolstering deterrence across all priority theaters.

#### SEC. 1274. TASK FORCES AND REPORTS.

- (a) Task Forces on Adversary Alignment.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Secretary of Commerce shall each—
- (A) establish a task force on adversary alignment; and
- (B) designate a point of contact on adversary alignment, who shall serve as the head of the task force for the applicable department, office, or agency.
- (2) REQUIREMENTS.—Each task force established pursuant to paragraph (1) shall—
- (A) comprise-
- (i) subject matter experts covering each of—  $\,$
- (I) the People's Republic of China;
- (II) the Russian Federation;
- (III) the Islamic Republic of Iran; and
- (IV) the Democratic People's Republic of Korea:
- (ii) representatives covering all core functions of the department, office, or agency of the Secretary or Director establishing the task force; and
- (iii) a mix of analysts, operators, and senior management;
- (B) ensure that the task force members have the requisite security clearances and access to critical compartmented information streams necessary to assess and understand the full scope of adversary cooperation, including how events in one theater might trigger actions in another; and
- (C) not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, submit to the Secretary or Director who established the task force, and to the appropriate committees of Congress, a report—
- (i) evaluating the impact of adversary alignment on the relevant operations carried out by the individual department, office, or agency of the task force; and
- (ii) putting forth recommendations for such organizational changes as the task force considers necessary to ensure the department, office, or agency of the task force is well positioned to routinely evaluate and respond to the rapidly evolving nature of adversary cooperation and the attendant risks.
- (3) QUARTERLY INTERAGENCY MEETING.—Not less frequently than quarterly, the heads of the task forces established under this section shall meet to discuss findings, problems, and next steps with respect to adversary alignment.
- (b) REPORT ON NATURE, TRAJECTORY, AND RISKS OF BILATERAL COOPERATION BETWEEN, AND MULTILATERAL COOPERATION AMONG, ADVERSARIES OF THE UNITED STATES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence, in coordination with the head of any Federal agency the Director considers appropriate,

- shall submit to the President, any Federal officer of Cabinet-level rank the Director considers appropriate, and the appropriate committees of Congress, a report on bilateral and multilateral cooperation among adversaries of the United States and the resulting risks of such cooperation.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The report required by paragraph (1) shall include the following:
- (A) A description of the current nature and extent of bilateral or multilateral cooperation among the People's Republic of China, the Russian Federation, the Islamic Republic of Iran, and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea across the diplomatic, information, military, and economic spheres, and an assessment of the advantages that accrue to each adversary from such cooperation.
- (B) An assessment of the trajectory for cooperation among the adversaries described in subparagraph (A) during the 5-year period beginning on the date on which the report is submitted.
- (C) An outline of the risks to the United States and allied diplomatic, military, intelligence, and economic operations, and broader security interests around the world, including the following:
- (i) The risk of technology transfers dramatically increasing the military capabilities of adversaries of the United States and the impact on the relative balance of United States and allied capabilities as compared to that of the adversary.
- (ii) The risk posed to the United States by efforts made by adversaries to establish alternate payment systems, in particular with respect to the dominance of the United States dollar and the effectiveness of United States sanctions and export control tools.
- (iii) The risk that an adversary of the United States might assist or otherwise enable another adversary of the United States in the event that one or more adversaries become party to a conflict with the United States.
- (iv) The risk that adversary cooperation poses a growing threat to United States intelligence collection efforts.
- (D) An evaluation of the vulnerabilities and tension points within such adversary bilateral or multilateral relationships, and an assessment of the likely effect of efforts by the United States to separate adversaries.
- (3) USE OF OTHER REPORTING.—The report required by paragraph (1) may be completed using reports submitted by the Director of National Intelligence to satisfy other statutory requirements.
- (4) FORM.—The report submitted required by paragraph (1) shall be submitted in classified form.
- (c) REPORT ON STRATEGIC APPROACH.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, the Secretary of Commerce, and the Director of National Intelligence, shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report outlining the strategic approach of the United States to adversary alignment and the necessary steps to disrupt, frustrate, constrain, and prepare for adversary cooperation during the two-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The report required by paragraph (1) shall include the following:
- (A) A detailed description of the methods and tools available to the United States to disrupt the most dangerous elements of adversary cooperation, including the growing connectivity between the defense industrial bases of each adversary.
- (B) A timeline for using diplomatic engagement, intelligence diplomacy, security co-

- operation, and foreign assistance, as appropriate—
- (i) to educate allies and partners about the increasing risk of adversary alignment;
- (ii) to secure the support of allies and partners in combating adversary alignment; and
- (iii) to assess and help address, as appropriate, the vulnerabilities and capability gaps of allies and partners to counter threats from adversary alignment.
- (C) A plan for ensuring the integrity of United States methods of economic statecraft, including an assessment of the efficiency of the United States sanctions and export control enforcement apparatus and any accompanying resourcing requirements.
- (D) A clear plan to bolster deterrence within the priority theaters of the Indo-Pacific region, Europe, and the Middle East by—
- (i) increasing United States and allied munitions stockpiles, particularly such stockpiles that are most critical for supporting frontline partners such as Israel, Taiwan, and Ukraine in the event of aggression by a United States adversary;
- (ii) facilitating collaborative efforts with allies for the co-production, co-maintenance, and co-sustainment of critical munitions and platforms required by the United States and allies and partners of the United States in the event of a future conflict with the People's Republic of China, the Russian Federation, the Islamic Republic of Iran, or the Democratic People's Republic of Korea; and
- (iii) more effectively using funding through the United States Foreign Military Financing program to support allied and partner domestic defense production that can contribute to deterrence in each such priority theater.
- (E) A plan for digitizing and updating warplanning tools of the Department of Defense not later than 1 year after the date on which the report is submitted to ensure that United States war planners are better equipped to update and modify war plans in the face of rapidly evolving information on adversary cooperation.
- (F) An assessment of the capability gaps and vulnerabilities the United States would face in deterring an adversary in the event that the United States is engaged in a conflict with another adversary, and a plan to work with allies and partners to address such gaps and vulnerabilities.
- (3) FORM.—The report required by paragraph (1) shall be submitted in classified form.
- (d) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DEFINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (1) the Committee on Armed Services, the Select Committee on Intelligence, the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Appropriations, the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate; and
- (2) the Committee on Armed Services, the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence, the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Appropriations, the Committee on Financial Services, and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives.
- SA 3729. Mr. WICKER (for himself and Mr. REED) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal

year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Strike section 874 and insert the following: SEC. 874. DUTY-FREE ENTRY OF SUPPLIES PRO-CURED BY DEPARTMENT OF DE-FENSE.

The Secretary of Defense shall—

- (1) track the impact of economic fluctuations, including tariffs, supply chain disruptions, and inflation, on all major prime contracts entered into by the Department of Defense; and
- (2) not later than January 30, 2026, submit to the congressional defense committees a report that includes—
- (A) an assessment of cost increases to both the Department and contractors as a result of tariffs imposed under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) and section 232 of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962 (19 U.S.C. 1862);
- (B) an assessment of the effects of such tariffs on supply chains and lead times for major defense platforms; and
- (C) a summary of agreements entered into under section 4851 of title 10, United States Code, and an assessment of the application of those agreements to the defense supply chain

SA 3730. Mrs. SHAHEEN (for herself, Ms. Collins, and Mr. King) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in subtitle F of title X, insert the following:

#### SEC. 10\_\_\_. TECHNICAL FIX FOR STATE RE-SPONSE TO CONTAMINANTS PRO-GRAM.

Section 1459A(j) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300j-19a(j)) is amended—
(1) in paragraph (1)—

- (A) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking "subsection (c)(2)" and inserting "clause (i) or (ii) of subparagraph (A) of paragraph (3) or a drinking water well owner described in subparagraph (B) of that paragraph";
- (B) by striking "contaminant—" and all that follows through "to—" in subparagraph (A) in the matter preceding clause (i) and inserting "contaminant that is determined by the State—";
  - (C) by striking subparagraph (B);
- (D) by redesignating clauses (i) and (ii) as subparagraphs (A) and (B), respectively, and indenting appropriately;
- (E) in subparagraph (A) (as so redesignated)—
- (i) by inserting "to" before "be present";
- (ii) by striking "serving," and inserting "serving a community"; and
- (iii) by striking "for, that community"; and
- (i) by inserting "to" before "potentially"; and
- (ii) by striking "; and" at the end and inserting a period; and
  - (2) by adding at the end the following:
- "(3) ELIGIBILITY FOR ASSISTANCE OR AS A BENEFICIARY OF ASSISTANCE.—For purposes of this subsection, the Administrator may issue a grant to a State—
- ``(A) that is requesting a grant on behalf of—
- "(i) a community that, under the affordability criteria established by the State

- under section 1452(d)(3), is determined by the State to be—
- "(I) a disadvantaged community; or
- "(II) a community that may become a disadvantaged community as a result of carrying out an activity described in paragraph (1); or
- "(ii) a community with a population of fewer than 10,000 individuals that the Administrator determines does not have the capacity to incur debt sufficient to finance an activity described in paragraph (1); or
- "(B) for the benefit of 1 or more owners of drinking water wells that are not public water systems and are not connected to a public water system.".
- SA 3731. Mr. THUNE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:
- At the appropriate place in subtitle F of title X, insert the following:
- SEC. 10\_\_\_. TRIBAL TRUST HOMEOWNERSHIP.
- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
  (1) APPLICABLE BUREAU OFFICE.—The term
  "applicable Bureau office" means—
- (A) a Regional office of the Bureau;
- (B) an Agency office of the Bureau; or
- (C) a Land Titles and Records Office of the Bureau.
- (2) BUREAU.—The term "Bureau" means the Bureau of Indian Affairs.
- (3) DIRECTOR.—The term "Director" means the Director of the Bureau.
- (4) FIRST CERTIFIED TITLE STATUS REPORT.— The term "first certified title status report" means the title status report needed to verify title status on Indian land.
- (5) INDIAN LAND.—The term "Indian land" has the meaning given the term in section 162.003 of title 25, Code of Federal Regulations (as in effect on the date of enactment of this Act).
- (6) LAND MORTGAGE.—The term "land mortgage" means a mortgage obtained by an individual Indian who owns a tract of trust land for the purpose of—
  - (A) home acquisition;
  - (B) home construction:
  - (C) home improvements; or
  - (D) economic development.
- (7) LEASEHOLD MORTGAGE.—The term "leasehold mortgage" means a mortgage, deed of trust, or other instrument that pledges the leasehold interest of a lessee as security for a debt or other obligation owed by the lessee to a lender or other mortgagee.
- (8) MORTGAGE PACKAGE.—The term "mortgage package" means a proposed residential leasehold mortgage, business leasehold mortgage, land mortgage, or right-of-way document submitted to an applicable Bureau office under subsection (b)(1)(A).
- (9) RELEVANT FEDERAL AGENCY.—The term "relevant Federal agency" means any of the following Federal agencies that guarantee or make direct mortgage loans on Indian land:
- (A) The Department of Agriculture.
- (B) The Department of Housing and Urban Development.
- (C) The Department of Veterans Affairs.
- (10) RIGHT-OF-WAY DOCUMENT.—The term "right-of-way document" has the meaning given the term in section 169.2 of title 25, Code of Federal Regulations (as in effect on the date of enactment of this Act).
- (11) Subsequent certified title status report.—The term "subsequent certified

title status report" means the title status report needed to identify any liens against a residential, business, or land lease on Indian land

- (b) Mortgage Review and Processing.—
- (1) REVIEW AND PROCESSING DEADLINES.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—As soon as practicable after receiving a proposed residential leasehold mortgage, business leasehold mortgage, land mortgage, or right-of-way document, the applicable Bureau office shall notify the lender that the proposed residential leasehold mortgage, business leasehold mortgage, or right-of-way document has been received.
  - (B) PRELIMINARY REVIEW.-
- (i) In GENERAL.—Not later than 10 calendar days after receipt of a proposed residential leasehold mortgage, business leasehold mortgage, land mortgage, or right-of-way document, the applicable Bureau office shall conduct and complete a preliminary review of the residential leasehold mortgage, business leasehold mortgage, land mortgage, or right-of-way document to verify that all required documents are included.
- (ii) INCOMPLETE DOCUMENTS.—As soon as practicable, but not more than 2 calendar days, after finding that any required documents are missing under clause (i), the applicable Bureau office shall notify the lender of the missing documents.
  - (C) APPROVAL OR DISAPPROVAL.—
- (i) LEASEHOLD MORTGAGES.—Not later than 20 calendar days after receipt of a complete executed residential leasehold mortgage or business leasehold mortgage, proof of required consents, and other required documentation, the applicable Bureau office shall approve or disapprove the residential leasehold mortgage or business leasehold mortgage
- (ii) RIGHT-OF-WAY DOCUMENTS.—Not later than 30 calendar days after receipt of a complete executed right-of-way document, proof of required consents, and other required documentation, the applicable Bureau office shall approve or disapprove the right-of-way document.
- (iii) LAND MORTGAGES.—Not later than 30 calendar days after receipt of a complete executed land mortgage, proof of required consents, and other required documentation, the applicable Bureau office shall approve or disapprove the land mortgage.
- (iv) REQUIREMENTS.—The determination of whether to approve or disapprove a residential leasehold mortgage or business leasehold mortgage under clause (i), a right-of-way document under clause (ii), or a land mortgage under clause (iii)—
  - (I) shall be in writing; and
- (II) in the case of a determination to disapprove a residential leasehold mortgage, business leasehold mortgage, right-of-way document, or land mortgage shall, state the basis for the determination.
- (v) APPLICATION.—This subparagraph shall not apply to a residential leasehold mortgage or business leasehold mortgage with respect to Indian land in cases in which the applicant for the residential leasehold mortgage or business leasehold mortgage is an Indian tribe (as defined in subsection (d) of the first section of the Act of 1955 (69 Stat. 539, chapter 615; 126 Stat. 1150; 25 U.S.C. 415(d))) that has been approved for leasing under subsection (h) of that section (69 Stat. 539, chapter 615; 126 Stat. 1151; 25 U.S.C. 415(h)).
  - (D) CERTIFIED TITLE STATUS REPORTS.—
  - (i) COMPLETION OF REPORTS.-
- (I) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 10 calendar days after the applicable Bureau office approves a residential leasehold mortgage, business leasehold mortgage, land mortgage, or right-of-way document under subparagraph (C), the applicable Bureau office shall complete the processing of, as applicable—

(aa) a first certified title status report, if a first certified title status report was not completed prior to the approval of the residential leasehold mortgage, business leasehold mortgage, land mortgage, or right-ofway document; and

- (bb) a subsequent certified title status report.
- (II) REQUESTS FOR FIRST CERTIFIED TITLE STATUS REPORTS.—Notwithstanding subclause (I), not later than 14 calendar days after the applicable Bureau office receives a request for a first certified title status report from an applicant for a residential leasehold mortgage, business leasehold mortgage, land mortgage, or right-of-way document under subparagraph (A), the applicable Bureau office shall complete the processing of the first certified title status report.
  - (ii) Notice.-
- (I) IN GENERAL.—As soon as practicable after completion of the processing of, as applicable, a first certified title status report or a subsequent certified title status report under clause (i), but by not later than the applicable deadline described in that clause, the applicable Bureau office shall give notice of the completion to the lender.
- (II) FORM OF NOTICE.—The applicable Bureau office shall give notice under subclause (I)—
- (aa) electronically through secure, encryption software; and
  - (bb) through the United States mail.
- (III) OPTION TO OPT OUT.—The lender may opt out of receiving notice electronically under subclause (II)(aa).
  - (2) Notices.-
- (A) IN GENERAL.—If the applicable Bureau office does not complete the review and processing of mortgage packages under paragraph (1) (including any corresponding first certified title status report or subsequent certified title status report under subparagraph (D) of that paragraph) by the applicable deadline described in that paragraph, immediately after missing the deadline, the applicable Bureau office shall provide notice of the delay in review and processing to—
- (i) the party that submitted the mortgage package or requested the first certified title status report; and
- (ii) the lender for which the mortgage package (including any corresponding first certified title status report or subsequent certified title status report) is being requested.
- (B) REQUESTS FOR UPDATES.—In addition to providing the notices required under subparagraph (A), not later than 2 calendar days after receiving a relevant inquiry with respect to a submitted mortgage package from the party that submitted the mortgage package or the lender for which the mortgage package (including any corresponding first certified title status report or subsequent certified title status report) is being requested or an inquiry with respect to a requested first certified title status report from the party that requested the first certified title status report the applicable Bureau office shall respond to the inquiry.
- (3) DELIVERY OF FIRST AND SUBSEQUENT CERTIFIED TITLE STATUS REPORTS.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any first certified title status report and any subsequent certified title status report, as applicable, shall be delivered directly to—
  - (A) the lender;
- (B) any local or regional agency office of the Bureau that requests the first certified title status report or subsequent certified title status report;
- (C) in the case of a proposed residential leasehold mortgage or land mortgage, the relevant Federal agency that insures or guarantees the loan; and

- (D) if requested, any individual or entity described in section 150.303 of title 25, Code of Federal Regulations (as in effect on the date of enactment of this Act).
- (4) ACCESS TO TRUST ASSET AND ACCOUNTING MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (TAAMS).—Beginning on the date of enactment of this Act, the relevant Federal agencies and Indian Tribes shall have read-only access to portals containing the relevant land documents from the Trust Asset and Accounting Management System (commonly known as "TAAMS") maintained by the Bureau.
- (5) Annual report.
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than March 1 of each calendar year, the Director shall submit to the Committee on Indian Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Representatives a report describing—
- (i) for the most recent calendar year, the number of requests received to complete residential leasehold mortgage packages, business leasehold mortgage packages, land mortgage packages, and right-of-way document packages (including any requests for corresponding first certified title status reports and subsequent certified title status reports), including a detailed description of—
- (I) requests that were and were not successfully completed by the applicable deadline described in paragraph (1) by each applicable Bureau office; and
- (II) the reasons for each applicable Bureau office not meeting any applicable deadlines; and
- (ii) the length of time needed by each applicable Bureau office during the most recent calendar year to provide the notices required under paragraph (2)(A).
- (B) REQUIREMENT.—In submitting the report required under subparagraph (A), the Director shall maintain the confidentiality of personally identifiable information of the parties involved in requesting the completion of residential leasehold mortgage packages, business leasehold mortgage packages, land mortgage packages, and right-of-way document packages (including any corresponding first certified title status reports and subsequent certified title status reports).
- (6) GAO STUDY.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the Committee on Indian Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Representatives a report that includes—
- (A) an evaluation of the need for residential leasehold mortgage packages, business leasehold mortgage packages, land mortgage packages, and right-of-way document packages of each Indian Tribe to be digitized for the purpose of streamlining and expediting the completion of mortgage packages for residential mortgages on Indian land (including the corresponding first certified title status reports and subsequent certified title status reports); and
- (B) an estimate of the time and total cost necessary for Indian Tribes to digitize the records described in subparagraph (A), in conjunction with assistance in that digitization from the Bureau.
- (c) ESTABLISHMENT OF REALTY OMBUDSMAN POSITION.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall establish within the Division of Real Estate Services of the Bureau the position of Realty Ombudsman, who shall report directly to the Secretary of the Interior.
- (2) FUNCTIONS.—The Realty Ombudsman shall—
- (A) ensure that the applicable Bureau offices are meeting the mortgage review and processing deadlines established by subsection (b)(1);

- (B) ensure that the applicable Bureau offices comply with the notices required under paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (b);
- (C) serve as a liaison to other Federal agencies, including by—
- (i) ensuring the Bureau is responsive to all of the inquiries from the relevant Federal agencies; and
- (ii) helping to facilitate communications between the relevant Federal agencies and the Bureau on matters relating to mortgages on Indian land;
- (D) receive inquiries, questions, and complaints directly from Indian Tribes, members of Indian Tribes, and lenders in regard to executed residential leasehold mortgages, business leasehold mortgages, land mortgages, or right-of-way documents; and
- (E) serve as the intermediary between the Indian Tribes, members of Indian Tribes, and lenders and the Bureau in responding to inquiries and questions and resolving complaints.
- SA 3732. Mr. DAINES (for himself, Mr. WARNER, Mr. ROUNDS, Ms. SMITH, and Mr. CRAPO) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:
- At the appropriate place, insert the following:

### SEC. \_\_\_\_\_. REQUIREMENT TO TESTIFY.

Section 104(b) of the Community Development Banking and Financial Institutions Act of 1994 (12 U.S.C. 4703(b)) is amended by adding to the end the following:

"(5) ANNUAL TESTIMONY.—The Secretary of the Treasury (or a designee of the Secretary) shall, at the discretion of the chairman of the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate and chairman of the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives, annually testify before such committees (or a subcommittee of such committees) regarding the operations of the Fund during the previous fiscal year.".

### SEC. \_\_\_\_\_. CDFI BOND GUARANTEE PRO-GRAM IMPROVEMENT.

- (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the "CDFI Bond Guarantee Program Improvement Act of 2025".
- (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that the authority to guarantee bonds under section 114A of the Community Development Banking and Financial Institutions Act of 1994 (12 U.S.C. 4713a) (commonly referred to as the "CDFI Bond Guarantee Program") provides community development financial institutions with a sustainable source of long-term capital and furthers the mission of the Community Development Financial Institutions Fund (established under section 104(a) of such Act (12 U.S.C. 4703(a)) to increase economic opportunity and promote community development investments for underserved populations and distressed communities in the United States.
- (c) GUARANTEES FOR BONDS AND NOTES ISSUED FOR COMMUNITY OR ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PURPOSES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 114A of the Community Development Banking and Financial Institutions Act of 1994 (12 U.S.C. 4713a) is amended—
- (A) in subsection (c)(2), by striking ", multiplied by an amount equal to the outstanding principal balance of issued notes or bonds";

- (B) by amending subsection (e)(2) to read as follows:
- "(2) LIMITATION ON GUARANTEE AMOUNT.— The Secretary may not guarantee any amount under the program equal to less than \$25,000,000, but the total of all such guarantees in any fiscal year may not exceed \$1,000,000,000."; and
- (C) in subsection (k), by striking "September 30, 2014" and inserting "the date that is 4 years after the later of the date of enactment of the CDFI Bond Guarantee Program Improvement Act of 2025 or December 31, 2029."
- (2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents in section 1(b) of the Riegle Community Development and Regulatory Improvement Act of 1994 (Public Law 103–325; 108 Stat. 2160) is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 114 the following:
- "Sec. 114A. Guarantees for bonds and notes issued for community or economic development purposes.".
- (d) REPORT ON THE CDFI BOND GUARANTEE PROGRAM.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, and not later than 3 years after such date of enactment, the Secretary of the Treasury shall issue a report to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives on the effectiveness of the CDFI bond guarantee program established under section 114A of the Community Development Banking and Financial Institutions Act of 1994 (12 U.S.C. 4713a).

### SEC. \_\_\_\_\_. CAPITALIZATION ASSISTANCE TO ENHANCE LIQUIDITY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 113 of the Community Development Banking and Financial Institutions Act of 1994 (12 U.S.C. 4712) is amended—
- (1) by striking subsection (a) and inserting the following:
  - "(a) ASSISTANCE.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Fund may provide funds to organizations for the purpose of—
- "(A) purchasing loans that are originated by community development financial institutions, loan participations, or interests therein from community development financial institutions:
- "(B) providing guarantees, loan loss reserves, or other forms of credit enhancement to promote liquidity for community development financial institutions; and
- "(C) otherwise enhancing the liquidity of community development financial institutions.
- "(2) CONSTRUCTION OF FEDERAL GOVERN-MENT FUNDS.—For purposes of this subsection, notwithstanding section 105(a)(9) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5305(a)(9)), funds provided pursuant to such Act shall be considered to be Federal Government funds.";
- (2) by striking subsection (b) and inserting the following:
  - "(b) Selection.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The selection of organizations to receive assistance and the amount of assistance to be provided to any organization under this section shall be at the discretion of the Fund and in accordance with criteria established by the Fund.
- "(2) ELIGIBILITY.—Organizations eligible to receive assistance under this section—
- "(A) shall have a primary purpose of promoting community development; and
- "(B) are not required to be community development financial institutions.
- "(3) PRIORITIZATION.—For the purpose of making an award of funds under this section, the Fund shall prioritize the selection of organizations that—
- "(A) demonstrate relevant experience or an ability to carry out the activities under this

- section, including experience leading or participating in loan purchase structures or purchasing or participating in the purchase of, assigning, or otherwise transferring, assets from community development financial institutions:
- "(B) demonstrate the capacity to increase the number or dollar volume of loan originations or expand the products or services of community development financial institutions, including by leveraging the award with private capital; and
- "(C) will use the funds to support community development financial institutions that represent broad geographic coverage or that serve borrowers that have experienced significant unmet capital or financial services needs.";
- (3) in subsection (c), in the first sentence—(A) by striking "\$5,000,000" and inserting "\$20.000,000"; and
- (B) by striking "during any 3-year period"; and
  - (4) by adding at the end the following:
- "(g) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary may promulgate such regulations as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the authorities or purposes of this section."
- (b) EMERGENCY CAPITAL INVESTMENT FUNDS.—Section 104A of the Community Development Banking and Financial Institutions Act of 1994 (12 U.S.C. 4703a) is amended by striking subsection (1) and inserting the following:
- "(1) DEPOSIT OF FUNDS.—All funds received by the Secretary in connection with purchases made pursuant this section, including interest payments, dividend payments, and proceeds from the sale of any financial instrument, shall be deposited into the Fund and used—
- "(1) to provide financial assistance to organizations pursuant to section 113; and
- "(2) to provide financial and technical assistance pursuant to section 108, except that subsection (e) of that section shall be waived.".
- (c) ANNUAL REPORTS.—
- (1) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection, the terms "community development financial institution" and "Fund" have the meanings given the terms in section 103 of the Community Development Banking and Financial Institutions Act of 1994 (12 U.S.C. 4702).
- (2) REQUIREMENTS.—Not later than 1 year after the date on which assistance is first provided under section 113 of the Community Development Banking and Financial Institutions Act of 1994 (12 U.S.C. 4712) pursuant to the amendments made by subsection (a) of this section, and annually thereafter through 2028, the Secretary of the Treasury shall submit to Congress a written report describing the use of the Fund for the 1-year period preceding the submission of the report for the purposes described in subsection (a)(1) of such section 113, as amended by subsection (a) of this section, which shall include, with respect to the period covered by the report-
  - (A) the total amount of—
- (i) loans, loan participations, and interests therein purchased from community development financial institutions;
- (ii) loans that support affordable housing construction; and
- (iii) guarantees, loan loss reserves, and other forms of credit enhancement provided to community development financial institutions.
- (B) the effect of the purchases and guarantees made by the Fund on the overall competitiveness of community development financial institutions: and
- (C) the impact of the purchases and guarantees made by the Fund on the liquidity of community development financial institutions.

# SEC. \_\_\_\_\_\_. NATIVE CDFI RELENDING PRO-

Section 502 of the Housing Act of 1949 (42 U.S.C. 1472) is amended by adding at the end the following:

- "(j) SET ASIDE FOR NATIVE COMMUNITY DE-VELOPMENT FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.—
  - "(1) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection—
- "(A) the term 'Alaska Native' has the meaning given the term 'Native' in section 3(b) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1602(b));
- "(B) the term 'appropriate congressional committees' means—
- "(i) the Committee on Agriculture of the Senate;
- "(ii) the Committee on Indian Affairs of the Senate;
- "(iii) the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate;
- "(iv) the Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives;
- ``(v) the Committee on Natural Resources of the House of Representatives; and
- "(vi) the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives;
- "(C) the term 'community development financial institution' has the meaning given the term in section 103 of the Community Development Banking and Financial Institutions Act of 1994 (12 U.S.C. 4702);
- "(D) the term 'Indian Tribe' has the meaning given the term 'Indian tribe' in section 4 of the Native American Housing Assistance and Self-Determination Act of 1996 (25 U.S.C. 4103):
- "(E) the term 'Native community development financial institution' means an enti-
- "(i) that has been certified as a community development financial institution by the Secretary of the Treasury;
- "(ii) that is not less than 51 percent owned or controlled by members of Indian Tribes, Alaska Native communities, or Native Hawaiian communities; and
- "(iii) for which not less than 51 percent of the activities of the entity serve Indian Tribes, Alaska Native communities, or Native Hawaiian communities;
- "(F) the term 'Native Hawaiian' has the meaning given the term in section 801 of the Native American Housing Assistance and Self-Determination Act of 1996 (25 U.S.C. 4221); and
- ``(G) the term 'priority Tribal land' means—
- "(i) any land located within the boundaries of—
- "(I) an Indian reservation, pueblo, or rancheria; or
- ``(II) a former reservation within Oklahoma;
- "(ii) any land not located within the boundaries of an Indian reservation, pueblo, or rancheria, the title to which is held—
- "(I) in trust by the United States for the benefit of an Indian Tribe or an individual Indian;
- "(II) by an Indian Tribe or an individual Indian, subject to restriction against alienation under laws of the United States; or
  - "(III) by a dependent Indian community;
- "(iii) any land located within a region established pursuant to section 7(a) of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1606(a));
- "(iv) Hawaiian Home Lands, as defined in section 801 of the Native American Housing Assistance and Self-Determination Act of 1996 (25 U.S.C. 4221): or
- "(v) those areas or communities designated by the Assistant Secretary of Indian Affairs of the Department of the Interior that are near, adjacent, or contiguous to reservations where financial assistance and social service programs are provided to Indians because of their status as Indians.

- ``(2) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this subsection is to—
- "(A) increase homeownership opportunities for Indian Tribes, Alaska Native Communities, and Native Hawaiian communities in rural areas; and
- "(B) provide capital to Native community development financial institutions to increase the number of mortgage transactions carried out by those institutions.
- "(3) SET ASIDE FOR NATIVE CDFIS.—Of amounts appropriated to make direct loans under this section for each fiscal year, the Secretary may use not more than \$50,000,000 to make direct loans to Native community development financial institutions in accordance with this subsection.
- "(4) APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS.—A Native community development financial institution desiring a loan under this subsection shall demonstrate that the institution—
- "(A) can provide the non-Federal cost share required under paragraph (6); and
- "(B) is able to originate and service loans for single family homes.
- "(5) LENDING REQUIREMENTS.—A Native community development financial institution that receives a loan pursuant to this subsection shall—
- "(A) use those amounts to make loans to borrowers—
- "(i) who otherwise meet the requirements for a loan under this section; and
- "(ii) who-
- "(I) are members of an Indian Tribe, an Alaska Native community, or a Native Hawaiian community; or
- "(II) maintain a household in which not less than 1 member is a member of an Indian Tribe, an Alaska Native community, or a Native Hawaiian community: and
- "(B) in making loans under subparagraph (A), give priority to borrowers described in that subparagraph who are residing on priority Tribal land
  - "(6) NON-FEDERAL COST SHARE.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—A Native community development financial institution that receives a loan under this section shall be required to match not less than 20 percent of the amount received.
- "(B) WAIVER.—In the case of a loan for which amounts are used to make loans to borrowers described in paragraph (5)(B), the Secretary shall waive the non-Federal cost share requirement described in subparagraph (A) with respect to those loan amounts.
- "(7) REPORTING.—
- "(A) Annual report by native cdfis.—Each Native community development financial institution that receives a loan pursuant to this subsection shall submit an annual report to the Secretary on the lending activities of the institution using the loan amounts, which shall include—
- "(i) a description of the outreach efforts of the institution in local communities to identify eligible borrowers;
- "(ii) a description of how the institution leveraged additional capital to reach prospective borrowers;
- "(iii) the number of loan applications received, approved, and deployed;
- "(iv) the average loan amount;
- $\lq\lq(v)$  the number of finalized loans that were made on Tribal trust lands and not on Tribal trust lands; and
- "(vi) the number of finalized loans that were made on priority Tribal land and not priority Tribal land.
- "(B) ANNUAL REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this subsection, and every year thereafter, the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate congressional communities a report that includes—
- "(i) a list of loans made to Native community development financial institutions pur-

- suant to this subsection, including the name of the institution and the loan amount;
- "(ii) the percentage of loans made under this section to members of Indian Tribes, Alaska Native communities, and Native Hawaiian communities, respectively, including a breakdown of loans made to households residing on and not on Tribal trust lands; and
- "(iii) the average loan amount made by Native community development financial institutions pursuant to this subsection.
- "(C) EVALUATION OF PROGRAM.—Not later than 3 years after the date of enactment of this subsection, the Secretary and the Secretary of the Treasury shall conduct an evaluation of and submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on the program under this subsection, which shall—
- "(i) evaluate the effectiveness of the program, including an evaluation of the demand for loans under the program; and
- "(ii) include recommendations relating to the program, including whether—
- "(I) the program should be expanded to such that all community development financial institutions may make loans under the program to the borrowers described in paragraph (5); and
- "(II) the set aside amount paragraph (3) should be modified in order to match demand under the program.
- "(8) GRANTS FOR OPERATIONAL SUPPORT.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall make grants to Native community development financial institutions that receive a loan under this section to provide operational support and other related services to those institutions, subject to—
- "(i) the satisfactory performance, as determined by the Secretary, of a Native community development financial institution in carrying out this section; and
  - "(ii) the availability of funding.
- "(B) AMOUNT.—A Native community development financial institution that receives a loan under this section shall be eligible to receive a grant described in subparagraph (A) in an amount equal to 20 percent of the direct loan amount received by the Native community development financial institution under the program under this section as of the date on which the direct loan is awarded
- ''(9) OUTREACH AND TECHNICAL ASSIST-ANCE.—There is authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary \$1,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2025, 2026, and 2027—
- "(A) to provide technical assistance to Native community development financial institutions—
- "(i) relating to homeownership and other housing-related assistance provided by the Secretary; and
- "(ii) to assist those institutions to perform outreach to eligible homebuyers relating to the loan program under this section; or
- "(B) to provide funding to a national organization representing Native American housing interests to perform outreach and provide technical assistance as described in clauses (i) and (ii), respectively, of subparagraph (A).
- "(10) ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS.—In addition to other available funds, the Secretary may use not more than 3 percent of the amounts made available to carry out this subsection for administration of the programs established under this subsection."
- SA 3733. Mr. MORAN (for himself and Ms. ROSEN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy,

to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle E of title III, add the following:

SEC. 350. EXPANSION OF AUTHORITY OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE FOR INTERGOVERNMENTAL SUPPORT AGREEMENTS.

Section 2679 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a)—
- (A) in paragraph (4), by striking "provided in subsection (a)" and inserting "under paragraph (1)"; and
- (B) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(5) In entering into or carrying out an intergovernmental support agreement under paragraph (1), the Secretary concerned or the State, local, or tribal government, as the case may be, may agree to partner or collaborate with another Federal agency or agencies to provide, receive, or share installation-support services.";
- (2) in subsection (c), by striking the first sentence and inserting the following: "To pay the costs of installation-support services under an intergovernmental support agreement under this section, the Secretary concerned may use funds available to the Secretary concerned for operation and maintenance, research, development, test, and evaluation, procurement of ammunition, or military construction and may use non-appropriated funds available to the Secretary concerned.":
- (3) in subsection (e)(4), by striking "September 30, 2025" and inserting "September 30, 2030"; and
- (4) in subsection (f)(1), by inserting ", including those for repair, construction, maintenance, or operation of a facility," after "for its own needs".

SA 3734. Mr. GRAHAM submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle H of title V, add the following:

#### SEC. 586. AUTHORIZATION FOR AWARD OF THE MEDAL OF HONOR TO JAMES "JIM" CAPERS, JR. FOR ACTS OF VALOR DURING THE PERIOD OF MARCH 31 THROUGH APRIL 3, 1967.

- (a) AUTHORIZATION.—Notwithstanding the time limitations specified in sections 8298(a) and 8300 of title 10, United States Code, or any other time limitation with respect to the awarding of certain medals to persons who served in the Armed Forces, the President may award the Medal of Honor under section 8291 of such title to James Capers, Jr. for the acts of valor described in subsection (b).

  (b) ACTS OF VALOR DESCRIBED.—The acts of
- valor described in this subsection are the actions of James Capers, Jr. as a Second Lieutenant of the United States Marine Corps during the period of March 31 through April 3, 1967, during the Vietnam War, for which he was previously awarded the Silver Star.

**SA 3735.** Mrs. SHAHEEN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for

military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title XII, add the following:

### Subtitle F—Democracy in Georgia

#### SEC. 1271. SHORT TITLES.

This subtitle may be cited as the "Mobilizing and Enhancing Georgia's Options for Building Accountability, Resilience, and Independence Act" or the "MEGOBARI Act".

#### SEC. 1272. DEFINITIONS.

In this subtitle:

- (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate:
- (B) the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate;
- (C) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives; and (D) the Committee on Financial Services
- of the House of Representatives.
  (2) GEORGIA.—The term "Georgia" means
- (2) GEORGIA.—The term Georgia means the country of Georgia.
  (3) NATO.—The term "NATO" means the
- North Atlantic Treaty Organization.

  (4) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary"
- (4) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary means the Secretary of State.

### SEC. 1273. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

It is the sense of Congress that-

- (1) the consolidation of democracy in Georgia is critical for regional stability and United States national interests;
- (2) Georgia has seen significant democratic backsliding in recent years, as evidenced by numerous independent assessments and measures:
- (3) the current Georgian government is increasingly hostile towards independent domestic civil society, members of the opposition and its chief Euro-Atlantic partners while increasingly embracing enhanced ties with the Russian Federation, the People's Republic of China, and other anti-Western authoritarian regimes:
- (4) the United States has an interest in protecting and securing democracy in Georgia; and
- (5) the United States's decision to suspend the- United States-Georgia Strategic Partnership Commission on November 30, 2024, should remain in effect until the Government of Georgia takes measures—
- (A) to end political repressions against civil society, media organizations, and members of the opposition and fully restore the constitutional rights of the Georgian people; and
- (B) to uphold its constitutional obligation to advance Euro-Atlantic integration.

### SEC. 1274. STATEMENT OF POLICY.

It is the policy of the United States—

- (1) to support the constitutionally stated aspirations of Georgia to become a member of the European Union and NATO, which is made clear under Article 78 of the Constitution of Georgia and is supported by the overwhelming majority of the citizens of Georgia.
- (2) to continue supporting the capacity of the Government of Georgia to protect its sovereignty and territorial integrity from further Russian aggression or encroachment within its internationally recognized borders;
- (3) to emphasize the importance of contributing to international efforts—
- (A) to combat Russian aggression, including through restrictions on trade with Rus-

sia and the implementation and enforcement of worldwide sanctions on Russia; and

- (B) to reduce, rather than increase, trade ties between Georgia and Russia;
- (4) to continue supporting the ongoing development of democratic values in Georgia, including free and fair elections, freedom of association, an independent and accountable judiciary, an independent media, public-sector transparency and accountability, the rule of law, countering malign influence, and anti-corruption efforts and to impose swift consequences on individuals who are directly responsible for leading or have directly and knowingly engaged in leading actions of policies that significantly undermine those standards:
- (5) to continue to support the Georgian people and civil society organizations that reflect the aspirations of the Georgian people for democracy and a future with the people of Europe;
- (6) to continue supporting the right of the Georgian people to freely engage in peaceful protest, determine their future, and make independent and sovereign choices on foreign and security policy, including regarding Georgia's relationship with other countries and international organizations, without interference, intimidation, or coercion by other countries or those acting on their behalf:
- (7) to call on all political parties, elected Members of the Parliament of Georgia, and officers of the Ministry of Internal Affairs of Georgia to respect the freedoms of peaceful assembly, association, and expression, including for the press, and the rule of law, and encourage a vibrant and inclusive civil society;
- (8) to call on the Government of Georgia to release all persons detained or imprisoned on politically motivated grounds and drop any pending charges against them:
- (9) to call on the Government of Georgia to thoroughly investigate all allegations emerging from the recent national elections, which took place on October 2024, make a determination whether the elections should be judged as illegitimate, and hold those responsible for interference in the elections; and
- (10) to continue impressing upon the Government of Georgia that the United States is committed to sustaining and deepening bilateral relations and supporting Georgia's Euro-Atlantic aspirations.

### SEC. 1275. REPORTS AND BRIEFINGS.

- (a) REPORT ON RUSSIAN AND CHINESE INTELLIGENCE ASSETS IN GEORGIA.—
- (1) Defined term.—In this section, the term "relevant congressional committees" means—
- (A) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate;
- (B) the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate;
- (C) the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate;(D) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of
- the House of Representatives;
  (E) the Permanent Select Committee on
- (E) the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives; and
- (F) the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives.
- (2) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Director of National Intelligence and the Secretary of Defense, shall submit a classified report, as appropriate, to the relevant congressional committees that meets the requirements set forth in paragraph (3).
- (3) CONTENTS.—The report required under paragraph (2) shall—
- (A) be prepared consistent with the protection of sources and methods;

- (B) examine the penetration of Russian and Chinese intelligence elements and their assets in Georgia; and
- (C) examine the potential intersection of Russian and Chinese influence and cooperation in Georgia.
- (b) 5-YEAR UNITED STATES STRATEGY FOR BILATERAL RELATIONS WITH GEORGIA.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State shall submit to the relevant congressional committees a detailed strategy that—
- (A) outlines specific objectives for enhancing bilateral ties which reflect the current domestic political environment in Georgia;
- (B) includes a determination of the tools, resources, and funding that should be available to achieve the objectives outlined pursuant to subparagraph (A) and an assessment of whether Georgia should remain a top recipient of United States funding in the Europe and Eurasia region;
- (C) includes a determination of the extent to which the United States should continue to invest in its partnership with Georgia;
- (D) includes a plan for how the United States can continue to support civil society and independent media organizations in Georgia: and
- (E) includes a determination of whether the Government of Georgia remains committed to expanding trade ties with the United States and Europe and whether the United States Government should continue to invest in Georgian projects.
- (2) FORM.—The report required under paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form, with a classified annex.

#### SEC. 1276. SANCTIONS.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) ADMISSION; ADMITTED; ALIEN.—The terms "admission", "admitted", and "alien" have the meanings given such terms in section 101 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101).
- (2) FOREIGN PERSON.—The term "foreign person" means any individual or entity that is not a United States person.
- (3) IMMEDIATE FAMILY MEMBERS.—The term "immediate family members" has the meaning given the term "immediate relatives" in section 201(b)(2)(A)(i) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1201(b)(2)(A)(i)).
- (4) KNOWINGLY.—The term "knowingly", with respect to conduct, a circumstance, or a result, means that a person has actual knowledge, or should have known, of the conduct, the circumstance, or the result.
- (5) UNITES STATES PERSON.—The term "United States person" means—
- (A) a United States citizen or an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence to the United States;
- (B) an entity organized under the laws of the United States or any jurisdiction within the United States, including a foreign branch of such an entity; or
- (C) any person within the United States.
- (b) INADMISSIBILITY OF OFFICIALS OF GOVERNMENT OF GEORGIA AND CERTAIN OTHER INDIVIDUALS INVOLVED IN BLOCKING EURO-ATLANTIC INTEGRATION.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall determine whether each of the following foreign persons has knowingly engaged in significant acts of corruption, or acts of violence or intimidation in relation to the blocking of Euro-Atlantic integration in Georgia:
- (A) Any individual who, on or after January 1, 2014, has served as a member of the Parliament of the Government of Georgia or as a current or former senior official of a Georgian political party.

- (B) Any individual who is serving as an official in a leadership position working on behalf of the Government of Georgia, including law enforcement, intelligence, judicial, or local or municipal government.
- (C) Any immediate family member of an official described in subparagraph (A) or a person described in subparagraph (B) who benefitted from the conduct of such official or person.
- (2) SANCTIONS.—The President shall impose the sanctions described in subsection (d)(2) with respect to each foreign person with respect to which the President has made an affirmative determination under paragraph (1).
- (3) BRIEFING.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall brief the appropriate congressional committees with respect to—
- (A) any foreign person with respect to which the President has made an affirmative determination under paragraph (1); and
- (B) the specific facts that justify each such affirmative determination.
- (4) WAIVER.—The President may waive imposition of sanctions under this subsection, on a case-by-case basis, if the President determines and reports to the appropriate congressional committees that—
- (A) such waiver would serve national security interests; or
- (B) the circumstances which caused the individual to be ineligible have sufficiently changed.
- (c) IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO UNDERMINING THE PEACE, SECURITY, STABILITY, SOVEREIGNTY, OR TERRITORIAL INTEGRITY OF GEORGIA.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The President may impose the sanctions described in subsection (d) with respect to each foreign person the President determines, on or after the date of the enactment of this Act—
- (A) is responsible for, complicit in, or has directly or indirectly engaged in or attempted to engage in, actions or policies, including ordering, controlling, or otherwise directing acts that are intended to undermine the peace, security, stability, sovereignty, or territorial integrity of Georgia:
- (B) is or has been a leader or official of an entity that has, or whose members have, engaged in any activity described in subparagraph (A); or
- (C) is an immediate family member of a person subject to sanctions for conduct described in subparagraph (A) or (B) and benefited from the conduct of such person.
- (2) BRIEF AND WRITTEN NOTIFICATION.—Not later than 10 days after imposing sanctions on a foreign person or persons pursuant to this subsection, the President shall brief and provide written notification to the appropriate congressional committees regarding the imposition of such sanctions, which shall describe—
- (A) the foreign person or persons subject to the imposition of such sanctions;
- (B) the activity justifying the imposition of such sanctions; and
- (C) the specific sanctions imposed on such foreign person or persons.
- (3) TERMINATION OF SANCTIONS.—The President may terminate the application of a sanction authorized under this subsection with respect to a person if the President certifies to the appropriate congressional committees that—
- (A) such person is no longer engaging in the activity that was the basis for the sanctions or has taken significant verifiable steps toward ceasing the activity; and
- (B) the President has received reliable assurances that such person will not knowingly engage in the sanctionable activity described in subparagraph (A) in the future.
- (d) SANCTIONS DESCRIBED.—The sanctions described in this subsection are the following

- with respect to a foreign person described in subsection (b) or (c), as applicable:
- BLOCKING OF PROPERTY.--Notwithstanding the requirements under section 202 of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701), the President shall exercise all authorities granted under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) to the extent necessary to block and prohibit all transactions in property and interests in property of the foreign person if such property and interests in property are in the United States, come within the United States, or are or come within the possession or control of a United States person.
- (2) INELIGIBILITY FOR VISAS, ADMISSION, OR PAROLE.—
- (A) VISAS, ADMISSION, OR PAROLE.—A foreign person that is an alien shall be—
- (i) inadmissible to the United States;
- (ii) ineligible to receive a visa or other documentation to enter the United States; and
- (iii) otherwise ineligible to be admitted or paroled into the United States or to receive any other benefit under the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.).
- (B) CURRENT VISAS REVOKED.—The foreign person shall be subject to the following:
- (i) Revocation of any visa or other entry documentation regardless of when the visa or other entry documentation is or was issued.
- (ii) A revocation under clause (i) shall take effect immediately and automatically cancel any other valid visa or entry documentation that is in the foreign person's possession.
  - (e) IMPLEMENTATION: PENALTIES.—
- (1) IMPLEMENTATION.—The President may exercise all authorities provided under sections 203 and 205 of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1702 and 1704) to carry out this section.
- (2) PENALTIES.—A person that violates, attempts to violate, conspires to violate, or causes a violation of subsection (d)(2)(A) or any regulation, license, or order issued under that subsection shall be subject to the penalties set forth in subsections (b) and (c) of section 206 of the International Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1705) to the same extent as a person that commits an unlawful act described in subsection (a) of that section.
- (3) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this subtitle, or any amendment made by this subtitle, may be construed to limit the authority of the President to designate or sanction persons pursuant to an applicable Executive order or otherwise pursuant to the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.).
- (f) RULEMAKING.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall prescribe such regulations as are necessary for the implementation of this section.
- (2) NOTIFICATION TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 10 days before prescribing regulations pursuant to paragraph (1), the President shall notify the appropriate congressional committees of the proposed regulations and the provisions of this section that the regulations are implementing.
- (g) BRIEFING ON SANCTIONS IMPOSED WITH RESPECT TO ACTIVITIES RELATING TO GEORGIA.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for the following two years, the Secretary of the Treasury and the Secretary of State, or their designees, shall jointly brief the appropriate congressional committees regarding the status of sanctions imposed with respect to Georgia, which shall identify all foreign persons that, as of the date of the briefing, have been des-

- ignated or otherwise subjected to sanctions with respect to activities related to Georgia, including pursuant to the authority under subsection (c), including—
- (A) the dates on which any sanctions were imposed or on which any designations were made:
- (B) the reasons for imposing such sanctions or making such designations; and
- (C) the legal authority under which each sanction was imposed or each designation was made.
- (2) FORM.—The briefing required under paragraph (1) may be provided in a classified setting.
- (h) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION REGARDING DELISTING PROCEDURES RELATING TO SANCTIONS AUTHORIZED UNDER OTHER PROVISIONS OF LAW.—Nothing in this section may be construed to modify the delisting procedures used by the Department of the Treasury with respect to sanctions authorized under any other executive order or provision of law.
  - (i) Exceptions.—
  - (1) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:
- (A) AGRICULTURAL COMMODITY.—The term "agricultural commodity" has the meaning given such term in section 102 of the Agricultural Trade Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5602).
- (B) Good.—The term "good" means any article, natural or man-made substance, material, supply, or manufactured product, including inspection and test equipment and excluding technical data.
- (C) MEDICAL DEVICE.—The term "medical device" has the meaning given the term "device" in section 201 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 321).
- (D) MEDICINE.—The term "medicine" has the meaning given the term "drug" in section 201 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 321).
  - (2) Exceptions.—
- (A) EXCEPTION FOR INTELLIGENCE AND LAW ENFORCEMENT ACTIVITIES.—Sanctions under this section shall not apply with respect to activities subject to the reporting requirements under title V of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3091 et seq.) or to carry out or assist any authorized intelligence or law enforcement activities of the United States.
- (B) EXCEPTION TO COMPLY WITH INTERNATIONAL OBLIGATIONS.—Sanctions under this section shall not apply with respect to a foreign person if admitting or paroling the person into the United States is necessary to permit the United States to comply with the Agreement regarding the Headquarters of the United Nations, signed at Lake Success June 26, 1947, and entered into force November 21, 1947, between the United Nations and the United States, or other applicable international obligations.
- (C) HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE.—Sanctions under this section shall not apply to—
- (i) the conduct or facilitation of a transaction for the provision of agricultural commodities, food, medicine, medical devices, or humanitarian assistance, or for humanitarian purposes; or
- (ii) transactions that are necessary for, or related to, the activities described in clause (i).
- (j) EXCEPTION RELATING TO IMPORTATION OF GOODS.—The requirement to block and prohibit all transactions in all property and interests in property under this section shall not include the authority or a requirement to impose sanctions on the importation of goods.

### SEC. 1277. ADDITIONAL ASSISTANCE WITH RESPECT TO GEORGIA.

- (a) In General.—Upon submission to Congress of the certification described in subsection (c)—  $\,$
- (1) the Secretary of State should seek to further enhance people-to-people contacts,

academic, law enforcement, and technical assistance between the United States and Georgia; and

- (2) the President, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of State, should maintain military cooperation with Georgia if it is in the national security interests of the United States.
- (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that, after the submission of the certification described in subsection (c), if the Government of Georgia takes steps to realign itself with its Euro-Atlantic agenda, including significant changes to the foreign influence law and related laws, the end of harassment of civil society and independent media, and the release of all political prisoners, the President should take steps to improve the bilateral relationship between the United States and Georgia, including actions to bolster Georgia's ability to deter threats from Russia and other malign actors.
- (c) CERTIFICATION DESCRIBED.—The certification described in this subsection is a certification submitted by the President to the appropriate congressional committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives that Georgia has shown significant and sustained progress towards reinvigorating its democracy and advancing its Euro-Atlantic integration.

#### SEC. 1278. SUNSET.

The provisions of this subtitle shall cease to have any force or effect beginning on the date that is 5 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SA 3736. Mr. HAWLEY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table: as follows:

At the end of title VIII, add the following:

### Subtitle F—Time to Choose Act of 2025

### SEC. 891. SHORT TITLE.

This subtitle may be cited as the "Time to Choose Act of 2025".

### SEC. 892. FINDINGS.

Congress makes the following findings:

- (1) The Department of Defense and other agencies in the United States Government regularly award contracts to firms that are simultaneously providing consulting services to foreign governments and proxies or affiliates thereof.
- (2) The provision of such consulting services to covered foreign entities may support efforts by certain foreign governments to generate economic and military power that they can then use to undermine the economic and national security of the American people.
- (3) It is a conflict of interest for consulting firms to simultaneously aid in the efforts of certain foreign governments to undermine the economic and national security of the United States while they are simultaneously contracting with Federal agencies responsible for protecting and defending the United States from foreign threats.
- (4) Firms should be prevented from engaging in such a conflict of interest and should instead be required to choose between aiding the efforts of certain foreign governments or helping the United States Government to support and defend its citizens.

SEC. 893. PROHIBITION ON FEDERAL CONTRACTING WITH ENTITIES THAT ARE SIMULTANEOUSLY AIDING IN THE EFFORTS OF COVERED FOREIGN ENTITIES

- (a) IN GENERAL.—In order to end conflicts of interest in Federal contracting among consulting firms that simultaneously contract with the United States Government and covered foreign entities, the Federal Acquisition Regulatory Council shall, not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, amend the Federal Acquisition—
- (1) to require any entity that makes an offer or quotation to provide consulting services to an executive agency, including services described in the North American Industry Classification System's Industry Group code 5416, prior to entering into a Federal contract, to certify that neither it nor any of its subsidiaries or affiliates hold a consulting contract with one or more covered foreign entities; and
- (2) to prohibit Federal contracts for consulting services from being awarded to an entity that provides consulting services, including services described under the North American Industry Classification System's Industry Group code 5416 if the entity or any of its subsidiaries or affiliates are determined, based on the self-certification required under paragraph (1), to be a contractor of, or are otherwise providing consulting services to, a covered foreign entity. (b) WAIVER—
- (1) In GENERAL.—Subject to the limitations in paragraph (2), the head of an executive agency may waive the conflict of interest restrictions under this section on a case-by-case basis if—
- (A) the agency head, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense and the Director of National Intelligence, determines the waiver to be in the national security interests of the United States:
- (B) the agency head determines that no other entity without a conflict of interest under this section can perform the work for the Federal contract:
- (C) the head of the executive agency submits to the Director of the Office of Management and Budget a notification of such waiver at least 5 days prior to issuing the waiver;
- (D) the head of the executive agency submits to the appropriate congressional committees a notification of such waiver within 30 days in unclassified form (accompanied by a classified annex if necessary) and offers a briefing to those committees on the information included in the notification; and
- (E) the contracting agency publishes in an easily accessible location on the agency's public website a list of the names of the covered foreign entities to which the entity receiving a waiver provides consulting services, unless the head of the applicable executive agency, with the approval of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, and in consultation with the Secretary of Defense and Director of National Intelligence, determines that such public disclosure would directly harm the national security interests of the United States.
  - (2) Limitations.—
- (A) DURATION.—A waiver granted under paragraph (1) shall last for a period of not more than 365 days. The head of the applicable executive agency, with the approval of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, and in consultation with the Secretary of Defense and Director of National Intelligence, may extend a waiver granted under such paragraph one time, for a period up to 180 days after the date on which the waiver would otherwise expire, if such an extension is in the national security interests of the United States and the Director of

- the Office of Management and Budget submits to the appropriate congressional committees a notification of such waiver and offers a briefing to those committees on the information included in the notification.
- (B) NUMBER.—Not more than one total waiver across all executive agencies may be granted under paragraph (1) to a single entity at a given time.
- (C) NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS.—The notification required under subparagraphs (C) and (D) of paragraph (1) shall include the following information:
- (i) Information on the contractor, including—
- (I) the name, address, and corporate structure of the contractor;
- (II) the name, address, and corporate structure of any subsidiaries or subcontractors involved:
- (III) all foreign ownership of the contractor;
- (IV) all foreign real estate owned by the contractor; and
- (V) an employee designated as responsible for managing any conflict of interests that may arise as part of the contract.
- (ii) Information on the covered foreign entities involved to the extent known by the contractor, including—
- (I) the name and address of the covered foreign entity:
- (II) the name and address of any subsidiaries or subcontractors involved:
- (III) a complete history of any contracts between the covered foreign entity and the contractor;
- (IV) all ownership of the covered foreign entity; and
- (V) any legal authorities providing a foreign government with access or control over the covered foreign entity.
- (iii) Information on the nature of the work performed for the covered foreign entities, including—
- (I) the projected and actual dollar value of the contract;
- (II) the projected and actual duration of the contract;
- (III) the projected and actual number of employees to work on the contract;
- $({\rm IV})$  the projected and actual number of employees who are United States citizens who work on the contract;
- (V) the projected and actual number of employees who currently or formerly held security clearances with the United States Government who work on the contract:
  - (VI) the subject matter of the contract;
- (VII) any materials provided to the covered foreign entity in order to secure the contract:
- (VIII) any tracking number used by the covered foreign entity to identify the contract;
- (IX) any tracking number or information used by the contractor to identify the contract; and
- (X) any military or intelligence applications that could benefit from the contract.
- (iv) Justification of the executive agency's need for providing the waiver.
- (v) An acceptable management oversight plan to ensure that the work performed for the covered foreign entities does not compromise the work being performed for the Federal Government or harm the national security of the United States, to be approved at not lower than the Deputy Secretary level at the contracting agency.
- (3) CONTRACTOR REPORTING.—The executive agency granting a waiver under this subsection shall require the contractor, in the event the contractor identifies any of the following during the performance of the contract, to report the following information to the executive agency:

- (A) Any human rights violations that are known to the contractor through information provided to the contractor in the course of the contract.
- (B) Any religious liberty violations that are known to the contractor through information provided to the contractor in the course of the contract.
- (C) Any risks to United States economic or national security identified by the contractor in the course of the contract.

### SEC. 894. PENALTIES FOR FALSE INFORMATION.

- (a) TERMINATION, SUSPENSION, AND DEBARMENT.—If the head of an executive agency determines that a consulting firm described in section 893(a)(1) has knowingly submitted a false certification or information on or after the date on which the Federal Acquisition Regulatory Council amends the Federal Acquisition Regulation pursuant to such section, the head of the executive agency shall terminate the contract with the consulting firm and consider suspending or debarring the firm from eligibility for future Federal contracts in accordance with subpart 9.4 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation.
- (b) FALSE CLAIMS ACT.—A consulting firm described in section 893(a)(1) that, for the purposes of the False Claims Act, knowingly hides or misrepresents one or more contracts with covered foreign entities, or otherwise violates the False Claims Act, shall be subject to the penalties and corrective actions described in the False Claims Act, including liability for three times the amount of damages which the United States Government sustains.

### SEC. 895. DEFINITIONS.

In this subtitle:

- (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform of the House of Representatives.
- (2) Consulting services.—The term "consulting services" means advisory or assistance services similar to those defined in Federal Acquisition Regulation 2.101, but for the purposes of this subtitle includes services provided to covered foreign entities, except that the term does not include the provision of products or services related to—
- (A) compliance with legal, audit, accounting, tax, reporting, or other requirements of the laws and standards of countries; or
- (B) participation in a judicial, legal, or equitable dispute resolution proceeding.
- (3) COVERED FOREIGN ENTITY.—The term "covered foreign entity" means any of the following:
- (A) The Government of the People's Republic of China, the Chinese Communist Party, the People's Liberation Army, the Ministry of State Security, or other security service or intelligence agency of the People's Republic of China.
- (B) The Government of the Russian Federation or any entity sanctioned by the Secretary of the Treasury under Executive Order 13662 titled "Blocking Property of Additional Persons Contributing to the Situation in Ukraine" (79 Fed. Reg. 16169).
- (C) The government of any country if the Secretary of State determines that such government has repeatedly provided support for acts of international terrorism pursuant to any of the following:
- (i) Section 1754(c)(1)(A) of the Export Control Reform Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C. 4318(c)(1)(A)).
- (ii) Section 620A of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2371).
- (iii) Section 40 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2780).
- (iv) Any other provision of law.

- (D) Any entity included on any of the following lists maintained by the Department of Commerce:
- (i) The Entity List set forth in Supplement No. 4 to part 744 of the Export Administration Regulations.
- (ii) The Denied Persons List as described in section 764.3(a)(2) of the Export Administration Regulations.
- (iii) The Unverified List set forth in Supplement No. 6 to part 744 of the Export Administration Regulations.
- (iv) The Military End User List set forth in Supplement No. 7 to part 744 of the Export Administration Regulations.
- (E) Any entity identified by the Secretary of Defense pursuant to section 1237(b) of the Strom Thurmond National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1999 (Public Law 105-261: 50 U.S.C. 1701 note).
- (F) Any entity on the Non-SDN Chinese Military-Industrial Complex Companies List (NS-CMIC List) maintained by the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the Department of the Treasury under Executive Order 14032 (86 Fed. Reg. 30145; relating to addressing the threat from securities investments that finance certain companies of the People's Republic of China), or any successor order.
- (4) EXECUTIVE AGENCY.—The term "executive agency" has the meaning given the term in section 133 of title 41, United States Code.
- (5) FALSE CLAIMS ACT.—The term "False Claims Act" means sections 3729 through 3733 of title 31, United States Code.
- (6) NORTH AMERICAN INDUSTRY CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM'S INDUSTRY GROUP CODE 5416.—
  The term "North American Industry Classification System's Industry Group code 5416" refers to the North American Industry Classification System category that covers Management, Scientific, and Technical Consulting Services as Industry Group code 5416, including industry codes 54151, 541611, 541612, 541613, 541614, 541618, 541620, 541690, and 541690.

### SEC. 896. NO ADDITIONAL FUNDING.

No additional funds are authorized to be appropriated for the purpose of carrying out this subtitle.

SA 3737. Mr. HAWLEY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Strike section 1223.

SA 3738. Mr. HAWLEY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows: Strike section 1227.

SA 3739. Mr. LANKFORD submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction,

and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title XI, add the following:

#### SEC. 1109. COMPTROLLER GENERAL REVIEW RE-GARDING APPOINTMENT OF RE-TIRED MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES TO CERTAIN POSITIONS IN THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

- (a) REVIEW REQUIRED.—The Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct a review of the implementation of section 3326 of title 5, United States Code, with respect to the appointment of retired members of the Armed Forces to certain positions within the Department of Defense.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The review conducted under subsection (a) shall include a review of the following:
- (1) The extent to which the Department of Defense collects data on the appointment of retired members of the Armed Forces to positions within the Department, including data with respect to—
- (A) the positions to which those members are appointed;
- (B) the number of such appointments made after the 180-day period described in subsection (b) of section 3326 of title 5, United States Code:
- (C) the number of such appointments made during that 180-day period;
- (D) any authorizations, approvals, or waivers used for such appointments; and
- (E) hiring shortages in positions for which retiring members would be qualified.
- (2) How the Department of Defense and the Office of Personnel Management conduct oversight of the implementation of section 3326 of title 5, United States Code, and associated hiring challenges, including the process for any authorizations, approvals, or waivers.
- (3) The impact of the appointment process on the ability of the Department of Defense to hire retired members of the Armed Forces into certain positions through a merit-based review, including positions for which there are critical shortages.
- (4) The history of timelines for hiring retired members in accordance with section 3326 of title 5, United States Code, including—
- (A) additional waivers, authorizations, and approvals required compared to candidates not covered by that section; and
- (B) an assessment of the Department's adherence to merit principles in finding and hiring the most qualified candidates for civil service positions.
- (5) Data or anecdotal evidence pertaining to the extent to which retiring members of the Armed Forces leave the Department of Defense for external employment opportunities as a result of delays in hiring under section 3326 of title 5, United States Code.
- (6) The associated impact on hiring timelines and staffing from Department of Defense memoranda that waive the requirement to apply section 3326 of title 5, United States Code, as it relates to direct hire authority for depot positions in accordance with section 9905 of that title.
- (7) A description of existing authorities for the Department to hire retired members within 180 days of retirement, notwithstanding section 3326 of title 5, United States Code, and the extent to which the Department uses those authorities.
- (8) The impact of the implementation of section 3326 of title 5, United States Code, on military installations in rural communities and the extent to which a competitive candidate pool with security clearances, technical skills, and training would otherwise be

made available to fill positions at those installations.

- (9) Any other matters the Comptroller General deems relevant.
- (c) Briefing and Report.—
- (1) BRIEFING.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall brief the congressional defense committees on any preliminary findings of the review required by subsection (a).
- (2) REPORT.—The Comptroller General shall submit to the congressional defense committee a report with the final results of the review required by subsection (a) at a time, and in a format, mutually agreed upon by the Comptroller General and those committees

SA 3740. Mr. DAINES submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle F of title X, add the following:

#### SEC. 1067. DENIAL OF RETIREMENT BENEFITS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter II of chapter 83 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 8312 the following:

### "§ 8312a. Convicted child molesters

- "(a) PROHIBITION.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—An individual, or a survivor or beneficiary of an individual, may not be paid annuity or retired pay on the basis of the service of the individual which is creditable toward the annuity or retired pay, subject to the exceptions in sections 8311(2) and (3) of this title and subsections (d) and (e) of this section, if the individual is convicted of an offense—
- "(A) within the purview of section 2241(c), section 2243(a), or paragraph (3) or (5) of section 2244(a) of title 18; and
- "(B) for which the conduct constituting the offense is committed on or after the date of enactment of this section, which shall include any offense that includes conduct that continued on or after such date of enactment.
- "(2) NOTICE.—If an individual entitled to an annuity or retired pay is convicted of an offense described in paragraph (1), the Attorney General shall notify the head of the agency administering the annuity or retired pay of the individual.
  - "(b) Foreign Offenses.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of subsection (a), a conviction of an offense within the meaning of such subsection may be established if the Attorney General certifies to the agency administering the annuity or retired pay concerned—
- "(A) that an individual has been convicted by an impartial court of appropriate jurisdiction within a foreign country in circumstances in which the conduct would constitute an offense described in subsection (a)(1), had such conduct taken place within the United States, and that such conviction is not being appealed or that final action has been taken on such appeal;
- "(B) that such conviction was obtained in accordance with procedures that provided the defendant due process rights comparable to such rights provided by the United States Constitution, and such conviction was based upon evidence which would have been admissible in the courts of the United States; and

- "(C) that such conduct occurred after the date of enactment of this section, which shall include any offense that includes conduct that continued on or after such date of enactment.
- "(2) REVIEW.—Any certification made pursuant to this subsection shall be subject to review by the United States Court of Federal Claims based upon the application of the individual concerned, or his or her attorney, alleging that a condition set forth in subparagraph (A), (B), or (C) of paragraph (1), as certified by the Attorney General, has not been satisfied in his or her particular circumstances. Should the court determine that any of these conditions has not been satisfied in such case, the court shall order any annuity or retirement benefit to which the individual concerned is entitled to be restored and shall order that any payments which may have been previously denied or withheld to be paid by the department or agency concerned.
- ''(c) Absence From the United States To Avoid Prosecution.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—An individual, or a survivor or beneficiary of an individual, may not be paid annuity or retired pay on the basis of the service of the individual in any position as an officer or employee of the Federal Government which is creditable toward the annuity or retired pay, subject to the exceptions in sections 8311(2) and (3) of this title, if the individual—
- "(A) is under indictment for an offense described in subsection (a); and
- "(B) willfully remains outside the United States, or its territories and possessions including the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, for more than 1 year with knowledge of the indictment.
- "(2) PERIOD.—The prohibition on payment of annuity or retired pay under paragraph (1) applies during the period—
- "(A) beginning on the day after the end of the 1-year period described in paragraph (1); and
  - "(B) ending on the date on which-
- "(i) a nolle prosequi to the entire indictment is entered on the record or the charges are dismissed by competent authority;
- "(ii) the individual returns and thereafter the indictment or charges is or are dismissed: or
- "(iii) after trial by court or court-martial, the accused is found not guilty of the offense or offenses.
- "(d) PARDONS.—
- "(1) RESTORATION OF ANNUITY OR RETIRED PAY.—If an individual who forfeits an annuity or retired pay under this section is pardoned by the President, the right of the individual and a survivor or beneficiary of the individual to receive annuity or retired pay previously denied under this section is restored as of the date of the pardon.
- "(2) LIMITATION.—Payment of annuity or retired pay which is restored under paragraph (1) based on pardon by the President may not be made for a period before the date of pardon
  - "(e) PAYMENTS TO VICTIMS.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section 8346(a), section 8470(a), or any other provision of law exempting an annuity or retired pay from execution, levy, attachment, garnishment, or other legal process, if the annuity or retired pay of an individual is subject to forfeiture under this section, the head of the agency administering the annuity or retired pay shall pay, from amounts that would have been used to pay the annuity or retired pay, amounts to a victim of an offense described in subsection (a) committed by the individual if and to the extent payment of such amounts is expressly provided for in—

- "(A) any court order of restitution to or similar compensation of the victim; or
- "(B) any court order or other similar process in the nature of garnishment for the enforcement of a judgment rendered against such individual relating to the offense or the course of conduct constituting the offense.
- "(2) MAXIMUM AMOUNT.—The total amount paid to a victim under paragraph (1) shall not exceed the amount that is subject to forfeiture under this section.
- "(3) LIMIT ON REFUNDS.—Contributions and deposits by an individual whose annuity or retired pay is subject to forfeiture under this section shall not be refunded under section 8316 to the extent the amount of such contributions or deposits are paid to a victim under paragraph (1).
- "(f) SPOUSE OR CHILDREN EXCEPTION.-
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the Office of Personnel Management shall prescribe regulations that may provide for the payment to the spouse or children of an individual who forfeits an annuity or retired pay under this section of any amounts which (but for this subsection) would otherwise have been nonpayable by reason of this section.
- "(2) Scope.—The regulations prescribed under paragraph (1) shall be consistent with the requirements of section 8332(o)(5) and 8411(1)(5), as applicable."
- (b) Nonaccrual of Interest on Refunds.—Section 8316 of title 5, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in subsection (a), in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by inserting "under section 8312a or" before "because an individual"; and
  - (2) in subsection (b)—
- (A) in paragraph (1), by striking "or" at the end;
- (B) in paragraph (2), by striking the period at the end and inserting "or"; and
- (C) by adding at the end the following:
- "(3) if the individual is convicted of an offense described in section 8312a(a), for the period after the conviction.".
- (c) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for chapter 83 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 8312 the following:
- "8312a. Convicted child molesters.".
- SA 3741. Mr. DAINES submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:
  - At the end, add the following:

### DIVISION E—NORTHERN MONTANA WATER SECURITY ACT OF 2025

### SEC. 5001. SHORT TITLE.

This division may be cited as the "Northern Montana Water Security Act of 2025".

### TITLE LI—FORT BELKNAP INDIAN COM-MUNITY WATER RIGHTS SETTLEMENT ACT OF 2025

### SEC. 5101. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Fort Belknap Indian Community Water Rights Settlement Act of 2025".

### SEC. 5102. PURPOSES.

- The purposes of this title are—
- (1) to achieve a fair, equitable, and final settlement of claims to water rights in the State of Montana for—

- (A) the Fort Belknap Indian Community of the Fort Belknap Reservation of Montana;
- (B) the United States, acting as trustee for the Fort Belknap Indian Community and allottees:
- (2) to authorize, ratify, and confirm the water rights compact entered into by the Fort Belknap Indian Community and the State, to the extent that the Compact is consistent with this title;
  - (3) to authorize and direct the Secretary-
  - (A) to execute the Compact; and
- (B) to take any other actions necessary to carry out the Compact in accordance with this title:
- (4) to authorize funds necessary for the implementation of the Compact and this title;
- (5) to authorize the exchange and transfer of certain Federal and State land.

### SEC. 5103. DEFINITIONS.

In this title:

- (1) ALLOTTEE.—The term "allottee" means an individual who holds a beneficial real property interest in an allotment of Indian land that is—
  - (A) located within the Reservation; and
  - (B) held in trust by the United States.
- (2) BLACKFEET TRIBE.—The term "Blackfeet Tribe" means the Blackfeet Tribe of the Blackfeet Indian Reservation of Montana.
- (3) CERCLA.—The term "CERCLA" means the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq.).
- (4) COMMISSIONER.—The term "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Reclamation.
- (5) COMPACT.—The term "Compact" means—
- (A) the Fort Belknap-Montana water rights compact dated April 16, 2001, as contained in section 85-20-1001 of the Montana Code Annotated (2021); and
- (B) any appendix (including appendix amendments), part, or amendment to the Compact that is executed to make the Compact consistent with this title.
- (6) ENFORCEABILITY DATE.—The term "enforceability date" means the date described in section 5111(f).
- (7) FORT BELKNAP INDIAN COMMUNITY.—The term "Fort Belknap Indian Community" means the Gros Ventre and Assiniboine Tribes of the Fort Belknap Reservation of Montana, a federally recognized Indian Tribal entity included on the list published by the Secretary pursuant to section 104(a) of the Federally Recognized Indian Tribe List Act of 1994 (25 U.S.C. 5131(a)).
- (8) FORT BELKNAP INDIAN COMMUNITY COUNCIL.—The term "Fort Belknap Indian Community Council" means the governing body of the Fort Belknap Indian Community.
- (9) FORT BELKNAP INDIAN IRRIGATION PROJECT.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The term "Fort Belknap Indian Irrigation Project" means the Federal Indian irrigation project constructed and operated by the Bureau of Indian Affairs, consisting of the Milk River unit, including—
  - (i) the Three Mile unit; and
- (ii) the White Bear unit.
- (B) INCLUSIONS.—The term "Fort Belknap Indian Irrigation Project" includes any addition to the Fort Belknap Indian Irrigation Project constructed pursuant to this title, including expansion of the Fort Belknap Indian Irrigation Project, the Pumping Plant, delivery Pipe and Canal, the Fort Belknap Reservoir and Dam, and the Peoples Creek Flood Protection Project.
- (10) IMPLEMENTATION FUND.—The term "Implementation Fund" means the Fort Belknap Indian Community Water Settlement Implementation Fund established by section 5113(a).

- (11) INDIAN TRIBE.—The term "Indian Tribe" has the meaning given the term in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304).
- (12) LAKE ELWELL.—The term "Lake Elwell" means the water impounded on the Marias River in the State by Tiber Dam, a feature of the Lower Marias Unit of the Pick-Sloan Missouri River Basin Program authorized by section 9 of the Act of December 22, 1944 (commonly known as the "Flood Control Act of 1944") (58 Stat. 891, chapter 665).
- (13) MALTA IRRIGATION DISTRICT.—The term "Malta Irrigation District" means the public corporation—
- (A) created on December 28, 1923, pursuant to the laws of the State relating to irrigation districts; and
  - (B) headquartered in Malta, Montana.
- (14) MILK RIVER.—The term "Milk River" means the mainstem of the Milk River and each tributary of the Milk River between the headwaters of the Milk River and the confluence of the Milk River with the Missouri River, consisting of—
- (A) Montana Water Court Basins 40F, 40G, 40H, 40I, 40J, 40K, 40L, 40M, 40N, and 40O; and
- (B) the portion of the Milk River and each tributary of the Milk River that flows through the Canadian Provinces of Alberta and Saskatchewan.
  - (15) MILK RIVER PROJECT.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The term "Milk River Project" means the Bureau of Reclamation project conditionally approved by the Secretary on March 14, 1903, pursuant to the Act of June 17, 1902 (32 Stat. 388, chapter 1093), commencing at Lake Sherburne Reservoir and providing water to a point approximately 6 miles east of Nashua, Montana.
- (B) INCLUSIONS.—The term "Milk River Project" includes—
  - (i) the St. Mary Unit;
  - (ii) the Fresno Dam and Reservoir; and (iii) the Dodson pumping unit.
- (16) MISSOURI RIVER BASIN.—The term "Missouri River Basin" means the hydrologic basin of the Missouri River, including tributaries.
- (17) OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE.—The term "operations and maintenance" means the Bureau of Indian Affairs operations and maintenance activities related to costs described in section 171.500 of title 25, Code of Federal Regulations (or a successor regulation).
- (18) OPERATIONS, MAINTENANCE, AND RE-PLACEMENT.—The term "operations, maintenance, and replacement" means—
- (A) any recurring or ongoing activity associated with the day-to-day operation of a project;
- (B) any activity relating to scheduled or unscheduled maintenance of a project; and
- (C) any activity relating to repairing, replacing, or rehabilitating a feature of a project.
- (19) PICK-SLOAN MISSOURI RIVER BASIN PROGRAM.—The term "Pick-Sloan Missouri River Basin Program" means the Pick-Sloan Missouri River Basin Program (authorized by section 9 of the Act of December 22, 1944 (commonly known as the "Flood Control Act of 1944") (58 Stat. 891, chapter 665)).
- (20) PMM.—The term "PMM" means the Principal Meridian, Montana.
- (21) Reservation.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The term "Reservation" means the area of the Fort Belknap Reservation in the State, as modified by this title.
- (B) INCLUSIONS.—The term "Reservation" includes—
- (i) all land and interests in land established by—
- (I) the Agreement with the Gros Ventre and Assiniboine Tribes of the Fort Belknap

- Reservation, ratified by the Act of May 1, 1888 (25 Stat. 113, chapter 212), as modified by the Agreement with the Indians of the Fort Belknap Reservation of October 9, 1895 (ratified by the Act of June 10, 1896) (29 Stat. 350, chapter 398):
- (II) the Act of March 3, 1921 (41 Stat. 1355, chapter 135); and
- (III) Public Law 94-114 (25 U.S.C. 5501 et seq.);
- (ii) the land known as the "Hancock lands" purchased by the Fort Belknap Indian Community pursuant to the Fort Belknap Indian Community Council Resolution No. 234-89 (October 2, 1989); and
- (iii) all land transferred to the United States to be held in trust for the benefit of the Fort Belknap Indian Community under section 5106.
- (22) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Interior.
  - (23) ST. MARY UNIT.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The term "St. Mary Unit" means the St. Mary Storage Unit of the Milk River Project authorized by Congress on March 25, 1905.
- (B) INCLUSIONS.—The term "St. Mary Unit" includes—
  - (i) Sherburne Dam and Reservoir;
  - (ii) Swift Current Creek Dike;
  - (iii) Lower St. Mary Lake;
  - (iv) St. Mary Canal Diversion Dam; and
  - (v) St. Mary Canal and appurtenances.
- (24) STATE.—The term "State" means the State of Montana.
- (25) TRIBAL WATER CODE.—The term "Tribal water code" means the Tribal water code enacted by the Fort Belknap Indian Community pursuant to section 5105(g).
- (26) TRIBAL WATER RIGHTS.—The term "Tribal water rights" means the water rights of the Fort Belknap Indian Community, as described in Article III of the Compact and this title, including the allocation of water to the Fort Belknap Indian Community from Lake Elwell under section 5107.
- (27) TRUST FUND.—The term "Trust Fund" means the Aaniiih Nakoda Settlement Trust Fund established for the Fort Belknap Indian Community under section 5112(a).

### SEC. 5104. RATIFICATION OF COMPACT.

- (a) RATIFICATION OF COMPACT.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—As modified by this title, the Compact is authorized, ratified, and confirmed.
- (2) AMENDMENTS.—Any amendment to the Compact is authorized, ratified, and confirmed to the extent that the amendment is executed to make the Compact consistent with this title.
  - (b) Execution.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—To the extent that the Compact does not conflict with this title, the Secretary shall execute the Compact, including all appendices to, or parts of, the Compact requiring the signature of the Secretary.
- (2) Modifications.—Nothing in this title precludes the Secretary from approving any modification to an appendix to the Compact that is consistent with this title, to the extent that the modification does not otherwise require congressional approval under section 2116 of the Revised Statutes (25 U.S.C. 177) or any other applicable provision of Federal law.
  - (c) ENVIRONMENTAL COMPLIANCE.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—In implementing the Compact and this title, the Secretary shall comply with all applicable provisions of—
- (A) the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.);
- (B) the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.), including the implementing regulations of that Act; and
- (C) other applicable Federal environmental laws and regulations.

- (2) Compliance.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—In implementing the Compact and this title, the Fort Belknap Indian Community shall prepare any necessary environmental documents, except for any environmental documents required under section 5108, consistent with all applicable provisions of—
- (i) the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.);
- (ii) the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4231 et seq.), including the implementing regulations of that Act; and
- (iii) all other applicable Federal environmental laws and regulations.
- (B) AUTHORIZATIONS.—The Secretary shall—
- (i) independently evaluate the documentation submitted under subparagraph (A); and
- (ii) be responsible for the accuracy, scope, and contents of that documentation.
- (3) EFFECT OF EXECUTION.—The execution of the Compact by the Secretary under this section shall not constitute a major Federal action for purposes of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.).
- (4) Costs.—Any costs associated with the performance of the compliance activities described in paragraph (2) shall be paid from funds deposited in the Trust Fund, subject to the condition that any costs associated with the performance of Federal approval or other review of such compliance work or costs associated with inherently Federal functions shall remain the responsibility of the Secretary.

### SEC. 5105. TRIBAL WATER RIGHTS.

- (a) CONFIRMATION OF TRIBAL WATER RIGHTS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Tribal water rights are ratified, confirmed, and declared to be valid.
- (2) USE.—Any use of the Tribal water rights shall be subject to the terms and conditions of the Compact and this title.
- (3) CONFLICT.—In the event of a conflict between the Compact and this title, this title shall control.
- (b) INTENT OF CONGRESS.—It is the intent of Congress to provide to each allottee benefits that are equivalent to, or exceed, the benefits the allottees possess on the day before the date of enactment of this Act, taking into consideration—
- (1) the potential risks, cost, and time delay associated with litigation that would be resolved by the Compact and this title;
- (2) the availability of funding under this title and from other sources;
- (3) the availability of water from the Tribal water rights; and
- (4) the applicability of section 7 of the Act of February 8, 1887 (24 Stat. 390, chapter 119; 25 U.S.C. 381), and this title to protect the interests of allottees.
- (c) Trust Status of Tribal Water Rights.—The Tribal water rights—  $\,$
- (1) shall be held in trust by the United States for the use and benefit of the Fort Belknap Indian Community and allottees in accordance with this title: and
- (2) shall not be subject to loss through nonuse, forfeiture, or abandonment.
  - (d) Allottees.—
- (1) APPLICABILITY OF THE ACT OF FEBRUARY 8, 1887.—The provisions of section 7 of the Act of February 8, 1887 (24 Stat. 390, chapter 119; 25 U.S.C. 381), relating to the use of water for irrigation purposes, shall apply to the Tribal water rights.
- (2) ENTITLEMENT TO WATER.—Any entitlement to water of an allottee under Federal law shall be satisfied from the Tribal water rights.
- (3) ALLOCATIONS.—An allottee shall be entitled to a just and equitable allocation of water for irrigation purposes.

- (4) CLAIMS —
- (A) EXHAUSTION OF REMEDIES.—Before asserting any claim against the United States under section 7 of the Act of February 8, 1887 (24 Stat. 390, chapter 119; 25 U.S.C. 381), or any other applicable law, an allottee shall exhaust remedies available under the Tribal water code or other applicable Tribal law.
- (B) ACTION FOR RELIEF.—After the exhaustion of all remedies available under the Tribal water code or other applicable Tribal law, an allottee may seek relief under section 7 of the Act of February 8, 1887 (24 Stat. 390, chapter 119; 25 U.S.C. 381), or other applicable law.
- (5) AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY.—The Secretary shall have the authority to protect the rights of allottees in accordance with this section.
- (e) AUTHORITY OF THE FORT BELKNAP INDIAN COMMUNITY.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Fort Belknap Indian Community shall have the authority to allocate, distribute, and lease the Tribal water rights for use on the Reservation in accordance with the Compact, this title, and applicable Federal law.
- (2) OFF-RESERVATION USE.—The Fort Belknap Indian Community may allocate, distribute, and lease the Tribal water rights for off-Reservation use in accordance with the Compact, this title, and applicable Federal law—
- (A) subject to the approval of the Secretary; or
- (B) pursuant to Tribal water leasing regulations consistent with the requirements of subsection (f).
- (3) LAND LEASES BY ALLOTTEES.—Notwithstanding paragraph (1), an allottee may lease any interest in land held by the allottee, together with any water right determined to be appurtenant to the interest in land, in accordance with the Tribal water code.
- (f) Tribal Water Leasing Regulations.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—At the discretion of the Fort Belknap Indian Community, any water lease of the Fort Belknap Indian Community of the Tribal water rights for use on or off the Reservation shall not require the approval of the Secretary if the lease—
- (A) is executed under tribal regulations, approved by the Secretary under this subsection;
- (B) is in accordance with the Compact; and (C) does not exceed a term of 100 years, ex-
- (C) does not exceed a term of 100 years, except that a lease may include an option to renew for 1 additional term of not to exceed 100 years.
- (2) AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY OVER TRIBAL WATER LEASING REGULATIONS.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall have the authority to approve or disapprove any Tribal water leasing regulations issued in accordance with paragraph (1).
- (B) CONSIDERATIONS FOR APPROVAL.—The Secretary shall approve any Tribal water leasing regulations issued in accordance with paragraph (1) if the Tribal water leasing regulations—
- (i) provide for an environmental review process that includes—
- (I) the identification and evaluation of any significant effects of the proposed action on the environment; and
- (II) a process for ensuring that—
- (aa) the public is informed of, and has a reasonable opportunity to comment on, any significant environmental impacts of the proposed action identified by the Fort Belknap Indian Community; and
- (bb) the Fort Belknap Indian Community provides responses to relevant and substantive public comments on those impacts prior to its approval of a water lease; and
- (ii) are consistent with this title and the Compact.
- (3) REVIEW PROCESS.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days after the date on which Tribal water leasing regulations under paragraph (1) are submitted to the Secretary, the Secretary shall review and approve or disapprove the regulations
- (B) WRITTEN DOCUMENTATION.—If the Secretary disapproves the Tribal water leasing regulations described in subparagraph (A), the Secretary shall include written documentation with the disapproval notification that describes the basis for this disapproval.
- (C) EXTENSION.—The deadline described in subparagraph (A) may be extended by the Secretary, after consultation with the Fort Belknap Indian Community.
- (4) FEDERAL ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW.—Notwithstanding paragraphs (2) and (3), if the Fort Belknap Indian Community carries out a project or activity funded by a Federal agency, the Fort Belknap Indian Community—
- (A) shall have the authority to rely on the environmental review process of the applicable Federal agency; and
- (B) shall not be required to carry out a tribal environmental review process under this subsection.
- (5) DOCUMENTATION.—If the Fort Belknap Indian Community issues a lease pursuant to Tribal water leasing regulations under paragraph (1), the Fort Belknap Indian Community shall provide the Secretary and the State a copy of the lease, including any amendments or renewals to the lease.
  - (6) LIMITATION OF LIABILITY.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The United States shall not be liable in any claim relating to the negotiation, execution, or approval of any lease or exchange agreement or storage agreement, including any claims relating to the terms included in such an agreement, made pursuant to Tribal water leasing regulations under paragraph (1).
- (B) OBLIGATIONS.—The United States shall have no trust obligation or other obligation to monitor, administer, or account for—
- (i) any funds received by the Fort Belknap Indian Community as consideration under any lease or exchange agreement or storage agreement; or
  - (ii) the expenditure of those funds.
  - (g) TRIBAL WATER CODE.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding Article IV.A.2. of the Compact, not later than 4 years after the date on which the Fort Belknap Indian Community approves the Compact in accordance with section 5111(f)(1), the Fort Belknap Indian Community shall enact a Tribal water code that provides for—
- (A) the administration, management, regulation, and governance of all uses of the Tribal water rights in accordance with the Compact and this title; and
- (B) the establishment by the Fort Belknap Indian Community of the conditions, permit requirements, and other requirements for the allocation, distribution, or use of the Tribal water rights in accordance with the Compact and this title.
- (2) INCLUSIONS.—Subject to the approval of the Secretary, the Tribal water code shall provide—
- (A) that use of water by allottees shall be satisfied with water from the Tribal water rights;
- (B) a process by which an allottee may request that the Fort Belknap Indian Community provide water for irrigation use in accordance with this title, including the provision of water under any allottee lease under section 4 of the Act of June 25, 1910 (36 Stat. 856. chapter 431: 25 U.S.C. 403):
- (C) a due process system for the consideration and determination by the Fort Belknap Indian Community of any request of an allottee (or a successor in interest to an

- allottee) for an allocation of water for irrigation purposes on allotted land, including a process for-
- (i) appeal and adjudication of any denied or disputed distribution of water; and
- (ii) resolution of any contested administrative decision;
- (D) a requirement that any allottee asserting a claim relating to the enforcement of rights of the allottee under the Tribal water code, including to the quantity of water allocated to land of the allottee, shall exhaust all remedies available to the allottee under Tribal law before initiating an action against the United States or petitioning the Secretary pursuant to subsection (d)(4)(B);
- (E) a process by which an owner of fee land within the boundaries of the Reservation may apply for use of a portion of the Tribal water rights; and
- (F) a process for the establishment of a controlled Groundwater area and for the management of that area in cooperation with establishment of a contiguous controlled Groundwater area off the Reservation established pursuant to Section B.2. of Article IV of the Compact and State law.
- (3) ACTION BY SECRETARY.
- (A) IN GENERAL.—During the period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act and ending on the date on which a Tribal water code described in paragraphs (1) and (2) is enacted, the Secretary shall administer, with respect to the rights of allottees, the Tribal water rights in accordance with the Compact and this title.
- (B) APPROVAL.—The Tribal water code described in paragraphs (1) and (2) shall not be
- (i) the provisions of the Tribal water code required by paragraph (2) are approved by the Secretary; and
- (ii) each amendment to the Tribal water code that affects a right of an allottee is approved by the Secretary.
  - (C) APPROVAL PERIOD.-
- (i) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall approve or disapprove the Tribal water code or an amendment to the Tribal water code by not later than 180 days after the date on which the Tribal water code or amendment to the Tribal water code is submitted to the Secretary.
- (ii) EXTENSIONS.—The deadline described in clause (i) may be extended by the Secretary. after consultation with the Fort Belknap Indian Community.
- (h) Administration.-
- (1) NO ALIENATION.—The Fort Belknap Indian Community shall not permanently alienate any portion of the Tribal water rights.
- (2) PURCHASES OR GRANTS OF LAND FROM IN-DIANS.—An authorization provided by this title for the allocation, distribution, leasing, or other arrangement entered into pursuant to this title shall be considered to satisfy any requirement for authorization of the action required by Federal law.
- (3) PROHIBITION ON FORFEITURE.—The nonuse of all or any portion of the Tribal water rights by any water user shall not result in the forfeiture, abandonment, relinquishment, or other loss of all or any portion of the Tribal water rights.
- (i) Effect.—Except as otherwise expressly provided in this section, nothing in this title-
- (1) authorizes any action by an allottee against any individual or entity, or against the Fort Belknap Indian Community, under Federal, State, Tribal, or local law; or
- (2) alters or affects the status of any action brought pursuant to section 1491(a) of title 28, United States Code.
- (j) PICK-SLOAN MISSOURI RIVER BASIN PRO-GRAM POWER RATES.-

- (1) In general.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary, in cooperation with the Secretary of Energy, shall make available the Pick-Sloan Missouri River Basin Program irrigation project pumping power rates to the Fort Belknap Indian Community, the Fort Belknap Indian Irrigation Project, and any projects funded under this title.
- (2) AUTHORIZED PURPOSES.—The power rates made available under paragraph (1) shall be authorized for the purposes of wheeling, administration, and payment of irrigation project pumping power rates, including project use power for gravity power.

### SEC. 5106. EXCHANGE AND TRANSFER OF LAND.

- (a) EXCHANGE OF ELIGIBLE LAND AND STATE
  - (1) Definitions.—In this subsection:
- (A) ELIGIBLE LAND.—The term "eligible land means-
- (i) public lands (as defined in section 103 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1702)) that are administered by the Secretary, acting through the Director of the Bureau of Land Management;
- (ii) land in the National Forest System (as defined in section 11(a) of the Forest and Rangeland Resources Planning Act of 1974 (16 U.S.C. 1609(a)) that is administered by the Secretary of Agriculture, acting through the Chief of the Forest Service.
- (B) SECRETARY CONCERNED.—The term 'Secretary concerned" means, as applicable-
- (i) the Secretary, with respect to the eligible land administered by the Bureau of Land Management; and
- (ii) the Secretary of Agriculture, with respect to eligible land managed by the Forest Service.
- (2) NEGOTIATIONS AUTHORIZED.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary concerned shall offer to enter into negotiations with the State for the purpose of exchanging eligible land described in paragraph (4) for the State land described in paragraph (3).
- (B) REQUIREMENTS.—Any exchange of land made pursuant to this subsection shall be subject to the terms and conditions of this subsection.
  - (C) PRIORITY —
- (i) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out this paragraph, the Secretary and the Secretary of Agriculture shall, during the 5-year period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act, give priority to an exchange of eligible land located within the State for State land.
- (ii) SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE.—The responsibility of the Secretary of Agriculture under clause (i), during the 5-year period described in that clause, shall be limited to negotiating with the State an acceptable package of land in the National Forest System (as defined in section 11(a) of the Forest and Rangeland Resources Planning Act of 1974 (16 U.S.C. 1609(a))).
- (3) STATE LAND.—The Secretary is authorized to accept the following parcels of State land located on and off the Reservation:
  - (A) 717.56 acres in T. 26 N., R. 22 E., sec. 16.
- (B) 707.04 acres in T. 27 N., R. 22 E., sec. 16. (C) 640 acres in T. 27 N., R. 21 E., sec. 36.
- (D) 640 acres in T. 26 N., R. 23 E., sec. 16.
- (E) 640 acres in T. 26 N., R. 23 E., sec. 36.
- (F) 640 acres in T. 26 N., R. 26 E., sec. 16.
- (G) 640 acres in T. 26 N., R. 22 E., sec. 36.
- (H) 640 acres in T. 27 N., R. 23 E., sec. 16. (I) 640 acres in T. 27 N., R. 25 E., sec. 36.
- (J) 640 acres in T. 28 N., R. 22 E., sec. 36.
- (K) 640 acres in T. 28 N., R. 23 E., sec. 16.
- (L) 640 acres in T. 28 N., R. 24 E., sec. 36. (M) 640 acres in T. 28 N., R. 25 E., sec. 16.
- (N) 640 acres in T. 28 N., R. 25 E., sec. 36.
- (O) 640 acres in T. 28 N., R. 26 E., sec. 16.
- (P) 94.96 acres in T. 28 N., R. 26 E., sec. 36, under lease by the Fort Belknap Indian Com-

- munity Council on the date of enactment of this Act, comprised of-
  - (i) 30.68 acres in lot 5;
  - (ii) 26.06 acres in lot 6;
  - (iii) 21.42 acres in lot 7; and
  - (iv) 16.8 acres in lot 8.
- (Q) 652.32 acres in T. 29 N., R. 22 E., sec. 16, excluding the 73.36 acres under lease by individuals who are not members of the Fort Belknap Indian Community, on the date of enactment of this Act.
  - (R) 640 acres in T. 29 N., R. 22 E., sec. 36.
  - (S) 640 acres in T. 29 N., R. 23 E., sec. 16.
  - (T) 640 acres in T. 29 N., R. 24 E., sec. 16. (U) 640 acres in T. 29 N., R. 24 E., sec. 36.
  - (V) 640 acres in T. 29 N., R. 25 E., sec. 16.
  - (W) 640 acres in T. 29 N., R. 25 E., sec. 36. (X) 640 acres in T. 29 N., R. 26 E., sec. 16.
- (Y) 663.22 acres in T. 30 N., R. 22 E., sec. 16, excluding the 58.72 acres under lease by individuals who are not members of the Fort Belknap Indian Community on the date of enactment of this Act.
  - (Z) 640 acres in T. 30 N., R. 22 E., sec. 36.
  - (AA) 640 acres in T. 30 N., R. 23 E., sec. 16.
  - (BB) 640 acres in T. 30 N., R. 23 E., sec. 36. (CC) 640 acres in T. 30 N., R. 24 E., sec. 16.

  - (DD) 640 acres in T. 30 N., R. 24 E., sec. 36.
  - (EE) 640 acres in T. 30 N., R. 25 E., sec. 16. (FF) 275.88 acres in T. 30 N., R. 26 E., sec.
- 36, under lease by the Fort Belknap Indian Community Council on the date of enactment of this Act.
  - (GG) 640 acres in T. 31 N., R. 22 E., sec. 36. (HH) 640 acres in T. 31 N., R. 23 E., sec. 16.
- (II) 640 acres in T. 31 N., R. 23 E., sec. 36. (JJ) 34.04 acres in T. 31 N., R. 26 E., sec. 16, lot 4.
- (KK) 640 acres in T. 25 N., R. 22 E., sec. 16. (4) ELIGIBLE LAND.
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to valid existing rights, the reservation of easements or rights-of-way deemed necessary to be retained by the Secretary concerned, and the requirements of this subsection, the Secretary is authorized and directed to convey to the State any eligible land within the State identified in the negotiations authorized by paragraph (2) and agreed to by the Secretary concerned.
- (B) Exceptions.—The Secretary concerned shall exclude from any conveyance any parcel of eligible land that is-
- (i) included within the National Landscape Conservation System established by section 2002(a) of the Omnibus Public Land Management Act of 2009 (16 U.S.C. 7202(a)), without regard to whether that land has been identified as available for disposal in a land use plan:
  - (ii) designated as wilderness by Congress;
- (iii) within a component of the National Wild and Scenic Rivers System; or
- (iv) designated in the Forest Land and Resource Management Plan as a Research Natural Area.
- (C) ADMINISTRATIVE RESPONSIBILITY.—The Secretary shall be responsible for meeting all substantive and any procedural requirements necessary to complete the exchange and the conveyance of the eligible land.
- (5) LAND INTO TRUST.—On completion of the land exchange authorized by this subsection, the Secretary shall, as soon as practicable after the enforceability date, take the land received by the United States pursuant to this subsection into trust for the benefit of the Fort Belknap Indian Community.
  - (6) TERMS AND CONDITIONS.-
- (A) EQUAL VALUE.—The values of the eligible land and State land exchanged under this subsection shall be equal, except that the Secretary concerned may-
- (i) exchange land that is of approximately equal value if such an exchange complies with the requirements of section 206(h) of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1716(h)) (and any regulations

implementing that section) without regard to the monetary limitation described in paragraph (1)(A) of that section; and

- (ii) make or accept an equalization payment, or waive an equalization payment, if such a payment or waiver of a payment complies with the requirements of section 206(b) of that Act (43 U.S.C. 1716(b)) (and any regulations implementing that section).
- (B) IMPACTS ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS.—In identifying eligible land to be exchanged with the State, the Secretary concerned and the State may-
- (i) consider the financial impacts of exchanging specific eligible land on local governments; and
- (ii) attempt to minimize the financial impact of the exchange on local governments.
- (C) EXISTING AUTHORIZATIONS.
- (i) ELIGIBLE LAND CONVEYED TO THE STATE.
- (I) IN GENERAL.—Any eligible land conveyed to the State under this subsection shall be subject to any valid existing rights, contracts, leases, permits, and rights-of-way, unless the holder of the right, contract, lease, permit, or right-of-way requests an earlier termination in accordance with existing law.
- (II) ASSUMPTION BY STATE —The State shall assume all benefits and obligations of the Forest Service or the Bureau of Land Management, as applicable, under the existing rights, contracts, leases, permits, and rightsof-way described in subclause (I).
- (ii) STATE LAND CONVEYED TO THE UNITED STATES -
- (I) IN GENERAL.—Any State land conveyed to the United States under this subsection and taken into trust for the benefit of the Fort Belknap Indian Community subject shall be to any valid existing rights, contracts, leases, permits, and rights-of-way, unless the holder of the right, contract, lease, permit, or right-of-way requests an earlier termination in accordance with existing law.
- (II) ASSUMPTION BY BUREAU OF INDIAN AF-FAIRS.—The Bureau of Indian Affairs shall—
- (aa) assume all benefits and obligations of the State under the existing rights, contracts, leases, permits, and rights-of-way described in subclause (I); and
- (bb) disburse to the Fort Belknap Indian Community any amounts that accrue to the United States from those rights, contracts, leases, permits, and rights-of-way, after the date of transfer from any sale, bonus, royalty, or rental relating to that land in the same manner as amounts received from other land held by the Secretary in trust for the benefit of the Fort Belknap Indian Community
  - (D) PERSONAL PROPERTY.—
- (i) In general.—Any improvements constituting personal property, as defined by State law, belonging to the holder of a right, contract, lease, permit, or right-of-way on land transferred to the United States under this subsection shall-
- (I) remain the property of the holder; and (II) be removed not later than 90 days after the date on which the right, contract, lease,
- permit, or right-of-way expires, unless the Fort Belknap Indian Community and the holder agree otherwise.
- (ii) REMAINING PROPERTY.—Any personal property described in clause (i) remaining with the holder described in that clause beyond the 90-day period described in subclause (II) of that clause shall-
- (I) become the property of the Fort Belknap Indian Community; and
- (II) be subject to removal and disposition at the discretion of the Fort Belknap Indian Community.
- (iii) LIABILITY OF PREVIOUS HOLDER.—The holder of personal property described in

- clause (i) shall be liable for costs incurred by the Fort Belknap Indian Community in removing and disposing of the personal property under clause (ii)(II).
- TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS.—Notwithstanding the descriptions of the parcels of land owned by the State under paragraph (3), the State may, with the consent of the Fort Belknap Indian Community, make technical corrections to the legal land descriptions to more specifically identify the State parcels to be exchanged.
- (8) Assistance.—The Secretary shall provide \$10,000,000 of financial or other assistance to the State and the Fort Belknan Indian Community as may be necessary to obtain the appraisals, and to satisfy administrative requirements, necessary to accomplish the exchanges under paragraph (2).
  - (b) FEDERAL LAND TRANSFERS -
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to valid existing rights and the requirements of this subsection, all right, title, and interest of the United States in and to the land described in paragraph (2) shall be held by the United States in trust for the benefit of the Fort Belknap Indian Community as part of the Reservation on the enforceability date.
  - (2) FEDERAL LAND.-
- (A) BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT PAR-CELS.
- (i) 59.46 acres in T. 25 N., R. 22 E., sec. 4, comprised of-
- (I) 19.55 acres in lot 10;
- (II) 19.82 acres in lot 11; and
- (III) 20.09 acres in lot 16.
- (ii) 324.24 acres in the N½ of T. 25 N., R. 22 E., sec. 5.
- (iii) 403.56 acres in T. 25 N., R. 22 E., sec. 9, comprised of-
- (I) 20.39 acres in lot 2;
- (II) 20.72 acres in lot 7;
- (III) 21.06 acres in lot 8;
- (IV) 40.00 acres in lot 9;
- (V) 40.00 acres in lot 10; (VI) 40.00 acres in lot 11;
- (VII) 40.00 acres in lot 12;
- (VIII) 21.39 acres in lot 13; and
- (IX) 160 acres in SW1/4.
- (iv) 70.63 acres in T. 25 N., R. 22 E., sec. 13, comprised of-
  - (I) 18.06 acres in lot 5;
  - (II) 18.25 acres in lot 6;
  - (III) 18.44 acres in lot 7; and (IV) 15.88 acres in lot 8.
- (v) 71.12 acres in T. 25 N., R. 22 E., sec. 14, comprised of-
- (I) 17.65 acres in lot 5;
- (II) 17.73 acres in lot 6:
- (III) 17.83 acres in lot 7; and
- (IV) 17.91 acres in lot 8.
- (vi) 103.29 acres in T. 25 N., R. 22 E., sec. 15, comprised of-
- (I) 21.56 acres in lot 6:
- (II) 29.50 acres in lot 7:
- (III) 17.28 acres in lot 8:
- (IV) 17.41 acres in lot 9; and
- (V) 17.54 acres in lot 10. (vii) 160 acres in T. 26 N., R. 21 E., sec. 1, comprised of-
- (I) 80 acres in the S1/2 of the NW1/4; and (II) 80 acres in the  $W^{1/2}$  of the  $SW^{1/4}$ .
- (viii) 567.50 acres in T. 26 N., R. 21 E., sec. 2, comprised of-
  - (I) 82.54 acres in the  $E\frac{1}{2}$  of the  $NW\frac{1}{4}$ ;
  - (II) 164.96 acres in the NE1/4; and
- (III) 320 acres in the  $S^{1/2}$ .
- (ix) 240 acres in T. 26 N., R. 21 E., sec. 3, comprised of-
- (I) 40 acres in the SE1/4 of the NW1/4;
- (II) 160 acres in the SW1/4; and
- (III) 40 acres in the SW1/4 of the SE1/4.
- (x) 120 acres in T. 26 N., R. 21 E., sec. 4, comprised of-
- (I) 80 acres in the E½ of the SE¼; and
- (II) 40 acres in the NW1/4 of the SE1/4.
- (xi) 200 acres in T. 26 N., R. 21 E., sec. 5, comprised of-

- (I) 160 acres in the SW1/4; and
- (II) 40 acres in the SW1/4 of the NW1/4.
- (xii) 40 acres in the SE1/4 of the SE1/4 of T. 26 N., R. 21 E., sec. 6.
- (xiii) 240 acres in T. 26 N., R. 21 E., sec. 8. comprised of-
  - (I) 40 acres in the NE1/4 of the SW1/4;
  - (II) 160 acres in the NW1/4; and
- (III) 40 acres in the NW1/4 of the SE1/4.
- (xiv) 320 acres in the E½ of T. 26 N. R. 21 E., sec. 9.
- (xv) 640 acres in T. 26 N., R. 21 E., sec. 10. (xvi) 600 acres in T. 26 N., R. 21 E., sec. 11, comprised of-
  - (I) 320 acres in the  $N\frac{1}{2}$ ;
  - (II) 80 acres in the N½ of the SE¼;
  - (III) 160 acres in the SW1/4; and
- (IV) 40 acres in the SW1/4 of the SE1/4. (xvii) 525.81 acres in T. 26 N., R. 22 E., sec.
- 21, comprised of-
  - (I) 6.62 acres in lot 1; (II) 5.70 acres in lot 2;
  - (III) 56.61 acres in lot 5;
  - (IV) 56.88 acres in lot 6;
  - (V) 320 acres in the W½; and
  - (VI) 80 acres in the W1/2 of the SE1/4.
- (xviii) 719.58 acres in T. 26 N., R. 22 E., sec.
- (xix) 560 acres in T. 26 N., R. 22 E., sec. 29. comprised of-
  - (I) 320 acres in the  $N^{1/2}$ :
  - (II) 160 acres in the  $N\frac{1}{2}$  of the  $S\frac{1}{2}$ ; and
- (III) 80 acres in the S½ of the SE¼.
- (xx) 400 acres in T. 26 N., R. 22 E., sec. 32, comprised of-
  - (I) 320 acres in the S1/2; and
- (II) 80 acres in the  $S^{1/2}$  of the  $NW^{1/4}$ .
- (xxi) 455.51 acres in T. 26 N., R. 22 E., sec. 33, comprised of-
- (I) 58.25 acres in lot 3;
- (II) 58.5 acres in lot 4;
- (III) 58.76 acres in lot 5;
- (IV) 40 acres in the NW1/4 of the NE1/4;
- (V) 160 acres in the SW1/4; and
- (VI) 80 acres in the W1/2 of the SE1/4.
- (xxii) 88.71 acres in T. 27 N., R. 21 E., sec. 1, comprised of-
- (I) 24.36 acres in lot 1;
- (II) 24.35 acres in lot 2; and
- (III) 40 acres in the SW1/4 of the SW1/4.
- (xxiii) 80 acres in T. 27 N., R. 21 E., sec. 3, comprised of-
- (I) 40 acres in lot 11; and
- (II) 40 acres in lot 12.
- (xxiv) 80 acres in T. 27 N., R. 21 E., sec. 11, comprised of-
  - (I) 40 acres in the NW1/4 of the SW1/4; and
  - (II) 40 acres in the SW1/4 of the NW1/4.
- (xxv) 200 acres in T. 27 N., R. 21 E., sec. 12, comprised of-
- (I) 80 acres in the  $E^{1/2}$  of the  $SW^{1/4}$ ;
- (II) 40 acres in the NW1/4 of the NW1/4; and (III) 80 acres in the S½ of the NW4.
- (xxvi) 40 acres in the SE½ of the NE¼ of T. 27 N., R. 21 E., sec. 23.
- (xxvii) 320 acres in T. 27 N., R. 21 E., sec. 24, comprised of-
- (I) 80 acres in the E½ of the NW¼:
- (II) 160 acres in the NE<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>;
- (III) 40 acres in the NE1/4 of the SE1/4; and (IV) 40 acres in the SW1/4 of the SW1/4.
- (xxviii) 120 acres in T. 27 N., R. 21 E., sec. 25, comprised of-
- (I) 80 acres in the S1/2 of the NE1/4; and
- (II) 40 acres in the SE1/4 of the NW1/4.
- (xxix) 40 acres in the NE1/4 of the SE1/4 of T. 27 N., R. 21 E., sec. 26.
- (xxx) 160 acres in the NW1/4 of T. 27 N., R. 21 E., sec. 27.
- (xxxi) 40 acres in the SW1/4 of the SW1/4 of T. 27 N., R. 21 E., sec. 29.
- (xxxii) 40 acres in the SW1/4 of the NE1/4 of T. 27 N., R. 21 E., sec 30.
- (xxxiii) 120 acres in T. 27 N., R. 21 E., sec. 33, comprised of-
  - (I) 40 acres in the SE1/4 of the NE1/4; and
- (II) 80 acres in the N½ of the SE¼.

- (xxxiv) 440 acres in T. 27 N., R. 21 E., sec. 34, comprised of—
  - (I) 160 acres in the  $N^{1/2}$  of the  $S^{1/2}$ ;
  - (II) 160 acres in the NE1/4;
- (III) 80 acres in the  $S\frac{1}{2}$  of the  $NW\frac{1}{4}$ ; and
- (IV) 40 acres in the SE $\frac{1}{4}$  of the SE $\frac{1}{4}$ .
- (xxxv) 133.44 acres in T. 27 N., R. 22 E., sec.
- 4, comprised of—
  - (I) 28.09 acres in lot 5;
  - (II) 25.35 acres in lot 6:
  - (III) 40 acres in lot 10; and
  - (IV) 40 acres in lot 15.
- (xxxvi) 160 acres in T. 27 N., R. 22 E., sec. 7, comprised of—
- (I) 40 acres in the NE¼ of the NE¼;
- (II) 40 acres in the NW $^{1}$ 4 of the SW $^{1}$ 4; and (III) 80 acres in the W $^{1}$ 2 of the NW $^{1}$ 4.
- (xxxvii) 120 acres in T. 27 N., R. 22 E., sec. 8, comprised of—
  - (I) 80 acres in the E1/2 of the NW1/4; and
  - (II) 40 acres in the NE1/4 of the SW1/4.
- (xxxviii) 40 acres in the SW½ of the NW½ of T. 27 N., R. 22 E., sec. 9.
- (xxxix) 40 acres in the NE½ of the SW¼ of T. 27 N., R. 22 E., sec. 17.
- (xl) 40 acres in the NW $^{1}/_{4}$  of the NW $^{1}/_{4}$  of T. 27 N., R. 22 E., sec. 19.
- (xli) 40 acres in the SE $^1\!\!/_4$  of the NW $^1\!\!/_4$  of T. 27 N., R22 E., sec. 20.
- (xlii) 80 acres in the W½ of the SE¼ of T. 27 N., R. 22 E., sec. 31.
- (xliii) 52.36 acres in the SE½ of the SE¼ of T. 27 N., R. 22 E., sec. 33.
- (xliv) 40 acres in the NE $\frac{1}{4}$  of the SW $\frac{1}{4}$  of T. 28 N., R. 22 E., sec. 29.
- (xlv) 40 acres in the NE<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of the NE<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> of T. 26 N., R. 21 E., sec. 7.
- (xlvi) 40 acres in the SW½ of the NW¼ of T. 26 N., R. 21 E., sec. 12.
- (xlvii) 42.38 acres in the NW $^{1}$ /4 of the NE $^{1}$ /4 of T. 26 N., R. 22 E., sec. 6.
- (xlviii) 320 acres in the E½ of T. 26 N., R. 22 E., sec. 17.
- (xlix) 80 acres in the  $E^{1/2}$  of the NE $^{1/4}$  of T. 26 N., R. 22 E., sec. 20.
- (1) 240 acres in T. 26 N., R. 22 E., sec. 30, comprised of—
- (I) 80 acres in the  $E^{1/2}$  of the  $NE^{1/4}$ ;
- (II) 80 acres in the  $N\frac{1}{2}$  of the  $SE\frac{1}{4}$ ;
- (III) 40 acres in the SE1/4 of the NW1/4; and
- (IV) 40 acres in the SW1/4 of the NE1/4.
- (B) BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS.—The parcels of approximately 3,519.3 acres of trust land that have been converted to fee land, judicially foreclosed on, acquired by the Department of Agriculture, and transferred to the Bureau of Indian Affairs, described in clauses (i) through (iii).
- (i) PARCEL 1.—The land described in this clause is 640 acres in T. 29 N., R. 26 E., comprised of—
  - (I) 160 acres in the SW½ of sec. 27;
- (II) 160 acres in the NE1/4 of sec. 33; and
- (III) 320 acres in the  $W^{1/2}$  of sec. 34.
- (ii) PARCEL 2.—The land described in this clause is 320 acres in the  $N\frac{1}{2}$  of T. 30 N., R. 23 E., sec. 28.
- (iii) PARCEL 3.—The land described in this clause is 2,559.3 acres, comprised of—
- (I) T. 28 N., R. 24 E., including-
- (aa) of sec. 16-
- (AA) 5 acres in the E½, W½, E½, W½, W½, NE¼; NE¼;
- (BB) 10 acres in the E½, E½, W½, W½, NE½, NE½,
  - (CC) 40 acres in the  $E^{1/2}$ ,  $W^{1/2}$ ,  $NE^{1/4}$ ;
  - (DD) 40 acres in the  $W\frac{1}{2}$ ,  $E\frac{1}{2}$ ,  $NE\frac{1}{4}$ ;
- (EE) 20 acres in the W½, E½, E½, NE¼; (FF) 5 acres in the W½, W½, E½, E½, E½, E½.
- (FF) 5 acres in the W½, W½, E½, E½, E½, NE½, NE½; and
  - (GG) 160 acres in the SE1/4;
- (bb) 640 acres in sec. 21;
- (cc) 320 acres in the  $S\frac{1}{2}$  of sec. 22; and
- (dd) 320 acres in the  $W\frac{1}{2}$  of sec. 27;
- (II) T. 29 N., R. 25 E., PMM, including—(aa) 320 acres in the  $S\frac{1}{2}$  of sec. 1; and
- (bb) 320 acres in the  $N\frac{1}{2}$  of sec. 12;

- (III) 39.9 acres in T. 29 N., R. 26 E., PMM, sec. 6, lot 2;
- (IV) T. 30 N., R. 26 E., PMM, including—
- (aa) 39.4 acres in sec. 3, lot 2;
- (bb) 40 acres in the SW1/4 of the SW1/4 of sec.
- (cc) 80 acres in the  $E\frac{1}{2}$  of the  $SE\frac{1}{4}$  of sec.
- (dd) 80 acres in the  $S\frac{1}{2}$  of the  $SE\frac{1}{4}$  of sec. 7; and
- (ee) 40 acres in the N½, N½, NE¼ of sec. 18; and
- (V) 40 acres in T. 31 N., R. 26 E., PMM, the  $NW^{1}_{4}$  of the  $SE^{1}_{4}$  of sec. 31.
  - (3) Terms and conditions —
  - (A) EXISTING AUTHORIZATIONS.—
- (i) IN GENERAL.—Federal land transferred under this subsection shall be conveyed and taken into trust subject to valid existing rights, contracts, leases, permits, and rights-of-way, unless the holder of the right, contract, lease, permit, and rights-of-way requests an earlier termination in accordance with existing law.
- (ii) ASSUMPTION BY BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS.—The Bureau of Indian Affairs shall—
- (I) assume all benefits and obligations of the previous land management agency under the existing rights, contracts, leases, permits, and rights-of-way described in clause (i); and
- (II) disburse to the Fort Belknap Indian Community any amounts that accrue to the United States from those rights, contracts, leases, permits, and rights-of-ways after the date of transfer from any sale, bonus, royalty, or rental relating to that land in the same manner as amounts received from other land held by the Secretary in trust for the Fort Belknap Indian Community.
  - (B) Personal Property.—
- (i) IN GENERAL.—Any improvements constituting personal property, as defined by State law, belonging to the holder of a right, contract, lease, permit, or right-of-way on land transferred under this subsection shall—
- (I) remain the property of the holder; and
- (II) be removed from the land not later than 90 days after the date on which the right, contract, lease, permit, or right-ofway expires, unless the Fort Belknap Indian Community and the holder agree otherwise.
- (ii) REMAINING PROPERTY.—Any personal property described in clause (i) remaining with the holder described in that clause beyond the 90-day period described in subclause (II) of that clause shall—
- (I) become the property of the Fort Belknap Indian Community; and
- (II) be subject to removal and disposition at the discretion of the Fort Belknap Indian Community.
- (iii) LIABILITY OF PREVIOUS HOLDER.—The holder of personal property described in clause (i) shall be liable to the Fort Belknap Indian Community for costs incurred by the Fort Belknap Indian Community in removing and disposing of the property under clause (ii)(II).
- (C) EXISTING ROADS.—If any road within the Federal land transferred under this subsection is necessary for customary access to private land, the Bureau of Indian Affairs shall offer the owner of the private land to apply for a right-of-way along the existing road, at the expense of the landowner.
- (D) LIMITATION ON THE TRANSFER OF WATER RIGHTS.—Water rights that transfer with the land described in paragraph (2) shall not become part of the Tribal water rights, unless those rights are recognized and ratified in the Compact.
  - (4) WITHDRAWAL OF FEDERAL LAND.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to valid existing rights, effective on the date of enactment of this Act, all Federal land within the parcels described in paragraph (2) is withdrawn from all forms of—

- (i) entry, appropriation, or disposal under the public land laws;
- (ii) location, entry, and patent under the mining laws; and
- (iii) disposition under all laws pertaining to mineral and geothermal leasing or mineral materials.
- (B) EXPIRATION.—The withdrawals pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall terminate on the date that the Secretary takes the land into trust for the benefit of the Fort Belknap Indian Community pursuant to paragraph (1).
- (C) No NEW RESERVATION OF FEDERAL WATER RIGHTS.—Nothing in this paragraph establishes a new reservation in favor of the United States or the Fort Belknap Indian Community with respect to any water or water right on the land withdrawn by this paragraph.
- (5) Technical corrections.—Notwithstanding the descriptions of the parcels of Federal land in paragraph (2), the United States may, with the consent of the Fort Belknap Indian Community, make technical corrections to the legal land descriptions to more specifically identify the parcels.
  - (6) Survey.-
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Unless the United States or the Fort Belknap Indian Community request an additional survey for the transferred land or a technical correction is made under paragraph (5), the description of land under this subsection shall be controlling.
- (B) ADDITIONAL SURVEY.—If the United States or the Fort Belknap Indian Community requests an additional survey, that survey shall control the total acreage to be transferred into trust under this subsection.
- (C) ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary shall provide such financial or other assistance as may be necessary—
- (i) to conduct additional surveys under this subsection; and
- (ii) to satisfy administrative requirements necessary to accomplish the land transfers under this subsection.
- (7) DATE OF TRANSFER.—The Secretary shall complete all land transfers under this subsection and shall take the land into trust for the benefit of the Fort Belknap Indian Community as expeditiously as practicable after the enforceability date, but not later than 10 years after the enforceability date
- (c) TRIBALLY OWNED FEE LAND.—Not later than 10 years after the enforceability date, the Secretary shall take into trust for the benefit of the Fort Belknap Indian Community all fee land owned by the Fort Belknap Indian Community on or adjacent to the Reservation to become part of the Reservation, provided that—
- (1) the land is free from any liens, encumbrances, or other infirmities; and
- (2) no evidence exists of any hazardous substances on, or other environmental liability with respect to, the land.
  - (d) Dodson Land.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2), as soon as practicable after the enforceability date, but not later than 10 years after the enforceability date, the Dodson Land described in paragraph (3) shall be taken into trust by the United States for the benefit of the Fort Belknap Indian Community as part of the Reservation.
- (2) RESTRICTIONS.—The land taken into trust under paragraph (1) shall be subject to a perpetual easement, reserved by the United States for use by the Bureau of Reclamation, its contractors, and its assigns for—
- (A) the right of ingress and egress for Milk River Project purposes; and
  - (B) the right to—
- (i) seep, flood, and overflow the transferred land for Milk River Project purposes;

- (ii) conduct routine and non-routine operation, maintenance, and replacement activities on the Milk River Project facilities, including modification to the headworks at the upstream end of the Dodson South Canal in support of Dodson South Canal enlargement, to include all associated access, construction, and material storage necessary to complete those activities; and
- (iii) prohibit the construction of permanent structures on the transferred land, except—
- (I) as provided in the cooperative agreement under paragraph (4); and
- (II) to meet the requirements of the Milk River Project.
  - (3) Description of dodson land.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Dodson Land referred to in paragraphs (1) and (2) is the approximately 2,500 acres of land owned by the United States that is, as of the date of enactment of this Act, under the jurisdiction of the Bureau of Reclamation and located at the northeastern corner of the Reservation (which extends to the point in the middle of the main channel of the Milk River), where the Milk River Project facilities, including the Dodson Diversion Dam, headworks to the Dodson South Canal, and Dodson South Canal, are located, and more particularly described as follows:
- (i) Supplemental Plat of T. 30 N., R. 26 E., PMM, secs. 1 and 2.
- (ii) Supplemental Plat of T. 31 N., R. 25 E., PMM, sec. 13.
- (iii) Supplemental Plat of T. 31 N., R. 26 E., PMM, secs. 18, 19, 20, and 29.
- (iv) Supplemental Plat of T. 31 N., R. 26 E., PMM, secs. 26, 27, 35, and 36.
- (B) CLARIFICATION.—The supplemental plats described in clauses (i) through (iv) of subparagraph (A) are official plats, as documented by retracement boundary surveys of the General Land Office, approved on March 11, 1938, and on record at the Bureau of Land Management.
- (C) TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS.—Notwithstanding the descriptions of the parcels of Federal land in subparagraph (A), the United States may, with the consent of the Fort Belknap Indian Community, make technical corrections to the legal land descriptions to more specifically identify the parcels to be transferred.
- (4) COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT.—Not later than 3 years after the enforceability date, the Bureau of Reclamation, the Malta Irrigation District, the Bureau of Indian Affairs, and the Fort Belknap Indian Community shall negotiate and enter into a cooperative agreement that identifies the uses to which the Fort Belknap Indian Community may put the land described in paragraph (3), provided that the cooperative agreement may be amended by mutual agreement of the Fort Belknap Indian Community, Bureau of Reclamation, the Malta Irrigation District, and the Bureau of Indian Affairs, including to modify the perpetual easement to narrow the boundaries of the easement or to terminate the perpetual easement and cooperative agreement.
- (e) LAND STATUS.—All land held in trust by the United States for the benefit of the Fort Belknap Indian Community under this section shall be—
- (1) beneficially owned by the Fort Belknap Indian Community; and
- (2) part of the Reservation and administered in accordance with the laws and regulations generally applicable to land held in trust by the United States for the benefit of an Indian Tribe.
- (f) GAMING PROHIBITED.—All land held in trust by the United States for the benefit of the Fort Belknap Indian Community under this section shall not be used for any class II gaming or class III gaming under the Indian

Gaming Regulatory Act (25 U.S.C. 2701 et seq.) (as those terms are defined in section 4 of that Act (25 U.S.C. 2703)).

### SEC. 5107. STORAGE ALLOCATION FROM LAKE ELWELL.

- (a) STORAGE ALLOCATION OF WATER TO FORT BELKNAP INDIAN COMMUNITY.—The Secretary shall allocate to the Fort Belknap Indian Community 20,000 acre-feet per year of water stored in Lake Elwell for use by the Fort Belknap Indian Community for any beneficial purpose on or off the Reservation, under a water right held by the United States and managed by the Bureau of Reclamation for the benefit of the Fort Belknap Indian Community, as measured and diverted at the outlet works of the Tiber Dam or through direct pumping from Lake Elwell.
  - (b) TREATMENT.
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The allocation to the Fort Belknap Indian Community under subsection (a) shall be considered to be part of the Tribal water rights.
- (2) PRIORITY DATE.—The priority date of the allocation to the Fort Belknap Indian Community under subsection (a) shall be the priority date of the Lake Elwell water right held by the Bureau of Reclamation.
- (3) ADMINISTRATION.—The Fort Belknap Indian Community shall administer the water allocated under subsection (a) in accordance with the Compact and this title.
  - (c) Allocation Agreement.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—As a condition of receiving the allocation under this section, the Fort Belknap Indian Community shall enter into an agreement with the Secretary to establish the terms and conditions of the allocation, in accordance with the Compact and this title.
- (2) INCLUSIONS.—The agreement under paragraph (1) shall include provisions establishing that—
- (A) the agreement shall be without limit as to term:
- (B) the Fort Belknap Indian Community, and not the United States, shall be entitled to all consideration due to the Fort Belknap Indian Community under any lease, contract, exchange, or agreement entered into by the Fort Belknap Indian Community pursuant to subsection (d);
- (C) the United States shall have no obligation to monitor, administer, or account for—
- (i) any funds received by the Fort Belknap Indian Community as consideration under any lease, contract, exchange, or agreement entered into by the Fort Belknap Indian Community pursuant to subsection (d): or
  - (ii) the expenditure of those funds:
- (D) if the capacity or function of Lake Elwell facilities are significantly reduced, or are anticipated to be significantly reduced, for an extended period of time, the Fort Belknap Indian Community shall have the same storage rights as other storage contractors with respect to the allocation under this section:
- (E) the costs associated with the construction of the storage facilities at Tiber Dam allocable to the Fort Belknap Indian Community shall be nonreimbursable:
- (F) no water service capital charge shall be due or payable for any water allocated to the Fort Belknap Indian Community under this section or the allocation agreement, regardless of whether that water is delivered for use by the Fort Belknap Indian Community or under a lease, contract, exchange, or by agreement entered into by the Fort Belknap Indian Community pursuant to subsection (d):
- (G) the Fort Belknap Indian Community shall not be required to make payments to the United States for any water allocated to the Fort Belknap Indian Community under this section or the allocation agreement, except for each acre-foot of stored water leased

- or transferred for industrial purposes as described in subparagraph (H); and
- (H) for each acre-foot of stored water leased or transferred by the Fort Belknap Indian Community for industrial purposes—
- (i) the Fort Belknap Indian Community shall pay annually to the United States an amount necessary to cover the proportional share of the annual operations, maintenance, and replacement costs allocable to the quantity of water leased or transferred by the Fort Belknap Indian Community for industrial purposes; and
- (ii) the annual payments of the Fort Belknap Indian Community shall be reviewed and adjusted, as appropriate, to reflect the actual operations, maintenance, and replacement costs for Tiber Dam.
- (d) ĀGREEMENT BY FORT BELKNAP INDIAN COMMUNITY.—The Fort Belknap Indian Community may use, lease, contract, exchange, or enter into other agreements for the use of the water allocated to the Fort Belknap Indian Community under subsection (a) if—
- (1) the use of water that is the subject of such an agreement occurs within the Missouri River Basin; and
- (2) the agreement does not permanently alienate any water allocated to the Fort Belknap Indian Community under that subsection.
- (e) Effective Date.—The allocation under subsection (a) takes effect on the enforceability date.
- (f) No Carryover Storage.—The allocation under subsection (a) shall not be increased by any year-to-year carryover storage.
- (g) DEVELOPMENT AND DELIVERY COSTS.— The United States shall not be required to pay the cost of developing or delivering any water allocated under this section.

### SEC. 5108. MILK RIVER PROJECT MITIGATION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—In complete satisfaction of the Milk River Project mitigation requirements provided for in Article VI.B. of the Compact, the Secretary, acting through the Commissioner—
- (1) in cooperation with the State and the Blackfeet Tribe, shall carry out appropriate activities concerning the restoration of the St. Mary Canal and associated facilities, including activities relating to the—
- (A) planning and design to restore the St. Mary Canal and appurtenances to convey 850 cubic-feet per second; and
- (B) rehabilitating, constructing, and repairing of the St. Mary Canal and appurtenances; and
- (2) in cooperation with the State and the Fort Belknap Indian Community, shall carry out appropriate activities concerning the enlargement of Dodson South Canal and associated facilities, including activities relating to the—
- (A) planning and design to enlarge Dodson South Canal and headworks at the upstream end of Dodson South Canal to divert and convey 700 cubic-feet per second; and
- (B) rehabilitating, constructing, and enlarging the Dodson South Canal and headworks at the upstream end of Dodson South Canal to divert and convey 700 cubic-feet per second
- feet per second.
  (b) FUNDING.—The total amount of obligations incurred by the Secretary, prior to any adjustments provided for in section 5114(b), shall not exceed \$300,000,000 to carry out activities described in subsection (c)(1).
- (c) Satisfaction of Mitigation Require-MENT.—Notwithstanding any provision of the Compact, the mitigation required by Article VI.B. of the Compact shall be deemed satisfied if—
- (1) the Secretary has—
- (A) restored the St. Mary Canal and associated facilities to convey 850 cubic-feet per second; and

- (B) enlarged the Dodson South Canal and headworks at the upstream end of Dodson South Canal to divert and convey 700 cubicfeet per second; or
  - (2) the Secretary—
- (A) has expended all of the available funding provided pursuant to section 5114(a)(1)(D) to rehabilitate the St. Mary Canal and enlarge the Dodson South Canal; and
- (B) despite diligent efforts, could not complete the activities described in subsection (a).
- (d) NONREIMBURSABILITY OF COSTS.—The costs to the Secretary of carrying out this section shall be nonreimbursable.

## section shall be nonreimbursable. SEC. 5109. FORT BELKNAP INDIAN IRRIGATION PROJECT SYSTEM.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the availability of appropriations, the Secretary shall rehabilitate, modernize, and expand the Fort Belknap Indian Irrigation Project, as generally described in the document of Natural Resources Consulting Engineers, Inc., entitled "Fort Belknap Indian Community Comprehensive Water Development Plan" and dated February 2019, which shall include—
- (1) planning, studies, and designing of the existing and expanded Milk River unit, including the irrigation system, Pumping Plant, delivery pipe and canal, Fort Belknap Dam and Reservoir, and Peoples Creek Flood Protection Project;
- (2) the rehabilitation, modernization, and construction of the existing Milk River unit; and
- (3) construction of the expanded Milk River unit, including the irrigation system, Pumping Plant, delivery pipe and canal, Fort Belknap Dam and Reservoir, and Peoples Creek Flood Protection Project.
- (b) LEAD AGENCY.—The Bureau of Indian Affairs, in coordination with the Bureau of Reclamation, shall serve as the lead agency with respect to any activities carried out under this section.
- (c) CONSULTATION WITH THE FORT BELKNAP INDIAN COMMUNITY.—The Secretary shall consult with the Fort Belknap Indian Community on appropriate changes to the final design and costs of any activity under this section.
- (d) FUNDING.—The total amount of obligations incurred by the Secretary in carrying out this section, prior to any adjustment provided for in section 5114(b), shall not exceed \$415,832,153.
- (e) Nonreimbursability of Costs.—All costs incurred by the Secretary in carrying out this section shall be nonreimbursable.
- (f) ADMINISTRATION.—The Secretary and the Fort Belknap Indian Community shall negotiate the cost of any oversight activity carried out by the Bureau of Indian Affairs or the Bureau of Reclamation under any agreement entered into under subsection (j), subject to the condition that the total cost for the oversight shall not exceed 3 percent of the total project costs for each project.
- (g) PROJECT MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall facilitate the formation of a project management committee composed of representatives of the Bureau of Indian Affairs, the Bureau of Reclamation, and the Fort Belknap Indian Community—
- (1) to review and make recommendations relating to cost factors, budgets, and implementing the activities for rehabilitating, modernizing, and expanding the Fort Belknap Indian Irrigation Project; and
- (2) to improve management of inherently governmental activities through enhanced communication.
- (h) PROJECT EFFICIENCIES.—If the total cost of planning, studies, design, rehabilitation, modernization, and construction activities relating to the projects described in sub-

- section (a) results in cost savings and is less than the amounts authorized to be obligated, the Secretary, at the request of the Fort Belknap Indian Community, shall deposit those savings in the Fort Belknap Indian Community Water Resources and Water Rights Administration, Operation, and Maintenance Account established under section 5112(b)(2).
- (i) TREATMENT.—Any activities carried out pursuant to this section that result in improvements, additions, or modifications to the Fort Belknap Indian Irrigation Project shall—
- (1) become a part of the Fort Belknap Indian Irrigation Project; and
- (2) be recorded in the inventory of the Secretary relating to the Fort Belknap Indian Irrigation Project.
- (j) APPLICABILITY OF ISDEAA.—At the request of the Fort Belknap Indian Community, and in accordance with the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5301 et seq.), the Secretary shall enter into agreements with the Fort Belknap Indian Community to carry out all or a portion of this section.
  - (k) Effect.—Nothing in this section—
- (1) alters any applicable law under which the Bureau of Indian Affairs collects assessments or carries out the operations and maintenance of the Fort Belknap Indian Irrigation Project; or
- (2) impacts the availability of amounts under section 5114.
- (1) SATISFACTION OF FORT BELKNAP INDIAN IRRIGATION PROJECT SYSTEM REQUIREMENT.—The obligations of the Secretary under subsection (a) shall be deemed satisfied if the Secretary—
- (1) has rehabilitated, modernized, and expanded the Fort Belknap Indian Irrigation Project in accordance with subsection (a); or
- (2)(A) has expended all of the available funding provided pursuant to paragraphs (1)(C) and (2)(A)(iv) of section 5114(a); and
- (B) despite diligent efforts, could not complete the activities described in subsection

### SEC. 5110. SATISFACTION OF CLAIMS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The benefits provided under this title shall be in complete replacement of, complete substitution for, and full satisfaction of any claim of the Fort Belknap Indian Community against the United States that is waived and released by the Fort Belknap Indian Community under section 5111(a).
- (b) Allottees.—The benefits realized by the allottees under this title shall be in complete replacement of, complete substitution for, and full satisfaction of—
- (1) all claims waived and released by the United States (acting as trustee for the allottees) under section 5111(a)(2); and
- (2) any claims of the allottees against the United States similar to the claims described in section 5111(a)(2) that the allottee asserted or could have asserted.

### SEC. 5111. WAIVERS AND RELEASES OF CLAIMS.

(a) IN GENERAL.-

(1) Waiver and release of claims by the FORT BELKNAP INDIAN COMMUNITY AND UNITED STATES AS TRUSTEE FOR THE FORT BELKNAP IN-DIAN COMMUNITY.—Subject to the reservation of rights and retention of claims under subsection (d), as consideration for recognition of the Tribal water rights and other benefits described in the Compact and this title, the Fort Belknap Indian Community, acting on behalf of the Fort Belknap Indian Community and members of the Fort Belknap Indian Community (but not any member of the Fort Belknap Indian Community as an allottee), and the United States, acting as trustee for the Fort Belknap Indian Community and the members of the Fort Belknap Indian

- Community (but not any member of the Fort Belknap Indian Community as an allottee), shall execute a waiver and release of all claims for water rights within the State that the Fort Belknap Indian Community, or the United States acting as trustee for the Fort Belknap Indian Community, asserted or could have asserted in any proceeding, including a State stream adjudication, on or before the enforceability date, except to the extent that such rights are recognized in the Compact and this title.
- (2) WAIVER AND RELEASE OF CLAIMS BY THE UNITED STATES AS TRUSTEE FOR ALLOTTEES.-Subject to the reservation of rights and the retention of claims under subsection (d), as consideration for recognition of the Tribal water rights and other benefits described in the Compact and this title, the United States, acting as trustee for the allottees, shall execute a waiver and release of all claims for water rights within the Reservation that the United States, acting as trustee for the allottees, asserted or could have asserted in any proceeding, including a State stream adjudication, on or before the enforceability date, except to the extent that such rights are recognized in the Compact and this title.
- (3) WAIVER AND RELEASE OF CLAIMS BY THE FORT BELKNAP INDIAN COMMUNITY AGAINST THE UNITED STATES.—Subject to the reservation of rights and retention of claims under subsection (d), the Fort Belknap Indian Community, acting on behalf of the Fort Belknap Indian Community and members of the Fort Belknap Indian Community (but not any member of the Fort Belknap Indian Community as an allottee), shall execute a waiver and release of all claims against the United States (including any agency or employee of the United States)—
- (A) first arising before the enforceability date relating to—
- (i) water rights within the State that the United States, acting as trustee for the Fort Belknap Indian Community, asserted or could have asserted in any proceeding, including a general stream adjudication in the State, except to the extent that such rights are recognized as Tribal water rights under this title:
- (ii) foregone benefits from nontribal use of water, on and off the Reservation (including water from all sources and for all uses);
- (iii) damage, loss, or injury to water, water rights, land, or natural resources due to loss of water or water rights, including damages, losses, or injuries to hunting, fishing, gathering, or cultural rights due to loss of water or water rights, claims relating to interference with, diversion of, or taking of water, or claims relating to a failure to protect, acquire, replace, or develop water, water rights, or water infrastructure) within the State;
- (iv) a failure to establish or provide a municipal rural or industrial water delivery system on the Reservation;
- (v) damage, loss, or injury to water, water rights, land, or natural resources due to construction, operation, and management of the Fort Belknap Indian Irrigation Project and other Federal land and facilities (including damages, losses, or injuries to Tribal fisheries, fish habitat, wildlife, and wildlife habitat):
- (vi) a failure to provide for operation and maintenance, or deferred maintenance, for the Fort Belknap Indian Irrigation Project or any other irrigation system or irrigation project;
- (vii) the litigation of claims relating to any water rights of the Fort Belknap Indian Community in the State;
- (viii) the negotiation, execution, or adoption of the Compact (including appendices) and this title;

- (ix) the taking or acquisition of land or resources of the Fort Belknap Indian Community for the construction or operation of the Fort Belknap Indian Irrigation Project or the Milk River Project; and
- (x) the allocation of water of the Milk River and the St. Mary River (including tributaries) between the United States and Canada pursuant to the International Boundary Waters Treaty of 1909 (36 Stat. 2448); and
- (B) relating to damage, loss, or injury to water, water rights, land, or natural resources due to mining activities in the Little Rockies Mountains prior to the date of trust acquisition, including damages, losses, or injuries to hunting, fishing, gathering, or cultural rights.
- (b) EFFECTIVENESS.—The waivers and releases under subsection (a) shall take effect on the enforceability date.
- (c) OBJECTIONS IN MONTANA WATER COURT.—Nothing in this title or the Compact prohibits the Fort Belknap Indian Community, a member of the Fort Belknap Indian Community, an allottee, or the United States in any capacity from objecting to any claim to a water right filed in any general stream adjudication in the Montana Water Court.
- (d) RESERVATION OF RIGHTS AND RETENTION OF CLAIMS.—Notwithstanding the waivers and releases under subsection (a), the Fort Belknap Indian Community, acting on behalf of the Fort Belknap Indian Community and members of the Fort Belknap Indian Community, and the United States, acting as trustee for the Fort Belknap Indian Community and the allottees shall retain—
- (1) all claims relating to-
- (A) the enforcement of water rights recognized under the Compact, any final court decree relating to those water rights, or this title or to water rights accruing on or after the enforceability date;
- (B) the quality of water under-
- (i) CERCLA, including damages to natural resources:
- (ii) the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300f et seq.);
- 300f et seq.);
  (iii) the Federal Water Pollution Control
  Act (33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq.); and
- (iv) any regulations implementing the Acts described in clauses (i) through (iii);
- (C) damage, loss, or injury to land or natural resources that are—
- (i) not due to loss of water or water rights (including hunting, fishing, gathering, or cultural rights); and
  - (ii) not described in subsection (a)(3); and
- (D) an action to prevent any person or party (as defined in sections 29 and 30 of Article II of the Compact) from interfering with the enjoyment of the Tribal water rights;
- (2) all claims relating to off-Reservation hunting rights, fishing rights, gathering rights, or other rights;
- (3) all claims relating to the right to use and protect water rights acquired after the date of enactment of this Act;
- (4) all claims relating to the allocation of waters of the Milk River and the Milk River Project between the Fort Belknap Indian Community and the Blackfeet Tribe, pursuant to section 3705(e)(3) of the Blackfeet Water Rights Settlement Act (Public Law 114–322; 130 Stat. 1818);
- (5) all claims relating to the enforcement of this title, including the required transfer of land under section 5106; and
- (6) all rights, remedies, privileges, immunities, and powers not specifically waived and released pursuant to this title or the Compact.
- (e) EFFECT OF COMPACT AND ACT.—Nothing in the Compact or this title—
- (1) affects the authority of the Fort Belknap Indian Community to enforce the

- laws of the Fort Belknap Indian Community, including with respect to environmental protections:
- (2) affects the ability of the United States, acting as sovereign, to carry out any activity authorized by law, including—
- (A) the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq.);
- (B) the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300f et seq.);
- (C) CERCLA: and
- (D) any regulations implementing the Acts described in subparagraphs (A) through (C);
- (3) affects the ability of the United States to act as trustee for any other Indian Tribe or an allottee of any other Indian Tribe;
- (4) confers jurisdiction on any State court—
- (A) to interpret Federal law relating to health, safety, or the environment;
- (B) to determine the duties of the United States or any other party under Federal law relating to health, safety, or the environment: or
- (C) to conduct judicial review of any Federal agency action;
- (5) waives any claim of a member of the Fort Belknap Indian Community in an individual capacity that does not derive from a right of the Fort Belknap Indian Community;
- (6) revives any claim adjudicated in the decision in Gros Ventre Tribe v. United States, 469 F.3d 801 (9th Cir. 2006); or
- (7) revives any claim released by an allottee or member of the Fort Belknap Indian Community in the settlement in Cobell v. Salazar, No. 1:96CV01285-JR (D.D.C. 2012).
- (f) ENFORCEABILITY DATE.—The enforceability date shall be the date on which the Secretary publishes in the Federal Register a statement of findings that—
- (1) the eligible members of the Fort Belknap Indian Community have voted to approve this title and the Compact by a majority of votes cast on the day of the vote;
- (2)(A) the Montana Water Court has approved the Compact in a manner from which no further appeal may be taken; or
- (B) if the Montana Water Court is found to lack jurisdiction, the appropriate district court of the United States has approved the Compact as a consent decree from which no further appeal may be taken;
- (3) all of the amounts authorized to be appropriated under section 5114 have been appropriated and deposited in the designated accounts:
- (4) the Secretary and the Fort Belknap Indian Community have executed the allocation agreement described in section 5107(c)(1);
- (5) the State has provided the required funding into the Fort Belknap Indian Community Tribal Irrigation and Other Water Resources Development Account of the Trust Fund pursuant to section 5114(a)(3); and
- (6) the waivers and releases under subsection (a) have been executed by the Fort Belknap Indian Community and the Secretary.
  - (g) TOLLING OF CLAIMS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Each applicable period of limitation and time-based equitable defense relating to a claim described in this section shall be tolled for the period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act and ending on the enforceability date.
- (2) EFFECT OF SUBSECTION.—Nothing in this subsection revives any claim or tolls any period of limitations or time-based equitable defense that expired before the date of enactment of this Act.
  - (h) EXPIRATION.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—This title shall expire in any case in which—
- (A) the amounts authorized to be appropriated by this title have not been made

- available to the Secretary by not later than—
  - (i) January 21, 2035; and
- (ii) such alternative later date as is agreed to by the Fort Belknap Indian Community and the Secretary; or
- (B) the Secretary fails to publish a statement of findings under subsection (f) by not later than—
  - (i) January 21, 2036; and
- (ii) such alternative later date as is agreed to by the Fort Belknap Indian Community and the Secretary, after providing reasonable notice to the State.
- (2) CONSEQUENCES.—If this title expires under paragraph (1)—
- (A) the waivers and releases under subsection (a) shall—
  - (i) expire: and
  - (ii) have no further force or effect:
- (B) the authorization, ratification, confirmation, and execution of the Compact under section 5104 shall no longer be effective:
- (C) any action carried out by the Secretary, and any contract or agreement entered into, pursuant to this title shall be void:
- (D) any unexpended Federal funds appropriated or made available to carry out the activities authorized by this title, together with any interest earned on those funds, and any water rights or contracts to use water and title to other property acquired or constructed with Federal funds appropriated or made available to carry out the activities authorized by this title shall be returned to the Federal Government, unless otherwise agreed to by the Fort Belknap Indian Community and the United States and approved by Congress; and
- (E) except for Federal funds used to acquire or construct property that is returned to the Federal Government under subparagraph (D), the United States shall be entitled to offset any Federal funds made available to carry out this title that were expended or withdrawn, or any funds made available to carry out this title from other Federal authorized sources, together with any interest accrued on those funds, against any claims against the United States—
  - (i) relating to-
- (I) water rights in the State asserted by—
  (aa) the Fort Belknap Indian Community;
  or
- (bb) any user of the Tribal water rights; or (II) any other matter described in subsection (a)(3); or
- (ii) in any future settlement of water rights of the Fort Belknap Indian Community or an allottee.

## SEC. 5112. AANIIH NAKODA SETTLEMENT TRUST FUND.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish a trust fund for the Fort Belknap Indian Community, to be known as the "Aaniiih Nakoda Settlement Trust Fund", to be managed, invested, and distributed by the Secretary and to remain available until expended, withdrawn, or reverted to the general fund of the Treasury, consisting of the amounts deposited in the Trust Fund under subsection (c), together with any investment earnings, including interest, earned on those amounts, for the purpose of carrying out this title.
- (b) ACCOUNTS.—The Secretary shall establish in the Trust Fund the following accounts:
- (1) The Fort Belknap Indian Community Tribal Irrigation and Other Water Resources Development Account.
- (2) The Fort Belknap Indian Community Water Resources and Water Rights Administration, Operation, and Maintenance Account.

- (3) The Fort Belknap Indian Community Clean and Safe Domestic Water and Sewer Systems, and Lake Elwell Project Account.
- (c) Deposits.—The Secretary shall deposit—
- (1) in the Fort Belknap Indian Community Tribal Irrigation and Other Water Resources Development Account established under subsection (b)(1), the amounts made available pursuant to paragraphs (1)(A) and (2)(A)(i) of section 5114(a);
- (2) in the Fort Belknap Indian Community Water Resources and Water Rights Administration, Operation, and Maintenance Account established under subsection (b)(2), the amounts made available pursuant to section 5114(a)(2)(A)(ii): and
- (3) in the Fort Belknap Indian Community Clean and Safe Domestic Water and Sewer Systems, and Lake Elwell Project Account established under subsection (b)(3), the amounts made available pursuant to paragraphs (1)(B) and (2)(A)(iii) of section 5114(a).
  - (d) Management and Interest.—
- (1) Management.—On receipt and deposit of the funds into the accounts in the Trust Fund pursuant to subsection (c), the Secretary shall manage, invest, and distribute all amounts in the Trust Fund in accordance with the investment authority of the Secretary under—
- (A) the first section of the Act of June 24, 1938 (25 U.S.C. 162a);
- (B) the American Indian Trust Fund Management Reform Act of 1994 (25 U.S.C. 4001 et seg.); and
  - (C) this section.
- (2) INVESTMENT EARNINGS.—In addition to the amounts deposited under subsection (c), any investment earnings, including interest, credited to amounts held in the Trust Fund shall be available for use in accordance with subsections (e) and (g).
  - (e) AVAILABILITY OF AMOUNTS .-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Amounts appropriated to, and deposited in, the Trust Fund, including any investment earnings, including interest, earned on those amounts shall be made available—
- (A) to the Fort Belknap Indian Community by the Secretary beginning on the enforceability date; and
- $\left( B\right)$  subject to the uses and restrictions in this section.
- (2) EXCEPTIONS.—Notwith standing paragraph (1)—
- (A) amounts deposited in the Fort Belknap Indian Community Tribal Irrigation and Other Water Resources Development Account established under subsection (b)(1) shall be available to the Fort Belknap Indian Community on the date on which the amounts are deposited for uses described in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of subsection (g)(1);
- (B) amounts deposited in the Fort Belknap Indian Community Water Resources and Water Rights Administration, Operation, and Maintenance Account established under subsection (b)(2) shall be made available to the Fort Belknap Indian Community on the date on which the amounts are deposited and the Fort Belknap Indian Community has satisfied the requirements of section 5111(f)(1), for the uses described in subsection (g)(2)(A); and
- (C) amounts deposited in the Fort Belknap Indian Community Clean and Safe Domestic Water and Sewer Systems, and Lake Elwell Project Account established under subsection (b)(3) shall be available to the Fort Belknap Indian Community on the date on which the amounts are deposited for the uses described in subsection (g)(3)(A).
- (f) WITHDRAWALS.—
- (1) AMERICAN INDIAN TRUST FUND MANAGE-MENT REFORM ACT OF 1994.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Fort Belknap Indian Community may withdraw any portion of the funds in the Trust Fund on approval by the Secretary of a Tribal management plan submitted by the Fort Belknap Indian Community in accordance with the American Indian Trust Fund Management Reform Act of 1994 (25 U.S.C. 4001 et seq.).
- (B) REQUIREMENTS.—In addition to the requirements under the American Indian Trust Fund Management Reform Act of 1994 (25 U.S.C. 4001 et seq.), the Tribal management plan under this paragraph shall require that the Fort Belknap Indian Community spend all amounts withdrawn from the Trust Fund, and any investment earnings accrued through the investments under the Tribal management plan, in accordance with this title.
- (C) ENFORCEMENT.—The Secretary may carry out such judicial and administrative actions as the Secretary determines to be necessary—
- (i) to enforce the Tribal management plan; and
- (ii) to ensure that amounts withdrawn from the Trust Fund by the Fort Belknap Indian Community under this paragraph are used in accordance with this title.
- (2) WITHDRAWALS UNDER EXPENDITURE PLAN.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Fort Belknap Indian Community may submit to the Secretary a request to withdraw funds from the Trust Fund pursuant to an approved expenditure plan.
- (B) REQUIREMENTS.—To be eligible to withdraw funds under an expenditure plan under this paragraph, the Fort Belknap Indian Community shall submit to the Secretary for approval an expenditure plan for any portion of the Trust Fund that the Fort Belknap Indian Community elects to withdraw pursuant to this paragraph, subject to the condition that the funds shall be used for the purposes described in this title.
- (C) INCLUSIONS.—An expenditure plan under this paragraph shall include a description of the manner and purpose for which the amounts proposed to be withdrawn from the Trust Fund will be used by the Fort Belknap Indian Community in accordance with subsections (e) and (g).
- (D) APPROVAL.—On receipt of an expenditure plan under this paragraph, the Secretary shall approve the expenditure plan if the Secretary determines that the expenditure plan—
  - (i) is reasonable; and
- (ii) is consistent with, and will be used for, the purposes of this title.
- (E) ENFORCEMENT.—The Secretary may carry out such judicial and administrative actions as the Secretary determines to be necessary to enforce an expenditure plan under this paragraph to ensure that amounts disbursed under this paragraph are used in accordance with this title.
- (g) USES.—Amounts from the Trust Fund shall be used by the Fort Belknap Indian Community for the following purposes:
- (1) FORT BELKNAP INDIAN COMMUNITY TRIBAL IRRIGATION AND OTHER WATER RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT ACCOUNT.—Amounts in the Fort Belknap Indian Community Tribal Irrigation and Other Water Resources Development Account established under subsection (b)(1) shall be used to pay the cost of activities relating to—
- (A) planning, studies, and design of the Southern Tributary Irrigation Project and the Peoples Creek Irrigation Project, including the Upper Peoples Creek Dam and Reservoir, as generally described in the document of Natural Resources Consulting Engineers, Inc., entitled "Fort Belknap Indian Community Comprehensive Water Development Plan" and dated February 2019;

- (B) environmental compliance;
- (C) construction of the Southern Tributary Irrigation Project and the Peoples Creek Irrigation Project, including the Upper Peoples Creek Dam and Reservoir;
- (D) wetlands restoration and development;(E) stock watering infrastructure; and
- (F) on farm development support and reacquisition of fee lands within the Fort Belknap Indian Irrigation Project and Fort Belknap Indian Community irrigation projects within the Reservation.
- (2) FORT BELKNAP INDIAN COMMUNITY WATER RESOURCES AND WATER RIGHTS ADMINISTRATION, OPERATION, AND MAINTENANCE ACCOUNT.—Amounts in the Fort Belknap Indian Community Water Resources and Water Rights Administration, Operation, and Maintenance Account established under subsection (b)(2), the principal and investment earnings, including interest, may only be used by the Fort Belknap Indian Community to pay the costs of activities described in subparagraphs (A) through (C) as follows:
- (A) \$9,000,000 shall be used for the establishment, operation, and capital expenditures in connection with the administration of the Tribal water resources and water rights development, including the development or enactment of a Tribal water code.
- (B) Only investment earnings, including interest, on \$29,299,059 shall be used and be available to pay the costs of activities for administration, operations, and regulation of the Tribal water resources and water rights department, in accordance with the Compact and this title.
- (C) Only investment earnings, including interest, on \$28,331,693 shall be used and be available to pay the costs of activities relating to a portion of the annual assessment costs for the Fort Belknap Indian Community and Tribal members, including allottees, under the Fort Belknap Indian Irrigation Project and Fort Belknap Indian Community irrigation projects within the Reservation.
- (3) FORT BELKNAP INDIAN COMMUNITY CLEAN AND SAFE DOMESTIC WATER AND SEWER SYSTEMS, AND LAKE ELWELL PROJECT ACCOUNT.—Amounts in the Fort Belknap Indian Community Clean and Safe Domestic Water and Sewer Systems, and Lake Elwell Project Account established under subsection (b)(3), the principal and investment earnings, including interest, may only be used by the Fort Belknap Indian Community to pay the costs of activities relating to—
- (A) planning, studies, design, and environmental compliance of domestic water supply, and sewer collection and treatment systems, as generally described in the document of Natural Resources Consulting Engineers, Inc., entitled "Fort Belknap Indian Community Comprehensive Water Development Plan" and dated February 2019, including the Lake Elwell Project water delivery to the southern part of the Reservation;
- (B) construction of domestic water supply, sewer collection, and treatment systems;
- (C) construction, in accordance with applicable law, of infrastructure for delivery of Lake Elwell water diverted from the Missouri River to the southern part of the Reservation; and
- (D) planning, studies, design, environmental compliance, and construction of a Tribal wellness center for a work force health and well-being project.
- (h) LIABILITY.—The Secretary shall not be liable for any expenditure or investment of amounts withdrawn from the Trust Fund by the Fort Belknap Indian Community pursuant to subsection (f).
- (i) PROJECT EFFICIENCIES.—If the total cost of the activities described in subsection (g) results in cost savings and is less than the amounts authorized to be obligated under

any of paragraphs (1) through (3) of that subsection required to carry out those activities, the Secretary, at the request of the Fort Belknap Indian Community, shall deposit those savings in the Trust Fund to be used in accordance with that subsection.

(j) ANNUAL REPORT.—The Fort Belknap Indian Community shall submit to the Secretary an annual expenditure report describing accomplishments and amounts spent from use of withdrawals under a Tribal management plan or an expenditure plan described in this section.

(k) No PER CAPITA PAYMENTS.—No principal or interest amount in any account established by this section shall be distributed to any member of the Fort Belknap Indian Community on a per capita basis.

(1) EFFECT.—Nothing in this title entitles the Fort Belknap Indian Community to judicial review of a determination of the Secretary regarding whether to approve a Tribal management plan under subsection (f)(1) or an expenditure plan under subsection (f)(2), except as provided under subchapter II of chapter 5, and chapter 7, of title 5, United States Code (commonly known as the "Administrative Procedure Act").

### SEC. 5113. FORT BELKNAP INDIAN COMMUNITY WATER SETTLEMENT IMPLEMENTA-TION FUND.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in the Treasury of the United States a nontrust, interest-bearing account to be known as the "Fort Belknap Indian Community Water Settlement Implementation Fund", to be managed and distributed by the Secretary, for use by the Secretary for carrying out this title.
- (b) ACCOUNTS.—The Secretary shall establish in the Implementation Fund the following accounts:
- (1) The Fort Belknap Indian Irrigation Project System Account.
- (2) The Milk River Project Mitigation Account.
- (c) DEPOSITS.—The Secretary shall deposit—
- (1) in the Fort Belknap Indian Irrigation Project System Account established under subsection (b)(1), the amount made available pursuant to paragraphs (1)(C) and (2)(A)(iv) of section 5114(a); and
- (2) in the Milk River Project Mitigation Account established under subsection (b)(2), the amount made available pursuant to section 5114(a)(1)(D).
  - (d) USES.—
- (1) FORT BELKNAP INDIAN IRRIGATION PROJECT SYSTEM ACCOUNT.—The Fort Belknap Indian Irrigation Project Rehabilitation Account established under subsection (b)(1) shall be used to carry out section 5109, except as provided in subsection (h) of that section
- (2) MILK RIVER PROJECT MITIGATION ACCOUNT.—The Milk River Project Mitigation Account established under subsection (b)(2) may only be used to carry out section 5108.
  - (e) Management.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Amounts in the Implementation Fund shall not be available to the Secretary for expenditure until the enforceability date.
- (2) EXCEPTION.—Notwithstanding paragraph (1), amounts deposited in the Fort Belknap Indian Irrigation Project System Account established under subsection (b)(1) shall be available to the Secretary on the date on which the amounts are deposited for uses described in paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 5109(a).
- (f) INTEREST.—In addition to the deposits under subsection (c), any interest credited to amounts unexpended in the Implementation Fund are authorized to be appropriated to be used in accordance with the uses described in subsection (d).

SEC, 5114, FUNDING.

- (a) Funding.—
- (1) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— Subject to subsection (b), there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary—
- (A) for deposit in the Fort Belknap Indian Community Tribal Irrigation and Other Water Resources Development Account of the Trust Fund established under section 5112(b)(1), \$89,643,100, to be retained until expended, withdrawn, or reverted to the general fund of the Treasury:
- (B) for deposit in the Fort Belknap Indian Community Clean and Safe Domestic Water and Sewer Systems, and Lake Elwell Project Account of the Trust Fund established under section 5112(b)(3), \$331,885,220, to be retained until expended, withdrawn, or reverted to the general fund of the Treasury:
- (C) for deposit in the Fort Belknap Indian Irrigation Project System Account of the Implementation Fund established under section 5113(b)(1), such sums as are necessary, but not more than \$187,124,469, for the Secretary to carry out section 5109, to be retained until expended, withdrawn, or reverted to the general fund of the Treasury; and
- (D) for deposit in the Milk River Project Mitigation Account of the Implementation Fund established under section 5113(b)(2), such sums as are necessary, but not more than \$300,000,000, for the Secretary to carry out obligations of the Secretary under section 5108, to be retained until expended, withdrawn, or reverted to the general fund of the Treasury.
- (2) Mandatory appropriations.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Out of any funds in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the Secretary of the Treasury shall deposit—
- (i) in the Fort Belknap Indian Community Tribal Irrigation and Other Water Resources Development Account of the Trust Fund established under section 5112(b)(1), \$29,881,034, to be retained until expended, withdrawn, or reverted to the general fund of the Treasury;
- (ii) in the Fort Belknap Indian Community Water Resources and Water Rights Administration, Operation, and Maintenance Account of the Trust Fund established under section 5112(b)(2), \$66.630,752:
- (iii) in the Fort Belknap Indian Community Clean and Safe Domestic Water and Sewer Systems, and Lake Elwell Project Account of the Trust Fund established under section 5112(b)(3), \$110,628.407; and
- (iv) in the Fort Belknap Indian Irrigation Project System Account of the Implementation Fund established under section 5113(b)(1), \$228,707,684.
- (B) AVAILABILITY.—Amounts deposited in the accounts under subparagraph (A) shall be available without further appropriation.
- (3) STATE COST SHARE.—The State shall contribute \$5,000,000, plus any earned interest, payable to the Secretary for deposit in the Fort Belknap Indian Community Tribal Irrigation and Other Water Resources Development Account of the Trust Fund established under section 5112(b)(1) on approval of a final decree by the Montana Water Court for the purpose of activities relating to the Upper Peoples Creek Dam and Reservoir under subparagraphs (A) through (C) of section 5112(g)(1).
- (b) FLUCTUATION IN COSTS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The amounts authorized to be appropriated under paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (a) and this subsection shall be—
- (A) increased or decreased, as appropriate, by such amounts as may be justified by reason of ordinary fluctuations in costs occurring after the date of enactment of this Act as indicated by the Bureau of Reclamation Construction Cost Index—Composite Trend; and

- (B) adjusted to address construction cost changes necessary to account for unforeseen market volatility that may not otherwise be captured by engineering cost indices as determined by the Secretary, including repricing applicable to the types of construction and current industry standards involved.
- (2) REPETITION.—The adjustment process under paragraph (1) shall be repeated for each subsequent amount appropriated until the amount authorized to be appropriated under subsection (a), as adjusted, has been appropriated.
  - (3) PERIOD OF INDEXING.-
- (A) TRUST FUND.—With respect to the Trust Fund, the period of indexing adjustment under paragraph (1) for any increment of funding shall end on the date on which the funds are deposited into the Trust Fund.
- (B) IMPLEMENTATION FUND.—With respect to the Implementation Fund, the period of adjustment under paragraph (1) for any increment of funding shall be annually.

### SEC. 5115. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

- (a) WAIVER OF SOVEREIGN IMMUNITY BY THE UNITED STATES.—Except as provided in subsections (a) through (c) of section 208 of the Department of Justice Appropriation Act, 1953 (43 U.S.C. 666), nothing in this title waives the sovereign immunity of the United States.
- (b) OTHER TRIBES NOT ADVERSELY AFFECTED.—Nothing in this title quantifies or diminishes any land or water right, or any claim or entitlement to land or water, of an Indian Tribe, band, or community other than the Fort Belknap Indian Community.
- (c) ELIMINATION OF DEBTS OR LIENS AGAINST ALLOTMENTS OF THE FORT BELKNAP INDIAN COMMUNITY MEMBERS WITHIN THE FORT BELKNAP INDIAN IRRIGATION PROJECT.—On the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall cancel and eliminate all debts or liens against the allotments of land held by the Fort Belknap Indian Community and the members of the Fort Belknap Indian Community due to construction assessments and annual operation and maintenance charges relating to the Fort Belknap Indian Irrigation Project.
- (d) EFFECT ON CURRENT LAW.—Nothing in this title affects any provision of law (including regulations) in effect on the day before the date of enactment of this Act with respect to pre-enforcement review of any Federal environmental enforcement action.
- (e) EFFECT ON RECLAMATION LAWS.—The activities carried out by the Commissioner under this title shall not establish a precedent or impact the authority provided under any other provision of the reclamation laws, including—
- (1) the Reclamation Rural Water Supply Act of 2006 (43 U.S.C. 2401 et seq.); and
- (2) the Omnibus Public Land Management Act of 2009 (Public Law 111-11; 123 Stat. 991).
- (f) ADDITIONAL FUNDING.—Nothing in this title prohibits the Fort Belknap Indian Community from seeking—
- (1) additional funds for Tribal programs or purposes; or
- (2) funding from the United States or the State based on the status of the Fort Belknap Indian Community as an Indian Tribe
- (g) RIGHTS UNDER STATE LAW.—Except as provided in section 1 of Article III of the Compact (relating to the closing of certain water basins in the State to new appropriations in accordance with the laws of the State), nothing in this title or the Compact precludes the acquisition or exercise of a right arising under State law (as defined in section 6 of Article II of the Compact) to the use of water by the Fort Belknap Indian Community, or a member or allottee of the Fort Belknap Indian Community, outside the Reservation by—

- (1) purchase of the right; or
- (2) submitting to the State an application in accordance with State law.
- (h) WATER STORAGE AND IMPORTATION.— Nothing in this title or the Compact prevents the Fort Belknap Indian Community from participating in any project to import water to, or to add storage in, the Milk River Basin.

### SEC. 5116. ANTIDEFICIENCY.

The United States shall not be liable for any failure to carry out any obligation or activity authorized by this title, including any obligation or activity under the Compact, if—

(1) adequate appropriations are not provided by Congress expressly to carry out the purposes of this title; or

(2) there are not enough funds available in the Reclamation Water Settlements Fund established by section 10501(a) of the Omnibus Public Land Management Act of 2009 (43 U.S.C. 407(a)) to carry out the purposes of this title.

## TITLE LII—BLACKFEET TRIBE WASTEWATER FACILITIES

### SEC. 5201. BLACKFEET TRIBE WASTEWATER FA-CILITIES.

There is authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of the Interior \$250,000,000 to plan, design, construct, operate, maintain, and replace community water distribution and wastewater treatment facilities for the Blackfeet Tribe of the Blackfeet Indian Reservation of Montana.

SA 3742. Mr. CRUZ (for himself, Ms. CANTWELL, Mr. SULLIVAN, and Ms. BALDWIN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end, add the following:

### DIVISION E—COAST GUARD AUTHORIZATION ACT OF 2025

### SEC. 5001. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- (a) SHORT TITLE.—This division may be cited as the "Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2025".
- (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for this division is as follows:

## DIVISION E—COAST GUARD AUTHORIZATION ACT OF 2025

Sec. 5001. Short title; table of contents. Sec. 5002. Commandant defined.

### TITLE LI—COAST GUARD

Subtitle A—Authorization of Appropriations

Sec. 5101. Authorization of appropriations.

Sec. 5102. Authorized levels of military strength and training.

### Subtitle B—Acquisition

- Sec. 5111. Modification of prohibition on use of lead systems integrators.
- Sec. 5112. Service life extension programs.
- Sec. 5113. Consideration of life-cycle cost estimates for acquisition and procurement.
- Sec. 5114. Great Lakes icebreaking.
- Sec. 5115. Regular Polar Security Cutter updates.
- Sec. 5116. Floating drydock for United States Coast Guard Yard.

### Subtitle C—Organization and Authorities

Sec. 5131. Modification of treatment of minor construction and improvement project management.

- Sec. 5132. Preparedness plans for Coast Guard properties located in tsunami inundation zones.
- Sec. 5133. Public availability of information. Sec. 5134. Delegation of ports and waterways safety authorities in Saint
- Lawrence Seaway. Sec. 5135. Additional Pribilof Island transition completion actions.
- Sec. 5136. Policy and briefing on availability of naloxone to treat opioid, including fentanyl, overdoses.
- Sec. 5137. Great Lakes and Saint Lawrence River cooperative vessel traffic service.
- Sec. 5138. Policy on methods to reduce incentives for illicit maritime drug trafficking.
- Sec. 5139. Procurement of tactical maritime surveillance systems.
- Sec. 5140. Plan for joint and integrated maritime operational and leadership training for United States Coast Guard and Taiwan Coast Guard Administration.
- Sec. 5141. Modification of authority for special purpose facilities.
- Sec. 5142. Timely reimbursement of damage claims for Coast Guard property.
- Sec. 5143. Enhanced use property pilot program.
- Sec. 5144. Coast Guard property provision.
  Subtitle D—Personnel
- Sec. 5151. Direct hire authority for certain personnel.
- Sec. 5152. Temporary exemption from authorized end strength for enlisted members on active duty in Coast Guard in pay grades E—8 and E—9.
- Sec. 5153. Additional available guidance and considerations for reserve selection boards.
- Sec. 5154. Family leave policies for the Coast Guard.
- Sec. 5155. Authorization for maternity uniform allowance for officers.
- Sec. 5156. Housing.
- Sec. 5157. Uniform funding and management system for morale, well-being, and recreation programs and Coast Guard Exchange.
- Sec. 5158. Coast Guard embedded behavioral health technician program.
- Sec. 5159. Expansion of access to counseling. Sec. 5160. Command sponsorship for dependents of members of Coast Guard assigned to Unalaska. Alaska.
- Sec. 5161. Travel allowance for members of Coast Guard assigned to Alaska
- Sec. 5162. Consolidation of authorities for college student precommissioning initiative.
- Sec. 5163. Tuition Assistance and Advanced Education Assistance Pilot Program
- Sec. 5164. Modifications to career flexibility program.
- Sec. 5165. Recruitment, relocation, and retention incentive program for civilian firefighters employed by Coast Guard in remote locations.
- Sec. 5166. Reinstatement of training course on workings of Congress; Coast Guard Museum.
- Sec. 5167. Modification of designation of Vice Admirals.
- Sec. 5168. Commandant Advisory Judge Advocate.
- Sec. 5169. Special Advisor to Commandant for Tribal and Native Hawaiian affairs.
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Subtitle E-Coast Guard Academy

Sec. 5171. Modification of Board of Visitors.

- Sec. 5172. Study on Coast Guard Academy oversight.
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- Sec. 5175. Report on existing behavioral health and wellness support services facilities at Coast Guard Academy.
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### Subtitle F-Reports

- Sec. 5181. Maritime domain awareness in Coast Guard sector for Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands.
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- Subtitle A—Merchant Mariner Credentials
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### Subtitle B—Vessel Safety

- Sec. 5211. Grossly negligent operations of a vessel.
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- Subtitle C—Matters Involving Uncrewed Systems
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### Subtitle D—Other Matters

- Sec. 5241. Controlled substance onboard vessels.
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- Sec. 5301. Salvage and marine firefighting response capability.
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- sec. 5305. Investment of Exxon Valdez oil
  spill court recovery in high
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- Sec. 5401. Independent review of Coast Guard reforms.
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- Sec. 5403. Consideration of request for transfer of a cadet at the Coast Guard Academy who is the victim of a sexual assault or related offense.
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- Sec. 5407. Modifications to the officer involuntary separation process.
- Sec. 5408. Review of discharge characterization.
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- Sec. 5410. Definition of covered misconduct.
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- Sec. 5412. Complaints of retaliation by victims of sexual assault or sexual harassment and related persons.
- Sec. 5413. Development of policies on military protective orders.

- Sec. 5414. Coast Guard implementation of independent review commission recommendations on addressing sexual assault and sexual harassment in the military.
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- Sec. 5418. Participation in CATCH a Serial Offender program.
- Sec. 5419. Accountability and transparency relating to allegations of misconduct against senior leaders.
- Sec. 5420. Confidential reporting of sexual harassment.
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- Sec. 5422. Review and modification of Coast Guard Academy policy on sexual harassment and sexual violence
- Sec. 5423. Coast Guard and Coast Guard Academy access to defense sexual assault incident database.
- Sec. 5424. Director of Coast Guard Investigative Service.
- Sec. 5425. Modifications and revisions relating to reopening retired grade determinations.
- Sec. 5426. Inclusion and command review of information on covered misconduct in personnel service records.
- Sec. 5427. Flag officer review of, and concurrence in, separation of members who have reported sexual misconduct.
- Sec. 5428. Expedited transfer in cases of sexual misconduct or domestic violence.
  Sec. 5429. Access to temporary separation
- Sec. 5429. Access to temporary separation program for victims of alleged sex-related offenses.
- Sec. 5430. Policy and program to expand prevention of sexual misconduct.
- Sec. 5431. Continuous vetting of security clearances.
- Sec. 5432. Training and education programs for covered misconduct prevention and response.

## TITLE LV—COMPTROLLER GENERAL REPORTS

- Sec. 5501. Comptroller General report on Coast Guard research, development, and innovation program.
- Sec. 5502. Comptroller General study on vessel traffic service center employment, compensation, and retention.
- Sec. 5503. Comptroller General review of quality and availability of Coast Guard behavioral health care and resources for personnel wellness.
- Sec. 5504. Comptroller General study on Coast Guard efforts to reduce prevalence of missing or incomplete medical records and sharing of medical data with Department of Veterans Affairs and other entities.
- Sec. 5505. Comptroller General study on Coast Guard training facility infrastructure.
- Sec. 5506. Comptroller General study on facility and infrastructure needs of Coast Guard stations conducting border security operations.
- Sec. 5507. Comptroller General study on Coast Guard basic allowance for housing.

- Sec. 5508. Comptroller General report on safety and security infrastructure at Coast Guard Academy.
- Sec. 5509. Comptroller General study on athletic coaching at Coast Guard Academy.
- Sec. 5510. Comptroller General study and report on permanent change of station process.

### TITLE LVI—AMENDMENTS

Sec. 5601. Amendments.

## TITLE LVII—NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION

- Subtitle A—National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Commissioned Officer Corps
- Sec. 5701. Title and qualifications of head of National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Commissioned Officer Corps and Office of Marine and Aviation Operations; promotions of flag officers.
- Sec. 5702. National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration vessel fleet.
- Sec. 5703. Cooperative Aviation Centers.
- Sec. 5704. Eligibility of former officers to compete for certain positions.
- Sec. 5705. Alignment of physical disqualification standard for obligated service agreements with standard for veterans' benefits.
- Sec. 5706. Streamlining separation and retirement process.
- Sec. 5707. Separation of ensigns found not fully qualified.
- Sec. 5708. Repeal of limitation on educational assistance.
- Sec. 5709. Disposal of survey and research vessels and equipment of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.

## Subtitle B—South Pacific Tuna Treaty Matters

- Sec. 5721. References to South Pacific Tuna Act of 1988.
- Sec. 5722. Definitions.
- Sec. 5723. Prohibited acts.
- Sec. 5724. Exceptions.
- Sec. 5725. Criminal offenses.
- Sec. 5726. Civil penalties.
- Sec. 5727. Licenses.
- Sec. 5728. Enforcement.
- Sec. 5729. Findings by Secretary of Commerce.
- Sec. 5730. Disclosure of information.
- Sec. 5731. Closed area stowage requirements.
- Sec. 5732. Observers.
- Sec. 5733. Fisheries-related assistance.
- Sec. 5734. Arbitration.
- Sec. 5735. Disposition of fees, penalties, forfeitures, and other moneys.
- Sec. 5736. Additional agreements.
  - Subtitle C—Other Matters
- Sec. 5741. North Pacific Research Board enhancement.

### SEC. 5002. COMMANDANT DEFINED.

In this division, the term "Commandant" means the Commandant of the Coast Guard.

### TITLE LI—COAST GUARD

## Subtitle A—Authorization of Appropriations SEC. 5101. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

Section 4902 of title 14, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1) by striking "fiscal years 2022 and 2023" and inserting "fiscal years 2025 and 2026";
  - (2) in paragraph (1)—
- (A) in subparagraph (A) by striking clauses (i) and (ii) and inserting the following:
- "(i) \$11,287,500,000 for fiscal year 2025; and "(ii) \$11,851,875,000 for fiscal year 2026.";
- (B) in subparagraph (B) by striking "\$23,456,000" and inserting "\$25,570,000"; and

- (C) in subparagraph (C) by striking "\$24,353,000" and inserting "\$26,848,500";
- (3) in paragraph (2)(A) by striking clauses (i) and (ii) and inserting the following:
  - "(i) \$3,627,600,000 for fiscal year 2025; and
  - "(ii) \$3,651,480,000 for fiscal year 2026.";
- (4) in paragraph (3) by striking subparagraphs (A) and (B) and inserting the following:
- "(A) \$15,415,000 for fiscal year 2025; and
- "(B) \$16,185,750 for fiscal year 2026."; and
- (5) by striking paragraph (4) and inserting the following:
- "(4) For retired pay, including the payment of obligations otherwise chargeable to lapsed appropriations for purposes of retired pay, payments under the Retired Serviceman's Family Protection Plan and the Survivor Benefit Plan, payment for career status bonuses, payment of continuation pay under section 356 of title 37, concurrent receipts, combat-related special compensation, and payments for medical care of retired personnel and their dependents under chapter 55 of title 10, \$1,210,840,000 for fiscal year 2025."

## SEC. 5102. AUTHORIZED LEVELS OF MILITARY STRENGTH AND TRAINING.

Section 4904 of title 14, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a) by striking "fiscal years 2022 and 2023" and inserting "fiscal years 2025 and 2026"; and
  - (2) in subsection (b)—
- (A) in paragraph (1) by striking "2,500" and inserting "3,000";
- (B) in paragraph (2) by striking "165" and inserting "200";
- (C) in paragraph (3) by striking "385" and inserting "450"; and
- (D) in paragraph (4) by striking "1,200" and inserting "1,300".

### Subtitle B-Acquisition

## SEC. 5111. MODIFICATION OF PROHIBITION ON USE OF LEAD SYSTEMS INTEGRATORS.

Section 1105 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(c) LEAD SYSTEMS INTEGRATOR DEFINED.— In this section, the term 'lead systems integrator' has the meaning given such term in section 805(c) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2006 (Public Law 109-163)."

### SEC. 5112. SERVICE LIFE EXTENSION PROGRAMS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter II of chapter 11 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

### "§ 1138. Service life extension programs

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—Requirements for a Level 1 or Level 2 acquisition project or program under sections 1131 through 1134 shall not apply to an acquisition by the Coast Guard that is a service life extension program
- "(b) SERVICE LIFE EXTENSION PROGRAM DE-FINED.—In this section, the term 'service life extension program' means a capital investment that is solely intended to extend the service life and address obsolescence of components or systems of a particular capability or asset."
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 11 of such title is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 1137 the following:
- "1138. Service life extension programs."
- (c) MAJOR ACQUISITIONS.—Section 5103 of title 14, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in subsection (a) by striking "major acquisition programs" and inserting "Level 1 Acquisitions or Level 2 Acquisitions";
- (2) in subsection (b) by striking "major acquisition program" and inserting "Level 1 Acquisition or Level 2 Acquisition"; and
- (3) by amending subsection (f) to read as follows:

- "(f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- "(1) LEVEL 1 ACQUISITION.—The term 'Level 1 Acquisition' has the meaning given such term in section 1171.
- "(2) LEVEL 2 ACQUISITION.—The term 'Level 2 Acquisition' has the meaning given such term in section 1171.".
- (d) MAJOR ACQUISITION PROGRAM RISK AS-SESSMENT.—Section 5107 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by striking "section 5103(f)" and inserting "section 1171".

### SEC. 5113. CONSIDERATION OF LIFE-CYCLE COST ESTIMATES FOR ACQUISITION AND PROCUREMENT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter II of chapter 11 of title 14, United States Code, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

### "§ 1139. Consideration of life-cycle cost estimates for acquisition and procurement

"In carrying out the acquisition and procurement of vessels and aircraft, the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating, acting through the Commandant, shall consider the life-cycle cost estimates of vessels and aircraft, as applicable, during the design and evaluation processes to the maximum extent practicable."

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 11 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 1138 (as added by this Act) the following:

"1139. Consideration of life-cycle cost estimates for acquisition and procurement.".

### SEC. 5114. GREAT LAKES ICEBREAKING.

- (a) Great Lakes Icebreaker .-
- (1) STRATEGY.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a strategy detailing how the Coast Guard will complete design and construction of a Great Lakes icebreaker at least as capable as the Coast Guard cutter Mackinaw (WLBB-30) as expeditiously as possible after funding is provided for such icebreaker, including providing a cost estimate and an estimated delivery timeline that would facilitate the expedited delivery detailed in the strategy.
- (2) Great lakes icebreaker pilot program.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—During the 5 ice seasons beginning after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall conduct a pilot program to determine the extent to which the Coast Guard Great Lakes icebreaking cutter fleet is capable of maintaining tier one and tier two waterways open 95 percent of the time during an ice season.
- (B) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the end of each of the 5 ice seasons beginning after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a report that details—
- (i) the results of the pilot program required under subparagraph (A); and
- (ii) any relevant new performance measures implemented by the Coast Guard, including the measures described in pages 5 through 7 of the report of the Coast Guard titled "Domestic Icebreaking Operations" and submitted to Congress on July 26, 2024, as required by section 11212(a)(3) of the Don Young Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2022 (Public Law 117–263), and the results of the implementation of such measures
- (b) Modification to Reporting Requirement Relating to Icebreaking Operations in Great Lakes.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 11213(f) of the Don Young Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2022

(Public Law 117-263) is amended to read as follows:

- "(f) PUBLIC REPORT.—Not later than July 1 after the first winter in which the Commandant has submitted the report required by paragraph (3) of section 11212(a), the Commandant shall publish on a publicly accessible website of the Coast Guard a report on the cost to the Coast Guard of meeting the proposed standards described in paragraph (2) of such section."
- (2) PUBLIC REPORT.—Section 11272(c) of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 is amended by adding at the end the following:
  - (7) Public report.—
- "(A) In GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of the Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2025, the Commandant shall brief the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House or Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate on the cost to the Coast Guard of meeting the requirements of section 564 of title 14, United States Code, in fiscal year 2024.
- "(B) SECONDARY BRIEFINGS.—Not later than November 1, 2025 and November, 1, 2026, the Commandant shall brief the committees described in subparagraph (A) on the cost to the Coast Guard of meeting the requirements of section 564 of title 14, United States Code, in fiscal years 2025 and 2026, respectively."

## SEC. 5115. REGULAR POLAR SECURITY CUTTER UPDATES.

- (a) Report.—
- (1) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant and the Chief of Naval Operations shall submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate, and the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the status of acquisition of Polar Security Cutters.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The report under paragraph (1) shall include—
- (A) a detailed timeline for the acquisition process of Polar Security Cutters, including expected milestones and a projected commissioning date for the first 3 Polar Security Cutters:
- (B) an accounting of the previously appropriated funds spent to date on the Polar Security Cutter Program, updated cost projections for Polar Security Cutters, and projections for when additional funds will be required:
- (C) potential factors and risks that could further delay or imperil the completion of Polar Security Cutters; and
- (D) a review of the acquisition of Polar Security Cutters to date, including factors that led to substantial cost overruns and delivery delays.
  - (b) Briefings.—
- (1) PROVISION TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 90 days after the submission of the report under subsection (a), and not less frequently than every 90 days thereafter, the Commandant and the Chief of Naval Operations shall provide to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate, and the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a briefing on the status of the Polar Security Cutter acquisition process.
- (2) TIMELINE.—The briefings under paragraph (1) shall occur after any key milestone in the Polar Security Cutter acquisition process, but not less frequently than every 90 days.

- (3) Elements.—Each briefing under paragraph (1) shall include—
- (A) a summary of acquisition progress since the most recent previous briefing conducted pursuant to paragraph (1);
- (B) an updated timeline and budget estimate for acquisition and building of pending Polar Security Cutters; and
- (C) an explanation of any delays or additional costs incurred in the acquisition progress.
- (c) NOTIFICATIONS.—In addition to the briefings required under subsection (b), the Commandant and the Chief of Naval Operations shall notify the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate, and the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives within 3 business days of any significant change to the scope or funding level of the Polar Security Cutter acquisition strategy of such change.

### SEC. 5116. FLOATING DRYDOCK FOR UNITED STATES COAST GUARD YARD.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter III of chapter 11 of title 14. United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

### "§ 1159. Floating drydock for United States Coast Guard Yard

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection (b), the Commandant may not acquire, procure, or construct a floating dry dock for the Coast Guard Yard.
- "(b) PERMISSIBLE ACQUISITION, PROCURE-MENT, OR CONSTRUCTION METHODS.—Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section and section 1105(a), the Commandant may
- "(1) provide for an entity other than the Coast Guard to contract for the acquisition, procurement, or construction of a floating drydock by contract, lease, purchase, other agreement;
- "(2) construct a floating drydock at the Coast Guard Yard; or
- "(3) acquire or procure a commercially available floating drydock.
- "(c) Exemptions From Requirements.— Sections 1131, 1132, 1133, and 1171 shall not apply to an acquisition or procurement under subsection (b).
- "(d) DESIGN STANDARDS AND CONSTRUCTION PRACTICES.—To the extent practicable, a floating drydock acquired, procured, or constructed under this section shall reflect commercial design standards and commercial construction practices that are consistent with the best interests of the Federal Government.
- (e) BERTHING REQUIREMENT.—Any floating drydock acquired, procured, or constructed under subsection (b) shall be berthed at the Coast Guard Yard in Baltimore, Maryland, when lifting or maintaining vessels.
- "(f) FLOATING DRY DOCK DEFINED.—In this section, the term 'floating dry dock' means equipment that is-
- '(1) constructed in the United States; and "(2) capable of meeting the lifting and
- maintenance requirements of a vessel that is at least 418 feet in length with a gross tonnage of 4,500 gross tons.
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 11 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 1158 the following:
- "1159. Floating drydock for United States Coast Guard Yard.'

### Subtitle C-Organization and Authorities

#### SEC. 5131. MODIFICATION OF TREATMENT OF MINOR CONSTRUCTION AND IM-AND IM-PROVEMENT PROJECT MANAGE-MENT.

Section 903(d)(1) of title 14, United States Code, is amended by striking "\$1,500,000" and inserting "\$2,000,000".

### SEC. 5132. PREPAREDNESS PLANS FOR COAST GUARD PROPERTIES LOCATED IN TSUNAMI INUNDATION ZONES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant, in consultation with the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration and the heads of other appropriate Federal agencies, shall develop a location-specific tsunami preparedness plan for each property concerned.
- REQUIREMENTS.—In developing preparedness plan under subsection (a), the Commandant shall ensure that the plan-
  - (1) minimizes the loss of human life;
- (2) maximizes the ability of the Coast Guard to meet the mission of the Coast Guard:
- (3) is included in the emergency action plan for each Coast Guard unit or sector located within the applicable tsunami inundation zone:
- (4) designates an evacuation route to an assembly area located outside the tsunami inundation zone:
- (5) takes into consideration near-shore and distant tsunami inundation of the property concerned:
  - (6) includes
- (A) maps of all applicable tsunami inundation zones:
- (B) evacuation routes and instructions for all individuals located on the property concerned:
- (C) procedures to begin evacuations as expeditiously as possible upon detection of a seismic or other tsunamigenic event;
- (D) evacuation plans for Coast Guard aviation and affoat assets: and
- (E)(i) routes for evacuation on foot from any location within the property concerned;
- (ii) if an on-foot evacuation is not possible, an assessment of whether there is a need for vertical evacuation refuges that would allow evacuation on foot;
- (7) in the case of a property concerned that is at risk for a near-shore tsunami, is able to be completely executed within 15 minutes of detection of a seismic event, or if complete execution is not possible within 15 minutes, within a timeframe the Commandant considers reasonable to minimize the loss of life:
- (8) not less frequently than annually, is—
- (A) exercised by each Coast Guard unit and sector located in the applicable tsunami inundation zone:
- (B) communicated through an annual inperson training to Coast Guard personnel and dependents located or living on the property concerned; and
- (C) evaluated by the relevant District Commander for each Coast Guard unit and sector located within the applicable tsunami inundation zone.
- (c) CONSULTATION.—In developing each preparedness plan under subsection (a), the Commandant shall consult relevant State, Tribal, and local government entities, including emergency management officials.
- (d) Briefing.—Not later than 14 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall provide a briefing to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives on each plan developed under subsection (a), including the status of implementation and feasibility of each such plan.
  - (e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) PROPERTY CONCERNED.—The term "property concerned" means any real property owned, operated, or leased by the Coast Guard within a tsunami inundation zone.
- TSUNAMIGENIC EVENT.—The "tsunamigenic event" means any event, such

- as an earthquake, volcanic eruption, submarine landslide, coastal rockfall, or other event, with the magnitude to cause a tsu-
- (3) VERTICAL EVACUATION REFUGE.—The term "vertical evacuation refuge" means a structure or earthen mound designated as a place of refuge in the event of a tsunami, with sufficient height to elevate evacuees above the tsunami inundation depth, designed and constructed to resist tsunami load effects.

## SEC. 5133. PUBLIC AVAILABILITY OF INFORMA-

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 11269 of the Don Young Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2022 (Public Law 117-263) is-
- (1) transferred to appear at the end of subchapter II of chapter 5 of title 14, United States Code:
  - (2) redesignated as section 529; and
  - (3) amended—
- (A) by striking the section enumerator and heading and inserting the following:

### "§ 529. Public availability of information";

- (B) by striking "Not later than" and inserting the following:
  "(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than";
  (C) by striking "the number of migrant"
- and inserting "the number of drug and person": and
  - (D) by adding at the end the following:
- (b) CONTENTS.—In making information about interdictions publicly available under subsection (a), the Commandant shall include a description of the following:
- (1) The number of incidents in which drugs were interdicted, the amount and type of drugs interdicted, and the Coast Guard sectors and geographic areas of responsibility in which such incidents occurred.
- "(2) The number of incidents in which persons were interdicted, the number of persons interdicted, the number of those persons who were unaccompanied minors, and the Coast Guard sectors and geographic areas of responsibility in which such incidents oc-
- '(c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this provision shall be construed to require the Coast Guard to collect the information described in subsection (b), and nothing in this provision shall be construed to require the Commandant to publicly release confidential, classified, law enforcement sensitive, or otherwise protected information.".
- (b) Clerical Amendments.
- (1) The analysis for chapter 5 of title 14. United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 528 the following:
- "529. Public availability of information on monthly drug and migrant interdictions."
- (2) The table of sections in section 11001(b) of the Don Young Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2022 (division K of Public Law 117-263) is amended by striking the item relating to section 11269.

#### SEC. 5134. DELEGATION OF PORTS AND WATER-SAFETY AUTHORITIES SAINT LAWRENCE SEAWAY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 70032 of title 46, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

### "§ 70032. Delegation of ports and waterways authorities in Saint Lawrence Seaway

"(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection (b), the authority granted to the Secretary under sections 70001, 70002, 70003, 70004, and 70011 may not be delegated with respect to the Saint Lawrence Seaway to any agency other than the Great Lakes St. Lawrence Seaway Development Corporation. Any other authority granted the Secretary under subchapters I through III and this subchapter shall be delegated by the Secretary to the Great Lakes St. Lawrence Seaway Development Corporation to the extent the Secretary determines such delegation is necessary for the proper operation of the Saint Lawrence Seaway.

"(b) Exception.—The Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating, after consultation with the Secretary or the head of an agency to which the Secretary has delegated the authorities in subsection (a), may—

"(1) issue and enforce special orders in accordance with section 70002;

"(2) establish water or waterfront safety zones, or other measures, for limited, controlled, or conditional access and activity when necessary for the protection of any vessel structure, waters, or shore area, as permitted in section 70011(b)(3); and

"(3) take actions for port, harbor, and coastal facility security in accordance with section 70116."

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 700 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by striking the item relating to section 70032 and inserting the following:

"70032. Delegation of ports and waterways authorities in Saint Lawrence Seaway.".

### SEC. 5135. ADDITIONAL PRIBILOF ISLAND TRAN-SITION COMPLETION ACTIONS.

Section 11221 of the Don Young Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2022 (Public Law 117–263) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(e) ADDITIONAL REPORTS ON STATUS OF USE OF FACILITIES AND HELICOPTER BASING.—Beginning with the first quarterly report required under subsection (a) submitted after the date of enactment of the Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2025, the Secretary shall include in each such report—

"(1) the status of the use of recently renovated Coast Guard housing facilities, food preparation facilities, and maintenance and repair facilities on St. Paul Island, Alaska, including a projected date for full use and occupancy of such facilities in support of Coast Guard missions in the Bering Sea: and

"(2) a detailed plan for the acquisition and construction of a hangar in close proximity to existing St. Paul airport facilities for the prosecution of Coast Guard operational missions, including plans for the use of land needed for such hangar.".

# SEC. 5136. POLICY AND BRIEFING ON AVAILABILITY OF NALOXONE TO TREAT OPIOID, INCLUDING FENTANYL, OVERDOSES.

(a) POLICY.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall update the policy of the Coast Guard regarding the use, at Coast Guard facilities, onboard Coast Guard assets, and during Coast Guard operations, of medication to treat drug overdoses, including the use of drugs or devices approved, cleared, or otherwise legally marketed under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act for emergency treatment of known or suspected opioid overdose.

(b) AVAILABILITY.—The updated policy required under subsection (a) shall require opioid overdose reversal medications be available—

(1) at each Coast Guard clinic;

(2) at each independently located Coast Guard unit:

(3) onboard each Coast Guard cutter; and

(4) for response to known or suspected opioid overdoses, such as fentanyl, at other appropriate Coast Guard installations and facilities and onboard other Coast Guard assets.

(c) PARTICIPATION IN TRACKING SYSTEM.—Not later than 1 year after the earlier of the

date of enactment of this Act or the date on which the tracking system established under section 706 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (10 U.S.C. 1090 note) is established, the Commandant shall ensure the participation of the Coast Guard in the such tracking system.

(d) MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING.—Not later than 1 year after the earlier of the date of enactment of this Act or the date on which the tracking system established under section 706 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (10 U.S.C. 1090 note) is established, the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating when not operating as a service in the Navy and the Secretary of Defense shall finalize a memorandum of understanding to facilitate Coast Guard access such tracking system.

(e) Briefing.-

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall provide the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a briefing on the use, by members and personnel of the Coast Guard at Coast Guard facilities, onboard Coast Guard assets, and during Coast Guard operations, of—

(A) opioid overdose reversal medications; and

(B) opioids, including fentanyl.

(2) ELEMENTS.—The briefing required under paragraph (1) shall include the following:

(A) A description of—

(i) the progress made in the implementation of the updated policy required under subsection (a);

(ii) the prevalence and incidence of the illegal use of fentanyl and other controlled substances in the Coast Guard during the 5-year period preceding the briefing;

(iii) processes of the Coast Guard to mitigate substance abuse in the Coast Guard, particularly with respect to fentanyl; and

(iv) the status of the memorandum of understanding required under subsection (d).

(B) For the 5-year period preceding the briefing, a review of instances in which naloxone or other similar medication was used to treat opioid, including fentanyl, overdoses at a Coast Guard facility, onboard a Coast Guard asset, or during a Coast Guard operation.

(f) PRIVACY.—In carrying out the requirements of this section, the Commandant shall ensure compliance with all applicable privacy law, including section 552a of title 5, United States Code (commonly referred to as the "Privacy Act"), and the privacy regulations promulgated under section 264(c) of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (42 U.S.C. 1320d–2 note).

(g) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—For purposes of the availability requirement under subsection (b), with respect to a Coast Guard installation comprised of multiple Coast Guard facilities or units, opioid overdose reversal medications available at a single Coast Guard facility within the installation shall be considered to be available to all Coast Guard facilities or units on the installation if appropriate arrangements are in place to ensure access, at all times during operations, to the opioid overdose reversal medications contained within such single Coast Guard facility.

### SEC. 5137. GREAT LAKES AND SAINT LAWRENCE RIVER COOPERATIVE VESSEL TRAF-FIC SERVICE.

Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating shall issue or amend regulations to address any applicable arrangements with the

Canadian Coast Guard regarding vessel traffic services cooperation and vessel traffic management data exchanges within the Saint Lawrence Seaway and the Great Lakes.

## SEC. 5138. POLICY ON METHODS TO REDUCE INCENTIVES FOR ILLICIT MARITIME DRUG TRAFFICKING.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commandant, in consultation with the Administrator of the Drug Enforcement Administration, the Secretary of State, and the Secretary of Defense, shall develop a policy, consistent with the Constitution of the United States, as well as domestic and international law, to address, disincentivize, and interdict illicit trafficking by sea of controlled substances (and precursors of controlled substances) being transported to produce illicit synthetic drugs.

(b) ELEMENTS.—The policy required under subsection (a) shall—

(1) include a requirement that, to the maximum extent practicable, a vessel unlawfully transporting a controlled substance or precursors of a controlled substance being transported to produce illicit synthetic drugs, be seized or appropriately disposed of consistent with domestic and international law, as well as any international agreements to which the United States is a party; and

(2) aim to reduce incentives for illicit maritime drug trafficking on a global scale, including in the Eastern Pacific Ocean, the Indo-Pacific region, the Caribbean, and the Middle East.

(c) BRIEFING.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall brief the Committee on Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate, the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate, the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives, the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives regarding—

(1) the policy developed pursuant to subsection (a): and

(2) recommendations with respect to—

 $\left(A\right)$  additional methods for reducing illicit drug trafficking; and

(B) additional resources necessary to implement the policy required under subsection (a) and methods recommended under subparagraph (A).

## SEC. 5139. PROCUREMENT OF TACTICAL MARITIME SURVEILLANCE SYSTEMS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection (b)(2), subject to the availability of appropriations and if the Secretary of Homeland Security determines that there is a need, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall—

(1) procure a tactical maritime surveillance system, or similar technology, for use by the Coast Guard and U.S. Customs and Border Protection in the areas of operation of—

(A) Coast Guard Sector San Diego in California;

(B) Coast Guard Sector San Juan in Puerto Rico; and

(C) Coast Guard Sector Key West in Florida; and

(2) for purposes of data integration and land-based data access, procure for each area of operation described in paragraph (1) and for Coast Guard Station South Padre Island a land-based maritime domain awareness system capable of sharing data with the Coast Guard and U.S. Customs and Border Protection—

(A) to operate in conjunction with—

- (i) the system procured under section 11266 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 136 Stat. 4063) for Coast Guard Station South Padre Island; and
- (ii) the tactical maritime surveillance system procured for each area of operation under paragraph (1); and
- (B) to be installed in the order in which the systems described in subparagraph (A) are installed.
  - (b) STUDY; LIMITATION.—
- (1) STUDY REQUIRED.—Prior to the procurement or operation of a tactical maritime surveillance system, or similar technology, that is deployed from a property owned by the Department of Defense, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall complete a study, in coordination with Secretary of Defense, analyzing the potential impacts to the national security of the United States of such operation.
- (2) LIMITATION.—If it is determined by the Secretary of Homeland Security and the Secretary of Defense through the study required under paragraph (1) that the placement or installation of a system described in subsection (a) negatively impacts the national security of the United States, such system shall not be procured or installed.

# SEC. 5140. PLAN FOR JOINT AND INTEGRATED MARITIME OPERATIONAL AND LEAD-ERSHIP TRAINING FOR UNITED STATES COAST GUARD AND TAIWAN COAST GUARD ADMINISTRATION.

- (a) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this section is to require a plan to increase joint and integrated training opportunities for the United States Coast Guard and the Taiwan Coast Guard Administration.
  - (b) PLAN.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant, in consultation with the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Defense, shall complete a plan to expand opportunities for additional joint and integrated training activities for the United States Coast Guard and the Taiwan Coast Guard Administration.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The plan required by paragraph (1) shall include the following:
- (A) The estimated costs for fiscal years 2024 through 2029—  $\,$
- (i) to deploy United States Coast Guard mobile training teams to Taiwan to meaningfully enhance the maritime security, law enforcement, and deterrence capabilities of Taiwan: and
- (ii) to accommodate the participation of an increased number of members of the Taiwan Coast Guard Administration in United States Coast Guard-led maritime training courses, including associated training costs for such members, such as costs for lodging, meals and incidental expenses, travel, training of personnel, and instructional materials.
- (B) A strategy for increasing the number of seats, as practicable, for members of the Taiwan Coast Guard Administration at each of the following United States Coast Guard training courses:
- (i) The International Maritime Officers Course.
- (ii) The International Leadership and Management Seminar.
- (iii) The International Crisis Command and Control Course.
- (iv) The International Maritime Domain Awareness School.
- (v) The International Maritime Search and Rescue Planning School.
- (vi) The International Command Center School.
  - (C) An assessment of-
- (i) the degree to which integrated and joint United States Coast Guard and Taiwan Coast

- Guard Administration maritime training would assist in—
- (I) preventing, detecting, and suppressing illegal, unreported, and unregulated fishing operations in the South China Sea and surrounding waters; and
- (II) supporting counter-illicit drug trafficking operations in the South China Sea and surrounding waters; and
- (ii) whether the frequency of United States Coast Guard training team visits to Taiwan should be increased to enhance the maritime security, law enforcement, and deterrence capabilities of Taiwan.
- (3) BRIEFING.—Not later than 60 days after the date on which the plan required under paragraph (1) is completed, the Commandant shall provide to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives a briefing on the contents of the plan.

  SEC. 5141. MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITY FOR

## SPECIAL PURPOSE FACILITIES. Section 907 of title 14, United States Code,

- is amended—
  (1) in subsection (a), in the first sentence—
- (A) by striking "20 years" and inserting "30 years";(B) by striking "or National" and inserting
- (B) by striking "or National" and inserting "National"; and
- (C) by inserting before the period ", medical facilities, Coast Guard child development centers (as such term is defined in section 2921), and training facilities, including small arms firing ranges"; and
- (2) in subsection (b)-
- (A) by striking the period and inserting a semicolon;
- (B) by striking "means any facilities" and inserting "means—
  - "(1) any facilities"; and
  - (C) by adding at the end the following:
  - "(2) medical facilities;
- "(3) Coast Guard child development centers (as such term is defined in section 2921); and
- "(4) training facilities, including small arms firing ranges.".

### SEC. 5142. TIMELY REIMBURSEMENT OF DAMAGE CLAIMS FOR COAST GUARD PROP-ERTY.

Section 546 of title 14, United States Code, is amended in the second sentence by inserting "and the amounts collected shall be available until expended" after "special deposit account".

## SEC. 5143. ENHANCED USE PROPERTY PILOT PROGRAM.

Section 504 of title 14, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a)(13) by striking "five years" and inserting "30 years"; and
- (2) by adding at the end the following:
- "(g) Adding at the end the for
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Amounts received under subsection (a)(13) shall be—
- "(A) in addition to amounts otherwise available for the activities described in subsection (a)(13) for any fiscal year; and
- "(B) available until expended.
- "(2) Consideration.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), a person or entity entering into a contractual agreement under this section shall provide consideration for the contractual agreement at fair market value, as determined by the Commandant.
- "(B) EXCEPTION.—In the case of a contractual agreement under this section between the Coast Guard and any other Federal department or agency, the Federal department or agency concerned shall provide consideration for the contractual agreement that is equal to the full cost borne by the Coast Guard in connection with completing such contractual agreement.

- "(C) FORMS.—Consideration under this subsection may take any of the following forms:
  - "(i) The payment of cash.
- "(ii) The maintenance, construction, modification, or improvement of existing or new facilities on real property under the jurisdiction of the Commandant.
- "(iii) The use by the Coast Guard of facilities on the property concerned.
- "(iv) The provision of services, including parking, telecommunications, and environmental remediation and restoration of real property under the jurisdiction of the Commandant.
- "(v) Any other consideration the Commandant considers appropriate.
- "(vi) A combination of any forms described in this subparagraph.
- "(3) SUNSET.—The authority under paragraph (13) of subsection (a) shall expire on December 31, 2030. The expiration under this paragraph of authority under paragraph (13) of subsection (a) shall not affect the validity or term of contractual agreements under such paragraph or the retention by the Commandant of proceeds from such agreements entered into under such subsection before the expiration of the authority."

### SEC. 5144. COAST GUARD PROPERTY PROVISION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 7 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

### "§ 722. Cooperation with eligible entities

- "(a) Definitions.—In this section:
- "(1) COAST GUARD INSTALLATION.—The term 'Coast Guard installation' means a base, unit, station, yard, other property under the jurisdiction of the Commandant or, in the case of property in a foreign country, under the operational control of the Coast Guard, without regard to the duration of operational control.
- "(2) CULTURAL RESOURCE.—The term 'cultural resource' means any of the following:
- "(A) A building, structure, site, district, or object eligible for or included in the National Register of Historic Places maintained under section 302101 of title 54.
- "(B) Cultural items, as that term is defined in section 2(3) of the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (25 U.S.C. 3001(3)).
- "(C) An archaeological resource, as that term is defined in section 3(1) of the Archaeological Resources Protection Act of 1979 (16 U.S.C. 470bb(1))).
- "(D) An archaeological artifact collection and associated records covered by part 79 of title 36. Code of Federal Regulations.
- "(E) A sacred site, as that term is defined in section 1(b) of Executive Order No. 13007 (42 U.S.C. 1996 note; relating to Indian sacred sites).
- "(F) Treaty or trust resources of an Indian Tribe, including the habitat associated with such resources.
- "(G) Subsistence resources of an Indian Tribe or a Native Hawaiian organization including the habitat associated with such resources.
- ``(3) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The term 'eligible entity' means any the following:
- $\lq\lq(A)$  A State, or a political subdivision of a State.
  - "(B) A local government.
- "(C) An Indian Tribe.
- "(D) A Native Hawaiian organization.
- "(E) A Tribal organization.
- "(F) A Federal department or agency.
- "(4) INDIAN TRIBE.—The term 'Indian Tribe' has the meaning given that term in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304).
- "(5) NATIVE HAWAIIAN ORGANIZATION.—The term 'Native Hawaiian organization' has the meaning given such term in section 6207 of the Elementary and Secondary Education

Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7517) except the term includes the Department of Hawaiian Home Lands and the Office of Hawaiian Affairs.

- "(6) NATURAL RESOURCE.—The term 'natural resource' means land, fish, wildlife, biota, air, water, ground water, drinking water supplies, and other such resources belonging to, managed by, held in trust by, appertaining to, or otherwise controlled by the United States (including the resources of the waters of the United States), any State or local government, any Indian Tribe, any Native Hawaiian organization, or any member of an Indian Tribe, if such resources are subject to a trust restriction on alienation and have been categorized into one of the following groups:
  - "(A) Surface water resources.
  - "(B) Ground water resources.
  - "(C) Air resources.
  - "(D) Geologic resources.
  - "(E) Biological resources.
- "(7) STATE.—The term 'State' includes each of the several States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and the territories and possessions of the United States.
- "(8) Tribal organization.—The term 'Tribal organization' has the meaning given the term in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304).
- "(b) COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS FOR MANAGEMENT OF CULTURAL RESOURCES.—
- "(1) AUTHORITY.—The Commandant may enter into a cooperative agreement with an eligible entity (or in the case that the eligible entity is a Federal department or agency, an interagency agreement)—
- "(A) to provide for the preservation, management, maintenance, and improvement of natural resources and cultural resources located on a site described under paragraph (2); and
- "(B) for the purpose of conducting research regarding the natural resources and cultural resources.
- "(2) AUTHORIZED NATURAL AND CULTURAL RESOURCES SITES.—To be covered by a cooperative agreement under paragraph (1), the relevant natural resources or cultural resources shall be located—
  - "(A) on a Coast Guard installation; or
- "(B) on a site outside of a Coast Guard installation, but only if the cooperative agreement will directly relieve or eliminate current or anticipated restrictions that would or might restrict, impede, or otherwise interfere, either directly or indirectly, with current or anticipated Coast Guard training, testing, maintenance, or operations on a Coast Guard installation.
- "(3) APPLICATION OF OTHER LAWS.—Section 1535 and chapter 63 of title 31 shall not apply to an agreement entered into under paragraph (1).
  - "(c) AGREEMENTS AND CONSIDERATIONS.—
- "(1) AGREEMENTS AUTHORIZED.—The Commandant may enter into an agreement with an eligible entity, and may enter into an interagency agreement with the head of another Federal department or agency, to address the use or development of property in the vicinity of, or ecologically related to, a Coast Guard installation for purposes of—
- "(A) limiting any development or use of such property that would be incompatible with the mission of the Coast Guard installation;
- "(B) preserving habitat on such property in a manner that—
- ``(i) is compatible with environmental requirements; and
- "(ii) may eliminate or relieve current or anticipated environmental restrictions that would or might otherwise restrict, impede, or interfere, either directly or indirectly,

with current or anticipated Coast Guard training or operations on the Coast Guard installation:

- "(C) maintaining or improving Coast Guard installation resilience;
- "(D) maintaining and improving natural resources, or benefitting natural and historic research, on the Coast Guard installation;
- "(E) maintaining access to cultural resources and natural resources, including—
- "(i) Tribal treaty fisheries and shellfish harvest, and usual and accustomed fishing areas; and
- "(ii) subsistence fisheries, or any other fishery or shellfish harvest, of an Indian Tribe:
- "(F) providing a means to replace or repair property or cultural resources of an Indian Tribe or a Native Hawaiian organization if such property is damaged by Coast Guard personnel or operations, in consultation with the affected Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization; or
- "(G) maintaining and improving natural resources located outside a Coast Guard installation, including property of an eligible entity, if the purpose of the agreement is to relieve or eliminate current or anticipated challenges that could restrict, impede, or otherwise interfere with, either directly or indirectly, current or anticipated Coast Guard activities.
- "(2) INAPPLICABILITY OF CERTAIN CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS.—Notwithstanding chapter 63 of title 31, an agreement under subsection (b)(1) that is a cooperative agreement and concerns a cultural resource or a natural resource may be used to acquire property or services for the direct benefit or use of the Federal Government.
- ``(d)(1) An agreement under subparagraph (b)(1) shall provide for—
- "(A) the acquisition by an eligible entity or entities of all right, title, and interest in and to any real property, or any lesser interest in the property, as may be appropriate for purposes of this subsection; and
- "(B) the sharing by the United States and an eligible entity or entities of the acquisition costs in accordance with paragraph (3).
- "(2) Property or interests may not be acquired pursuant to an agreement under subsection (b)(1) unless the owner of the property or interests consents to the acquisition.
- "(3)(A) An agreement with an eligible entity under subsection (b)(1) may provide for—
- "(i) the management of natural resources on, and the monitoring and enforcement of any right, title, or interest in real property in which the Commandant acquires any right, title, or interest in accordance with this subsection; and
- "(ii) for the payment by the United States of all or a portion of the costs of such management, monitoring, or enforcement if the Commandant determines that there is a demonstrated need to preserve or restore habitat for the purposes of subsection (b) or (c).
- (c).
  "(B) Any payment provided for under subparagraph (A) may—
- "(i) be paid in a lump sum;
- "(ii) include an amount intended to cover the future costs of natural resource management and monitoring and enforcement; and
- "(iii) be placed by the eligible entity in an interest-bearing account, so long as any interest is to be applied for the same purposes as the principal.
- "(C) Any payments made under this paragraph shall be subject to periodic auditing by the Inspector General of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating.
- "(4)(A) In entering into an agreement under subsection (b)(1), the Commandant shall determine the appropriate portion of the acquisition costs to be borne by the United States in the sharing of acquisition

costs of real property, or an interest in real property, as required under paragraph (1)(B).

"(B) In lieu of, or in addition to, making a monetary contribution toward the cost of acquiring a parcel of real property, or an interest therein, pursuant to an agreement under subsection (b)(1), the Commandant may convey real property in accordance with applicable law.

"(C) The portion of acquisition costs borne by the United States pursuant to subparagraph (A), either through the contribution of funds, excess real property, or both, may not exceed an amount equal to—

"(i) the fair market value of any property, or interest in property, to be transferred to the United States upon the request of the Commandant under paragraph (5); or

"(ii) the cumulative fair market value of all properties, or all interests in properties, to be transferred to the United States under paragraph (5) pursuant to an agreement under subsection (b)(1).

"(D) The contribution of an eligible entity to the acquisition costs of real property, or an interest in real property, under paragraph (1)(B) may include, with the approval of the Commandant, the following:

"(i) The provision of funds, including funds received by the eligible entity from—

"(I) a Federal agency outside the department in which the Coast Guard is operating; or

"(II) a State or local government in connection with a Federal, State, or local program.

"(ii) The provision of in-kind services, including services related to the acquisition or maintenance of such real property or interest in real property.

"(iii) The exchange or donation of real property or any interest in real property.

"(iv) Any combination of clauses (i through (iii).

"(5)(A) In entering into an agreement under subsection (b)(1), each eligible entity that is a party to the agreement shall agree, as a term of the agreement, to transfer to the United States, upon request of the Commandant, all or a portion of the property or interest acquired under the agreement or a lesser interest therein, except no such requirement need be included in the agreement if—

"(i) the property or interest is being transferred to a State or another Federal agency, or the agreement requires the property or interest to be subsequently transferred to a State or another Federal agency; and

"(ii) the Commandant determines that the laws and regulations applicable to the future use of such property or interest provide adequate assurance that the property concerned will be developed and used in a manner appropriate for purposes of this subsection.

"(B) The Commandant shall limit a transfer request pursuant to subparagraph (A) to the minimum property or interests necessary to ensure that the property or interest concerned is developed and used in a manner appropriate for purposes of this subsection.

"(C)(i) Notwithstanding paragraph (A), If all or a portion of a property or interest acquired under an agreement under subsection (b)(1) is initially or subsequently transferred to a State or another Federal agency, before that State or other Federal agency may declare the property or interest in excess to its needs or propose to exchange the property or interest, the State or other Federal agency shall give the Commandant reasonable advance notice of its intent to so declare.

"(ii) Upon receiving such reasonable advance notice under clause (i), the Commandant may request, within a reasonable time period, that administrative jurisdiction over the property or interest be transferred

to the Commandant, if the Commandant determines such transfer necessary for the preservation of the purposes of this subsection

"(iii) Upon a request from the Commandant under clause (ii), the administrative jurisdiction over the property or interest be transferred to the Commandant at no cost.

"(iv) If the Commandant does not make a request under clause (ii) within a reasonable time period, all such rights of the Commandant to request transfer of administrative jurisdiction over the property or interest shall remain available to the Commandant with respect to future transfers or exchanges of the property or interest and shall bind all subsequent transferees.

"(D) The Commandant may accept, on behalf of the United States, any property or interest to be transferred to the United States under an agreement under subsection (b)(1).

- "(E) For purposes of the acceptance of property or interests under an agreement under subsection (b)(1), the Commandant may accept an appraisal or title documents prepared or adopted by a non-Federal entity as satisfying the applicable requirements of section 301 of the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970 (42 U.S.C. 4651) or section 3111 of title 40 if the Commandant finds that the appraisal or title documents substantially comply with the requirements of such sections and is reasonably accurate.
- "(e) MINIMAL CRITERIA FOR APPROVAL OF AGREEMENTS.—The Commandant may approve a cooperative agreement under subsection (b)(1) if the Commandant determines that—
- "(1) the eligible entity has authority to carry out the project;
- "(2) the project would be completed without unreasonable delay as determined by the Commandant: and
- "(3) the project cannot be effectively completed without the cooperative agreement authority under subsection (b)(1).
- "(f) ADDITIONAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS.— The Commandant may require such additional terms and conditions in an agreement under subsection (b)(1) as the Commandant considers appropriate to protect the interests of the United States, in accordance with applicable Federal law.
- "(g) NOTIFICATION; AVAILABILITY OF AGREE-MENTS TO CONGRESS.—
- "(1) NOTIFICATION.—The Commandant shall notify the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation or the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Indian Affairs of the Senate when the eligible entity is a Tribe, Tribal Organization or Native Hawaiian organization, and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives in writing not later than the date that is 3 full business days prior to any day on which the Commandant intends to enter into an agreement under subsection (b)(1), and include in such notification the anticipated costs of carrying out the agreement, to the extent practicable.
- "(2) AVAILABILITY OF AGREEMENTS.—A copy of an agreement entered into under subsection (b)(1) shall be provided to any member of the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation or the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate or the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives not later than 5 full business days after the date on which such request is submitted to the Commandant.
- "(h) CONSULTATION.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of the Coast

Guard Authorization Act of 2025, the Commandant shall consult with Indian Tribes to improve opportunities for Indian Tribe participation in the development and execution of Coast Guard oil spill response and prevention activities.

- "(i) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section may be construed to undermine the rights of any Indian Tribe to seek full and meaningful government-to-government consultation under this section or under any other law."
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 7 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 721 the following:

"722. Cooperation with eligible entities."

### Subtitle D—Personnel

## SEC. 5151. DIRECT HIRE AUTHORITY FOR CERTAIN PERSONNEL.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter I of chapter 25 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

## "§ 2517. Direct hire authority for certain personnel

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Commandant may appoint, without regard to the provisions of subchapter I of chapter 33 (other than sections 3303 and 3328 of such chapter) of title 5, qualified candidates to any of the following positions in the competitive service (as defined in section 2102 of title 5) in the Coast Guard:
- $\lq\lq(1)$  Any category of medical or health professional positions within the Coast Guard.
- "(2) Any childcare services position.
- "(3) Any position in the Coast Guard housing office of a Coast Guard installation, the primary function of which is supervision of Coast Guard housing covered by subchapter III of chapter 29 of this title.
- "(4) Any nonclinical specialist position the purpose of which is the integrated primary prevention of harmful behavior, including suicide, sexual assault, harassment, domestic abuse, and child abuse.
- "(5) Any special agent position of the Coast Guard Investigative Service.
- "(6) The following positions at the Coast Guard Academy:
- "(A) Any civilian faculty member appointed under section 1941.
- "(B) A position involving the improvement of cadet health or well-being.
- "(b) LIMITATION.—The Commandant shall only appoint qualified candidates under the authority provided by subsection (a) if the Commandant determines that there is a shortage of qualified candidates for the positions described in such subsection or a critical hiring need for such positions.
- "(c) Briefing Requirement.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of the Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2025, and annually thereafter for the following 5 years, the Commandant shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a written briefing which describes the use of the authority provided under this section on an annual basis, including the following:
- "(1) The number of employees hired under the authority provided under this section within the year for which the briefing is provided.
- "(2) The positions and grades for which employees were hired.
- "(3) A justification for the Commandant's determination that such positions involved a shortage of qualified candidates or a critical hiring need.
- "(4) The number of employees who were hired under the authority provided under

this section who have separated from the Coast Guard.

- "(5) Steps the Coast Guard has taken to engage with the Office of Personnel Management under subpart B of part 337 of title 5, Code of Federal Regulations, for positions for which the Commandant determines a direct hire authority remains necessary.
- "(d) SUNSET.—The authority provided under subsection (a) shall expire on September 30, 2030."
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 25 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to 2516 the following:
- "2517. Direct hire authority for certain personnel.".

# SEC. 5152. TEMPORARY EXEMPTION FROM AUTHORIZED END STRENGTH FOR ENLISTED MEMBERS ON ACTIVE DUTY IN COAST GUARD IN PAY GRADES E-8 AND E-9.

Section 517(a) of title 10, United States Code, shall not apply with respect to the Coast Guard until October 1, 2027.

### SEC. 5153. ADDITIONAL AVAILABLE GUIDANCE AND CONSIDERATIONS FOR RE-SERVE SELECTION BOARDS.

Section 3740(f) of title 14, United States Code, is amended by striking "section 2117" and inserting "sections 2115 and 2117".

## SEC. 5154. FAMILY LEAVE POLICIES FOR THE COAST GUARD.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 2512 of title 14, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in the section heading by striking "Leave" and inserting "Family leave";
- (2) in subsection (a)-
- (A) by striking ", United States Code," and inserting "or, with respect to the reserve component of the Coast Guard, the Secretary of Defense promulgates a new regulation for members of the reserve component of the Coast Guard pursuant to section 711 of title 10.":
- (B) by striking "or adoption of a child" and inserting "or placement of a minor child with the member for adoption or long term foster care";
- (C) by striking "and enlisted members" and inserting ", enlisted members, and members of the reserve component"; and
- (D) by inserting "or, with respect to members of the reserve component of the Coast Guard, the Secretary of Defense" after "provided by the Secretary of the Navy":
  - (3) in subsection (b)—
- (A) in the subsection heading by striking "Adoption of Child" and inserting "Placement of Minor Child With Member for Adoption or Long Term Foster Care";
- (B) by striking "and 704" and inserting ", 704, and 711":
- (C) by striking "and enlisted members" and inserting ", enlisted members, and members of the reserve component";
- (D) by striking "or adoption" inserting ", adoption, or long term foster care";
- (E) by striking "immediately";
- (F) by striking "or adoption" and inserting ", placement of a minor child with the member for long-term foster care or adoption,"; and
- (G) by striking "enlisted member" and inserting ", enlisted member, or member of the reserve component";
  - (4) by adding at the end the following:
  - "(c) PERIOD OF LEAVE.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating, may authorize leave described under subparagraph (b) to be taken after the one-year period described in subparagraph (b) in the case of a member described in subsection (b) who, except for this subparagraph, would lose unused family leave at the end of the one-year period described in subparagraph (A) as a result of—

- "(A) operational requirements;
- "(B) professional military education obligations; or
- "(C) other circumstances that the Secretary determines reasonable and appropriate.
- "(2) EXTENDED DEADLINE.—The regulation, rule, policy, or memorandum prescribed under paragraph (a) shall require that any leave authorized to be taken after the one-year period described in subparagraph (c)(1)(A) shall be taken within a reasonable period of time, as determined by the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating, after cessation of the circumstances warranting the extended deadline.
- "(d) MEMBER OF THE RESERVE COMPONENT OF THE COAST GUARD DEFINED.—In this section, the term 'member of the reserve component of the Coast Guard' means a member of the Coast Guard who is a member of—
- "(1) the selected reserve who is entitled to compensation under section 206 of title 37; or
- "(2) the individual ready reserve who is entitled to compensation under section 206 of title 37 when attending or participating in a sufficient number of periods of inactive-duty training during a year to count the year as a qualifying year of creditable service toward eligibility for retired pay."
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 25 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by striking the item relating to section 2512 and inserting the following:
- "2512. Family leave policies for the Coast Guard.".
- (c) COMPENSATION.—Section 206(a)(4) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by inserting before the period at the end "or family leave under section 2512 of title 14".

### SEC. 5155. AUTHORIZATION FOR MATERNITY UNI-FORM ALLOWANCE FOR OFFICERS.

Section 2708 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(c) The Coast Guard may provide a cash allowance, in such amount as the Secretary shall determine by policy, to be paid to pregnant officer personnel for the purchase of maternity-related uniform items, if such uniform items are not so furnished to the member by the Coast Guard."

### SEC. 5156. HOUSING.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter III of chapter 29 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

### "§ 2948. Authorization for acquisition of existing family housing in lieu of construction

"(a) IN GENERAL.—In lieu of constructing any family housing units authorized by law to be constructed, the Commandant may acquire sole interest in existing family housing units that are privately owned or that are held by the Department of Housing and Urban Development, except that in foreign countries the Commandant may acquire less than sole interest in existing family housing units.

"(b) ACQUISITION OF INTERESTS IN LAND.— When authority provided by law to construct Coast Guard family housing units is used to acquire existing family housing units under subsection (a), the authority includes authority to acquire interests in land.

"(c) LIMITATION ON NET FLOOR AREA.—The net floor area of a family housing unit acquired under the authority of this section may not exceed the applicable limitation specified in section 2826 of title 10. The Commandant may waive the limitation set forth in the preceding sentence for family housing units acquired under this section during the five-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of this section.

### "§ 2949. Acceptance of funds to cover administrative expenses relating to certain real property transactions

- "(a) AUTHORITY TO ACCEPT.—In connection with a real property transaction referred to in subsection (b) with a non-Federal person or entity, the Commandant may accept amounts provided by the person or entity to cover administrative expenses incurred by the Commandant in entering into the transaction.
- "(b) COVERED TRANSACTIONS.—Subsection
  (a) applies to the following transactions involving real property under the control of the Commandant:
  - "(1) The exchange of real property.
- "(2) The grant of an easement over, in, or upon real property of the United States.
- "(3) The lease or license of real property of the United States.
- "(4) The disposal of real property of the United States for which the Commandant will be the disposal agent.
- "(5) The conveyance of real property under section 2945.".
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 29 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following.
- "2948. Authorization for acquisition of existing family housing in lieu of construction.

"2949. Acceptance of funds to cover administrative expenses relating to certain real property transactions."

(c) REPORT ON GAO RECOMMENDATIONS ON HOUSING PROGRAM.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report on the status of the implementation of the recommendations contained in the report of the Government Accountability Office titled "Coast Guard: Better Feedback Collection and Information Could Enhance Housing Program", and issued February 5, 2024 (GAO-24-106388).

### SEC. 5157. UNIFORM FUNDING AND MANAGE-MENT SYSTEM FOR MORALE, WELL-BEING, AND RECREATION PRO-GRAMS AND COAST GUARD EX-CHANGE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter IV of chapter 5 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

### "\$ 565. Uniform funding and management of morale, well-being, and recreation programs and Coast Guard Exchange

"(a) AUTHORITY FOR UNIFORM FUNDING AND MANAGEMENT.—Under policies issued by the Commandant, funds appropriated to the Coast Guard and available for morale, wellbeing, and recreation programs and the Coast Guard Exchange may be treated as nonappropriated funds and expended in accordance with laws applicable to the expenditure of nonappropriated funds. When made available for morale, well-being, and recreation programs and the Coast Guard Exchange under such policies, appropriated funds shall be considered to be nonappropriated funds for all purposes and shall remain available until expended.

"(b) CONDITIONS ON AVAILABILITY.—Funds appropriated to the Coast Guard and subject to a policy described in subsection (a) shall only be available in amounts that are determined by the Commandant to be consistent with—

- "(1) Coast Guard policy; and
- "(2) Coast Guard readiness and resources.
- "(c) UPDATED POLICY.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of the Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2025, the Com-

mandant shall update the policies described in subsection (a) consistent with this section

"(d) BRIEFING.—Not later than 30 days after the date on which the Commandant issues the updated policies required under subsection (c), the Commandant shall provide to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a briefing on such policies."

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 5 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 564 the following:

ing to section 504 the following.

"565. Uniform funding and management of morale, well-being, and recreation programs and Coast Guard Exchange."

### SEC. 5158. COAST GUARD EMBEDDED BEHAV-IORAL HEALTH TECHNICIAN PRO-GRAM.

- (a) Establishment.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 270 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant, in coordination with the Assistant Commandant for Health, Safety, and Work Life, shall establish and conduct a pilot program, to be known as the "Coast Guard Embedded Behavioral Health Technician Program" (referred to in this section as the "Pilot Program"), to integrate behavioral health technicians serving at Coast Guard units for the purposes of—
- (A) facilitating, at the clinic level, the provision of integrated behavioral health care for members of the Coast Guard:
- (B) providing, as a force extender under the supervision of a licensed behavioral health care provider, at the clinic level—
- (i) psychological assessment and diagnostic services, as appropriate;
- (ii) behavioral health services, as appropriate;
- (iii) education and training related to promoting positive behavioral health and wellbeing; and
- (iv) information and resources, including expedited referrals, to assist members of the Coast Guard in dealing with behavioral health concerns:
- (C) improving resilience and mental health care among members of the Coast Guard who respond to extraordinary calls of duty, with the ultimate goals of preventing crises and addressing mental health concerns before such concerns evolve into more complex issues that require care at a military treatment facility;
  - (D) increasing—
- (i) the number of such members served by behavioral health technicians; and
- (ii) the proportion of such members returning to duty after seeking behavioral health care; and
- (E) positively impacting the Coast Guard in a cost-effective manner by extending behavioral health services to the workforce and improving access to care.
- (2) BRIEFING.—Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall provide the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives with a briefing regarding a plan to establish and conduct the Pilot Program
- (b) SELECTION OF COAST GUARD CLINICS.— The Commandant shall select, for participation in the Pilot Program, 3 or more Coast Guard clinics that support units that have significantly high operational tempos or other force resiliency risks, as determined by the Commandant.
- (c) PLACEMENT OF STAFF AT COAST GUARD CLINICS.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Under the Pilot Program, a Coast Guard health services technician with a grade of E-5 or higher, or an assigned civilian behavioral health specialist, shall be
- (A) assigned to each selected Coast Guard clinic; and
- (B) located at a unit with high operational tempo.
  - (2) Training.—
- (A) HEALTH SERVICES TECHNICIANS.—Before commencing an assignment at a Coast Guard clinic under paragraph (1), a Coast Guard health services technician shall complete behavioral health technician training and independent duty health services training.
- (B) CIVILIAN BEHAVIORAL HEALTH SPECIALISTS.—To qualify for an assignment at a Coast Guard clinic under paragraph (1), a civilian behavioral health specialist shall have at least the equivalent behavioral health training as the training required for a Coast Guard behavioral health technician under subparagraph (A).
- (d) ADMINISTRATION.—The Commandant, in coordination with the Assistant Commandant for Health, Safety, and Work Life, shall administer the Pilot Program through the Health, Safety, and Work-Life Service Center.
  - (e) DATA COLLECTION.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Commandant shall collect and analyze data concerning the Pilot Program for purposes of—
- (A) developing and sharing best practices for improving access to behavioral health care; and
- (B) providing information to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives regarding the implementation of the Pilot Program and related policy issues.
- (2) PLAN.—Not later than 270 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a plan for carrying out paragraph (1).
- (f) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than September 1 of each year until the date on which the Pilot Program terminates under subsection (g), the Commandant shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a report on the Pilot Program that includes the following:
- (1) An overview of the implementation of the Pilot Program at each applicable Coast Guard clinic, including—
- (A) the number of members of the Coast Guard who received services on site by a behavioral health technician assigned to such clinic:
- (B) feedback from all members of the Coast Guard empaneled for their medical care under the Pilot Program;
- (C) an assessment of the deployability and overall readiness of members of the applicable operational unit; and
- (D) an estimate of potential costs and impacts on other Coast Guard health care services of supporting the Pilot Program at such units and clinics.
- (2) The data and analysis required under subsection (e)(1).
- (3) A list and detailed description of lessons learned from the Pilot Program as of the date of on which the report is submitted.
- (4) The feasibility, estimated cost, and impacts on other Coast Guard health care services of expanding the Pilot Program to all Coast Guard clinics, and a description of the

- personnel, fiscal, and administrative resources that would be needed for such an expansion.
- (g) TERMINATION.—The Pilot Program shall terminate on September 30, 2028.

### SEC. 5159. EXPANSION OF ACCESS TO COUNSELING.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall hire, train, and deploy not fewer than 5 additional behavioral health specialists, in addition to the personnel required under section 11412(a) of the Don Young Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2022 (14 U.S.C. 504 note).
- (b) REQUIREMENT.—The Commandant shall ensure that not fewer than 35 percent of behavioral health specialists required to be deployed under subsection (a) have experience in—
- (1) behavioral health care related to military sexual trauma; and
- (2) behavioral health care for the purpose of supporting members of the Coast Guard with needs for mental health care and counseling services for post-traumatic stress disorder and co-occurring disorders related to military sexual trauma.
- (c) ACCESSIBILITY.—The support provided by the behavioral health specialists hired pursuant to subsection (a)—
- (1) may include care delivered via telemedicine; and
- (2) shall be made widely available to members of the Coast Guard.
  - (d) NOTIFICATION.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall notify the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives if the Coast Guard has not completed hiring, training, and deploying—
- (A) the personnel referred to in subsections (a) and (b); and
- (B) the personnel required under section 11412(a) of the Don Young Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2022 (14 U.S.C. 504 note).
- (2) CONTENTS.—The notification required under paragraph (1) shall include—
- (A) the date of publication of the hiring opportunity for all such personnel;
- (B) the General Schedule grade level advertised in the publication of the hiring opportunity for all such personnel;
- (C) the number of personnel to whom the Coast Guard extended an offer of employment in accordance with the requirements of this section and section 11412(a) of the Don Young Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2022 (14 U.S.C. 504 note), and the number of such personnel who accepted or declined such offer of employment;
- (D) a summary of the efforts by the Coast Guard to publicize, advertise, or otherwise recruit qualified candidates in accordance with the requirements of this section and section 11412(a) of such Act; and
- (E) any recommendations and a detailed plan to ensure full compliance with the requirements of this section and section 11412(a) of such Act, which may include special payments discussed in the report of the Government Accountability Office titled "Federal Pay: Opportunities Exist to Enhance Strategic Use of Special Payments", published on December 7, 2017 (GAO-18-91), which may be made available to help ensure full compliance with all such requirements in a timely manner.

### SEC. 5160. COMMAND SPONSORSHIP FOR DE-PENDENTS OF MEMBERS OF COAST GUARD ASSIGNED TO UNALASKA, ALASKA.

On request by a member of the Coast Guard assigned to Unalaska, Alaska, the Commandant shall grant command sponsorship to the dependents of such member.

## SEC. 5161. TRAVEL ALLOWANCE FOR MEMBERS OF COAST GUARD ASSIGNED TO ALASKA.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Commandant shall implement a policy that provides for reimbursement to eligible members of the Coast Guard for the cost of airfare for such members to travel to the homes of record of such member during the period specified in subsection (e).
- (b) ELIGIBLE MEMBERS.—A member of the Coast Guard is eligible for a reimbursement under subsection (a) if—
- (1) the member is assigned to a duty location in Alaska; and
- (2) an officer in a grade above O-5 in the chain of command of the member authorizes the travel of the member.
- (c) TREATMENT OF TIME AS LEAVE.—The time during which an eligible member is absent from duty for travel reimbursable under subsection (a) shall be treated as leave for purposes of section 704 of title 10, United States Code.
- (d) Briefing Required.—Not later than February 1, 2027, the Commandant shall provide to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a briefing on—
- (1) the use and effectiveness of reimbursements under subsection (a);
- (2) the calculation and use of the cost of living allowance for a member assigned to a duty location in Alaska; and
- (3) the use of special pays and other allowances as incentives for cold weather proficiency or duty locations.
- (e) PERIOD SPECIFIED.—The period specified in this subsection is the period—
- (1) beginning on the date of enactment of this Act; and
  - (2) ending on the later of-
  - (A) December 31, 2026; or
- (B) the date on which the authority under section 352 of title 37, United States Code, to grant assignment or special duty pay to members of the uniform services terminates under subsection (g) of such section.

## SEC. 5162. CONSOLIDATION OF AUTHORITIES FOR COLLEGE STUDENT PRECOMMISSIONING INITIATIVE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 3710 of title 14, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

## "§ 3710. College student precommissioning initiative

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized within the Coast Guard a college student precommissioning initiative program (in this section referred to as the 'Program') for eligible undergraduate students to enlist in the Coast Guard Reserve and receive a commission as a Reserve officer.
- "(b) CRITERIA FOR SELECTION.—To be eligible for the Program an applicant shall meet the following requirements upon submitting an application:
- "(1) AGE.—The applicant shall be not less than 19 years old and not more than 31 years old as of September 30 of the fiscal year in which the Program selection panel selecting such applicant convenes, or an age otherwise determined by the Commandant.
  - "(2) CHARACTER.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The applicant shall be of outstanding moral character and meet any other character requirement set forth by the Commandant.
- "(B) COAST GUARD APPLICANTS.—Any applicant serving in the Coast Guard may not be commissioned if in the 36 months prior to the first Officer Candidate School class convening date in the selection cycle, such applicant was convicted by a court-martial or assigned nonjudicial punishment, or did not

meet performance or character requirements set forth by the Commandant.

- (3) CITIZENSHIP.—The applicant shall be a United States citizen.
- "(4) CLEARANCE.—The applicant shall be eligible for a secret clearance.
- "(5) EDUCATION.—The applicant shall be enrolled in a college degree program at—
- "(A) an institution of higher education described in section 371(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1067q(a));
- "(B) an institution of higher education (as defined in section 101 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001)) that, at the time of the application has had for 3 consecutive years an enrollment of undergraduate full-time equivalent students (as defined in section 312(e) of such Act (20 U.S.C. 1058(e))) that is a total of at least 50 percent Black American, Hispanic American, Asian American (as defined in section 371(c) of such Act (20 U.S.C. 1067q(c))), Native American Pacific Islander (as defined in such section), or Native American (as defined in such section), among other criteria, as determined by the Commandant: or
- "(C) an institution that meets the eligibility requirements for funding as a ruralserving institution of higher education under section 861 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1161q).
- "(6) LOCATION.—The institution at which the applicant is an undergraduate shall be within 100 miles of a Coast Guard unit or Coast Guard Recruiting Office unless otherwise approved by the Commandant.
- "(7) RECORDS.—The applicant shall meet credit and grade point average requirements set forth by the Commandant.
- "(8) MEDICAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE.—The applicant shall meet other medical and administrative requirements as set forth by the Commandant.
  - "(c) FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Commandant may provide financial assistance to enlisted members of the Coast Guard Reserve on active duty participating in the Program, for expenses of the enlisted member while the enlisted member is enrolled, on a full-time basis, in a college degree program approved by the Commandant at a college, university, or institution of higher education described in subsection (b)(5) that leads to—
- "(A) a baccalaureate degree in not more than 5 academic years; or
  - "(B) a post-baccalaureate degree.
- "(2) WRITTEN AGREEMENTS.—To be eligible for financial assistance under this section, an enlisted member of the Coast Guard Reserve shall enter into a written agreement with the Coast Guard that notifies the Reserve enlisted member of the obligations of that member under this section, and in which the member agrees to the following:
- "(A) The member shall complete an approved college degree program at a college, university, or institution of higher education described in subsection (b)(5).
- "(B) The member shall satisfactorily complete all required Coast Guard training and participate in monthly military activities of the Program as required by the Commandant.
- "(C) Upon graduation from the college, university, or institution of higher education described in subsection (b)(5), the member shall—
- "(i) accept an appointment, if tendered, as a commissioned officer in the Coast Guard Reserve; and
- "(ii) serve a period of obligated active duty for a minimum of 3 years immediately after such appointment as follows:
- "(I) Members participating in the Program shall be obligated to serve on active duty 3 months for each month of instruction for which they receive financial assistance pur-

suant to this section for the first 12 months and 1 month for each month thereafter, or 3 years, whichever is greater.

"(II) The period of obligated active duty service incurred while participating in the Program shall be in addition to any other obligated service a member may incur due to receiving other bonuses or other benefits as part of any other Coast Guard program.

"(III) If an appointment described in clause (i) is not tendered, the member will remain in the Reserve component until completion of the member's enlisted service obligation.

- "(D) The member shall agree to perform such duties or complete such terms under the conditions of service specified by the Coast Guard.
- "(3) EXPENSES.—Expenses for which financial assistance may be provided under this section are the following:
- "(A) Tuition and fees charged by the college, university, or institution of higher education at which a member is enrolled on a full-time basis
  - "(B) The cost of books.
- "(C) In the case of a program of education leading to a baccalaureate degree, laboratory expenses.
- "(D) Such other expenses as the Commandant considers appropriate, which may not exceed \$25,000 for any academic year.
- "(4) TIME LIMIT.—Financial assistance may be provided to a member under this section for up to 5 consecutive academic years.
  - "(5) Breach of agreement.
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may retain in the Coast Guard Reserve, and may order to active duty for such period of time as the Secretary prescribes (but not to exceed 4 years), a member who breaches an agreement under paragraph (2). The period of time for which a member is ordered to active duty under this paragraph may be determined without regard to section 651(a) of title 10.
- "(B) APPROPRIATE ENLISTED GRADE OR RAT-ING.—A member who is retained in the Coast Guard Reserve under subparagraph (A) shall be retained in an appropriate enlisted grade or rating, as determined by the Commandant.
- "(6) REPAYMENT.—A member who does not fulfill the terms of the obligation to serve as specified under paragraph (2), or the alternative obligation imposed under paragraph (5), shall be subject to the repayment provisions of section 303a(e) of title 37.
  - "(d) Briefing.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than August 15 of each year following the date of the enactment of the Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2025, the Commandant shall provide a briefing to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives on the Program.
- "(2) CONTENTS.—The briefing required under paragraph (1) shall describe—
- "(A) outreach and recruitment efforts over the previous year; and
- "(B) demographic information of enrollees, including—
- "(i) race;
- "(ii) ethnicity;
- "(iii) gender;
- "(iv) geographic origin; and "(v) educational institution."
- (b) REPEAL.—Section 2131 of title 14, United States Code, is repealed.
- (c) CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.
- (1) The analysis for chapter 21 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by striking the item relating to section 2131.
- (2) The analysis for chapter 37 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by striking the item relating to section 3710 and inserting the following:

"3710. College student precommissioning initiative.".

## SEC. 5163. TUITION ASSISTANCE AND ADVANCED EDUCATION ASSISTANCE PILOT PROGRAM.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating, acting through the Commandant, shall establish a tuition assistance pilot program for active-duty members of the Coast Guard, to be known as the "Tuition Assistance and Advanced Education Assistance Pilot Program for Sea Duty" (referred to in this section as the "pilot program").
- (b) FORMAL AGREEMENT.—A member of the Coast Guard participating in the pilot program shall enter into a formal agreement with the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating that provides that, upon the successful completion of a sea duty tour by such member, the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating shall, for a period equal to the length of the sea duty tour, beginning on the date on which the sea duty tour concludes—
- (1) reduce by 1 year the service obligation incurred by such member as a result of participation in the advanced education assistance program under section 2005 of title 10, United States Code, or the tuition assistance program under section 2007 of such title: and
- (2) increase the tuition assistance cost cap for such member to not more than double the amount of the standard tuition assistance cost cap set by the Commandant for the applicable fiscal year.
- (c) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date on which the pilot program is established, and annually thereafter through the date on which the pilot program is terminated under subsection (d), the Commandant shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a report that—
- (1) evaluates and compares—
- (A) the Coast Guard's retention, recruitment, and filling of sea duty billets for all members of the Coast Guard; and
- (B) the Coast Guard's retention, recruitment, and filling of sea duty billets for all members of the Coast Guard participating in the pilot program;
- (2) includes the number of participants in the pilot program as of the date of the report, disaggregated by officer and enlisted billet type; and
- (3) assesses the progress made by such participants in their respective voluntary education programs, in accordance with their degree plans, during the period described in subsection (b).
- (d) TERMINATION.—The pilot program shall terminate on the date that is 6 years after the date on which the pilot program is established.

### SEC. 5164. MODIFICATIONS TO CAREER FLEXI-BILITY PROGRAM.

Section 2514 of title 14, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in subsection (c)(3) by striking "2 months" and inserting "30 days"; and
- (2) in subsection (h)-
- (A) in paragraph (1) by striking "and" at the end;
- (B) in paragraph (2) by striking the period and inserting a semicolon; and
  - (C) by adding at the end the following:
- "(3) the entitlement of the member and of the survivors of the member to all death benefits under subchapter II of chapter 75 of title 10:
- "(4) the provision of all travel and transportation allowances to family members of a

deceased member to attend the repatriation, burial, or memorial ceremony of a deceased member as provided in section 453(f) of title 37.

- "(5) the eligibility of the member for general benefits as provided in part II of title 38; and
- "(6) in the case of a victim of an alleged sex-related offense (as such term is defined in section 1044e(h) of title 10) to the maximum extent practicable, maintaining access to—
- "(A) Coast Guard behavioral health resources;
- "(B) sexual assault prevention and response resources and programs of the Coast Guard; and
- "(C) Coast Guard legal resources, including, to the extent practicable, special victims' counsel.".

# SEC. 5165. RECRUITMENT, RELOCATION, AND RETENTION INCENTIVE PROGRAM FOR CIVILIAN FIREFIGHTERS EMPLOYED BY COAST GUARD IN REMOTE LOCATIONS

- (a) IDENTIFICATION OF REMOTE LOCATIONS.— The Commandant shall identify locations to be considered remote locations for purposes of this section, which shall include, at a minimum, each Coast Guard fire station located in an area in which members of the Coast Guard and the dependents of such members are eligible for the TRICARE Prime Remote program.
  - (b) INCENTIVE PROGRAM.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—To ensure uninterrupted operations by civilian firefighters employed by the Coast Guard in remote locations, the Commandant shall establish an incentive program for such firefighters consisting of—
- (A) recruitment and relocation bonuses consistent with section 5753 of title 5, United States Code; and
- (B) retention bonuses consistent with section 5754 of title 5, United States Code.
- (2) ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA.—The Commandant, in coordination with the Director of the Office of Personnel and Management, shall establish eligibility criteria for the incentive program established under paragraph (1), which shall include a requirement that a firefighter described in paragraph (1) may only be eligible for the incentive program under this section if, with respect to the applicable remote location, the Commandant has made a determination that incentives are appropriate to address an identified recruitment, retention, or relocation need.
- (c) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not less frequently than annually for the 5-year period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a report that—
- (1) details the use and effectiveness of the incentive program established under this section; and
- (2) includes-
- (A) the number of participants in the incentive program:
- (B) a description of the distribution of incentives under such program; and
- (C) a description of the impact of such program on civilian firefighter recruitment and retention by the Coast Guard in remote locations

### SEC. 5166. REINSTATEMENT OF TRAINING COURSE ON WORKINGS OF CON-GRESS; COAST GUARD MUSEUM.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 3 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by—  $\,$
- (1) transferring section 316 to appear after section 323 and redesignating such section as section 324; and

### (2) inserting after section 315 the following: "\$ 316. Training course on workings of Congress

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Commandant, and such other individuals and organizations as the Commandant considers appropriate, shall develop a training course on the workings of Congress and offer such training course at least once each year.
- "(b) COURSE SUBJECT MATTER.—The training course required by this section shall provide an overview and introduction to Congress and the Federal legislative process, including—
- "(1) the history and structure of Congress and the committee systems of the House of Representatives and the Senate, including the functions and responsibilities of the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate;
- "(2) the documents produced by Congress, including bills, resolutions, committee reports, and conference reports, and the purposes and functions of such documents;
- "(3) the legislative processes and rules of the House of Representatives and the Senate, including similarities and differences between the 2 processes and 2 sets of rules, including—
- "(A) the congressional budget process;
- "(B) the congressional authorization and appropriation processes;
- "(C) the Senate advice and consent process for Presidential nominees; and
- "(D) the Senate advice and consent process for treaty ratification;
- "(4) the roles of Members of Congress and congressional staff in the legislative process;
- "(5) the concept and underlying purposes of congressional oversight within the governance framework of separation of powers.
- "(c) Lecturers and Panelists.—
- "(1) OUTSIDE EXPERTS.—The Commandant shall ensure that not less than 60 percent of the lecturers, panelists, and other individuals providing education and instruction as part of the training course required under this section are experts on Congress and the Federal legislative process who are not employed by the executive branch of the Federal Government.
- "(2) AUTHORITY TO ACCEPT PRO BONO SERV-ICES.—In satisfying the requirement under paragraph (1), the Commandant shall seek, and may accept, educational and instructional services of lecturers, panelists, and other individuals and organizations provided to the Coast Guard on a pro bono basis.
  - "(d) EFFECT OF LAW.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The training required by this section shall replace the substantially similar training that was required by the Commandant on the day before the date of the enactment of this section.
- "(2) Previous training recipients.—A Coast Guard flag officer or a Coast Guard Senior Executive Service employee who, not more than 3 years before the date of the enactment of this section, completed the training that was required by the Commandant on the day before such date of enactment, shall not be required to complete the training required by this section."
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 3 of title 14, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) by striking the item relating to section 316 and inserting after the item relating to section 323 the following:
- "324. Training for congressional affairs personnel.".
- $\left(2\right)$  by inserting after the item relating to section 315 the following:
- "316. Training course on workings of Congress.".

- (c) SERVICES AND USE OF FUNDS FOR, AND LEASING OF, THE NATIONAL COAST GUARD MUSEUM.—Section 324 of title 14, United States Code, as transferred and redesignated by subsection (a), is amended—
  - (1) in subsection (b)—
- (A) in paragraph (1) by striking "The Secretary" and inserting "Except as provided in paragraph (2), the Secretary"; and
- (B) in paragraph (2) by striking "on the engineering and design of a Museum." and inserting "on—"
  - "(A) the design of the Museum; and
- "(B) engineering, construction administration, and quality assurance services for the Museum.";
- (2) in subsection (e), by amending paragraph (2)(A) to read as follows:
- "(2)(A) for the purpose of conducting Coast Guard operations, lease from the Association—
  - "(i) the Museum; and
- "(ii) any property owned by the Association that is adjacent to the railroad tracks that are adjacent to the property on which the Museum is located; and"; and
- (3) by amending subsection (g) to read as follows:
- "(g) SERVICES.—With respect to the services related to the construction, maintenance, and operation of the Museum, the Commandant may, from nonprofits entities including the Association.—
  - "(1) solicit and accept services; and
- "(2) enter into contracts or memoranda of agreement to acquire such services."

## SEC. 5167. MODIFICATION OF DESIGNATION OF VICE ADMIRALS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 305(a)(1) of title 14, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A) by striking "may" and inserting "shall"; and
- (2) in subparagraph (A)(ii) by striking "be the Chief of Staff of the Coast Guard" and inserting "oversee personnel management, workforce and dependent support, training, and related matters"
- (b) REORGANIZATION.—Chapter 3 of title 14, United States Code, is further amended by redesignating sections 312 through 324 as sections 314 through 326, respectively.
- (c) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 3 of title 14, United States Code, is further amended by redesignating the items relating to sections 312 through 324 as relating to sections 314 through 326, respectively.

### SEC. 5168. COMMANDANT ADVISORY JUDGE ADVOCATE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 3 of title 14, United States Code, is further amended by inserting after section 311 the following:

### "§ 312. Commandant Advisory Judge Advocate

- "There shall be in the Coast Guard a Commandant Advisory Judge Advocate who is a judge advocate in a grade of O-6. The Commandant Advisory Judge Advocate shall be assigned to the staff of the Commandant in the first regularly scheduled O-6 officer assignment panel to convene following the date of the enactment of the Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2025 and perform such duties relating to legal matters arising in the Coast Guard as such legal matters relate to the Commandant, as may be assigned."
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT .—The analysis for chapter 3 of title 14, United States Code, is further amended by inserting after the item relating to section 311 the following item:
- "312. Commandant Advisory Judge Advocate.".

### SEC. 5169. SPECIAL ADVISOR TO COMMANDANT FOR TRIBAL AND NATIVE HAWAIIAN AFFAIRS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 3 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 312 the following:

### "§ 313. Special Advisor to Commandant for Tribal and Native Hawaiian Affairs

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—In accordance with Federal trust responsibilities and treaty obligations, laws, and policies relevant to Indian Tribes and in support of the principles of self-determination, self-governance, and comanagement with respect to Indian Tribes, and to support engagement with Native Hawaiians, there shall be in the Coast Guard a Special Advisor to the Commandant for Tribal and Native Hawaiian Affairs (in this section referred to as the 'Special Advisor'), who shall—
- "(1) be selected by the Secretary and the Commandant through a competitive search process:
- "(2) have expertise in Federal Indian law and policy, including government-to-government consultation:
- "(3) to the maximum extent practicable, have expertise in legal and policy issues affecting Native Hawaiians; and
- "(4) have an established record of distinguished service and achievement working with Indian Tribes, Tribal organizations, and Native Hawaiian organizations.
- "(b) Career Reserved Position.—The position of Special Advisor shall be a career reserved position at the GS-15 level or greater.
- "(c) DUTIES.—The Special Advisor shall—
- "(1) ensure the Federal government upholds the Federal trust responsibility and conducts consistent, meaningful, and timely government-to-government consultation and engagement with Indian Tribes, which shall meet or exceed the standards of the Federal Government and the Coast Guard;
- "(2) ensure meaningful and timely engagement with—
  - "(A) Native Hawaiian organizations; and
  - $\lq\lq(B)$  Tribal organizations;
- "(3) advise the Commandant on all policies of the Coast Guard that have Tribal implications in accordance with applicable law and policy, including Executive Orders;
- "(4) work to ensure that the policies of the Federal Government regarding consultation and engagement with Indian Tribes and engagement with Native Hawaiian organizations and Tribal organizations are implemented in a meaningful manner, working through Coast Guard leadership and across the Coast Guard, together with—
- "(A) liaisons located within Coast Guard districts:
- "(B) the Director of Coast Guard Governmental and Public Affairs; and
- "(C) other Coast Guard leadership and programs and other Federal partners; and
- "(5) support Indian Tribes, Native Hawaiian organizations, and Tribal organizations in all matters under the jurisdiction of the Coast Guard.
- "(d) DIRECT ACCESS TO SECRETARY AND COMMANDANT.—No officer or employee of the Coast Guard or the Department of Homeland Security may interfere with the ability of the Special Advisor to give direct and independent advice to the Secretary and the Commandant on matters related to this section.
  - "(e) Definitions.—In this section:
- "(1) INDIAN TRIBE.—The term 'Indian Tribe' has the meaning given such term in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304).
- "(2) NATIVE HAWAIIAN ORGANIZATION.—The term 'Native Hawaiian organization' has the meaning given such term in section 6207 of the Elementary and Secondary Education

- Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7517) except the term includes the Department of Hawaiian Home Lands and the Office of Hawaiian Affairs.
- "(3) TRIBAL ORGANIZATION.—The term 'Tribal organization' has the meaning given the term in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304)."
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 3 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 312 the following:
- "313. Special Advisor to Commandant for Tribal and Native Hawaiian Affairs.".
- (c) Briefings.—
- (1) INITIAL BRIEFING.—Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall brief the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the Committee on Indian Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives on the manner in which the Special Advisor for Tribal and Native Hawaiian Affairs will be incorporated into the governance structure of the Coast Guard, including a timeline for the incorporation that is completed not later than 1 year after date of enactment of this Act.
- (2) ANNUAL BRIEFINGS ON SPECIAL ADVISOR TO THE COMMANDANT TOR TRIBAL AND NATIVE HAWAIIAN AFFAIRS.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the establishment of the position of the Special Advisor to the Commandant for Tribal and Native Hawaiian Affairs under section 313 of title 14. United States Code, and annually thereafter for 2 years, the Commandant shall provide the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Technology and the Committee on Indian Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives with a briefing on the duties, responsibilities, and actions of the Special Advisor to the Commandant for Tribal and Native Hawaiian Affairs, including management of best practices.
- (3) BRIEFING ON COLLABORATION WITH TRIBES ON RESEARCH CONSISTENT WITH COAST GUARD MISSION REQUIREMENTS.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall provide the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Technology and the Committee on Indian Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives with a briefing on potential collaborations on and research and use of indigenous place-based knowledge and research.
- (B) ELEMENT.—In providing the briefing under subparagraph (A), the Commandant shall identify current and potential future opportunities to improve coordination with Indian Tribes, Native Hawaiian organizations, and Tribal organizations to support—
- (i) Coast Guard mission needs, such as the potential for research or knowledge to enhance maritime domain awareness, including opportunities through the ADAC-ARCTIC Center of Excellence of the Department of Homeland Security; and
- (ii) Coast Guard efforts to protect indigenous place-based knowledge and research.
- (4) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:
- (A) INDIAN TRIBE.—The term "Indian Tribe" has the meaning given that term in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304).
- (B) NATIVE HAWAIIAN ORGANIZATION.—The term "Native Hawaiian organization" has the meaning given such term in section 6207 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7517) except the term includes the Department of Hawaiian Home Lands and the Office of Hawaiian Affairs.

- (C) TRIBAL ORGANIZATION.—The term "Tribal organization" has the meaning given the term in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304).
- (d) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section, or an amendment made by this section, shall be construed to impact—
- (1) the right of any Indian Tribe (as defined in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304)); or
- (2) any government-to-government consultation.
  - (e) Conforming Amendments.-
- (1) Section 11237 of the Don Young Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2022 (Public Law 117–263) is amended—
- (A) in subsection (a), by striking "section 312 of title 14" and inserting "section 315 of title 14"; and
- (B) in subsection (b)(2)(A), by striking "section 312 of title 14" and inserting "section 315 of title 14".
- (2) Section 807(a) of the Frank LoBiondo Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2018 (Public Law 115-282) is amended by striking "section 313 of title 14" and inserting "section 316 of title 14"
- (3) Section 3533(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31) is amended by striking "section 315 of title 14" and inserting "section 318 of title 14".
- (4) Section 311(j)(9)(D) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1321(j)(9)(D)) is amended by striking "section 323 of title 14" each place it appears and inserting "section 325 of title 14" each such place.

### SEC. 5170. NOTIFICATION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Commandant shall provide to the appropriate committees of Congress notification as described in subsection (b)—
- (1) not later than the date that is 10 days before the final day of each fiscal year; or
- (2) in the case of a continuing resolution that, for a period of more than 10 days, provides appropriated funds in lieu of an appropriations Act, not later than the date that is 10 days before the final day of the period that such continuing resolution covers.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—Notification under subsection (a) shall include—
- (1) the status of funding for the Coast Guard during the subsequent fiscal year or at the end of the continuing resolution if other appropriations measures are not enacted, as applicable;
- (2) the status of the Coast Guard as a component of the Armed Forces;
- (3) the number of members currently serving overseas and otherwise supporting missions related to title 10, United States Code;
- (4) the fact that members of the Armed Forces have service requirements unlike those of other Federal employees, which require them to continue to serve even if unpaid:
- (5) the impacts of historical shutdowns of the Federal Government on members of the Coast Guard; and
- (6) other relevant matters, as determined by the Commandant.
- (c) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DEFINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (1) the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate;
- (2) the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate:
- (3) the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives; and
- (4) the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives.

## Subtitle E—Coast Guard Academy SEC. 5171. MODIFICATION OF BOARD OF VISI-

Section 1903 of title 14, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

### "§ 1903, Annual Board of Visitors

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Commandant shall establish a Board of Visitors to the Coast Guard Academy to review and make recommendations on the operation of the Academy
  - "(b) Membership —
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The membership of the Board shall consist of the following:
- "(A) The chairperson of the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate, or a member of such Committee designated by such chairperson.
- "(B) The chairperson of the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives, or a member of such Committee designated by such chairperson.
- "(C) 3 Senators appointed by the Vice President.
- "(D) 4 Members of the House of Representatives appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives.
- "(E) 2 Senators appointed by the Vice President, each of whom shall be selected from among members of the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate.
- (F) 2 Members of the House of Representatives appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, each of whom shall be selected from among members of the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
- (G) 6 individuals designated by the President.
- ``(2) Timing of appointments of members.—
- "(A) If any member of the Board described in paragraph (1)(C) is not appointed by the date that is 180 days after the date on which the first session of each Congress convenes, the chair and ranking member of the subcommittee of the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate with jurisdiction over the authorization of appropriations of the Coast Guard shall be members of the Board until the date on which the second session of such Congress adjourns sine die.
- "(B) If any member of the Board described in paragraph (1)(D) is not appointed by the date that is 180 days after the date on which the first session of each Congress convenes, the chair and ranking member of the subcommittee of the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives with jurisdiction over the authorization of appropriations for the Coast Guard shall be members of the Board until the date on which the second session of such Congress adjourns sine die.
- "(C) If any member of the Board described in paragraph (1)(E) is not appointed by the date that is 180 days after the date on which the first session of each Congress convenes, the chair and ranking member of the subcommittee of the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate with jurisdiction over appropriations for the Coast Guard shall be members of the Board until the date on which the second session of such Congress adjourns sine die.
- "(D) If any member of the Board described in paragraph (1)(F) is not appointed by the date that is 180 days after the date on which the first session of each Congress convenes, the chair and ranking member of the subcommittee of the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives with jurisdiction over appropriations for the Coast Guard shall be members of the Board until the date on which the second session of such Congress adjourns sine die.

- "(3) Chairperson.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—On a biennial basis and subject to paragraph (4), the Board shall select from among the members of the Board a Member of Congress to serve as the Chair of the Board.
- "(B) ROTATION.—A Member of the House of Representatives and a Member of the Senate shall alternately be selected as the Chair of the Board.
- "(C) TERM.—An individual may not serve as Chairperson of the Board for consecutive terms.
- "(4) LENGTH OF SERVICE.-
- "(A) MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.—A Member of Congress designated as a member of the Board under paragraph (1) shall be designated as a member in the first session of the applicable Congress and shall serve for the duration of such Congress.
- "(B) INDIVIDUALS DESIGNATED BY THE PRESI-DENT.—Each individual designated by the President under paragraph (1)(G) shall serve as a member of the Board for 3 years, except that any such member whose term of office has expired shall continue to serve until a successor is appointed by the President.
- "(C) DEATH OR RESIGNATION OF A MEMBER.—
  If a member of the Board dies or resigns, a successor shall be designated for any unexpired portion of the term of the member by the official who designated the member.
  - "(c) Duties.—
  - "(1) ACADEMY VISITS.—
- "(A) ANNUAL VISIT.—The Commandant shall invite each member of the Board, and any designee of a member of the Board, to visit the Coast Guard Academy at least once annually to review the operation of the Academy.
- "(B) ADDITIONAL VISITS.—With the approval of the Secretary, the Board or any members of the Board in connection with the duties of the Board may—
- "(i) make visits to the Academy in addition to the visits described in subparagraph (A): or
- "(ii) consult with-
- "(I) the Superintendent of the Academy; or "(II) the faculty, staff, or cadets of the Academy.
- "(C) ACCESS.—The Commandant shall ensure that the Board or any members of the Board who visits the Academy under this paragraph is provided reasonable access to the grounds, facilities, cadets, faculty, staff, and other personnel of the Academy for the purpose of carrying out the duties of the Board
- "(2) OVERSIGHT REVIEW.—In conducting oversight of the Academy under this section, the Board shall review, with respect to the Academy—
- "(A) the state of morale and discipline, including with respect to prevention of, response to, and recovery from sexual assault and sexual harassment;
- "(B) recruitment and retention, including diversity, inclusion, and issues regarding women specifically:
- "(C) the curriculum;
- "(D) instruction;
- "(E) physical equipment, including infrastructure, living quarters, and deferred maintenance;
  - "(F) fiscal affairs: and
- "(G) any other matter relating to the Academy the Board considers appropriate.
  - "(d) Administrative Matters.-
  - "(1) MEETINGS .-
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—Not less frequently than annually, the Board shall meet at a location chosen by the Commandant, in consultation with the Board, to conduct the review required by subsection (c)(2).
- "(B) CHAIRPERSON AND CHARTER.—The Federal officer designated under subsection

- (f)(1)(B) shall organize a meeting of the Board for the purposes of—
- "(i) selecting a Chairperson of the Board under subsection (b)(3);
- "(ii) adopting an official charter for the Board, which shall establish the schedule of meetings of the Board; and
- "(iii) any other matter such designated Federal officer or the Board considers appropriate.
- "(C) SCHEDULING.—In scheduling a meeting of the Board, such designated Federal officer shall coordinate, to the greatest extent practicable, with the members of the Board to determine the date and time of the meeting.
- "(D) NOTIFICATION.—Not less than 30 days before each scheduled meeting of the Board, such designated Federal officer shall notify each member of the Board of the time, date, and location of the meeting.
  - "(2) STAFF.—
- "(A) DESIGNATION.—The chairperson and the ranking member of the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the chairperson and the ranking member of the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives may each designate 1 staff member of each such Committees.
- "(B) Role.—Staff designated under subparagraph (A)—
- "(i) may attend and participate in visits and carry out consultations described under subsection (c)(1) and attend and participate in meetings described under paragraph (1); and
- "(ii) may not otherwise carry out duties or take actions reserved to members of the Board under this section.
- "(3) ADVISORS.—If approved by the Secretary, the Board may consult with advisors in carrying out the duties of the Board under this section.
  - "(4) REPORTS.—
- "(A) In GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after the date on which the Board conducts a meeting of the Board under paragraph (1), the Deputy Commandant for Mission Support, in consultation with the Board, shall submit a report on the actions of the Board during the meeting and the recommendations of the Board pertaining to the Academy to—
  - ``(i) the Secretary;
- "(ii) the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate; and
- "(iii) the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives.
- "(B) PUBLICATION.—Each report submitted under this paragraph shall be published on a publicly accessible website of the Coast Guard.
- "(e) DISCLOSURE.—The Commandant and the Superintendent of the Academy shall ensure candid and complete disclosure to the Board, consistent with applicable laws relating to disclosure of information, with respect to—
- "(1) each issue described in subsection (c)(2); and
- "(2) any other issue the Board or the Commandant considers appropriate.
- "(f) COAST GUARD SUPPORT.
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Commandant shall—"(A) provide support to the Board, as
- Board considers necessary for the performance of the duties of the Board;
- "(B) designate a Federal officer to support the performance of the duties of the Board; and
- "(C) in cooperation with the Superintendent of the Academy, advise the Board of any institutional issues, consistent with applicable laws concerning the disclosure of information.

"(2) REIMBURSEMENT.—Each member of the Board and each advisor consulted by the Board under subsection (d)(3) shall be reimbursed, to the extent permitted by law, by the Coast Guard for actual expenses incurred while engaged in duties as a member or advisor

"(g) Notification.—Not later than 30 days after the date on which the first session of each Congress convenes, the Commandant shall provide to the chairperson and ranking member of the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the chairperson and ranking member of the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives, and the President notification of the requirements of this section."

## SEC. 5172. STUDY ON COAST GUARD ACADEMY OVERSIGHT.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant, shall enter into an agreement with a federally funded research and development center with relevant expertise under which such center shall conduct an assessment of the oversight and governance of the Coast Guard Academy, including—
- (1) examining the-
- (A) authorities regarding Coast Guard and Departmental oversight of the Coast Guard Academy, including considerations of how these may impact accreditation review at the academy:
- (B) roles and responsibilities of the Board of Trustees of such Academy;
- (C) Coast Guard roles and responsibilities with respect to management and facilitation of the Board of Trustees of such Academy;
- (D) advisory functions of the Board of Trustees of such Academy; and
- (E) membership of the Board of Trustees for the 10-year period preceding the date of the enactment of this Act, to include expertise, objectiveness, and effectiveness in conducting oversight of such Academy; and
- (2) an analysis of the involvement of the Board of Trustees during the Operation Fouled Anchor investigation, including to what extent the Board members were informed, involved, or made decisions regarding the governance of the academy based on that investigation.
- (b) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date on which the Commandant enters into an agreement under subsection (a), the federally funded research and development center selected under such subsection shall submit to the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating, the Commandant, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate, and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a report that contains—
- (1) the results of the assessment required under subsection (a); and
- (2) recommendations to improve governance of the Coast Guard Academy and the Board of Trustees.

### SEC. 5173. ELECTRONIC LOCKING MECHANISMS TO ENSURE COAST GUARD ACADEMY CADET ROOM SECURITY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant, in consultation with the Superintendent of the Coast Guard Academy (referred to in this section as the "Superintendent"), shall—
- (1) install an electronic locking mechanism for each room at the Coast Guard Academy within which 1 or more Coast Guard Academy cadets reside overnight;
- (2) test each such mechanism not less than once every 6 months for proper function and maintained in proper working order; and
- (3) use a system that electronically records the date, time, and identity of each indi-

- vidual who accesses a cadet room using an electronic access token, code, card, or other electronic means, which shall be maintained in accordance with the general schedule for records retention, or a period of five years, whichever is later.
  - (b) ELECTRONIC LOCKING MECHANISMS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Each electronic locking mechanism described in subsection (a) shall be coded in a manner that provides access to a room described in such subsection only to—
- (A) the 1 or more cadets assigned to the room; and
- (B) such Coast Guard Academy officers, administrators, staff, or security personnel, including personnel of the Coast Guard Investigative Service, as are necessary to access the room in the event of an emergency.
- (2) EXISTING MECHANISMS.—Not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Superintendent shall ensure that electronic locking mechanisms installed in academic buildings of the Coast Guard Academy, Chase Hall common spaces, and in any other location at the Coast Guard Academy are maintained in proper working order.
- (c) ACCESS POLICY INSTRUCTION.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Superintendent shall promulgate a policy regarding cadet room security policies and procedures, which shall include, at a minimum—
- (1) a prohibition on sharing with any other cadet, employee, or other individual electronic access tokens, codes, cards, or other electronic means of accessing a cadet room;
- (2) procedures for resetting electronic locking mechanisms in the event of a lost, stolen, or otherwise compromised electronic access token, code, card, or other electronic means of accessing a cadet room;
- (3) procedures to maintain the identity of each individual who accesses a cadet room using an electronic access token, code, card, or other electronic means, while ensuring the security of personally identifiable information and protecting the privacy of any such individual, as appropriate;
- (4) procedures by which cadets may report to the chain of command the malfunction of an electronic locking mechanism; and
- (5) a schedule of testing to ensure the proper functioning of electronic locking mechanisms.
- (d) MINIMUM TRAINING REQUIREMENTS.—The Superintendent shall ensure that each Coast Guard Academy cadet receives, not later than 1 day after the date of the initial arrival of the cadet at the Coast Guard Academy, an initial training session, and any other training the Superintendent considers necessary, on—
- (1) the use of electronic locking mechanisms installed under this section; and
- (2) the policy promulgated under subsection (c).

# SEC. 5174. COAST GUARD ACADEMY STUDENT ADVISORY BOARD AND ACCESS TO TIMELY AND INDEPENDENT WELLNESS SUPPORT SERVICES FOR CADETS AND CANDIDATES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter I of Chapter 19 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

### "§ 1907. Coast Guard Academy Student and Women Advisory Board

- "(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Commandant shall establish within the Coast Guard Academy an advisory board to be known as the 'Coast Guard Academy Student and Women Advisory Board' (in this section referred to as the 'Advisory Board').
- "(b) MEMBERSHIP.—The Advisory Board shall be composed of not fewer than 12 cadets of the Coast Guard Academy who are enrolled at the Coast Guard Academy at the

time of appointment, including not fewer than 3 cadets from each class.

'(c) Appointment.

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Cadets shall be appointed to the Advisory Board by the Provost, in consultation with the Superintendent of the Coast Guard Academy.
- "(2) APPLICATION.—Cadets who are eligible for appointment to the Advisory Board shall submit an application for appointment to the Provost of the Coast Guard Academy, or a designee of the Provost, for consideration. "(d) SELECTION.—The Provost shall select eligible applicants who—
- (1) are best suited to fulfill the duties described in subsection (g); and
- "(2) best represent the student body makeup at the Coast Guard Academy.
  - '(e) TERM.-
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Appointments shall be made not later than 60 days after the date of the swearing in of a new class of cadets at the Coast Guard Academy.
- "(2) TERM.—The term of membership of a cadet on the Advisory Board shall be 1 academic year.
- "(f) MEETINGS.—The Advisory Board shall meet in person with the Superintendent not less frequently than twice each academic year to discuss the activities of the Advisory Board.
  - "(g) DUTIES.—The Advisory Board shall-
- "(1) identify challenges facing Coast Guard Academy cadets, including cadets who are women, relating to—
  - "(A) health and wellbeing;
- "(B) cadet perspectives and information with respect to sexual assault, sexual harassment and sexual violence prevention, response, and recovery at the Coast Guard Academy:
- "(C) the culture of, and leadership development and access to health care for, cadets at the Academy who are women; and
- "(D) any other matter the Advisory Board considers important:
- "(2) discuss and propose possible solutions to such challenges, including improvements to leadership development at the Coast Guard Academy; and
- "(3) periodically review the efficacy of Coast Guard Academy academic, wellness, and other relevant programs and provide recommendations to the Commandant for improvement of such programs.
  - "(h) Working Groups.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Advisory Board shall establish 2 working groups of which—
- "(A) 1 working group shall be composed, at least in part, of Coast Guard Academy cadets who are not current members of the Advisory Board and members of the Cadets Against Sexual Assault, or any similar successor organization, to assist the Advisory Board in carrying out its duties under subsection (g)(1)(B); and
- "(B) 1 working group shall be composed, at least in part, of Coast Guard Academy cadets who are not current members of the Advisory Board to assist the Advisory Board in carrying out its duties under subsection (g)(1)(C).
- "(2) OTHER WORKING GROUPS.—The Advisory Board may establish such other working groups (which may be composed, at least in part, of Coast Guard Academy cadets who are not current members of the Advisory Board) as the Advisory Board finds to be necessary to carry out the Board's duties other than the duties in subparagraphs (B) and (C) of subsection (g)(1).
  - "(i) REPORTING.—
- "(1) COMMANDANT AND SUPERINTENDENT.— The Advisory Board shall regularly submit a report or provide a briefing to the Commandant and the Superintendent on the results of the activities carried out in furtherance of the duties of the Advisory Board

under subsection (g), including recommendations for actions to be taken based on such results, not less than once per academic semester.

- "(2) ANNUAL REPORT.—The Advisory Board shall transmit to the Commandant, through the Provost and the Superintendent an annual report at the conclusion of the academic year, containing the information and materials that were presented to the Commandant or Superintendent, or both, during the regularly occurring briefings under paragraph (1).
- "(3) CONGRESS.—The Commandant shall provide to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives any report or other materials provided to the Commandant and Superintendent under paragraph (1) and any other information related to the Advisory requested by the Committees."
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 19 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 1906 the following:
- "1907. Coast Guard Academy Student and Women Advisory Board.".

# SEC. 5175. REPORT ON EXISTING BEHAVIORAL HEALTH AND WELLNESS SUPPORT SERVICES FACILITIES AT COAST GUARD ACADEMY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant, shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a report on existing behavioral health and wellness support services facilities at the Coast Guard Academy in which Coast Guard Academy cadets and officer candidates, respectively, may receive timely and independent behavioral health and wellness support services, including via telemedicine.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The report required under paragraph (1) shall include—
- (1) an identification of each building at the Coast Guard Academy that contains a dormitory or other overnight accommodations for cadets or officer candidates: and
- (2)(A) an identification of additional behavioral health or wellness support services that would be beneficial to cadets and officer candidates, such as additional facilities with secure access to telemedicine;
- (B) a description of the benefits that such services would provide to cadets and officer candidates, particularly to cadets and officer candidates who have experienced sexual assault or sexual harassment; and
- (C) a description of the resources necessary to provide such services.

### SEC. 5176. REQUIRED POSTING OF INFORMATION.

- The Commandant shall ensure that, in each building at the Coast Guard Academy that contains a dormitory or other overnight accommodations for cadets or officer candidates, written information is posted in a visible location with respect to—
- (1) the methods and means by which a cadet or officer candidate may report a crime, including harassment, sexual assault, sexual harassment, and any other offense;
- (2) the contact information for the Coast Guard Investigative Service;
  - (3) external resources for—
  - (A) wellness support;
- (B) work-life;
- (C) medical services; and
- (D) support relating to behavioral health, civil rights, sexual assault, and sexual harassment; and
- (4) cadet and officer candidate rights with respect to reporting incidents to the Coast

Guard Investigative Service, civilian authorities, the Office of the Inspector General of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating, and any other applicable entity.

SEC. 5177. INSTALLATION OF BEHAVIORAL

# HEALTH AND WELLNESS ROOMS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating shall install or construct at the Coast Guard Academy 2 rooms

Coast Guard is operating shall install or construct at the Coast Guard Academy 2 rooms to be used for the purpose of supporting cadet and officer candidate behavioral health and wellness.

- (b) STANDARDS OF ROOMS.—Each room installed or constructed under this section—
  - (1) shall be-
  - (A) equipped-
- (i) in a manner that ensures the protection of the privacy of cadets and officer candidates, consistent with law and policy;
- (ii) with a telephone and computer to allow for the provision of behavioral health and wellness support or other services; and
- (iii) with an accessible and private wireless internet connection for the use of personal communications devices at the discretion of the cadet or officer candidate concerned; and
- (B) to the extent practicable and consistent with good order and discipline, accessible to cadets and officer candidates at all times; and
- (2) shall contain the written information described in section 5176, which shall be posted in a visible location.

## SEC. 5178. COAST GUARD ACADEMY ROOM REASSIGNMENT.

Section 1902 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following.

"(f) ROOM REASSIGNMENT.—Coast Guard Academy cadets may request room reassignment if experiencing discomfort due to Coast Guard Academy rooming assignments, consistent with policy."

### SEC. 5179. AUTHORIZATION FOR USE OF COAST GUARD ACADEMY FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT BY COVERED FOUNDA-TIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter I of chapter 19 of title 14, United States Code, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

### "\$ 1908. Authorization for use of Coast Guard Academy facilities and equipment by covered foundations

- "(a) AUTHORITY.—Subject to subsections (b) and (c), the Secretary, with the concurrence of the Superintendent of the Coast Guard Academy, may authorize a covered foundation to use, on a reimbursable or non-reimbursable basis as determined by the Secretary, facilities or equipment of the Coast Guard Academy.
- "(b) Prohibition.—The Secretary may not authorize any use of facilities or equipment under subsection (a) if such use may jeopardize the health, safety, or well-being of any member of the Coast Guard or cadet of the Coast Guard Academy.

  "(c) LIMITATIONS.—The Secretary may only
- authorize the use of facilities or equipment under subsection (a) if such use—
- "(1) is without any liability of the United States to the covered foundation;
  "(2) does not—
- "(A) affect the ability of any official or employee of the Coast Guard, or any member of the armed forces, to carry out any responsibility or duty in a fair and objective man-
- "(B) compromise the integrity or appearance of integrity of any program of the Coast Guard, or any individual involved in any such program; or
- "(C) include the participation of any cadet of the Coast Guard Academy at an event of the covered foundation, other than participation of such a cadet in an honor guard;

- "(3) complies with any applicable ethics regulation; and
- "(4) has been reviewed and approved by an attorney of the Coast Guard.
- "(d) ISSUANCE OF POLICIES.—The Secretary shall issue Coast Guard policies to carry out this section.
- "(e) BRIEFING.—For any fiscal year in which the Secretary exercises the authority under subsection (a), not later than the last day of such fiscal year, the Commandant shall provide a briefing to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives on the number of events or activities of a covered foundation supported by such exercise of authority during the fiscal year.
- "(f) COVERED FOUNDATION DEFINED.—In this section, the term 'covered foundation' means an organization that—
- "(1) is a charitable, educational, or civic nonprofit organization under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986; and
- "(2) the Secretary determines operates exclusively to support—
- "(A) recruiting activities with respect to the Coast Guard Academy;
- "(B) parent or alumni development in support of the Coast Guard Academy;
- "(C) academic, leadership, or character development of Coast Guard Academy cadets;
- velopment of Coast Guard Academy cadets;

  "(D) institutional development of the
  Coast Guard Academy: or
- "(E) athletics in support of the Coast Guard Academy"
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 19 of title 14, United States Code, is further amended by inserting after the item relating to item 1907 the following:

"1908. Authorization for use of Coast Guard Academy facilities and equipment by covered foundations.".

## SEC. 5180. CONCURRENT JURISDICTION AT COAST GUARD ACADEMY.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating may establish concurrent jurisdiction between the Federal Government and the State of Connecticut over the lands constituting the Coast Guard Academy in New London, Connecticut, as necessary to facilitate the ability of the State of Connecticut and City of New London to investigate and prosecute any crimes cognizable under Connecticut law that are committed on such Coast Guard Academy property.

### Subtitle F—Reports

## SEC. 5181. MARITIME DOMAIN AWARENESS IN COAST GUARD SECTOR FOR PUERTO RICO AND VIRGIN ISLANDS.

Not later than 270 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report containing—

- (1) an overview of the maritime domain awareness in the area of responsibility of the Coast Guard sector responsible for Puerto Rico and the United States Virgin Islands, including—
- (A) the average volume of known maritime traffic that transited the area during fiscal years 2020 through 2023;
- (B) current sensor platforms deployed by such sector to monitor illicit activity occurring at sea in such area;
- (C) the number of illicit activity incidents at sea in such area that the sector responded to during fiscal years 2020 through 2023;
- (D) an estimate of the volume of traffic engaged in illicit activity at sea in such area and the type and description of any vessels

used to carry out illicit activities that such sector responded to during fiscal years 2020 through 2023; and

- (E) the maritime domain awareness requirements to effectively meet the mission of such sector:
- (2) a description of current actions taken by the Coast Guard to partner with Federal, regional, State, and local entities to meet the maritime domain awareness needs of such area:
- (3) a description of any gaps in maritime domain awareness within the area of responsibility of such sector resulting from an inability to meet the enduring maritime domain awareness requirements of the sector or adequately respond to maritime disorder:
- (4) an identification of current technology and assets the Coast Guard has to mitigate the gaps identified in paragraph (3);
- (5) an identification of capabilities needed to mitigate such gaps, including any capabilities the Coast Guard currently possesses that can be deployed to the sector:
- (6) an identification of technology and assets the Coast Guard does not currently possess and are needed to acquire in order to address such gaps; and
- (7) an identification of any financial obstacles that prevent the Coast Guard from deploying existing commercially available sensor technology to address such gaps.

## SEC. 5182. REPORT ON CONDITION OF MISSOURI RIVER DAYBOARDS.

- (a) Provision to Congress.—Not later than 270 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report on the condition of dayboards and the placement of buoys on the Missouri River.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The report under paragraph (1) shall include—
- (1) a list of the most recent date on which each dayboard and buoy was serviced by the Coast Guard:
- (2) an overview of the plan of the Coast Guard to systematically service each dayboard and buoy on the Missouri River; and
  - (3) assigned points of contact.
- (c) LIMITATION.—Beginning on the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant may not remove the aids to navigation covered in subsection (a), unless there is an imminent threat to life or safety, until a period of 180 days has elapsed following the date on which the Commandant submits the report required under subsection (a).

### SEC. 5183. STUDY ON COAST GUARD MISSIONS.

- (a) STUDY.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall seek to enter into an agreement with a federally funded research and development center with relevant expertise under which such center shall conduct an assessment of the operational capabilities and ability of the Coast Guard to conduct the primary duties of the Coast Guard under section 102 of title 14, United States Code, and missions under section 888 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 468).
- (2) ELEMENTS.—In carrying out the assessment required under paragraph (1), the federally funded research and development center selected under such subsection shall, with respect to the primary duties and missions described in paragraph (1), include the following:
- (A) An analysis of the extent to which the Coast Guard is able to effectively carry out such duties and missions.
- (B) An analysis of any budgetary, policy, and manpower factors that may constrain

- the Coast Guard's ability to carry out such duties and missions,
- (C) An analysis of the impacts to safety, national security, and the economy, of any shortfalls in the Coast Guards ability to meet such missions.
- (D) Recommendations for the Coast Guard to more effectively carry out such duties and missions, in light of manpower and asset constraints.
- (E) Identification of any duties and missions that are being conducted by the Coast Guard on behalf of other Department of Homeland Security components, the Department of Defense, and other Federal agencies.
- (F) An analysis of the benefits and drawbacks of the Coast Guard conducting missions on behalf of other agencies identified in subparagraph (E), including—
- (i) the budgetary impact of the duties and missions identified in such subparagraph;
- (ii) data on the degree to which the Coast Guard is reimbursed for the costs of such missions; and
- (iii) recommendations to minimize the impact of the missions identified in such subparagraph to the Coast Guard budget, including improving reimbursements and budget autonomy of the Coast Guard.
- (b) ASSESSMENT TO COMMANDANT.—Not later than 1 year after the date on which Commandant enters into an agreement under section (a), the federally funded research and development center selected under such subsection shall submit to the Commandant, the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate the assessment required under subsection (a).
  - (c) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after receipt of the assessment under subsection (b), the Commandant shall submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report that includes recommendations included in the assessment to strengthen the ability of the Coast Guard to carry out such duties and missions.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The report required under paragraph (1) shall include the following:
- (A) The assessment received by the Commandant under subsection (b).
- (B) For each recommendation included in the such assessment—
- (i) an assessment by the Commandant of the feasibility and advisability of implementing such recommendation; and
- (ii) if the Commandant considers the implementation of such recommendation feasible and advisable, a description of the actions taken, or to be taken, to implement such recommendation.

## SEC. 5184. ANNUAL REPORT ON PROGRESS OF CERTAIN HOMEPORTING PROJECTS.

- (a) INITIAL REPORT.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall issue a report detailing the progress of all approved Coast Guard cutter homeporting projects within Coast Guard District 17 with respect to each of the following:
  - (A) Fast Response Cutters.
- (B) Offshore Patrol Cutters.
- (C) The commercially available polar icebreaker procured pursuant to section 11223 of Don Young Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2022 (14 U.S.C. 561 note).
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The report required under paragraph (1) shall include, with respect to each homeporting project described in such paragraph, the following:
  - (A) A description of—

- (i) the status of funds appropriated for the project:
- (ii) activities carried out toward completion of the project; and
- (iii) activities anticipated to be carried out during the subsequent 1-year period to advance completion of the project.
- (B) An updated timeline, including key milestones, for the project.
- (b) Subsequent Reports.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than July 1 of the first calendar year after the year in which the report required under subsection (a) is submitted, and each July 1 thereafter until the date specified in paragraph (2), the Commandant shall issue an updated report containing, with respect to each Coast Guard cutter homeporting project described in subsection (a)(1) (including any such project approved on a date after the date of the enactment of this Act and before the submission of the applicable report), each element described in subsection (a)(2).
- (2) DATE SPECIFIED.—The date specified in this paragraph is the earlier of—
- (A) July 2, 2031; or
- (B) the date on which all projects described in subsection (a)(1) are completed.
- (c) Report on Capacity of Coast Guard Base Ketchikan.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall complete a report detailing the cost of and time frame for expanding the industrial capacity of Coast Guard Base Ketchikan to do out of water repairs on Fast Response Cutters.
- (2) REPORT.—Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate the report required under paragraph (1).
- (d) PUBLIC AVAILABILITY.—The Commandant shall publish each report issued under this section on a publicly accessible website of the Coast Guard.
- (e) Homeporting Project Defined.—In this section, the term "homeporting project"—
- (1) means the facility infrastructure modifications, upgrades, new construction, and real property and land acquisition associated with homeporting new or modified cutters; and
- (2) includes shoreside and waterfront facilities, cutter maintenance facilities, housing, child development facilities, and any other associated infrastructure directly required as a result of homeporting new or modified cutters.

## SEC. 5185. REPORT ON BAY CLASS ICEBREAKING TUG FLEET REPLACEMENT.

Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives—

- (1) a report that describes the strategy of the Coast Guard with respect to the replacement of the Bay class icebreaking tug fleet;
- (2) in the case of such a strategy that results in the replacement of the last Bay class icebreaking tug on a date that is more than 15 years after such date of enactment, a plan to maintain the operational capabilities of the Bay class icebreaking tug fleet until the date on which such fleet is projected to be replaced; and
- (3) in the case of such a plan that does not include the replacement of the main propulsion engines and marine gear components of

the Bay class icebreaking tug fleet, an assessment of the manner in which not replacing such engines and gear components will effect the future operational availability of such fleet.

### SEC. 5186. FEASIBILITY STUDY ON SUPPORTING ADDITIONAL PORT VISITS AND DE-PLOYMENTS IN SUPPORT OF OPER-ATION BLUE PACIFIC.

Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating when not operating as a service in the Navy, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, shall—

- (1) complete a study on the feasibility and advisability of supporting additional Coast Guard port visits and deployments in support of Operation Blue Pacific, or any successor operation oriented toward Oceania; and
- (2) submit to the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a report on the findings of such study.

### SEC. 5187. STUDY AND GAP ANALYSIS WITH RE-SPECT TO COAST GUARD AIR STA-TION CORPUS CHRISTI AVIATION HANGAR.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall commence a study and gap analysis with respect to the aviation hangar at Coast Guard Air Station Corpus Christi and the capacity of such hangar to accommodate the aircraft currently assigned to Coast Guard Air Station Corpus Christi and any aircraft anticipated to be so assigned in the future.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The study and gap analysis required by subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) An identification of hangar infrastructure requirements needed—
- (A) to meet mission requirements for all aircraft currently assigned to Coast Guard Air Station Corpus Christi; and
- (B) to accommodate the assignment of an additional HC-144 Ocean Sentry aircraft to Coast Guard Air Station Corpus Christi.
- (2) An assessment as to whether the aviation hangar at Coast Guard Air Station Corpus Christi is sufficient to accommodate all rotary-wing assets assigned to Coast Guard Air Station Corpus Christi.
- (3) In the case of an assessment that such hangar is insufficient to accommodate all such rotary-wing assets, a description of the facility modifications that would be required to do so.
- (4) An assessment of the facility modifications of such hangar that would be required to accommodate all aircraft assigned to Coast Guard Air Station Corpus Christi upon completion of the transition from the MH-65 rotary-wing aircraft to the MH-60T rotary-wing aircraft.
- (5) An evaluation with respect to which fixed-wing assets assigned to Coast Guard Air Station Corpus Christi should be enclosed in such hangar so as to most effectively mitigate the effects of corrosion while meeting mission requirements.
- (6) An evaluation as to whether, and to what extent, the storage of fixed-wing assets outside such hangar would compromise the material condition and safety of such assets.
- (7) An evaluation of the extent to which any material condition and safety issue identified under paragraph (6) may be mitigated through the use of gust locks, chocks, tiedowns, or related equipment.
- (c) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the commencement of the study and gap analysis required under subsection (a), the

Commandant shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a report on the results of the study and gap analysis.

#### SEC. 5188. REPORT ON IMPACTS OF JOINT TRAV-EL REGULATIONS ON MEMBERS OF COAST GUARD WHO RELY ON FERRY SYSTEMS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant, in coordination with the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness, shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report on the impacts of the Joint Travel Regulations on members of the Coast Guard who are commuting, on permanent change of station travel, or on other official travel to or from locations served by ferry systems.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The report required under subsection (a) shall include an analysis of the impacts on such members of the Coast Guard of the following policies under the Joint Travel Regulations:
- (1) The one-vehicle shipping policy.
- (2) The unavailability of reimbursement of costs incurred by such members due to ferry schedule unavailability, sailing cancellations, and other sailing delays during commuting, permanent change of station travel, or other official travel.
- (3) The unavailability of local infrastructure to support vehicles or goods shipped to duty stations in locations outside the contiguous United States that are not connected by the road system, including locations served by the Alaska Marine Highway System
- (c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—The term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (A) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate; and
- (B) the Committee on Armed Services and the Subcommittee on Coast Guard and Maritime Transportation of the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives.
- (2) JOINT TRAVEL REGULATIONS.—The term "Joint Travel Regulations", with respect to official travel, means the terms, rates, conditions, and regulations maintained under section 464 of title 37, United States Code.

### SEC. 5189. REPORT ON JUNIOR RESERVE OFFI-CERS' TRAINING CORPS PROGRAM.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a report on the Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps program.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The report required under subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) A description of the standards and criteria prescribed by the Coast Guard for educational institution participation in the Coast Guard Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps program.
- (2) With respect to each educational institution offering a Coast Guard Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps program—
- (A) a description of-
- (i) the training and course of military instruction provided to students;
- (ii) the facilities and drill areas used for the program;
- (iii) the type and amount of Coast Guard Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps program resources provided by the Coast Guard;
- (iv) the type and amount of Coast Guard Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps program resources provided by the educational institution; and

- (v) any other matter relating to program requirements the Commandant considers appropriate;
- (B) an assessment as to whether the educational institution is located in an educationally and economically deprived area (as described in section 2031 of title 10, United States Code):
- (C) beginning with the year in which the program was established at the educational institution, the number of students who have participated in the program, disaggregated by gender, race, and grade of student participants; and
- (D) an assessment of the participants in the program, including—
- (i) the performance of the participants in the program;
- (ii) the number of participants in the program who express an intent to pursue a commission or enlistment in the Coast Guard;
- (iii) a description of any other factor or matter considered by the Commandant to be important in assessing the success of program participants at the educational institution.
- (3) With respect to any unit of the Coast Guard Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps suspended or placed on probation pursuant to section 2031(h) of title 10, United States Code—
  - (A) a description of the unit;
- (B) the reason for such suspension or placement on probation;
- (C) the year the unit was so suspended or placed on probation; and
- (D) with respect to any unit that was reinstated after previously being suspended or placed on probation, a justification for the reinstatement of such unit.
- (4) A description of the resources and personnel required to maintain, implement, and provide oversight for the Coast Guard Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps program at each participating educational institution and within the Coast Guard, including the funding provided to each such educational institution, disaggregated by educational institution and year.
  - (5) A recommendation with respect to—
- (A) whether the number of educational institutions participating in the Coast Guard Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps program should be increased; and
- (B) in the case of a recommendation that such number should be increased, additional recommendations relating to such an increase, including—
- (i) the number of additional educational institutions that should be included in the program:
- (ii) the locations of such institutions;
- (iii) any additional authorities or resources necessary for such an increase; and
- (iv) any other matter the Commandant considers appropriate.
- (6) Any other matter the Commandant considers necessary in order to provide a full assessment of the effectiveness of the Coast Guard Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps program.

# SEC. 5190. REPORT ON AND EXPANSION OF COAST GUARD JUNIOR RESERVE OFFICERS' TRAINING CORPS PROGRAM.

- (a) Report.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a report on the status of the Coast Guard Junior Reserve Officers' Training Program.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The report required by paragraph (1) shall include the following:

- (A) A review and timeline of Coast Guard outreach efforts in Coast Guard districts that do not have a Coast Guard Junior Reserve Officers' Training Program.
- (B) A review and timeline of Coast Guard outreach efforts in Coast Guard districts in which there are multiple Coast Guard Junior Reserve Officers' Training Programs.
- (C) Policy recommendations regarding future expansion of the Coast Guard Junior Reserve Officers' Training Program.
  - (b) Expansion.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Beginning on December 31, 2026, the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating shall maintain at all times a Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps Program with not fewer than 20 such programs.
- (2) COST ASSESSMENT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating shall provide Congress with an estimate of the costs associated with implementing this subsection.

# TITLE LII—SHIPPING AND NAVIGATION Subtitle A—Merchant Mariner Credentials SEC. 5201. MERCHANT MARINER CREDENTIALING.

- (a) REVISING MERCHANT MARINER DECK TRAINING REQUIREMENTS.—
- (1) GENERAL DEFINITIONS.—Section 2101 of title 46. United States Code, is amended—
- (A) by redesignating paragraphs (20) through (56) as paragraphs (21), (22), (24), (25), (26), (27), (28), (29), (30), (31), (32), (33), (34), (35), (36), (37), (38), (39), (40), (41), (42), (43), (44), (45), (46), (47), (48), (49), (50), (51), (52), (53), (54), (55), (56), (57), and (58), respectively; and
- (B) by inserting after paragraph (19) the following:
- "(20) 'merchant mariner credential' means a merchant mariner license, certificate, or document that the Secretary is authorized to issue pursuant to this title."; and
- (C) by inserting after paragraph (22), as so redesignated, the following:
- "(23) 'nautical school program' means a program that—
- "(A) offers a comprehensive program of training that includes substantial sea service on nautical school vessels or merchant vessels of the United States primarily to train individuals for service in the merchant marine; and
- "(B) is approved by the Secretary for purposes of section 7315, in accordance with regulations promulgated by the Secretary.".
- (2) EXAMINATIONS.—Section 7116 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by striking subsection (c).
  - (3) MERCHANT MARINERS DOCUMENTS.—
- (A) GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.—Section 7306 of title 46, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

### "\$ 7306. General requirements and classifications for members of deck departments

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may issue a merchant mariner credential, to members of the deck department in the following classes:
  - "(1) Able Seaman-Unlimited.
  - "(2) Able Seaman-Limited.
  - "(3) Able Seaman-Special.
  - "(4) Able Seaman-Offshore Supply Vessels.
  - "(5) Able Seaman-Sail.
  - "(6) Able Seaman-Fishing Industry.
  - "(7) Ordinary Seaman.
- "(b) CLASSIFICATION OF CREDENTIALS.—The Secretary may classify the merchant mariner credential issued under subsection (a) based on—
- "(1) the tonnage and means of propulsion of vessels;
- "(2) the waters on which vessels are to be operated; or

- "(3) other appropriate standards.
- "(c) QUALIFICATIONS.—To qualify for a credential under this section, an applicant shall provide satisfactory proof that the applicant—
- "(1) is at least 18 years of age;
- "(2) has the service required by the applicable section of this part;
- "(3) is qualified professionally as demonstrated by an applicable examination or educational requirements;
- "(4) is qualified as to sight, hearing, and physical condition to perform the seafarer's duties: and
- "(5) has satisfied any additional requirements established by the Secretary, including career patterns and service appropriate to the particular service, industry, or job functions the individual is engaged."
- (B) IMPLEMENTATION.—The Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating shall implement the requirements under subsection (c) of section 7306 of title 46, United States Code (as amended by this section), without regard to chapters 5 and 6 of title 5, United States Code, and Executive Orders 12866 and 13563 (5 U.S.C. 601 note).
- (C) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 73 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by striking the item relating to section 7306 and inserting the following:
- "7306. General requirements and classifications for members of deck departments.".
- (b) GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR MEMBERS OF ENGINE DEPARTMENTS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 7313 of title 46, United States Code, is amended—
- (A) in subsection (b) by striking "and coal passer"; and
- (B) by striking subsection (c) and inserting the following:
- "(c) CLASSIFICATION OF CREDENTIALS.—The Secretary may classify the merchant mariner credential issued under subsection (a) based on—
- "(1) the tonnage and means of propulsion of vessels:
- "(2) the waters on which vessels are to be operated; or
- "(3) other appropriate standards
- "(d) QUALIFICATIONS.—To qualify for an credential under this section, an applicant shall provide satisfactory proof that the applicant—
  - "(1) is at least 18 years of age;
- "(2) has a minimum of 6-months service in the related entry rating;
- "(3) is qualified professionally as demonstrated by an applicable examination or educational requirements; and
- "(4) is qualified as to sight, hearing, and physical condition to perform the member's duties"
- (2) REPEAL.—Section 7314 of title 46, United States Code, and the item relating to such section in the analysis for chapter 73 of such title, are repealed.
  - (c) Training.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 7315 of title 46, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

### "§ 7315. Training

- "(a) NAUTICAL SCHOOL PROGRAM.—Graduation from a nautical school program may be substituted for the sea service requirements under sections 7307 through 7311a and 7313 of this title.
- "(b) OTHER APPROVED TRAINING PROGRAMS.—The satisfactory completion of a training program approved by the Secretary may be substituted for not more than one-half of the sea service requirements under sections 7307 through 7311a and 7313 of this title in accordance with subsection (c).
- "(c) Training Days.—For purposes of subsection (b), training days undertaken in con-

- nection with training programs approved by the Secretary may be substituted for days of required sea service under sections 7307 through 7311a and 7313 of this title as follows:
- "(1) Each shore-based training day in the form of classroom lectures may be substituted for 2 days of sea service requirements.
- "(2) Each training day of laboratory training, practical demonstrations, and other similar training, may be substituted for 4 days of sea service requirements.
- (3) Each training day of full mission simulator training may be substituted for 6 days of sea service requirements.
- "(4) Each training day underway on a vessel while enrolled in an approved training program may be substituted for 1½ days of sea service requirements, as long as—
- "(A) the structured training provided while underway on a vessel is—
- "(i) acceptable to the Secretary as part of the approved training program; and
- "(ii) fully completed by the individual; and "(B) the tonnage of such vessel is appropriate to the endorsement being sought.
- "(d) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term 'training day' means a day that consists of not less than 7 hours of training.".
- (2) IMPLEMENTATION.—The Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating shall implement the requirements of section 7315 of title 46, United States Code, as amended by this subsection, without regard to chapters 5 and 6 of title 5, United States Code, and Executive Orders 12866 and 13563 (5 U.S.C. 601 note) and 14094 (88 Fed. Reg. 21879).
- (3) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-MENTS.—
- (A) TITLE 46.—Title 46, United States Code, is amended—
- (i) in section 2113(3) by striking "section 2101(53)(A)" and inserting "section 2101(55)(A)";
- (ii) in section 3202(a)(1)(A) by striking "section 2101(29)(A)" and inserting "section 2101(31)(A)";
- (iii) in section 3507(k)(1) by striking "section 2101(31)" and inserting "section 2101(33)";
- (iv) in section 4105(d) by striking "section 2101(53)(A)" and inserting "section 2101(55)(A)";
- (v) in section 12119(a)(3) by striking "section 2101(26)" and inserting "section 2101(28)"; and
- (vi) in section 51706(c)(6)(C)(ii) by striking "section 2101(24)" and inserting "section 2101(26)".
  - (B) OTHER LAWS.-
- (i) Section 3(3) of the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (16 U.S.C. 1802(3)) is amended by striking "2101(30) of title 46" and inserting "2101 of title 46".
- (ii) Section 1992(d)(7) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking "section 2101(31) of title 46" and inserting "section 2101 of title 46".
- (iii) Section 311(a)(26)(D) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1321(a)(26)(D)) is amended by striking "section 2101(23)" and inserting "section 2101".
- (iv) Section 1101 of title 49, United States Code, is amended by striking "Section 2101(23)" and inserting "Section 2101(24)".
  - (d) Amendments.-
- (1) MERCHANT MARINER CREDENTIALS.—The heading for part E of subtitle II of title 46, United States Code, is amended by striking "MERCHANT SEAMEN LICENSES, CERTIFICATES, AND DOCUMENTS" and inserting "MERCHANT MARINER CREDENTIALS".
- (2) ABLE SEAFARERS—UNLIMITED.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The section heading for section 7307 of title 46, United States Code, is

- amended by striking "seamen" and inserting "seafarers".
- (B) REDUCTION OF LENGTH OF CERTAIN PERIOD OF SERVICE.—Section 7307 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by striking "3 years" and inserting "18 months".
- (C) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 73 of title 46, United States Code, is further amended in the item relating to section 7307 by striking "seamen" and inserting "seafarers".
  - (3) ABLE SEAMEN—LIMITED.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The section heading for section 7308 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by striking "seamen" and inserting "seafarers".
- (B) REDUCTION OF LENGTH OF CERTAIN PERIOD OF SERVICE.—Section 7308 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by striking "18 months" and inserting "12 months".
- (C) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 73 of title 46, United States Code, is further amended in the item relating to section 7308 by striking "seamen" and inserting "seafarers".
- (4) ABLE SEAFARERS—SPECIAL.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The section heading for section 7309 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by striking "seamen" and inserting "seafarers".
- (B) REDUCTION OF LENGTH OF CERTAIN PERIOD OF SERVICE.—Section 7309 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by striking "12 months" and inserting "6 months".
- (C) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 73 of title 46, United States Code, is further amended in the item relating to section 7309 by striking "seamen" and inserting "seafarers".
- (5) ABLE SEAFARERS—OFFSHORE SUPPLY VESSELS.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The section heading for section 7310 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by striking "seamen" and inserting "seafarers".
- (B) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 73 of title 46, United States Code, is further amended in the item relating to section 7310 by striking "seamen" and inserting "seafarers"
  - (6) ABLE SEAFARERS—SAIL.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The section heading for section 7311 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by striking "seamen" and inserting "seafarers".
- (B) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 73 of title 46, United States Code, is further amended in the item relating to section 7311 by striking "seamen" and inserting "seafarers".
- (7) ABLE SEAMEN—FISHING INDUSTRY.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The section heading for section 7311a of title 46, United States Code, is amended by striking "seamen" and inserting "seafarers".
- (B) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 73 of title 46, United States Code, is further amended in the item relating to section 7311a by striking "seamen" and inserting "seafarers".
- (8) PARTS E AND F.—Parts E and F of subtitle II of title 46, United States Code, is amended—
- (A) by striking "seaman" and inserting "seafarer" each place it appears; and
- (B) by striking "seamen" and inserting "seafarers" each place it appears.
- (9) CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—The analysis for subtitle II of title 46, United States Code, is amended in the item relating to part E by striking "MERCHANT SEAMEN LICENSES, CERTIFICATES, AND DOCUMENTS" and inserting "MERCHANT MARINER CREDENTIALS".
- (10) TEMPORARY REDUCTION OF LENGTHS OF CERTAIN PERIODS OF SERVICE.—Section 3534(j) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31) is repealed.

- (11) MERCHANT MARINER CREDENTIALS.— Section 7510 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by striking subsection (d).
- (e) RENEWAL OF MERCHANT MARINER LICENSES AND DOCUMENTS.—Section 7507 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "(d) RENEWAL.—With respect to any renewal of an active merchant mariner credential issued under this part that is not an extension under subsection (a) or (b), such credential shall begin the day after the expiration of the active credential of the credential holder"
- (f) MERCHANT SEAMEN LICENSES, CERTIFICATES, AND DOCUMENTS; MANNING OF VESSELS.—
- (1) CITIZENSHIP OR NONCITIZEN NATIONALITY.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Section 7102 of title 46, United States Code, is amended—
- (i) in the section heading by inserting "or noncitizen nationality" after "Citizenship"; and
- (ii) by inserting "or noncitizen nationals (as such term is described in section 308 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1408))" after "citizens".
- (B) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 71 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by striking the item relating to section 7102 and inserting the following:
- "7102. Citizenship or noncitizen nationality.".
- (2) CITIZENSHIP OR NONCITIZEN NATIONALITY NOTATION ON MERCHANT MARINERS' DOCUMENTS.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Section 7304 of title 46, United States Code, is amended—
- (i) in the section heading by inserting "or noncitizen nationality" after "Citizenship";and
- (ii) by inserting "or noncitizen national (as such term is described in section 308 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1408))" after "citizen".
- (B) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 73 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by striking the item relating to section 7304 and inserting the following:
- "7304. Citizenship or noncitizen nationality notation on merchant mariners' documents.".
- (3) CITIZENSHIP OR NONCITIZEN NATIONALITY.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Section 8103 of title 46, United States Code, is amended—
- (i) in the section heading by inserting "or noncitizen nationality" after "Citizenship";
- (ii) in subsection (a) by inserting "or noncitizen national" after "citizen";
- (iii) in subsection (b)—
- (I) in paragraph (1)(A)(i) by inserting "or noncitizen national" after "citizen";
- (II) in paragraph (3) by inserting "or noncitizen nationality" after "citizenship"; and (III) in paragraph (3)(C) by inserting "or
- noncitizen nationals" after "citizens";
  (iv) in subsection (c) by inserting "or non-
- citizen nationals" after "citizens";
- (v) in subsection (d)—
- (I) in paragraph (1) by inserting "or noncitizen nationals" after "citizens"; and
- (II) in paragraph (2) by inserting "or noncitizen national" after "citizen" each place it appears;
- (vi) in subsection (e) by inserting "or noncitizen national" after "citizen" each place it appears:
- (vii) in subsection (i)(1)(A) by inserting "or noncitizen national" after "citizen";
- (viii) in subsection (k)(1)(A) by inserting "or noncitizen national" after "citizen"; and (ix) by adding at the end the following:
- "(1) NONCITIZEN NATIONAL DEFINED.—In this section, the term 'noncitizen national' means an individual described in section 308

- of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1408).".
- (B) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 81 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by striking the item relating to section 8103 and inserting the following:
- "8103. Citizenship or noncitizen nationality and Navy Reserve requirements.".
- (4) COMMAND OF DOCUMENTED VESSELS.—Section 12131(a) of title 46, United States Code, is amended by inserting "or noncitizen national (as such term is described in section 308 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1408))" after "citizen".
- (5) INVALIDATION OF CERTIFICATES OF DOCUMENTATION.—Section 12135(2) of title 46, United States Code, is amended by inserting "or noncitizen national (as such term is described in section 308 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1408))" after "citizen".

### SEC. 5202. NONOPERATING INDIVIDUAL.

Section 8313(b) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283) is amended by striking "2025" and inserting

### SEC. 5203. MERCHANT MARINER LICENSING AND DOCUMENTATION SYSTEM REQUIRE-MENTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 75 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

### "\$ 7512. Requirements of electronic merchant mariner credentialing system

- "(a) DEFINITION OF MERCHANT MARINER CREDENTIAL.—In this section, the term 'merchant mariner credential' means a merchant mariner license, certificate, or document that the Secretary is authorized to issue pursuant to this title.
- "(b) NECESSARY CONSIDERATIONS.—In implementing any electronic merchant mariner credentialing system for purposes of this chapter, the Secretary shall consider how to allow, to the maximum extent practicable—
- "(1) the electronic submission of the components of merchant mariner credential applications (such as sea service documentation, professional qualifications, course completion certificates, safety and suitability documents, and medical records) and course approval requests:
- ``(2) the direct electronic and secure submission of—
- "(A) sea service verification documentation from employers;
- "(B) course completion certificates from training providers; and
- "(C) necessary documentation from other stakeholders; and
- "(3) the electronic processing and evaluation of information for the issuance of merchant mariner credentials and course approvals, including the capability for the Secretary to complete remote evaluation of information submitted through the system.
- "(c) Access to Data.—The Secretary shall ensure that the Maritime Administration and other Federal agencies, as authorized by the Secretary, have access to anonymized and aggregated data from the electronic system described in subsection (b) and that such data include, at a minimum—
- "(1) the total amount of sea service for individuals with a valid merchant mariner credential;
- "(2) the number of mariners with valid merchant mariner credentials for each rating, including the capability to filter data based on credential endorsements;
- "(3) demographic information including age, gender, and region or address;
- "(4) the estimated times for the Coast Guard to process merchant mariner credential applications, mariner medical certificates, and course approvals;

- "(5) the number of providers approved to provide training for purposes of this part and, for each such training provider, the number of classes taken by individuals with, or applying for, a merchant mariner credential: and
- "(6) if applicable, the branch of the uniformed services (as defined in section 101(a) of title 10) and duty status of applicants for a merchant mariner credential.
- "(d) PRIVACY REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary shall collect the information required under subsection (b) in a manner that protects the privacy rights of individuals who are the subjects of such information."
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 75 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "7512. Requirements of electronic merchant mariner credentialing system.".

### Subtitle B-Vessel Safety

### SEC. 5211. GROSSLY NEGLIGENT OPERATIONS OF A VESSEL.

Section 2302(b) of title 46, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

- "(b) GROSSLY NEGLIGENT OPERATION.—
- "(1) MISDEMEANOR.—A person operating a vessel in a grossly negligent manner that endangers the life, limb, or property of a person commits a class A misdemeanor.
- "(2) FELONY.—A person operating a vessel in a grossly negligent manner that results in serious bodily injury, as defined in section 1365(h)(3) of title 18—
  - "(A) commits a class E felony; and
- $\lq\lq(B)$  may be assessed a civil penalty of not more than  $35,\!000.\lq\lq.$

## SEC. 5212. ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE FOR SECURITY RISKS.

- (a) SECURITY RISK.—Section 7702(d)(1) of title 46, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in subparagraph (B) by redesignating clauses (i) through (iv) as subclauses (I) through (IV), respectively (and by conforming the margins accordingly);
- (2) by redesignating subparagraphs (A) and (B) as clauses (i) and (ii), respectively (and by conforming the margins accordingly);
- (3) by striking "an individual if—" and inserting the following: "an individual—
- "(A) if—";
  (4) in subparagraph (A)(ii)(IV), as so redesignated, by striking the period at the end
- and inserting "; or"; and
  (5) by adding at the end the following:
- "(B) if there is probable cause to believe that the individual has violated company policy and is a security risk that poses a threat to other individuals on the vessel."
- (b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—Section 2101(47)(B) of title 46, United States Code (as so redesignated), is amended by striking "; and" and inserting "; or".

### SEC. 5213. STUDY OF AMPHIBIOUS VESSELS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Commandant shall conduct a study to determine the applicability of current safety regulations that apply to commercial amphibious vessels.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The study required under subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) An overview and analysis that identifies safety regulations that apply to commercial amphibious vessels:
- (2) An evaluation of whether safety gaps and risks exist associated with the application of regulations identified in subsection (b)(1) to the operation of commercial amphibious vessels;
- (3) An evaluation of whether aspects of the regulations established in section 11502 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (46 U.S.C. 3306 note) should apply to amphibious commercial vessels; and

- (4) Recommendations on whether potential regulations that should apply to commercial amphibious vessels.
- (c) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report containing the findings, conclusions, and recommendations from the study required under subsection (a).
- (d) DEFINITION OF AMPHIBIOUS VESSEL.—In this section, the term "amphibious vessel" means a vessel which is operating as a small passenger vessel in waters subject to the jurisdiction of the United States, as defined in section 2.38 of title 33, Code of Federal Regulations (or a successor regulation) and is operating as a motor vehicle as defined in section 216 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7550) that is not a DUKW amphibious passenger vessel as defined in section 11502 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (46 U.S.C. 3306 note).

## SEC. 5214. PERFORMANCE DRIVEN EXAMINATION SCHEDULE.

- (a) AMENDMENTS.—Section 3714 of title 46, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in subsection (a)(1) by striking "The Secretary" and inserting "Except as provided in subsection (c), the Secretary";
- (2) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (d); and
- (3) by inserting after subsection (b) the following:
- "(c) PERFORMANCE-DRIVEN EXAMINATION SCHEDULE.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—With respect to examinations of foreign vessels to which this chapter applies, and subject to paragraph (3), the Secretary may adopt a performance-driven examination schedule to which such vessels are to be examined and the frequency with which such examinations occur, including the frequency of examinations for each vessel. Such schedule shall be consistent with the Secretary's assessment of the safety performance of such vessels, including each vessel participating in the performance-driven examination schedule, in accordance with paragraph (2).
- "(2) CONSIDERATIONS.—In developing an examination schedule under paragraph (1) and subject to paragraph (3), with respect to each vessel in determining eligibility to participate in the performance based examination schedule—
- "(A) the Secretary shall consider—
- "(i) certificate of compliance and examination history, to include those conducted by foreign countries;
- "(ii) history of violations, vessel detentions, incidents, and casualties;
- "(iii) history of notices of violation issued by the Coast Guard;
- "(iv) safety related information provided by the flag state of the vessel;
- "(v) owner and operator history;
- "(vi) historical classification society data, which may include relevant surveys;
- "(vii) cargo-specific documentation;
- "(viii) data from port state control safety exams; and
- ``(ix) relevant repair and maintenance history; and
  - "(B) the Secretary may consider—
- "(i) data from relevant vessel quality assurance and risk assessment programs including Quality Shipping for the 21st Century (QUALSHIP 21);
- "(ii) data from industry inspection regimes;
- "(iii) data from vessel self assessments submitted to the International Maritime Organization or other maritime organizations; and

- "(iv) other safety relevant data or information as determined by the Secretary.
- "(3) ELIGIBILITY.—In developing an examination schedule under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall not consider a vessel eligible to take part in a performance-driven examination schedule under paragraph (1) if, within the last 36 months, the vessel has—
- "(A) been detained by the Coast Guard;
- "(B) a record of a violation issued by the Coast Guard against the owners or operators with a finding of proved; or
- "(C) suffered a marine casualty that, as determined by the Secretary, involves the safe operation of the vessel and overall performance of the vessel.
- "(4) RESTRICTIONS.—The Secretary may not adopt a performance-driven examination schedule under paragraph (1) until the Secretary has—
- "(A) conducted the assessment recommended in the Government Accountability Office report submitted under section 8254(a) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283);
- "(B) concluded through such assessment that a performance-driven examination schedule provides not less than the level of safety provided by the annual examinations required under subsection (a)(1); and
- "(C) provided the results of such assessment to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives"
- (b) CAREER INCENTIVE PAY FOR MARINE IN-SPECTORS.—Subsection (a) of section 11237 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117-963) is amended as follows:
- "(a) AUTHORITY TO PROVIDE ASSIGNMENT PAY OR SPECIAL DUTY PAY.—For the purposes of addressing an identified shortage of marine inspectors, the Secretary may provide assignment pay or special duty pay under section 352 of title 37, United States Code, to a member of the Coast Guard serving in a prevention position that—
- "(1) is assigned in support of or is serving as a marine inspector pursuant to section 312 of title 14, United States Code; and
- "(2) is assigned to a billet that is difficult to fill due to geographic location, requisite experience or certifications, or lack of sufficient candidates, as determined by the Commandant, in an effort to address inspector workforce gaps."
- (c) Briefing.—Not later than 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act, and annually for 2 years after the implementation of a performance-driven examination schedule program under section 3714(c) of title 46, United States Code, the Commandant shall brief the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives on—
- (1) the status of utilizing the performancedriven examination schedule program, including the quantity of examinations conducted and duration between examinations for each individual vessel examined under the performance-driven examination schedule:
- (2) an overview of the size of the Coast Guard marine inspector workforce, including any personnel shortages assessed by the Coast Guard, for inspectors that conduct inspections under section 3714 of such title; and
- (3) recommendations for the inspection, governance, or oversight of vessels inspected under section 3714 of such title.

#### SEC, 5215, PORTS AND WATERWAYS SAFETY.

- (a) WATERFRONT SAFETY.—Section 70011(a) of title 46. United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in paragraph (1) by inserting ", including damage or destruction resulting from cyber incidents, transnational organized crime, or foreign state threats" after "adjacent to such waters"; and
- (2) in paragraph (2) by inserting "or harm resulting from cyber incidents, transnational organized crime, or foreign state threats" after "loss".
- (b) REGULATION OF ANCHORAGE AND MOVEMENT OF VESSELS DURING NATIONAL EMERGENCY.—Section 70051 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by inserting "or cyber incidents, or transnational organized crime, or foreign state threats," after "threatened war, or invasion, or insurrection, or subversive activity,".
- (c) FACILITY VISIT BY STATE SPONSOR OF TERRORISM.—Section 70011(b) of title 46, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in paragraph (3) by striking "and" at the end:
- (2) in paragraph (4) by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and
  - (3) by adding at the end the following:
- "(5) prohibiting a representative of a government of country that the Secretary of State has determined has repeatedly provided support for acts of international terrorism under section 620A of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2371) from visiting a facility for which a facility security plan is required under section 70103(c)."

# SEC. 5216. STUDY ON BERING STRAIT VESSEL TRAFFIC PROJECTIONS AND EMERGENCY RESPONSE POSTURE AT PORTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Transportation, acting through the United States Committee on the Marine Transportation System, and in coordination with the Commandant, shall—
- (1) complete an analysis regarding commercial vessel traffic, at the time of the study, that transits through the Bering Strait and projections for the growth of such traffic over the next decade; and
- (2) assess the adequacy of emergency response capabilities and infrastructure at the ports of the United States that are in proximity to the vessel traffic that transits the Bering Strait, including the port facilities at Point Spencer, Alaska, Nome, Alaska, and Kotzebue, Alaska, to—
- (A) address future navigation safety risks; and
- (B) conduct emergency maritime response operations in the Arctic environment.
  (b) ELEMENTS.—The study under this sec-
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The study under this section shall include the following:
- (1) An analysis of the volume and types of commercial vessel traffic, including—
- (A) oil and gas tankers, cargo vessels, barges, fishing vessels, and cruise lines, both domestic and international:
- (B) projected growth of such traffic through the Bering Strait;
- (C) the seasonality of vessel transits of the Bering Strait; and
- (D) a summation of the sizes, ages, and the country of registration or documentation of such vessels transiting the Arctic, including oil and product tankers either documented in transit to or from Russia or China or owned or operated by a Russian or Chinese entity.
- (2) An assessment of the state and adequacy of vessel traffic services and oil spill and emergency response capabilities in the vicinity of the Bering Strait and its southern and northern approaches in the Chukchi Sea and the Bering Sea.
- (3) A risk assessment of the projected growth in commercial vessel traffic in the

- Bering Strait and potential of increased frequency in the number of maritime accidents, including spill events, and the potential impacts to the Arctic maritime environment and Native Alaskan village communities in the vicinity of the vessel traffic in Western Alaska, including the Bering Strait.
- (4) An evaluation of the extent to which Point Spencer can serve as a port of refuge and as a staging, logistics, and operations center from which to conduct and support maritime emergency and spill response activities.
- (5) Recommendations for practical actions that can be taken by Congress, Federal agencies, the State of Alaska, vessel carriers and operators, the marine salvage and emergency response industry, and other relevant stakeholders to mitigate risks identified in the study carried out under this section.
- (c) CONSULTATION.—In the preparation of the study under this section, the United States Committee on the Marine Transportation System shall consult with—
  - (1) the Maritime Administration;
  - (2) the Coast Guard;
- (3) the Army Corps of Engineers;
- (4) the Department of State;
- (5) the National Transportation Safety Board:
- (6) the Government of Canada, as appropriate:
- (7) the Port Coordination Council for the Port of Point Spencer;
  - (8) State and local governments;
- (9) other maritime industry participants, including carriers, shippers, ports, labor, fishing, or other entities; and
- (10) nongovernmental entities with relevant expertise monitoring and characterizing vessel traffic or the environment in the Arctic.
- (d) TRIBAL CONSULTATION.—In addition to the entities described in subsection (c), in preparing the study under this section, the Secretary of Transportation shall consult with Indian Tribes, including Alaska Native Corporations, and Alaska Native communities.
- (e) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after initiating the study under this section, the United States Committee on the Marine Transportation System shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives a report on the findings and recommendations of the study.
- (f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) ARCTIC.—The term "Arctic" has the meaning given such term in section 112 of the Arctic Research and Policy Act of 1984 (15 U.S.C. 4111).
- (2) PORT COORDINATION COUNCIL FOR THE PORT OF POINT SPENCER.—The term "Port Coordination Council for the Port of Point Spencer" means the Council established under section 541 of Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2015 (Public Law 114–120).

### SEC. 5217. UNDERWATER INSPECTIONS BRIEF.

Not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant, or a designated individual, shall brief the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate on the underwater inspection in lieu of drydock program established under section 176.615 of title 46, Code of Federal Regulations (as in effect on the date of enactment of this Act).

### SEC. 5218. ST. LUCIE RIVER RAILROAD BRIDGE.

Regarding Docket Number USCG-2022-0222, before adopting a final rule, the Commandant shall conduct an independent boat

traffic study at mile 7.4 of the St. Lucie River.

### SEC. 5219. AUTHORITY TO ESTABLISH SAFETY ZONES FOR SPECIAL ACTIVITIES IN EXCLUSIVE ECONOMIC ZONE.

(a) SPECIAL ACTIVITIES IN EXCLUSIVE ECONOMIC ZONE.—Subchapter I of chapter 700 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

### "§ 70008. Special activities in exclusive economic zone

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating may establish safety zones to address special activities in the exclusive economic zone
  - "(b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- "(1) SAFETY ZONE.—The term 'safety zone'—
- "(A) means a water area, shore area, or water and shore area to which, for safety or environmental purposes, access is limited to authorized persons, vehicles, or vessels; and
- "(B) may be stationary and described by fixed limits or may be described as a zone around a vessel in motion.
- ''(2) Special activities.—The term 'special activities' includes—
- "(A) space activities, including launch and reentry (as such terms are defined in section 50902 of title 51) carried out by United States citizens: and
- "(B) offshore energy development activities, as described in section 8(p)(1)(C) of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (43 U.S.C. 1337(p)(1)(C)) on or near fixed platforms
- "(3) UNITED STATES CITIZEN.—The term 'United States citizen' has the meaning given the term 'eligible owners' in section 12103.
- "(4) FIXED PLATFORM.—The term 'fixed platform' means an artificial island, installation, or structure permanently attached to the sea-bed for the purpose of exploration or exploitation of resources or for other economic purposes."
- (b) ĈLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 700 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 70007 the following:
- "70008. Special activities in exclusive economic zone.".
- (c) REPEAL.—Section 8343 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283) is repealed.
- (d) RETROACTIVE EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by subsections (a) and (b) of this section shall take effect as if enacted on February 1, 2024.

## SEC. 5220. IMPROVING VESSEL TRAFFIC SERVICE MONITORING.

- (a) PROXIMITY OF ANCHORAGES TO PIPE-LINES.—
- (1) IMPLEMENTATION OF RESTRUCTURING PLAN.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall implement the November 2021 proposed plan of the Vessel Traffic Service Los Angeles-Long Beach for restructuring the Federal anchorages in San Pedro Bay described on page 54 of the Report of the National Transportation Safety Board titled "Anchor Strike of Underwater Pipeline and Eventual Crude Oil Release" and issued January 2, 2024.
- (2) STUDY.—The Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating shall conduct a study to identify any anchorage grounds other than the San Pedro Bay Federal anchorages in which the distance between the center of an approved anchorage ground and a pipeline is less than 1 mile.
  - (3) Report.
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall submit to the Committee

- on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report on the results of the study required under paragraph (2).
- (B) CONTENTS.—The report under subparagraph (A) shall include—
- (i) a list of the anchorage grounds described under paragraph (2);
- (ii) whether it is possible to move each such anchorage ground to provide a minimum distance of 1 mile; and
- (iii) a recommendation of whether to move any such anchorage ground and explanation for the recommendation.
  - (b) PROXIMITY TO PIPELINE ALERTS.—
- (1) AUDIBLE AND VISUAL ALARMS.—The Commandant shall consult with the providers of vessel monitoring systems to add to the monitoring systems for vessel traffic services audible and visual alarms that alert the watchstander when an anchored vessel is encroaching on a pipeline.
- (2) NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall develop procedures for all vessel traffic services to notify pipeline and utility operators following potential incursions on submerged pipelines within the vessel traffic service area of responsibility.
- (3) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, and annually for the subsequent 3 years, the Commandant shall submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report on the implementation of paragraphs (1) and (2).

## SEC. 5221. DESIGNATING PILOTAGE WATERS FOR THE STRAITS OF MACKINAC.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 9302(a)(1)(A) of title 46, United States Code, is amended by striking "in waters" and inserting "in the Straits of Mackinac and in all other waters".
- (b) DEFINITION OF THE STRAITS OF MACK-INAC.—Section 9302 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "(g) DEFINITION OF THE STRAITS OF MACK-INAC.—In this section, the term 'Straits of Mackinac' includes all of the United States navigable waters bounded by longitudes 84 degrees 20 minutes west and 85 degrees 10 minutes west and latitudes 45 degrees 39 minutes north and 45 degrees 54 minutes north, including Gray's Reef Passage, the South Channel, and Round Island Passage, and approaches thereto."

### SEC. 5222. RECEIPTS; INTERNATIONAL AGREE-MENTS FOR ICE PATROL SERVICES.

Section 80301(c) of title 46, United States Code, is amended by striking the period at the end and inserting "and shall remain available until expended for the purpose of the Coast Guard international ice patrol program under this chapter."

### SEC. 5223. REQUIREMENTS FOR CERTAIN FISH-ING VESSELS AND FISH TENDER VESSELS.

- (a) EXCEPTIONS TO REGULATIONS FOR TOW-ING VESSELS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating, acting through the relevant Officer in Charge, Marine Inspection, may grant temporary waivers from the towing vessel requirements of chapters 33 and 89 of title 46, United States Code, including the regulations issued under such chapters, for fishing vessels and fish tender vessels.
- (2) APPLICATION.—A temporary waiver issued under paragraph (1) shall be issued at the discretion of the relevant Officer in Charge, Marine Inspection, to a fishing vessel or fish tender vessel that—

- (A) performs towing operations of net pens, and associated work platforms, to or from aquaculture or hatchery worksites;
  - (B) is less than 200 gross tons;
- (C) does not tow a net pen, or associated work platform, that is carrying cargo or hazardous material, including oil, on board;
- (D) is operating shoreward of the Boundary Line in either—
  - (i) Southeast Alaska; or
  - (ii) Prince William Sound; and
- (E) complies with all applicable laws for its use in the usual purpose for which it is normally and substantially operated, including any applicable inspection requirements under section 3301 of title 46, United States Code, and exemptions under section 3302 of such title.
  - (3) IMPLEMENTATION.—
- (A) REQUEST PROCESS.—The owner or operator of a fishing vessel or fish tender vessel seeking a waiver under paragraph (1) shall submit a request to the relevant Officer in Charge, Marine Inspection.
- (B) CONTENTS.—The request submitted under subparagraph (A) shall include—
- (i) a description of the intended towing operations;
- (ii) the time periods and frequency of the intended towing operations;
- (iii) the location of the intended operations:
- (iv) a description of the manning of the fishing vessel or fish tender vessel during the intended operations; and
- (v) any additional safety, operational, or other relevant information requested by the relevant Officer in Charge, Marine Inspection.
- (4) POLICY.—The Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating may issue policy to facilitate the implementation of this subsection.
  - (5) Definitions.—In this subsection:
- (A) BOUNDARY LINE.—The term "Boundary Line" has the meaning given such term in section 103 of title 46, United States Code.
- (B) FISHING VESSEL.—The term "fishing vessel" has the meaning given such term in section 2101 of title 46, United States Code.
- (C) FISH TENDER VESSEL.—The term "fish tender vessel" has the meaning given such term in section 2101 of title 46, United States Code.
- (D) OFFICER IN CHARGE, MARINE INSPECTION.—The term "Officer in Charge, Marine Inspection" has the meaning given such term in section 3305 of title 46, United States Code.
- (E) PRINCE WILLIAM SOUND.—The term "Prince William Sound" means all State and Federal waters within Prince William Sound, Alaska, including the approach to Hinchenbrook Entrance out to, and encompassing, Seal Rocks.
- (F) SOUTHEAST ALASKA.—The term "Southeast Alaska" means the area along the coast of the State of Alaska from latitude 5440'00" N to 6018'24" N.
- (6) SUNSET.—The authorities under this section shall expire on January 1, 2027.
- (b) LOAD LINES.—Section 11325(a) of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 136 Stat. 4095) is amended by striking "3" and inserting "5".

## Subtitle C—Matters Involving Uncrewed Systems

## SEC. 5231. ESTABLISHMENT OF NATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON AUTONOMOUS MARITIME SYSTEMS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 151 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

### "\$ 15110. Establishment of National Advisory Committee on Autonomous Maritime Sys-

- "(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established a National Advisory Committee on Autonomous Maritime Systems (in this section referred to as the 'Committee').
- "(b) FUNCTION.—The Committee shall advise the Secretary on matters relating to the regulation and use of Autonomous Systems within the territorial waters of the United States
  - "(c) Membership.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Committee shall consist of 15 members appointed by the Secretary in accordance with this section and section 15109.
- "(2) EXPERTISE.—Each member of the Committee shall have particular expertise, knowledge, and experience in matters relating to the function of the Committee.
- "(3) REPRESENTATION.—Each of the following groups shall be represented by at least 1 member on the Committee:
  - "(A) Marine safety or security entities.
- "(B) Vessel design and construction entities.
- "(C) Entities engaged in the production or research of uncrewed vehicles, including drones, autonomous or semi-autonomous vehicles, or any other product or service integral to the provision, maintenance, or management of such products or services.
- "(D) Port districts, authorities, or terminal operators.
  - (E) Vessel operators.
- "(F) National labor unions representing merchant mariners.
  - "(G) Maritime pilots.
- ``(H) Commercial space transportation operators.
  - "(I) Academic institutions."
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—The analysis for chapter 151 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "15110. Establishment of National Advisory Committee on Autonomous Maritime Systems.".
- (c) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating shall establish the Committee under section 15110 of title 46, United States Code (as added by this section)

### SEC. 5232. PILOT PROGRAM FOR GOVERNANCE AND OVERSIGHT OF SMALL UNCREWED MARITIME SYSTEMS.

- LIMITATION —Notwithstanding other provision of law, for the period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act and ending on the date that is 2 years after such date of enactment, small uncrewed maritime systems owned, operated, or chartered by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, or that are performing specified oceanographic surveys on behalf of and pursuant to a contract or other written agreement with the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, shall not be subject to any vessel inspection, design, operations, navigation, credentialing, or training requirement, law, or regulation, that the Assistant Administrator of the Office of Marine and Aviation Operations of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration determines will harm real-time operational extreme weather oceanographic and atmospheric data collection and predictions.
- (b) OTHER AUTHORITY.—Nothing in this section shall limit the authority of the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating, acting through the Commandant, if there is an immediate safety or security concern regarding small uncrewed maritime systems.

### SEC. 5233. COAST GUARD TRAINING COURSE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—For the period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act and ending on the date that is 3 years after such date of enactment, the Commandant, or such other individual or organization as the Commandant considers appropriate, shall develop a training course on small uncrewed maritime systems and offer such training course at least once each year for Coast Guard personnel working with or regulating small uncrewed maritime systems.
- (b) COURSE SUBJECT MATTER.—The training course developed under subsection (a) shall—
- (1) provide an overview and introduction to small uncrewed maritime systems, including examples of those used by the Federal Government, in academic settings, and in commercial sectors;
- (2) address the benefits and disadvantages of use of small uncrewed maritime systems;
- (3) address safe navigation of small uncrewed maritime systems, including measures to ensure collision avoidance;
- (4) address the ability of small uncrewed maritime systems to communicate with and alert other vessels in the vicinity;
- (5) address the ability of small uncrewed maritime systems to respond to system alarms and failures to ensure control commensurate with the risk posed by the systems:
- (6) provide present and future capabilities of small uncrewed maritime systems; and
- (7) provide an overview of the role of the International Maritime Organization in the governance of small uncrewed maritime systems.

## SEC. 5234. NOAA MEMBERSHIP ON AUTONOMOUS VESSEL POLICY COUNCIL.

Not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant, with the concurrence of the Assistant Administrator of the Office of Marine and Aviation Operations of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, shall establish the permanent membership of a National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration employee to the Automated and Autonomous Vessel Policy Council of the Coast Guard.

### SEC. 5235. TECHNOLOGY PILOT PROGRAM.

Section 319(b)(1) of title 14, United States Code, is amended by striking "2 or more existing Coast Guard small boats deployed at operational units" and inserting "2 or more Coast Guard small boats deployed at operational units and 2 or more existing Coast Guard small boats".

## SEC. 5236. UNCREWED SYSTEMS CAPABILITIES REPORT AND BRIEFING.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—
- (1) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report that outlines a plan for establishing an uncrewed systems capabilities office within the Coast Guard responsible for the acquisition and development of uncrewed system and counter-uncrewed system technologies and to expand the capabilities of the Coast Guard with respect to such technologies.
- (2) CONTENTS.—The report required under paragraph (1) shall include the following:
- (A) A management strategy for the acquisition, development, and deployment of uncrewed system and counter-uncrewed system technologies.
- (B) A service-wide coordination strategy to synchronize and integrate efforts across the Coast Guard in order to—
- (i) support the primary duties of the Coast Guard pursuant to section 102 of title 14, United States Code; and

- (ii) pursue expanded research, development, testing, and evaluation opportunities and funding to expand and accelerate identification and transition of uncrewed system and counter-uncrewed system technologies.
- (C) The identification of contracting and acquisition authorities needed to expedite the development and deployment of uncrewed system and counter-uncrewed system technologies.
- (D) A detailed list of commercially available uncrewed system and counter-uncrewed system technologies with capabilities determined to be useful for the Coast Guard.
- (E) A cross-agency collaboration plan to engage with the Department of Defense and other relevant agencies to identify common requirements and opportunities to partner in acquiring, contracting, and sustaining uncrewed system and counter-uncrewed system capabilities.
- (F) Opportunities to obtain and share uncrewed system data from government and commercial sources to improve maritime domain awareness.
- (G) The development of a concept of operations for a data system that supports and integrates uncrewed system and counteruncrewed system technologies with key enablers, including enterprise communications networks, data storage and management, artificial intelligence and machine learning tools, and information sharing and dissemination capabilities.
- (b) Briefings.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for a period of 3 years, the Commandant, in coordination with the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, the Executive Director of the Office of Naval Research, the Director of the National Science Foundation, and the Director of the White House Office of Science and Technology Policy, shall brief the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives, on the future operation and governance of small uncrewed maritime systems.

### SEC. 5237. DEFINITIONS.

- In this subtitle:
- (1) COUNTER-UNCREWED SYSTEM.—The term "counter-uncrewed system" means a system or device capable of lawfully and safely disabling, disrupting, or seizing control of an uncrewed system, including a counter-UAS system (as such term is defined in section 44801 of title 49, United States Code).
- (2) SMALL UNCREWED MARITIME SYSTEMS.— The term "small uncrewed maritime systems" means unmanned maritime systems (as defined in section 2 of the CENOTE Act of 2018 (33 U.S.C. 4101)), that—
- (A) are not greater than 35 feet overall in length;
- (B) are operated remotely or autonomously; and
- (C) exclusively perform oceanographic surveys or scientific research.
- (3) UNCREWED SYSTEM.—The term "uncrewed system" means an uncrewed surface, undersea, or aircraft and associated elements (including communication links and the components that control the uncrewed system) that are required for the operator to operate the system safely and efficiently, including an unmanned aircraft system (as such term is defined in section 44801 of title 49. United States Code).

### Subtitle D—Other Matters

## SEC. 5241. CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE ONBOARD VESSELS.

Section 70503(a) of title 46, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1) by striking "While on board a covered vessel, an" and inserting "An";

- (2) by amending paragraph (1) to read as follows:
- "(1) manufacture or distribute, possess with intent to manufacture or distribute, or place or cause to be placed with intent to manufacture or distribute a controlled substance on board a covered vessel;";
- (3) in paragraph (2) by inserting "on board a covered vessel" before the semicolon; and
- (4) in paragraph (3) by inserting "while on board a covered vessel" after "such individual".

### SEC. 5242. INFORMATION ON TYPE APPROVAL CERTIFICATES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Title IX of the Frank LoBiondo Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2018 (Public Law 115-282) is amended by adding at the end the following:

## "SEC. 904. INFORMATION ON TYPE APPROVAL CERTIFICATES.

- "Unless otherwise prohibited by law, the Commandant of the Coast Guard shall, upon request by any State, the District of Columbia, any Indian Tribe, or any territory of the United States, provide all data possessed by the Coast Guard for a ballast water management system with a type approval certificate approved by the Coast Guard pursuant to subpart 162.060 of title 46, Code of Federal Regulations, as in effect on the date of enactment of the Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2025 pertaining to—
- "(1) challenge water (as defined in section 162.060-3 of title 46, Code of Federal Regulations, as in effect on the date of enactment of the Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2025) quality characteristics;
- "(2) post-treatment water quality characteristics:
- "(3) challenge water (as defined in section 162.060-3 of title 46, Code of Federal Regulations, as in effect on the date of enactment of the Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2025) biologic organism concentrations data; and
- "(4) post-treatment water biologic organism concentrations data."
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for the Frank LoBiondo Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2018 (Public Law 115-282) is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 903 the following:
- "Sec. 904. Information on type approval certificates.".

### SEC. 5243. CLARIFICATION OF AUTHORITIES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 5(a) of the Deepwater Port Act of 1974 (33 U.S.C. 1504(a)) is amended by striking the first sentence and inserting "Notwithstanding section 888(b) of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 468(b)), the Secretary shall have the authority to issue regulations to carry out the purposes and provisions of this Act, in accordance with the provisions of section 553 of title 5, United States Code, without regard to subsection (a) thereof."
- (b) NEPA COMPLIANCE.—Section 5 of the Deepwater Port Act of 1974 (33 U.S.C. 1504) is amended by striking subsection (f) and inserting the following:
  - "(f) NEPA COMPLIANCE.—
- "(1) DEFINITION OF LEAD AGENCY.—In this subsection, the term 'lead agency' has the meaning given the term in section 111 of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4336e).
  - "(2) LEAD AGENCY.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—For all applications, the Maritime Administration shall be the Federal lead agency for purposes of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.).
- "(B) EFFECT OF COMPLIANCE.—Compliance with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) in accordance

with subparagraph (A) shall fulfill the requirement of the Federal lead agency in carrying out the responsibilities under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) pursuant to this Act.'

(c) Regulations.-

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall transfer the authorities provided to the Coast Guard in part 148 of title 33, Code of Federal Regulations (as in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act), except as provided in paragraph (2), to the Secretary of Transportation.
- (2) RETENTION OF AUTHORITY.—The Commandant shall retain responsibility for authorities pertaining to design, construction, equipment, and operation of deepwater ports and navigational safety.
- (3) UPDATES TO AUTHORITY.—As soon as practicable after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Transportation shall issue such regulations as are necessary to reflect the updates to authorities prescribed by this subsection.
- (d) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION -Nothing in this section, or the amendments made by this section, may be construed to limit the authorities of other governmental agencies previously delegated authorities of the Deepwater Port Act of 1974 (33 U.S.C. 1501 et seq.) or any other law.
- (e) APPLICATIONS —Nothing in this section. or the amendments made by this section. shall apply to any application submitted before the date of enactment of this Act.

### SEC. 5244. ANCHORAGES.

Section 8437 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283) is amended-

- (1) by striking subsections (d) and (e):
- (2) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (d): and
- (3) by inserting after subsection (b) the following:
- "(c) PROHIBITION.—The Commandant shall prohibit any vessel anchoring on the reach of the Hudson River described in subsection (a) unless such anchoring is within any anchorage established before January 1, 2021."

### SEC. 5245. AMENDMENTS TO PASSENGER VESSEL SECURITY AND SAFETY REQUIRE-MENTS.

- (a) MAINTENANCE OF SUPPLIES THAT PRE-VENT SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED DISEASES.— Section 3507(d)(1) of title 46, United States Code, is amended by inserting "(taking into consideration the length of the voyage and the number of passengers and crewmembers that the vessel can accommodate)" after "a sexual assault".
- (b) CREW ACCESS TO PASSENGER STATE-ROOMS; PROCEDURES AND RESTRICTIONS.—Section 3507 of title 46, United States Code, is amended-
  - (1) in subsection (f)-
- (A) in paragraph (1)—
- (i) in subparagraph (A) by striking "and" at the end: and
- (ii) by inserting after subparagraph (B) the following:
- "(C) a system that electronically records the date, time, and identity of each crew member accessing each passenger stateroom; and": and
- (B) by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the following:
- '(2) ensure that the procedures and restrictions are-
  - (A) fully and properly implemented:
  - "(B) reviewed annually; and
  - "(C) updated as necessary."

### SEC. 5246. CYBER-INCIDENT TRAINING.

Section 70103(c) of title 46, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(9) The Secretary may conduct no-notice exercises in Captain of the Port Zones (as described in part 3 of title 33, Code of Federal Regulations as in effect on the date of enactment of the Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2025) involving a facility or vessel required to maintain a security plan under this subsection."

### SEC. 5247. EXTENSION OF PILOT PROGRAM TO ESTABLISH A CETACEAN DESK FOR PUGET SOUND REGION.

Section 11304(a)(2)(A)(i) of the Don Young Coast Guard Reauthorization Act of 2022 (division K of Public Law 117-263; 16 U.S.C. 1390 note) is amended by striking "4 years" and inserting "6 years"

### SEC. 5248. SUSPENSION OF ENFORCEMENT OF USE OF DEVICES BROADCASTING ON AIS FOR PURPOSES OF MARKING FISHING GEAR.

Section 11320 of the Don Young Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2022 (Public Law 117-263; 136 Stat. 4092) is amended by striking 'during the period' and all that follows through the period at the end and inserting 'until December 31, 2029,'

### SEC. 5249. CLASSIFICATION SOCIETIES.

Section 3316(d) of title 46, United States Code, is amended-

- (1) by amending paragraph (2)(B)(i) to read as follows:
- "(i) the government of the foreign country which the foreign society headquartered-
- "(I) delegates that authority to the American Bureau of Shipping; or
- "(II) does not delegate that authority to any classification society; or"; and
  - (2) by adding at the end the following:
- "(5) CLARIFICATION ON AUTHORITY.—Nothing in this subsection authorizes the Secretary to make a delegation under paragraph (2) to a classification society from the People's Republic of China.".

### SEC. 5250. ABANDONED AND DERELICT VESSEL REMOVALS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 47 of title 46, United States Code, is amended-
- (1) in the chapter heading by striking 'BARGES'' and inserting "VESSELS"
- (2) by inserting before section 4701 the following:
- "SUBCHAPTER I-BARGES": AND
- (3) by adding at the end the following:
- "SUBCHAPTER II—NON-BARGE VESSELS

### "§ 4710. Definitions

- "In this subchapter:
- "(1) ABANDON.—The term 'abandon' means to moor, strand, wreck, sink, or leave a covered vessel unattended for longer than 45
- "(2) COVERED VESSEL.—The term 'covered vessel' means a vessel that is not a barge to which subchapter I applies.
- (3) INDIAN TRIBE.—The term 'Indian Tribe' has the meaning given such term in section 4 of the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act (25 U.S.C. 5304).
- "(4) NATIVE HAWAIIAN ORGANIZATION.—The term 'Native Hawaiian organization' has the meaning given such term in section 6207 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7517) except the term includes the Department of Hawaiian Home Lands and the Office of Hawaiian Affairs.

### "§ 4711. Abandonment of vessels prohibited

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—An owner or operator of a covered vessel may not abandon such vessel on the navigable waters of the United States.
- "(b) DETERMINATION OF ABANDONMENT.
- "(1) NOTIFICATION.-
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—With respect to a covered vessel that appears to be abandoned, the Commandant of the Coast Guard shall-
- "(i) attempt to identify the owner using the vessel registration number, hull identi-

fication number, or any other information that can be reasonably inferred or gathered;

- "(ii) notify such owner-
- "(I) of the penalty described in subsection
- "(II) that the vessel will be removed at the expense of the owner if the Commandant determines that the vessel is abandoned and the owner does not remove or account for the vessel.
- "(B) FORM.—The Commandant shall provide the notice required under subparagraph (A)-
- "(i) if the owner can be identified, via certified mail or other appropriate forms determined by the Commandant; or
- '(ii) if the owner cannot be identified, via an announcement in a local publication and on a website maintained by the Coast Guard.
- (2) DETERMINATION —The Commandant shall make a determination not earlier than 45 days after the date on which the Commandant provides the notification required under paragraph (1) of whether a covered vessel described in such paragraph is abandoned.
- "(c) Penalty.
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Commandant may assess a civil penalty of not more than \$500 against an owner or operator of a covered vessel determined to be abandoned under subsection (b) for a violation of subsection
- "(2) LIABILITY IN REM.—The owner or operator of a covered vessel shall also be liable in rem for a penalty imposed under paragraph
- "(3) LIMITATION.—The Commandant shall not assess a penalty if the Commandant determines the vessel was abandoned due to major extenuating circumstances of the owner or operator of the vessel, including long term medical incapacitation of the owner or operator.
- "(d) VESSELS NOT ABANDONED .- The Commandant may not determine that a covered vessel is abandoned under this section if-
- "(1) such vessel is located at a federally approved or State approved mooring area;
- "(2) such vessel is located on private property with the permission of the owner of such property;
- "(3) the owner or operator of such vessel provides a notification to the Commandant that-
- "(A) indicates the location of the vessel;
- "(B) indicates that the vessel is not abandoned: and
- "(C) contains documentation proving that the vessel is allowed to be in such location:
- "(4) the Commandant determines that such an abandonment determination would not be in the public interest.

### "§ 4712. Inventory of abandoned vessels

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of the Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2025, the Commandant, in consultation with the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration and relevant State agencies, shall establish and maintain a national inventory of covered vessels that are abandoned.
- "(b) CONTENTS.—The inventory established and maintained under subsection (a) shall include data on each vessel, including geographic information system data related to the location of each such vessel.
- "(c) PUBLICATION.—The Commandant shall make the inventory established under subsection (a) publicly available on a website of the Coast Guard.
- "(d) REPORTING OF POTENTIALLY ABAN-DONED VESSELS.—In carrying out this section, the Commandant shall develop a process by which-

- "(1) a State, Indian Tribe, Native Hawaiian organization, or person may report a covered vessel that may be abandoned to the Commandant for potential inclusion in the inventory established under subsection (a);
- "(2) the Commandant shall review any such report and add such vessel to the inventory if the Commandant determines that the reported vessel is abandoned pursuant to section 4711.
- "(e) CLARIFICATION.—Except in a response action carried out under section 311(j) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1321) or in the case of imminent threat to life and safety, the Commandant shall not be responsible for removing any covered vessels listed on the inventory established and maintained under subsection
- (b) RULEMAKING.—The Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating, in consultation with the Secretary of the Army, acting through the Chief of Engineers, and the Secretary of Commerce, acting through the Under Secretary for Oceans and Atmosphere, shall issue regulations with respect to the procedures for determining that a vessel is abandoned for the purposes of subchapter II of chapter 47 of title 46, United States Code (as added by this section).
- (c) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Chapter 47 of title 46, United States Code, is amended-
- in section 4701— (A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1)
- by striking "chapter" and inserting "subchapter": and
- (B) in paragraph (2) by striking "chapter" and inserting "subchapter";
- (2) in section 4703 by striking "chapter" and inserting "subchapter";
- (3) in section 4704 by striking "chapter" each place it appears and inserting "subchapter"; and
- (4) in section 4705 by striking "chapter" and inserting "subchapter".
- (d) CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—The analysis for chapter 47 of title 46, United States Code, is amended-
- (1) by inserting before the item relating to section 4701 the following:
  - "SUBCHAPTER I-BARGES"; AND
- (2) by adding at the end the following:
- "SUBCHAPTER II—NON-BARGE VESSELS
- "4710. Definitions.
- "4711. Abandonment of vessels prohibited.
- "4712. Inventory of abandoned vessels."

### TITLE LIII—OIL POLLUTION RESPONSE SEC. 5301. SALVAGE AND MARINE FIREFIGHTING RESPONSE CAPABILITY.

- (a) SALVAGE AND MARINE FIREFIGHTING RE-SPONSE CAPABILITY.—Section 311(i) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1321(j)) is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "(10) SALVAGE AND MARINE FIREFIGHTING
- RESPONSE CAPABILITY.—
  "(A) IN GENERAL.—The President, acting through the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating unless otherwise delegated by the President, may require-
- "(i) periodic inspection of vessels and salvage equipment, firefighting equipment, and other major marine casualty response equipment on or associated with vessels;
- "(ii) periodic verification of capabilities to appropriately, and in a timely manner, respond to a marine casualty, including-
- (I) drills, with or without prior notice;
- "(II) review of contracts and relevant third-party agreements;
  - "(III) testing of equipment;
  - "(IV) review of training; and
- "(V) other evaluations of marine casualty response capabilities, as determined appropriate by the President; and

- "(iii) carrying of appropriate response equipment for responding to a marine casualty that employs the best technology economically feasible and that is compatible with the safe operation of the vessel.
- (B) DEFINITIONS.—In this paragraph:
- "(i) MARINE CASUALTY.—The term 'marine casualty' means a marine casualty that is required to be reported pursuant to paragraph (3), (4), or (5) of section 6101 of title 46, United States Code.
- (ii) SALVAGE EQUIPMENT.—The term 'salvage equipment' means any equipment that is capable of being used to assist a vessel in potential or actual danger in order to prevent loss of life, damage or destruction of the vessel or its cargo, or release of its contents into the marine environment.
  - (b) Report to Congress.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 270 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report on-
- (A) the state of marine firefighting authorities, jurisdiction, and plan review; and
- (B) other considerations with respect to fires at waterfront facilities (including vessel fires) and vessel fires on the navigable waters (as such term is defined in section 502 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1362)).
- (2) Contents.—In carrying out paragraph (1), the Comptroller General shall-
  - (A) examine
- (i) collaboration among Federal and non-Federal entities for purposes of reducing the risks to local communities of fires described in paragraph (1);
- (ii) the prevalence and frequency of such fires: and
- (iii) the extent to which firefighters and marine firefighters are aware of the dangers of lithium-ion battery fires, including lithium-ion batteries used for vehicles, and how to respond to such fires;
- (B) review methods of documenting and sharing best practices throughout the maritime community for responding to vessel fires: and
  - (C) make recommendations for—
- (i) preparing for, responding to, and training for such fires:
- (ii) clarifying roles and responsibilities of Federal and non-Federal entities in preparing for, responding to, and training for such fires: and
- (iii) other topics for consideration.

### SEC. 5302. USE OF MARINE CASUALTY INVESTIGA-TIONS

Section 6308 of title 46, United States Code, is amended-

- (1) in subsection (a) by striking "initiated" and inserting "conducted"; and
- (2) by adding at the end the following:
- (e) For purposes of this section, an administrative proceeding conducted by the United States includes proceedings under section 7701 and claims adjudicated under section 1013 of the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (33 U.S.C.

### SEC, 5303, TIMING OF REVIEW.

Section 1017 of the Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (33 U.S.C. 2717) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(g) TIMING OF REVIEW.—Before the date of completion of a removal action, no person may bring an action under this Act, section 311 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1321), or chapter 7 of title 5, United States Code, challenging any decision relating to such removal action that is made by an on-scene coordinator appointed under the National Contingency Plan.".

## SEC. 5304. ONLINE INCIDENT REPORTING SYS-

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the National Response Center shall submit to Congress a plan to design, fund, and staff the National Response Center to develop and maintain a web-based application by which the National Response Center may receive notifications of oil discharges or releases of hazardous substances.
- (b) DEVELOPMENT OF APPLICATION.—Not later than 2 years after the date on which the plan is submitted under subsection (a). the National Response Center shall-
- (1) complete development of the application described in such subsection; and
- (2) allow notifications described in such subsection that are required under Federal law or regulation to be made online using such application.
- (c) USE OF APPLICATION.—In carrying out subsection (b), the National Response Center may not require the notification of an oil discharge or release of a hazardous substance to be made using the application developed under such subsection.

### SEC. 5305. INVESTMENT OF EXXON VALDEZ OIL SPILL COURT RECOVERY IN HIGH YIELD INVESTMENTS AND MARINE RESEARCH.

Section 350 of Public Law 106-113 (43 U.S.C. 1474b note) is amended-

- (1) by striking paragraph (5);
- (2) by redesignating paragraphs (2), (3), (4), (6), and (7) as subsections (c), (d), (e), (f), and (g), respectively, and indenting the subsections appropriately;
  - (3) in paragraph (1)-
- (A) by striking "(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law and subject to the provisions of paragraphs (5) and (7)" and inserting the following:
- (a) DEFINITIONS —In this section:
- "(1) CONSENT DECREE.—The term 'Consent Decree' means the consent decree issued in United States v. Exxon Corporation, et al. (No. A91-082 CIV) and State of Alaska v. Exxon Corporation, et al. (No. A91-083 CIV).
- "(2) FUND.—The term 'Fund' means the Natural Resource Damage Assessment and Restoration Fund established pursuant to title I of the Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1992 (43 U.S.C. 1474b)
- "(3) OUTSIDE ACCOUNT.—The term 'outside account' means any account outside the United States Treasury.
- "(4) TRUSTEE.—The term 'Trustee' means a Federal or State natural resource trustee for the Exxon Valdez oil spill.
  - (b) Deposits.
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law and subject to subsection (g)":
  - (4) in subsection (b)(1) (as so designated)-
- (A) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A) by striking "issued in United States v. Exxon Corporation, et al. (No. A91-082 CIV) and State of Alaska v. Exxon Corporation, et al. (No. A91–083 CIV) (hereafter referred to as the 'Consent Decree'),":
- (B) by striking subparagraphs (A) and (B) and inserting the following:
  - "(A) the Fund;
  - "(B) an outside account; or"; and
- (C) in the undesignated matter following subparagraph (C)-
- (i) by striking "the Federal and State natural resource trustees for the Exxon Valdez oil spill ('trustees')" and inserting Trustees": and
- (ii) by striking "Any funds" and inserting the following:
- "(2) REQUIREMENT FOR DEPOSITS IN OUTSIDE ACCOUNTS .- Any funds";
- (5) in subsection (c) (as redesignated by paragraph (2)) by striking "(c) Joint" and inserting the following:

- "(c) Transfers.—Any joint";
- (6) in subsection (d) (as redesignated by paragraph (2)) by striking "(D) The transfer" and inserting the following:
- "(d) NO EFFECT ON JURISDICTION.—The transfer";
- (7) in subsection (e) (as redesignated by paragraph (2))—
- (A) by striking "(E) Nothing herein shall affect" and inserting the following:
- "(e) EFFECT ON OTHER LAW.—Nothing in this section affects"; and
- (B) by striking "trustees" and inserting "Trustees";
- (8) in subsection (f) (as redesignated by paragraph (2))—
- (A) by striking "(F) The Federal trustees and the State trustees" and inserting the following:
- "(f) GRANTS.-The Trustees"; and
- (B) by striking "this program" and inserting "this section, prioritizing the issuance of grants to facilitate habitat protection and habitat restoration programs"; and
- (9) in subsection (g) (as redesignated by paragraph (2))—
- (A) in the second sentence, by striking "Upon the expiration of the authorities granted in this section all" and inserting the following:
- "(2) RETURN OF FUNDS.—On expiration of the authority provided in this section, all"; and
- (B) by striking "(G) The authority" and inserting the following:
  - "(g) Expiration.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL,—The authority".

## TITLE LIV—SEXUAL ASSAULT AND SEXUAL HARASSMENT RESPONSE

### SEC. 5401. INDEPENDENT REVIEW OF COAST GUARD REFORMS.

- (a) GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABILITY OFFICE REPORT.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall report to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate on the efforts of the Coast Guard to mitigate cases of sexual assault and sexual harassment within the service.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The report required under paragraph (1) shall—
  - (A) evaluate—
- (i) the efforts of the Commandant to implement the directed actions from enclosure 1 of the memorandum titled "Commandant's Directed Actions—Accountability and Transparency" dated November 27, 2023;
- (ii) whether the Commandant met the reporting requirements under section 5112 of title 14. United States Code: and
- (iii) the effectiveness of the actions of the Coast Guard, including efforts outside of the actions described in the memorandum titled "Commandant's Directed Actions—Accountability and Transparency" dated November 27, 2023, to mitigate instances of sexual assault and sexual harassment and improve the enforcement relating to such instances within the Coast Guard, and how the Coast Guard is overcoming challenges in implementing such actions:
- (B) make recommendations to the Commandant for improvements to the efforts of the service to mitigate instances of sexual assault and sexual harassment and improve the enforcement relating to such instances within the Coast Guard; and
- (C) make recommendations to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate to mitigate instances of sexual assault and sexual harass-

- ment in the Coast Guard and improve the enforcement relating to such instances within the Coast Guard, including proposed changes to any legislative authorities.
- (b) REPORT BY COMMANDANT.—Not later than 90 days after the date on which the Comptroller General completes all actions under subsection (a), the Commandant shall submit to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate a report that includes the following:
- (1) A plan for Coast Guard implementation, including interim milestones and time-frames, of any recommendation made by the Comptroller General under subsection (a)(2)(B) with which the Commandant concurs.
- (2) With respect to any recommendation made under subsection (a)(2)(B) with which the Commandant does not concur, an explanation of the reasons why the Commandant does not concur.

### SEC. 5402. COMPREHENSIVE POLICY AND PROCE-DURES ON RETENTION AND ACCESS TO EVIDENCE AND RECORDS RELAT-ING TO SEXUAL MISCONDUCT AND OTHER MISCONDUCT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter II of chapter 9 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

### "§ 955. Comprehensive policy and procedures on retention and access to evidence and records relating to sexual misconduct and other misconduct

- "(a) ISSUANCE OF POLICY.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of the Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2025, the Secretary, in consultation with the Office of the Inspector General of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating and the Office of the Inspector General of the Department of Defense, shall issue a comprehensive policy for the Coast Guard on the retention of and access to evidence and records relating to covered misconduct involving members of the Coast Guard.
- "(b) OBJECTIVES.—The comprehensive policy required by subsection (a) shall revise existing policies and procedures, including systems of records, as necessary to ensure preservation of such evidence and records for periods sufficient.—
- "(1) to ensure that members of the Coast Guard who were victims of covered misconduct are able to pursue claims for veterans benefits:
- "(2) to support administrative processes, criminal proceedings, and civil litigation conducted by military or civil authorities; and
- "(3) for such other purposes relating to the documentation of an incident of covered misconduct in the Coast Guard as the Secretary considers appropriate.
- "(c) ELEMENTS.—
  "(1) IN GENERAL.—In developing the comprehensive policy required by subsection (a), the Secretary shall, at a minimum—
- "(A) identify records relating to an incident of covered misconduct that shall be retained;
- "(B) with respect to records relating to covered misconduct involving members of the Coast Guard that are not records of the Coast Guard, identify such records known to or in the possession of the Coast Guard, and set forth procedures for Coast Guard coordination with the custodian of such records for proper retention of the records:
- "(C) set forth criteria for the collection and retention of records relating to covered misconduct involving members of the Coast Guard;
- "(D) identify physical evidence and nondocumentary forms of evidence relating to covered misconduct that shall be retained;

- "(E) set forth the period for which evidence and records relating to covered misconduct involving members of the Coast Guard, including Coast Guard Form 6095, shall be retained, except that—
- "(i) any physical or forensic evidence relating to rape or sexual assault, as described in sections 920(a) and 920(b) of title 10 (articles 120(a) and 120(b) of the Uniform Code of Military Justice), shall be retained not less than 50 years, and for other covered misconduct not less than the statute of limitations of the alleged offense under the Uniform Code of Military Justice; and
- "(ii) documentary evidence relating to rape or sexual assault, as described in sections 920(a) and 920(b) of title 10 (articles 120(a) and 120(b) of the Uniform Code of Military Justice), shall be retained not less than 50 years;
- "(F) consider locations in which such records shall be stored:
- "(G) identify media and methods that may be used to preserve and ensure access to such records, including electronic systems of records:
  - "(H) ensure the protection of privacy of—
- "(i) individuals named in records and status of records under section 552 of title 5 (commonly referred to as the 'Freedom of Information Act') and section 552a of title 5 (commonly referred to as the 'Privacy Act'); and
- "(ii) individuals named in restricted reporting cases;
- "(I) designate the 1 or more positions within the Coast Guard that shall have the responsibility for such record retention by the Coast Guard:
- "(J) require education and training for members and civilian employees of the Coast Guard on record retention requirements under this section:
- "(K) set forth criteria for access to such records relating to covered misconduct involving members of the Coast Guard, including whether the consent of the victim should be required. by—
  - "(i) victims of covered misconduct;
- "(ii) law enforcement authorities;
- "(iii) the Department of Veterans Affairs; and
- $\lq\lq(iv)$  other individuals and entities, including alleged assailants;
- $^{\prime\prime}(L)$  require uniform collection of data on—
- "(i) the incidence of covered misconduct in the Coast Guard; and "(ii) disciplinary actions taken in substan-
- (ii) disciplinary actions taken in substantiated cases of covered misconduct in the Coast Guard; and
- "(M) set forth standards for communications with, and notifications to, victims, consistent with—
- "(i) the requirements of any applicable Department of Defense policy; and
- "(ii) to the extent practicable, any applicable policy of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating.
- "(2) RETENTION OF CERTAIN FORMS AND EVIDENCE IN CONNECTION WITH RESTRICTED REPORTS AND UNRESTRICTED REPORTS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT INVOLVING MEMBERS OF THE COAST GUARD.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The comprehensive policy required by subsection (a) shall require all unique or original copies of Coast Guard Form 6095 filed in connection with a restricted or unrestricted report on an alleged incident of rape or sexual assault, as described in sections 920(a) and 920(b) of title 10 (articles 120(a) and 120(b) of the Uniform Code of Military Justice), involving a member of the Coast Guard to be retained for the longer of—
- "(i) 50 years commencing on the date of signature of the covered person on Coast Guard Form 6095; or

- "(ii) the time provided for the retention of such form in connection with unrestricted and restricted reports on incidents of sexual assault involving members of the Coast Guard under Coast Guard policy.
- "(B) PROTECTION OF CONFIDENTIALITY.—Any Coast Guard form retained under subparagraph (A) shall be retained in a manner that protects the confidentiality of the member of the Coast Guard concerned in accordance with Coast Guard policy.
- ''(3) RETENTION OF CASE NOTES IN INVESTIGATIONS OF COVERED MISCONDUCT INVOLVING MEMBERS OF THE COAST GUARD.—
- "(A) REQUIRED RETENTION OF ALL INVESTIGATIVE RECORDS.—The comprehensive policy required by subsection (a) shall require, for all criminal investigations relating to an alleged incident of covered misconduct involving a member of the Coast Guard, the retention of all elements of the case file.
- "(B) ELEMENTS.—The elements of the case file to be retained under subparagraph (A) shall include, at a minimum—
  - "(i) the case activity record;
  - "(ii) the case review record;
- "(iii) investigative plans; and
- "(iv) all case notes made by any investigating agent.
- "(C) RETENTION PERIOD.—All elements of the case file shall be retained for not less than 50 years for cases involving rape or sexual assault, as described in sections 920(a) and 920(b) of title 10 (articles 120(a) and 120(b) of the Uniform Code of Military Justice), and not less than the statute of limitations of the alleged offense under the Uniform Code of Military Justice for other covered misconduct, and no element of any such case file may be destroyed until the expiration of such period.
- (4) Return of Personal Property upon COMPLETION OF RELATED PROCEEDINGS IN UN-RESTRICTED REPORTING CASES.—Notwithstanding the records and evidence retention requirements described in paragraphs (1)(E) and (2), personal property retained as evidence in connection with an incident of rape or sexual assault, as described in sections 920(a) and 920(b) of title 10 (articles 120(a) and 120(b) of the Uniform Code of Military Justice), involving a member of the Coast Guard may be returned to the rightful owner of such property after the conclusion of all legal, adverse action, and administrative proceedings related to such incident, as determined by the Commandant.
- "(5) RETURN OF PERSONAL PROPERTY IN RESTRICTED REPORTING CASES.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall prescribe procedures under which a victim who files a restricted report of an incident of sexual assault may request, at any time, the return of any personal property of the victim obtained as part of the sexual assault forensic examination
- $\mbox{``(B)}$  Requirements.—The procedures required by subparagraph (A) shall ensure that—
- "(i) a request by a victim for the return of personal property described under subparagraph (A) may be made on a confidential basis and without affecting the restricted nature of the restricted report; and
- "(ii) at the time of the filing of the restricted report, a Special Victims' Counsel, Sexual Assault Response Coordinator, or Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Victim Advocate—
- "(I) informs the victim that the victim may request the return of personal property as described in such subparagraph; and
- "(II) advises the victim that such a request for the return of personal property may negatively impact a subsequent case adjudication if the victim later decides to convert the restricted report to an unrestricted report.

- "(C) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Except with respect to personal property returned to a victim under this paragraph, nothing in this paragraph may be construed to affect the requirement to retain a sexual assault forensic examination kit for the period specified in paragraph (2).
- "(6) VICTIM ACCESS TO RECORDS.—With respect to victim access to records after all final disposition actions and any appeals have been completed, as applicable, the comprehensive policy required by subsection (a) shall provide that, to the maximum extent practicable, and in such a manner that will not jeopardize an active investigation or an active case—
- "(A) a victim of covered misconduct in a case in which either the victim or alleged perpetrator is a covered person shall have access to all records that are directly related to the victim's case, or related to the victim themselves, in accordance with the policy issued under subsection (a) and subject to required protections under sections 552 and 552a of title 5:
- "(B) a victim of covered misconduct who requests access to records under section 552 or 552a of title 5 concerning the victim's case shall be determined to have a compelling need, and the records request shall be processed under expedited processing procedures, if in the request for such records the victim indicates that the records concerned are related to the covered misconduct case;
- "(C) in applying sections 552 and 552a of title 5 to the redaction of information related to a records request by a victim of covered misconduct made under such sections after all final disposition actions and any appeals have been completed—
- "(i) any such redaction shall be applied to the minimum extent possible so as to ensure the provision of the maximum amount of unredacted information to the victim that is permissible by law; and
- "(ii) any such redaction shall not be applied to—
- "(I) receipt by the victim of the victim's own statement; or
- "(II) the victim's information from an investigation; and
- "(D) in the case of such a records request for which the timelines for expedited processing are not met, the Commandant shall provide to the Secretary, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate, and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a briefing that explains the reasons for the denial or the delay in processing, as applicable.
- ''(d) DEFINITION OF COVERED PERSON.—In this section, the term 'covered person' includes—  $\,$
- "(1) a member of the Coast Guard on active duty:
- "(2) a member of the Coast Guard Reserve with respect to crimes investigated by or reported to the Secretary on any date on which such member is in a military status under section 802 of title 10 (article 2 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice);
- "(3) a former member of the Coast Guard with respect to crimes investigated by or reported to the Secretary; and
- "(4) in the case of an investigation of covered misconduct conducted by, or an incident of covered misconduct reported to, the Coast Guard involving a civilian employee of the Coast Guard, any such civilian employee of the Coast Guard.
- "(e) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—Nothing in this section authorizes or requires, or shall be construed to authorize or require, the discovery, inspection, or production of reports, memoranda, or other internal documents or work product generated by counsel, an attorney

- for the Government, or their assistants or representatives.".
- (b) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter II of chapter 9 of title 14, United States Code, is further amended by adding at the end the following: "\$ 956. Requirement to maintain certain records
- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Commandant shall maintain all work product related to documenting a disposition decision on an investigation by the Coast Guard Investigative Service or other law enforcement entity investigating a Coast Guard member accused of an offense against chapter 47 of title 10.
- "(b) RECORD RETENTION PERIOD.—Work product documents and the case action summary described in subsection (c) shall be maintained for a period of not less than 7 years from the date of the disposition decision.
- "(c) CASE ACTION SUMMARY.—Upon a final disposition action for cases described in subsection (a), except for offenses of wrongful use or possession of a controlled substance under section 912a of title 10 (article 112a of the Uniform Code of Military Justice), where the member accused is an officer of pay grade O-4 and below or an enlisted member of pay grade E-7 and below, a convening authority shall sign a case action summary that includes the following:
  - "(1) The disposition actions.
- "(2) The name and command of the referral authority.
- "(3) Records documenting when a referral authority consulted with a staff judge advocate or special trial counsel, as applicable, before a disposition action was taken, to include the recommendation of the staff judge advocate or special trial counsel.
- "(4) A reference section listing the materials reviewed in making a disposition decision.
- "(5) The Coast Guard Investigative Service report of investigation.
- "(6) The completed Coast Guard Investigative Service report of adjudication included as an enclosure.
- "(d) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term 'work product' includes—
- "(1) a prosecution memorandum;
- "(2) emails, notes, and other correspondence related to a disposition decision; and
- "(3) the contents described in paragraphs (1) through (6) of subsection (c).
- "(e) Savings Clause.—Nothing in this section authorizes or requires, or shall be construed to authorize or require, the discovery, inspection, or production of reports, memoranda, or other internal documents or work product generated by counsel, an attorney for the Government, or their assistants or representatives."
- (c) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 9 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the followine:
- "Sec. 955. Comprehensive policy and procedures on retention and access to evidence and records relating to sexual misconduct and other misconduct.
- "Sec. 956. Requirement to maintain certain records.".
- SEC. 5403. CONSIDERATION OF REQUEST FOR TRANSFER OF A CADET AT THE COAST GUARD ACADEMY WHO IS THE VICTIM OF A SEXUAL ASSAULT OR RELATED OFFENSE.

Section 1902 of title 14, United States Code, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

- "(g) Consideration of Request for Transfer of Cadet Who Is the Victim of Sexual Assault or Related Offense.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Commandant shall provide for timely consideration of and action on a request submitted by a cadet appointed to the Coast Guard Academy who is

the victim of an alleged sexual assault or other offense covered by section 920, 920c, or 930 of title 10 (article 120, 120c, or 130 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice) for transfer to another military service academy or to enroll in a Senior Reserve Officers' Training Corps program affiliated with another institution of higher education.

"(2) REGULATIONS.—The Commandant, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, shall establish policies to carry out this subsection that—

"(A) provide that the Superintendent shall ensure that any cadet who has been appointed to the Coast Guard Academy is informed of the right to request a transfer pursuant to this subsection, and that any formal request submitted by a cadet who alleges an offense referred to in paragraph (1) is processed as expeditiously as practicable through the chain of command for review and action by the Superintendent;

"(B) direct the Superintendent, in coordination with the Superintendent of the military service academy to which the cadet requests to transfer—

"(i) to take action on a request for transfer under this subsection not later than 5 calendar days after receiving the formal request from the cadet:

"(ii) to approve such request for transfer unless there are exceptional circumstances that require denial of the request;

"(iii) upon approval of such request for transfer, to take all necessary and appropriate action to effectuate the transfer of the cadet to the military service academy concerned as expeditiously as possible, subject to the considerations described in clause (iv); and

"(iv) in determining the transfer date of the cadet to the military service academy concerned, to take into account—

"(I) the preferences of the cadet, including any preference to delay transfer until the completion of any academic course in which the cadet is enrolled at the time of the request for transfer; and

"(II) the well-being of the cadet; and

"(C) direct the Superintendent of the Coast Guard Academy, in coordination with the Secretary of the military department that sponsors the Senior Reserve Officers' Training Corps program at the institution of higher education to which the cadet requests to transfer—

"(i) to take action on a request for transfer under this subsection not later than 5 calendar days after receiving the formal request from the cadet:

"(ii) subject to the cadet's acceptance for admission to the institution of higher education to which the cadet wishes to transfer, to approve such request for transfer unless there are exceptional circumstances that require denial of the request:

"(iii) to take all necessary and appropriate action to effectuate the cadet's enrollment in the institution of higher education to which the cadet wishes to transfer and to process the cadet for participation in the relevant Senior Reserve Officers' Training Corps program as expeditiously as possible, subject to the considerations described in clause (iv); and

"(iv) in determining the transfer date of the cadet to the institution of higher education to which the cadet wishes to transfer, to take into account—

"(I) the preferences of the cadet, including any preference to delay transfer until the completion of any academic course in which the cadet is enrolled at the time of the request for transfer; and

"(II) the well-being of the cadet.

"(3) REVIEW.—If the Superintendent denies a request for transfer under this subsection, the cadet may request review of the denial by the Secretary, who shall take action on such request for review not later than 5 calendar days after receipt of such request.

"(4) CONFIDENTIALITY.—The Secretary shall ensure that all records of any request, determination, transfer, or other action under this subsection remain confidential, consistent with applicable law and regulation.

"(5) EFFECT OF OTHER LAW.—A cadet who transfers under this subsection may retain the cadet's appointment to the Coast Guard Academy or may be appointed to the military service academy to which the cadet transfers without regard to the limitations and requirements set forth in sections 7442, 8454, and 9442 of title 10.

"(6) Commission as officer in the coast  $_{\rm GUARD.--}$ 

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Upon graduation, a graduate of the United States Military Academy, the United States Air Force Academy, or the United States Naval Academy who transferred to that academy under this subsection is entitled to be accepted for appointment as a permanent commissioned officer in the Regular Coast Guard in the same manner as graduates of the Coast Guard Academy, as set forth in section 2101 of this title.

''(B) Commission as officer in other armed force.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—A cadet who transfers under this subsection to the United States Military Academy, the United States Air Force Academy, or the United States Naval Academy and indicates a preference pursuant to clause (ii) may be appointed as a commissioned officer in an armed force associated with the academy from which the cadet graduated.

"(ii) STATEMENT OF PREFERENCE.—A cadet seeking appointment as a commissioned officer in an armed force associated with the academy from which the cadet graduated under clause (i) shall, before graduating from that academy, indicate to the Commandant that the cadet has a preference for appointment to that armed force.

"(iii) Consideration by coast guard.—The Commandant shall consider a preference of a cadet indicated pursuant to clause (ii), but may require the cadet to serve as a permanent commissioned officer in the Regular Coast Guard instead of being appointed as a commissioned officer in an armed force associated with the academy from which the cadet graduated.

"(iv) Treatment of service agreement entered into under section 1925 of this title by a cadet who transfers under this subsection to the United States Military Academy, the United States Air Force Academy, or the United States Naval Academy and is appointed as a commissioned officer in an armed force associated with that academy, the service obligation undertaken under such agreement shall be considered to be satisfied upon the completion of 5 years of active duty service in the service of such armed force.

"(C) SENIOR RESERVE OFFICERS' TRAINING CORPS PROGRAM.—A cadet who transfers under this subsection to a Senior Reserve Officers' Training Corps program affiliated with another institution of higher education is entitled upon graduation from the Senior Reserve Officers' Training program to commission into the Coast Guard, as set forth in section 3738a of this title."

## SEC. 5404. DESIGNATION OF OFFICERS WITH PARTICULAR EXPERTISE IN MILITARY JUSTICE OR HEALTHCARE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter I of chapter 21 of title 14, United States Code is amended by adding at the end the following:

### "\$ 2132. Designation of officers with particular expertise in military justice or healthcare

"(a) Secretary Designation.—The Secretary may designate a limited number of officers of the Coast Guard as having particular expertise in—

"(1) military justice; or

"(2) healthcare.

"(b) PROMOTION AND GRADE.—An individual designated under this section—

"(1) shall not be included on the active duty promotion list;

"(2) shall be promoted under section 2126; and

"(3) may not be promoted to a grade higher than captain.".

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 21 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 2131 the following:

"2132. Designation of officers with particular expertise in military justice or healthcare.".

(c) Conforming Amendments.—

(1) Section 2102(a) of title 14, United States Code, is amended, in the second sentence by striking "and officers of the permanent commissioned teaching staff of the Coast Guard Academy" and inserting "officers of the permanent commissioned teaching staff of the Coast Guard Academy, and officers designated by the Secretary pursuant this section".

(2) Subsection (e) of section 2103 of title 14, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"(e) Secretary To Prescribe Numbers for Certain Officers.—The Secretary shall prescribe the number of officers authorized to be serving on active duty in each grade of—

"(1) the permanent commissioned teaching staff of the Coast Guard Academy;

"(2) the officers designated by the Secretary pursuant to this section; and

"(3) the officers of the Reserve serving in connection with organizing, administering, recruiting, instructing, or training the reserve components.".

(3) Section 2126 of title 14, United States Code, is amended, in the second sentence, by inserting "and as to officers designated by the Secretary pursuant to this section" after "reserve components".

(4) Section  $\overline{3736}$ (a) of title 14, United States Code, is amended—

(A) in the first sentence by striking "promotion list and the" and inserting "promotion list, officers designated by the Secretary pursuant to this section, and the officers on the"; and

(B) in the second sentence by striking "promotion list or the" and inserting "promotion list, officers designated by the Secretary pursuant to this section, or the officers on the".

## SEC. 5405. SAFE-TO-REPORT POLICY FOR COAST GUARD.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter I of chapter 19 of title 14, United States Code, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

### "§ 1909. Safe-to-Report policy for Coast Guard

"(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of the Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2025, the Commandant shall, in consultation with the Secretaries of the military departments, establish and maintain a safe-to-report policy described in subsection (b) that applies with respect to all members of the Coast Guard (including members of the reserve and auxiliary components of the Coast Guard), cadets at the Coast Guard Academy, and any other individual undergoing training at an accession point of the Coast Guard.

- "(b) SAFE-TO-REPORT POLICY.—The safe-toreport policy described in this subsection is a policy that—
- "(1) prescribes the handling of minor collateral misconduct, involving a member of the Coast Guard who is the alleged victim or reporting witness of a sexual assault; and
- ``(2) applies to all such individuals, regardless of—
- "(A) to whom the victim makes the allegation or who receives the victim's report of sexual assault; or
- "(B) whether the report, investigation, or prosecution is handled by military or civilian authorities.
- "(c) MITIGATING AND AGGRAVATING CIR-CUMSTANCES.—In issuing the policy under subsection (a), the Commandant shall specify mitigating circumstances that decrease the gravity of minor collateral misconduct or the impact of such misconduct on good order and discipline and aggravating circumstances that increase the gravity of minor collateral misconduct or the impact of such misconduct on good order and discipline for purposes of the safe-to-report policy.
- "(d) Tracking of Collateral Misconduct Incidents.—In conjunction with the issuance of the policy under subsection (a), the Commandant shall develop and implement a process to anonymously track incidents of minor collateral misconduct that are subject to the safe-to-report policy.
- "(e) MINOR COLLATERAL MISCONDUCT DE-FINED.—In this section, the term 'minor collateral misconduct' means any minor misconduct that is potentially punishable under chapter 47 of title 10 that—
- "(1) is committed close in time to or during a sexual assault and directly related to the incident that formed the basis of the allegation of sexual assault allegation;
- "(2) is discovered as a direct result of the report of sexual assault or the ensuing investigation into such sexual assault; and
- <sup>1</sup>(3) does not involve aggravating circumstances (as specified in the policy issued under subsection (a)) that increase the gravity of the minor misconduct or the impact of such misconduct on good order and discipline."
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 19 of title 14, United States Code, is further amended by inserting after the item relating to section 1908 (as added by this Act) the following:
- "1909. Safe-to-Report policy for Coast Guard.".

### SEC. 5406. MODIFICATION OF REPORTING RE-QUIREMENTS ON COVERED MIS-CONDUCT IN COAST GUARD.

- (a) ASSESSMENT OF POLICY ON COVERED MISCONDUCT.—Section 1902 of title 14, United States Code, is further amended—
- (1) in the section heading by striking "Policy on sexual harassment and sexual violence" and inserting "Academy policy and report on covered misconduct"; and
- (2) by striking subsections (c) through (e) and inserting the following:
- "(c) Assessment.-
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Commandant shall direct the Superintendent of the Coast Guard Academy to conduct at the Coast Guard Academy during each Academy program year an assessment to determine the effectiveness of the policies of the Academy with respect to covered misconduct involving cadets or other military or civilian personnel of the Academy.
- "(2) BIENNIAL SURVEY.—For the assessment at the Academy under paragraph (1) with respect to an Academy program year that begins in an odd-numbered calendar year, the Superintendent shall conduct a survey of cadets and other military and civilian personnel of the Academy—

- "(A) to measure the incidence, during such program year—
- "(i) of covered misconduct events, on or off the Academy campus, that have been reported to an official of the Academy;
- "(ii) of covered misconduct events, on or off the Academy campus, that have not been reported to an official of the Academy; and
- "(iii) of retaliation related to a report of a covered misconduct event, on or off the Academy campus; and
- "(B) to assess the perceptions of the cadets and other military and civilian personnel of the Academy with respect to—
- "(i) the Academy's policies, training, and procedures on covered misconduct involving cadets and other military and civilian personnel of the Academy:
  - "(ii) the enforcement of such policies;
- "(iii) the incidence of covered misconduct involving cadets and other military and civilian personnel of the Academy; and
- "(iv) any other issues relating to covered misconduct involving cadets and other military and civilian personnel of the Academy.
- "(d) REPORT.—
  "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not earlier than 1 year
  after the date of the enactment of the Coast
  Guard Authorization Act of 2025, and each
  March 1 thereafter through March 1, 2031, the
  Commandant shall direct the Superintendent to submit to the Commandant a
  report on incidents of covered misconduct
  and retaliation for reporting of covered misconduct involving cadets or other military
- "(2) Elements.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—Each report required under paragraph (1) shall include the following:

and civilian personnel of the Academy.

- "(i) Information and data on all incidents of covered misconduct and retaliation described in paragraph (1) reported to the Superintendent or any other official of the Academy during the preceding Academy program year (referred to in this subsection as a 'reported incident').
- "(ii) The number of reported incidents committed against a cadet or any other military or civilian personnel of the Academy.
- "(iii) The number of reported incidents committed by a cadet or any other military or civilian personnel of the Academy.
- "(iv) Information on reported incidents, in accordance with the policy prescribed under section 549G(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (10 U.S.C. 1561 note), to the maximum extent practicable.
- "(v) The number of reported incidents that were entered into the Catch a Serial Offender system, including the number of such incidents that resulted in the identification of a potential or confirmed match.
- "(vi) The number of reported incidents that were substantiated (referred to in this subsection as a 'substantiated reported incident').
- "(vii) A synopsis of each substantiated reported incident that includes—
- ``(I) a brief description of the nature of the incident;
- $``(\Pi)$  whether the accused cadet or other military or civilian personnel of the Academy had previously been convicted of sexual assault; and
- "(III) whether alcohol or other controlled or prohibited substances were involved in the incident, and a description of the involvement.
- "(viii) The type of case disposition associated with each substantiated reported incident, such as—
- "(I) conviction and sentence by court-martial, including charges and specifications for which convicted;
- "(II) acquittal of all charges at court-martial;

- "(III) as appropriate, imposition of a nonjudicial punishment under section 815 of title 10 (article 15 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice):
- "(IV) as appropriate, administrative action taken, including a description of each type of such action imposed;
- "(V) dismissal of all charges, including a description of each reason for dismissal and the stage at which dismissal occurred; and
- "(VI) whether the accused cadet or other military or civilian personnel of the Academy was administratively separated or, in the case of an officer, allowed to resign in lieu of court martial, and the characterization (honorable, general, or other than honorable) of the service of the military member upon separation or resignation.
- "(ix) With respect to any incident of covered misconduct involving cadets or other military and civilian personnel of the Academy reported to the Superintendent or any other official of the Academy during the preceding Academy program year that involves a report of retaliation relating to the incident—
- "(I) a narrative description of the retaliation claim:
- "(II) the nature of the relationship between the complainant and the individual accused of committing the retaliation; and
- "(III) the nature of the relationship between the individual accused of committing the covered misconduct and the individual accused of committing the retaliation.
- ''(x) With respect to any investigation of a reported incident—
- "(I) whether the investigation is in open or completed status;
- "(II) an identification of the investigating entity;
- "(III) whether a referral has been made to outside law enforcement entities;
- "(IV) in the case of an investigation that is complete, a description of the results of such an investigation and information with respect to whether the results of the investigation were provided to the complainant; and
- $\lq\lq(V)$  whether the investigation substantiated an offense under chapter 47 of title 10 (the Uniform Code of Military Justice).
- "(B) FORMAT.—With respect to the information and data required under subparagraph (A), the Commandant shall report such information and data separately for each type of covered misconduct offense, and shall not aggregate the information and data for multiple types of covered misconduct offenses.
- "(3) TRENDS.—Subject to subsection (f), beginning on the date of enactment of the Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2025, each report required under paragraph (1) shall include an analysis of trends in incidents described in paragraph (1), as applicable, since the date of the enactment of the Coast Guard and Maritime Transportation Act of 2012 (Public Law 112–213).
- "(4) RESPONSE.—Each report required under paragraph (1) shall include, for the preceding Academy program year, a description of the policies, procedures, processes, initiatives, investigations (including overarching investigations), research, or studies implemented by the Commandant in response to any incident described in paragraph (1) involving a cadet or any other military or civilian personnel of the Academy.
- "(5) PLAN.—Each report required under paragraph (1) shall include a plan for actions to be taken during the year following the Academy program year covered by the report to enhance the prevention of and response to incidents of covered misconduct and retaliation for reporting of covered misconduct involving cadets or other military or civilian personnel of the Academy.

- "(6) COVERED MISCONDUCT PREVENTION AND RESPONSE ACTIVITIES.—Each report required under paragraph (1) shall include an assessment of the adequacy of covered misconduct prevention and response carried out by the Academy during the preceding Academy program year.
- "(7) CONTRIBUTING FACTORS.—Each report required under paragraph (1) shall include, for incidents of covered misconduct and retaliation for reporting of covered misconduct involving cadets or other military or civilian personnel of the Academy—
- "(A) an analysis of the factors that may have contributed to such incidents;
- "(B) an assessment of the role of such factors in contributing to such incidents during such Academy program year; and
- "(C) recommendations for mechanisms to eliminate or reduce such contributing factors.
- "(8) BIENNIAL SURVEY.—Each report under paragraph (1) for an Academy program year that begins in an odd-numbered calendar year shall include the results of the survey conducted under subsection (c)(2) in such Academy program year.
- "(9) FOCUS GROUPS.—For each Academy program year with respect to which the Superintendent is not required to conduct a survey at the Academy under subsection (c)(2), the Commandant shall require focus groups to be conducted at the Academy for the purpose of ascertaining information relating to covered misconduct issues at the Academy.
- "(10) Submission of Report; briefing.—
- "(A) SUBMISSION.—Not later than 270 days after the date on which the Commandant receives a report from the Superintendent under paragraph (1), the Commandant shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives, as an enclosure or appendix to the report required by section 5112—
- "(i) the report of the Superintendent;
- "(ii) the comments of the Commandant with respect to the report; and
- "(iii) relevant information gathered during a focus group under subparagraph (A) during the Academy program year covered by the report, as applicable.
- "(B) BREFING.—Not later than 180 days after the date on which the Commandant submits a report under subparagraph (A), the Commandant shall provide a briefing on the report submitted under subparagraph (A)
- "(i) the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives;
- "(ii) the Secretary of Homeland Security.
- "(e) VICTIM CONFIDENTIALITY.—To the extent that information collected or reported under the authority of this section, such information shall be provided in a form that is consistent with applicable privacy protections under Federal law and does not jeopardize the confidentiality of victims.
- "(f) CONTINUITY OF DATA AND REPORTING.— In carrying out this section, the Commandant shall ensure the continuity of data collection and reporting such that the ability to analyze trends is not compromised.".
- (b) COVERED MISCONDUCT IN COAST GUARD.—Section 5112 of title 14, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

### "§ 5112. Covered misconduct in Coast Guard

"(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than March 1 each year, the Commandant shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure

- of the House of Representatives a report on incidents of covered misconduct involving members of the Coast Guard, including recruits and officer candidates, and claims of retaliation related to the reporting of any such incident.
- "(b) CONTINUITY OF DATA AND REPORTING.— In carrying out this section, the Commandant shall ensure the continuity of data collection and reporting such that the ability to analyze trends is not compromised.
  - "(c) Contents .-
  - "(1) INCIDENTS INVOLVING MEMBERS.—
  - "(A) Information and data.—
- "(i) IN GENERAL.—Each report required under subsection (a) shall include, for the preceding calendar year, information and data on—
  - ``(I) incidents of covered misconduct; and
- "(II) incidents of retaliation against a member of the Coast Guard related to the reporting of covered misconduct, disaggregated by type of retaliation claim.
- "(ii) INCLUSIONS.—The information and data on the incidents described in clause (i) shall include the following:
- "(I) All incidents of covered misconduct and retaliation described in clause (i) reported to the Commandant or any other official of the Coast Guard during the preceding calendar year (referred to in this subsection as a 'reported incident').
- ``(II) The number of reported incidents committed against members of the Coast Guard
- "(III) The number of reported incidents committed by members of the Coast Guard.
- "(IV) Information on reported incidents, in accordance with the policy prescribed under section 549G(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (10 U.S.C. 1561 note), to the maximum extent practicable.
- "(V) The number of reported incidents that were entered into the Catch a Serial Offender system, including the number of such incidents that resulted in the identification of a potential or confirmed match.
- "(VI) The number of reported incidents that were substantiated (referred to in this subsection as a 'substantiated reported incident').
- "(VII) A synopsis of each substantiated reported incident that includes—
- "(aa) a brief description of the nature of the incident;
- "(bb) whether the accused member has previously been convicted of sexual assault; and
- "(cc) whether alcohol or other controlled or prohibited substances were involved in the incident, and a description of the involvement.
- "(VIII) The type of case disposition associated with each substantiated reported incident, such as—
- "(aa) conviction and sentence by courtmartial, including charges and specifications for which convicted;
- "(bb) acquittal of all charges at court-martial;
- "(cc) as appropriate, imposition of a nonjudicial punishment under section 815 of title 10 (article 15 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice):
- "(dd) as appropriate, administrative action taken, including a description of each type of such action imposed:
- "(ee) dismissal of all charges, including a description of each reason for dismissal and the stage at which dismissal occurred; and
- "(ff) whether the accused member was administratively separated or, in the case of an officer, allowed to resign in lieu of courtmartial, and the characterization (honorable, general, or other than honorable) of the service of the member upon separation or resignation.

- "(IX) With respect to any incident of covered misconduct reported to the Commandant or any other official of the Coast Guard during the preceding calendar year that involves a report of retaliation relating to the incident—
- "(aa) a narrative description of the retaliation claim;
- "(bb) the nature of the relationship between the complainant and the individual accused of committing the retaliation; and
- "(cc) the nature of the relationship between the individual accused of committing the covered misconduct and the individual accused of committing the retaliation.
- "(X) The disposition of or action taken by the Coast Guard or any other Federal, State, local, or Tribal entity with respect to a substantiated reported incident.
- ``(XI) With respect to any investigation of a reported incident—
- "(aa) the status of the investigation or information relating to any referral to outside law enforcement entities;
- "(bb) the official or office of the Coast Guard that received the complaint:
- "(cc) a description of the results of such an investigation or information with respect to whether the results of the investigation were provided to the complainant; or
- "(dd) whether the investigation substantiated an offense under chapter 47 of title 10 (the Uniform Code of Military Justice).
- "(iii) FORMAT.—With respect to the information and data required under clause (i), the Commandant shall report such information and data separately for each type of covered misconduct offense, and shall not aggregate the information and data for multiple types of covered misconduct offenses.
- "(B) TRENDS.—Subject to subsection (b), beginning on the date of enactment of the Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2025, each report required by subsection (a) shall include, for the preceding calendar year, an analysis or assessment of trends in the occurrence, as applicable, of incidents described in subparagraph (A)(i), since the date of enactment of the Coast Guard and Maritime Transportation Act of 2012 (Public Law 112-213).
- "(C) RESPONSE.—Each report required under subsection (a) shall include, for the preceding calendar year, a description of the policies, procedures, processes, initiatives, investigations (including overarching investigations), research, or studies implemented by the Commandant in response to any incident described in subparagraph (A)(i) involving a member of the Coast Guard.
- "(D) PLAN.—Each report required under subsection (a) shall include a plan for actions to be taken during the year following the year covered by the report to enhance the prevention of and response to incidents described in subparagraph (A)(i) involving members of the Coast Guard.
- "(E) COVERED MISCONDUCT PREVENTION AND RESPONSE ACTIVITIES.—Each report required under subsection (a) shall include an assessment of the adequacy of covered misconduct prevention and response activities related to incidents described in subparagraph (A)(i) carried out by the Coast Guard during the preceding calendar year.
- "(F) CONTRIBUTING FACTORS.—Each report required under subsection (a) shall include, for incidents described in subparagraph (A)(i)—
- "(1) an analysis of the factors that may have contributed to such incidents;
- "(ii) an assessment of the role of such factors in contributing to such incidents during such year; and
- "(iii) recommendations for mechanisms to eliminate or reduce such contributing factors.

- ``(2) Incidents involving recruits and officer candidates.—
- "(A) INFORMATION AND DATA.—
- "(i) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection (b), each report required under subsection (a) shall include, as a separate appendix or enclosure, for the preceding calendar year, information and data on—
- "(I) incidents of covered misconduct involving a recruit of the Coast Guard at Training Center Cape May or an officer candidate at the Coast Guard Officer Candidate School; and
- "(II) incidents of retaliation against such a recruit or officer candidate related to the reporting of covered misconduct, disaggregated by type of retaliation claim.

"(ii) Inclusions.—

- "(I) IN GENERAL.—The information and data on the incidents described in clause (i) shall include the following:
- "(aa) All incidents of covered misconduct and retaliation described in clause (i) reported to the Commandant or any other official of the Coast Guard during the preceding calendar year (referred to in this subsection as a 'reported incident').
- "(bb) The number of reported incidents committed against recruits and officer candidates described in clause (i)(I).
- "(cc) The number of reported incidents committed by such recruits and officer candidates.
- "(dd) Information on reported incidents, in accordance with the policy prescribed under section 549G(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (10 U.S.C. 1561 note), to the maximum extent practicable.
- "(ee)(AA) The number of reported incidents that were entered into the Catch a Serial Offender system.
- "(BB) Of such reported incidents entered into such system, the number that resulted in the identification of a potential or confirmed match.
- "(ff) The number of reported incidents that were substantiated (referred to in this subsection as a 'substantiated reported incident').
- "(gg) A synopsis of each substantiated reported incident that includes—
- orted incident that includes—

  "(AA) a brief description of the nature of
  the incident: and
- "(BB) whether alcohol or other controlled or prohibited substances were involved in the incident, and a description of the involvement.
- "(hh) The type of case disposition associated with each substantiated reported incident, such as—
- "(AA) conviction and sentence by courtmartial, including charges and specifications for which convicted;
- "(BB) acquittal of all charges at courtmartial;
- "(CC) as appropriate, imposition of a nonjudicial punishment under section 815 of title 10 (article 15 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice):
- "(DD) as appropriate, administrative action taken, including a description of each type of such action imposed;
- "(EE) dismissal of all charges, including a description of each reason for dismissal and the stage at which dismissal occurred; and
- "(FF) whether the accused member was administratively separated or, in the case of an officer, allowed to resign in lieu of court-martial, and the characterization (honorable, general, or other than honorable) of the service of the member upon separation or resignation.
- "(ii) With respect to any incident of covered misconduct involving recruits or officer candidates reported to the Commandant or any other official of the Coast Guard during the preceding calendar year that involves a

- report of retaliation relating to the incident—
- "(AA) a narrative description of the retaliation claim;
- "(BB) the nature of the relationship between the complainant and the individual accused of committing the retaliation; and
- "(CC) the nature of the relationship between the individual accused of committing the covered misconduct and the individual accused of committing the retaliation.
- "(jj) The disposition of or action taken by the Coast Guard or any other Federal, State, local, or Tribal entity with respect to a substantiated reported incident.
- "(kk) With respect to any investigation of a reported incident—
- "(AA) the status of the investigation or information relating to any referral to outside law enforcement entities;
- "(BB) the official or office of the Coast Guard that received the complaint;
- "(CC) a description of the results of such an investigation or information with respect to whether the results of the investigation were provided to the complainant; or
- "(DD) whether the investigation substantiated an offense under chapter 47 of title 10 (the Uniform Code of Military Justice).
- "(II) FORMAT.—With respect to the information and data required under clause (i), the Commandant shall report such information and data separately for each type of covered misconduct offense, and shall not aggregate the information and data for multiple types of covered misconduct offenses.
- "(B) TRENDS.—Subject to subsection (b), beginning on the date of enactment of Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2025, each report required by subsection (a) shall include, for the preceding calendar year, an analysis or assessment of trends in the occurrence, as applicable, of incidents described in subparagraph (A)(i), since the date of enactment of the Coast Guard and Maritime Transportation Act of 2012 (Public Law 112–213).
- "(C) RESPONSE.—Each report required under subsection (a) shall include, for the preceding calendar year, a description of the policies, procedures, processes, initiatives, investigations (including overarching investigations), research, or studies implemented by the Commandant in response to any incident described in subparagraph (A)(i) involving—
- "(i) a recruit of the Coast Guard at Training Center Cape May; or
- "(ii) an officer candidate at the Coast Guard Officer Candidate School.
- "(D) PLAN.—Each report required under subsection (a) shall include a plan for actions to be taken during the year following the year covered by the report to enhance the prevention of and response to incidents described in subparagraph (A)(i) involving a recruit of the Coast Guard at Training Center Cape May or an officer candidate at the Coast Guard Officer Candidate School.
- "(E) COVERED MISCONDUCT PREVENTION AND RESPONSE ACTIVITIES.—Each report required under subsection (a) shall include an assessment of the adequacy of covered misconduct prevention and response activities related to incidents described in subparagraph (A)(i) of this paragraph carried out by the Coast Guard during the preceding calendar year.
- "(F) CONTRIBUTING FACTORS.—Each report required under subsection (a) shall include, for incidents described in subparagraph (A)(i)—
- "(i) an analysis of the factors that may have contributed to such incidents;
- "(ii) an assessment of the role of such factors in contributing to such incidents during such year; and
- "(iii) recommendations for mechanisms to eliminate or reduce such contributing factors.

- "(3) IMPLEMENTATION STATUS OF ACCOUNT-ABILITY AND TRANSPARENCY REVIEW DIRECTED ACTIONS.—Each report required under subsection (a) submitted during the 5-year period beginning on March 1, 2025, shall include information on the implementation by the Commandant of the directed actions described in the memorandum of the Coast Guard titled 'Commandant's Directed Actions—Accountability and Transparency', issued on November 27, 2023, including—
- "(A) a description of actions taken to address each directed action during the year covered by the report;
- "(B) the implementation status of each directed action;
- "(C) in the case of any directed action that has not been implemented—
- "(i) a detailed action plan for implementation of the recommendation;
- "(ii) an estimated timeline for implementation of the recommendation:
- "(iii) description of changes the Commandant intends to make to associated Coast Guard policies so as to enable the implementation of the recommendation; and
- "(iv) any other information the Commandant considers appropriate;
- "(D) a description of the metrics and milestones used to measure completion, accountability, and effectiveness of each directed action:
- "(E) a description of any additional actions the Commandant is taking to mitigate instances of covered misconduct within the Coast Guard;
- "(F) any legislative change proposal necessary to implement the directed actions; and
- "(G) a detailed list of funding necessary to implement the directed actions in a timely and effective manner, including a list of personnel needed for such implementation.
- "(d) VICTIM CONFIDENTIALITY.—To the extent that information collected under the authority of this section is reported or otherwise made available to the public, such information shall be provided in a form that is consistent with applicable privacy protections under Federal law and does not jeopardize the confidentiality of victims.
- "(e) SUBSTANTIATED DEFINED.—In this section, the term 'substantiated' has the meaning given the term under section 1631(c) of the Ike Skelton National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011 (10 U.S.C. 1561 note)."
  - (c) CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—
- (1) CHAPTER 19.—The table of sections for chapter 19 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by striking the item relating to section 1902 and inserting the following new item:
- "1902. Academy policy and report on covered misconduct.".
- (2) CHAPTER 51.—The table of sections for chapter 51 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by striking the item relating to section 5112 and inserting the following new item:
- "5112. Covered misconduct in the Coast Guard.".

### SEC. 5407. MODIFICATIONS TO THE OFFICER IN-VOLUNTARY SEPARATION PROCESS.

- (a) REVIEW OF RECORDS.—Section 2158 of title 14, United States Code, is amended in the matter preceding paragraph (1) by striking "may at any time convene a board of officers" and inserting "shall prescribe, by regulation, procedures".
- (b) BOARDS OF INQUIRY.—Section 2159(c) of such title is amended by striking "send the record of its proceedings to a board of review" and inserting "recommend to the Secretary that the officer not be retained on active duty".

- (c) REPEAL OF BOARDS OF REVIEW.—Section 2160 of title 14, United States Code, is repealed.
- (d) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-MENTS.—
- (1) Title 14, United States Code, is amended—
- (A) in section 2161 by striking "section 2158, 2159, or 2160" each place it appears and inserting "section 2158 or 2159";
- (B) in section 2163, in the first sentence by striking "board of review under section 2160 of this title" and inserting "board of inquiry under section 2159 of this title"; and
- (C) in section 2164(a), in the matter preceding paragraph (1) by striking "or 2160".
- (2) The analysis at the beginning of chapter 21 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by striking the item relating to section 2160.

#### SEC. 5408. REVIEW OF DISCHARGE CHARACTER-IZATION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter I of chapter 25 of title 14, United States Code, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

### "§ 2518. Review of discharge characterization

- "(a) DOWNGRADE.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The decision to conduct a case review under this section shall be at the discretion of the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating.
- "(2) BOARD OF REVIEW.—In addition to the requirements of section 1553 of title 10, a board of review for a former member of the Coast Guard established pursuant to such section and under part 51 of title 33, Code of Federal Regulations (as in effect on the date of enactment of the Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2025), may upon a motion of the board and subject to review by the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating, downgrade an honorable discharge to a general (under honorable conditions) discharge upon a finding that a former member of the Coast Guard, while serving on active duty as a member of the armed forces, committed sexual assault or sexual harassment in violation of section 920, 920b, or 934 of title 10 (article 120, 120b, or 134 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice).
- "(3) EVIDENCE.—Any downgrade under paragraph (2) shall be supported by clear and convincing evidence.
- "(4) LIMITATION.—The review board under paragraph (2) may not downgrade a discharge of a former member of the Coast Guard if the same action described in paragraph (2) was considered prior to separation from active duty by an administrative board in determining the characterization of discharge as otherwise provided by law and in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating.
  - "(b) Procedural Rights.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—A review by a board established under section 1553 of title 10 and under part 51 of title 33, Code of Federal Regulations (as in effect on the date of enactment of the Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2025), shall be based on the records of the Coast Guard, and with respect to a member who also served in another one of the armed forces, the records of the armed forces concerned and such other evidence as may be presented to the board.
- "(2) EVIDENCE BY WITNESS.—A witness may present evidence to the board in person or by affidavit.
- "(3) APPEARANCE BEFORE BOARD.—A person who requests a review under this section may appear before the board in person or by counsel or an accredited representative of an organization recognized by the Secretary of Veterans Affairs under chapter 59 of title 38.
- "(4) NOTIFICATION.—A former member of the Coast Guard who is subject to a down-

grade in discharge characterization review under subsection (b)(3) shall be notified in writing of such proceedings, afforded the right to obtain copies of records and documents relevant to the proceedings, and the right to appear before the board in person or by counsel or an accredited representative of an organization recognized by the Secretary of Veterans Affairs under chapter 59 of title 38.".

- (b) Rulemaking.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall initiate a rulemaking to implement this section.
- (2) DEADLINE FOR REGULATIONS.—The regulations issued under paragraph (1) shall take effect not later than 180 days after the date on which the Commandant promulgates a final rule pursuant to such paragraph.
- (c) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 25 of title 14, United States Code, is further amended by inserting after the item relating to section 2517 (as added by this Act) the following:
- "2518. Review of discharge characterization.".

### SEC. 5409. CONVICTED SEX OFFENDER AS GROUNDS FOR DENIAL.

Section 7511(a) of title 46, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (1) by striking "or";
- (2) in paragraph (2) by striking "State, local, or Tribal law" and inserting "Federal, State, local, or Tribal law";
- (3) by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3); and
- (4) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following:
- "(2) section 920 or 920b of title 10 (article 120 and 120b of the Uniform Code of Military Justice); or".

#### SEC. 5410. DEFINITION OF COVERED MIS-CONDUCT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter I of chapter 25 of title 14, United States Code, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

### "§ 2519. Covered misconduct defined

- "In this title, the term 'covered misconduct' means—  $\,$
- "(1) rape and sexual assault, as described in sections 920(a) and 920(b) of title 10 (articles 120(a) and 120(b) of the Uniform Code of Military Justice);
- "(2) sexual harassment, as described in Executive Order 14062 dated January 26, 2022, and enumerated under section 934 of title 10 (article 134 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice):
- "(3) abusive sexual contact and aggravated sexual contact, as described in sections 920(c) and 920(d) of title 10 (articles 120(c) and 120(d) of the Uniform Code of Military Justice);
- "(4) wrongful broadcast, dissemination, or creation of content as described in sections 917 and 920c of title 10 (articles 117a and 120c of the Uniform Code of Military Justice);
- "(5) the child pornography offenses as described in section 934 of title 10 (article 134 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice);
- "(6) rape and sexual assault of a child, other sexual misconduct, and stalking, as described in sections 920b, 920c(a), and 930 of title 10 (articles 120b, 120c, and 130 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice); and
- "(7) domestic violence, as described in section 928b of title 10 (article 128b of the Uniform Code of Military Justice).".
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 25 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 2518 the following:
- "2519. Covered misconduct defined.".

# SEC. 5411. NOTIFICATION OF CHANGES TO UNIFORM CODE OF MILITARY JUSTICE OR MANUAL FOR COURTS MARTIAL RELATING TO COVERED MISCONDUCT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 51 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

### "\$ 5116. Notification of changes to Uniform Code of Military Justice or Manual for Courts Martial relating to covered misconduct

"Beginning on March 30, 2026, and annually thereafter, the Commandant shall notify the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives with respect to each of the following:

- $\lq\lq(1)$  Whether the Uniform Code of Military Justice (chapter 47 of title 10) has been amended—
- "(A) to add any sex-related offense as a new article: or
- "(B) to remove an article relating to covered misconduct described in any of paragraphs (1) through (7) of section 301.
- "(2) Whether the Manual for Courts Martial has been modified—
- "(A) to add any sex-related offense as an offense described under an article of the Uniform Code of Military Justice: or
- "(B) to remove as an offense described under an article of the Uniform Code of Military Justice covered misconduct described in any of paragraphs (1) through (7) of section 301"
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 51 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

"5116. Notification of changes to Uniform

Code of Military Justice Or

Manual for Courts Martial relating to covered misconduct.".

### SEC. 5412. COMPLAINTS OF RETALIATION BY VICTIMS OF SEXUAL ASSAULT OR SEX-UAL HARASSMENT AND RELATED PERSONS.

Section 1562a of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a)—
- (A) by striking "The Secretary of Defense shall" and inserting the following:
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall"; and
  - (B) by adding at the end the following:
- "(2) Coast Guard.—The Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating shall designate the Commandant of the Coast Guard to be responsible for carrying out the requirements of this section with respect to members of the Coast Guard when the Coast Guard is not operating as a service in the Navy.";
  - (2) in subsection (b)-
- (A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1) by inserting "and the Commandant of the Coast Guard" after "Secretary";
- (B) in paragraph (8) by inserting before the period at the end "or with respect to the Coast Guard, the component designated by the Commandant of the Coast Guard"; and
- (C) in paragraph (4) by striking "Department of Defense"; and
  - (3) in subsection (c)(2)—
- (A) in subparagraph (A) by inserting ", the Inspector General of the Department of Homeland Security," before "or any other inspector general":
- (B) in subparagraph (D) by striking "military" and inserting "armed force"; and
- (C) in subparagraph (E) by inserting "or department in which the Coast Guard is operating when not operating as a service in the Navy for members of the Coast Guard" after "Department of Defense".

### SEC. 5413. DEVELOPMENT OF POLICIES ON MILITARY PROTECTIVE ORDERS.

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall issue updated policies of the Coast Guard relating to military protective orders that are consistent with the law and policies of the Department of Defense.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The policies developed under paragraph (1) shall require—
- (A) that any denial of a request for a military protective order shall include a written explanation for the denial, which shall be—
- (i) forwarded to the next flag officer in the chain of command of the commanding officer or other approving authority who denied the request; and
- (ii) provided to the member who submitted the request; and
- (B) the recusal of an approving authority from participating in the granting or denying of a military protective order, if such authority was, at any time—
- (i) the subject of a complaint of any form of assault, harassment, or retaliation filed by the member requesting the military protective order or the member who is the subject of the military protective order; or
- (ii) associated with the member requesting the military protective order or the member who is the subject of the military protective order in a manner that presents as an actual or apparent conflict of interest.
- (3) NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENT.—The Commandant shall develop a policy to ensure that sexual assault response coordinators, victim advocates, and other appropriate personnel shall inform victims of the process by which the victim may request an expedited transfer, a no-contact order, or a military or civilian protective order.

# SEC. 5414. COAST GUARD IMPLEMENTATION OF INDEPENDENT REVIEW COMMISSION RECOMMENDATIONS ON ADDRESSING SEXUAL ASSAULT AND SEXUAL HARASSMENT IN THE MILITARY

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall review the report of the Independent Review Commission titled "Hard Truths and the Duty to Change: Recommendations from the Independent Review Commission on Sexual Assault in the Military" referred to in the memorandum of the Department of Defense titled "Memorandum for Senior Pentagon Leadership Commanders of the Combatant Commands Defense Agency and DoD Field Activity Directors", dated September 22, 2021, (relating to commencing Department of Defense actions and implementation of the recommendations of the Independent Review Commission to address sexual assault and sexual harassment in the military).
- (b) STRATEGY AND ACTION PLAN.—On completion of the review required under subsection (a), and not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a strategy and action plan that—
- (1)(A) identifies any recommendation set forth in the report by the Independent Review Commission described in subsection (a) that addresses a matter that is not within the jurisdiction of the Coast Guard, does not apply to the Coast Guard, or otherwise would not be beneficial to members of the Coast Guard, as determined by the Commandant; and
- (B) includes a brief rationale for such determination; and

- (2) with respect to each recommendation set forth in such report that is not identified under paragraph (1), includes—
- (A)(i) a detailed action plan for implementation of the recommendation;
- (ii) a description of changes the Commandant will make to associated Coast Guard policies so as to enable the implementation of the recommendation;
- (iii) an estimated timeline for implementation of the recommendation:
- (iv) the estimated cost of the implementation;
- (v) legislative proposals for such implementation, as appropriate; and
- (vi) any other information the Commandant considers appropriate; or
- (B) in the case of such a recommendation that the Commandant is unable to implement, an explanation of the reason the recommendation cannot be implemented.
- (c) BRIEFING.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, and every 180 days thereafter through 2028, the Commandant shall provide the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives with a briefing on the status of the implementation of this section and any modification to the strategy and plan submitted under subsection (b).

#### SEC. 5415. POLICY RELATING TO CARE AND SUP-PORT OF VICTIMS OF COVERED MIS-CONDUCT.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall issue Coast Guard policy relating to the care and support of members of the Coast Guard who are alleged victims covered misconduct.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The policy required by subsection (a) shall require, to the maximum extent practicable, that—
- (1) a member of the Coast Guard who is an alleged victim of covered misconduct and discloses such covered misconduct to the appropriate individual of the Coast Guard responsible for providing victim care and support—
- (A) shall receive care and support from such individual; and
- (B) such individual shall not deny or unreasonably delay providing care and support; and
- (2) in the case of such an alleged victim to whom care and support cannot be provided by the appropriate individual contacted by the alleged victim based on programmatic eligibility criteria or any other reason that affects the ability of such appropriate individual to provide care and support (such as being stationed at a remote unit or serving on a vessel currently underway) the alleged victim shall receive, with the permission of the alleged victim—
- (A) an in-person introduction to appropriate service providers, for which the alleged victim is physically present, which shall occur at the discretion of the alleged victim; and
- (B) access to follow-up services from the appropriate 1 or more service providers.
- (c) APPLICABILITY.—The policy issued under subsection (a) shall apply to—
- (1) all Coast Guard personnel responsible for the care and support of victims of covered misconduct; and
- (2) any other Coast Guard personnel the Commandant considers appropriate.
- (d) REVISION OF POLICY RELATING TO DO-MESTIC ABUSE.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall issue or revise any Coast Guard policy or process relating to domestic abuse so as to define the term "intimate partner" to have the meaning given such term in section 930 of title 10, United States Code.

- (e) Training.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—All Coast Guard personnel responsible for the care and support of members of the Coast Guard who are alleged victims of covered misconduct shall receive training in accordance with professional standards of practice to ensure that such alleged victims receive adequate care that is consistent with the policy issued under subsection (a).
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The training required by paragraph (1)—
  - (A) shall include-
- (i) instructions on specific procedures for implementing the policy issued under subsection (a); and
- (ii) information on resources and personnel critical for the implementation of such policy; and
- (B) to the maximum extent practicable, shall be provided in person.
- (f) COVERED MISCONDUCT.—In this section, the term "covered misconduct" shall have the meaning given such term in section 2519 of title 14, United States Code (as added by this Act).

#### SEC. 5416. ESTABLISHMENT OF SPECIAL VICTIM CAPABILITIES TO RESPOND TO AL-LEGATIONS OF CERTAIN SPECIAL VICTIM OFFENSES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 573 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2013 (10 U.S.C. 1561 note) is amended—
  - (1) in subsection (a)—
- (A) by inserting "or the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating when not operating as a service in the Navy" after "Secretary of Defense": and
- (B) by striking "Secretary of each military department" and inserting "Secretary concerned":
- (2) in subsection (b) by striking "or Air Force Office of Special Investigations" and inserting ", Air Force Office of Special Investigations, or Coast Guard Investigative Services";
- (3) in subsection (c) by inserting "or the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating when not operating as a service in the Navy" after "Secretary of Defense":
  - (4) in subsection (d)-
  - (A) in paragraph (1)—
- (i) by inserting "or the Commandant of the Coast Guard" after "Secretary of a military department"; and
- (ii) by inserting "or the Coast Guard" after "within the military department";
- (B) in paragraph (2) by inserting "or the Coast Guard" after "within a military department"; and
  - (5) by adding at the end the following:
- "(h) TIME FOR ESTABLISHMENT FOR COAST GUARD.—Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of the Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2025, the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a report containing all the items described in subsections (e) and (f) as applied to the Coast Guard.".
- (b) BRIEFING.—Not later than 270 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall provide the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives with a briefing on the Commandant's assessment and implementation, as appropriate, of the recommendations included in the Center for Naval Analyses report titled "Assessing the USCG's Special Victims' Counsel Program", issued in June 2024, including—

- (1) the implementation status of each adopted recommendation, as appropriate;
- (2) for each adopted recommendation, a description of actions taken to implement such recommendation;
- (3) in the case of an adopted recommendation that has not been fully implemented—
- (A) a description of actions taken or planned to address such recommendation;
- (B) an estimated completion date; and (C) a description of the milestones necessary to complete the recommendation;
- (4) a description of any recommendation that will not be adopted and an explanation of the reason the recommendation will not be adopted;
- (5) a description of the metrics and milestones used to ensure completion and effectiveness of each adopted recommendation;
- (6) a description of any additional actions the Commandant is taking to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of the Special Victims' Counsel program of the Coast Guard;
- (7) any legislative change proposal necessary to implement the adopted recommendations; and
- (8) an overview of any funding or resource necessary to implement each adopted recommendation in a timely and effective manner, including a list of personnel needed for such implementation.

#### SEC. 5417. MEMBERS ASSERTING POST-TRAU-MATIC STRESS DISORDER, SEXUAL ASSAULT, OR TRAUMATIC BRAIN IN-JURY.

Section 2516 of title 14, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a)—
- (A) in paragraph (1)—
- (i) by striking "or has been sexually assaulted during the preceding 2-year period";and
- (ii) by striking "or based on such sexual assault, the influence of" and inserting "the signs and symptoms of either";
- (B) by redesignating paragraphs (2) through (4) as paragraphs (3) through (5), respectively;
- (C) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following:
- "(2) MENTAL, BEHAVIORAL, OR EMOTIONAL DISORDER.—A member of the Coast Guard who has been sexually assaulted during the preceding 5-year period and who alleges, based on such sexual assault, the signs and symptoms of a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder described within the most recent edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders published by the American Psychiatric Association—
- "(A) is provided the opportunity to request a medical examination to clinically evaluate such signs and symptoms; and
- "(B) receives such a medical examination to evaluate a diagnosis of post-traumatic stress disorder, traumatic brain injury, or diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder described within the most recent edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders published by the American Psychiatric Association.";
- (D) in paragraph (3) by striking "paragraph (1)" and inserting "this subsection"; and
- (E) in paragraph (4), as so redesignated—

  (i) by inserting this subsection, and
- (i) by inserting "or a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder" before "under this subsection";
- (ii) by inserting "performed by" after "shall be"; and
- (iii) by striking subparagraphs (A) and (B) and inserting the following:
  - "(A) a board-certified psychiatrist;
- $\mbox{``(B)}$  a licensed doctorate-level psychologist;
- "(C) any other appropriate licensed or certified healthcare professional designated by the Commandant; or

- "(D) a psychiatry resident or board-eligible psychologist who—
- "(i) has completed a 1-year internship or residency; and "(ii) is under the close supervision of a
- board-certified psychiatrist or licensed doctorate-level psychologist.";
- (2) in subsection (b) by inserting "or a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder" after "traumatic brain injury"; and
  - (3) by adding at the end the following:
- "(e) NOTIFICATION OF RIGHT TO REQUEST MEDICAL EXAMINATION.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Any member of the Coast Guard who receives a notice of involuntary administrative separation shall be advised at the time of such notice of the right of the member to request a medical examination under subsection (a) if any condition described in such subsection applies to the member.
  - "(2) POLICY.—The Commandant shall—
- "(A) develop and issue a clear policy for carrying out the notification required under paragraph (1) with respect to any member of the Coast Guard described in that paragraph who has made an unrestricted report of sexual assault: and
- "(B) provide information on such policy to sexual assault response coordinators of the Coast Guard for the purpose of ensuring that such policy is communicated to members of the Coast Guard who may be eligible for a medical examination under this section."

### SEC. 5418. PARTICIPATION IN CATCH A SERIAL OFFENDER PROGRAM.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating when not operating as a service in the Navy, acting through the Commandant, shall ensure the participation of the Coast Guard in the Catch a Serial Offender program (referred to in this section as the "CATCH program") of the Department of Defense established in accordance with section 543 of the Carl Levin and Howard P. "Buck" McKeon National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2015 (Public Law 113–291).
- (b) MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating and the Secretary of Defense shall finalize a memorandum of agreement to facilitate Coast Guard access to and participation in the CATCH program.

### SEC. 5419. ACCOUNTABILITY AND TRANS-PARENCY RELATING TO ALLEGA-TIONS OF MISCONDUCT AGAINST SENIOR LEADERS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subchapter I of chapter 25 of title 14, United States Code, is further amended by adding at the end the following:

### "\$ 2520. Accountability and transparency relating to allegations of misconduct against senior leaders

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of the Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2025, the Secretary shall establish a policy to improve oversight, investigations, accountability, and public transparency regarding alleged misconduct of senior leaders of the Coast Guard.
- "(b) ELEMENTS.—The policy required by subsection (a)—
  - "(1) shall require that—
- "(A) any allegation of alleged misconduct made against a senior leader of the Coast Guard shall be reported to the Office of the Inspector General of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating not later than 72 hours after the allegation is reported to the Coast Guard or the department in which the Coast Guard is operating; and
- "(B) the Inspector General of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating

shall notify the head of the Coast Guard office in which the senior leader is serving with respect to the receipt of such allegation, or, in a case where the senior leader is the head of such Coast Guard office, the next in the chain of command, as appropriate, except in a case in which the Inspector General determines that such notification would risk impairing an ongoing investigation, would unnecessarily compromise the anonymity of the individual making the allegation, or would otherwise be inappropriate; and

"(2) to the extent practicable, shall be consistent with Department of Defense directives, including Department of Defense Directive 5505.06.

- "(c) FIRST RIGHT TO EXCLUSIVE INVESTIGATION.—The Inspector General of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating—
- "(1) shall have the first right to investigate an allegation described in subsection (b)(1)(A); and
- "(2) in cases with concurrent jurisdiction involving an allegation described in subsection (b)(1)(A), may investigate such an allegation to the exclusion of any other Coast Guard criminal or administrative investigation if the Inspector General determines that an exclusive investigation is necessary to maintain the integrity of the investigation.
- "(d) PUBLIC AVAILABILITY AND BROAD DIS-SEMINATION.—The policy established under subsection (a) shall be made available to the public and incorporated into training and curricula across the Coast Guard at all levels to ensure broad understanding of the policy among members and personnel of the Coast
- "(e) Definitions.—In this section:
- "(1) Alleged MISCONDUCT.—The term 'alleged misconduct'—
- "(A) means a credible allegation that, if proven, would constitute a violation of—
- "(i) a provision of criminal law, including the Uniform Code of Military Justice (chapter 47 of title 10); or
- "(ii) a recognized standard, such as the Department of Defense Joint Ethics Regulation or other Federal regulation, including any other Department of Defense regulation and any Department of Homeland Security regulation; or
- "(B) could reasonably be expected to be of significance to the Secretary or the Inspector General of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating, particularly in a case in which there is an element of misuse of position or of unauthorized personal benefit to the senior official, a family member, or an associate.
- "(2) SENIOR LEADER OF THE COAST GUARD.— The term 'senior leader of the Coast Guard' means—
- "(A) an active duty, retired, or reserve officer of the Coast Guard in the grade of O-7 or higher;
- "(B) an officer of the Coast Guard selected for promotion to the grade of O-7;
- "(C) a current or former civilian member of the Senior Executive Service employed by the Coast Guard; or
- "(D) any civilian member of the Coast Guard whose position is deemed equivalent to that of a member of the Senior Executive Service, as determined by the Office of the Inspector General of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating, in concurrence with the Secretary acting through the Commandant."
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 25 of title 14, United States Code, is further amended by inserting after the item relating to section 2519 (as added by this Act) the following:

"2520. Accountability and transparency relating to allegations of misconduct against senior lead-

#### SEC. 5420. CONFIDENTIAL REPORTING OF SEX-UAL HARASSMENT.

Section 1561b of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

- (A) by inserting "and the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating when not operating as a service in the Navy" after "Secretary of Defense"; and
- (B) by inserting "or the Commandant" after "Secretary of a military department";
  - (2) in subsection (c)—
- (A) by inserting "or the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating when not operating as a service in the Navy" after "Secretary of Defense"; and
- (B) in paragraph (1) by inserting "departments or the Commandant" after "Secretaries of the military"; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following:
- "(e) REPORTS FOR THE COAST GUARD.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than April 30, 2025, and April 30 every 2 years thereafter, the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a report containing data on the complaints of sexual harassment alleged pursuant to the process under subsection (a) during the previous 2 calendar years.
- "(2) PERSONALLY IDENTIFIABLE INFORMA-TION.—Any data on complaints described in paragraph (1) shall not contain any personally identifiable information."

### SEC. 5421. REPORT ON POLICY ON WHISTLE-BLOWER PROTECTIONS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall submit to the Commitees on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a report on the policy of the Coast Guard on whistle-blower protections.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The report required by subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) A discussion of the policy of the Coast Guard as of the date of enactment of this Act with respect to—
  - (A) whistleblower protections;
- (B) accountability measures for reprisal against whistleblowers;
- (C) the applicable professional standards and potential types of support provided to whistleblowers by members of the Coast Guard personnel, such as the members in the Coast Guard Investigative Service; and
- (D) the content and frequency of training provided to members of the Coast Guard on active duty, members of the Coast Guard Reserve, and civilian personnel of the Coast Guard with respect to the applicable professional standards and potential types of support offered to whistleblowers.
- (2) A description of the responsibilities of commanders and equivalent civilian supervisors with respect to whistleblower complaints and measures used by the Coast Guard to ensure compliance with such responsibilities, such as—
- (A) the mechanisms to ensure that-
- (i) any such commander complies with section 1034 of title 10, United States Code, including subsection (a)(1) of that section;
- (ii) any such equivalent civilian supervisor complies with section 2302 of title 5, United States Code; and

- (iii) any such commander or supervisor protects the constitutional right of whistleblowers to speak with Members of Congress;
- (B) actions to be taken against any a commander or equivalent civilian supervisor who fails to act on a whistleblower complaint or improperly interferes with a whistleblower after a complaint is filed or during the preparation of a complaint;
- (C) the role of Coast Guard attorneys in ensuring that such commanders comply with responsibilities under section 1034 of title 10, United States Code: and
- (D) the role of Coast Guard civilian attorneys and administrative law judges in ensuring that such civilian supervisors comply with responsibilities under section 2302 of title 5, United States Code.
- (3) A discussion of the availability of Coast Guard staff, including civilian staff, assigned to providing, in accordance with professional standards or practice, behavioral health care to whistleblowers, including—
  - (A) the number and type of such staff;
- (B) a description of the specific care responsibilities of such staff;
- (C) an identification of any limitation existing as of the date of enactment of this Act to the provision of such care;
- (D) a description of any plan to increase capacity of such staff to provide such care, as applicable; and
- (E) a description of any additional resources necessary to provide such care.
- (4) An assessment of the manner in which the policies discussed in paragraph (1), the responsibilities of commanders and civilian supervisors described in paragraph (2), and the availability of Coast Guard staff as discussed in paragraph (3) apply specifically to cadets and leadership at the Coast Guard Academy.
- (5) Recommendations (including, as appropriate, proposed legislative changes and a plan to publish in the Federal Register not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act a request for information seeking public comment and recommendations) of the Commandant regarding manners in which Coast Guard policies and procedures may be strengthened—
- (A) to prevent whistleblower discrimination and harassment;
- (B) to better enforce prohibitions on retaliation, including reprisal, restriction, ostracism, and maltreatment, set forth in section 1034 of title 10, United States Code, and section 2302 of title 5. United States Code: and
- (C) to hold commanding officers and civilian supervisors accountable for enforcing and complying with prohibitions on any form of retaliation described in such section.

#### SEC. 5422. REVIEW AND MODIFICATION OF COAST GUARD ACADEMY POLICY ON SEX-UAL HARASSMENT AND SEXUAL VIO-LENCE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Superintendent of the Coast Guard Academy (referred to in this section as the "Superintendent") shall—
- (1) not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, commence a review of the Coast Guard Academy policy on sexual harassment and sexual violence established in accordance with section 1902 of title 14, United States Code, that includes an evaluation as to whether any long-standing Coast Guard Academy tradition, system, process, or internal policy impedes the implementation of necessary evidence-informed best practices followed by other military service academies in prevention, response, and recovery relating to sexual harassment and sexual violence; and
- (2) not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this  ${\rm Act}-$
- (A) complete such review; and
- (B) modify such policy in accordance with subsection (b).

- (b) Modifications to Policy.—In modifying the Coast Guard Academy policy on sexual harassment and sexual violence referred to in subsection (a), the Superintendent shall ensure that such policy includes the following:
- (1) Each matter required to be specified by section 1902(b) of title 14, United States Code.
- (2) Updates to achieve compliance with chapter 47 of title 10, United States Code (Uniform Code of Military Justice).
- (3) A description of the roles and responsibilities of staff of the Coast Guard Academy Sexual Assault Prevention, Response, and Recovery program, including—
- (A) the Sexual Assault Response Coordinator:
- (B) the Victim Advocate Program Specialist:
- (C) the Volunteer Victim Advocate: and
- (D) the Primary Prevention Specialist, as established under subsection (c).
- (4) A description of the role of the Coast Guard Investigative Service with respect to sexual harassment and sexual violence prevention, response, and recovery at the Coast Guard Academy.
- (5) A description of the role of support staff at the Coast Guard Academy, including chaplains, with respect to sexual harassment and sexual violence prevention, response, and recovery.
- (6) Measures to promote awareness of dating violence.
- (7) A delineation of the relationship between—
- (A) cadet advocacy groups organized for the prevention of, response to, and recovery from sexual harassment and sexual violence, including Cadets Against Sexual Assault; and
- (B) the staff of the Coast Guard Academy Sexual Assault Prevention, Response, and Recovery program.
- (8) A provision that requires cadets and Coast Guard Academy personnel to participate in not fewer than one in-person training each academic year on the prevention of, responses to, and resources relating to incidents of sexual harassment and sexual violence, to be provided by the staff of the Coast Guard Academy Sexual Assault Prevention, Response, and Recovery program.
- (9) The establishment, revision, or expansion, as necessary, of an anti-retaliation Superintendent's Instruction for cadets who—
- (A) report incidents of sexual harassment or sexual violence;
- (B) participate in cadet advocacy groups that advocate for the prevention of, response to, and recovery from sexual harassment and sexual violence; or
- (C) seek assistance from a company officer, company senior enlisted leader, athletic coach, or other Coast Guard Academy staff member with respect to a mental health or other medical emergency.
- (10) A provision that explains the purpose of and process for issuance of a no-contact order at the Coast Guard Academy, including a description of the manner in which such an order shall be enforced.
- (11) A provision that explains the purpose of and process for issuance of a military protective order at the Coast Guard Academy, including a description of—
- (A) the manner in which such an order shall be enforced; and
- (B) the associated requirement to notify the National Criminal Information Center of the issuance of such an order.
- (c) PRIMARY PREVENTION SPECIALIST.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Superintendent shall hire a Primary Prevention Specialist, to be located and serve at the Coast Guard Academy.

(d) TEMPORARY LEAVE OF ABSENCE TO RECEIVE MEDICAL SERVICES AND MENTAL HEALTH AND RELATED SUPPORT SERVICES.—The Superintendent shall ensure that the Academy's policy regarding a cadet who has made a restricted or unrestricted report of sexual harassment to request a leave of absence from the Coast Guard Academy is consistent with other military service academies.

#### SEC. 5423. COAST GUARD AND COAST GUARD ACADEMY ACCESS TO DEFENSE SEX-UAL ASSAULT INCIDENT DATABASE.

- (a) MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, shall enter into a memorandum of understanding to enable the criminal offender case management and analytics database of the Coast Guard to have system interface access with the Defense Sexual Assault Incident Database (referred to in this section as the "Database") established by section 563 of the Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2009 (10 U.S.C. 1561 note).
  - (b) PLAN.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after entering into the memorandum of understanding required under subsection (a), the Commandant, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a plan to carry out the terms of such memorandum.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The plan required under paragraph (1) shall include the following:
- (A) Measures to ensure that authorized staff of the Coast Guard have system interface access to the Database, and a description of any barrier to such access.
- (B) Measures to ensure that authorized staff of the Coast Guard Academy have system interface access to the Database, and a description of any barrier to such access that is unique to the Coast Guard Academy.
- (C) Measures to facilitate formal or informal communication between the Coast Guard and the Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Office of the Department of Defense, or any other relevant Department of Defense component, to identify or seek a resolution to barriers to Database access.
- (D) A description of the steps, measures, and improvements necessary to remove any barrier encountered by staff of the Coast Guard or the Coast Guard Academy in accessing the Database, including any failure of system interface access necessitating manual entry of investigative data.
- (E) An assessment of the technical challenges, timeframes, and costs associated with providing authorized staff of the Coast Guard and the Coast Guard Academy with system interface access for the Database that is substantially similar to such system interface access possessed by other branches of the Armed Forces.
- (3) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (A) the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate: and
- (B) the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives.

#### SEC. 5424. DIRECTOR OF COAST GUARD INVES-TIGATIVE SERVICE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 3 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

### "§ 325. Director of Coast Guard Investigative Service

"(a) IN GENERAL.—There shall be a Director of the Coast Guard Investigative Service.
"(b) CHAIN OF COMMAND.—The Director of

the Coast Guard Investigative Service shall

- report directly to and be under the general supervision of the Commandant, acting through the Vice Commandant of the Coast Guard.".
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for Chapter 3 of title 14, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 324 the following:
- "325. Director of Coast Guard Investigative Service.".

#### SEC. 5425. MODIFICATIONS AND REVISIONS RE-LATING TO REOPENING RETIRED GRADE DETERMINATIONS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 2501(d)(2) of title 14, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in subparagraph (B) by inserting "a" before "competent authority";
- (2) by redesignating subparagraphs (C) through (E) as subparagraphs (F) through (H), respectively; and
- (3) by inserting after subparagraph (B) the following:
- "(C) substantial evidence comes to light that, during the commissioned service of the officer, the officer failed to carry out applicable laws, with an intent to deceive or defraud:
- "(D) substantial evidence comes to light after the retirement that the officer committed rape or sexual assault, as described in sections 920(a) and 920(b) of title 10 (articles 120(a) and 120(b) of the Uniform Code of Military Justice) at any time during the commissioned service of the officer;
- "(E) substantial evidence comes to light after the retirement that the commissioned officer knew of and failed to report through proper channels, in accordance with existing law at the time of the alleged incident, any known instances of sexual assault by a member of the Coast Guard under the command of the officer during the officer's service;".
- (b) ISSUANCE AND REVISION OF REGULATIONS RELATING TO GOOD CAUSE TO REOPEN RETIRED GRADE DETERMINATIONS.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating shall issue or revise, as applicable, and at the discretion of the Secretary consistent with this section, regulations of the Coast Guard to do the following:
- (1) Define what constitutes good cause to reopen a retired grade determination referred to in subparagraph (H) of section 2501(d)(2) of title 14, United States Code, as redesignated by subsection (a), to ensure that the following shall be considered good cause for such a reopening:
- (A) Circumstances that constitute a failure to carry out applicable laws regarding a report of sexual assault with an intent to deceive by a commissioned officer, that relate to a response made to a report of sexual assault, during the commissioned service of the officer.
- (B) Substantial evidence of sexual assault by the commissioned officer concerned, at any time during the commissioned service of such officer, or such evidence that was not considered by the Coast Guard in a manner consistent with law.
- (2) Identify the standard for making, and the evidentiary showing required to support, an adverse determination on the retired grade of a commissioned officer.
- (c) REVISION OF LIMITATIONS ON REOPENING RETIRED GRADE DETERMINATIONS.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating shall revise applicable guidance in section K.10 of chapter 3 of Commandant Instruction 1000.4A to remove any restriction that limits the ability to reopen the retired grade of a commissioned officer based on—
- (1) whether new evidence is discovered contemporaneously with or within a short time

period after the date of retirement of the officer concerned; and

- (2) whether the misconduct concerned was not discoverable through due diligence.
- (d) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—No provision of this section or the amendments made by this section shall be construed to permit a review of conduct that was not in violation of law or policy at the time of the alleged conduct.

#### SEC. 5426. INCLUSION AND COMMAND REVIEW OF INFORMATION ON COVERED MIS-CONDUCT IN PERSONNEL SERVICE RECORDS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 25 of title 14, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in subchapter II, by redesignating section 2521 as section 2531; and
- (2) in subchapter I, as amended by this Act, by adding at the end the following:

### "\$ 2521. Inclusion and command review of information on covered misconduct in personnel service records

- ''(a) Information on Reports on Covered Misconduct.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—If a complaint of covered misconduct is made against a member of the Coast Guard and the member is convicted by court-martial or receives nonjudicial punishment or punitive administrative action for such covered misconduct, a notation to that effect shall be placed in the personnel service record of the member, regardless of the grade of the member.
- "(2) PURPOSE.—The purpose of the inclusion of information in personnel service records under paragraph (1) is to alert supervisors and commanders to any member of their command who has received a courtmartial conviction, nonjudicial punishment, or punitive administrative action for covered misconduct in order—
- "(A) to reduce the likelihood that repeat offenses will escape the notice of supervisors and commanders; and
- "(B) to help inform commissioning or promotability of the member;
- "(3) LIMITATION ON PLACEMENT.—A notation under paragraph (1) may not be placed in the restricted section of the personnel service record of a member.
- "(4) CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this subsection may be construed to prohibit or limit the capacity of a member of the Coast Guard to challenge or appeal the placement of a notation, or location of placement of a notation, in the personnel service record of the member in accordance with procedures otherwise applicable to such challenges or apneals
- "(b) COMMAND REVIEW OF HISTORY OF COVERED MISCONDUCT.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Under policy to be prescribed by the Secretary, the commanding officer of a unit or facility to which a covered member is assigned or transferred shall review the history of covered misconduct as documented in the personnel service record of a covered member in order to become familiar with such history of the covered member.
- "(2) COVERED MEMBER DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term 'covered member' means a member of the Coast Guard who, at the time of assignment or transfer as described in paragraph (1), has a history of 1 or more covered misconduct offenses as documented in the personnel service record of such member or such other records or files as the Commandant shall specify in the policy prescribed under subparagraph (A).
- "(c) REVIEW OF PERSONNEL SERVICE RECORD TO DETERMINE SUITABILITY FOR CIVILIAN EMPLOYMENT.—Under policy to be prescribed by the Secretary, the Commandant shall establish procedures that are consistent with the law, policies, and practices of the Department of Defense in effect on the date of enactment of the Coast Guard Authorization

- Act of 2025 to consider and review the personnel service record of a former member of the Armed Forces to determine the suitability of the individual for civilian employment in the Coast Guard.".
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 25 of title 14, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) by striking the item relating to section 2521 and inserting the following:
- "2531. Advisory Board on Women in the Coast Guard."; and
- (2) by inserting after the item relating to section 2520 (as added by this Act) the following:
- "2521. Inclusion and command review of information on covered misconduct in personnel service records.".

#### SEC. 5427. FLAG OFFICER REVIEW OF, AND CON-CURRENCE IN, SEPARATION OF MEMBERS WHO HAVE REPORTED SEXUAL MISCONDUCT.

- (a) POLICY TO REQUIRE REVIEW OF CERTAIN PROPOSED INVOLUNTARY SEPARATIONS.—Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall establish, with respect to any proposed involuntary separation under chapter 59 of title 10, United States Code, a Coast Guard policy to review the circumstances of, and grounds for, such a proposed involuntary separation of any member of the Coast Guard who—
- (1) made a restricted or unrestricted report of covered misconduct (as such term is defined in section 2519 of title 14, United States Code);
- (2) within 2 years after making such a report, is recommended for involuntary separation from the Coast Guard; and
- (3) requests the review on the grounds that the member believes the recommendation for involuntary separation from the Coast Guard was initiated in retaliation for making the report.
  - (b) Recusal.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The policy established under subsection (a) shall set forth a process for the recusal of commanding officers and the flag officer described in subsection (c)(2) from making initial or subsequent decisions on proposed separations or from reviewing proposed separations.
- (2) CRITERIA.—The recusal process established under paragraph (1) shall specify criteria for recusal, including mandatory recusal from making a decision on a proposed separation, and from reviewing a proposed separation, if the commanding officer or the flag officer described in subsection (c)(2) was, at any time—
- (A) the subject of a complaint of any form of assault, harassment, or retaliation, filed by the member of the Coast Guard described in subsection (a) who is the subject of a proposed involuntary separation or whose proposed separation is under review; or
- (B) associated with the individual suspected or accused of perpetrating the incident of covered misconduct reported by such member.
- (c) CONCURRENCE OF FLAG OFFICER RE-QUIRED.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The policy established under subsection (a) shall require the concurrence of the flag officer described in paragraph (2) in order to separate the member of the Coast Guard described in such subsection.
  - (2) FLAG OFFICER DESCRIBED.-
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the flag officer described in this paragraph is—
- (i) the Deputy Commandant for Mission Support or the successor Vice Admiral that oversees personnel policy; or
- (ii) a designee of the Deputy Commandant for Mission Support (or the successor Vice

- Admiral that oversees personnel policy) who is in a grade not lower than O-7.
- (B) CHAIN OF COMMAND EXCEPTION.—In the case of a member of the Coast Guard described in subsection (a) who is in the immediate chain of command of the Deputy Commandant for Mission Support or the successor Vice Admiral that oversees personnel policy or the designee of the Deputy Commandant for Mission Support or the successor Vice Admiral that oversees personnel policy, the flag officer described in this paragraph is a flag officer outside the chain of command of such member, as determined by the Commandant consistent with the policy established under subsection (a).
- (d) NOTIFICATION REQUIRED.—Any member of the Coast Guard who has made a report of covered misconduct and who receives a proposal for involuntary separation shall be notified at the time of such proposal of the right of the member to a review under this section.

## SEC. 5428. EXPEDITED TRANSFER IN CASES OF SEXUAL MISCONDUCT OR DOMESTIC VIOLENCE.

- (a) EXPEDITED TRANSFER POLICY UPDATE.— Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall update Coast Guard policy as necessary to implement—
- (1) an expedited transfer process for covered individuals consistent with—
- (A) Department of Defense policy on expedited transfers of victims of sexual assault or domestic violence in place on the date of enactment of this Act: and
  - (B) subsection (b); and
  - (2) a process by which—
- (A) a covered individual, the commanding officer of a covered individual, or any other Coast Guard official may initiate a request that a subject be administratively assigned to another unit in accordance with military assignments and authorized absence policy for the duration of the investigation and, if applicable, prosecution of such subject;
- (B) the Coast Guard shall ensure that any administrative assignment action in response to a request under subparagraph (A) will be taken not as a punitive measure, but solely for the purpose of maintaining good order and discipline within the unit of the covered individual or the subject; and
- (C) protection of due process for the subject is preserved.
- (b) RECUSAL.—The expedited transfer process implemented under this section shall require the recusal of any official involved in the approval or denial of an expedited transfer request if the official was, at any time—
- (1) the subject of a complaint of any form of assault, harassment, or retaliation, or any other type of complaint, filed by the covered individual; or
- (2) associated, beyond workplace interactions, with the subject in a manner that may present an actual or apparent conflict of interest.
- (c) NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENT.—With respect to a member of the Coast Guard who makes an unrestricted report of sexual assault or a report of domestic violence, the updated policy required under subsection (a) shall specify the appropriate officials of the Coast Guard who shall provide such member with information regarding expedited transfer authority.
  - (d) Report.
- (1) INITIAL REPORT.—Not later than March 1 of the year that is not less than 1 year after the date on which the updates required under subsection (a) are completed, the Commandant shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives, as an enclosure or appendix

- to the report required by section 5112 of title 14, United States Code, a report on such updates that includes—
- (A) a copy of the updated policies of the Coast Guard relating to expedited transfers; (B) a summary of such updated policies:
- (C) for the preceding year, the number of covered individuals who have requested an expedited transfer, disaggregated by gender of the requester and whether the request was granted or denied;
- (D) for each denial of an expedited transfer request during the preceding year, a description of the rationale for the denial; and
- (E) any other matter the Commandant considers appropriate.
- (2) Subsequent reports.—Not later than 1 year after the Commandant submits the report required under paragraph (1), and annually thereafter for 3 years, the Commandant shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives, as an enclosure or appendix to the report required by section 5112 of title 14, United States Code, a report on the updates required under subsection (a) that includes—
- (A) any policies of the Coast Guard relating to expedited transfers that have been updated since the previous report submitted under this subsection;
- (B) a summary of any such updated policies; and
- (C) the information described under subparagraphs (C) through (E) of paragraph (1).
  - (e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) COVERED INDIVIDUAL.—The term "covered individual" means—
- (A) a member of the Coast Guard who is a victim of sexual assault in a case handled under the Sexual Assault Prevention, Response, and Recovery Program or the Family Advocacy Program:
- (B) a member of the Coast Guard who is a victim of domestic violence (as defined by the Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating in the policies prescribed under this section) committed by the spouse or intimate partner of the member, regardless of whether the spouse or intimate partner is a member of the Coast Guard; and
- (C) a member of the Coast Guard whose dependent is a victim of sexual assault or domestic violence.
- (2) SUBJECT.—The term "subject" means a member of the Coast Guard who is the subject of an investigation related to alleged incidents of sexual assault or domestic violence and is stationed at the same installation as, or in close proximity to, the covered individual involved.

## SEC. 5429. ACCESS TO TEMPORARY SEPARATION PROGRAM FOR VICTIMS OF ALLEGED SEX-RELATED OFFENSES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall update the Coast Guard policy relating to temporary separation of members of the Coast Guard who are victims of alleged sex-related offenses as required under subsection (b).
- (b) ELIGIBILITY.—The updated policy required under subsection (a) shall include—
- (1) a provision that allows a member of the Coast Guard to request to participate in the temporary separation program if the member has reported, in an unrestricted format or to the greatest extent practicable, a restricted format, being the victim of an alleged sex-related offense on a date that is during—
- (A) the 5-year period preceding the requested date of separation; and
  - (B) the military service of the member;

- (2) a provision that provides eligibility for a member of the Coast Guard to request temporary separation if the member has reported being the victim of an alleged sex-related offense, even if—
- (A) the member has had a previous temporary separation including a previous temporary separation as the victim of a previous unrelated alleged sex-related offense; or
- (B) the enlistment period of the member is not nearing expiration or the tour or contract of the member is not nearing completion:
- (3) an updated standard of review consistent with the application of, and purposes of, this section; and
  - (4) the establishment of a process—
- (A) for eligible members to make requests for temporary separation under this section; and
- (B) that allows the Commandant to consider whether to allow a member granted temporary separation under this section to fulfill the enlistment period or tour or contract obligation of the member after the end of the temporary separation period.
- (c) EXCEPTION FROM REPAYMENT OF BONUSES, INCENTIVE PAY, OR SIMILAR BENEFITS AND TERMINATION OF REMAINING PAYMENTS.—
  For any temporary separation granted under the updated policy required under subsection (a), the Secretary concerned may conduct a review to determine whether to exercise discretion in accordance with section 373(b)(1) of title 37, United States Code.
  - (d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) SECRETARY CONCERNED.—The term "Secretary concerned" has the meaning given such term in section 101 of title 37, United States Code.
- (2) SEX-RELATED OFFENSE.—The term "sex-related offense" has the meaning given such term in section 1044e(h) of title 10, United States Code.

## SEC. 5430. POLICY AND PROGRAM TO EXPAND PREVENTION OF SEXUAL MISCONDUCT.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall develop and issue a comprehensive policy for the Coast Guard to reinvigorate the prevention of misconduct involving members and civilians of the Coast Guard that contains the policy elements described in section 1561 of title 10, United States Code.
- (b) PROGRAMS REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the issuance of the policy required under paragraph (1), the Commandant shall develop and implement for the Coast Guard a program to reinvigorate the prevention of misconduct involving members and civilians of the Coast Guard.

### SEC. 5431. CONTINUOUS VETTING OF SECURITY CLEARANCES.

Section 1564(c) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (1)-
- (A) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A) by inserting ", and the Secretary of Homeland Security shall conduct an investigation or adjudication under subsection (a) of any individual described in paragraph (3)," after "paragraph (2)"; and
- (B) in subparagraph (A)(iv) by striking "the Secretary" and inserting "the Secretary of Defense or the Secretary of Homeland Security, as the case may be,";
- (2) in paragraph (2) by inserting "(other than an individual described in paragraph (3))" after "is an individual";
- (3) by redesignating paragraphs (3) and (4) as paragraphs (4) and (5), respectively;
- (4) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following new paragraph:
- "(3) An individual described in this paragraph is an individual who has a security clearance and is—

- "(A) a flag officer of the Coast Guard; or
- "(B) an employee of the Coast Guard in the Senior Executive Service."; and
- (5) in paragraph (4), as redesignated by paragraph (3), by striking "Secretary" and all that follows through "paragraph (2)" and inserting the following: "Secretary of Defense, in the case of an individual described in paragraph (2), and the Secretary of Homeland Security, in the case of an individual described in paragraph (3), shall ensure that relevant information on the conviction or determination described in paragraph (1) of such an individual".

## SEC. 5432. TRAINING AND EDUCATION PROGRAMS FOR COVERED MISCONDUCT PREVENTION AND RESPONSE.

- (a) Modification of Curriculum.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall revise the curriculum of the Coast Guard with respect to covered misconduct prevention and response training—
  - (A) to include-
- (i) information on procedures and responsibilities with respect to reporting requirements, investigations, survivor health and safety (including expedited transfers, no-contact orders, military and civilian protective orders, and temporary separations), and whistleblower protections;
- (ii) information on Department of Veterans Affairs resources available to veterans, active-duty personnel, and reserve personnel;
- (iii) information on the right of any member of the Coast Guard to seek legal resources outside the Coast Guard;
- (iv) general information regarding the availability of legal resources provided by civilian legal services organizations, presented in an organized and consistent manner that does not endorse any particular legal services organization; and
- (v) information on the capability, operations, reporting structure, and requirements with respect to the Chief Prosecutor of the Coast Guard; and
- (B) to address the workforce training recommendations set forth in the memorandum of the Coast Guard titled "Commandant's Directed Actions—Accountability and Transparency", issued on November 27, 2023.
- (2) COLLABORATION.—In revising the curriculum under this subsection, the Commandant shall solicit input from individuals outside the Coast Guard who are experts in sexual assault and sexual harassment prevention and response training.
- (b) COVERED MISCONDUCT PREVENTION AND RESPONSE TRAINING AND EDUCATION.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall ensure that all members and civilian employees of the Coast Guard are provided with annual covered misconduct prevention and response training and education for the purpose of strengthening individual knowledge, skills, and capacity relating to the prevention of and response to covered misconduct.
- (2) Scope.—The training and education referred to in paragraph (1)—
  - (A) shall be provided as part of-
  - (i) initial entry and accession training;
- (ii) annual refresher training;
- (iii) initial and recurring training courses for covered first responders;
- (iv) new and prospective commanding officer and executive officer training; and
- (v) specialized leadership training; and
- (B) shall be tailored for specific leadership levels, positions, pay grades, and roles.
- (3) CONTENT.—The training and education referred to in paragraph (1) shall include the information described in subsection (a)(1)(A).
  - (c) COVERED FIRST RESPONDER TRAINING.-

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall ensure that—
- (A) training for covered first responders includes the covered misconduct prevention and response training described in subsection (b); and
- (B) such covered misconduct prevention and response training is provided to covered first responders on a recurring basis.
- (2) REQUIREMENTS.—In addition to the information described in subsection (a)(1)(A), the initial and recurring covered misconduct prevention and response training for covered first responders shall include information on procedures and responsibilities with respect to—
- (A) the provision of care to a victim of covered misconduct, in accordance with professional standards or practice, that accounts for trauma experienced by the victim and associated symptoms or events that may exacerbate such trauma; and
- (B) the manner in which such a victim may receive such care.
- (d) Training for Prospective Commanding Officers and Executive Officers.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall ensure that training for prospective commanders and executive officers at all levels of command includes the covered misconduct prevention and response training described in subsection (b).
- (2) REQUIREMENTS.—In addition to the information described in subsection (a)(1)(A), the covered misconduct prevention and response training for prospective commanding officers and executive officers shall be—
- (A) tailored to the responsibilities and leadership requirements of members of the Coast Guard as they are assigned to command positions; and
- (B) revised, as necessary, to include information on—
  - (i) fostering a command climate-
- (I) that does not tolerate covered misconduct;
- (II) in which individuals assigned to the command are encouraged to intervene to prevent potential incidents of covered misconduct; and
- (III) that encourages victims of covered misconduct to report any incident of covered misconduct;
- (ii) the possible variations in the effect of trauma on individuals who have experienced covered misconduct;
- (iii) potential differences in the procedures and responsibilities, Department of Veterans Affairs resources, and legal resources described in subsection (a)(1)(A) depending on the operating environment in which an incident of covered misconduct occurred;
- (iv) the investigation of alleged incidents of covered misconduct, including training on understanding evidentiary standards;
- (v) available disciplinary options, including administrative action and deferral of discipline for collateral misconduct, and examples of disciplinary options in civilian jurisdictions; and
- (vi) the capability, operations, reporting structure, and requirements with respect to the Chief Prosecutor of the Coast Guard.
- (e) Entry and Accession Trainings.-
- (1) Initial training.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commandant shall provide for the inclusion of an initial covered misconduct prevention and response training module in the training for each new member of the Coast Guard, which shall be provided not later than 14 duty days after the date of accession.
- (B) REQUIREMENT.—In addition to the information described in subsection (a)(1)(A), the initial training module referred to in

- subparagraph (A) shall include a comprehensive explanation of Coast Guard-(i) policy with respect to covered mis-
- conduct; and (ii) procedures for reporting covered mis-
- (2) Subsequent training.-
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Commandant shall provide for the inclusion of a detailed covered misconduct prevention and response training module in the training for each new member of the Coast Guard, which shall be provided not later than 60 duty days after the date on which the initial training module described in paragraph (1)(A) is provided.
- (B) CONTENT.—The detailed training module referred to in subparagraph (A) shall include the information described in subsection (a)(1)(A).
  - (f) Definitions.—In this section:
- (1) COVERED FIRST RESPONDER.—The term "covered first responder" includes sexual assault response coordinators, victim advocates. Coast Guard medical officers. Coast Guard security forces, Coast Guard Investigative Service agents, judge advocates, special victims' counsel, chaplains, and related personnel.
- (2) COVERED MISCONDUCT.—The term "covered misconduct" has the meaning given such term in section 2519 of title 14, United States Code.

### TITLE LV—COMPTROLLER GENERAL REPORTS

#### SEC. 5501. COMPTROLLER GENERAL REPORT ON COAST GUARD RESEARCH, DEVEL-OPMENT, AND INNOVATION PRO-GRAM.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a report on the state of the research, development, and innovation program of the Coast Guard during the 5-year period ending on such date of enactment.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The report required by subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) An evaluation and description of the process for selecting projects to be carried out under the research, development, and innovation program of the Coast Guard.
- (2) An analysis of the manner in which funding needs are determined and requested for such program, and for the activities and projects of such program, in alignment with the appropriate fiscal year.
- (3) An assessment of the manner in which the Coast Guard determines desired outcomes, and measures the impact, of successful projects on the execution of the operations and mission of the Coast Guard.
- (4) An assessment of the manner in which the Coast Guard evaluates impacts and benefits of partnerships between the Coast Guard and the Department of Defense and other entities, and a description of the extent to which and manner in which the Coast Guard is leveraging such benefits and identifying and managing any potential challenge
- (5) An analysis of the manner in which the Commandant is working with partners to accelerate project transition from research, testing, evaluation, and prototype to produc-
- (6) An assessment of the manner in which the authority to enter into transactions other than contracts and grants pursuant to sections 719 and 1158 of title 14, United States Code, has been exercised by the Commandant, and a description of any training or resources necessary (including additional agreements for officers and training) to more fully exercise such authority.

- (7) An evaluation of the role of the Blue Tech Center of Expertise established in section 302 of the Coast Guard Blue Technology Center of Expertise Act (Public Law 115-265).
- (8) Recommendations regarding authorization, personnel, infrastructure, and other requirements necessary for the expeditious transition of technologies developed under such program from prototype to production in the field.
- (c) CONSULTATION.—In developing the report required under subsection (a), the Comptroller General may consult with-
  - (1) the maritime and aviation industries:
  - (2) the Secretary of Defense:
  - (3) the intelligence community; and
- (4) any relevant-
- (A) federally funded research institutions;
- (B) nongovernmental organizations; and
- (C) institutions of higher education.

#### SEC. 5502. COMPTROLLER GENERAL STUDY ON VESSEL TRAFFIC SERVICE CENTER EMPLOYMENT, COMPENSATION, AND RETENTION.

- (a) DEFINITION OF VESSEL TRAFFIC SERVICE CENTER.—In this section, the term "vessel traffic service center" has the meaning given the term in section 70001(m) of title 46. United States Code.
- (b) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall commence a study on employment compensation, competitiveness, assignment, and retention of civilian and military personnel assigned to or otherwise employed at vessel traffic service centers in the United States
- (c) Elements.—The study required under subsection (b) shall include the following:
- (1) An assessment of the extent to which the classification, assignment, selection, and pay rates of personnel assigned to or otherwise employed at vessel traffic service centers are commensurate with the required experience, duties, safety functions, and responsibilities of such positions.
- (2) An assessment of the appropriate classification, assignment, selection, and pay rate, as well as nonmonetary employment incentives, that would foster a robust and competitive civilian candidate pool for employment opportunities in civilian positions at vessel traffic service centers.
- (3) An analysis of the average civilian employment retention rate and average term of employment of civilian personnel, by position, at vessel traffic service centers.
- (4) An analysis of existing special payments, as discussed in the report by the Government Accountability Office Federal Pay: Opportunities Exist to Enhance Strategic Use of Special Payments" (published December 7, 2017; GAO-18-91), that may be available to personnel assigned to or otherwise employed at vessel traffic service centers.
- (5) An evaluation of all assignment parameters and civilian hiring authority codes used by the Coast Guard in assigning and hiring personnel assigned to or otherwise employed at vessel traffic service centers.
- (6) An analysis of whether opportunities exist to refine, consolidate, or expand Coast Guard civilian hiring authorities for purposes of hiring personnel at the vessel traffic service centers.
- (7) An assessment of the ability of the composition, as in effect on the first day of the study, of military and civilian personnel assigned to or otherwise employed at vessel traffic service centers to ensure safety on the waterways and to manage increasing demand for vessel traffic services, taking into account the ranks and grades of such personnel, the respective experience levels and training of such personnel, and the respective duties, safety functions, and responsibilities of such personnel.

- (8) An assessment of, and recommendations to improve, the Coast Guard's efforts to support the career progression of and advancement opportunities for officers and enlisted members of the Coast Guard assigned to ves-
- sel traffic service centers.
  (d) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after commencing the study required under subsection (b), the Comptroller General shall submit to the Committee on Commerce. Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a report on the findings of the study.

#### SEC. 5503. COMPTROLLER GENERAL REVIEW OF QUALITY AND AVAILABILITY COAST GUARD BEHAVIO BEHAVIORAL HEALTH CARE AND RESOURCES FOR PERSONNEL WELLNESS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall commence a review of the quality and availability of behavioral health care and related resources for Coast Guard personnel at the locations described in subsection (b).
- (b) LOCATIONS TO BE REVIEWED.—In conducting the review under subsection (a), the Comptroller General shall-
- (1) first review the practices and policies relating to the availability of behavioral health care and related resources at Training Center Cape May; and
- (2) review such practices and policies at-
- (A) the Coast Guard Academy, including Officer Candidate School; and
- (B) other Coast Guard training locations, as applicable.
- ELEMENTS.—The review conducted under subsection (a) shall include, for each location described in subsection (b), an assessment, and a description of available trend information (as applicable) for the 10year period preceding the date of the review, with respect to each of the following:
- (1) The nature of Coast Guard resources directed toward behavioral health services at the location.
- (2) The manner in which the Coast Guard has managed treatment for recruits, cadets, officer candidates, or other personnel who may be experiencing a behavioral health crisis at the location (including individuals who have transferred to other buildings or facilities within the location).
- (3) The extent to which the Coast Guard has identified the resources, such as physical spaces and facilities, necessary to manage behavioral health challenges and crises that Coast Guard personnel may face at the location.
- (4) The behavioral health screenings required by the Coast Guard for recruits, cadets, officer candidates, or other personnel at the location, and the manner in which such screenings compare with screenings required by the Department of Defense for military recruits, service academy cadets, officer candidates, or other personnel at military service accession points.
- (5) Whether the Coast Guard has assessed the adequacy of behavioral health resources and services for recruits, cadets, officer candidates, and other personnel at the location, and if so, the additional services and resources (such as resilience and life skills coaching), if any, needed to address any potential gaps.
- (6) The manner in which the Coast Guard manages care transfers related to behavior health at the location, including command and other management input and privacy
- (7) The extent to which the Coast Guard has evaluated contributing factors or reasons for behavioral health crises experienced by newly enlisted personnel, cadets, officer candidates, or other personnel at the location.

- (8) The extent to which the Coast Guard has addressed, at the location, provider care staffing standards and credentialing deficiencies identified in the report of the Comptroller General titled "Coast Guard Health Care: Improvements Needed for Determining Staffing Needs and Monitoring Access to Care", issued on February 4, 2022.

  (d) REPORTS.—The Comptroller General
- (d) REPORTS.—The Comptroller General shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives—
- (1) as soon as practicable but not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, a report relating to the results of the review conducted under subsection (a) relating to Training Center Cape May, including any recommendations the Comptroller General considers appropriate; and
- (2) not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this  $\operatorname{Act}$ —
- (A) a report on the results of the review conducted under subsection (a) relating to— (i) the Coast Guard Academy, including Of-
- ficer Candidate School; and

  (ii) other Coast Guard training locations,
- as applicable; and
  (B) any recommendations the Comptroller
- General considers appropriate.
  SEC. 5504. COMPTROLLER GENERAL STUDY ON
  COAST GUARD EFFORTS TO REDUCE
  PREVALENCE OF MISSING OR INCOMPLETE MEDICAL RECORDS AND
  SHARING OF MEDICAL DATA WITH
  DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS AND OTHER ENTITIES.
- (a) STUDY.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall commence a study assessing the efforts of the Commandant—
- (1) to reduce the prevalence of missing or incomplete medical records;
- (2) to share medical data of members of the Coast Guard with the Department of Veterans Affairs; and
- (3) to ensure that electronic health records are provided in a format that is user friendly and easy to access.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—In conducting the study under subsection (a), the Comptroller General shall review the following:
- (1) The steps the Commandant has taken to reduce the prevalence of missing or incomplete medical records of members of the Coast Guard.
- (2) How implementation of an electronic health record system has affected the ability of the Commandant to manage health records of members of the Coast Guard, including—
- (A) how the Commandant adds records from private medical providers to the electronic health record system;
- (B) the progress of the Commandant toward implementing the electronic health record system in shipboard sick bays of the Coast Guard;
- (C) how the Coast Guard shares medical records with the Department of Veterans Affairs; and
- (D) any other matter the Comptroller General considers appropriate with respect to medical record storage, use, and sharing and the associated consequences for member health and well-being.
- (3) The ability of members of the Coast Guard, medical professionals of the Coast Guard and of the Department of Defense, personnel of the Department of Veterans Affairs, and other personnel to access and search, as appropriate, the electronic health records of individuals, including the ability to search or quickly find information within electronic health records.
- (c) REPORT.—Upon completion of the study under subsection (a), the Comptroller Gen-

eral shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a report containing the results of the study under subsection (a).

## SEC. 5505. COMPTROLLER GENERAL STUDY ON COAST GUARD TRAINING FACILITY INFRASTRUCTURE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall commence a study on Coast Guard training facility infrastructure, including the specific needs of the Coast Guard training facilities described in subsection (c).
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The study required under subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) With respect to each Coast Guard training facility described in subsection (c)—
- $(\boldsymbol{A})$  a summary of capital needs, including construction and repair;
- (B) a summary of equipment upgrade backlogs;
- (C) an assessment of necessary improvements, including improvements to essential training equipment (including swimming pools, operational simulators, and marksmanship training ranges) to enable the Coast Guard to achieve all operational training objectives;
- (D) a description of the resources necessary to fully address all training needs;
- (E) an assessment of any security deficiency, including with respect to base access, training facility access, and trainee berthing area access:
- (F) an identification of any exposed hazard that does not serve a training purpose;
- (G) an identification of the presence of hazardous or toxic materials, including—
- (i) lead-based paint;
- (ii) asbestos or products that contain asbestos;
- (iii) black mold;
- (iv) radon; and
- (v) contaminated drinking water; and
- (H) an assessment of the need for, and estimated cost of, remediation of such toxic materials.
- (2) An evaluation of the process used by the Coast Guard to identify, monitor, and construct Coast Guard training facilities.
- (c) COAST GUARD TRAINING FACILITIES DE-SCRIBED.—The Coast Guard training facilities described in this subsection are the following:
- (1) The Coast Guard Academy in New London, Connecticut.
- (2) The Leadership Development Center in New London, Connecticut.
- (3) Training Center Cape May, New Jersey.(4) Training Center Petaluma, California.
- (5) Training Center Yorktown, Virginia.
- (6) The Maritime Law Enforcement Academy in Charleston, South Carolina.
- (7) The Special Missions Training Center at Camp Lejeune in North Carolina.
- (8) The Gulf Regional Fisheries Training Center (GRFTC) in New Orleans, Louisiana.
- (9) The North Pacific Regional Fisheries Training Center (NPRFTC) in Kodiak, Alaska.
- (10) The Northeast Regional Fisheries Training Center (NRFTC) at Cape Cod, Massachusetts.
- (11) The Southeast Regional Fisheries Training Center (SRFTC) in Charleston, South Carolina.
- (12) The Pacific Regional Fisheries Training Center (PRFTC) in Alameda, California. (13) The National Motor Lifeboat School at Cape Disappointment, Washington.
- (14) The Aviation Technical Training Center in Elizabeth City, North Carolina.
- (15) The Aviation Training Center in Mobile, Alabama.

- (d) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after commencing the study required under subsection (a), the Comptroller General shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a report on the findings of the study.
- SEC. 5506. COMPTROLLER GENERAL STUDY ON FACILITY AND INFRASTRUCTURE NEEDS OF COAST GUARD STATIONS CONDUCTING BORDER SECURITY OPERATIONS.
  - (a) STUDY.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall commence a study on the facility and infrastructure needs of the Coast Guard stations and units described in paragraph (3).
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The study required under paragraph (1) shall include, with respect to each Coast Guard station and unit described in paragraph (3), the following:
- (A) An assessment of capital needs, including personnel capacity, construction, and repair.
- (B) An assessment of equipment upgrade backlogs.
- (C) An identification of any necessary improvement, including any improvement to operational and training equipment necessary to conduct safe and effective maritime border security operations.
- (D) An identification of any resource necessary to fully address all operational and training needs.
- (E) An identification of any physical security deficiency.
- (F) An identification of any exposed hazard.
- (G) An identification of the presence of any hazardous or toxic material, including—
  - (i) lead-based paint;
- (ii) asbestos or any product that contains asbestos:
  - (iii) black mold:
  - (iv) radon; and
  - (v) contaminated drinking water.
- (H) An assessment of the need for, and estimated cost of, remediation of any toxic material identified under subparagraph (G).
- (3) COAST GUARD STATIONS DESCRIBED.—The Coast Guard stations and units described in this paragraph are the following:
- (A) Coast Guard Station South Padre Island, Texas.
- (B) Coast Guard Station Port Aransas, Texas.
- (C) Coast Guard Station Port O"Connor, Texas.
- (D) Coast Guard Station Bellingham, Washington.
- (E) Coast Guard Station Neah Bay, Washington.
- (F) Coast Guard Station Port Angeles,Washington.(G) Coast Guard Station Ketchikan, Alas-
- ka.

  (H) Coast Guard Station San Diego, Cali-
- fornia.
  (I) Coast Guard Station Key West, Florida.
- (J) Coast Guard Station Marathon, Florida.
- $(\mathbf{K})$  Coast Guard Station Islamorada, Florida.
- (L) Coast Guard Station Jonesport, Maine. (M) Coast Guard Station Bayfield, Wisconsin.
- (N) Coast Guard Station Sturgeon Bay, Wisconsin.
- (O) Coast Guard Marine Safety Detachment Santa Barbara.
- (P) Any other Coast Guard station the Comptroller General considers appropriate.
- (b) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after commencing the study required under subsection (a), the Comptroller General shall

submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate, the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives, and the Commandant a report on the findings of the study, including any recommendation the Comptroller General considers appropriate.

(c) BRIEFINGS.—Not later than 180 days after the date on which the report required under subsection (b) is submitted to the Commandant, the Commandant shall provide a briefing to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives on—

(1) the actions the Commandant has taken, or has ceased to take, as a result of the findings, including any recommendation, set forth in the report; and

(2) a plan for addressing such findings and any such recommendation.

#### SEC. 5507. COMPTROLLER GENERAL STUDY ON COAST GUARD BASIC ALLOWANCE FOR HOUSING.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date on which the Department of Defense issues the report on the Fourteenth Quadrennial Review of Military Compensation, the Comptroller General of the United States shall commence a study of Coast Guard involvement in, and efforts to support, the determination of the cost of adequate housing and the calculation of the basic allowance for housing under section 403 of title 37, United States Code.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The study required under subsection (a) shall include, to the extent practicable, the following:
- (1) An identification of Coast Guard duty locations in which there is a misalignment between the basic allowance for housing rate and the prevailing housing cost for members of the Coast Guard such that the basic allowance for housing is less than 95 percent of the monthly cost of adequate housing for such members in the corresponding military housing area.
  - (2) An analysis of each of the following:
- (A) Anchor points, including—
- (i) the methodology for the establishment of anchor points; and
- (ii) with respect to housing provided as part of a public-private venture and Government-owned and Government-leased housing, the disparities between established anchor points and housing standards across the armed forces (as such term is defined in section 101 of title 10, United States Code).
- (B) Existing military housing boundary areas that affect the Coast Guard.
- (C) Actions taken by the Commandant to comprehensively monitor basic allowance for housing rates for Coast Guard duty locations.
- (D) The frequency of reviews conducted by the Commandant of the site visits used by the Department of Defense to inform military housing area boundaries.
- (c) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date on which the study required under subsection (a) commences, the Comptroller General shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate, the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives, and the Commandant a report on the findings of the study, including any recommendation the Comptroller General considers appropriate.
- (d) PLAN.—Not later than 1 year after the date on which the report required by subsection (c) is submitted to the Commandant, the Commandant shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives—

- (1) an implementation plan, including timeframes and milestones, addressing any recommendation made by the Comptroller General in such report, as the Commandant considers appropriate; and
- (2) with respect to any recommendation set forth in such report that the Commandant declines to implement, a written justification for the decision.
- (e) ANCHOR POINT DEFINED.—In this section, the term "anchor point"—
- (1) means the minimum housing standard reference benchmark used to establish the basic allowance for housing under section 403 of title 37. United States Code; and
- (2) includes housing type and size based on pay grade and dependent status.

## SEC. 5508. COMPTROLLER GENERAL REPORT ON SAFETY AND SECURITY INFRA-STRUCTURE AT COAST GUARD ACADEMY.

- (a) GAO REPORT.-
- (1) In GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a report on the safety and security infrastructure at the Coast Guard Academy.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The report required under paragraph (1) shall include an assessment of each of the following:
- (A) Existing security infrastructure for the grounds, buildings, athletic facilities, and any other facility of the Coast Guard Academy, including access points, locks, surveillance, and other security methods, as appropriate
- (B) Coast Guard policies with respect to the management, data storage and access, and operational capacity of the security infrastructure and methods evaluated under subparagraph (A).
- (C) Special security needs relating to events at the Coast Guard Academy, such as large athletic events and other widely attended events.
- (D) Coast Guard policies and procedures with respect to access to Coast Guard Academy grounds by—
- (i) current or former members of the Coast Guard:
- (ii) current or former civilian employees of the Coast Guard;
- (iii) Coast Guard personnel that reside at the Academy and families of cadets; and
  - (iv) members of the public.
- (E) Existing processes by which the Commandant, the Superintendent of the Coast Guard Academy, or a designated individual may prohibit or restrict access to Coast Guard Academy grounds by any current or former member or civilian employee of the Coast Guard who—
- (i) has been subject to court-martial under the Uniform Code of Military Justice for sexual misconduct; or
- (ii) has been administratively disciplined for sexual misconduct.
- (F) Enforcement processes regarding access to Coast Guard Academy grounds for individuals (including current and former cadets, members, and civilian employees of the Coast Guard) who are or have been subject to a no-contact order relating to—
- (i) a cadet or member of the faculty of the Academy; or
- (ii) any other individual with access to Academy grounds.
- $\hbox{(G) Recommendations to improve--}\\$
- (i) the security of the Coast Guard Academy; and
- (ii) the safety of-
- (I) cadets at the Coast Guard Academy; and

- (II) members of the Coast Guard stationed at, and civilian employees of, the Coast Guard Academy.
  - (b) ACTIONS BY COMMANDANT.-
- (1) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date on which the Comptroller General submits the report required under subsection (a), the Commandant shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a report that includes—
- (A) a detailed plan to improve the security of, and the safety of cadets at, the Coast Guard Academy; and
- (B) a detailed timeline for implementation of—
- (i) the recommendations made by the Comptroller General in such report; and
- (ii) any other safety improvement the Commandant considers appropriate.
- (2) POLICY.—Not later than 30 days after the date on which the Comptroller General submits the report required under subsection (a), the Commandant, in a manner that maintains good order and discipline, shall update Coast Guard policy relating to access to the Coast Guard Academy grounds to include procedures by which individuals may be prohibited from accessing the Coast Guard Academy—
- (A) as the Commandant considers appropriate; and
- (B) consistent with the recommendations made by the Comptroller General in such report.

### SEC. 5509. COMPTROLLER GENERAL STUDY ON ATHLETIC COACHING AT COAST GUARD ACADEMY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States, in consultation with the Superintendent of the Coast Guard Academy, shall commence a study on the number of administratively determined billets for teaching and coaching necessary to support Coast Guard Academy recruitment, intercollegiate athletics, health and physical education, and leadership development programs.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The study required under subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) An identification of the number of fulltime and part-time employees performing coaching functions at the Coast Guard Academy whose positions are funded by a nonappropriated fund instrumentality of the Coast Guard.
- (2) An identification of the number of fulltime and part-time employees whose positions are funded by a nonappropriated fund instrumentality performing coaching functions at the following:
  - (A) The United States Military Academy.
  - (B) The United States Naval Academy.
- (C) The United States Air Force Academy.
  (D) The United States Merchant Marine
- (D) The United States Merchant Marine Academy.
- (3) An analysis of the roles performed by athletic coaches with respect to officer development at the Coast Guard Academy, including the specific functions of athletic coaches within the health and physical education and leadership development program curriculums.
- (4) An identification of any adverse impacts on or deficiencies in cadet training and officer development resulting from an inadequate number of administratively determined billets for teaching and coaching at the Coast Guard Academy.
- (c) CONSULTATION.—In conducting the study under subsection (a), the Comptroller General may consult a federally funded research and development center
- search and development center.
  (d) REPORT.—The Comptroller General shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the

Senate and the Committee of Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a report on the results of the study conducted under this section.

#### SEC. 5510. COMPTROLLER GENERAL STUDY AND REPORT ON PERMANENT CHANGE OF STATION PROCESS.

- (a) STUDY.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall commence a study to evaluate the effectiveness of the permanent change of station process of the Coast Guard.
- (b) Report.-
- (1) In GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after commencing the study required by subsection (a), the Comptroller General shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure of the House of Representatives a report on the findings of the study.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The report required by paragraph (1) shall include the following:
- (A) A description of the permanent change of station policies of the Coast Guard.
- (B) A description of Coast Guard spending on permanent change of station moves and associated support costs.
- (C) An evaluation of the effectiveness of using contracted movers for permanent change of station moves, including the estimated costs associated with—
- (i) lost or damaged personal property of members of the Coast Guard:
- (ii) delays in scheduling such a move through a contracted mover;
- (iii) delayed delivery of household goods; and
- (iv) other related challenges.
- (D) A review of changes to permanent change of station policies implemented during the 10-year period ending on the date of enactment of this Act, and the costs or savings to the Coast Guard directly associated with such changes.
- (E) Recommendations to improve the permanent change of station process of the Coast Guard.
- (F) Any additional information or related matter arising from the study, as the Comptroller General considers appropriate.

### TITLE LVI—AMENDMENTS

### SEC. 5601. AMENDMENTS.

- (a) Prohibition on Entry and Operation.—Section 70022(b)(1) of title 46, United States Code, is amended by striking "Federal Register" and inserting "the Federal Register".
- (b) PORT, HARBOR, AND COASTAL FACILITY SECURITY.—Section 70116(b) of title 46, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in paragraph (1) by striking "terrorism cyber" and inserting "terrorism, cyber"; and
- (2) in paragraph (2) by inserting a comma after "acts of terrorism".
- (c) ENFORCEMENT BY STATE AND LOCAL OF-FICERS.—Section 70118(a) of title 46, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) by striking "section 1 of title II of the Act of June 15, 1917 (chapter 30; 50 U.S.C. 191)" and inserting "section 70051"; and
- (2) by striking "section 7(b) of the Ports and Waterways Safety Act (33 U.S.C. 1226(b))" and inserting "section 70116(b)".
- (d) CHAPTER 701 DEFINITIONS.—Section 70131(2) of title 46, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) by striking "section 1 of title II of the Act of June 15, 1917 (50 U.S.C. 191)" and inserting "section 70051"; and
- (2) by striking "section 7(b) of the Ports and Waterways Safety Act (33 U.S.C. 1226(b))" and inserting "section 70116(b)".
- (e) NOTICE OF ARRIVAL REQUIREMENTS FOR VESSELS ON THE OUTER CONTINENTAL SHELF.—

- (1) PREPARATORY CONFORMING AMEND-MENT.—Section 70001 of title 46, United States Code, is amended by redesignating subsections (1) and (m) as subsections (m) and (n), respectively.
- (2) Transfer of Provision.—Section 704 of the Coast Guard and Maritime Transportation Act 2012 (Public Law 112–213; 46 U.S.C. 70001 note) is—
- (A) amended by striking "of title 46, United States Code,";
- (B) amended by striking "(33 U.S.C. 1223 note)" and inserting "(46 U.S.C. 70001 note)";
- (C) transferred to appear after 70001(k) of title 46, United States Code; and
- (D) redesignated as subsection (1).
- (f) TITLE 46.—Title 46, United States Code, is amended as follows:
- (1) Section 2101(2) is amended by striking "section 1" and inserting "section 101".
- (2) Section 2116(b)(1)(D) is amended by striking "section 93(c)" and inserting "section 504(c)".
- (3) In the analysis for subtitle VII by striking the period after "70001" in the item relating to chapter 700.
- (4) In the analysis for chapter 700 by striking the item relating to section 70006 and inserting the following:
- "70006. Establishment by Secretary of the department in which the Coast Guard is operating of anchorage grounds and regulations gen-
- (5) In the heading for subchapter IV in the analysis for chapter 700 by inserting a comma after "DEFINITIONS".
- (6) In the heading for subchapter VI in the analysis for chapter 700 by striking "OF THE UNITED" and inserting "OF UNITED".
- (7) Section 70052(e)(1) is amended by striking "section 4197 of the Revised Statutes of the United States (46 U.S.C. App. 91)" and inserting "section 60105".
- (g) OIL POLLUTION ACT OF 1990.—The Oil Pollution Act of 1990 (33 U.S.C. 2701 et seq.) is amended as follows:
- (1) Section 1001 (33 U.S.C. 2701) is amended—
- (A) in paragraph (32)(G) by striking "pipeline" and all that follows through "offshore facility" and inserting "pipeline, offshore facility":
- (B) in paragraph (39) by striking 'section 101(20)(G)(i)'' and inserting "section 101(20)(H)(i)";
- (C) in paragraph (40) by striking "section 101(20)(G)(ii)" and inserting "section 101(20)(H)(ii)";
- (D) ) in paragraph (41) by striking "section 101(20)(G)(iii)" and inserting "section 101(20)(H)(iii)";
- (E) in paragraph (42) by striking "section 101(20)(G)(iv)" and inserting "section 101(20)(H)(iv)";
- (F) in paragraph (43) by striking "section 101(20)(G)(v)" and inserting "section 101(20)(H)(v)"; and
- (G) in paragraph (44) by striking "section 101(20)(G)(vi)" and inserting "section 101(20)(H)(vi)".
- (2) Section 1003(d)(6) (33 U.S.C. 2703(d)(6)) is amended by striking "this paragraph" and inserting "this subsection".
- (3) Section 1016 (33 U.S.C. 2716) is amended—  $\,$
- (A) by redesignating subsections (e) through (i) as subsections (d) through (h), respectively; and
- (B) in subsection (e)(1)(B), as redesignated by subparagraph (A), by striking "subsection (e)" and inserting "subsection (d)".
- (4) Section 1012(b)(2) (33 U.S.C. 2712(b)(2)) is amended by striking "section 1016(f)(1)" and inserting "section 1016(e)(1)".
- (5) Section 1005(b)(5)(B) (33 U.S.C. 2716(b)(5)(B)) is amended by striking "section 1016(g)" and inserting "section 2716(f)".

- (6) Section 1018(c) (33 U.S.C. 2718(c)) is amended by striking "the Act of March 3, 1851 (46 U.S.C. 183 et seq.)" and inserting "chapter 305 of title 46, United States Code".
- (7) Section 7001(h)(1) (33 U.S.C. 2761(h)(1)) is amended by striking "subsection (c)(4)" and inserting "subsection (e)(4)".

### TITLE LVII—NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION

Subtitle A—National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Commissioned Officer Corps

- SEC. 5701. TITLE AND QUALIFICATIONS OF HEAD
  OF NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION COMMISSIONED OFFICER CORPS AND OFFICE OF MARINE AND AVIATION OPERATIONS; PROMOTIONS OF FLAG
  OFFICERS.
  - (a) TITLE AND QUALIFICATIONS OF HEAD.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 228(c) of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Commissioned Officer Corps Act of 2002 (33 U.S.C. 3028(c)) is amended—
- (A) in the subsection heading, by striking "CORPS AND OFFICE OF" and inserting "COMMISSIONED OFFICER CORPS AND ASSISTANT ADMINISTRATOR FOR";
- (B) in the second sentence, by striking "serving in" and all that follows through "half)" and inserting "who has served, on the date of such appointment, in the grade of captain or above for not less than one year";
- (C) in the fourth sentence, by striking "Director of the Office of" and inserting "Assistant Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration for".
- (2) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 4(a) of the Commercial Engagement Through Ocean Technology Act of 2018 (33 U.S.C. 4103(a)) is amended by striking "Director of the Office of" and inserting "Assistant Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration for".
- (b) PROMOTIONS OF FLAG OFFICERS.—Section 226 of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Commissioned Officer Corps Act of 2002 (33 U.S.C. 3026) is amended—
- (1) by striking "Appointments" and inserting the following:
  - "(a) IN GENERAL.—Appointments";
- (2) by inserting after "all permanent grades" the following: ", other than a grade described in subsection (b),"; and
  - (3) by adding at the end the following:
- "(b) FLAG OFFICERS.—Appointments in and promotions to the grade of rear admiral (upper half) or above shall be made by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.".

## SEC. 5702. NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION VESSEL FLEET.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The NOAA Fleet Modernization Act (33 U.S.C. 891 et seq.) is amended—
- (1) in section 603 (33 U.S.C. 891a)—
- (A) in the section heading, by striking "FLEET" and all that follows through "PROGRAM" and inserting "OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE OF NOAA FLEET"; and
- (B) by striking "is authorized" and all that follows and inserting the following: ", acting through the Assistant Administrator of NOAA for Marine and Aviation Operations, shall operate and maintain a fleet of vessels to meet the requirements of NOAA in carrying out the mission and functions of NOAA, subject to the requirements of this title"."
  - (2) in section 604 (33 U.S.C. 891b)—
- (A) in subsection (a), by striking "Secretary" and all that follows and inserting "Secretary, acting through the Assistant Administrator of NOAA for Marine and Aviation Operations, shall develop and submit to

the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Natural Resources and the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives a replacement and modernization plan for the NOAA fleet not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of the Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2025, and every 2 years thereafter.";

- (B) by striking subsections (b) and (d); (C) by redesignating subsection (c) as sub-
- section (b);
  (D) in subsection (b), as so redesignated—
- (i) in paragraph (1), by striking "proposed" and all that follows and inserting the following: "in operation in the NOAA fleet as of the date of submission of the Plan, a description of the status of those vessels, and a statement of the planned and anticipated service life of those vessels:"
  - (ii) by striking paragraph (6);
- (iii) by redesignating paragraphs (2), (3), (4), and (5) as paragraphs (4), (5), (6), and (7), respectively:
- (iv) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following:
- "(2) a plan with respect to operation, maintenance, and replacement of vessels described in paragraph (1), including the schedule for maintenance or replacement and anticipated funding requirements;
- "(3) the number of vessels proposed to be constructed by NOAA;";
- (v) in paragraph (4), as so redesignated, by striking "constructed, leased, or chartered" and inserting "acquired, leased, or chartered by NOAA":
- (vi) in paragraph (6), as so redesignated-
- (I) by striking "or any other federal official" and inserting "the Director of the National Science Foundation, or any other Federal official"; and
- (II) by striking "their availability" and inserting "the availability of those vessels";
- (vii) in paragraph (7), as so redesignated, by striking "; and" and inserting a semi-colon; and
- (viii) by adding at the end the following:
- "(8) a plan for using small vessels, uncrewed systems, and partnerships to augment the requirements of NOAA for days at sea:
- "(9) the number of officers of the NOAA commissioned officer corps and professional wage mariners needed to operate and maintain the NOAA fleet, including the vessels identified under paragraph (3); and
- "(10) current and potential challenges with meeting the requirements under paragraph (9) and proposed solutions to those challenges.": and
  - (E) by adding at the end the following:
- "(c) VESSEL PROCUREMENT APPROVAL.—The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration may not procure vessels that are more than 65 feet in length without the approval of the Assistant Administrator of NOAA for Marine and Aviation Operations.";
- (3) in section 605 (33 U.S.C. 891c)—
- (A) in subsection (a), in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking "working through the Office of the NOAA Corps Operations and the Systems Procurement Office" and inserting "acting through the Assistant Administrator of NOAA for Marine and Aviation Operations"; and
  - (B) in subsection (b)-
- (i) by striking "shall" and all that follows through "submit to Congress" and inserting ", acting through the Assistant Administrator of NOAA for Marine and Aviation Operations, shall submit to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Natural Resources and the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives,"; and
- (ii) by striking "subsequent";

- (4) in section 608 (33 U.S.C. 891f)—
- (A) by striking subsection (b);
- (B) by striking "(A) VESSEL AGREEMENTS.—
- (C) by inserting after "Secretary" the following: ", acting through the Assistant Administrator of NOAA for Marine and Aviation Operations,"; and
  - (5) in section 610 (33 U.S.C. 891h)-
- (A) in subsection (a), by striking "for carrying" and all that follows and inserting the following: "\$93,000,000 for the period of fiscal years 2025 through 2026 to carry out this title and section 302 of the Fisheries Survey Vessel Authorization Act of 2000 (title III of Public Law 106-450; 114 Stat. 1945; 33 U.S.C. 891b note)."; and
- (B) in subsection (b), by striking "National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration fleet modernization" and inserting "NOAA fleet modernization,".
- (b) FISHERY SURVEY VESSELS.—Section 302(a) of the Fisheries Survey Vessel Authorization Act of 2000 (title III of Public Law 106-450; 114 Stat. 1945; 33 U.S.C. 891b note) is amended—
- (1) by striking "may in accordance with this section" and inserting "may";
- (2) by striking "up to six"; and
- (3) by inserting after "this section" the following: "and the NOAA Fleet Modernization Act (33 U.S.C. 891 et seq.)".
  (c) NOTIFICATIONS OF PROPOSED DEACTIVA-
- (c) NOTIFICATIONS OF PROPOSED DEACTIVATION OF VESSELS.—Section 401(b)(4) of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Authorization Act of 1992 (Public Law 102–567; 106 Stat. 4291; 33 U.S.C. 891b note) is amended—
- (1) by striking "(A)" and all that follows through "The Secretary" and inserting "The Secretary";
- (2) by striking "the Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries" and inserting "the Committee on Natural Resources and the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology"; and
- (3) by striking ", if an equivalent" and all that follows through "deactivation".

### SEC. 5703. COOPERATIVE AVIATION CENTERS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 218 of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Commissioned Officer Corps Act of 2002 (33 U.S.C. 3008) is amended—
- (1) in the section heading, by striking "AVIATION ACCESSION TRAINING PROGRAMS" and inserting "COOPERATIVE AVIATION CENTERS";
- (2) in subsection (a), by striking paragraphs (2) and (3) and inserting the following:
- "(2) COOPERATIVE AVIATION CENTER.—The term 'Cooperative Aviation Center' means a Cooperative Aviation Center designated under subsection (b)(1).";
- (3) in subsection (b)-
- (A) in the subsection heading, by striking "AVIATION ACCESSION TRAINING PROGRAMS" and inserting "COOPERATIVE AVIATION CENTERS":
  - (B) by striking paragraphs (3) and (4);
- (C) by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3);
- $\left(D\right)$  by striking paragraph  $\left(1\right)$  and inserting the following:
- "(1) DESIGNATION REQUIRED.—The Administrator shall designate one or more Cooperative Aviation Centers for the commissioned officer corps of the Administration at institutions described in paragraph (3).
- "(2) PURPOSE.—The purpose of Cooperative Aviation Centers is to facilitate the development and recruitment of aviators for the commissioned officer corps of the Administration."; and
- (E) in paragraph (3), as so redesignated—
- (i) in the matter preceding subparagraph(A), inserting "that" after "educational institution";
- (ii) in subparagraph (A), by striking "that requests" and inserting "applies";

- (iii) in subparagraph (B)—
- (I) by striking "that has" and inserting "has"; and
- (II) by striking the semicolon and inserting "; and";
  - (iv) in subparagraph (C)—
- (I) by striking "that is located" and inserting "is located":
  - (II) by striking clause (ii);
- (III) by striking "that—" and all that follows through "experiences" and inserting "that experiences"; and
- (IV) by striking "; and" and inserting a period; and
  - (v) by striking subparagraph (D); and
- (4) by striking subsections (c), (d), and (e) and inserting the following:
- "(c) Cooperative Aviation Centers Advisor.—
- "(1) ASSIGNMENT.—The Administrator shall assign an officer or employee of the commissioned officer corps of the Administration to serve as the Cooperative Aviation Centers Advisor.
- "(2) DUTIES.—The Cooperative Aviation Centers Advisor shall—
- "(A) coordinate all engagement of the Administration with Cooperative Aviation Centers, including assistance with curriculum development; and
- "(B) serve as the chief aviation recruiting officer for the commissioned officer corps of the Administration."
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents in section 1 of the Act entitled "An Act to reauthorize the Hydrographic Services Improvement Act of 1998, and for other purposes" (Public Law 107–372) is amended by striking the item relating to section 218 and inserting the following:
- "Sec. 218. Cooperative Aviation Centers."

### SEC. 5704. ELIGIBILITY OF FORMER OFFICERS TO COMPETE FOR CERTAIN POSITIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Commissioned Officer Corps Act of 2002 (33 U.S.C. 3001 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 269B the following new section:

#### "SEC. 269C. ELIGIBILITY OF FORMER OFFICERS TO COMPETE FOR CERTAIN POSI-TIONS.

- "(a) In General.—An individual who was separated from the commissioned officer corps of the Administration under honorable conditions after not fewer than 3 years of active service may not be denied the opportunity to compete for a vacant position with respect to which the agency in which the position is located will accept applications from individuals outside the workforce of that agency under merit promotion procedures.
- "(b) TYPE OF APPOINTMENT.—If selected for a position pursuant to subsection (a), an individual described in that subsection shall receive a career or career-conditional appointment, as appropriate.
  "(c) ANNOUNCEMENTS.—The area of consid-
- eration for a merit promotion announcement with respect to a position that includes consideration of individuals within the Federal service for that position shall—
- "(1) indicate that individuals described in subsection (a) are eligible to apply for the position; and
- "(2) be publicized in accordance with section 3327 of title 5, United States Code.
- "(d) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section may be construed to confer an entitlement to veterans' preference that is not otherwise required by any statute or regulation relating to veterans' preference.
- "(e) REGULATIONS.—The Director of the Office of Personnel Management shall prescribe regulations necessary for the administration of this section.
- "(f) REPORTING REQUIREMENT.—Not later than 3 years after the date of enactment of

the Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2025, the Administrator shall submit to the Committees on Commerce, Science, and Transportation and Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committees on Natural Resources and Science, Space, and Technology of the House of Representatives a report which includes the following:

"(1) A description of how the Administrator has utilized the authority granted under this section, including the number and locations of individuals hired utilizing the authority granted under this section.

'(2) An overview of the impact to Federal employment for former members of the commissioned officer corps of the Administration as a result of the authority granted under this section.

"(g) SUNSET.—This section shall be repealed on the date that is 5 years after the date of enactment of the Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2025."

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents in section 1 of such Act is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 269B the following new item:

"Sec. 269C. Eligibility of former officers to compete for certain positions.

### SEC. 5705. ALIGNMENT OF PHYSICAL DISQUALI-FICATION STANDARD FOR OBLIGATED SERVICE AGREEMENTS WITH STANDARD FOR VETERANS' BENE-FITS.

Section 216(c)(2)(B) of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Commissioned Officer Corps Act of 2002 (33 U.S.C. 3006(c)(2)(B)) is amended by striking "misconduct or grossly negligent conduct" and inserting "willful misconduct".

#### SEC. 5706. STREAMLINING SEPARATION AND RE-TIREMENT PROCESS.

Section 241(c) of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Commissioned Officer Corps Act of 2002 (33 U.S.C. 3041(c)) is amended to read as follows:

(c) Effective Date of Retirements and SEPARATIONS.

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2). a retirement or separation under subsection (a) shall take effect on such date as is determined by the Secretary.

(2) Determination of date.—The effective date determined under paragraph (1) for a retirement or separation under subsection (a) shall be-

"(A) except as provided by subparagraph (B), not earlier than 60 days after the date on which the Secretary approves the retirement or separation; or

"(B) if the officer concerned requests an earlier effective date, such earlier date as is determined by the Secretary.".

### SEC. 5707. SEPARATION OF ENSIGNS FOUND NOT FULLY QUALIFIED.

Section 223(b) of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Commissioned Officer Corps Act of 2002 (30 U.S.C. 3023(b)) is amended-

(1) by striking "permanent"; and

(2) by striking "the officer's commission shall be revoked and".

### SEC. 5708. REPEAL OF LIMITATION ON EDU-CATIONAL ASSISTANCE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 204 of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Commissioned Officer Corps Amendments Act of 2020 (33 U.S.C. 3079-1) is repealed.
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents in section 1(b) of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Commissioned Officer Corps Amendments Act of 2020 (Public Law 116-259; 134 Stat. 1153) is amended by striking the item relating to section 204.

#### SEC. 5709. DISPOSAL OF SURVEY AND RESEARCH VESSELS AND EQUIPMENT OF THE NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOS-PHERIC ADMINISTRATION.

Section 548 of title 40. United States Code. is amended-

(1) by striking "The Maritime" and inserting "(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection (b), the Maritime"; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

"(b) NATIONAL OCEANIC AND ATMOSPHERIC ADMINISTRATION VESSELS AND EQUIPMENT.

"(1) AUTHORITY.—The Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration may dispose of covered vessels and equipment, which would otherwise be disposed of under subsection (a), through sales or transfers under this title.

(2) USE OF PROCEEDS.—During the 2-year period beginning of the date of enactment of the Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2025, notwithstanding section 571 of this title or section 3302 of title 31, the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration may—

'(A) retain the proceeds from the sale or transfer of a covered vessel or equipment under paragraph (1) until expended under subparagraph (B); and

'(B) use such proceeds, without fiscal year limitation, for the acquisition of new covered vessels and equipment or the repair and maintenance of existing covered vessels and equipment.

"(3) COVERED VESSELS AND EQUIPMENT DE-FINED.—In this subsection, the term 'covered vessels and equipment' means survey and research vessels and related equipment owned by the Federal Government and under the control of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration.".

### Subtitle B—South Pacific Tuna Treaty Matters

### SEC. 5721. REFERENCES TO SOUTH PACIFIC TUNA ACT OF 1988.

Except as otherwise expressly provided, wherever in this subtitle an amendment or repeal is expressed in terms of an amendment to, or repeal of, a section or other provision, the reference shall be considered to be made to a section or other provision of the South Pacific Tuna Act of 1988 (16 U.S.C. 973 et seq.).

### SEC. 5722. DEFINITIONS.

- (a) APPLICABLE NATIONAL LAW.—Section 2(4) (16 U.S.C. 973(4)) is amended by striking 'described in paragraph 1(a) of Annex I of' and inserting "noticed and in effect in accordance with"
- (b) CLOSED AREA —Section 2(5) (16 U.S.C. 973(5)) is amended by striking "of the closed areas identified in Schedule 2 of Annex I of and inserting "area within the jurisdiction of a Pacific Island Party that is closed to vessels pursuant to a national law of that Pacific Island Party and is noticed and in effect in accordance with'
- (c) Fishing.—Section 2(6) (16 U.S.C. 973(6)) is amended-
- (1) in subparagraph (C), by inserting "for any purpose" after "harvesting of fish"; and
- (2) by amending subparagraph (F) to read as follows:
- "(F) use of any other vessel, vehicle, aircraft, or hovercraft for any activity described in this paragraph except for emergencies involving the health or safety of the crew or the safety of a vessel.".
- (d) FISHING VESSEL; VESSEL.-Section 2(7) (16 U.S.C. 973(7)) is amended by striking "commercial fishing" and inserting "commercial purse seine fishing for tuna"
- (e) LICENSING AREA.—Section 2(8) (16 U.S.C. 973(8)) is amended by striking "in the Treaty Area" and all that follows and inserting under the jurisdiction of a Pacific Island Party, except for internal waters, territorial

seas, archipelagic waters, and any Closed

- (f) LIMITED AREA; PARTY; TREATY AREA.— Section 2 (16 U.S.C. 973) is amended-
- (1) by striking paragraphs (10), (13), and (18):
- (2) by redesignating paragraphs (11) and (12) as paragraphs (10) and (11), respectively;

(3) by redesignating paragraph (14) as paragraph (12); and redesignating paragraphs (15) through (17) as paragraphs (14) through (16),

respectively.

(4) by

(g) REGIONAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—Section 2 (16 U.S.C. 973) is amended by inserting after paragraph (12), as redesignated by subsection (f)(3), the following:

"(13) The term 'regional terms and conditions' means any of the terms or conditions attached by the Administrator to a license issued by the Administrator, as notified by the Secretary.'

#### SEC. 5723. PROHIBITED ACTS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 5(a) (16 U.S.C. 973c(a)) is amended-
- (1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking "Except as provided in section 6 of this Act. it" and inserting "It"
  - (2) by striking paragraphs (3) and (4);
- (3) by redesignating paragraphs (5) through (13) as paragraphs (3) through (11), respectively:
- (4) in paragraph (3), as so redesignated, by inserting ", except in accordance with an agreement pursuant to the Treaty" after "Closed Area";
- (5) in paragraph (10), as so redesignated, by striking "or" at the end;
- (6) in paragraph (11), as so redesignated, by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon; and
  - (7) by adding at the end the following:
- "(12) to violate any of the regional terms and conditions: or
- "(13) to violate any limit on an authorized fishing effort or catch."
- (b) IN THE LICENSING AREA.—Section 5(b) (16 U.S.C. 973c(b)) is amended-
- (1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking "Except as provided in section 6 of this Act, it" and inserting "It";
- (2) by striking paragraph (5); and
- (3) by redesignating paragraphs (6) and (7) as paragraphs (5) and (6), respectively.

### SEC. 5724. EXCEPTIONS.

Section 6 (16 U.S.C. 973d) is repealed.

### SEC. 5725. CRIMINAL OFFENSES.

Section 7(a) (16 U.S.C. 973e(a)) is amended by striking "section 5(a) (8), (10), (11), or (12)" and inserting "paragraph (6), (8), (9), or (10) of section 5(a)'

### SEC. 5726. CIVIL PENALTIES.

- (a) AMOUNT.—Section 8(a) (16 U.S.C. 973f(a)) is amended—
- (1) in the first sentence, by striking "Code" after "liable to the United States"; and
- (2) in the fourth sentence, by striking "Except for those acts prohibited by section 5(a) (4). (5). (7). (8), (10), (11), and (12), and section 5(b) (1), (2), (3), and (7) of this Act, the" and inserting "The".
- (b) Waiver of Referral to Attorney General.—Section 8(g) (16 U.S.C. 973f(g)) is amended-
- (1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking "section 5(a)(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), or (13)" and inserting "paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (11), (12), or (13) of section 5(a)": and
- (2) in paragraph (2), by striking ", all Limited Areas closed to fishing," after "outside of the Licensing Area".

### SEC. 5727. LICENSES.

(a) FORWARDING OF VESSEL LICENSE APPLI-CATION.—Section 9(b) (16 U.S.C. 973g(b)) is amended to read as follows:

- "(b) In accordance with subsection (e), and except as provided in subsection (f), the Secretary shall forward a vessel license application to the Administrator whenever such application is in accordance with application procedures established by the Secretary.".
- (b) Fees and Schedules.—Section 9(c) (16 U.S.C. 973g(c)) is amended to read as follows:
- "(c) Fees required under the Treaty shall be paid in accordance with the Treaty and any procedures established by the Secretary.".
- (c) MINIMUM FEES REQUIRED TO BE RECEIVED IN INITIAL YEAR; GROUNDS FOR DENIAL OF FORWARDING OF LICENSE APPLICATION; GRANDFATHERING OF CERTAIN VESSELS.—Section 9 (16 U.S.C. 973g) is amended—
  - (1) by striking subsection (f):
- (2) by redesignating subsections (g) and (h) as subsections (f) and (g), respectively;
- (3) by amending subsection (f), as so redesignated, to read as follows:
- "(f) The Secretary, in consultation with the Secretary of State, may determine that a license application should not be forwarded to the Administrator if—
- "(1) the application is not in accordance with the Treaty or the procedures established by the Secretary; or
  - "(2) the owner or charterer—
- "(A) is the subject of proceedings under the bankruptcy laws of the United States, unless reasonable financial assurances have been provided to the Secretary;
- "(B) has not established to the satisfaction of the Secretary that the fishing vessel is fully insured against all risks and liabilities normally provided in maritime liability insurance; or
- "(C) has not paid any penalty which has become final, assessed by the Secretary in accordance with this Act."; and
- (4) in subsection (g), as redesignated by paragraph (2)—
- (A) by amending paragraph (1) to read as follows:
- "(1) section 12113 of title 46, United States Code;";
- (B) in paragraph (2), by inserting "of 1972" after "Marine Mammal Protection Act";
- (C) in paragraph (3), by inserting "of 1972" after "Marine Mammal Protection Act"; and
- (D) in the matter following paragraph (3), by striking "any vessel documented" and all that follows and inserting the following:
- "any vessel documented under the laws of the United States as of the date of enactment of the Fisheries Act of 1995 (Public Law 104-43) for which a license has been issued under subsection (a) may fish for tuna in the Licensing Area, and on the high seas and in waters subject to the jurisdiction of the United States west of 146 west longitude and east of 129.5 east longitude in accordance with international law, subject to the provisions of the Treaty, this Act, and other applicable law, provided that no such vessel intentionally deploys a purse seine net to encircle any dolphin or other marine mammal in the course of fishing.".

### SEC. 5728. ENFORCEMENT.

- (a) Notice Requirements to Pacific Island Party Concerning Institution of Legal Proceedings.—Section 10(c)(1) (16 U.S.C. 973h(c)(1)) is amended—
- (1) in the first sentence, by striking "paragraph 8 of Article 4 of"; and
- (2) in the third sentence, by striking "Article 10 of".
- (b) Searches and Seizures by Authorized Officers.—Section 10(d)(1)(A) (16 U.S.C. 973h(d)(1)(A)) is amended—
- (1) in clause (ii), by striking "or" at the end; and
- (2) in clause (iii), by adding "or" at the end.

### SEC. 5729. FINDINGS BY SECRETARY OF COMMERCE.

- (a) ORDER OF VESSEL TO LEAVE WATERS UPON FAILURE TO SUBMIT TO JURISDICTION OF PACIFIC ISLAND PARTY; PROCEDURE APPLICABLE.—Section 11(a) (16 U.S.C. 973i(a)) is amended—
- (1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking ", all Limited Areas,";
- (2) in paragraph (1)-
- (A) in subparagraph (A), by striking "paragraph 2 of Article 3 of"; and
- (B) in subparagraph (C), by striking "within the Treaty Area" and inserting "under the jurisdiction"; and
  - (3) in paragraph (2)-
- (A) in subparagraph (A), by striking "section 5 (a)(4), (a)(5), (b)(2), or (b)(3)" and inserting "paragraph (3) of section 5(a) or paragraph (2) or (3) of section 5(b)";
- (B) in subparagraph (B), by striking "section 5(b)(7)" and inserting "section 5(b)(6)"; and
- (C) in subparagraph (C), by striking "section 5(a)(7)" and inserting "section 5(a)(5)".
- (b) ORDER OF VESSEL TO LEAVE WATERS WHERE PACIFIC ISLAND PARTY INVESTIGATING ALLEGED TREATY INFRINGEMENT.—Section 11(b) (16 U.S.C. 973i(b)) is amended by striking "paragraph 7 of Article 5 of".

### SEC. 5730. DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION.

Section 12 (16 U.S.C. 973j) is amended to read as follows:

#### "SEC. 12. DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION.

- "(a) Prohibited Disclosure of Certain Information.—Pursuant to section 552(b)(3) of title 5, United States Code, except as provided in subsection (b), the Secretary shall keep confidential and may not disclose the following information:
- "(1) Information provided to the Secretary by the Administrator that the Administrator has designated confidential.
- "(2) Information collected by observers.
- "(3) Information submitted to the Secretary by any person in compliance with the requirements of this Act.
- "(b) AUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF CERTAIN INFORMATION.—The Secretary may disclose information described in subsection (a)—
- "(1) if disclosure is ordered by a court;
- "(2) if the information is used by a Federal employee—
- "(A) for enforcement; or
- "(B) in support of the homeland security missions and non-homeland security missions of the Coast Guard as defined in section 888 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 468);
- "(3) if the information is used by a Federal employee or an employee of a Fishery Management Council for the administration of the Treaty or fishery management and monitoring;
- "(4) to the Administrator, in accordance with the requirements of the Treaty and this Act;
- "(5) to the secretariat or equivalent of an international fisheries management organization of which the United States is a member, in accordance with the requirements or decisions of such organization, and insofar as possible, in accordance with an agreement that prevents public disclosure of the identity of any person that submits such information;
- "(6) if the Secretary has obtained written authorization from the person providing such information, and disclosure does not violate other requirements of this Act; or
- "(7) in an aggregate or summary form that does not directly or indirectly disclose the identity of any person that submits such information.
  - "(c) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—
- "(1) Nothing in this section shall be construed to adversely affect the authority of

Congress, including a Committee or Member thereof, to obtain any record or information.

"(2) The absence of a provision similar to paragraph (1) in any other provision of law shall not be construed to limit the ability of the Senate or the House of Representatives, including a Committee or Member thereof, to obtain any record or information.".

### SEC. 5731. CLOSED AREA STOWAGE REQUIREMENTS.

Section 13 (16 U.S.C. 973k) is amended by striking "In particular, the boom shall be lowered" and all that follows and inserting "and in accordance with any requirements established by the Secretary."

#### SEC. 5732. OBSERVERS.

Section 14 (16 U.S.C. 9731) is repealed.

### SEC. 5733. FISHERIES-RELATED ASSISTANCE.

Section 15 (16 U.S.C. 973m) is amended to read as follows:

#### "SEC. 15. FISHERIES-RELATED ASSISTANCE.

"The Secretary and the Secretary of State may provide assistance to a Pacific Island Party to benefit such Pacific Island Party from the development of fisheries resources and the operation of fishing vessels that are licensed pursuant to the Treaty, including—

- "(1) technical assistance;
- "(2) training and capacity building opportunities;
- "(3) facilitation of the implementation of private sector activities or partnerships; and "(4) other activities as determined appro-
- "(4) other activities as determined appropriate by the Secretary and the Secretary of State."

### SEC. 5734. ARBITRATION.

Section 16 (16 U.S.C. 973n) is amended—

- (1) by striking "Article 6 of" after "arbitral tribunal under"; and
- (2) by striking "paragraph 3 of that Article" and all that follows through "under such paragraph" and inserting "the Treaty, shall determine the location of the arbitration, and shall represent the United States in reaching agreement under the Treaty".

### SEC. 5735. DISPOSITION OF FEES, PENALTIES, FORFEITURES, AND OTHER MONEYS.

Section 17 (16 U.S.C. 9730) is amended by striking "Article 4 of".

### SEC. 5736. ADDITIONAL AGREEMENTS.

Section 18 (16 U.S.C. 973p) is amended by striking "Within 30 days after" and all that follows and inserting "The Secretary may establish procedures for review of any agreements for additional fishing access entered into pursuant to the Treaty."

### Subtitle C-Other Matters

### SEC. 5741. NORTH PACIFIC RESEARCH BOARD ENHANCEMENT.

- (a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the "North Pacific Research Board Enhancement Act".
- (b) AMENDMENTS.—Section 401(e) of the Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1998 (43 U.S.C. 1474d(e)) is amended—
  - (1) in paragraph (3)—
- (A) in subparagraph (L), by striking "and" after the semicolon;
- (B) in subparagraph (M), by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon;
- (C) in subparagraph (N), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and";
- (D) by inserting after subparagraph (N) the following:
- "(O) one member who shall represent Alaska Natives and possesses personal knowledge of, and direct experience with, subsistence uses and shall be nominated by the Board and appointed by the Secretary."; and
- (E) by adding at the end the following: "Board members appointed under subparagraphs (N) and (O) shall serve for 3-year terms, and may be reappointed once.";
- (2) by redesignating paragraph (5) as paragraph (6); and

- (3) by inserting after paragraph (4) the following:
- $\lq\lq$ (5) If the amount made available for a fiscal year under subsection (c)(2) is less than the amount made available in the previous fiscal year, the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration may increase the 15 percent cap on administrative expenses provided under paragraph (4)(B) for that fiscal year to prioritize—
  - "(A) continuing operation of the Board;
- "(B) maximizing the percentage of funds directed to research; and
- "(C) maintaining the highest quality standards in administering grants under this subsection."
- (c) WAIVER.—Beginning on the date of enactment of this Act and ending on the date that is 5 years after such date of enactment, the 15 percent cap on funds to provide support for the North Pacific Research Board administer grants under section 401(e)(4)(B) of the Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1998 (43 U.S.C. 1474d(e)(4)(B)) shall be waived.
- SA 3743. Mr. VAN HOLLEN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:
- At the end of subtitle D of title VIII, add the following:

## SEC. 852. UNCONDITIONAL OWNERSHIP AND CONTROL REQUIREMENTS FOR CERTAIN EMPLOYEE-OWNED SMALL BUSINESS CONCERNS.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section—
- (1) the term "Administrator" means the Administrator of the Small Business Administration;
- (2) the term "budget justification materials" has the meaning given that term in section 3(b)(2) of the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (31 U.S.C. 6101 note);
- (3) the term "eligible worker-owned cooperative" has the meaning given that term in section 1042(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986;
- (4) the term "employee stock ownership plan" has the meaning given that term in section 4975(e) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986; and
- (5) the term "small business concern owned and controlled by women" has the meaning given that term in section 8(m)(1) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 637(m)(1)).
- (b) REPORT ON OWNERSHIP AND CONTROL THROUGH AN EMPLOYEE STOCK OWNERSHIP PLAN OR ELIGIBLE WORKER-OWNED COOPERATIVE RELATING TO SET-ASIDE PROCUREMENT.—
- (1) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—
- (A) employee stock ownership plans and eligible worker-owned cooperatives have unique ownership structures that create barriers to accessing set-aside procurement programs due to unconditional ownership and control requirements; and
- (B) the ownership structures of an employee stock ownership plan or an eligible worker-owned cooperative should not prevent an otherwise eligible entity from accessing set-aside procurement programs.
  - (2) STUDY AND REPORT.—
- (A) STUDY.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Ad-

- ministrator, in coordination with stakeholders, including national certifying agencies approved by the Administrator for certifying small business concerns owned and controlled by women and relevant Federal agencies, shall complete a study and recommend alternatives to unconditional ownership and control requirements for employee stock ownership plans and eligible worker-owned cooperatives that would enable access to set-aside procurement programs.
- (B) Report.—The Administrator shall—
- (i) not later than 5 days after the date on which the Administrator completes the study required under subparagraph (A), make that study, including the recommendations developed under that subparagraph, publicly available on the website of the Small Business Administration; and
- (ii) not later than 30 days after the date on which the Administrator completes the study required under subparagraph (A), submit to Congress the recommendations developed under that subparagraph and a plan to implement the recommendations for all setaside procurement programs.
- (C) NECESSARY STATUTORY CHANGES.—In the first budget justification materials submitted by the Administrator on or after the date on which the Administrator submits the recommendations and plan required under subparagraph (B)(ii), the Administrator shall identify any applicable statutory changes necessary to implement the recommendations.
- (c) DEFINITIONS.—Section 3(q) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632(q)) is amended—
- (1) in paragraph (2), by striking "(not including any stock owned by an ESOP)" each place it appears;
- (2) by striking paragraph (6); and
- (3) by redesignating paragraph (7) as paragraph (6).
- SA 3744. Mr. VAN HOLLEN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:
- At the end of subtitle F of title X, add the following:

### SEC. 1067. VA HOME LOANS AND UNIFORM RESIDENTIAL LOAN APPLICATION.

- (a) INCLUSION OF INFORMATION RELATING TO VA LOANS.—
- (1) In general.—Subparagraph (A) of section 203(f)(2) of the National Housing Act (12 U.S.C. 1709(f)(2)(A)) is amended—
- (A) by inserting "(i)" after "loan-to-value ratio"; and
- (B) by inserting before the semicolon the following: ", and (ii) in connection with a loan guaranteed or insured under chapter 37 of title 38, United States Code, assuming prevailing interest rates".
- (2) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in the amendments made by paragraph (1) shall be construed to require an original lender to determine whether a prospective borrower is eligible for any loan included in the notice required under section 203(f) of the National Housing Act (12 U.S.C. 1709(f)).
  - (b) MILITARY SERVICE QUESTION.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Subpart A of part 2 of subtitle A of the Federal Housing Enterprises Financial Safety and Soundness Act of 1992 (12 U.S.C. 4541 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

#### "SEC. 1329. UNIFORM RESIDENTIAL LOAN APPLI-CATION.

"Not later than 6 months after the date of enactment of this section, the Director shall require each enterprise to—

- (1) include a military service question on the form known as the Uniform Residential Loan Application; and
- "(2) position the question described in paragraph (1) above the signature line of the Uniform Residential Loan Application.".
- (2) RULEMAKING.—Not later than 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Director of the Federal Housing Finance Agency shall issue a rule to carry out the amendment made by paragraph (1).
- SA 3745. Mrs. SHAHEEN (for herself and Ms. HASSAN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by her to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:
- At the end of subtitle F of title X, add the following:

#### SEC. 1067. AVAILABILITY OF FULL-SERVICE HOS-PITAL OF THE VETERANS HEALTH ADMINISTRATION IN CERTAIN STATES AND CONTINUED ACCESS TO COMMUNITY CARE.

- (a) Access by Veterans to Full-service Hospitals.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 17 of title 38, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 1716 the following new section:

#### "§ 1716A. Access to full-service hospitals in certain States

- "(a) REQUIREMENT.—With respect to each of the 48 contiguous States, the Secretary shall ensure that veterans in the State eligible for hospital care and medical services under section 1710 of this title may receive such care and services at not fewer than one full-service hospital of the Veterans Health Administration located within the geographic boundaries of the State.
- "(b) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in subsection (a) shall be construed to restrict the ability of the Secretary to provide enhanced care to a veteran who resides in one State in a hospital of the Veterans Health Administration in another State."
- (2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 1716 the following new item:
- "1716A. Access to full-service hospitals in certain States.".
- (b) CONTINUED ACCESS TO CARE UNDER VETERANS COMMUNITY CARE PROGRAM.—Section 1703(d)(1) of such title is amended in subparagraph (B) by inserting "as of the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026" before the semicolon at the end.
- (c) REPORT ON IMPLEMENTATION.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Veterans Affairs shall submit to Congress a report describing the extent to which the Secretary has complied with the requirement imposed by section 1716A of title 38, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), including the effect of such requirement on improving the quality and standards of care provided to veterans.
- SA 3746. Mr. LUJÁN (for himself and Mr. HEINRICH) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him

to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle F of title X, add the following:

## SEC. 1067. REFORESTATION OF LAND DESTROYED BY THE HERMIT'S PEAK/CALF CANYON FIRE.

Section 104(d)(4) of the Hermit's Peak/Calf Canyon Fire Assistance Act (division G of Public Law 117–180; 136 Stat. 2172) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(D) Reforestation.-

"(i) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding paragraph (1)(B), and subject to clause (ii) of this subparagraph, a claim that is paid for injury under this Act may include damages resulting from the Hermit's Peak/Calf Canyon Fire for otherwise uncompensated resource losses for costs of reasonable efforts, as determined by the Administrator, incurred by the State of New Mexico not later than December 31, 2030, to design and construct a center for the purpose of researching, developing, and generating native seedlings to successfully regenerate forests destroyed by the Hermit's Peak/Calf Canyon Fire with native species.

"(ii) LIMITATION.—The payment of a claim under this Act may not include amounts to design and construct a center described in clause (i) until after all claims by an injured person that are pending on the date of enactment of this subparagraph are paid or otherwise resolved."

SA 3747. Mr. DAINES submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of subtitle A of title XII, add the following:

#### SEC. 1210. LIMITATION ON CERTAIN PHARMA-CEUTICALS DEVELOPED BY OR BEN-EFITTING THE WORLD HEALTH OR-GANIZATION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided under subsection (b), the Department of Defense, the Department of State, and the Central Intelligence Agency may not administer or supply any pharmaceutical product—
- (1) that was discovered, developed, or produced through assistance received from—
  - (A) the World Health Organization; or
- (B) any entity that used World Health Organization grant funds to provide such assistance; or
- (2) the sale or distribution of which financially benefits the World Health Organization.
- (b) EXEMPTION.—The prohibition set forth in subsection (a) shall not apply with respect to any pharmaceutical product that the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of State, or the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency, as applicable, determines—
- (1) the administration or supply of which is vital to the mission of the department or agency headed by such official; and
- (2) cannot be safely and effectively replaced by a pharmaceutical product that is not prohibited under subsection (a).

SA 3748. Mr. WICKER (for himself and Mr. REED) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

#### SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026".

#### SEC. 2. ORGANIZATION OF ACT INTO DIVISIONS; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- (a) DIVISIONS.—This Act is organized into four divisions as follows:
- (1) Division A—Department of Defense Authorizations.
- (2) Division B—Military Construction Authorizations.
- (3) Division C—Department of Energy National Security Authorizations and Other Authorizations.
  - (4) Division D-Funding Tables.
- (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for this Act is as follows:
- Sec. 1. Short title.
- Sec. 2. Organization of Act into divisions; table of contents.
- Sec. 3. Congressional defense committees.
- Sec. 4. Budgetary effects of this Act.
- DIVISION A—DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE AUTHORIZATIONS

### TITLE I—PROCUREMENT

- Subtitle A—Authorization of Appropriations
- Sec. 101. Authorization of appropriations.
  - Subtitle B—Army Programs
- Sec. 111. Strategy for Army tactical wheeled vehicle program.

### Subtitle C-Navy Programs

- Sec. 121. Procurement authority for Columbia-class submarine program.
- Sec. 122. Procurement authorities for Medium Landing Ships.
- Sec. 123. Recapitalization of Navy waterborne security barriers; modification of prohibition on availability of funds for legacy waterborne security barriers.
- Sec. 124. Modification to limitations on Navy medium and large unmanned surface vessels.
- Sec. 125. Limitation on availability of funds for TAGOS ship program.
- Sec. 126. Limitation on availability of funds relating to amphibious warfare ship requirement.
- Sec. 127. Temporary unavailability of amphibious warfare ships.

### Subtitle D—Air Force Programs

- Sec. 131. B–21 bomber aircraft program accountability matrices.
- Sec. 132. Bomber aircraft force structure and transition roadmap.  $\,$
- Sec. 133. Requirement for an intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance roadmap for the Air Force.
- Sec. 134. Annual report on Department of Defense unified datalink strategy.
- Sec. 135. Plan for open mission systems of F-35 aircraft.
- Sec. 136. Modification of prohibition on retirement of F-15E aircraft.
- Sec. 137. Prohibition on retirement of A-10 aircraft.

- Sec. 138. Extension of limitations and minimum inventory requirement relating to RQ-4 aircraft.
- Sec. 139. Expansion of air refueler fleet.
- Sec. 140. Requirements relating to C-130 aircraft.
- Sec. 141. Information on future large and oversized air cargo transportation services.

### TITLE II—RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION

- Subtitle A—Authorization of Appropriations
- Sec. 201. Authorization of appropriations.
  - Subtitle B—Program Requirements, Restrictions, and Limitations
- Sec. 211. Modifications to defense research capacity building program.
- Sec. 212. Program for the enhancement of the research, development, test, and evaluation centers of the Department of Defense.
- Sec. 213. Extension of authority for assignment to Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency of private sector personnel with critical research and development expertise.
- Sec. 214. Limitation on use of funds for certain Navy software.
- Sec. 215. Limitation on availability of funds for Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering.
- Sec. 216. Prohibition on contracts between certain foreign entities and institutions of higher education conducting Department of Defense-funded research.
- Sec. 217. Western regional range complex demonstration.
- Sec. 218. Modification of requirement for Department of Defense policies for management and certification of Link 16 military tactical data link network.
- Sec. 219. Advanced robotic automation for munitions manufacturing.
- Sec. 220. Dual-use and defense advanced manufacturing innovation hubs.
- Sec. 220A. Advanced manufacturing and additive manufacturing programs.
- Sec. 220B. Improvements relating to advanced manufacturing.
- Sec. 220C. Limitation on availability of funds for fundamental research collaboration with certain academic institutions.

### Subtitle C—Plans, Reports, and Other Matters

- Sec. 221. Catalyst Pathfinder Program.
- Sec. 222. Extension of period for annual reports on critical technology areas supportive of the National Defense Strategy.
- Sec. 223. Evaluation of additional test corridors for hypersonic and longrange weapons.
- Sec. 224. Technical correction.
- Sec. 225. Congressionally directed programs for test and evaluation oversight.
- Sec. 226. Prohibition on modification of indirect cost rates for institutions of higher education and nonprofit organizations.
- Sec. 227. Enhance international coordination for advanced manufacturing techniques, technologies, and adoption.

### Subtitle D—Biotechnology

- Sec. 231. Biotechnology Management Office.
- Sec. 232. Department of Defense biotechnology strategy.
- Sec. 233. Defining guidelines and policies on the use of biotechnology for the Armed Forces.

defense capacity.

### TITLE III—OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

Subtitle A—Authorization of Appropriations

Sec. 301. Authorization of appropriations. Subtitle B-Energy and Environment

Sec. 311. Department of Defense guidelines regarding implementation of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969.

Sec. 312. Requirement to support training on prevention and wildfire sponse.

Sec. 313. Use of solid waste disposal systems by Department of Defense.

Sec. 314. Modification of availability and use of energy cost savings.

Sec. 315. Authority of Department of Defense to destroy or dispose of perfluoroalkyl polyfluoroalkyl substances.

Sec. 316. Modification to restriction on procurement or purchasing of personal protective equipment for firefighters containing perfluoroalkyl substances or polyfluoroalkyl substances.

Sec. 317. Provision of bottled water to communities with private drinking water contaminated with perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances from activities of Department of Defense.

Sec. 318. Repeal of prohibition on procurement by Department of Defense of certain items containing perfluorooctane sulfonate perfluorooctanoic acid.

Sec. 319. Repeal of temporary moratorium on incineration by Department of Defense of perfluoroalkyl polyfluoroalkyl substances, substances, and aqueous film forming foam.

Sec. 320. Interim responses to address releases or threatened releases of perfluoroalkyl polyfluoroalkyl substances.

### Subtitle C-Logistics and Sustainment

Sec. 321. Surface ship sustainment and readiness.

Sec. 322. Technology enhancement for surface ship maintenance.

Sec. 323. Delegation to United States Transportation Command of mitigating vulnerabilities and risks associated with contested logistics for Department of Defense.

Sec. 324. Requirements for Department of Defense aircraft operations near commercial airports.

Sec. 325. Extension and modification of semiannual briefings on operational status of amphibious warship fleet.

Sec. 326. Prohibition on closure of Army organic industrial base sites.

Sec. 327. Establishment of Defense Personal Property Management Office under Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness.

Sec. 328. Integration of commercially available artificial intelligence capabilities into logistics operations.

Sec. 329. Pilot program on arsenal workload sustainment.

### Subtitle D-Reports

Sec. 331. Modification of report on improved oversight for implementation of Shipyard Infrastructure Optimization Program of the Navy.

Sec. 234. Enhancement of international bio- Sec. 332. Modification of readiness report to include summary count of certain mishaps.

> Sec. 333. Annual report on funding and status of interim remedial actions of Department of Defense relatto perfluoroalkyl ing and polyfluoroalkyl substances.

### Subtitle E-Other Matters

Sec. 341. Provision of sports foods and thirdparty certified dietary supplements to members of the United States Special Operations Command.

Sec. 342. Limitation on use of funds to establish or expand Space Force Special Operations Component Command.

Sec. 343. Requirements for contracts relating to permanent change of station moving process.

Sec. 344. Limitation on transformation by the Army of primary helicopter training program a.t. Fort Rucker, Alabama.

Sec. 345. Conveyance of certain aircraft from Air Force to Arizona Aviation Historical Group, Phoenix, Arizona.

Sec. 346. Limitation on use of funds by the Army until submittal of plan to integrate Joint Munitions Command and Army Sustainment Command.

Sec. 347. Limitation on use of certain funds of the Air Force until acquisition strategy submitted to maintain Airborne Command Post capability.

Sec. 348. Pilot program for contracted amphibious air resources for the area of responsibility of the United States Indo-Pacific Command.

Sec. 349. Naming of certain assets of the Department of Defense in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

#### TITLE IV—MILITARY PERSONNEL AUTHORIZATIONS

### Subtitle A-Active Forces

Sec. 401. End strengths for active forces. Subtitle B-Reserve Forces

Sec. 411. End strengths for selected reserve.

Sec. 412. End strengths for reserves on active duty in support of the reserves.

Sec. 413. End strengths for military technicians (dual status).

Sec. 414. Maximum number of reserve personnel authorized to be on active duty for operational support.

Subtitle C—Authorization of Appropriations Sec. 421. Military personnel.

TITLE V-MILITARY PERSONNEL POLICY Subtitle A-Officer Personnel Policy

Sec. 501. Statutory adjustment to reflect transfer of certain general officer billets from the Air Force to the Space Force.

Sec. 502. Notice of removal of Judge Advocates General.

Sec. 503. Qualifications for judge advocates.

Sec. 504. Modification of waiver authority related to joint qualified officer requirement prior to promotion to general or flag grade.

Sec. 505. Notification of removal of officers from selection board reports and promotion lists.

Sec. 506. Space Force general officer management.

Sec. 507. Temporary increase in fiscal year percentage limitation for reduction or waiver of service-ingrade requirement for general and flag officers to be retired in pay grades O-7 and O-8.

### Subtitle B-Reserve Component Management

Sec. 511. Expansion of authority to waive limitations on release of reserves from active duty within two years of retirement eligibility.

Sec. 512. Disestablishment of Navy Reserve Center system.

Sec. 513. National Guard personnel authorities.

Sec. 514. National Guard personnel disaster response duty.

Subtitle C—General Service Authorities and Military Records

Sec. 521. Chief of Naval Personnel.

Sec. 522. Enhanced efficiency and service discretion for Disability Evaluation System reviews.

Sec. 523. Technical correction related to convalescent leave for academy cadets and midshipmen.

Sec. 524. Recognition of remotely piloted aircraft crew.

### Subtitle D-Military Justice and Other Legal Matters

Sec. 531. Notification of military sex offenders at military installations.

Sec. 532. Quarterly reports on sexual assault prevention and response efforts.

Subtitle E-Member Education, Training, and Transition

Sec. 541. Military service academy nominations.

Sec. 542. Asynchronous instruction in distance education option for professional military education.

Sec. 543 Army University

Sec. 544. Integration of the Secretary of Defense Strategic Thinkers Program.

Sec. 545. Improvements to information-sharing to support individuals retiring or separating from the Armed Forces.

Sec. 546. Mandatory training on government ethics and national security law.

Sec. 547. Prohibition on consideration of race, sex, color, ethnicity, national origin, or religion in service academy admissions decisions.

Sec. 548. Prohibition on participation of males in athletic programs or activities at the military service academies that are designated for women or girls.

Sec. 549. Pathway for cadets and midshipmen to play professional sports.

Subtitle F-Military Family Readiness and Dependents' Education

### PART I—DEPENDENTS' EDUCATION

Sec. 551. Certain assistance to local educational agencies that benefit dependents of military and civilian personnel.

Sec. 552. Management of special education in schools operated by Department of Defense Education Activity.

Sec. 553. Enrollment of children of certain American Red Cross employees defense dependents in cation system.

Sec. 554. Regulations on the use of portable electronic mobile devices in Department of Defense Education Activity schools.

- Sec. 555. Administration of college admissions tests by the Department of Defense Education Activity.
- Sec. 556. Support for expanding early child care options for members of the Armed Forces and their families.
- Sec. 557. Improved counseling and access to information relating to foster care for military families.
- Sec. 558. Pilot program on recruitment and retention of employees for child development programs.
- Sec. 559. Report on unmet need for child care in areas with significant populations of members of the Armed Forces.

#### PART II—OTHER MATTERS

Sec. 561. Legal assistance for guardianship transfers.

### Subtitle G—Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps

- Sec. 571. Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps instructor qualifications.
- Sec. 572. Temporary authority to provide bonuses to Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps instructors.
- Sec. 573. Number of Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps units.
- Subtitle H—Decorations and Other Awards, Miscellaneous Reports, and Other Matters
- Sec. 581. Honorary promotions on the initiative of the Department of Defense.
- Sec. 582. National Week of Military Recruitment.
- Sec. 583. Clarifying the calculation of enlistments for persons whose score on the Armed Forces Qualification Test is below a prescribed level for the future servicemember preparatory course.
- Sec. 584. Recruiter access to secondary schools.
- Sec. 585. Compliance with travel charge card deactivation requirements.

### TITLE VI—COMPENSATION AND OTHER PERSONNEL BENEFITS

### Subtitle A—Pay and Allowances

- Sec. 601. Modifications to calculation of basic allowance for subsistence for enlisted members.
- Sec. 602. Inclusion of descriptions of types of pay on pay statements. Sec. 603. Increased awareness and improved
- calculation of rates for basic allowance for housing.
- Sec. 604. Military compensation educational campaign.

### Subtitle B—Special and Incentive Pay

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- Sec. 303. Annual training requirement and report regarding analytic standards.
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- Sec. 305. Amendments regarding Presidential appointments for intelligence community positions.
- Sec. 306. Counterintelligence support for Department of the Treasury networks and systems.
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### SEC. 3. CONGRESSIONAL DEFENSE COMMITTEES.

In this Act, the term "congressional defense committees" has the meaning given that term in section 101(a)(16) of title 10, United States Code

### SEC. 4. BUDGETARY EFFECTS OF THIS ACT.

The budgetary effects of this Act, for the purposes of complying with the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010, shall be determined by reference to the latest statement titled "Budgetary Effects of PAYGO Legislation" for this Act, jointly submitted for printing in the Congressional Record by the Chairmen of the House and Senate Budget Committees, provided that such statement has been submitted prior to the vote on passage in the House acting first on the conference report or amendment between the Houses.

### DIVISION A—DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE AUTHORIZATIONS

### TITLE I—PROCUREMENT

### Subtitle A—Authorization of Appropriations SEC. 101. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2026 for procurement for the Army, the Navy and the Marine Corps, the Air Force and the Space Force, and Defense-wide activities, as specified in the funding table in section 4101.

### Subtitle B—Army Programs

### SEC. 111. STRATEGY FOR ARMY TACTICAL WHEELED VEHICLE PROGRAM.

Section 112(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (10 U.S.C. 7013 note; Public Law 118-31) is amended by inserting "2027," after "fiscal years 2025,".

#### Subtitle C-Navy Programs

#### SEC. 121. PROCUREMENT AUTHORITY FOR CO-LUMBIA-CLASS SUBMARINE PRO-GRAM.

- (a) PROCUREMENT AUTHORITY.—Beginning in fiscal year 2026, the Secretary of the Navy may enter into one or more contracts for the procurement of not more than five Columbia-class submarines.
- (b) CONDITION FOR OUT-YEAR CONTRACT PAYMENTS.—A contract entered into under subsection (a) shall provide that any obligation of the United States to make a payment under the contract for a fiscal year after fiscal year 2026 is subject to the availability of appropriations or funds for that purpose for such later fiscal year.
- (c) LIMITATION ON TERMINATION LIABILITY.—A contract for the construction of Columbia-class submarines entered into under subsection (a) shall include a clause that limits the liability of the United States to the contractor for any termination of the contract. The maximum liability of the United States under the clause shall be limited to the total amount of funding obligated to the contract at the time of termination.

### SEC. 122. PROCUREMENT AUTHORITIES FOR MEDIUM LANDING SHIPS.

- (a) CONTRACT AUTHORITY.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—During fiscal years 2026 and 2027, the Secretary of the Navy may enter into one or more contracts for the procurement of not more than 15 Medium Landing Ships.
- (2) PROCUREMENT IN CONJUNCTION WITH EX-ISTING CONTRACTS.—The ships authorized to be procured under paragraph (1) may be procured as additions to existing contracts covering the Medium Landing Ship program.
- (b) CERTIFICATION REQUIRED.—A contract may not be entered into under subsection (a) unless the Secretary of the Navy certifies to the congressional defense committees, in writing, not later than 30 days before entry into the contract, each of the following, which shall be prepared by the milestone decision authority (as defined in section 4251(e) of title 10, United States Code) for the Medium Landing Ship program:
- (1) The use of such a contract is consistent with the Department of the Navy's projected force structure requirements for such ships.
- (2) The use of such a contract will result in significant savings compared to the total anticipated costs of carrying out the program through annual contracts.
- (3) There is a reasonable expectation that throughout the contemplated contract period the Secretary of the Navy will request funding for the contract at the level required to avoid contract cancellation.
- (4) There is a stable design for the property to be acquired and the technical risks associated with such property are not excessive.
- (5) The estimates of the cost of the contract and the anticipated cost avoidance through the use of the contract are realistic.
- (6) During the fiscal year in which the contract is to be awarded—
- (A) sufficient funds will be available to perform the contract in such fiscal year; and
- (B) the future-years defense program submitted to Congress under section 221 of title 10, United States Code, for such fiscal year will include the funding required to execute the program without cancellation.
- (c) Authority for Advance Procurement.—The Secretary of the Navy may enter into one or more contracts for advance procurement associated with the ships for which authorization to enter into a contract is provided under subsection (a), and for systems and subsystems associated with such ships in economic order quantities when cost savings are achievable.
- (d) CONDITION FOR OUT-YEAR CONTRACT PAYMENTS.—A contract entered into under

subsection (a) shall provide that any obligation of the United States to make a payment under the contract for a fiscal year is subject to the availability of appropriations for that purpose for such fiscal year.

# SEC. 123. RECAPITALIZATION OF NAVY WATER-BORNE SECURITY BARRIERS; MODIFICATION OF PROHIBITION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR LEGACY WATERBORNE SECURITY BARRIERS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 130 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115-232; 132 Stat. 1665), as most recently amended by section 123 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159), is further amended—
- (1) in the section heading, by inserting "; **RECAPITALIZATION**" after "BARRIERS";
  - (2) in subsection (a)—
- (A) by striking "subsections (b) and (c)" and inserting "subsection (b)"; and
- (B) by striking "through 2025" and inserting "through 2026";
  - (3) by striking subsection (b);
- (4) by redesignating subsections (c) and (d) as subsections (b) and (c), respectively;
- (5) in subsection (c), as so redesignated, by striking "subsection (c)(2)" and inserting "subsection (b)(2)"; and
- (6) by adding at the end the following new subsection (d):
- "(d) RECAPITALIZATION.—
- "(1) PLAN SUBMISSION.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than April 1, 2026, the Secretary of the Navy shall submit to the congressional defense committees a recapitalization plan to replace legacy waterborne security barriers for Navy ports.
- "(B) ELEMENTS.—The plan required by subparagraph (A) shall include the following:
- "(i) A Navy requirements document that specifies key performance parameters and key system attributes for new waterborne security barriers for Navy ports.
- "(ii) A certification that the level of capability specified under clause (i) will exceed that of legacy waterborne security barriers for Navy ports.
- "(iii) The acquisition strategy for the recapitalization of waterborne security barriers for Navy ports, which shall meet or exceed the requirements specified under clause (i).
- "(iv) A certification that any contract for new waterborne security barriers for a Navy port will be awarded in accordance with the requirements for full and open competition set forth in sections 3201 through 3205 of title 10, United States Code.
- "(2) IMPLEMENTATION.—The Secretary of the Navy shall implement the plan required by paragraph (1) by not later than September 30, 2027.".
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—The table of contents in section 2(b) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019, and at the beginning of title I of division A of such Act, are each amended by striking the item relating to section 130 and inserting the following new item:
- "Sec. 130. Prohibition on availability of funds for Navy port waterborne security barriers; recapitalization."

## SEC. 124. MODIFICATION TO LIMITATIONS ON NAVY MEDIUM AND LARGE UNMANNED SURFACE VESSELS.

- (a) REPEAL.—Section 122 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283; 134 Stat. 3425) is repealed.
- (b) REQUIREMENT.—The Secretary of the Navy may not award a detail design or construction contract or other agreement, or

- obligate funds from a procurement account, for a covered program unless such contract or other agreement includes a requirement for an operational demonstration of not less than 720 continuous hours without preventative maintenance, corrective maintenance, emergent repair, or any other form of repair or maintenance, on any of the following:
- (1) The main propulsion system, including the fuel and lube oil systems.
- (2) The electrical generation and distribution system.
- (c) CERTIFICATION.—The Secretary of the Navy may not accept delivery of articles constructed under a contract or other agreement for a covered program until the Secretary certifies to the congressional defense committees that the operational demonstration described in subsection (b) has been successfully completed.
- (d) LIMITATION.—The Secretary of the Navy may not make contract financing payments for a contract or other agreement entered into for a covered program greater than 90 percent for small businesses and 80 percent for all other businesses until the certification described in subsection (c) is submitted.
  - (e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) COVERED PROGRAM.—The term "covered program" means a program for—
  - (A) medium unmanned surface vessels; or
  - (B) large unmanned surface vessels.
- (2) OPERATIONAL DEMONSTRATION.—The term "operational demonstration" means a land-based or sea-based test of the systems concerned in vessel-representative form, fit, and function.

### SEC. 125. LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR TAGOS SHIP PROGRAM.

- (a) LIMITATION.—None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2026 for the Navy may be obligated or expended for the scope of work, including priced or unpriced options, for the construction, advance procurement, or long-lead material of any ships in the TAGOS surveillance towed-array sensor system ship program unless the Secretary of the Navy submits the report described in subsection (b) to the Committee on Armed Service of the Senate and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (b) REPORT.—The Secretary of the Navy shall submit to the Committee on Armed Service of the Senate and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives a report on the following:
- (1) Progress made on basic and functional design completion for TAGOS surveillance towed-array sensor system ships and how compliance with section 8669c of title 10, United States Code, will be maintained.
- (2) The accuracy, timeliness, and completeness of the Navy's provisioning of contract baseline design, general arrangement drawings, and other government-furnished information to the prime contractor for such ships.
- $(\bar{3})$  The ability of the functional design of such ships to meet program requirements, including speed requirements.
- (4) The adherence of the Navy to performance-based requirements and the ability of the prime contractor for such ships to make design choices to meet those requirements, commensurate with its responsibility for cost and schedule in the contract structure.
- (5) Alternative solutions to meeting the general set of Navy requirements for antisubmarine warfare covered by such ships, including unmanned solutions.

## SEC. 126. LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS RELATING TO AMPHIBIOUS WARFARE SHIP REQUIREMENT.

(a) PLAN REQUIRED.—The Secretary of the Navy shall submit with the defense budget

materials for fiscal year 2027 (as submitted to Congress in support of the budget of the President under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code) a 30-year shipbuilding plan that meets the requirement under section 8062(b) of title 10, United States Code, to maintain 31 amphibious warfare ships.

(b) CERTIFICATION REQUIRED.—The Secretary of Defense shall submit with the defense budget materials for fiscal year 2027 (as submitted to Congress in support of the budget of the President under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code) a certification as to whether such materials support the requirement under section 8062(b) of title 10, United States Code, to maintain 31 amphibious warfare ships.

(c) LIMITATION.—

- (1) PLAN.—If the Secretary of the Navy does not submit the 30-year shipbuilding plan described in subsection (a) as required by such subsection, not more than 75 percent of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2026 for Administration and Service-Wide Activities, Operation and Maintenance, Navy, may be obligated or expended until the date on which the Secretary of the Navy submits to the congressional defense committees such plan.
- (2) CERTIFICATION.—If the Secretary of Defense does not submit the certification described in subsection (a) as required by such subsection, or certifies that the materials described in such subsection do not support the requirement described in such subsection, not more than 75 percent of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2026 for Office of the Secretary of Defense, Operation and Maintenance, Defense-Wide, may be obligated or expended until the date on which the Secretary of Defense submits to the congressional defense committees defense budget materials that support the requirement under section 8062(b) of title 10, United States Code, to maintain 31 amphibious warfare ships.
- (d) AMPHIBIOUS WARFARE SHIP DEFINED.— In this section, the term "amphibious warfare ship" has the meaning given that term in section 8062(h) of title 10, United States Code.

### SEC. 127. TEMPORARY UNAVAILABILITY OF AMPHIBIOUS WARFARE SHIPS.

Section 8062(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) by inserting "(1)" before "The naval"; and
- (2) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(2) For purposes of this subsection, the term 'temporarily unavailable' with respect to an amphibious warfare ship means that
- the ship has not surpassed its planned availability by a margin of—
  "(A) greater than 100 percent of the nominal duration of that availability in 2026 or
- 2027; "(B) greater than 75 percent of the nominal duration of that availability in 2028 or 2029;
- "(C) greater than 50 percent of the nominal duration of that availability in 2030 or 2031; and
- "(D) greater than 25 percent of the nominal duration of that availability in 2032 or any year thereafter.".

### Subtitle D—Air Force Programs SEC. 131. B-21 BOMBER AIRCRAFT PROGRAM AC-COUNTABILITY MATRICES.

(a) SUBMITTAL OF MATRICES.—Concurrent with the President's annual budget request submitted to Congress under section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, for fiscal year 2027, the Secretary of the Air Force shall submit to the congressional defense committees and the Comptroller General of the United States—

- (1) the matrices described in subsection (b) relating to the B-21 bomber aircraft program; and
- (2) the estimate, as of the date of such submission, for the program's average procurement unit cost, acquisition unit cost, and life-cycle costs.
- (b) MATRICES DESCRIBED.—The matrices described in this subsection are the following:
- (1) PROGRAM GOALS AND EXECUTION.—A matrix that identifies, in six-month increments, plans for and progress in achieving key milestones and events, and specific performance metric goals and actuals for the development, production, and sustainment of the B-21 bomber aircraft program, which shall be subdivided, at a minimum, according to the following:
- (A) Technology readiness levels of major components, and associated risks and key demonstration events through maturity (technology readiness level 7) for baseline and modernization efforts.
- $\left( B\right)$  Engine design maturity, and plans and progress of engine test events.
- (C) Software development progress and related metrics, including—
- (i) percent of capabilities complete and system features complete; and
- (ii) software quality metrics.
- (D) Manufacturing progress and related metrics for the prime contractor and key suppliers, including—
- (i) manufacturing readiness levels through level 8:
  - (ii) touch labor hours; and
- (iii) scrap, rework, and repair.
- (E) System verification and key ground and flight test events for developmental and operational testing, including—
  - (i) percent complete;
  - (ii) time on condition;
  - (iii) sorties; and
  - (iv) test points.
- (F) Aircraft reliability, availability, and maintainability metrics, including—
- (i) mean time to repair;
- (ii) operational availability;
- (iii) mission capable; and
- (iv) cost per flying hour.
- (G) Operations and sustainment plans and progress, including—  $\,$
- (i) main operating base setup;
- (ii) training system deliveries;
- (iii) depot maintenance; and
- (iv) technology data packages.
- (2) COST.—A matrix expressing, in sixmonth increments, the total cost for the Air Force service cost position for the engineering and manufacturing development phase and production lots of the B-21 bomber aircraft, and a matrix expressing the total cost for the prime contractor's estimate for such phase and production lots, each of which shall be phased over the entire engineering and manufacturing development period and subdivided according to the costs of the following:
  - (A) Air vehicle.
  - (B) Propulsion.
  - (C) Mission systems.
- (D) Vehicle subsystems.
- (E) Air vehicle software.(F) Systems engineering.
- (G) Program management.
- (H) System test and evaluation.
- (I) Support and training systems.
- (J) Contract fee.
- (K) Engineering changes.
- (L) Direct mission support, including congressional general reductions.
  - (M) Government testing.
- (c) SEMIANNUAL UPDATE OF MATRICES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date on which the Secretary of the Air Force submits the matrices required by subsection (a), concurrent with the submittal of each annual budget request to Con-

- gress under section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, thereafter, and not later than 180 days after each such submittal, the Secretary of the Air Force shall submit to the congressional defense committees and the Comptroller General updates to the matrices described in subsection (b).
- (2) ELEMENTS.—Each update submitted under paragraph (1) shall detail progress made toward the goals identified in the matrix described in subsection (b)(1) and provide updated cost estimates.
- (d) ASSESSMENT BY COMPTROLLER GENERAL OF THE UNITED STATES.—Not less frequently than annually, the Comptroller General
- (1) review the sufficiency of each matrix received under this section; and
- (2) submit to the congressional defense committees an assessment of such matrix, including by identifying cost, schedule, or performance trends.
- (e) REPEAL.—Section 238 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328; 130 Stat. 2067) is repealed.

### SEC. 132. BOMBER AIRCRAFT FORCE STRUCTURE AND TRANSITION ROADMAP.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Air Force shall submit to the congressional defense committees a comprehensive roadmap detailing the planned force structure, basing, modernization, and transition strategy for the bomber aircraft fleet of the Air Force through fiscal year 2040.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The roadmap required by subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) A detailed schedule and rationale for the planned divestment of B-1 bomber aircraft, including location-specific retirements, infrastructure disposition, and mitigation of any resulting capability gaps.
- (2) A transition plan for the operational fielding of B-21 bomber aircraft, including basing decisions, training and sustainment plans, operational concepts, and anticipated initial operational capability and full operational capability timelines.
- (3) A strategy for integrating units of the Air National Guard and the Air Force Reserve into B-21 bomber aircraft operations, including planned force structure, association, training, and mobilization models.
  - (4) An update on—
- (A) modernization efforts for B-52 bomber aircraft, including engine replacement, radar upgrades, and digital integration efforts; and
- (B) the expected service life and mission profile of B–52 bomber aircraft through the 2050s.
- (5) A detailed timeline with key milestones for each of the elements described in paragraphs (1) through (4), including programmatic decision points, resourcing requirements, risk assessments, and coordination with other components of the Air Force Global Strike Command and the Air Combat Command.
- (c) OBJECTIVE.—The roadmap required by subsection (a) shall support a deliberate and balanced transition to a modernized, dual-capable bomber aircraft force that ensures long-range strike capacity, survivability, and deterrence in both nuclear and conventional mission sets, with a minimum of 100 B-21 bomber aircraft as directed by prior Acts of Congress.
- (d) FORM.—The roadmap required by subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

#### SEC. 133. REQUIREMENT FOR AN INTELLIGENCE, SURVEILLANCE, AND RECONNAIS-SANCE ROADMAP FOR THE AIR FORCE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act,

the Secretary of the Air Force shall submit to the congressional defense committees a comprehensive roadmap detailing the strategic plan for the development, acquisition, modernization, and integration of intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance (ISR) capabilities of the Air Force.

- (b) ELEMENTS.—The roadmap required by subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) A strategic assessment of current (as of the date on which the roadmap is submitted) and projected intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance requirements for the Air Force across all domains, including air, space, and cyberspace.
- (2) An inventory of current (as of the date on which the roadmap is submitted) intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance platforms, sensors, and associated data-processing systems, including the mission capabilities, operational status, and expected service life for each.
- (3) A plan for the modernization or divestment of legacy airborne intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance systems, with justification for each decision.
- (4) A detailed outline of planned investments and capabilities in emerging intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance technologies, including—
  - (A) artificial intelligence;
  - (B) machine learning;
- (C) space-based intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance; and
- (D) autonomous or remotely piloted platforms.
- (5) An assessment of the integration of intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance data into command and control networks, including interoperability with joint, interagency, and allied partners.
- (6) A risk assessment identifying potential capability gaps, threats, and mitigation strategies.
- (7) A description of the roles and responsibilities of the components of the intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance effort of the Air Force in implementing the roadmap.
- (8) A proposed timeline and milestones for the implementation of the roadmap over the next ten fiscal years.
- (c) FORM.—The roadmap required by subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but shall include a classified annex.

## SEC. 134. ANNUAL REPORT ON DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE UNIFIED DATALINK STRATEGY.

Section 1527 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31; 10 U.S.C. 2223 note) is amended—

- (1) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (d); and
- (2) by inserting after subsection (b) the following new subsection (c):
- "(c) Annual Reports.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026, and not less frequently than once each year thereafter through December 31, 2032, the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees an annual report on the implementation of the strategy.".

#### SEC. 135. PLAN FOR OPEN MISSION SYSTEMS OF F-35 AIRCRAFT.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall develop a plan to establish an open mission systems computing environment that is controlled by the Federal Government on the F-35 aircraft of the Department of Defense.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The plan required under subsection (a) shall do the following:
- (1) Enable the portability of software applications between the F-35 aircraft, the F-22 aircraft, and the Next Generation Air Dominance initiative of the Air Force.
- (2) Enable the integration of new open mission system software, or changes to existing

- open mission system software, with minimal integration work required by the prime contractor of the air vehicle.
- (3) Eliminate or minimize aircraft airworthiness impacts due to software changes within the open mission systems computing environment.
- (4) Enable the rapid upgrade of onboard processors.
- (5) Leverage a Federal Government reference architecture.
- (6) Ensure control by the Federal Government over the airworthiness and security processes, as well as ownership by the Federal Government of the open mission system technical documentation and data rights.
- (7) Be capable of connection to all relevant aircraft apertures sufficient to meet current and future combat requirements, including cockpit connectivity via ethernet.
- (8) Leverage modern commercial software languages and techniques necessary to support reliable, high-throughput, and low-latency use-cases.
- (9) Be applicable across all blocks and variants of the F-35 aircraft.
- (c) Report.
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than July 1, 2026, the Secretary of the Air Force shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report that includes the plan required under subsection (a).
- (2) FORM.—The report required under paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may contain a classified annex.

### SEC. 136. MODIFICATION OF PROHIBITION ON RETIREMENT OF F-15E AIRCRAFT.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 9062(1)(1) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking "September 30, 2029" and inserting "September 30, 2027"; and
- (2) in subparagraph (A), by striking "68 F-15E aircraft" and inserting "34 F-15E aircraft"
- (b) REPEAL.—Section 150 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159; 138 Stat. 1812) is amended—
  - (1) by striking subsection (a);
- (2) by redesignating subsections (b) and (c) as subsections (a) and (b), respectively; and
- (3) in the section heading, by striking "prohibition on retirement of F-15e aircraft and".

### SEC. 137. PROHIBITION ON RETIREMENT OF A-10 AIRCRAFT.

- (a) PROHIBITION.—None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2026 for the Department of Defense may be obligated or expended to retire, prepare to retire, or otherwise divest A-10 aircraft to an inventory level below 103.
- (b) WAIVER AUTHORITY.—The Secretary of the Air Force may waive the prohibition under subsection (a) with respect to a specific unit if—
- (1) the Secretary submits to the congressional defense committees a written certification that a detailed recapitalization plan has been developed for the affected unit, including follow on mission assignments, aircraft reallocation, personnel adjustments, and community impact mitigation; and
- (2) a period of 30 days has elapsed following the date of such submission.
- (c) Definitions.—In this section:
- (1) A-10 AIRCRAFT.—The term "A-10 aircraft" means any aircraft of the Air Force designated A-10 Thunderbolt II.
- (2) RETIRE.—The term "retire" includes the permanent removal of an aircraft from the operational inventory, reassignment to storage, or placement into backup aircraft inventory or excess status.

## SEC. 138. EXTENSION OF LIMITATIONS AND MINIMUM INVENTORY REQUIREMENT RELATING TO RQ-4 AIRCRAFT.

Section 9062(m)(1) of title 10, United States Code, is amended, in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking "September 30, 2029" and inserting "September 30, 2030".

### SEC. 139. EXPANSION OF AIR REFUELER FLEET.

- (a) PRIMARY MISSION AIRCRAFT INVENTORY.—Notwithstanding any limit on primary mission aircraft inventory established before the date of the enactment of this Act, Secretary of the Air Force shall retain operational KC-135 Stratotankers as primary mission aircraft inventory as such aircraft are replaced by KC-46 aircraft in order to meet air refueling requirements of the Air Force and the United States Transportation Command
  - (b) REASSIGNMENT.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Air Force shall reassign KC-135 Stratotankers that are retained as primary mission aircraft inventory and replaced by KC-46 aircraft to Air Refueling Wings that have the capacity to expand their primary mission aircraft inventory fleet of KC-135 Stratotankers.
- (2) CRITERIA.—The Secretary of the Air Force shall reassign KC-135 Stratotankers under paragraph (1) based on the ability of an Air Refueling Wing to—
  - (A) man the additional aircraft; and
- (B) support pilot training requirements. SEC. 140. REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO C-130 AIRCRAFT.
- (a) EXTENSION OF MINIMUM INVENTORY REQUIREMENT.—Section 146(a)(3)(B) of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117-263; 136 Stat. 2455), as most recently amended by section 145(a) of the Service-member Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159; 138 Stat. 1810), is further amended by striking "2025" and inserting "2028".
- (b) EXTENSION OF PROHIBITION ON REDUCTION OF C-130 AIRCRAFT ASSIGNED TO NATIONAL GUARD.—Section 146(b)(1) of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117-263; 136 Stat. 2455), as most recently amended by section 145(b) of the Service-member Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159; 138 Stat. 1810), is further amended by striking "2025" and inserting "2028".
- (c) REPORT REQUIREMENT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter through fiscal year 2028, the Secretary of the Air Force shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report detailing the following:
- (1) The total number and variant types of C-130 aircraft in the inventory of the Air Force
- (2) Any planned retirements, divestments, or reductions to the fleet of such aircraft.
- (3) Modernization and recapitalization efforts, including block upgrades and procurement schedules.
- (4) Planned basing actions for fielding C–130J aircraft to recapitalize C–130H aircraft.

## SEC. 141. INFORMATION ON FUTURE LARGE AND OVERSIZED AIR CARGO TRANSPORTATION SERVICES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall solicit from industry information on acquiring services of an airplane that—
- (1) is, as of June 2025, under development as a civilian aircraft;
- (2) would be capable of carrying space launch vehicles and other Department of Defense articles not more than 300 feet long that cannot be or, as of June 2025, are not readily transported in an airplane due to cargo dimensions;

- (3) could enter service not later than December 31, 2035;
- (4) could provide and supplement large and oversized fixed wing air cargo transportation services to support the readiness and logistical needs of the Department by December 31, 2035, and thereafter; and
- (5) could provide to the Department at least 2,000 hours and not more than 7,500 hours of airplane time for at least two and not more than five years beginning when such airplane could enter service.
- (b) REPORT.—Not later than April 1, 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the results of the solicitation required by subsection (a).

### TITLE II—RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION

### Subtitle A—Authorization of Appropriations SEC. 201. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2026 for the use of the Department of Defense for research, development, test, and evaluation, as specified in the funding table in section 4201.

#### Subtitle B—Program Requirements, Restrictions, and Limitations

#### SEC. 211. MODIFICATIONS TO DEFENSE RE-SEARCH CAPACITY BUILDING PRO-GRAM.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—For fiscal year 2026 and each fiscal year thereafter, the Secretary of Defense shall ensure that all funding opportunities executed in Program Element 0601228D8Z, or successor program element, shall include separate funding solicitations each focused toward—
- (1) Historically Black Colleges and Universities and Tribal Colleges and Universities; and
- (2) Minority-Serving Institutions that are not described in paragraph (1).
  - (b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) The term "Historically Black College or University" has the meaning given the term "part B institution" in section 322 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1061).
- (2) The term "Minority-Serving Institution" means an eligible institution described in section 371(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1067q(a)).
- (3) The term "Tribal College or University" has the meaning given the term in section 316(b) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1059c(b)).

#### SEC. 212. PROGRAM FOR THE ENHANCEMENT OF THE RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION CENTERS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

(a) MAKING PERMANENT AND IMPROVING PILOT PROGRAM FOR THE ENHANCEMENT OF THE RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION CENTERS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.—Chapter 305 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

### "§ 4145. Program for the enhancement of the research, development, test, and evaluation centers of the Department of Defense

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense and the Secretaries of the military departments shall jointly carry out a program to demonstrate methods for the more effective development of technology and management of functions at eligible centers.
- "(b) ELIGIBLE CENTERS.—For purposes of the program, the eligible centers are—
- "(1) the science and technology reinvention laboratories, as designated by section 4121(b) of this title;
- "(2) the test and evaluation centers which are activities specified as part of the Major Range and Test Facility Base in Department of Defense Directive 3200.11;
- "(3) the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency;

- "(4) the Defense Innovation Unit;
- "(5) the Strategic Capabilities Office (SCO); and
  - "(6) the Office of Strategic Capital.
- "(c) PARTICIPATION IN PROGRAM.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2), the head of each eligible center shall submit to the Assistant Secretary concerned a proposal on, and implement, alternative and innovative methods of effective management and operations of eligible centers, rapid project delivery, support, experimentation, prototyping, and partnership with universities and private sector entities—
- "(A) to generate greater value and efficiencies in research and development activities:
- "(B) to enable more efficient and effective operations of supporting activities, such as—
  "(i) facility management, construction,
- and repair;
  - "(ii) business operations;
- "(iii) personnel management policies and practices; and
- "(iv) intramural and public outreach; and
- "(C) to enable more rapid deployment of warfighter capabilities
- "(2) IMPLEMENTATION.—(A) The head of an eligible center described in paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (b) shall implement each method proposed under paragraph (1) of this subsection unless such method is disapproved in writing by the Assistant Secretary concerned within 60 days of receiving a proposal from an eligible center.
- "(B) The Director of the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency, the Defense Innovation Unit, the Strategic Capabilities Office and the Office of Strategic Capital shall implement each method proposed under paragraph (1) unless such method is disapproved in writing by the Deputy Secretary of Defense within 60 days of receiving a proposal from the Director.
- "(C) In this paragraph, the term 'Assistant Secretary concerned' means—
- "(i) the Assistant Secretary of the Air Force for Acquisition, with respect to matters concerning the Air Force;
- "(ii) the Assistant Secretary of the Army for Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics, with respect to matters concerning the Army: and
- "(iii) the Assistant Secretary of the Navy for Research, Development, and Acquisition, with respect to matters concerning the Navy.
- "(d) WAIVER AUTHORITY FOR DEMONSTRA-TION AND IMPLEMENTATION.—The head of an eligible center may waive any regulation, restriction, requirement, guidance, policy, procedure, or departmental instruction that would affect the implementation of a method proposed under subsection (c)(1), unless such implementation would be prohibited by a provision of a Federal statute or common law."
- (b) CONFORMING REPEAL.—Section 233 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328; 10 U.S.C. 4141 note prec.) is repealed.

#### SEC. 213. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY FOR AS-SIGNMENT TO DEFENSE ADVANCED RESEARCH PROJECTS AGENCY OF PRIVATE SECTOR PERSONNEL WITH CRITICAL RESEARCH AND DEVELOP-MENT EXPERTISE.

Section 232(e) of the Carl Levin and Howard P. "Buck" McKeon National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2015 (Public Law 113-291; 10 U.S.C. 4091 note prec.) is amended by striking "September 30, 2025" and inserting "September 30, 2030".

### SEC. 214. LIMITATION ON USE OF FUNDS FOR CERTAIN NAVY SOFTWARE.

None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act may be obligated or ex-

- pended for the autonomy baseline manager or the common control system of the Navy unless—
- (1) the Secretary of the Navy submits to the congressional defense committees—
- (A) the original baseline schedule of key capability deliverables and the current schedule as of the date of submission;
- (B) the original cost estimate and the current cost estimate as of the date of submission, including the total funding received for the program;
- (C) all reports of test and experimentation events, including a comparison of performance to alternative industry capabilities;
- (D) the unaltered assessment of the Defense Innovation Unit on a market assessment of industry capabilities compared to the capabilities of the autonomy baseline manager and the common control system of the Navy; and
- (E) an assessment that the program is delivering new capabilities at a pace and quality that meets or exceeds industry capabilities; and
- (2) the Chief of Naval Operations validates to the congressional defense committees that the program meets operational user needs of the Navy.

#### SEC. 215. LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR UNDER SECRETARY OF DEFENSE FOR RESEARCH AND ENGI-NEERING.

Of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2026 for operation and maintenance, Defense-wide, and available to the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering for travel purposes, not more than 80 percent may be obligated or expended until the date on which the Under Secretary submits to the congressional defense committees the report required by section 245(d) of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118–159).

# SEC. 216. PROHIBITION ON CONTRACTS BETWEEN CERTAIN FOREIGN ENTITIES AND INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION CONDUCTING DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE-FUNDED RESEARCH.

- (a) PROHIBITION.—Beginning on January 1, 2027, a covered institution may not enter into a contract with a covered nation or a foreign entity of concern.
  - (b) WAIVERS.—
- (1) AUTHORITY.—Subject to the provisions of this subsection and subsection (c), the Secretary of Defense may, or their designee, pursuant to a request submitted under paragraph (2) of this subsection, issue a waiver of the prohibition set forth in subsection (a).
  - (2) Submission.-
- (A) FIRST WAIVER REQUESTS.—
- (i) In general.—A covered institution that desires to enter into a contract with a foreign entity of concern or a covered nation may submit to the Secretary of Defense, not later than 120 days before the institution enters into such a contract, a request to waive the prohibition set forth in subsection (a) with respect to such contract.
- (ii) CONTENTS OF WAIVER REQUEST.—A waiver request submitted by a covered institution under clause (i) shall include—
- (I) the complete and unredacted text of the proposed contract for which the waiver is being requested, and if such original contract is not in English, a translated copy of the text into English (in a manner that complies with subsection (e)); and
  - (II) a statement that—
- (aa) is signed by the President or compliance officer of the institution designated in accordance with subsection (f); and
- (bb) includes information that demonstrates that such contract is for the benefit of the institution's mission and students

and will promote the security, stability, and economic vitality of the United States.

- (B) RENEWAL WAIVER REQUESTS.—
- (i) IN GENERAL.—A covered institution that has entered into a contract pursuant to a waiver issued under this section, the term of which is longer than the 1-year waiver period and the terms and conditions of which remain the same as the proposed contract submitted as part of the request for such waiver, may submit, not later than 120 days before the expiration of such waiver period, a request for a renewal of such waiver for the remainder of the contract term, but not to exceed a 4-year period (which shall include any information requested by the Secretary).
- (ii) TERMINATION.—If a covered institution fails to submit a request under clause (i) or is not granted a renewal under such clause, such institution shall terminate such contract on the last day of the original 1-year waiver period.
- (3) WAIVER ISSUANCE.—The Secretary of Defense—
- (A) not later than 60 days before a covered institution enters into a contract pursuant to a waiver request under paragraph (2)(A), or before a contract described in paragraph (2)(B)(i) is renewed pursuant to a renewal request under such paragraph, shall notify the covered institution—
- (i) if the waiver or renewal will be issued by the Secretary; and
- (ii) in a case in which the waiver or renewal will be issued, the date on which the 1year waiver period starts;
- (B) may only issue a waiver under this subsection to a covered institution if the Secretary of Defense determines that the contract for which the waiver is being requested will both—
- (i) benefit the institution's mission and students; and
- (ii) promote the security, stability, and economic vitality of the United States; and
- (C) shall, when making the determination described in subparagraph (B)(ii), base such determination on the following factors:
- (i) The reasons for which the foreign entity of concern or covered nation has been so designated, and why those reasons do not apply to the contract for which waiver is being sought.
- (ii) The foreign entity of concern or covered nation's history of involvement with covered institutions.
- (iii) The degree to which such a contract could provide access to information or technology which could materially benefit the national security of a covered nation or harm the national security of the United States.
- (4) NOTIFICATION TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 15 calendar days prior to issuing a waiver under this subsection, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives written notice of the intent of the Secretary to issue such waiver together with a justification for such waiver.
- (5) APPLICATION OF WAIVERS.—A waiver issued under this subsection to a covered institution with respect to a contract shall only—
- (Å) waive the prohibition under subsection (a) for a 1-year period, or for the remainder of the term of the contract, but not to exceed 4 years; and
- (B) apply to the terms and conditions of the proposed contract submitted as part of the request for such waiver.
- (c) CONTRACTS PRIOR TO DATE OF ENACT-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—In the case of a covered institution that entered into contract with a covered nation or foreign entity of concern prior to January 1, 2027, and which contract

- remains in effect on such date, the Secretary shall notify the congressional defense committees within 90 days of enactment of this Act
- (2) RENEWAL.—A covered institution that has entered into a contract described in paragraph (1), the term of which is longer than the waiver period described in subparagraph (B) of such paragraph and the terms and conditions of which remain the same as the contract submitted as part of the request required under subparagraph (A) of such paragraph, may submit a request for renewal of the waiver issued under such paragraph in accordance with subsection (c)(2)(B).
- (d) DESIGNATION DURING CONTRACT TERM.—In the case of a covered institution that enters into a contract with a foreign source that is not a covered nation or a foreign entity of concern but which, during the term of such contract, is redesignated as a covered nation or foreign entity of concern, such institution shall terminate such contract not later than 120 days after the Secretary notifies the covered institution of such designation or immediately requests a waiver.
- (e) Translation Requirement.—Any information required to be disclosed under this section with respect to a contract that is not in English shall be translated, for purposes of such disclosure, by a person that is not an affiliated entity or agent of the covered nation or foreign entity of concern involved with such contract.
- (f) COMPLIANCE OFFICER.—Each covered institution applying for a waiver under subsection (c), shall identify a compliance officer, who shall—
- (1) be a current employee or legally authorized agent of such institution; and
- (2) be responsible, on behalf of such institution, for personally certifying—
- (A) compliance with the prohibition under this section; and
- this section; and
  (B) the truth and accuracy of any informa-
- tion contained in such a waiver request.
  (g) ANNUAL REPORTS.—Section 1286(f) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public
- Law 115-232;10 U.S.C. 4001 note) is amended—(1) in paragraph (1), by striking "and on the periodic reviews conducted pursuant to subsection (e)" and inserting ", on the periodic reviews conducted pursuant to subsection (e), and the waivers issued under section 216 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026"; and
- (2) in paragraph (2), by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
- "(C) With respect to waivers described in paragraph (1), the following:
- "(i) The terms and contents of any waivers issued under section 216 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026 in the period covered by the report;
- "(ii) any trends in—
- ``(I) the number of waivers issued under such section over time; and
- "(II) the types of contracts to which such waivers pertain; and
- "(iii) the processes used by the Secretary to verify that covered institutions (as defined in such section) are in compliance with the requirements of such section.".
  - (h) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B), the term "contract" means—
- (i) any agreement or memorandum of understanding for the acquisition, by purchase, lease, or barter, of property or services by or from a covered nation or foreign entity of concern; or
- (ii) any affiliation, agreement, or similar transaction with a covered nation or foreign entity of concern that involves the use or exchange of the name, likeness, time, services, or resources of a covered institution.
  - (B) The term "contract" does not include—

- (i) an agreement solely or primarily for the purposes of conducting a study-abroad program wherein students at covered institutions in the United States travel to a covered nation to study:
- (ii) an arms-length agreement for the acquisition by purchase, lease, or barter of property or services for the covered institution from a foreign entity of concern; or
- (iii) an agreement pertaining to a pre-existing campus or other satellite facility of a covered institution located in a covered nation or a joint facility of a covered institution and another entity located in a covered nation, unless that facility could provide access to information or technology which could materially benefit the national security of a covered nation or harm the national security of the United States.
- (2) The term "covered institution" means an institution of higher education that conducts research funded by the Department of Defense.
- (3) The term "covered nation" has the meaning given that term in section 4872(d) of title 10, United States Code.
- (4) The term "foreign entity of concern" means any person or entity—
- (A) listed on the Department of Commerce's Entity List (Supplement No. 4 to part 744 of the Export Administration Regulations), or successor list;
- (B) included in the list of Chinese military companies operating in the United States most recently submitted under section 1260H(b)(1) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 115–283;10 U.S.C. 113 note); or
- (C) identified on the list published under section 1286(c)(9)(A) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232;10 U.S.C. 4001 note).
- (5) The term "institution of higher education" has the meaning given that term in section 102 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1002).

### SEC. 217. WESTERN REGIONAL RANGE COMPLEX DEMONSTRATION.

- (a) DEMONSTRATION REQUIRED.—The Secretary shall carry out a demonstration of a joint multi-domain kinetic and non-kinetic testing and training environment across military departments by interconnecting existing ranges and training sites in the western States to improve joint multi-domain training and further testing, research, and development
- development.
  (b) Use of Existing Ranges and Capabilities.—The demonstration carried out pursuant to subsection (a) shall use existing ranges and range capability, unless capability gaps are identified in the process of planning specific demonstration activities.
- (c) ACTIVITIES.—The demonstration carried out pursuant to subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) Electromagnetic spectrum operations.
- (2) Electromagnetic warfare.
- (3) Operations that blend kinetic and non-kinetic effects.
- (4) Operations in the information environment.
- (5) Joint All Domain Command and Control (JADC2).
- (6) Information warfare, including the following:
- (A) Intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance.
  - (B) Offensive and defense cyber operations.
  - (C) Electromagnetic warfare.
  - (D) Space operations.
  - (E) Psychological operations.
  - (F) Public affairs.
  - (G) Weather operations.
- (d) TIMELINE FOR COMPLETION OF INITIAL DEMONSTRATION.—In carrying out subsection

- (a), the Secretary shall seek to complete an initial demonstration, interconnecting two or more ranges or testing sites of two or more military departments in the western States, subject to availability of appropriations, not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (e) BRIEFING.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall provide the congressional defense committees a briefing on—
- (1) a phased implementation plan and design to connect ranges and testing sites in the western States, including the initial demonstration required by subsection (d);
- (2) how the design architecture of the plan is in alignment with recommendations of the 2020 Department of Defense Electromagnetic Spectrum Superiority Strategy; and
- (3) how the design architecture will support high-periodicity training, testing, research, and development.
  - (f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) INFORMATION ENVIRONMENT.—The term "information environment" means the aggregate of individuals, organizations, and systems that collect, process, and disseminate, or act on information.
- (2) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Defense.
  (g) TERMINATION.—This section shall termi-
- (g) TERMINATION.—This section shall terminate on September 30, 2028.

# SEC. 218. MODIFICATION OF REQUIREMENT FOR DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE POLICIES FOR MANAGEMENT AND CERTIFICATION OF LINK 16 MILITARY TACTICAL DATA LINK NETWORK.

Section 228(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31; 10 U.S.C. 4571 note) is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (1)(A), by striking "the Nevada Test and Training Range, Restricted Area 2508, Warning Area 151/470, Warning Area 386, and the Joint Pacific Alaska Range Complex" and inserting "military special use airspace including all prohibited areas, restricted areas, warning areas, and military operational areas":
- (2) in paragraph (2), in the matter before subparagraph (A), by striking "training, and large-scale exercises." and inserting "regular training, and large-scale exercises. Under such processes, approval of Link 16 operations shall be presumed and denial of Link 16 operations shall be accompanied with substantiated evidence demonstrating compromise of safety due to electromagnetic interference."; and
- (3) in paragraph (5), by inserting "regular" before "training".

### SEC. 219. ADVANCED ROBOTIC AUTOMATION FOR MUNITIONS MANUFACTURING.

- (a) PROGRAM REQUIRED.—The Secretary of the Army shall carry out a program to support the maturation and expansion of robotic automation capabilities for munitions manufacturing at government-owned, contractoroperated production facilities.
- (b) OBJECTIVES.—The objectives of the program under subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) The design and integration of inherently safe, scalable robotic load, assemble, and pack (LAP) systems for munitions production
- (2) The demonstration of increased throughput and production capacity, while reducing manual handling of energetic materials.
- (3) The development of cyber-hardened data infrastructure for secure integration of factory-floor operations with enterprise systems.
- (4) Support for workforce upskilling and training in robotics, automation, and advanced manufacturing technologies.
- (5) The evaluation of applicability across multiple munition types and organic industrial base sites.

- (c) COORDINATION.—In carrying out the program under subsection (a), the Secretary of the Army shall coordinate with the Joint Program Executive Office Armaments and Ammunition and other relevant components of the Department of the Army.
- (d) BRIEFING.—Not later than March 1, 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall provide the congressional defense committees a briefing on the program carried out under subsection (a). Such briefing shall cover—
  - (1) the progress made under the program; (2) lessons learned; and
- (3) recommendations for the wider adoption of robotic automation technologies within the defense industrial base.

## SEC. 220. DUAL-USE AND DEFENSE ADVANCED MANUFACTURING INNOVATION HIRS.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary of Defense shall establish one or more dual-use advanced manufacturing hubs that co-locate and share resources among public and private stakeholders from industry, academia, government, nongovernment agencies, and workforce and economic development resources. The hub or hubs should span the full spectrum of advanced manufacturing capabilities and cover the full development timeline between prototyping and fielding.
- (b) REQUIREMENTS.—A hub established under subsection (a) shall—
- (1) utilize, to the maximum extent possible, the Department of Defense Manufacturing Innovation Institutes (MII) and encourage the MIIs to coordinate efforts in a joint manner;
- (2) provide shared advanced manufacturing infrastructure and equipment, such as high-speed metal printers and material testing laboratories:
- (3) establish a process to provide advanced manufacturing capability, including on shared classified space as needed:
- (4) utilize, to the maximum extent possible, the Defense Logistics Agency's Joint Additive Manufacturing Model Exchange (JAMMEX) as a central data repository for technical data packages for advanced manufacturing:
- (5) build on the Defense Innovation Unit's Blue Manufacturing Initiative and Blue Manufacturing Marketplace to match hardware and software manufacturers in defense technology with advanced manufacturing providers; and
- (6) meet annual production benchmarks for defense applications.
- (c) RECOMMENDATION.—Not later than September 30, 2026, the Under Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a recommendation for the appropriate number of regional hubs to be established under subsection (a) for the Department of Defense to meet its sustainment needs and such requirements, specifications, and capabilities as the regional hubs may require.

## SEC. 220A. ADVANCED MANUFACTURING AND ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING PROGRAMS.

- (a) DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE ADVANCED MANUFACTURING PROGRAM—Not later than December 31, 2027, the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretaries of the military departments, shall aim to qualify and approve for manufacturing and delivery not fewer than 1,000,000 parts or components of the Department of Defense that use advanced manufacturing techniques, with funding subject to the availability of appropriations or other funds. In doing so, the Secretary shall ensure that expedited processes adoption of advanced manufacturing products are utilized across the components of the Department of Defense and lifecycle phases for new and existing systems.
- (b) Program to Additively Manufacture Certain Types of Unmanned Aerial Sys-

- TEMS.—Not later than September 30, 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall carry out a program to certify new materials and processes to manufacture 25 to 100 percent of the parts of one of each type of the following unmanned aerial system (UAS) categories using advanced or additive manufacturing techniques:
- (1) Small unmanned aerial systems used as tactical loitering munitions.
- (2) Small unmanned aerial systems used for surveillance and reconnaissance missions.
- (3) Small unmanned aerial systems used for logistics missions.
- (c) Program to Certify Additively Manufactured Parts for Military Systems With Diminishing Manufacturing Sources and Material Shortages.—
- (1) PROGRAM REQUIRED.—Not later than September 30, 2026, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment shall, in coordination with the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering and the Secretaries of the military departments, carry out a program to produce replacement parts for military systems with diminishing manufacturing sources and material shortages using advanced or additive manufacturing techniques.
- (2) TESTED PARTS.—In carrying out the program required by paragraph (1), the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment shall select not less than five parts for test, evaluation, and certification under the program.
  - (3) TEST AND EVALUATION.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out the program required by paragraph (1), the Under Secretary shall use additive manufacturing techniques to manufacture the parts selected pursuant to paragraph (2) and then test and evaluate the manufactured parts.
- (B) EVALUATION.—Evaluation under subparagraph (A) shall be based on performance rather than specifications.
- (4) SHARING OF RESULTS AND DATA.—In carrying out the program required by paragraph (1), the Under Secretary shall share test data across all military departments and establish mechanisms for data reciprocity for test and evaluation results for additively manufactured parts across all military departments.
- (5) LIST OF OBSOLETE PARTS.—The Under Secretary shall, in coordination with the Secretaries of the military departments, make a list of all parts for military systems with diminishing manufacturing sources and material shortages.
- (6) NEW LICENSING AGREEMENTS.—The Under Secretary shall, in coordination with the Secretaries of the military departments, create new licensing agreements with owners of intellectual property for the platforms with parts included in the list required by paragraph (5) that allow additive manufacture of the parts.
- (d) PROGRAM TO ADDITIVELY MANUFACTURE METAL PARTS.—
- (1) PROGRAM REQUIRED.—The Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment shall carry out a program across all military departments to additively manufacture three commonly used metal parts of each military department, such as titanium, stainless steel, and aluminum.
- (2) ASSESSMENT REQUIRED.—Not later than September 30, 2026, the Under Secretary shall—
- (A) complete an assessment to determine how to additively manufacture 10 metal parts of each military department, with a preference for parts that require long lead times to manufacture or have sole-source suppliers; and
- (B) submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the findings of the

Under Secretary with respect to the assessment completed under subparagraph (A).

- (e) PROGRAM TO ADDITIVELY MANUFACTURE PARTS FOR GROUND COMBAT SYSTEMS.—The Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment shall, in coordination with the Secretary of the Army and the Director of the Defense Logistics Agency—
- (1) identify sustainment vulnerabilities in the ground equipment supply chain of the Army, including at the manufacturing arsenals and maintenance depots of the Army that comprise the Organic Industrial Base, where additive manufacturing could be used to repair, upgrade, or modernize ground combat systems;
- (2) choose not less than five parts that have long lead times for fabricating the greatest degree of customized specifications or have the most limited quantity in inventory and additively manufacture replacement parts for them:
- (3) create a critical parts list identifying parts and components across ground combat systems with long lead times eligible to be additively manufactured; and
- (4) develop plans, in coordination with Army Development Command, to integrate additive manufacturing techniques and technologies in the design, production, and sustainment of next-generation combat vehicles and their technologies. The developed technologies should prioritize interoperability across military platforms and integration with other military services.

#### SEC. 220B. IMPROVEMENTS RELATING TO AD-VANCED MANUFACTURING.

- (a) LEADERSHIP CHANGES —
- (1) JOINT DEFENSE MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY PANEL.—Section 4842(b)(1) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking "The Chair of" and all that follows through "programs." and inserting the following: "The Panel shall be co-chaired by the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment and the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering.".
- (2) JOINT ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING WORKING GROUP.—The Joint Additive Manufacturing Working Group shall be co-chaired by the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment and the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering.
- (3) CONSORTIUM ON ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING FOR DEFENSE CAPABILITY DEVELOPMENT.—Section 223 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (10 U.S.C. 4841 note) is amended—
- (A) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (d); and
- (B) by inserting after subsection (b) the following new subsection (c):
- "(c) CO-CHAIRS.—The Consortium shall be co-chaired by the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment and the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering.".
- (b) ADVANCED MANUFACTURING GUIDANCE AND MANUAL.—
- (1) GUIDANCE, DOD I UPDATE, AND MANUAL REQUIRED.—Not later than September 30, 2026, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment and the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering, in consultation with the Secretaries of the military departments, shall—
- (A) develop guidance to incorporate innovations in advanced manufacturing in such a way that the Department of Defense can better and faster deliver capabilities, sustain operations, and protect the warfighter with the latest technology while still ensuring quality, reliability, and compatibility;
- (B) update Department of Defense Instruction 5000.93 (relating to use of additive manufacturing in the Department of Defense dated June 10, 2021, to waive the requirement to maintain records of all additively pro-

- duced end-items put into operational use where the additively produced part meets or exceeds performance of the traditionally manufactured end-item:
- (C) create a manual in accordance with such instruction that gets at the technical standards required to qualify parts, components, or products that use advanced manufacturing technologies and techniques; and
- (D) not later than March 1, 2026, provide the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a briefing on plans to update the guidance developed under subparagraph (A) and the updates made under subparagraph (B).
- (2) CONSIDERATIONS.—In carrying out paragraph (1), the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment and the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering shall consider the 2016 Department of Defense Additive Manufacturing Roadmap, the 2021 Department of Defense Additive Manufacturing Strategy, the 2022 National Strategy for Advanced Manufacturing, and Department of Defense Instruction 5000.93.
- (3) ALIGNMENT.—The Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment and the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering shall ensure that the guidance on the use of advanced manufacturing required by paragraph (1)(A)—
- (A) aligns with Department of Defense acquisition to prioritize flexibility, interoperability, and domestic sourcing; and
- (B) requires the Department to prefer United States manufacturers and equipment and document a justification whenever the Department uses a foreign source; and
- (C) requires the Department to partner with and direct funds to the Department's Manufacturing Innovation Institutes whenever feasible.
  - (4) Elements.-
- (A) GUIDANCE.—The guidance required by paragraph (1)(A) shall include guidance for all types of advanced manufacturing, including the following:
  - (i) Additive manufacturing.
- (ii) Advanced materials.
- (iii) Advanced composite materials.
- (iv) Robotics and automation.
- (v) Laser, machining, and welding.
- (vi) Nanotechnology.
- (vii) Network and information technology integration.
- (B) MANUAL.—(i) The guidance required by subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) shall utilize expedited qualification and testing procedures established in section 865 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 and result in a manual under subparagraph (C) of such paragraph to establish standardized processes to qualify parts and components produced by advanced manufacturing techniques and technologies based on performance, rather than specifications for testing and evaluation.
- (ii) The process described in clause (i) shall include a methodology for standardizing technical production specifications, testing processes, and data reciprocity to share and accept test results of the same additively manufactured parts across all military departments.
- (iii) The process described in clause (i) shall include test and evaluation results that facilitate data reciprocity across military departments, removing the need for each military department to independently validate the same parts another military department has already validated.
- (iv) The manual shall include steps to allow for streamlined incremental qualification, rather than complete requalification, when the design and manufacturing process incorporates changes.

- (v) The process described in clause (i) shall explore the option for third-party, external certification for companies that cannot afford or do not have the in-house expertise to do this on their own but have the technology that the Department needs.
- (C) ADVANCED MATERIALS AND ADVANCED COMPOSITE MATERIALS RESEARCH.—The guidance required by paragraph (1)(A) and the manual required by paragraph (1)(C)—
- (i) shall cover requirements for development, test, and evaluation of the material properties of advanced materials and advanced composite materials used in advanced manufacturing, including metals, polymers, ceramics, composites, and hybrid metals:
- (ii) should include how to incorporate integrated computational materials engineering to predict the material properties and the distribution of those properties in additively manufactured parts and scale-up additive manufacturing; and
- (iii) shall include a list of recommendations for the types of amounts of critical metals to stockpile for the Department's use in additive manufacturing, which should be accessible to users of the Defense Logistics Agency's Joint Additive Manufacturing Model Exchange (JAMMEX).
- (D) CYBERSECURITY.—(i) The guidance required by paragraph (1)(A) and the manual required by paragraph (1)(C) shall include cybersecurity standards and guidelines for advanced manufacturing developed in consultation with the Chief Information Officer.
- (ii) The guidance and manual should address the unique challenges that advanced manufacturing poses to Department information networks.
- (iii) The guidance and manual shall include matters relating to cybersecurity compliance
- (iv) The guidance and manual shall call for periodic security and compliance reviews.
- (E) MODELING AND SIMULATION.—The guidance and manual required by paragraph (1)—
- (i) shall include software-driven, artificial intelligence-enabled modeling and simulation techniques for design, development, test, and evaluation to the maximum extent possible; and
- (ii) should include integrating modeling and simulation at every level, from enterprise to individual operation, including utilizing digital engineering.
- (F) INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY.—(i) The guidance required by paragraph (1)(A) and the manual required by paragraph (1)(C) shall include processes and contracting mechanisms to protect and manage intellectual property.
- (ii) The processes and contracting mechanisms described in clause (i) shall be designed to incentivize innovation while allowing the Department to additively manufacture parts and products for military systems at scale and on demand in case of contingency or crisis. This can include new licensing agreements with terms and conditions that allow for innovative intellectual property strategies.
- (iii) The guidance and manual shall include considerations to incorporate the Defense Logistics Agency's Joint Additive Manufacturing Model Exchange (JAMMEX).
- (G) QUALITY ASSURANCE.—(i) The guidance required by paragraph (1)(A) and the manual required by paragraph (1)(C) shall include processes, materials, and technologies to ensure continuous quality control throughout the entire manufacturing process and post-production.
- (ii) The guidance and manual shall incorporate the process window qualification methodology, which is designed to be machine-agnostic, or independent of specific machine brands or software providers, as well as the following:

- Real-time process monitoring leveraging machine sensors and software analytics to detect and instantly mitigate deviations prevents defects and unauthorized parameter changes.
- (II) Integration of machine learning algorithms that analyze production data in realtime allows the identification of anomalies indicative of potential quality or security threats, enabling proactive mitigation.
- (III) Software-defined quality assurance protocols enforce standardized, repeatable verification processes, greatly improving reliability and simplifying security audits.
- (H) Proliferation of additive manufac-TURING CAPABILITIES.—The guidance required by paragraph (1) shall include a plan that includes phasing and funding requirements to proliferate advanced manufacturing technologies and techniques across the entire Department, at the enterprise level to tactical operational units. This guidance shall-
- (i) identify end-user access and operational needs for advanced manufacturing and associated resourcing, infrastructure, and basing requirements:
- (ii) establish logistics models for production of additively manufactured parts in the continental United States and at forward operating locations:
- (iii) improve supply chain risk management: and
- (iv) stimulate supply chain agility within the Department.
- (I) TRAINING.—The guidance required by paragraph (1)(A) shall include training program requirements, phasing, and sequencing to ensure each warfighter is equipped with the knowledge and skills to use advanced manufacturing techniques and technologies efficiently and safely. The guidance shall-
- (i) outline which military occupational specialty career fields to train in advanced manufacturing equipment, techniques, and procedures with each military service and the degree of proficiency and training time required:
- (ii) explore partnerships to establish apprenticeships and skilled technician training pipelines to support Department of Defense research and development programs and programs of record: and
- (iii) consider creating new initiatives within existing transition assistance programs to create pathways for members of the Armed Forces to receive the training necessary to adapt their military skills to civilian jobs in advanced manufacturing.
- (5) MANUAL REQUIRED.—The manual created under paragraph (1)(C) shall be a service-agnostic, vendor-agnostic manual on advanced manufacturing techniques and technologies for the Department of Defense
- (A) to standardize across the military departments the technical parameters for manufacturing parts and products using advanced manufacturing techniques;
- (B) to outline the categories and levels of risk associated with such parts and products, including distinguishing between safety-critical and non-safety-critical parts and providing expedited approvals for low-risk parts through standardized material datasets and pre-qualified manufacturing protocols;
- (C) to lay out the processes for qualification and certification across categories of such parts and products;
- (D) to establish data reciprocity for test and evaluation data across all military departments with respect to qualifying such parts and products:
- (E) to utilize the Defense Logistics Agency's Joint Additive Manufacturing Model Exchange (JAMMEX) as the central data repository for technical data packages for advanced manufacturing; and
- (F) to incorporate new proposed qualification approaches proposed by industry consor-

tiums, Manufacturing Innovation Institutes, and Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) and Small Business Technology Transfer (STTR) programs.

### (6) Timeline.-

- (A) INITIAL.—The Secretary shall ensure that the guidance required by paragraph (1)(A) goes into effect in fiscal year 2026 by providing guidance with respect to the top three essential metals each military department needs to maintain its operational platforms.
- (B) SUBSEQUENT.—The Secretary shall ensure that the guidance required by paragraph (1)(A) goes into effect not later than January 1, 2027, for all essential metals not covered by subparagraph (A).
- (7) ADVANCED MANUFACTURING DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term "advanced manufacturing" means a manufacturing process using the following:
- (A) Additive manufacturing.
- (B) Wire-arc additive manufacturing.
- (C) Powder bed fusion manufacturing.
- (D) Other manufacturing capabilities similar to those listed in subparagraphs through (C).

### SEC. 220C. LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR FUNDAMENTAL RESEARCH COLLABORATION WITH CERTAIN ACADEMIC INSTITUTIONS.

- (a) LIMITATION.—Except as provided in subsection (b), none of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for the Department of Defense for fiscal year 2026 may be obligated or expended to award a grant or contract to an institution of higher education for the specific purposes of conducting fundamental research in collaboration with a covered enti-
- (b) Waiver.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Assistant Secretary of Defense for Science and Technology may waive the limitation under subsection (a), on a case-by-case basis, with respect to an individual grant or contract for an institution of higher education if the Assistant Secretary determines that such a waiver is in the national security interests of the United States.
- (2) CONGRESSIONAL NOTICE.—Not later than 30 days after the date on which an award is made by the Department of Defense involving an institution of higher education with respect to which a waiver is made under paragraph (1), the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Science and Technology shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives notice of such waiver.
  - (c) Report Annex.
- (1) IN GENERAL -On an annual basis, as a classified or controlled unclassified information annex to the annual report required by section 1286(f) of the John S McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115-232; 10 U.S.C. 4001 note), the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report annex on the compliance of the Department of Defense and institutions of higher education with the requirements of this section.
- (2) CONTENTS.—Each report annex submitted pursuant to paragraph (1) shall include, for each waiver issued under subsection (b) during the period covered by the report-
  - (A) a justification for the waiver; and
- (B) a detailed description of the type and extent of any collaboration between an institution of higher education and a covered entity allowed pursuant to the waiver, including identification of the institution of higher education and the covered entities involved, the type of technology involved, the duration of the collaboration, and terms and con-

- ditions on intellectual property assignment, as applicable, under the collaboration agree-
- (d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section: (1) The term "collaboration" means coordinated activity between an institution of higher education and a covered entity and includes-
- (A) sharing of research facilities, resources, or data:
  - (B) sharing of technical know-how;
- (C) any financial or in-kind contribution intended to produce a research product;
- (D) sponsorship or facilitation of research fellowships, visas, or residence permits;
- (E) joint ventures, partnerships, or other formalized agreements for the purpose of conducting research or sharing resources, data, or technology;
- (F) inclusion of researchers as consultants, advisors, or members of advisory or review boards: and
- (G) such other activities as may be determined by the Secretary of Defense.
  - (2) The term "covered entity"
- (A) means an academic institution that is included in the most recently updated list developed pursuant to 1286(c)(9) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115-232; 10 U.S.C. 4001 note); and
- (B) includes any individual employed by such an academic institution.
- (3) The term "fundamental research" has the meaning given that term in National Security Decision Directive-189 (NSSD-189), National Policy on the Transfer of Scientific, Technical and Engineering Information, dated September 21, 1985, or any successor document.
- (4) The term "institution of higher education" has the meaning given that term in section 102 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1002) and includes-
- (A) any department, program, project, faculty, researcher, or other individual, entity, or activity of such institution; and
- (B) any branch of such institution within or outside the United States.

### Subtitle C-Plans, Reports, and Other Matters

### SEC. 221. CATALYST PATHFINDER PROGRAM.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than January 1, 2027, the Secretary of the Army shall establish a soldier-inspired innovation program-
- (1) that creates partnerships between operational units of the Army and leading national research universities to provide a unique platform for university-based researchers and small businesses to collaborate directly with soldiers on cutting-edge applied research and development; and
- (2) to integrate soldiers into the earlystage problem identification process and include them in the solution development process to ensure technical solutions are meeting soldier needs and
- (b) Designation.—The program established pursuant to subsection (a) shall be known as the "Catalyst Pathfinder Program" (in this section the "Program").
- (c) ACTIVITIES.—In carrying out the Program, the Secretary shall-
- (1) establish activities at all active-duty divisions of the Army to accelerate the incorporation of soldier insights into capability development;
- (2) establish policies that streamline collaboration between soldiers, Army Futures Command, and academic institutions;
- (3) establish a governance board that includes representatives from the research, development, test, and evaluation, acquisition, requirements, industry, and academic communities;

- (4) promote transition of successful Program projects to Army programs; and
- (5) implement an adaptive experimentation force capability to support technology experimentation activities throughout the solution development cycle
- (d) TREATMENT OF PROGRAM.—The Program shall be treated as a research, development, test, and evaluation activity in the Army's input to the Future Year Defense Program.

## SEC. 222. EXTENSION OF PERIOD FOR ANNUAL REPORTS ON CRITICAL TECHNOLOGY AREAS SUPPORTIVE OF THE NATIONAL DEFENSE STRATEGY.

Section 217(c)(1) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283; 10 U.S.C. 4001 note) is amended, in the matter before subparagraph (A), by striking "December 1, 2025" and inserting "December 1, 2030".

#### SEC. 223. EVALUATION OF ADDITIONAL TEST CORRIDORS FOR HYPERSONIC AND LONG-RANGE WEAPONS.

- (a) EVALUATION REQUIRED.—To assess impact effectiveness and increase the cadence of testing and training for long-range and hypersonic systems, the Secretary of Defense shall, acting through the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering and the Director of the Test Resource Management Center and in consultation with requirements owners of long-range and hypersonic systems of the Armed Forces, evaluate—
- (1) the comparative advantages of episodic and permanent special activity airspace designated by the Federal Aviation Administration for use by the Department of Defense suitable for the test and training of longrange and hypersonic systems; and
- (2) requirements for continental test ranges, including—
- (A) attributes, including live, virtual, and constructive capabilities;
  - (B) scheduling and availability;
  - (C) safety;
  - (D) end strength;
- (E) facilities, infrastructure, radar, and related systems;
  - (F) launch locations including-
- (i) Bearpaw Air Traffic Control Assigned Airspace, Montana;
- (ii) Mountain Home Range Complex, Idaho;
- (iii) Fallon Range Training Complex, Nevada;
- (iv) Utah Test and Training Range, Utah;
- (v) Nevada Test and Training Range, Nevada;
- (vi) Green River Test Complex, Utah; and
- (vii) White Sands Missile Range, New Mexico;
- (G) impact areas within the White Sands Missile Range, New Mexico; and
- (H) such other characteristics as the Secretary considers appropriate.
- (b) BRIEFING.—Not later than December 1, 2026, the Secretary shall provide to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives a briefing on the findings of the Secretary with respect to the evaluation conducted pursuant to subsection (a), including an assessment of the completion date.
  - (c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) The term "impact area" means the point at which a test terminates.
- (2) The term "launch location" means the point from which a test is initiated.

### SEC. 224. TECHNICAL CORRECTION.

Chapter 9 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by redesignating the section 222e that was added by section 211 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31) as section 222f.

## SEC. 225. CONGRESSIONALLY DIRECTED PROGRAMS FOR TEST AND EVALUATION OVERSIGHT.

- (a) REQUIREMENT.—The Director of Operational Test and Evaluation shall include in the annual report required by section 139(h) of title 10, United States Code, an assessment of the operational and live fire test and evaluation activities for—
  - (1) Golden Dome software development;
  - (2) the Joint Fires Network; and
- (3) the Cryptographic Modernization Program.
- (b) ALTERNATE PATHWAY.—For any effort under subsection (a) assigned to the software acquisition pathway pursuant to section 3603 of title 10, United States Code, the Director of Operational Test and Evaluation shall assess the effort in accordance with the alternative test and evaluation pathway established in this Act.

#### SEC. 226. PROHIBITION ON MODIFICATION OF IN-DIRECT COST RATES FOR INSTITU-TIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION AND NONPROFIT ORGANIZATIONS.

- (a) PROHIBITION.—The Secretary of Defense may not change or modify indirect cost rates (otherwise known as facilities and administration cost rates) for Department of Defense grants and contracts awarded to institutions of higher education and nonprofit organizations (as those terms are defined in part 200 of title 2, Code of Federal Regulations) until the Secretary makes the certification described under subsection (b).
- (b) CERTIFICATION.—A certification under this subsection is a certification to the congressional defense committees that the Department of Defense—
- (1) working with the extramural research community, including representatives from universities, university associations, independent research institutes, and private foundations, has developed an alternative indirect cost model that has—
- (A) reduced the indirect cost rate for all applicable institutions of higher education and nonprofit organizations (compared to indirect rates for fiscal year 2025); and
- (B) optimized payment of legitimate and essential indirect costs involved in conducting Department of Defense research to ensure transparency and efficiency for Department of Defense-funded grants and contracts; and
- (2) established an implementation plan with adequate transition time to change budgeting and accounting processes for affected institutions of higher education and nonprofit organizations.

#### SEC. 227. ENHANCE INTERNATIONAL COORDINA-TION FOR ADVANCED MANUFAC-TURING TECHNIQUES, TECH-NOLOGIES, AND ADOPTION.

The Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment and the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering shall establish a working group to coordinate and support international activities that facilitate information-sharing, enhance interoperability, explore joint research and development opportunities, identify technology licensing requirements, incorporate advanced manufacturing capabilities into combined trainings and exercises, and set technical expertise and training standards for advanced manufacturing techniques, technologies, and adoption. The countries involved should be those with which the United States has reciprocal defense procurement agreements or security of supply arrangements.

### Subtitle D—Biotechnology SEC. 231. BIOTECHNOLOGY MANAGEMENT OF-

(a) DESIGNATION OF SENIOR OFFICIAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense

- shall designate a senior official, with relevant biotechnology experience, from a position within the Department of Defense that was in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act—
- (1) to be the senior official for biotechnology issues;
- (2) to be the head the Biotechnology Management Office established under subsection (b); and
- (3) to carry out the responsibilities for the office in subsection (c).
- (b) ESTABLISHMENT OF BIOTECHNOLOGY MANAGEMENT OFFICE.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall, with input from the senior official designated under subsection (a), charter and establish, under the authority, direction, and control of the Deputy Secretary of Defense, a Biotechnology Management Office to foster the development, acquisition and sustainment of broad-based biotechnology capabilities for the Department.
- (c) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The office established under subsection (b) shall be responsible for the following:
- (1) Maintaining and executing the Defense Biotechnology Strategy required by section [BAG25949], including development and execution of a long-term research, development, acquisition, and sustainment roadmap.
- (2) Updating policies and guidance within the Department relating to the acquisition, adoption, and transition of biotechnologybased products into Department use.
- (3) Coordinating with activities across the Department, the Federal Government, industry, academia, and international partners relating to biotechnology.
- (4) Proposing options for streamlining the regulatory or acquisition process of the Department.
- (5) Conducting, as may be needed, global competition analyses, net assessment or forecasting to support decisionmakers on biotechnology advances.
- (6) Supporting the development of publicprivate partnerships with academia, industry, and other State and local government partners, including through the development or fostering of regionally focused innovation ecosystems.
- (7) Identifying biotechnology workforce and training gaps across the workforce of the Department.
- (8) Such other responsibilities as the Secretary considers appropriate.
- (d) SUNSET.—The office established pursuant to subsection (a) shall terminate on September 30, 2035.
- (e) BRIEFING.—Not later than 30 days after the designation of the senior official pursuant to subsection (a), the Secretary shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on the proposed scope of the charter for the office to be established pursuant to subsection (b), as well as implementation plans for preliminary activities the office will pursue during the proceeding one-year period.

### SEC. 232. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE BIOTECHNOLOGY STRATEGY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than June 1, 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall, in coordination with the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering and the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives a strategy on the national security implications of emerging biotechnologies, including the future role that biotechnology will play in defense, and means to improve industry, interagency, and international relationships in this sector.

- (b) ELEMENTS.—The strategy required pursuant to subsection (a) shall include the following elements:
- (1) How the Department of Defense will develop and expand a network of commercial facilities for the biomanufacture of products that are critical for defense needs.
- (2) Review and update of military specifications in order to better incorporate or substitute current products with biotechnology-based products.
- (3) Updated plans and policies for the Department to enter into advance market commitments and offtake agreements for biotechnology products that have defense applications.
- (4) A description of how the Department could better incorporate military-relevant applications of emerging biotechnology into wargaming exercises, tabletop exercises, or other net assessment analyses.
- (5) The benefits and costs of issuing a research grand challenge, or a series of challenges, that focus on making biotechnology predictably engineerable and how the Department would implement such research grand challenge, or challenges.
- (6) Development of a biotechnology regulation science and technology program within the Department, including development of digital infrastructure to support simplified regulation and the development of biometrology tools.
- (7) Updated plans and policies for intergovernmental support that the Department could provide in encouraging member countries of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) to aggregate demand and pool purchasing power for biotechnology products
- (8) Review of plans and guidance on how the Department can work to develop, integrate, and disseminate biotechnology research initiatives across member countries of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization, and how the Department might coordinate with international stakeholders to utilize the combined research capabilities of such member countries to drive a biotechnology development approach.

#### SEC. 233. DEFINING GUIDELINES AND POLICIES ON THE USE OF BIOTECHNOLOGY FOR THE ARMED FORCES.

- (a) GUIDELINES AND POLICIES REQUIRED.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall, after coordinating with the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, the Under Secretary of Defense for Policy and external stakeholders, including representation from industry and academia, develop guidelines and policies on the ethical and responsible development and deployment of biotechnology within the Department of Defense and the Armed Forces.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The guidelines and policies developed pursuant to subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) Definitions of ethical and responsible development and use of biotechnology.
- (2) Guidelines relating to ethical and responsible development and use of biotechnology.
- (3) Policies relating to informed consent of members of the Armed Forces participating in biotechnology development.
- (4) Policies relating to reversibility and heritable treatment of potential biotechnology applications.
- (5) Policies relating to biotechnologies and their potential effects on the environment.
- (6) Policies relating to human performance enhancement.
- (7) Policies relating to the compliance and obligations of the Department to the United Nations Biological Weapons Convention, and

- other international agreements pertaining to the laws of armed conflict.
- (8) Such other matters as the Secretary considers appropriate.
- (c) Report.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—No later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report outlining the guidelines and policies developed pursuant to subsection (a), including the methodologies through which the guidelines and policies were developed.
- (2) FORM.—The report submitted pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.
  - (d) BIENNIAL BRIEFINGS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than two years after the date of the enactment of this Act and not less frequently than once every two years thereafter until November 1, 2031, the Secretary shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on the implementation of the guidelines and policies developed pursuant to subsection (a), including a discussion of any adjustments made to the policies and such recommendations for legislative or administrative action as the Secretary may have to ensure their successful implementation.
- (2) FINAL BRIEFING.—The final briefing provided pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be provided during the 60-day period ending on November 1, 2031.

### SEC. 234. ENHANCEMENT OF INTERNATIONAL BIODEFENSE CAPACITY.

- (a) CLARIFICATION OF ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall direct the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Nuclear Deterrence, Chemical and Biological Defense Programs, in consultation with the Director of the Defense Threat Reduction Agency, to enter into memoranda of understanding with other departments and agencies of the Federal Government to clarify the roles and responsibilities of those departments and agencies for building biodefense capabilities internationally in execution of national security and other policies of the Federal Government, with the Secretary focused on working with defense counterparts in countries that are allies of the United States.
- (2) ELEMENTS OF MEMORANDA OF UNDER-STANDING.—The memoranda of understanding entered into under paragraph (1) shall address how each relevant department or agency selects partner countries and the feasibility of coordinating efforts with each such country.
- (b) DEVELOPMENT OF BIODEFENSE CAPABILITIES.—The Secretary of Defense, acting through the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Nuclear Deterrence, Chemical and Biological Defense programs, shall provide to the Director of the Defense Threat Reduction Agency global authority to support development of biodefense capabilities and capacities in countries that are allies of the United States, subject to review and input on an as-needed basis by leadership of the Department of Defense and the relevant combatant commands.

### TITLE III—OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

### Subtitle A—Authorization of Appropriations SEC. 301. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2026 for the use of the Armed Forces and other activities and agencies of the Department of Defense for expenses, not otherwise provided for, for operation and maintenance, as specified in the funding table in section 4301.

### Subtitle B-Energy and Environment

### SEC. 311. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE GUIDE-LINES REGARDING IMPLEMENTA-TION OF THE NATIONAL ENVIRON-MENTAL POLICY ACT OF 1969.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall rescind all existing Department of Defense directives regarding the implementation of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) (in this section referred to as "NEPA") and replace those directives with a new directive with uniform guidance that the military departments and other agencies of the Department of Defense must implement.
- (b) ELEMENTS OF NEW NEPA DIRECTIVE.— The new directive required under subsection (a) shall ensure that all components of the Department of Defense comply with the requirements under NEPA, including the updated guidelines established under title III of division C of the Fiscal Responsibility Act of 2023 (Public Law 118-5: 137 Stat. 38).
- (c) DESIGNATION REQUIRED.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall designate an appropriate official of the Department of Defense responsible for implementing the NEPA directive established under subsection (a) and ensuring the timely execution of all reviews required under NEPA without unnecessary regulatory delays.
- (d) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to amend or override any provision of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.).

#### SEC. 312. REQUIREMENT TO SUPPORT TRAINING ON WILDFIRE PREVENTION AND RE-SPONSE.

Section 351 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law 115-91; 32 U.S.C. 501 note) is amended, in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking "may" and inserting "shall".

## SEC. 313. USE OF SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL SYSTEMS BY DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

- (a) EXPEDITIONARY SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL SYSTEMS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense may use expeditionary solid waste disposal systems for the destruction of illicit contraband, including seized counterfeit materials, unauthorized military gear, and classified materials.
- (2) AVAILABILITY OF SYSTEMS.—The expeditionary solid waste disposal systems units deployed under subsection (a) shall be—
- (A) equipped to support operations related to border security and the elimination of contraband; and
- (B) made available to military installations, forward operating bases, and partner security forces as needed to assist in countering infiltration and unauthorized use of military assets of the United States.
- (b) PROHIBITION ON USE OF OPEN-AIR BURN PITS TO DISPOSE OF CERTAIN MATERIAL.—The Secretary of Defense may not use open-air burn pits for the disposal of illicit contraband, classified military equipment, or hazardous waste materials.

### SEC. 314. MODIFICATION OF AVAILABILITY AND USE OF ENERGY COST SAVINGS.

Section 2912 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in subsection (c)—
- (A) by striking "The amount" and inserting "(1) The amount";
- (B) by striking "additional operational energy" and all that follows through the period at the end and inserting "operational energy initiatives."; and
- (C) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

- "(2) The Secretary of Defense shall design operational energy initiatives under paragraph (1) to advance the objectives of the Department in the areas of energy resilience and fuel efficiency.
- "(3) Operational energy initiatives carried out under paragraph (1) may directly contribute to enhanced mission and combat capabilities, fund operational environment training activities, or establish programs to incentivize demonstrable reductions in energy expenditures within the department, agency, or instrumentality credited with achieving the energy cost savings under subsection (a).";
- (2) in subsection (e)(1), by striking "The Secretary of Defense may transfer amounts described in subsection (a) that remain available for obligation" and inserting "Not later than 60 days after being notified of amounts described in subsection (a) that remain available for obligation, the Secretary of Defense shall transfer such amounts"; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following new subsection:
- "(f) OPERATIONAL ENERGY COST SAVINGS DEFINED.—In this section, the term 'operational energy cost savings' means the monetary savings achieved through measures to reduce energy expenditures relative to the amount that would have been necessary to sustain an equivalent level of capability in the absence of such measures."

# SEC. 315. AUTHORITY OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE TO DESTROY OR DISPOSE OF PERFLUOROALKYL OF POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense may destroy or dispose of a perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substance using innovative technologies that—
  - (1) are cost effective; and
- (2) are permitted or approved by a Federal or State agency that regulates the destruction or disposal of such a substance.
- (b) UPDATE OF GUIDANCE.—The Secretary shall update the PFAS Destruction and Disposal Guidance of the Department of Defense, or any successor similar guidance, to reflect the requirements under subsection (a).
- SEC. 316. MODIFICATION TO RESTRICTION ON PROCUREMENT OR PURCHASING OF PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIREFIGHTERS CONTAINING PERFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES OR POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES.

Section 345 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 10 U.S.C. 3201 note prec.) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a), by striking "if such equipment contains an intentionally added perfluoroalkyl substance or polyfluoroalkyl substance" and inserting "unless such equipment meets the specifications set forth in Standard 1970 of the National Fire Protection Association"; and
  - (2) in subsection (d)—
- (A) in paragraph (1), by striking "does not contain intentionally added perfluoroalkyl substances or polyfluoroalkyl substances" and inserting "meets the specifications set forth in Standard 1970 of the National Fire Protection Association"; and
- (B) in paragraph (2), by striking "does not contain intentionally added perfluoroalkyl substances or polyfluoroalkyl substances" and inserting "meets the specifications set forth in Standard 1970 of the National Fire Protection Association".

- SEC. 317. PROVISION OF BOTTLED WATER TO COMMUNITIES WITH PRIVATE DRINKING WATER CONTAMINATED WITH PERFLUOROALKYL AND POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES FROM ACTIVITIES OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.
- (a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection (b), on and after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall provide bottled water to communities with private drinking water wells where contamination from perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances resulting from activities of the Department of Defense has, at one point in time, exceeded the maximum contaminant level for such substances established by the Environmental Protection Agency if the Secretary, as of the day before the date of the enactment of this Act, provided bottled water to the community because of such contamination.
- (b) TERMINATION OF REQUIREMENT.—The Secretary is not required to provide bottled water to a community under subsection (a) if all impacted households in the community are connected to a municipal drinking water distribution system or the Secretary has successfully remediated the contamination from perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances to meet or exceed both Federal and state drinking water standards for such substances.

#### SEC. 318. REPEAL OF PROHIBITION ON PROCURE-MENT BY DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE OF CERTAIN ITEMS CONTAINING PERFLUOROOCTANE SULFONATE OR PERFLUOROOCTANOIC ACID.

Section 333 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283; 10 U.S.C. 3062 note) is repealed.

### SEC. 319. REPEAL OF TEMPORARY MORATORIUM ON INCINERATION BY DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE OF PERFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES, POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES, AND AQUEOUS FILM FORMING FOAM.

Section 343 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117-81; 10 U.S.C. 2701 note) is repealed.

### SEC. 320. INTERIM RESPONSES TO ADDRESS RE-LEASES OR THREATENED RELEASES OF PERFLUOROALKYL AND POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense, consistent with the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq.), shall take actions specified in subsection (b) to address any release or threatened release of perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances at a covered facility.
  - (b) ACTIONS TO BE TAKEN —
- (1) CONDUCT OF PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT AND SITE INSPECTION.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—If a preliminary assessment or site investigation for perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances has not been conducted at a covered facility, the Secretary shall conduct expeditiously such assessment or investigation, as the case may be, to determine whether there has been a release or there is a threatened release of perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances at the facility.
- (B) PRESUMED RELEASE.—Each covered facility that has or has had a fire training pit or similar facility shall be presumed, for purposes of subparagraph (A), to have had a release of perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances.
- (2) Consideration of interim response actions.—
- (A) DETERMINATION OF POTENTIAL INTERIM RESPONSE ACTIONS.—A preliminary assessment or site investigation under paragraph (1)(A) shall include, along with any other matters required pursuant to the Com-

prehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq.), a description and analysis of potential interim response actions that can be taken to reduce immediate public exposure to the release of perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances, including preventing an imminent and substantial endangerment.

- (B) ACTIONS INCLUDED.—Interim response actions to be considered under subparagraph (A) shall include the following:
  - (i) Provision of bottled water.
- (ii) Connection to public water systems for members of the public using private wells.
- (iii) Provision of filtration systems for public water systems.
- (iv) Provision of filtration systems for private residences.
- (3) Review.—
- (A) In general.—The Secretary shall make the preliminary assessment or site investigation conducted under paragraph (1)(A) with respect to a covered facility available for review to the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, the relevant State environmental regulatory agencies, any Indian tribal government whose tribal lands may be affected by the release or threatened release of perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances, and members of the public.
- (B) REVIEW PERIOD.—The period for review under subparagraph (A) shall be not less than 60 days and shall be extended if the Administrator requests additional review time.
- (4) EXPEDITED IMPLEMENTATION.—The Secretary of Defense shall expedite the implementation of any interim response actions selected by the Secretary for implementation pursuant to the consideration conducted under paragraph (2) and the review under paragraph (3), with special priority provided to covered facilities located within a sole or principal drinking water source as designated by the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency under section 1424(e) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300h–3(e)).
  - (c) Reports to Congress.—
- (1) INITIAL REPORT.—Not later than 270 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report containing an identification of the following:
- (A) Which covered facilities have had a preliminary assessment or site investigation completed pursuant to subsection (b)(1)(A).
- (B) Which covered facilities have had a preliminary assessment or site investigation initiated pursuant to subsection (b)(1)(A) but not completed by the time the report is due to be submitted, and when such assessment or investigation is projected to be completed.
- (C) Which covered facilities have not had a preliminary assessment or site investigation initiated pursuant to subsection (b)(1)(A) but are required to have one pursuant to such subsection.
- (D) Which covered facilities are not required to have a preliminary assessment or site investigation conducted pursuant to subsection (b)(1)(A).
- (2) FINAL REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on—
- (A) which covered facilities have had interim response actions selected for implementation under subsection (b);
- (B) what those interim response actions are:

- (C) the projected initiation dates for those interim response actions;
- (D) the projected completion dates for those interim response actions; and
- (E) an explanation as to why any interim response action considered in the preliminary assessment or site investigation conducted pursuant to subsection (b)(1)(A) was not adopted.
- (d) Definitions.—In this section:
- (1) COVERED FACILITY.—The term "covered facility" means a facility subject to section 2701(c) of title 10, United States Code.
- (2) RELEASE; RESPONSE.—The terms "release" and "response" have the meanings given those terms in section 101 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq.).

### Subtitle C—Logistics and Sustainment SEC. 321. SURFACE SHIP SUSTAINMENT AND READINESS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—In accordance with this section, the Secretary of the Navy shall implement processes to improve the materiel condition and combat readiness of Navy surface ships maintained and repaired at private shipyards by ensuring a stable and responsive industrial base capable of meeting operational and combat surge demands.
  - (b) REQUIREMENTS AND AUTHORITIES.—
  - (1) Type commander leadership.—
- (A) DESIGNATION.—The Secretary of the Navy shall designate type commanders as the primary authorities for surface ship maintenance.
- (B) RESPONSIBILITIES.—Type commanders designated under subparagraph (A) shall—
- (i) lead the sustainment of surface ships;
- (ii) oversee all maintenance and repair activities at private shipyards; and
- (iii) be responsible for setting priorities, approving contracts, and ensuring fleet readiness.
- (C) REGIONAL MAINTENANCE CENTERS.—The Secretary of the Navy shall ensure that regional maintenance centers act in a supporting role under the direction of type commanders.
- (2) DECISION-MAKING BY KEY PERSONNEL.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—For each ship undergoing maintenance at a private shipyard, the project manager, the port engineer, and the ship commanding officer—
- (i) may jointly decide what work is done during the maintenance period, including the ability to adjust priorities within agreed budgets and schedules: and
- (ii) shall report directly to the type commander concerned.
- (B) CONTRACTING OFFICERS.—Contracting officers shall support the decisions described in subparagraph (A)(i) by managing funds and contracts.
- (3) STABLE WORKFORCE AND INFRASTRUCTURE.—The Secretary of the Navy shall provide a stable, predictable workload to private shipyards and other critical suppliers through a multi-year, multi-ship contract by ship class—
- (A) to allow the shipyard and other critical suppliers to maintain a stable workforce;
- (B) to promote investment in the necessary facilities; and
- (C) to prevent layoffs and rehiring cycles that reduce efficiency.
- (4) SHIP-SPECIFIC ASSIGNMENTS.—The Secretary of the Navy shall ensure that specific shipyards shall have multi-year contracts for specified ships for repeated maintenance work to improve knowledge of ship condition and accelerate repairs, with excusable deviations such as homeport changes.
- (5) COLLABORATIVE PLANNING.—The Secretary of the Navy shall ensure that ship-yards, alterations installation teams (when assigned), and Navy teams, including project

- managers and port engineers, work together in continuous maintenance activities to plan maintenance and ensure realistic schedules and priorities.
- (6) ROLES FOR LARGE AND SMALL SHIP-YARDS.—The Secretary of the Navy shall ensure that—
- (A) criteria for multi-year awards place heavy emphasis on strong teaming between large and small shipyard businesses;
- (B) large and small shipyards establish multi-year teaming relationships and work in both the planning and execution phases of scheduled availabilities and emergency repairs; and
- (C) small shipyards have guaranteed work percentages and planning responsibilities.
- (7) PARTS AVAILABILITY.—The Secretary of the Navy shall establish rotatable pools and procure spare parts ahead of time to create a pool of parts that can be quickly used for repairs.
- (8) Training.—The Secretary of the Navy shall train program managers and port engineers for specific ship classes prior to assigning such individuals to complex maintenance availabilities.
- (9) FUNDING FOR WORKFORCE AND FACILITIES.—The Secretary of the Navy may allocate funds annually to private shipyards to sustain a minimum workforce and maintain repair facilities, in such amounts and under such conditions as the Secretary determines appropriate.
- (10) SMALL BUSINESS REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary of the Navy shall issue guidance to address set-aside requirements for small businesses that enables the roles for large and small shipyards described in paragraph (6).
- (c) IMPLEMENTATION FLEXIBILITY.—In carrying out this section, the Secretary of the Navy may—
- (1) determine specific methods, contract types, funding levels, and operational details consistent with the requirements and authorities under this section; and
- (2) adapt existing processes or develop new approaches to carry out such requirements and authorities.
- (d) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Navy shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report detailing the following:
- (1) How the Navy will implement the requirements of this section, including with respect to the roles of type commanders, regional maintenance centers, project managers, port engineers, ship commanding officers, and contracting officers.
- (2) The planned funding approach for workforce stability, shipyard assignments, and spare parts procurement.
- (3) A timeline for initial implementation, including any pilot programs, and full deployment across all regional maintenance centers.
- (4) Metrics to measure success, such as ontime completion of maintenance, cost control, and readiness improvements.
- (e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) PORT ENGINEER.—The term "port engineer" means the technical expert on a ship's condition who advises on repairs and standards
- (2) PROJECT MANAGER.—The term "project manager" means the individual responsible for overseeing a ship's maintenance period.
- (3) REGIONAL MAINTENANCE CENTER.—The term "regional maintenance center" means an organization of the Navy that supports ship maintenance in a specific region, such as in Norfolk, Virginia, San Diego, California, Mayport, Florida, Everett, Washington, and Pearl Harbor, Hawaii.
- (4) SHIP COMMANDING OFFICER.—The term "ship commanding officer" means the com-

- manding officer of a Navy surface ship undergoing maintenance.
- (5) TYPE COMMANDER.—The term "type commander" means the flag officer in charge of a surface force, such as Commander, Naval Surface Force Atlantic, and Commander, Naval Surface Force, Pacific Fleet.
- (f) SUNSET.—This section shall terminate on January 1, 2031.

### SEC. 322. TECHNOLOGY ENHANCEMENT FOR SURFACE SHIP MAINTENANCE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Navy shall investigate, and, as feasible, qualify, approve, integrate, and fully adopt into contract requirements advanced technologies and processes for Navy surface ship maintenance on an expedited timeline to enhance readiness, reduce costs, and address delays in maintenance and repair activities.
- (b) Specified Advanced Technologies and Processes.—In carrying out subsection (a), the Secretary of the Navy shall prioritize qualification of the following:
- (1) Automated weld inspection for robotic weld defect detection.
- (2) Real-time sustainment monitoring for sensor-based health tracking.
- (3) Advanced blast and painting for automated hull coating systems.
- (4) Press connect fittings for no-hot-work pipe repairs.
- (5) Robotic tank inspection for confined space condition assessments.
- (6) Additive manufacturing for on-demand 3D-printed parts.
- (7) Augmented reality support for augmented reality-guided repairs.
- (8) Cold spray repair for metal surface restoration.
- (9) Predictive maintenance algorithms for artificial intelligence-driven failure prediction.
- (10) Automated nondestructive testing for robotic material evaluation.
- (11) Autonomous underwater vehicles for hull inspection submersibles.
- (12) Digital twin technology for virtual ship modeling.
- (13) High-pressure waterjet cleaning for rust and paint removal.

  (14) Modular maintenance platforms for
- (14) Modular maintenance platforms for standardized repair setups.
  (15) Smart coatings for self-healing, anti-
- fouling surfaces.
  (16) Laser ablation for laser-based surface
- preparation.
  (17) Drone-based inspection for uncrewed structural surveys.
- (18) Electrochemical corrosion mitigation for corrosion prevention systems.
- (19) Smart pigging for internal pipe diagnostics.
- (20) Modular overhaul kits for pre-packaged repair solutions.
- (21) Plasma coating for durable surface protection.
- (22) High-velocity oxygen fuel coating for high-velocity wear protection.
- (23) Portable diagnostics for handheld troubleshooting tools.
  - (c) OPEN QUALIFICATION PROCESS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Navy shall establish a process for private entities to submit proposals for advanced technologies or processes not specified in subsection (b).
- (2) EVALUATION.—The Secretary of the Navy shall evaluate any proposal submitted pursuant to the process established under paragraph (1) not later than 90 days after the date of such submission.
- (3) PROPOSAL REQUIREMENTS.—A proposal submitted pursuant to the process established under paragraph (1) shall demonstrate potential to improve maintenance efficiency, safety, or cost-effectiveness.

- (4) QUALIFICATION DECISION.—The Secretary of the Navy shall make a qualification decision with respect to a proposal submitted pursuant to the process established under paragraph (1) based on technical merit and the need of the Navy.
  - (d) Third-party Review.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—For any advanced technology or process included in a proposal submitted pursuant to the process established under subsection (c) and not selected for qualification or approval, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment shall enter into a contract with an independent third-party reviewer to assess the decision.
- (2) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—A contract entered into under paragraph (1) shall require the independent third-party reviewer to, not later than 90 days after the date of the decision concerned, submit to Congress an unaltered report that—
- (A) evaluates the rationale of the Secretary:
- (B) states agreement or disagreement with the decision and rationale; and
- (C) includes recommendations if applicable.
- (e) PRIORITY.—The Secretary of the Navy may prioritize advanced technologies and processes under this section based on operational needs, budget constraints, and compatibility with existing systems, if the Secretary includes justifications for such prioritization in the report required by subsection (g).
- (f) UPDATES.—The Secretary of the Navy shall update policies, specifications, guidance, and contracts to integrate and fully adopt advanced technologies and processes as required by subsection (a).
- (g) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Navy shall submit to Congress a report detailing timelines to qualify and approve each advanced technology or process specified in subsection (b) and any additional advanced technologies or processes identified pursuant to the process established under subsection (c), including estimated implementation dates or justifications for non-pursuit.

# SEC. 323. DELEGATION TO UNITED STATES TRANSPORTATION COMMAND OF MITIGATING VULNERABILITIES AND RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH CONTESTED LOGISTICS FOR DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

- (a) In General.—On and after the date recommended under subsection (c)(2)(B)(v), the United States Transportation Command shall be responsible for—
- (1) mitigating vulnerabilities and risks associated with contested logistics for the Department of Defense on a global basis; and
- (2) planning and operations of the Joint Deployment and Distribution Enterprise (in this section referred to as the "JDDE") relating to contested logistics across all domains, including the movement of forces and material from the source of supply to the designated point of need of the commander of the combatant command receiving support.
- (b) REQUIRED COORDINATION.—In carrying out the responsibilities under subsection (a), the Commander of the United States Transportation Command shall coordinate with the Secretary of Defense, the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the secretaries of the military departments, the commanders of the combatant commands, the Director of the Defense Logistics Agency, the Director of National Intelligence, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the Secretary of Transportation.
  - (c) Reporting Requirement.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act,

- the Commander of the United States Transportation Command, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense, the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the Secretary of each military department, the commanders of the combatant commands, the Director of the Defense Logistics Agency, the Director of National Intelligence, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the Secretary of Transportation shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report that provides an in-depth gap assessment on the ability of the JDDE to project, maneuver, and sustain the joint force in contested environments and provide recommendations to resolve or mitigate those gaps.
- (2) ELEMENTS OF REPORT.—The report required under paragraph (1) shall—
- (A) be oriented on-
- (i) mitigating risks:
- (ii) improving the ability of the JDDE to operate in contested environments; and
- (iii) establishing the Commander of United States Transportation Command to be the element responsible for global contested logistics; and
  - (B) include-
- (i) a description of the organizational responsibilities of elements of the JDDE as of the date of the report and the ability of the JDDE to project, maneuver, and sustain the joint force;
- (ii) a description of the intent and capability of adversaries to the United States to disrupt the ability of the JDDE to project, maneuver, and sustain the joint force;
- (iii) a description of the responsibilities to protect the operations of the JDDE, to include physical protection and protection of command and control systems of the JDDE from cyber threats:
- (iv) recommendations for changes in statutes, authorities, resources, responsibilities, and processes within the JDDE to establish the Commander of United States Transportation Command to be the element responsible for global contested logistics; and
- (v) a recommended date, not later than one year after the date on which the report is submitted to the congressional defense committees, for the United States Transportation Command to assume responsibility for contested logistics from the source of supply to the designated point of need of the commander of the combatant command receiving support.
- (3) FORM.—The report required under paragraph (1) may be submitted in classified form, but if so, shall include an unclassified executive summary.
  - (d) Briefings.-
- (1) INTERIM BRIEFING.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commander of the United States Transportation Command shall provide to the congressional defense committees an interim briefing on the development of the report required under subsection (c).
- (2) FINAL BRIEFING.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Commander of the United States Transportation Command shall provide to the congressional defense committees a final briefing on the report required under subsection (c).
- (e) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Except to the extent that, before January 1, 2026, a responsibility specified in subsection (a) was a specific function of one of agencies or components specified in subsection (b), nothing under this section shall be construed as—
- (1) limiting any other function of those agencies or components; or
- (2) requiring the transfer of any function, personnel, or asset from those agencies or components to the United States Transportation Command.

(f) CONTESTED LOGISTICS DEFINED.—In this section, the term "contested logistics" means logistics that occur under conditions in which an adversary or competitor deliberately seeks or has sought to deny, disrupt, destroy, or defeat friendly force logistics operations, facilities, and activities across any of the multiple domains.

# SEC. 324. REQUIREMENTS FOR DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE AIRCRAFT OPERATIONS NEAR COMMERCIAL AIRPORTS.

- (a) RISK MITIGATION.—The Secretary of Defense shall require all aircraft of the Department of Defense that operate near commercial airports to be equipped with position broadcast technology and shall direct the development of standard operating procedures that maximize the use of such technology.
- (b) COORDINATION WITH FEDERAL AVIATION ADMINISTRATION.—The Secretary of Defense shall develop a program for sharing aviation safety data for aircraft of the Department of Defense, to include near misses and mishaps, with the Federal Aviation Administration.
  - (c) REPORTS ON NEAR MISSES.-
- (1) INITIAL REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the number of near misses that aircraft of the Department have had with commercial aircraft during the 10-year period preceding such date of enactment.
- (2) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter through 2030, the Secretary shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the number of near misses that aircraft of the Department have had with commercial aircraft during the previous fiscal year.
- (3) ELEMENTS.—Each report under this subsection shall include, with respect to each near miss covered under the report, the following:
- (A) The date, time, and location of the near miss.
- (B) A description of all aircraft involved in the near miss.
- (C) Any changes to protocols, standard operating procedures, or policy, as appropriate, that were made based on the near miss.
- (4) FORM OF REPORT.—Each report under this subsection shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

# SEC. 325. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF SEMIANNUAL BRIEFINGS ON OPERATIONAL STATUS OF AMPHIBIOUS WARSHIP FLEET.

Section 352 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 229) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a), by striking "September 30, 2026" and inserting "September 30, 2028"; and
- (2) in subsection (b), by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(6) Details regarding the maintenance and service life extension plan for the amphibious warship that retains an operationally available amphibious warship until the end of the Obligation and Work Limiting Date for the construction contract for a replacement amphibious warship, as necessary to meet the requirements under section 8062 of title 10, United States Code."

## SEC. 326. PROHIBITION ON CLOSURE OF ARMY ORGANIC INDUSTRIAL BASE SITES.

(a) PROHIBITION.—The Secretary of Defense shall not take any action to close, mothball, divest, deactivate, or otherwise render inoperable any facility that is part of the organic industrial base of the Army, including any depot, arsenal, ammunition plant, manufacturing center, or facility of a center of industrial and technical excellence, unless—

- (1) a similar or replacement facility has already been created; and
  - (2) the action is authorized—
- (A) in accordance with the provisions of this section; or
- (B) pursuant to an Act of Congress
- (b) SCOPE.—The prohibition in subsection (a) applies to all facilities operated or maintained as part of the organic industrial base of the Army, whether Government-owned and Government-operated or Government-owned and contractor-operated.
  - (c) EXCEPTION FOR SAFETY.-
- (1) In general.—The Secretary of Defense may suspend operations or limit access to a facility covered by this section if such action is necessary to address an imminent threat to the health and safety of personnel or to mitigate substantial environmental hazards.
- (2) REPORT REQUIRED.—The Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report that describes any action taken under paragraph (1) not later than 15 days after the date on which such suspension of operations or limitation of access is initiated.
  - (d) NATIONAL SECURITY WAIVER.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense may waive the prohibition under subsection (a) if the Secretary determines that such a waiver is necessary to address a critical national security interest of the United States.
- (2) NOTIFICATION REQUIRED.—Not later than 30 days prior to exercising the waiver under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees—
- (A) a written notification of the intent to waive the prohibition:
- (B) a detailed justification for the waiver, including an assessment of the national security interest at stake:
- (C) an evaluation of potential impacts to the readiness, industrial base capacity, and surge requirements of the Army; and
- (D) a description of any mitigation measures to be implemented.
  - (e) REPORTS REQUIRED.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for five years, the Secretary of the Army shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the status of all facilities in the organic industrial base of the Army.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—Each report required by paragraph (a) shall include—
- (A) a list of all facilities in the organic industrial base of the Army and the operational status of each facility;
- (B) any planned changes in mission, work-load, or operating status of each facility;
- (C) any planned investments or divestments that may affect the capability or capacity of any such facility; and
- (D) a description of any action by the Secretary of Defense taken pursuant to subsection (c) or (d) during the one-year period preceding submission of the report.
  - (f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) MOTHBALL.—The term "mothball" means placing a facility in inactive status while maintaining it in a condition such that it could be reactivated at some future time.
- (2) ORGANIC INDUSTRIAL BASE OF THE ARMY.— The term "organic industrial base of the Army" means the network of Government-owned facilities that provide manufacturing, maintenance, storage, and readiness support for Army materiel and munitions, including the facilities listed in the Army Organic Industrial Base Modernization Implementation Plan, dated April 12, 2022.

### SEC. 327. ESTABLISHMENT OF DEFENSE PER-SONAL PROPERTY MANAGEMENT OFFICE UNDER OFFICE OF THE UNDER SECRETARY OF DEFENSE FOR PERSONNEL AND READINESS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act—

- (1) the Defense Personal Property Management Office of the Department of Defense shall be established within the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness; and
- (2) the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness shall assume responsibility for all functions, personnel, and other matters of the Defense Personal Property Management Office.
- (b) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall prescribe regulations to implement subsection (a).
- (c) BRIEFING.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness shall brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the plan and timeline for the implementation of subsection (a).

# SEC. 328. INTEGRATION OF COMMERCIALLY AVAILABLE ARTIFICIAL INTEL-LIGENCE CAPABILITIES INTO LOGISTICS OPERATIONS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall facilitate the integration of currently available and suitable commercial artificial intelligence capabilities specifically designed to assist with logistics tracking, planning, operations, and analytics into two relevant and suitable exercises of the Department of Defense to be conducted during fiscal year 2026.
  - (b) Commercial Product.—
- (1) In general.—The Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the commander of the combatant command or commands overseeing the exercise selected under subsection (a), shall identify for such exercise a commercially available artificial intelligence product that is specifically designed to address logistics needs of the Department of Defense and meets the critical data security protocols outlined in subsection (c).
- (2) CAPABILITY OF PARTNER.—In selecting a commercial product under paragraph (1), the Secretary of Defense and the commander of the combatant command or commands concerned shall—
- (A) ensure that the commercial product acquired for such demonstration includes provision of capability to respond to potential software changes in an agile and rapid manner to ensure seamless integration and adaptability during the exercise; and
- (B) prioritize the consideration of a product provided by a small or nontraditional software focused firm.
- (c) DATA SECURITY.—The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that all necessary approvals are expedited to facilitate the secure use of data of the Department of Defense by commercial artificial intelligence providers during the exercises selected under subsection (a), including—
- (1) compliance with applicable cybersecurity policies and regulations of the Department; and
- (2) verification of measures to protect classified and sensitive information.
- (d) INTERIM BRIEFING.—Not later than March 1, 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall provide an interim briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives that includes—
- (1) identification of the specific exercises selected for demonstration, including the combatant commanders participating in this demonstration and identification of a point of contact within the combatant command responsible:
- (2) identification of the specific commercial artificial intelligence tool or tools to be demonstrated, including the contractual mean or other agreement used to facilitate the use of the commercial artificial intelligence tool;

- (3) notional timelines and resource needs for each demonstration; and
- (4) metrics to be used to assess the efficacy of such tools used in each demonstration.
- (e) Briefing.—Not later than 30 days after the conclusion of the exercises selected under subsection (a), the commander of the combatant command overseeing the exercise shall provide the congressional defense committees a briefing that includes the following:
- (1) An overview of the integration and use of commercial artificial intelligence capabilities during the exercise.
- (2) An assessment of the impact of such technologies on unit readiness and operational success.
- (3) Recommendations for further integration or development of artificial intelligence capabilities in future exercises and operations of the Department of Defense.

### SEC. 329. PILOT PROGRAM ON ARSENAL WORK-LOAD SUSTAINMENT.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT OF PILOT PROGRAM.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall establish a pilot program to be known as the "Arsenal Workload Sustainment Pilot Program" (in this section referred to as the "pilot program").
- referred to as the "pilot program").

  (b) DURATION.—The pilot program shall be conducted for a period of five years.
- (c) Preferences for Procurement Actions or Solicitations.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out the pilot program, the Secretary of Defense shall give a preference to any procurement action or solicitation by a non-public partner who will enter into a public-private partnership with the Secretary in the source selection process if such non-public partner will use an arsenal of the Department of the Army that is owned and operated by the United States Government as a partner in any type of contractual agreement with the United States Government.
- (2) FURTHER PREFERENCE.—In selecting non-public partners under paragraph (1), the Secretary of Defense shall give a preference to non-public partners that ensure an equitable workshare is performed under the partnership by employees of the Department of Defense to protect critical skills in the organic industrial base.
- (d) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall prescribe regulations governing how a non-public partner shall be given a preference required under subsection (c).
  - (e) REPORT REQUIRED.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on the activities carried out under the pilot program, including a description of any operational challenges identified.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The report required under paragraph (1) shall include the following:
- (A) A breakout, by relevant budget accounts, of workload at an arsenal of the Department of the Army that is owned and operated by the United States Government that was achieved in the prior fiscal year, whether directly or through public-private partnerships under the pilot program.
- (B) An assessment of relevant budget accounts where such an arsenal can be utilized to meet future procurement needs of the Department of Defense, irrespective of cost.
- (C) An outlook of expected workload at each such arsenal during the period covered by the future-years defense program submitted to Congress under section 221 of title 10. United States Code.
- (D) The capital investments required to be made at each such arsenal to ensure compliance and operational capacity.

- (f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the Committee on Armed Services and the Subcommittee on Defense of the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
- (B) the Committee on Armed Services and the Subcommittee on Defense of the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
- (2) NON-PUBLIC PARTNER.—The term "non-public partner" means a corporation, individual, university, or nonprofit organization that is not part of the United States Government.

### Subtitle D-Reports

SEC. 331. MODIFICATION OF REPORT ON IM-PROVED OVERSIGHT FOR IMPLE-MENTATION OF SHIPYARD INFRA-STRUCTURE OPTIMIZATION PRO-GRAM OF THE NAVY.

Section 355(c)(2)(A) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117-81; 10 U.S.C. 8013 note) is amended by inserting before the semicolon the following: ", and the incorporation of digital infrastructure (including hardware, software, and cloud storage) and platforms into such program".

### SEC. 332. MODIFICATION OF READINESS REPORT TO INCLUDE SUMMARY COUNT OF CERTAIN MISHAPS.

Section 482(b)(8) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking "Class A, Class B, and Class C mishaps" and inserting "Class A and Class B mishaps, and a summary count of all Class C mishaps."

SEC. 333. ANNUAL REPORT ON FUNDING AND STATUS OF INTERIM REMEDIAL ACTIONS OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE RELATING TO PERFLUOROALKYL AND POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES.

- (a) ANNUAL REPORT.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 160 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

# "\$ 2717. Annual report on perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this section, and annually thereafter, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the funding and status of interim remedial actions of the Department of Defense relating to perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances (in this section referred to as 'PFAS').
- "(b) ELEMENTS.—Each report required by subsection (a) shall include information regarding the following:
- "(1) The total amounts budgeted and obligated, for the current fiscal year and for any prior fiscal year, per site at each installation of the Department of Defense, for interim remedial actions of the Department relating to PFAS.
- "(2) In the case of each report after the initial report, the total amounts budgeted, obligated, and expended, per site at each installation, on such actions since the previous report.
- "(3) The general and operating status of interim remedial actions related to PFAS per site at each installation, including—
- "(A) a list of all announced or selected interim remedial actions, and for each such action, the function and role of the action with respect to addressing PFAS at the installation:
- "(B) for each action listed, a phase-specific status update, including whether—
- "(i) the design is pending, in progress, or completed;

- "(ii) contracting is pending, in solicitation, awarded, or delayed;
- "(iii) construction or execution has begun, is in progress, is completed, or is delayed;
- "(iv) the action is currently operating, including an assessment of the duration of such action and any performance metrics available:
- "(C) identification of actions that are onetime in nature (such as soil removal and disposal), and the status of each action;
- "(D) timelines for completion of each phase, including original projected timelines and any updates:
- "(E) for any phase delayed by more than one year beyond the original projection, a site-specific explanation for the delay; and
- "(F) identification of any administrative, regulatory, funding, or other barriers contributing to delays or budgetary effects, along with the plan of the Secretary to address each such barrier"
- (2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 2716 the following:

## "2717. Annual report on perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances.".

- (b) REQUIRED REMEDIATION ACCELERATION STRATEGY.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances remediation acceleration strategy, which shall include—
- (1) criteria for prioritizing military installations based on risk to human health, environmental impact, and proximity to affected communities:
- (2) timelines for completing each phase of the cleanup process under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601 et seq.);
- (3) a plan for deploying additional resources, technologies, or personnel to reduce delays, including an identification of—
- (A) the number of laboratories that are accredited by the Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program of the Department of Defense to test for PFAS; and
- (B) the number of laboratories that are in the process of being so accredited; and
- (4) benchmarks for evaluating performance of each military department or defense agency on response efforts relating to perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances.
- (c) Public Transparency.—
- (1) DASHBOARD.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall make publicly available an accessible online dashboard that includes the actions of the Department of Defense relating to perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The dashboard required under paragraph (1) shall include a summary of—
- (A) site-by-site funding levels and expenditures at each installation of the Department;
- (B) the status of remediation and investigation efforts:
- $\left(C\right)$  projected and actual completion timelines; and
- (D) points of contact for community engagement.
- (3) UPDATE.—The Secretary shall update the dashboard required under paragraph (1) not less frequently than semiannually.

### Subtitle E—Other Matters

SEC. 341. PROVISION OF SPORTS FOODS AND THIRD-PARTY CERTIFIED DIETARY SUPPLEMENTS TO MEMBERS OF THE UNITED STATES SPECIAL OPERATIONS COMMAND.

- (a) USE OF AMOUNTS.—The Secretary of Defense may use amounts appropriated to the Department of Defense for Major Force Program 11 for the procurement of sports foods and third-party certified dietary supplements and the distribution of such foods and supplements to members of the United States Special Operations Command (in this section referred to as the "USSOCOM").
  - (b) Acquisition and Distribution.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall authorize the USSOCOM to acquire sports foods and third-party certified dietary supplements and to distribute such foods and supplements to members of the USSOCOM, subject to the requirements under subsection
- (2) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to—  $\,$
- (A) augment morale, welfare, and recreation funds or activities; or
- (B) augment or replace the budget or services of dining facilities of the Department.
- (c) CRITERIA.—The Secretary shall ensure the Commander of the USSOCOM establishes requirements for the procurement and distribution of sports foods and third-party certified dietary supplements under this section and shall require compliance with Department of Defense Instruction 6130.06 (relating to the use of use of dietary supplements in the Department of Defense) and the Prohibited Dietary Supplement Ingredients List of the Department of Defense, or successor similar instruction or list, to ensure that—
- (1) dietary supplements procured under this section are certified by a non-Department third-party certifying organization that has been vetted by the Operation Supplement Safety program of the Department for end-product quality assurance, confirming no contaminants, ingredients, substances, or their synonyms prohibited by the Department:
- (2) sports foods procured under this section are free of ingredients, substances, and their synonyms prohibited by the Department; and
- (3) under the program guidance and oversight of a primary care sports medicine physician, sports foods and third-party certified dietary supplements are acquired by units of the USSOCOM and distributed by credentialed and privileged registered (performance) dietitians or medical clinicians with prescribing authority (such as a medical doctor, doctor of osteopathic medicine, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner) assigned to or supporting the USSOCOM at the operational unit level.
- (d) REPORT.—Not later than September 30, 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report that assesses the feasibility and advisability of expanding the authority under this section for the procurement and distribution of sports foods and third-party certified dietary supplements to include the military departments.
  - (e) Definitions.—In this section:
- (1) DIETARY SUPPLEMENT.—The term "dietary supplement" has the meaning given that term in section 201(ff) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 321(ff)) and requires nutrition labeling in the form of a "Supplement Facts Panel".
- (2) Sports foods.—The term ''sports foods'' means food products—
- (A) intended to deliver essential energy (calories) and nutrients at the right time to members of the USSOCOM to ensure critical combat and medical readiness; and

(B) containing nutrition labeling in the form of a "Nutrition Facts Panel".

### SEC. 342. LIMITATION ON USE OF FUNDS TO ES-TABLISH OR EXPAND SPACE FORCE SPECIAL OPERATIONS COMPONENT COMMAND.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for Major Force Program 11 for the United States Special Operations Command shall be obligated or expended to establish or expand a Space Force Special Operations Component Command until the date that is 30 days after the date on which the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Special Operations and Low-Intensity Conflict and the Commander of the United States Special Operations Command, in consultation with the Chief of Space Operations, jointly submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives the report required by subsection (b).
- (b) REPORT.—The report required under this subsection shall include, at a minimum, the following:
- (1) An articulation of the requirement for a Space Force Special Operations Component Command.
- (2) A funding profile, across the futureyears defense program submitted under section 221 of title 10, United States Code, for the establishment of a Space Force Special Operations Component Command, including a delineation of funds required under Major Force Program 2 and Major Force Program 11.
- (3) A timeline and conditions for achieving initial and full operational capability for a Space Force Special Operations Component Command.
- (4) An identification of the military, civilian, and contractor personnel required for a Space Force Special Operations Component Command at initial and full operational capability.
- (5) An identification of the facilities requirements for a Space Force Special Operations Component Command at initial and full operational capability.
- (6) An explanation of how and when the Secretary of Defense and the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Special Operations and Low-Intensity Conflict have documented approval for the establishment of a Space Force Special Operations Component Command.
- (7) An explanation of the administrative and command relationships between a Space Force Special Operations Component Command and the United States Special Operations Command, United States Space Command, and the Space Force.
- (8) Any other matters determined relevant by the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Special Operations and Low-Intensity Conflict and the Commander of the United States Special Operations Command.

#### SEC. 343. REQUIREMENTS FOR CONTRACTS RE-LATING TO PERMANENT CHANGE OF STATION MOVING PROCESS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—For any renegotiation of the contract under the Global Household Goods Contract in place as of the date of the enactment of this Act, or negotiation of a new contract under the Global Household Goods Contract or any successor program or contract, the Secretary of Defense shall require that the following oversight mechanisms are included in the final contract agreement:
- (1) The prime contractor shall submit to the Secretary a summary document outlining the key terms and conditions of each subcontract agreement related to capacity, performance, and compliance with the contract requirements, which shall include the following:

- (A) The guaranteed capacity of each sub-contractor (including location, volume, and peak season commitment).
- (B) Performance metrics and service level agreements applicable to each subcontractor
- (C) Provisions for monitoring and enforcing subcontractor performance.
- (D) Termination clauses and penalties for noncompliance.
- (E) Data sharing and security requirements.
- (2) Each subcontractor shall provide to the prime contractor, upon request, certifications and copies of training completion relating to compliance with requirements under the contract.
- (3) The prime contractor shall submit to the Secretary regular performance reports on its subcontractors, including metrics related to on-time pickup, on-time delivery, damage claim rates, customer satisfaction, and compliance with contract requirements.
- (4) The prime contractor shall submit to the Secretary a subcontractor management plan outlining its processes for selecting, monitoring, and managing subcontractors, including a description of how the prime contractor ensures subcontractor compliance with all applicable laws, regulations, and contract requirements.
- (5) The prime contractor shall maintain a robust risk management plan that addresses potential disruptions to the subcontractor network, such as financial instability, natural disasters, or labor disputes.
- (6) Not less frequently than monthly, the prime contractor shall submit to the Secretary the subcontractor rating system used by the prime contractor, with current scoring results under such system.
- (7) The prime contractor shall submit to the Secretary the subcontractor rates for each move under the contract.
- (8) The prime contractor shall establish clear escalation procedures for addressing subcontractor performance issues, including steps for resolving disputes, implementing corrective actions, and terminating non-performing subcontractors.
- (9) The Federal Government shall be permitted to audit subcontractor records with reasonable notice to the prime contractor.
- (10) The contract shall incorporate a fixedprice contract line item number for monthly overhead, separating it from the rates associated with the costs of moves.
- (11) The prime contractor shall establish a database that the Secretary can access on a real-time basis to ensure compliance with this section.
- (b) CONSIDERATIONS FOR SUCCESSOR CONTRACTS.—For any successor contract to the Global Household Goods Contract entered into after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall consider, during development of an acquisition strategy and execution strategy, in addition to the requirements under subsection (a), the following:
- (1) The incorporation of a fixed-price contract line item number for monthly overhead, separating it from the rates associated with the costs of moves.
- (2) Contracts under the Federal Acquisition Regulation for lanes that account for more than one percent of total permanent change of station move volume and tender of service contracts for the remaining lanes.
- (3) Tiered incentive awards for higher levels of capacity
- (4) The establishment of a database that the Secretary can access on a real-time basis to ensure compliance with this section.
- (c) INCORPORATION OF PROPOSALS.—The Secretary may incorporate any proposal of the prime contractor into a final contract negotiated or renegotiated under this section

that ensures advertised performance capabilities are met.

# SEC. 344. LIMITATION ON TRANSFORMATION BY THE ARMY OF PRIMARY HELI-COPTER TRAINING PROGRAM AT FORT RUCKER, ALABAMA.

None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act for fiscal year 2026 to the Army may be obligated or expended for the solicitation for proposals or to award a contract for the implementation of any transformation of the Initial Entry Rotary Wing training program at Fort Rucker, Alabama, until—

- (1) the completion of the Part 141 Helicopter Flight School Training Pilot proof of concept plan conducted by the Department of the Army and the Federal Aviation Administration, including—
- (A) all three phases of Initial Entry Rotary Wing Training Phases 1 & 2 and Phase 3 Warfighter Tactical Training Phase; and
- (B) the evaluation of the effectiveness of the training pilot, which shall include the results of six classes of eight students each (48 students total) and is scheduled to be completed in May 2026;
- (2) the Secretary of the Army (in this section referred to as the "Secretary") has fully assessed and validated the outcomes of such training pilot, including cost, operational effectiveness, safety, and training efficacy;
- (3) the Secretary submits to the congressional defense committees a report detailing the results of such training pilot and the rationale for any proposed changes to training systems or platforms resulting from such training pilot:
- (4) an independent assessment of the business case analysis and implementation plan for such transformation has been conducted by the Office of Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation of the Office of the Secretary of Defense, which shall include—
- (A) an analysis of the cost to produce an aviator qualified under Initial Entry Rotary Wing Training Phases 1 & 2 utilizing the current training model and aircraft as well as the cost to produce such an aviator utilizing the helicopter flight school training proof of concept model and aircraft;
- (B) an assessment of the risks and benefits of outsourcing Initial Entry Rotary Wing training requirements;
- (C) total costs for the existing training ecosystem for Initial Entry Rotary Wing; and
- (D) an identification of measures taken to mitigate costs and enhance training within the existing training ecosystem:
- (5) the Secretary submits to the congressional defense committees a report containing the results of such assessment and a detailed justification of how the findings from such assessment support proceeding with any such transformation; and
- (6) the Secretary briefs the congressional defense committees on—
- (A) the outcomes and findings of the training pilot specified in paragraph (1);
- (B) an assessment of the cost-effectiveness and operational and training readiness resulting from the training pilot;
- (C) any recommendations for future procurement or contracting activity related to training initiatives similar to the training pilot; and
- (D) the course of action proposed by the Secretary relating to any such transformation.

#### SEC. 345. CONVEYANCE OF CERTAIN AIRCRAFT FROM AIR FORCE TO ARIZONA AVIA-TION HISTORICAL GROUP, PHOENIX, APIZONA

(a) AUTHORITY.—The Secretary of the Air Force (in this section referred to as the "Secretary") may convey to the Arizona Aviation Historical Group, Phoenix, Arizona

(in this section referred to as the "Group"), all right, title, and interest of the United States in five T-37B trainer aircraft and any available spare parts for such aircraft that the Secretary has determined are surplus to need.

(b) CONVEYANCE AT NO COST TO THE UNITED STATES.—The conveyance of an aircraft under subsection (a) shall be made at no cost to the United States. Any costs associated with such conveyance, costs of determining compliance with terms of the conveyance, and costs of operation and maintenance of the aircraft conveyed shall be borne by the Group.

#### SEC. 346. LIMITATION ON USE OF FUNDS BY THE ARMY UNTIL SUBMITTAL OF PLAN TO INTEGRATE JOINT MUNITIONS COMMAND AND ARMY SUSTAINMENT COMMAND.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—None of the funds authorized to be appropriated to the Army for fiscal year 2026 may be used to restructure the commands of the Army until the Secretary submits to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report regarding the proposed plan of the Secretary to integrate the Joint Munitions Command and the Army Sustainment Command.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The report required by subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) A detailed comparison of the old organizational structures of the commands of the Army compared with the proposed new integration construct for such organizational structures, including any changes to reporting chains, leadership roles, and workforce.
- (2) The planned timeline for implementation of such integration.
- (3) Any plans for changing the numbers, duty locations, or responsibilities of personnel under the Joint Munitions Command and the Army Sustainment Command.
- (4) A mission justification for the proposed integration.
- (5) An assessment of the short-term and long-term impacts of the proposed integration on the readiness of the Army and the Department of Defense to conduct the missions of the Joint Munitions Command and the Army Sustainment Command and the plan of the Army for mitigating those impacts.

# SEC. 347. LIMITATION ON USE OF CERTAIN FUNDS OF THE AIR FORCE UNTIL ACQUISITION STRATEGY SUBMITTED TO MAINTAIN AIRBORNE COMMAND POST CAPABILITY.

Of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2026 for operation and maintenance, Air Force, and available to the Office of the Secretary of the Air Force for travel purposes, not more than 80 percent may be obligated or expended until the date on which the Secretary, in consultation with the Commander of the United States Strategic Command, submits to the congressional defense committees a report on the acquisition strategy of the Air Force to maintain the Airborne Command Post capability, including—

- (1) options to expand production of the C-130J-30 Super Hercules to provide additional airframes to preserve the Airborne Command Post capability; and
- (2) an outline of the future relationship of the Airborne Command Post capability with the Secondary Launch Platform-Airborne effort.

# SEC. 348. PILOT PROGRAM FOR CONTRACTED AMPHIBIOUS AIR RESOURCES FOR THE AREA OF RESPONSIBILITY OF THE UNITED STATES INDO-PACIFIC COMMAND.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense, in conjunction with the Secretary of the

Navy and the Commander of the United States Indo-Pacific Command, may establish and maintain a pilot program for the contracted operation of a fleet of commercial amphibious aviation resources to be made available to the commanders of the combatant commands and the commanders of other components of the Department of Defense for mission tasking within the area of responsibility of the United States Indo-Pacific Command.

- (b) FIELDING AND ADJUDICATING MISSION REQUESTS.—The Commander of the United States Indo-Pacific Command shall establish a process to field and adjudicate mission requests pursuant to the pilot program under subsection (a) in a timely manner.
- (c) SUNSET.—The authority to carry out the pilot program under subsection (a) shall terminate on the date that is three years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

# SEC. 349. NAMING OF CERTAIN ASSETS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE IN THE COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall implement the naming recommendations for assets of the Department of Defense in the Commonwealth of Virginia that were adopted by the Commission
- (b) PROHIBITION RELATING TO OVERRIDING RECOMMENDATIONS.—The Secretary of Defense may not change the name of an asset of the Department of Defense in the Commonwealth of Virginia that was adopted by the Commission to any name other than the name that was adopted.
- (c) COMMISSION DEFINED.—In this section, the term "Commission" means the commission established under section 370(b) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283; 10 U.S.C. 113 note).

## TITLE IV—MILITARY PERSONNEL AUTHORIZATIONS

### Subtitle A—Active Forces

### SEC. 401. END STRENGTHS FOR ACTIVE FORCES.

The Armed Forces are authorized strengths for active duty personnel as of September 30, 2026, as follows:

- (1) The Army, 454,000.
- (2) The Navy, 344,600.
- (3) The Marine Corps, 172,300.
- (4) The Air Force, 321,500.
- (5) The Space Force, 10,400.

### Subtitle B—Reserve Forces

### SEC. 411. END STRENGTHS FOR SELECTED RESERVE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Armed Forces are authorized strengths for Selected Reserve personnel of the reserve components as of September 30, 2026, as follows:
- (1) The Army National Guard of the United States, 328,000.
- (2) The Army Reserve, 172,000.
- (3) The Navy Reserve, 57,500.
- (4) The Marine Corps Reserve, 33,600.
- (5) The Air National Guard of the United States, 106,300.
  - (6) The Air Force Reserve, 67,500
- (7) The Coast Guard Reserve, 7,000.
- (b) END STRENGTH REDUCTIONS.—The end strengths prescribed by subsection (a) for the Selected Reserve of any reserve component shall be proportionately reduced by—
- (1) the total authorized strength of units organized to serve as units of the Selected Reserve of such component which are on active duty (other than for training) at the end of the fiscal year; and
- (2) the total number of individual members not in units organized to serve as units of the Selected Reserve of such component who are on active duty (other than for training or for unsatisfactory participation in training)

without their consent at the end of the fiscal year

(c) END STRENGTH INCREASES.—Whenever units or individual members of the Selected Reserve for any reserve component are released from active duty during any fiscal year, the end strength prescribed for such fiscal year for the Selected Reserve of such reserve component shall be increased proportionately by the total authorized strengths of such units and by the total number of such individual members.

# SEC. 412. END STRENGTHS FOR RESERVES ON ACTIVE DUTY IN SUPPORT OF THE RESERVES.

Within the end strengths prescribed in section 411(a), the reserve components of the Armed Forces are authorized, as of September 30, 2026, the following number of Reserves to be serving on full-time active duty or full-time duty, in the case of members of the National Guard, for the purpose of organizing, administering, recruiting, instructing, or training the reserve components:

- (1) The Army National Guard of the United States, 30,845.
- (2) The Army Reserve, 16,511.
- (3) The Navy Reserve, 10,132.
- (4) The Marine Corps Reserve, 2,400.
- (5) The Air National Guard of the United States, 25,982.
- (6) The Air Force Reserve, 6.311.

### SEC. 413. END STRENGTHS FOR MILITARY TECHNICIANS (DUAL STATUS).

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The minimum number of military technicians (dual status) as of the last day of fiscal year 2026 for the reserve components of the Army and the Air Force (notwithstanding section 129 of title 10, United States Code) shall be the following:
- (1) For the Army National Guard of the United States, 22,294.
  - (2) For the Army Reserve, 6,492.
- (3) For the Air National Guard of the United States, 10,744.
  - (4) For the Air Force Reserve, 6,697.
- (b) LIMITATION ON NUMBER OF TEMPORARY MILITARY TECHNICIANS (DUAL STATUS).—The number of temporary military technicians (dual status) employed under the authority of subsection (a) may not exceed 25 percent of the total authorized number specified in such subsection.
- (c) LIMITATION.—Under no circumstances may a military technician (dual status) employed under the authority of this section be coerced by a State into accepting an offer of realignment or conversion to any other military status, including as a member of the Active, Guard, and Reserve component. If a military technician (dual status) declines to participate in such realignment or conversion, no further action will be taken against the individual or the individual's position.

#### SEC. 414. MAXIMUM NUMBER OF RESERVE PER-SONNEL AUTHORIZED TO BE ON AC-TIVE DUTY FOR OPERATIONAL SUP-PORT.

During fiscal year 2026, the maximum number of members of the reserve components of the Armed Forces who may be serving at any time on full-time operational support duty under section 115(b) of title 10, United States Code, is the following:

- (1) The Army National Guard of the United States, 17,000.
- (2) The Army Reserve, 13,000.
- (3) The Navy Reserve, 6,200.
- (4) The Marine Corps Reserve, 3,000.
- (5) The Air National Guard of the United States, 16,000.
  - (6) The Air Force Reserve, 14,000.

# Subtitle C—Authorization of Appropriations SEC. 421. MILITARY PERSONNEL.

(a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2026 for the use of the Armed Forces and other activities and agencies of the Department of Defense for expenses, not otherwise provided for, for military personnel, as specified in the funding table in section 4401.

(b) CONSTRUCTION OF AUTHORIZATION.—The authorization of appropriations in the subsection (a) supersedes any other authorization of appropriations (definite or indefinite) for such purpose for fiscal year 2026.

### TITLE V—MILITARY PERSONNEL POLICY Subtitle A—Officer Personnel Policy

### SEC. 501. STATUTORY ADJUSTMENT TO REFLECT TRANSFER OF CERTAIN GENERAL OFFICER BILLETS FROM THE AIR FORCE TO THE SPACE FORCE.

Section 526(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (3), by striking "171" and inserting "168"; and
- (2) in paragraph (5), by striking "21" and inserting "24".

### SEC. 502. NOTICE OF REMOVAL OF JUDGE ADVOCATES GENERAL.

(a) ARMY.—Section 7037 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

"(f) If the Judge Advocate General is removed from office before the end of the term of the Judge Advocate General as specified in subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense shall, not later than five days before the removal takes effect, submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives notice that the Judge Advocate General is being removed and a statement of the reason for the removal."

(b) NAVY.—Section 8088 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

"(f) If the Judge Advocate General is removed from office before the end of the term of the Judge Advocate General as specified in subsection (b), the Secretary of Defense shall, not later than five days before the removal takes effect, submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives notice that the Judge Advocate General is being removed and a statement of the reason for the removal."

(c) AIR FORCE.—Section 9037 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

"(g) If the Judge Advocate General is removed from office before the end of the term of the Judge Advocate General as specified in subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense shall, not later than five days before the removal takes effect, submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives notice that the Judge Advocate General is being removed and a statement of the reason for the removal."

### SEC. 503. QUALIFICATIONS FOR JUDGE ADVOCATES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 806 of title 10, United States Code (article 6 of the Uniform Code of Military Justice) is amended—
- (1) by redesignating subsections (a) through (d) as subsections (b) through (e), respectively;
- (2) by inserting before subsection (b), as redesignated by paragraph (1), the following new subsection:
- "(a)(1) Judge advocates subject to this chapter must be—
- "(A) admitted to the practice of law before the highest court of a State, Territory, Commonwealth, or the District of Columbia, and maintain an active license to practice before such court:
- "(B) subject to the jurisdiction's disciplinary review process; and
- "(C) in compliance with such other requirements as the cognizant authority has set to remain eligible to practice law.

- "(2) The Judge Advocates General of the Army, Navy, Air Force, and Coast Guard and the Staff Judge Advocate to the Commandant of the Marine Corps may suspend the authority of judge advocates in their respective services to perform legal duties if such officers become noncompliant with the requirements in paragraph (1). Judge advocates and legal officers suspended or disarred from the practice of law within a jurisdiction shall not perform legal duties."
  - (3) Conforming amendments.—
- (A) TRIAL COUNSEL AND DEFENSE COUNSEL.— Section 827(b) of title 10, United States Code (article 27(b) of the Uniform Code of Military Justice) is amended by amending paragraph (1) to read as follows:
- ''(1) must be a judge advocate who is qualified under section 806(a)(1) of this title (article 6(a)(1)); and''.
- (B) SPECIAL TRIAL COUNSEL.—Section 824a(b)(1) of title 10, United States Code (article 24a(b)(1) of the Uniform Code of Military Justice) is amended by amending subparagraph (A) to read as follows:
- "(A) is a judge advocate who is qualified under section 806(a)(1) of this title (article 6(a)(1)); and".

# SEC. 504. MODIFICATION OF WAIVER AUTHORITY RELATED TO JOINT QUALIFIED OFFICER REQUIREMENT PRIOR TO PROMOTION TO GENERAL OR FLAG GRADE.

Section 619a(b)(3) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) by striking subparagraph (A); and

(2) redesignating subparagraphs (B) and (C) as subparagraphs (A) and (B), respectively.

### SEC. 505. NOTIFICATION OF REMOVAL OF OFFI-CERS FROM SELECTION BOARD RE-PORTS AND PROMOTION LISTS.

- (a) REGULAR COMPONENTS.—
- (1) SELECTION BOARD REPORTS.—Section 618(d) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(3) The Secretary of Defense shall notify the congressional defense committees of the removal of the name of an officer from the report of a selection board by the President or the Secretary or Deputy Secretary of Defense under paragraph (1) or paragraph (2), respectively, for any reason other than misconduct—
- "(A) not later than 30 days after the name of an officer is removed; and
- "(B) prior to submission to the Senate of a promotion list with respect to such report pursuant to section 624(c) of this title.".
- (2) PROMOTION LISTS.—Section 629(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following: "The President shall notify the congressional defense committees not later than 30 days after removing the name of an officer from such list for any reason other than misconduct."
- (b) RESERVE COMPONENTS.—Section 14111(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(3) The Secretary of Defense shall notify the congressional defense committees of the removal of the name of an officer from the report of a selection board by the President or the Secretary or Deputy Secretary of Defense under paragraph (1) or paragraph (2), respectively, for any reason other than misconduct—
- "(A) not later than 30 days after the name of an officer is removed; and
- "(B) prior to submission to the Senate of a promotion list with respect to such report pursuant to section 12203 of this title.".

## SEC. 506. SPACE FORCE GENERAL OFFICER MANAGEMENT.

(a) DISTRIBUTION OF COMMISSIONED OFFICERS ON ACTIVE SERVICE IN GENERAL OFFICER GRADES.—Section 525 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a)—
- (A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by inserting "or the Space Force officer list" after "officer on the active duty list"; and
- (B) in paragraph (5)—
- (i) in subparagraph (A), by striking "officers in the grade of general" and inserting "officers on sustained duty orders in the grade of general";
- (ii) in subparagraph (B), by striking "officers in a grade above" and inserting "officers on sustained duty orders in a grade above"; and
- (iii) in subparagraph (C), by striking "officers in the grade" and inserting "officers on sustained duty orders in the grade"; and
- (2) in subsection (h), by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(3) The limitations of this section do not apply to a Space Force general officer serving in a Space Force active status but not on sustained duty orders, and who is on active service for a period in excess of 365 days but not to exceed three years. Unless authorized by the Secretary of Defense, the number of Space Force general officers covered by this subsection and not serving in a joint duty assignment for purposes of chapter 38 of this title may not exceed two. Not later than 30 days after authorizing more than two Space Force general officers covered by this subsection, the Secretary of Defense shall provide the notification required in accordance with paragraph (2)."
- (b) AUTHORIZED STRENGTH OF SPACE FORCE GENERAL OFFICERS ON ACTIVE SERVICE.—Section 526 of such title is amended—
  - (1) in subsection (c)-
- (A) in the subsection heading, by inserting "AND OF THE SPACE FORCE" after "COMPONENTS":
- (B) in paragraph (1), by inserting "or of the Space Force" after "a reserve component";
- (C) in paragraph (2), by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
- "(D) The Secretary of the Air Force may authorize not more than two of the general officers authorized to serve in the Space Force under section 20110 of this title to serve on active service for a period of at least 180 days and not longer than 365 days."; and
- (D) in paragraph (3)(A), by inserting ", or a Space Force general officer in a Space Force active status not on sustained duty," after "a reserve component"; and
  - (2) in subsection (d)-
- (A) in paragraph (1), by striking "officer; or" and inserting "officer;";
- (B) in paragraph (2), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; or"; and
- (C) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(3) a Space Force officer in the grade of brigadier general or above who is pending transition off of sustained duty orders, but only during the 60-day period preceding the end date of such orders."
- (c) STRENGTH IN GRADE: SPACE FORCE GENERAL OFFICERS IN A SPACE FORCE ACTIVE STATUS NOT ON SUSTAINED DUTY.—Chapter 2003 of such title is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

# "\$ 20110. Strength in grade: Space Force general officers in a Space Force active status, not on sustained duty

- "(a) AUTHORIZED STRENGTH.—The authorized strength of general officers in the Space Force serving in a Space Force active status but not on sustained duty is five.
- "(b) EXCLUSIONS.—The following Space Force general officers shall not be counted for purposes of this section:
- "(1) Those counted under section 526 of this title.
- "(2) Those serving in a joint duty assignment for purposes of chapter 38 of this title,

except that the number of officers who may be excluded under this paragraph may not exceed two

"(c) PERMANENT GRADE.—A Space Force general officer may not be reduced in permanent grade because of a reduction in the number authorized under subsection (a).

"(d) TEMPORARY EXCLUSION.—The limitations of subsection (a) do not apply to an officer released from a joint duty assignment, or other non-joint active service assignment, but only during the 60-day period beginning on the date the officer departs the joint duty or other active service assignment. The Secretary of Defense may authorize the Secretary of the Air Force to extend the 60-day period by an additional 120 days, except that not more than three Space Force officers may be covered by an extension under this subsection at the same time."

# SEC. 507. TEMPORARY INCREASE IN FISCAL YEAR PERCENTAGE LIMITATION FOR REDUCTION OR WAIVER OF SERVICE IN-GRADE REQUIREMENT FOR GENERAL AND FLAG OFFICERS TO BE RETIRED IN PAY GRADES O-7 AND O-

During the period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act and ending on September 30, 2027, the percentage limitation in section 1370(b)(5)(C) of title 10, United States Code, shall be equal to 15 percent of the authorized active-duty strength for that fiscal year for officers of that Armed Force in the applicable grade.

# Subtitle B—Reserve Component Management SEC. 511. EXPANSION OF AUTHORITY TO WAIVE LIMITATIONS ON RELEASE OF RESERVES FROM ACTIVE DUTY WITHIN TWO YEARS OF RETIREMENT ELIGIBILITY.

Section 12686(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking "an order to active duty that specifies a period of less than 180 days" and inserting "an order to active duty that specifies a period of less than 365 days".

### SEC. 512. DISESTABLISHMENT OF NAVY RESERVE CENTER SYSTEM.

The Secretary of the Navy (or a designee of the Secretary) shall—

- (1) direct the disestablishment of the Navy Reserve Center system:
- (2) transfer all Navy reserve administrative readiness functions to the responsibility and cognizance of Navy reserve unit commanding officers or Navy reserve community directors, as appropriate; and
- (3) reassign each member of an active or reserve component of the Navy assigned to the Navy Reserve Center system as of the date of the enactment of this Act within the active or reserve component of the member or transfer the member to the inactive reserve, as applicable.

### SEC. 513. NATIONAL GUARD PERSONNEL AUTHORITIES.

- (a) Army National Guard.—Under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Army—  $\,$
- (1) an officer of the Army National Guard who fills a vacancy in a federally recognized unit of the Army National Guard may be transferred from the active Army National Guard to the inactive Army National Guard;
- (2) an officer of the Army National Guard transferred to the inactive Army National Guard pursuant to paragraph (1) may be transferred from the inactive Army National Guard to the active Army National Guard to fill a vacancy in a federally recognized unit:
- (3) a warrant officer of the Army National Guard who fills a vacancy in a federally recognized unit of the Army National Guard may be transferred from the active Army National Guard to the inactive Army National Guard; and
- (4) a warrant officer of the Army National Guard transferred to the inactive Army Na-

tional Guard pursuant to paragraph (1) may be transferred from the inactive Army National Guard to the active Army National Guard to fill a vacancy in a federally recognized unit.

- (b) AIR NATIONAL GUARD.—Under regulations prescribed by the Secretary of the Air Force—
- (1) an officer of the Air National Guard who fills a vacancy in a federally recognized unit of the Air National Guard may be transferred from the active Air National Guard to the inactive Air National Guard; and
- (2) an officer of the Air National Guard transferred to the inactive Air National Guard pursuant to paragraph (1) may be transferred from the inactive Air National Guard to the active Air National Guard to fill a vacancy in a federally recognized unit.

  SEC. 514. NATIONAL GUARD PERSONNEL DISASTER RESPONSE DUTY.

Chapter 3 of title 32, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) by redesignating section 329 as section 330; and
- (2) by inserting after section 328 the following new section:

## "§ 329. Active Guard and Reserve duty: disaster response duty

"(a) DISASTER RESPONSE AUTHORITY.— When a Governor has declared an emergency due to a disaster, the Secretary of Defense may authorize the Governor to direct National Guard personnel serving under section 328 of this title to perform duties in response to, or in preparation for, such disaster.

"(b) REQUIREMENTS.—The disaster response duty described in subsection (a)—

"(1) may be performed to the extent that the performance of the duty does not interfere with the performance of the member's primary Active Guard and Reserve duties of organizing, administering, recruiting, instructing, and training the reserve components; and

"(2) shall not exceed 14 days per person per calendar year unless the President has declared a disaster under title IV of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 5170 et seq.).

"(c) LIABILITY.—A member described in subsection (a) is not an instrumentality of the United States with respect to any act or omission in carrying out a disaster response duty pursuant to this section. The United States shall not be responsible for any claim or judgment arising from the use of National Guard personnel under this section.

"(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

"(1) The term 'disaster response duty' means duty performed by a member of the National Guard at the direction of the Governor of the State and pursuant to an emergency declaration by such Governor in response to a disaster or in preparation for an imminent disaster.

"(2) The term 'State' means each of the several States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, and the United States Virgin Islands.".

### Subtitle C—General Service Authorities and Military Records

### SEC. 521. CHIEF OF NAVAL PERSONNEL.

Section 8081 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

"(c) The Chief of Naval Personnel shall be responsible for overall management, oversight, and administration of Navy military and civilian employees.".

# SEC. 522. ENHANCED EFFICIENCY AND SERVICE DISCRETION FOR DISABILITY EVALUATION SYSTEM REVIEWS.

(a) SECRETARIAL DISCRETION AND STATE-MENTS OF CONTENTION FOR APPEALS TO PHYS-ICAL EVALUATION BOARD DETERMINATIONS OF FITNESS FOR DUTY.—Section 524 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117-81; 10 U.S.C. 1071 note) is amended—

- (1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking "Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary" and inserting "The Secretary";
- (2) in paragraph (1), by adding at the end the following: "The Secretary concerned may require submission of a statement of contention as part of the appeal submission."; and
- (3) by amending paragraph (2) to read as follows:
- "(2) If the member submits a formal appeal, the Secretary concerned shall conduct a fitness for duty determination consisting of either a records review or an impartial appellate hearing, as determined by the Secretary."
- (b) STATEMENTS OF CONTENTION FOR PHYSICAL EVALUATION BOARDS.—Section 1214 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking "if he demands it." and inserting "if the member demands it. The Secretary concerned may require submission of a statement of contention as part of the demand.".

# SEC. 523. TECHNICAL CORRECTION RELATED TO CONVALESCENT LEAVE FOR ACADEMY CADETS AND MIDSHIPMEN.

Section 702 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) by redesignating subsections (c), (d), and (e) as subsections (d), (e), and (f), respectively;
- (2) by inserting after subsection (b) the following new subsection:
- "(c) CONVALESCENT LEAVE.—An academy cadet or midshipman diagnosed with a medical condition is allowed convalescent leave under section 701(m) of this title."; and
- (3) in subsection (d), as redesignated by paragraph (1), by striking "Sections 701" and inserting "Except as provided under subsection (c), sections 701".

## SEC. 524. RECOGNITION OF REMOTELY PILOTED AIRCRAFT CREW.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretaries of the military departments, in consultation with the Secretary of Veterans Affairs, shall establish a status identifier or equivalent recognition to denote the combat participation of remotely piloted aircraft (RPA) crew members who conduct operations in direct support of combat missions. The identifier shall be designed to enable appropriate consideration by the Department of Veterans Affairs in the administration of benefits and services that account for combat-related service, consistent with how traditional combat designators are treated.
- (b) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to require the Department of Defense to categorize service described in subsection (a) as equivalent to service involving physical presence in a combat zone

## Subtitle D—Military Justice and Other Legal Matters

### SEC. 531. NOTIFICATION OF MILITARY SEX OF-FENDERS AT MILITARY INSTALLA-TIONS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall establish and implement a policy to ensure that registered sex offenders that reside or work on military installations are identified to the respective military community, including, as necessary, through agreements with State and local law enforcement agencies.
- (b) REPORT ON DESIGNATION OF DEPART-MENT OF DEFENSE AS JURISDICTION UNDER SORNA.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and

the House of Representatives a report assessing the advisability and desirability of designating the Department of Defense as a jurisdiction for purposes of notification requirements under the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act (title I of Public Law 109–248: 42 U.S.C. 16901 et seq.).

#### SEC. 532. QUARTERLY REPORTS ON SEXUAL AS-SAULT PREVENTION AND RESPONSE EFFORTS.

- (a) QUARTERLY REPORTS REQUIRED.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and every 90 days thereafter, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the activities, progress, and performance metrics of the Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Office (SAPRO) for the preceding quarter.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—Each report submitted under subsection (a) shall include the following elements:
- (1) Updates on the implementation status of ongoing and new SAPRO initiatives, including any reforms mandated by statute, executive order, or internal Department of Defense directive.
- (2) Metrics on reported sexual assault cases, broken down by military service and component, including status of case processing and outcomes.
- (3) Updates on the staffing, resourcing, and activities of the Office of Special Trial Counsel.
- (4) Performance metrics and outcomebased evaluations of prevention programs and training effectiveness.
- (5) Progress towards meeting the Department's goals related to survivor care, victim advocacy, and commander accountability.
- (6) Interagency coordination and alignment with civilian best practices or recommendations from external advisory bodies.
- (7) Any challenges, shortfalls, or recommendations for legislative or policy changes to improve effectiveness.
- (c) FORM.—Each report shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may contain a classified annex if necessary.

## Subtitle E—Member Education, Training, and Transition

### SEC. 541. MILITARY SERVICE ACADEMY NOMINA-

- (a) UNITED STATES MILITARY ACADEMY.— Section 7442(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking "9 ranked or unranked alternates" and inserting "up to 14 ranked or unranked alternates".
- (b) UNITED STATES NAVAL ACADEMY.—Section 8454 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in the section heading, by striking "number" and inserting "appointment; numbers, territorial distribution"; and
- (2) in subsection (a), by striking "9 ranked or unranked alternates" and inserting "up to 14 ranked or unranked alternates".
- (c) UNITED STATES AIR FORCE ACADEMY.— Section 9442(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking "9 ranked or unranked alternates" and inserting "up to 14 ranked or unranked alternates".

# SEC. 542. ASYNCHRONOUS INSTRUCTION IN DISTANCE EDUCATION OPTION FOR PROFESSIONAL MILITARY EDUCATION.

Subsection (c)(1) of section 2154 of title 10, United States Code, as added by section 555 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118–159; 138 Stat. 1896), is amended by inserting "asynchronously and" after "course of instruction".

### SEC. 543. ARMY UNIVERSITY.

Chapter 751 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 7406 the following new section:

### "§ 7407. Army University

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—There is an Army University. The Army University shall integrate all of the professional military education institutions within the Army into a single educational structure to provide economic policy, governance, and innovation to such institutions.
- "(b) COMPONENT CENTERS AND SCHOOLS.— Component centers and schools of the Army University include the following:
  - "(1) The Army War College.
- "(2) The United States Army Command and General Staff College.
- "(3) The Army Warrant Officer Career College.
- "(4) The Army Management Staff College.
  "(5) The Western Hemisphere Institute for Security Cooperation.
- "(6) Any additional colleges, centers of excellence, and schools that the Secretary of the Army determines appropriate."

# SEC. 544. INTEGRATION OF THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE STRATEGIC THINKERS PROGRAM.

- (a) INTEGRATION WITH PROFESSIONAL MILITARY EDUCATION.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report detailing the Department of Defense's plan to obtain Military Education Level One (MEL-1) credit for the Strategic Thinkers Program (STP).
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The report required under paragraph (1) shall include—
- (A) a detailed assessment of how the STP enhances strategic thought and decision-making among military and civilian leaders;
- (B) a history of the utilization of past graduates of the STP;
- (C) a plan to identify specific positions in the Department that will best utilize the skills and abilities of future program gradnates:
- (D) a description of the measures to obtain MEL-1 credit for completing STP, including recommendations on current authorities that could be utilized to grant MEL-1 credit to program graduates;
- (E) recommendations for expanding participation among military officers and civilian officials; and
- (F) an implementation timeline and associated resourcing requirements.
- (b) IMPLEMENTATION AND OVERSIGHT.—The Secretary of Defense shall designate an appropriate office within the Department to manage the STP and implement MEL-1 credit for STP completion. The designated office shall provide an annual briefing to the congressional defense committees on the status of awarding MEL-1 credit, program effectiveness, and any legislative or funding adjustments necessary to support continued program success.

### SEC. 545. IMPROVEMENTS TO INFORMATION-SHARING TO SUPPORT INDIVIDUALS RETIRING OR SEPARATING FROM THE ARMED FORCES.

- (a) OPT-OUT SHARING.—Section 570F of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116-92; 10 U.S.C. 1142 note) is amended—
  - (1) in subsection (c)—
- (A) by striking "out the form to indicate an email address" and inserting the following: "out the form to indicate—
  - "(1) an email address";
- (B) in paragraph (1), as designated by subparagraph (A), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and";
- (C) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(2) if the individual would like to opt-out of the transmittal of the individual's information to and through a State veterans agency as described in subsection (a)."; and

- (2) by amending subsection (d) to read as follows:
- "(d) OPT-OUT OF INFORMATION SHARING.— Information on an individual shall be transmitted to and through a State veterans agency as described in subsection (a) unless the individual indicates pursuant to subsection (c)(2) that the individual would like to opt out of such transmittal."
- (b) STORAGE AND TRANSFER OF INFORMATION.—Such section is further amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:
- "(e) STORAGE AND TRANSFER OF INFORMATION.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall seek to enter into memoranda of understanding or other agreements with the State veterans agencies described in subsection (a) to create or modify a Department system to store and transfer information under this section to information systems of such State veterans agencies.
- "(2) COMPLIANCE.—The Secretary shall ensure that any agreement entered into under paragraph (1) is in compliance with—
- "(A) applicable provisions of law relating to privacy and personally identifiable information; and
- "(B) applicable policies relating to cybersecurity of Department information systems and State information systems.".
- (c) LIMITATION ON USE OF INFORMATION.— Such section is further amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:
- "(f) LIMITATION ON USE OF INFORMATION.— Information transferred under this section may only be used by a State for the purpose of providing or connecting veterans to benefits or services as described in subsection (a)."

### SEC. 546. MANDATORY TRAINING ON GOVERN-MENT ETHICS AND NATIONAL SECU-RITY LAW.

- (a) ANNUAL TRAINING ON GOVERNMENT ETHICS AND STANDARDS OF CONDUCT.—The Secretaries of the military departments shall ensure that all members of the Armed Forces in their respective departments are trained annually in government ethics and standards of conduct.
- (b) Training on the Law of Armed Conflict and Rules of Engagement.—The Secretaries of the military departments shall ensure that all members of the Armed Forces in their respective departments are trained on the following topics, including within 90 days of a mobilization or deployment, as applicable:
  - (1) The law of armed conflict.
  - (2) Rules of engagement.
  - (3) Defense support for civil authorities.
  - (4) Standing rules for the use of force.
- (5) The Code of Conduct.

# SEC. 547. PROHIBITION ON CONSIDERATION OF RACE, SEX, COLOR, ETHNICITY, NATIONAL ORIGIN, OR RELIGION IN SERVICE ACADEMY ADMISSIONS DECISIONS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Service Academies may not consider race, sex, color, ethnicity, national origin, or religion in admissions decisions.
- (b) SERVICE ACADEMY DEFINED.—In this section, the term "Service Academy" has the meaning given the term in section 347 of title 10, United States Code.

# SEC. 548. PROHIBITION ON PARTICIPATION OF MALES IN ATHLETIC PROGRAMS OR ACTIVITIES AT THE MILITARY SERVICE ACADEMIES THAT ARE DESIGNATED FOR WOMEN OR GIRLS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that the United States Military Academy, the United States Naval Academy, and the United States Air Force Academy do not permit a person whose sex is male to participate in an athletic program or activity that is designated for women or girls.

- (b) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit a recipient from permitting males to train or practice with an athletic program or activity that is designated for women or girls so long as no female is deprived of a roster spot on a team or sport, opportunity to participate in a practice or competition, scholarship, admission to an educational institution, or any other benefit that accompanies participating in the athletic program or activity.
  - (c) Definitions.—In this section—
- (1) the term "athletic programs and activities" includes all programs or activities that are provided conditional upon participation with any athletic team; and
- (2) the term "sex" means a person's reproductive biology and genetics at birth.

#### SEC. 549. PATHWAY FOR CADETS AND MID-SHIPMEN TO PLAY PROFESSIONAL SPORTS.

- (a) REPEAL OF CERTAIN RESTRICTIONS.— Section 553 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 136 Stat. 2592), and the amendments made by such section, are repealed.
  - (b) AUTHORITY.—
- (1) UNITED STATES MILITARY ACADEMY.— Section 7448(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—
- (A) in paragraph (2), by inserting ", except as provided under paragraph (5)," after "That": and
- (B) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(5) That, upon graduation, a cadet may seek employment as a professional athlete or Olympic athlete if the cadet is drafted or signs a free agent contract with a professional sports entity, in which case the cadet will incur a five-year service obligation upon employment as a professional or Olympic athlete and will, if no longer employed as a professional or Olympic athlete, return as a regular officer in the active component for a five-year service obligation. If the cadet is ineligible to return to active service, the cadet shall repay the government for the cost of his or her education."
- (2) UNITED STATES NAVAL ACADEMY.—Section 8459(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—
- (A) in paragraph (2), by inserting ", except as provided under paragraph (5)," after "That"; and
- (B) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(5) That, upon graduation, a midshipman may seek employment as a professional athlete or Olympic athlete if the midshipman is drafted or signs a free agent contract with a professional sports entity, in which case the midshipman will incur a five-year service obligation upon employment as a professional or Olympic athlete and will, if no longer employed as a professional or Olympic athlete, return as a regular officer in the active component for a five-year service obligation. If the midshipman is ineligible to return to active service, the midshipman shall repay the government for the cost of his or her education.".
- (3) UNITED STATES AIR FORCE ACADEMY.— Section 9448(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—
- (A) in paragraph (2), by inserting ", except as provided under paragraph (5)," after "That"; and
- (B) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(5) That, upon graduation, a cadet may seek employment as a professional athlete or Olympic athlete if the cadet is drafted or signs a free agent contract with a professional sports entity, in which case the cadet will incur a five-year service obligation upon employment as a professional or Olympic

athlete and will, if no longer employed as a professional or Olympic athlete, return as a regular officer in the active component for a five-year service obligation. If the cadet is neligible to return to active service, the cadet shall repay the government for the cost of his or her education.".

# Subtitle F—Military Family Readiness and Dependents' Education

### PART I—DEPENDENTS' EDUCATION

### SEC. 551. CERTAIN ASSISTANCE TO LOCAL EDU-CATIONAL AGENCIES THAT BENEFIT DEPENDENTS OF MILITARY AND CI-VILIAN PERSONNEL.

- (a) CONTINUATION OF AUTHORITY TO ASSIST LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCIES THAT BENEFIT DEPENDENTS OF MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES AND DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES.—
- (1) ASSISTANCE TO SCHOOLS WITH SIGNIFICANT NUMBERS OF MILITARY DEPENDENT STUDENTS.—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2026 by section 301 and available for operation and maintenance for Defense-wide activities as specified in the funding table in section 4301, \$50,000,000 shall be available only for the purpose of providing assistance to local educational agencies under subsection (a) of section 572 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2006 (Public Law 109–163; 20 U.S.C. 7703b).
- (2) LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term "local educational agency" has the meaning given that term in section 7013(9) of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 7713(9)).
- (b) IMPACT AID FOR CHILDREN WITH SEVERE DISABILITIES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2026 pursuant to section 301 and available for operation and maintenance for Defense-wide activities as specified in the funding table in section 4301, \$10,000,000 shall be available for payments under section 363 of the Floyd D. Spence National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2001 (as enacted into law by Public Law 106–398; 114 Stat. 1654A–77; 20 U.S.C. 7703a).
- (2) ADDITIONAL AMOUNT.—Of the amount authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2026 pursuant to section 301 and available for operation and maintenance for Defense-wide activities as specified in the funding table in section 4301, \$20,000,000 shall be available for use by the Secretary of Defense to make payments to local educational agencies determined by the Secretary to have higher concentrations of military children with severe disabilities.
- (3) REPORT.—Not later than September 30, 2026, the Secretary shall brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the Department's evaluation of each local educational agency with higher concentrations of military children with severe disabilities and subsequent determination of the amounts of impact aid each such agency shall receive.

# SEC. 552. MANAGEMENT OF SPECIAL EDUCATION IN SCHOOLS OPERATED BY DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE EDUCATION ACTIVITY.

- (a) IMPROVEMENTS TO STAFFING.—The Secretary of Defense, acting through the Director of the Department of Defense Education Activity, shall implement the following measures to improve staffing of special education teachers and staff at schools operated by the Activity:
- (1) Require the inclusion, in the staffing model for a school, of service minutes required by the individualized education programs of students attending the school to more effectively determine appropriate staffing for the school.

- (2) Collect the following data on underutilized special education staff members:
- (A) When such staff members are requested to transfer to a school with greater needs for such staff members.
- (B) How many requests for such transfers the Activity receives.
- (C) Whether such requests are approved or denied, and at what locations.
- (D) Once such a request is received, the likelihood that the transfer occurs.
- (3) Collect data on the turnover of special education teachers and staff, including reasons for departure.
- (4) Review access to and requirements for crisis training, publicize Activity-wide policies with respect to such training for consistency, and expand such training to relevant special education teachers and staff, such as paraeducators, who are not required, as of the date of the enactment of this Act, to receive such training.
- (5) Require district and regional administrators to track training requirements for special education teachers and staff to ensure that such teachers and staff are meeting such requirements.
- (b) CLARIFICATION OF GUIDANCE.—The Secretary, acting through the Director, shall implement the following measures to improve and clarify guidance relating to special education provided by schools operated by the Department of Defense Education Activity:
- (1) Review the list of types of disabilities recognized by the Activity as of the date of the enactment of this Act and determine if that list meets the most recent best practices for special education.
- (2) Standardize and implement instructions for providing special education materials to students across schools operated by the Activity.
- (3) Develop and implement a plan for standardizing special education training across the Activity.
- (4) Standardize reading intervention guidance and requirements across schools operated by the Activity, including by requiring each school and district operated by the Activity to have the same resources and instructions, and provide clear guidance on how to access additional support materials if required.
  - (c) Briefings Required.—
- (1) INITIAL BRIEFING.—Not later than April 1, 2026, the Director shall brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the following:
- (A) Coordination by the Department of Defense Education Activity with the Educational and Developmental Intervention Services programs of the military departments to determine what medical services the military departments are required to provide based on the needs of students attending schools operated by the Activity.
- (B) A description of the process in effect as of the date of the briefing, if any, to resolve a dispute with respect to required services under a student's individualized education program.
- (C) A description of issues pending, and resolutions of previous issues, under that process.
- (D) An assessment of how support instructional specialists can better assist teachers with developing curriculum for special education students.
- (E) A description of how the Activity provides services in the case of civilian or military dependents with severe medical or special education requirements that a school cannot meet, including any data on how many such cases arise an annual basis and in what locations.
- (F) A description of the process in effect as of the date of the briefing for reassigning a

family from a school located outside the United States if the education needs of a child in the family cannot be met at that school and data, for the 5 school years preceding the briefing, on where such reassignments have been done and the frequency of such reassignments.

- (G) An assessment of the pay scale for special education teachers and staff in effect as of the date of the briefing, an identification of the last time the pay scale was updated, a description of how the pay scale is determined, and a statement of how often the pay scale is updated.
- (H) Data on school and district-level requests for additional reading intervention curriculum, including the locations of such requests and whether such requests were approved or denied.
- (2) SEMI-ANNUAL BRIEFINGS.—The Director shall brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the progress made in implementing the measures described in subsection (a)—
- (A) not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act; and
- (B) every 180 days thereafter until the Director certifies that each such measure has been implemented.

#### SEC. 553. ENROLLMENT OF CHILDREN OF CER-TAIN AMERICAN RED CROSS EM-PLOYEES IN DEFENSE DEPENDENTS' EDUCATION SYSTEM.

Section 1404(d)(1) of the Defense Dependents' Education Act of 1978 (20 U.S.C. 923(d)(1)) is amended by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

- "(D) Children of employees of the American Red Cross who—
- "(i) are performing, on a full-time basis, services for the Armed Forces, including emergency services; and
- "(ii) reside in an overseas area supported by a school of the defense dependents' education system.".

### SEC. 554. REGULATIONS ON THE USE OF PORT-ABLE ELECTRONIC MOBILE DEVICES IN DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE EDU-CATION ACTIVITY SCHOOLS.

- (a) REGULATIONS REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense, acting through the Director of the Department of Defense Education Activity, shall update existing regulations on student use of portable electronic mobile devices in Department of Defense Education Activity (DODEA) schools to prohibit disruption in the learning environment by minimizing the use of such mobile devices to the greatest extent practicable and to standardize such regulations across all DODEA schools.
- (b) BRIEFING REQUIRED.—Not later than 60 days after completion of the updated regulations required under subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense shall brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the updated regulations, including—
- (1) relevant evidence taken into consideration on the use of portable electronic mobile devices in and around the classroom on learning outcomes and social dynamics;
- (2) a description of how the regulations have standardized policies across all DODEA schools;
- (3) an assessment of the influence, if any, of public-school policies on mobile devices at school or in the classroom; and
- (4) any other matters the Secretary determines relevant.

# SEC. 555. ADMINISTRATION OF COLLEGE ADMISSIONS TESTS BY THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE EDUCATION ACTIVITY.

The Director of the Department of Defense Education Activity shall require schools operated by the Activity—

- (1) to offer to administer and, if such an offer is accepted, administer at least one college admissions test to each student in the eleventh grade; and
- (2) to provide the parents of each such student with the option for the student to take a college admissions test of the parents' choice, including any test that the Secretary determines to be appropriate.

# SEC. 556. SUPPORT FOR EXPANDING EARLY CHILD CARE OPTIONS FOR MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES AND THEIR FAMILIES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense may—  $\,$
- (1) direct the Secretaries of the military departments—
- (A) to identify gaps between existing early child care needs and available eligible child care providers;
- (B) to use resources of the Department of Defense to support eligible child care providers in recruitment and retention of employees, including through professional development and financial incentives for such employees; and
- (C) to seek to enter into an interagency partnership with a Federal agency with the ability to place national service participants and volunteers trained in education services, including senior volunteer programs, at military child development centers in accordance with applicable national service laws and with all the benefits accorded to such participants and volunteers; and
- (2) provide training and resource subsidies to eligible child care providers and networks of such providers.
- (b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) ELIGIBLE CHILD CARE PROVIDER.—The term "eligible child care provider" has the meaning given that term in section 658P of the Child Care and Development Block Grant Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 9858n).
- (2) MILITARY CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER.— The term "military child development center" has the meaning given that term in section 1800 of title 10. United States Code.

#### SEC. 557. IMPROVED COUNSELING AND ACCESS TO INFORMATION RELATING TO FOSTER CARE FOR MILITARY FAMI-LIES.

- (a) Training for Counselors.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall require all counselors assigned to a Family Advocacy Program or Military and Family Life program at a military installation in the United States to be trained in the requirements and resources relating to foster care of the State in which the installation is located.
- (2) FOSTER CARE LIAISONS.—A counselor who has received training under paragraph (1) shall be known as a "foster care liaison".
- (b) INCLUSION OF FOSTER CARE INFORMATION ON MILITARY ONESOURCE.—The Secretary shall require Military OneSource to include a mechanism for military families to obtain information on foster care, including the requirements and resources relating to foster care of each State.
- (c) CONSULTATION WITH ADMINISTRATION FOR CHILDREN AND FAMILIES.—The Secretary shall seek guidance from the Administration for Children and Families of the Department of Health and Human Services with respect to obtaining resources relating to foster care for military families, including curricula for training under paragraph (1).

### SEC. 558. PILOT PROGRAM ON RECRUITMENT AND RETENTION OF EMPLOYEES FOR CHILD DEVELOPMENT PRO-GRAMS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense may develop and implement a pilot program to assess the effectiveness of increasing compensation or other benefits for employees of child development programs on military installations in improving the ability of such programs to recruit and retain such employ-

- (b) COMPENSATION.—If the Secretary implements the pilot program authorized by subsection (a), the Secretary shall provide for the payment of compensation to employees of child development programs under the pilot program at a fair and competitive wage that maintains sustainable and high-quality child care conditions.
  - (c) SELECTION OF LOCATIONS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—If the Secretary implements the pilot program authorized by subsection (a), the Secretary shall select not fewer than three military installations for purposes of carrying out the pilot program.
- (2) CONSIDERATIONS.—In selecting military installations under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall consider military installations with child development programs—
- (A) with a shortage of qualified employees; or
- (B) subject to other conditions identified by the Secretary that affect the ability of the programs to operate at full capacity.
- (d) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary may prescribe such regulations as are necessary to carry out this section.
- (e) DURATION OF PILOT PROGRAM.—If the Secretary implements the pilot program authorized by subsection (a), the pilot program shall—
- (1) commence on the date on which the Secretary prescribes regulations under subsection (d); and
- (2) terminate on the date that is 3 years after the date described in paragraph (1).
  - (f) Briefings Required.
- (1) INITIAL BRIEFING.—If the Secretary implements the pilot program authorized by subsection (a), the Secretary shall, when the pilot program commences in accordance with subsection (e)(1), brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on—
- (A) the military installations selected under subsection (c) for purposes of carrying out the pilot program;
- (B) the data that informed those selections; and
- (C) the compensation or other benefits to be offered under the pilot program.
- (2) FINAL BRIEFING.—If the Secretary implements the pilot program authorized by subsection (a), the Secretary shall, not later than 180 days before the pilot program terminates in accordance with subsection (e)(2), brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the outcomes and findings of the pilot program, including—
- (A) data collected and analyses conducted under the pilot program with respect to the relationship between increased compensation for employees of child development programs and improved recruitment or retention of those employees; and
- (B) any recommendations with respect to increases in compensation or other benefits for employees of child development programs across the Department of Defense as a result of the pilot program.
- (g) CHILD DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM DEFINED.—In this section, the term "child development program" means a program to provide child care services for children, between birth through 12 years of age, of members of the Armed Forces and civilian employees of the Department of Defense.

# SEC. 559. REPORT ON UNMET NEED FOR CHILD CARE IN AREAS WITH SIGNIFICANT POPULATIONS OF MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than September 30, 2027, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report on the unmet need for child

care in areas with populations of members of the Armed Forces that includes—

- an assessment of—
- (A) the unmet need for each military installation, specifically those families who have no childcare at all;
- (B) the military families on the waitlist for a child development center on an installation who may be using a family childcare home or fee assistance until they can get off of the waitlist; and
- (C) areas where there may be significant challenges providing care to dependents under the age of 5;
- (2) a review of the efforts of the Department of Defense to recruit and retain eligible child care providers; and
- (3) a plan for meeting the unmet need for child care.
- (b) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DEFINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (1) the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate; and
- (2) the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives.

### PART II—OTHER MATTERS

### SEC. 561. LEGAL ASSISTANCE FOR GUARDIAN-SHIP TRANSFERS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of each military department shall provide to members of the Armed Forces serving on active duty access to legal services provided by an attorney specializing in guardianship transfers in each State in which a military installation is located.

  (b) BRIEFING REQUIRED.—Not later than
- (b) BRIEFING REQUIRED.—Not later than September 1, 2026, the Secretary of each military department shall brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the following:
- (1) A plan for implementing the requirement to provide access to legal services described in subsection (a)
- (2) Any challenges associated with implementation of that requirement.
- (3) Data on the number of members of the Armed Forces with guardianship of incapacitated adult dependents or a plan to gather such data.
- (4) Any other matters the Secretary considers relevant.

## Subtitle G—Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps

# SEC. 571. JUNIOR RESERVE OFFICERS' TRAINING CORPS INSTRUCTOR QUALIFICA-

The Secretary concerned may not issue a policy under section 2031(d)(1)(B) of title 10, United States Code, that requires a former officer or noncommissioned officer to have more than 8 years of service to serve as a Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps instructor.

### SEC. 572. TEMPORARY AUTHORITY TO PROVIDE BONUSES TO JUNIOR RESERVE OF-FICERS' TRAINING CORPS INSTRUC-TORS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary concerned may pay to a member or former member of the Armed Forces under the jurisdiction of the Secretary a one-time bonus of not more than \$10,000 if the member or former member—
- (1) agrees to be an instructor for the Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps under section 2031(d) of title 10, United States Code; and
- (2) serves as such an instructor for not less than one academic year.
- (b) BRIEFING REQUIRED.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter until the termination date described in subsection (c), the Secretary of Defense shall brief the congressional defense committees on—
- (1) the use of the authority provided by subsection (a); and

- (2) the effectiveness of bonuses provided under subsection (a) on increasing the number of instructors for the Junior Reserve Officers' Training Corps.
- (c) TERMINATION.—The authority provided by subsection (a) terminates on the date that is five years after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (d) SECRETARY CONCERNED DEFINED.—In this section, the term "Secretary concerned" has the meaning given that term in section 101 of title 10. United States Code.

### SEC. 573. NUMBER OF JUNIOR RESERVE OFFI-CERS' TRAINING CORPS UNITS.

Section 545(a) of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118–159) is amended to read as follows:

"(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 2031 of title 10, United States Code, is amended, in the first subsection designated subsection (i), by striking 'support not fewer than 3,400, and not more than 4,000, units' and inserting 'support not fewer than 3,600, and not more than 4,200, units'."

### Subtitle H—Decorations and Other Awards, Miscellaneous Reports, and Other Matters SEC. 581. HONORARY PROMOTIONS ON THE INI-TIATIVE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

Section 1563a of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a)—
- (A) in paragraph (1)—
- (i) by striking "the Secretary may make an honorary promotion (whether or not posthumous) of a former" and inserting "the Secretary of a military department is authorized to make an honorary promotion, including a posthumous honorary promotion, for a former": and
- (ii) by striking "if the Secretary determines that the promotion is merited"; and
- (B) by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the following:
- "(2) The honorary grade given to a member described in paragraph (1) shall be commensurate with such member's contributions to the armed forces or the national defense.
- "(3) The authority shall not be used to award an honorary promotion solely on the basis that an individual described in paragraph (1) was recommended for such promotion prior to separating from service.
- "(4) The Secretaries of the military departments are only authorized to make an honorary promotion under paragraph (1) upon receipt of a favorable recommendation by a board of at least three independent officers convened specifically for the purpose of reviewing the proposed honorary promotion.":
- (2) in subsection (b), by striking "The Secretary" and inserting "The Secretaries of the military departments"; and
- (3) in subsection (c), by striking "Secretary" and inserting "Secretaries of the military departments".

### SEC. 582. NATIONAL WEEK OF MILITARY RE-CRUITMENT.

(a) DESIGNATION.—Chapter 1 of title 36, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

### "§ 149. National Week of Military Recruitment

- "(a) DESIGNATION.—The last full week of September is the National Week of Military Recruitment.
- "(b) PROCLAMATION.—The President is requested to issue each year a proclamation calling on the people of the United States to observe the National Week of Military Recruitment with appropriate ceremonies and activities."
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for chapter 1 of title 36, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 148 the following new item:

"149. National Week of Military Recruitment.".

SEC. 583. CLARIFYING THE CALCULATION OF ENLISTMENTS FOR PERSONS WHOSE SCORE ON THE ARMED FORCES QUALIFICATION TEST IS BELOW A PRESCRIBED LEVEL FOR THE FUTURE SERVICEMEMBER PREPARATORY COURSE.

Section 546 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31; 10 U.S.C. 520 note) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (c), by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(4) EFFECT OF COURSE GRADUATION.—The Secretary concerned may exclude from the population to be considered for purposes of determining the percentage limitations imposed by section 520(a) of title 10, United States Code, any enlisted person who has graduated from a future servicemember preparatory course established pursuant to this section with a score on the Armed Forces Qualification Test that is at or above the thirty-first percentile, provided that—
- "(A) the Armed Forces Qualifications Test score that is at or above the thirty-first percentile is obtained within the same fiscal year in which the individual was originally enlisted to serve on active duty; and
- "(B) such score is obtained during the period the individual was originally enlisted to serve on active duty, as determined by the Secretary concerned."; and
  - (2) in subsection (d)—
- (A) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through (6) as paragraphs (3) through (8), respectively;
- (B) by inserting before paragraph (3), as redesignated by subparagraph (A), the following new paragraphs:
- "(1) Percentage of nonprior service enlisted accessions scoring below the thirty-first percentile on the Armed Forces Qualification Test upon original enlistment.
- "(2) Percentage of nonprior service enlisted accessions scoring below the thirty-first percentile on the Armed Forces Qualification Test following graduation from the preparatory course or subsequent reclassification, as applicable."; and
- (C) in paragraph (5), as so redesignated, by striking "prepatory" and inserting "preparatory".

### SEC. 584. RECRUITER ACCESS TO SECONDARY SCHOOLS.

Section 503(c)(1)(A) of chapter 31 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) by amending clause (i) to read as follows:
- "(i) shall provide military recruiters the same access to the campus of each secondary school served by the local educational agency for the purpose of recruiting students who are at least 17 years of age that is provided to any prospective employer, institution of higher education, or other recruiter:"
- (2) in clause (ii), by striking "provide to military recruiters access to" and inserting "facilitate upon request made by military recruiters for military recruiting purposes not fewer than four in-person recruitment events per academic year, across different grading periods, which may include"; and
- (3) by amending clause (iii) to read as follows:
- "(iii) shall provide to military recruiters within 60 days of the commencement of the academic year, and thereafter within 30 days of a recruiter request, access to secondary school student names, academic grade, addresses, electronic mail addresses (which shall be the electronic mail addresses provided by the school, if available), and telephone and mobile phone listings, notwithstanding subsection (a)(5) of section 444 of the General Education Provisions Act (20 U.S.C. 1232g)."

# SEC. 585. COMPLIANCE WITH TRAVEL CHARGE CARD DEACTIVATION REQUIRE-MENTS.

- (a) POLICY COMPLIANCE.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall ensure that Department of Defense policies and procedures are consistent with section 3(h)(1)(H) of the Government Charge Card Abuse Prevention Act of 2012 (Public Law 112–194; 5 U.S.C. 5701 note) and related implementing guidance, regarding the prompt deactivation and closure of government-issued travel charge card accounts upon the separation, retirement, or termination of military or civilian personnel.
- (b) COMPTROLLER REVIEW.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller) shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report describing—
- (1) actions taken to verify consistent implementation of deactivation and closure policies for government-issued travel charge cards across the military departments and defense agencies:
- (2) any gaps or inconsistencies identified in the execution of current policy; and
- (3) recommendations, if any, to improve compliance, oversight, or prevention of unauthorized card use following personnel separation.

## TITLE VI—COMPENSATION AND OTHER PERSONNEL BENEFITS

### Subtitle A-Pay and Allowances

# SEC. 601. MODIFICATIONS TO CALCULATION OF BASIC ALLOWANCE FOR SUBSISTENCE FOR ENLISTED MEMBERS.

Section 402 of title 37, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in subsection (b)—
- (A) by striking paragraph (1) and inserting the following new paragraph (1):
- "(1)(A) The monthly rate of basic allowance for subsistence to be in effect for an enlisted member for a year (beginning on January 1 of that year) shall be—
- "(i) except as provided by clause (ii), equal to the monthly cost of a liberal food plan for a male in the United States who is between 19 and 50 years of age, as determined by the Secretary of Agriculture each October 1; and
- "(ii) in the case of such a member who is subject to monthly deduction from pay for meals under section 1011(b) of this title, the amount computed under clause (i) reduced by the amount of such deduction from pay, in accordance with policies prescribed by the Secretary of Defense.
- "(B) The monthly rate of basic allowance for subsistence to be in effect for an enlisted member for a year under subparagraph (A)(i) may not decrease relative to the rate in effect for the preceding year.": and
  - (B) by striking paragraph (3); and
- (2) in subsection (d), in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking "subsection (b)(1)" and inserting "subsection (b)(1)(A)(i)".

### SEC. 602. INCLUSION OF DESCRIPTIONS OF TYPES OF PAY ON PAY STATEMENTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 19 of title 37, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

### "§ 1016. Pay statements: descriptions of types of pay

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that each pay statement issued to a member of the Armed Forces includes, for each type of pay, allowance, and deduction listed on the statement, a brief and plain-language description of—
- "(1) the statutory or regulatory authority under which the pay, allowance, or deduction is made;

- "(2) the purpose of the pay, allowance, or deduction:
- "(3) the criteria for determining eligibility of the member for the pay, allowance, or deduction; and
- "(4) possible changes in the eligibility of the member for the pay, allowance, or deduction, including the circumstances under which the pay, allowance, or deduction may be suspended, expire, or modified.
- "(b) REQUIREMENTS.—The descriptions required to be included on a pay statement under paragraph (1) shall be—
- "(1) accessible directly on the pay statement; and
- "(2) presented in language easily understood by individuals without specialized knowledge of military finance, accounting, or law.".
- (b) APPLICABILITY.—The requirements of section 1016 of title 37, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), shall apply with respect to pay statements issued on or after the date that is 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

#### SEC. 603. INCREASED AWARENESS AND IM-PROVED CALCULATION OF RATES FOR BASIC ALLOWANCE FOR HOUS-ING.

- (a) INCREASING AWARENESS.—The Secretary of Defense shall seek to improve transparency of the calculation of the basic allowance for housing under section 403 of title 37, United States Code, by—
- (1) developing a clear, accessible document that explains how rates of the basic allowance for housing are determined, including methodology and types of data sources used, which shall be—
- (A) reviewed and updated not less frequently than annually and as rates and calculation methods change; and
- (B) made available on a publicly accessible internet website and distributed across all relevant components of the Department of Defense; and
- (2) providing to members of the Armed Forces when such members experience a permanent change of station, permanent change of assignment, change in dependency status, change in grade, or any other event that may impact their eligibility for or rate of basic allowance for housing—
- (A) the information included in the document developed under paragraph (1); and
- (B) an explanation of the type of rental housing the rate of basic allowance for housing received by such members is intended to support in each locality.
- (b) DEVELOPMENT OF ALTERNATIVE METHOD-OLOGY.—Consistent with the recommendations of the 14th Quadrennial Review of Military Compensation issued under section 1008(b) of title 37, United States Code, the Secretary shall—
- (1) develop a methodology to compute rates of the basic allowance for housing using an approach based on the number of bedrooms in a housing unit and incorporating available and verified occupied rental market data:
- (2) conduct a pilot program using the methodology developed under paragraph (1); and
- (3) using that methodology, set notional rates for the basic allowance for housing for 2026 and 2027 for a minimum of 10 military housing areas.
- (c) BRIEFING REQUIRED.—Not later than February 1, 2027, the Secretary shall provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives that includes—
- (1) a comparison of the notional rates set under subsection (b)(3) with the actual rates for basic allowance for housing for 2026 and 2027.
- (2) a comparison of the advantages and disadvantages of—

- (A) the methodology used as of the date of the enactment of this Act for setting rates for the basic allowance for housing; and
- (B) using the methodology developed under subsection (b)(1) for setting such rates;
- (3) a determination of whether the methodology developed under subsection (b)(1) is more or less likely than the methodology described in paragraph (2)(A) to ensure that rates for the basic allowance for housing are set based upon a 95 percent statistical confidence that the estimated median rent is within 10 percent of the actual median rent in local military housing areas:
- (4) a cost estimate for 2027 under both the methodology described in paragraph (2)(A) and the methodology developed under subsection (b)(1);
- (5) an identification of any additional legislative authority required to fully implement the methodology developed under subsection (b)(1); and
- (6) the recommendation of the Secretary with respect to whether to implement the use of the methodology developed under subsection (b)(1) and the timing for such implementation.

### SEC. 604. MILITARY COMPENSATION EDU-CATIONAL CAMPAIGN.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Consistent with the recommendations of the 14th Quadrennial Review of Military Compensation issued under section 1008(b) of title 37, United States Code, and not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall commence a 12-month educational campaign to improve the understanding and awareness of members of the Armed Forces and their families with respect to the major components of monetary and nonmonetary military compensation.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—At a minimum, the campaign required by subsection (a) shall address—
- (1) the elements of regular military compensation (RMC), as defined in section 101(25) of title 37, United States Code;
  - (2) special and incentive pays;
- (3) the calculation of retired pay for length of service;
- (4) educational assistance programs and benefits;
- (5) health care for members of the Armed Forces serving in active components and their families; and
  - (6) nonmonetary benefits.

### Subtitle B—Special and Incentive Pay SEC. 611. REVIEWS OF DESIGNATIONS OF IMMI-NENT DANGER PAY AREAS.

- (a) INITIAL REVIEW.—Not later than March 1, 2026, the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretaries of the military departments, shall—
- (1) commence a review of each area designated under section 351(a)(3) of title 37, United States Code, to determine whether the area is one in which a member of the uniformed services is subject to imminent danger of physical injury due to threat conditions; and
- (2) submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the review, including any changes to designations under that section that result from the review.
  - (b) Subsequent Reviews.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than March 1, 2031, and every 5 years thereafter, the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretaries of the military departments, shall conduct a review described in subsection (a)(1).
- (2) REPORTS REQUIRED.—Not later than 60 days after completing a review under paragraph (1), the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives

- a report on the review, including any changes to designations under that section that result from the review.
- (c) REPORTS ON DESIGNATION CHANGES BETWEEN REPORTS.—If, at any time between the submission of reports required by subsections (a)(2) and (b)(2), the Secretary of Defense or the Secretary of a military department conducts a review of areas designated under section 351(a)(3) of title 37, United States Code, and makes a change to any such designation, that Secretary shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the review and the change not later than 60 days after the change is made.

#### SEC. 612. IMPLEMENTATION OF AVIATION INCEN-TIVE PAY FOR MEMBERS OF RE-SERVE COMPONENTS.

Section 602(d) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117-81; 37 U.S.C. 357 note) is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (2)—
- (A) by striking "In making" and inserting the following:
  - "(A) IN GENERAL.—In making"; and
- (B) by adding at the end the following new subparagraphs:
- "(B) AVIATION INCENTIVE PAY EVALUATION.—Not later than June 1, 2026, the Secretary shall complete the evaluation required by subparagraph (A) with respect to aviation incentive pay under section 334 of title 37, United States Code. In conducting that evaluation, the Secretary shall make a specific determination with respect to the percentage of such aviation incentive pay, if any, that is paid specifically to maintain skill certification or proficiency under section 357 of title 37, United States Code.
- "(C) SPECIAL AND INCENTIVE PAY FRAME-WORK.—Not later than June 1, 2026, the Secretary shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a detailed report on the special and incentive pay assessment frame-work, required by the Senate report accompanying the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31), that includes the Secretary's plan and timeline for implementing such frame-work."; and
- (2) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(3) INITIATION OF PAYMENTS.—Not later than January 1, 2027, the Secretary concerned shall begin making aviation incentive payments under section 357 of title 37, United States Code, pursuant to the determination made under paragraph (2)(B)."

# SEC. 613. PILOT PROGRAM ON IMPROVING RETENTION OF MEMBERS WITH DEGREES IN THEIR FIELDS OF SPECIALTY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall establish a pilot program to assess the feasibility and advisability of paying incentive pay to certain enlisted members of the Armed Forces with degrees in their fields of specialty to improve the retention of such members.
- (b) PAYMENT OF INCENTIVE PAY.—Under the pilot program required by subsection (a), the Secretary concerned may pay monthly incentive pay to a member of the Armed Forces who—
  - (1) is an enlisted member;
- (2) has less than 4 years of service in the Armed Forces;
- (3) has a degree in the member's field of specialty, as determined by the Secretary concerned; and
  - (4) commits to reenlisting
- (c) TERMINATION.—The pilot program required by subsection (a) shall terminate on the date that is 5 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (d) REPORT REQUIRED.—After the termination under subsection (c) of the pilot pro-

- gram required by subsection (a), the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the effectiveness of the pilot program in retaining highly qualified members that includes an assessment of—
- (1) the effect of the pilot program on retention rates;
- (2) satisfaction of members with the pilot program; and
- (3) the overall cost-effectiveness of the pilot program.
- (e) SECRETARY CONCERNED DEFINED.—In this section, the term "Secretary concerned" has the meaning given that term in section 101 of title 10. United States Code.

### Subtitle C-Other Matters

### SEC. 621. EXTENSION OF ENHANCED AUTHORITY FOR SELECTIVE EARLY RETIRE-MENT AND EARLY DISCHARGES.

Section 638a(a)(2) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking "December 31, 2025" and inserting "December 31, 2030".

### SEC. 622. EXTENSION OF TEMPORARY EARLY RE-TIREMENT AUTHORITY.

Section 4403(i) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1993 (Public Law 102–484; 10 U.S.C. 1293 note) is amended by striking "December 31, 2025" and inserting "December 31, 2030".

### SEC. 623. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO PRO-VIDE VOLUNTARY SEPARATION PAY AND BENEFITS.

Section 1175a(k)(1) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking "December 31, 2025" and inserting "December 31, 2026"

#### SEC. 624. DESIGNATION OF UNITED STATES ARMY GARRISON KWAJALEIN ATOLL AS REMOTE AND ISOLATED MILITARY INSTALLATION.

- (a) DESIGNATION.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness and the Secretary of the Army, in coordination with the Commander of the United States Army Pacific, shall designate United States Army Garrison Kwajalein Atoll as a remote and isolated military installation.
- (b) NOTIFICATION.—Not later than 30 days after the date on which the designation described in subsection (a) is completed, the Secretary of the Army shall submit a notification to the congressional defense committees confirming completion of the designation.
- (c) BRIEFING REQUIRED.—Not later than 90 days after the date on which the Secretary of the Army submits the notification described in subsection (b), the Commander of the United States Army Pacific shall brief the congressional defense committees on adjustments to Department of Defense resourcing for and support to United States Army Garrison Kwajalein Atoll as a result of the designation described in subsection (a).
- (d) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "remote and isolated military installation" means a military installation determined to be remote and isolated pursuant to the criteria set forth in Department of Defense Instructions 1015.10 and 1015.18, dated July 6, 2009, and May 30, 2024, respectively.

### SEC. 625. DESIGNATION OF CREECH AIR FORCE BASE AS A REMOTE OR ISOLATED IN-STALLATION.

The Secretary of Defense shall designate Creech Air Force Base, Indian Springs, Nevada, as a remote or isolated installation.

# SEC. 626. PROVISION OF COUNSELING ON HOUSING FOR MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES.

Section 992 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (b)(2), by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

- "(C) The Secretary concerned may, subject to the applicable requirements of this section, enter into contracts to provide counseling under this paragraph with individuals and organizations that provide counseling with respect to housing, including—
- "(i) organizations that are certified under section 106(e) of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968 (12 U.S.C. 1701x(e)); and
- "(ii) other individuals and organizations the Secretary concerned determines are qualified to provide helpful, unbiased counseling with respect to housing."; and
- (2) in subsection (f)(3), by striking "and mortgages" and inserting "mortgages, and other financial products related to the purchase or lease of a primary residence (and information on fees related to such products)".

### SEC. 627. PROGRAM TO PROVIDE GOVERNMENT-FUNDED TRANSPORTATION FOR CERTAIN MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES STATIONED OVERSEAS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall establish a program to provide Government-funded transportation for unaccompanied members of the Armed Forces from designated overseas locations to the members' homes of record, or to other locations of comparable or lesser cost, in accordance with this section.
- (b) ELIGIBILITY.—Transportation under this section may be provided to a member of the Armed Forces who—
- (1) is assigned to an overseas duty location designated by the Secretary for purposes of this section;
- (2) is serving an unaccompanied tour of at least 24 consecutive months at such location, including any authorized extensions; and
- (3) is otherwise eligible in accordance with implementing regulations prescribed by the Secretary.
- (c) Transportation mode.—Transportation under this section may be provided using military air in accordance with established space-available policies or through commercial air travel, as determined appropriate by the Secretary.
- (d) LIMITATIONS.—The Secretary may prescribe limitations on the number of authorized trips per overseas tour, and may restrict travel during certain periods at the beginning or end of such tours.
- (e) IMPLEMENTATION.—The Secretary shall prescribe regulations to implement this section, including the designation of eligible overseas duty locations and specified destinations.
- (f) ADDITIONAL LIMITATIONS.—Transportation provided under this section shall be subject to applicable restrictions, including compliance with the Department of Defense Foreign Clearance Guide, and limitations on the use of Government travel cards for any leisure-related expenses.

# SEC. 628. PROHIBITION ON PROCUREMENT AND COMMISSARY SALES OF SEAFOOD ORIGINATING OR PROCESSED IN THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.

- (a) Prohibition on Procurement of Sea-FOOD ORIGINATING OR PROCESSED IN THE PEO-PLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA FOR MILITARY DIN-ING FACILITIES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided by paragraph (2) or (3), the Secretary of Defense may not enter into a contract for the procurement of seafood that originates or is processed in the People's Republic of China for use in military dining facilities, including galleys onboard United States naval vessels.
- (2) Exceptions.—
- (A) UNDUE BURDEN.—The Secretary of Defense, or a designee of the Secretary, may grant exceptions to the prohibition under paragraph (1) to facilities on military installations located outside of the United States

if such prohibition would unduly burden or prevent seafood from being served at such facility.

- (B) UNITED STATES VESSELS VISITING FOR-EIGN PORTS.—The Secretary of Defense, or a designee of the Secretary, may grant exceptions to the prohibition under paragraph (1) to United States vessels visiting foreign ports.
- (3) WAIVER.—The Secretary of Defense may waive the prohibition under paragraph (1).
- (b) PROHIBITION ON SALES OF SEAFOOD ORIGINATING IN THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA AT COMMISSARY STORES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 2484 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:
- "(1) PROHIBITION ON SALES OF SEAFOOD ORIGINATING IN THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided by paragraph (2), raw or processed seafood or seafood products originating in the People's Republic of China may not be sold at commissary stores.
- "(2) WAIVER.—The Secretary of Defense may waive the prohibition under paragraph (1)."
- (2) Briefing on compliance.—Section 2481(c)(4) of such title is amended—
- (A) in subparagraph (D), by striking "; and" and inserting a semicolon:
- (B) by redesignating subparagraph (E) as subparagraph (F); and
- (C) by inserting after subparagraph (D) the following new subparagraph (E):
- "(E) an assessment of compliance with the prohibition under section 2484(1) of this title; and"
- (3) Transition rules.—
- (A) APPLICABILITY.—The prohibition under subsection (1) of section 2484 of title 10, United States Code, as added by paragraph (1), shall apply on and after the date that is 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (B) DISPOSAL OF REMAINING STOCK.—The Director of the Defense Commissary Agency may determine how to dispose of any stock covered by the prohibition under subsection (1) of section 2484 of title 10, United States Code, as added by paragraph (1), that remains as of the date described in subparagraph (A).
- (c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The prohibitions under this section, and the amendments made by this section, shall take effect 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

### TITLE VII—HEALTH CARE PROVISIONS Subtitle A—TRICARE, Brain Health, and Other Health Care Benefits

### SEC. 701. INCLUSION OF ADDITIONAL REQUIRE-MENTS IN NOTIFICATIONS TO MOD-IFY SCOPE OF SERVICES PROVIDED AT MILITARY MEDICAL TREATMENT FACILITIES.

Section 1073d(f)(2) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) by striking "information demonstrating";
- (2) by striking "the extent" and all that follows through the period at the end and inserting "the following:"; and
  - (3) by adding at the end the following:
- "(A) An endorsement from the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff that the proposed modification will have no effect on operational requirements of the armed forces.
- "(B) An endorsement from the Surgeon General of the military department concerned that the proposed modification will have no effect on the training or readiness of military medical personnel in the military department concerned.
- "(C) An assessment from the Director of the Defense Health Agency that explains

how members of the armed forces and covered beneficiaries receiving services at the facility will continue to receive care.".

### SEC. 702. EXPANSION OF ELIGIBILITY FOR HEAR-ING AIDS TO INCLUDE CHILDREN OF RETTRED MEMBERS OF THE UNI-FORMED SERVICES ENROLLED IN FAMILY COVERAGE UNDER TRICARE SELECT.

Section 1077(a)(16)(B)(ii) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting "or TRICARE Select" before the period at the end

# SEC. 703. ASSESSMENT OF BEHAVIORAL HEALTH AND SOCIAL HEALTH CONDITIONS OF MILITARY PERSONNEL AND THEIR FAMILIES ASSIGNED TO CREECH AIR FORCE BASE, NEVADA.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Air Force, in coordination with the Director of the Defense Health Agency, shall assess the behavioral health and social health conditions of members of the Air Force assigned to Creech Air Force Base, Nevada, and their families related to such assignment.
- (b) Tools USED.—In carrying out the assessment required under subsection (a), the Secretary of the Air Force shall use tools such as site assistance visits, behavioral health epidemiological consultations, and community-wide assessments.
- (c) ELEMENTS OF ASSESSMENT.—The assessment required under subsection (a) shall—
- (1) establish the behavioral health and social health outcomes that impact individual, family, and unit readiness at Creech Air Force Base;
- (2) identify factors, to include unique social and occupational stressors, affecting the behavioral health and social health of members of the Air Force and their families stationed at Creech Air Force Base; and
- (3) make recommendations to address those factors and to improve the health and readiness of members of the Air Force and their families stationed at Creech Air Force Base, and in doing so, advancing the readiness of the Air Force.
- (d) BRIEFING.—Not later than March 1, 2026, the Secretary of the Air Force shall brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the methods used to conduct the assessment required under subsection (a) and on the findings and recommendations of the assessment.

### SEC. 704. AUTHORITY TO PROVIDE SEXUAL AS-SAULT MEDICAL FORENSIC EXAMI-NATIONS ON A NONREIMBURSABLE BASIS TO CERTAIN OTHERWISE IN-ELIGIBLE INDIVIDUALS.

- (a) AUTHORITY TO PROVIDE FORENSIC EXAMINATIONS.—The Secretary of Defense, in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary, shall authorize medical personnel of the Department of Defense to provide sexual assault medical forensic examinations, in a military medical treatment facility on a nonreimbursable basis, to an individual who—
- (1) is not otherwise eligible for health care from the Department;
- (2) reports a sexual assault offense for which the Defense Criminal Investigative Service may initiate an investigation; and
- (3) is eligible for a forensic examination in accordance with those regulations.
- (b) ADDITIONAL ELEMENTS.—The regulations prescribed under subsection (a) may provide for the handling, storage, and transfer to law enforcement of a completed sexual assault medical forensic examination kit.

# SEC. 705. FERTILITY TREATMENT FOR CERTAIN MEMBERS OF THE UNIFORMED SERVICES AND DEPENDENTS.

(a) FERTILITY TREATMENT.—Chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 10740 the following new section:

### "\$ 1074p. Fertility treatment for certain active duty members of the uniformed services and their dependents

- "(a) COVERAGE.—The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that fertility-related care for a member of the uniformed services on active duty (or a dependent of such a member) shall be covered under TRICARE Prime and TRICARE Select.
- "(b) IN VITRO FERTILIZATION.—In the case of in vitro fertilization treatment furnished to an individual pursuant to subsection (a), coverage under such subsection shall include—
- "(1) not fewer than three completed oocyte retrievals; and
- "(2) unlimited embryo transfers provided in accordance with the guidelines of the American Society for Reproductive Medicine, using single embryo transfer when recommended and medically appropriate.
  - "(c) Definitions.—In this section:
- "(1) The term 'infertility' means a disease, condition, or status characterized by—
- "(A) the failure to establish a pregnancy or to carry a pregnancy to live birth after regular, unprotected sexual intercourse in accordance with the guidelines of the American Society for Reproductive Medicine;
- "(B) the inability of an individual to reproduce without medical intervention either as a single individual or with the partner of the individual; or
- "(C) the findings of a licensed physician based on the medical, sexual, and reproductive history, age, physical findings, or diagnostic testing of the individual.
- "(2) The term 'fertility-related care' means—
- "(A) the diagnosis of infertility; and
- "(B) fertility treatment.
- "(3) The term 'fertility treatment' includes the following:
- "(A) In vitro fertilization or other treatments or procedures in which human oocytes, embryos, or sperm are handled when clinically appropriate.
  - "(B) Sperm retrieval.
  - ``(C) Egg retrieval.
- "(D) Preservation of human oocytes, embryos, or sperm.
- "(E) Artificial insemination, including intravaginal insemination, intracervical insemination, and intrauterine insemination.
- "(F) Transfer of reproductive genetic material.
- "(G) Medications as prescribed or necessary for fertility.
  - "(H) Fertility treatment coordination.
- "(I) Such other information, referrals, treatments, procedures, testing, medications, laboratory services, technologies, and services facilitating reproduction as determined appropriate by the Secretary of Defense.".
- (b) PROGRAM ON FERTILITY TREATMENT CO-ORDINATION.—Chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

### "§ 1110c. Program on fertility-related care coordination

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall establish a program on the coordination of fertility-related care by the Secretary for purposes of ensuring patients receive timely fertility-related care.
- "(b) Training and Support.—In carrying out the program established under subsection (a), the Secretary shall provide to community health care providers training and support with respect to the unique needs of members of the uniformed services and the dependents of such members.
- "(c) FERTILITY-RELATED CARE DEFINED.—In this section, the term 'fertility-related care' has the meaning given that term in section 1074p(c) of this title."

- (c) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 1079(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(21) Fertility-related care shall be provided in accordance with section 1074p of this title."
- (d) EXCLUSION FROM CONTRACTS FOR FORMER MEMBERS AND THEIR DEPENDENTS.—Section 1086 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in subsection (c), in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking "subsection (d)" and inserting "subsections (d) and (j)"; and
- (2) by adding at the end the following new subsection:
- "(j) A plan contracted for under subsection (a) may not include coverage for services under section 1074p of this title for former members of the uniformed services or dependents of former members of the uniformed services."
- (e) REGULATIONS.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall prescribe regulations or subregulatory guidance regarding the implementation of the amendments made by this section.
- (f) APPLICATION.—The amendments made by this section shall apply with respect to services provided on or after October 1, 2027.
- (g) RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section or the amendments made by this section shall be construed—
- (1) to provide new benefits to or alter existing benefits for former members of the uniformed services or the dependents of former members of the uniformed services; or
- (2) to authorize the Secretary of Defense to make payments related to human cloning, artificial womb technology, or international surrogacy.

### SEC. 706. RESTRICTION ON PERFORMANCE OF SEX CHANGE SURGERIES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 1093 the following new section:

# "\$ 1093a. Performance of sex change surgeries: restrictions

- "(a) RESTRICTION ON USE OF FUNDS.—Funds available to the Department of Defense may not be used to perform or facilitate sex change surgeries.
- "(b) RESTRICTION ON USE OF FACILITIES.— No military medical treatment facility or other facility of the Department of Defense may be used to perform or facilitate a sex change surgery."
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 1093 the following new item:
- "1093a. Performance of sex change surgeries: restrictions.".

### Subtitle B—Health Care Administration

### SEC. 711. CODIFICATION OF POSITION OF DIREC-TOR OF THE DEFENSE HEALTH AGENCY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1073c of title 10, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) by redesignating subsections (a) through (j) as subsections (b) through (k), respectively;
- (2) by inserting before subsection (b), as redesignated by paragraph (1), the following:
- "(a) DIRECTOR OF THE DEFENSE HEALTH AGENCY.—(1) There is in the Defense Health Agency a Director.
- "(2) The Director of the Defense Health Agency shall—
- "(A) be a military officer and hold a rank that is the same or greater than the rank of any officer serving as the Surgeon General of a military department under section 7036, 8031, or 9036 of this title; and

- "(B) be a joint qualified officer in accordance with section 661 of this title.";
- (3) in subsection (b), as redesignated by paragraph (1)—
- (A) in paragraph (1), in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking ", by not later than September 30, 2021";
- (B) in paragraph (2), in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking ", commencing when the Director begins to exercise responsibilities under that paragraph,";
- (C) in paragraph (6), by striking "subsections (b) and (c)" and inserting "subsections (c) and (d)":
- (4) in subsection (f), as so redesignated, in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking "Not later than September 30, 2024, and subject to subsection (f)" and inserting "Subject to subsection (g)":
- (5) in subsection (g), as so redesignated, in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking "subsection (e)" and inserting "subsection (f)"; and
- (6) in subsection (h), as so redesignated, by striking "subsection (e)(1)" and inserting "subsection (f)(1)".
- (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 1091a(b)(2) of such title is amended by striking "section 1073c(i)" and inserting "section 1073c(k)".

#### SEC. 712. ESTABLISHMENT OF POLICIES FOR PRI-ORITY ASSIGNMENT OF MEDICAL PERSONNEL OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall establish policies for the priority assignment of medical personnel of the Department of Defense.
- (b) APPLICATION TO MILITARY DEPART-MENTS.—The Secretary of each military department shall assign medical personnel within that military department consistent with the policies established under subsection (a) and in coordination with the Director of the Defense Health Agency.
  - (c) Reassignment.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—If, in the judgment of the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of a military department fails to comply with the assignment priorities established under subsection (a), the Secretary may authorize the Director of the Defense Health Agency to reassign medical personnel of that military department in accordance with the policies established under subsection (a).
- (2) BRIEFING.—Not later than 90 days after the effective date of any reassignment under paragraph (1), the Director of the Defense Health Agency shall brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on such reassignment.

# SEC. 713. GRADUATE MEDICAL EDUCATION PARTNERSHIP DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM.

- (a) DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM REQUIRED.—Notwithstanding section 1104 of title 10, United States Code, the Secretary of Defense shall seek to establish a demonstration program to expand partnerships between covered medical facilities of the Department of Defense and the Department of Veterans Affairs.
- (b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of the demonstration program under subsection (a) is to increase case volume for graduate medical education programs of the Department of Defense.
- (c) Parameters.—In seeking to establish a demonstration program under subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense shall make efforts to ensure the following:
- (1) Credentialing and privileging of medical personnel as necessary to work in any covered medical facility.
- (2) Expedited access to installations of the Department of Defense for the purpose of providing medical care under the demonstra-

tion program to non-Department of Defense beneficiaries.

(3) Inclusion of "in-kind" or non-cash payment or reimbursement for expenses incurred under the demonstration program.

(d) ANNUAL BRIEFING.—Not later than December 1, 2026, and annually thereafter, the Secretary of Defense shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a briefing on the implementation of this section.

(e) COVERED MEDICAL FACILITY DEFINED.—
In this section, the term "covered medical facility" means—

(1) a medical facility of the Department of Defense with a certified graduate medical education program; and

(2) any medical facility of the Department of Veterans Affairs.

(f) SUNSET.—This section shall terminate on September 30, 2032.

### SEC. 714. MODIFICATION OF ADMINISTRATION OF MEDICAL MALPRACTICE CLAIMS BY MEMBERS OF THE UNIFORMED SERVICES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 2733a of title 10, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in subsection (a), by striking "subsection (h)" and inserting "subsection (i)":
- (2) in subsection (b)(6), by striking "subsection (h)" and inserting "subsection (i)";
- (3) in subsection (d)(1), by striking "subsection (h)" and inserting "subsection (i)";
- (4) by re-designating subsections (g) through (k) as subsections (h) through (l), respectively; and
- (5) by inserting after subsection (f) the following new subsection:
- "(g) APPEALS.—(1) Any appeal from the denial of a claim under this section shall be considered by a third-party review board jointly established by the Judge Advocates General of the Army, the Navy, and the Air Force.

"(2) The third-party review board established under paragraph (1) shall consist of not more than five members, all of whom possess sufficient legal or medical background, or both.

"(3) A claimant under this section that seeks an appeal under paragraph (1) may submit the appeal directly to the third-party review board established under such paragraph.

"(4) In considering an appeal from the denial of a claim under this section, the third-party review board established under paragraph (1) shall, at the request of the claimant, allow for a hearing on the merits of the appeal in an adversarial nature.

"(5) The Secretary of Defense shall provide to a claimant seeking an appeal under paragraph (1) a copy of any response to the appeal that is submitted on behalf of the Department of Defense.

- "(6) The third-party review board established under paragraph (1) shall not consist of any member of the uniformed services or civilian employee of the Department of Defense."
- (b) APPOINTMENT OF MEMBERS.—Not later than 180 days after the effective date described in subsection (d), the Judge Advocates General of the Army, the Navy, and the Air Force shall jointly appoint members to the board established under subsection (g)(1) of section 2733a of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a)(5).
- (c) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the establishment of the board required under subsection (g)(1) of section 2733a of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a)(5), the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report indicating—
  - (1) the membership of the board;
- (2) the qualifying background of each member of the board; and

- (3) a statement indicating the independence of each member of the board from the Department of Defense.
- (d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section, and the amendments made by this section, shall take effect on the date that is 10 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

# SEC. 715. IMPROVEMENT OF TRANSITION OF MEDICS IN THE ARMED FORCES TO THE CIVILIAN WORKFORCE IN HEALTH CARE OCCUPATIONS.

- (a) RECOMMENDATIONS REQUIRED.—The Secretary concerned, in consultation with each of the States (through the Defense-State Liason Office of the Department of Defense), the Secretary of Veterans Affairs, the Secretary of Health and Human Services, and the Secretary of Labor, shall develop recommendations to improve the transition of medics under the jurisdiction of the Secretary concerned into the civilian workforce in health care occupations, including as certified nurse aides, licensed practical nurses, or medical assistants.
- (b) CONSIDERATIONS.—In carrying out subsection (a), the Secretary concerned shall—
- (1) identify any barriers—
- (A) to improving the ability of the Secretary concerned to determine and communicate how the military credentials and experience of a medic separating from the Armed Forces translate to credentialed civilian employment in health care occupations:
- (B) that exist to the standardization among the Armed Forces of military medic credentials and experience and the alignment of such credentials and experience to credentialed civilian employment in health care occupations:
- (C) that exist to ensuring members of the Armed Forces with military medic credentials and experience have earned the equivalent civilian credential prior to separation from the Armed Forces in addition to receiving their military credentials;
- (D) to the increased establishment and uptake of accelerated or bridge programs to assist separating members of the Armed Forces in translating military credentials and experience into civilian health care credentials and employment:
- (E) to increasing the availability and accessibility of preparatory activities under the SkillBridge program established under section 1143(e) of title 10, United States Code, in the health care sector for members of the Armed Forces preparing for separation, to include—
- (i) the approval timeline for separating members to participate in SkillBridge programs in the health care sector; and
- (ii) requirements to return to their duty station for out-processing; and
- (F) to providing information on civilian health care credentials and employment under the Transition Assistance Program to medics separating from the Armed Forces, including information on State-by-State licensing and credentialing; and
  - (2) consider the potential impact of—
- (A) clarification by States through legislation, actions of State licensing boards, or actions of State credentialing boards of the civilian equivalents of certain military credentials and experience in health care;
- (B) implementation, including through State-provided incentives, of accelerated programs to bridge military medic credentials and experience with civilian health care credentials and licenses:
- (C) financial support or incentives by States to increase the availability and accessibility of such programs;
- (D) requiring the military departments to align military health care credentials with civilian equivalents; and
- (E) requiring the Department of Veterans Affairs and the Department of Labor to

- track and report the number of separated members of the Armed Forces with health care-related military credentials and experience who continue in the civilian health care sector, including the type of employment they pursue.
- (c) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary concerned shall submit to the relevant committees of Congress a report containing—
- (1) the recommendations developed under subsection (a): and
- (2) a plan to implement those recommendations.
- (d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) MEDIC.—The term "medic" means a member of the Armed Forces acting in a clinical health care-related occupation while serving in the Armed Forces.
- (2) RELEVANT COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.— The term "relevant committees of Congress" means—
- (A) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions, and the Committee on Veterans' Affairs of the Senate; and
- (B) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Education and the Workforce, and the Committee on Veterans' Affairs of the House of Representatives.
- (3) SECRETARY CONCERNED.—The term "Secretary concerned" means—
- (A) the Secretary of Defense, with respect to matters concerning the Department of Defense; and
- (B) the Secretary of Homeland Security, with respect to matters concerning the Coast Guard when it is not operating as a service in the Department of the Navy.
- (4) STATE.—The term "State" means each of the several States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, or the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands that have a Defense-State Liaison Office.
- (5) Transition assistance program.—The term "Transition Assistance Program" means the program of the Department of Defense for pre-separation counseling, employment assistance, and other transitional services provided under sections 1142 and 1144 of title 10, United States Code.

# SEC. 716. IMPROVEMENT OF PROVIDER DIRECTORY ACCURACY FOR SPECIALTY CARE PROVIDERS UNDER THE TRICARE PROGRAM.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—By not later than five years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of the Defense Health Agency (in this section referred to as the "Director") shall ensure that the accuracy of the provider directory under the TRICARE program for all specialty care provider types reaches an average accuracy across all specialty care providers of not less than 70 percent.
- (b) MEASUREMENT OF ACCURACY.—Average accuracy under subsection (a) shall be measured biannually and shall be disaggregated by provider type for each specialty care provider group.
- (c) INCLUSION IN CONTRACTS.—The Director shall ensure that each managed care contract under the TRICARE program includes requirements that the managed care contractor comply with the accuracy requirement under subsection (a), including by requiring each such contractor to—
- (1) conduct comprehensive outreach campaigns, to include electronic and non-electronic means, and mass email campaigns to network providers providing—
- (A) information relating to T-5 Contract penalties associated with inaccurate provider directory information;

- (B) resources; and
- (C) direct links for providers to update their directory information;
- (2) make it a condition of joining the TRICARE network managed by such contractor for providers to validate their provider directory information not less frequently than quarterly;
- (3) ensure that when providers file for reimbursement, such providers are prompted to review and verify their directory accuracy; and
- (4) create a mechanism by which beneficiaries under the TRICARE program can report provider directory inaccuracy to the contractor.
- (d) OTHER METHODS.—The Director shall carry out any other methods that the Director finds useful for the improvement of provider directory accuracy.
- (e) Testing of Directory Information.—Not less frequently than quarterly, the Inspector General of the Department of Defense shall conduct random tests, encompassing all specialty care provider types, of the accuracy of information relating to specialty care providers contained in the provider directory under the TRICARE program
  - (f) REPORTS AND BRIEFINGS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Director shall submit a report and provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on progress towards reaching the average accuracy target required under subsection (a).
- (2) ELEMENTS.—Each report under paragraph (1) shall include, at a minimum, the following:
- (A) A description of the techniques that are most effective in improving accuracy of provider directories.
- (B) An identification of the authorities or tools that the Defense Health Agency lacks for improving such accuracy.
- (C) An identification of challenges specific to each specialty care provider type that limit such accuracy.
- (D) An assessment of the impact of efforts of the Defense Health Agency towards improving such accuracy on providers either leaving the TRICARE program or on the willingness of non-network providers to join the TRICARE program.
- (g) COMPTROLLER GENERAL REVIEW.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Comptroller General of the United States shall—
- (1) conduct a holistic review of provider directory accuracy under the TRICARE program to measure the progress of the Director towards meeting the requirement under subsection (a); and
- (2) submit to Congress a report on the review conducted under paragraph (1).

### SEC. 717. REVIEW OF DISCLOSURE REQUIRE-MENTS UNDER PROCESSES AND FORMS RELATING TO HEALTH CARE PROVIDER CREDENTIALING AND PRIVILEGING OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

- (a) REVIEW.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall review all processes and forms relating to health care provider credentialing and privileging of covered applicants to—
- (1) identify questions, required disclosures, or other information required to be provided by the applicant that asks or requires the applicant to disclose mental, behavioral, psychological, or other related health conditions of the applicant, including requirements contained in—
- (A) applications for credentialing, peer reference, or competency assessment; and

- (B) employee manuals, guidance, and policies of the Department of Defense governing the requirements for credentialing, privileging, or employment of health care providers;
- (2) review and compare credentialing, peer reference, and competency assessment forms for health care providers across the military departments and the Defense Health Agency, including a review of—
- (A) which forms require disclosure of mental, behavioral, psychological, or other related health conditions; and
- (B) whether such disclosure of mental, behavioral, psychological, or other related health conditions include past and current diagnoses and treatment.
- (b) REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report containing the following:
- (1) The findings of the review require under subsection (a).
- (2) A detailed plan outlining steps the Secretary has taken or will take, including a timeline for completion of such steps, to update the processes and forms reviewed under such subsection to refrain from requiring disclosures of mental, behavioral, psychological, or other related health conditions when there is no current impairment, including an identification of the steps the Secretary will take to engage advocates outside the Department of Defense who have subject matter expertise.
- (c) COVERED APPLICANT DEFINED.—In this section, the term "covered applicant" means an applicant for a position as a health care provider who—
- (1) is required to go through credentialing and privileging process; and
  - (2) provides care—
- (A) at a military medical treatment facility or other clinic of the Department of Defense; or
- (B) through the civilian network of the TRICARE program (as defined in section 1072 of title 10, United States Code).

### Subtitle C—Reports and Other Matters SEC. 721. STRATEGIC INFECTIOUS DISEASE MED-ICAL RESEARCH PLAN.

- (a) PLAN.—Not later than 90 days after the date on which the President submits a budget for fiscal year 2027 to Congress pursuant to section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of each military department, shall submit to the congressional defense committees a comprehensive, strategic infectious disease medical research plan (referred to in this section as the "Plan").
- (b) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—The Plan shall describe—
- (1) all infectious disease medical research conducted by the Department of Defense, including the coordination process, to ensure that such research is linked to—
  - (A) military readiness;
  - (B) joint force requirements; and
- (C) relevance to individuals eligible for care at military medical treatment facilities or through the TRICARE program (as defined in section 1072(7) of title 10, United States Code):
- (2) the infectious disease research projects funded under the Defense Health Program Account under section 1100 of title 10, United States Code, including projects under—
- (A) the Congressional Directed Medical Research Program of the Department of Defense:
- (B) the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency;
- (C) the United States Army Medical Research Institute of Infectious Diseases;
- (D) the Chemical and Biological Defense Program; and

- (E) the Defense Threat Reduction Agency; (3) the process for ensuring synergy across the military medical research community—
- (A) to address gaps in military infectious disease research;
  - (B) to minimize duplication of research;
- (C) to promote collaboration within research focus areas; and
- (D) to leverage and modernize the existing medical research and development infrastructure of the Department of Defense; and
- (4) the efforts of the Secretary to coordinate with other Federal departments and agencies to increase awareness of complementary infectious disease research efforts that are being carried out by the Federal Government.
- (c) BUDGET DISPLAY INFORMATION.—The Secretary shall submit to the President, in conjunction with the materials of the Department of Defense supporting the fiscal year 2027 budget request submitted to Congress by the President pursuant to section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, and annually thereafter in conjunction with each subsequent budget request through fiscal year 2032, a detailed budget for carrying out the Plan that includes—
- (1) the resources necessary for infectious disease medical research to carry out the activities described in subsection (b) for the applicable fiscal year and the 4 following fiscal years, disaggregated by the activities described in paragraphs (1) through (4) of subsection (b);
- (2) with respect to procurement accounts—
- (A) amounts displayed by account, budget activity, line number, line item, and line item title; and
- (B) a description of the requirements for such amounts specific to the Plan;
- (3) with respect to research, development, test, and evaluation accounts—
- (A) amounts displayed by account, budget activity, line number, program element, and program element title; and
- (B) a description of the requirements for such amounts specific to the Plan;
- (4) with respect to operation and maintenance accounts—
- (A) amounts displayed by account title, budget activity title, line number, and subactivity group title; and
- (B) a description of the specific manner in which such amounts will be used;
- (5) with respect to military personnel accounts—
- (A) amounts displayed by account, budget activity, budget subactivity, and budget subactivity title; and
- (B) a description of the requirements for such amounts specific to the Plan;
- (6) with respect to each project under military construction accounts, the country, location, project title, and project amount by fiscal year;
- (7) with respect to the activities described in subsection (b)—  $\,$
- (A) amounts displayed by account title, budget activity title, line number, and subactivity group title; and
- (B) a description of the specific manner in which such amounts will be used;
- (8) with respect to each military department—
- (A) amounts displayed by account title, budget activity title, line number, and subactivity group title; and
- (B) a description of the specific manner in which such amounts will be used;
- (9) with respect to the amounts described in each of paragraphs (2)(A), (3)(A), (4)(A), (5)(A), (6), (7)(A), and (8)(A) for a fiscal year—
  - (A) a comparison between-
- (i) the amount requested in the budget of the President for such fiscal year; and

- (ii) the amount projected in the previously submitted budget request of the President for such fiscal year:
- (B) a detailed summary of the amounts obligated for the Plan during the most recently concluded fiscal year; and
  - (C) a detailed comparison between-
- (i) the amounts obligated for the Plan during the most recently concluded fiscal year; and
- (ii) the amounts requested for the Plan in the budget of the President for the applicable fiscal year.

# SEC. 722. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY FOR JOINT DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE-DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS MEDICAL FACILITY DEMONSTRATION FUND.

Section 1704(e) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84; 123 Stat. 2573), as most recently amended by section 1421 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118–159), is amended by striking "September 30, 2026" and inserting "September 30, 2027".

### SEC. 723. PILOT PROGRAM ON WASTEWATER SUR-VEILLANCE SYSTEM OF DEPART-MENT OF DEFENSE.

- PILOT PROGRAM REQUIRED.—Commencing not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall carry out a pilot program under which the Secretary shall develop and implement a comprehensive wastewater surveillance system at not fewer than four installations of a military department at which the Secretary seeks to improve the testing, identification, and analysis of usage of covered drugs and to identify the prevalence of infectious diseases among members of the Armed Forces at the installation (in this section referred to as the "pilot program").
  (b) Technologies and Data System
- (b) TECHNOLOGIES AND DATA SYSTEM USED.—In carrying out the pilot program, the Secretary shall ensure the system developed and implemented under subsection (a) is comprised of appropriate technologies and a uniform data system across the Department of Defense.
- (c) MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS.—In carrying out the pilot program, the Secretary shall establish at a minimum—
- (1) at least one wastewater surveillance system for monitoring of use of covered drugs at one installation; and
- (2) at least one wastewater surveillance system for monitoring of infectious diseases at one installation.
- (d) DURATION.—The pilot program shall be carried out during a two-year period beginning on the date of the commencement of the pilot program.
- (e) REPORT.—Not later than 90 days after the termination of the pilot program, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report that includes the following:
- (1) A summary of the findings from the wastewater surveillance system under the pilot program.
- (2) Recommendations for interventions or policy changes based on trends observed under the pilot program.
- (3) An assessment of the effectiveness of the pilot program in enhancing force health protection and readiness.
- (f) COVERED DRUG DEFINED.—In this section, the term "covered drug"—
- (1) except as provided in paragraph (2), means a drug included on schedule I or schedule II established under section 202 of the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 812): and
  - (2) does not include a drug that-
- (A) was newly included on such schedule I or schedule II;

- (B) was previously approved under section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 355); and
- (C) received such approval not later than 20 years before the date of the enactment of this Act.
- TITLE VIII—ACQUISITION POLICY, ACQUISITION MANAGEMENT, AND RELATED MATTERS

## Subtitle A—Acquisition Policy and Management

- Sec. 801. Transition of program executive officer role to portfolio acquisition executive.
- Sec. 802. Capstone requirements.
- Sec. 803. Modification to acquisition strategy.
- Sec. 804. Modifications to modular open systems approach.
- Sec. 805. Alternative test and evaluation pathway for designated defense acquisition programs.
- Sec. 806. Department of Defense member of Cost Accounting Standards Board.
- Sec. 807. Combatant command experimentation authority.
- Subtitle B—Amendments to General Contracting Authorities, Procedures, and Limitations
- Sec. 821. Modification to nontraditional defense contractor definitions.
- Sec. 822. Financing for covered activities.
- Sec. 823. Exemptions for nontraditional defense contractors.
- Sec. 824. Modifications to treatment of certain products and services as commercial products and commercial services.
- Sec. 825. Modifications to commercial products and commercial services.
- Sec. 826. Modifications to commercial solutions openings.
- Sec. 827. Modifications to other transactions.
- Sec. 828. Modifications to procurement for experimental purposes.
- Sec. 829. Consumption-based solutions.
- Sec. 830. Modifications to prohibition on contracting with persons that have fossil fuel operations with the Government of the Russian Federation or the Russian energy sector.
- Sec. 831. Modifications to relationship of other provisions of law to procurement of commercial products and commercial services.
- Sec. 832. Limitation on required flowdown of contract clauses to subcontractors providing commercial products or commercial services.
- Sec. 833. References in contracts to Department of Defense policy documents, instructions, and manuals.
- Sec. 834. Uninsurable risk on certain contracts.
- Sec. 835. Reporting of price increases.
- Sec. 836. Instructions for continued operational readiness.
- Sec. 837. Indemnification of contractors against nuclear and unusually hazardous risks.
- Sec. 838. Late submission of cost and pricing data as invalid defense to contract price reductions for defective cost or pricing data.
- Sec. 839. Modifications to submissions of cost or pricing data.

### Subtitle C-Industrial Base Matters

Sec. 841. Repeal of limitations on certain

Department of Defense Executive Agent authority.

- Sec. 842. Small unmanned aircraft system industrial base remediation plan.
- Sec. 843. Application of national security waiver for strategic materials sourcing requirement to sensitive materials.
- Sec. 844. Prohibition on acquisition of clothing and fabric from countries of concern under domestic-sourcing waivers.
- Sec. 845. Mitigation of risks related to foreign ownership, control, or influence of Department of Defense contractors or subcontractors.
- Sec. 846. Prohibition of procurement of molybdenum, gallium, or germanium from non-allied foreign nations and authorization for production from recovered material
- Sec. 847. Sourcing options for certain critical products.
- Sec. 848. Prohibiting the purchase of photovoltaic modules or inverters from Foreign Entities of Concern.
- Sec. 849. Modernization of Army arsenals. Sec. 849A. Modifications to Defense Industrial Base Fund.

### Subtitle D-Small Business Matters

- Sec. 851. APEX Accelerators.
  - Subtitle E-Other Matters
- Sec. 861. Clarification of procurement prohibition related to acquisition of materials mined, refined, and separated in certain countries.
- Sec. 862. Independent study on the acquisition workforce of the Department of Defense.
- Sec. 863. Expedited acceptance program for supply chain illumination.
- Sec. 864. Simultaneous conflicts critical munitions report.
- Sec. 865. Permanent extension and modification of demonstration and prototyping program to advance international product support capabilities in a contested logistics environment.
- Sec. 866. Estimate of ally and partner demand for United States-produced munitions and specified expendables.
- Sec. 867. Reform of contractor performance information requirements.
- Sec. 868. Repeals of existing law to streamline the defense acquisition process.
- Sec. 869. Enhancement of defense supply chain resilience and secondary source qualification.
- Sec. 870. Enhanced product support management for integrated sustainment of weapon systems.
- Sec. 871. Modifications to current defense acquisition requirements.
- Sec. 872. Minimum production levels for munitions.
- Sec. 873. Processes for incentivizing contractor expansion of sources of supply.
- Sec. 874. Duty-free entry of supplies procured by Department of Defense.
- Sec. 875. Other transaction authority reporting.
- Sec. 876. Assessment of competitive effects of defense contractor transactions.
- Sec. 877. Evaluation of TP-Link telecommunications equipment for designation as covered telecommunications equipment or services.

- Sec. 878. Country-of-origin disclosure requirements for generic drugs purchased by the Department of Defense.
- Sec. 879. Phase-out of computer and printer acquisitions involving entities owned or controlled by China.
- Sec. 880. Prohibition on operation, procurement, and contracting related to foreign-made additive manufacturing machines.

# TITLE VIII—ACQUISITION POLICY, ACQUISITION MANAGEMENT, AND RELATED MATTERS

### Subtitle A—Acquisition Policy and Management

# SEC. 801. TRANSITION OF PROGRAM EXECUTIVE OFFICER ROLE TO PORTFOLIO ACQUISITION EXECUTIVE.

- (a) DEFINITION.—Section 1737(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking paragraph (4) and inserting the following:
- "(4) The term 'portfolio acquisition executive' refers to the member of the acquisition workforce responsible for the overall management of requirements, programming, and acquisition of defense acquisition capabilities. These capabilities are assigned by the service acquisition executive or component acquisition executive. The portfolio acquisition executive has direct control over all necessary officials and functional support, including the ability to provide input into performance evaluations, to the maximum extent practicable. This authority provides them with all necessary authority to develop, procure, and sustain military capabilities. For purposes of managing requirements, the portfolio acquisition executive is subject to the authority, direction, and control of the chief of the military service, while remaining under the overall authority, direction, and control of the service acquisition executive or component acquisition executive. The Secretary of Defense shall ensure a minimum of non-statutory guidance and approvals issued by officials external to the portfolio acquisition executives."
- (b) CRITICAL ACQUISITION POSITIONS.—Section 1731(a)(1)(B)(i) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking "Program executive officer" and inserting "Portfolio acquisition executive".
- (c) Position Qualifications.—Section 1735(c) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in the subsection heading, by striking "Program Executive Officers" and inserting "Portfolio Acquisition Executive"; and
- (2) by striking "program executive officer" and inserting "portfolio acquisition executive".
- (d) GOVERNMENT PERFORMANCE OF CERTAIN ACQUISITION FUNCTIONS.—Section 1706(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in paragraph (1), by striking "Program executive officer" and inserting "Portfolio acquisition executive"; and
- (2) in paragraph (2), by striking "Deputy program executive officer" and inserting "Deputy portfolio acquisition executive".
- (e) DUTIES RELATED TO CADRE OF INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY EXPERTS.—Section 1707(c) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking "program executive officer" and inserting "portfolio acquisition executive".
- (f) PORTFOLIO ACQUISITION EXECUTIVE OF-FICE —Section 1509 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 10 U.S.C. 167b) is amended—
- (1) by striking "program executive office" each place that it appears and inserting "portfolio acquisition executive office"; and
- (2) in subsection (c), by striking "Program Executive Office" in the subsection heading and inserting "Portfolio Acquisition Executive Office".

- (g) Technology Release and Foreign Disclosure Reform Initiative.—Section 918(a)(2)(D)(ii) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31; 10 U.S.C. 301 note) is amended by striking "program executive officer" and inserting "portfolio acquisition executive".
- (h) SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT AND SOFTWARE ACQUISITION TRAINING AND MANAGEMENT PROGRAMS.—Section 862 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116-92; 10 U.S.C. 1741 note) is amended—
- (1) in subsection (a)(2)(A), by striking "program executive officers" and inserting "portfolio acquisition executives": and
  - (2) in subsection (c)(1)—
- (A) in the paragraph heading, by striking "PROGRAM EXECUTIVE OFFICER" and inserting "PORTFOLIO ACQUISITION EXECUTIVE"; and
- (B) by striking "program executive officer" and inserting "portfolio acquisition executive".
- (i) AUTHORITY TO ESTABLISH DIFFERENT MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS.—Section 1764(b)(2) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking "Program executive officer" and inserting "Portfolio acquisition executive".
- (j) PRIZES FOR ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY ACHIEVEMENTS.—Section 4025(g)(2)(C) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking "program executive officer" both places it appears and inserting "portfolio acquisition executive".
- (k) RATING CHAINS FOR SYSTEM PROGRAM MANAGERS.—Section 323 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2013 (Public Law 112–239; 126 Stat. 1696) is amended by striking "program executive officer" and inserting "portfolio acquisition executive"
- (1) SPACE SYSTEM ACQUISITION AND THE ADAPTIVE ACQUISITION FRAMEWORK.—Section 807 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283; 10 U.S.C. 9081 note) is amended—
  - (1) in subsection (b)(1)—
- (A) in the paragraph heading, by striking "PROGRAM EXECUTIVE OFFICER" and inserting "PORTFOLIO ACQUISITION EXECUTIVE"; and
- (B) by striking "program executive officer" and inserting "portfolio acquisition executive"; and
  - (2) in subsection (e)(6)—
- (A) in the paragraph heading, by striking "PROGRAM EXECUTIVE OFFICER" and inserting "PORTFOLIO ACQUISITION EXECUTIVE"; and
- (B) by striking "program executive officer" and inserting "portfolio acquisition executive".

### SEC. 802. CAPSTONE REQUIREMENTS.

Chapter 221 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

### "§ 3209. Capstone requirements

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of each military department shall establish a capstone requirement approach for three or more portfolio acquisition executives for which that official has responsibility to enable greater speed, agility, and innovation in fielding military capabilities. Each such capstone requirement shall be established in consultation with the Joint Requirements Oversight Council.
- "(b) ELEMENTS.—Under the capstone requirements for an acquisition portfolio, the Secretary of the military department shall—
- "(1) develop a general set of requirements for the acquisition portfolio in accordance with subsection (c) under which programs or projects may be initiated;
- "(2) authorize the portfolio acquisition executive or similar portfolio manager for the portfolio to change the scope and requirements for programs within the portfolio, subject to subsection (d);

- "(3) assign representatives of operational forces to the acquisition portfolio and authorize them to perform the functions specified in subsection (e);
- "(4) maximize commercial market research, the use of commercial and nondevelopmental items, and minimum viable products to shape capability scope and requirements;
- "(5) authorize the portfolio acquisition executive or similar portfolio manager to resource and acquire commercial or non-developmental items under the capstone requirement by validating the need with the representatives assigned under paragraph (3);
- "(6) manage information technology requirements using dynamically prioritized lists of user needs rather than large static requirements documents; and
- "(7) iteratively define, prioritize, and refine requirements at the portfolio, program, and iteration levels based on user input, previous deliveries, and continuous commercial market research.
- "(c) CAPSTONE SET OF REQUIREMENTS.—The capstone set of requirements for an acquisition portfolio developed under subsection (b)(1) shall be designed—
- "(1) to guide the iterative delivery of an integrated suite of capabilities to maximize operational impact:
- "(2) to provide enduring themes based on strategic needs and relevant concepts of operation, not system-specific;
- "(3) to include measures of force effectiveness for a force mix of capabilities to be measured against; and
- "(4) to include kill chains, effects chains, vignettes of operational scenarios, the effect of timely delivery of capability, and related mission engineering initiatives across the Department of Defense.
  "(d) AUTHORITY TO REVISE PROGRAMS WITH-
- (f)(d) AUTHORITY TO REVISE PROGRAMS WITH-IN A PORTFOLIO.—The authority under subsection (b)(2)—
- "(1) shall be carried out in consultation with operational commands and the Joint Requirements Oversight Council; and
- "(2) does not include authority to change key performance parameters for a major defense acquisition program.
- "(e) FUNCTIONS OF OPERATIONAL REPRESENTATIVES.—An operational representative assigned to an acquisition portfolio under subsection (b)(3) shall be provided authority—
- "(1) to shape the vision and priorities for key capability areas;
- (2) to provide the acquisition community and developers insights into operations;
- "(3) to provide feedback on interim developments:
- "(4) to validate the suitability of existing commercial or non-developmental items, or the likelihood that the commercial market may be enticed to produce those items, or, as a last resort, validate that no commercial vendor will ever produce a suitable product and a developmental program is necessary:
- "(5) to foster collaboration among the acquisition community, developers, and users of the capability to be fielded; and
- "(6) to provide advice to the portfolio acquisition executive or similar portfolio manager.".

#### SEC. 803. MODIFICATION TO ACQUISITION STRAT-EGY.

- (1) Section 4211 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in subsection (b), by striking "the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, or the milestone decision authority, when the milestone decision authority is the service acquisition executive of the military department that is managing the program," and inserting "the portfolio acquisition executive, or the decision authority, when the decision authority is the

- service acquisition executive of the military department or the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment,";
  - (2) in subsection (c)—
  - (A) in paragraph (1)—
- (i) by striking "the Under Secretary, or the milestone decision authority, when the milestone decision authority is the service acquisition executive of the military department that is managing the program," and inserting "the portfolio acquisition executive, or the decision authority, when the decision authority is the service acquisition executive of the military department or the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment,";
- (ii) by amending subparagraph (A) to read as follows:
- "(A) the strategy clearly describes the proposed business case and capability management approach for the program or system, and to the maximum extent practicable, describes how a portfolio of capabilities within an enduring set of requirements will be developed, procured, and fielded rather than detailing a specific end-item:": and
- (iii) in subparagraph (B), by striking "how the strategy is designed to be implemented with available resources, such as time, funding, and management capacity" and inserting "the resources, such as time, funding, and management capacity required to deliver the capability"; and
- (B) by amending paragraph (2) to read as follows:
- "(2) Each strategy shall, where appropriate, consider the following:
- "(A) An approach that delivers required capabilities in increments, each depending on available mature technology, and that recognizes up front the need for future capability improvements or transitions to alternative end-items through use of continuous competition.
- "(B) Requirements related to logistics, maintenance, and sustainment in accordance with sections 2464 and 2466 of this title, and the acquisition of technical data, computer software, and associated licenses, to enable such requirements in accordance with sections 3771 through 3775 of this title.
- "(C) A process for collaborative interaction and market research with the science and technology community, including Department of Defense science and technology reinvention laboratories, government innovation cells, academia, small businesses, nontraditional defense contractors, and other contractors.
- "(D) Identification of enterprise-wide designs and standards in support of an architecture that provides for an integrated suite of capabilities that focuses on simplicity of implementation and speed of delivery.
- "(E) Overarching roadmaps that create integrated strategic schedules of legacy systems and new capabilities and a mapping of enduring requirements to elements of the portfolio of capabilities.
- "(F) A contracting strategy that develops long-term partnerships with multiple companies to actively contribute to architectures, development, production, and sustainment across the portfolio of capabilities by decomposing large systems into smaller sets of projects across time and technical component.
- "(G) An assignment of roles and responsibilities to the acquisition workforce within the portfolio acquisition executive, identification of external stakeholder dependencies, and the need for subject matter expert inputs at critical points in the program, including the need for special hiring authority or advisory and assistance services.
- "(H) A process of testing and experimentation with the test community and end

users to ensure continuous user feedback, acceptance, and development of concepts of operations."; and

(4) by striking subsections (d) and (e) and inserting the following:

"(d) REVIEW.—The decision authority shall review and approve, as appropriate, the acquisition strategy for a major defense acquisition program or major system prior to the acquisition decision memorandum and ensure that the strategy is updated at regular intervals to incorporate significant changes to program requirements, resourcing, or acquisition decisions.

"(e) DECISION AUTHORITY DEFINED.—In this section, the term 'decision authority', with respect to a major defense acquisition program or major system, means the official within the Department of Defense designated with the overall responsibility and authority for acquisition decisions for the program or system, including authority to approve entry of the program or system into the next phase of the acquisition process.".

### SEC. 804. MODIFICATIONS TO MODULAR OPEN SYSTEMS APPROACH.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 4401 of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

### "§ 4401. Definitions

"In this chapter:

- "(1) The term 'authorized third party' means an entity approved by the Department of Defense to access developer resources for integration or sustainment.
- "(2) The term 'industry standards' means widely adopted technical standards or protocols from recognized organizations.
- "(3) The term 'machine-readable format' means a format that can be easily processed by a computer without human intervention. "(4) The term 'major system component'—
- "(A) means a high-level subsystem or assembly, including hardware, software, or an integrated assembly of both, that can be mounted or installed on a major system platform through modular system interfaces; and
- "(B) includes a subsystem or assembly that is likely to have additional capability requirements, is likely to change because of evolving technology or threat, is needed for interoperability, facilitates incremental deployment of capabilities, or is expected to be replaced by another major system component.
- "(5) The term 'major system platform' means the highest level structure of a system that is not physically mounted or installed onto a higher level structure and on which a major system component can be physically mounted or installed.
- "(6) The term 'modular open systems approach (MOSA)' means a system design approach using modular systems, enabling innovation and competition in the development, sustainment, or upgrade of weapon systems.
- "(7) The term 'modular system' refers to a weapon system or weapon system component that—
- "(A) is able to execute independently without relying on the execution of other specific systems or components;
- "(B) can communicate across component boundaries and through modular system interfaces; and
- "(C) functions as a module that can be separated, recombined, and connected with other weapon systems or weapon systems components in order to achieve various effects, missions, or capabilities.
- "(8) The term 'modular systems interfaces' means a shared boundary between modular systems, defined by various physical, logical, and functional characteristics, such as electrical, mechanical, fluidic, optical, radio fre-

quency, data, networking, or software elements, that is free of proprietary restrictions and documented via a machine-readable format, including—

- "(A) software-defined interface syntax and properties, specifically governing how values are validly passed to and received;
- "(B) definition of the relationship between the delivered interface and interfaces available in the repositories established pursuant to section 4403 of this title; and
- "(C) test cases, including example code, demonstrating the proper use of the modular systems interface.
- "(9) The term 'operational data' means government-owned data generated by or necessary for system operation, maintenance, or enhancement.".
- (b) REQUIREMENTS.—Section 4402 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking subsections (a) through (f) and inserting the following:
- "(a) PROGRAM COMPLIANCE AND MOSA IMPLEMENTATION.—(1) The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that every major defense acquisition program (as defined in section 4201 of this title) submits a modular open systems approach (MOSA) implementation plan within its acquisition strategy, detailing compliance with this section. Other defense acquisition programs shall incorporate MOSA to the maximum extent practicable.
- "(2) In the case of a major defense acquisition program that uses a modular open system approach, the acquisition strategy required under section 4211 of this title shall—
- "(A) clearly describe the modular open system approach to be used for the program;
- "(B) differentiate between the major system platform and major system components being developed under the program, as well as major system components developed outside the program that will be integrated into the major defense acquisition program;
- "(C) clearly describe the evolution of major system components that are anticipated to be added, removed, or replaced in subsequent increments;
- "(D) clearly describe security classification requirements for each major system component as related to the modular system interface for that component;
- "(E) clearly describe how intellectual property and related issues, such as technical data deliverables, that are necessary to support a modular open system approach, will be addressed; and
- "(F) clearly describe the approach to systems integration and systems-level configuration management to ensure mission and information assurance.
- "(3) Contracts for covered programs shall include enforceable clauses requiring delivery of data rights consistent with sections 3771 through 3775 of this title and modular systems interfaces as specified in subsection (c).
- "(b) WAIVERS AND EXCEPTIONS.—The Secretary of Defense may waive specific MOSA requirements, or deviate from the requirements in subsection (c), for a program only if—
- "(1) deviation would demonstrably impair national security or operational capability;
- "(2) a detailed justification is submitted to the congressional defense committees not later than 30 days after issuing the waiver.
- "(c) MOSA REQUIREMENTS.—(1) All covered programs shall require the use of modular systems, including—
- "(A) modular systems interfaces published to the repositories established pursuant to section 4403 of this title:
- "(B) delivery of sufficient data rights to share developer resources with authorized third parties for government purposes, as determined by the Secretary of Defense;

- "(C) allowing for the use of existing industry standards for interfaces where applicable."
- "(D) government ownership of operational data in a usable, nonproprietary format, extractable without original equipment manufacturer dependency; and
- "(E) system designs allowing integration of new or substitute modules with minimal manual reconfiguration, provided they conform to relevant modular systems interfaces published to the repositories.
- "(2) The Secretary of Defense, secretaries of military departments, and commanders of combatant commands with acquisition authorities shall not—
- "(A) unless required for operational compatibility with existing legacy systems, mandate specific internal technical implementations, data structures, defense specific standards, or formats beyond the necessity that there are modular systems with modular systems interfaces published to the relevant repository; or
- "(B) permit contracts restricting government control over developer resources or operational data, or locking the government into a single vendor, absent a national security exemption.
- (3) Contractors providing modular systems shall upload required modular systems interface data to an appropriate repository. Contract closeout shall not occur until such uploads are verified by the contracting officer
- "(d) IMPLEMENTATION AND FLEXIBILITY.—(1) Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this subsection, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment shall issue regulations and guidance to implement this section across military departments, Defense agencies, and combatant commands.
- "(2) The requirements of this section shall not apply to programs with approved acquisition strategies at the time of the date of the enactment of this subsection.
- "(3) Requirements shall not prescribe specific technologies or limit contractor innovation, provided interface documentation obligations are met, nor exclude new entrants or small businesses capable of compliance.
- "(4) Requirements shall not force the use of industry or consensus-based standards except as necessary to interface with existing systems using such standards.".
- (c) REPOSITORIES AND INTERFACE ACCESS.— Section 4403 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking paragraphs (1) and (2) and inserting the following new paragraphs:
- "(1) establish a federated set of digital repositories within the Department of Defense to store modular systems interfaces required under subsection (c) of section 4402 of this title, which shall—
- ``(A) feature authentication and access controls to protect sensitive data;
- "(B) enable contractors to publish and manage their contributions (at approved access levels) with accountability and version control;
- "(C) be searchable and accessible to authorized Department of Defense components and contractors based on access levels; and
- "(D) incorporate cybersecurity measures consistent with Department of Defense standards;
- "(2) ensure distribution of interfaces to promote interoperability, consistent with the requirements of section 3771 of this title, by—
- "(A) providing access to interfaces and relevant documentation in the repository established in paragraph (1) to authorized Federal Government and nongovernmental entities; and
- "(B) restricting nongovernmental entities that receive access under subparagraph (A)

from further release, disclosure, or use such data except as authorized;"

### SEC. 805. ALTERNATIVE TEST AND EVALUATION PATHWAY FOR DESIGNATED DEFENSE ACQUISITION PROGRAMS.

- (a) AUTHORITY.—The Secretary of Defense shall issue guidance to establish an alternative test and evaluation (T&E) pathway for certain Department of Defense acquisition programs to enhance agility, accelerate delivery of capabilities, and ensure datadriven decisionmaking, while maintaining independent oversight of evaluation out-
- (b) ALTERNATIVE TEST AND EVALUATION PATHWAY.—The Secretary of Defense shall establish an alternative test and evaluation pathway for covered programs that includes the following requirements:
- (1) For each covered program, the military department concerned, through its service test activities, shall—
- (A) design and execute a unified test and evaluation strategy that aligns developmental testing (DT) and operational testing (OT) to a single set of test objectives that build system understanding throughout the test program to more effectively support capability delivery within rapid prototyping and iterative updates with early and continuous operational feedback:
- (B) develop and execute a test data strategy, updated as needed, that includes-
- (i) collection of raw data from system components during test events and operational activities, including submission of industry derived data from their development and testing evolutions;
- (ii) evaluation criteria to assess the mission effects and suitability of the system based on the data to be collected, including from live-fire test events, if applicable;
- (iii) a process for independently validating industry test results, if needed;
- (iv) provision of resources for automated data collection, storage, and access; and
- (v) automated analytics tools to assess performance trends, reliability, and maintenance needs:
- (C) incorporate, to the maximum extent practicable, best practices such as-
- (i) hardware-in-the-loop testing to validate system integration;
- (ii) continuous data collection from prototypes and fielded systems to refine designs and update lifecycle costs:
- (iii) test subsystem prototypes throughout system development to assess their contribution to the mission effect of the fielded system: and
- (iv) integration of supporting or complementary data from digital twins or other model-based systems engineering tools:
- (D) define general test and evaluation objectives and data needs while allowing detailed execution plans to evolve based on test results and emerging requirements, avoiding rigid milestone-driven schedules; and
- (E) ensure all raw test data and associated analytics are owned by the government, stored in accessible repositories, and available to authorized Department entities, including the Director of Operational Test & Evaluation (DOT&E), throughout the program lifecycle.
- (2) Covered programs under this pathway shall be exempt from-
- (A) the requirement to develop and submit a Test and Evaluation Master Plan (TEMP) under Department of Defense Instruction 5000.02 or other policies, provided a unified test and evaluation strategy and data strategy under subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (1) are implemented;
- (B) milestone-specific operational events, such as Initial Operational Test and Evaluation (IOT&E), mandated under section

- 4171 of title 10, United States Code, or related regulations; and
- (C) any other test and evaluation documentation or approval processes that the Secretary determines are inconsistent with the agile and iterative nature of this path-
- (c) Role of the Director of Operational TEST AND EVALUATION.—For covered programs under the alternative test and evaluation pathway designated for oversight by the Director of Operational Test and Evaluation, the Director of Operational Test and Evaluation shall-
- (1) provide independent evaluation of test data across all phases of the program lifecycle, including-
- (A) assessing the sufficiency of the program's test and evaluation strategy and data strategy to demonstrate military effectiveness;
- (B) evaluating whether the program collects and analyzes sufficient raw data, learns from test results at a pace relevant to operational needs, and converges on military effectiveness based on data trends;
- (C) identifying deficiencies in test and evaluation strategies that risk system performance, suitability, or survivability; and
- providing continuous oversight through ongoing analysis of test data;
- (2) have unrestricted access to all raw test data, data repositories, and analytics maintained by military departments for covered
- (3) not require of covered programs-
- (A) specific test plans, execution methods, or documentation formats or require pre-approval of test and evaluation activities as a condition of testing, data collection, or evaluation: or
- (B) Director of Operational Test and Evaluation-approved Test and Evaluation Master Plans or other pre-execution documentation under existing policies; and
- (4) include in its annual report to Congress under section 139(h) of title 10, United States Code, a summary of the adequacy of data strategies, rates of learning, and risks that aligns with the evaluation processes established in this section.
- (d) GUIDANCE REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretaries of the military departments and the Director of Operational Test and Evaluation, shall issue guidance to implement the alternative test and evaluation pathway, including standards for data strategies and modern testing practices and procedures to support evaluation by the Director of Operational Test and Evaluation under subsection (c)(2).
- (e) REPORT.—Not later than three years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the implementation of this section, including an assessment of the effectiveness of the pathway in accelerating capability delivery and improving system performance and any recommendations for expanding modifying the pathway.
- (f) COVERED PROGRAM DEFINED.—In this section, the term "covered program" means a defense acquisition program that is-
- (1) designated under the Software Acquisition Pathway pursuant to section 3603 of title 10, United States Code, initiated on or after the date of the enactment of this Act: and
- (2) designated by the Secretary of Defense on or after the issuance of guidance under subsection (d).

#### SEC. 806. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE MEMBER OF COST ACCOUNTING STANDARDS BOARD.

The Department of Defense representative on the Cost Accounting Standards Board

pursuant to section 1501 of title 41, United States Code, shall be the Director of Defense Pricing, Contracting, and Acquisition Policy or its successor organization.

### SEC. 807. COMBATANT COMMAND EXPERIMEN-TATION AUTHORITY.

- (a) AUTHORITY.—Each commander of a combatant command shall have the authority to conduct experimentation, prototyping, and technology demonstrations to support the development and testing of innovative technologies and capability solutions to address operational needs identified by the combatant command.
- (b) PROCEDURES.—For activities carried out under subsection (a), the commander of a combatant command may use-
- (1) operation and maintenance funds, including for the purchase of items having an investment item unit cost not greater than the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller) guidance regarding threshold for determination of expense and investment costs: and
- (2) special contracting authorities described in section 843 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31: 10 U.S.C. 3601 note), provided that the procedures described in such section are followed.
- (c) RECOMMENDATION FOR FOLLOW-ON PRO-DUCTION.—Upon completion of an experiment, prototype, or technology demonstration, if a combatant command submits a determination that the written demonstrated technology or capability successfully meets the operational need of the combatant command, the written determination may be used to fulfill the following require-
- (1) A justification for using other than competitive procedures under section 3204 of title 10, United States Code, or follow-on production authorities under section 4022 of such title, to acquire the technology or capability which was successfully demonstrated.
- (2) A validated capability needs statement or other requirement document.

### Subtitle B-Amendments to General Contracting Authorities, Procedures, and Limitations

#### SEC. 821. MODIFICATION TO NONTRADITIONAL DEFENSE CONTRACTOR DEFINI-TIONS.

Section 3014 of title 10, United States Code, is amended-

- (1) by striking "means an entity that is not currently performing" and inserting the following: "means an entity that-
- "(1) is not currently performing"; and
  (2) by striking "such section." and inserting the following: "such section; or
- (2) does not qualify as a covered segment as defined under the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement 231.205-18 or successor regulation."

### SEC. 822. FINANCING FOR COVERED ACTIVITIES.

- (a) FINANCING COSTS.—Financing costs incurred for a covered activity shall be allowable and allocable as a direct or an indirect overhead cost for contracts and subcontracts of the Department of Defense, provided such costs are-
- (1) reasonable in amount and consistent with prevailing market rates for similar financing; and
  - (2) incurred to pay a financing entity.
  - (b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) The term "covered activity" means an activity taken by a prime contractor or subcontractor-
- (A) to manage an inventory of completed products or components used in production;
- (B) to improve inventory management of products or components necessary sustainment or maintenance;

- (C) to materially expand the capacity of production or sustainment and maintenance through capital expenditures; or
- (D) to carry out any other purpose identified by the Secretary of Defense.
- (2) The term "financing costs" means interest on borrowings, bond discounts, and costs of financing and refinancing capital.
- (3) The term "financing entity" means any corporation, limited liability company, partnership, trust, or other organization that is created under Federal or State law and that, as part of its regular business activities, extends credit, loans, or other forms of financing to other persons or entities, provided that such legal entity is not owned by, controlled by, or under common control with the person or entity receiving such financing.

### SEC. 823. EXEMPTIONS FOR NONTRADITIONAL DEFENSE CONTRACTORS.

Nontraditional defense contractors, as defined by section 3014 of title 10, United States Code, shall not be subject to any of the following requirements:

- (1) Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement 252.242–7006, or successor regulation.
- (2) Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement 252.234–7002, or successor regulation.
- (3) Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement 252.215–7002, or successor regulation.
- (4) Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement 252.242–7004, or successor regulation.
- (5) Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement 252.245–7003, or successor regulation.
- (6) Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement 252.244–7001, or successor regulation
- (7) Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement 252.242–7005, or successor regulation
- (8) Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement 215.407, or successor regulation.
- (9) Section 3702 of title 10, United States Code.
- (10) Part 31 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation, or successor regulation.

# SEC. 824. MODIFICATIONS TO TREATMENT OF CERTAIN PRODUCTS AND SERVICES AS COMMERCIAL PRODUCTS AND COMMERCIAL SERVICES.

Section 3457 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a)—
- (A) by inserting "(1)" before "Notwithstanding";
- (B) by striking "may be treated" and inserting "shall be treated"; and
- (C) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(2) The requirement under paragraph (1) may be waived or modified with a written determination approved by the head of contracting activity, delegable to no lower than the senior contracting official. The written determination shall include a justification for why commercial procedures should be waived or modified, such as tailored market research demonstrating that potential suppliers could not effectively provide the required product or services under commercial procedures.";
  - (2) by striking subsection (b);
- (3) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (b); and
- (4) by adding at the end the following new subsection:
- "(c) Preference Inapplicable.—The authority under subsection (a)(1) shall not be construed to give preference to the purchase of a product or service pursuant to section 3453 of this title solely on the basis that such offered product or service is deemed commer-

cial as a result of the exercise of such authority.".

# SEC. 825. MODIFICATIONS TO COMMERCIAL PRODUCTS AND COMMERCIAL SERVICES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 3453 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in subsection (b), by striking "procurement officials in that agency," and inserting "acquisition officials in that agency, including consultants, researchers, and any individuals providing advisory services to acquisition officials.":
- (2) in subsection (c), by redesignating paragraphs (3) through (5) as paragraphs (4) through (6), respectively:
- (3) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following new paragraph:
- "(3) The head of an agency shall establish a process for determinations regarding the non-availability of commercial products or services, including that—
- "(A) a defense unique-development product or service may not be procured until the head of the agency determines that the market research conducted in accordance with paragraph (2) of this section resulted in no commercial product, commercial service, or nondevelopmental item suitable to meet the agency's needs; and
- "(B) prior to acquiring a defense-unique development product or service, a program manager shall, consistent with the policies and regulations of the Department of Defense, submit a written memorandum summarizing why a defense-development unique product is required based on results of the determination in subparagraph (A), which shall be signed by the program executive officer."; and
- (4) by adding at the end the following new subsection:
- "(f) DEFINITION.—The term 'defense-unique development' means a Department of Defense financed product or service to provide a defense-unique capability that does not repurpose a commercial product, commercial service, or nondevelopmental item."
- (b) DETERMINATIONS.—Section 3456 of title 10. United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in subsection (a), by amending paragraph (2) to read as follows:
- "(2) assist military departments and Defense Agencies with performing market research and satisfying the requirements under section 3453 of this title pertaining to market research and the determination regarding the non-availability of commercial products or services and analysis used to determine the reasonableness of price for the purposes of procurements by the Department of Defense."; and
- (2) in subsection (b)(2), by inserting after the first sentence the following: "The contracting officer should consider the results summarized in the memorandum issued by the program manager in accordance with the requirement in section 3453(c)(3)(B) of this title when issuing the written commercial or noncommercial determination.".

### SEC. 826. MODIFICATIONS TO COMMERCIAL SO-LUTIONS OPENINGS.

Section 3458 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
- "(a) AUTHORITY.—The Secretary of Defense and the Secretaries of the military departments may acquire commercial products, commercial services, and nondevelopmental items through a competitive selection of proposals resulting from a general solicitation and the peer review, technical review, or operational review (as appropriate) of such proposals, and may issue, without further justification, follow-on contract awards or agreements, including sole source awards or agreements, to the recipient.";

- (2) by striking subsection (e);
- (3) by redesignating subsection (c) and (d) as subsections (d) and (e), respectively;
- (4) by inserting after subsection (b) the following new subsection:

  "(c) SOLE-SOURCE FOLLOW-ON.—The Sec-
- "(c) Sole-source Follow-on.—The Secretary of Defense and the Secretaries of the military departments may issue follow-on contract awards or agreements, including sole source awards, for any products, services, or items acquired through the competitive procedures described under subsection (a) subject to approval requirements in sections 3204 or 4022 of this title.".
- (5) in subsection (d), as redesignated by paragraph (2) of this section—
  - (A) by striking paragraph (1); and
- (B) by redesignating paragraphs (2) and (3) as paragraphs (1) and (2), respectively.

## SEC. 827. MODIFICATIONS TO OTHER TRANSACTIONS.

Section 4022 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a)(2)(B)(ii), by striking "at least 30 days before" and inserting "at the time": and
- (2) by adding at the end the following new subsection:
- "(j) AUTHORITY TO AWARD A PRODUCTION TRANSACTION TO RAPIDLY FIELD AN EXISTING CAPABILITY.—A production transaction may be awarded, with or without the use of competitive procedures, to acquire emergent and proven technologies and field production quantities of new or upgraded systems that do not require additional development and have been demonstrated in a relevant environment when the appropriate service or component acquisition executive determines in writing that exceptional circumstances justify the use of such a transaction to address a high priority warfighter need. The Secretary of Defense shall provide the written determination to the congressional defense committees at the time such authority is exercised."

### SEC. 828. MODIFICATIONS TO PROCUREMENT FOR EXPERIMENTAL PURPOSES.

Section 4023 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a), by striking "ordnance, signal, chemical activity, transportation, energy, medical, space flight, telecommunications, and aeronautical supplies, including parts and accessories, and designs thereof," and inserting "demonstrations, prototypes, products, supplies, parts, accessories, auxiliary services, and design for defense-related articles"; and
- (2) in subsection (b)-
- (A) by inserting "or modified" after "may be made"; and
- (B) by inserting "prototyping," after "greater than necessary for".

### SEC. 829. CONSUMPTION-BASED SOLUTIONS.

Chapter 253 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

### "§ 3605. Authority to acquire consumptionbased solutions

- "(a) AUTHORITY.—The Secretary of Defense and the Secretaries of the military departments may acquire technology-supported capabilities through consumption-based solutions.
- "(b) GUIDANCE REQUIRED.—The Secretary of Defense shall amend the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement to implement the authority under subsection (a), including creating a new subcategory of services under part 237 of the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement, entitled "Consumption-based solutions" that—
- "(1) is any combination of hardware, equipment, software, labor, or services that together provides a seamless capability;

- "(2) has the ability to be metered and billed based on actual usage;
- "(3) has predetermined pricing at fixed price units;
- "(4) requires the awardee to notify the Department of Defense contracting officer when consumption under the contract reaches 75 percent and 90 percent of the funded amount, respectively, of the contract; and
- "(5) treats modifications to a contract entered into under the authority established in subsection (a) to add new features or capabilities in an amount less than or equal to 25 percent of the total value of such contract, as originally awarded, as competitive procurements under chapter 221 of this title.
- "(c) Funding.—Amounts authorized to be appropriated for acquisitions using the authority under subsection (a)—
  - "(1) may be used for expenses for-
- "(A) research, development, test and eval-
  - "(B) procurement;
- "(C) production;
- "(D) modification; and
- "(E) operation and maintenance; and
- "(2) may be used to enter into incrementally funded contracts or other agreements, including advanced payments.
- "(d) CONSUMPTION-BASED SOLUTION DE-FINED.—In this section, the term 'consumption-based solution' means a model under which a technology-supported capability is provided to the Department of Defense and may utilize any combination of software, hardware or equipment, data, and labor or services that provides a capability that is metered and billed based on actual usage at fixed price units.
- "(e) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the use of the authority created under this section in combination with another contract type provided for under the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement."

# SEC. 830. MODIFICATIONS TO PROHIBITION ON CONTRACTING WITH PERSONS THAT HAVE FOSSIL FUEL OPERATIONS WITH THE GOVERNMENT OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION OR THE RUSSIAN ENERGY SECTOR.

Section 804 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31; 10 U.S.C. 4651 note prec.) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a)(1)—
- (A) by striking "not less than 50 percent" and inserting "majority"; and
- (B) in subparagraph (B), by striking "operates" and inserting "has fossil fuel business operations";
- (2) in subsection (b)(3), by inserting ", including by general license," after "Department of the Treasury"; and
  - (3) in subsection (e)
  - (A) in paragraph (2)—
- (i) by redesignating clauses (ii) and (iii) as clauses (iii) and (iv), respectively; and
- (ii) by inserting after clause (i) the following new clause:
- "(ii) activities related to fulfilling contracts with a fossil fuel company that has fossil fuel business operations in the Russian Federation that were entered into prior to the date of the enactment of this section;" and
- (B) in paragraph (3), by inserting "that has fossil fuel business operations" after "person".

### SEC. 831. MODIFICATIONS TO RELATIONSHIP OF OTHER PROVISIONS OF LAW TO PROCUREMENT OF COMMERCIAL PRODUCTS AND COMMERCIAL SERV-

Section 3452 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking subsections (b) through (e) and inserting the following new subsections:

- "(b) APPLICABILITY OF DEFENSE-UNIQUE STATUTES TO CONTRACTS FOR COMMERCIAL PRODUCTS AND COMMERCIAL SERVICES.—The Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement shall include a list of defense-unique contract clause requirements based on statute, executive orders, or acquisition policies that are applicable to contracts for the procurement of commercial products and commercial services entered into by the Department of Defense.
- "(c) APPLICABILITY OF DEFENSE-UNIQUE STATUTES TO SUBCONTRACTS FOR COMMERCIAL PRODUCTS AND COMMERCIAL SERVICES.—(1) The Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement shall include a list of defense-unique contract clause requirements based on statute, executive orders, or acquisition policies that are applicable to subcontracts for the procurement of commercial products and commercial services.
  - "(2) In this subsection—
- "(A) the term 'other supply agreements' means any agreement entered into by a contractor or subcontractor for the supply of products, materials, or services that are intended for use in the performance of multiple contracts with the Department of Defense or other parties and are not identifiable to any particular contract; and
  - "(B) the term 'subcontract'—
- "(i) includes a transfer of commercial products and commercial services between divisions, subsidiaries, or affiliates of a contractor or subcontractor; and
- "(ii) does not include other supply agreements.
- "(3) This subsection does not authorize the waiver of the applicability of any provision of law or contract clause requirement with respect to any first-tier subcontract under a contract with a prime contractor reselling or distributing commercial products and commercial services of another contractor without adding value.
- "(d) APPLICABILITY OF DEFENSE-UNIQUE STATUTES TO CONTRACTS FOR COMMERCIALLY AVAILABLE, OFF-THE-SHELF ITEMS.—The Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement shall include a list of defense-unique contract clause requirements based on statute, executive orders, or acquisition policies that are applicable to subcontracts for the procurement of commercially available off-the-shelf items entered into by the Department of Defense."

# SEC. 832. LIMITATION ON REQUIRED FLOWDOWN OF CONTRACT CLAUSES TO SUBCONTRACTORS PROVIDING COMMERCIAL PRODUCTS OR COMMERCIAL SERVICES.

Chapter 247 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

### "\$ 3459. Limitation on required flowdown of contract clauses to subcontractors providing commercial products or commercial services

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense may not require that a clause be included in a subcontract for the acquisition of commercial products or commercial services other than a clause required by a provision of law that is on the lists required by section 3452 of this title or unless otherwise applicable pursuant to subsection (e) of such section.
- "(b) APPLICABILITY TO OTHER SUPPLY AGREEMENTS.—The Secretary of Defense shall not require the flowdown of any contract clauses to other supply agreements unless otherwise applicable pursuant to subsection (e) of section 3452 of this title.
- "(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the terms 'other supply agreement' and 'sub-contract' have the meanings provided in sub-section (c)(2) of section 3452 of this title.".

### SEC. 833. REFERENCES IN CONTRACTS TO DE-PARTMENT OF DEFENSE POLICY DOCUMENTS, INSTRUCTIONS, AND MANUALS.

It shall be the policy of the Department of Defense that references to Department of Defense policy documents, instructions, and manuals in contracts shall contain a specific version or date. If the version or date of a policy document, instruction, or manual is not referenced, the contractor will comply with the version of the document in effect at the time the solicitation is issued. Updated versions of referenced policy documents, instructions, and manuals shall not apply unless mutually agreed.

### SEC. 834. UNINSURABLE RISK ON CERTAIN CONTRACTS.

- (a) CONSIDERATION OF RISK OF LOSS.—The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that due consideration is given to a contractor for equitable adjustments resulting from the loss of work in process on a covered contract.
- (b) LIMITATIONS.—Considerations limiting the contractor's assumption of the risk of loss in subsection (a) shall not apply to loss caused by the willful misconduct or lack of good faith on the part of any of the contractor's directors or officers, managers, superintendents, or other equivalent representatives
  - (c) Definitions.—In this section:
- (1) COVERED CONTRACT.—The term "covered contract" means any classified, fixed-price type contract, entered into with the Department of Defense on or after the date of the enactment of this section where, due to the classified nature of the underlying program—
- (A) the contractor cannot get a third-party commercial insurance provider to insure the work in process; or
- (B) the third-party commercial insurance provider cannot process the contractor's claim.
- (2) LACK OF GOOD FAITH.—The term "lack of good faith" has the meaning given the term in section 252.228-7001 of the Department of Defense Supplement to the Federal Acquisition Regulation, or any successor regulation.
- (3) WILLFUL MISCONDUCT.—The term "willful misconduct" has the meaning given the term in section 252.228-7001 of the Department of Defense Supplement to the Federal Acquisition Regulation, or any successor regulation.
- (4) Work in process.—The term "work in process"—
- (A) means an item at any stage of production or manufacture at any time from the initiation of contract performance until delivery to and acceptance by the government; and
- (B) specifically includes a "covered aircraft" as that term is defined in section 252.228-7001 of the Department of Defense Supplement to the Federal Acquisition Regulation, or any successor regulation.
- (d) CONFORMING REGULATIONS.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall revise the Department of Defense Supplement to the Federal Acquisition Regulation to conform with the changes made by this section.

### SEC. 835. REPORTING OF PRICE INCREASES.

(a) REPORTING OF INCREASES ABOVE SPECIFIED PRICES.—Chapter 271 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

### "\$ 3709. Reporting of increases above specified prices

"(a) IN GENERAL.—An offeror shall be required to report to the relevant contracting officer not later than 30 days after becoming aware that the price of a product or service under a covered contract reaches or exceeds—

- "(1) 25 percent above the price specified in the contract bid or the government paid for that product or service the previous calendar year or
- "(2) 50 percent above the price paid for such a product or service 5 years earlier.
- "(b) COVERED CONTRACT DEFINED.—In this section, the term 'covered contract' means a cost-reimbursement contract awarded without competition under section 3204 of this title and as defined under section 6.302 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation."
- (b) INCLUSION OF NONCOMPLIANCE INFORMATION IN FAPIIS.—Chapter 271 of title 10, United States Code, as amended by subsection (a), is further amended by adding at the end the following new section:

### "§ 3710. Inclusion of noncompliance information in Federal Awardee Performance and Integrity Information System

"The Director of the Defense Contract Audit Agency or the relevant service acquisition executive shall report in the Federal Awardee Performance and Integrity Information System (FAPIIS) housed within the System for Award Management the following information:

- ``(1) Contractors who fail to report price increases as required under 3705(a)(2) of this title.
- "(2) Updated findings from audits conducted by the Agency regarding noncompliance with the requirement.
- "(3) With respect to unreported product or service price increases, the product or service's National Stock Number, order quantity, unit cost, total cost, purchasing or reimbursing entity, and date of the order.".

#### SEC. 836. INSTRUCTIONS FOR CONTINUED OPER-ATIONAL READINESS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 363 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

## "\$ 4664. Instructions for continued operational readiness

- "(a) REQUIREMENT TO DELIVER INSTRUCTIONS.—(1) The Secretary of Defense (referred to in this section as the 'Secretary') may not enter into a contract or agreement for the procurement, sustainment, or subsequent modifications of covered defense equipment unless the contract or agreement requires that the contractor deliver, or offer as a negotiated price option, Instructions for Continued Operational Readiness ('ICOR') to the Secretary upon delivery of the equipment.
- "(2) The Secretary may grant an exception to paragraph (1) if the product support strategy and associated business case analysis for the covered defense equipment indicates that the Government does not have a justified need for ICOR, consistent, when applicable, with section 3771 of this title.
- "(3) The contractor shall deliver the ICOR to the Department of Defense (referred to in this section as the 'Department') and provide the Secretary with the rights to diagnose, maintain, and repair the covered defense equipment.
- "(4) The Secretary shall withhold payment to the contractor under the contract or agreement until the Secretary accepts the ICOR as complete under subsection (c)(2).
- "(5) When ICOR are required to be delivered under a contract or agreement, the Secretary shall ensure that updated ICOR data is required as necessary in subsequent contracts or agreements or included as priced options to reflect modifications in data deliverables.
- "(b) CONTENTS OF INSTRUCTIONS FOR CONTINUED OPERATIONAL READINESS.—A contractor for covered defense equipment shall include in the ICOR, at a minimum, data that is necessary for operations, maintenance, installation, and training, form fit,

- and function data, and any additional data required for operational readiness, which may include—
- "(1) recommended methods, techniques, inspections, processes, procedures, maintenance manuals, service bulletins, diagnostic procedures, proprietary systems, special tooling, special testing procedures, and equipment necessary to maintain, repair, and sustain the covered defense equipment in a condition for safe and effective operation, including diagnostic protocols, trouble-shooting guides, and overhaul instructions, consistent with the maintenance practices of the contractor or those of the authorized maintenance providers of the contractor;
- "(2) an operational limitations section ('OLS') that includes mandatory schedules for replacement of life-limited components, inspection intervals, and other sustainment requirements critical to equipment reliability and safety, approved by the Secretary:
- "(3) engineering drawings, schematics, software, and wiring diagrams;
- "(4) a complete list of replacement parts, components, and specialized equipment required for maintenance and repair, including part numbers, specifications, and sources, to ensure availability to authorized maintenance providers:
- "(5) procedures for documenting maintenance actions, life-limited component replacements, and compliance with the OLS, including standardized formats for maintenance logs to ensure traceability and verification of operational readiness; and
- "(6) clear identification of maintenance information essential for safe operation, distinguished from non-safety-related service enhancements, to facilitate compliance with operational readiness requirements.
- "(c) SUBMISSION, ACCEPTANCE, AND UP-DATES.—(1) A contractor shall submit the ICOR to the Secretary as a contract deliverable prior to equipment delivery or within a timeframe specified by the contract.
- "(2) The Secretary shall review and accept the ICOR, verifying that they provide sufficient information to maintain the operational readiness of the equipment.
- "(3) In accordance with design changes and contract modifications approved by the Secretary and in a manner that is in accordance with subsection (a), the contractor shall deliver updates to the ICOR for approval by the Secretary whenever modifications, upgrades, safety issues, or new sustainment requirements are identified.
- "(d) MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR PROVIDERS.—A contractor shall not impose restrictions on the use of the ICOR by authorized maintenance providers of the Department, including requirements to use only contractor-supplied parts, unless such restrictions are explicitly approved by the Secretary as necessary for safety or operational reliability.
- "(e) CONDITIONS FOR ALTERNATIVE MAINTE-NANCE AND REPAIR.—(1) Notwithstanding restrictions approved by the Secretary pursuant to subsection (d), the Secretary may authorize alternative maintenance or repair actions for covered defense equipment, if any of the following conditions are met:
- "(A) A program cannot reasonably obtain sufficient data to maintain operational read-
- $\mbox{``(B)}$  The contractor fails to deliver complete and current ICOR.
- "(C) The contractor cannot deliver required parts, repairs, or ICOR within a time-frame that meets operational needs, as defined by the Secretary, resulting in unacceptable readiness degradation.
- "(D) The contractor discontinues support for a component or software critical to the equipment's operation without providing a

- viable substitute or sufficient ICOR to enable sustainment of the equipment by the Department.
- (E) An urgent operational or logistical circumstance, such as wartime conditions, active combat, or disrupted logistics, necessitates immediate repair or part production to maintain mission readiness.
- "(F) The Secretary determines alternative maintenance or repair actions would result in significant cost savings.
- "(2) If an alternative action is authorized under paragraph (1), the Secretary may—
- "(A) issue a written determination citing the relevant condition described in paragraph (1), including evidence of contractor practices that prevent delivery of or restrict license rights to the ICOR in a manner that may impede competition, consistent with antitrust laws; and
- "(B) authorize data delivery for the alternative action.
- "(3) If time permits, the Secretary shall notify the contractor if any of the conditions described in paragraph (1) are met and shall provide the contractor with not more than 30 days to address the issue before the alternative action is taken.
- "(4) Alternative maintenance or repair actions may include, but is not limited to, reverse engineering, use of existing technical data, fabrication of parts by the Department or third-party providers, or advanced manufacturing, as necessary to restore operational readiness. This provision does not restrict the ability of the Secretary to employ these practices in other contexts.
- "(f) CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBILITIES.—(1) A contractor shall ensure the ICOR contains sufficient information to maintain the operational readiness of the equipment, including updates to address safety or performance issues and necessary information on systems or components produced by subcontractors.
- "(2) Å contractor shall promptly notify the Secretary of any safety-related deficiencies in the ICOR and provide corrected materials at no additional cost.
- "(3) If a contractor fails to comply with the requirements of this section, the Secretary may withhold contract payment, enforce contract penalties, take corrective action, reduce contractor performance ratings, or exclude the contractor from future contracts or agreements with the Department.
- "(g) OVERSIGHT.—(1) The Secretary shall establish procedures to verify contractor compliance with the requirements of this section, including periodic audits of the content and availability and maintenance of ICOR.
- "(2) The Secretary shall maintain a centralized repository of ICOR for covered defense equipment, accessible to maintenance providers authorized by the Secretary, to ensure consistent application.
- "(h) REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this section, and every year thereafter, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a list of the items designated as excluded commercial items to which the requirement to deliver ICOR does not apply.
- "(i) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- "(1) The term 'covered defense equipment' means any system, subsystem, or component procured by the Secretary, including aircraft, ships, ground vehicles, electronic systems, and other systems, that require contractor-provided maintenance or repair data to ensure operational readiness, excluding any excluded commercial items.
- "(2) The term 'excluded commercial item' means an unmodified product customarily used by the general public or by nongovernmental entities or sold, leased, or licensed to the general public and maintained under

standard commercial practices, as designated by the Secretary.

"(3) The terms 'Instructions for Continued Operational Readiness' and 'ICOR' mean contractor-provided technical data, software, and other information, including maintenance instructions and manuals, operational limitations, parts identification, record-keeping procedures, safety-related provisions, engineering drawings, schematics, software, service bulletins, wiring diagrams, diagnostic procedures, and other data or information necessary to maintain and repair covered defense equipment in a condition for safe and effective operation."

(b) COMPLIANCE OVERSIGHT.—Not later than two years after the date of the enactment of this Act, and every two years thereafter, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report that assesses—

- (1) the compliance of the Secretary of Defense with section 4664 of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a);
- (2) the effectiveness of the requirements of section 4664 in ensuring operational readiness and reducing sustainment costs;
- (3) contractor compliance with the requirements of section 4664;
- (4) the frequency and impact of the conditions described in section 4664(e)(1); and
- (5) recommendations for improving the maintenance and repair capabilities of the Department of Defense.
- (c) IMPLEMENTATION GUIDANCE.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall issue guidance to implement this section that includes—
- (1) procedures for integrating the requirements of section 4664 of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), into acquisition contracts and agreements of the Department of Defense;
- (2) the criteria for designating items as excluded commercial items, as defined in section 4664(i);
- (3) processes for reviewing, accepting, and updating instructions for continued operational readiness (as defined in section 4664(i)) and operational limitations sections, in accordance with section 4664:
- (4) mechanisms for tracking contractor compliance and resolving disputes over instructions for continued operational readiness and compensation; and
- (5) directions for the operation, repair, and maintenance of defense equipment that government-owned, government-operated entities of the Department of Defense can use if the contract or agreement for the defense equipment does not require the delivery of ICOR.
- (d) APPLICABILITY.—Section 4664 of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a), applies to contracts and agreements for covered defense equipment, as defined in subsection (i) of that section, entered into on or after one year after the date of the enactment of this Act.

#### SEC. 837. INDEMNIFICATION OF CONTRACTORS AGAINST NUCLEAR AND UNUSUALLY HAZARDOUS RISKS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The review of requests submitted by a contractor to a Department of Defense contracting officer pursuant to Public Law 85-804 (50 U.S.C. 1431 et seq.) for indemnification against nuclear and unusually hazardous risks, including those involving the procurement of commercial nuclear technology, shall include, to the maximum extent practicable, input from the Defense Contract Management Agency, including reviews of insurance markets and coverage availability from the Contractor Insurance/Pension Review group.

  (b) DEADLINE.— The review of all indem-
- (b) DEADLINE.— The review of all indemnification requests submitted by contractors

as described in subsection (a) shall be completed with a final decision on approval or denial, including an executed Memorandum of Posicion, within 90 days

of Decision, within 90 days.

(c) Delegation.—The Secretary of each military department should delegate authority to provide indemnification under Public Law 85-804 (50 U.S.C. 1431 et seq.) for contracts relating to advanced nuclear energy systems or components to such subordinate officials, commands, or agencies as the Secretary determines appropriate to ensure timely and effective program execution.

# SEC. 838. LATE SUBMISSION OF COST AND PRICING DATA AS INVALID DEFENSE TO CONTRACT PRICE REDUCTIONS FOR DEFECTIVE COST OR PRICING DATA.

Section 3706(c) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (3), by striking "; or" and inserting a semicolon;
- (2) in paragraph (4), by striking the period and inserting "; or"; and
- (3) by adding at the end of the following:
- "(5) the cost or pricing data were obtained by or otherwise made available to the prime contractor or subcontractor more than 30 days before, but submitted to the head of the agency after, the date of agreement on the price of the contract or, if applicable consistent with subsection (a)(2), such other date agreed upon between the parties."

## SEC. 839. MODIFICATIONS TO SUBMISSIONS OF COST OR PRICING DATA.

Section 3702(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (1)—
- (A) by striking "June 30, 2018" each place it appears and inserting "June 30, 2026";
- (B) in subparagraph (A), by striking "\$2,000,000" and inserting "\$10,000,000"; and
- (C) in subparagraph (B), by striking "\$750,000" and inserting "\$2,000,000";
- (2) in paragraph (2), by striking "\$2,000,000" and inserting "\$10.000.000"; and
- (3) in subparagraph (3)(A), by striking '\$2,000,000' and inserting '\$10,000,000'.

### Subtitle C—Industrial Base Matters

# SEC. 841. REPEAL OF LIMITATIONS ON CERTAIN DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE EXECUTIVE AGENT AUTHORITY.

Section 1792 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232; 132 Stat. 2238; 50 U.S.C. 4531 note) and section 226 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law 115–91; 50 U.S.C. 4531 note) are repealed.

# SEC. 842. SMALL UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEM INDUSTRIAL BASE REMEDIATION PLAN.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than March 1, 2026, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, acting through the Director of the Joint Production Accelerator Cell of the Department of Defense and the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Industrial Base Policy, shall submit to the congressional defense committees a strategy for ensuring that the defense industrial base of the United States can meet requirements for small unmanned aircraft systems (sUAS).
- (b) COORDINATION.—In developing the strategy required under subsection (a), the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment shall coordinate with the following officials:
- (1) The Assistant Secretary of the Navy for Research, Development, and Acquisition.
- (2) The Assistant Secretary of the Army for Acquisition, Logistics, and Technology.
- (3) The Assistant Secretary of the Air Force for Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics.
- (4) The Director of the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency.
- (5) The Director of the Defense Innovation Unit.

- (c) ELEMENTS.—The strategy under subsection (a) shall include the following elements:
- (1) An assessment of emerging technologies or manufacturing processes that would support the modernization or expansion of the defense industrial base of the United States to meet requirements for production of sUAS components and finished articles.
- (2) A plan to prioritize Government funding for the following:
- $\left( A\right)$  Onshoring production for sUAS components.
- (B) Private manufacturing facilities for sUAS components.
- (C) Government-owned, contractor-operated manufacturing facilities for sUAS components.
- (D) Government-owned, Government-operated manufacturing facilities for sUAS components.
  - (d) REVIEW AND REPORT.—
- (1) REVIEW.—Not later than March 1, 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall seek to enter into a contract with a federally funded research and development center to conduct a review of the defense industrial base of the United States for sUAS components and finished articles that includes the following:
- (A) An assessment of the capacity and capability of the existing sUAS industrial base, including the supply base and personnel of such manufacturers, to support the expansion of the sUAS industrial base.
- (B) The capability and capacity of potential new entrants to the sUAS industrial base, including private entities that might be subsidized by the Federal Government.
- (C) An assessment of the process for qualifying vendors, including potential new entrants and existing vendors proposing new manufacturing processes.
- (D) An assessment of the capacity and capability of the sUAS industrial base to support the demands of existing programs.
- (E) An assessment of the capacity and capability of the sUAS industrial base to support potential future demands of programs.
- (F) A mapping of programs and potential future sUAS programs for manufacturer throughput.
- (G) Identification of current and potential shortfalls in critical materials, such as rare earth elements and lithium.
- (H) A broad assessment of commercial sector, civil sector, and Department of Defense demands on the sUAS industrial base.
  - (2) Report.-
- (A) SECRETARY OF DEFENSE.—Not later than September 30, 2026, a federally funded research and development center that enters into a contract under this subsection shall submit to the Secretary of Defense a report on the results of the review conducted under paragraph (1).
- (B) CONGRESS.—Not later than 30 days after receipt of the report described in subparagraph (A), the Secretary of Defense shall submit the report, along with any comments of the Secretary, to the congressional defense committees.
- (e) SMALL UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEM COMPONENTS DEFINED.—The term "small unmanned aircraft system components" refers to critical components used in the manufacture and operation of unmanned aircraft systems for small unmanned aircraft, as those terms are defined in section 44801 of title 49, United States Code.

### SEC. 843. APPLICATION OF NATIONAL SECURITY WAIVER FOR STRATEGIC MATERIALS SOURCING REQUIREMENT TO SEN-SITIVE MATERIALS.

Section 4872 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

(1) in subsection (a)—

- (A) by striking "subsection (c) or subsection (e)" and inserting "subsections (c) and (e)"; and
- (B) in paragraph (1), by striking "subsection (c)" and inserting "subsections (c) and (e)"; and
  - (2) in subsection (e)-
- (A) in paragraph (1), by striking "of the Secretary"; and
- (B) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(3) APPLICATION OF NATIONAL SECURITY WAIVER FOR STRATEGIC MATERIALS.—If the Secretary of Defense or the authorized delegate has made a determination under subsection (k) of section 4863 of this title for a national security waiver of the restrictions under subsection (a) of that section for a specific end item, the Secretary or authorized delegate may apply that waiver to the restrictions under subsection (a) of this section for the same covered material and end item."

# SEC. 844. PROHIBITION ON ACQUISITION OF CLOTHING AND FABRIC FROM COUNTRIES OF CONCERN UNDER DOMESTIC-SOURCING WAIVERS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 4862 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in subsection (c), by striking "Subsection (a)" and inserting "(1) Except as provided by paragraph (2), subsection (a)"; and
- (2) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph:
- "(2) If the Secretary of Defense or the Secretary of the military department concerned applies the exception set forth in this subsection for the procurement of any clothing and the materials and components thereof or any item listed in subsection (b)(1)(D), no contract may be awarded for the procurement of any such items produced in the People's Republic of China, Iran, the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, or the Russian Federation."
- (b) APPLICABILITY.—The amendments made by subsection (a) shall apply only with respect to agreements entered into on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.

# SEC. 845. MITIGATION OF RISKS RELATED TO FOREIGN OWNERSHIP, CONTROL, OR INFLUENCE OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE CONTRACTORS OR SUBCONTRACTORS.

Of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2026 for Operation and Maintenance, Defense-wide, for the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Intelligence and Security for travel expenses, not more than 90 percent may be obligated or expended until the Secretary of Defense—

- (1) certifies to the congressional defense committees that the requirements under section 847 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116-92; 10 U.S.C. 4819 note) have been implemented; and
- (2) submits a plan and timeline for continued implementation of such requirements, including details on how the Department of Defense plans to ensure, beyond self-certification, that contractors and subcontractors are completing any assessment and mitigation requirements, including enforcement penalties if appropriate.

# SEC. 846. PROHIBITION OF PROCUREMENT OF MOLYBDENUM, GALLIUM, OR GERMANIUM FROM NON-ALLIED FOREIGN NATIONS AND AUTHORIZATION FOR PRODUCTION FROM RECOVERED MATERIAL.

- (a) AMENDMENTS RELATED TO MOLYB-DENUM.—
- (1) DEFINITION OF COVERED MATERIAL.—Section 4872(f)(1) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—
- (A) in subparagraph (D), by striking "; and" and inserting a semicolon;

- (B) in subparagraph (E), by striking the period and inserting "; and"; and
- (C) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
- "(F) molybdenum.".
- (2) EXCEPTIONS TO PROHIBITION.—Section 4872(c)(3) of title 10, United States Code, is amended –
- (A) in subparagraph (C), by inserting "or samarium-cobalt magnet" after "neodymium-iron-boron magnet"; and
- (B) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
- "(i) tantalum, tungsten, or molybdenum produced from recycled scrap if the contractor demonstrates that the scrap was produced outside of a covered nation and the melting of the scrap and further processing and manufacturing of the material takes place in the United States or in the country of a qualifying foreign government, as defined in section 4863(m)(11) of this title."
- (b) AMENDMENTS RELATED TO GALLIUM AND GERMAINUM.—
- (1) DEFINITION OF COVERED MATERIAL.—Section 4872(f)(1) of title 10, United States Code, as amended by subsection (a)(1), is further amended—
- (A) in subparagraph (E), by striking "; and" and inserting a semicolon:
- (B) in subparagraph (F), as added by subsection (a), by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon; and
- (C) by adding at the end the following new subparagraphs:
  - "(G) germanium; and
- "(H) gallium.".
- (2) EXCEPTIONS TO PROHIBITION.—Section 4872(c)(3)(D) of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (a)(2) is amended by striking "or molybdenum" and inserting "molybdenum, gallium, or germanium".
- (3) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by paragraphs (1) and (2) shall take effect on the date that is one year after the date of the enactment of this Act.

### SEC. 847. SOURCING OPTIONS FOR CERTAIN CRITICAL PRODUCTS.

- (a) MULTIPLE SOURCING.—As soon as practicable, but not later than fiscal year 2031, the Secretary of Defense shall ensure that the Department of Defense maintains multiple sources for products in the following critical sectors:
  - (1) Castings and forgings.
  - (2) Missiles and munitions.
  - (3) Energy storage and batteries.
  - (4) Strategic and critical materials.
- (5) Microelectronics.
- (6) Any other critical sector as determined by the Secretary.
- (b) WAIVER.—The Secretary of Defense may waive the requirement under subsection (a) if the Secretary determines that maintaining multiple sources is unfeasible. The Secretary shall notify the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives not later than 30 days after issuing such a waiver.

### SEC. 848. PROHIBITING THE PURCHASE OF PHO-TOVOLTAIC MODULES OR INVERT-ERS FROM FOREIGN ENTITIES OF CONCERN.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—None of the funds authorized to be appropriated or otherwise made available by this Act may be used to enter into a contract for the procurement of photovoltaic modules manufactured by a foreign entity of concern (as defined by section 9901(8) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (15 U.S.C. 4651(8)).
- (b) WAIVER AUTHORITY.—The Secretary of Defense may waive subsection (a) if the Secretary—
- (1) determines that there is no alternative source of photovoltaic cells, modules, or inverters other than from a foreign entity of concern;

- (2) determines there is no national security risk posed by the use of photovoltaic cells, modules, or inverters manufactured by a foreign entity of concern; and
- (3) submits a certification of such determination in writing to the congressional defense committees not later than 30 days before entering into a contract described under such subsection.
  - (c) LIMITATION.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (a) shall apply only to contracts regarding the direct procurement by the Department of Defense of photovoltaic modules or inverters and shall not apply to contracts involving any third party financing arrangements, including energy savings contracts and those involving privatized military housing or assets that enhance combat capability.
- (2) DELAYED EFFECTIVE DATE FOR ASSETS THAT ENHANCE COMBAT CAPABILITY.—The prohibition under subsection (a) shall not apply to assets that enhance combat capability for a period of one year following the date of the enactment of this Act, in order for the Department of Defense to determine alternate supply chains for such assets.
- (d) EXEMPTION FOR CERTAIN ACTIVITIES.— The prohibition under subsection (a) shall not apply if the operation, procurement, or contracting action is for the purposes of intelligence, electronic warfare, and information warfare operations, testing, analysis, and training.

### SEC. 849. MODERNIZATION OF ARMY ARSENALS.

- (a) AUTHORITY TO ESTABLISH AND OPERATE.—The Secretary of the Army is authorized and directed to accelerate the modernization of the Army's organic industrial base to meet the munitions requirements of the Army.
- (b) FACILITIES AND INFRASTRUCTURE.—The Secretary of the Army shall prioritize utilizing or modifying existing facilities, as well as existing environmental permits, security arrangements, and personnel required for the production of sensitive military munitions, to establish the production lines for the following items:
- (1) A secondary domestic source of military-grade nitrocellulose.
- (2) Any of 13 precursor chemicals used widely across the Joint Program Executive Office Armaments & Ammunition portfolio that are currently sourced solely from the People's Republic of China.
- (3) Any of the 300 chemicals identified as single point failures by the Joint Program Executive Office Armaments & Ammunition.
- (4) Multiple calibers of ammunition, serviced by a load and pack facility.
- (5) A combination of the above options.
- (c) LOCATION.—The production line or lines described in subsection (b) shall be established at each Army organic industrial base installation that—
- (1) has received less than \$100,000,000 in cumulative modernization funding across all Army accounts during the two most recent fiscal years; and
- (2) has substantial acreage available and suitable for future industrial or technical development.
- (d) EXPEDITED APPROVALS AND WAIVERS.— The Secretary is encouraged to expedite the establishment of the production lines and shall utilize to the fullest extent possible the existing environmental permits and work expertise resident at installations described in subsection (c).
- (e) FUNDS.—The Secretary of the Army may use such funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act that are available to establish the production line or lines described in subsection (b).

### SEC. 849A. MODIFICATIONS TO DEFENSE INDUSTRIAL BASE FUND.

Section 4817 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsections:

"(g) ELIGIBLE USES OF AUTHORITIES.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may use the authorities provided by this section with respect to upstream, mid-stream, and down-stream supply chains, including material, material production, components, subassemblies, and finished products, testing and qualification, infrastructure, facility construction and improvement, and equipment needed directly for the following:
- "(A) Castings and forgings.
- "(B) Kinetic capabilities, including sensors, targeting systems, and delivery platforms.
  - "(C) Microelectronics.
- "(D) Machine tools, including but not limited to subtractive, additive, convergent, stamping, forging, abrasives, metrology, and other production equipment.
- "(E) Critical minerals, materials, and chemicals.
- "(F) Workforce for the defense industrial base.
- "(G) Advanced manufacturing capacity, including echelon manufacturing forward in the Indo-Pacific Command theater.
- "(H) Unmanned vehicles, including subsurface, surface, land, air one-way, attritables, and launch and recovery platforms.
  - "(I) Manned aircraft.
- "(J) Ground systems.
- "(K) Power sources.
- "(L) Ship and submarine, including assembly and automation technologies and capabilities, new or modernized infrastructure for new construction or maintenance and sustainment and battle damage repair.
- "(M) Other materiel solutions required to support Indo-Pacific Command operational plans as required.
  - "(N) Defense space systems.
- "(2) Prohibition on use in covered countries.—The Secretary may not use the authorities provided by this section for any activity in a covered country.
- "(3) USE OF AUTHORITIES FOR OTHER PURPOSES.—The Secretary may not use the authorities provided by this section for a purpose not described in paragraph (1) unless, not less than 30 days before doing so, the Secretary—
  - "(A) determines that—
- "(i) the use of the authority for that purpose is essential to the national security interests of the United States; and
- "(ii) without the use of the authority for that purpose, United States industry cannot reasonably be expected to provide the capability needed in a timely manner; and
- "(B) submits to the congressional defense committees a report on the determination that includes appropriate explanatory material.
- "(h) Grants and Other Incentives for Domestic Industrial Base Capabilities.— To create, maintain, protect, expand, or restore domestic industrial base capabilities essential for the national security interests of the United States, the Secretary may make provision for—
- "(1) use of contracts, grants, or other transaction authorities, including cooperative agreements:
- "(2) incentives for the private sector to develop capabilities in areas of national security interest;
- "(3) making awards to third party entities to support investments in small- and medium-sized entities working in areas of national security interest, including debt and equity investments, that would benefit missions of the Department of Defense; and

- "(4) subsidies to offset market manipulation or ensure allied and domestic viability of grants made from other market uncertainties
- ''(i) DEFENSE INDUSTRIAL BASE PURCHASE COMMITMENT PROGRAM.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—To create, maintain, protect, expand, or restore industrial base capabilities essential for the national security interests of the United States, the Secretary may make provision for purchase commitments for—
- "(A) Federal Government use or resale of an industrial resource or a critical technology item;
- "(B) the encouragement of exploration, development, and mining of strategic and critical materials;
- $\mbox{``(C)}$  development of other materials and components;
- "(D) the development of production capabilities; and
- "(E) the increased use of emerging technologies in defense program applications and the rapid transition of emerging technologies—
- "(1) from Federal Government-sponsored research and development to commercial applications; and
- "(ii) from commercial research and devel-
- opment to national defense applications.

  "(2) EXEMPTION FOR CERTAIN LIMITATIONS.—
- "(A) PURCHASES.—Except as provided by subparagraph (B), purchase commitments under paragraph (1) may be made without regard to the limitations of existing law (other than section 1341 of title 31), for such quantities, and on such terms and conditions, including advance payments, and for such periods, but not extending beyond a date that is not more than 10 years from the date on which such purchase was initially made, as the Secretary deems necessary.
- "(B) LIMITATION.—Purchases commitments under paragraph (1) involving higher than established ceiling prices (or if no such established ceiling prices exist, currently prevailing market prices) or that result in an anticipated loss on resale shall not be made, unless it is determined that supply of the materials could not be effectively increased or provisioned at lower prices or on terms more favorable to the Federal Government, or that such purchases are necessary to assure the availability to the United States of overseas supplies.
  - "(3) FINDINGS OF SECRETARY.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may take the actions described in subparagraph (B), if the Secretary finds that—
- "(i) under generally fair and equitable ceiling prices, for any raw or nonprocessed material or component, there will result a decrease in supplies from high-cost sources of such material and that the continuation of such supplies is necessary to carry out the objectives of this section; or
- (ii) an increase in cost of transportation is temporary in character and threatens to impair maximum production or supply in any area at stable prices of any materials.
- "(B) SUBSIDY PAYMENTS AUTHORIZED.—Upon a finding under subparagraph (A), the Secretary may make provision for subsidy payments on any such produced material from other than covered countries, in such amounts and in such manner (including purchase commitments of such material or component and its resale at a loss, and on such terms and conditions, as the Secretary determines to be necessary to ensure that supplies from such high-cost sources are continued, or that maximum production or supply in such area at stable prices of such materials is maintained, as the case may be.
- "(4) INSTALLATION OF EQUIPMENT IN INDUSTRIAL FACILITIES.—If the Secretary determines that such action will aid the national

- security interests of the United States, the Secretary is authorized—
- "(A) to procure and install additional equipment, facilities, processes or improvements to plants, factories, and other industrial facilities owned by the Federal Government:
- "(B) to procure and install equipment including owned by the Federal Government in plants, factories, and other industrial facilities owned by private persons;
- "(C) to provide for constructing new facilities, the modification, or expansion of privately owned facilities, including the modification or improvement of production processes, when taking actions under this subsection or subsection (h):
- "(D) to sell or otherwise transfer equipment owned by the Federal Government and installed under this subsection to the owners of such plants, factories, or other industrial facilities:
- "(E) to construct facilities for the purposes described in section subsection (g)(1); and
- "(F) to apply contracts, grants, or other transactions authorities.
- "(5) EXCESS METALS, MINERALS, MATERIALS, AND COMPONENTS.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—Metals, minerals, materials, and components acquired pursuant to this subsection which, in the judgment of the Secretary, are excess to the needs of programs under this section, shall be transferred to the National Defense Stockpile established by the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act (50 U.S.C. 98 et seq.), or other national reserves if available, when the Secretary deems such action to be in the public interest.
- "(B) Transfers at no charge.—Transfers made pursuant to this paragraph shall be made without charge against or reimbursement from funds appropriated for the purposes of the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act (50 U.S.C. 98 et seq.), or other national reserves if available, except that costs incident to such transfer, other than acquisition costs, shall be paid or reimbursed from such funds.
- "(6) SUBSTITUTES.—When, in the judgment of the Secretary, it will aid the national security interests of the United States, the Secretary may make provision for the development and qualification a of substitutes for strategic and critical materials, components, critical technology items, and other industrial resources.
- ''(j) STRENGTHENING DOMESTIC PRODUCTIVE CAPACITY.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may provide appropriate incentives to develop, maintain, modernize, restore, and expand the productive capacities of sources for strategic and critical materials, components, critical technology items, and industrial resources essential for the execution of the national security strategy of the United States.
- "(2) STRATEGIC AND CRITICAL MATERIALS, COMPONENTS, AND CRITICAL TECHNOLOGY ITEMS.—
- "(A) MAINTENANCE OF RELIABLE SOURCES OF SUPPLY.—The Secretary shall take appropriate actions to ensure that strategic and critical materials, components, critical technology items, and industrial resources are available from reliable sources when needed to meet defense requirements during peacetime, graduated mobilization, and national emergency.
- "(B) APPROPRIATE ACTION.—For purposes of this paragraph, appropriate action may include—
- "(i) restricting contract solicitations to reliable sources;
- "(ii) stockpiling or placing into reserve strategic and critical materials, components, and critical technology items;

- "(iii) planning for necessary long-lead times for acquiring such materials, components, and items; or
- "(iv) developing and qualifying substitutes for such materials, components, and items.

"(k) ANNUAL REPORT.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026, and annually thereafter, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committee a report evaluating investments made and any other activities carried out using amounts in the Fund during the year preceding submission of the report.
- "(2) ELEMENTS.—Each report required by paragraph (1) shall include—
- "(A) measures of effectiveness of the investments and activities described in that paragraph in meeting the needs of the Department of Defense and the defense industrial base:
- "(B) an evaluation of the return on investment of all ongoing investments from the Fund; and
- "(C) a description of efforts to coordinate activities carried out using amounts in the Fund with activities to support the defense industrial base carried out under other authorities.
- "(3) ADVICE.—In preparing a report required by paragraph (1), the Secretary shall take into account the advice of the defense industry and such other individuals as the Secretary considers relevant.
- "(1) COORDINATION WITH OTHER DEFENSE IN-DUSTRIAL BASE ACTIVITIES.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report detailing how activities carried out under this section will be coordinated with—
- "(1) activities carried out using amounts in the Defense Production Act Fund under section 304 of the Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. 4534);
- "(2) activities of the Office of Strategic Capital; and
- "(3) any other efforts designed to enhance the defense industrial base.
  - "(m) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- "(1) CHOKEPOINT.—The term 'chokepoint' means a situation in which—
- "(A) components of the munitions supply chains, including all elements of the munitions supply chain such as chemicals, casings, or other materials, are produced by only one reliable source: or
- "(B) the increased production of a component would significantly increase total output of munitions.
- "(2) COVERED COUNTRY.—The term 'covered country' means—
  - "(A) the Russian Federation:
- "(B) the Democratic People's Republic of Korea;
  - "(C) the Islamic Republic of Iran; and
- "(D) the People's Republic of China.
- "(3) RELIABLE SOURCE.—The term 'reliable source' means a citizen or business entity organized under the laws of—
- "(A) the United States or any territory or possession of the United States;
- "(B) a country of the national technology and industrial base, as defined in section 4801; or
- "(C) a qualifying country, as defined in section 225.003 of the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement or any successor document.
- "(4) SECRETARY.—The term 'Secretary' means the Secretary of Defense.
- "(5) STRATEGIC AND CRITICAL MATERIALS.— The term 'strategic and critical materials' has the meaning given that term in section 12(1) of the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act (50 U.S.C. 98h-3(1))."

## Subtitle D—Small Business Matters SEC. 851. APEX ACCELERATORS.

- (a) PURPOSES.—Section 4952 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in paragraph (1), by striking "; and" and inserting a semicolon;
- (2) in paragraph (2), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and (3) by adding at the end the following new
- (3) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(3) to foster innovation for the defense industrial base and to diversify and expand the defense industrial base.".
- (b) INCREASED FUNDING LIMIT FOR BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS SERVICE AREAS.—Section 4955(a)(4) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking "\$1,000,000" and inserting "\$1,500,000".
- (c) APEX CENTERS OF EXCELLENCE.—The Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment may establish APEX centers of excellence to allow APEX centers to provide specialized expertise to business entities outside of the geographic bounds of the center. In carrying out this program, the Under Secretary may utilize the cost sharing waiver to enter into a cooperative agreement under section 4954 of title 10, United States

### Subtitle E-Other Matters

# SEC. 861. CLARIFICATION OF PROCUREMENT PROHIBITION RELATED TO ACQUISITION OF MATERIALS MINED, REFINED, AND SEPARATED IN CERTAIN COUNTRIES.

Section 844(a) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283; 134 Stat. 3766) is amended—

- (1) by striking "Section 2533c" and inserting "Section 4872"; and
- (2) by amending paragraph (1) to read as follows:
  - "(1) in subsection (a)—
- "(A) in paragraph (1), by striking '; or' and inserting a semicolon;
- "(B) in paragraph (2)(B), by striking the period at the end and inserting '; or'; and
- "(C) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(3) enter into a contract for any covered material mined, refined, or separated in any covered nation.".

# SEC. 862. INDEPENDENT STUDY ON THE ACQUISITION WORKFORCE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

- (a) STUDY.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall seek to enter into a contract or other agreement with a qualified organization to conduct an independent examination of the acquisition workforce of the Department of Defense.
- (b) PURPOSE.—The study required under subsection (a) shall include an assessment and comprehensive review of—
- (1) the effectiveness of the acquisition workforce in managing procurements and facilitating positive acquisition outcomes for the warfighter, including through the use of process performance measures or other business health metrics:
- (2) the process and authorities for recruiting and retaining the workforce, including a comparison of pay scales with other Federal agency and commercial analogues, the use of specialization within the acquisition field, and the use of career incentives or other specialized opportunities, such as job-broadening assignments or external training opportunities;
- (3) current training of the workforce, including training offered by and the structure of Defense Acquisition University and the Eisenhower School at National Defense University, as well as commercially available training or identification of certification or stackable micro-certification opportunities;

- (4) the size and mix of the acquisition workforce, including for acquisition-adjacent fields such as industrial security, counterintelligence, and finance;
- (5) the workload and span of control over contracting actions, based on contract award value and total number of individual awards;
- (6) the dependencies between contracting actions and the impact on the industrial security needs to support National Industrial Security Program requirements, including additional compliance costs, increased workload for security-related action, transparency on needs and requirements between the acquisition and security communities, and mechanisms to improve communication on needs and requirements between acquisition and security professionals;
- (7) the role of the acquisition workforce and its communication and integration with the requirements and budget communities; and
- (8) the data, productivity tools, and other information systems available to support acquisition workloads, including the availability of commercial tools.
- (c) FINAL REPORT.—Following the completion of the study under subsection (a), the qualified organization that conducts the study shall submit to the Secretary of Defense a report on the results of the study. The report shall include—
- (1) a summary of the research and other activities carried out as part of the study; and
- (2) recommendations to improve all aspects of acquisition workforce, including recruiting, retention, training, management, and workforce mix.
- (d) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than December 31, 2027, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives an unaltered version of the report required under subsection (c), together with the Secretary's assessment of the findings and recommendations of the study, including a plan for implementing the recommendations.

### SEC. 863. EXPEDITED ACCEPTANCE PROGRAM FOR SUPPLY CHAIN ILLUMINATION.

- (a) ELIGIBILITY FOR EXPEDITED INTERIM NATIONAL SECURITY WAIVER.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—If a contractor, through the use of supply chain illumination policies, procedures, or analytical tools, discovers an item in the supply chain that is non-compliant with the restrictions outlined in subsection (d) but promptly discloses that discovery to the program office, the contractor shall be eligible for an expedited interim national security waiver in accordance with subsection (b) to deliver a capability, provided that the program manager is satisfied with the contractor's corrective plan described in subsection (e).
- (2) DISCLOSURES.—Disclosures that are eligible under paragraph (1) include any disclosures made by the contractor to the program office, including disclosures resulting from supply chain illumination efforts conducted by the contractor, a sub-contractor, or by a third-party entity acting on behalf of the contractor or sub-contractor to increase supply chain transparency. Discoveries of noncompliance by the United States Government do not constitute eligible disclosures under paragraph (1).
  - (b) INTERIM NATIONAL SECURITY WAIVER.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—A waiver described under this subsection is a waiver issued by the Secretary of Defense or the Secretary concerned (as defined in section 101 of title 10, United States Code) to a restriction outlined under subsection (d) allowing a contractor to—

- (A) accept delivery of an end item that contains non-conforming items if the program manager determines the non-confirming part does not represent a security, safety, or flight risk; and
- (B) make payment for the delivery of the end item.
- (2) DELEGATION.—The authority to issue a waiver under paragraph (1) may be delegated—
- (A) in the case of a waiver for one or more acquisition programs within a military department, to the senior acquisition executive of that military department; and
- (B) in the case of a waiver applicable to more than one military department, to the Deputy Secretary of Defense or the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment.
- (c) REQUIREMENTS FOR INTERIM NATIONAL SECURITY WAIVERS.—
- (1) WRITTEN DETERMINATION.—An interim national security waiver shall be issued through a written determination that includes the following:
- (A) The preliminary facts and circumstances regarding the identified non-compliant parts and the likely cause for non-compliance.
- (B) The types of parts to which the interim waiver applies, including any additional parts currently being evaluated for potential non-compliance with the defense sourcing restriction statutes based on the findings in subparagraph (A).
- (C) A determination that the non-compliant parts and any additional parts being evaluated for potential non-compliance do not represent a security, safety, or flight risk
- (D) An assessment of program risk due to non-compliance to include an overall risk level determination that if exceeded would require a new interim national security waiver.
- (2) Submission to congress.—Any interim national security waiver determination shall be submitted to the congressional defense committees within five days of the date of issuances.
- (3) DURATION.—The authority to issue an interim national security waiver under this subsection shall expire not later than January 1, 2027.
- (d) SUPPLY CHAIN RESTRICTIONS.—For the purposes of this section, non-compliant components are those that are covered by the following provisions of law:
- (1) Section 4863 of title 10, United States Code, relating to a requirement to buy strategic materials critical to national security from American sources.
- (2) Section 1211 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2006 (Public Law 109-163; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4651), relating to a prohibition on procurements from Chinese military companies.
- (3) Section 4873 of title 10, United States Code, relating to additional requirements pertaining to printed circuit boards.
- (4) Section 154 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4651), relating to a prohibition on availability of funds for procurement of certain batteries.
- (5) Section 244 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4651), relating to a limitation on sourcing chemical materials for munitions from certain countries.
- (6) Section 805 the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4651), relating to a prohibition on procurements related to entities identified as Chinese military companies operating in the United States.
- (e) CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBILITY.—A contractor receiving a waiver under this section

- shall retain the responsibility to develop and implement a corrective plan to ensure future compliance and demonstrate the noncompliance was neither willful nor knowing. The contractor shall use reasonably expedient means to qualify an alternative compliant supplier, where available, for procurements of items that are to be incorporated into future deliveries of end items
- (f) SUNSET.—The authority under this section shall expire on January 1, 2027.
- (g) BRIEFINGS.—Not later than April 1, 2026, and April 1, 2027, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment shall provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives on expedited acceptances authorized under this section and corrective action plans of contractors to ensure future compliance with existing authorities.

### SEC. 864. SIMULTANEOUS CONFLICTS CRITICAL MUNITIONS REPORT.

- (a) Report.—
- (1) In general.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report that details the stockpiles of critical munitions required to fight simultaneous conflicts in different theaters.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The report required under paragraph (1) shall include the following elements:
- (A) An estimate of the amount of each critical munition that would be required over the course of simultaneous conflicts, modeled on the assumption that a contingency operation in any one of the western Pacific, Europe, Middle East, or Korean Peninsula theaters would increase the likelihood of a contingency operation in the other theaters, including consideration of the prepositioning of stockpiles and the risk posed by moving stocks out of each theater.
- (B) The number of days before the joint force would exhaust its current stockpiles of critical munitions during simultaneous conflicts.
- (C) An estimate of the time required for the industrial base to replenish critical munition inventories during a simultaneous conflict, taking into account the Out-Year Unconstrained Total Munitions Requirement directed by section 222c of title 10, United States Code, and the study required by section 1705 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 136 Stat. 2968), but not the assumptions mandated by Department of Defense Instruction 3000.04, entitled "DoD Munitions Requirements Process".
- (D) Production requirements for each critical munition needed to address the shortfall between current production rates and those required to meet the requirements determined pursuant to subparagraph (A).
- (E) The lessons learned from the war in Ukraine with respect to munition consumption rates.
- (F) Consideration of the projected munitions stockpiles of the military forces of the Russian Federation, the People's Republic of China, Iran, and the Democratic Republic of Korea, and forces affiliated with such military forces.
- (G) An exploration of the projected munitions stockpiles of the relevant United States allies in each theater and opportunities for them to enhance their contributions to burden-sharing.
- (b) PLAN.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the Secretary of Defense submits the report required by subsection (a), the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a plan to implement critical munitions requirements to fight simultaneous conflicts in the next budget cycle.

- The plan shall include a description of what would be required of industry and United States arsenals and depots to meet such requirements.
- (2) WAIVER.—The Secretary may waive the requirement under paragraph (1) if the Secretary submits to the congressional defense committees a report with a justification for the decision not to implement the results of the report required by subsection (a) into the requirements process for the next budget cycle. The report shall include an assessment of the gap between current requirements for critical munitions and those requirements identified in the report required by subsection (a).
- (c) CRITICAL MUNITIONS DEFINED.—In this section, the term "critical munitions" includes those designated on the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff's critical munitions list.

### SEC. 865. PERMANENT EXTENSION AND MODI-FICATION OF DEMONSTRATION AND PROTOTYPING PROGRAM TO AD-VANCE INTERNATIONAL PRODUCT SUPPORT CAPABILITIES IN A CON-TESTED LOGISTICS ENVIRONMENT.

Section 842 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 10 U.S.C. 2341 note) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (b)(2)-
- (A) in subparagraph (A), by striking "; and" and inserting a semicolon:
- (B) by redesignating subparagraph (B) as subparagraph (C):
- (C) by inserting after subparagraph (A) the following new subparagraph:
- "(B) commercially advanced digital manufacturing facilities for rapid, distributed parts production closer to the point of use; and":
  - (2) by striking subsection (g); and
- (3) by redesignating subsection (h) as subsection (g).

### SEC. 866. ESTIMATE OF ALLY AND PARTNER DE-MAND FOR UNITED STATES-PRO-DUCED MUNITIONS AND SPECIFIED EXPENDABLES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall establish an annual requirement for the production of an estimate of the demand by United States allies and partners for United States-produced munitions and specified expendables across the future-years defense plan.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—Each estimate required under subsection (a)—
- (1) shall be disaggregated by specific munitions type and ally or partner; and
- (2) shall include analytical inputs, such
- (A) information set forth in all approved letters of offer and acceptance from foreign military sales cases;
- (B) assessments of all letters of request from foreign military sales cases;
- (C) estimates based on an operational analysis of foreign partner munitions needs for critical operational or contingency planning scenarios:
- (D) estimates based on an analysis of wargaming results that include foreign partner contributions in the relevant scenario; and
- (E) estimates based on bilateral or multilateral discussions between the United States Government and foreign governments.
  - (c) GUIDANCE.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than March 1, 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall issue guidance for the development and collection of data necessary to support the production of the estimate required by subsection (a).
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The guidance required by paragraph (1) shall include—
- (A) a consideration of the manner in which the requirement for such an estimate may be

leveraged to support operational and contingency planning activities, wargaming, and net assessment activities; and

- (B) an analysis of the effect of the addition of such an estimate to the Out-Year Unconstrained Total Munitions Requirement required by section 222c of title 10, United States Code.
- (d) Assessment of Information Systems.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than March 30, 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall conduct an assessment of existing relevant Department of Defense information systems of record to determine whether any such system, or combination of such systems, may be used or modified to collect and analyze data necessary to support the production of the estimate required by subsection (a) on an ongoing basis.
- (2) Consideration.—The assessment required by paragraph (1) shall take into consideration—
- (A) the cost and technical challenges of adopting or adapting a system described in that paragraph, or combination of such systems, for the purpose described in that paragraph; and
- (B) the estimated cost and technical challenges of establishing a new information system of record for such purpose.
- (e) Specified Expendables Defined.—In this section, the term "specific expendables" includes—
  - (1) chaff;
  - (2) flares:
  - (3) sonobouys;
  - (4) decoys;
  - (5) disposable jammers; and
- (6) any other expendable the Secretary of Defense considers appropriate.

# SEC. 867. REFORM OF CONTRACTOR PERFORMANCE INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall revise subpart 242.15 of the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement (DFARS) to modify contractor performance information requirements to establish an objective, fact-based, and simplified system for reporting contractor performance. The revised system shall—
- (1) focus exclusively on negative performance events that are verifiable and measurable to reduce subjectivity and inconsistency in evaluations:
- (2) reduce the administrative burden on contracting officers by limiting reporting to prior contractor failures or poor performance; and
- (3) ensure the government can identify and avoid contractors with a history of poor performance or bad actions.
- (b) REVISION OF CONTRACTOR PERFORMANCE INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall revise subpart 242.15 of the DFARS and related guidance, including the Contractor Performance Assessment Reporting System (CPARS) to provide for the following requirements related to contract performance information:
- (1) ELIMINATION OF SUBJECTIVE PERFORMANCE RATINGS.—(A) Subjective performance ratings for contracts subject to this section shall be eliminated.
- (B) Performance evaluations shall be limited to the reporting and scoring of negative performance events as described in subsections (c) and (d).
- (2) SCOPE OF REPORTING.—(A) Contracting officers shall report only negative performance events with verifiable data which have a material impact on contract performance or government interests, including events involving subcontractors.

- (B) Reporting shall exclude positive or neutral performance assessments, except as necessary to provide context for a negative performance event.
- (3) Frequency and timing.—(A) Contracting officers shall report negative performance events within 30 days of identifying and verifying the event.
- (B) Annual or periodic performance evaluations shall not be required unless a negative performance event occurs.
- (4) USE IN SOURCE SELECTION.—(A) Negative performance events and their associated scores, as calculated under subsection (c), shall be considered in source selection evaluations to assess contractor risk and responsibility.
- (B) The absence of negative performance events for a contractor, including nontraditional defense contractors or new entrants, shall not be considered a deficiency in past performance evaluations. Such contractors shall be evaluated based on technical capability, price, and other relevant factors.
- (c) Scoring Mechanism for Negative Performance Events.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall revise subpart 242.15 of the DFARS and related guidance, including the Contractor Performance Assessment Reporting System (CPARS) to provide for the following requirements related to a scoring mechanism for negative performance events:
- (1) STANDARDIZED SCORING MECHANISM.—To ensure fair and equitable evaluation of contractors, a standardized scoring mechanism shall normalize negative performance events based on the number of transactions and the dollar volume of contracts performed by the contractor.
- (2) APPLICATION OF SCORES.—(A) The composite score shall be reported in CPARS alongside the negative performance events and used in source selection to assess past performance risk.
- (B) Scores shall be calculated automatically by the CPARS system based on data entered by contracting officers, including the number of transactions and contract dollar value
- (3) TRANSPARENCY.—(A) Contractors shall have access to their composite scores and the underlying data (number of events, transactions, and dollar volume) through CPARS
- (B) Contractors may submit comments or rebuttals to reported events or scores, which shall be maintained in CPARS for consideration in source selection.
- (d) KEY ISSUES OF NEGATIVE PERFORMANCE.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall revise subpart 242.15 of the DFARS and related guidance, including the Contractor Performance Assessment Reporting System (CPARS) to provide for the following requirements related to key issues of negative performance:
- (1) MANDATORY REPORTING.—Contracting officers shall report the following negative performance events, based on verifiable data or objective evaluations:
- (A) Delivery of defective products.—Delivery of products failing to meet contract requirements, as verified by government inspection reports, quality assurance records, or testing results.
- (B) Delinquent deliveries.—Failure to meet contract delivery schedules, as documented in contract milestones, delivery orders, or government correspondence.
- (C) IMPROPER MARKINGS OR RIGHTS ASSERTIONS ON TECHNICAL DATA DELIVERIES.—Incorrect or unauthorized markings on technical data or software, or improper assertions of restrictive rights, as verified by government review or legal findings.

- (D) DEFECTIVE PRICING.—Submission of inaccurate, incomplete, or misleading cost or pricing data, as identified through audits by the Defense Contract Audit Agency (DCAA) or other authorities.
- (E) FAILURE TO FLOW DOWN REQUIRED CLAUSES TO SUBCONTRACTORS.—Failure to include mandatory contract clauses in subcontracts, as verified by contract reviews or audits.
- (F) False claims or misrepresentations.—Submission of false claims, fraudulent invoices, or misrepresentations, as substantiated by investigations, legal findings, or government records.
- (G) NON-COMPLIANCE WITH SAFETY OR REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS.—Failure to comply with safety, environmental, or other regulatory requirements, as documented by government inspections or citations.
- (H) SIGNIFICANT CYBERSECURITY BREACHES OR FAILURES.—Failure to meet cybersecurity requirements or significant breaches caused by contractor negligence, as verified by government assessments or incident reports.
- (e) ADDITIONAL PERFORMANCE INDICATORS.— The Secretary of Defense may establish additional negative performance indicators, provided they are—
- (1) based on verifiable data or objective evaluations; and
- (2) published in the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement (DFARS) with clear criteria for identification and reporting
  - (f) IMPLEMENTATION.—
- (1) TEMPLATES.— Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall issue revised regulations under revise subpart 242.15 of the DFARS to include standardized templates for reporting negative performance events and calculating composite scores.
  - (2) TRAINING AND GUIDANCE.—
- (A) Training.—The Secretary of Defense shall develop and provide training for contracting officers on—
- (i) identifying, verifying, and reporting negative performance events; and
- (ii) entering data for transaction counts and contract dollar values to support the scoring mechanism.
- (B) GUIDANCE.—Guidance shall emphasize the use of objective evidence and the exclusion of subjective judgments, including—
- (i) standardized templates for reporting negative performance events;
- (ii) guidelines for weighting negative performance scores in source selection; and
- (iii) procedures for quality assurance reviews and contractor dispute resolution.
- (3) SYSTEM MODIFICATIONS.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall modify the CPARS system to—
- (A) support the categorization of negative performance events;
- (B) eliminate fields for subjective ratings; (C) automatically calculate composite scores based on reported data;
- (D) include a mechanism for contractors to review and respond to reported events and scores; and
- (E) integrate with the Federal Awardee Performance and Integrity Information System (FAPIIS) for seamless data sharing.
  - (4) TRANSITION PERIOD.—
- (A) EXISTING CPARS EVALUATIONS.—For contracts awarded prior to the effective date of the revised regulations, contracting officers may complete existing CPARS evaluations under the prior system until the contract is closed or terminated.
- (B) NEW EVALUATIONS.—New evaluations for contracts awarded after the date of the revised implementing regulations shall comply with this section.
  - (g) REPORTING AND OVERSIGHT.—

- (1) REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit a report to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the implementation of the revised Contractor Performance Assessment Reporting System required by this section.
- (2) GOVERNMENT ACCOUNTABILITY OFFICE REVIEW.—Not later than 3 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct a review of the revised contractor performance information system to assess—
- (A) its effectiveness in achieving the purposes outlined in subsection (a);
- (B) the accuracy and fairness of the scoring mechanism; and
- (C) the system's impact on competition and nontraditional defense contractor participation.
- (h) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) NEGATIVE PERFORMANCE EVENT.—The term "negative performance event" means a verifiable instance of contractor failure or poor performance, as described in subsection (d).
- (2) NONTRADITIONAL DEFENSE CONTRACTOR.—The term "nontraditional defense contractor" has the meaning given the term in section 3014 of title 10, United States Code
- (3) VERIFIABLE DATA.—The term "verifiable data" means objective evidence documented in contract records, inspection reports, audits, correspondence, or other government records.

# SEC. 868. REPEALS OF EXISTING LAW TO STREAMLINE THE DEFENSE ACQUISITION PROCESS.

The following provisions are hereby repealed:

- (1) Section 3070 of title 10, United States
- (2) Section 874 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public
- Law 115-91; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3101).
  (3) Section 810 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114-92; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3101).
- (4) Section 3106 of title 10, United States Code.
- (5) Section 8688 of title 10, United States Code.
- (6) Subsections (a)–(c) of section 804 of the Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2009 (Public Law 110–417; 122 Stat. 4356).
- (7) Section 822 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1996 (Public Law 104-106; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3201).
- (8) Section 892 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110–181; 10 U.S.C. 3201 note).
- (9) Section 805 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2004 (Public Law 108-136; 10 U.S.C. 3201 note).
- (10) Section 823 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116-92; 10 U.S.C. 3204 note).
- (11) Section 802 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116-92; 10 U.S.C. 3206 note).
- (12) Section 3208 of title 10, United States Code.
- (13) Section 852 of the Carl Levin and Howard P. "Buck" McKeon National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2015 (Public Law 113-291; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3241).
- (14) Subsections (a)–(f) of section 866 of the Ike Skelton National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011 (Public Law 111–383; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3241).
- (15) Section 143 of the Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2009 (Public Law 110-417; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3241).

- (16) Section 254 of the Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2009 (Public Law 110–417; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3241).
- (17) Section 886 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110-181; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3241).
- (18) Section 851 of the Ronald W. Reagan National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2005 (Public Law 108-375; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3241).
- (19) Section 314 of the Bob Stump National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2003 (Public Law 107–314; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3241).
- (20) Section 826 of the Floyd D. Spence National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2001 (Public Law 106–398; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3241).
- (21) Section 806 of the Strom Thurmond National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1999 (Public Law 105–261; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3241).
- (22) Section 368 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2012 (Public Law 112-81; 10 U.S.C. 3303 note).
- (23) Section 875 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117-81; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3344).
- (24) Section 816 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2006 (Public Law 109-163; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3344).
- (25) Section 3373 of title 10, United States Code
- (26) Section 883 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 10 U.S.C. 3372 note)
- (27) Section 3455 of title 10, United States Code.
- (28) Section 3678 of title 10, United States Code.
- (29) Section 133 of the Bob Stump National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2003 (Public Law 107–314: 10 U.S.C. 3678 note).
- (30) Section 891 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283; 10 U.S.C. 3804 note).
- (31) Section 380 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117-81; 10 U.S.C. 4001 note).
- (32) Section 1056 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114-92; 10 U.S.C. 4001 note).
- (33) Section 1603 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2014 (Public Law 113-66: 10 U.S.C. 4007 note).
- (34) Section 1089 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law 115-91: 10 U.S.C. 4025 note).
- (35) Section 812 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2000 (Public Law 106-65; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4061).
- (36) Section 235 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328; 10 U.S.C. 4126 note).
- (37) Section 227 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4141).
- (38) Section 252 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116-92; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4141).
- (39) Section 1043 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111-84: 10 U.S.C. 4174 note).
- (40) Section 828 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114–92; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4201).
- (41) Section 1252 of the Defense Procurement Reform Act of 1984 (Public Law 98-525; 10 U.S.C. 4205 note).
- (42) Section 812 of the Ike Skelton National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011 (Public Law 111–383; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4211)

- (43) Section 806 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2006 (Public Law 109–163; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4211).
- (44) Section 818 of the John Warner National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2007 (Public Law 109–364; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4231).
- (45) Section 802(d)(2) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114-92; 10 U.S.C. 4251 note).
- (46) Section 4271 of title 10, United States
- (47) Section 814 of the Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2009 (Public Law 110-417; 10 U.S.C. 4271 note).
- (48) Section 925(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328; 10 U.S.C. 4271 note).
- (49) Section 812 of the John Warner National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2007 (Public Law 109–364; 10 U.S.C. 4325 note).
- (50) Section 4423 of title 10, United States Code.
- (51) Section 831(b) of the Ike Skelton National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011 (Public Law 111–383; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4501).
- (52) Section 863(a)–(h) of the Ike Skelton National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011 (Public Law 111–383; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4501).
- (53) Section 832 of the John Warner National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2007 (Public Law 109–364; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4501).
- (54) Section 883(e) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114–92; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4571).
- (55) Section 938 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2014 (Public Law 113-66; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4571).
- (56) Section 1272 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law 115-91; 10 U.S.C. 4571 note).
- (57) Section 2867 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2012 (Public Law 112-81; 10 U.S.C. 4571 note).
- (58) Section 215 of the Ike Skelton National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011 (Public Law 111–383; 10 U.S.C. 4571 note).
- (59) Section 881 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110–181; 10 U.S.C. 4571 note).
- (60) Section 804 of the Bob Stump National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2003 (Public Law 107–314; 10 U.S.C. 4571 note).
- (61) Chapter 345 of title 10, United States
- (62) Section 378 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117-81; 10 U.S.C. 113 note).
- (63) Section 846(a) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283; 10 U.S.C. 4811 note).
- (64) Section 932 of the Ike Skelton National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011 (Public Law 111–383; 10 U.S.C. 2224 note).
- (65) Section 849 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law 115-91; 131 Stat. 1487).
- (66) Section 804 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111-84: 123 Stat. 2402).
- (67) Section 881 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114–92; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4601).
- (68) Section 802 of the Ronald W. Reagan National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2005 (Public Law 108-375; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3062).
- (69) Section 913 of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1986 (Public Law 99–145; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3201).

- (70) Section 821 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110–181; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3451).
- (71) Section 824(a) of the Ike Skelton National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011 (Public Law 111–383; 10 U.S.C. 3774 note).
- (72) Section 805 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110–181; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3451).
- (73) Section 844(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114-92; 10 U.S.C. 3453 note).
- (74) Section 238(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110–181; 10 U.S.C. 4841 note).
- (75) Subtitle D of title II of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2006 (Public Law 109–163; 119 Stat. 3175).
- (76) Section 214 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110–181; 10 U.S.C. 4841 note).
- (77) Section 218 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283; 10 U.S.C. 8013 note).
- (78) Section 229 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116-92: 10 U.S.C. 4001 note).
- (79) Section 232 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116-92: 10 U.S.C. 4001 note).
- (80) Section 222 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232; 10 U.S.C. 4014 note).
- (81) Section 230 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4061).
- (82) Section 843 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4171).
- (83) Section 938 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2014 (Public Law 113-66; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4571).
- (84) Section 1651 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116-92; 10 U.S.C. 4571 note).
- (85) Section 1064 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232; 10 U.S.C. 4571
- (86) Section 854 of the Carl Levin and Howard P. "Buck" McKeon National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2015 (Public Law 113-291; 10 U.S.C. 4571 note).

# SEC. 869. ENHANCEMENT OF DEFENSE SUPPLY CHAIN RESILIENCE AND SECONDARY SOURCE QUALIFICATION.

Section 865 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118–159; 10 U.S.C. 4811 note) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (b)-
- (A) in paragraph (2), by striking "; and" and inserting a semicolon;
- (B) by redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (4); and
- (C) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following new paragraph:
- "(3) produce all critical readiness parts and systems, including those identified as having sole-source dependencies, excessive lead times, unreasonable pricing, or other supply chain deficiencies; and";
- (2) in subsection (d)—
- (A) in paragraph (7), by striking "; and" and inserting a semicolon;
- (B) in paragraph (8), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and
- (C) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(9) the Department of Defense avoids duplication of review processes for the approval of aircraft parts and components and repairs

- that have already been approved by a civil aviation authority under a Parts Manufacturer Approval (PMA) or Designated Engineering Representative (DER) spare or repair certification and approval processes unless a written justification is approved by the commander of a systems command of a military service and reported to the congressional defense committees.";
- (3) by redesignating subsections (f) through (j) as subsections (g) through (k), respectively:
- (4) by inserting after subsection (e) insert the following new subsection:
- "(f) EXPEDITED QUALIFICATION PANELS.— Each military department shall establish an Expedited Qualification Panel (EQP). The EQP shall develop standardized templates for Source Approval Requests (SARs) and review expedited SARs or PMAs within 14 days, issuing conditional approvals (valid for 12 months) or full approvals based on tiered risk criteria, and leverage designated engineering representatives or equivalent thirdparty certified engineers when appropriate.";
- (5) by adding at the end the following new subsection:
  - "(1) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- "(1) The term 'critical readiness parts and systems' has the meaning given the term in section 4324 of title 10, United States Code.
- "(2) The term 'non-safety critical items, or non-mission critical items' includes the following items:
- "(A) Major risk parts or systems whose failure causes structural damage or significant mission degradation and requires finite element modeling, fracture analysis, comparison to similar parts, or similar methods.
- "(B) Minor risk parts and systems that only have form, fit, and function requirements verified by dimensional coordinate measuring machines, go/no-go gauges, or similar methods.
- "(C) Low risk parts and systems that are consumable or non-critical, requiring material certification, visual inspections, or similar methods.
- "(3) The term 'safety critical items or mission critical items' means parts or systems whose failure causes loss of control, catastrophic failure, or loss of life, and require full qualification, simulation, and physical testing with Engineering Support Activity witnessing."

# SEC. 870. ENHANCED PRODUCT SUPPORT MANAGEMENT FOR INTEGRATED SUSTAINMENT OF WEAPON SYSTEMS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 4324 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in subsection (b)(1)-
- (A) in subparagraph (B), by inserting "in coordination with operational commands and users" after "appropriate metrics"; and
- (B) by striking subparagraph (I) and redesignating subparagraph (J) as subparagraph (I);
  - (2) in subsection (c)—
- (A) by amending paragraph (1) to read as follows:
- "(1) REQUIREMENT.—The Secretary of Defense shall require that each covered system be supported by a product support manager that shall integrate sustainment activities across the Portfolio Acquisition Executive, materiel and systems commands, sustainment working capital funds, and other elements of the sustainment enterprise by establishing a coordinated process to ensure weapon system readiness and affordability throughout the lifecycle.";
- (B) in paragraph (2) by striking subparagraphs (B) through (I) and inserting the following new subparagraphs:
- "(B) adopt predictive analytics and simulation and modeling tools to improve material

- availability and reliability, increase operational availability rates, and reduce operation and sustainment costs:
- "(C) select, transfer, direct, and coordinate product support integrators and product support providers across materiel commands, depots, sustainment working capital funds, and commercial entities to execute the product support strategy and maintain updated parts cataloging and provisioning;
- "(D) review and recommend resource allocations across product support integrators and product support providers to meet performance requirements of the product support strategy:
- "(E) prevent and resolve all diminishing manufacturing supply and material shortages and critical readiness parts and systems issues:
- "(F) manage the end-to-end coordination of qualification, certification, and test of alternative sources of supply;
- ``(G) ensure evaluation of offerors on a solicitation includes—
- "(i) a parts selection plan that enables interoperability, maintainability, and commercially supportable designs;
- "(ii) updated logistics product data and maintenance manuals; and
- "(iii) data rights and data ordering consistent with the intellectual property management plan in the life cycle sustainment plan:
- "(H) inspect, accept, and manage data deliveries and conformance of such data with configuration changes in consultation with Defense Contract Management Agency; and
- "(I) update the product support strategy continuously as required, at a minimum every five years."; and
- (C) by adding at the end the following paragraphs:
- "(3) ORGANIZATION.—Each Portfolio Acquisition Executive shall establish a Major Program Manager to manage sustainment activities for in-service systems and oversee all product support managers of covered systems to ensure an expert focus on sustainment.
- "(4) CAREER MANAGEMENT.—The Secretary of Defense shall establish a formal career path for product support managers, including selection criteria, training programs, and certification requirements, aligned with the standards set forth in chapter 87 of this title. Product support managers shall be selected from military and civilian personnel with demonstrated expertise in sustainment, logistics, supply chain, or engineering, and incentivized with career progression opportunities equivalent to acquisition program managers.
- "(5) LIAISON OFFICER PROGRAM.—Each sustainment working capital fund entity shall establish a liaison officer program to serve as the dedicated point of contract to align working capital fund management with product support manager activities for all covered systems.": and
  - (3) in subsection (d)—
- (A) in paragraph (5) by inserting "any acquisition or in-service program that is" after "The term 'covered system' means"; and
- (B) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(9) CRITICAL READINESS PARTS AND SYSTEMS.—The term 'critical readiness parts and systems' means all parts and systems causing parts causing Mission Impaired Capability Awaiting Parts (MICAP), Not Mission Capable Supply (NMCS), or Casualty Report (CASREP) Category 3 or 4 status, as defined by the Department of Defense and respective military services, or other parts or systems designated by the Secretary of Defense as impacting readiness."

### SEC. 871. MODIFICATIONS TO CURRENT DEFENSE ACQUISITION REQUIREMENTS.

- (a) Modifications to Title 10.—Title 10, United States Code, is amended-
- (1) in section 1749(f)(1), by striking "on a reimbursable basis"
- (2) in section 2222(i)(1)(A)-
- (A) in clause (vi), by adding "or real estate system" after "An installations management": and
- (B) by adding at the end the following new clauses:
  - "(ix) A budget system.
  - "(x) A retail system.
- "(xi) A health care system.
- "(xii) A travel and expense system.
- "(xiii) A payroll system.
- "(xiv) A supply chain management system. "(xv) A enterprise resource planning sys-
- "(xvi) A contractor management system."; (3) in section 3012(3)(B), by striking "lowest overall cost alternative" and inserting "best
- value";
- (4) in section 3069—
- (A) in subsection (a), by striking "if that head of an agency" and all that follows through "a complete end item";
  - (B) by striking subsections (b) and (d); and
  - (C) by redesignating-
- (i) subsection (c) as subsection (b); and
- (ii) subsection (e) as subsection (c);
- (5) in section 3204(e)-
- (A) in paragraph (1), by striking subparagraph (B) and inserting the following:
  - '(B) the justification is approved-
- "(i) in the case of a contract for an amount exceeding the simplified acquisition threshold (but not more than \$100,000,000)-
- (I) by the competition advocate for the contracting activity (without further delegation); or
- "(II) by an official referred to in clause (ii) or (iii);
- "(ii) in the case of a contract for an amount exceeding \$100,000,000 (but not more than \$500,000,000)-
- "(I) by the head of the contracting activity (without further delegation):
- "(II) by an official referred to in clause (iii); or
- "(III) for the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency, the Defense Innovation Unit, or the Missile Defense Agency, by the director of the agency; or
- "(iii) in the case of a contract for an amount exceeding \$500,000,000—
- "(I) by the senior procurement executive for the agency as designated for the purpose of section 1702(c) of title 41 (without further delegation):
- "(II) in the case of the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, acting in the capacity as the senior procurement executive for the Department of Defense, by the delegate of the Under Secretary as designated pursuant to paragraph (6); or
- "(III) for the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency, the Defense Innovation Unit, or the Missile Defense Agency, by the director of the agency; and"; and
- (B) in paragraph (6)—
- (i) by striking "(A) The authority of the head" and all that follows through "(B) The authority of the Under Secretary" and in-"The authority of the Under Secserting retary
- (ii) by redesignating clauses (i) and (ii) as subparagraphs (A) and (B), respectively; and
- (iii) by redesignating subclauses (I) and (II) as clauses (i) and (ii), respectively;
- (6) in section 3226(d), by amending paragraph (2) to read as follows:
- '(2) Funds described in paragraph (1) may be used-
- "(A) to cover any increased program costs identified by a revised cost analysis or target developed pursuant to subsection (b);

- "(B) to acquire additional end items in accordance with section 3069 of this title; or
- "(C) to cover the cost of risk reduction and process improvements.";
- (7) in section 3243(d)-
- (A) in paragraph (1)(B), by striking "subject to paragraph (2),";
  - (B) by striking paragraph (2); and
- (C) by redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (2);
- (8) in section 3374(a)—
- (A) in the heading, by striking "CERTAIN REDUCED" after "ALLOWED PROFIT TO RE-
  - (B) in paragraph (1), by striking "and";
- (C) in paragraph (2), by striking the period and inserting "; and"; and
- (D) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(3) the increased cost risk of the contractor with respect to any costs incurred prior to the award of the undefinitized contractual action when such costs-
- "(A) would otherwise have been directly chargeable under the contract post-award; and
- '(B) were incurred to meet-
- "(i) the anticipated contract delivery schedule of the agency; or
- "(ii) the anticipated contract price targets of the agency."
- (9) in section 3703(a)(1)(A), by striking 'competition that results in at least two or more responsive and viable competing bids' and inserting "price competition";
- (10) in section 3705, by amending subsection
- (b) to read as follows:
  "(b) ALTERNATIVE SOURCES REQUIRED.—In the event the contracting officer is unable to determine proposed prices are fair and reasonable by any other means, an offeror who fails to make a good faith effort to comply with a reasonable request to submit data in accordance with subsection (a) is ineligible for award unless the head of the agency initiates the assessment of the offeror as a source of supply for industrial capabilities under the authorities provided by sections 865 and 882 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159).":
  - (11) in section 4201-
  - (A) in subsection (a)(2)—
- (i) in subparagraph (A), by striking "\$300,000,000 (based on fiscal year 1990 constant dollars)" and inserting "\$1,000,000,000 (based on fiscal year 2024 constant dollars)";
- (ii) in subparagraph (B), by striking \$1,800,000,000 (based on fiscal year 1990 constant dollars)" and inserting "\$5,000,000,000 (based on fiscal year 2024 constant dollars)";
- (B) in subsection (b), by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(3) An acquisition program for software and covered hardware as described by section 3603 of this title.";
- (12) in section 4882, by striking "the President, through the head of any department,' each place it appears and inserting "the Secretary of Defense"; and
- (13) in section 4884, by striking "The Presiand inserting "The Secretary of Dedent" fense'
- (14) in section 4231—
- (A) by striking subsection (a):
- (B) by redesignating subsections (b) and (c) as subsections (c) and (d), respectively;
- (C) by inserting before subsection (c), as redesignated by subparagraph (B), the following new subsections:
- (a) CONDITIONS WITH RESPECT TO CERTAIN LOW-RATE INITIAL PRODUCTION.—(1) The number of low-rate initial production lots associated with a major defense acquisition program may not be more than one if-

- "(A) the milestone decision authority authorized the use of a fixed-price type contract at the time of Milestone B approval;
- "(B) the scope of the work covered by the fixed-price type contract includes the development and the low-rate initial production of items for the major defense acquisition program.
- "(2) The acquisition executive of the applicable service, or a designee of the executive, may waive the limitation under paragraph (1) if-
- "(A) the waiver authority is not delegated to the contracting officer; and
- "(B) written notification of the waiver, which includes the associated rationale, is provided to the congressional defense committees not later than 30 days after the date on which the waiver is issued.
- "(b) CONDITIONS WITH RESPECT TO CERTAIN SHIPBUILDING CONTRACTS.—(1) With respect to a fixed-price type contract for the procurement of shipbuilding associated with a major defense acquisition program, the number of ships to be procured under the contract, including all options, may not be more than two ships if the scope of the work covered by the contract includes the detail design for the ship and the construction of items for the launch and eventual delivery of the completed ship.
- "(2) The Secretary concerned may waive the limitation under paragraph (1) if, not later than 30 days after the date on which the waiver is issued, the Secretary submits to the congressional defense committees a written notification of the waiver that includes a certification that the basic and functional design of any ship to be procured under the contract described in paragraph (1) is complete."; and
- (D) by adding at the end the following new subsection:
- "(e) Definitions.—In this section:
- "(1) The term 'basic and functional design' has the meaning given such term in section 8669c of this title.
- "(2) The term 'construction' means steel cutting, module fabrication, assembly, outfitting, keel laying, and module erection.
- "(3) The term 'detail design' means design using computer-aided modeling to enable the generation of work instructions that show detailed system information and support construction, including-
- "(A) guidance for subcontractors and suppliers;
  - "(B) installation drawings;
  - "(C) schedules;
  - "(D) material lists; and
- "(E) lists of prefabricated materials and parts.
- "(4) The term 'major defense acquisition program' has the meaning given such term in section 4201 of this title.
- "(5) The term 'Milestone B approval' has the meaning given such term in section 4172 of this title.
- "(6) The term 'milestone decision authority' has the meaning given such term in section 4211 of this title.
- (b) Modifications to National Defense AUTHORIZATION ACTS.-
- (1) JOHN S. MCCAIN NATIONAL DEFENSE AU-THORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2019.—Section 890 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115-232; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3701) is amended-
- (A) in the heading, by striking "PILOT";
- (B) by striking "pilot" each place it appears:
- (C) in subsection (b)(2), by striking "minimal reporting" and inserting "no unique reporting"; and
  - (D) by striking subsections (c) and (d).

- (2) SERVICEMEMBER QUALITY OF LIFE IMPROVEMENT AND NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2025.—Section 864(d) of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118–159) is amended—
- (A) in the subsection heading, by striking "CAPACITY-BASED" and inserting "CAPABILITY-BASED"; and
- (B) in paragraph (4), by striking "increased capacity" and inserting "increased capability".

### SEC. 872. MINIMUM PRODUCTION LEVELS FOR MUNITIONS.

Section 222c of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a), by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
  - "(3) The minimum production levels.";
- (2) by redesignating subsection (f) as subsection (g); and
- (3) by inserting after subsection (e) the following new subsection:
- "(f) MINIMUM PRODUCTION LEVELS.—(1) The Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment and the chiefs of staff of the armed forces, shall annually determine the minimum production level for each variant of munitions required to meet the Out-Year Unconstrained Total Munitions Requirement reported under subsection (a)(1).
- "(2) The minimum production level for each munition shall be calculated based on the Total Out-Year Unconstrained Total Munitions Requirement, as specified in subsection (c)(6), and shall account for the following:
- "(A) The inventory objective requirements for each category listed in paragraphs (1) through (5) of subsection (c) and paragraph (8) of such subsection.
- "(B) The out-year worldwide inventory reported under subsection (c)(7).
- "(C) The time required to meet the Out-Year Unconstrained Total Munitions Requirement, as reported pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (e).
- "(3) The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that the minimum production levels determined under this subsection are incorporated into the planning, programming, budgeting, and execution process of the Department of Defense to align munitions procurement with the Out-Year Unconstrained Total Munitions Requirement."

# SEC. 873. PROCESSES FOR INCENTIVIZING CONTRACTOR EXPANSION OF SOURCES OF SUPPLY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—For critical readiness parts and systems, the Secretary of Defense shall enhance military readiness by incentivizing the design activity to expand sources of supply for critical readiness parts and systems, through expedited qualification processes, advanced manufacturing techniques, and risk-informed certification.
- (b) CONTRACTUAL REQUIREMENTS FOR SUPPLIER DIVERSIFICATION.—
- (1) REQUIREMENT.—The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that all new or modified contracts with a prime contractor shall include contracting incentives to expand sources of supply with each design activity at any tier of the supply chain for systems with critical readiness parts and systems.
- (2) MANDATORY AMSC RECLASSIFICATION.—For any identified critical readiness part or system, the design activity shall, not later than 60 days after notification by the Department of Defense, conduct a review and propose reclassification of the Acquisition Method Suffix Code (AMSC) to reduce solesource dependency for any part or system with a lead time greater than, unless the Secretary of Defense grants a waiver based on national security or operational necessity.

- (3) IMPLEMENTATION.—The design activity shall submit supplier diversification plans not later than 90 days after contract award, detailing proposed supplier qualifications and projected benefits.
- (4) ENFORCEMENT.—Noncompliance shall result in corrective action requests, reduced contractor performance ratings, or contract termination.
  - (c) EXPEDITED QUALIFICATION.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall expedite qualification procedures for critical readiness parts and systems in collaboration with the design activity at any tier of the contract supply chain.
- (2) DELEGATION.—The Secretary of Defense may delegate authority to designated engineering representatives (DERs) of the Federal Aviation Administration or equivalent third-party certified engineers for specific tasks for parts approved through the Federal Aviation Administration's Parts Manufacturer Approval (PMA) processes.
- (d) Enhanced Use of Simulation for Certification.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall mandate the use of simulation-based verification for certifying critical readiness parts and systems, reducing reliance on physical testing for non-safety critical items, or non-mission critical items, as those terms are defined in section 865 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159; 10 U.S.C. 4811 note).
- (2) SUBMISSION OF SIMULATION-BASED EVIDENCE.—Design activities or DERs shall submit to the Department upon request simulation-based evidence, such as structural/strength analysis reports and fault trees.
- (3) ACCEPTANCE OF SIMULATION-BASED EVIDENCE.—Engineering Support Activities (ESAs) shall accept simulation data as primary evidence for non-safety critical items, or non-mission critical items, with conditional approvals issued within 14 days for critical readiness parts and systems.
- (4) SIMULATION VALIDATION FRAMEWORK.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall establish a Department-wide simulation validation framework incorporating third-party lab testing.
- (e) DATA RIGHTS ENFORCEMENT AND REVERSE ENGINEERING.—If a design activity is unwilling or unable to initiate expedited qualification or source alternative suppliers for critical readiness parts and systems within 30 days of notification, the Secretary of Defense shall—
- (1) review and enforce government access to technical data deliverables to enable alternative sourcing under subchapter I of chapter 275 of title 10, United States Code; or
- (2) initiate reverse engineering to qualify new suppliers using the pilot program established under section 882 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118–159; 10 U.S.C. 3771
- (f) REPORT.—Not later than December 31, 2027, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees report detailing—
- (1) the number of critical readiness parts and systems addressed through AMSC reclassification, supplier diversification, and reverse engineering:
- (2) the implementation status of expedited templates, simulation use, and fast-track processes:
- (3) compliance by design activities, including enforcement actions and data rights disputes; and

- (4) the impact on critical readiness parts and system resolution times and readiness metrics.
  - (g) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) The term "critical readiness parts and systems" has the meaning given the term in section 4324 of title 10, United States Code.
- (2) The term "design activity" has the meaning given the term in Revision C to Military Standard 31000 (MIL-STD-31000C), entitled "Technical Data Packages", or successor document.

### SEC. 874. DUTY-FREE ENTRY OF SUPPLIES PRO-CURED BY DEPARTMENT OF DE-FENSE.

- (a) Issuance of Duty-free Entry Certificates.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided by paragraph (2), the Secretary of Defense shall issue a duty-free entry certificate for any of the following supplies imported pursuant to a procurement contract entered into by the Department of Defense:
- (A) An end product or component imported from a country with which the United States has a memorandum of understanding for reciprocal procurement of defense items in effect under section 4851 of title 10, United States Code
- (B) A defense item that is an eligible product as defined in section 308 of the Trade Agreements Act of 1979 (19 U.S.C. 2518).
- (2) EXCEPTIONS.—Paragraph (1) does not apply with respect to a product or component described in that paragraph if—
- (A) the product or component is eligible for duty-free treatment under the column 1 special rate of duty column of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States; or
- (B) the product or component has already entered the customs territory of the United States and the contractor already has paid the duty with respect to the product or component.
- (b) TRACKING OF SUPPLY CHAIN.—The Secretary shall—
- (1) track the impact of economic fluctuations, include tariffs, supply chain disruptions and inflation, on all major prime contracts entered into by the Department of Defense; and
- (2) not later than January 30, 2026, submit to the congressional defense committees a report that includes—
- (A) an assessment of cost increases to both the Department and contractors as a result of tariffs imposed under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) and section 232 of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962 (19 U.S.C. 1862);
- (B) an assessment of the effects of such tariffs on supply chains and lead times for major defense platforms; and
- (C) a summary of agreements entered into under section 4851 of title 10, United States Code, and an assessment of the application of those agreements to the defense supply chain.
- (c) REPORT ON DUTY-FREE ENTRY CERTIFICATES.—Not later than January 30, 2026, and annually thereafter until January 30, 2030, the Secretary, acting through the Director of the Defense Contract Management Agency, shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on articles classified under subheading 9808.00.30 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States that includes—
- (1) a summary of such articles for which the Secretary issued a duty-free entry certificate: and
- (2) a summary of such articles for which a duty-free entry certificate was requested and denied.

#### SEC. 875. OTHER TRANSACTION AUTHORITY RE-PORTING.

Any project carried out by the Department of Defense using other transaction authority under section 4021 of title 10, United States Code, shall be reported in the same manner as other Department of Defense expenditures for inclusion in the searchable public website established by the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act of 2006 (31 U.S.C. 6101 note; Public Law 109–282).

## SEC. 876. ASSESSMENT OF COMPETITIVE EFFECTS OF DEFENSE CONTRACTOR TRANSACTIONS.

- (a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term "Department" means the Department of Defense.
- (b) RETROSPECTIVE REVIEWS OF APPROVED MERGERS.—The Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct an assessment of the competitive effects of defense contractor mergers and acquisitions during the 10-year period ending on the date of enactment of this Act that includes—
- (1) company compliance with recommended remedies;
- (2) effectiveness of remedies to address competition concerns, industrial base sustainability, and national security risks raised by the Department of Justice, Federal Trade Commission, and Department in the merger review process:
- (3) information sharing between the Department of Justice, Federal Trade Commission, and the Department in the merger and acquisition review process;
- (4) Department processes for measuring the impacts of vertical integration on competition, including data collection and ability to access industry information to assess anticompetitive practices; and
- (5) implementation of previous Government Accountability Office, Department, and Defense Science Board recommendations to enhance competition.

#### SEC. 877. EVALUATION OF TP-LINK TELE-COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT FOR DESIGNATION AS COVERED TELE-COMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT OR SERVICES.

- (a) EVALUATION REQUIRED.—The Secretary of Defense shall evaluate telecommunications equipment and services manufactured or provided by TP-Link Technologies Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries to determine whether such equipment and services should be designated as covered telecommunications equipment or services under section 889 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232; 41 U.S.C. 3901 note prec.).
- (b) BRIEFING REQUIRED.—Not later than December 1, 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall brief the congressional defense committees on the determination made under subsection (a).

#### SEC. 878. COUNTRY-OF-ORIGIN DISCLOSURE RE-QUIREMENTS FOR GENERIC DRUGS PURCHASED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

The Department of Defense may not procure for resale any generic drug unless the seller of such generic drug discloses the country the generic drug was manufactured in and the country of origin for all active pharmaceutical ingredients and key starting materials.

#### SEC. 879. PHASE-OUT OF COMPUTER AND PRINT-ER ACQUISITIONS INVOLVING ENTI-TIES OWNED OR CONTROLLED BY CHINA.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense may not directly or indirectly acquire any computer or printer if the manufacturer is a covered Chinese entity.
- (b) Prohibition on Indirect Sales.—The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that the prohibition under subsection (a) also applies to indirect sales through exempt subsidiaries. No covered entity may use an exempt subsidiary to circumvent the prohibition on the acquisition of computers, unified communication devices, or printers.

- (c) APPLICABILITY.—This section shall apply only with respect to contracts or other agreements entered into, renewed, or extended in accordance with the percentage thresholds specified in subsection (d), for end user computing devices such as laptops, desktops, and other physical computing equipment. This section shall not apply to contracts or other agreements for cloudbased services, including virtual desktops, or cellular telephones.
- (d) REQUIRED PERCENTAGES.—The percentage thresholds referred to in subsection (c) are, for both computers and printers, as follows:
- (1) Not less than 10 percent of the Department's total procurement beginning in fiscal year 2026.
- (2) Not less than 25 percent of the Department's total procurement beginning in fiscal year 2027.
- (3) Not less than 50 percent of the Department's total procurement beginning in fiscal year 2028.
- (4) 100 percent of the Department's total procurement beginning in fiscal year 2029.
- (e) WAIVER.—The Secretary of Defense may allow acquisition of items not for operational use, to conduct testing, evaluation, exfiltration, and reverse engineering missions on adversarial products and capabilities.
  - (f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
  - (1) COMPUTER.—The term "computer"-
- (A) means an electronic, magnetic, optical, electrochemical, or other high speed data processing device performing logical, arithmetic, or storage functions, and includes any data storage facility or communications facility directly related to or operating in conjunction with such device; and
- (B) does not include an automated typewriter or typesetter, a portable handheld calculator, or other similar device.
- (2) COUNTRY OF CONCERN.—The term "country of concern" means the Government of the People's Republic of China.
- (3) COVERED CHINESE ENTITY.—The term "covered Chinese entity" means an entity that the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Director of the National Intelligence or the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, determines to be—
- (A) an entity whose ultimate parent company is domiciled in the People's Republic of China and therefore required to comply with China's 2015 National Security Law, China's 2017 National Intelligence Law, and other Chinese laws that require such ultimate parent company to cooperate with Chinese national defense and national intelligence agencies; or
- (B) an entity or parent company of any entity in which a country of concern has an ownership stake.
- (4) MANUFACTURER.—The term "manufacturer" means—
- (A) the entity that transforms raw materials, miscellaneous parts, or components into the end item:
- (B) any entity that subcontracts with the entity described in subparagraph (A) for the entity described in such subparagraph to transform raw materials, miscellaneous parts, or components into the end item;
- (C) any entity that otherwise directs the entity described in subparagraph (A) to transform raw materials, miscellaneous parts, or components into the end item; or
- (D) any parent company, subsidiary, or affiliate of the entity described in subparagraph (A).
  - (5) PRINTER.—The term "printer"—
- (A) means desktop printers, multifunction printer copiers, and printer/fax combinations taken out of service that may or may not be designed to reside on a work surface, and include various print technologies, including

laser and light-emitting diode (electrographic), ink jet, dot matrix, thermal, and digital sublimation, and "multi-function" or "all-in-one" devices that perform different tasks, including copying, scanning, faxing, and printing:

- (B) includes floor-standing printers, printers with optional floor stand, or household printers; and
- (C) does not include point of sale (POS) receipt printers, calculators with printing capabilities, label makers, or non-standalone printers that are embedded into products that are not covered by the definition in subparagraphs (A) and (B).

#### SEC. 880. PROHIBITION ON OPERATION, PRO-CUREMENT, AND CONTRACTING RE-LATED TO FOREIGN-MADE ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING MACHINES.

- (a) Prohibition on Agency Operation or Procurement.—The Secretary of Defense may not operate, or enter into or renew a contract for the procurement of—
- (1) a covered additive manufacturing machine that—
- (A) is manufactured in a covered foreign country or by an entity domiciled in a covered foreign country;
- (B) uses operating software developed in a covered foreign country or by an entity domiciled in a covered foreign country; or
- (C) uses network connectivity or data storage located in or administered by an entity domiciled in a covered foreign country; or
- (2) a system or systems that incorporates, interfaces with, or otherwise uses additive manufacturing systems or machines described in paragraph (1).
- (b) EXCEPTION.—The prohibition under subsection (a) does not apply to the operation or procurement of additive manufacturing systems or machines for the purposes of testing, analysis, and training related to intelligence, electronic warfare, and information warfare operations.
- (c) WAIVER.—The Secretary of Defense may waive the prohibition under subsection (a) on a case-by-case basis by certifying in writing to the congressional defense committees that the operation or procurement of additive manufacturing systems or machines is required in the national interest of the United States.
  - (d) Definitions.—In this section:
- (1) ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING MACHINE.— The term "additive manufacturing machine" means a system of integrated hardware and software used to realize an additive manufacturing process, including the deposition of material and the associated post-processing steps as applicable.
- (2) ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING PROCESS.— The term "additive manufacturing process" means a process of joining materials to make parts from 3D model data, usually layer upon layer, as opposed to subtractive manufacturing methodologies.
- (3) COVERED ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.—The term "covered additive manufacturing company" means any of the following:
- (A) Any entity that produces or provides additive manufacturing machines and is included on—
- (i) the Consolidated Screening List maintained by the International Trade Administration of the Department of Commerce; or
- (ii) the civil-military fusion list maintained under section 1260H of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283: 10 U.S.C. 113 note).
- (B) Any entity that produces or provides additive manufacturing machines and—
- (i) is domiciled in a covered foreign country; or

- (ii) is subject to unmitigated foreign ownership, control, or influence by a covered foreign country, as determined by the Secretary of Defense in accordance with the National Industrial Security Program or any successor to such program.
- (4) COVERED ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING MACHINE.—The term "covered additive manufacturing machine" means additive manufacturing machines and any related services and equipment manufactured by a covered additive manufacturing company.
- (5) COVERED FOREIGN COUNTRY.—The term "covered foreign country" means the People's Republic of China, Iran, the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and the Russian Federation.

### TITLE IX—DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE ORGANIZATION AND MANAGEMENT

### Subtitle A—Office of the Secretary of Defense and Related Matters

### SEC. 901. ECONOMIC DEFENSE UNIT.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 4 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

### "§ 149a. Economic Defense Unit

- "(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established in the Department of Defense an Economic Defense Unit (in this section referred to as the 'Unit').
  - "(b) DIRECTOR.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The head of the Unit shall be the Director (in this section referred to as the 'Director').
- "(2) APPOINTMENT.—The Director shall be appointed by the Secretary of Defense from among—
- "(A) employees in Senior Executive Service positions (as defined in section 3132 of title 5); or
- "(B) individuals from outside the civil service who have successfully held equivalent positions.
- ``(3) AUTHORITY OF DIRECTOR.—The Director—
- "(A) shall serve as a principal staff assistant to the Secretary of Defense on matters within the responsibilities of the Unit;
- "(B) shall report directly to the Deputy Secretary of Defense without intervening authority; and
- "(C) may communicate views on matters within the responsibilities of the Unit directly to the Deputy Secretary without obtaining the approval or concurrence of any other official within the Department of Defense.
- ``(c) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Unit shall be responsible for the following:
- "(1) Coordinating among, and harmonizing economic competition activities by, components of the Department of Defense, including by serving as a co-chair of the National Defense Economic Competition Research Council.
- "(2) Developing and maintaining requirements for economic competition activities to reinforce military advantage, including requirements described in subsection (d).
- "(3) Developing and maintaining a campaign plan for economic competition activities to reinforce military advantage.
- "(4) Conducting or sponsoring analyses and other net assessment activities to scope economic competition activities, gaps, needs, or requirements related to activities of the United States, allies of the United States, or adversaries.
- "(5) Directing the execution of economic competition activities.
- "(6) Developing programming and budget submissions for economic competition activities.
- "(7) Advising the Secretary and the Deputy Secretary with respect to economic competition activities, including with respect to co-

- ordinating integration of economic competition requirements or programs into joint and interagency planning activities.
- "(8) Acting as the principal interlocutor for interagency activities related to economic competition activities.
- "(9) Leading outreach of the Department of Defense to relevant private actors engaged in economic competition activities, including by liaising with private actors under section 1047 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263: 10 U.S.C. 113 note).
- "(10) Sponsoring or conducting regular tabletop exercises related to economic competition activities in order to—
- "(A) assess the economic impacts of decisions of the Department of Defense during crises and conflicts;
- "(B) evaluate the economic tools available to the United States Government to augment the capabilities of the Department of Defense in competition, crises, and conflicts; or
- "(C) evaluate planning scenarios or concept development, including to test proposed doctrine, tactics, or other nonmaterial approaches for economic competition activities that might be used by the Department of Defense.
- "(11) Selecting economic competition activities projects to be carried out using funds made available to the Unit, allocating funds to organizations to carry out such projects, and monitoring the execution of such projects.
- "(12) Serving as the co-chair of the National Security Capital Forum.
- "(13) Carrying out such other activities as the Deputy Secretary of Defense determines appropriate.
- "(14) Regularly updating the National Security Council and relevant Federal agencies with respect to the economic competition activities of the Department of Defense.
- "(d) ECONOMIC COMPETITION REQUIRE-MENTS.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The requirements for economic competition activities developed and maintained by the Unit under subsection (c)(2) may include requirements for—
- "(A) access, basing, and overflight;
- "(B) countering mobilization of adversaries:
- "(C) countering defense industrial base activities by adversaries;
- "(D) ensuring the access of the United States to critical materials and capabilities; and
- "(E) such other matters as the Director considers appropriate.
- "(2) CONSULTATIONS.—In developing requirements for economic competition activities under subsection (c)(2), the Director shall consult—
- "(A) integrated priorities lists from combatant commanders derived from operational plans or theater campaign plans:
- "(B) integrated priorities lists of defense industrial base shortfalls or investment opportunities; and
- "(C) the outcomes of experimentation events, science and technology activities, and examinations of issues of economic competition by concept development organizations.
  - "(e) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—
- "(1) QUARTERLY BRIEFINGS.—Not less frequently than quarterly, the Director shall provide to the Secretary of Defense and the congressional defense committees a briefing on, for the quarter preceding the briefing—
  - "(A) the activities of the Unit; "(B) the outcomes of and advances result-
- "(B) the outcomes of and advances result ing from such activities; and
  - "(C) work product of the Unit.
- "(2) ANNUAL REPORTS.—Not less frequently than annually, the Director shall submit to

- the congressional defense committees a report on the matters described in subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C) of paragraph (1) for the year preceding submission of the report.
- "(f) ECONOMIC COMPETITION ACTIVITIES DE-FINED.—In this section, the term 'economic competition activities' means actions that are taken to reinforce military advantage in and through the economic domain, including such actions taken—
- "(1) to leverage private capital and market actors:
- "(2) to acquire or procure items;
- "(3) to protect or enhance the economic or technological advantage of the United States or allies of the United States;
- "(4) in the information environment or cyber environment or as other sensitive operations; or
  - "(5) to leverage interagency authorities."
- (b) NATIONAL DEFENSE ECONOMIC COMPETITION RESEARCH COUNCIL.—Section 228(c) of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118–159; 10 U.S.C. 4001 note) is amended—
- (1) by amending paragraph (1) to read as follows:
- "(1) CHAIR.—The Director of the Economic Defense Unit shall be the chair of the Council.": and
  - (2) in paragraph (2)—
- (A) by redesignating subparagraphs (A) through (N) as clauses (i) through (xiv), respectively, and by moving such clauses, as so redesignated, two ems to the right; and
- (B) by striking "The co-chairs" and all that follows through "the following:" and inserting in the following: "The Council shall include the following:
- "(A) The Under Secretary of Defense for Policy.
- "(B) The Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering.
- "(C) The Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment.
- "(D) Representatives from each of the following:".
- (c) NATIONAL SECURITY CAPITAL FORUM.—Section 1092(b) of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118–159; 10 U.S.C. 149 note) is amended to read as follows:
- "(b) CO-CHAIRS.—The Director of the Office of Strategic Capital and the Director of the Economic Defense Unit shall serve as co-chairs of the forum established under subsection (a).".

### SEC. 902. ADDITIONAL AUTHORITIES FOR OFFICE OF STRATEGIC CAPITAL.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 149 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) by redesignating subsection (f) as subsection (j); and
- (2) by inserting after subsection (e) the following new subsections:
  - "(f) FEES.—
  - "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Director may—
- "(A) charge and collect fees for the costs of services provided by the Office and associated with administering programs under this section, including for project-specific transaction costs and direct costs relating to such services; and
- "(B) establish those fees at amounts that will ensure recovery of the full costs of administering those programs.
- $^{"}(2)$  Deposit into credit program account.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—Amounts collected as fees under paragraph (1) shall—
- "(i) be deposited into the Credit Program Account established under subsection (e)(5); and
  - "(ii) remain available until expended.
- "(B) LIMITATION ON USE OF FEES.—Notwithstanding subsection (e)(5)(B), none of the fees

collected under paragraph (1) may be used to pay salaries or expenses of civilian employees of the Department of Defense.

"(3) TERMINATION OF AUTHORITY.

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided by subparagraph (B), the authority under paragraph (1) to charge and collect fees shall expire on the date specified in paragraph (9)(A) of subsection (e) for the expiration of the authority of the Director to make new loans and provide new loan guarantees under paragraph (3)(A)(i) of that subsection.

'(B) TREATMENT OF CERTAIN ASSETS.—With respect to a loan or loan guarantee provided under this section that is outstanding as of the expiration date under subparagraph (A), the authority of the Director under paragraph (1) to charge and collect fees for services relating to the loan or loan guarantee shall remain in effect for the duration of the loan or loan guarantee.

"(4) Reports required.

'(A) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than March 1 of each year, the Director shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report that includes-

'(i) a detailed summary of the fees collected under paragraph (1) in the preceding fiscal year; and

"(ii) a description of how those fees were allocated.

"(B) AUDIT.—The Inspector General of the Department of Defense shall-

'(i) conduct an audit of fees charged and collected under paragraph (1) not less frequently than once every two years; and

"(ii) not later than June 1 of the year in which an audit is conducted under clause (i), submit to the congressional defense commit tees a report on the results of the audit.

"(g) AUTHORITY TO ACCEPT SERVICES.—Notwithstanding section 1342 of title 31, the Director may accept services, such as legal, financial, technical, or professional services, associated with administering programs under this section, including accepting such services as payment in kind for services provided by the Office.

'(h) PRESUMPTION OF COMPLIANCE.—Each agreement for a loan or loan guarantee executed by the Director shall be conclusively presumed to be issued in compliance with the requirements of this section.

(i) AUTHORITY TO COLLECT DEBTS.—In the case of a default on a loan or loan guarantee provided under this section, the Director may exercise any priority of the United States in collecting debts relating to the default.

(b) DETERMINATIONS OF LOAN DEFAULT UNDER PILOT PROGRAM ON CAPITAL ASSIST-ANCE TO SUPPORT DEFENSE INVESTMENT IN IN-DUSTRIAL BASE.—Subsection (e)(3)(A)(ii)(VI) of such section is amended by striking "Sec-' and inserting "Director' retary?

(c) CONFORMING AMENDMENT TO CREDIT PROGRAM ACCOUNT.—Subsection (e)(5)(A)(ii) of such section is amended-

(1) by striking "consist of amounts" and inserting the following: "consist of-

'(I) amounts'':

(2) by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and

(3) by adding at the end the following new subclause:

"(II) fees deposited under subsection (f)(2).

### SEC. 903. MODIFICATIONS TO RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTOR FOR OPERATIONAL TEST AND EVALUATION.

Section 139(b) of title 10, United States Code is amended-

(1) in paragraph (5), by striking "; and" and inserting a semicolon;

(2) in paragraph (6), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and

(3) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

"(7) maintain, on behalf of the Secretary of Defense, enabling and cross-cutting activities that support operational test and evaluation across the Department, including-

(A) the Cyber Assessment Program;

"(B) the Center for Countermeasures;

"(C) the Test and Evaluation Threat Resource Activity;

"(D) the Joint Technical Coordinating Group for Munitions Effectiveness Program;

"(E) the Joint Aircraft Survivability Program;

"(F) the Joint Test and Evaluation Program; and

"(G) the Test and Evaluation Transformation Program.'

### SEC. 904. DIRECTIVE AUTHORITY FOR MATTERS FOR WHICH UNDER SECRETARY OF DEFENSE FOR RESEARCH AND ENGI-NEERING HAS RESPONSIBILITY.

Section 133a(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended-

(1) in paragraph (2)-

(A) by inserting "elements of the Department relating to" after "supervising, all"; and

by inserting "and to enhance (B) jointness" after "and engineering efforts"; and

(C) by striking "; and" and inserting a semicolon:

(2) in paragraph (3), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and

(3) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

"(4) directing the Secretaries of the military departments and the heads of all other elements of the Department with regard to matters for which the Under Secretary has responsibility."

### SEC. 905. MODIFICATION OF ENERGETIC MATE-RIALS STRATEGIC PLAN AND IN-VESTMENT STRATEGY OF JOINT JOINT ENERGETICS TRANSITION OFFICE.

Section 148(c)(1) of title 10, United States Code, is amended-

(1) in subparagraph (B)(ii), by striking "; ' and inserting a semicolon;

(2) in subparagraph (C), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and

(3) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

"(D) identifying raw material waste produced during the explosives manufacturing process and developing plans to reduce waste and optimize production."

### SEC. 906. LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS PENDING ESTABLISHMENT OF JOINT ENERGETICS TRANSITION OFFICE.

Of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2026 for Operation and Maintenance, Defense-wide, for the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment and the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering for travel expenses, not more than 90 percent may be obligated or expended until the Secretary of Defense notifies the congressional defense committees that the Department of Defense has established the Joint Energetics Transition Office as required by section 148 of title 10, United States Code, and provided that Office with the staff and other resources necessary to effectively carry out the responsibilities specified in subsection (c) of that section.

### SEC. 907. MODIFICATION OF COVERED TECH-NOLOGY CATEGORIES FOR OFFICE OF STRATEGIC CAPITAL.

Paragraph (2) of subsection (j) of section 149 of title 10, United States Code, as redesignated by section 902(a)(1), is amended-

(1) by redesignating subparagraphs (U) through (GG) as subparagraphs (V) through (HH), respectively; and

(2) by inserting after subparagraph (T) the following new subparagraph:

"(U) Nuclear fission and fusion energy, and associated infrastructure, including advanced nuclear reactors.'

### SEC. 908. MODIFICATION OF ORGANIZATION AND AUTHORITIES OF ASSISTANT SECRE-TARIES OF DEFENSE WITH DUTIES RELATING TO INDUSTRIAL BASE POLICY AND READINESS.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF ASSISTANT SEC-RETARY OF DEFENSE FOR INTERNATIONAL AR-MAMENTS COOPERATION.—Section 138(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended-

(1) by redesignating paragraphs (7) and (8) as paragraphs (8) and (9), respectively: and

(2) by inserting after paragraph (6) the following new paragraph (7):

"(7) One of the Assistant Secretaries is the Assistant Secretary of Defense for International Armaments Cooperation, who shall report directly to the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment. The principal duty of the Assistant Secretary shall be to carry out section 133b(b)(10) of this title."

(b) RENAMING OF ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE FOR STRATEGY, PLANS, AND CAPA-BILITIES AS ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DE-FENSE FOR STRATEGY, PLANS, CAPABILITIES, AND READINESS.—On and after the date of the enactment of this Act-

(1) the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Strategy, Plans, and Capabilities shall be known as the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Strategy, Plans, Capabilities, and Readiness: and

(2) any reference in any law or regulation to the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Strategy, Plans, and Capabilities shall be deemed to be a reference to the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Strategy, Plans, Capabilities, and Readiness.

(c) ELIMINATION OF ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE FOR READINESS.—The position of Assistant Secretary of Defense for Readiness is eliminated.

### Subtitle B-Other Department of Defense **Organization and Management Matters** SEC. 911. MODIFICATIONS TO JOINT REQUIRE-MENTS OVERSIGHT COUNCIL.

(a) MISSION.—Subsection (b) of section 181 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking paragraphs (1) through (7) and inserting the following:

"(1) evaluating global trends, threats, and adversary capabilities to inform understanding of joint operational problems and shape a joint force design;

"(2) coordinating with commanders of combatant commands with respect to compiling, refining, and prioritizing joint operational problems:

(3) continuously reviewing and assessing military capabilities of the armed forces. Defense Agencies, or other entities of the Department of Defense to meet applicable requirements in the national defense strategy under section 113(g) of this title;

"(4) identifying and prioritizing gaps and opportunities in military capabilities to meet such requirements, including making recommendations for changes to address such gaps and leverage such opportunities;

"(5) identifying advances in technology, innovative commercial solutions, and concepts of operation that could improve the ability of the joint force in achieving military advantage for the United States;

"(6) designing the joint force in a manner that addresses joint operational problems and, in doing so, evaluating force design initiatives of the armed forces to recommend acceptance, mitigation, or alternative force designs:

"(7) maintaining a repository of joint operational problems and identification of military capabilities that are addressing those problems; and

- "(8) evaluating impact to joint military capability requirements for the purposes of section 4375(b)."
- (b) COMPOSITION.—Subsection (c)(1) of such section is amended by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
- "(G) In any case in which the Council is considering a topic of significant interest to a combatant command, the commander of the combatant command or a designee of the commander who is a general or flag officer."
- (c) ADVISORS.—Subsection (d) of such section is amended—
- (1) in paragraph (2), by striking "paragraphs (1) and (2) of";
  - (2) in paragraph (3)—
- (A) by striking ", and strongly consider," and inserting "and consider"; and
- (B) by striking "under subsection (b)(2) and joint performance requirements pursuant to subsection (b)(3)":
- (3) in paragraph (4), by striking ", and strongly consider," and inserting "and consider"; and
- (4) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(5) INPUT FROM INDUSTRY.—The Council may seek views from industry on commercially available technology to address joint operational problems or capability gaps.".
- (d) PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS.—Subsection (e) of such section is amended by striking "and, except" and all that follows through "Council".
- (e) DEFINITIONS.—Subsection (h) of such section is amended—
- (1) by striking paragraphs (2) and (3);
- (2) by redesignating paragraph (1) as paragraph (2);
- (3) by inserting before paragraph (2), as so redesignated, the following new paragraph (1):
- "(1) The term 'capability requirement' means a capability that is critical or essential to address a joint operational problem.";
- (4) by inserting after paragraph (2), as so redesignated, the following new paragraph (3):
- "(3) The term 'joint operational problem'—
  "(A) means a challenge across the joint force faced by a combatant command in achieving an assigned military objective;
- "(B) may include limitations in capabilities, resources, or the ability to effectively and efficiently coordinate across the joint force, with another combatant command, or among joint military capabilities."
- (f) Conforming Amendments.—
- (1) ACQUISITION-RELATED FUNCTIONS OF CHIEFS OF THE ARMED FORCES.—Section 3104(a)(1) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking "(subject, where appropriate, to validation by the Joint Requirements Oversight Council pursuant to section 181 of this title)".
- (2) LIMITATIONS ON DEFENSE MODERNIZATION ACCOUNT.—Section 3136(e)(1)(A) of such title is amended—
- (A) by striking "in excess of—" and all that follows through "(i) a specific limitation" and inserting "in excess of a specific limitation"; and
- (B) by striking clause (ii).
- (3) FACTORS TO BE CONSIDERED FOR MILE-STONE A APPROVAL.—Section 4251(e)(1) of such title is amended by striking "approved by the Joint Requirements Oversight Council".
- (4) Factors to be considered for milestone b approval.—Section 4252(b) of such title is amended—
- (A) by striking paragraph (9); and
- (B) by redesignating paragraphs (10) through (15) as paragraphs (9) through (14), respectively.

- (5) Breach of critical cost growth threshold.—Section 4376 of such title is amended—
- (A) in subsection (a), by striking ", after consultation with the Joint Requirements Oversight Council regarding program requirements.":
- (B) in subsection (b)(2)(B), by striking "to meet the joint military requirement (as defined in section 181(g)(1) of this title"; and
- (C) in subsection (c)(3), by striking "joint"
- (6) ACQUISITION ACCOUNTABILITY ON MISSILE DEFENSE SYSTEM.—Section 5514(b)(2)(C)(ii) of such title is amended by striking "approved" and inserting "reviewed".

## SEC. 912. TRANSFER OF RESPONSIBILITY FOR COUNTERING SMALL UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS.

- (a) Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment as Executive Agent.—Section 133b(b)(5) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in subparagraph (D), by striking "; and" and inserting a semicolon;
- (2) in subparagraph (E), by striking the semicolon and inserting "; and"; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
- "(F) the executive agent for the Department of Defense for oversight of efforts to counter small unmanned aircraft;".
- (b) ELIMINATION OF JOINT COUNTER-SMALL UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS OFFICE.—
- (1) In general.—Effective on the date that is 60 days after the date of the enactment of this  ${\rm Act}$ —
- (A) the Joint Counter-Small Unmanned Aircraft Systems Office of the Army is terminated; and
- (B) the functions, assets, and civilian employees of the Joint Counter-Small Unmanned Aircraft Systems Office of the Army shall be transferred to the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment.
- (2) REFERENCES.—On and after the date that is 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, any reference in any law or regulation to the Joint Counter-Small Unmanned Aircraft Systems Office of the Army shall be deemed to be a reference to the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment.
  - (c) Conforming Amendments.—
- (1) PLAN FOR ADDITIONAL KINETIC EFFECTORS FOR LOW, SLOW, SMALL UNMANNED AIRCRAFT INTEGRATED DEFEAT SYSTEM.—Section 113 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159) is amended.—
- (A) in the section heading, by striking "of The army";
  - (B) in subsection (a)—
- (i) by striking "Secretary of the Army" and inserting "Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment"; and
  - (ii) by striking "of the Army"; and
- (C) in subsection (b), by striking "September 30, 2025, the Secretary of the Army" and inserting "September 30, 2026, the Under Secretary".
- (2) COUNTER UNMANNED AERIAL SYSTEM THREAT LIBRARY.—Section 353 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118–159; 10 U.S.C. 130i note) is amended—
- (A) in subsection (a), by striking "Not later" and all that follows through "Office," and inserting "Not later than June 30, 2027, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment"; and
  - (B) in subsection (c)—
- (i) by striking "The Secretary" and all that follows through "Office," and inserting "The Under Secretary"; and
- (ii) by striking "the Secretary of the Army" and inserting "the Under Secretary".

# SEC. 913. STUDY ON FEASIBILITY AND ADVISABILITY OF ESTABLISHING A JOINT CAPABILITIES AND PROGRAMMING BOARD.

- (a) STUDY REQUIRED.—The Secretary of Defense shall conduct a study on the feasibility and advisability of establishing a Joint Capabilities and Programming Board (in this section referred to as the "Board") within the Department of Defense to serve as a consolidated forum for addressing joint military capabilities and program budgeting for investments.
- (b) ELEMENTS OF STUDY.—The study required by subsection (a) shall assess and provide recommendations on the following elements for the proposed Board:
- (1) The potential for the Board to act as the primary joint forum for—
- (A) reviewing and recommending actions on joint military capabilities spanning multiple components of the Department of Defense to address priority capability needs; and
- (B) evaluating and recommending actions on investment portfolio evaluation and budgeting matters to prioritize joint military capabilities and optimize lethality based on available resources.
- (2) The feasibility of the Board being cochaired by the Director of Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation and the Chairman of the Joint Requirements Oversight Council, including the roles, authorities, and responsibilities of the co-chairpersons.
- (3) The advisability of a Board composition that includes—
- (A) core membership consisting of—
- (i) the co-chairpersons;
- (ii) representatives from the Joint Requirements Oversight Council;
- (iii) representatives from the Office of the Director of Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation:
- (iv) representatives from the Armed Forces and combatant commands to reflect military user perspectives; and
- (v) representatives of portfolio acquisition executives or equivalent managers to reflect program execution perspectives:
- (B) a flexible structure permitting the establishment of ad hoc or standing committees to address specific areas or issues, drawing from the core membership;
- (C) separate staff directly accountable to each co-chairperson to assist in identifying, reviewing, coordinating, and analyzing matters brought before the Board; and
- (D) mission engineering and integration analysis cells that evaluate the effectiveness of current and proposed value chains of the Department of Defense and inform the assessment of alternative courses of action for capability and resource investments.
- (4) The potential structure for decision-making by the Board, including—
- (A) maintaining autonomy for the Armed Forces and portfolio acquisition executives to make decisions and execute programs without requiring approval by or the submission of documentation to the Board;
- (B) issuing recommendations by majority vote of members of the Board, to be forwarded to the Deputy Secretary of Defense unless unanimously rejected by the co-chairpersons; and
- (C) allowing the members or representatives of the Board to submit dissenting opinions alongside recommendations for consideration by the Deputy Secretary of Defense or the Secretary of Defense.
- (5) The feasibility of operational procedures, including—
- (A) issue identification processes prioritizing issues—
- (i) nominated by members of the Board, the Armed Forces, the combatant commands, or portfolio acquisition executives; and

- (ii) addressing capability gaps, resource constraints, or programmatic challenges requiring joint or departmental action; and
- (B) flexible quorum and voting procedures to ensure efficient decision-making and requiring participation from representatives of military users and program acquisition executives directly impacted by any recommendation.
- (6) The provision of sufficient staff, directly accountable to the co-chairpersons, to support the Board's operations and analysis of issues.
- (7) The impact of the proposed Board on existing entities of the Department of Defense, including the Joint Requirements Oversight Council and the Office of the Director of Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation, including potential overlaps, redundancies, or synergies between the missions and responsibilities of those entities and the Board.
- (8) The anticipated benefits of enhanced joint capability prioritization and resource allocation, including the ability to consolidate or remove existing processes and decision forums.
- (9) Potential barriers to establishing the Board, including resource requirements and alignment with existing acquisition and budgeting processes.
  - (c) REPORT REQUIRED.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than July 1, 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the results of the study required by subsection (a).
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The report required by paragraph (1) shall include—
- (A) a comprehensive analysis of the feasibility and advisability of establishing the Board, addressing each element specified in subsection (b);
- (B) if establishing the Board is deemed feasible and advisable—
- (i) specific recommendations for the organizational structure, governance, voting mechanisms, quorum requirements, and operational procedures of the Board; and
- (ii) an estimation of the costs, resource requirements, and timeline for establishing and operating the Board; and
- (C) any additional findings or recommendations to improve joint capability development, program budgeting, and resource allocation within the Department of Defense.
- (d) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent the establishment of a Joint Capabilities and Programming Board before the completion and review of the study required by subsection (a).

#### SEC. 914. BRIEFING ON RESTRUCTURING OF ARMY FUTURES COMMAND AND TRAINING AND DOCTRINE COM-MAND.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not less than 60 days before executing any plan to merge, consolidate, or otherwise reorganize the Army Futures Command and the Training and Doctrine Command of the Army, the Secretary of the Army and the Chief of Staff of the Army shall provide to the congressional defense committees a comprehensive briefing on the merger, consolidation, or other reorganization.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The briefing required by subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) A description of the proposed merger, consolidation, or other reorganization, including affected commands, subordinate entities, and organizational structures.
- (2) The strategic, operational, and fiscal rationale for the proposed merger, consolidation, or other reorganization.
- (3) An assessment of potential impacts of the proposed merger, consolidation, or other reorganization on the readiness and mission effectiveness of the Army.

- (4) An identification of resource reallocations, including installation realignment or closures and personnel movements.
- (5) A timeline for implementation of the proposed merger, consolidation, or other reorganization.

### SEC. 915. DESIGNATION OF SENIOR OFFICIAL FOR MILITARY-TO-CIVILIAN TRANSITION

- (a) DESIGNATION.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness shall designate a senior official of the Department of Defense to oversee policy and programs related to the transition of members of the Armed Forces from active duty to—
  - (A) civilian life; or
  - (B) reserve components.
- (2) QUALIFICATIONS.—The official designated under paragraph (1) shall be designated from among individuals with—
- (A) extensive experience with veterans services; and
- (B) knowledge of the transition from active duty to—  $\,$ 
  - (i) civilian life; and
  - (ii) reserve components.
- (b) Role, Responsibility, and Authority.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, shall prescribe the roles, responsibilities, and authorities of the official designated under subsection (a)(1).
- (2) ROLES, RESPONSIBILITIES, AND AUTHORITIES REQUIRED.—The roles, responsibilities, and authorities prescribed pursuant to paragraph (1) shall include, with respect to the transition of members of the Armed Forces and their families from active duty to civilian life and reserve components—
- (A) serving as the principal advisor to the Secretary of Defense, the Deputy Secretary of Defense, and the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness on policies, operations, and programs and activities relating to the transition of members;
- (B) assisting the Secretary of Defense, the Deputy Secretary of Defense, and the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness with policies, operations, and programs and activities relating to the transition of members:
- (C) working, in coordination with the Secretary of Veterans Affairs, the Secretary of Labor, and the Secretary of Education, to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of all activities relating to the transition of members:
- (D) serving as the chief transition officer of the Department of Defense, with the mission of coordinating and overseeing the effectiveness of transition programs of the Department of Defense and ensuring all members of the Armed Forces are well equipped for civilian life or the reserve components, as the case may be:
- (E) overseeing the Military-Civilian Transition Office and the implementation of transition programs across the Department of Defense:
- (F) conducting a review and assessment of all transition programs and services offered by the Department of Defense, including the Transition Assistance Program and Skillbridge Program, and proposing legislative or administrative action—
- (i) to improve the efficacy and efficiency of the programs; and
- (ii) to ensure compliance with all legal requirements related to transition assistance; and
- (G) working with Federal agencies, State and local governments, and nongovern-

mental organizations to improve the delivery of transition support services.

- (c) BRIEFING ON DESIGNATION AND IMPLE-MENTATION.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall provide a briefing to the congressional defense committees on—
- (1) the status of the designation of the official under subsection (a); and
- (2) the implementation of the roles, responsibilities, and authorities of the official under subsection (b).

### SEC. 916. REMOVAL OF MEMBERS OF JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF.

Section 151 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

- "(h) REMOVAL OF MEMBERS OF JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF.—(1) If the President removes a member of the Joint Chiefs of Staff from ofice or transfers a member of the Joint Chiefs of Staff to another position or location before the end of the term of the member as specified in statute, the President shall, not later than five days after the removal or transfer takes effect, submit to Congress, including the congressional defense committees, notice that the member is being removed or transferred and a statement of the reason for the removal or transfer.
- "(2) Nothing in this subsection prohibits a personnel action authorized by another provision of law.".

#### SEC. 917. LONGER TERM AND ELIGIBILITY FOR APPOINTMENT TO RANK OF ADMI-RAL OF COMMANDER OF NAVAL SEA SYSTEMS COMMAND.

- (a) TERM.—Section 526 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:
- "(k)(1) An individual serving as the Commander of the Naval Sea Systems Command—
- "(A) subject to paragraph (2), shall serve for a term of eight years; and
- "(B) is eligible to be appointed to the rank of Admiral during the final three years of that term.
- "(2) The Secretary of the Navy may terminate the term of an individual serving as the Commander of the Naval Sea Systems Command before the end of the eight-year term specified in paragraph (1)(A) if the Secretary notifies the congressional defense committees of the termination."
- (b) EXTENSION OF TIME PERIOD FOR RETIRE-MENT FOR YEARS OF SERVICE.—Section 636(c) of such title is amended—
- (1) by striking "In the administration" and inserting "(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), in the administration"; and
- (2) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(2) The officer serving as the Commander of the Naval Sea Systems Command—
- "(A) may continue to serve after 40 years of active commissioned service in order to complete the term of the Commander specified in section 526(k)(1)(A) of this title; and
- "(B) may in no case serve more than 45 years of active commissioned service.".
- (c) Report on Options for New Private Shipyards.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Navy, acting through the Assistant Secretary of the Navy for Research, Development, and Acquisition and in coordination with the Commander of the Naval Sea Systems Command, shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on incentives that would promote private investment in the creation of two new private shipyards on the Pacific Coast. The incentives should be focused on new construction shipyards. The report may include suggested locations based on strategic

laydown or other relevant defense industrial base matters.

- (2) REQUIREMENTS.—In preparing the report required by paragraph (1), the Secretary shall—
- (A) give consideration to locations in non-contiguous States; and
- (B) assess the potential for investment in or establishment of a United States subsidiary of a foreign-owned shipbuilding company, with special preference to companies based in Japan and the Republic of Korea.
- (3) FORM.-
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The report required by paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form but may include a classified annex.
- (B) PUBLIC AVAILABILITY.—The unclassified portion of the report required by paragraph (1) shall be made available to the public.

### SEC. 918. DELAY OF DISESTABLISHMENT OF NAVY EXPEDITIONARY COMBAT COMMAND PACIFIC.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—During the one-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Navy may not take any action to disestablish the Navy Expeditionary Combat Command Pacific located at Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam.
- (b) BRIEFING REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary (or a designee of the Secretary) shall brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on—
- (1) the status of the decision of the Secretary with respect to the disestablishment of the Navy Expeditionary Combat Command Pacific: and
- (2) the strategic rationale, cost, and benefits of such disestablishment.

# SEC. 919. LIMITATION ON USE OF FUNDS FOR CONSOLIDATION, DISESTABLISH-MENT, OR ELIMINATION OF GEO-GRAPHIC COMBATANT COMMANDS.

None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2026 for the Department of Defense may be obligated or expended to consolidate, disestablish, or otherwise eliminate a geographic combatant command of the Department of Defense until not earlier than 90 days after the Secretary of Defense submits to the congressional defense committees a report that, at a minimum, addresses the following:

- (1) A detailed plan for consolidation, disestablishment, or elimination of the geographic combatant command, including associated timelines and detailed accounting of the associated costs.
- (2) A detailed analysis of the anticipated impact of the consolidation, disestablishment, or elimination on the ability of the Department of Defense to accomplish objectives in the affected area of responsibility, including the ability of the Department to effectively deter conflict, maintain peace and security, and conduct military operations, exercises, and security cooperation activities with allies and partners.

# SEC. 920. ELIMINATION OF STATUTORY PROVISIONS RELATING TO DIVERSITY, EQUITY, AND INCLUSION IN THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

- (a) Duties of Secretary of Defense.—Section 113 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—  $\,$ 
  - (1) in subsection (c)—
  - (A) by striking paragraph (2); and
- (B) by redesignating paragraphs (3) and (4) as paragraphs (2) and (3), respectively;
- (2) in subsection (g)(1)(B)—
- (A) by striking clause (vii); and
- (B) by redesignating clauses (viii), (ix), and (x) as clauses (vii), (viii), and (ix), respectively:
  - (3) in subsection (1)—
- (A) in paragraph (1), by striking "to measure—" and all that follows through "(C) the

- efforts" and inserting "to measure the efforts": and
  - (B) in paragraph (2)—
- (i) by striking "shall—" and all that follows through "(A) ensure that" and inserting "shall ensure that";
- (ii) by striking the semicolon after "extent practicable" and inserting a period: and
- (iii) by striking subparagraphs (B) through (F); and
- (4) in subsection (m)-
- (A) by striking ", disaggregated by gender, race, and ethnicity," each place it appears;
- (B) in paragraph (1), by striking "disaggregated by gender, race, and ethnicity,"; and
- (C) in paragraph (9), by striking ", gender, race, and ethnicity".
- (b) CHIEF DIVERSITY OFFICER OF THE DE-PARTMENT OF DEFENSE.—Section 147 of title 10, United States Code, is repealed.
  - (c) DIVERSITY IN SELECTION BOARDS.—
- (1) PROMOTION SELECTION BOARDS.—Title 10, United States Code, is amended—
- (A) in section 573(b), by striking "The members of a selection" and all that follows through "extent practicable.";
- (B) in section 612(a)(1), by striking "The members of a selection" and all that follows through "extent practicable."; and
- (C) in section 14102(b), by striking "The members of a selection" and all that follows through "extent practicable.".
- (2) OTHER SELECTION BOARDS.—Section 503(c) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283; 10 U.S.C. 573 note) is repealed.
- (d) DIVERSITY IN MILITARY LEADERSHIP.— Section 656 of title 10, United States Code, is repealed.
- (e) IDENTIFICATION OF GENDER OR PERSONAL PRONOUNS IN OFFICIAL CORRESPONDENCE.—Section 986 of title 10, United States Code, is repealed.
- (f) HUMAN RELATIONS TRAINING.—Section 2001(a)(1)(B) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking "include" and all that follows through the period and inserting "shall include honor, excellence, courage, and commitment."
- (g) STRATEGIC PLAN FOR DIVERSITY AND INCLUSION.—Section 529 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116-92; 10 U.S.C. 656 note) is repealed.
- (h) SENIOR ADVISORS FOR DIVERSITY AND INCLUSION FOR THE MILITARY DEPARTMENTS AND COAST GUARD.—Section 913(b) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283; 10 U.S.C. 147 note) is repealed.
- (i) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 118(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking "to carry out—" and all that follows through "(2) guidance" and inserting "to carry out guidance".

# SEC. 921. DEFENSE SCIENCE BOARD STUDY ON OPTIMAL ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE FOR DIGITAL ENGINEERING SOLUTIONS.

- (a) STUDY REQUIRED.—The Secretary of Defense shall direct the Defense Science Board to conduct a comprehensive study to evaluate and recommend the most optimal organizational structure within the Office of the Secretary of Defense to support digital solutions engineering activities across the Office of the Secretary of Defense and the military departments.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The study required under subsection (a) shall include the following elements:
- (1) An assessment of existing organizational structures and organizations supporting digital solutions engineering across the Office of the Secretary of Defense and the military departments, including—

- (A) current responsibilities, requirements, and deliverables of service-based software delivery organizations;
- (B) responsibilities or authorities imposed by statutory requirements;
- (C) limitations based on current enterprise data management platforms;
- (D) effectiveness and efficiency of current approaches;
- (E) optimization of resource allocation and utilization processes; and
- (F) integration challenges and opportunities with Department-wide digital initiatives.
- (2) An evaluation of potential organizational courses of action for supporting digital solutions engineering within the Office of the Secretary of Defense, including—
- (A) establishment of a new defense agency or Department of Defense field activity;
- (B) integration into an existing defense agency or Department of Defense field activity:
- (C) consolidation of digital development functions within existing Office of the Secretary of Defense staff organizations;
- (D) optimization of current organizational structures and authorities:
- (E) hybrid approaches combining elements of the options described in subparagraphs (A), (B), (C), and (D); and
- (F) any other organizational structures deemed appropriate by the Defense Science Board.
- (3) Recommendations on the selection of the optimal organizational structure, including—
- (A) analysis of the advantages and disadvantages of each course of action evaluated under paragraph (2);
- (B) assessment of capability requirements and gaps:
- (C) evaluation of cost-effectiveness and resource implications;
- (D) application of lessons from similar industry or academic entities performing similar work;
- (E) consideration of governance and execution framework requirements;
- (F) assessment of the implementation of and execution of governance structures, including artificial intelligence model management:
- (G) coordination mechanisms with existing Department components and combatant commands;
- (H) recommendations for unique hiring authorities to support digital solutions engineering workforce requirements; and
- (I) recommendations for unique acquisition authorities to support rapid digital solutions engineering and deployment.
- (4) Transition recommendations for implementing the selected organizational structure, including—
- $\hspace{1.5cm} \textbf{(A) detailed implementation timeline and } \\ \textbf{milestones;}$
- (B) organizational and personnel changes required;
- (C) resource requirements and funding mechanisms;
- (D) legislative or regulatory changes needed;
- (E) risk assessment and mitigation strategies; and
- (F) metrics for evaluating implementation success.
  - (c) Report.
- (1) TRANSMITTAL TO SECRETARY.—Not later than February 1, 2027, the Board shall transmit to the Secretary of Defense a final report on the study conducted pursuant to subsection (a).

- (2) Transmittal to congress.—Not later than 30 days after the date on which the Secretary receives the final report under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall submit the report to the congressional defense committees, together with such comments as the Secretary considers appropriate.
  - (d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) DIGITAL SOLUTIONS ENGINEERING.—The term "digital solutions engineering" means the development, deployment, and sustainment of artificial intelligence systems, software applications, data engineering solutions, data analytics platforms, and other digital technologies for operational and business purposes within the Department of Defense.
- (2) SOFTWARE DELIVERY ORGANIZATIONS.— The term "software delivery organizations" means organizational units within the military services dedicated to the rapid development, deployment, and sustainment of software applications and digital solutions.

### SEC. 922. ESTABLISHMENT OF ADVANCED NU-CLEAR TRANSITION WORKING GROUP.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall establish an Advanced Nuclear Transition Working Group (referred to in this section as the "working group")
- group'').
  (b) MEMBERSHIP.—The Working Group shall be composed of the following members:
- (1) The Assistant Secretary of Defense for Energy, Installations, and Environment.
- (2) The Assistant Secretary of the Army for Installations, Energy, and Environment.
- (3) The Assistant Secretary of the Navy for Energy, Installations, and Environment.
- (4) The Assistant Secretary of the Air Force for Energy, Installations, and Environment.
- (5) The Joint Staff Director for Logistics, J4.
- (6) The Principal Director for Energy Resilience of the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering.
- (7) The Director of the Strategic Capabilities Office.
- (8) The Director of the Defense Innovation
- (9) The heads of such other components of the Department of Defense, as determined by the Chair.
- (c) CHAIR.—The Assistant Secretary of Defense for Nuclear Deterrence, Chemical, and Biological Defense Policy and Programs, or a designee, shall serve as the Chair of the Working Group.

  (d) DUTIES.—The duties of the Working
- (d) DUTIES.—The duties of the Working Group shall include the following:
- (1) To develop and execute a strategy to accelerate the procurement and fielding of commercial advanced nuclear capabilities, in compliance with laws, regulations, and agreements, and consistent with best practices.
- (2) To identify and elevate the critical energy requirements of the combatant commands, United States military installations, and the infrastructure and mission capabilities needs of the combatant commands and military installations that may be addressed with advanced nuclear reactors.
- (3) To connect the combatant commands and military installations with ongoing and planned efforts.
- (4) To create an accelerated pathway to leverage advanced nuclear technologies to address operational gaps.
- (5) To provide a forum for members of the Working Group to coordinate advanced nuclear demonstration and transition efforts, including by increasing opportunities and venues for government and commercial research and development, testing and evaluation, and procurement activities.

- (6) To advocate for appropriate levels of resourcing within planning, programming, budgeting, and execution processes to advance the development and use of nuclear energy technologies across the Department of Defense.
- (7) To coordinate interagency activities and develop best practices on workforce development, regulatory pathways, licensing frameworks, access to fuel sources, safety and security standards, and decommissioning that currently hinder more rapid fielding of advanced nuclear reactors.
- (8) To establish venues through which to engage commercial companies developing advanced reactors so as to review the technology readiness, timeline, and availability of reactor capabilities for defense applications.
- (9) To inform and complete the briefings and reports required in subsection (f).
- (e) MEETINGS.—The Working Group shall meet at the call of the Chair and not less than once per quarter.

  (f) REPORT.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—Not later than September 30, 2026, and annually thereafter until 2029, the Chair shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report describing the status of advanced nuclear projects, associated funding and requirements, planned program transitions, actions, and milestones of the Working Group, and other matters as determined by the Secretary of Defense and the Working Group during the preceding year.
- (2) CONTENTS.—Each report required by paragraph (1) shall include the following:
- (A) A summary on the adequacy of existing energy storage and distribution systems to meet mission requirements in a contested or austere operating environment.
- (B) An identification of the critical energy requirements of the combatant commands, United States military installations, and the infrastructure and weapons capabilities needs of the combatant commands and military installations that may be addressed with the use of microreactors or small modular reactors, including through expeditionary, transportable, stationary, spacebased, or floating power plants.
- (C) A list of prioritized potential use cases, including—  $\,$
- (i) base electric power;
- (ii) power for operational systems in austere environments;
- (iii) desalination or other water production systems;
- (iv) synthetic fuel production;
- (v) directed energy weapons;
- (vi) artificial intelligence at the edge;
- (vii) defense support of civil authorities;
- (viii) humanitarian response; and
- (ix) 3D/additive manufacturing.
- (D) Recommendations for at least 3 pilot projects.
- (3) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate; and (B) the Committee on Armed Services of
- (B) the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives.
- (g) TERMINATION.—The Working Group shall terminate on September 30, 2029.

# TITLE X—GENERAL PROVISIONS Subtitle A—Financial Matters SEC. 1001. GENERAL TRANSFER AUTHORITY.

- (a) Authority To Transfer Authorizations.—
- (1) AUTHORITY.—Upon determination by the Secretary of Defense that such action is necessary in the national interest, the Secretary may transfer amounts of authorizations made available to the Department of Defense in this division for fiscal year 2026

- between any such authorizations for that fiscal year (or any subdivisions thereof). Amounts of authorizations so transferred shall be merged with and be available for the same purposes as the authorization to which transferred.
- (2) LIMITATION.—Except as provided in paragraph (3), the total amount of authorizations that the Secretary may transfer under the authority of this section may not exceed \$6.000.000.000.
- (3) EXCEPTION FOR TRANSFERS BETWEEN MILITARY PERSONNEL AUTHORIZATIONS.—A transfer of funds between military personnel authorizations under title IV shall not be counted toward the dollar limitation in paragraph (2).
- (b) LIMITATIONS.—The authority provided by subsection (a) to transfer authorizations—
- (1) may only be used to provide authority for items that have a higher priority than the items from which authority is transferred; and
- (2) may not be used to provide authority for an item that has been denied authorization by Congress.
- (c) Effect on Authorization Amounts.—A transfer made from one account to another under the authority of this section shall be deemed to increase the amount authorized for the account to which the amount is transferred by an amount equal to the amount transferred.
- (d) NOTICE TO CONGRESS.—The Secretary shall promptly notify Congress of each transfer made under subsection (a).

### SEC. 1002. AMENDMENTS AND REPEALS TO BUDG-ETARY REQUIREMENTS FOR DE-FENSE ACQUISITION.

(a) AMENDMENTS TO EXISTING LAW.—

(1) BODY ARMOR PROCUREMENT.—Section 141 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111-84; 10 U.S.C. 221 note) is amended to read as follows:

### "SEC. 141. BODY ARMOR PROCUREMENT.

- "The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that body armor is procured using funds authorized to be appropriated by this title.".
- (2) EXPLOSIVE ORDNANCE DISPOSAL DEFENSE PROGRAM.—Section 2284 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—
  - (A) by striking subsection (c); and
- (B) by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (c).
- (b) REPEALS OF EXISTING LAW.—The following provisions are hereby repealed:
- (1) EVALUATION AND ASSESSMENT OF THE DISTRIBUTED COMMON GROUND SYSTEM.—Section 219 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2013 (Public Law 113-66; 10 U.S.C. 221 note).
- (2) SEPARATE PROGRAM ELEMENTS REQUIRED FOR RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT OF JOINT LIGHT TACTICAL VEHICLE.—Section 213 of the Ike Skelton National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011 (Public Law 111–383; 10 U.S.C. 221 note).
- (3) SEPARATE PROCUREMENT LINE ITEMS FOR FUTURE COMBAT SYSTEMS PROGRAM.—Section 111 of the Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2009 (Public Law 110–417; 10 U.S.C. 221 note).
- (4) SEPARATE PROCUREMENT AND RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION LINE ITEMS AND PROGRAM ELEMENTS FOR SKY WARRIOR UNMANNED AERIAL SYSTEMS PROJECT.—Section 214 of the Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2009 (Public Law 110–417; 10 U.S.C. 221 note).
- (5) REQUIREMENT FOR SEPARATE DISPLAY OF BUDGETS FOR AFGHANISTAN AND IRAQ.—Section 1502 of the Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2009 (Public Law 110-417; 10 U.S.C. 221 note).

### SEC. 1003. BRIEFING ON BEGINNING BALANCE ISSUES FOR AUDIT PURPOSES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than March 1, 2026, the Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller) shall submit to the congressional defense committees a one-time briefing on any anticipated issues in establishing beginning balances for audits of the financial statements of the Department of Defense.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The briefing required under subsection (a) shall include—
- a detailed identification of each budgetary account known to have and anticipated to have unsupported beginning balances:
- (2) a description of the specific issues preventing the establishment of supported beginning balances for each identified account;
- (3) an explanation of whether generally accepted accounting principles provide sufficient authority, processes, and procedures to resolve such issues, and if not, the alternative sources or methods proposed to establish beginning balances; and
- (4) the projected impact to receiving an unmodified audit opinion of that account without a supported beginning balance.

### SEC. 1004. DEFENSE BUSINESS AUDIT REMEDIATION PLAN REPORTING.

Section 240g(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"(b) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—On the same date as the submission of audited financial statements required pursuant to section 240a of this title, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees an updated report on the Defense Business Systems Audit Remediation Plan under subsection (a).".

### Subtitle B—Naval Vessels

### SEC. 1011. REQUIREMENTS RELATED TO MEDIUM LANDING SHIPS AND LIGHT REPLEN-ISHMENT OILERS.

- (a) DESIGN STANDARDS AND CONSTRUCTION PRACTICES.—The Secretary of the Navy shall ensure that covered vessels procured by the Secretary are, to the maximum extent practical, constructed using commercial design standards and commercial construction practices that are consistent with the best interests of the Federal Government.
- (b) VESSEL CONSTRUCTION MANAGER.—The Secretary of the Navy shall provide for an entity other than the Department of the Navy to contract for the construction of covered vessels.
- (c) COVERED VESSEL DEFINED.—In this section, the term "covered vessel" means any of the following:
  - (1) A medium landing ship.
- (2) A light replenishment oiler (TAO-L).

#### SEC. 1012. MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITY TO PURCHASE USED VESSELS UNDER THE NATIONAL DEFENSE SEALIFT FUND.

Section 2218(f)(3)(C) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking "10" and inserting "12".

# SEC. 1013. EXEMPTION OF UNMANNED SURFACE VESSELS AND UNMANNED UNDERWATER VEHICLES FROM CERTAIN TECHNICAL AUTHORITY REQUIREMENTS.

- (a) EXEMPTION FROM SENIOR TECHNICAL AUTHORITY REQUIREMENTS.—Unmanned surface vessels and unmanned underwater vehicles acquired or developed by the Department of the Navy are exempt from any requirement for oversight by a senior technical authority established under section 8669b of title 10, United States Code, except the requirements, specifications, and approvals described in subsection (c).
- (b) LIMITATION RELATING TO OFFICE OF THE CHIEF ENGINEER.—Subject to subsection (c), the Chief Engineer of the Naval Sea Systems Command may not establish any requirement, specification, or approval for an un-

manned surface vessel or an unmanned underwater vehicle unless such action is approved in advance by the program manager responsible for the respective unmanned sys-

- (c) EXCEPTIONS.—As the Secretary of the Navy considers appropriate, unmanned surface vessels and unmanned underwater vehicles may be subject to requirements, specifications, and approvals established by technical domain managers or technical warrant holders with responsibility for cybersecurity, ordnance and explosives, or warfare systems, without advanced approval described in subsection (b).
  - (d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) UNMANNED SURFACE VESSEL.—The term "unmanned surface vessel" means a vessel designed to operate on the surface of the water without an onboard human crew.
- (2) UNMANNED UNDERWATER VEHICLE.—The term "unmanned underwater vehicle" means a vehicle designed to operate below the surface of the water without an onboard human crew.

#### SEC. 1014. PROHIBITION ON RETIRING AND DE-COMMISSIONING OCEANOGRAPHIC RESEARCH VESSELS OF THE NAVY.

None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act for fiscal year 2026 may be obligated or expended to retire or decommission, prepare to retire or decommission, or place in storage any oceanographic research vessel of the Navy unless the Secretary of the Navy has identified and acquired a suitable replacement vessel for conducting the research that has been conducted by the vessel selected for retirement or decommissioning.

### SEC. 1015. REPORT ACCOMPANYING REQUESTS FOR NEW FLIGHTS OR BLOCKS OF MAJOR SHIPBUILDING PROGRAMS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 863 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 8669c the following new section:

### "\$ 8669d. Report accompanying requests for new flights or blocks of major shipbuilding programs

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—If the budget justification materials submitted to Congress in support of the budget of the President for a fiscal year pursuant to section 1105 of title 31 includes a request for a new flight or block of ships, the Secretary of the Navy shall submit a report accompanying such request.
- "(b) ELEMENTS.—Each report required by subsection (a) shall include the following:
- "(1) The results of any production readiness review, including the following:
- "(A) An identification of the degree to which detail design and production design drawings and related documents have been completed in accordance with the shipbuilding contract.
- "(B) An identification of the number of changes to the new flight or block of ships from the previous multiyear procurement authorization for the class of ship concerned.
- "(C) An identification of the risks associated with any design changes to the new flight or block of ships from the previous multiyear procurement authorization for the class of ship concerned.
- "(2) A certification that the findings of any such review support the start of construction
- "(3) An assessment of the readiness of the shipyard facilities and workforce to begin construction.
- "(4) The Navy's estimated delivery date and a description of any risks that could affect such delivery date.
- "(5) An assessment of the extent to which adequate processes and metrics are in place to measure and manage program risks.
- "(6) With respect to the first ship, a description of the plans of the Navy to oversee

and document the construction of the ship to ensure that the detail design supports the construction schedule for the ship.

- "(c) Definitions.—In this section:
- "(1) FIRST SHIP.—The term 'first ship' applies to a ship if—
- "(A) the ship is the first ship to be constructed under the new flight or block of ships; or
- (B) the shipyard at which the ship is to be constructed has not previously started construction on a ship under the new flight or block of ships.
- ''(2) Major shipbuilding program; Production readiness review.—The terms 'major shipbuilding program' and 'production readiness review' have the meanings given those terms in section 8669c(c) of this title.
- "(3) NEW FLIGHT OR BLOCK OF SHIPS.—The term 'new flight or block of ships' means a new flight, block, or major modification to a current ship class under a major shipbuilding program that was previously authorized and met the previous requirements as a new ship class."
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 863 of such title is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 8669c the following new item:

"8669d. Report accompanying requests for new flights or blocks of major shipbuilding programs.".

### SEC. 1016. REPORT ON AUXILIARY VESSEL CO-PRODUCTION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Army, in consultation with the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, the Secretary of Transportation, and the Secretary of State, shall jointly submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives a report on co-production of non-nuclear auxiliary vessels across the Armed Forces.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The report required by subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) A list of non-nuclear auxiliary vessels suitable for co-production with foreign governments and industry, including details related to operational roles, prospects for co-production, and compatibility with the Navy, the Army, and the Marine Corps.
- (2) A plan for implementing co-production for each type of vessel on the list required by paragraph (1), including estimated timelines and costs.
- (3) A description of authorities needed to co-produce such vessels, including statutory or regulatory changes.
- (4) A description of barriers to co-production, including operational, regulatory, security, and economic challenges and challenges related to international agreements, with recommendations for resolution.
- (5) A description of input from industry and private capital stakeholders on joint venture terms, incentives, and opportunities.
- (6) A list of foreign partners with the willingness and capacity to engage in joint ventures to co-produce each vessel on the list required by paragraph (1) and the associated shipyard.
- (c) FORM.—The report required by subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form, with a classified annex if necessary.

- SEC. 1017. REPORT ON VESSEL LEASING PRO-GRAM. Not later than December 31, 2025, the Secretary of the Navy, in consultation with the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, shall submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives a report that includes the following:
- (1) A list of non-nuclear vessels that could be suitable for contracting under a long-term leasing program.
- (2) A plan outlining how the Navy would implement a leasing program for surface ves-
- (3) A description of authorities necessary for the Navy to lease commercially built and privately owned vessels.
- (4) A description of input from industry and private capital stakeholders on suggested lease terms and incentives to encourage industry to participate in such a leasing program.

### SEC. 1018. PILOT PROGRAM ON USE OF AUTO-MATED SHIPBUILDING TECH-NOLOGIES AND CAPABILITIES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Navy shall establish a pilot program on the use of automated assembly technologies and capabilities in naval shipbuilding to reduce overall construction times and alleviate workforce constraints (in this section referred to as the "pilot program").
- (b) ELEMENTS OF PILOT PROGRAM.—In carrying out the pilot program, the Secretary of the Navy shall—
- (1) identify and select available novel automated hull assembly technologies for incorporation and demonstration;
- (2) designate at least one surface ship or submarine program to demonstrate the automated technologies identified under paragraph (1);
  - (3) carry out such demonstrations;
- (4) evaluate the demonstrated automated technologies—
- (A) across a range of functions, including plate preparation, welding, and block assembly; and
- (B) for compatibility and ease of adoption into the existing shipbuilding value chain; and
- (5) assess the feasibility and effectiveness of automated approaches in improving sub-assembly construction times, overall ship construction schedules, and workforce efficiency and safety.
- (c) Reports.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than September 30, 2026, and annually thereafter until the pilot program terminates, the Secretary of the Navy shall submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives a report on the implementation and results of the pilot program.
- (2) ELEMENTS OF REPORTS.—Each report required by paragraph (1) shall include the following:
- (A) An identification of the time required to adapt specific technologies and processes.
- (B) A description of the impact of the pilot program on workforce and construction schedules.
- (d) TERMINATION.—The pilot program shall terminate on the date that is three years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

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SEC. 1021. EXTENSION OF PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS FOR TRANSFER OR RELEASE OF INDIVIDUALS DETAINED AT UNITED STATES NAVAL STATION, GUANTANAMO BAY, CUBA, TO THE UNITED STATES.

Section 1033 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal

- Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232; 132 Stat. 1953), as most recently amended by section 1041 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118–159), is further amended—
- (1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking "December 31, 2025" and inserting "December 31, 2026"; and
- (2) in paragraph (2), by striking "is or was held on or after January 20, 2009" and inserting "has been held since any date that is on or before October 1, 2009".

# SEC. 1022. EXTENSION OF PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS TO CONSTRUCT OR MODIFY FACILITIES IN THE UNITED STATES TO HOUSE DETAINEES TRANSFERRED FROM UNITED STATES NAVAL STATION, GUANTANAMO BAY, CUBA.

Section 1034 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232; 132 Stat. 1954), as most recently amended by section 1042 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118–159), is further amended—

- (1) in subsection (a), by striking "December 31, 2025" and inserting "December 31, 2026"; and
- (2) in subsection (c), by striking "(Public Law 114-92; 129 Stat. 971; 10 U.S.C. 801 note)" and inserting "(10 U.S.C. 801 note; Public Law 114-92)".
- SEC. 1023. EXTENSION OF PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS FOR TRANSFER OR RELEASE OF INDIVIDUALS DETAINED AT UNITED STATES NAVAL STATION, GUANTANAMO BAY, CUBA, TO CERTAIN COUNTRIES.

Section 1035 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232; 132 Stat. 1954), as most recently amended by section 1043 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118–159), is further amended—

- (1) by inserting "(a) IN GENERAL.—" before "No amounts";
- (2) by striking "December 31, 2025" and inserting "December 31, 2026";
- (3) by striking "any individual detained in the custody or under the control of the Department of Defense at United States Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba," and inserting "any individual detained at Guantanamo"; and
- (4) by adding at the end the following new subsection:
- "(b) INDIVIDUAL DETAINED AT GUANTANAMO DEFINED.—In this section, the term 'individual detained at Guantanamo' has the meaning given that term in section 1034(f)(2) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (10 U.S.C. 801 note; Public Law 114-92)."
- SEC. 1024. EXTENSION OF PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS TO CLOSE OR RELIN-QUISH CONTROL OF UNITED STATES NAVAL STATION, GUANTANAMO BAY, CUBA.

Section 1036 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law 115–91; 131 Stat. 1551), as most recently amended by section 1044 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118–159), is further amended by striking "2025" and inserting "2026".

## SEC. 1025. CLARIFICATION REGARDING DEFINITION OF INDIVIDUAL DETAINED AT GUANTANAMO.

Section 1034(f)(2) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114–92; 129 Stat. 971; 10 U.S.C. 801 note) is amended—

- (1) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking "as of" and inserting "on or before"; and
- (2) in subparagraph (B)(i), by inserting "at United States Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba" after "Department of Defense".

### Subtitle D—Miscellaneous Authorities and Limitations

- SEC. 1031. PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS TO SUPPORT ENTERTAINMENT PROJECTS WITH TIES TO THE GOVERNMENT OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.
- (a) IN GENERAL.—None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act for the Department of Defense may be used to knowingly provide active and direct support to any film, television, or other entertainment project if the Secretary of Defense has demonstrable evidence that the project has complied or is likely to comply with a demand from the Government of the People's Republic of China or the Chinese Communist Party, or an entity under the direction of the People's Republic of China or the Chinese Communist Party, to censor the content of the project in a material manner to advance the national interest of the People's Republic of China.
- (b) WAIVER.—The Secretary of Defense may waive the prohibition under subsection (a) if the Secretary submits to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a written certification that such a waiver is in the national interest of the United States.

## SEC. 1032. PROHIBITION ON DESTRUCTION OR SCRAPPING OF WORLD WAR II-ERA AIRCRAFT.

- (a) Prohibition.—The Secretary of Defense may not destroy, dismantle, scrap, cannibalize, or otherwise render permanently inoperable any aircraft that—
- (1) was manufactured prior to December 31, 1945; and
- (2) is in the custody or administrative control of the Department of the Air Force as of the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (b) AUTHORIZED DISPOSITIONS.—Aircraft described in subsection (a) may only be—
- (1) retained in the inventory of the Department of the Air Force;
- (2) transferred to the National Museum of the United States Air Force or other official Department of Defense museums;
- (3) transferred to qualified Federal agencies, nonprofit institutions, or museums with demonstrated indoor preservation and public display capabilities; or
- (4) de-accessioned under a plan approved by the Secretary of Defense that supports longterm preservation of such aircraft, and consistent with guidelines established in the committee report accompanying this Act. (c) WAIVER AUTHORITY.—The Secretary of
- (c) WAIVER AUTHORITY.—The Secretary of Defense may waive the restriction under subsection (a) on a case-by-case basis only if—
- (1) the aircraft is determined by qualified personnel to be beyond practical restoration or preservation;
- (2) no eligible institution expresses interest in accepting the aircraft within 12 months following public notice of its availability; and
- (3) written notification and justification of the waiver is submitted to the congressional defense committees not less than 30 days prior to execution of any disposal action.
- (d) AIRCRAFT DEFINED.—In this section, the term "aircraft" includes any fixed-wing or rotary-wing manned aircraft in military service prior to December 31, 1945.

# SEC. 1033. SUPPORT FOR COUNTERDRUG ACTIVITIES AND ACTIVITIES TO COUNTER TRANSNATIONAL ORGANIZED CRIME.

(a) QUARTERLY REPORTING.—Subsection (h) of section 284 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (1)—
- (A) by redesignating subparagraphs (A) and (B) as subparagraphs (B) and (C), respectively; and
- (B) by inserting before subparagraph (B), as redesignated by subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, the following new subparagraph:
- "(A) In the case of support for a purpose described in subsection (b)—
- "(i) the agency to which support is provided:
- "(ii) the budget, implementation timeline with milestones, anticipated delivery schedule for support, and completion date for the purpose or project for which support is provided;
- "(iii) the source and planned expenditure of funds provided for the project or purpose;
- "(iv) a description of the arrangements, if any, for the sustainment of the project or purpose and the source of funds to support sustainment of the capabilities and performance outcomes achieved using such support, if applicable;
- "(v) a description of the objectives for the project or purpose and evaluation framework to be used to develop capability and performance metrics associated with operational outcomes for the recipient;
- "(vi) information, including the amount, type, and purpose, about the support provided the agency during the three fiscal years preceding the fiscal year for which the support covered by the notice is provided under this section with respect to—
  - "(I) this section;
- "(II) counterdrug activities authorized by section 1033 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1998 (Public Law 105-85: 111 Stat. 1811): or
- "(III) any other significant program, account, or activity for the provision of security assistance that the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of State consider appropriate."; and
- (2) in paragraph (3)(B)(i), by striking "the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives" and inserting "the congressional defense committees".
- (b) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION REGARDING USE OF AUTHORITY FOR IMMIGRATION ENFORCEMENT.—Such section is further amended—
- (1) by redesignating subsection (i) as subsection (j); and
- (2) by inserting after subsection (h) the following new subsection:
- "(i) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION REGARDING USE OF AUTHORITY FOR IMMIGRATION ENFORCE-MENT.—No support for the counterdrug activities or activities to counter transnational organized crime of any other department or agency of the Federal Government or of any State, local, tribal, or foreign law enforcement agency may be provided under this section for the detention of an individual at a military installation. Department of Defense facility, or Department of Defense-funded facility unless the Secretary of Defense independently verifies the nexus to drug activities or transnational organized crime prior to the transfer of such individual to such installation or facility."

# SEC. 1034. SENIOR LEADERS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE AND OTHER SPECIFIED PERSONS: AUTHORITY TO PROVIDE PROTECTION.

Section 714 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a), by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
  - "(8) Former or retired officials who-
- "(A) previously served in the positions identified in paragraphs (1) through (7); and
- "(B) face serious and credible threats arising from duties performed while employed by the Department of Defense.";
- (2) in subsection (b)—
- (A) in paragraph (1), by striking "paragraphs (1) through (7) of";

- (B) in paragraph (4), by inserting "or reimbursement" after "personal security"; and
  - (C) in paragraph (6)-
- (i) by amending subparagraph (A) to read as follows:
- "(A) IN GENERAL.— Except as provided in subparagraph (D), the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committee determinations made pursuant to this subsection as follows:
- "(i) An initial determination made under paragraph (4), not later than 15 days after the date on which the determination is made, including the justification for such determination and a current threat assessment by an appropriate law enforcement, security, or intelligence organization.
- "(ii) A determination to deny the renewal of physical protection and security or reimbursement, not later than 15 days after the date on which the determination is made, including—
- "(I) the justification for such determination:
- "(II) a current threat assessment by an appropriate law enforcement, security, or intelligence organization; and
- "(III) a certification that threats to the individual arising from duties performed while employed by the Department of Defense can be sufficiently mitigated without physical protection and security or reimbursement.
- "(iii) A determination to terminate physical protection and security or reimbursement during a previously authorized period of protection, not later than 48 hours after the date on which the determination is made, including—
- "(I) the justification for such determination:
- "(II) a current threat assessment by an appropriate law enforcement, security, or intelligence organization; and
- "(III) a certification that threats to the individual arising from duties performed while employed by the Department of Defense can be sufficiently mitigated without protection and security or reimbursement.
- "(iv) A determination to deny a request for reimbursement of an individual described in subsection (a)(8), not later than 15 days after the date on which the determination is made, including—
- "(I) the justification for such determination:
- "(II) a current threat assessment by an appropriate law enforcement, security, or intelligence organization; and
- "(III) a certification that threats to the individual arising from duties performed while employed by the Department of Defense can be sufficiently mitigated without reimbursement." and
- (ii) in subparagraph (C), by inserting "and a description of any changes to such guidelines" after "paragraph (1)"; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following new subsection:
- "(f) NOTIFICATION TO PROTECTED PER-SONNEL.—The Secretary of Defense shall provide written notification to individuals receiving physical protection and personal security under subsection (a) or reimbursement under subsection (e) at least 90 days before terminating or denying the renewal of protection and security protection or reimbursement for such individuals.".

#### SEC. 1035. NOTIFICATION OF THE USE OF MILI-TARY AIRCRAFT FOR IMMIGRATION ENFORCEMENT OPERATIONS.

Not later than seven calendar days after military aircraft, installations, or personnel are used in support of the Department of Homeland Security, the Secretary of Defense shall provide written notification to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives of the following:

- (1) The type and variant of military aircraft used to support the enforcement operation
- (2) The number of individuals on board the military aircraft employed by the Department of Defense.
- (3) The type, variant, and number of any military aircraft utilized to support the military aircraft being used in the enforcement operation, including aerial refueling aircraft.
- (4) The estimated cost of supporting the enforcement operation, including—
- (A) the aircraft utilized to transport those subject to a removal order;
- (B) the number of flights hours required to complete the round-trip mission;
- (C) the use of any supporting aircraft, including aerial refueling aircraft; and
- (D) the number of flight hours required to complete the round-trip mission of the supporting aircraft.
- (5) The destination country of the military aircraft.
- (6) When the destination country of the military aircraft is Naval Station Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, reporting on both inbound and outbound flights in accordance with the requirements of paragraphs (1) through (5).
- (7) Reassignment of Department of Defense personnel from Joint Task Force Guantanamo or another Department of Defense entity to support alien detention operations.
- (8) Facility maintenance or upgrades to support operations and costs of any Federal agency.

## SEC. 1036. MODIFICATION OF REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO SUPPORT OF CIVIL AUTHORITIES BY ARMED FORCES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 723 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in subsection (a), in the subsection heading, by striking "REQUIREMENT" and inserting "RESPONSE TO CIVIL DISTURBANCES";
- (2) by redesignating subsection (b) as subsection (c):
- (3) by inserting after subsection (a) the following new subsection (b):
- "(b) SUPPORT TO CIVILIAN LAW ENFORCE-MENT AGENCIES BY MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES.—Whenever a member of the armed forces (including the National Guard) provides support to civilian law enforcement agencies, each such member providing such support shall visibly display the name of the armed force in which such member operates."; and
- (4) in subsection (c), as redesignated by paragraph (2)—
- (A) by striking "requirement under subsection (a)" and inserting "requirements under subsections (a) and (b)"; and
- (B) by striking "such subsection" and inserting "any such subsection".
- (b) Conforming and Clerical Amendments—
- (1) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The heading for section 723 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking "Federal authorities in response to civil disturbances" and inserting "civil authorities".
- (2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 41 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking the item relating to section 723 and inserting the following new item:
- "723. Support of civil authorities: requirement for use of members of the Armed Forces and Federal law enforcement personnel.".

- SEC. 1037. PROHIBITION ON OPERATION OF CONNECTED VEHICLES DESIGNED, DEVELOPED, MANUFACTURED, OR SUPPLIED BY PERSONS OWNED BY, CONTROLLED BY, OR SUBJECT TO THE JURISDICTION OF A FOREIGN ENTITY OF CONCERN ON DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE PROPERTY.
- (a) IN GENERAL.—After January 1, 2028, no connected vehicle on the list required under subsection (b) may be operated on a military installation or on any other property of the Department of Defense.
  - (b) List Required.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than January 1, 2027, the Secretary of Defense shall establish and publish on a publicly available website of the Department of Defense a list of prohibited connected vehicles that—
- (A) are designed, developed, manufactured, or supplied by persons owned by, controlled by, or subject to the jurisdiction of a foreign entity of concern; and
  - (B) pose-
- (i) an undue risk of sabotage to or subversion of the design, integrity, manufacturing, production, distribution, installation, operation, or maintenance of information and communications technology and services in the United States:
- (ii) an undue risk of catastrophic effects on the security or resiliency of critical infrastructure in the United States or the digital economy of the United States: or
- (iii) an unacceptable risk to the national security of the United States or the security and safety of United States persons.
- (2) INCORPORATION OF EXISTING FEDERAL RULES.—In establishing the list required under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall incorporate existing Federal rules for identifying prohibited connected vehicles.
  - (3) ANNUAL REVIEW.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall review the list required under paragraph (1) not less frequently than once each year and shall make such additions, subtractions, supplements, or amendments to the list as the Secretary determines appropriate.
- (B) EXPLANATION OF SUBTRACTIONS.—Any review under subparagraph (A) that makes subtractions from the list required under paragraph (1) shall include an explanation of why the subtraction was made.
  - (4) Consultation.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall consult with the head of any Federal department or agency that the Secretary determines is appropriate in making the list required under paragraph (1) and conducting any annual review under paragraph (3).
- (B) TRANSMITTAL OF LIST.—The Secretary shall transmit a copy of the list required under paragraph (1), and any modification to that list, to the heads of each Federal department or agency determined appropriate under subparagraph (A).
- (c) IMPLEMENTATION PLAN AND BRIEFING.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than June 1, 2027, the Secretary of Defense shall establish and provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on an implementation plan for carrying out the prohibition under subsection (a).
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The implementation plan required under paragraph (1) shall include—
- (A) an identification of the lead organization within the Department of Defense responsible for implementing and overseeing the prohibition under subsection (a);
- (B) a description of the process by which the Department will identify and assess prohibited connected vehicles;
- (C) a description of the means by which the Department will conduct coordination with appropriate Federal departments and agencies:

- (D) an identification of the metrics by which the Department will assess connected vehicles for threats to national security;
- (E) a description of the means by which military installations will ensure compliance with such prohibition; and
- (F) an assessment of resource requirements necessary to implement and maintain such prohibition.
- (d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) CONNECTED VEHICLE.—The term "connected vehicle" has the meaning given that term in section 791.301 of title 15, Code of Federal Regulations, or successor regulations.
- (2) FOREIGN ENTITY OF CONCERN.—The term "foreign entity of concern" has the meaning given that term in section 9901 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (15 U.S.C. 4651).
- (3) MILITARY INSTALLATION.—The term "military installation" has the meaning given that term in section 2801(c) of title 10, United States Code.

### Subtitle E—Studies and Reports SEC. 1041. ANNUAL REPORT ON CONTRACT CAN-CELLATIONS.

- (a) REPORT REQUIRED.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 10 days after the date on which the President submits a budget of the United States Government for each of fiscal years 2027 through 2031 to Congress pursuant to section 1105 of title 31, United States Code, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on any cancellations of contracts during the preceding fiscal year.
- (2) REPORTING ON FISCAL YEAR 2025 CANCELLATIONS.—The Secretary of Defense shall include in the first report submitted under paragraph (1) reporting on any cancellations of contracts during fiscal year 2025.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The report required under subsection (a) shall include the following elements:
- (1) Identification of the Contract Line Item Number affected.
- (2) Total value of such Contract Line Item Number.
- (3) Total existing obligations against that Contract Line Item Number.
- (4) Any fee paid, if applicable, for cancelling the contract.(5) A brief justification of the rationale for
- (5) A brief justification of the rationale for cancellation, tagged by—
- (A) non-alignment with the priorities of the Secretary of Defense;
- (B) requirement no longer exists;
- (C) requirement has decreased;
- (D) requirement exists, but the contract did not meet requirements for cost or the schedule or performance are unacceptable; or
- (E) any other rationale as determined by the Secretary.
- (6) For any Contract Line Item Number tagged pursuant to paragraph (5)(E), a brief proposed timeline for issuing a new contract to meet the specified requirement.

### SEC. 1042. STREAMLINING OF TOTAL FORCE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

- (a) REPEAL OF ANNUAL REPORT ON MILITARY TECHNICIANS.—Section 115a of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking subsection (g).
- (b) INCORPORATION OF ANNUAL CIVILIAN PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT REPORT INTO ANNUAL DEFENSE MANPOWER PROFILE REPORT.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Such section is further amended—
- (A) by redesignating subsections (d) through (f) as subsections (e) through (g), respectively; and
- (B) by inserting after subsection (c) the following new subsection:
- "(d)(1) The Secretary shall include in each report required under subsection (a) a de-

- tailed discussion of the management of the civilian workforce of the Department of Defense. The discussion shall include the matter specified in paragraph (2) for the civilian workforce of each of the following:
- "(A) The Office of the Secretary of Defense and the Defense Agencies and Department of Defense Field Activities.
  - "(B) The military departments."
- (2) Transfer of Reporting Requirements.—Such title is further amended by transferring paragraph (2) of section 129(c) of such title to section 115a, inserting such paragraph at the end of subsection (d) of such section 115a, as added by paragraph (1)(B) of this subsection, and amending such paragraph (2)—
- (A) by striking "Each report under paragraph (1) shall contain" and inserting "The matter to be included in each discussion under paragraph (1)"; and
- (B) by striking "under the jurisdiction of the official submitting the report" and inserting "of each element of the Department of Defense named in that paragraph".
- (3) CONFORMING REPEAL OF REQUIREMENT FOR SEPARATE ANNUAL CIVILIAN PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT REPORT.—Section 129 of such title is amended by striking subsection (c).

### SEC. 1043. REPORT ON NATIONAL GUARD SEXUAL ASSAULT PREVENTION AND RE-SPONSE TRAINING.

The Chief of the National Guard Bureau, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense, shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report containing the number of members of the National Guard, disaggregated by State, that received sexual assault prevention and response training in the preceding calendar year—

- (1) not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act; and
- (2) annually, beginning in 2027 and ending in 2031, by not later than March 30 of each year.

#### SEC. 1044. REPORTS TO CONGRESS ON DEPART-MENT OF DEFENSE SUPPORT FOR IMMIGRATION ENFORCEMENT OP-ERATIONS.

Section 1707 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116-92; 133 Stat. 1799; 10 U.S.C. 113 note) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

- $\mbox{``(c)}$  Reports on Support for Immigration Enforcement Operations.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—If the Department of Defense approves a Request for Assistance for support for immigration enforcement operations, the Secretary of Defense shall electronically transmit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on such support not later than 30 calendar days after the date on which the Secretary approves the Request for Assistance and every 30 calendar days thereafter.
- "(2) ELEMENTS.—Each report required by paragraph (1) shall include information on the following:
- "(A) The use of transportation support provided by the Department of Defense, the type of such support, and the cost of such support.
- "(B) The use of installation or facility support provided by the Department of Defense, the name of the installation or facility, and the cost of such support.
- "(C) The reassignment of Department of Defense personnel to conduct support for immigration enforcement operations, the units from which such personnel were reassigned, the duration of the orders, and the cost of such reassignment."

### SEC. 1045. MILITARY SEALIFT COMMAND.

(a) REPORT ON RECRUITING AND RETENTION EFFORTS.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this section, and annually thereafter, the Secretary of the Navy, in coordination with the Commander of the Military Sealift Command, and in consultation with the Commander of United States Transportation Command, the Commander of United States Fleet Forces Command, and the Assistant Secretary of the Navy for Research, Development and Acquisition, shall submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives a report on efforts to improve recruitment and retention of Military Sealift Command Mariners.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The report required under paragraph (1) shall consider—
- (A) opportunities to enhance the integration of Military Sealift Command civilian mariners into the military command structure:
- (B) providing training on the roles and significance of Military Sealift Command civilian mariner workforce to relevant military commands: and
- (C) authorities required to improve recruitment and retention of civilian mariners in Military Sealift Command.
- (b) REPORT ON EXTENDING CHARTER DURATIONS.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this section, the Secretary of the Navy shall submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives a report assessing the merits of extending the maximum charter durations of commercial and specialty vessels for the Military Sealift Command.

#### SEC. 1046. REPORT ON ALIENS HELD AT INSTAL-LATIONS OF DEPARTMENT OF DE-FENSE.

- (a) REPORT.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and not less frequently than monthly thereafter, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report containing—
- (1) the number of aliens held at installations of the Department of Defense, disaggregated by location; and
- (2) the total cost of detention of aliens at installations of the Department of Defense, regardless of location.
- (b) ALIEN DEFINED.—In this section, the term "alien" has the meaning given that term in section 101 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101).

# SEC. 1047. BRIEFING ON EXPENDITURES OR PLANNED EXPENDITURES OF FUNDS ALLOCATED FOR EXPLORATION AND DEVELOPMENT OF EXISTING ARCTIC INFRASTRUCTURE.

Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and every 90 days thereafter, the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Commander of the United States Indo-Pacific Command and the Commander of the United States Northern Command, shall provide a briefing to the congressional defense committees on the expenditures or planned expenditures of funds allocated pursuant to section 20009(12) of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of H. Con. Res. 14", approved July 4, 2025 (Public Law 119-21), for exploration and development of existing Arctic infrastructure. The briefing should include amount of funds expended to date, a timeline for future use of funds, and an assessment of the feasibility of any viable infrastructure options in the Arctic region.

### Subtitle F—Other Matters

SEC. 1051. MODIFICATION OF LIMITATION ON ASSISTANCE IN SUPPORT OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE ACCOUNTING FOR MISSING UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT PERSONNEL.

Section 408(d)(1) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking "\$5,000,000" and inserting "\$15,000,000".

### SEC. 1052. EXTENSION OF ADMISSION TO GUAM OR THE COMMONWEALTH OF THE NORTHERN MARIANA ISLANDS FOR CERTAIN H-2B NONIMMIGRANTS.

Section 6(b)(1)(B) of the Joint Resolution entitled "A Joint Resolution to approve the 'Covenant to Establish a Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands in Political Union with the United States of America', and for other purposes", approved March 24, 1976 (48 U.S.C. 1806(b)(1)(B)), is amended, in the matter preceding clause (i), by striking "December 31, 2029" and inserting "December 31, 2031".

## SEC. 1053. PROHIBITING SECRETARY OF DEFENSE FROM DEVELOPING VOTING TECHNOLOGY OR METHODOLOGY.

The Secretary of Defense may not develop, or facilitate the development of, any voting technology or methodology for voting in Federal and State elections.

# SEC. 1054. ASSESSMENT OF THE FEASIBILITY AND ADVISABILITY OF USING PERSONNEL OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE TO SUPPORT U.S. CUSTOMS AND BORDER PROTECTION.

- (a) ASSESSMENT AND REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall, in consultation with the Secretary of Homeland Security—
- (1) conduct an assessment of the advisability, feasibility, and cost of using personnel of the Department of Defense to support U.S. Customs and Border Protection by providing translation and interpretation services in connection with border security operations; and
- (2) submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the findings of the Secretary with respect to the assessment conducted pursuant to paragraph (1).
- (b) CONTENTS.—The report submitted pursuant to subsection (a)(2) shall include the following:
- (1) An assessment of the current capabilities and availability of Department personnel with relevant language skills to support the needs of U.S. Customs and Border Protection and assist with interviews, including with respect to Mandarin Chinese, Arabic, Russian, Swahili, Korean, Urdu, Farsi, and other languages that may be encountered at the United States border.
- (2) An evaluation on the potential impact of the use of personnel described in subsection (a)(1) on Department readiness, operations, and personnel.
- (3) An evaluation of the impact of such use of personnel on operations at the United States border.
- (4) A cost estimate for such use of personnel, including administrative, training, deployment, and sustainment costs;
- (5) A summary of any prior or ongoing interagency efforts or agreements relating to foreign language support between the Department of Defense and the Department of Homeland Security and if such support was provided on a reimbursable or nonreimbursable basis.
- (6) Such recommendations as the Secretary of Defense may have for legislative or administrative action to facilitate such use of personnel.

### SEC. 1055. LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR TRAVEL EXPENSES OF THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE.

Of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for

- fiscal year 2026 for operation and maintenance, defense-wide, and available for the Office of the Secretary of Defense for travel expenses, not more than 75 percent may be obligated or expended until the Secretary of Defense—
- (1) submits to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate unredacted copies of documents requested by the committee during the period beginning on January 1, 2024, and ending on June 1, 2024;
- (2) submits to the congressional defense committees overdue notifications regarding sensitive military operations required by section 130f of title 10, United States Code;
- (3) submits to the requesting committee overdue quarterly reports regarding execute orders of the Department of Defense required by section 1744 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116-92: 10 U.S.C. 113 note):
- (4) submits to the congressional defense committees the plan for integrating signals intelligence capabilities on fielded armed overwatch aircraft required by section 167 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118–159);
- (5) issues guidance on the governance and oversight of the contracts of the Department of Defense that support or enable sensitive activities required by section 867 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118–159);
- (6) submits to the congressional defense committees the review of authorities relevant to the conduct of irregular warfare activities by the Department of Defense required by section 1065 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118–159);
- (7) submits to the congressional defense committees the plan for implementing and institutionalizing the responsibilities of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Special Operations and Low-Intensity Conflict, and other matters, required by section 907(b) of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118–159); and
- (8) submits to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives the report on Department of Defense efforts to identify, disseminate, and implement throughout the Department lessons learned from the war in Ukraine required by the conference report accompanying the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118–159).

### SEC. 1056. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE SENSITIVE ACTIVITIES.

(a) OVERSIGHT OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE SENSITIVE ACTIVITIES.—Chapter 3 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 130f the following new section:

### "\$ 103g. Oversight of Department of Defense sensitive activities.

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall keep the congressional defense committees fully and currently informed of Department of Defense sensitive activities.
- (i) NOTIFICATION.—The Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees notice in writing of a compromise or failure of any Department of Defense sensitive activity not later than 48 hours following the compromise or failure.
- "(c) PROCEDURES.—The Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the congressional defense committees, shall establish and submit to such committees procedures for complying with the requirements of subsection

(a) and (b) consistent with the national security of the United States and the protection of operational integrity. The Secretary shall promptly notify the congressional defense committees in writing of any changes to such procedures at least 14 days prior to the adoption of any such changes.

"(d) SENSITIVE ACTIVITY DEFINED.—In this section, the term 'sensitive activity' means operations, actions, activities, or programs that, if compromised, could have enduring adverse effects on United States foreign policy, Department of Defense activities, or military operations, or cause significant embarrassment to the United States, United States allies, or the Department of Defense."

(b) PROCESS FOR COORDINATING AND DECONFLICTING CONTRACTS.—Consistent with section 867 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118–159; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4601), the Secretary of Defense shall establish a process for coordinating and deconflicting contracts of the Department of Defense that support or enable sensitive activities with other departments and agencies of the Federal government, as appropriate.

#### SEC. 1057. IRREGULAR WARFARE EXERCISE LAB-ORATORY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense may establish and maintain an Irregular Warfare Exercise Laboratory to—
- (1) support the training, experimentation, preparation, and validation of the United States Armed Forces to conduct full-spectrum irregular warfare activities; and
- (2) enable activities to build the capacity and interoperability of the security forces of friendly foreign countries.
- (b) AUTHORITIES.—In carrying out the activities authorized under subsection (a), the Secretary may use the authorities under chapter 16 of title 10, United States Code, and other applicable statutory authorities available to the Secretary of Defense.

### SEC. 1058. SEMIANNUAL REPORT ON DEPART-MENT OF DEFENSE OPERATIONS AT THE SOUTHERN LAND BORDER.

- (a) Report.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives a report on operations at the southern land border.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The report required under paragraph (1) shall include a detailed description of—
- (A) the Department of Defense's efforts with respect to—
- (i) combating transnational organized crime in the United States Northern Command and the United States Southern Command areas of responsibility:
- (ii) reducing the cross-border flow of illicit synthetic drugs, including fentanyl, fentanyl analogs, and fentanyl precursors; and
- (iii) reducing the cross-border illicit trade of firearms and human trafficking;
- (B) the Department of Defense's steadystate plan and posture on the southern land border:
- (C) the Department of Defense's assessment of the operational and readiness impact under the Department's steady-state plan and posture on the southern land border, and any revisions of such plan and posture:
- (D) each military installation and each Department of Defense facility on or off the installation that is being used to support—
- (i) the Department of Defense's operations along the southern land border; or
- (ii) the Department of Homeland Security or any of its components;

- (E) the funding sources for the Department of Defense's current operations along the southern land border;
- (F) the Department of Defense's use of force policy and related training;
- (G) the Department of Defense's assessment of its compliance with section 1385 of title 18, United States Code (commonly known as the "Posse Comitatus Act of 1878"), in its execution of—
- (i) any efforts along the southern land border: and
- (ii) any efforts in support of the Department of Homeland Security; and
- (H) any challenges the Department of Defense has faced in the execution of the efforts described in subparagraphs (A) and (F).
- (b) SEMIANNUAL UPDATES.—Not less frequently than once every 180 days after submitting the report required under subsection (a) and during the effective period of the national emergency declared by Proclamation 100886 (90 Fed. Reg. 8327; relating to a Declaration of a National Emergency at the Southern Border of the United States), Executive Order 14165 (90 Fed. Reg. 8467; relating to Security Our Borders), and Executive Order 14167 (90 Fed. Reg. 8613; relating to Clarifying the Military's Role in Protecting the Territorial Integrity of the United States), the Commander of the United States Northern Command shall submit to the congressional defense committees updates to the information included in such report.

### SEC. 1059. UNIVERSITY-BASED SECURE INNOVA-TION INCUBATOR PROGRAM OF DE-PARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary of Defense shall establish a program to develop, operate, and maintain incubator programs for secure facilities and networks at select universities across the United States—
- (1) to accelerate the development and transition of innovative technologies to meet national security needs:
- (2) to increase the availability of secure facilities and networks for classified work at university locations:
- (3) to foster collaboration between academic researchers, private sector entities, and Department of Defense personnel:
- (4) to expand the pool of security-cleared technical talent available to support defense organizations and personnel in critical defense technology areas; and
- (5) to create regional innovation hubs that strengthen the national security innovation
- (b) PROGRAM ELEMENTS.—The program established pursuant to subsection (a) shall include the following elements:
- (1) FACILITY REQUIREMENTS.—Each university-based secure facility and network shall—
- (A) meet all physical, technical, and personnel security requirements for handling classified information up to the Top Secret or Sensitive Compartmented Information level:
- (B) be designed to accommodate diverse use cases, including secure meetings, classified research, and technology development activities;
- (C) include collaborative workspaces appropriate for innovation activities; and
- (D) leverage modern design principles to maximize utilization and effectiveness.
- (2) UNIVERSITY SELECTION CRITERIA.—The Secretary shall select universities based on—
- (A) the absence of a fully functional secure facility and network on the university cam-
- (B) demonstrated commitment to national security-relevant research and development;
- (C) existing relationships with the Department of Defense;
- (D) technical capabilities relevant to defense innovation priorities;

- (E) geographic distribution to ensure nationwide access; and
- (F) capacity to support the administrative and security requirements of operating a secure facility and network.
  - (3) ACCESS TO FACILITIES AND NETWORKS.—
- (A) ACCESS MODEL.—The Secretary shall establish a flexible subscription-based system for access to the university-based secure facilities and networks, with—
- (i) tiered access levels calibrated to different user needs and security requirements;
- (ii) pricing structures that may vary based on organizational size, usage patterns, and security clearance-processing needs; and
- (iii) priority access for Department components and entities working on projects sponsored by the Department.
- (B) ACCESS PROTOCOLS AND SECURITY CLEAR-ANCE REQUIREMENTS —
- (i) IN GENERAL.—Access to classified information and secure facilities within the program established pursuant to subsection (a) shall be strictly controlled and granted consistent with Executive Order 12968 (50 U.S.C. 3161 note; relating to access to classified information).
- (ii) AUTHORIZED USERS.—Authorized users of classified information and secure facilities within the program established pursuant to subsection (a) may include—
  - (I) university faculty, staff, and students;
- (II) private sector entities, particularly small businesses and startups, that are participating in specific defense innovation programs:
- (III) personnel and contractors of the Department of Defense; and
- (IV) personnel from other Federal agencies engaged in work related to national security. (c) IMPLEMENTATION.—
- (1) PILOT PROGRAM.—In carrying out the program required by subsection (a), the Secretary shall—
- (A) not later than 540 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, establish an initial pilot program with not fewer than three university partners:
- (B) ensure that at least one of the locations for the pilot program established pursuant to subparagraph (A) is at a university located within 100 miles of the geographic center of the United States;
- (C) evaluate the effectiveness of the pilot program established pursuant to subparagraph (A) based on metrics, including utilization rates, project outcomes, and participant feedback; and
- (D) not more than 900 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, submit to the congressional defense committees a report
- (i) the findings of the Secretary with respect to the pilot program established pursuant to subparagraph (A); and
- (ii) such recommendations as the Secretary may have for expanding the pilot program.
- (2) PROGRAM EXPANSION.—Subject to successful evaluation of the pilot program established pursuant to paragraph (1)(A), the Secretary shall, not later than four years after the date of the enactment of this Act, expand the program required by subsection (a) to not fewer than 10 universities.
- (d) COST-SHARING.—The Secretary may enter into cost-sharing agreements or other appropriate agreements with universities participating in the program established pursuant to subsection (a), other Federal departments and agencies, State and local governments, Tribal governments, and private sector partners to support the establishment and operation of the secure facilities and networks under the program.
  - (e) Annual Report.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Each year, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense

committees an annual report on the program established pursuant to subsection (a).

- (2) CONTENTS.—Each report submitted pursuant to paragraph (1) shall cover the following:
- (A) Current locations and expansion plans.
  (B) Utilization metrics and user demo-
- graphics.
  (C) Financial information, including fees
- collected and program costs.

  (D) Measurable outcomes from activities
- (D) Measurable outcomes from activities conducted within the secure facilities and networks included in the program.

(E) Recommendations for legislative or administrative action relating to the program.

(f) PROGRAM AND REPORT EXPIRATION.—The program authorized under subsection (a) and the annual report requirement under subsection (e) shall terminate 10 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

# SEC. 1060. PRIORITY CONSIDERATION OF ENERGY PROJECTS THAT ARE LIKELY TO EXPERIENCE SIGNIFICANT TEMPORAL IMPACT DUE TO SEASONAL ARCTIC CLIMATE CONDITIONS.

The Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment shall, to the maximum extent possible, prioritize, for purposes of consideration by the Manufacturing Capability Expansion and Investment Prioritization (MCEIP) office, the clearance of mining and energy project applications and white papers for projects the operation or completion of which is likely to experience significant temporal impact due to seasonal Arctic climate conditions.

### SEC. 1061. NON-REIMBURSABLE SUPPORT FOR AFGHANISTAN WAR COMMISSION.

Section 1094(f)(2) of the Afghanistan War Commission Act of 2021 (Public Law 117-81; 135 Stat. 1938) is amended by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

"(D) SERVICES.—

- "(i) DOD SERVICES.—The Secretary of Defense may provide to the Commission, on a nonreimbursable basis, such administrative services, funds, staff, facilities, and other support services as are necessary for the performance of the Commission's duties under this section.
- "(ii) OTHER AGENCIES.—In addition to any support provided under clause (i), the heads of other Federal departments and agencies may provide to the Commission such services, funds, facilities, staff, and other support as the heads of such departments and agencies determine advisable and as may be authorized by law."

### SEC. 1062. CONTRACTING AUTHORITY FOR AF-GHANISTAN WAR COMMISSION.

Section 1094(g) of the Afghanistan War Commission Act of 2021 (Public Law 117-81; 135 Stat. 1938) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

"(7) CONTRACTING.—The Co-Chairpersons of the Commission may, to such extent and in such amounts as are provided in appropriation Acts, enter into contracts to enable the Commission to discharge its duties under this section."

### SEC. 1063. COMMISSION ON THE NATIONAL DEFENSE STRATEGY.

- (a) Establishment.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—There is established as of January 5, 2026, an independent commission in the legislative branch to be known as the "Commission on the National Defense Strategy" (in this section referred to as the "Commission").
- (2) PURPOSE.—The purpose of the Commission is to examine and make recommendations with respect to the national defense strategy of the United States.
- (3) SCOPE AND DUTIES.—In order to provide the fullest understanding of the national defense strategy the Commission shall perform the following duties:
- (A) NATIONAL DEFENSE STRATEGY REVIEW.— The Commission shall review the most re-

cent national defense strategy of the United States including the assumptions, strategic objectives, priority missions, major investments in defense capabilities, force posture and structure, operational concepts, and strategic and military risks associated with the strategy.

- (B) ASSESSMENT.—The Commission shall conduct a comprehensive assessment of the strategic environment, including—
  - (i) United States interests;
- (ii) the threats to the national security of the United States, including both traditional and non-traditional threats;
  - (iii) the size and shape of the force;
- (iv) the readiness of the force;
- (v) the posture, structure, and capabilities of the force;
- (vi) allocation of resources; and
- (vii) the strategic and military risks present in the national defense strategy.
- (4) COMMISSION REPORT AND RECOMMENDATIONS.—
- (A) Report.—
- (i) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of establishment of the Commission, the Commission shall transmit to the President and Congress a report containing the review and assessment conducted under paragraph (3), together with any recommendations of the Commission.
- (ii) CONTENTS.—The report required by clause (i) shall include the following elements:
- (I) An appraisal of the strategic environment, including an examination of the traditional and non-traditional threats to the United States, and the potential for conflicts arising from such threats and security challenges.
- (II) An evaluation of the strategic objectives of the Department of Defense for nearpeer competition in support of the national security interests of the United States.
- (III) A review of the military missions for which the Department of Defense should prepare, including missions that support the interagency and a whole-of-government strategy.
- (IV) An identification of any gaps or redundancies in the roles and missions assigned to the Armed Forces necessary to carry out military missions identified in subclause (III), and the roles and capabilities provided by other Federal agencies and by allies and international partners.
- (V) An assessment of how the national defense strategy leverages other elements of national power across the interagency to counter near-peer competitors.
- (VI) An evaluation of the resources necessary to support the strategy, including budget recommendations.
- (VII) An examination of the efforts by the Department of Defense to develop new and innovative operational concepts to enable the United States to more effectively counter near-peer competitors.
- (VIII) An analysis of the force planning construct, including—
- (aa) the size and shape of the force; (bb) the posture, structure, and capabilities of the force;
  - (cc) the readiness of the force;
- (dd) infrastructure and organizational adjustments to the force;
- (ee) modifications to personnel requirements, including professional military education; and
- (ff) other elements of the defense program necessary to support the strategy.
- (IX) An assessment of the risks associated with the strategy, including the relationships and tradeoffs between missions, risks, and resources.
- (X) Any other elements the Commission considers appropriate.
  - (B) Briefings.—

- (i) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the establishment of the Commission, the Commission shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a briefing on the status of the review and assessment required by paragraph (3), including a discussion of any interim recommendations.
- (ii) INTERIM BRIEFINGS.—At the request of the Chair and Ranking Member of the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate, or the Chair and Ranking Member of the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives, the Commission shall provide the requesting Committee with interim briefings in addition to the briefing required by clause (i).
- (5) POWERS OF COMMISSION.—
- (A) HEARINGS.—The Commission may hold such hearings, sit and act at such times and places, take such testimony, and receive such evidence as the Commission considers advisable to carry out its duties under this section.
- (B) Information from federal agencies.— The Commission may secure directly from any Federal department or agency such information as the Commission considers necessary to carry out its duties under this section. Upon request of the Chair of the Commission, the head of such department or agency shall furnish such information to the Commission.
- (C) USE OF POSTAL SERVICE.—The Commission may use the United States mails in the same manner and under the same conditions as other departments and agencies of the Federal Government.
  - (D) AUTHORITY TO ACCEPT GIFTS.-
- (i) IN GENERAL.—The Commission may accept, use, and dispose of gifts or donations of services, goods, and property from non-Federal entities for the purposes of aiding and facilitating the work of the Commission. The authority under this paragraph does not extend to gifts of money.
- (ii) DOCUMENTATION; CONFLICTS OF INTER-EST.—The Commission shall document gifts accepted under the authority provided by clause (i) and shall avoid conflicts of interest or the appearance of conflicts of interest.
- (iii) COMPLIANCE WITH CONGRESSIONAL ETHICS RULES.—Except as specifically provided in this section, a member of the Commission shall comply with rules set forth by the Select Committee on Ethics of the Senate and the Committee on Ethics of the House of Representatives governing employees of the Senate and the House of Representatives, respectively.
- (6) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than February 5, 2027, the Commission shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives an unclassified report, with classified annexes if necessary, that includes the findings and conclusions of the Commission as a result of the studies required under this section, together with its recommendations for such legislative actions as the Commission considers appropriate in light of the results of the studies.
  - (b) Membership.—
- (1) Composition.—The Commission shall be composed of 8 members, of whom—
- (A) one shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives;
- (B) one shall be appointed by the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives;
- (C) one shall be appointed by the Majority Leader of the Senate:
- (D) one shall be appointed by the Minority Leader of the Senate;
- (E) one shall be appointed by the Chairman of the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate;

- (F) one shall be appointed by the Ranking Member of the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate:
- (G) one shall be appointed by the Chairman of the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives; and
- (H) one shall be appointed by the Ranking Member of the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives.
- (2) CHAIR AND VICE CHAIR.-
- (A) CHAIR.—The Chair of the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Chair of the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives, with the concurrence of the Majority Leader of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, shall jointly designate 1 member of the Commission to serve as Chair of the Commission.
- (B) VICE CHAIR.—The Ranking Member of the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Ranking Member of the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives, with the concurrence of the Minority Leader of the Senate and the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives, shall jointly designate 1 member of the Commission to serve as Vice Chair of the Commission
- (3) Appointments.—
- (A) APPOINTMENT DATE.—Members shall be appointed to the Commission under paragraph (1) by not later than 30 days after the date of the establishment of the Commission.
- (B) NOTIFICATIONS.—Individuals making appointments under paragraph (1) shall provide notice of the appointments to the Secretary of Defense (in this section referred to as the "Secretary"), the Chairman of the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate, and the Chairman of the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives.
  - (C) EFFECT OF NON-APPOINTMENT.-
- (i) IN GENERAL.—If an appointment under this subsection is not made by the date specified under paragraph (3)(A), the authority to make such appointment shall devolve to a member of Congress of the same party and same chamber eligible to appoint under this subsection.
- (ii) EXPIRATION OF APPOINTMENT AUTHORITY.—If an appointment is not made within 60 days of establishment, the authority to make such appointment shall expire.
- (D) RESTRICTION ON APPOINTMENT.—Officers or employees of the Federal Government (other than experts or consultants the services of which are procured under section 3109 of title 5, United States Code) may not be appointed as members of the Commission.
- (E) RESTRICTION ON MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.—Members of Congress may not serve on the Commission.
- (4) PERIOD OF APPOINTMENT; VACANCIES; REMOVAL OF MEMBERS.—
- $(\ensuremath{A})$  Appointment duration.—Members shall be appointed for the life of the Commission.
- (B) VACANCIES.—Any vacancy in the Commission shall not affect its powers, but shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment.
- (C) REMOVAL OF MEMBERS.—A member may be removed from the Commission for cause by the individual serving in the position responsible for the original appointment of such member under subsection (b)(1), provided that notice has first been provided to such member of the cause for removal and voted and agreed upon by three quarters of the members serving. A vacancy created by the removal of a member under this subsection shall not affect the powers of the Commission, and shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment was made.

- (5) QUORUM.—.A majority of the members serving on the Commission shall constitute a quorum.
- (6) INITIAL MEETING.—Not later than 30 days after the date on which all members of the Commission have been appointed as published in the Congressional Record, the Commission shall hold its initial meeting.
- (c) Personnel Matters.-
- (1) STATUS AS FEDERAL EMPLOYEES.—Notwithstanding the requirements of section 2105 of title 5, United States Code, including the required supervision under subsection (a)(3) of such section, members of the Commission shall be deemed to be Federal employees in the legislative branch subject to all the laws and policies applicable to legislative branch employees.
- (2) OATH OF OFFICE.—Notwithstanding the provision of section 2903(b) of title 5, United States Code, an employee of an Executive Branch agency, otherwise authorized to administer oaths under section 2903 of title 5, United States Code, may administer the oath of office to Commissioners for the purpose of their service to the Commission.
- (3) SECURITY CLEARANCES.—The appropriate Federal departments or agencies shall cooperate with the Commission in expeditiously providing to the Commission members and staff appropriate security clearances to the extent possible pursuant to existing procedures and requirements, except that no person may be provided with access to classified information under this Act without the appropriate security clearances.
- (4) PAY FOR MEMBERS.—Each member of the Commission may be compensated at a rate not to exceed the daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay payable for level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, for each day (including travel time) during which such member is engaged in the performance of the duties of the Commission. All members of the Commission who are officers or employees of the United States shall serve without compensation additional to that received for their services as officers or employees of the United States.
  - (5) STAFF.—
- (A) EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR.—The Chair of the Commission may appoint and fix the rate of basic pay for an Executive Director in accordance with section 3161 of title 5, United States Code.
- (B) COMMISSION STAFF.—The Executive Director may appoint and fix the rate of basic pay for additional personnel as staff of the Commission in accordance with section 3161 of title 5. United States Code.
- (C) DETAILEES AUTHORIZED.—On a reimbursable or non-reimbursable basis, the heads of departments and agencies of the Federal Government may provide, and the Commission may accept personnel detailed from such departments and agencies, including active-duty military personnel.
- (D) TRAVEL EXPENSES.—The members and staff of the Commission shall be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, at rates authorized for employees of agencies under subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code, while away from their homes or regular places of business in the performance of services for the Commission.
- (d) Support.—
- (1) Assistance from department of defense.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated for the Department of Defense for support of the Commission, the Secretary may make transfers to the Commission for Commission expenses, including compensation of Commission members, officers, and employees, and provision of other such services, funds, facilities, and

- other support services as necessary for the performance of the Commission's functions. Funds made available to support and provide assistance to the Commission may be used for payment of compensation of members, officers, and employees of the Commission without transfer under this subparagraph. Amounts transferred under this subparagraph shall remain available until expended. Transfer authority provided by this subparagraph is in addition to any other transfer authority provided by law. Section 2215 of title 10, United States Code, shall not apply to a transfer of funds under this subparagraph.
- (B) TREASURY ACCOUNT AUTHORIZED.—The Secretary of the Treasury may establish an account or accounts for the Commission from which any amounts transferred under this clause may be used for activities of the Commission.
- (2) LIAISON.—The Secretary shall designate at least one officer or employee of the Department of Defense to serve as a liaison officer between the Department and the Commission.
- (3) ADDITIONAL SUPPORT.—To the extent that funds are available for such purpose, or on a reimbursable basis, the Secretary may, at the request of the Chair of the Commission—
- (A) enter into contracts for the acquisition of administrative supplies and equipment for use by the Commission; and
- (B) make available the services of a Federal funded research and development center or an independent, nongovernmental organization, described under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and exempt from taxation under section 501(a) of such Code.
- (4) PRELIMINARY ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT AUTHORIZED.—Upon the appointment of the Chair and Vice Chair under subsection (b), the Secretary may provide administrative support authorized under this section necessary to facilitate the standing up of the Commission.
- (e) TERMINATION OF COMMISSION.—The Commission shall terminate 90 days after the submission of the report required by subsection (a)

#### SEC. 1064. PROVISION BY AIR FORCE OF METE-OROLOGICAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES FOR INTELLIGENCE COM-MUNITY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Air Force shall provide meteorological and environmental services for operations of the intelligence community.
- (b) INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY DEFINED.—In this section, the term "intelligence community" has the meaning given that term in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003).

### SEC. 1065. EXPANSION OF INDIVIDUAL LONGITU-DINAL EXPOSURE RECORD.

- (a) ALL EXPOSURES.—The Secretary of Defense shall expand the Individual Longitudinal Exposure Record (in this section referred to as "ILER") to document all exposures of members of the Armed Forces, including those that occur within the United States, so it can be available for the Secretary of Veterans Affairs when such members transition to civilian life, including the following:
- (1) All-hazard occupational data.
- (2) Environmental hazards that were known or found later to which the member was exposed, including through conducting any monitoring in the area.
- (b) MEDICAL INFORMATION.—The Secretary of Defense shall expand the ILER to include the following medical information of members of the Armed Forces so it can be available for the Secretary of Veterans Affairs when such members transition to civilian life.

- (1) Medical encounter information relating to exposures (such as diagnosis, treatment, and laboratory data).
- (2) Medical concerns that should be addressed regarding possible exposures.
- (c) AVAILABILITY TO CERTAIN PROFESSIONALS.—The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that the ILER is available, for purposes of improving internal processes, to the following:
- (1) Health care providers of the Department of Defense and the Department of Veterans Affairs.
- (2) Epidemiologists and researchers of the Department of Defense and the Department of Veterans Affairs.
- (3) Disability evaluation and benefits determinations specialists of the Department of Veterans Affairs.
  - (d) INCLUSION IN SERVICE RECORDS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall document in the service records of a member of the Armed Forces whether such member served at a location where there was a potential of toxic exposure.
- (2) PROTECTION OF CLASSIFIED INFORMATION.—In carrying out paragraph (1), the Secretary of Defense shall ensure that service at any location that is classified is protected from disclosure.

# SEC. 1066. CLASSIFICATION OF NEVADA TEST AND TRAINING RANGE AS LOCATION WHERE CONTAMINATION OCCURRED AND MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES WERE EXPOSED TO TOXIC SUBSTANCES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall classify the Nevada Test and Training Range as a location where contamination oc-
  - (b) IDENTIFICATION PROCESS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Air Force shall establish a process to identify members of the Armed Forces and former members of the Armed Forces that were stationed at the Nevada Test and Training Range since January 27, 1951.
- (2) DOCUMENTATION.—The Secretary of the Air Force shall establish a process to permit members of the Armed Forces and former members of the Armed Forces to provide documentation or evidence of their assignment within the Nevada Test and Training Range to assist the Secretary in identifying those members and former members under paragraph (1).
- (3) EFFORTS.—The Secretary of the Air Force shall make all efforts to identify individuals described in paragraph (1) and shall not require members of the Armed Forces or former members of the Armed Forces to submit evidence of their stationing.

### Subtitle G—Defense Workforce Integration SEC. 1081. INTEGRATION OF MILITARY AND CI-VILIAN HIRING PROCESSES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretaries concerned shall establish a pathway for medically disqualified entry-level service members to enter civilian positions for which they are qualified in the Department of Defense or any of its components.
- (b) AIR FORCE DRIVE PROGRAM.—The Air Force's Develop, Redistribute, Improve, Vault, Expose (DRIVE) program shall be considered sufficient to meet the requirements of subsection (a) and may, but need not, serve as a baseline from which the other military departments design their programs.
- (c) ENTRY-LEVEL SERVICE MEMBER DEFINED.—In this section, the term "entry-level service member" means a regular or reserve member of the Armed Forces who is currently attending or has military orders to attend within 90 days—
  - (1) basic training;

- (2) a technical school of the Armed Forces;
- (3) a service academy;
- (4) the Reserve Officer Training Corps (ROTC);
- (5) an officer accession program, including officer candidate school, officer training school, officer development school, or equivalent program.

# SEC. 1082. PROVISION OF INFORMATION ON CAREER OPPORTUNITIES IN THE DEFENSE INDUSTRIAL BASE TO PERSONS INELIGIBLE FOR MILITARY SERVICE.

Chapter 50 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

### "§ 996. Provision of information on career opportunities in the defense industrial base to persons medically disqualified for military service

- "(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary of Defense shall establish and implement a program to provide individuals who are not medically qualified for military service with information on employment opportunities in the defense industrial base or other employment opportunities in support of the national interests of the United States.
- "(b) PROGRAM.—The program established under subsection (a) shall inform and refer persons described in subsection (a) to employment, apprenticeship, and training opportunities in—
  - "(1) the defense industrial base;
- "(2) cybersecurity or intelligence support
- ``(3) research and development in defense technologies;
- "(4) national emergency and disaster preparedness; or
- "(5) any other non-military opportunity the Secretary considers in the national interests of the United States.
- "(c) COLLABORATION.—The Secretary of Defense shall consult with entities in the defense industrial base, other Federal agencies, and academic institutions to carry out this section.".

# SEC. 1083. PROVISION TO NAVY PERSONNEL OF INFORMATION ON CAREER OPPORTUNITIES AT MILITARY SEALIFT COMMAND.

The Secretary of the Navy shall provide information about career opportunities at Military Sealift Command and workforce training programs for shipbuilders to Navy personnel.

### SEC. 1084. REPORT ON DEFENSE WORKFORCE INTEGRATION.

Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report describing implementation of the requirements under this subtitle.

### TITLE XI—CIVILIAN PERSONNEL MATTERS

## SEC. 1101. EDUCATIONAL TRAVEL AUTHORITY FOR DEPENDENTS OF CERTAIN EMPLOYEES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section 1599b of title 10, United States Code, the Secretary of Defense shall direct the Director of the Defense Travel Management Office to update the Joint Travel Regulations, not later than February 1, 2026, to authorize educational travel for a dependent of a covered employee without regard to whether the Federal agency responsible for the employment of the covered employee anticipates that the covered employee will, during the 30-day period following the scheduled date of the dependent's departure for the travel, be transferred to a location in the United States or travel to the United States for home leave.

- (b) Briefings Required.—
- (1) INITIAL BRIEFING.—Not later than February 1, 2026, the Secretary shall brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the update to the Joint Travel Regulations required by subsection (a).
- (2) Subsequent Briefings.—Not later than one year after providing the briefing required by paragraph (1) and annually thereafter until February 1, 2029, the Secretary shall brief the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the use of the authority described in subsection (a) and the cost to the Federal Government of the use of that authority.
- (c) COVERED EMPLOYEE DEFINED.—In this section, the term "covered employee" means an employee of the Department of Defense Education Activity assigned to United States Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.

# SEC. 1102. ONE-YEAR EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO WAIVE ANNUAL LIMITATION ON PREMIUM PAY AND AGGREGATE LIMITATION ON PAY FOR FEDERAL CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES WORKING OVERSEAS.

Subsection (a) of section 1101 of the Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2009 (Public Law 110-417; 122 Stat. 4615), as most recently amended by section 1104 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159), is further amended by striking "through 2025" and inserting "through 2026".

# SEC. 1103. ONE-YEAR EXTENSION OF TEMPORARY AUTHORITY TO GRANT ALLOW-ANCES, BENEFITS, AND GRATUITIES TO CIVILIAN PERSONNEL ON OFFICIAL DUTY IN A COMBAT ZONE.

Paragraph (2) of section 1603(a) of the Emergency Supplemental Appropriations Act for Defense, the Global War on Terror, and Hurricane Recovery, 2006 (Public Law 109–234; 120 Stat. 443), as added by section 1102 of the Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2009 (Public Law 110–417; 122 Stat. 4616) and as most recently amended by section 1105 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118–159), is further amended by striking "2026" and inserting "2027".

### SEC. 1104. MODIFICATIONS TO DEFENSE CIVILIAN TRAINING CORPS.

Section 2200h of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (8), by inserting ", in accordance with subsection (b)" before the period;
- (2) by striking "In establishing" and inserting the following:
  - "(a) IN GENERAL.—In establishing"; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following new subsection:
  - "(b) HIRING AUTHORITY.—
- "(1) STUDENTS.—The head of a Department of Defense organization that partners with the program may, without regard to the provisions of subchapter I of chapter 33 of title 5, noncompetitively appoint a member of the program to a position in such organization for a term of one year, renewable for not more than a total of four one-year terms.
  - "(2) Graduates.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The head of an organization described in paragraph (1) may—
- "(i) renew the appointment a successful graduate of the program serving a one-year term under such paragraph until such graduate is appointed to a permanent position in such organization, except that the appointment may not be renewed for more than a total of four one-year terms; and

- "(ii) noncompetitively appoint the graduate from a one-year term appointment renewed under clause (i) into a vacant position in the competitive or excepted service of the Department.
- "(B) LEVEL.—The position of a graduate in a term or permanent position described in subparagraph (A) shall be at the level of GS-9 of the General Schedule or an equivalent level for which the participant is qualified, without regard to any minimum time-ingrade or time-based experience requirements.
- "(C) LIMIT.—The authority under this section may not be used for more than 60 graduates of the program in any calendar year.
- "(3) SUNSET.—The authority under this subsection shall terminate on December 31, 2029.
  - "(4) Reports.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than January 31, 2026, and annually thereafter until January 31, 2030, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on the use of the authority under this subsection.
- "(B) ELEMENTS.—Each report required by subparagraph (A) shall include the following:
- "(i) The number of graduates of the program for which the authority under this section was used in the prior year.
- "(ii) An identification of the Department of Defense organizations that used the authority to appoint graduates of the program under paragraph (2)(ii).
- "(C) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DEFINED.—In this section, the term 'appropriate congressional committees' means—
- "(i) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate; and
- "(ii) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform of the House of Representatives."

# SEC. 1105. MODIFICATIONS TO REQUIREMENTS FOR THE PRESIDENT OF THE DEFENSE ACQUISITION UNIVERSITY.

Section 1746(e)(3) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking "term" each place it appears and inserting "tenure".

### SEC. 1106. MODIFICATION OF DIRECT HIRE AU-THORITY FOR DOMESTIC DEFENSE INDUSTRIAL BASE FACILITIES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1125(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (10 U.S.C. 1580 note prec.) is amended by inserting ", including to Navy Supervisor of Shipbuilding, Conversion, and Repair positions" after "Facilities Base".
- (b) ANNUAL REPORT.—At the end of each fiscal year, the Secretary of the Navy shall submit to the relevant congressional committees a report that includes the following elements:
- (1) The number of Navy Supervisor of Shipbuilding, Conversion, and Repair positions filled in comparison to the previous fiscal year.
- (2) The extent to which direct hire authority has affected recruitment and retention for Navy Supervisor of Shipbuilding, Conversion, and Repair positions.
- (3) Other data and information related to the hiring process for the Navy Supervisor of Shipbuilding, Conversion, and Repair that the Secretary of the Navy considers appropriate.
- (c) RELEVANT CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DEFINED.—In this section, the term "relevant congressional committees" means—
- (1) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate; and
- (2) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform of the House of Representatives.

### SEC. 1107. CYBER WORKFORCE RECRUITMENT AND RETENTION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1599f of title 10, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:
- "\$ 1599f. Cyber workforce recruitment and retention
- "(a) GENERAL AUTHORITY.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense
- "(A) establish, as positions in the excepted service, such qualified positions in the Department of Defense as the Secretary considers necessary to carry out the cyber mission of the Department and are not in the Defense Civilian Intelligence Personnel System, including—
- "(i) positions in the Defense Digital Executive Service established under subsection (c); and
- "(ii) Defense Digital Senior Level positions designated under subsection (d);
- "(B) carry out a program of personnel management authority provided in subsection (b) in order to facilitate recruitment of eminent experts in cyber for the Department; and
- "(C) implement an interagency transfer agreement between qualified positions in the excepted service established under this section and positions in the competitive service in the Department, including the military departments.
- "(2) APPLICABILITY.—Unless explicitly provided otherwise by law, the authority of the Secretary under this section applies without regard to any other provision of law relating to the appointment, number, classification, or compensation of employees that the Secretary determines is incompatible with the approach to talent management under this section.
- "(b) PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT AUTHOR-
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may—
- "(A) without regard to any provision of title 5 governing the appointment of employees in the civil service, appoint individuals to qualified positions established under subsection (a)(1): and
- "(B) subject to paragraphs (2) and (3), fix the compensation of employees appointed under subparagraph (A).
- "(2) RATES OF BASIC PAY.—The Secretary—
  "(A) shall fix the rates of basic pay for employees appointed under paragraph (1)(A)—
- "(i) with the rates of pay provided for employees in comparable positions in the Federal Government; and
- "(ii) subject to the same limitations on maximum rates of pay established for such employees by statute or regulation; and
- "(B) may prescribe the rates of basic pay for employees appointed under paragraph (1)(A) at rates not in excess of a rate equal to 150 percent of the maximum rate of basic pay authorized for positions at Level I of the Executive Schedule under section 5312 of title 5.
- "(3) ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subparagraph (C), the Secretary may, with respect to an employee appointed under paragraph (1)(A), other than such an employee receiving the maximum rate of basic pay prescribed under paragraph (2)(B), provide the employee compensation (in addition to basic pay), including payments, benefits, sabbaticals, incentives, awards, and allowances—
- "(i) in accordance with relevant provisions of other laws, including provisions of title 5;
- "(ii) consistent with, and not in excess of the level authorized for, comparable positions in the Federal Government; and
- "(iii) to the extent compatible with the approach to talent management under this section.
- "(B) ALLOWANCES.—An employee appointed under paragraph (1)(A) shall be eligible for

- an allowance under section 5941 of title 5, in addition to such basic pay, on the same basis and at least to the same extent as if the employee was an employee covered by such section, including eligibility conditions, allowance rates, and all other terms and conditions in statute or regulation.
- "(C) MAXIMUM AMOUNT OF ADDITIONAL COM-PENSATION.—No additional compensation may be provided to an employee under this paragraph in any calendar year if, or to the extent that, the employee's total annual compensation in such calendar year will exceed the maximum amount of total annual compensation payable at the salary set in accordance with section 104 of title 3.
- "(c) DEFENSE DIGITAL EXECUTIVE SERV-ICE.—The Secretary may establish a Defense Digital Executive Service for positions established under subsection (a)(1)(A)(i) that are comparable to Senior Executive Service positions.
- "(d) DEFENSE DIGITAL SENIOR LEVEL POSITIONS.—The Secretary may designate as a Defense Digital Senior Level position any defense cyber position that, as determined by the Secretary—
- "(1) is classified above the grade of GG-15 of the excepted service;
- "(2) does not satisfy functional or program management criteria for being designated as a position in the Defense Digital Executive Service; and
- "(3) has no more than minimal supervisory responsibilities.
- "(e) Two-year Probationary Period.—The probationary period for all employees hired under the authority provided by this section shall be two years.
- "(f) INCUMBENTS OF EXISTING COMPETITIVE SERVICE POSITIONS.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—An individual occupying a position on the date of the enactment of this section that is selected to be converted to a position in the excepted service under this section shall have the right to refuse such conversion.
- "(2) POSITION CONVERSION.—After the date on which an individual who refuses a conversion under paragraph (1) stops serving in the position selected to be converted, the position shall be converted to a position in the excepted service.
- "(g) IMPLEMENTATION PLAN; EFFECTIVE DATE OF AUTHORITY.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The authority provided by this section shall become effective 30 days after the date on which the Secretary submits to the congressional defense committees a plan for the implementation of such authority.
- "(2) ELEMENTS.—The plan described in paragraph (1) shall include the following:
- "(A) An assessment of the current scope of the positions covered by the authority provided by subsection (a).
  - "(B) A plan for the use of the authority.
- "(C) An assessment of the anticipated workforce needs for the cyber mission of the Department across the future-years defense program.
  - "(D) Other matters as appropriate.
- "(h) COLLECTIVE BARGAINING AGREE-MENTS.—Nothing in subsection (a) may be construed to impair the continued effectiveness of a collective bargaining agreement with respect to an office, component, subcomponent, or equivalent of the Department that is a successor to an office, component, subcomponent, or equivalent of the Department covered by the agreement before the succession.
- "(i) REQUIRED REGULATIONS.—The Secretary, in coordination with the Director of the Office of Personnel Management, shall prescribe regulations for the administration of this section.
  - "(j) Annual Report.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this section and not less frequently than once each year thereafter until the date that is five years after the date of the enactment of this section, the Director of the Office of Personnel Management, in coordination with the Secretary, shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a detailed report on the administration of this section during the most recent one-year period.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—Each report submitted under paragraph (1) shall include, for the period covered by the report, the following:
- '(A) A discussion of the process used in accepting applications, assessing candidates, ensuring adherence to veterans' preference. and selecting applicants for vacancies to be filled by an individual for a qualified position.
  - "(B) A description of the following:
- "(i) How the Secretary plans to fulfill the critical need of the Department to recruit and retain employees in qualified positions.
- "(ii) The measures that will be used to measure progress.
- "(iii) Any actions taken during the reporting period to fulfill such critical need
- "(C) A discussion of how the planning and actions taken under subparagraph (B) are integrated into the strategic workforce planning of the Department.
- "(D) The metrics on actions occurring during the reporting period, including the fol-
- "(i) The number of employees in qualified positions hired, disaggregated by occupation and grade and level or pay band.
- "(ii) The placement of employees in qualified positions, disaggregated by military department, Defense Agency, or other component within the Department.
  - "(iii) The total number of veterans hired.
- "(iv) The number of separations of employees in qualified positions, disaggregated by occupation and grade and level or pay band.
- '(v) The number of retirements of employees in qualified positions, disaggregated by occupation and grade and level or pay band.
- '(vi) The number and amounts of recruitment, relocation, and retention incentives paid to employees in qualified positions. disaggregated by occupation and grade and
- level or pay band.
  "(vii) The number of employees in qualified positions who held an appointment related to cybersecurity at a Federal agency outside of the Department during the threeyear period prior to being appointed under this section.
  - '(k) COMPTROLLER GENERAL ASSESSMENT.—
- "(1) AVAILABILITY OF ANNUAL REPORT.—The Director of the Office of Personnel Management shall make available to the Comptroller General of the United States each report required by subsection (j).
- (2) ASSESSMENT.—The Comptroller General shall-
- (A) assess any differences in recruitment and retention for cyber positions experienced by Federal agencies based on unique hiring and pay authorities for cyber professionals, including with respect to Senior Executive Service positions and Senior Level positions: and
- "(B) not later than five years after the date of the enactment of this section, submit to the appropriate committees of Congress the results of that assessment.
  - "(1) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- "(1) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CON-GRESS.—The term 'appropriate committees of Congress' means-
- '(A) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

- "(B) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
- "(2) Competitive service.—The term 'competitive service' has the meaning given that term in section 2102 of title 5.
- "(3) EXCEPTED SERVICE.—The term 'excepted service' has the meaning given that term in section 2103 of title 5.
- (4) QUALIFIED POSITION.—The term 'qualified position' means a position, designated by the Secretary for the purpose of this section, in which the individual occupying such position performs, manages, or supervises functions that execute the cyber mission of the Department.
- (5) SENIOR EXECUTIVE SERVICE POSITION.-The term 'Senior Executive Service position' has the meaning given that term in section 3132(a) of title 5.3
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of chapter 81 of such title is amended by striking the item relating to section 1599f and inserting the following new item:
- "1599f. Cyber workforce recruitment and retention."

### SEC. 1108. PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS TO REDUCE THE WORKFORCE AT PUB-LIC SHIPYARDS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act may be used to reduce the workforce at public shipyards, including probationary employees.
- (b) EXEMPTION.—The workforce at public shipyards and any other positions at a public shippard not specified in subsection (c) shall be exempt from any workforce reductions related to spending cuts, reprogramming of funds, or the probationary status of employ-
- (c) Workforce at Public Shipyards De-FINED.—In this section, the term "workforce at public shipyards" includes any of the following positions at a public shipyard:
- (1) Welders.
- (2) Pipefitters.
- (3) Shipfitters.
- (4) Radiological technicians and engineers.
- (5) Engineers and engineer technicians.
- (6) Apprentices.
- (7) Positions supporting a workforce development pipeline.
- (8) Positions supporting nuclear maintenance and refueling.
- (9) Mechanics.
- (10) Painters and blasters.
- (11) Positions supporting maintenance and operations of infrastructure.
- (12) Positions supporting implementation of the Shipyard Infrastructure Optimization Program.
- (d) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section may be construed to restrict the authority of the Secretary of Defense to manage the workforce of the Department of Defense under existing procedures in cases of misconduct or poor performance.
  (e) SUNSET.—This section shall cease to be
- effective December 31, 2029.

### TITLE XII-MATTERS RELATING TO FOREIGN NATIONS

### Subtitle A-Assistance and Training SEC. 1201. MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITIES.

- (a) TRAINING WITH FRIENDLY FOREIGN COUNTRIES: PAYMENT OF TRAINING AND EXER-
- CISE EXPENSES. (1) TRAINING AUTHORIZED.—Subsection (a) of section 321 of title 10, United States Code, is amended-
- (A) in paragraph (1), by striking "or other security forces" and inserting ", or other security forces that perform a similar function.
- (B) by striking paragraph (2); and
- (C) by redesignating paragraphs (3) and (4) as paragraphs (2) and (3), respectively.

- (2) AUTHORITY TO PAY TRAINING AND EXER-CISE EXPENSES.—Subsection (b) of such section is amended-
- (A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking "subsection (e)" and inserting "subsection (f)";
- (B) by amending paragraph (1) to read as follows:
- "(1) Expenses of forces assigned or allocated to that command in conjunction with activities conducted under this section.'
- (C) in paragraph (2), by striking "that training" and inserting "such activities";
- (D) in paragraph (3), by striking "training" and inserting "activities"
  - (E) by striking paragraph (4);
- (F) in paragraph (5), by striking "training described in" and all that follows through "paragraph (4)" and inserting "training and exercises under this section": and
- (G) by redesignating paragraph (5) as paragraph (4).
- (3) SEMIANNUAL REPORT.—Subsection (e) of such section is amended to read as follows:
- '(e) Semiannual Report.—Not less frequently than semiannually, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report on training and exercises conducted under this section during the preceding 180-day period.".
  - (4) Conforming amendments -
- (A) SECTION HEADING.—Section 321 of title 10, United States Code, is amended, in the section heading, by inserting "and exercises" after "Training".
- (B) TABLE OF SECTIONS.—The table of sections for subchapter III of chapter 16 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking the item relating to section 321 and inserting the following:
- "321. Training and exercises with friendly foreign countries: payment of training and exercise penses.
- (b) Repeal of Secretary of Defense STRATEGIC COMPETITION INITIATIVE.—Section 1332 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117-81: 135 Stat. 2007: 10 U.S.C. 301 note) is repealed.

### SEC. 1202. MODIFICATION OF PAYMENT OF COSTS FOR REGIONAL CENTERS FOR SECU-RITY STUDIES.

Section 342(f)(3)(A) of title 10, United States Code, is amended, in the first sentence, by striking "from a developing countrv''

### SEC. 1203. MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITY FOR NAVAL SMALL CRAFT INSTRUCTION AND TECHNICAL TRAINING SCHOOL

Section 352 of title 10, United States Code, is amended-(1) in subsection (a), by striking "may"

- and inserting "shall"; and
- (2) in subsection (e), by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- (3) Tuition fees charged for personnel who attend the School may not include any amount for the fixed costs of operating and maintaining the School.".

#### SEC. 1204. PERMANENT EXTENSION OF ACCEPT-ANCE AND EXPENDITURE OF CON-TRIBUTIONS FOR MULTILATERAL COOPERATION PRO-SECURITY GRAMS AND ACTIVITIES.

Section 1208 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159) is amended by striking subsection (i).

### SEC. 1205. BUILDING CAPACITY OF THE ARMED FORCES OF MEXICO TO COUNTER TRANSNATIONAL CRIMINAL ORGANI-ZATIONS.

(a) PLAN.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of State and with the agreement of the Government of Mexico, shall submit

- to the appropriate congressional committees a plan for a pilot program under which the armed forces of Mexico and the United States Armed Forces will train jointly in the United States on tactics, techniques, and procedures for countering the threat posed by transnational criminal organizations, including through—
- (1) operations involving the use of rotarywing aircraft; and
- (2) in consultation with the appropriate civilian government agencies specializing in countering transnational criminal organizations—
  - (A) joint network analysis;
  - (B) counter threat financing;
- (C) counter illicit trafficking (including narcotics, weapons, and human trafficking, and illicit trafficking in natural resources); and
- (D) assessments of key nodes of activity of transnational criminal organizations.
- (b) IMPLEMENTATION.—Not later than 15 days after the date on which the plan required by subsection (a) is submitted under such subsection, the Secretary of Defense shall begin implementing the pilot program described in the plan.
- (c) DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—In this section, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (1) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Foreign Relations, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
- (2) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

## SEC. 1206. CYBERSECURITY COOPERATION WITH THE GOVERNMENT OF PANAMA AND THE PANAMA CANAL AUTHORITY.

- (a) Cybersecurity Integration.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense, using existing authorities of the Secretary, may establish a pilot program in Panama—
- (A) to enhance the cybersecurity capabilities of the Panama Canal Authority and the national security forces of Panama; and
- (B) to increase cybersecurity cooperation measures between the United States and Panama in current and future joint military training exercises.
- (2) Purposes.—The purposes of the cyber-security cooperation under paragraph (1) are—
- (A) to assist in implementing the Cyber Cooperation Arrangement;
- (B) to provide training and technical assistance to, and enhance joint cooperation with, the national security forces of Panama so as to improve mitigation, deterrence, and detection of ransomware attacks on, and vulnerabilities of, critical infrastructure in and around the Panama Canal; and
- (C) to incorporate cybersecurity cooperation measures into current and potential United States-Panama joint military training exercises so as to improve the security of the Panama Canal.
- (3) ACTIVITIES.—Activities of the Department of Defense to further the purposes described in paragraph (2) may include the following:
- (A) Provision of education and training to, and information sharing with, the Panama Canal Authority and the national security forces of Panama.
- (B) Collaboration on cyber incident response best practices with the Panama Canal Authority and the national security forces of Panama.
- (C) Provision of technical assistance to the Panama Canal Authority and the national security forces of Panama to detect and mitigate cybersecurity attacks.

- (D) Development of supply chain security best practices and building a trusted vendor network with the Panama Canal Authority and the national security forces of Panama.
- (E) Engagement with the national security forces of Panama on joint cybersecurity training exercises and other information-sharing and domain awareness activities relating to cybersecurity, including by—
- (i) encouraging the participation of the Government of Panama in existing cybersecurity training facilitated or managed by the Department and approved by the Secretary;
- (ii) incorporating cybersecurity into existing joint training exercises, such as PANAMAX; and
- (iii) conducting an annual joint tabletop cybersecurity exercise.
- (4) REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter through 2030, the Secretary shall—
- (A) submit to the congressional defense committees a report on—
- (i) the implementation of this section and any challenges relating to such implementation:
- (ii) any known cyber threats relating to Panama, such as incidents of ransomware attacks on critical infrastructure in and around the Panama Canal; and
- (iii) actions taken to address and mitigate such threats; and
- (B) provide the congressional defense committees with a briefing on such report.
- (5) PROTECTION OF SENSITIVE INFORMATION.—Any activity carried out under this section shall be conducted in a manner that appropriately protects sensitive information and the national security interests of the United States.
  - (b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE.—The term "critical infrastructure" has the meaning given such term in section 1016(e) of the Critical Infrastructure Protection Act of 2001 (42 U.S.C. 5195c(e)).
- (2) PANAMA CANAL AUTHORITY.—The term "Panama Canal Authority" has the meaning given such term in section 3(d) of the Panama Canal Act of 1979 (22 U.S.C. 3602(d)).
- (3) PANAMAX.—The term "PANAMAX" refers to—
- (A) an annual bilateral and multinational military exercise and training series relating to the security of the Panama Canal carried out in coordination with United States Southern Command and the military or security forces of—
- (i) the governments of countries in Latin America and the Caribbean: and
- (ii) certain European countries; and
- (B) any related exercises conducted in Panama.
- (4) RANSOMWARE ATTACK.—The term "ransomware attack" has the meaning given such term in section 2200 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 650).

### SEC. 1207. STATE PARTNERSHIP PROGRAM SE-LECTION ANALYSIS.

The Secretary of Defense shall make such changes to Department of Defense Instruction 5111.20 (relating to the State Partnership Program) (or a successor instruction) as may be necessary to ensure that, in performing selection analysis for the State Partnership Program under section 341 of title 10, United States Code, the Chief of the National Guard Bureau—

- (1) considers the number of current partnerships assigned to the National Guard of a State; and
- (2) gives preference to States that have only one active assigned country under the program.

## SEC. 1208. MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITY TO BUILD CAPACITY OF FOREIGN SECURITY FORCES.

Section 333 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a), by adding at the end the following new paragraphs:
- "(10) Disaster risk reduction or response operations.
- "(11) Space domain awareness and space operations.
- "(12) Foreign internal defense operations.";
- (2) in subsection (g)(2), by striking "made".

  SEC. 1209. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF
  PILOT PROGRAM TO IMPROVE
  CYBER COOPERATION WITH FOREIGN MILITARY PARTNERS IN
  SOUTHEAST ASIA AND THE PACIFIC
  ISLANDS.

Section 1256 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (10 U.S.C. 333 note) is amended—

- (1) in the section heading, by inserting "AND THE PACIFIC ISLANDS" before the period;
- (2) in subsection (e), by striking "2027" and inserting "2029": and
- (3) in subsection (f)(2), by adding at the end the following:
- "(F) Each member country of the Pacific Islands Forum.".

### Subtitle B—Matters Relating to Syria, Iraq, and Iran

### SEC. 1211. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY FOR REIM-BURSEMENT OF CERTAIN COALI-TION NATIONS FOR SUPPORT PRO-VIDED TO UNITED STATES MILITARY OPERATIONS.

Section 1233 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110–181; 122 Stat. 393) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a), in the matter preceding paragraph (1) by striking "December 31, 2025" and inserting "December 31, 2026,"; and
- (2) in subsection (d)(1), by striking "December 31, 2025" and inserting "December 31, 2026".

# SEC. 1212. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITY TO SUPPORT OPERATIONS AND ACTIVITIES OF THE OFFICE OF SECURITY COOPERATION IN IRAO.

Section 1215 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2012 (10 U.S.C. 113 note) is amended—

- (1) by striking subsection (c);
- (2) in subsection (d), by striking "fiscal year 2025" and inserting "fiscal year 2026"; and
- (3) by redesignating subsections (d) through (h) as subsections (c) through (g), respectively.

# SEC. 1213. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO PROVIDE ASSISTANCE TO VETTED SYRIAN GROUPS AND INDIVIDUALS.

Section 1209 of the Carl Levin and Howard P. "Buck" McKeon National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2015 (Public Law 113–291; 128 Stat. 3541) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a), in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking "December 31, 2025" and inserting "December 31, 2026"; and
- (2) in subsection (1)(3)(E), by striking "December 31, 2025" and inserting "December 31, 2026".

### SEC. 1214. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITY TO PROVIDE ASSIST-ANCE TO COUNTER THE ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA.

Section 1236 of the Carl Levin and Howard P. "Buck" McKeon National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2015 (Public Law 113–291; 128 Stat. 3558) is amended—

(1) in subsection (a), in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking "December 31, 2025" and inserting "December 31, 2026";

- (2) by striking subsection (g);
- (3) by redesignating subsections (h) through (o) as subsections (g) through (n), respectively:
- (4) in subsection (i)(1)(C), as redesignated, by striking "subsection (1)(2)" and inserting "subsection (k)(2)":
- (5) in subsection (k)(2), as redesignated-
- (A) in subparagraph (B)(ii), by striking "subsection (j)(1)(C)" and inserting "subsection (i)(1)(C)"; and
- (B) in subparagraph (C), by striking "subsection (k)" and inserting "subsection (j)"; and
- (6) in subsection (n)(6), as redesignated, by striking "December 31, 2025" and inserting "December 31, 2026".

### SEC. 1215. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITY TO PROVIDE CERTAIN SUPPORT.

Section 1226 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (22 U.S.C. 2151 note) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a)(1)—
- (A) in subparagraph (A), by striking "with Syria and Iraq"; and
- (B) in subparagraph (B), by striking "with Syria";
  - (2) in subsection (c)—
  - (A) by striking paragraph (1); and
- (B) by redesignating paragraphs (2) through (4) as paragraphs (1) through (3), respectively; and
- (3) in subsection (h), by striking "December 31, 2025" and inserting "December 31, 2027".

### SEC. 1216. SECURITY AND OVERSIGHT OF AL-HOL AND ROJ CAMPS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of State and pursuant to authorities available to the Secretary of Defense, shall take appropriate measures to support the defenses of al-Hol and Roj camps and security for detainees within such camps, including through support for vetted foreign partner security forces, so as to prevent escape and radicalization efforts that could contribute to a resurgence of the Islamic State of Iraq and Syria.
- (b) ÅNNUAL REPORT.—Not later than March 31, 2026, and annually thereafter through March 31, 2028, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report that—
- (1) assesses the status of United States Armed Forces operations in northeast Syria related to counterterrorism and security efforts:
- (2) describes the conditions and security of detainees at al-Hol and Roj camps;
- (3) describes support to vetted foreign security partners responsible for the administration and security of al-Hol and Roj camps and surrounding areas;
- (4) assesses the effectiveness of support to vetted foreign security partners in maintaining the stability and security of al-Hol and Roj camps and surrounding areas:
- (5) describes efforts to repatriate detainees from al-Hol and Roj camps to the home countries of such detainees or to third countries;
- (6) describes plans for the long-term security of al-Hol and Roj camps; and
- (7) includes recommendations for further actions to prevent the resurgence of the Islamic State of Iraq and Syria.

### SEC. 1217. LIMITATION ON USE OF FUNDS FOR REDUCTION OR CONSOLIDATION OF UNITED STATES ARMED FORCES BASES IN SYRIA.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Until the date that is 15 days after the date on which the certification described in subsection (b) is submitted to the congressional defense committees, amounts authorized to be appropriated by this Act may not be obligated or expended

to reduce the number of, or consolidate, bases of the United States Armed Forces located in Syria.

- (b) CERTIFICATION DESCRIBED.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The certification described in this subsection is a certification by the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Commander of the United States Central Command that a reduction of the number, or consolidation, of bases of the United States Armed Forces located in Syria resulting in an updated force posture or basing locations would continue to sufficiently meet objectives consistent with the purposes outlined in section 1209(a) of the Carl Levin and Howard P. "Buck" McKeon National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2015 (Public Law 113–291; 128 Stat. 354).
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The certification described in this subsection shall include the following:
- (A) A description of the current posture of United States Armed Forces in Syria and levels of engagement by the United States Armed Forces with Syrian groups and individuals.
- (B) A description of the planned posture of the United States Armed Forces in Syria and projected levels of engagement by such forces with Syrian groups and individuals that would result from such a reduction or consolidation.
- (C) An assessment of any gaps that the planned posture of United States Armed Forces as a result of such a reduction or consolidation would generate, including in assistance, training, or enabling authorized for Syrian groups and individuals.
- (D) A description of mitigation measures being taken to address any identified gaps in assistance, training, or enabling for Syrian groups.
- (E) A plan to balance consolidation with an offshore presence to sustain counterterrorism operations.

# SEC. 1218. LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR THE OFFICE OF SECURITY COOPERATION IN IRAQ.

- (a) LIMITATION ON OBLIGATION OF FUNDS.—Not more than 50 percent of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2026 for the Office of Security Cooperation in Iraq may be obligated or expended until the date on which the Secretary of Defense submits to the congressional defense committees a certification that the Government of Iraq has taken credible steps—
- (1) to reduce the operational capacity of Iran-aligned militia groups not integrated into the Iraqi Security Forces through a publicly verifiable disarmament, demobilization, and reintegration process;
- (2) to strengthen the authority and operational control of the Prime Minister of Iraq as Commander-in-Chief over the Iraqi Security Forces; and
- (3) to investigate and hold accountable members of militias or members of security forces operating outside the formal chain of command of the Iraqi Security Forces who engage in attacks on United States or Iraqi personnel or otherwise act in an illegal or destabilizing manner.
- (b) WAIVER.—The Secretary of Defense may waive the limitation in subsection (a) for a period of not more than 180 days if the Secretary determines that such waiver is in the national security interest of the United States. Any such waiver shall be submitted in writing to the congressional defense committees not later than 15 days after issuance, along with a justification and a description of the steps being taken to achieve the objectives described in subsection (a).

### Subtitle C—Matters Relating to Europe and the Russian Federation

# SEC. 1221. EXTENSION OF PROHIBITION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS RELATING TO SOVEREIGNTY OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION OVER INTERNATIONALLY RECOGNIZED TERRITORY OF UKRAINE.

Section 1245(a) of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 136 Stat. 2847) is amended by striking "or 2025" and inserting "2025, or 2026".

### SEC. 1222. EXTENSION OF ANNUAL REPORT ON MILITARY AND SECURITY DEVELOP-MENTS INVOLVING THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION.

Section 1234(g) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283; 134 Stat. 3938) is amended by striking "January 31, 2026" and inserting "January 31, 2031".

# SEC. 1223. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF UKRAINE SECURITY ASSISTANCE INITIATIVE.

Section 1250 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114–92; 129 Stat. 1068) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (c)-
- (A) by redesignating paragraph (6) as paragraph (5); and
- (B) by adding at the end the following new paragraphs (6) and (7):
- "(6) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR PROGRAMS ACROSS FISCAL YEARS.—Amounts available in a fiscal year to carry out the authority in subsection (a) may be used for programs under that authority that begin in such fiscal year and end not later than the end of the second fiscal year thereafter.
- "(7) AUTHORITY FOR INTERCHANGE OF SUP-PLIES AND SERVICES.—The limitation in subsection (b)(2) of section 2571 of title 10, United States Code, shall not apply with respect to reimbursable support for the purpose of providing assistance under this section.":
- (2) in subsection (f), by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(11) For fiscal year 2026, \$500,000,000."; and (3) in subsection (h), by striking "December 31, 2026" and inserting "December 31, 2028".

### SEC. 1224. WEAPONS DEPOT MAINTENANCE STRA-TEGIC PLAN FOR UKRAINE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall seek to partner with the Minister of Defense of Ukraine to develop a weapons depot maintenance strategic plan for Ukraine that includes, at a minimum—
- (1) an outline of the planning and management processes necessary to establish for Ukraine a robust weapons depot maintenance capability, including the steps necessary to achieve such capability;
- (2) a detailed plan for restoring the readiness of the military forces of Ukraine by repairing, replacing, or divesting the substantial quantities and wide variety of weapons systems and equipment that have been donated or procured to sustain the military operations of Ukraine; and
- (3) the estimated resources, manpower, and timeline required to fully implement the strategic plan.
- (b) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a detailed report on the strategic plan developed under subsection (a) that includes each element described in paragraphs (1) through (3) of that subsection.

### SEC. 1225. OVERSIGHT OF UNITED STATES MILITARY POSTURE IN EUROPE.

- (a) PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS.—Until the date that is 90 days after the date on which the certification described in subsection (b) and the assessment described in subsection (c) are submitted to the congressional defense committees, amounts authorized to be appropriated by this Act may not be obligated or expended—
- (1) to reduce the total number of members of the Armed Forces permanently stationed in or deployed to the area of responsibility of the United States European Command below 76.000:
- (2) to divest, consolidate, or otherwise return to a host country any site on the real property inventory of the United States European Command as of June 1, 2025;
- (3) to divest, redeploy, withdraw, or otherwise permanently move out of the area of responsibility of the United States European Command any Department of Defense equipment or physical property positioned in such area of responsibility as of June 1, 2025, with an initial purchase value of more than \$500,000; or
- (4) to relinquish the role of the Commander of the United States European Command as North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) Supreme Allied Commander Europe.
- (b) Certification Described.—The certification described in this subsection is a certification by the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Commander of the United States European Command, the Secretary of State, and the Director of National Intelligence, to the congressional defense committees that, as applicable, a reduction of the total number of members of the Armed Forces permanently stationed in or deployed to the area of responsibility of the United States European Command below 76,000, the divestment, consolidation, or return to a host country of any site on the real property inventory of the United States European Command as of June 1, 2025, the divestment, redeployment, withdrawal, or otherwise permanent moving of equipment or property described in subsection (a)(3), or the relinguishment of the role of the Commander of the United States European Command as NATO Supreme Allied Commander Europe-
- (1) is in the national security interest of the United States; and
- (2) is being undertaken only after appropriate consultations with all North Atlantic Treaty Organization allies and relevant non-NATO partners.
- (c) Assessment Described.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—An assessment described in this subsection is the following:
- (A) In the case of a reduction of the total number of members of the Armed Forces permanently stationed in or deployed to the area of responsibility of the United States European Command below 76,000, the divestment, consolidation, or return to a host country of any site on the real property inventory of the United States European Command, or the divestment, redeployment, withdrawal or otherwise permanent moving of equipment or property described in subsection (a)(3)—
- (i) an analysis of the impact of such an action on—
- (I) the security of the United States;
- (II) the security of North Atlantic Treaty Organization allies and the strength and security of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization as a whole; and
- (III) the ability of the United States to meet national North Atlantic Treaty Organization capability targets, regional and theater campaign plans, and other warfighting requirements, as determined by the Commander of the United States European Command and the NATO Supreme Allied Commander Europe;

- (ii) an assessment of the threat posed by the Russian Federation to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization in the near term, medium term, and long term;
- (iii) an analysis of the impact of such an action on the ability of the Armed Forces to execute contingency plans of the Department of Defense, including in support of operations and crisis response in the areas of responsibility of the United States Central Command and the United States Africa Command;
- (iv) a detailed analysis of the costs for relocation of personnel, equipment, and associated infrastructure:
- (v) an analysis of the impact of such an action on military training and major military exercises, including on interoperability and joint activities with North Atlantic Treaty Organization allies and partners;
- (vi) a description of consultations with each North Atlantic Treaty Organization ally and all relevant non-NATO partners;
- (vii) an assessment of the impact of such an action on the credibility of United States extended deterrence commitments to North Atlantic Treaty Organization allies, and the potential for nuclear proliferation in the European theater:
- (viii) an assessment of the impact of such an action on transatlantic cooperation to deter potential threats from the People's Republic of China: and
- (ix) an independent risk assessment by the Commander of the United States European Command and the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff of—
- (I) the impact of such a reduction or divestment, consolidation, or return on the security of the United States;
- (II) the ability of the Armed Forces to provide forward defense of the United States;
- (III) the ability of the Armed Forces to execute contingency plans of the Department of Defense, including in support of operations outside the area of responsibility of the United States European Command: and
- (IV) the impact of such a reduction or divestment, consolidation, or return on military training and major military exercises, including on interoperability and joint activities with North Atlantic Treaty Organization allies and partners.
- (B) In the case of the relinquishment of the role of the Commander of the United States European Command as the NATO Supreme Allied Commander Europe—
- (i) a classified explanation of the role of United States nuclear weapons in supporting North Atlantic Treaty Organization operations and activities after having relinquished such role, including changes to command and control relationships and adjustments to United States nuclear posture;
- (ii) a description of consultations with all North Atlantic Treaty Organization allies and relevant non-NATO partners, including through the Nuclear Planning Group of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization;
- (iii) an assessment of the impact of the withdrawal of a United States official as the NATO Supreme Allied Commander Europe on—
- (I) the effectiveness of North Atlantic Treaty Organization nuclear deterrence; and (II) the potential for nuclear proliferation
- (II) the potential for nuclear proliferation in Europe;
- (iv) an independent risk assessment by the Commander of the United States European Command and the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff of—
- (I) the nuclear capabilities of North Atlantic Treaty Organization allies; and
- (II) the potential for nuclear proliferation in Europe: and
- (v) an independent assessment by the Commander of the United States Strategic Command of—

- (I) the capability and capacity of nucleararmed North Atlantic Treaty Organization allies to effectively deter and, if necessary, defeat likely adversaries in the nuclear domain absent a United States commander serving in the role of Supreme Allied Commander Europe:
- (II) changes to be made to existing United States contingency plans if other North Atlantic Treaty Organization member countries with nuclear capabilities were to provide extended nuclear deterrence to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization; and
- (III) the impact of such provision of extended nuclear deterrence on United States nuclear posture and deterrence planning requirements.
- (2) SUBMISSION OF INDEPENDENT ASSESS-MENTS.—Any independent assessment required under paragraph (1) shall be submitted to the congressional defense committees without modification or alteration.
  - (d) FORM.-
- (1) CERTIFICATION.—A certification described in subsection (b) shall be submitted in unclassified form.
- (2) ASSESSMENT.—An assessment described in subsection (c) shall be submitted in unclassified form but may include a classified annex

# SEC. 1226. ACCEPTANCE BACK INTO STOCK OF EQUIPMENT PROCURED UNDER UKRAINE SECURITY ASSISTANCE INITIATIVE.

Section 1250 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114-92; 129 Stat. 1068) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

- "(k) ACCEPTING EQUIPMENT BACK INTO STOCK.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Equipment procured to carry out this authority pursuant to subsection (a) may only be treated as stocks of the Department of Defense if—
- "(A) the equipment procured has not yet been transferred to the Government of Ukraine and is no longer needed to support a program carried out pursuant to such subsection; or
- "(B) the equipment procured has been transferred to the Government of Ukraine and is returned by Ukraine to the United States.
- "(2) NOTIFICATION.—The Secretary may not transfer back into stock equipment described in paragraph (1) until the date that is 15 days after the date on which the Secretary submits a notification to Congress describing how the conditions of such paragraph were met.".

## SEC. 1227. STATEMENT OF POLICY RELATING TO UKRAINE SECURITY ASSISTANCE INITIATIVE.

Section 1250 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114-92; 129 Stat. 1068), as amended by this Act, is further amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

- "(1) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—It is the policy of the United States—
- ``(A) to assist Ukraine in maintaining a credible defense and deterrence capability;
- "(B) to bolster defense and security cooperation with Ukraine as a means of building a future force of Ukraine that is capable of defending Ukraine today and deterring future aggression; and
- "(C) to advance continued reform of the democratic, economic, defense, and security institutions of Ukraine in order to advance the Euro-Atlantic integration and modernization of Ukraine.
- "(2) CREDIBLE DEFENSE AND DETERRENCE CA-PABILITY DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term 'credible defense and deterrence capability' means the ability to defend against and deter any credible conventional military

threat from the Russian Federation acting unilaterally or in concert with partners, through the use of conventional military means, possessed in sufficient quantity, including weapons platforms and munitions, command, control, communication, intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance capabilities.".

### SEC. 1228. INTELLIGENCE SUPPORT FOR UKRAINE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall provide intelligence support, including information, intelligence, and imagery collection authorized under title 10, United States Code, to the Government of Ukraine for the purpose of supporting military operations of the Government of Ukraine that are specifically intended or reasonably expected to defend and retake the territory of Ukraine.
- (b) TERRITORY OF UKRAINE DEFINED.—In this section, the term "territory of Ukraine" includes all territory internationally recognized to be the sovereign territory of Ukraine, including Crimea and the territory the Russian Federation claims to have annexed in Kherson Oblast, Zaporizhzia Oblast, Donetsk Oblast, and Luhansk Oblast.

### SEC. 1229. INTERNATIONAL SECURITY COOPERA-TION PROGRAM FUNDING FOR UNITED STATES EUROPEAN COM-MAND.

Not less than 15 percent of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act for the International Security Cooperation Program shall be available for use by the United States European Command.

# SEC. 1230. PROMOTION OF THE JOINT UKRAINIAN MULTINATIONAL PROGRAM—SERVICES, TRAINING AND ARTICLES RAPID TIMELINE (JUMPSTART).

- (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that the Department of Defense should leverage existing programs and authorities, including JUMPSTART, to employ resources from European partners via multination co-financing to support and expedite the delivery of weapons, training, and logistics to Ukraine.
  - (b) Report.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than January 1, 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report that includes—
- (A) an assessment of opportunities for leveraging JUMPSTART to deliver critical technologies to Ukraine, including technologies that also meet United States operational requirements;
- (B) a summary of Department efforts to accelerate the rapid delivery of articles, training, and logistics through FMS;
- (C) a description of any efficiencies that have been achieved by pooling financial resources from partners and allies;
- (D) a description of opportunities for employing pooled partner and ally resources to deliver United States systems in support of Europe's security needs;
- (E) proposed legislative or regulatory changes necessary to enhance the effectiveness of JUMPSTART; and
- (F) other topics as determined by the Secretary.
- (2) FORM.—The report required under paragraph (1) shall be in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex as necessary.

# SEC. 1230A. MODIFICATION OF UNITED STATES BASING AND TRAINING, AND EXERCISES IN NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION MEMBER COUNTRIES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1250 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 464; 10 U.S.C. 113 note) is amended to read as follows:

#### "SEC. 1250. UNITED STATES BASING AND TRAIN-ING IN NORTH ATLANTIC TREATY ORGANIZATION MEMBER COUN-TRIES.

"In considering decisions related to United States military basing and training in North Atlantic Treaty Organization member countries, the Secretary of Defense shall include among the factors for consideration whether the country concerned has submitted its annual plan to meet, and has made progress toward, the goal agreed to in the Hague Summit Declaration of June 25, 2025, to invest not less than 5 percent of gross domestic product annually in defense by 2035, of which—

- "(1) not less than 3.5 percent is dedicated to core defense requirements and North Atlantic Treaty Organization capability targets; and
- "(2) not less than 1.5 percent is dedicated to other defense and security related investments.".
  - (b) Conforming Amendments.—
- (1) The table of contents for the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31; 137 Stat. 136) is amended by striking the item relating to section 1250 and inserting the following:
- "Sec. 1250. United States basing and training in North Atlantic Treaty
  Organization member countries.".
- (2) The table of contents at the beginning of title XII of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 435) is amended by striking the item relating to section 1250 and inserting the following:

"Sec. 1250. United States basing and training in North Atlantic Treaty
Organization member countries.".

### Subtitle D—Matters Relating to the Indo-Pacific Region

### SEC. 1231. EXTENSION OF PACIFIC DETERRENCE INITIATIVE.

- (a) FUNDING.—Subsection (c) of section 1251 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (10 U.S.C. 113 note) is amended—
- (1) by striking "the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025" and inserting "the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026"; and
- (2) by striking "fiscal year 2025" and inserting "fiscal year 2026".
- (b) REPORTS AND BRIEFINGS.—Subsection (d) of such section is amended—
- (1) in paragraph (1)(A), in the matter preceding clause (i), by striking "fiscal years 2026 and 2027" and inserting "fiscal years 2027 and 2028"; and
- (2) in paragraph (2), by striking "fiscal years 2025 and 2026" each place it appears and inserting "fiscal years 2027 and 2028".
- (c) EXTENSION OF PLAN.—Subsection (e) of such section is amended, in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking "fiscal years 2026 and 2027" and inserting "fiscal years 2027 and 2028".

## SEC. 1232. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO TRANSFER FUNDS FOR BIEN HOA DIOXIN CLEANUP.

Section 1253(b) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283; 134 Stat. 3955) is amended by striking "fiscal year 2025" and inserting "fiscal year 2026".

### SEC. 1233. OVERSIGHT OF UNITED STATES MILI-TARY POSTURE ON THE KOREAN PE-NINSULA.

(a) Prohibition on USE of Funds.— Amounts authorized to be appropriated by this Act may not be obligated or expended to reduce the total number of members of the Armed Forces permanently stationed in or deployed to the Republic of Korea below 28,500, or to complete the transition of wartime operational control of the United States-Republic of Korea Combined Forces Command from United States-led command to Republic of Korea-led command, until the date that is 90 days after the date on which the certification described in subsection (b) and the applicable assessment described in subsection (c) are submitted to the appropriate committees of Congress.

- (b) CERTIFICATION DESCRIBED.—The certification described in this subsection is a certification by the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Commander of the United States Forces Korea, the Commander of the United States Indo-Pacific Command, the Secretary of State, and the Director of National Intelligence, to the appropriate committees of Congress that, as applicable, a reduction in the total number of members of the Armed Forces permanently stationed in or deployed to the Republic of Korea below 28,500 or the completion of the transition of wartime operational control of the United States-Republic of Korea Combined Forces Command from United States-led command to Republic of Korea-led command-
- (1) is in the national security interest of the United States; and
- (2) is being undertaken only after appropriate consultations with allies of the United States, including the Republic of Korea, Japan, and any country that has sent military contributions to the United Nations Command.
- (c) ASSESSMENT DESCRIBED.—An assessment described in this subsection is the following:
- (1) In the case of a reduction in the total number of members of the Armed Forces permanently stationed in or deployed to the Republic of Korea below 28,500, an assessment by the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Commander of the United States Forces Korea, the Commander of the United States Indo-Pacific Command, the Secretary of State, and the Director of National Intelligence that includes—
- (A) an analysis of the impact of such a reduction on—
- (i) the security of the United States;
- (ii) the security of the Republic of Korea and Japan;
- (iii) United States deterrence; and
- $(\mathrm{iv})$  the defense posture of the United States Indo-Pacific Command;
- (B) an analysis of the impact of such a reduction on the ability of the Armed Forces to execute contingency plans of the Department of Defense, including in support of operations beyond the Korean Peninsula;
- (C) an analysis of the additional costs for relocation of personnel, equipment, and associated infrastructure;
- (D) an analysis of the impact of such a reduction on military training and major military exercises, including on interoperability and joint activities with the Republic of Korea and Japan;
- (E) a description of consultations with the Republic of Korea, Japan, and countries that have sent military contributions to the United Nations Command;
- (F) an assessment of the impact of such a reduction on the credibility of United States extended deterrence commitments to the Republic of Korea and Japan, and the potential for nuclear proliferation in the Indo-Pacific region; and
- (G) an independent risk assessment by the Commander of the United States Forces Korea, the Commander of the United States Indo-Pacific Command, and the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff of—
- (i) the impact of such a reduction on the security of the United States;

- (ii) the ability of the Armed Forces to execute contingency plans of the Department of Defense, including in support of operations beyond the Korean Peninsula; and
- (iii) the impact of such a reduction on military training and major military exercises, including on interoperability and joint activities with the Republic of Korea and Japan.
- (2) In the case of the completion of the transition of wartime operational control of the United States-Republic of Korea Combined Forces Command from United Statesled command to Republic of Korea-led command, an assessment by the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Commander of the United States Forces Korea, the Commander of the United States Indo-Pacific Command, the Secretary of State, and the Director of National Intelligence that includes—
- (A) a description and characterization of the achievement of the Republic of Korea of the three required conditions set forth in the bilaterally approved conditions-based Operational Control Transition Plan;
- (B) a detailed description of the manner in which a Republic of Korea-led Combined Forces Command will report to national command authorities in the United States and the Republic of Korea;
- (C) a detailed description of the planned command relationship between a Republic of Korea-led Combined Forces Command and the United States-led United Nations Command:
- (D) a description of consultations with countries that have sent military contributions to the United Nations Command;
- (E) a description of the United States-Republic of Korea wartime operational control consultations with Japan, and an assessment of approaches for deconflicting military operations across the United States-Republic of Korea and the United States-Japan alliances;
- (F) an assessment of the impact of the transition of wartime operational control on the potential for nuclear proliferation in the Indo-Pacific region; and
- (G) an independent risk assessment by the Commander of the United States Forces Korea, the Commander of the United States Indo-Pacific Command, and the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff of—
- (i) the ability of the Republic of Korea to meet the conditions for the transition of wartime operational control from United States-led command to Republic of Korea-led command; and
- (ii) the impact of such transition on the potential for nuclear proliferation in the Indo-Pacific region.
- (d) FORM.-
- (1) CERTIFICATION.—A certification described in subsection (b) shall be submitted in unclassified form.
- (2) ASSESSMENT.—An assessment described in subsection (c) shall be submitted in unclassified form but may include a classified annex.
- (e) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DEFINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (1) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Appropriations, and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate;
- (2) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Appropriations, and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives.

#### SEC. 1234. LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR TRAVEL EXPENSES OF THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE.

Of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for

- fiscal year 2026 for operation and maintenance, Defense-wide, and available for the Office of the Secretary of Defense for travel expenses, not more than 75 percent may be obligated or expended until the Secretary of Defense submits—
- (1) the multi-year plan to fulfill the defensive requirements of the military forces of Taiwan, also known as the "Taiwan Security Assistance Roadmap", required by section 5506 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (22 U.S.C. 3355):
- (2) the independent study of the organizational structure and force posture of the United States Armed Forces in the area of responsibility of the United States Indo-Pacific Command required by section 1319 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31; 137 Stat. 500):
- (3) the plan to reconstitute United States Forces Japan as a joint force headquarters required by section 1343 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118–159);
- (4) the plan for Department of Defense activities to strengthen United States extended deterrence commitments to the Republic of Korea required by section 1344 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118–159);
- (5) the plan to advance trilateral defense cooperation among the United States, Japan, and the Republic of Korea required by section 1345 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118–159):
- (6) the report on Department of Defense activities that would be necessary to support the potential establishment of a regional contingency stockpile for Taiwan required by the Joint Explanatory Statement accompanying the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118–159); and
- (7) the report on the adequacy of the logistics network in the Indo-Pacific region for supporting the operational and contingency plans of the United States Indo-Pacific Command required by the Joint Explanatory Statement accompanying the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159).

### SEC. 1235. BOLSTERING INDUSTRIAL RESILIENCE WITH ALLIES IN INDO-PACIFIC RE-GION.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of State, shall establish and maintain a security cooperation initiative (referred to in this section as the "Partnership") to strengthen cooperation among the defense industrial bases of the United States and allied and partner countries in the Indo-Pacific region.
- (1) To enable the production and supply of the material necessary for equipping the Armed Forces of the United States and the military forces of allied and partner countries to achieve—
- (A) the objectives set forth in the most recent national security strategy report submitted to Congress by the President pursuant to section 108 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3043):
- (B) the policy guidance of the Secretary of Defense provided pursuant to section 113(g) of title 10, United States Code; and
- (C) the future-years defense program submitted to Congress by the Secretary of De-

- fense pursuant to section 221 of title 10, United States Code.
- (2) To strengthen the collective defense industrial base by expanding industrial base capability, capacity, and workforce, including with respect to enhanced supply chain security, interoperability, and resilience among participating countries.
- (3) To identify and mitigate industrial base vulnerabilities across partner countries.
- (4) To advance research and development activities to provide the Armed Forces of the United States and the military forces of allied and partner countries with systems capable of ensuring technological superiority over potential adversaries.
- (5) To promote co-development, co-production, and procurement collaboration in key defense sectors.
- (6) To promote defense innovation, improve information sharing, encourage standardization, reduce barriers to cooperation, and otherwise mitigate potential vulnerabilities and facilitate collaboration
- (7) Any other matter the Secretary of Defense considers appropriate.
  - (c) DESIGNATION OF SENIOR OFFICIAL.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall designate a senior civilian official of the Department of Defense at the Assistant Secretary level or above to lead relevant efforts of the Partnership, as determined by the Secretary.
- (2) NOTIFICATION.—Not later than 30 days after the date on which the Secretary of Defense makes or changes a designation under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a notification of such designation or change.
- (d) Participation.—The Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of State, shall establish a process to determine which allies and partners of the United States (including Australia, Japan, the Republic of Korea, India, the Philippines, and New Zealand) shall be invited to participate as member countries of the Partnership.
- (e) AUTHORITIES.—To carry out this section, the Secretary of Defense may do the following:
- (1) Enter into agreements and memoranda of understanding with appropriate counterparts from participating countries.
- (2) Establish working groups and technical exchanges.
- (3) Provide technical assistance and capacity-building support to partner countries using authorities available to the Secretary under title 10, United States Code.
- (4) Use funds authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Defense for international cooperation programs, industrial base resilience, or other relevant purposes.
- (5) Engage with industry, capital providers, academia, and any other stakeholders necessary to advance the objectives described in subsection (b).
  - (f) REPORT AND BRIEFING.—
  - (1) Report.
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than March 1, 2027, and annually thereafter through 2031, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the status and progress of the Partnership.
- (B) ELEMENTS.—Each report required by subparagraph (A) shall include the following:
- (i) An assessment of shared industrial base vulnerabilities.
- (ii) An overview of efforts among participating countries to enhance supply chain integrity and resilience.
- (iii) A description of any joint defense production or co-development initiative, including any such initiative involving sensitive or classified technologies.

- (iv) An articulation of priority initiatives for the upcoming fiscal year.
- (v) Recommendations for legislative, regulatory, policy, or resourcing changes to achieve the objectives described in subsection (b).
- (vi) Any other matter the Secretary of Defense considers appropriate.
- (2) BRIEFING.—Not later than December 1, 2026, and annually thereafter through 2030, the Secretary of Defense shall provide the congressional defense committees with a briefing on the progress made toward achieving the objectives described in subsection (b).
- (g) TERMINATION.—The authority under this section shall terminate on December 31, 2030

### SEC. 1236. MODIFICATION OF TAIWAN SECURITY COOPERATION INITIATIVE.

Section 1323(b) of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118–159) is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (1)—
- (A) by redesignating subparagraph (V) as subparagraph (W);
- (B) by inserting after subparagraph (U) the following new subparagraph (V):
- "(V) Medical equipment, supplies, and related combat casualty care capabilities."; and
- (C) in subparagraph (W), as redesignated, by striking "(U)" and inserting "(V)"; and
- (2) in paragraph (2)—
- (A) by redesignating subparagraph (J) as subparagraph (K);
- (B) by inserting after subparagraph (I) the following new subparagraph (J):
- "(J) Medical equipment, supplies, and related combat casualty care capabilities."; and
- (C) in subparagraph (K), as redesignated, by striking "(I)" and inserting "(J)".

### SEC. 1237. JOINT PROGRAM WITH TAIWAN TO EN-ABLE FIELDING OF UNCREWED SYS-TEMS AND COUNTER-UNCREWED SYSTEMS CAPABILITIES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than March 1, 2026, the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of State, shall seek to engage with appropriate officials of Taiwan in a joint program for the purpose of enabling the fielding of uncrewed systems and counter-uncrewed systems capabilities, including co-development and co-production of such capabilities, for the Armed Forces of the United States and the military forces of Taiwan, consistent with the Taiwan Relations Act (22 U.S.C. 3301 et seq.).
- (b) USE OF AUTHORITIES.—In carrying out a joint program under subsection (a), the Secretary of Defense may use the authorities under title 10, United States Code, and other applicable statutory authorities available to the Secretary.
  - (c) Report.
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter through 2029, the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of State, shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report on the joint program under subsection (a).
- (2) ELEMENTS.—Each report required by paragraph (1) shall include, for the period covered by the report, the following:
- (A) A summary of engagements under subsection (a).
- (B) A description of activities undertaken by the Secretary of Defense and appropriate officials of Taiwan to enable the fielding of uncrewed systems and counter-uncrewed systems capabilities described in subsection (a).
- (C) A description of progress made in finalizing defense trade foundational agreements between the United States and Taiwan, including—

- (i) a memorandum of understanding on reciprocal defense procurement;
  - (ii) a security of supply agreement;
- (iii) an acquisition and cross-servicing agreement;
- (iv) a general security of military information agreement; and
  - (v) a cyber maturity model certification.
- (D) An identification of the additional resources or authorities necessary to enable the fielding of uncrewed systems and counter-uncrewed systems capabilities described in subsection (a).
- (E) Any other matter the Secretary of Defense considers appropriate.
- (d) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DEFINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (1) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Appropriations, and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate; and
- (2) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Appropriations, and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives.

### SEC. 1238. REPORT ON CRITICAL DIGITAL INFRA-STRUCTURE OF TAIWAN.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report that—
- (1) analyzes the critical digital infrastructure of Taiwan in the event of a military invasion or blockade by the People's Republic of China: and
- (2) identifies potential Department of Defense actions that could help enable the protection of such infrastructure, consistent with the Taiwan Relations Act (Public Law 96-8: 93 Stat. 14).
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The report required by subsection (a) shall include, at a minimum, the following:
- (1) A description of threats to the critical digital infrastructure of Taiwan in the event of a military invasion or blockade by the People's Republic of China.
- (2) A description of the critical digital infrastructure capabilities of Taiwan, including—
- (A) the type and amount of physical hardware available to support the transfer of large quantities of electronic data from Taiwan to a cloud-based system or a geographic location outside Taiwan; and
- (B) the availability of resilient satellite communications from low-Earth orbit constellations and any other necessary activity relating to such a transfer.
- (3) An identification of potential Department of Defense actions that could help enable the protection of the critical digital infrastructure of Taiwan in the event of a contingency, including—
- (A) the pre-positioning of digital hardware capabilities; and
- (B) acquisition of cloud-based services and radio frequency satellite communications.
- (4) Recommendations for any resources or authorities required to support the Department of Defense actions identified under paragraph (3).
- (5) Any other matter the Secretary considers appropriate.
- (c) CONSIDERATIONS.—The report required by subsection (a) shall take into account, at a minimum, the following:
- (1) Lessons learned from ongoing conflicts, especially the war in Ukraine.
- (2) The risks associated with making assumptions about the availability of commercial vendors in the event of a military invasion or blockade of Taiwan by the People's Republic of China.

- (d) FORM.—The report required by subsection (a) shall be submitted in classified form
- (e) COLLABORATION.—To support the development of the report required by subsection (a), the Secretary is encouraged to seek input from the following:
- (1) Civilian executives from commercial technology companies that provided support to Ukraine in its fight against the Russian Federation's war of aggression.
- (2) Any other individual or agency of the Federal Government the Secretary considers appropriate.
- (f) BRIEFING.—Not later than 30 days after the date on which the Secretary submits the report required by subsection (a), the Secretary shall provide the congressional defense committees with a briefing on the contents of the report.

#### SEC. 1239. REPORT ON JAPANESE COUNTER-STRIKE CAPABILITIES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of State, shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report outlining Department of Defense efforts to support Japan in the fielding of an operational counterstrike capability.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The report required by subsection (a) shall include, at a minimum, the following:
- (1) A description of the activities and objectives of the United States-Japan Roles, Missions, and Capabilities Working Group with respect to the fielding of an operational counterstrike capability by Japan.
- (2) A description of the operations, activities, and investments the Department is undertaking in collaboration with the Government of Japan, including—
- (A) a description of progress made by the United States and Japan in developing and deploying counterstrike capabilities, including in and across the First Island Chain:
- (B) a description of the counterstrike capabilities of Japan and a characterization of the potential for enhancement of such capabilities; and
- (C) a description of the impediments to fielding a strengthened alliance strike posture, including—
- (i) domestic legal constraints;
- (ii) regulatory restrictions, including technology and foreign disclosure constraints;
- (iii) industrial base-driven capacity limitations; and
- (iv) political impediments;
- (D) an articulation of the planning assumptions underpinning the assigned and anticipated roles, missions, and capabilities of the respective counterstrike capabilities of the United States and Japan:
- (E) a description of the manner in which the United States and Japan will coordinate and deconflict counterstrike operations; and
- (F) an assessment of potential alliance posture changes that would support an enhanced alliance counterstrike capability, including in the First Island Chain.
- (3) A description of the command and control mechanisms and information-sharing requirements needed to enable coordination and deconfliction of allied counterstrike operations, including—
- (A) the adoption of enhanced security protocols to ensure secure networks;
- (B) the technical means needed to facilitate integrated planning for counterstrike operations; and
- (C) the sharing of targeting information.
- (4) An identification of challenges to the implementation of the operations, activities, and investments described in paragraph (2), and any recommended legislative changes,

resourcing requirements, bilateral agreements, or other measures that would facilitate the implementation of such operations, activities, and investments.

(c) FORM.—The report required by subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form but may include a classified annex.

### SEC. 1240. REPORT ON ENHANCED SECURITY CO-OPERATION WITH THE PHILIPPINES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than June 1, 2026, and annually thereafter through 2031, the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of State, shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report on enhancing United States security cooperation with the Philippines.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—Each report required by subsection (a) shall include, at a minimum, the following:
- (1) An assessment of progress with respect to the implementation of the United States-Philippines Bilateral Defense Guidelines.
- (2) An organizational chart and overview of the functions of the alliance management bodies that report to the United States-Philippines Mutual Defense Board and Security Engagement Board.
- (3) A summary of the activities and outcomes of the Roles, Missions, and Capabilities Working Group.
- (4) An assessment of progress with respect to the bilateral Philippines—Security Sector Assistance Roadmap initiative, including a description of joint capability areas under such initiative.
- (5) A projected resourcing plan for the Philippines—Security Sector Assistance Roadmap initiative that includes the projected use of national funds of the Philippines, Foreign Military Sales, Foreign Military Financing, and Department of Defense International Security Cooperation Program account funds.
- (6) A description of the activities and investments the Department will implement during the five-year period beginning on the date on which the report is submitted for—
- (A) increased bilateral training, exercises, combined patrols, and other activities between the United States Armed Forces and the military forces of the Philippines;
- (B) enhancing multilateral security cooperation and capacity-building efforts among the Philippines, Japan, Australia, and other foreign partners; and
- (C) improving information-sharing mechanisms and processes, including by adoption of enhanced security protocols, under the General Security of Military Information Agreement between the United States and the Philippines, signed at Manila November 18, 2024.
- (7) A plan for improving the infrastructure at sites designated under the Agreement on Enhanced Defense Cooperation, signed at Quezon City April 28, 2014 (TIAS 14-625), including, for each such site—
- (A) an identification of priority facility investments at the site across the future-years defense program;
- (B) a timeline for completing area development plans for the site; and
- (C) an articulation of non-Department investments necessary to enable effective use of the site.
- (8) An articulation of requirements for prepositioning of equipment and supplies in support of humanitarian assistance, disaster relief, and other bilateral activities.
- (9) A description of the current organization of the Joint United States Military Assistance Group—Philippines, and an analysis of the feasibility and advisability of modifying United States command structures in the Philippines to more effectively—
- (A) coordinate United States military activities and operations; and

- (B) facilitate integrated planning and implementation of combined activities.
- (10) An identification of challenges to the implementation of the activities and investments described in paragraphs (1) through (9), and any recommended legislative changes, resourcing requirements, bilateral agreements, or other measures that would facilitate the implementation of such activities and investments.
- (c) FORM.—Each report required by subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form but may include a classified annex
- (d) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DEFINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (1) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate: and
- (2) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives.

#### SEC. 1241. MODIFICATION TO ANNUAL REPORT ON MILITARY AND SECURITY DEVEL-OPMENTS INVOLVING THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.

Section 1202(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2000 (Public Law 106-65; 10 U.S.C. 113 note) is amended—

- (1) by redesignating paragraph (5) as paragraph (6); and
- (2) by inserting after paragraph (4) the following new paragraph (5):
- "(5) The military and security strategy of the People's Republic of China on the Tibetan Plateau, including with respect to risks posed by political and regional conflicts, resource control and water-related resource conflicts, and infrastructure development."

### SEC. 1242. STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIP ON DE-FENSE INDUSTRIAL PRIORITIES BE-TWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND TAIWAN.

The Secretary of Defense shall seek to establish a partnership between the Defense Innovation Unit of the Department of Defense and appropriate counterparts of Tai-

- (1) to enhance market opportunities for United States-based and Taiwan-based defense technology companies;
- (2) to bolster Taiwan's defense industrial base;
- (3) to harmonize global security posture through emerging technology;
- (4) to counter the development, by the Chinese Communist Party and adversarial proxy groups aligned with the Chinese Communist Party, of dual-use defense technologies; and
- (5) in coordination with appropriate counterpart offices of the Ministry of National Defense of Taiwan—
- (A) to enable coordination on defense industrial priorities;
- (B) to streamline emerging defense technology research and development;
- (C) to establish, for defense technology startups, more pathways to market; and
- (D) to collaborate on the coordinated development of dual-use defense capabilities, such as the following:
  - (i) Drones.
  - (ii) Microchips.
  - (iii) Directed energy weapons.
  - (iv) Artificial intelligence.
  - (v) Missile technology.
- (vi) Intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance technology.

### SEC. 1243. INVITATION TO TAIWAN TO RIM OF THE PACIFIC (RIMPAC) EXERCISE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense is strongly encouraged to invite the naval forces of Taiwan to participate, as appropriate, in any Rim of the Pacific exercise that is to take place after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (b) JUSTIFICATION.—In the event a decision is made not to invite the naval forces of Tai-

wan to participate in any Rim of the Pacific exercise described in subsection (a), not later than 30 days after the date on which such decision is made, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a written justification for such decision.

# SEC. 1244. EXTENSION OF INDO-PACIFIC EXTENDED DETERRENCE EDUCATION PILOT PROGRAM.

Section 1314(c) of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118–159) is amended by striking "December 31, 2027" and inserting "December 31 2030"

## SEC. 1245. INCLUSION ON LIST OF CHINESE MILITARY COMPANIES OF ENTITIES ADDED TO CERTAIN OTHER LISTS.

Section 1260H(b)(3) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283; 10 U.S.C. 113 note) is amended—

- (1) by striking "The Secretary" and inserting the following:
  - "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary"; and
- (2) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

"(B) REVIEW OF ENTITIES ON OTHER LISTS.— The Secretary shall review, for inclusion in each annual revision under subparagraph (A) of the list required by paragraph (1), each entity added, during the year preceding preparation of the revision of the list, to any other list maintained by the United States Government of Chinese entities subject to restrictions or scrutiny relating to concerns about their activities or affiliations."

### SEC. 1246. PREVENTING CIRCUMVENTION BY CHI-NESE MILITARY COMPANIES IN THIRD-PARTY COUNTRIES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1260H(g)(2)(B)(i)(I) of the William M. "Mac" Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283; 10 U.S.C. 113 note) is amended to read as follows:
- "(I) directly or indirectly owned by, controlled by, or beneficially owned by, affiliated with, or in an official or unofficial capacity acting as an agent of or on behalf of, the People's Liberation Army, Chinese military and paramilitary elements, security forces, police, law enforcement, border control, the People's Armed Police, the Ministry of State Security (MSS), or any other organization subordinate to the Central Military Commission of the Chinese Communist Party, the Chinese Ministry of Industry and Information Technology (MIIT), the State-Owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of the State Council (SASAC), or the State Administration of Science, Technology, and Industry for National Defense (SASTIND) operating inside or outside of China; or".
- (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect on the date that is one year after the date of the enactment of this Act.

### SEC. 1247. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON DEFENSE AL-LIANCES AND PARTNERSHIPS IN THE INDO-PACIFIC REGION.

It is the sense of Congress that the Secretary of Defense should continue efforts that strengthen United States defense alliances and partnerships in the Indo-Pacific region so as to further the comparative advantage of the United States in strategic competition with the People's Republic of China, including by—

(1) enhancing cooperation with Japan, consistent with the Treaty of Mutual Cooperation and Security Between the United States of America and Japan, signed at Washington, January 19, 1960, including by developing advanced military capabilities, upgrading commd and control relationships, fostering

interoperability across all domains, and improving sharing of information and intelligence:

- (2) reinforcing the United States alliance with the Republic of Korea, including by maintaining the presence of approximately 28,500 members of the United States Armed Forces deployed to the Republic of Korea, enhancing mutual defense base cooperation, and affirming the United States extended deterrence commitment using the full range of United States defense capabilities, consistent with the Mutual Defense Treaty Between the United States and the Republic of Korea, signed at Washington, October 1, 1953, in support of the shared objective of a peaceful and stable Korean Peninsula;
- (3) fostering bilateral and multilateral cooperation with Australia, consistent with the Security Treaty Between Australia, New Zealand, and the United States of America, signed at San Francisco, September, 1951, and through the partnership among Australia, the United Kingdom, and United States (commonly known as "AUKUS")—
- (A) to advance shared security objectives;
- (B) to accelerate the fielding of advanced military capabilities; and
- (C) to build the capacity of emerging partners:
- (4) advancing United States alliances with the Philippines and Thailand and United States partnerships with other partners in the Association of Southeast Asian Nations to enhance maritime domain awareness, promote sovereignty and territorial integrity, leverage technology and promote innovation, and support an open, inclusive, and rules-based regional architecture;
- (5) broadening United States engagement with India, including through the Quadrilateral Security Dialogue—
- (A) to advance the shared objective of a free and open Indo-Pacific region through bilateral and multilateral engagements and participation in military exercises, expanded defense trade, and collaboration on humanitarian aid and disaster response; and
- (B) to enable greater cooperation on maritime security;
- (6) strengthening the United States partnership with Taiwan, consistent with the Three Communiques, the Taiwan Relations Act (Public Law 96-8; 22 U.S.C. 3301 et seq.), and the Six Assurances, with the goal of improving Taiwan's defensive capabilities and promoting peaceful cross-strait relations;
- (7) reinforcing the status of the Republic of Singapore as a Major Security Cooperation Partner of the United States and continuing to strengthen defense and security cooperation between the military forces of the Republic of Singapore and the United States Armed Forces, including through participation in combined exercises and training:
- (8) engaging with the Federated States of Micronesia, the Republic of the Marshall Islands, the Republic of Palau, and other Pacific island countries, with the goal of strengthening regional security and addressing issues of mutual concern, including protecting fisheries from illegal, unreported, and unregulated fishing;
- (9) collaborating with Canada, the United Kingdom, France, and other members of the European Union and the North Atlantic Treaty Organization to build connectivity and advance a shared vision for the region that is principled, long-term, and anchored in democratic resilience; and
- (10) investing in enhanced military posture and capabilities in the area of responsibility of the United States Indo-Pacific Command and strengthening cooperation in bilateral relationships, multilateral partnerships, and other international fora to uphold global security and shared principles, with the goal of

ensuring the maintenance of a free and open Indo-Pacific region.

#### Subtitle E-Other Matters

### SEC. 1251. MIDDLE EAST INTEGRATED AIR AND MISSILE DEFENSE ARCHITECTURE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall continue to seek to cooperate with allies and partners in the Middle East with respect to implementing an integrated air and missile defense architecture to protect the people, infrastructure, and territory of such allies and partners from cruise and ballistic missiles, manned and unmanned aerial systems, and rocket attacks from Iran and groups linked to Iran.
  - (b) REPORT.
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than May 31, 2026, the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on further implementation of an integrated air and missile defense architecture in the area of responsibility of the United States Central Command.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The report required by paragraph (1) shall include the following:
- (A) An assessment of the threat to allies and partners within the area of responsibility of the United States Central Command posed by ballistic and cruise missiles, manned and unmanned aerial systems, and rocket attacks launched from Iran and by groups linked to Iran.
  - (B) A description of—
- (i) the missile defense priorities and capability needs of the United States Central Command with respect to defense against the threats described in subparagraph (A); and
- (ii) the planned regional missile defense architectures derived from such priorities and capability needs.
- (C) An analysis of current integrated air and missile defense systems within the area of responsibility of the United States Central Command to defend against threats described in subparagraph (A) and to meet the priorities identified under subparagraph (B).
- (D) A description of the progress made toward addressing challenges identified in the strategy required by section 1658(b) of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117-263; 136 Stat. 2951) and toward meeting benchmarks set forth in such strategy.
- (E) With respect to the defensive operations against aerial threats since October 7, 2023, the following:
- (i) With respect to countering the April 13, 2024, and October 1, 2024, ballistic missile and drone attacks by Iran against Israel—
- (I) lessons learned with respect to the adequacy of data-sharing agreements in facilitating effective joint responses, and recommendations for further improvements to such agreements:
- (II) a comparative analysis of the performance of systems operated by the United States and the performance of systems operated by Israel in intercepting missiles and unmanned aerial systems launched by Iran during the attacks;
- (III) an assessment of the extent to which a defense provided to other United States regional partners if attacked by Iran would be similarly effective, and an identification of changes necessary to address deficiencies; and
- (IV) an evaluation of the extent to which the strategy required by section 1658(b) of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117-263; 136 Stat. 2951) contributed to the defensive operations described in this clause.
- (ii) Lessons learned with respect to countering projectiles launched by the Houthis in Yemen against maritime targets in the area

- of responsibility of the United States Central Command.
- (iii) Any other such defensive operation the Secretary of Defense considers appropriate.
- (F) Any other matter the Secretary of Defense considers appropriate.
- (3) FORM.—The report submitted under paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form but may include a classified annex.
- (4) PROTECTION OF SENSITIVE INFORMATION.—Any activity carried out under this subsection shall be conducted in a manner that is consistent with protection of intelligence sources and methods and appropriately protects sensitive information and the national security interests of the United States.

# SEC. 1252. MODIFICATION OF PROGRAM AND PROCESSES RELATING TO FOREIGN ACQUISITION.

Section 873 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 137 Stat. 350; 10 U.S.C. 301 note) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a)—
- (A) in the subsection heading, by striking "PILOT PROGRAM FOR"; and
- (B) by striking "may" and inserting "shall"; and
- (2) by striking subsection (f).

### SEC. 1253. ENHANCING SECURITY PARTNERSHIP WITH JORDAN AND LEBANON.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense, pursuant to existing authorities, shall seek to provide assistance, including training, equipment, logistics support, supplies, and services, to the Government of Jordan and the Government of Lebanon for the purpose of supporting and enhancing efforts of the military forces of Jordan and the military forces of Lebanon to ensure the territorial security of Jordan and Lebanon.
- (b) PLAN.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than December 31, 2025, the Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Commander of the United States Central Command, and in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report that describes the plan of the Department of Defense to provide assistance under subsection (a).
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The required plan shall, at a minimum, include the following elements:
- (A) A description of the available authorities to provide assistance described in subsection (a) to the Government of Jordan and the Government of Lebanon.
- (B) A description of the objectives of assistance described in subsection (a), including specific capabilities that such assistance seeks to enhance and the recipient units of the military forces of Jordan and Lebanon for such assistance.
- (C) An identification of any opportunities to transfer military equipment, including aircraft and unmanned systems, from existing inventory of the Department of Defense to bolster the capabilities of the military forces of Jordan.
- (D) Any other matters deemed relevant by the Secretary.

## SEC. 1254. JOINT PROGRAM OFFICE FOR NON-PROGRAMS OF RECORD TO SUP-PORT FOREIGN ACQUISITION.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall establish and charter, within the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, a Joint Program Office for Non-Programs of Record (referred to in this section as the "Joint Program Office") to support the acquisition of specified non-program of record systems by approved foreign partners and allies.
- (b) STRUCTURE.—

- (1) LEADERSHIP.—The Joint Program Office shall be led by a senior executive or military flag officer of the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, who shall have a deputy from the Defense Security Cooperation Agency.
- (2) Staffing.—The staff of the Joint Program Office shall include detailees from the international program offices of the military departments, the Defense Security Cooperation Agency, and the Defense Technology Security Administration.
  - (c) Responsibilities.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Joint Program Office shall be responsible for the following:
- (A) Coordinating with allies and partners to identify and procure non-program of record capabilities.
- (B) Facilitating discussions between industry and foreign partners on new non-program-of-record capabilities.
- (C) Liaising with combatant commands to identify new specified non-program of record systems aligned with the strategic priorities of the combatant commands for theater security cooperation.
- (D) Promoting capabilities with foreign partners that align with priority capabilities for the combatant commands.
- (E) Coordinating with, and as necessary, providing additional support to, the international program offices of the military departments to expedite delivery of capabilities to foreign partners and allies.
- (F) Coordinating internal Department of Defense approval processes to expedite the delivery of non-program of record capabilities.
- (d) Briefing.—Not later than 30 days after the establishment of the Joint Program Office, the Secretary shall provide the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives with a briefing on the charter, responsibilities, resources, and plan of activities for the Joint Program Office for the subsequent fiscal year.
- (e) Specified Non-program of Record SYSTEM DEFINED.—In this section, the term "specified non-program of record system" means a record system that does not exist formally as a program of record within the Department of Defense, including-
- (1) an international or civil variant of a program of record with nonstandard configurations, or a type 1 non-program of record system;
- (2) a prior program of record that is no longer supported in United States inventory, or a type 2 non-program of record system;
- (3) a program consisting of commercially developed munitions items, or a type 3 nonprogram of record system;
- (4) a program consisting of commercially developed dual-use items, or a type 4 nonprogram of record system;
- (5) a program consisting of commercially developed dual-use items combined with program of record elements, or a type 5 non-program of record system; and
- (6) a program consisting of commercially developed dual-use items with military enduse, or a type 6 non-program of record system.

#### SEC. 1255. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF UNITED STATES-ISRAEL ANTI-TUN-NEL COOPERATION.

Section 1279 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (22 U.S.C. 8606 note) is amended-

- in subsection (b)(4), "\$50,000,000" and inserting "\$80,000,000"; and
- (2) in subsection (f), by striking "December 31, 2026" and inserting "December 31, 2028".

SEC. 1256. EXTENSION AND MODIFICATION OF UNITED STATES-ISRAEL COOPERA-TION TO COUNTER UNMANNED AER-IAL SYSTEMS.

Section 1278 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (22 U.S.C. 8606 note) is amended—

- striking in subsection (b)(4), '\$55,000,000" and inserting "\$75,000,000"; and
- (2) in subsection (f), by striking "December 31, 2026" and inserting "December 31, 2028"

#### SEC. 1257. GUIDANCE FOR COORDINATION OF INTERNATIONAL ARMS TRANSFERS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act. the Secretary of Defense shall issue updated guidance, in accordance with section 382 of title 10. United States Code, to streamline and align the roles, responsibilities, and authorities, and improve transparency, relating to Department of Defense processes for international arms transfers, including Foreign Military Sales.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The updated guidance required by subsection (a) shall do the following:
- (1) Streamline the roles and responsibilities relating to Department processes for international arms transfers (including the Foreign Military Sales and technology security and foreign disclosure processes) so as to ensure effective implementation of such roles and responsibilities among the Under Secretary of Defense for Policy, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, the Defense Security Cooperation Agency, the Defense Technology Security Administration, and the military de-
- (2) Designate a lead official, to be known as the "Data Czar", who, in coordination with the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer of the Department of Defense, shall be responsible for collecting, tracking, coordinating, and sharing data and information on Foreign Military Sales cases for the purposes of-
- (A) facilitating transparency across the Department of Defense international cooperation enterprise (including industry and international partners within such enterprise and components and subcomponents of the Department); and
- (B) sharing information on Foreign Military Sales case development, execution, contracting, and implementation processes.
- (3) Develop a framework to facilitate the use of the Foreign Military Sales process to deliver defense articles and services to allies and partners through programs other than a program of record.
- (4) Set forth Foreign Military Sales-specific guidance that-
- (A) identifies security cooperation priorities;
- (B) aligns with the United States Conventional Arms Transfer Policy described in National Security Presidential Memorandum/ NSM-10, dated April 19, 2018;
- (C) is informed by priorities identified in the National Defense Strategy, Department planning guidance, and theater campaign plans; and
- (D) takes into consideration-
- (i) the risk factors for arms transfers identified in the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2751 et seq.); and
- (ii) the industrial capacity for production. (c) BRIEFING.—Not later than 30 days after the issuance of the updated guidance required by subsection (a), the Secretary shall provide the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives with a briefing on the development and implementation of such guidance that describes the

manner in which the procedures set forth in the guidance will streamline, and enhance the transparency of, international cooperation processes of the Department.

(d) DISSEMINATION OF FMS-SPECIFIC GUID-ANCE.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall disseminate the Foreign Miliary Salesspecific guidance described in subsection (a)(4) to each member of the Department of Defense international cooperation enterprise.

### SEC. 1258. REQUIREMENT TO UPDATE THE NA-TIONAL DISCLOSURE POLICY.

- (a) Framework Development.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the National Disclosure Policy Committee (in this section referred to as the "Committee") shall develop and submit to Congress a framework for revising and updating the National Disclosure Policy (NDP-1).
- (b) FRAMEWORK ELEMENTS.—The framework developed pursuant to subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) A comprehensive assessment of emerging and advanced defense items, including artificial intelligence, directed energy, microwave systems, counter-unmanned aerial systems, missile defense, machine learning, cybersecurity, quantum technologies, hypersonic, and autonomous systems, and necessary updates to NDP-1 to enable the transfer and sharing of this technology with United States allies and partners.
- (2) Guidelines for balancing national security considerations with the need to share critical information and technology with allies and partners to enhance interoperability and collective security.
- (3) Recommendations for updating the NDP-1 to help bolster the defense industrial base and accommodate the use of emerging and advanced defense items in multi-domain operations, joint military exercises, and allied operational requirements.
- (4) Mechanisms to accelerate the approval process for disclosures, ensuring timely and effective information sharing.
  - (c) IMPLEMENTATION PLAN -
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the first submittal of the framework to Congress pursuant to subsection (a) and on an annual recurring basis thereafter, the Committee shall implement revisions to the National Disclosure Policy based on the recommendations and any future recommendation based upon the stakeholder engagement in subsection (c) contained in the framework
- (2) REQUIREMENTS.—Revisions implemented pursuant to paragraph (1) shall-
- (A) include specific provisions addressing the secure disclosure of emerging and advanced technologies to allies and partners of the United States;
- (B) establish metrics to evaluate the effectiveness of the updated policy in enhancing security, interoperability, and interchangeability: and
- (C) establish a mechanism to ensure that the stakeholder engagement required by subsection (c) informs revisions.
- (d) STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT.—In carrying out subsections (a), (b), and (c), the Committee shall, not less frequently than once every 6 months, consult with the following:
- (1) Representatives of such governments that are allies or partners of the United States as the Committee considers appropriate, to gather input on enhancing interoperability, interchangeability, and collaborative security measures.
- (2) Such representatives from the defense industry as the Committee considers appropriate, including representatives from nontraditional defense contractors (as defined

- by section 3014 of title 10, United States Code).
- (e) ANNUAL REPORT TO CONGRESS.—The Under Secretary of Defense for Policy, in coordination with the Director of the Defense Technology Security Administration, shall submit with the budget submission each year a report to Congress detailing—
- (1) progress made in implementing the updated NDP-1:
- (2) challenges encountered and actions taken to address them:
- (3) recommendations for further updates or legislative actions to enhance the policy;
- (4) a description of the roles and missions of the committees and subcommittees of the Department of Defense's Technology Security and Foreign Disclosure enterprise and detailed explanation of how these bodies report back to the Arms Transfer and Technology Release Senior Steering Group; and
- (5) an explanation of negative determinations of technology.
- (f) CLASSIFIED ANNEX.—If necessary, the annual report shall include a classified annex to address sensitive national security information.
- (g) UNCLASSIFIED PUBLIC ANNEX.—The submission shall include a publicly releasable annex to be made available upon submission of the report to Congress.

### SEC. 1259. IMPROVEMENTS TO SECURITY CO-OPERATION WORKFORCE AND DE-FENSE ACQUISITION WORKFORCE.

- (a) RESPONSIBILITIES OF SECRETARY OF DEFENSE.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall, consistent with the requirements of section 384 of title 10, United States Code, seek to ensure that—
- (A) members of the defense acquisition workforce involved in the foreign military sales process—
- (i) are aware of evolving United States regional and country-level defense capabilitybuilding priorities; and
- (ii) coordinate with the security cooperation workforce to enhance responsiveness to foreign partner requests and capabilitybuilding priorities; and
- (B) members of the defense acquisition workforce are professionally evaluated using metrics to measure—
- (i) adherence to meeting the foreign capability requirements identified in Department of Defense strategy documents;
- (ii) responsiveness to foreign partner requests;
- (iii) ability to meet foreign partner capability and delivery schedule requirements;
- (iv) advancement of foreign capabilitybuilding priorities described in the guidance updated under subsection (b).
  - (b) GUIDANCE.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall update, as necessary, Department of Defense guidance governing the execution of foreign military sales by the Department to ensure that such guidance—
- (A) incorporates priorities of the National Security Strategy and the National Defense Strategy associated with foreign partner contributions;
- (B) is informed by the theater campaign plans and theater security cooperation strategies of the combatant commands:
- (C) incorporates timeline prioritization of purchasers with a special designation; and
- (D) is disseminated to the security cooperation workforce and the defense acquisition workforce.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The updated guidance required by paragraph (1) shall—  $\,$ 
  - (A) identify-
- (i) regional and country-level foreign defense capability-building priorities; and

- (ii) levels of urgency and desired timelines for achieving foreign capability-building objectives; and
- (B) provide guidance to the defense acquisition workforce regarding levels of resourcing, innovation, and risk tolerance that should be considered in meeting urgent needs.
- (3) PURCHASER WITH A SPECIAL DESIGNATION DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term "purchaser with a special designation" means Israel, Japan, the Republic of Korea, New Zealand, the Philippines, Thailand, Taiwan, member countries of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization, major defense partners, major security partners, and eligible purchasers that are members of the national technology and industrial base.
- (c) FOREIGN MILITARY SALES CONTINUOUS PROCESS IMPROVEMENT BOARD.—Section 1210(b) of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118–159) is amended to read as follows:

"(b) FOREIGN MILITARY SALES CONTINUOUS PROCESS IMPROVEMENT BOARD.—

- "(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary of Defense shall establish a Foreign Military Sales Continuous Process Improvement Board (in this section referred to as the 'Board') to serve as an enduring governance structure within the Department of Defense that reports to the Secretary on matters relating to the foreign military sales process so as to enhance accountability and continuous improvement within the Department, including the objectives of—
- "(A) improving the understanding, among officials of the Department, of ally and partner requirements;
- "(B) enabling efficient reviews for release of technology;
- "(C) providing ally and partner countries with relevant priority equipment;
- "(D) accelerating acquisition and contracting support;
- "(E) expanding the capacity of the defense industrial base;
- "(F) working with other departments and agencies to promote broad United States Government support; and
- "(G) any other matters determined by the Secretary to be relevant to the Board.
  - "(2) Membership.—
- "(A) In general.—The Board shall be composed of not fewer than 7 members, each of whom shall have expertise in security cooperation, security assistance, defense acquisition, business process reform, or any disciplines the Secretary determines to be important to the functioning of the Board.
  - "(B) CERTAIN MEMBERS.—
- "(i) IN GENERAL.—Of the members of the Board, 3 such members shall be individuals who are not—
- "(I) officers or employees of the Department of Defense;
- "(II) members of the United States Armed Forces; or
- "(III) registered as a foreign agent or registered lobbyists.
- "(ii) CLEARANCE.—Each member of the Board described in this subparagraph shall be appropriately cleared for security risks.
- "(3) INAPPLICABILITY OF FACA.—The Board shall not be subject to chapter 10 of title 5, United States Code (commonly referred to as the 'Federal Advisory Committee Act').
- "(4) SUNSET.—This subsection shall terminate on December 31, 2030.".
- (d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) DEFENSE ACQUISITION WORKFORCE.—The term "defense acquisition workforce" means the Department of Defense acquisition workforce described in chapter 87 of title 10, United States Code.
- (2) SECURITY COOPERATION WORKFORCE.— The term "security cooperation workforce"

has the meaning given the term in section 384 of title 10, United States Code.

### SEC. 1260. EXPANSION OF COUNTRY PRIORITIZATION.

With respect to foreign military sales to Israel, Japan, the Republic of Korea, the Philippines, Taiwan, member countries of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization, major defense partners, and eligible purchasers that are members of the national technology and industrial base, the Secretary of Defense may assign a Defense Priorities and Allocations System order rating.

## SEC. 1261. STREAMLINING AND EXPEDITING SALES OF DEFENSE ARTICLES AND SERVICES.

- (a) Acquisition Strategies.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—With respect to purchasers with a special designation, the Secretary of Defense shall establish a requirement that, in developing letters of offer and acceptance, the acquisition program office of each military department shall develop, at program inception—
- (A) an acquisition strategy that documents the standard acquisition path; and
- (B) an acquisition strategy that documents the fastest acquisition path.
- (2) ASSOCIATED RISK.—In developing each acquisition strategy required by subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (1), the acquisition program office of the military department concerned shall—
- (A) measure, and justify with respect to the urgency of delivering a capability in full or in phases, the associated risk, risk mitigation. and risk cost:
- (B) in the case of a sole-source program that is not a program of record, transparently consult with the prime contractor to seek consensus on cost and schedule; and
- (C) provide, in coordination with the appropriate regional directorate of the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Policy and the Director of the Defense Security Cooperation Agency, to the acquisition leadership of such military department a briefing on the results of the measurements under subparagraph (A) and the consultation under subparagraph (B).
- (3) DECISION.—Not later than 30 days after the date of a briefing under paragraph (2)(C), the acquisition leadership of the military department concerned shall issue a decision with respect to the acquisition strategy selected.
- (b) INPUT FROM PURCHASER WITH SPECIAL DESIGNATION.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall ensure that, in the development of acquisition strategies for purchasers with a special designation under subsection (a), the purchaser with a special designation is provided an opportunity to provide input with respect to risk tolerance
- (2) INFORMATION SHARING.—In carrying out paragraph (1), the Secretary of Defense shall ensure that a purchaser with a special designation is briefed on risks identified, alternate approaches that may be taken, and the schedule, cost, and capability tradeoffs associated with such alternate approaches.
- (3) INCLUSION IN BRIEFING.—Purchaser input gathered under this paragraph shall be included in the briefing required by subsection (a)(2)(C) and appropriately weighed in making a final decision with respect to the appropriate acquisition approach.
  - (c) AGREEMENTS WITH MANUFACTURERS.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—A United States prime contractor may enter into a covered agreement with a manufacturer to begin the process of acquiring long-lead Government-furnished equipment, including sensitive and closely controlled items such as communications security devices, military grade GPS, and anti-spoofing devices, on forecast prior

to the execution of a signed commercial contract or issuance of a letter of offer and acceptance.

- (2) COVERED AGREEMENT DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term "covered agreement" means an agreement between a United States prime contractor and a manufacturer pursuant to which—
- (A) the prime contractor, in anticipation of a foreign military sale, contracts for the production by the manufacturer of one or more articles that will be supplied to the prime contractor as government-furnished equipment prior to execution of a signed commercial contract or issuance of a letter of offer and acceptance in connection with such sale;
- (B) the parties agree to the allocation of risks, obligations, profits, and costs in the event the anticipated foreign military sale does not occur, including whether the articles manufactured under the agreement are retained by the manufacturer for eventual supply to the prime contractor or a third party in connection with a future foreign military sale or other transaction; and
- (C) the United States Government assumes no liability with respect to either party in the event the anticipated foreign military sale does not occur.
  - (3) Department of defense policy.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall implement policies, and ensure that the head of each military department implements policies, that allow United States prime contractors to enter into covered agreements with manufacturers of Government-furnished equipment.
- (B) ELEMENTS.—The policies required by subparagraph (A) shall require that—
- (i) United States prime contractors shall be responsible for—
- (I) negotiating directly with the manufacturer of Government-furnished equipment, including with respect to the terms and conditions described in paragraph (2)(B); and
- (II) providing any payment to such manufacturer; and
- (ii) transfer of Government-furnished equipment from such manufacturer to the primary contractor shall not occur until the date on which a letter of offer and acceptance or commercial contract is produced.
- (4) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as authorizing, requiring, or providing for the United States Government to assume any liability or other financial responsibility with respect to a covered agreement.
- (d) PURCHASER WITH A SPECIAL DESIGNATION DEFINED.—In this section, the term "purchaser with a special designation" means Israel, Japan, the Republic of Korea, New Zealand, the Philippines, Thailand, Taiwan, member countries of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization, major defense partners, major security partners, and eligible purchasers that are members of the national technology and industrial base.

# SEC. 1262. REDESIGNATION OF THE AFRICA CENTER FOR STRATEGIC STUDIES AS THE JAMES M. INHOFE CENTER FOR AFRICA SECURITY STUDIES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Department of Defense regional center for security studies known as the Africa Center for Strategic Studies is hereby redesignated as the "James M. Inhofe Center for Africa Security Studies".
  - (b) Conforming Amendments.—
- (1) REFERENCE TO REGIONAL CENTERS FOR STRATEGIC STUDIES.—Section 342(b)(2)(D) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking "Africa Center for Strategic Studies" and inserting "James M. Inhofe Center for Africa Security Studies".
- (2) ACCEPTANCE OF GIFTS AND DONATIONS.— Section 2611(a)(2)(D) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking "Africa Center

- for Strategic Studies" and inserting "James M. Inhofe Center for Africa Security Studies"
- (3) PROVISION OF CERTAIN ASSISTANCE TO SUDAN.—Section 1270A(b)(1) of the Sudan Democratic Transition, Accountability, and Fiscal Transparency Act of 2020 (22 U.S.C. 10010(b)(1)) is amended by striking "Africa Center for Strategic Studies" and inserting "James M. Inhofe Center for Africa Security Studies"
- (c) REFERENCES.—Any reference to the Department of Defense Africa Center for Strategic Studies in any law, regulation, map, document, record, or other paper of the United States shall be deemed to be a reference to the James M. Inhofe Center for Africa Security Studies.

#### SEC. 1263. ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM TO PROMOTE PARTICIPATION OF FOR-EIGN STUDENTS IN THE SENIOR RE-SERVE OFFICERS' TRAINING CORPS.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—
- (1) In General.—Not later than January 1, 2027, the Secretary of Defense shall establish a program using the authority provided under section 2103(b) of title 10, United States Code, to promote the participation of foreign students in the Senior Reserve Officers' Training Corps (in this section referred to as the "Program").
- (2) Organization.—The Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Director of the Defense Security Cooperation Agency, the Secretaries of the military departments, the commanders of the combatant commands, the participant institutions in the Senior Reserve Officers' Training Corps program, and any other individual the Secretary of Defense considers appropriate, shall be responsible for, and shall oversee, the Program.
- (b) OBJECTIVE.—The objective of the Program is to promote the readiness and interoperability of the United States Armed Forces and the military forces of partner countries by providing a high-quality, cost effective military-based educational experience for foreign students in furtherance of the military-to-military program objectives of the Department of Defense and to enhance the educational experience and preparation of future United States military leaders through increased, extended interaction with highly qualified potential foreign military leaders.
- (c) ACTIVITIES.—Under the Program, the Secretary of Defense shall—
- (1) identify to the military services' Senior Reserve Officers' Training Corps program the foreign students who, based on criteria established by the Secretary, the Secretary recommends be considered for admission under the Program;
- (2) coordinate with partner countries to evaluate interest in and promote awareness of the Program:
- (3) establish a mechanism for tracking an alumni network of foreign students who participate in the Program; and
- (4) to the extent practicable, work with the participant institutions in the Senior Reserve Officers' Training Corps program and partner countries to identify academic institutions and programs that—
- (A) have specialized academic programs in areas of study or interest to participating countries; or
- (B) have high participation from or significant diaspora populations from participating countries.
- (d) Strategy.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than September 30, 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a strategy for the implementation of the Program.

- (2) ELEMENTS.—The strategy required by paragraph (1) shall include the following elements:
- (A) A governance structure for the Program, including—
- (i) the officials tasked to oversee the Program;
- (ii) the format of the governing body of the Program:
- (iii) the functions and duties of such governing body with respect to establishing and maintaining the Program; and
- (iv) mechanisms for coordinating with partner countries whose students are selected to participate in the Program.
- (B) A list of additional authorities, appropriations, or other congressional support necessary to ensure the success of the Program.
- (C) A description of targeted partner countries and participant institutions in the Senior Reserve Officers' Training Corps for the first three fiscal years of the Program, including a rationale for selecting such initial partners.
- (D) A description of opportunities and potential timelines for future Program expansion, as appropriate.
- (E) A description of the mechanism for tracking the alumni network of participants of the Program.
- (F) Any other information the Secretary of Defense considers appropriate.
  - (e) Report.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than September 20, 2027, and annually thereafter, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the Program.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—Each report required by paragraph (1) shall include the following elements:
- (A) A narrative summary of activities conducted as part of the Program during the preceding fiscal year.
- (B) An overview of participant Senior Reserve Officers' Training Corps programs, individuals, and countries, to include a description of the areas of study entered into by the students participating in the Program.
- (C) A description of opportunities and potential timelines for future Program expansion, as appropriate.
- (D) Any other information the Secretary of Defense considers appropriate.
- (f) LIMITATION ON AUTHORITY.—The Secretary of Defense may not use the authority provided under this section to pay for tuition or room and board for foreign students who participate in the Program.
- (g) TERMINATION.—The Program shall terminate on December 31, 2031.

# SEC. 1264. MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITY FOR ASSISTANCE IN SUPPORT OF DE-PARTMENT OF DEFENSE ACCOUNTING FOR MISSING UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT PERSONNEL.

Section 408(a) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting ", and procure goods and services from," after "assistance to".

### TITLE XIII—COOPERATIVE THREAT REDUCTION

### SEC. 1301. COOPERATIVE THREAT REDUCTION FUNDS.

(a) FUNDING ALLOCATION.—Of the \$282,830,000 authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Defense for fiscal year 2026 in section 301 and made available by the funding table in division D for the Department of Defense Cooperative Threat Reduction Program established under section 1321 of the Department of Defense Cooperative Threat Reduction Act (50 U.S.C. 3711), the following amounts may be obligated for the purposes specified:

- (1) For strategic offensive arms elimination, \$6,249,000.
- (2) For chemical weapons destruction, \$25,292,000.
  - (3) For global nuclear security, \$38,134,000.
- (4) For cooperative biological engagement, \$137,686,000.
- (5) For proliferation prevention, \$47,146,000.
- (6) For activities designated as Other Assessments/Administrative Costs, \$28,323,000.
- (b) Specification of Cooperative Threat REDUCTION FUNDS.—Funds appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 301 and made available by the funding table in division D for the Department of Defense Cooperative Threat Reduction Program shall be available for obligation for fiscal years 2026, 2027, and 2028.

### TITLE XIV—OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS Subtitle A-Military Programs

### SEC. 1401. WORKING CAPITAL FUNDS.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2026 for the use of the Armed Forces and other activities and agencies of the Department of Defense for providing capital for working capital and revolving funds, as specified in the funding table in section 4501.

#### SEC. 1402. CHEMICAL AGENTS AND MUNITIONS DESTRUCTION, DEFENSE.

- (a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for the Department of Defense for fiscal year 2026 for expenses, not otherwise provided for, for Chemical Agents and Munitions Destruction, Defense, as specified in the funding table in section 4501.
- (b) USE.—Amounts authorized to be appropriated under subsection are authorized for-
- (1) the destruction of lethal chemical agents and munitions in accordance with section 1412 of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1986 (50 U.S.C. 1521); and
- (2) the destruction of chemical warfare materiel of the United States that is not covered by section 1412 of such Act.

### SEC. 1403. DRUG INTERDICTION AND COUNTER-DRUG ACTIVITIES, DEFENSE-WIDE.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for the Department of Defense for fiscal year 2026 for expenses, not otherwise provided for, for Drug Interdiction and Counter-Drug Activities, Defense-wide, as specified in the funding table in section 4501.

### SEC. 1404. DEFENSE INSPECTOR GENERAL.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for the Department of Defense for fiscal year 2026 for expenses, not otherwise provided for, for the Office of the Inspector General of the Department of Defense, as specified in the funding table in section 4501.

### SEC. 1405. DEFENSE HEALTH PROGRAM.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2026 for the Defense Health Program for use of the Armed Forces and other activities and agencies of the Department of Defense for providing for the health of eligible beneficiaries, as specified in the funding table in section 4501.

### Subtitle B-National Defense Stockpile

#### SEC. 1411. MODIFICATIONS TO STRATEGIC AND CRITICAL MATERIALS STOCK PILING ACT.

- (a) Modification of Disposal Author-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 5(b) of the Strategic and Critical Materials Stock Piling Act (50 U.S.C. 98d(b)) is amended-
- (A) by inserting "(1)" after "(b)"; (B) by striking "or (5)" and inserting "or
- (C) by striking "has been specifically authorized by law" and inserting "was included in the most recent annual materials plan submitted to the congressional defense committees (as defined in section 101(a) of title

- 10, United States Code) under section 11(b)(1)(G)"; and
- (D) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(2) Not later than 15 days after making a disposal under paragraph (1), the National Defense Stockpile Manager shall notify the congressional defense committees of the disposal."
- (2) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-MENTS.—Section 6(a) of such Act (50 U.S.C. 98e(a)) is amended-
- (A) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking "President" and inserting "National Defense Stockpile Manager"; and
- (B) by amending paragraph (7) to read as follows:
- "(7) dispose of materials in the stockpile in accordance with the most recent annual materials plan submitted to the congressional defense committees under section 11(b)(1)(G) and notify the congressional defense committees of such disposals as required by section 5(b)(2)."
- (b) REDUCTION OF WAIT PERIODS.—Sections 5(a)(2), 6(d)(1), and 6(d)(2) of such Act (50) U.S.C. 98d(a)(2), 98e(d)(1), 98e(d)(2)) are each amended by striking "45 days" and inserting '30 days'

### Subtitle C-Other Matters

#### SEC. 1421. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR ARMED FORCES RETIREMENT HOME.

There is hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2026 from the Armed Forces Retirement Home Trust Fund the sum of \$77,000,000 for the operation of the Armed Forces Retirement Home.

### TITLE XV—SPACE ACTIVITIES, STRATEGIC PROGRAMS, AND INTELLIGENCE MAT-TERS

### Subtitle A—Space Activities

### SEC. 1501. DELAY IN IMPLEMENTATION OF ENVI-RONMENTAL ASSESSMENT FOR ROCKET CARGO TEST AND DEM-ONSTRATION AT JOHNSTON ATOLL.

The preparation of the Notice of Intent to prepare an Environmental Assessment for Rocket Cargo Test and Demonstration at Johnston Atoll, United States (Demonstration at Johnston Atoll, United States (EAXX-007-57-USF-1728497279, March 3, 2025)) shall not be effective until further modification includes consideration of the Ronald Reagan Ballistic Missile Defense Test Site. United States Army Garrison-Kwaialein Atoll, Republic of the Marshall Islands, Such environmental impact analysis shall also include a comparison of estimated costs for supporting the collection of essential testing data at each location.

### SEC. 1502. STUDY ON FUTURE SPACE LAUNCH CA-PACITY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall conduct a study to assess the operational capacity, infrastructure, and longterm sustainability of heavy and super heavy space launch sites at Cape Canaveral Space Force Station and Vandenberg Space Force Base, with a focus on evaluating the suitability of such sites for ongoing and future missions, and to explore alternate launch locations that may offer advantages with respect to mission-efficiency, cost-effectiveness, and strategic value.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The study required by subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) An analysis of the current capacity and use of the heavy and super heavy space launch sites at Cape Canaveral Space Force Station and Vandenberg Space Force Base, including existing infrastructure, launch frequencies, and operational efficiency.
- (2) A detailed evaluation of the infrastructure at Cape Canaveral Space Force Station and Vandenberg Space Force Base, including transportation access, environmental consid-

- erations, safety protocols, the adequacy of current facilities to support heavy and super heavy space launches, and the estimated costs of maintaining and upgrading such infrastructure.
- (3) A review of environmental regulations, policies, and potential impacts related to heavy and super heavy space launches at Cape Canaveral Space Force Station and Vandenberg Space Force Base, including any limitations or challenges imposed by Federal, State, or local regulations and an evaluation of potential strategies to mitigate adverse environmental effects.
- (4) A comparative analysis of alternate locations for heavy and super heavy space launches, including sites on Federal lands, private land partnerships, and locations outside the continental United States, Such analysis shall consider geographic, environmental, logistical, and regulatory factors that may make alternate locations viable or advantageous, including cost comparisons and potential challenges in establishing infrastructure at such locations.
- (5) An examination of the manner in which Cape Canaveral Space Force Station, Vandenberg Space Force Base, and any potential alternate locations align with national defense and space exploration goals, including launch site proximity to key orbital paths, security considerations, and redundancy for critical missions.
- (6) An exploration of the manner in which advancements in space launch technology, including reusable launch vehicles and space traffic management, could influence the future demand and operational needs for heavy and super heavy space launch sites.
- (7) An assessment of any innovative technologies that could enhance the capacity or reduce the environmental impact of existing or alternate heavy and super heavy space launch sites.
- (8) A financial analysis of the long-term costs associated with the use and maintenance of Cape Canaveral Space Force Station and Vandenberg Space Force Base for heavy and super heavy space launches, and the estimated costs for establishing and operating alternative heavy and super heavy space launch sites. Such analysis shall include considerations applicable to Government funding, private sector partnerships, and cost-sharing models.
- (c) Consultation.—The study required by subsection (a) shall be conducted in consultation with relevant stakeholders, including commercial space industry representatives, environmental agencies, and local governments.
  - (d) Report —
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than March 31. 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the findings of the study required by subsection (a).
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The report required by paragraph (1) shall include the following:
- (A) Recommendations on the future use of heavy and super heavy space launch sites at Cape Canaveral Space Force Station, Vandenberg Space Force Base, and alternate locations.
- (B) A summary of findings and ommendations on the continued use of Cape Canaveral Space Force Station and Vandenberg Space Force Base for heavy and super heavy space launches.
- (C) A detailed analysis of alternate launch sites, including strategic, operational, and financial considerations.
- (D) Policy recommendations for addressing infrastructure needs, environmental concerns, and regulatory challenges for heavy and super heavy space launch operations.

(E) A summary of stakeholder input and any proposed legislative or regulatory changes based on the findings of the study.

### SEC. 1503. ACQUISITION AND OPERATION OF SYSTEMS WARFIGHTING AND CONTROL.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall acquire and operate space systems to be used primarily for space warfighting and control to meet the requirements specified by one or more combatant commanders in carrying out the responsibilities set forth in section 164 of title 10, United States Code.
- (b) Role of Commercial Space Systems. One or more commercial space systems may be used to augment the space systems acquired and operated under subsection (a).
  - (c) NATIONAL SECURITY WAIVER.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may waive the application of subsection (a) if the Secretary determines that such a waiver is in the national security interest of the United
- (2) NOTIFICATION.—Not later than 10 days after exercising the waiver authority under paragraph (a), the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a notification of the use of such authority that includes-
- (A) a description of the national security interest upon which the exercise of such authority is based;
- (B) the anticipated vulnerabilities to national security posed by the use of such waiver: and
- (C) the anticipated duration of such waiver.

### SEC. 1504. BLAST DAMAGE ASSESSMENT GUIDE FOR SPACE VEHICLES AT AIR FORCE LAUNCH COMPLEXES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act. the Secretary of the Air Force shall publish a liquid oxygen and methane blast damage assessment guide for space launch vehicles at Air Force launch complexes.
- (b) NOTICE AND BRIEFING.—Not later than 30 days after the date on which the assessment guide required by subsection (a) is published, the Secretary shall—
- (1) notify the congressional defense committees of such publication; and
- (2) provide the congressional defense committees with a briefing on the contents of the assessment guide.
  - (c) WAIVER .-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may waive the one-year publication timeline under subsection (a) for national security purposes, or if the Secretary determines that such timeline is impractical, if the Secretary notifies the congressional defense committees with respect to an alternate date on which the publication shall occur.
- (2) LIMITATION.—The Secretary may exercise the waiver authority under paragraph (1) not more than once.

### SEC. 1505. ACQUISITION OF SPACE-BASED TAC-TICAL DATA CAPABILITY.

- (a) FINDING.—Congress finds that robust competition in the space industrial base is essential to ensuring United States space superiority and the ability of the United States Space Force to provide national security mission-critical space warfighting systems and operations across the joint force.
- (b) REQUIREMENT TO MAXIMIZE COMPETI-TION -
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 135 of title 10. United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

### "§ 2279e. Contracting for space-based functional data capability

- "The head of an agency shall, to the maximum extent practicable, ensure that-
- '(1) space acquisitions employ procedures that maximize competition; and

- "(2) mission-critical national security space-based systems that deliver space-based tactical data within a program and across the armed forces shall, to the greatest extent practicable, be procured from an open competition allowing for competition between multiple vendors, and the products of such vendors shall comply with interfaces and standards that maximize resilience and interoperability with Department of Defense systems.'
- (2) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for chapter 135 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new item:
- "2279e. Contracting for space-based functional data capability.'

### SEC. 1506. USE OF MIDDLE TIER ACQUISITION PROGRAM FOR PROLIFERATED WARFIGHTER SPACE ARCHITEC-TURE OF THE SPACE DEVELOPMENT AGENCY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Director of the Space Development Agency shall use a middle tier acquisition program for the rapid fielding of satellites and associated systems for each of the following tranches of the of the proliferated warfighter space architecture of the Agency:
  - (1) Tranch 4.
  - (2) Tranch 5.
- (3) Tranch 6. (b) RAPID PROTOTYPING AND FIELDING.— Any tranche of satellites or associated systems developed and fielded under subsection (a) shall have a level of maturity that allows such satellites or systems to be rapidly prototyped within an acquisition program or rapidly fielded within five years of the development of an approved requirement for such satellites or systems.
- (c) Designation as Major Capability Ac-QUISITION -
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment may designate a tranche described in subsection (a) as a major capability acquisition program consistent with Department of Defense Instruction 5000 85, titled "Major Capability Acquisition" and issued on August 6, 2020 (or a successor instruction).
- (2) Notice to congress.—Not later than 90 days before the date on which a designation under paragraph (1) is made, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment shall notify the congressional defense committees of the intent of the Under Secretary to make such designation and include with such notice a justification for such designation.
- (d) SPACE ACQUISITION COUNCIL REVIEW AND WAIVER.
- (1) REVIEW.—In accordance with section 9021 of title 10, United States Code, the Space Acquisition Council shall review each tranch described subsection (a) to ensure integration across the national security space enterprise.
- (2) WAIVER.—The Space Acquisition Council may waive the requirements of subsection (a) with respect to a tranch or portion of a tranch described in such subsection if the Council-
- (A) on the basis of the review conducted under paragraph (1), determines that the use of a middle tier acquisition program is not warranted for such tranch or portion thereof; and
- (B) not later than 14 days after making such determination, submits to the congressional defense committees notice of the intent of the Council to issue such a waiver.
- (e) MIDDLE TIER ACQUISITION PROGRAM DE-FINED.—In this section, the term "middle tier acquisition program" means an acquisition program or project that is carried out using the rapid fielding or rapid prototyping acquisition pathway under section 3602 of

title 10, United States Code, in a manner consistent with Department of Defense Instruction 5000.80, titled "Operation of the Middle Tier of Acquisition (MTA)" and issued on December 30, 2019 (or a successor instruction).

#### SEC. 1507. CONTINUATION OF OPERATION OF DE-FENSE METEOROLOGICAL ELLITE PROGRAM.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall continue to operate the Defense Meteorological Satellite Program until the end of the functional life of the satellites in orbit as of the date of the enactment of this Act under such program.
- (b) Briefing.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act. the Secretary of Defense shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on-
- (1) the status of the Defense Meteorological Satellite Program:
- (2) the requirements, capabilities, and costs for such program for fiscal year 2026; and
- (3) the projected costs—
- (A) to carry out such program for the functional life of the satellites in orbit as of the date of the enactment of this Act under such program; and
- (B) to replace the satellite functions under such program.

### Subtitle B-Nuclear Forces

### SEC. 1511. MATTERS RELATING TO INTERCONTI-NENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILES OF THE UNITED STATES.

- (a) INITIAL OPERATIONAL CAPABILITY.—Not later than September 30, 2033, and subject to the availability of appropriations for such purpose, the Secretary of Defense, acting through the Secretary of the Air Force, shall ensure the LGM-35A Sentinel Intercontinental Ballistic Missile weapon system achieves initial operational capability, as defined jointly by the Commander of United States Strategic Command and the Commander of Air Force Global Strike Command
- (b) INVENTORY REQUIREMENT.—Section 9062 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:
- "(n)(1) The Secretary of the Air Force shall maintain a total inventory of intercontinental ballistic missiles sufficient to ensure that no fewer than 400 such missiles are available for deployment at all times.
- "(2) Such intercontinental ballistic missiles shall be deployed among no fewer than 150 launch facilities dispersed across each of the following locations (for a total of no fewer than 450):
- "(A) Francis E. Warren Air Force Base, Laramie County, Wyoming.
- "(B) Malmstrom Air Force Base, Cascade County, Montana.
- "(C) Minot Air Force Base, Ward County, North Dakota.
  - (3) In this subsection:
- "(A) The term 'intercontinental ballistic missile' means any combination of the LGM-30A Minuteman intercontinental ballistic missile or the LGM-35A Sentinel intercontinental ballistic missile.
- "(B) The term 'deployed' means armed with one or more nuclear weapons and contained within a launch facility and available for employment in support of United States Strategic Command requirements or presidentially directed operations."
- (c)(1) PROHIBITION.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), none of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act for fiscal year 2026 or otherwise made available for the Department of Defense may be obligated or expended for the following, and the Department may not otherwise take any action to do the following:

- (A) Reduce, or prepare to reduce, the responsiveness or alert level of the intercontinental ballistic missiles of the United States
- (B) Reduce, or prepare to reduce, the quantity of deployed intercontinental ballistic missiles of the United States to a number less than that specified by subsection (n) of section 9062 of title 10, United States Code, as added by subsection (b).

  (2) EXCEPTION.—The prohibition in para-

(2) EXCEPTION.—The prohibition in paragraph (1) shall not apply to any of the following activities:

- (A) The maintenance or sustainment of intercontinental ballistic missiles.
- intercontinental ballistic missiles.
  (B) Ensuring the safety, security, or reliability of intercontinental ballistic missiles.
- (C) Facilitating the transition from the LGM-30G Minuteman III intercontinental ballistic missile to the Sentinel LGM-35A intercontinental ballistic missile.

### SEC. 1512. MATTERS RELATING TO AIR FORCE GLOBAL STRIKE COMMAND.

- (a) RESTORATION.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Air Force shall reverse any changes made to the manpower, composition, roles, or responsibilities of the Air Force Global Strike Command related to efforts to establish an Integrated Capabilities Office or an Integrated Capabilities Command since October 1, 2023.
- (2) FUNDING LIMITATION.—Of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2026 for the Department of the Air Force, not more than 75 percent may be obligated or expended until the Secretary of the Air Force notifies the congressional defense committees that the requirement described in paragraph (1) has been completed.
- (3) LIMITATION ON FUTURE ORGANIZATIONAL CHANGES.—Neither the Secretary of the Air Force nor the Chief of Staff of the Air Force may authorize any alterations or adjustments to the composition, roles, or responsibilities of Air Force Global Strike Command in the development of requirements relating to strategic deterrence or the execution of Joint Forces Air Component Command operational and planning support for the United States Strategic Command unless—
- (A) the Secretary of Defense, jointly with the Commander of United States Strategic Command, certifies to the congressional defense committees that such alterations or adjustments will not adversely affect the missions of the United States Strategic Command missions in supporting the operational requirements of the United States Strategic Command or activities of the Department of Defense to achieve presidential nuclear employment guidance objectives; and
- (B) a period of not fewer than 180 days elapse following such certification.
- (b) OVERSIGHT OF NUCLEAR DETERRENCE MISSION.—Section 9040(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by inserting "in coordination with the Commander of Air Force Global Strike Command" after "duties";
- (2) by redesignating paragraphs (2) and (3) as paragraphs (3) and (4), respectively;
- (3) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph (2):
- "(2) Coordinate with and support the activities of Air Force Global Strike Command, the Air Force Nuclear Systems Center, and any other applicable Air Force organization in the sustainment and modernization of weapon systems associated with the nuclear deterrence mission of the Air Force.";
- (4) in paragraph (4), as so redesignated, by striking "and the Chief of Staff of the Air

Force" and inserting, ", the Chief of Staff of the Air Force, and the Commander of Air Force Global Strike Command."; and

(5) by adding at the end the following:

- "(5) Represent Air Force nuclear deterrence mission equities on behalf of the Chief of Staff of the Air Force and the Commander of Air Force Global Strike Command within the Nuclear Weapons Council processes and other Department of Defense fora, as appropriate.".
- (c) ENDURING GUIDANCE.—Consistent with section 9040(b) of title 10, United States Code, as amended by subsection (b), the provisions of Air Force Mission Directive 63, dated July 12, 2018, shall remain in force until changed by law.
- (d) UPDATE OF SUPPLEMENTARY GUIDANCE.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Air Force shall issue an update to Air Force Program Action Directive D16-01, dated August 2, 2016, to reflect the requirements of this section.

## SEC. 1513. ADJUSTMENT TO BOMBER AIRCRAFT NUCLEAR CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENT.

Section 211 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2013 (Public Law 112–239) is amended to read as follows:

### "SEC. 211. B-21 BOMBER AIRCRAFT NUCLEAR CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENT.

"The Secretary of the Air Force shall ensure that the B-21 bomber is—

"(1) operationally certified to employ nuclear gravity bombs not later than 180 days after the date on which such aircraft achieves initial operational capability; and

"(2) operationally certified to employ the AGM-181 Long Range Standoff Weapon not later than two years after the date on which either the B-21 bomber or the AGM-181 Long Range Standoff Weapon achieves initial operational capability, whichever is later."

# SEC. 1514. LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS PENDING ESTABLISHMENT OF THE ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE FOR NUCLEAR DETERRENCE, CHEMICAL, AND BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE POLICY AND PROGRAMS

Of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2026 for Operation and Maintenance, Defense-Wide, to the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Policy and the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, not more than 50 percent may be obligated or expended until the date on which the Secretary of Defense notifies the congressional defense committees that the Department of Defense has—

- (1) updated all applicable regulations, polices, and departmental guidance to reflect the establishment of the Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Nuclear Deterrence, Chemical, and Biological Defense Policy and Programs; and
- (2) realigned personnel, facilities, and budgetary resources to reflect the implementation of section 138(b)(4) of title 10, United States Code.

### SEC. 1515. ADJUSTMENT TO RESPONSIBILITIES OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS COUNCIL.

Section 179 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a), in the first sentence, by inserting "The Council shall be the primary mechanism for integrating, streamlining, and ensuring unity of purpose and direction for nuclear deterrence related activities within the Department of Defense and the Department of Energy.";
- (2) in subsection (c), by striking paragraph (3);
  - (3) in subsection (d)—

- (A) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through (13) as paragraphs (2) through (14), respectively;
- (B) by inserting before paragraph (2), as so redesignated, the following:
- "(1) Supervising nuclear deterrence activities of the Department of Defense and the National Nuclear Security Administration, including oversight of policy and resources, and developing options for adjusting the deterrence posture of the United States in response to evolving international security conditions.";
- (C) by amending paragraph (6), as so redesignated, to read as follows:
- "(6) Evaluating safety, security, and control issues for existing weapons and for proposed new weapon program starts and approving adjustments as required.";
- (D) in paragraph (7), as so redesignated, by striking "Ensuring that adequate consideration is given to" and inserting "Approving";
- (E) by amending paragraph (8), as so redesignated, to read as follows:
- ''(8) Providing specific guidance regarding priorities for research on—
- "(A) nuclear weapon delivery systems and platforms and priorities on military capability development within the armed forces and the broader Department of Defense; and
- "(B) nuclear weapons and priorities among activities, including production, surveillance, research, construction, and any other programs within the National Nuclear Security Administration.";
- (F) by amending paragraph (9), as so redesignated, to read as follows:
- "(9) Coordinating and approving activities conducted by the Department of Defense and the Department of Energy for the study, development, production, and retirement of nuclear warheads and weapon systems, including concept definition studies, feasibility studies, engineering development, hardware component fabrication, warhead and weapon system production, and warhead retirement.":
- (G) in paragraph (10), as so redesignated, by inserting "and weapon system" after "warhead":
- (H) in paragraph (12), as so redesignated, by inserting "and related weapon systems supporting nuclear deterrence missions" after "weapons"; and
- (I) in paragraph (14), as so redesignated—
- (i) by inserting "and approving" after "Coordinating"; and
- (ii) by inserting "systems and" after "delivery"; and
- (4) by amending subsection (f)(1) to read as follows:
- "(f) BUDGET AND FUNDING MATTERS.—(1) The Council shall annually review the plans and budget of the National Nuclear Security Administration and the Military Services to assess whether such plans and budget meet the current and projected requirements relating to nuclear weapons and related weapon systems supporting nuclear deterrence missions."

# SEC. 1516. LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS PENDING NOTIFICATION OF TASKING AUTHORITY DELEGATION.

Of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2026 for Operation and Maintenance, Air Force, and available to the Office of the Secretary of the Air Force for travel purposes, not more than 50 percent may be obligated or expended until the date on which the Secretary of Defense notifies the congressional defense committees that the delegation of authority described in section 1638(e) of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 136 Stat. 2941) has been completed.

#### SEC. 1517. MODIFICATION OF REQUIREMENT FOR NUCLEAR-ARMED, INITIAL CRUISE MISSILE ATIONAL CAPABILITY.

Section 1640 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31; 137 Stat. 595) is amended-

(1) by redesignating subsections (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), and (g), as subsections (c), (d), (e), (f), (g), and (h), respectively;

(2) by inserting after subsection (a) the fol-

lowing new subsection (b):

"(b) RAPID FIELDING PARALLEL PATH.—In parallel to the major defense acquisition program described in subsection (a), the Department of Defense is authorized to utilize the middle tier acquisition authorities established by section 3602 of title 10, United States Code, to rapidly develop, prototype, and field a nuclear-armed, sea-launched cruise missile that can provide for a residual operational capability prior to the date of initial operational capability established by subsection (c)."; and

(3) in subsection (c), as so redesignated, by striking "2034" and inserting "2032"

### SEC. 1518. PILOT PROGRAM FOR UNMANNED VEHICLE LAUNCH CONTROL FACILITIES.

- (a) AUTHORIZATION.—The Secretary of the Air Force, in coordination with the Commander of the Air Force Global Strike Command, is authorized to carry out a pilot program under which the Secretary may establish a partnership to assess the feasibility and effectiveness of implementing a low cost and repeatable resupply of intercontinental ballistic missile launch facilities or control centers using unmanned aircraft systems.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—If the Secretary carries out the pilot program authorized under subsection (a), such pilot program shall in-
- (1) demonstration flights conducted in unrestricted airspace, including the transportation of cargo, from a main Air Force Base to intercontinental ballistic missile launch facilities or control centers:
- (2) consultation with the Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration and the heads of other Federal agencies, as the Secretary determines appropriate, to facilitate the flights described in paragraph (1);
- (3) the use of existing technology to the greatest extent possible;
- (4) an evaluation of the potential of unmanned aircraft systems to resupply intercontinental ballistic missile launch facilities or control centers more efficiently than ground-based resupply methods; and
- (5) the incorporation, implementation, and utilization of unmanned aircraft system service supplier airspace system integration services for enhanced safety, awareness, and command and control.
- (c) TERMINATION.—The authorization to carry out the pilot program under subsection (a) shall terminate on the date that is 3 years after the date on which the Secretary establishes such a pilot program.
- (d) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than December 1 of each year in which the pilot program authorized under subsection (a) is carried out, the Secretary of the Air Force shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report summarizing the activities of the pilot program during the preceding year, including information on how the pilot program is supporting Air Force Global Strike Command requirements.
- (e) Briefing on Refining Legislation. Not later than 180 days after the establishment of a pilot program authorized under subsection (a), the Secretary of the Air Force shall brief the congressional defense committees on any statutory adjustments required to enable or continue the efficient execution of such pilot program.

(f) Definition of Intercontinental Bal-LISTIC MISSILE LAUNCH FACILITY OR CONTROL CENTER.-In this section, the term "intercontinental ballistic missile launch facility or control center" has the meaning given that term in section 183a(h) of title 10, United States Code.

### SEC. 1519. LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS PENDING COMMENCEMENT OF ANNUAL BRIEFINGS ON IMPLE-MENTATION OF RECOMMENDATIONS BY THE CONGRESSIONAL COMMIS-SION ON THE STRATEGIC POSTURE OF THE UNITED STATES.

Of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2026 for Operation and Maintenance, Defense-Wide, to the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, not more than 90 percent may be obligated or expended until the date on which the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment completes the first annual briefing to the congressional defense committees required by section 1637 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159). SEC. 1520. DEEP CLEANING OF LAUNCH CONTROL

### CENTERS OF THE AIR FORCE GLOB-AL STRIKE COMMAND.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Air Force, acting through the Commander of the Air Force Global Strike Command, shall ensure that each launch control center within the 3 missile wings comprising the 20th Air Force undergoes a deep cleaning of its crew capsules every 5 years until each such launch control center is decommissioned by the Sentinel intercontinental ballistic missile program.

(b) WAIVER.--The Commander of the Air Force Global Strike Command may waive the deep cleaning of a particular launch control center based upon conditions that are unforeseen, impracticable, or due to national security. If such a waiver is exercised, the Commander shall report to the congressional defense committees the particular launch control center that is waived and when such launch control center is expected to be deep

(c) ANNUAL REPORT.—Each fiscal year, the Secretary of the Air Force shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report that identifies each launch control center that was deep cleaned during such fiscal year and any additional matters of concern with respect to the launch control centers.

### SEC. 1521. LIMITATION ON COMPENSATION CAPS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Unless authorized by an Act of Congress, no action shall be taken to establish or implement a requirement to establish a cap on reimbursement of compensation and benefits for non-federal employees under contract with the National Nuclear Security Administration or employees of any Federally-funded research and development center supporting-
- (1) any atomic energy defense activity, as defined in section 2 of the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982 (42 U.S.C. 10101);
- (2) the sustainment and modernization of-(A) nuclear weapons delivery systems and platforms of the Department of Defense;
- (B) nuclear command, control, and communications systems of the Department; or
- (C) any infrastructure associated with subparagraph (A) or (B); or
- (3) the development, testing, or fielding of technologies supporting the Golden Dome missile defense system.
- (b) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect or limit the application of, or any obligation to comply with, the requirements of section 3744(a)(16) of title 10, United States Code, or section 4304(a)(16) of title 41, United States

### Subtitle C-Missile Defense

### SEC. 1531. MATTERS RELATING TO THE GOLDEN DOME MISSILE DEFENSE SYSTEM.

- (a) REVISION TO NATIONAL MISSILE DEFENSE POLICY.—Section 5501 of title 10, United States Code, is amended-
- (1) by striking paragraphs (1) and (2); and
- (2) by adding at the end the following new paragraphs: "
- "(1) to provide for the common defense of citizens of the United States and the United States by deploying and maintaining a nextgeneration missile defense shield;
- "(2) to deter and defend the United States, citizens of the United States, and critical infrastructure of the United States, against the threat of foreign attack by increasingly complex ballistic, hypersonic glide, and cruise missiles, and other advanced aerial threats:
- "(3) to guarantee the viability of an effective nuclear response capability and support the continued deterrence of strategic attacks against the homeland of the United States; and
- '(4) to cooperate on missile defense capabilities and technologies with allies and partners of the United States to aid in the defense of allied and partner populations and forward-deployed armed forces of the United States."
- (b) ANNUAL BRIEFING ON GOLDEN DOME MIS-SILE DEFENSE SYSTEM.
- (1) Briefings required.—Concurrent with the first submission to Congress of a budget pursuant to section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, after the date of the enactment of this Act, and with each submission of a budget to Congress pursuant to such section until the Secretary of Defense determines that the Golden Dome missile defense system achieves full operational capability, the Secretary shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on the development and deployment of the Golden Dome missile defense system.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—Each briefing under paragraph (1) shall cover the following:
- (A) The current architecture of the Golden Dome missile defense system as compared to the prior year.
- (B) A consolidated list of funds estimated within the most recent future-years defense program under section 221 of title 10, United States Code, for the Golden Dome missile defense system as compared to the prior fiscal year, including with respect to-
  - (i) missile defense and defeat systems:
  - (ii) missile defense interceptors:
  - (iii) missile warning and tracking systems:
- (iv) network and communications systems: (v) research, development, test, and eval-
- uation: (vi) software development:
  - (vii) military construction:
- (viii) operations and maintenance, including advanced planning and infrastructure sustainment, renovation, and maintenance funds:
  - (ix) civilian and military personnel; and
- (x) such other matters as the Secretary considers appropriate.
- Major Highlights.—Each briefing paragraph (1) shall include notable under highlights and changes affecting the progress towards initial and full operational capability of the Golden Dome missile defense system.
- (c) Replacement of Missile Instrumenta-TION RANGE SAFETY VESSELS.
- (1) IN GENERAL.—(A) Beginning not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of the Missile Defense Agency shall initiate such actions as are necessary to establish and ensure the validation of requirements for two replacement missile instrumentation range safety

vessels for the National Defense Reserve Fleet to allow for the construction of such vessels to begin no later than September 30, 2026.

- (B) The Director shall, in coordination with such Department of Defense officials as the Director considers necessary to carry out subparagraph (A), consult with the Maritime Administrator regarding options to enter into an agreement with a vessel construction manager, or other appropriate entity, to contract for the construction of the vessels under subparagraph (A).
- (2) USE OF VESSEL.—A vessel constructed pursuant to this subsection shall be available for use by other Federal agencies on a reimbursable basis, provided such usage does not—
- (A) interfere with or delay Department of Defense testing requirements;
- (B) impede activities to maintain the operational availability of such vessel or any instrumentation onboard: or
- (C) result in deferment of any modifications, maintenance, or upgrades to such vessel or onboard instrumentation the Director determines necessary to meet current or future Department requirements.
- (3) CONSTRUCTION AND DOCUMENTATION REQUIREMENTS.—The Director shall take such steps as may be necessary to ensure a vessel constructed pursuant to this section meets the requirements for and be issued a certificate of documentation and a coastwise endorsement under chapter 121 of title 46, United States Code.
- (4) DESIGN STANDARDS AND CONSTRUCTION PRACTICES.—Subject to paragraph (3), the Director shall take such steps as necessary to ensure a vessel constructed pursuant to this section shall be constructed using commercial design standards and commercial construction practices that are consistent with the best interests of the Federal Government.
- (5) CONSULTATION WITH OTHER FEDERAL ENTITIES.—The Director may consult and coordinate with other Federal entities regarding the vessels described in paragraph (1) and activities associated with such vessels, including requirements for additional, similar vessels.
- (6) LIMITATION ON USE OF FUNDS FOR USED VESSELS.—In assessing options for amounts authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for use by the Director to carry out this section may not be used for the procurement of any used vessel.
- (d) ESTABLISHMENT OF GOLDEN DOME DIRECT REPORTING PROGRAM MANAGER.—The provisions of the Secretary of Defense memorandum titled "Direct Reporting Program Manager Appointment for Golden Dome for America" and dated May 27, 2025, shall remain in force until changed by law.

### SEC. 1532. INCLUSION OF HAWAII AND ALASKA IN PLANS FOR IRON DOME FOR AMERICA.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—In complying with Executive Order 14186 (90 Fed. Reg. 8767; relating to The Iron Dome for America), the Secretary of Defense shall ensure that plans, reviews, strategies, and capabilities to improve missile defense of the United States also include improvements for the missile defense of Hawaii and Alaska, in addition to the continental United States.
- (b) BRIEFING.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall brief the congressional defense committees on the progress of implementing Executive Order 14186, including specifically how missile defense of Hawaii and Alaska is included.
- (c) DEFINITION OF MISSILE DEFENSE.—In this section, the term "missile defense" means defense against all manner of aerial and space kinetic attacks, including bal-

listic, hypersonic, and cruise missiles, and other advanced aerial attacks.

### SEC. 1533. INCLUSION OF AIR AND MISSILE DE-FENSE IN UNCONSTRAINED TOTAL MUNITIONS REQUIREMENTS.

Section 222c(c) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) by redesignating paragraphs (5) through (8) as paragraphs (6) through (9), respectively; and
- (2) by inserting after paragraph (4) the following new paragraph (5):
  - "(5) Air and Missile Defense."

# SEC. 1534. IRON DOME SHORT-RANGE ROCKET DEFENSE SYSTEM AND ISRAELI COOPERATIVE MISSILE DEFENSE PROGRAM CO-DEVELOPMENT AND COPRODUCTION.

- (a) IRON DOME SHORT-RANGE ROCKET DEFENSE SYSTEM.—
- (1) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act for fiscal year 2026 for procurement, Defensewide, and available for the Missile Defense Agency, not more than \$60,000,000 may be provided to the Government of Israel to procure components for the Iron Dome shortrange rocket defense system through co-production of such components in the United States by industry of the United States.
  - (2) Conditions.—
- (A) AGREEMENT.—Funds described in paragraph (1) for the Iron Dome short-range rocket defense program shall be available subject to the terms and conditions in the Agreement Between the Department of Defense of the United States of America and the Ministry of Defense of the State of Israel Concerning Iron Dome Defense System Procurement, signed on March 5, 2014, as amended to include co-production for Tamir interceptors.
- (B) CERTIFICATION.—Not later than 30 days prior to the initial obligation of funds described in paragraph (1), the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees—
- (i) a certification that the amended bilateral international agreement specified in subparagraph (A) is being implemented as provided in such agreement:
- (ii) an assessment detailing any risks relating to the implementation of such agreement; and
- (iii) for system improvements resulting in modified Iron Dome components and Tamir interceptor sub-components, a certification that the Government of Israel has demonstrated successful completion of Production Readiness Reviews, including the validation of production lines, the verification of component conformance, and the verification of performance to specification as defined in the Iron Dome Defense System Procurement Agreement, as further amended
- (b) ISRAELI COOPERATIVE MISSILE DEFENSE PROGRAM, DAVID'S SLING WEAPON SYSTEM COPRODUCTION.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (3), of the funds authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2026 for procurement, Defensewide, and available for the Missile Defense Agency not more than \$40,000,000 may be provided to the Government of Israel to procure the David's Sling Weapon System, including for co-production of parts and components in the United States by United States industry.
- (2) AGREEMENT.—Provision of funds specified in paragraph (1) shall be subject to the terms and conditions in the bilateral co-production agreement, including—
- (A) a one-for-one cash match is made by Israel or in another matching amount that otherwise meets best efforts (as mutually agreed to by the United States and Israel); and

- (B) co-production of parts, components, and all-up rounds (if appropriate) in the United States by United States industry for the David's Sling Weapon System is not less than 50 percent.
- (3) CERTIFICATION AND ASSESSMENT.—The Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees—
- (A) a certification that the Government of Israel has demonstrated the successful completion of the knowledge points, technical milestones, and Production Readiness Reviews required by the research, development, and technology agreement and the bilateral co-production agreement for the David's Sling Weapon System: and
- (B) an assessment detailing any risks relating to the implementation of such agreement.
- (c) ISRAELI COOPERATIVE MISSILE DEFENSE PROGRAM, ARROW 3 UPPER TIER INTERCEPTOR PROGRAM CO-PRODUCTION.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2), of the funds authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2026 for procurement, Defensewide, and available for the Missile Defense Agency not more than \$100,000,000 may be provided to the Government of Israel for the Arrow 3 Upper Tier Interceptor Program, including for co-production of parts and components in the United States by United States industry.
- (2) CERTIFICATION.—The Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a certification that—
- (A) the Government of Israel has demonstrated the successful completion of the knowledge points, technical milestones, and Production Readiness Reviews required by the research, development, and technology agreement for the Arrow 3 Upper Tier Interceptor Program;
- (B) funds specified in paragraph (1) will be provided on the basis of a one-for-one cash match made by Israel or in another matching amount that otherwise meets best efforts (as mutually agreed to by the United States and Israel);
- (C) the United States has entered into a bilateral international agreement with Israel that establishes, with respect to the use of such funds—
- (i) in accordance with subparagraph (D), the terms of co-production of parts and components on the basis of the greatest practicable co-production of parts, components, and all-up rounds (if appropriate) by United States industry and minimizes nonrecurring engineering and facilitization expenses to the costs needed for co-production;
- (ii) complete transparency on the requirement of Israel for the number of interceptors and batteries that will be procured, including with respect to the procurement plans, acquisition strategy, and funding profiles of Israel;
- (iii) technical milestones for co-production of parts and components and procurement;
- (iv) a joint affordability working group to consider cost reduction initiatives; and
- (v) joint approval processes for third-party sales; and
- (D) the level of co-production described in subparagraph (C)(i) for the Arrow 3 Upper Tier Interceptor Program is not less than 50 percent.
- (d) NUMBER.—In carrying out paragraph (2) of subsection (b) and paragraph (2) of subsection (c), the Under Secretary may submit—
- (1) one certification covering both the David's Sling Weapon System and the Arrow 3 Upper Tier Interceptor Program; or
- (2) separate certifications for each respective system.

- (e) TIMING.—The Under Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees the certification and assessment under subsection (b)(3) and the certification under subsection (c)(2) not later than 30 days before the funds specified in paragraph (1) of subsections (b) and (c) for the respective system covered by the certification are provided to the Government of Israel.
- (f) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DEFINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means the following:
- (1) The congressional defense committees
- (2) The Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate
- (3) The Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives.

#### SEC. 1535. REQUIREMENT FOR AEGIS COMBAT SYSTEMS OPERATIONALLY DE-PLOYED UNDER UNITED STATES INDO-PACIFIC COMMAND.

- (a) REQUIREMENT.—Any removal of the Aegis Guam Combat System from the Indo-Pacific Command area of responsibility (currently sited on Guam) shall be consistent with section 162(a) of title 10, United States Code, using procedures outlined under Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff Manual 3130.06D (relating to global force management allocation policies and procedures), or successor document.
- (b) NOTICE.—In any case in which a removal described in subsection (a) is carried out, the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff shall submit to the congressional defense committees notice of the removal not later than 10 days after the date of the commencement of the removal.

# SEC. 1536. AMENDMENTS TO TECHNICAL AUTHORITY OF DIRECTOR OF MISSILE DEFENSE AGENCY REGARDING INTEGRATED AIR AND MISSILE DEFENSE ACTIVITIES AND PROGRAMS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (a) of section 5531 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) by inserting "system level architectures," before "the interfaces"; and
- (2) by inserting a comma after "of such activities and programs".
- (b) TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS.—Subsection (b) of such section is amended—
  - (1) in paragraph (1)—
- (A) by striking "under paragraph (1)" and inserting "under subsection (a)"; and
- (B) by striking "with subparagraph (B)" and inserting "with paragraph (2)"; and
- (2) in paragraph (2)—
- (A) by striking "under subparagraph (A)" and inserting "under paragraph (1)"; and
- (B) by striking "under paragraph (1)" and inserting "under subsection (a)".

## SEC. 1537. ASSESSMENT OF THE RONALD REAGAN BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE TEST SITE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Consistent with section 4173(i) of title 10, United States Code, the Director of the Department of Defense Test Resource Management Center shall, not later than March 31 of each year until March 31, 2030—
- (1) visit the Ronald Reagan Ballistic Missile Defense Test Site and assess the state of infrastructure supporting test and evaluation facilities of the Department of Defense; and
- (2) not later than 30 days after a visit under paragraph (1), provide the congressional defense committees a briefing on the findings of the Director with respect to such visit and assessment.
- (b) DELEGATION.—The Director may delegate a visit under subsection (a)(1) to a senior staff member of the Test Resource Management Center 30 days after notification to the congressional defense committees of the intent of the Director to make such delegation.

### SEC. 1538. BIENNIAL ASSESSMENTS OF THE RON-ALD REAGAN BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE TEST SITE.

- (a) BIENNIAL ASSESSMENTS.—In 2027 and in each odd-numbered year thereafter through 2033, the Commander of the United States Strategic Command shall, in coordination with the Commander of the United States Space Command, the Commander of the United States Indo-Pacific Command, and the commanders of such other combatant commands as the Commander of the United States Strategic Command considers appropriate, assess the capabilities and capacity, including supporting infrastructure, of the Ronald Reagan Ballistic Missile Defense Test Site (RRBMDTS) on United States Army Garrison Kwajalein Atoll to meet the operational and weapon system developmental testing needs of the combatant commands.
- (b) REPORT TO THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE AND THE CHAIRMAN OF THE JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF.—Not later than February 28 of each even-numbered year following a year for which an assessment under subsection (a) is completed, the Commander of the United States Strategic Command shall submit to the Secretary of Defense and the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff a report containing—
- (1) the findings of the Commander with respect to the assessment;
- (2) an identification and discussion of any capability or capacity gap or other shortfall with respect to the operational and testing needs described in subsection (a):
- (3) an identification and discussion of any risks with respect to meeting current and future mission or capability requirements; and
- (4) an identification and discussion of any matter having an adverse effect on the capability of the combatant commanders to accurately determine the matters covered by the assessment.
- (c) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Not later than March 15 of each year during which a report under subsection (b) is submitted, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees the report most recently received by the Secretary under subsection (b), without any edits and with such additional views as the Secretary or the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff consider appropriate.

# SEC. 1539. LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR OFFICE OF THE UNDER SECRETARY OF DEFENSE FOR ACQUISITION AND SUSTAINMENT PENDING COMMENCEMENT OF ANNUAL BRIEFINGS ON MISSILE DEFENSE OF GUAM.

Of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2026 for Operation and Maintenance, Defense-Wide, for the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, not more than 90 percent may be obligated or expended until the date on which the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment completes the first annual briefing to the congressional defense committees required by section 1648 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118–159).

# SEC. 1540. LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR MISSILE DEFENSE AGENCY PENDING ARRANGEMENT FOR INDEPENDENT ANALYSIS OF SPACE-BASED MISSILE DEFENSE CAPABILITY.

Of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2026 for Operation and Maintenance, Defense-Wide, for the Missile Defense Agency, not more than 90 percent may be obligated or expended until the date on which the Director of the Missile Defense Agency enters into an arrangement in accordance with section 1671(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31) and notifies the congressional defense committees of such arrangement.

# SEC. 1541. LIMITATION ON AUTHORITY TO REDUCE SUSTAINMENT FOR OR HALT OPERATION OF THE AN/FPS-108 COBRA DANE RADAR.

- (a) LIMITATION.—Until the date on which the certification described in subsection (b) is submitted to the congressional defense committees, the Secretary of Defense—
- (1) may not reduce sustainment efforts for, halt operation of, or prepare to reduce sustainment efforts for or halt operation of, the AN/FPS-108 COBRA DANE radar located at Eareckson Air Station on Shemya Island in Alaska;
- (2) shall sustain the AN/FPS-108 COBRA DANE radar in a manner that preserves, at a minimum, the system's current operational availability as of the date of the enactment of this Act; and
- (3) shall ensure that the AN/FPS-108 COBRA DANE radar continues to meet the operational requirements of the combatant commands that are met by this system as of the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (b) CERTIFICATION DESCRIBED.—The certification described in this subsection is a written certification from the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Chief of Space Operations and the Director of the Missile Defense Agency, indicating that the replacement capability for the AN/FPS-108 COBRA DANE radar—
- (1) will reach initial operational capability at the same time or before the termination of operations for the AN/FPS-108 COBRA DANE radar; and
- (2) at the time such replacement capability achieves initial operational capability, will have the ability to meet the operational requirements of the combatant commands that have been, or that are expected to be, assigned to such replacement capability.
- (c) EXCEPTION.—The limitation described in subsection (a) shall not apply to temporary interruptions of operational availability for the AN/FPS-108 COBRA DANE radar provided such activities are necessary to support maintenance or modernization activities of the system.

#### SEC. 1542. ACCELERATING DEVELOPMENT OF AU-TONOMOUS AGENTS TO DEFEND AGAINST CRUISE MISSILES AND UN-MANNED SYSTEMS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Program Manager shall use all authorities available to the Program Manager to accelerate development of autonomous agents to cost-effectively defend the United States homeland and forward-deployed armed forces against raids of both large cruise missiles and unmanned systems as the Secretary considers appropriate.
  - (b) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) MISSILE.—The term "missile" means a ballistic, hypersonic, cruise, hypersonic cruise, or loitering munition.
- (2) PROGRAM MANAGER.—The term "Program Manager" means the Direct Reporting Program Manager for Golden Dome for America.
- (3) UNMANNED SYSTEM.—The term "unmanned system" means a remote-operated or autonomous unmanned system of any size maneuvering in land, sea, air, or space that is capable of single attacks, swarm attacks, or sensor and data collection and reconnaissance.

#### SEC. 1543. MISSILE DEFENSE TESTING REQUIRE-MENTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary and the Program Manager shall ensure that a robust testing regime is established for all kinetic and nonkinetic interceptors or similar systems throughout the system's lifecycle. To

the maximum extent practicable, testing shall include execution of end-to-end missile defense detection, tracking, and destruction techniques that exercise multiple components of the Golden Dome system.

(b) Testing Schedule.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out subsection (a), the Secretary and the Program Manager shall ensure that, not later than 540 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, a demanding testing cadence begins, commencing with a virtual exercise commencing on or before the date that is 540 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (2) TEST PLANS.—Not later than 90 days before carrying out a test under this section, the Secretary and the Program Manager shall present to the congressional defense committees a detailed plan for the test.
- (3) BRIEFINGS.—In any case in which the Program Manager fails to conduct a test under this section in accordance with a timeline specified in this section, the Program Manager shall provide the applicable subcommittees of the congressional defense committees an in-person briefing in each month for with the test is delayed.
- (c) LIVE-FIRE EXERCISE REQUIREMENT.—At a minimum, kinetic and nonkinetic systems deemed to be mission essential by the Secretary to the capabilities of Golden Dome shall be tested on a semiannual basis in a live-fire exercise, starting after the virtual test described in subsection (b)(1).
- (d) Participants.-
- (1) REQUIRED PARTICIPATION.—Each exercise under this section shall include the following participants:
- (A) The Program Manager.
- (B) A representative from the Office of the Secretary of Defense.
- (C) A representative from each of the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marines, and Space Force.
- (D) A representative from the National Security Agency.
- (E) Representative from North American Aerospace Defense Command (NORAD) or United States Northern Command (USNORTHCOM).
- (F) A representative from Indo-Pacific Command.
- (2) INVITED FOR PARTICIPATION.—For each exercise under this section, the Program Manager shall invite the participation of the following:
- (A) A representative from the Coast Guard.(B) A representative from the Federal Aviation Administration.
- (C) A representative from the congressional defense committees.
  - (e) WAIVERS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Pursuant to a request submitted to the Secretary under paragraph (2), the Secretary may waive the requirement in subsection (b) for an individual system.
- (2) REQUESTS.—The Program Manager may submit to the Secretary a request for a waiver of the requirement in subsection (b) for an individual system.
- (3) CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION.—Not later than 14 days after granting a waiver under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall provide the congressional defense committees an inperson briefing of the waiver with a detailed explanation of the reasons for the decision of the Secretary to grant the waiver.
- (f) ANNUAL REPORTS.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and not less frequently than once each year thereafter, the Secretary shall, in consultation with the heads of such government agencies as the Secretary considers relevant, submit to the congressional defense committees a report detailing key regulations preventing rapid, iterative testing of systems vital to Golden Dome
  - (g) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

- (1) The term "Golden Dome" shall means the holistic missile defense architecture described in this section.
- (2) The term "missile" means a ballistic, hypersonic, cruise, hypersonic cruise, or loitering munition.
- (3) The term "Program Manager" means the Golden Dome Direct Report Program Manager.
- (4) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Defense.

### SEC. 1544. IMPROVING UNITED STATES MISSILE DEFENSE CAPABILITIES.

- (a) ACCELERATING DEVELOPMENT OF NON-KINETIC CAPABILITIES.—The Secretary shall assess the funding needs required to accelerate development of non-kinetic capabilities to negate missile or unmanned system threats prior to launch or after launch. Such capabilities may include cyber (offense and defense), supply chain interdiction, artificial intelligence-driven battle management, electromagnetic spectrum, directed energy weapons, and high-power microwave defense options capable of defeating large-scale missile or unmanned system attacks.
- (b) ACCELERATING DEVELOPMENT OF INFOR-MATION FUSION PLATFORM USING ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE TO DETECT THREATS.—The Secretary shall assess the funding needs required to accelerate development and rapid prototyping of high technology readiness level (TRL) capabilities in order to acquire and field an information fusion, softwarecentric platform that utilizes machine learning and artificial intelligence technologies capable of delivering air, land, space, and maritime domain awareness and early warning capabilities for homeland defense across disparate novel and legacy systems. Such platform shall employ a common data layer that can support the rapid integration of new sensors and effectors across all tiers of the integrated air and missile defense system.
- (c) REQUIREMENT FOR NEXT GENERATION INTERCEPTOR FIELDING AND SILO CONSTRUCTION.—The Program Manager shall, with support from the Missile Defense Agency, assess the funding needs necessary to expand Next Generation Interceptor production and silo construction to field up to 80 interceptors for defense of the United States. Subject to the availability of appropriations, interceptor testing and initial fielding shall be completed not later than January 1, 2028.
- (d) REQUIREMENT FOR COMBATANT COM-MANDS TO ACCOUNT FOR MISSILE DEFENSE INTERCEPTORS AND SENSOR REQUIREMENTS IN THEIR ANNUAL REQUESTS.—For each fiscal year beginning after the date of the enactment of this Act, each commander of a combatant command shall include the terrestrial-based sensor requirements, space-based sensor requirements, and counter-unmanned system requirements of the combatant command of the commander in the supporting information for the Department of Defense submitted along with the budget of the President to Congress for such fiscal year pursuant to section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code
- (e) ACCELERATING DEVELOPMENT OF GLIDE PHASE INTERCEPTOR.—The Program Manager shall assess the funding needs required to accelerate development of the Glide Phase Interceptor to defend against hypersonic threats to the United States homeland.
- (f) ACCELERATING PRODUCTION AND FIELD-ING OF GROUND MOBILE INTERCEPTORS.—The Program Manager shall assess the funding needs required to accelerate the production and fielding of ground mobile interceptors and radars for forward deployment and homeland defense as the Secretary and President consider appropriate.
- (g) ACCELERATING DEVELOPMENT OF RESIL-IENT POSITIONING, NAVIGATION, AND TIMING

- FOR MISSILE DEFENSE SYSTEMS.—The Program Manager shall assess the funding needs required to accelerate development and fielding of resilient positioning, navigation, and timing (PNT) solutions that can operate effectively in ground positioning system (GPS)-denied environments. Such solutions may include the following:
- (1) Quantum-enhanced inertial navigation and atomic clock technologies to maintain continuous positioning, navigation, and timing functionality in ground positioning system-degraded or denied scenarios.
- (2) Enhanced terrestrial-based navigation systems for greater assured positioning in ground positioning system-contested environments.
- (3) Robust data fusion techniques that integrate multiple positioning, navigation, and timing sources, such as radar-based tracking, vision-aided navigation, and low-Earth orbit (LEO) signals, to sustain operational effectiveness during electronic warfare (EW) attacks or cyber intrusions.
- (4) Commercially available, field-proven alternative positioning, navigation, and timing solutions that leverage advanced sensor fusion, artificial intelligence-driven error correction, and resilient positioning, navigation, and timing processing to provide assured navigation for mobile and fixed defense platforms, including those currently deployed in hypersonic tracking and integrated air and missile defense applications.
- (h) ACCELERATING DEVELOPMENT AND FIELDING OF LOW-COST SCALABLE INTERCEPTOR.—The Program Manager shall assess the funding needs required to accelerate development, test, and fielding of a low-cost scalable interceptor that can augment existing production lines and provide resiliency to the integrated air and missile defense system.
- (i) ACCELERATING DEVELOPMENT AND DE-PLOYMENT OF SPACE-BASED SENSORS AND INTERCEPTORS.—The Program Manager shall assess the funding needs required to accelerate development and deployment of proliferated space-based sensors and interceptors capable of ballistic and hypersonic missile intercept.
- (j) ACCELERATING MODERNIZATION OF CERTAIN TERRESTRIAL DOMAIN CAPABILITIES.—
  The Program Manager shall assess the funding needs required to accelerate modernization of terrestrial-based radar capabilities and other such sensors to improve detection of intercontinental and sea-launched missile threats, as well as improve space domain awareness capabilities.
- (k) SITE SELECTION AND PROGRAM EXECUTION PLAN FOR HIGHLY FLEXIBLE MISSILE DEFENSE SITES.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Program Manager shall submit to Congress a report detailing a plan for a highly flexible, and if necessary mobile, terrestrial missile defense network capable of defending critical nodes across the United States, including noncontiguous States and territories, from likely attack vectors.
- (1) ACCELERATION OF MUNITIONS PRODUCTION FOR MISSILE DEFENSE.—The Program Manager, working with the military departments, shall assess the funding needs required to accelerate production of critical munitions used for missile interception, including Standard Missile 3 Blocks IB and IIA and PAC-2 and PAC-3 munitions, to ensure their availability as an additional sub-layer of the Ground-based Midcourse Defense system.
- (m) REQUIREMENT FOR ACCELERATION OF PROCUREMENT AND FIELDING OF AIR MOVING TARGET INDICATOR SYSTEMS.—The Program Manager shall assess the funding needs required to accelerate the procurement and fielding of air moving target indicator

- (AMTI) systems capable of detecting, tracking, and distinguishing airborne moving targets from stationary or cluttered backgrounds.
- (n) REQUIREMENT FOR ACCELERATED DEVELOPMENT AND EXPANSION OF INTEGRATED UNDERSEA SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM.—The Program Manager shall assess the funding needs to accelerate the development and expansion of the Integrated Undersea Surveillance System to detect and track undersea threats like submersibles that carry missiles near United States shorelines.
- (o) REPORT.—Not later than March 31, 2026, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report summarizing the results of the assessments carried out under this section.
  - (p) Definitions.—
  - (1) COMMERCIAL SOLUTION.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The term "commercial solution" means a product, other than real property, that—
- (i) is of a type customarily used by the general public or by nongovernmental entities for purposes other than governmental purposes and—
- (ii)(I) has been sold, leased, or licensed to the general public; or
- (II) has been offered for sale, lease, or license to the general public.
- (B) INCLUSION OF COMMERCIAL PRODUCTS, COMPONENTS, AND SERVICES.—The term "commercial solution" includes commercial products, components, and services in alignment with the Federal Government's preference for the acquisition of commercial products and commercial services, as set forth in sections 1906, 1907, and 3307 of title 41, United States Code, and sections 3451 through 3453 of title 10, United States Code, which establish acquisition policies more closely resembling those of the commercial marketplace and encourage the acquisition of commercial products and commercial services.
- (2) GOLDEN DOME.—The term "Golden Dome" means the holistic missile defense architecture described in this section.
- (3) MISSILE.—The term "missile" means a ballistic, hypersonic, cruise, hypersonic cruise, or loitering munition.
- (4) PROGRAM MANAGER.—The term "Program Manager" means the Golden Dome Direct Report Program Manager.
- (5) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary' means the Secretary of Defense.
- (6) UNMANNED SYSTEM.—The term "unmanned system" means a remote-operated or autonomous unmanned system of any size maneuvering in land, sea, air, or space that is capable of single attacks, swarm attacks, or sensor and data collection and reconnais-

#### Subtitle D—Other Matters

# SEC. 1551. INDEPENDENT ASSESSMENT OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE NATIONAL INDUSTRIAL SECURITY PROGRAM.

- (a) AGREEMENT.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall seek to enter into an agreement with the National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine (in this section referred to as the "National Academies") for the National Academies to conduct the assessment under subsection (b) and submit the report under subsection (e).
- (2) TIMING.—The Secretary shall seek to enter into the agreement described in paragraph (1) by not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
  - (b) EVALUATION.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Under an agreement between the Secretary and the National Academies entered into pursuant to subsection (a), the National Academies shall conduct an assessment of the Department of Defense National Industrial Security Program.

- (2) ELEMENTS.—The assessment of the Program conducted pursuant to paragraph (1) shall cover the following:
- (A) Understanding of the evolution of the Program over time to determine if it is up to date with current policies and regulatory responsibilities.
- (B) Assessment of roles and responsibilities of parties involved with the Program to determine effectiveness, efficiencies, and alignment of responsibilities with operating authority.
- (C) Assessment of whether the availability of security workforce to oversee execution of the Program is sufficient to satisfy the demand signal from entities under the Program.
- (D) Analysis of available metrics or other data to determine a baseline of effectiveness for the Program.
- (E) Assessment of data available to the Department that might be used to update, add, or refine measures of performance or effectiveness for the Program.
- (F) Appraisal of operating business processes or methods, including a determination of where business process reengineering may be needed.
- (G) Assessment of the availability of new tools or techniques that may be adopted by the Program to increase effectiveness, efficiency, and cost savings for the Program.
- (H) Determination of whether available resources are aligned to the greatest area of need
- (I) Assessment of data on personnel security clearances and facility security clearances.
- (J) Identification of opportunities to reduce costs for industry and the government in execution of the Program.
- (K) Such other matters as the Secretary considers appropriate.
- (c) ACCESS TO DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE PERSONNEL, INFORMATION, AND RESOURCES.—Under an agreement entered into between the Secretary and the National Academies under subsection (a), the Secretary shall make available such personnel, information, and resources as are necessary to execute the assessment required by subsection (b).
- (d) Report.
- (1) SUBMISSION TO CONGRESS.—Under an agreement entered into between the Secretary and the National Academies under subsection (a), the National Academies shall, not later than one year after the date of the execution of the agreement, submit to the congressional defense committees a consensus report containing the findings of the National Academies with respect to the assessment under subsection (b).
- (2) FORM.—The report under paragraph (1) shall be submitted in an unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.
- (3) DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE VIEWS ON ASSESSMENT.—Not more than 90 days after the National Academies delivers the report to the congressional defense committees under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall provide the congressional defense committees a briefing on the views of the Secretary with respect to such report.

### SEC. 1552. REFORMS RELATING TO INACTIVE SECURITY CLEARANCES.

(a) EXTENSION OF PERIOD INACTIVE SECURITY CLEARANCES.—The Secretary of Defense shall make such changes to Department of Defense Manual 5200.02 (relating to procedures for Department of Defense Personnel Security Program), or successor manual, as may be necessary to ensure an individual who has been retired or otherwise separated from service in the Armed Forces or employment with the Department of Defense for a period of not more than 5 years and who was eligible to access classified information on the day before the individual retired or oth-

- erwise separated, will be granted eligibility by the Secretary to access classified information as long as—
- (1) there is no indication the individual no longer satisfies the standards established for access to classified information;
- (2) the individual certifies in writing to an appropriate security professional that there has been no change in the relevant information provided for the last background investigation of the individual; and
- (3) an appropriate record check reveals no unfavorable information.
- (b) Feasibility and Advisability Assessment.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall conduct an assessment of the feasibility and advisability of subjecting inactive security clearances to continuous vetting and due diligence.
- (2) BRIEFING.—Not later than June 30, 2026, the Secretary shall provide to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives a briefing on the findings of the Secretary with respect to the assessment conducted pursuant to paragraph (1).

#### SEC. 1553. ANNUAL REVIEW OF THE JOINT ELEC-TROMAGNETIC BATTLE MANAGE-MENT SOFTWARE PROGRAM.

- (a) ARRANGEMENT.—The Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense shall seek to enter into an arrangement with a federally funded research and development center to perform the services covered by this section
  - (b) Annual Reviews.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Under an arrangement between the Chief Information Officer and a federally funded research and development center under subsection (a), the federally funded research and development center shall, not less frequently than once each fiscal year, carry out a review of the Joint Electromagnetic Battle Management Software Program.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—In carrying out a review under paragraph (1), the federally funded research and development center shall assess—
- (A) whether the Electromagnetic Battle Management Software Program—
- (i) is using best practices, including those developed by the Government Accountability Office;
- (ii) is adequately meeting requirements; and
- (iii) is adequately adhering to price and schedule; and
- (B) such other matters as the federally funded research and development center considers important to meeting the mission of the program.
- (c) REPORT.—Not later than September 30th of each year until September 30, 2031, the Chief Information Officer shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on the most recently completed review carried out under this section.
- (d) SUNSET.—The arrangement in subsection (a) shall end on October 1, 2031.

#### SEC. 1554. INTEGRATION OF ELECTRONIC WAR-FARE INTO TIER 1 AND TIER 2 JOINT TRAINING EXERCISES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 25 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

#### "\$ 500g. Integration of electronic warfare into Tier 1 and Tier 2 joint training exercises

- "(a) In General.—During fiscal years 2026 through 2030, the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff shall require the integration of offensive and defensive electronic warfare capabilities into Tier 1 and Tier 2 joint training exercises.
- "(b) INCLUSION OF OPPOSING FORCE.—The Chairman shall require exercises conducted

under subsection (a) to include an opposing force design based on a current intelligence assessment of the electromagnetic order of battle and capabilities of an adversary.

- "(c) WAIVER.—The Chairman may waive the application of subsection (a) or (b) with respect to an exercise if the Chairman determines that—
- "(1) the exercise does not require-
- "(A) a demonstration of electronic warfare capabilities; or
- "(B) a militarily significant threat from electronic warfare attack; or
- "(2) the integration of offensive and defensive electronic warfare capabilities into the exercise is cost prohibitive or not technically feasible based on the overall goals of the exercise.
- "'(d) BRIEFING.—Concurrent with the submission of the budget of the President to Congress pursuant to section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, for each of fiscal years 2026 through 2030, the Chairman shall provide the congressional defense committees with a briefing on exercises conducted under subsection (a) that includes—
- "(1) a description of such exercises planned and included in the budget submission for that fiscal year; and
- "(2) the results of each such exercise conducted in the preceding fiscal year, including—
- "(A) the extent to which offensive and defensive electronic warfare capabilities were integrated into the exercise;
- "(B) an evaluation and assessment of the exercise to determine the impact of the opposing force on the participants in the exercise, including—
  - "(i) joint lessons learned;
  - "(ii) high interest training issues; and
- "(iii) high interest training requirements;
- "(C) an assessment as to whether offensive and defensive electronic warfare capabilities were part of an overall joint fires and, if so, a description of the manner in which such capabilities were incorporated into the joint fires.
  - $\lq\lq(e)$  Definitions.—In this section:
- "(1) ELECTROMAGNETIC ORDER OF BATTLE.— The term 'electromagnetic order of battle' has the meaning given such term in Joint Publication 3-85 entitled 'Joint Electromagnetic Spectrum Operations', dated May 2020
- "(2) HIGH INTEREST TRAINING ISSUE; HIGH INTEREST TRAINING REQUIREMENT; TIER 1; TIER 2.—The terms 'high interest training issue', 'high interest training requirement', 'Tier 1', and 'Tier 2' have the meanings given such terms in the Joint Training Manual for the Armed Forces of the United States (Document No. CJCSM 3500.03E), dated April 20, 2015.
- "(3) JOINT FIRES.—The term 'joint fires' has the meaning given such term in the publication of the Joint Staff entitled 'Insights and Best Practices Focus Paper on Integration and Synchronization of Joint Fires', dated July 2018."
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for chapter 25 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new item:
- "500g. Integration of electronic warfare into Tier 1 and Tier 2 joint training exercises.".

# SEC. 1555. BRIEFINGS ON INTERCEPTS OF UNIDENTIFIED ANOMALOUS PHENOMENA BY NORTH AMERICAN AEROSPACE DEFENSE COMMAND AND UNITED STATES NORTHERN COMMAND.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1683(1) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (50 U.S.C. 3373(1)) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

- "(5) Intercepts.
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—Each briefing under this subsection shall include, for the period covered by the briefing, details on any unidentified anomalous phenomena intercepts conducted by the North American Aerospace Defense Command or United States Northern Command.
- "(B) SUMMARIES.—In providing a briefing under this subsection, the Director of the Office shall make available a summary of all instances of intercepts described in subparagraph (A), including—
- "(i) the number, location, and nature of such intercepts; and
- "(ii) a description of the procedures and protocols followed during the intercepts, including any data collected or analyzed during such intercepts.
- "(C) TIMELY INFORMATION.—The Director of the Office shall inform the appropriate congressional committees of any failure by the North American Aerospace Defense Command or United States Northern Command to provide timely information on unidentified anomalous phenomena intercepts."
- (b) FIRST BRIEFING.—Notwithstanding paragraph (5) of such section, as added by subsection (a), for the first briefing provided under such section after the date of the enactment of this Act, the briefing shall include details on any unidentified anomalous phenomena intercepts conducted by the North American Aerospace Defense Command or United States Northern Command that occurred during the period beginning on January 1, 2004, and ending on the last day of the period otherwise covered by the briefing.

#### SEC. 1556. CONSOLIDATED SECURITY CLASSI-FICATION GUIDANCE MATRIX FOR PROGRAMS RELATING TO UNIDENTI-FIED ANOMALOUS PHENOMENA.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director for the All-Domain Anomaly Resolution Office shall issue a consolidated security classification guidance matrix for programs relating to unidentified anomalous phenomena in order—
- (1) to provide a resource for programs that support or may be affected by unidentified anomalous phenomena investigations; and
- (2) to support increased reporting on unidentified anomalous phenomena events by ensuring individuals, members of the Armed Forces, and other Federal employees have adequate understanding of the constraints they would be under when reporting or discussing such event.
- (b) Elements.—The consolidated security classification guidance required by subsection (a) shall include—
- (1) a comprehensive list of resources for all levels of document control, including controlled unclassified information, based on the current list of security classification guides the All-Domain Anomaly Resolution Office relies upon and references;
- (2) the ability to disseminate as a centralized document or other digital resource; and
- (3) periodic updates based on the All-Domain Anomaly Resolution Office updates and community feedback on relevant security classification guides that are recommended for inclusion.
- (c) BRIEFING.—Not later than 30 days after the issuance of the consolidated security guidance matrix under subsection (a), the Director of the All-Domain Anomaly Resolution Office shall provide a copy of such guidance, as well as a briefing on the implementation of the security guidance matrix, to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives.

#### SEC. 1557 PLAN FOR INCREASING UTILITY OF USER ACTIVITY MONITORING CAPA-BILITIES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than June 1, 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a plan for increasing the use of user activity monitoring capabilities on Department of Defense unclassified networks and systems.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The plan required by subsection (a) shall include—
- (1) identification of additional networks or systems to be covered by user activity monitoring:
- (2) opportunities to integrate user activity monitoring into other cybersecurity or personnel vetting information systems to enhance the availability of data, as well as increase performance for such systems;
- (3) proposed timelines, milestones, and anticipated costs for expansion to the additional networks identified pursuant to paragraph (1):
- (4) identification of resources to continue expansion or integration with other cybersecurity or personnel vetting information systems:
- (5) an assessment of commercially available tools that could be integrated to improve performance of user activity monitoring capabilities;
- (6) a description of what data is needed to determine measures of performance and effectiveness; and
- (7) an assessment of the feasibility of integrating a dashboard capability for user activity monitoring performance data through the Advancing Analytics tool.

## SEC. 1558. SUPPORT BY THE 350TH SPECTRUM WARFARE WING TO EA-37B COMPASS CALL AIRCRAFT.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Air Force shall ensure that the 350th Spectrum Warfare Wing can adequately support the EA-37B Compass Call Aircraft, including establishment of an EA-37 software-in-the-loop (SITL) and hardware-in-the-loop (HITL) laboratory for the 350th Spectrum Warfare Wing for—
- (1) the rapid reprogramming of spectrum waveforms:
- (2) verification and validation testing of waveforms; and
- (3) such other matters as the Secretary considers necessary for the continued development of the EA-37B to effectively operate in a nonpermissive spectrum environment.
- (b) Notice of Necessary Timeframe.—Not later than March 31, 2026, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees notice informing the committees of the timeframe necessary to establish the software-in-the-loop and hardware-in-the-loop laboratory required by subsection (a).

#### SEC. 1559. REPORT ON THE TECHNICAL COLLECTION CAPABILITIES OF THE PEO-PLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA AND THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION IN THE RE-PUBLIC OF CUBA.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Director of National Intelligence, shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report on the technical collection capabilities of the People's Republic of China and the Russian Federation in the Republic of Cuba.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The report required by subsection (a) shall include an assessment of the following:
- (1) The current technical collection capabilities, and potential expansion of such capabilities, of the People's Republic of China and the Russian Federation in the Republic of Cuba.
- (2) The counterintelligence risks associated with such capabilities, including risks

to operations at United States Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.

- (3) The capabilities and resources of the Department of Defense to counter any technical collection capabilities of the People's Republic of China and the Russian Federation in the Republic of Cuba identified by this report.
- (c) FORM.—The report required by subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form but may contain a classified annex.
- (d) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DEFINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (1) the Committee on Armed Services and the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate: and
- (2) the Committee on Armed Services and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives.

#### SEC. 1560. EXTENSION OF PROTECTION OF CER-TAIN FACILITIES AND ASSETS FROM UNMANNED AIRCRAFT.

Section 130i(i) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (1), by striking "December 31, 2026" and inserting "December 31, 2027"; and
- (2) in paragraph (2), by striking "November 15, 2026" and inserting "November 15, 2027".

#### SEC. 1561. CONSOLIDATION OF REPORTING RE-QUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO ALL-DOMAIN ANOMALY RESOLUTION OF-FICE.

- (a) CONSOLIDATION.—Section 413 of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (division X of Public Law 117–103; 50 U.S.C. 3373a) is amended—
- (1) in subsection (a), by striking "makes such data" and all that follows through the period and inserting "make such data available immediately, in a manner that protects intelligence sources and methods, to the Alldomain Anomaly Resolution Office established under section 1683 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (50 U.S.C. 3373).";
- (2) by striking subsections (b) and (c); and (3) by striking "(a) AVAILABILITY OF DATA
- ON UNIDENTIFIED AERIAL PHENOMENA.—."
- (b) Section Heading.—The heading of such section is amended by striking "UNIDENTIFIED AERIAL PHENOMENA TASK FORCE" and inserting "ALL-DOMAIN ANOMALY RESOLUTION OFFICE".

# SEC. 1562. LIMITATION ON THE DIVESTMENT, CONSOLIDATION, AND CURTAIL-MENT OF CERTAIN ELECTRONIC WARFARE TEST AND EVALUATION ACTIVITIES.

- (a) Prohibition.—The Secretary of the Army shall not take any action to divest, consolidate, or curtail any electronic warfare test and evaluation activities that were part of an Army element of the Major Range and Test Facility Base on or before the date of the enactment of this Act until the Secretary submits to the congressional defense committees the report described in subsection (b).
- (b) REPORT.—The report described in this subsection is a report on a decision of the Secretary to divest, consolidate, or curtail an electronic warfare test or evaluation activity described in subsection (a) that contains the following:
- (1) A description of the analytic basis used by the Secretary for making the decision, including matters relating to any cost, workload, and workforce requirements, as well as any analysis relating to operational impact on users of the activities.
- (2) The findings from an independent review by the Director of the Office of Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation of all analyses described in paragraph (1).
- (3) A certification by the Director of the Test Resource Management Center that the

analyses described in paragraph (1) and the decision of the Secretary meet the requirement of the Department of Defense, as required by section 4173(c)(1)(B) of title 10, United States Code.

SEC. 1563. MODIFICATION OF FUNCTIONS OF ELECTROMAGNETIC SPECTRUM ENTERPRISE OPERATIONAL LEAD FOR JOINT ELECTROMAGNETIC SPECTRUM OPERATIONS TO INCLUDE DYNAMIC SPECTRUM SHARING TECHNOLOGIES.

Section 500e of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in subsection (b)-
- (A) by striking "responsible for synchronizing" and inserting the following: "responsible for—
  - '(1) synchronizing";
- (B) by striking the period at the end and inserting ": and"; and
- (C) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(2) coordinating test and evaluation of tactics, techniques, and procedures for dynamic spectrum sharing technologies in joint electromagnetic operations."; and
  - (2) in subsection (c)—
- (A) by redesignating paragraph (4) as paragraph (6); and
- (B) by inserting after paragraph (3) the following new paragraphs:
- "(4) An assessment of any current gaps in testing, evaluation, and validation mechanisms for future joint use of dynamic spectrum sharing technologies.
- "(5) The feasibility and advisability of establishing designated virtual testing ranges so that operators can develop tactics, techniques, and procedures for dynamic spectrum sharing technologies."

#### SEC. 1564. LIMITATION ON MODIFICATION OF CERTAIN ELECTROMAGNETIC SPEC-TRUM RELIED ON BY DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

Section 488 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

(c) LIMITATION ON MODIFICATION OF SPEC-TRUM.—(1) Until the earlier of September 30, 2034, or the date on which the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff certifies to the congressional defense committees that dynamic spectrum sharing (as defined in the Emerg-Mid-Band Radar Spectrum Sharing (EMBRSS) Feasibility Assessment Report of the Department of Defense published in September 2023) is fully operational, the Secretary of Defense may not modify any existing or future applicable system between 3100 and 3450 megahertz and between 7400 and 8400 megahertz unless the Secretary and the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff jointly certify to Congress that such modification would not result in a loss of capability for the armed forces.

"(2) In this subsection, the term 'applicable system' means a Department of Defense system that relies on the electromagnetic spectrum for its function, including any communications, weapons, precision munitions, sensor, geo-location, or wireless device.".

#### TITLE XVI—CYBERSPACE-RELATED MATTERS

#### Subtitle A—Matters Relating to Cyber Operations and Cyber Forces

### SEC. 1601. COMPREHENSIVE CYBER WORKFORCE STRATEGY.

(a) STRATEGY AND REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than January 31, 2027, the Secretary of Defense shall, acting through the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense and the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy and in consultation with the Chief Information Officers and Principal Cyber Advisors of the military departments—

- (1) develop a comprehensive cyber workforce strategy; and
- (2) submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives a report on the strategy developed under paragraph (1).
- (b) CONTENTS.—The report required by subsection (a)(2) shall include the following:
- (1) An assessment of progress achieved and remaining gaps in implementation of the 2023-2027 Department of Defense Cyber Workforce Strategy, including identification of elements that should be continued, modified, or discontinued in the strategy developed under subsection (a)(1).
- (2) A descriptive analysis of the Defense Cyber Workforce Framework (in this section referred to as the "Framework"), including the goals, activities, milestones, and key performance indicators used by the Department of Defense to measure progress and assess the effectiveness of the implementation of the strategy required by subsection (a)(1).
- (3) Assessment of the scope of the affected workforce for the Framework, including specific workforce numbers, vacancy numbers, work roles, or other statistical data relating to personnel system metrics.
- (4) Identification of progress of the Department in implementing the Framework based on the goals, activities, milestones, and key performance indicators described in paragraph (2).
- (5) Identification of any issues, problems, or roadblocks identified by the Department in implementing the Framework, as well as any adjustments required to measurements of progress or inclusions of new goals, activities, milestones, key performance indicators, or work roles since publication of such framework, and any steps taken by the Department to overcome issues or lack of authority to address roadblocks.
- (6) Opportunities to leverage support from non-Department entities, or of any work-force or talent management authorities that exist within other Federal agencies in which inclusion in the Framework might benefit the Department.
- (7) The availability of commercial tools that support Framework talent management processes and might enhance performance or effectiveness, including for workforce qualification and certification tracking, talent identification and tracking, tagging for additional skill identifiers in existing personnel management systems, or enhancing skill development for specific work roles.
- (8) Opportunities to leverage supplementary personnel models that might be adapted from other domains, such as cyber civilian reserves or cyber auxiliary forces.
- (9) Integration of existing academic centers of excellence or other university partnerships to help improve workforce development, talent acquisition, and skills development.
- (10) A review of Framework work roles for artificial intelligence, data science, and data engineering to assess alignment with corresponding work roles in industry and recommendations for modifications to enable more effective recruiting of industry talent.
- (11) Resource requirements and implementation timeline for the strategy developed under subsection (a)(1), including budget estimates and key milestones.
- (c) EXTERNAL VIEWS.—In developing the strategy required under subsection (a)(1), the Secretary may solicit or coordinate views from external organizations with relevant expertise in human resources planning or human capital strategy, higher education or training, or cyber professional industry associations.

(d) FORM.—The report submitted pursuant to subsection (a)(2) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex

#### SEC. 1602. UNITED STATES CYBER COMMAND AR-TIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE INDUSTRY COLLABORATION ROADMAP.

- (a) ROADMAP REQUIRED.—Not later than August 1, 2026, the Commander of United States Cyber Command shall, in coordination with the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer of the Department of Defense, the Director of the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency, the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, and the Director of the Defense Innovation Unit, complete development of a roadmap for industry collaboration on artificial intelligence-enabled cyber capabilities for cyberspace operations of the Department of Defense.
- (b) PURPOSE.—The roadmap developed under subsection (a) shall establish a framework for coordination between the private sector and the Department of Defense to integrate state-of-the-art artificial intelligence capabilities into offensive and defensive cyberspace operations through—
- (1) convening United States commercial artificial intelligence developers, cybersecurity experts, and relevant Federal Government offices; and
- (2) facilitating information exchange on artificial intelligence technology and capabilities for cyber operations.
- (c) ELEMENTS.—The roadmap developed under subsection (a) shall address the following:
- (1) Courses of action and selected approach on various alternatives to manage and execute collaborative research and development partnerships with industry.
- (2) Collaborative development lines of effort for artificial intelligence-enabled cyber capabilities and associated near-term use cases.
- (3) Strategy and methodology for industry engagement and commercial collaboration, including—
- (A) contractual mechanisms for industry collaboration on cyber tools and capabilities:
- (B) security clearance requirements, goals, and resource needs for industry partners; and
- (C) evaluation of existing contract and collaboration authorities and identification of required policy changes or new authorities.
- (4) Implementation objectives, milestones and status of relevant pilot programs.
- (5) Technology transition mechanisms from development to operational use.
- (6) Infrastructure requirements and associated costs.
- (7) Assessment of organizational structure options, including establishment of a new center or integration within existing organizations.
  - (d) Congressional Briefings.—
- (1) INITIAL BRIEFING.—Not later than November 1, 2026, the Commander of United States Cyber Command shall provide the congressional defense committees a briefing on the roadmap developed under subsection (a).
- (2) ANNUAL UPDATES.—During the period beginning on the date on which the President submits to Congress a budget for fiscal year 2028 pursuant to section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, and ending on December 31, 2030, the Commander shall, not less frequently than once each year, provide the congressional defense committees a briefing on the status of industry collaboration activities carried out in accordance with the roadmap developed under subsection (a).

#### SEC. 1603. STRATEGY FOR DETERRENCE AGAINST CYBERATTACKS AGAINST DEFENSE CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE OF THE UNITED STATES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall, in coordination with the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy, the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the Commander of United States Cyber Command, and the Deputy Assistant Secretary of Defense for Defense Continuity and Mission Assurance, develop a strategy and a list of various courses of action across the spectrum of military capabilities to create a credible deterrence against cyberspace attacks and posturing for future such attacks against United States defense critical infrastructure.
  - (b) Strategy.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall ensure that the strategy required by subsection
- (A) includes an evaluation of how to deter actions of adversaries in cyberspace across the full spectrum of offensive planning and action; and
- (B) outlines a range of options available for the Department to demonstrate a credible deterrence through cost imposing courses of action.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The strategy required by subsection (a) shall incorporate the following elements:
- (A) A comprehensive assessment of adversary cyber capabilities and intent regarding defense critical infrastructure attacks.
- (B) Identification of what specific adversary cyber capabilities and actor's actions under this strategy seeks to deter.
- (C) Methodology and classification of types of targets to hold at risk and what actions would be necessary to impose costs at different levels of escalation.
- (D) An assessment of the capabilities and any related requirement gaps to create the needed effects against these categories of targets and their relative impact to deterrence and escalation.
- (E) An evaluation of the role of offensive cyber operations in combination with, as well as independent of, other means of military capabilities in creating an effective deterrent, and an assessment of the current capability and gaps in capability needed to successfully conduct these offensive cyber operations.
- (F) An assessment of policy and authorities in effect with respect to holding adversary targets at risk and recommendations for modifications to enable effective deterrence and managed escalation.
- (G) Evaluation of reveal and conceal criteria and methodology to demonstrate the United States capability of imposing costs while preserving operational security.
- (H) Framework for integration of interagency partners, as well as allies and partners, industry, and academia, to enhance deterrence.
- (3) DEADLINE.—The Secretary shall complete the development of the strategy required by subsection (a) on or before December 1. 2026.
- (c) Courses of Action.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—The list of various courses of action required under subsection (a) shall include a list of military alternatives, guided by the strategy developed under such subsection, using the full range of military capabilities, including offensive cyber operations that actively impose or threaten to impose costs on an adversary to create a credible deterrence. The courses of action shall be organized for competition, crisis, and conflict.
- (2) DEADLINE.—Not later than June 1, 2026, the Secretary shall complete the development of the list of various courses of action required by subsection (a).

- (d) BRIEFINGS AND SUBMITTAL TO CONCRESS —
- (1) INTERIM BRIEFING.—Not later than March 1, 2026, the Secretary shall provide to the congressional defense committees an interim briefing on the strategy required under subsection (a).
- (2) Final Briefing and Submittal.—Not later than June 1, 2026, the Secretary shall—
- (A) provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on the strategy developed under subsection (a) and the list of various courses of action developed under such subsection; and
- (B) submit to the congressional defense committees a report on such strategy and such list of various courses of action.
  - (e) Definitions.—In this section:
- (1) The term "defense critical infrastructure" has the meaning given that term "critical infrastructure of the Department of Defense" in section 1650(e) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114-328; 10 U.S.C. 2224 note).
- (2) The term "imposing costs" means actions taken against adversaries that result in economic, diplomatic, informational, or military consequences significant enough to change the adversary's behavior or calculations regarding cyberspace operations against the United States.

#### SEC. 1604. AMENDMENT TO ANNUAL ASSESS-MENTS AND REPORTS ON ASSIGN-MENT OF CERTAIN BUDGET CON-TROL RESPONSIBILITY TO COM-MANDER OF THE UNITED STATES CYBER COMMAND.

Section 1558 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a)(2)-
- (A) by redesignating subparagraph (H) as subparagraph (I); and
- (B) by inserting after subparagraph (G) the following new subparagraph (H):
- "(H) A review of investment in artificial intelligence capabilities, including an assessment of alignment with defined roadmap milestones and Department of Defense use cases.": and
  - (2) in subsection (b)—
- (A) by striking "2028" and inserting "2030"; and
- (B) by inserting "and briefing" after "a report".

# SEC. 1605. REPORT ON RESERVE COMPONENT INTEGRATION INTO CYBER MISSION FORCE AND CYBERSPACE OPERATIONS.

- (a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than August 1, 2026, the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy and the Commander of United States Cyber Command shall jointly, in coordination with the Chief of the National Guard Bureau, the principal cyber advisors of each of the military departments, the chief of each reserve component, and the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness, submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the integration of the reserve components into the cyber mission force in support of cyberspace operations.
- (b) CONTENTS.—The report required under subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) An assessment of the different authorities available within each status of the reserve components, with particular focus on the National Guard and authorities under title 32, United States Code, and how the Department of Defense can use personnel of the reserve components in such statuses within the cyber mission force and in support of cyberspace operations.
- (2) An analysis of current and planned efforts to work with the military departments, the National Guard, and the adjutants general of each State to develop unique cyber

capabilities that address identified operational requirements and that maximize use of local industry expertise and academic partnerships.

- (3) A description of methods to work with the military departments, the National Guard Bureau, and the adjutants general of each State to track and identify key skills and competencies that are not part of primary military occupational specialties of members of the military departments, but are developed through their civilian career experience.
- (4) An identification of the billets, resources, and support infrastructure needed to maximize the unique expertise, capabilities, and authorities of the reserve components in support of the cyber mission of the Department.
- (5) An evaluation of what types of authorities would be most beneficial to maximize the activation and support of the reserve components to cyberspace operations, including any legislative action that may be required.
- (6) An evaluation of the existing barriers to or impediments for integration of the reserve components into the cyber mission force in support of cyberspace operations and an assessment of mitigation initiatives with respect to paragraphs (1) through (5).
- (7) Such other matters as the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy and the Commander of United States Cyber Command consider appropriate.
- (8) The implementation plan required by subsection (c).
  - (c) IMPLEMENTATION PLAN.—
- (1) PLAN REQUIRED.—The implementation plan required by subsection (b)(6) shall detail how the Department should better integrate the reserve components into cyber mission forces and cyberspace operations of the Department.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The implementation plan required by subsection (b)(6) shall include the following:
- (A) Clearly defined roles and responsibilities for the Department of Defense, the military departments, United States Cyber Command, and the National Guard Bureau.
- (B) Timelines and milestones for implementation of the recommended actions.
- (C) Metrics to measure progress and effectiveness of integration efforts.
- (D) Resource requirements, including personnel, equipment, and funding necessary to implement the plan.
- (E) Recommendations for policy changes and, if appropriate, legislative proposals to improve integration.
- (F) A strategy for continuous assessment and improvement of reserve component integration.
- (G) A detailed analysis of force structure requirements and optimal reserve component organization, including the appropriate balance between traditional aligned reserve component units and individual mobilization augmentees for cyber mission force requirements.
- (H) A comprehensive assessment regarding funding for the activation of reserve component personnel possessing critical, low-density, and high-demand cyber skills, and an evaluation of readiness impacts resulting from insufficient dedicated funding for such activations.
- (I) An evaluation of operational impacts to cyber mission force readiness when reserve component personnel and units with cyber capabilities are activated for missions outside the cyber domain.
  - de the cyber domain. (d) Briefings Required.—
- (1) INTERIM BRIEFING.—Not later than April 1, 2026, the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy and the Commander of United States Cyber Command shall jointly provide

- to the congressional defense committees an interim briefing on the report required by subsection (a).
- (2) FINAL BRIEFING.—Not later than August 1, 2026, the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy and the Commander of United States Cyber Command shall jointly provide a final briefing to the congressional defense committees on the findings contained in the report submitted pursuant to subsection (a).
- (e) FORM.—The report required under subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex
- (f) DEFINITION OF RESERVE COMPONENT.—In this section, the term "reserve component" means a reserve component of the military departments named under section 10101 of title 10. United States Code.

### SEC. 1606. EVALUATION OF CYBER RANGE MANAGEMENT AND FUNDING.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than January 15, 2027, the Secretary of Defense shall, in coordination with the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy, the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering, the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, and the principal cyber advisors of the military departments, complete a comprehensive evaluation of the current structure of oversight for the cyber ranges of the Department of Defense, including an assessment of the separate executive agent designations for cyber test ranges and cyber training ranges.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The evaluation required by subsection (a) shall include the following elements:
- (1) A thorough assessment of the effectiveness of the current organizational structure under which separate executive agents exist for cyber test ranges and cyber training ranges.
- (2) A detailed analysis of funding mechanisms and budgetary authority challenges and benefits associated with the current structure, potential alternative structures, and unified oversight options.
- (3) A comprehensive evaluation of the potential integration of physical and logical ranges under various organizational structures.
- (4) An assessment of how different organizational structures would affect the speed and ease of transferring systems or tools from test environments into operational use, including the incorporation of tactics, techniques, and procedures.
- (5) A recommendation to the Secretary regarding whether the current separate executive agent structure should be maintained, or an alternative structure, including a unified executive agent structure, should be implemented.
- (6) In the event the recommendation under paragraph (5) supports maintaining separate executive agents, the specific criteria that would need to be satisfied for the two functions to be managed under a singular organization in the future.
- (c) CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION.—Not later than March 1, 2027, the Secretary shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on—
- (1) the recommendation developed under subsection (b)(5):
- (2) the determination made by the Secretary regarding the organizational structure for cyber range oversight; and
- (3) a summary of the findings of the Secretary with respect to the evaluation conducted under subsection (a); and
- (4) an implementation plan for any approved changes to the cyber range oversight structure.

#### SEC. 1607. MODIFICATION TO REPORTING RE-QUIREMENTS FOR SENIOR MILITARY ADVISOR FOR CYBER POLICY.

Section 392a(b) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (2)—
- (A) in subparagraph (A)(i), by striking "the Under Secretary of Defense for Policy" and inserting "the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy"; and
- (B) in subparagraph (B), by striking ", the following:" and all that follows through the period at the end and inserting "the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy"; and
  - (2) in paragraph (3)(A)—
- (A) in clause (i), by striking "the Under Secretary of Defense for Policy" and inserting "the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy";
- (B) in clause (ii), by striking "Under Secretary" and inserting "Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy":
- (C) in clause (iii), by striking "Under Secretary of Defense for Policy" and inserting "Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy"; and
  - (D) by striking clause (iv).

## SEC. 1608. PLANNING, PROGRAMMING, AND BUDGET COORDINATION FOR OPERATIONS OF CYBER MISSION FORCE.

Section 167b of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subsections:

- "(f) PLANNING, PROGRAMMING, AND BUDG-ETING.—(1)(A) In addition to the activities of a combatant command for which funding may be requested under section 166(b) of this title, the Commander of the United States Cyber Command shall, subject to the authority, direction, and control of the Principal Cyber Advisor of the Department of Defense, be responsible for directly controlling and managing the planning, programming, budgeting, and execution of resources to train, equip, operate, and sustain the cyber mission force, which shall include the following:
- "(i) Preparation of a program objective memorandum and budget estimate submission for the resources required to train, equip, operate, and sustain the cyber mission force.
- "(ii) Preparation of budget materials pertaining to the United States Cyber Command for inclusion in the budget justification materials that are submitted to Congress in support of the budget of the Department of Defense for a fiscal year, as submitted with the budget of the President under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, that is separate from any other military department or component of the Department of Defense.
- "(B) The responsibilities assigned to the Commander of the United States Cyber Command pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall not include the following:
  - "(i) Military pay and allowances.
- "(ii) Funding for facility support that is provided by the military departments.
- "(2)(A) Before the budget proposal for the United States Cyber Command for any fiscal year is submitted to the Secretary of Defense, the Commander of the United States Cyber Command shall consult with the Secretaries of the military departments concerning funding for units of the reserve components within the cyber mission force. If the Secretary of a military department does not concur in the recommended level of funding with respect to any such unit that is under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of the military department, the Commander shall include with the budget proposal submitted to the Secretary of Defense the views of the Secretary of the military department concerning such funding.
- "(B) Before the budget proposal for a military department for any fiscal year is submitted to the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of the military department shall consult with the Commander of the United States Cyber Command concerning funding

for cyber mission forces within the reserve component in the military personnel budget for that military department. If the Commander does not concur in the recommended level of funding with respect to individual augmentees or units within the reserve component, the Secretary of the military department shall include with the budget proposal submitted to the Secretary of Defense the views of the Commander.".

# SEC. 1609. EXPANSION OF SCOPE OF AFFIRMATION OF AUTHORITY FOR CYBER OPERATIONS TO INCLUDE DEFENSE OF CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

- (a) SCOPE OF AFFIRMATION OF AUTHORITY.—Subsection (b) of section 394 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting "defense of critical infrastructure of the Department of Defense," after "force protection."
- (b) AMENDMENT TO DEFINITIONS.—Subsection (f) of such section 394 is amended—
- section (f) of such section 394 is amended—
  (1) by redesignating paragraphs (2) and (3)
- as paragraphs (3) and (4), respectively; and (2) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following new paragraph (2):
- "(2) The term 'critical infrastructure of the Department of Defense' means any asset of the Department of Defense of such extraordinary importance to the functioning of the Department and the operation of the armed forces that the incapacitation or destruction of such asset by a cyber attack would have a debilitating effect on the ability of the Department to fulfill its missions."

#### SEC. 1610. REVIEW OF FUTURE FORCE EMPLOY-MENT CONCEPTS AND ASSOCIATED PERSONNEL POLICY NEEDS FOR EVOLVING CYBER FORCES.

- (a) REVIEW REQUIRED.—Not later than June 1, 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall, acting through the covered officials, conduct a review of future force employment concepts for the cyber force, including all elements of the Cyber Operations Force (COF), to assess where additional recommendations for personnel policy changes may be warranted.
- (b) ELEMENTS OF REVIEW.—The review and updates under subsection (a) shall address the respective roles of the military departments and United States Cyber Command with respect to the following:
- (1) Evaluation of future force employment concepts of cyber forces, including the following:
- (A) Inclusion of additional elements of the Cyber Operations Force in various geographic combatant command operational scenarios to provide tactical-level effects, or integration with non-cyber tactical units, using radio-frequency enabled cyber or other off-net cyber operations techniques.
- (B) Assessment of new or novel formations outside of the current Cyber Mission Force construct.
- (C) Experimentation with other doctrine, organization, training, materiel, leadership and education, personnel, facilities, and policy approaches for cyber effects or integrated non-kinetic effects beyond the current Cyber Mission Force approach for onnet operations.
- (2) Coordination between United States Cyber Command and the military departments regarding recruiting and retention to ensure that personnel requirements of the cyber mission forces and the military departments are met appropriately.
- (3) Opportunities for members of the cyber mission forces to enroll in professional military education for potential future forces, or needs for new professional military education opportunities for such forces.
- (4) Assessment of expansion of promotion pathways for members of such future forces and an assessment of whether such opportu-

- nities are adequate to fulfill staffing requirements based on these future force employment concepts.
- (5) Data sharing between the military departments and United States Cyber Command with respect to capturing information on, demographics and additional skill identifiers for personnel of such future forces.
- (6) Such other matters as the Secretary of Defense considers appropriate.
- (c) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than September 1, 2026, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives a report on such review and any resulting updates to guidance and processes. The report shall also include such recommendations as the Secretary may have regarding matters described in subsection (a) or (b).
- (d) DEFINITION OF COVERED OFFICIALS.—In this section, the term "covered officials" means—
- the Secretaries of the military departments;
- (2) the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy; and
- (3) the Commander of United States Cyber Command.

#### SEC. 1610A. EVALUATION OF JOINT TASK FORCE-CYBER IN SUPPORT OF GEO-GRAPHIC COMBATANT COMMANDS.

- (a) STUDY AND EVALUATION.—Not later than July 1, 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall, acting through the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy and the Vice Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, in consultation with the Commander of United States Cyber Command, jointly conduct a comprehensive study on force employment in support of combatant commands and an evaluation of establishing Joint Task Force-Cyber elements across all of the geographic combatant commands.
- (b) ELEMENTS OF EVALUATION AND STUDY.— The study and evaluation required under subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) An assessment of cyber force employment requirements and capabilities across all geographic combatant commands.
- (2) An assessment of the benefits and limitations of the operational need for Joint Task Force-Cyber elements in each geographic combatant command area of operations under the following conditions:
- (A) Under the operational control of the geographic command of the geographic combatant commanders.
- (B) Under the existing construct.
- (3) An analysis of the optimal command and control structures for Joint Task Force-Cyber elements, including—
- (A) the designation of Joint Task Force Establishing Authority, as defined in joint doctrine and instructions:
- (B) the alignment of operational control and tactical control over subordinate forces; and
- (C) concurrent Joint Task Force Establishing Authority management structures between United States Cyber Command and respective geographic combatant commands.
- (4) An assessment of force structure requirements, including—
- (A) assigned forces for each potential Joint Task Force-Cyber element;
- (B) manning and resourcing requirements relative to assigned missions; and
- (C) sources of personnel required.
- (5) An evaluation of the integration and sustainment of cyber capabilities and effects
- (6) An identification of supporting infrastructure requirements for each geographic combatant command.
- (7) A description of potential missions and lines of effort for Joint Task Force-Cyber elements.

- (8) An analysis of relationships with existing entities within each geographic combatant command, including an assessment of complementary and duplicative activities.
- (9) Such other matters as the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy and the Vice Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff determine appropriate.
- (c) IMPLEMENTATION PLAN FOR JOINT TASK FORCE-CYBER.—The study and evaluation required under subsection (a) shall include a comprehensive implementation plan for establishing Joint Task Force-Cyber elements across geographic combatant commands starting with United States Indo-Pacific Command, as determined appropriate based on the findings of the study and evaluation.
- (d) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than July 1, 2026, the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy, the Vice Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, and the Commander of United States Cyber Command shall jointly submit to the Secretary of Defense and the congressional defense committees a report containing—
- (1) the results of the study and evaluation required under subsection (a);
- (2) the implementation plan required under subsection (c);
- (3) views from each of the geographic combatant commands regarding the results of the study in subsection (a) and the implementation plan in subsection (b); and
- (4) recommendations for legislative or administrative actions required to implement the plan.
- (e) LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act, or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2026 for operation and maintenance, Defense-wide, and available for the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy, not more than 90 percent may be obligated or expended until the date on which the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy and the Vice Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff submit to the congressional defense committees the complete report required under subsection (d).

#### SEC. 1610B. PROHIBITION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS TO MODIFY AUTHORITIES OF THE COMMANDER OF UNITED STATES CYBER COMMAND.

None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2026 for the Department of Defense, may be obligated or expended to modify, reorganize, or otherwise change the responsibilities, authorities, or command structure of the Commander of United States Cyber Command from those in effect on June 1, 2025.

#### SEC. 1610C. PROGRAM FOR TALENT MANAGE-MENT OF CYBER PERSONNEL THROUGH ACTIVE AND RESERVE TRANSITIONING.

- (a) PROGRAM ESTABLISHED.—The Secretary of Defense, as part of the Defense Cyber Workforce Framework, shall design and implement a program to support active management of cyber talent transitioning to the reserve cyber force by May 1, 2026.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The program as required under subsection (a) shall include the following elements:
- (1) The ability to track, reskill, and upskill transitioning active-duty cyber personnel and critical enablers from the Cyber Mission Force (CMF) for potential retention in the reserve component to meet emerging cyber mission demands.
- (2) The ability to conduct transparent and time efficient means to recruit transitioning, fully qualified, and in good standing active-duty cyber mission force personnel and cyber enabling forces deemed necessary by the United States Cyber Command (USCYBERCOM) and its subordinate commands.

- (3) Establishment of a centralized resource in the Department to—
- (A) provide incentive services as a retention tool to aid transitioning CMF personnel in navigating the active to reserve component personnel system across the military services:
- (B) identify and advertise vacancies in reserve cyber units; and
- (C) enable transition to civilian occupations (specifically with critical need strategic industries and critical infrastructure providers) that could include mentorship, employment counseling, and education focused on critical high demand/low density cyber skills.
- (4) The ability to expand such services to related areas, such as cyber auxiliary forces or direct commissioning programs directed towards cyber forces.
- (c) BRIEFING.—Not later than June 1, 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall provide a briefing to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives on the establishment of the program required under subsection (a), including—
  - (1) the establishment of this program;
- (2) an assessment of resourcing needs for the program across the future years defense program; and
- (3) identification of metrics or other assessment capabilities to determine the impact on retention of CMF forces and enabling cyber forces as part of a total force strategy.
- (d) PILOT AUTHORITY.—The Secretary of Defense shall establish a pilot program to assess the feasibility and advisability of paying skill incentive pay or a skill proficiency bonus under section 353 of title 37, United States Code, to members of the Cyber Mission Force working for the United States Cyber Command that will expire on September 30, 2030.

#### SEC. 1610D. DESIGNATION OF ASSISTANT SEC-RETARY OF DEFENSE FOR CYBER POLICY AS PRINCIPAL STAFF AS-SISTANT.

Section 138(b)(8) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) by inserting "(A)" before the first sentence; and
- (2) by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
- "(B) Subject to the authority, direction, and control of the Secretary of Defense, the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy—
- "(i) shall serve as a principal staff assistant to the Secretary of Defense on matters within the responsibility of the Assistant Secretary:
- "(ii) shall report directly to the Secretary without intervening authority; and
- "(iii) may communicate views on matters within the responsibility of the Assistant Secretary directly to the Secretary without obtaining the approval or concurrence of any other official within the Department of Defense."

#### Subtitle B—Matters Relating to Department of Defense Cybersecurity and Information Technology

### SEC. 1611. MODERNIZATION PROGRAM FOR FULL CONTENT INSPECTION.

Section 1515 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (118–31; 10 U.S.C. 2224 note) is amended—

- (1) in the section heading, by striking "NETWORK BOUNDARY AND CROSS-DOMAIN DEFENSE" and inserting "FULL CONTENT INSPECTION":
- (2) in subsection (a), by inserting "and cross-domain" after "network boundary";
  - (3) in subsection (b)(2)—
  - (A) in subparagraph (A)—

- (i) by inserting "specified in subsection (a)" after "defense capabilities" both places in appears; and
- (ii) in clause (ii), by inserting "that support operational missions as defined by the Department of Defense Cyber Defense Command" before the period at the end;
- (B) by redesignating subparagraphs (B) and (C) as subparagraphs (C) and (D), respectively:
- (C) by inserting after subparagraph (A) the following new subparagraph (B):
- "(B) By December 1, 2026, integrate the capabilities into the pilot program required by subparagraph (A) that leverages, where appropriate, investments in artificial intelligence to illuminate and actively counter foreign cyber aggression to Department of Defense networks.":
- (D) in subparagraph (C), as redesignated by subparagraph (B), by striking "deployment of modernized network boundary defense capabilities to the access points and cross-domain capabilities" and inserting "deployment of the same capabilities described in subsection (a) to the access points and cross-domain capabilities, and any other network interconnection point,"; and
- (E) in subparagraph (D), as redesignated by subparagraph (B)—  $\,$
- (i) by striking "modernized network boundary defense capabilities" and inserting "the same capabilities described in subsection (a)"; and
- (ii) by adding at the end the following new sentence: "To ensure the coverage of these capabilities is complete, the Secretary shall, acting through the Director of the Defense Information Systems Agency and the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense, create a list of remaining networks and enclaves.": and
- (4) by adding at the end the following new subsection:
- "(d) Briefings.—Not later than November 1, 2026, and not less frequently than once each year thereafter until December 31, 2028. the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense, the Director of the Defense Information Systems Agency, and the Commander of the Department of Defense Cyber Defense Command shall jointly provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on the status of deployment of the modernization program required by subsection (a), the results of the surveys conducted pursuant to subparagraphs (B) and (C) of subsection (b)(2), and identification of remaining networks and enclaves to be incorporated into the program.".

# SEC. 1612. ASSESSMENT REGARDING REAL-TIME MONITORING OF DEFENSE WEAPONS PLATFORMS FOR CYBER THREATS.

- (a) ASSESSMENT REQUIRED.—The Secretary of Defense shall conduct a comprehensive assessment of the feasibility and advisability of establishing a Department of Defense-wide program—
- (1) to remediate all weapon system platforms that do not currently have capabilities that satisfy requirements for weapon system platform cybersecurity through automated, real-time monitoring for threat detection and mitigation; and
- (2) that would do so by-
- (A) identifying and prioritizing weapon systems lacking real-time monitoring for self-protection capabilities;
- (B) establishing technical requirements and minimum cybersecurity standards for real-time protection across different categories of weapon systems;
- (C) developing implementation schedules and funding requirements to retrofit existing systems with real-time monitoring for selfprotection capabilities;

- (D) creating a verification and validation process to ensure deployed solutions effectively mitigate identified cybersecurity risks; and
- (E) establishing a governance structure for ongoing maintenance, updates, and operational support of implemented capabilities.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The assessment required pursuant to subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) A detailed assessment of the costs, timelines, and resources associated with developing, testing, acquiring, and implementing real-time monitoring for self-protection capabilities, and the associated capabilities needed to aggregate and evaluate data from such applications.
- (2) A thorough evaluation of existing realtime monitoring for self-protection solutions and their applicability to military weapon system environments.
- (3) A proposed phased implementation and funding plan that includes—
- (A) projected budget requirements delineated by fiscal year;
- (B) recommended acquisition strategies:
- (C) detailed technical implementation considerations;
- (D) detailed operational implementation considerations, including development of tactics, training, and procedures for the employment of such applications; and
- (E) estimated timelines for achieving initial and full operational capability.
  - (4) A detailed inventory of—
- (A) weapon system platforms for which real-time monitoring for self-protection capabilities are recommended;
- (B) weapon system platforms for which such capabilities are not recommended, together with a justification for each such determination; and
- (C) alternative cybersecurity methods being employed or proposed for platforms excluded from the recommendation for realtime monitoring for self-protection implementation.
- (c) COORDINATION WITH RELATED CYBERSE-CURITY PROGRAMS.—In conducting the assessment required by subsection (a), the Secretary shall coordinate with the Secretary for each of the military departments for programs within their department and with the Under Secretary of Defense for Intelligence and Security regarding programs identified in the Strategic Cybersecurity Program.
  - (d) REPORT TO CONGRESS.
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than January 1, 2027, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the findings of the Secretary with respect to the assessment conducted pursuant to subsection (a)
- (2) CONTENTS.—The report submitted pursuant to paragraph (1) on the findings of the Secretary with respect to the assessment conducted pursuant to subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (A) A summary of key findings of the Secretary.
- (B) A comprehensive assessment of technical feasibility for implementing real-time monitoring for self-protection across different weapon system platform types.
- (C) A thorough analysis of the advisability of developing a program for implementing such capabilities, including potential risks, benefits, and trade-offs.
  - (D) Specific recommendations regarding—
- (i) whether real-time monitoring for selfprotection capabilities should be implemented across Department weapon systems;
- (ii) if implementation is recommended, which specific weapon systems should receive priority for such implementation;
- (iii) appropriate acquisition strategies and funding mechanisms to support implementation;

- (iv) any necessary policy or regulatory changes to support effective implementation; and
- (v) proposed metrics for measuring successful implementation and operational effectiveness.
- (E) For weapon system platforms deemed suitable candidates for real-time monitoring for self-protection capabilities—
  - (i) recommended prioritization criteria;
- (ii) a proposed implementation schedule;
- (iii) estimated costs and funding requirements across the Future Years Defense Program; and
- (iv) recommended technical approaches tailored to different platform categories.
- (F) An assessment real-time monitoring for self-protection or similar capabilities currently deployed on Department of Defense weapon system platforms, including—
- (i) a comprehensive inventory of platforms currently utilizing such capabilities, including relevant pilot programs;
- (ii) the specific technical implementations in use;
- (iii) an evaluation of the operational effectiveness of existing implementations; and
- (iv) lessons learned that could inform future acquisition and implementation efforts.
- (3) FORM OF REPORT.—The report submitted pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

#### SEC. 1613. ASSESSMENT OF FEASIBILITY AND AD-VISABILITY OF ESTABLISHING AN OPERATIONAL TECHNOLOGY CYBER-SECURITY TRAINING CENTER OF EX-CELLENCE.

- (a) Assessment Required.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than December 1, 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall, acting through the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense and in coordination with the Commander of United States Cyber Command and such representatives from the military departments as the Secretary considers appropriate, complete an assessment of the feasibility and advisability of establishing a center of excellence for operational technology cybersecurity training (in this section referred to as the "Center") that would institutionalize training for the Department of Defense on security and protection of operational technology and industrial control systems.
- (2) FUNCTIONS TO BE ASSESSED.—In carrying out the assessment required by subsection (a), the Secretary shall assess the need for a Center—
- (A) to provide comprehensive training and other educational programs relating to operational technology and industrial control systems cybersecurity;
- (B) to develop and regularly update the curriculum for such training and programs;
- (C) to identify, develop, and integrate materiel and organizational requirements for Department of Defense operational technology and industrial control systems cybersecurity;
- (D) to develop and manage the integration of operational technology and industrial control systems cybersecurity solutions with military service doctrine, organization, training, materiel, leadership and education, personnel, and facilities; and
- (E) to leverage and benefit from readily available capacity of a military installation with—
- (i) existing infrastructure and multiservice training facilities
- (ii) a cadre or workforce of engineering and infrastructure expertise designed for functions relating to the Armed Forces; and
- (iii) current centers of excellence with specific consideration of existing facilities that support physical and logical cyber training ranges.

- (b) Report Required.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than December 1, 2026, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the findings of the Secretary with respect to the assessment completed pursuant to subsection (a).
- (2) RECOMMENDATION AND MATTERS TO BE ADDRESSED.—The report submitted pursuant to paragraph (1) shall include a recommendation on whether the establishment of a Center is feasible and advisable and shall address the following:
- (A) An identification of curricula relating to training and education of operational technology and industrial control systems, including such training that might be provided by private sector entities.
- (B) Identification of anticipated throughput demands for such training for military and civilian personnel based on workforce estimates from the operational cyber community.
- (C) Assessment of the resources needed to establish and maintain a Center and a costbenefit analysis to determine if the anticipated training throughput in subparagraph (B) warrants such expenditure.
- (D) An evaluation of potential locations that maximizes readily available capacity of a military installation and synergies with—
- (i) existing infrastructure and multiservice training facilities;
- (ii) a cadre or workforce of engineering and infrastructure expertise designed for functions related to the Armed Forces of the United States; and
- (iii) current centers of excellence with specific consideration of existing facilities that support physical and logical cyber training ranges.
- (E) If the Secretary determines that establishing a Center is feasible and advisable—
- (i) a proposed phased implementation approach, including initial operating capability milestones and full operational capability targets:
- (ii) an assessment of how a Center could integrate training and education programs with existing Department of Defense cybersecurity certification requirements and career progression models:
- (iii) proposed metrics and evaluation criteria that could be used to assess a Center's effectiveness in improving operational technology and industrial control systems security outcomes across the Department of Defense, if established;
- (iv) estimated funding, personnel, and resource requirements for establishment and maintenance of a Center; and
- (v) analysis of potential challenges and limitations to establish a Center and recommendations to mitigate these challenges and limitations.
- (F) Proposed metrics and evaluation criteria that could be used to assess the Center's effectiveness in improving operational technology and industrial control systems security outcomes across the Department.
- (c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) INDUSTRIAL CONTROL SYSTEM.—The term "industrial control system" has the meaning given such term in section 2220C of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 665i(f)).
- (2) OPERATIONAL TECHNOLOGY.—The term "operational technology" has the meaning given such term in section 3 of the Internet of Things Cybersecurity Improvement Act of 2020 (15 U.S.C. 278g–3a).

# SEC. 1614. FRAMEWORK FOR INTEGRATION OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY TECHNICAL DEBT ASSESSMENT INTO ANNUAL BUDGET PROCESS.

(a) FRAMEWORK DEVELOPMENT.—Not later than September 1, 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall, in coordination with the Chief

Information Officer of the Department of Defense, the Secretaries of the military departments, and the Chief Information Officers of the military departments, develop a framework for the integration of technical debt assessment, tracking, and management into existing Department of Defense processes for information technology investment decisions and budget justification materials.

(b) TECHNICAL DEBT DEFINITION.—The Secretary of Defense shall direct a comprehensive reevaluation of the Department's current definition of "technical debt" and develop a categorization framework that adequately reflects different types of technical debt, including application, physical infrastructure, architecture, and documentation components.

(c) Framework Components.—

- (1) INTEGRATION REQUIREMENT.—The Secretary of Defense shall ensure the framework developed under subsection (a) provides for integration of technical debt considerations into existing Department management processes and structures relating to resourcing and programmatic decisions for existing or proposed information technology systems, services, or related programs of record.
- (2) METRICS.—The framework developed under subsection (a) shall include—
- (A) baseline measurement for technical debt for a specific technology or program;
- (B) objectives for technical debt reduction; (C) consolidated metrics for Departmentwide use; and
- (D) outcome-based metrics for assessing operational and financial impacts.
- (3) PROCESS INTEGRATION.—The framework developed under subsection (a) shall utilize existing governance structures for overseeing information technology investments.
- (4) MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS.—The framework developed under subsection (a) shall—
- (A) establish methods for identifying and evaluating technical debt;
- (B) integrate technical debt management into the planning, programming, budgeting, and execution process, as well as information technology governance bodies:
- (C) establish prioritization approaches based on mission impact;
- (D) develop mechanisms for gap identification; and
- (E) define organizational responsibilities for remediating assessed technical debt of a program or system.
- (5) IMPLEMENTATION.—The Secretary of Defense shall implement the framework developed under subsection (a) not later than October 1, 2026, to support the planning, programming, and process for the budget justification materials to be submitted to Congress in support of the Department, as submitted with the budget of the President for fiscal year 2027 under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code.
  - (d) BUDGET MATERIALS.—
- (1) JUSTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS.—Beginning with the fiscal year 2027 budget request, the Secretary of Defense shall ensure that, for each fiscal year, the budget justification materials to be submitted to Congress in support of the budget of the Department (as submitted with the budget of the President under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code) include—
  - (A) technical debt status assessments;
- (B) planned remediation investments;
- (C) risk assessments of investment gaps; and
- $\left( D\right)$  alignment with modernization priorities.
- (2) PROGRAM ALIGNMENT.—The Secretary shall ensure Defense planning guidance and program objective memoranda address technical debt remediation requirements.
- (e) CONGRESSIONAL BRIEFING.—Not later than September 15, 2026, the Secretary shall

provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on the implementation and effectiveness of the technical debt management framework developed under subsection (a)

- (f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) The term "information technology" has the meaning given such term in section 11101 of title 40, United States Code.
- (2) The term "technical debt" means design or implementation constructs that are expedient in the short-term, but that set up a technical context that can make a future change costlier or impossible, as defined in Department of Defense Instruction 5000.87, or successor instruction.

#### SEC. 1615. MISSION INFRASTRUCTURE RESIL-IENCE TASK FORCE.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall establish a task force to support the assessment of vulnerabilities to defense critical infrastructure necessary for the execution of existing defense operational and contingency plans.
- (2) DESIGNATION.—The task force established pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be known as the "Mission Infrastructure Resilence Task Force" (in this section the "Task Force").
- (b) Purposes.—The purposes of the Task Force shall be—
- (1) to conduct assessments and analysis of use case-based mission threads to comprehensively identify, develop, and operationalize the full spectrum of capabilities required to protect and maintain defense critical infrastructure: and
- (2) to build and integrate the necessary resources, technologies, communication systems, tactics, techniques, and procedures, personnel with appropriate authorities, and exercise programs to ensure efficient and effective response when critical infrastructure supporting military operations and contingencies is threatened, degraded, or disrupted.
- (c) Composition.
- (1) CHAIR.—The Task Force shall be chaired by a representative from the Department of Defense Cyber Defense Command.
- (2) MEMBERSHIP.—The Task Force shall include representatives from the following:
  - (A) United States Cyber Command
- (B) The Office of the Deputy Assistant Secretary of Defense for Defense Continuity and Mission Assurance.
- (C) The Joint Warfighting Analysis Center.
- $\begin{array}{cccc} \text{(D)} & \text{The Defense} & \text{Advanced} & \text{Research} \\ \text{Projects Agency}. \end{array}$
- (E) The Critical Infrastructure Defense Analysis Center.
- (F) The Air Force Cyber Resiliency Office of Control Systems program.
- (G) The energy, installations and environment, or civil engineering organizations of the military departments.
- (H) The Army Corps of Engineers Engineering Research and Development Center.
- (I) Each of the geographic and functional combatant commands, on an as-needed basis.
  (d) TASKS.—The Task Force shall—
- (1) conduct assessments and analysis of use case-based mission threads associated with defense operational and contingency plans, including through pilot programs, tabletop exercises, or studies that identify infrastructure dependencies and organizational transition points where operational responsibilities transfer between entities;
- (2) identify vulnerabilities and capability gaps in mission-critical infrastructure and determine—
- (A) the resources, authorities, technologies, partnerships with external and nongovernment entities, and funding necessary to address such vulnerabilities and gaps; and

- (B) the designation of lead organizations responsible for remediation activities and associated costs:
- (3) develop broad-based solutions to address gaps identified under paragraph (2), including—
- (A) establishment of communication pathways:
- (B) development of tools and technologies; (C) implementation of visualization and analytic programs; and
- (D) integration of unique capabilities, such as those provided by the National Guard;
- (4) assign organizational leads for remediation of specific gaps and vulnerabilities and develop comprehensive plans to address such gaps, including identification of funding and budgeting requirements necessary for successful remediation efforts;
- (5) monitor and assess the progress of remediation efforts and identify process improvements and solutions to address common deficiencies across multiple remediation activities:
- (6) develop and conduct exercises based on likely operational scenarios—
- (A) to validate the effectiveness of remediation efforts: and
- (B) to identify additional deficiencies or vulnerabilities requiring remediation;
- (7) establish a framework for readiness assessments to provide installation commanders and combatant commanders with visibility into the status of mission infrastructure resilience capabilities within their respective areas of responsibility;
- (8) conduct targeted analysis of specific topics as directed by the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff or the Secretary of Defense; and
- (9) perform such other duties as the Secretary of Defense may determine to be necessary and appropriate.
- (e) Transition to Permanent Organization.—
- (1) Transition plan required.—The Task Force shall develop a comprehensive transition plan for converting the Task Force into a permanent organization within the Department of Defense.
- (2) SUBMISSION TO SECRETARY OF DEFENSE.— The transition plan required under paragraph (1) shall be developed and presented to the Secretary of Defense not later than 180 days prior to the termination date specified in subsection (f).
- (3) BRIEFINGS TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 180 days before the termination date specified in subsection (f), and annually thereafter through September 30, 2033, the Secretary shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on the transition plan required under paragraph (1).
- (f) TERMINATION.—The Task Force shall terminate on September 30, 2030.
- (g) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) The term "defense critical infrastructure" has the meaning given that term "critical infrastructure of the Department of Defense" in section 1650(e) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114-328; 10 U.S.C. 2224 note).
- (2) The term "mission threads" means an end-to-end set of activities and tasks that support the execution of a specific operational mission or function.

#### SEC. 1616. PLAN FOR DEPLOYING PRIVATE FIFTH GENERATION OPEN RADIO ACCESS NETWORKS ON DEPARTMENT OF DE-FENSE BASES.

(a) REQUIREMENT FOR PRIORITIZED LIST OF BASES.—Pursuant to section 1526 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31; 10 U.S.C. 4571 note) and the Department of Defense Private 5G Deployment Strategy (dated October 2024), each Secretary of a military department shall develop a prioritized list of bases

- that merit investment in private fifth generation information and communications networks.
- (b) CONSIDERATIONS.—In developing a list under subsection (a), a Secretary of a military department shall consider matters relating to the following:
  - (1) High connection density.
  - (2) Low latency.
  - (3) High capacity
  - (4) Large geographic coverage.
- (5) Enhanced and tailored security, including obscured data transport, within wireless network services.
- (6) Base physical security and force protection requiring advanced processing of high-resolution distributed sensor feeds for perimeter monitoring, and detection and tracking of unmanned aerial systems (UAS), including through the potential use of a fifth generation information and communications network.
- (7) Efficient large-scale warehousing and logistics operations.
- (8) The use of augmented or virtual reality technology for efficient maintenance and training.
- (9) Large-scale and high-tempo flight line operations.
- (c) Informing Task Orders.—The Secretary of the Air Force shall use the prioritized list the Secretary developed under subsection (a) to inform task orders issued under the Enterprise Information Technology as a Service Base Infrastructure Modernization program. Task orders issued after the date of the enactment of this Act shall specify where Wi-Fi is fully adequate to meet requirements and where private fifth generation information and communications network performance is needed.
- (d) COORDINATION REQUIRED.—In developing prioritized lists under subsection (a), each of the Secretaries of the military departments shall coordinate with the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering, the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense, and such combatant commanders and directors of defense agencies as the Secretaries each consider appropriate.
- (e) PLAN FOR PRIVATE 5G ORAN NETWORK DEPLOYMENTS.—Not later than March 1, 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall—
- (1) consolidate the prioritized base lists developed by the Secretaries of the military departments under subsection (a), and determine an optimal investment, deployment, and spend plan for private fifth generation Open Radio Access Network (ORAN) networks across the Department; and
- (2) submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the lists consolidated under paragraph (1) and the determinations made pursuant to such paragraph.

# SEC. 1617. LIMITATION ON FUNDS FOR TRAVEL PENDING BRIEFING ON PROCESS FOR BEST-IN-CLASS CYBER DATA PRODUCTS AND SERVICES.

- (a) LIMITATION.—Of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2026 for operation and maintenance, Defense-wide, and available for travel expenses for the Office of the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense, not more than 90 percent may be obligated or expended until the date on which the Secretary of Defense provides the briefing required under subsection (b).
- (b) BRIEFING REQUIRED.—The Secretary shall, acting through the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense and in coordination with the Chief Information Officers from each of the military departments and the Director of the Defense Information Systems Agency, provide a brief to the congressional defense committees on—
- (1) how the Department of Defense plans to establish an open and competitive process

- through authorities granted in section 1521 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117-81; 10 U.S.C. 2224 note) to procure best in class cybersecurity solutions, including endpoint, identity, and threat-hunting solutions; and
- (2) the benefits associated with the use of multiple different cybersecurity providers to support operational resilience of Department networks.
- (c) IMPLEMENTATION STATUS.—The brief required under subsection (b) shall include—
- (1) the status of the designation of an executive agent for Department of Defense-wide procurement of cyber data products and services as required by subsection (a) of section 1521 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81; 10 U.S.C. 2224 note);
- (2) the establishment and operational status of the program management office required by such subsection;
- (3) progress made in developing Department-wide requirements for cyber data products and services; and
- (4) a detailed timeline for full implementation of the requirements specified in section 1521 of such Act (Public Law 117-81; 10 U.S.C. 2224 note).
- (d) Acquisition Strategy.—The brief required by subsection (b) shall include a comprehensive acquisition strategy that—
- (1) outlines how the Department will leverage enterprise-wide procurement to achieve cost efficiencies compared to component-level procurements;
- (2) identifies metrics for measuring the effectiveness and value of enterprise-wide cyber solutions;
- (3) details plans to ensure accessibility of procured solutions across all military departments and components of the Department; and
- (4) describes how the Department will maintain vendor diversity and competition throughout the acquisition lifecycle.
- (e) BUDGET IMPLICATIONS.—The brief required under subsection (b) shall include—
- (1) estimated funding requirements for the implementation of enterprise-wide procurement of cyber data products and services for fiscal years 2026 through 2030; and
- (2) a description of how enterprise-wide procurement will result in cost savings compared to current acquisition approaches.

## SEC. 1618. LIMITATION OF FUNDS FOR TRAVEL EXPENSES FOR THE OFFICE OF THE CHIEF INFORMATION OFFICER.

- (a) LIMITATION.—Of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2026 for operation and maintenance, Defense-wide, and available for travel expenses for the Office of the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense, not more than 85 percent may be obligated or expended until the date on which the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense, in coordination with the Chief Information Officers of the military departments, submits to the congressional defense committees the plan required under subsection (b).
- (b) PLAN REQUIRED.—The Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense, in coordination with the Chief Information Officers of the military departments, shall develop and submit to the congressional defense committees a comprehensive plan to transition from legacy circuits to Internet Protocol-based circuits that comply with Department of Defense security requirements, including—
- identification of all legacy circuits currently in use across the Department of Defense and the military departments;
- (2) establishment of timelines for the transition of each identified legacy circuit;
- (3) detail of resource requirements necessary to execute the transition;

- (4) identification of any technical, operational, or security challenges that may impact the transition and proposed solutions to address such challenges;
- (5) specification of associated funding lines for each military department and defense agency participating in the transition; and
- (6) identification of investments over the Future Years Defense Program required to complete the transition.
- (c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) The term "Internet Protocol-based circuits" means telecommunications circuits or services that utilize the Internet Protocol suite for packet switching and routing to transmit voice, data, and video communications.
- (2) The term "legacy circuits" means telecommunications circuits that utilize outdated technology with limited bandwidth, security features, or interoperability capabilities as compared to modern Internet Protocol-based alternatives.

# SEC. 1619. LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR THE COMBINED JOINT ALL-DOMAIN COMMAND AND CONTROL INITIATIVE.

Of the funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2026 for research, development, test, and evaluation, Defense-wide, for the Joint Staff and the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer for the Combined Joint All-Domain Command and Control initiative, not more than 90 percent may be obligated or expended until the Secretary of Defense provides to the congressional defense committees a framework for such initiative that helps guide investments and measures progress for the initiative, as recommended by the Comptroller General of the United States in the report of the Comptroller General titled "Defense Command and Control: Further Progress Hinges on Establishing a Comprehensive Framework' (GAO-25-106454).

### SEC. 1620. REVIEW OF JOINT FIRES NETWORK PROGRAM TRANSITION.

- (a) Briefing Required.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—Not later than February 1, 2026, the Secretary of the Air Force, in coordination with the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment, the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering, and the Director of Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation, shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on the plans and progress of transitioning the Joint Fires Network initiative to a program of record within the Air Force.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The briefing required by paragraph (1) shall include the following:
- (A) An update on the charter for the program, including organizational relationships between the Air Force program manager, relevant stakeholders supporting developmental efforts, and operational customers of the Joint Fires Network.
- (B) Details on the funding profile and milestones for the program across the future-years defense program, highlighting any potential challenges or delays, and recommendations for how to advance the Joint Fires Network program.
- (C) A description of processes and guardrails related to the management of requirements and funding to ensure military department-specific requirements or funding pressures are not prioritized over joint requirements or needs of operational customers.
- (D) A description and timeline of transition planning for providing specific capabilities to operational customers, including processes for balancing needs and requirements across multiple operational customers.
  - (b) Independent Assessment Required.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than March 30, 2026, the Commander of the United States Indo-Pacific Command shall—
- (A) assess the plans and progress described in subsection (a)(1); and
- (B) provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on the findings of the assessment.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The briefing required by paragraph (1) shall include the Commander's assessment of the following:
- (A) The charter for the program and organizational relationships for facilitating coordination with the Combatant Command.
- (B) Mechanisms to include feedback from operational customers in the program and continue the rapid delivery of the Joint Fires Network capability at the point of need

#### SEC. 1620A. PROHIBITION ON THE ELIMINATION OF CERTAIN CYBER ASSESSMENT CAPABILITIES FOR TEST AND EVAL-UATION.

- (a) PROHIBITION.—The Secretary of Defense shall not take any action to divest, consolidate, or curtail any current cyber assessment capabilities or National Security Agency (NSA)-certified red teams supporting operational test and evaluation (OT&E) for Department of Defense programs until the Secretary provides the certification described under subsection (b).
- (b) CERTIFICATION.— The certification referred to in subsection (a) is a certification to the congressional defense committees that includes the following:
- (1) The analytic basis for making the decision to take an action described in subsection (a), including any cost, workload, and workforce requirements, as well as any analysis related to operational impact on users of cyber assessment capabilities provided by the Director of Operational Test and Evaluation (DOT&E).
- (2) Independent review by the Director of Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation of all such analyses provided under paragraph (1).
- (3) Certification by the Director of the Test Resource Management Center that such analyses and such decisions meet the requirements of the Department of Defense, as required by section 4173(c)(1)(B) of title 10, United States Code.
- (4) A comprehensive transition plan for critical cyber test and evaluation capabilities currently managed by the Director of Operational Test and Evaluation, including identification of receiving organizations within the services or Office of the Secretary of Defense, timeline for transfer, and measures to ensure continuity of operations.
- (5) A detailed assessment of funding requirements for maintaining and enhancing cyber test and evaluation capabilities during and after the transition, including how these funding elements will be incorporated into annual budget request documents.
- (6) A review of staffing, tools, and specialized resources needed to support cyber operational test and evaluation across major weapons and information technology programs within the receiving organizations.
- (7) A summary of efforts to integrate intelligence-informed threat data into operational cyber testing, including any remaining legal or technical barriers and proposed solutions.
- (8) A plan to improve coordination and information-sharing between cyber test and evaluation stakeholders, United States Cyber Command, and the intelligence community following the organizational transition.
- (9) Proposed metrics for evaluating mission effects in cyber-contested environments, consistent with guidance in the Cyber OT&E Guidebook, and how these will be

maintained across organizational boundaries.

(10) An assessment of the effectiveness and future needs of cyber assessment programs, including resource gaps and how these will be addressed by the receiving organizations.

SEC. 1620B. MODIFICATION TO CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENT REGARDING CONTRACTING FOR MILITARY RECRIPTIONS.

Section 1555 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31; 10 U.S.C. 503 note) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a), by striking "does not" and all that follows through the end and inserting the following: "does not—
- "(1) rate or rank news or information sources for the factual accuracy of their content:
- "(2) provide ratings or opinions on news or in formation sources regarding misinformation, bias, adherence to journalistic standards, or ethics; or
- "(3) acquire or use any service that provides any ratings, rankings, or opinions described in paragraph (1) or (2) from any other person."; and
- (2) by striking subsection (c).

#### SEC. 1620C. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE WORKING GROUP, STRATEGY, AND REPORT ON ENSURING THE SECURITY, RESIL-IENCY, AND INTEGRITY OF UNDER-SEA CABLES.

- (a) Working Group.—
- (1) CONVENING.—Not later than March 1, 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall, in consultation with the Joint Staff, the Director of the Defense Information Systems Agency, and such other agencies and combatant commands as the Secretary considers relevant, convene a working group—
- (A) to prepare the report required by subsection (b):
- (B) to provide the briefing required by subsection (c): and
- (C) to develop the strategy required by subsection (d).
- (2) MEMBERSHIP.—The Working Group shall be composed of participants with relevant background or expertise, as determined by the Secretary, but shall include, at a minimum, the following:
- (A) At least one individual from the Office of the Secretary of Defense
- (B) At least one individual from the Joint Staff.
- (C) At least one individual from the Defense Information Systems Agency.
- (3) CHAIRPERSON.—The Secretary, or the Secretary's designee, shall serve as the chairperson of the Working Group.
- (b) Report.—
- (1) REQUIREMENT.—Not later than February 1, 2027, the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report—
- (A) assessing the unique challenges of protecting covered undersea cables and covered cable landing stations from threats posed by the People's Republic of China, the Russian Federation, the Islamic Republic of Iran, naval and shadow fleets of adversaries of the United States, and subsea cable destruction mechanisms and any foreign entity of concern;
- (B) specifically discussing the implications posed by relevant treaties and customary international law;
- (C) examining the roles, responsibilities, and limits of the Department of Defense in ensuring the security, resiliency, and integrity of covered undersea cables;
- (D) identifying gaps in current mechanisms for detection of, prevention of, and response to threats against covered undersea cables and covered cable landing stations; and
- (E) identifying methods for the Department to create and disseminate lawfare or transparency methods to promote inter-

- national law and deter future grey zone tactics and declassify instances of adversarial action, as may be appropriate.
- (2) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—The report submitted pursuant to paragraph (1) shall include a description of each of the following:
- (A) Past, ongoing, or planned efforts to protect covered undersea cables and covered cable landing stations from espionage, cybersecurity threats, physical damage, and natural disasters.
- (B) Analysis of the capabilities of adversarial countries, including the People's Republic of China, the Russian Federation, the Islamic Republic of Iran, and others, to target, compromise, intercept data transmissions or sensitive information from covered undersea cables.
- (C) Recommended areas for enhanced collaboration with industry stakeholders, including establishing standards, guidelines, and public-private reporting mechanisms.
- (D) Assessment of training needs, including the development of a dedicated cadre of covered undersea cable security experts.
- (E) Identification of resources required for expanded operations and enhanced interagency and international coordination.
- (F) Recommendations for enhanced collaboration with allied and partner nations, including current best practices and lessons learned.
- (G) Assessment of the maximum disruption to covered undersea cables and landing stations tolerable for the continuity of critical Department of Defense operations.
- (H) The practicability of repairing any covered undersea cable within 100 hours, including through the development and use of aerial-deliverable, submersible, splicing robots.
- (I) The utility and practicability of developing 72-hour deployable portable cable landing stations.
- (J) Identification of the costs associated with the deployment of anti-tamper sensors.
- (3) FORM.—The report under paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.
- (c) BRIEFING.—Not later than March 15, 2027, the Working Group shall provide to the appropriate committees of Congress a briefing on the findings and recommendations contained in such report.
- (d) STRATEGY.—Not later than February 1, 2027, the Working Group shall, in consultation with such governmental or non-governmental entities as the Working Group considers appropriate, submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a strategy to disseminate to allies and partners of the United States, industry, and such other entities as the Working Group considers appropriate to address the threats, gaps, roles, responsibilities, and challenges described in subsection
- (1) to address threats to the physical security, cybersecurity resiliency, and integrity of covered undersea cables and covered cable landing stations, including redundancies and response options in the event of multiple or coordinated attacks on cable infrastructure;
- (2) to enhance the Department of Defense's international collaboration on matters relating to the security of covered undersea cable and covered cable landing stations, including joint exercises with allies and partners of the United States;
- (3) to incorporate covered undersea cable security into mission sets and operational planning of relevant combatant commands (COCOMs);
- (4) to foster engagement with private industry to ensure technological advancements and best practices are leveraged for the protection of covered undersea cable and covered cable landing stations; and

- (5) to develop lawfare or transparency methods to promote international law and deter future grey zone tactics.
  - (e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—The term "appropriate committees of Congress" means the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives.
- (2) COVERED CABLE LANDING STATION.—The term "covered cable landing station" means a covered undersea cable landing station in, owned by, or operated by the United States or an ally of the United States.
- (3) COVERED UNDERSEA CABLE.—The term "covered undersea cable" means a commercial undersea telecommunications cable landing in, owned by, or operated by the United States or an ally of the United States.
- (4) CYBERSECURITY THREAT.—The term "cybersecurity threat" has the meaning given such term in section 2200 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 650).
- (5) FOREIGN ENTITY OF CONCERN.—The term "foreign entity of concern" has the meaning given such term in section 9901 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (15 U.S.C. 4651).
- (6) WORKING GROUP.—The term "Working Group" means the working group convened pursuant to subsection (b)(1).

### Subtitle C—Data and Artificial Intelligence

# SEC. 1621. PUBLIC-PRIVATE CYBERSECURITY PARTNERSHIP FOR HIGHLY CAPABLE ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE SYSTEMS.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy shall establish a public-private partnership body to address cybersecurity and physical security threats and vulnerabilities to highly capable artificial intelligence and machine learning systems.
- (b) FORUM FOR ENGAGEMENT.—The public-private partnership body established under subsection (a) shall serve as a forum for engagement between the Department of Defense and commercial industry partners to align and enhance cybersecurity and physical security frameworks and practices applicable to both national security systems and artificial intelligence and machine learning systems at risk from sophisticated state actors.
- (c) Purpose.—The public-private partner-ship body developed under subsection (a) shall—
- (1) convene regular engagements to discuss cybersecurity and physical security threats and vulnerabilities specific to highly capable artificial intelligence and machine learning systems, with a focus on both current and emerging threats posed by state-sponsored cyber actors:
- (2) facilitate the development, sharing, and alignment of best practices and robust cybersecurity and physical security frameworks between the Department and commercial industry to protect artificial intelligence and machine learning systems;
- (3) promote collaborative threat intelligence sharing between the Department and commercial entities, with particular attention to vulnerabilities in artificial intelligence and machine learning systems used in critical infrastructure, defense operations, and sensitive national security functions; and
- (4) develop recommendations for cybersecurity and physical security policy enhancements aimed at safeguarding artificial intelligence and machine learning technologies

- from state-sponsored cyber attacks and report findings and policy recommendations to Congress on an annual basis.
- (d) Participants.—The public-private partnership body developed under subsection (a) shall include representatives from—
- (1) the Department of Defense, including—
   (A) the Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Cyber Policy;
- (B) the Under Secretary of Defense for Intelligence and Security;
- (C) the Chief Information Officers of the Department of Defense and the Armed Forces;
- (D) the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer of the Department of Defense;
- (E) the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency:
  - (F) the National Security Agency:
- (G) United States Cyber Command;
- (H) the Defense Cyber Crime Center; and
- (I) such other entities in the Department of Defense and military departments with responsibilities for cybersecurity or artificial intelligence systems as the Assistant Secretary considers relevant:
- (2) commercial industry companies with expertise in highly capable artificial intelligence and machine learning systems, or cybersecurity or physical security practices, including—
- (A) cloud computing and artificial intelligence service providers;
- (B) cybersecurity companies:
- (C) artificial intelligence research and development companies:
- (D) telecommunications companies; and
- (E) such other industry leaders as the Assistant Secretary identifies as relevant and appropriate; and
- (3) federally funded research and development centers, national laboratories, and academic institutions with demonstrated expertise in highly capable artificial intelligence and machine learning systems, cybersecurity or physical security practices.
- (e) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—Not later than one year after the date of the establishment of the public-private partnership body under subsection (a), and not less frequently than once each year thereafter until December 1, 2030, the Assistant Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report summarizing—
- (1) the key finding from the engagements held under subsection (c)(1), including any identified cybersecurity or physical security vulnerabilities in artificial intelligence and machine learning systems;
- (2) recommendations for enhancing cybersecurity or physical security policy and practices to protect artificial intelligence and machine learning systems across both the Department and commercial sectors; and
- (3) an analysis of the progress made in aligning Department and commercial cybersecurity and physical security frameworks to address state-sponsored cyber threats.

### SEC. 1622. DIGITAL SANDBOX ENVIRONMENTS FOR ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.

- (a) REQUIREMENT TO ESTABLISH.—Not later than April 1, 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall, acting through the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer and the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense, establish a task force on artificial intelligence sandbox environments (in this section referred to as the "Task Force").
- (b) Purpose.—The Task Force shall identify, coordinate, and advance Departmentwide efforts to develop and deploy virtual environments necessary to support artificial intelligence experimentation, training, familiarization, and development across the Department of Defense enterprise. These virtual environments, known as an "artificial intelligence sandbox", shall—

- (1) provide capability for personnel with varied technical proficiency, from novice users to experienced practitioners;
- (2) enable the building, training, evaluation, and deployment of artificial intelligence models;
- (3) facilitate familiarity with and utilization of existing artificial intelligence capabilities; and
- (4) accelerate the responsible adoption of artificial intelligence across the Department
- (c) CO-CHAIRS.—The Task Force shall be cochaired by the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer and the Chief Information Officer.
- (d) COMPOSITION.—The Task Force shall be composed of—
- (1) the chief artificial intelligence officers of the military departments, or in the absence of such position, the individual responsible for leading artificial intelligence efforts within each military department;
- (2) the chief information officers of the military departments;
- (3) the chief artificial intelligence officers of the combatant commands and joint staff, or in the absence of such position, the individual responsible for leading artificial intelligence efforts within each combatant commands:
- (4) the chief information officers of the combatant commands, and joint staff, or in the absence of such position, the individual responsible for leading information technology efforts within each combatant commands:
- (5) the Directors for Command, Control, Communications, and Computers/Cyber (J6) of the combatant commands, or their designees:
- (6) the Director for Command, Control, Communications, and Computers/Cyber (J6) of the Joint Staff, or their designee; and
- (7) such other officials of the Department as the co-chairs of the Task Force consider appropriate.
- (e) FUNCTIONS.—The Task Force shall—
- (1) identify and consolidate common requirements with respect to artificial intelligence sandbox environments across the Department, including requirements relating to interfaces for users with varying technical expertise, computational resources and infrastructure, pre-trained models and datasets, and educational and training materials;
- (2) identify, inventory, and ensure the availability of existing solutions and technical documentation, including machinereadable documents, reference architectures, and user guides;
- (3) publish an analysis matching common requirements identified under paragraph (1) with existing solutions identified under paragraph (2);
- (4) utilize existing Department mechanisms to achieve efficiencies through enterprise licenses and contracts;
- (5) identify and, where possible, streamline authority to operate approvals for each element of common artificial intelligence sandbox environment architectures; and
- (6) publish guidance on the appropriate use of artificial intelligence sandbox environments for users at all skill levels.
- (f) BRIEFING.—Not later than August 1, 2026, the co-chairs of the Task Force shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on the goals and objectives of the Task Force.
- (g) TERMINATION.—The Task Force shall terminate on January 1, 2030.
  - (h) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) The term "artificial intelligence" has the meaning given such term in section 238(g) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019

- (Public Law 115-232; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4061).
- (2) The term "artificial intelligence sandbox environment" means a secure, isolated computing environment that enables users with varying levels of technical expertise to access artificial intelligence tools, models, and capabilities for the purposes of experimentation, training, testing, and development without affecting operational systems or requiring specialized technical knowledge to operate.
- (3) The term "authority to operate" means the official management decision given by a senior organizational official to authorize operation of an information system and to explicitly accept the risk to organizational operations and assets, individuals, other organizations, and the United States based on the implementation of an agreed-upon set of security controls, as defined in Committee on National Security Systems Instruction 4009. or successor document.

#### SEC. 1623. ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE MODEL AS-SESSMENT AND OVERSIGHT.

- (a) Cross-functional Team for Artificial Intelligence Model Assessment and Oversight.—
- (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary of Defense shall, in accordance with section 911 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114-328; 10 U.S.C. 111 note), establish a cross-functional team for artificial intelligence model assessment and oversight (in this section referred to as the "Cross-Functional Team").
- (2) PURPOSE.—The purpose of the Cross-Functional Team is to develop a standardized assessment framework and governance structure to evaluate, oversee, and facilitate collaboration on artificial intelligence models employed by the Department of Defense.
  - (3) Composition.—
- (A) LEADERSHIP.—The Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer shall lead the Cross-Functional Team.
- (B) MEMBERSHIP.—The Secretary shall ensure that the Cross-Functional Team includes representatives from—
- (i) the Office of the Chief Information Officer;
- (ii) the chief artificial intelligence officers of the military departments, or in the absence of such position, the individual responsible for leading artificial intelligence efforts within each military department;
- (iii) the chief information officers of the military departments;
- (iv) the chief artificial intelligence officers of the combatant commands and the Joint Staff, or in the absence of such position, the individuals responsible for leading artificial intelligence efforts within each such command and the Joint Staff;
- (v) the chief information officers of the combatant commands and the Joint Staff, or in the absence of such position, the individuals responsible for leading information technology efforts within each such command and the Joint Staff; and
- (vi) such other components as the Secretary determines appropriate.
- (4) DUTIES.—The duties of the Cross-Functional Team are as follows:
- (A) To develop a standardized assessment framework for artificial intelligence models currently used by the Department of Defense.
- (B) To establish Department-wide guidelines for artificial intelligence model evaluation for future models being considered for Department use.
- $\left(C\right)$  To develop governance structures for model development, testing, and deployment.
- (D) To identify appropriate assessment levels based on use case-based risk.

- (E) To establish mechanisms for cross-component collaboration.
- (F) To develop processes for use case submission, review, and approval.
- (5) FRAMEWORK CONTENT.—The assessment framework developed under subsection (b) shall address—
  - (A) model performance standards;
- (B) development documentation requirements;
  - (C) testing procedures;
  - (D) ethical principles compliance;
- (E) assessment methodologies and validity periods;
- (F) security requirements and compliance regulations, including the Federal Risk and Authorization Management Program; and
- (G) such other elements as the Cross-Functional Team determines appropriate.
- (b) FUNCTIONAL LEADS FOR ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE APPLICATION.—
- (1) DESIGNATION.—The Secretary shall designate such Department organizations as the Secretary considers appropriate to serve as functional leads for artificial intelligence applications.
- (2) SELECTION CRITERIA.—In designating functional leads under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall consider—
- (A) subject matter expertise;
- (B) equities in the functional area; and
- (C) capability to establish assessment standards.
- (3) CDAO RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer shall—
- (A) serve as the functional lead for business systems with artificial intelligence models; and
- (B) provide Department-wide guidance on commercial artificial intelligence models.
- (c) ASSESSMENTS OF MAJOR ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE SYSTEMS.—Not later than January 1, 2028, the Secretary shall, using the standard assessment framework developed by the Cross-Functional Team under subsection (a)(2), assess all major artificial intelligence systems of the Department.
  - (d) ADMINISTRATION.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—In administering this section, the Secretary shall ensure the completion of each of the following milestones:
- (A) The Cross-Functional Team is established in accordance with subsection (a) on or before June 1, 2026.
- (B) The functional leads for artificial intelligence application are designated in accordance with subsection (b) on or before January 1, 2027.
- (C) The Cross-Function Team completes development of the standardized assessment framework and governance structure required by subsection (a)(2) on or before June 1, 2027.
- (D) Initial assessments of major artificial intelligence systems are conducted under subsection (c) and completed on or before January 1, 2028.
- (2) CONGRESSIONAL BRIEFING.—Not later than 30 days after the completion of each milestone set forth under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall provide the congressional defense committees a briefing on the status of the Secretary in administering this section.
  - (e) SUNSET AND TRANSITION.—
- (1) SUNSET.—The Cross-Functional Team shall terminate on December 31, 2030.
- (2) TRANSITION.—Not later than June 30, 2030, the Secretary shall designate an organization to succeed the Cross-Functional Team and develop a plan to transfer the duties of the Cross-Functional Team specified by subsection (a)(4) to such successor organization.
- (3) REPORT ON ACTIVITIES OF SUCCESSOR ORGANIZATION.—Not later than one year after the date on which the Cross-Functional Team is terminated and not less frequently than once each year thereafter until the date that is three years after the date on which

- the Cross-Functional Team is terminated, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees an annual report on the activities of the element of the Department to which the duties of the Cross-Functional Team were transferred.
  - (f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) The term "artificial intelligence" has the meaning given in section 238(g) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4061).
- (2) The term "functional area" refers to a specialized domain of artificial intelligence application within the Department where models are developed, evaluated, and employed for similar use cases under comparable operational conditions. Examples of functional areas may include decision support systems, business systems, avionics, cybersecurity, intelligence applications, logistics and maintenance, and health care.

#### SEC. 1624. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE ONTOLOGY GOVERNANCE WORKING GROUP.

- (a) Establishment.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall establish a working group to develop and implement a common data ontology and governance structure across the Department of Defense.
- (2) DESIGNATION.—The working group established pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be known as the "Department of Defense Ontology Governance Working Group" (in this section the "Working Group").
- (b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of the Working Group is to develop and implement a common data ontology and governance structure across the Department of Defense to improve data interoperability, enhance information sharing, and enable more effective decision making throughout the Department.
- (c) MEMBERSHIP.—The Working Group shall consist of—
- (1) the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer;
- (2) the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense;
  (3) the Chief Data Officers of the Depart-
- (3) the Chief Data Officers of the Department of Defense;
- (4) the Chief Information Officers of the military departments and the combatant commands;
- (5) such representatives from defense intelligence entities as the Secretary considers appropriate; and
- (6) such other officers or employees of the Department as the Secretary considers appropriate.
- (d) DUTIES.—The Working Group shall—
- (1) shall coordinate with and build upon any existing data ontology development efforts within the Department of Defense and intelligence community (as defined in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003)) to ensure complementary and nonduplicative efforts;
- (2) incorporate Department-wide data as well as data from defense intelligence entities;
- (3) develop and maintain domain-specific data ontologies that address specialized knowledge areas within the Department of Defense, including warfighting, logistics, personnel, intelligence, and cybersecurity domains:
- (4) establish a process to identify and designate functional domain leads responsible for leading the development, review, approval, and respective guidance of data ontologies for their particular domains;
- (5) evaluate what security risks are introduced with common and domain-specific data ontologies and how these risks should be mitigated; and
- (6) establish a governance framework that includes—  $\,$

- (A) a centralized repository to store the common and domain-specific data ontologies in a manner accessible to all authorized stakeholders:
- (B) robust version control mechanisms to track changes, manage different versions, and ensure a stable and authoritative source;
- (C) clear ownership designations and role definitions for data ontology management, including modification and access authorities for both enterprise-wide and domain-specific ontologies;
- (D) standardized governance procedures for updating, reviewing, and maintaining the data ontologies to ensure relevance and accuracy:
- (E) adherence to established data ontology engineering principles that promote interoperability and reusability across domains; and
- (F) integration with existing Department data management practices and systems.
  - (e) FUNCTIONAL DOMAIN LEADS.-
- (1) SELECTION CRITERIA.—In designating functional domain leads under subsection (d)(4), the Working Group shall select individuals who possess extensive subject matter expertise in their respective domains and maintain substantial equities or responsibilities within the domain.
- (2) REPRESENTATION.—Functional domain leads selected under subsection (d)(4) shall be selected to ensure appropriate representation across the Department, including the military departments, combatant commands, defense agencies, and field activities.
- (3) RESPONSIBILITIES.—Functional domain leads selected under subsection (d)(4) shall be responsible for—
- (A) leading the development and maintenance of data ontologies within their domains:
- (B) reviewing and approving domain-specific data ontology elements;
- (C) ensuring alignment between domainspecific data ontologies and the enterprisewide data ontology framework;
- (D) developing domain-specific guidance for data ontology implementation; and
- (E) serving as the authoritative source for domain knowledge within the data ontology governance structure.
  - (f) TIMELINE AND DELIVERABLES.—
- (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall ensure that the Working Group is established pursuant to subsection (a) not later than June 1, 2026, and the Working Group shall remain in effect for a period of not less than 5 years beginning on the date of the establishment of the Working Group, unless the Secretary determines that it is necessary to transition the Working Group into a permanent organization.
- (2) FUNCTIONAL DOMAIN LEAD DESIGNATION.—Not later than August 1, 2026, the Working Group shall identify and designate functional domain leads in accordance with subsections (d)(4) and (e).
- (3) DEPARTMENT-LEVEL POLICY.—Not later than June 1, 2027, the Working Group shall develop and distribute Department-level policy on the data ontology governance structure, including guidelines for the development, maintenance, and integration of domain-specific ontologies.
- (4) IMPLEMENTATION.—The Working Group shall oversee the implementation of the governance structure by June 1, 2028.
  - (g) Briefing and Report.—
- (1) BRIEFING.—Not later than July 1, 2027, the Working Group shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on progress of the Working Group.
- (2) REPORT.—Not later than June 30, 2028, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the implementation of the ontology governance

structure, including the status of implementation for both enterprise-wide and domainspecific ontologies, and recommendations for sustainment and further development.

(h) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

- (1) The term "data domain ontology" means a data ontology that is specific to a particular functional, operational, or subject-matter area within the Department, including warfighting, logistics, personnel, intelligence, or cybersecurity domains.
- (2) The term "data ontology" means a formal, structured representation and categorization of data elements, their properties, and the relationships between them within an information system or knowledge domain that enables consistent interpretation, integration, and analysis of data across different systems and users.

#### SEC. 1625. MODIFICATION OF HIGH-PERFORM-ANCE COMPUTING ROADMAP.

Section 1532(c) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118–159) is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (1), by inserting ", including both dedicated Department of Defense owned and maintained computing assets, as well as commercially procured cloud services or other infrastructure-as-a service contracts" before the period at the end;
  - (2) in paragraph (2)-
- (A) by redesignating subparagraph (C) as subparagraph (D); and
- (B) by inserting after subparagraph (B) the following new subparagraph (C):
- "(C) For any data centers to be built or expanded on a military installation, an estimate, to the degree that the Secretary determines that providing such an estimate will not delay the submittal of the triennial update required by paragraph (3), of the additional needs for those data centers, including—
- "(i) an estimate of the increased footprint for physical space needs;
- "(ii) assessments of projected electricity and water usage requirements for the projected artificial intelligence data center footbrint:
- "(iii) anticipated impact on the installation and the surrounding community based on increased power, water, and other resource needs, including measures to mitigate any potential adverse impacts on military installations; and
- "(iv) strategies to prevent disruptions to local utility services and to ensure community resilience, including consultation with local, State, and Federal agencies to align infrastructure planning with broader community needs."; and
  - (3) by adding at the end the following:
- "(3) TRIENNIAL UPDATES.—Not later than March 1, 2027, and not later than March 1 of every third year thereafter until March 1, 2033, the Secretary shall update the roadmap required by paragraph (1) and submit to the congressional defense committees the updated roadmap.".

### SEC. 1626. ARTIFICIAL GENERAL INTELLIGENCE STEERING COMMITTEE.

- (a) Establishment.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than April 1, 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall establish a steering committee on artificial general intelligence.
- (2) DESIGNATION.—The steering committee established pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be known as the "Artificial General Intelligence Steering Committee" (in this section the "Steering Committee").
- (b) MEMBERSHIP.—The Steering Committee shall be composed of the following:
- (1) The Deputy Secretary of Defense.
- (2) The Vice Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff.
- (3) The Vice Chief of Staff of the Army, the Vice Chief of Staff of Naval Operations, the

- Assistant Commandant of the Marine Corps, the Vice Chief of Staff of the Air Force, the Vice Chief of Space Operations, and the Vice Chief of the National Guard Bureau.
- (4) The Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Sustainment.
- (5) The Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering.
- (6) The Under Secretary of Defense for Intelligence and Security.
- (7) The Under Secretary of Defense (Comptroller)/Chief Financial Officer.
- (8) Such representatives from the military departments as the Secretary considers appropriate.
- (9) The Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Officer of the Department of Defense.
- (10) Representatives of such innovation centers within the defense innovation ecosystem as the Secretary of Defense determines appropriate.
- (11) Representatives of such other organizations and elements of the Department of Defense as the Secretary determines appropriate.
- (c) CO-CHAIRPERSONS.—The Deputy Secretary of Defense and the Vice Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff shall serve as the Co-Chairpersons of the Steering Committee.
- (d) RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Steering Committee shall be responsible for—  $\,$
- (1) analyzing the current trajectory of artificial intelligence models and enabling technologies that would support achievement of artificial general intelligence, including—
- (A) current and emerging models, including frontier and world models:
  - (B) agentic algorithms;
- (C) neuromorphic computing;
- (D) cognitive science applications for algorithm or model development;
  - (E) infrastructure needs;
- (F) new or emerging microelectronics designs or architectures; and
- (G) such other technology disciplines as the Steering Committee determines appropriate;
- (2) assess the technological, operational, and doctrinal trajectory of adversaries of the United States towards the goal of achieving an artificial general intelligence;
- (3) analyzing the military applications and implications of artificial general intelligence for the Department:
- (4) developing a strategy for the Department adoption of artificial general intelligence, including—
- (A) articulation of ethical and policy guardrails:
- (B) required resources, including through the use of new or novel funding mechanisms like purchase commitments, financing arrangements, or loans or loan guarantees;
  - (C) measurable goals; and
- (D) mechanisms available for transition or adoption through public-private partnerships; and
- (5) analyzing the threat landscape emanating from adversarial use of artificial general intelligence and developing options and counter-artificial general intelligence strategies to defend against such use.
- (e) Report.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than January 31, 2027, the Deputy Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the findings of the Steering Committee with respect to the matters covered by subsection (d).
- (2) FORM OF REPORT.—The report submitted pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.
- (3) PUBLIC AVAILABILITY.—The Deputy Secretary shall make available to the public the unclassified portion of the report submitted pursuant to paragraph (1).

- (f) SUNSET.—The requirements and authorities of this section shall terminate on December 31, 2027.
  - (g) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) The term "artificial general intelligence" means artificial intelligence-capable systems with the potential to match or exceed human intelligence across most cognitive tasks, distinct from narrow artificial intelligence systems designed for specific tasks in defined domains.
- (2) The term "innovation ecosystem" means a regionally based network of private sector, academic, and government institutions in a network of formal and informal institutional relationships that contribute to technological and economic development in a defined technology sector or sectors.

#### SEC. 1627. PHYSICAL AND CYBERSECURITY PRO-CUREMENT REQUIREMENTS FOR AR-TIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE SYSTEMS.

- (a) SECURITY FRAMEWORK.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall develop a framework for implementation of cybersecurity and physical security standards and best practices relating to covered artificial intelligence and machine learning technologies to mitigate risks to the Department of Defense from the use of such technologies.
- (2) COVERAGE OF RELEVANT ASPECTS OF SECURITY.—The framework developed under paragraph (1) shall cover all relevant aspects of the security of artificial intelligence and machine learning systems, including the following:
- (A) Workforce risks, such as insider threat risks.
- (B) Training and workforce development requirements, including with respect to the following:
- (i) Artificial intelligence security awareness
- (ii) Artificial intelligence-specific threats and vulnerabilities.
- (iii) Continuum of professional development and education of artificial intelligence security expertise.
- (C) Supply chain risks, such as counterfeit parts or data poisoning risks.
- (D) Risks relating to adversarial tampering with artificial intelligence systems.
- (E) Risks relating to unintended exposure or theft of artificial intelligence systems or data.
- (F) Security posture management practices, including governance of security measures, continuous monitoring, and incident reporting procedures.
- (G) An evaluation of commercially available platforms for continuous monitoring and assessment.
- (3) RISK-BASED FRAMEWORK.—The framework developed under paragraph (1) shall be risk-based, with higher security levels corresponding proportionally to the national security or foreign policy risks posed by the covered artificial intelligence technology being stolen or tampered with.
- (4) USE OF EXISTING FRAMEWORKS.—To the maximum extent feasible, the framework developed under paragraph (1) shall—
- (A) draw on existing cybersecurity references, such as the NIST Special Publication 800 series; and
- (B) be implemented as an extension or augmentation of existing cybersecurity frameworks developed by the Department of Defense, such as the Cybersecurity Maturity Model Certification framework.
  - (5) Addressing extreme security risks.—
- (A) HIGHLY CAPABLE CYBER THREAT ACTORS.—The framework developed under paragraph (1) shall take into account that the most highly capable artificial intelligence systems may be of great interest to the most highly capable cyber threat actors, such as

intelligence and defense agencies of peer and near-peer nations.

- (B) SECURITY LEVELS.—The Secretary shall ensure that cybersecurity frameworks provided for contractors contain security levels designed to mitigate risks posed by cyber threat actors described in subparagraph (A), with the highest levels being similar in scope to the level of protection offered by national security systems.
- (C) GENERAL DESIGN WITH SPECIFIC COMPONENTS.—To the extent feasible, any additional security levels developed under subparagraph (B) shall be designed generally for all software systems, but may contain components designed specifically for highly capable artificial intelligence systems.
  - (b) SECURITY REQUIREMENTS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may amend the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement, or take other similar action, to require covered entities to implement the best practices described in the framework developed under subsection (a).
- (2) RISK-BASED RULES.—Requirements implemented in rules developed under paragraph (1) shall be as narrowly tailored as practicable to the specific covered artificial intelligence and machine learning technologies developed, deployed, stored, or hosted by a covered entity, and shall be calibrated accordingly to the different tasks involved in development, deployment, storage, or hosting of components of those covered artificial intelligence and machine learning technologies.
  - (3) Cost-benefit consideration.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—In implementing paragraph (1), the Secretary shall—
- (i) consider the costs and benefits to the Department and to United States national security and technological leadership, of imposing security requirements on covered entities; and
- (ii) to the extent feasible, design requirements in a way that allows for transparent trade space analysis between competing requirements in order to minimize costs and maximize benefits.
- (B) WEIGHING COSTS OF SLOWING DOWN DE-VELOPMENT.—In carrying out subparagraph (A), the Secretary shall, in particular, weigh the costs of slowing down artificial intelligence and machine learning development and deployment against the benefits of mitigating national security risks and potential security risks to the Department of Defense from using commercial software.
- (c) IMPLEMENTATION PLAN.—The framework required by subsection (a)(1) shall include a detailed implementation plan that—
- (1) establishes timelines and milestones for achieving the objectives outlined in the framework;
- (2) identifies resource requirements and funding mechanisms; and
- (3) provides metrics for measuring progress and effectiveness.
- (d) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees an update on the status of implementation of the requirements of this section.
  - (e) Definitions.—In this section:
- (1) The term "artificial intelligence" has the meaning given such term in 238(g) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115-232; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4061).
- (2) The term "covered artificial intelligence and machine learning technology" means an artificial intelligence or machine learning system procured by the Department of Defense and all components of the development and deployment lifecycle of that artificial intelligence system, including source code, numerical parameters (such as model

- weights) of the trained artificial intelligence or machine learning system, details of any methods and algorithms used to develop that system, data used in the development of the system, and software used for evaluating the trustworthiness of the artificial intelligence or machine learning system during development or deployment.
- (3) The term "covered entity" means an entity that enters into a Department of Defense contract that engages in the development, deployment, storage, or hosting of a covered artificial intelligence technology.

# SEC. 1628. GUIDANCE AND PROHIBITION ON USE OF CERTAIN ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.

- (a) GUIDANCE AND PROHIBITIONS.—
- (1) REQUIREMENT REQUIRED REGARDING EXCLUSION AND REMOVAL FROM DEPARTMENT SYSTEMS AND DEVICES.—Except as provided in subsection (b), not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall require all Department of Defense offices and components to exclude or remove covered artificial intelligence from all Department of Defense systems and devices.
- (2) CONSIDERATION OF GUIDANCE FOR DEPARTMENT SYSTEMS AND DEVICES.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall consider issuing guidance to all Department offices and components to exclude or remove artificial intelligence developed by a foreign adversary entity in cases in which the Secretary determines that the artificial intelligence poses a national security risk for all Department systems and devices.
  - (3) Prohibition for contractors.—
- (A) USE OF COVERED ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.—Except as provided in subsection (b), not later than 30 days after the date of enactment of this Act, no contractor with an active Department contract may use covered artificial intelligence for fulfillment, assistance, execution, or otherwise support to complete, or support in part, a contract with the Department.
- (B) USE OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE DEVELOPED BY A FOREIGN ADVERSARY.—Except as provided in subsection (b), if the Secretary issues guidance described in paragraph (2) to exclude or remove an artificial intelligence developed by a foreign adversary entity that the Secretary determines poses a national security risk as described in such paragraph, no contractor with an active Department contract may use the artificial intelligence for fulfillment, assistance, execution, or otherwise support to complete, or support in part, a contract with the Department.
  - (b) WAIVER.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may waive a prohibition under subsection (a), on a caseby-case basis, if the Secretary determines that the waiver is necessary—
- (A) for the purpose of scientifically valid research (as defined in section 102 of the Education Sciences Reform Act of 2002 (20 U.S.C. 9501)):
- (B) for the purpose of evaluation, training, testing, or other analysis needed for national security:
- (C) for the purpose of conducting counter terrorism, counterintelligence, or other operational military activities supporting national security; or
- (D) for the purpose of fulfilling mission critical functions.
- (2) MITIGATION OF RISKS.—In any case in which the Secretary issues a waiver pursuant to paragraph (1), the Secretary shall take such steps as the Secretary considers necessary to mitigate any risks due to the issuance of the waiver.
  - (c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) The term "artificial intelligence" has the meaning given such term in section 5002

- of the National Artificial Intelligence Initiative Act of 2020 (15 U.S.C. 9401) and includes the systems and techniques described in paragraphs (1) through (5) of section 238(g) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4061).
- (2) The term "covered artificial intelligence" means—
- (A) any artificial intelligence, or successor artificial intelligence, developed by the Chinese company DeepSeek; and
- (B) any artificial intelligence, or successor artificial intelligence, developed by High Flyer or an entity owned by, funded by, or supported by High Flyer or an entity with respect to which High Flyer directly or indirectly owns at least a 20 percent stake.
- (3) The term "foreign adversary" has the meaning given the term "covered nation" in section 4872(f) of title 10, United States Code.
- (4) The term "foreign adversary entity" means—
  - (A) a foreign adversary;
- (B) a foreign person domiciled in, headquartered in, has its principal place of business in, or is organized under the laws of a foreign adversary:
- (C) an entity with respect to which a foreign person or combination of foreign persons described in subparagraphs (A) or (B) directly or indirectly owns at least a 20 percent stake; or
- (D) a person subject to the direction or control of a foreign person or entity described in subparagraphs (A), (B), or (C).

## SEC. 1629. ROADMAP FOR ADVANCING DIGITAL CONTENT PROVENANCE STAND-ARDS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than June 1, 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall develop a roadmap to guide potential future adoption and integration of digital content provenance capabilities across the Department of Defense.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The roadmap developed pursuant to subsection (a) shall—
- (1) identify and assess current and proposed open technical standards for digital content provenance that could be applied to publicly released digital media assets produced by the Department of Defense, the military components, and field activities of the Department:
- (2) identify strategic objectives relating to securing and authenticating public-facing digital content:
- (3) describe relevant roles and responsibilities across military departments and components of the Department;
- (4) explore the establishment of standardized processes to enable embedding and verification of content credentials in appropriate public-facing Department media;
- (5) outline potential acquisition approaches for supporting technologies and solutions:
- (6) develop metrics, as appropriate, to assess the effectiveness, reliability, and scalability of digital content provenance technologies;
- (7) establish an engagement mechanism for coordination with relevant stakeholders, including federally funded research and development centers, industry, and academia, to align efforts with evolving best practices and technical capabilities; and
- (8) establish notional milestones and resource needs, disaggregated by fiscal year, to inform longer-term planning.
- (c) BRIEFING TO CONGRESS.—Not later than July 1, 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall provide the congressional defense committees a briefing on the Department's roadmap for adopting digital content provenance standards. The briefing should address—
- (1) initial findings regarding feasibility, opportunities, and potential barriers;

- (2) stakeholder engagement to date; and
- (3) any planned next steps or pilot efforts under consideration.
- (d) DEFINITION OF DIGITAL CONTENT PROVENANCE.—In this section, the term "digital content provenance" means the verifiable history and origin of a digital asset, including information about its creation, ownership, and modifications over time.

#### SEC. 1630. ENHANCED PROTECTION OF DATA AF-FECTING OPERATIONAL SECURITY OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE PER-SONNEL.

- (a) PRIORITIES FOR PROTECTION OF PERSONAL DATA FOR OPERATIONAL SECURITY.—In carrying out the duties of the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary shall identify and prioritize the protection of personal data that is related to or may have impacts on the operational security of members of the Armed Forces and civilian employees of the Department of Defense through the prevention of collection, use, dissemination, or retention of such data that does not conform with provisions of law and practices relating to privacy that were in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (b) REVIEW AND ISSUANCE OF NEW GUIDANCE RELATED TO PROTECTION OF PERSONAL DATA RELATED TO OPERATIONAL SECURITY.—Not later than June 1, 2026, the Secretary of Defense will review all applicable guidance and policy relating to the protection of personal data that is related to or may have impacts on the operational security of Department personnel and, if necessary, issue revised or new guidance for enhanced protection measures for such data. Such guidance shall cover provisions of law and practices relating to privacy and personnel security that were in effect on the day before the date of the enactment of this Act.
  - (c) STORAGE OF DATA.—
- (1) LIMITATION.—The Secretary shall ensure that no Department personal data related to or that may have impacts on the operational security of Department personnel is stored on a non-Department server or cloud service except pursuant to a contract or other agreement entered into by the Secretary and a contractor or subcontractor of the Department or, for personnel data, with the permission of the data subject.
- (2) WAIVERS.—The Secretary may waive paragraph (1) in a case in which the Secretary certifies in writing that such waiver—
- (A) appropriately considers the operational security risks to an employee of the Department with respect to whom such data may relate;
- (B) does not pose a risk to national security; and
- $(\hat{\mathbf{C}})$  is necessary in the interest of national security.

- (d) CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION OF CHANGES TO DEPARTMENTAL ISSUANCES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after the date on which the Secretary changes a Department issuance relating to the protection of personal data that is related to or may have impacts on the operational security of Department personnel, the Secretary shall submit to Congress notice of the change.
- (2) SUNSET.—The requirement of paragraph (1) shall terminate on the date that is five years after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (e) Congressional Notification of Events.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the occurrence of an event described in paragraph (2), the Secretary shall submit to Congress notice of the event.
- (2) EVENTS DESCRIBED.—An event described in this paragraph is an occurrence of an event in which—
- (A) the Secretary issues a waiver under subsection (c)(2);
- (B) personal data related to or that may have an impact on operational security of Department personnel is not stored according to Department regulations or exfiltrated in violation of Department regulations;
- (C) personal data related to or that may have an impact on operational security of Department personnel is stored on a non-Department server or cloud service that has not undergone an authorization process in accordance with Department regulations; or
- (D) personal data related to or that may have an impact on operational security of Department of Defense personnel is exposed in any cybersecurity incident.
- (f) STANDARDS, TRAINING, AND REPORTING PROCESSES FOR SYSTEM OWNERS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall develop standards, training, reporting, and security debriefing requirements for Department personnel who receive write or read access privileges as system owners across more than one platform of Department information systems that hosts personal data related to or that may have an impact on operational security of Department personnel.
- (2) SECURITY DEBRIEFINGS.—The Secretary shall ensure that personnel described in paragraph (1) are provided regular security debriefings, including after departing the Department.
- (3) NOTIFICATION OF CONGRESS UNDER CERTAIN CIRCUMSTANCES.—Not later than 30 days after the completion of the development of the standards, training, reporting, and security debriefing requirements in paragraph (1) the Secretary shall submit to Congress details of the requirements.

## DIVISION B—MILITARY CONSTRUCTION AUTHORIZATIONS

#### SEC. 2001. SHORT TITLE.

This division may be cited as the "Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026".

## SEC. 2002. EXPIRATION OF AUTHORIZATIONS AND AMOUNTS REQUIRED TO BE SPECIFIED BY LAW.

- (a) EXPIRATION OF AUTHORIZATIONS AFTER THREE YEARS.—Except as provided in subsection (b), all authorizations contained in titles XXI through XXVII for military construction projects, land acquisition, facilities sustainment, family housing projects and facilities, and contributions to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Security Investment Program (and authorizations of appropriations therefor) shall expire on the later of—
  - (1) October 1, 2028; or
- (2) the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2029.
- (b) EXCEPTION.—Subsection (a) shall not apply to authorizations for military construction projects, land acquisition, family housing projects and facilities, and contributions to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Security Investment Program (and authorizations of appropriations therefor), for which appropriated funds have been obligated before the later of—
  - (1) October 1, 2028; or
- (2) the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for fiscal year 2029 for military construction projects, land acquisition, family housing projects and facilities, or contributions to the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Security Investment Program.

#### SEC. 2003. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Titles XXI through XXVII shall take effect on the later of—

- (1) October 1, 2025; or
- (2) the date of the enactment of this Act.

## TITLE XXI—ARMY MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

### SEC. 2101. AUTHORIZED ARMY CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS.

(a) INSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2103(a) and available for military construction projects inside the United States as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of the Army may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for the installations or locations inside the United States, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

#### Army: Inside the United States

State	Installation	Amount
Alaska	Fort Wainwright	\$208,000,000
Florida	Eglin Air Force Base	\$91,000,000
	Naval Air Station Key West	\$457,000,000
Georgia	Fort Gillem	\$166,000,000
Guam	Joint Region Marianas	\$440,000,000
Hawaii	Pohakuloa Training Area	\$20,000,000
Illinois	Rock Island Arsenal	\$50,000,000
Indiana		
Kansas	Fort Riley	
Kentucky	Fort Campbell	\$212,000,000
New York	Fort Hamilton	\$31,000,000
	Watervliet Arsenal	\$29,000,000
North Carolina	Fort Bragg	\$19.000.000
Pennsylvania	Letterkenny Army Depot	\$91,500,000
	Tobyhanna Army Depot	\$68.000.000

#### CONGRESSIONAL RECORD—SENATE

#### Army: Inside the United States—Continued

State	Installation	Amount
South Carolina	Fort Jackson	\$51,000,000 \$128,000,000

(b) OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2103(a) and available for military construc-

tion projects outside the United States as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of the Army may acquire real property and carry out military construction

projects for the installations or locations outside the United States, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

#### Army: Outside the United States

Country	Installation or Location	Amount
Germany	United States Army Garrison Ansbach	\$92,000,000 \$62,000,000
Republic of the Marshall Islands	United States Army Garrison Kwajalein	\$161,000,000

#### SEC. 2102. FAMILY HOUSING.

(a) CONSTRUCTION AND ACQUISITION.—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section

2103(a) and available for military family housing functions as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of the Army may construct or acquire family hous-

ing units (including land acquisition and supporting facilities) at the installations or locations, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

#### **Army: Family Housing**

Country Installation or Location		Amount
Belgium	Chièvres Air Base Army Garrison Bavaria	\$145,042,000 \$50,692,000

(b) PLANNING AND DESIGN.—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2103(a) and available for military family housing functions as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of the Army may carry out architectural and engineering services and construction design activities with respect to the construction or improvement of family housing units in an amount not to exceed \$32.824.000.

### SEC. 2103. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS, ARMY.

(a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2025, for military construction, land acquisition, facilities sustainment, and military family housing functions of the Department of the Army as specified in the funding table in section 4601.

(b) LIMITATION ON TOTAL COST OF CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.—Notwithstanding the cost variations authorized by section 2853 of title 10, United States Code, and any other cost variation authorized by law, the total cost of all projects carried out under sections 2101 and 2102 of this Act may not exceed the total amount authorized to be appropriated under subsection (a), as specified in the funding table in section 4601.

#### SEC. 2104. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT FISCAL YEAR 2021 PROJECT AT FORT GILLEM, GEORGIA.

(a) EXTENSION.—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Authoriza-

tion Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (division B of Public Law 116–283; 134 Stat. 4294), the authorization set forth in the table in subsection (b), as provided in section 2101(a) of that Act (134 Stat. 4295) and most recently extended by section 2107 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (division B of Public Law 118–159; 138 Stat. 2216), shall remain in effect until October 1, 2026, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2027, whichever is later.

(b) TABLE.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

#### Army: Extension of 2021 Project Authorizations

State	Installation or Location	Project	Original Authorized Amount
Georgia	Fort Gillem	Forensic Laboratory	\$71,000,000

#### SEC. 2105. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT CERTAIN FISCAL YEAR 2022 PROJECTS.

(a) EXTENSION.—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (division B of Public Law 117–81; 135 Stat. 2161), the author-

izations set forth in the table in subsection (b), as provided in section 2101 of that Act (135 Stat. 2163) and extended by section 2108 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (division B of Public Law 118–159; 138 Stat. 2216), shall remain in

effect until October 1, 2026, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2027, whichever is later.

(b) TABLE.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

#### Army: Extension of 2022 Project Authorizations

State/Country	Installation or Location	Project	Original Authorized Amount
Germany		Barracks Live Fire Exercise Shoothouse	\$105,000,000 \$16,000,000
	Annex	Ammunition Storage	

# SEC. 2106. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT CERTAIN FISCAL YEAR 2023 PROJECTS.

(a) EXTENSION.—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (division B of

Public Law 117–263; 136 Stat. 2970), the authorization set forth in the table in subsection (b), as provided in section 2101 of that Act (136 Stat. 2971), shall remain in effect until October 1, 2026, or the date of the en-

actment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2027, whichever is later.

(b) TABLE.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

#### Army: Extension of 2023 Project Authorizations

State/Country	Installation or Location	Project	Original Authorized Amount
Alabama	Redstone Arsenal	Physics Lab	\$44,000,000
Hawaii	Fort Shafter	Water System Upgrade	\$33,000,000
	Schofield Barracks	Company Operations Facility	\$159,000,000
	Tripler Army Medical Center	Water System Upgrade	\$38,000,000
Germany	East Camp Grafenwoehr	EDI: Battalion Trng Cplx1 (Brks/Veh Maint)	\$104,000,000
		EDI: Battalion Trng Cplx2 (OPS/Veh Maint)	\$64,000,000
Japan	Kadena Air Force Base	Vehicle Maintenance Shop	\$80,000,000

#### SEC. 2107. MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT CERTAIN FISCAL YEAR 2025 PROJECTS.

- (a) SMITH BARRACKS, GERMANY.—In the case of the authorization contained in the table in section 2101(b) of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (division B of Public Law 118–159; 138 Stat. 2213) for Hohenfels Training Area, for construction of a barracks as specified in the funding table in section 4601 of the Service-member Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118–159; 138 Stat. 2382), the Secretary of the Army may construct a barracks at Smith Barracks, Germany.
- (b) NAVAL AIR STATION, KEY WEST, FLORIDA.—
- (1) Modification of Project Authority.—In the case of the authorization contained in the table in section 2101(a) of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (division B of Public Law 118–159; 138 Stat. 2212) for Naval Air Station Key West, Florida, for construction of a Joint Interagency Task Force South command and control facility, the Secretary of the Army may construct a command and control facility in the amount of \$397,000,000.
  - (2) Modification of project amounts.—

- (A) PROJECT AUTHORIZATION.—The authorization table in section 2101(a) of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (division B of Public Law 118–159; 138 Stat. 2212) is amended in the item relating to Naval Air Station Key West, Florida, by striking "\$90,000,000" and inserting "\$97,000,000".
- (B) FUNDING AUTHORIZATION.—The funding table in section 4601 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159; 138 Stat. 2382) is amended in the item relating to Naval Air Station Key West, Florida, Joint Interagency Task Force South command and control facility, by striking "\$90,000" and inserting "\$397.000".
  - (c) FORT CAVAZOS, TEXAS.—
- (1) Modifications of Project Authority.—In the case of the authorization contained in the table in section 2101(a) of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (division B of Public Law 118–159; 138 Stat. 2212) for Fort Cavazos, Texas, for construction of Motor Pool #70, the Secretary of the Army may construct a vehicle maintenance shop.
- (2) Modification of project names and amounts.—
- (A) PROJECT AUTHORIZATION.—The authorization table in section 2101(a) of the Mili-

tary Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (division B of Public Law 118–159; 138 Stat. 2212) is amended in the item relating to Fort Cavazos, Texas, by striking "\$147,000,000" and inserting "\$69,000,000".

(B) FUNDING AUTHORIZATION.—The funding table in section 4601 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118–159; 138 Stat. 2383) is amended in the items relating to Fort Cavazos, Texas, by striking "Motor Pool #70" and inserting "Vehicle Maintenance Shop".

### TITLE XXII—NAVY MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

### SEC. 2201. AUTHORIZED NAVY CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS.

(a) INSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2203(a) and available for military construction projects inside the United States as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of the Navy may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for the installations or locations inside the United States, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

#### Navy and Marine Corps: Inside the United States

State	Installation or Location	Amount
California	Marine Corps Base Camp Pendleton	\$171,020,000
	Naval Air Station Lemoore	\$399,610,000
	Naval Base Coronado	\$302,000,000
	Naval Base San Diego	\$154,820,000
	Naval Base Ventura County	\$164,000,000
	Naval Support Activity Monterey	\$430,000,000
Connecticut	Naval Submarine Base New London	\$255,000,000
District of Columbia	Naval Research Laboratory	\$157,000,000
Florida	Naval Air Station Pensacola	\$164,000,000
Guam	Andersen Air Force Base	\$70,070,000
	Joint Region Marianas	\$2,555,000,000
	Naval Base Guam	\$105,950,000
	Naval Base Guam North Finegayan Telecommunications Site	\$61,010,000
Hawaii	Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam	\$83,000,000
	Marine Corps Base Kaneohe Bay	\$143,510,000
	Pacific Missile Range Facility Barking Sands	\$235,730,000
Maine	Portsmouth Naval Shipyard	\$1,042,000,000
Maryland	National Maritime Intelligence Center	\$114,000,000
	Naval Support Facility Indian Head	\$106,000,000
	United States Naval Academy Annapolis	\$86,000,000
Nevada	Naval Air Station Fallon	\$47,000,000
North Carolina	Marine Corps Base Camp Lejeune	\$48,280,000
Pennsylvania	Naval Support Activity Mechanicsburg	\$88,000,000

#### CONGRESSIONAL RECORD—SENATE

#### Navy and Marine Corps: Inside the United States—Continued

State	Installation or Location	Amount
Rhode Island	Joint Base Charleston Marine Corps Base Quantico Naval Station Norfolk Naval Air Station Whidbey Island Naval Base Kitsap-Bangor	\$190,000,000 \$357,900,000 \$63,560,000 \$1,582,490,000 \$202,000,000 \$245,700,000
Worldwide Unspecified	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	\$129,620,000

(b) Outside the United States.—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2203(a) and available for military construc-

tion projects outside the United States as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of the Navy may acquire real property and carry out military construction

projects for the installation or location outside the United States, and in the amount, set forth in the following table:

#### Navy: Outside the United States

Country	Installation or Location	
Japan	Marine Corps Base Camp Smedley D. Butler	\$58,000,000

#### SEC. 2202. FAMILY HOUSING.

(a) CONSTRUCTION AND ACQUISITION.—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section

2203(a) and available for military family housing functions as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of the Navy may construct or acquire family hous-

ing units (including land acquisition and supporting facilities) at the installations or locations, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

#### Navy and Marine Corps: Family Housing

Country	Installation or Location	
Japan	Marine Corps Air Station Iwakuni	\$11,230,000

- (b) IMPROVEMENTS TO MILITARY FAMILY HOUSING UNITS.—Subject to section 2825 of title 10, United States Code, and using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2203(a) and available for military family housing functions as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of the Navy may improve existing military family housing units in an amount not to exceed \$68.230,000.
- (c) PLANNING AND DESIGN.—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2203(a) and available for military family housing functions as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of the Navy may carry out architectural and engineering services and construction design activities with respect to the construction or improvement of fam-

ily housing units in an amount not to exceed \$3,806,000.

### SEC. 2203. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS, NAVY.

- (a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2025, for military construction, land acquisition, facilities sustainment, and military family housing functions of the Department of the Navy, as specified in the funding table in section 4601.
- (b) LIMITATION ON TOTAL COST OF CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.—Notwithstanding the cost variations authorized by section 2853 of title 10, United States Code, and any other cost variation authorized by law, the total cost of all projects carried out under sections 2201 and 2202 may not exceed the total amount authorized to be appropriated under

subsection (a), as specified in the funding table in section 4601.

## SEC. 2204. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT CERTAIN FISCAL YEAR 2022 PROJECTS.

- (a) EXTENSION.—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (division B of Public Law 117-81; 135 Stat. 2161), the authorizations set forth in the table in subsection (b), as provided in sections 2201 and 2202 of that Act (135 Stat. 2166, 2167) and extended by section 2207 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (division B of Public Law 118-159; 138 Stat. 2221), shall remain in effect until October 1, 2026, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2027, whichever is later.
- (b) TABLE.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

#### Navy: Extension of 2022 Project Authorizations

State	Installation or Location	Project	Original Authorized Amount
California	Marine Corps Base Camp Pen-		
	dleton	CLB MEU Complex	\$83,900,000
District of Columbia	Marine Barracks Washington	Family Housing Improvements	\$10,415,000
Florida	Marine Corps Support Facil-		
	ity Blount Island	Lighterage and Small Craft Facility	\$69,400,000
Hawaii	Marine Corps Base Kaneohe	Electrical Distribution Modernization	\$64,500,000
South Carolina	Marine Corps Air Station		
	Beaufort	Aircraft Maintenance Hangar	\$122,600,000

#### SEC. 2205. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT CERTAIN FISCAL YEAR 2023 PROJECTS.

(a) EXTENSION.—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (division B of

Public Law 117–263; 136 Stat. 2970), the authorizations set forth in the table in subsection (b), as provided in section 2201 of that Act (136 Stat. 2975), shall remain in effect until October 1, 2026, or the date of the en-

actment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2027, whichever is later.

(b) TABLE.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

#### Navy: Extension of 2023 Project Authorizations

State/Country	Installation or Location	Project	Original Authorized Amount
Florida	Naval Air Station Jackson- ville	Engine Test Cells Modifications	\$100,570,000
Nevada	Hickam Naval Air Station Fallon		
South Carolina	Cherry Point	CH-53K Gearbox Repair and Test Facility	\$44,830,000
Spain	Parris Island Naval Station Rota	Recruit Barracks	\$85,040,000

### TITLE XXIII—AIR FORCE MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

# SEC. 2301. AUTHORIZED AIR FORCE CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS.

(a) INSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the au-

thorization of appropriations in section 2303(a) and available for military construction projects inside the United States as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of the Air Force may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for the installations or lo-

cations inside the United States, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

#### Air Force: Inside the United States

State	Installation or Location	Amount
Arizona	Davis-Monthan Air Force Base	\$174,000,000
	Luke Air Force Base	\$45,000,000
California	Travis Air Force Base	\$60,000,000
Florida	Cape Canaveral Space Force Station	\$49,800,000
	Eglin Air Force Base	\$166,000,000
	Hurlburt Field	\$66,000,000
	MacDill Air Force Base	\$74,000,000
	Tyndall Air Force Base	\$48,000,000
Georgia	Moody Air Force Base	\$49,500,000
	Robins Air Force Base	\$28,000,000
Louisiana	Barksdale Air Force Base	\$116,000,000
Maryland	Joint Base Anacostia-Bolling	\$50,000,000
Massachusetts	Hanscom Air Force Base	\$55,000,000
Mississippi	Columbus Air Force Base	\$14,200,000
Missouri	Whiteman Air Force Base	\$127,600,000
New Jersey	Joint Base McGuire-Dix-Lakehurst	\$23,000,000
New Mexico	Cannon Air Force Base	\$169,000,000
	Kirtland Air Force Base	\$233,000,000
North Carolina	Seymour Johnson Air Force Base	\$95,000,000
Ohio	Wright-Patterson Air Force Base	\$45,000,000
Oklahoma	Tinker Air Force Base	\$497,000,000
South Dakota	Ellsworth Air Force Base	\$378,000,000
Tennessee	Arnold Air Force	\$17,500,000
Texas	Dyess Air Force Base	\$90,800,000
	Goodfellow Air Force Base	\$112,000,000
Utah	Hill Air Force Base	\$250,000,000
Virginia	Joint Base Langley-Eustis	\$49,000,000

(b) OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2303(a) and available for military construc-

tion projects outside the United States as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of the Air Force may acquire real property and carry out military con-

struction projects for the installations or locations outside the United States, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

#### Air Force: Outside the United States

Country	Installation or Location	Amount
Germany Greenland Norway	Naval Support Facility Diego Garcia Ramstein Air Base Pituffik Space Base Royal Norwegian Air Force Base Rygge Royal Air Force Feltwell Royal Air Force Lakenheath	\$44,000,000 \$32,000,000 \$72,000,000 \$20,000,000

#### SEC. 2302. FAMILY HOUSING.

(a) IMPROVEMENTS TO MILITARY FAMILY HOUSING UNITS.—Subject to section 2825 of title 10, United States Code, and using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2303(a) and available for military family housing functions as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of the Air Force may improve existing military family

housing units in an amount not to exceed \$237,655,000.

(b) PLANNING AND DESIGN.—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2303(a) and available for military family housing functions as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of the Air Force may carry out architectural and engineering services and construction design activities with respect

to the construction or improvement of family housing units in an amount not to exceed \$36,575,000.

### SEC. 2303. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS, AIR FORCE.

(a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2025, for military construction, land acquisition, facilities sustainment, and military family housing functions of the Department of the Air Force, as specified in the funding table in section 4601.

(b) LIMITATION ON TOTAL COST OF CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.—Notwithstanding the cost variations authorized by section 2853 of title 10, United States Code, and any other cost variation authorized by law, the total cost of all projects carried out under sections 2301 and 2302 may not exceed the total amount authorized to be appropriated under

subsection (a), as specified in the funding table in section 4601.

#### SEC. 2304. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT FISCAL YEAR 2017 PROJECT AT SPANGDAHLEM AIR BASE, GERMANY.

(a) EXTENSION.—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (division B of Public Law 114–328; 130 Stat. 2688), the authorization set forth in the table in subsection (b), as provided in section 2902 of that

Act (130 Stat. 2743) and most recently extended by section 2304 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (division B of Public Law 118–159; 138 Stat. 2224), shall remain in effect until October 1, 2026, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2027, whichever is later.

(b) TABLE.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

#### Air Force: Extension of 2017 Project Authorization

Country	Installation or Location	Project	Original Au- thorized Amount
Germany	Spangdahlem Air Base	ERI: F/A-22 Low Observable/Comp Repair Fac	\$12,000,000

# SEC. 2305. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT CERTAIN FISCAL YEAR 2019 PROJECTS.

(a) EXTENSION.—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (division B of Public Law 115-232; 132 Stat. 2240), the au-

thorizations set forth in the table in subsection (b), as provided in section 2903 of that Act (132 Stat. 2287) and most recently extended by section 2306 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (division B of Public Law 118–159; 138

Stat. 2225), shall remain in effect until October 1, 2026, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2027, whichever is later.

(b) TABLE.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

#### Air Force: Extension of 2019 Project Authorization

Country	Installation or Location	Project	Original Au- thorized Amount
United Kingdom	Royal Air Force Fairford	EDI: Construct DABS-FEV Storage EDI: Munitions Holding Area	\$87,000,000 \$19,000,000

## SEC. 2306. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT CERTAIN FISCAL YEAR 2020 PROJECTS.

(a) EXTENSION.—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (division B of Public Law 116-92; 133 Stat. 1862), the author-

izations set forth in the table in subsection (b), as provided in sections 2301(a) and 2912(a) of that Act (133 Stat. 1867, 1913), and extended by section 2307 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (division B of Public Law 118–159: 138

Stat. 2226), shall remain in effect until October 1, 2026, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2027, whichever is later.

(b) TABLE.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

#### Air Force: Extension of 2020 Project Authorization

State	Installation or Location	Project	Original Au- thorized Amount
Florida	Tyndall Air Force Base	Deployment Center/Flight Line Dining/	\$43,000,000
Georgia	Moody Air Force Base		

#### SEC. 2307. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT CERTAIN FISCAL YEAR 2022 PROJECTS.

(a) EXTENSION.—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (division B of Public Law 117-81; 135 Stat. 2161), the author-

izations set forth in the table in subsection (b), as provided in section 2301 of that Act (135 Stat. 2168) and extended by section 2309 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (division B of Public Law 118-159: 138 Stat. 2227), shall remain in

effect until October 1, 2026, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2027, whichever is later.

(b) TABLE.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

#### Air Force: Extension of 2022 Project Authorization

Installation or Location	Project	Original Au- thorized Amount
Hanscom Air Force Base Royal Air Force Lakenheath	F-35A Munition Inspection Facility	\$66,000,000 \$24,000,000 \$31,000,000 \$49,000,000
	Hanscom Air Force Base	Hanscom Air Force Base

#### SEC. 2308. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT CERTAIN FISCAL YEAR 2023 PROJECTS.

(a) EXTENSION.—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (division B of

Public Law 117–263; 136 Stat. 2970), the authorizations set forth in the table in subsection (b), as provided in section 2301 of that Act (136 Stat. 2978), shall remain in effect until October 1, 2026, or the date of the en-

actment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2027, whichever is later.

(b) TABLE.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

Air Force: Extension of 2023 Project Authorization

State/Counrty	Installation or Location	Project	Original Au- thorized Amount
NorwayOklahoma	Rygge Air Station	EDI: Base Perimeter Security Fence Facility and Land Acquisition (MROTC)	\$97,000,000 \$8,200,000 \$30,000,000 \$29,000,000

SEC. 2309. MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT FISCAL YEAR 2025 PROJECT AT F.E. WARREN AIR FORCE BASE, WYOMING.

In the case of the authorization contained in the table in section 2301(a) of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (division B of Public Law 118-159; 138 Stat. 2222) for F.E. Warren Air Force Base, Wyoming, for the Ground Based Strategic Deterrent Utility Corridor, the Secretary of the Air Force may construct 3,219 kilometers of telephone duct facility.

## TITLE XXIV—DEFENSE AGENCIES MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

# SEC. 2401. AUTHORIZED DEFENSE AGENCIES CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS.

(a) INSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the au-

thorization of appropriations in section 2403(a) and available for military construction projects inside the United States as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of Defense may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for the installations or locations inside the United States, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

#### Defense Agencies: Inside the United States

State	Installation or Location	Amount
Alabama	DLA Distribution Center Anniston	\$32,000,000
California	Naval Base Coronado	\$75,900,000
	Travis Air Force Base	\$49,980,000
Florida		\$33,000,000
Georgia		\$127,375,000
Maryland	Fort Meade	\$26,600,000
North Carolina		\$275,000,000
	Marine Corps Base Camp Lejeune	\$289,000,000
Pennsylvania	DLA Distribution Center Susquehanna	\$90,000,000
-	Harrisburg Air National Guard Base	\$13,400,000
Puerto Rico	Punta Borinquen	\$155,000,000
Texas		\$500,000,000
Virginia	Pentagon	\$34,000,000
Washington		\$85,000,000
	Manchester Tank Farm	\$71,000,000

(b) OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2403(a) and available for military construc-

tion projects outside the United States as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of Defense may acquire real property and carry out military construction

projects for the installations or locations outside the United States, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

#### Defense Agencies: Outside the United States

Country	Installation or Location	Amount
Germany United Kingdom		\$16,700,000 \$397,500,000 \$45,000,000

#### SEC. 2402. AUTHORIZED ENERGY RESILIENCE AND CONSERVATION INVESTMENT PROGRAM PROJECTS.

(a) INSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the au-

thorization of appropriations in section 2403(a) and available for energy conservation projects as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of Defense may carry out energy conservation projects under

chapter 173 of title 10, United States Code, for the installations or locations inside the United States, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

#### **ERCIP Projects: Inside the United States**

State	Installation or Location	Amount
California	Armed Forces Reserve Center Mountain View	\$20,600,000
	Travis Air Force Base	\$25,120,000
Florida	Marine Corps Support Facility Blount Island	\$30,500,000
Guam	Joint Region Marianas	\$53,000,000
	Naval Base Guam	\$63,010,000
Massachusetts	Cape Cod Space Force Station	\$124,000,000
New Mexico	White Sands Missile Range	\$38,500,000
North Carolina	Fort Bragg	\$80,000,000
Texas	Camp Swift	\$19,800,000
	Fort Hood	\$34,500,000
Utah	Camp Williams	\$28,500,000

(b) OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.—Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2403(a) and available for energy conservation

projects as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of Defense may carry out energy conservation projects under chapter 173 of title 10, United States Code, for the installations or locations outside the United States, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

#### CONGRESSIONAL RECORD—SENATE

**ERCIP Projects: Outside the United States** 

Country	Installation or Location	Amount
	United States Army Garrison Ansbach	\$73,000,000 \$146,800,000

### SEC. 2403. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS, DEFENSE AGENCIES.

(a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2025, for military construction, land acquisition, facilities sustainment, and military family housing functions of the Department of Defense (other than the military departments), as specified in the funding table in section 4601.

(b) LIMITATION ON TOTAL COST OF CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.—Notwithstanding the cost variations authorized by section 2853 of

title 10, United States Code, and any other cost variation authorized by law, the total cost of all projects carried out under sections 2401 and 2402 may not exceed the total amount authorized to be appropriated under subsection (a), as specified in the funding table in section 4601.

# SEC. 2404. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT FISCAL YEAR 2019 PROJECT AT IWAKUNI, JAPAN.

(a) EXTENSION.—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (division B of

Public Law 115–232; 132 Stat. 2240), the authorization set forth in the table in subsection (b), as provided in section 2401(b) of that Act (132 Stat. 2249) and most recently extended by section 2405 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (division B of Public Law 118–159; 138 Stat. 2232), shall remain in effect until October 1, 2026, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2027, whichever is later.

(b) TABLE.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

#### Defense Agencies: Extension of 2019 Project Authorization

Country	Installation or Location	Project	Original Au- thorized Amount
Japan	Iwakuni	Fuel Pier	\$33,200,000

#### SEC. 2405. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT CERTAIN FISCAL YEAR 2022 PROJECTS.

(a) EXTENSION.—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (division B of

Public Law 117–81; 135 Stat. 2161), the authorizations set forth in the table in subsection (b), as provided in sections 2401 and 2402 of that Act (135 Stat. 2173, 2174), shall remain in effect until October 1, 2026, or the date of the

enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2027, whichever is later.

(b) TABLE.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

#### Defense Agencies and ERCIP Projects: Extension of 2022 Project Authorizations

State	Installation or Location	Project	Original Au- thorized Amount
Alabama	Fort Novosel	10 MW RICE Generator Plant and	
		Microgrid Controls	\$24,000,000
Georgia		4.8 MW Generation and Microgrid	\$17,593,000
	Fort Stewart	10 MW Generation Plant, with Microgrid	
		Controls	\$22,000,000
New York	Fort Drum	Wellfield Field Expansion Project	\$27,000,000
North Carolina	Fort Bragg	Emergency Water System	\$7,705,000
Ohio	Springfield-Beckley Municipal Airport	Base-Wide Microgrid With Natural Gas	
		Generator, Photovoltaic, and Battery	\$4,700,000
Tennessee	Memphis International Airport	PV Arrays and Battery Storage	\$4,780,000

# SEC. 2406. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT CERTAIN FISCAL YEAR 2023 PROJECTS.

(a) EXTENSION.—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (division B of

Public Law 117–263; 136 Stat. 2970), the authorizations set forth in the table in subsection (b), as provided in sections 2401(a) and 2402(a) of that Act (136 Stat. 2982, 2983), shall remain in effect until October 1, 2026,

or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2027, whichever is later.

(b) TABLE.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

#### Defense Agencies and ERCIP Projects: Extension of 2023 Project Authorizations

State	Installation or Location	Project	Original Au- thorized Amount
Alabama	Redstone Arsenal	1MSIC Advanced Analysis Facility Phase 2 (INC)	\$151,000,000
California	Marine Corps Mountain Warfare Training Center	Microgrid and Backup Power	\$25,560,000
Florida	Naval Air Station Jacksonville	Facility Energy Operations Center Renovation	\$2,400,000
Georgia	Fort Stewart-Hunter Army Airfield	Power Generation and Microgrid	\$25,400,000 \$11,200,000
Hawaii Kansas	Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam	Primary Electrical Distribution Power Generation and Microgrid	\$25,000,000 \$25,780,000
Texas	Fort Cavazos United States Army Reserve Center, Conroe	Power Generation and Microgrid	\$31,500,000 \$9,600,000
Virginia	Dam Neck	SOF Operations Building Addition	\$26,600,000

#### SEC. 2407. MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT CERTAIN FISCAL YEAR 2024 PROJECTS.

- (a) REDSTONE ARSENAL, ALABAMA.—In the case of the authorization contained in the table in section 2401 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (division B of Public Law 118-31; 137 Stat. 726) for Redstone Arsenal, Alabama, for construction of a ground test facility infrastructure project at that location, the Missile Defense Agency may renovate additional square footage and convert administrative space to classified space.
- (b) LAKE CITY ARMY AMMUNITION PLANT, MISSOURI.-
- (1) Modifications of project authority. In the case of the authorization contained in the table in section 2402(a) of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (division B of Public Law 118-31; 137 Stat. 727) for Lake City Army Ammunition Plant, Missouri, for construction of a microgrid and backup power, the Secretary of Defense may construct a microgrid and backup power, including the installation of liquid propane gas tanks and associated piping, foundations, pumps, saddles, propane vaporizers, and controls.
  - (2) Modification of project amounts -
- (A) PROJECT AUTHORIZATION.—The authorization table in section 2402(a) of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (division B of Public Law 118-

- 31; 137 Stat. 727) is amended in the item relating to Lake City Army Ammunition Plant, Missouri, by striking "\$80,100,000" and inserting "\$86,500,000".
- (B) FUNDING AUTHORIZATION.—The funding table in section 4601 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31; 137 Stat. 911) is amended in the items relating to Lake City Army Ammunition Plant, Missouri, by striking "\$80,100" and inserting "\$86,500".

#### SEC. 2408. MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT CERTAIN FISCAL YEAR 2025 PROJECTS.

- (a) JOINT BASE ANDREWS, MARYLAND.—In the case of the authorization contained in the table in section 2402(a) of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (division B of Public Law 118-159; 138 Stat. 2229) for Joint Base Andrews, Maryland, for construction of a microgrid with electric vehicle charging infrastructure, the Secretary of the Air Force may construct a new power generation and microgrid facility. which shall be entitled "Power Generation and Microgrid"
- (b) JOINT BASE MCGUIRE-DIX-LAKEHURST, NEW JERSEY.—In the case of the authorization contained in the table in section 2402(a) of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (division B of Public Law 118-159; 138 Stat. 2229) for Joint Base McGuire-Dix-Lakehurst, New Jersev. for construction of a microgrid with electric ve-

hicle charging infrastructure, the Secretary of the Air Force may construct a new power generation and microgrid facility, which shall be entitled "Power Generation and Microgrid".

#### TITLE XXV—INTERNATIONAL PROGRAMS Subtitle A-North Atlantic Treaty **Organization Security Investment Program** SEC. 2501. AUTHORIZED NATO CONSTRUCTION

AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS.

The Secretary of Defense may make contributions for the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Security Investment Program as provided in section 2806 of title 10. United States Code, in an amount not to exceed the sum of the amount authorized to be appropriated for this purpose in section 2502 and the amount collected from the North Atlantic Treaty Organization as a result of construction previously financed by the United States.

### SEC. 2502. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS,

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2025, for contributions by the Secretary of Defense under section 2806 of title 10, United States Code, for the share of the United States of the cost of projects for the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Security Investment Program authorized by section 2501, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

#### North Atlantic Treaty Organization Security Investment Program

Location	Installation or Location	Amount
Worldwide Unspecified	NATO Security Investment Program	\$531,832,000

#### Subtitle B-Host Country In-kind Contributions

#### SEC. 2511. REPUBLIC OF KOREA FUNDED CON-STRUCTION PROJECTS.

Pursuant to agreement with the Republic of Korea for required in-kind contributions,

the Secretary of Defense may accept military construction projects for the installations or locations in the Republic of Korea, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

#### Republic of Korea Funded Construction Projects

Component	Installation or Location	Project	Amount
Army	Camp Humphreys Pohang AB Yecheon Air Base Gimhae Air Base Gwangju Air Base	Access Control Point Runway Replace Concrete Apron Replace Magazine Munitions Supply Area Repair Contingency Hospital Hydrant Fuel System Aircraft Corrosion Control Facility Part 3	\$24,000,000 \$180,000,000 \$22,000,000 \$59,000,000 \$86,000,000 \$57,000,000 \$25,000,000

#### SEC. 2512. REPUBLIC OF POLAND FUNDED CON-STRUCTION PROJECTS.

Pursuant to agreement with the Republic of Poland for required in-kind contributions,

tary construction projects for the installa- lowing table: tions or locations in the Republic of Poland,

the Secretary of Defense may accept mili- and in the amounts, set forth in the fol-

#### Republic of Poland Funded Construction Projects

Component	Installation or Location	Project	Amount
Army	Drawsko Pomorskie Training Area (DPTA).	Information Systems Facility	\$6,200,000
Army	Powdiz	Barracks & Dining Facility Phase 2	\$199,000,000
Army	Powdiz	Rotary Wing Aircraft Maintenance Hangar	\$91,000,000
Air Force	Lask AB	Communication Infrastructure	\$18,000,000
Air Force	Wroclaw AB	Combined Aerial Port Facilities	\$111,000,000
Air Force	Wroclaw AB	Contingency Beddown Area	\$13,000,000
Air Force	Wroclaw AB	Hot Cargo Pad / Munition Handling / Holding	\$44,000,000
Air Force	Wroclaw AB	Area. Railhead and Rail Extension	\$22,000,000

### TITLE XXVI—GUARD AND RESERVE FORCES FACILITIES

# SEC. 2601. AUTHORIZED ARMY NATIONAL GUARD CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS.

Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in sec-

tion 2606 and available for the National Guard and Reserve as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of the Army may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for the Army National Guard locations inside the

United States, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

#### Army National Guard: Inside the United States

State	Location	Amount
Indiana Iowa New Hampshire New York North Carolina Oregon	Joint Forces Headquarters - Guam Shelbyville Armory Waterloo Armory Plymouth Training Center Albany Salisbury Training Center Naval Weapons Systems Training Facility Base Watertown Training Center	\$55,000,000 \$13,800,000 \$26,000,000 \$90,000,000 \$69,000,000 \$16,000,000

## SEC. 2602. AUTHORIZED ARMY RESERVE CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS.

Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in section 2606 and available for the National Guard and Reserve as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of the Army may acquire real property and carry

out military construction projects for the Army Reserve location inside the United States, and in the amount, set forth in the following table:

#### Army Reserve: Inside the United States

State	Location	Amount
Alaska Illinois Pennsylvania	Maxwell Gunter Joint Base Elmendorf-Richardson Fort Sheridan New Castle Army Reserve Center Conroe Army Reserve Center	\$28,000,000 \$46,000,000 \$36,000,000 \$30,000,000 \$12,000,000

# SEC. 2603. AUTHORIZED NAVY RESERVE AND MARINE CORPS RESERVE CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISITION PROJECTS.

Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in sec-

tion 2606 and available for the National Guard and Reserve as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of the Navy may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for the

Navy Reserve and Marine Corps Reserve location inside the United States, and in the amount, set forth in the following table:

#### Navy Reserve and Marine Corps Reserve: Inside the United States

State	Location	Amount
Texas	Naval Air Station Reserve Base Fort Worth	\$106,870,000

#### SEC. 2604. AUTHORIZED AIR NATIONAL GUARD CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISI-TION PROJECTS.

Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in sec-

tion 2606 and available for the National Guard and Reserve as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of the Air Force may acquire real property and carry out military construction projects for the Air National Guard locations inside the United States, and in the amounts, set forth in the following table:

#### Air National Guard: Inside the United States

State	Location	Amount
Alaska	Eielson Air Force Base Joint Base Elmendorf-Richardson	\$16,000,000 \$46,000,000
Georgia		
Iowa		\$148,000,000
Massachusetts	Otis Air National Guard Base	\$31,000,000
Mississippi	Key Field Air National Guard Base	\$19,000,000
New Hampshire	Pease Air National Guard Base	\$16,000,000
New Jersey	Atlantic City International Airport	\$68,000,000
Oregon	Klamath Falls Airport	\$80,000,000
	Portland International Airport	\$16,500,000
Utah		\$145,000,000
Wisconsin	Volk Air National Guard Base	\$8,400,000

#### SEC. 2605. AUTHORIZED AIR FORCE RESERVE CONSTRUCTION AND LAND ACQUISI-TION PROJECTS.

Using amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations in sec-

tion 2606 and available for the National Guard and Reserve as specified in the funding table in section 4601, the Secretary of the Air Force may acquire real property and

carry out military construction projects for the Air Force Reserve location inside the United States, and in the amount, set forth in the following table:

#### Air Force Reserve: Inside the United States

State	Location	Amount
South Carlina	Niagara Falls Air Reserve Station Joint Base Charleston Air Reserve Base Joint Base San Antonio-Lackland	\$54,000,000 \$33,000,000 \$18,000,000

### SEC. 2606. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS, NATIONAL GUARD AND RESERVE.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2025, for military construction, land acquisition, and facilities sustainment for the Guard and Reserve Forces, and for contributions therefor, under chapter 1803 of

title 10, United States Code, as specified in the funding table in section 4601.

# SEC. 2607. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT CERTAIN FISCAL YEAR 2023 PROJECTS.

(a) EXTENSION.—Notwithstanding section 2002 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (division B of Public Law 117-263; 136 Stat. 2970), the au-

thorizations set forth in the table in subsection (b), as provided in sections 2601, 2602, 2603 and 2604 of that Act (136 Stat. 2986, 2987), shall remain in effect until October 1, 2026, or the date of the enactment of an Act authorizing funds for military construction for fiscal year 2027, whichever is later.

(b) TABLE.—The table referred to in subsection (a) is as follows:

#### National Guard and Reserve: Extension of 2023 Project Authorizations

State	Installation or Location	Project	Amount
Alaska	Joint Base Elmendorf-Rich-		
Anigono	ardson	Aircraft Maintenance Hangar	\$63,000,000
Arizona	Base	Base Entry Complex	\$12,000,000
	Tucson International Airport	Land Acquisition	\$11,700,000
Arkansas		Automated Multipurpose Machine Gun Range	\$9,500,000
Florida		National Guard Readiness Center	\$21,000,000
Hawaii	Perrine  Marine Corps Base Kaneohe	Army Reserve Center/ AMSA	\$46,000,000
11awaii	Bay	C-40 Aircraft Maintenance Hangar	\$116,964,000
Indiana	Fort Wayne International Air-		. , ,
	port	Munitions Maintenance & Storage Complex	\$16,500,000
Ohio	Rickenbacker Air National Guard Base	Small Arms Range	\$8,000,000
Puerto Rico		Siliali Alliis Italige	\$0,000,000
	ver Training Center	Engineering/Housing Maintenance Shops	
		(DPW)	\$14,500,000
West Virginia		C 190 I Appen Europaign	£10,000,000
	Guard Base	C-130J Apron Expansion	\$10,000,000

# SEC. 2608. MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITY TO CARRY OUT FISCAL YEAR 2023 PROJECT AT TUCSON INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT, ARIZONA.

In the case of the authorization contained in the table in section 2604 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (division B of Public Law 117–263; 136 Stat. 2987) for Tucson International Airport, Arizona, the Secretary of the Air Force may acquire 10 acres of land.

### TITLE XXVII—BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE ACTIVITIES

# SEC. 2701. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR BASE REALIGNMENT AND CLOSURE ACTIVITIES FUNDED THROUGH DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE BASE CLOSURE ACCOUNT.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 2025, for base realignment and closure activities, including real property acquisition and military construction projects, as authorized by the Defense Base Closure and Realignment Act of 1990 (part A of title XXIX of Public Law 101–510; 10 U.S.C. 2687 note) and funded through the Department of Defense Base Closure Account established by section 2906 of such Act, as specified in the funding table in section 4601.

## TITLE XXVIII—MILITARY CONSTRUCTION GENERAL PROVISIONS

#### Subtitle A—Military Construction Program SEC. 2801. REQUIREMENT FOR THE MILITARY DE-PARTMENTS TO DEVELOP AND AN-NUALLY UPDATE A 20-YEAR INFRA-STRUCTURE IMPROVEMENT PLAN.

(a) SUBMISSION.—Commencing as part of the annual budget submission of the President under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, for fiscal year 2027, and every five years thereafter, each Secretary of a military department shall include with the defense budget materials for that fiscal year each of the following:

- (1) A summary of the major lines of effort, milestones, and specific goals of the Secretary concerned during the next 20 fiscal years relating to the improvement of infrastructure and facilities under the jurisdiction of that Secretary, including a detailed plan describing the objectives of that Secretary to manage and improve such infrastructure and facilities during that period, including utility systems (electric, water and wastewater systems, energy distribution systems, transportation, and communication networks) and all physical structures of a base or installation.
- (2) A certification by that Secretary that both the budget for that fiscal year and the future-years defense program submitted to Congress in relation to such budget under section 221 of title 10, United States Code, provide for funding of planning, design, and construction at a level that is sufficient to meet the requirements specified in the plan under paragraph (1) on the schedule provided in that plan.
- (3) An unaltered assessment by the service chief of the military department concerned with respect to the summary and plan under paragraph (1) and the certification under paragraph (2).
- (b) ELEMENTS.—Each plan submitted by a Secretary of a military department under subsection (a)(1) shall include the following:
- (1) With respect to the 20-year period covered by the plan, an identification of the major lines of effort, milestones, and specific goals of the Secretary over such period relating to the improvement of infrastructure and facilities under the jurisdiction of that Secretary.
- (2) The estimated costs of necessary infrastructure and facility improvements and a

description of how such costs would be addressed by the budget request of the Department of Defense and the future-years defense program submitted for such year.

- (3) An assessment of how the military department is accurately accounting for the costs of sustaining facilities and addressing the identified necessary improvements of infrastructure and facilities as outlined in the plan.
- (c) INCORPORATION OF RESULTS-ORIENTED MANAGEMENT PRACTICES.—Each plan under subsection (a)(1) shall incorporate the leading results-oriented management practices, including—
  - (1) analytically based goals;
  - (2) results-oriented metrics;
- (3) the identification of required resources, risks, and stakeholders; and
- (4) regular reporting on progress to decision makers.

#### SEC. 2802. INCREASE OF MAXIMUM AMOUNT FOR RESTORATION OR REPLACEMENT OF DAMAGED OR DESTROYED FA-CILITIES.

Section 2854(c)(3) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking "\$100,000,000" and inserting "\$150.000.000".

#### SEC. 2803. REAUTHORIZATION AND MODIFICA-TION OF SPECIAL DESIGN-BUILD AU-THORITY FOR MILITARY CONSTRUC-TION PROJECTS.

Section 3241(f) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) by striking paragraph (3) and inserting the following new paragraph (3):
- "(3) Any contract awarded under this subsection shall be considered to be a construction contract and shall be subject to the same oversight mechanisms to which construction contracts are subject under this title."; and
- (2) in paragraph (4), by striking "2008" each place it appears and inserting "2030".

SEC. 2804. MODIFICATION OF PILOT PROGRAM ON INCREASED USE OF SUSTAINABLE BUILDING MATERIALS IN MILITARY CONSTRUCTION TO INCLUDE SUSTAINABLE BUILDING TECHNOLOGIES IDENTIFIED BY THE COMPTROLLER GENERAL OF THE UNITED STATES.

Section 2861 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (division B of Public Law 118-81; 10 U.S.C. 2802 note) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (b)(1), by striking "at least" and all that follows through the period at the end and inserting "at least two military construction projects";
- (2) in subsection (d), by striking "September 30, 2025" and inserting "September 30, 2029".
- 30, 2029";
  (3) in subsection (e), by striking "January 1, 2025" and inserting "January 1, 2029";
- (4) by redesignating subsections (f) and (g) as subsections (g) and (h), respectively:
- (5) by inserting after subsection (e) the following new subsection (f):
- "(f) USE OF CERTAIN TECHNOLOGIES.—In carrying out each project under the pilot program commencing on or after the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026, the Secretary concerned shall use not fewer than three technologies identified in the report published by the Comptroller General of the United States on February 11, 2025, and entitled 'Science & Tech Spotlight: Sustainable Building Technologies' (GAO-25-107931).";
- (6) in subsection (g)(1), as redesignated by paragraph (4), by striking "December 31, 2025" and inserting "December 31, 2030"; and
- (7) in subsection (h), as so redesignated, in the first sentence, by inserting before the period the following: "that is identified in the report published by the Comptroller General of the United States on February 11, 2025, and entitled 'Science & Tech Spotlight: Sustainable Building Technologies' (GAO-25-107931)".

# SEC. 2805. IMPLEMENTATION OF COMPTROLLER GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS RELATING TO INFORMATION SHARING TO IMPROVE OVERSIGHT OF MILITARY CONSTRUCTION.

Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall—

- (1) implement the recommendations of the Comptroller General of the United States contained in the report published by the Comptroller General in September 2024 and titled "Military Construction: Better Information Sharing Would Improve DOD's Oversight" (GAO-24-106499); or
- (2) if the Secretary does not implement any such recommendation, submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report explaining why the Secretary has not implemented those recommendations.

# SEC. 2806. EXTENSION OF REQUIREMENT FOR CONTRACT FOR OBLIGATION AND EXECUTION OF DESIGN FUNDS FOR MILITARY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.

Section 2811(a) of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (division B of Public Law 118–159) is amended by striking "150 days" and inserting "one year".

# SEC. 2807. EXTENSION OF AUTHORIZATION OF DEPOT WORKING CAPITAL FUNDS FOR UNSPECIFIED MINOR MILITARY CONSTRUCTION.

Section 2208(u)(4) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by striking "September 30, 2025" and inserting "September 30, 2027".

#### SEC. 2808. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY FOR TEM-PORARY EXPANDED LAND ACQUISI-TION FOR EQUINE WELFARE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 2804(c) of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement

and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118-159; 10 U.S.C. 2805 note) is amended by striking "February 1, 2026" and inserting "August 1, 2026".

(b) BRIEFING REQUIRED.—Not later than February 20, 2026, the Secretary of the Army shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on the use of the authority under section 2804(c) of the Service-member Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118–159; 10 U.S.C. 2805 note).

# SEC. 2809. PROHIBITION ON DESIGNATION OF MILITARY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS AS PART OF MILITARY INTELLIGENCE PROGRAM.

The Secretary of Defense shall not designate any military construction project as being part of the military intelligence program.

# SEC. 2810. EXPANSION OF DEFENSE COMMUNITY INFRASTRUCTURE PROGRAM TO INCLUDE INSTALLATIONS OF THE COAST GUARD.

Section 2391 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in subsection (d)-
- (A) in paragraph (1)(B), in the matter preceding clause (i), by inserting ", and with respect to Coast Guard-related projects, the Secretary, with the concurrence of the Commandant of the Coast Guard," after "The Secretary"; and
- (B) by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(5)(A) In considering grants, agreements, or other funding under paragraph (1)(A) with respect to community infrastructure supportive of a military installation of the Coast Guard, the Secretary of Defense shall seek the concurrence of the Commandant of the Coast Guard with respect to assessing the selection and prioritization of the project concerned.
- "(B) A grant made under this section shall be available to support any Coast Guard mission authorized under section 888 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 468)."; and
- (2) in subsection (e)(1), by adding at the end the following new sentence: "For purposes of subsection (d), the term 'military installation' includes an installation of the Coast Guard under the jurisdiction of the Department of Homeland Security.".

#### Subtitle B—Military Housing

# SEC. 2821. IMPROVEMENTS TO ANNUAL REPORTS OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE ON WAIVERS OF PRIVACY AND CONFIGURATION STANDARDS FOR COVERED MILITARY UNACCOMPANIED HOUSING.

Subsection (b) of section 2856a of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (4), by striking "; and" and inserting a semicolon:
- (2) in paragraph (5)(C), by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following new paragraphs:
- "(6) an assessment of whether a need for future waivers has been identified;
- "(7) a summary of the analysis performed by each military department to identify covered military unaccompanied housing that requires such waivers, including a certification by the Secretary of each military department that the list of waivers for that military department is complete and identifies all permanent party unaccompanied housing that does not meet covered privacy and configuration standards or standards of the Department for health and safety;

"(8) an action plan to bring covered military unaccompanied housing that requires such waivers into compliance with the standards of the Department and a timeline for implementing the action plan;

- "(9) information about costs associated with the remediation options for covered military unaccompanied housing that requires such waivers, including—
- "(A) funding needs for military construction projects;
- "(B) funding needs for projects as part of facilities sustainment, restoration, and modernization; and
- "(C) any resulting increases in the need for housing allowances for members of the armed forces that would otherwise be living in covered military unaccompanied housing; and
- "(10) a description of the status of the response of the Department to open recommendations contained in the 2023 report by the Comptroller General of the United States entitled, 'Military Barracks: Poor Living Conditions Undermine Quality of Life and Readiness' (GAO-23-105797), including the status of each military department in issuing service standards that meet covered privacy and configuration standards and standards of the Department for health and safety for covered military unaccompanied housing."

#### SEC. 2822. MODIFICATION OF HOUSING REQUIRE-MENTS AND MARKET ANALYSIS TO ACCOUNT FOR IMPACT OF CIVIL-IANS AND CONTRACTORS.

Section 2837(d) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting before the period the following: ", including an accounting for impacts of civilians and contractors".

# SEC. 2823. AUTHORITY FOR UNACCOMPANIED HOUSING PROJECT UNDER PILOT AUTHORITY FOR USE OF OTHER TRANSACTIONS FOR INSTALLATION OR FACILITY PROTOTYPING.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense may conduct an unaccompanied housing project under section 4022(i) of title 10, United States Code, that is not subject to the limits under paragraph (2) of such section
- (b) USE OF AUTHORITY.—The Secretary may use the authority under subsection (a) for not more than one project.
- not more than one project.

  (c) LOCATION.—The project conducted under subsection (a) shall be located at a joint base of the Department of Defense for medical training
- (d) USE OF FUNDS.—The aggregate value of all transactions entered into under the project conducted under subsection (a) may not exceed \$500,000,000.

#### SEC. 2824. ELIMINATION OF INDOOR RESIDEN-TIAL MOLD IN HOUSING OF DEPART-MENT OF DEFENSE.

- (a) STUDY AND REPORT ON HEALTH IMPACTS OF INDOOR RESIDENTIAL MOLD.—
  - (1) STUDY.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—As soon as practicable after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Health Affairs, the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, and the Secretary of Health and Human Services, shall conduct a comprehensive study on the health effects of indoor residential mold growth in military unaccompanied housing or other housing on military installations, using the most up-to-date scientific peer-reviewed medical literature.
- (B) ELEMENTS.—The study conducted under subparagraph (A) shall ascertain—
- (i) detailed information about harmful or toxigenic mold that may impact the military departments and individuals living on military installations, as well as any toxin or toxic compound such mold can produce;

- (ii) the most accurate research-based methods of detecting harmful or toxigenic mold;
- (iii) improved understanding of the different health symptomology that can result from exposure to mold in indoor residential environments on military installations, including military unaccompanied housing;
- (iv) the ability to conduct and the cost of conducting ongoing surveillance of the prevalence of idiopathic pulmonary hemorrhage in infants living on military installations; and
- (v) longitudinal studies on the effects of indoor mold exposure in early childhood on the development of asthma and other respiratory illnesses of children living on military installations.
  - (2) Reports required.—
- (A) INTERIM FINDINGS.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report that contains the interim findings of the study conducted under paragraph (1).
- (B) FINAL REPORT.—Not later than two years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a final report detailing the results of the study conducted under paragraph (1).
- (b) IMPLEMENTATION ACTIONS.—The Secretary of Defense shall implement mitigation measures at military installations found to have hazardous mold conditions following the submission of the interim findings under subsection (a)(2)(A).
- (c) Construction Requirements for New Housing on Military Installations.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, may develop model construction standards and techniques for preventing and controlling indoor residential mold in new residential properties on a military installation if existing facilities at the military installation are found to be inappropriately constructed for the environment.
- (2) CONTENTS.—The model standards and techniques developed under paragraph (1) shall provide for geographic differences in construction types and materials, geology, weather, and other variables that may affect indoor residential mold levels in new buildings and on various military installations.
- (3) CONSULTATION.—To the maximum extent possible, model standards and techniques shall be developed under paragraph (1) with the assistance of organizations involved in establishing national building construction standards and techniques.
- (4) APPLICABILITY TO NEW CONSTRUCTION AND REHABILITATION.—If the Secretary of Defense develops model construction standards and techniques under paragraph (1), not later than one year after deciding to develop such standards and techniques, the Secretary shall include such model standards and techniques as a requirement for residential rehabilitation or new construction projects conducted by the Department of Defense with amounts appropriated to the Department.
- (d) EDUCATION FOR MILITARY HEALTH PROFESSIONALS.—The Secretary of Defense shall include education for military health professions on mold-related illness, including signs and symptoms of toxigenic mold exposure, in recurring training received by miliary health practitioners at such time and in such manner as the Secretary chooses.
- (e) Definitions.—In this section:
- (1) INDOOR RESIDENTIAL MOLD.—The term "indoor residential mold" means any form of multi-cellular fungi found in water-damaged indoor environments and building materials, including cladosporium, penicillium, alternaria, aspergillus, fusarium,

- trichoderma, memnoniella, mucor, stachybotrys chartarum, streptomyces, and epicoccumoften.
- (2) MILITARY INSTALLATION.—The term "military installation" has the meaning given that term in section 2801(c) of title 10, United States Code.
- (3) MILITARY UNACCOMPANIED HOUSING.— The term "military unaccompanied housing" has the meaning given that term in section 2871 of title 10, United States Code.
- (4) TOXIGENIC MOLD.—The term "toxigenic mold" means any indoor mold growth that may be capable of producing a toxin or toxic compound, including mycotoxins and microbial volatile organic compounds, that can cause pulmonary, respiratory, neurological, gastrointestinal, or dermatological illnesses, or other major adverse health impacts, as determined by the Secretary of Defense in consultation with the Director of the National Institutes of Health, the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development, the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, and the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

#### SEC. 2825. REQUIREMENT FOR DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION RELATING TO LIABIL-ITY INSURANCE AND DISPUTE RESO-LUTIONS RELATING TO PRIVATIZED MILITARY HOUSING.

Section 2891c(a)(2) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subparagraphs:

- "(G) The level of liability insurance coverage maintained by the landlord for all such housing units.
- "(H) The amount of any payments made to tenants by landlords relating to dispute resolutions.".

## SEC. 2826. TREATMENT OF NONDISCLOSURE AGREEMENTS WITH RESPECT TO PRIVATIZED MILITARY HOUSING.

Section 2890(f) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (1)—
- (A) by striking "(1) A tenant or prospective tenant of a housing unit may not be required to sign" and inserting "A landlord may not request that a tenant, former tenant, or prospective tenant of a housing unit sign"; and
- (B) in the first sentence, by inserting "or in connection with the provision of services related to the housing unit" before the period; and
  - (2) by striking paragraphs (2) and (3).

#### Subtitle C—Land Conveyances

# SEC. 2831. AUTHORIZATION TO ACQUIRE THROUGH EXCHANGE OR LEASE CERTAIN LAND USED BY THE ARMED FORCES IN HAWAII.

- (a) Acquisition Through Exchange.—
- (1) EXCHANGE AUTHORIZED.—The Secretary of each military department may acquire through exchange, upon such terms and conditions as the Secretary concerned determines appropriate, all right, title, and interest in any land, or any portion thereof, that is, as of the date of the enactment of this Act—
- (A) leased by the military department concerned from the State of Hawaii; or
- (B) owned by the State of Hawaii and subject to an easement benefitting the military department concerned.
- (2) LAND FOR EXCHANGE.—To acquire land under paragraph (1), the Secretary concerned may—
- (Å) exchange right, title, and interest in land under the jurisdiction and control of the Secretary concerned, or under the jurisdiction and control of the Secretary of another military department with the consent of the Secretary concerned, located in the State of Hawaii; and
- (B) convey such land and interests therein necessary to effect such an exchange.
- (3) DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.—The exact acreage and legal description of any land or

- interests in land to be exchanged under paragraph (1) shall be determined by a survey satisfactory to the Secretary concerned.
- (4) STATUS OF LAND.—Land acquired through exchange by the Secretary concerned under paragraph (1) shall be administered by the Secretary concerned.
- (5) EXCHANGE OF LAND IN EXCESS OR BELOW EQUAL VALUE.—
- (A) EXCHANGES IN EXCESS OF EQUAL VALUE.—Notwithstanding section 2869 of title 10, United States Code, the fair market value of the land conveyed by the Secretary concerned under paragraph (2) may exceed the fair market value of the land acquired by the Secretary concerned under paragraph (1) if the Secretary concerned determines that it is in the public interest.
  - (B) EXCHANGES BELOW EQUAL VALUE.—
- (i) IN GENERAL.—Subject to clause (ii), if the fair market value of the land and interests in land to be acquired under paragraph (1), as determined by the Secretary concerned, is greater than fair market value of the land and interests in land to be conveyed under paragraph (2), the Secretary concerned may use funds made available to the Secretary concerned on or after the date of the enactment of this Act for military construction to provide payment or in-kind consideration to the State of Hawaii in the amount of the difference in value.
- (ii) LIMITATION ON PAYMENT.—The amount of any payment or in-kind consideration provided under clause (i) may not exceed \$2,500,000.
- (iii) IN-KIND CONSIDERATION.—In-kind consideration provided under clause (i) may include services or provision of real property of the United States.
  - (b) Lease.-
- (1) LEASE AUTHORIZED.—If the Secretary concerned determines that exchange under subsection (a) is not appropriate or in the best interests of the military department concerned, the Secretary concerned may lease, upon such terms and conditions as the Secretary concerned determines appropriate, any land, or any portion thereof, that is, as of the date of the enactment of this Act—
- (A) leased by the military department concerned from the State of Hawaii; or
- (B) owned by the State of Hawaii and subject to an easement benefitting the military department concerned.
- (2) DURATION OF LEASE.—A lease entered into under paragraph (1) may provide for a lease term of not more than 25 years, with options that extend the term to a total period of not more than 50 years.
  - (3) Consideration under lease.—
- (A) PAYMENT IN EXCESS OF FAIR MARKET RENTAL VALUE.—The Secretary concerned may make rental payments under a lease entered into under paragraph (1) that exceed fair market value of the land to be leased, as determined by the Secretary concerned, if the Secretary concerned determines that such payments are in the public interest.
- (B) ADVANCE PAYMENT OF RENT.—A lease entered into under paragraph (1) may authorize the payment of rent in advance.
  - (C) FORM OF PAYMENT.—
- (i) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary concerned may provide for payment or in-kind consideration to the State of Hawaii as consideration for a lease entered into under paragraph (1).
- (ii) IN-KIND CONSIDERATION.—In-kind consideration provided under clause (i) may include services or provision of real property of the United States.
- (4) SOURCE OF FUNDS FOR COSTS FOR EARLY TERMINATION.—The costs associated with the early termination of a lease entered into under paragraph (1) may be paid from—
- (A) authorizations available at the time the lease was executed;

- (B) authorizations available at the time the United States terminates the lease; or
- (C) any combination thereof.
- (c) EXEMPTION FROM SCREENING REQUIRE-MENTS.—The authority to convey land and interests therein under this section is exempt from any screening process required under section 2696(b) of title 10, United States Code.
- (d) SUNSET.—The authority to enter into any agreement for lease or acquisition through exchange under this section, except for lease extensions, shall expire on December 31, 2031.

#### SEC. 2832. REPORT ON LAND WITHDRAWALS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Army shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the land withdrawals at Fort Greely and Fort Wainwright Training Ranges, Alaska, and McGregor Range, Fort Bliss, New Mexico, under subsections (c) and (d) of section 3011 of the Military Lands Withdrawal Act of 1999 (title XXX of Public Law 106-65; 113 Stat. 889).
- (b) ELEMENTS REQUIRED.—The report required by subsection (a) shall include—
- (1) a description of the operational and training impacts should the land withdrawals described in subsection (a) not be renewed; and
- (2) any requested changes to those land withdrawals that would require an Act of Congress.

#### Subtitle D—Other Matters

### SEC. 2841. MODIFICATIONS TO DEFENSE COMMUNITY INFRASTRUCTURE PROGRAM.

- (a) Modification to Categories for Assistance.—Section 2391(d)(1)(B) of title 10, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in the matter preceding clause (i), by striking ", including selection" and all that follows through "of priority" and inserting "for each of the following categories";
- (2) in clause (i), by striking "military value" and all that follows through the period and inserting "the readiness of a military department or mission assurance at a military installation."; and
- (3) by redesignating clauses (ii) and (iv) as clauses (iv) and (ii), respectively, and—
- (A) by moving clause (ii), as so redesignated, after clause (i); and
- (B) by moving clause (iv), as so redesignated, after clause (iii).
- (b) TEMPORARY PRIORITY AND ALLOCATION OF FUNDS UNDER PROGRAM.—During the two-year period beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall—
- (1) give priority under the Defense Community Infrastructure Program under section 2391(d) of title 10, United States Code, to projects under subparagraph (B)(ii) of such section (as amended by subsection (a)), for which an application has been previously made for assistance under that program; and
- (2) allocate not less than two-thirds of the amounts appropriated or otherwise made available for such program equally among projects under subparagraphs (B)(i) and (B)(ii) of such program (as amended by subsection (a))

# SEC. 2842. DESIGNATION OF RONALD REAGAN SPACE AND MISSILE TEST RANGE AT KWAJALEIN ATOLL IN THE MARSHALL ISLANDS.

- (a) DESIGNATION.—The Ronald Reagan Ballistic Missile Defense Test Site located at Kwajalein Atoll in the Marshall Islands shall after the date of the enactment of this Act be known and designated as the "Ronald Reagan Space and Missile Test Range".
- (b) REFERENCES.—Any reference in any law, regulation, map, document, paper, or

- other record of the United States to the site specified in subsection (a) shall be considered to be a reference to the Ronald Reagan Space and Missile Test Range.
- (c) CONFORMING REPEAL.—Section 2887 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2001 (division B of Public Law 106-398; 114 Stat. 1654A-440) is repealed.

### SEC. 2843. JOINT BASE FACILITY MANAGEMENT OF DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

- (a) WORKFORCE REASSESSMENT FOR JOINT BASE FACILITY MANAGEMENT.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report containing a reassessment by the Secretary of each military department regarding the joint base facility management workforce of the Department of Defense.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—Each reassessment required under paragraph (1) shall include—
- (A) an assessment of the workload requirements of facility management offices with respect to the work required to maintain the facilities of jointly used installations in good working order;
- (B) an assessment of the workforce levels needed to complete the workload identified under subparagraph (A);
- (C) information on workforce gaps, if any, that exist between current facility management workforce levels and the workforce levels identified in subparagraph (B) and the reasons for the workforce gaps; and
- (D) a strategy on how to address workforce gaps, including periodic reassessment of workforce levels and funding needs.
- (b) CONSOLIDATED JOINT BASE INSTRUCTION.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the status of and reason for any delay in producing a draft Department of Defense instruction to establish policies for the management of jointly used military installations.
- (c) BRIEFING ON JOINT BASE FUNDING TO SUPPORTED COMPONENTS.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a briefing on identifying the funding allocations among supported and supporting components for maintenance of facilities of jointly used military installations, and an assessment of any risk to mission readiness resulting from those funding levels.

# SEC. 2844. LIMITATION ON USE OF AMOUNTS FOR TRAVEL BASED ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS RELATED TO MINIMUM CAPITAL INVESTMENT.

The Secretary and each service chief of a military department (including the Commandant of the Marine Corps with respect to the Department of the Navy and the Chief of Space Operations with respect to the Department of the Air Force) may not use amounts appropriated to the Department of Defense for travel outside the continental United States if the Secretary of Defense determines that the military department is not in compliance with the requirements under section 2680 of title 10. United States Code.

# SEC. 2845. EXTENSION OF PROHIBITION ON JOINT USE OF HOMESTEAD AIR RESERVE BASE WITH CIVIL AVIATION.

Section 2874 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (division B of Public Law 117–263; 136 Stat. 3014), as amended by section 2808 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (division B of Public Law 118–159), is further amended by striking "September 30, 2028" and inserting "September 30, 2034".

# SEC. 2846. PILOT PROGRAM ON PROCUREMENT OF UTILITY SERVICES FOR INSTALLATIONS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE THROUGH AREAWIDE CONTRACTS.

- (a) PILOT PROGRAM REQUIRED.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of the Act, the Secretary of Defense shall establish a pilot program for the purposes of procuring utility services through an areawide contract with a public utility provider for any services that support energy resilience and mission readiness of an installation of the Department of Defense (in this section referred to as the "pilot program").
- (b) DURATION.—The Secretary of Defense shall carry out the pilot program during the one-year period beginning on the date of the commencement of the pilot program.
- (c) DEADLINE FOR CONTRACTS.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of each military department shall enter into at least one areawide contract under the pilot program.
- (d) PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIPS.—The Secretary shall carry out the pilot program by entering into one or more public-private partnerships through an areawide contract entered into under the pilot program.
- (e) COMPETITION.—The pilot program shall include the development of a justification and approval template and waiver in accordance with part 6.302 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation that is used by all acquisition commands of the military departments in carrying out the pilot program.
- (f) REPORTING REQUIREMENT.—Not later than 90 days after the termination of the pilot program, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report that includes—
- (1) an analysis of the pilot program, including any efficiencies, benefits, and cost-savings associated with utilizing areawide contracts under the pilot program to procure utility services from a public utility provider; and
- (2) proposed solutions, including recommended legislative text and modifications to the Federal Acquisition Regulation or policy guidance of the Department of Defense, to overcome any remaining legal and policy hurdles that the Department identifies as inhibiting adherence to and implementation of section 2811(b) of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (division B of Public Law 118-31; 10 U.S.C. 2920 note).
- (g) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the terms "areawide contract", "energy resilience", and "utility service" have the meanings given those terms in section 2811(b)(3) of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (division B of Public Law 118-31; 10 U.S.C. 2920 note).

# SEC. 2847. AUTHORIZATION FOR MONETARY CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE CONVEYEES OF UTILITY SYSTEMS FOR INFRASTRUCTURE IMPROVEMENTS.

Section 2688(k) of title 10, United States Codes, is amended to read as follows:

- "(k) IMPROVEMENT OF CONVEYED UTILITY SYSTEM.—(1) In lieu of carrying out a military construction project for an infrastructure improvement that enhances the reliability, resilience, efficiency, physical security, or cybersecurity of a utility system conveyed under subsection (a), the Secretary concerned may use funds authorized and appropriated for the project to make a monetary contribution equal to the total amount for the completed project to the conveyee of the utility system to carry out the project using a contract for utility services entered into under subsection (d).
- "(2) All right, title, and interest to infrastructure improvements constructed by the conveyee pursuant to paragraph (1) shall vest in the conveyee.

"(3) The Secretary concerned shall provide to the conveyee the necessary real property interests to access and use lands under the jurisdiction and control of the Secretary for construction of the project under paragraph (1) and for ongoing use, operations, and maintenance.

"(4) If the Secretary concerned exercises a repurchase option under a contract entered into under subsection (d) for a system conveyed under subsection (a), the Secretary shall receive an offset in the amount of the contribution to the conveyee under paragraph (1) against the payment made by the Secretary as consideration for the repurchase, except that the maximum offset may not exceed the full amount of the consideration for the repurchase.

"(5) The Secretary concerned may make a monetary contribution authorized by paragraph (1) without regard to the following provisions of law:

"(A) Sections 7540, 8612, and 9540 of this title.

 $\lq\lq(B)$  Subchapters I and III of chapter 169 of this title.

"(C) Chapters 221 and 223 of this title."

# SEC. 2848. PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS FOR DEVELOPMENT OF GREENBURY POINT CONSERVATION AREA AT NAVAL SUPPORT ACTIVITY ANNAPOLIS, MARYLAND.

(a) IN GENERAL.—None of the funds authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Defense for fiscal year 2026 may be used for any activity of the Department of Defense related to the construction of any project commencing on or after the date of the enactment of this Act at Greenbury Point Conservation Area at Naval Support Activity Annapolis, Maryland, that—

(1) constructs a new golf course at Greenbury Point Conservation Area;

(2) limits public access to Greenbury Point Conservation Area; or

(3) is in violation of section 2855 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31; 137 Stat. 766).

(b) OUTSIDE FUNDS PROHIBITED.—The Secretary of Defense may not use any funds from sources outside the Department of Defense to make improvements to Greenbury Point Conservation Area at Naval Support Activity Annapolis, Maryland.

SEC. 2849. APPLICATION OF CERTAIN AUTHORITIES AND STANDARDS TO HISTORIC MILITARY HOUSING AND ASSOCIATED HISTORIC PROPERTIES OF THE DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY AND THE DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE

Title 54, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 307108 the following new section:

#### "\$ 307109. Application of certain authorities and standards to historic military housing and associated historic properties of the Department of the Navy and the Department of the Air Force

"(a) APPLICATION OF CERTAIN AUTHORITY TO NAVY AND AIR FORCE MILITARY FAMILY HOUS-ING.—The Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Air Force, in satisfaction of requirements under this division, may apply the authority and standards contained in the documents titled 'Department of the Army Program Comment for the Preservation of Pre-1919 Historic Army Housing, Associated Buildings and Structures, and Landscape (published on June 13, 2024) (89 Fed. Reg. 50350), 'Department of the Army Program Comment for Inter-War Era Historic Housing, Associated Buildings and Structures, and Landscape Features (1919-1940)' (published on October 13, 2020) (85 Fed. Reg. 64491), and 'Department of the Army Program Comment for Vietnam War Era Historic Housing, Associated Buildings and Structures, and Landscape Features (1963–1975) (published on May 4, 2023) (88 Fed. Reg. 28573) to all military housing (including privatized military housing under sub-chapter IV of this chapter) constructed during the applicable periods.

(b) APPLICATION OF CERTAIN AUTHORITY TO CAPEHART AND WHERRY ERA NAVY AND AIR FORCE MILITARY FAMILY HOUSING.—The Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Air Force may apply the authority and standards contained in the document titled Program Comment for Capehart and Wherry Era Housing and Associated Structures and Landscape Features (1949-1962)' (published on November 18, 2005) (70 Fed. Reg. 69959) to all military housing (including privatized military housing under subchapter IV of this chapter) constructed during the period beginning on January 1, 1941, and ending on December 31, 1948, located on a military installation under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force.

(c) TEMPORARY APPLICATION OF CERTAIN AUTHORITY TO VIETNAM WAR ERA NAVY AND AIR FORCE MILITARY HOUSING.—During the period beginning on the date of the enactment of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026 and ending on December 31, 2045, the Secretary of the Navy and the Secretary of the Air Force, in satisfaction of requirements under this division, may apply the authority and standards contained in the document titled 'Department of the Army Program Comment for Vietnam War Era Historic Housing, Associated Buildings and Structures, and Landscape Features (1963-1975)' (published on May 4, 2023) (88 Fed. Reg. 28573) to all military housing (including privatized military housing under subchapter IV of this chapter) constructed after 1975 located on a military installation under the jurisdiction of the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the

"(d) REPORT.—As part of each report of the Navy or the Air Force required under section 3(c) of Executive Order 13287 (54 U.S.C. 306101 note), the Secretary of the Navy or the Secretary of the Air Force, as the case may be, shall submit to the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation a report on the implementation of this section.

"(e) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section may be construed to preclude or require the amendment of the documents of the Office of the Assistant Secretary of the Army for Installations, Energy and Environment described in subsection (a) by the Secretary of the Army or the Chair of the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation."

# DIVISION C—DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY AUTHORIZATIONS AND OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS

## TITLE XXXI—DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS

#### Subtitle A—National Security Programs and Authorizations

## SEC. 3101. NATIONAL NUCLEAR SECURITY ADMINISTRATION.

(a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 2026 for the activities of the National Nuclear Security Administration in carrying out programs as specified in the funding table in section 4701.

(b) AUTHORIZATION OF NEW PLANT PROJECTS.—From funds referred to in subsection (a) that are available for carrying out plant projects, the Secretary of Energy may carry out new plant projects for the National Nuclear Security Administration as follows:

Project 26-D-511 MESA Photolithography Capability (MPC), Sandia National Laboratories, \$40,000,000.

Project 26-D-510 Product Realization Infrastructure for Stockpile Modernization, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, \$15,000,000.

Project 26-D-512 LANSCE Modernization Project (LAMP), Los Alamos National Laboratory, \$20,000,000.

Project 26-D-513 Combined Radiation Environments for Survivability Testing, Sandia National Laboratories, \$52,248,000.

Project 26-D-514 NIF Enhanced Fusion Yield Capability, Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, \$26,000,000.

Project 26-D-530 East Side Office Building, \$75,000,000.

#### SEC. 3102. DEFENSE ENVIRONMENTAL CLEANUP.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 2026 for defense environmental cleanup activities in carrying out programs as specified in the funding table in section 4701.

#### SEC. 3103. OTHER DEFENSE ACTIVITIES.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 2026 for other defense activities in carrying out programs as specified in the funding table in section 4701.

#### SEC. 3104. NUCLEAR ENERGY.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for fiscal year 2026 for nuclear energy as specified in the funding table in section 4701.

#### Subtitle B—Program Authorizations, Restrictions, and Limitations

#### SEC. 3111. ORGANIZATION AND CODIFICATION OF PROVISIONS OF LAW RELATING TO ATOMIC ENERGY DEFENSE ACTIVI-TIES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart A of part VI of subtitle A of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new chapter:

### "CHAPTER 552—ATOMIC ENERGY DEFENSE

"Chapter 552—Atomic Energy Defense

"Sec. 5601. Definitions.

"SUBCHAPTER I—ORGANIZATIONAL MATTERS

"Sec. 5611. Naval Nuclear Propulsion Program.

"Sec. 5612. Management structure for nuclear security enterprise.

"Sec. 5613. Monitoring of industrial base for nuclear weapons components, subsystems, and materials.

"Sec. 5614. Common financial reporting system for the nuclear security enterprise.

"Sec. 5615. Restriction on licensing requirement for certain defense activities and facilities.

"Sec. 5616. Establishment of Center for Security Technology, Analysis, Response, and Testing.

"SUBCHAPTER II—NUCLEAR WEAPONS STOCKPILE MATTERS

"PART A—STOCKPILE STEWARDSHIP AND WEAPONS PRODUCTION

"Sec. 5621. Stockpile stewardship program.

"Sec. 5622. Portfolio management framework for National Nuclear Security Administration . "Sec. 5623. Stockpile stewardship criteria.

"Sec. 5624. Nuclear weapons stockpile stewardship, management, and re-

ardship, management, and responsiveness plan.

"Sec. 5625. Major warhead refurbishment

"Sec. 5625. Major warhead refurbishmen program.

"Sec. 5626. Stockpile management program. "Sec. 5627. Annual assessments and reports

to the President and Congress
regarding the condition of the
United States nuclear weapons
stockpile.

"Sec. 5628. Form of certifications regarding the safety or reliability of the nuclear weapons stockpile.

- "Sec. 5629. Nuclear test ban readiness program.
- "Sec. 5630. Requirements for specific request for new or modified nuclear weapons. "Sec. 5631, Testing of nuclear weapons.
- "Sec. 5632. Manufacturing infrastructure for refabrication and certification of nuclear weapons stockpile.
- "Sec. 5633. Acceleration of depleted uranium manufacturing processes
- "Sec. 5634. Reports on critical difficulties at national security laboratories and nuclear weapons production facilities.
- "Sec. 5635. Selected acquisition reports and independent cost estimates and reviews of certain programs and facilities.
- "Sec. 5636. Advice to President and Congress regarding safety, security, and reliability of United States nuclear weapons stockpile.
- "Sec. 5637. Notification of certain regulations that impact the National Nuclear Security Administration
- "Sec. 5638. Plutonium pit production capacitv.
- "Sec. 5639. Certification of completion of milestones with respect to plutonium pit aging.
- "Sec. 5640. Authorization of workforce development and training partnership programs within National Nuclear Security Administration.
- "Sec. 5641. Stockpile responsiveness program.
- "Sec. 5642. Long-term plan for meeting national security requirements for unencumbered uranium.
- "Sec. 5643. Plan for domestic enrichment capability to satisfy Department of Defense uranium requirements.
- "Sec. 5644. Incorporation of integrated surety architecture.
- "Sec. 5645. W93 nuclear warhead acquisition process.
- "Sec. 5646. Earned value management and technology readiness levels for life extension programs. "PART B—TRITIUM
- "Sec. 5651. Tritium production program.
- "Sec. 5652.
- Tritium recycling.
  Modernization and consolidation "Sec. 5653. of tritium recycling facilities.
- "SUBCHAPTER III—PROLIFERATION MATTERS
- "Sec. 5661. Authority to conduct program relating to fissile materials.
- "Sec. 5662. Completion of material protection, control, and accounting activities in the Russian Federation.
- "Sec. 5663. Disposition of weapons-usable plutonium at Savannah River Site.
- "Sec. 5664. Disposition of surplus defense plutonium at Savannah River Site, Aiken, South Carolina.
- "Sec. 5665. Acceleration of removal or security of fissile materials, radiological materials, and related equipment at vulnerable sites worldwide.
- "Sec. 5666. Acceleration of replacement of cesium blood irradiation sources
- "Sec. 5667. International agreements on nuclear weapons data.
- "Sec. 5668. International agreements on information on radioactive materials.
- "Sec. 5669. Defense nuclear nonproliferation management plan.
- "Sec. 5670. Information relating to certain defense nuclear nonproliferation programs.

- "Sec. 5671. Annual Selected Acquisition Reports on certain hardware relating to defense nuclear nonproliferation.
- "SUBCHAPTER IV—DEFENSE ENVIRONMENTAL CLEANUP MATTERS

#### "PART A-DEFENSE ENVIRONMENTAL CLEANUP

- "Sec. 5681. Defense environmental cleanup account.
- "Sec. 5682. Classification of defense environmental cleanup as capital asset projects or operations activities
- "Sec. 5683. Requirement to develop future use plans for defense environmental cleanup.
- "Sec. 5684. Future-years defense environmental cleanup plan.
- "Sec. 5685. Accelerated schedule for defense environmental cleanup activities.
- "Sec. 5686. Defense environmental cleanup technology program.
- "Sec. 5687. Other programs relating to technology development.
- "Sec. 5688. Report on defense environmental cleanup expenditures.
- "Sec. 5689. Public participation in planning defense environmental for cleanup.
- "Sec. 5690. Policy of Department of Energy regarding future defense environmental management matters .
- "Sec. 5691. Estimation of costs of meeting defense environmental cleanup milestones required by consent orders.
- "Sec. 5692. Public statement of environmental liabilities.

#### "PART B—CLOSURE OF FACILITIES

- "Sec. 5701. Reports in connection with permanent closures of Department of Energy defense nuclear facilities
- "Sec. 5702. Defense site acceleration completion.
- "Sec. 5703. Sandia National Laboratories.
- "Sec. 5704. Plan for deactivation and decommissioning of nonoperational defense nuclear facilities.

#### "PART C-HANFORD RESERVATION. Washington

- "Sec. 5711. Safety measures for waste tanks at Hanford Nuclear Reservation.
- "Sec. 5712. Hanford waste tank cleanup program reforms.
- "Sec. 5713. River protection project.
- "Sec. 5714. Notification regarding air release of radioactive or hazardous material.

#### "PART D—SAVANNAH RIVER SITE, SOUTH CAROLINA

- "Sec. 5721. Accelerated schedule for isolating high-level nuclear waste at the Defense Waste Processing Facility, Savannah River Site.
- "Sec. 5722. Multi-year plan for clean-up.
- continuation of processing, treatment, and disposal of leg-"Sec. 5723. Continuation acy nuclear materials.
- "SUBCHAPTER V—SAFEGUARDS AND SECURITY MATTERS

#### "PART A-SAFEGUARDS AND SECURITY

- "Sec. 5731. Prohibition on international inspections of Department of Energy facilities unless protection of restricted data is certified.
- "Sec. 5732. Restrictions on access to national security laboratories by foreign visitors from sensitive countries.

- "Sec. 5733. Background investigations certain personnel at Department of Energy facilities.
- "Sec. 5734. Department of Energy counterintelligence polygraph gram.
- "Sec. 5735. Notice to congressional committees of certain security and counterintelligence failures within atomic energy defense programs.
- "Sec. 5736. Annual report and certification on status of security of atomic energy defense facilities.
- "Sec. 5737. Protection of certain nuclear facilities and assets from unmanned aircraft.
- "Sec. 5738. Reporting on penetrations of networks of contractors and subcontractors.

#### "PART B—CLASSIFIED INFORMATION

- "Sec. 5741. Review of certain documents before declassification and release.
- "Sec. 5742. Protection against inadvertent release of restricted data and formerly restricted data.
- "Sec. 5743. Supplement to plan for declassification of restricted data and formerly restricted data.
- "Sec. 5744. Protection of classified information during laboratory-to-laboratory exchanges.
- "Sec. 5745. Identification in budget materials of amounts for declassification activities and limitation on expenditures for such activities.

#### "SUBCHAPTER VI-PERSONNEL MATTERS "PART A-PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT

- "Sec. 5751. Authority for appointment of certain scientific, engineering, and technical personnel.
- "Sec. 5752. Whistleblower protection gram.
- "Sec. 5753. Department of Energy defense nuclear facilities workforce restructuring plan.
- "Sec. 5754. Authority to provide certificate of commendation to Department of Energy and contractor employees for exemplary service in stockpile stewardship and security.

#### "PART B-EDUCATION AND TRAINING

- "Sec. 5761. Executive management training in Department of Energy.
- "Sec. 5762. Stockpile stewardship recruitment and training program.
- "Sec. 5763. Fellowship program for development of skills critical to the nuclear security enterprise.

#### "PART C-WORKER SAFETY

- "Sec. 5771. Worker protection at nuclear weapons facilities.
- "Sec. 5772. Safety oversight and enforcement at defense nuclear facilities.
- "Sec. 5773. Program to monitor department of energy workers exposed to hazardous and radioactive substances.
- "Sec. 5774. Programs for persons who may have been exposed to radiation released from Hanford Nuclear Reservation.
- "Sec. 5775. Use of probabilistic risk assessment to ensure nuclear safety of facilities of the Administration and the Office of Environmental Management.
- "Sec. 5776. Notification of nuclear criticality and non-nuclear incidents.

- "SUBCHAPTER VII—BUDGET AND FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT MATTERS
- "PART A—RECURRING NATIONAL SECURITY AUTHORIZATION PROVISIONS
- "Sec. 5781. Definitions.
- "Sec. 5782. Reprogramming.
- "Sec. 5783. Minor construction projects.
- "Sec. 5784. General plant projects.
- "Sec. 5785. Limits on construction projects.
- "Sec. 5786. Fund transfer authority.
- "Sec. 5787. Conceptual and construction design.
- "Sec. 5788. Authority for emergency planning, design, and construction activities.
- "Sec. 5789. Scope of authority to carry out plant projects.
- "Sec. 5790. Availability of funds.
- "Sec. 5791. Transfer of defense environmental cleanup funds.
- "Sec. 5792. Transfer of weapons activities funds.
- "Sec. 5793. Funds available for all national security programs of the Department of Energy.
- "Sec. 5794. Notification of cost overruns for certain Department of Energy projects.
- "Sec. 5795. Life-cycle cost estimates of certain atomic energy defense capital assets.
- "Sec. 5796. Use of best practices for capital asset projects and nuclear weapon life extension programs
- "Sec. 5797. Matters relating to critical decisions.
- "Sec. 5798. Unfunded priorities of the Administration.
- "Sec. 5799. Review of adequacy of nuclear weapons budget.
- "Sec. 5800. Improvements to cost estimates informing analyses of alternatives.

#### "PART B—PENALTIES

- "Sec. 5801. Restriction on use of funds to pay penalties under environmental laws
- "Sec. 5802. Restriction on use of funds to pay penalties under Clean Air Act.

#### "PART C—OTHER MATTERS

- "Sec. 5811. Reports on financial balances for atomic energy defense activities
- "Sec. 5812. Independent acquisition project reviews of capital assets acquisition projects.
- $\begin{tabular}{ll} ``SUBCHAPTER VIII-ADMINISTRATIVE MATTERS \\ ``PART A-CONTRACTS \end{tabular}$
- "Sec. 5821. Costs not allowed under covered contracts.
- "Sec. 5822. Prohibition and report on bonuses to contractors operating defense nuclear facilities.
- "Sec. 5823. Assessments of emergency preparedness of defense nuclear facilities.
- "Sec. 5824. Contractor liability for injury or loss of property arising out of atomic weapons testing programs.
- "Sec. 5825. Notice-and-wait requirement applicable to certain third-party financing arrangements.
- "Sec. 5826. Publication of contractor performance evaluations leading to award fees.
- "Sec. 5827. Enhanced procurement authority to manage supply chain risk.
- "Sec. 5828. Cost-benefit analyses for competition of management and operating contracts.
  - "PART B—RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT
- "Sec. 5831. Laboratory-directed research and development programs.

- "Sec. 5832. Laboratory-directed research and development.
- "Sec. 5833. Funding for laboratory directed research and development." Sec. 5834. Charges to individual program,
  - Sec. 5834. Charges to individual program, project, or activity.
- "Sec. 5835. Limitations on use of funds for laboratory directed research and development purposes.
- "Sec. 5836. Report on use of funds for certain research and development purposes.
- "Sec. 5837. Critical technology partnerships and cooperative research and development centers.
- "Sec. 5838. University-based research collaboration program.
- "Sec. 5839. Limitation on establishing an enduring bioassurance program within the administration.

#### "PART C-FACILITIES MANAGEMENT

- "Sec. 5841. Transfers of real property at certain Department of Energy facilities
- "Sec. 5842. Engineering and manufacturing research, development, and demonstration by managers of certain nuclear weapons production facilities.
- "Sec. 5843. Activities at covered nuclear weapons facilities.
- "Sec. 5844. Pilot program relating to use of proceeds of disposal or utilization of certain department of energy assets.
- "Sec. 5845. Department of Energy energy parks program.
- "Sec. 5846. Authority to use passenger carriers for contractor commuting.

#### "PART D—OTHER MATTERS

- "Sec. 5851. Payment of costs of operation and maintenance of infrastructure at Nevada National Security Site.
- "Sec. 5852. University-based defense nuclear policy collaboration program.

#### "§ 5601. Definitions

- "Except as otherwise provided, in this chapter:  $\label{eq:chapter}$
- "(1) The term 'Administration' means the National Nuclear Security Administration.
- "(2) The term 'Administrator' means the Administrator for Nuclear Security.
- "(3) The term 'classified information' means any information that has been determined pursuant to Executive Order No. 12333 of December 4, 1981 (50 U.S.C. 3001 note), Executive Order No. 12958 of April 17, 1995 (50 U.S.C. 3161 note), Executive Order No. 13526 of December 29, 2009 (50 U.S.C. 3161 note), or successor orders, to require protection against unauthorized disclosure and that is so designated.
- ``(4) The term 'congressional defense committees' means—
- "(A) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
- "(B) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
- "(5) The terms 'defense nuclear facility' and 'Department of Energy defense nuclear facility' have the meaning given the term 'Department of Energy defense nuclear facility' in section 318 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2286g).
- "(6) The term 'nuclear security enterprise' means the physical facilities, technology, and human capital of the national security laboratories and the nuclear weapons production facilities.
- "(7) The term 'national security laboratory' means any of the following:
- "(A) Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico.

- "(B) Sandia National Laboratories, Albuquerque, New Mexico, and Livermore, California.
- "(C) Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory, Livermore, California.
- "(8) The term 'Nuclear Weapons Council' means the Nuclear Weapons Council established by section 179.
- "
  (9) The term 'nuclear weapons production facility' means any of the following:
- "(A) The Kansas City National Security Campus, Kansas City, Missouri.
- "(B) The Pantex Plant, Amarillo, Texas. "(C) The Y-12 National Security Complex,
- Oak Ridge, Tennessee.
- "(D) The Savannah River Site, Aiken, South Carolina.
- "(E) The Nevada National Security Site, Nevada.
- "(F) Any facility of the Department of Energy that the Secretary of Energy, in consultation with the Administrator and Congress, determines to be consistent with the mission of the Administration.
- "(10) The term 'Restricted Data' has the meaning given such term in section 11 y. of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2014(y)).
  - $\begin{array}{c} \text{``SUBCHAPTER I--ORGANIZATIONAL} \\ \text{MATTERS} \end{array}$

#### "§ 5611. Naval Nuclear Propulsion Program

"The provisions of Executive Order Numbered 12344, dated February 1, 1982, pertaining to the Naval Nuclear Propulsion Program, shall remain in force until changed by law.

#### "§ 5612. Management structure for nuclear security enterprise

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall establish a management structure for the nuclear security enterprise in accordance with the National Nuclear Security Administration Act (50 U.S.C. 2401 et seq.).
- "(b) NATIONAL NUCLEAR SECURITY ADMINISTRATION COUNCIL.—
- "(1) The Administrator shall establish a council to be known as the 'National Nuclear Security Administration Council'. The Council may advise the Administrator on—
- "(A) scientific and technical issues relating to policy matters;
  - "(B) operational concerns;
  - "(C) strategic planning;
- "(D) the development of priorities relating to the mission and operations of the Administration and the nuclear security enterprise; and
- "(E) such other matters as the Administrator determines appropriate.
- "(2) The Council shall be composed of the directors of the national security laboratories and the nuclear weapons production facilities.
- "(3) The Council may provide the Administrator or the Secretary of Energy recommendations—
- "(A) for improving the governance, management, effectiveness, and efficiency of the Administration; and
- ``(B) relating to any other matter in accordance with paragraph (1).
- "(4) Not later than 60 days after the date on which any recommendation under paragraph (3) is received, the Administrator or the Secretary, as the case may be, shall respond to the Council with respect to whether such recommendation will be implemented and the reasoning for implementing or not implementing such recommendation.
- "(c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—This section may not be construed as affecting the authority of the Secretary of Energy, in carrying out national security programs, with respect to the management, planning, and oversight of the Administration or as affecting the delegation by the Secretary of authority to carry out such activities, as set

forth under subsection (a) of section 4102 of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2512) as it existed before the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2013 (Public Law 112–239; 126 Stat. 2169).

#### "§ 5613. Monitoring of industrial base for nuclear weapons components, subsystems, and materials

- "(a) DESIGNATION OF OFFICIAL.—Not later than March 1, 2021, the Administrator shall designate a senior official within the Administration to be responsible for monitoring the industrial base that supports the nuclear weapons components, subsystems, and materials of the Administration including—
- "(1) the consistent monitoring of the current status of the industrial base:
- "(2) tracking of industrial base issues over time; and
- "(3) proactively identifying gaps or risks in specific areas relating to the industrial base.
- "(b) Provision of Resources.—The Administrator shall ensure that the official designated under subsection (a) is provided with resources sufficient to conduct the monitoring required by that subsection.
- "(c) Consultations.—The Administrator, acting through the official designated under subsection (a), shall, to the extent practicable and beneficial, in conducting the monitoring required by that subsection, consult with—
- "(1) officials of the Department of Defense who are members of the Nuclear Weapons Council established under section 179;
- "(2) officials of the Department of Defense responsible for the defense industrial base; and
- "(3) other components of the Department of Energy that rely on similar components, subsystems, or materials.
  - "(d) Briefings .-
- "(1) INITIAL BRIEFING.—Not later than April 1, 2021, the Administrator shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a briefing on the designation of the official required by subsection (a), including on—
- "(A) the responsibilities assigned to that official; and
- "(B) the plan for providing that official with resources sufficient to conduct the monitoring required by subsection (a).
- "(2) Subsequent Briefings.—Not later than April 1, 2022, and annually thereafter through 2024, the Administrator shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a briefing on activities carried out under this section that includes an assessment of the progress made by the official designated under subsection (a) in conducting the monitoring required by that subsection.
- "(e) REPORTS.—The Administrator, acting through the official designated under subsection (a), shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives, contemporaneously with each briefing required by subsection (d)(2), a report—
- "(1) identifying actual or potential risks to or specific gaps in any element of the industrial base that supports the nuclear weapons components, subsystems, or materials of the Administration;
- "(2) describing the actions the Administration is taking to further assess, characterize, and prioritize such risks and gaps;
- "(3) describing mitigating actions, if any, the Administration has underway or planned to mitigate any such risks or gaps;
- "(4) setting forth the anticipated timelines and resources needed for such mitigating actions; and
- "(5) describing the nature of any coordination with or burden sharing by other depart-

ments or agencies of the Federal Government or the private sector to address such risks and gaps.

### "\$ 5614. Common financial reporting system for the nuclear security enterprise

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—By not later than four years after the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114-328), the Administrator shall, in consultation with the National Nuclear Security Administration Council established by section 5612, complete, to the extent practicable, the implementation of a common financial reporting system for the nuclear security enterprise.
- "(b) ELEMENTS.—The common financial reporting system implemented pursuant to subsection (a) shall include the following:
- "(1) Common data reporting requirements for work performed using funds of the Administration, including reporting of financial data by standardized labor categories, labor hours, functional elements, and cost elements.
- "(2) A common work breakdown structure for the Administration that aligns contractor work breakdown structures with the budget structure of the Administration.
- "(3) Definitions and methodologies for identifying and reporting costs for programs of records and base capabilities within the Administration.
- "(4) A capability to leverage, where appropriate, the Defense Cost Analysis Resource Center of the Office of Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation of the Department of Defense using historical costing data by the Administration.
  - "(c) Reports .-
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than March 1, 2017, and annually thereafter, the Administrator shall, in consultation with the National Nuclear Security Administration Council, submit to the congressional defense committees a report on progress of the Administration toward implementing a common financial reporting system for the nuclear security enterprise as required by subsection (a).
- "(2) REPORT.—Each report under this subsection shall include the following:
- "(A) A summary of activities, accomplishments, challenges, benefits, and costs related to the implementation of a common financial reporting system for the nuclear security enterprise during the year preceding the year in which such report is submitted.
- "(B) A summary of planned activities in connection with the implementation of a common financial reporting system for the nuclear security enterprise in the year in which such report is submitted.
- "(C) A description of any anticipated modifications to the schedule for implementing a common financial reporting system for the nuclear security enterprise, including an update on possible risks, challenges, and costs related to such implementation.
- "(3) TERMINATION.—No report is required under this subsection after the completion of the implementation of a common financial reporting system for the nuclear security enterprise.

#### "§ 5615. Restriction on licensing requirement for certain defense activities and facilities

"None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by the Department of Energy National Security and Military Applications of Nuclear Energy Authorization Act of 1981 (Public Law 96–540; 94 Stat. 3197) or any other Act may be used for any purpose related to licensing of any defense activity or facility of the Department of Energy by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

#### "§ 5616. Establishment of Center for Security Technology, Analysis, Response, and Testing

- "(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Administrator for Nuclear Security shall establish within the nuclear security enterprise a Center for Security Technology, Analysis, Response, and Testing.
- "(b) DUTIES.—The center established under subsection (a) shall carry out the following:
- "(1) Provide to the Administrator, the Chief of Defense Nuclear Security, and the management and operating contractors of the nuclear security enterprise a wide range of objective expertise on security technologies, systems, analysis, testing, and response forces.
- "(2) Assist the Administrator in developing standards, requirements, analysis methods, and testing criteria with respect to security.
- "(3) Collect, analyze, and distribute lessons learned with respect to security.
- "(4) Support inspections and oversight activities with respect to security.
- "(5) Promote professional development and training for security professionals.
- "(6) Provide for advance and bulk procurement for security-related acquisitions that affect multiple facilities of the nuclear security enterprise.
- "(7) Advocate for continual improvement and security excellence throughout the nuclear security enterprise.
- "(8) Such other duties as the Administrator may assign.

## "SUBCHAPTER II—NUCLEAR WEAPONS STOCKPILE MATTERS

### "PART A—STOCKPILE STEWARDSHIP AND WEAPONS PRODUCTION

#### "§ 5621. Stockpile stewardship program

- "(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary of Energy, acting through the Administrator, shall establish a stewardship program to ensure—
- "(1) the preservation of the core intellectual and technical competencies of the United States in nuclear weapons, including weapons design, system integration, manufacturing, security, use control, reliability assessment, and certification; and
- "(2) that the nuclear weapons stockpile is safe, secure, and reliable without the use of underground nuclear weapons testing.
- "(b) Program Elements.—The program shall include the following:
- "(1) An increased level of effort for the construction of new facilities and the modernization of existing facilities with production and manufacturing capabilities that are necessary to support the deterrence of strategic attacks against the United States by maintaining and enhancing the performance, reliability, and security of the United States nuclear weapons stockpile, including—
- "(A) the nuclear weapons production facilities; and
- "(B) production and manufacturing capabilities resident in the national security laboratories.
- "(2) Support for advanced computational capabilities to enhance the simulation and modeling capabilities of the United States with respect to the performance over time of nuclear weapons.
- "(3) Support for above-ground experimental programs, such as hydrotesting, high-energy lasers, inertial confinement fusion, plasma physics, and materials research.
- "(4) Support for the modernization of facilities and projects that contribute to the experimental capabilities of the United States that support the sustainment and modernization of the United States nuclear weapons stockpile and the capabilities required to assess nuclear weapons effects.

- "(5) Support for the use of, and experiments facilitated by, the advanced experimental facilities of the United States, including—
- "(A) the National Ignition Facility at Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory;
- "(B) the Dual Axis Radiographic Hydrodynamic Test Facility at Los Alamos National Laboratory;
- "(C) the Z Machine at Sandia National Laboratories; and
- "(D) the experimental facilities at the Nevada National Security Site.

#### "§ 5622. Portfolio management framework for National Nuclear Security Administration

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117-81), the Administrator shall—
- "(1) in consultation with the Nuclear Weapons Council established under section 179, develop and implement a portfolio management framework for the nuclear security enterprise that—
- "(A) defines the Administration's portfolio of nuclear weapons stockpile and infrastructure maintenance and modernization programs:
- "(B) establishes a portfolio governance structure, including portfolio-level selection criteria, prioritization criteria, and performance metrics:
- "(C) outlines the approach of the Administration to managing that portfolio; and
- "(D) incorporates the leading practices identified by the Comptroller General of the United States in the report titled "Nuclear Security Enterprise: NNSA Should Use Portfolio Management Leading Practices to Support Modernization Efforts" (GAO-21-398) and dated June 2021; and
- "(2) complete an integrated, comprehensive assessment of the portfolio management capabilities required to execute the weapons activities portfolio of the Administration.
- "(b) BRIEFING REQUIREMENT.—Not later than June 1, 2022, the Administrator shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on—
- "(1) the progress of the Administrator in developing the framework described in paragraph (1) of subsection (a) and completing the assessment required by paragraph (2) of that subsection; and
- ``(2) the plans of the Administrator for implementing the recommendations of the Comptroller General in the report referred to in paragraph (1)(D) of that subsection.

#### "§ 5623. Stockpile stewardship criteria

- "(a) REQUIREMENT FOR CRITERIA.—The Secretary of Energy shall develop clear and specific criteria for judging whether the science-based tools being used by the Department of Energy for determining the safety and reliability of the nuclear weapons stockpile are performing in a manner that will provide an adequate degree of certainty that the stockpile is safe and reliable.
- "(b) COORDINATION WITH SECRETARY OF DE-FENSE.—The Secretary of Energy, in developing the criteria required by subsection (a), shall coordinate with the Secretary of Defense.

#### "\$ 5624. Nuclear weapons stockpile stewardship, management, and responsiveness plan

"(a) PLAN REQUIREMENT.—The Administrator, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense and other appropriate officials of the departments and agencies of the Federal Government, shall develop and annually update a plan for sustaining the nuclear weapons stockpile. The plan shall cover, at a minimum, stockpile stewardship, stockpile management, stockpile responsiveness, stockpile surveillance, program direction, infrastruc-

ture modernization, human capital, and nuclear test readiness. The plan shall be consistent with the programmatic and technical requirements of the most recent annual Nuclear Weapons Stockpile Memorandum.

"(b) Submissions to Congress.-

- "(1) In accordance with subsection (c), not later than March 15 of each even-numbered year, the Administrator shall submit to the congressional defense committees a summary of the plan developed under subsection (a).
- (2) In accordance with subsection (d), not later than March 15 of each odd-numbered year, the Administrator shall submit to the congressional defense committees a detailed report on the plan developed under subsection (a).
- "(3) The summaries and reports required by this subsection shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.
- "(c) ELEMENTS OF BIENNIAL PLAN SUMMARY.—Each summary of the plan submitted under subsection (b)(1) shall include, at a minimum, the following:
- "(1) A summary of the status of the nuclear weapons stockpile, including the number and age of warheads (including both active and inactive) for each warhead type.
- "(2) A summary of the status, plans, budgets, and schedules for warhead life extension programs and any other programs to modify, update, or replace warhead types.
- "(3) A summary of the methods and information used to determine that the nuclear weapons stockpile is safe and reliable, as well as the relationship of science-based tools to the collection and interpretation of such information.
- "(4) A summary of the status of the nuclear security enterprise, including programs and plans for infrastructure modernization and retention of human capital, as well as associated budgets and schedules.
- "(5) A summary of the status, plans, and budgets for carrying out the stockpile responsiveness program under section 5641.
- "(6) A summary of the plan regarding the research and development, deployment, and lifecycle sustainment of technologies described in subsection (d)(7).
- "(7) A summary of the assessment under subsection (d)(8) regarding the execution of programs with current and projected budgets and any associated risks.
- "(8) Identification of any modifications or updates to the plan since the previous summary or detailed report was submitted under subsection (b).
- "(9) Such other information as the Administrator considers appropriate.
- "(d) ELEMENTS OF BIENNIAL DETAILED RE-PORT.—Each detailed report on the plan submitted under subsection (b)(2) shall include, at a minimum, the following:
- "(1) With respect to stockpile stewardship, stockpile management, and stockpile responsiveness—
- "(A) the status of the nuclear weapons stockpile, including the number and age of warheads (including both active and inactive) for each warhead type;
- "(B) for each five-year period occurring during the period beginning on the date of the report and ending on the date that is 20 years after the date of the report—
- "(i) the planned number of nuclear warheads (including active and inactive) for each warhead type in the nuclear weapons stockpile; and
- "(ii) the past and projected future total lifecycle cost of each type of nuclear weapon;
- "(C) the status, plans, budgets, and schedules for warhead life extension programs and any other programs to modify, update, or replace warhead types;

- "(D) a description of the process by which the Administrator assesses the lifetimes, and requirements for life extension or replacement, of the nuclear and non-nuclear components of the warheads (including active and inactive warheads) in the nuclear weapons stockpile:
- "(E) a description of the process used in recertifying the safety, security, and reliability of each warhead type in the nuclear weapons stockpile;
- "(F) any concerns of the Administrator that would affect the ability of the Administrator to recertify the safety, security, or reliability of warheads in the nuclear weapons stockpile (including active and inactive warheads):
- "(G) mechanisms to provide for the manufacture, maintenance, and modernization of each warhead type in the nuclear weapons stockpile, as needed;
- "(H) mechanisms to expedite the collection of information necessary for carrying out the stockpile management program required by section 5626, including information relating to the aging of materials and components, new manufacturing techniques, and the replacement or substitution of materials:
- "(I) mechanisms to ensure the appropriate assignment of roles and missions for each national security laboratory and nuclear weapons production facility, including mechanisms for allocation of workload, mechanisms to ensure the carrying out of appropriate modernization activities, and mechanisms to ensure the retention of skilled personnel;
- "(J) mechanisms to ensure that each national security laboratory has full and complete access to all weapons data to enable a rigorous peer-review process to support the annual assessment of the condition of the nuclear weapons stockpile required under section 5627;
- "(K) mechanisms for allocating funds for activities under the stockpile management program required by section 5626, including allocations of funds by weapon type and facility;
- "(L) for each of the five fiscal years following the fiscal year in which the report is submitted, an identification of the funds needed to carry out the program required under section 5626;
- "(M) the status, plans, activities, budgets, and schedules for carrying out the stockpile responsiveness program under section 5641;
- "(N) for each of the five fiscal years following the fiscal year in which the report is submitted, an identification of the funds needed to carry out the program required under section 5641; and
- "(O) as required, when assessing and developing prototype nuclear weapons of foreign countries, a report from the directors of the national security laboratories on the need and plan for such assessment and development that includes separate comments on the plan from the Secretary of Energy and the Director of National Intelligence.
  - "(2) With respect to science-based tools—
- "(A) a description of the information needed to determine that the nuclear weapons stockpile is safe and reliable;
- "(B) for each science-based tool used to collect information described in subparagraph (A), the relationship between such tool and such information and the effectiveness of such tool in providing such information based on the criteria developed pursuant to section 5623(a); and
- "(C) the criteria developed under section 5623(a) (including any updates to such criteria).
- "(3) An assessment of the stockpile stewardship program under section 5621(a) by the

Administrator, in consultation with the directors of the national security laboratories, which shall set forth—

- "(A) an identification and description of—
  "(i) any key technical challenges to the stockpile stewardship program; and
- "(ii) the strategies to address such challenges without the use of nuclear testing;
- "(B) a strategy for using the science-based tools (including advanced simulation and computing capabilities) of each national security laboratory to ensure that the nuclear weapons stockpile is safe, secure, and reliable without the use of nuclear testing;
- "(C) an assessment of the science-based tools (including advanced simulation and computing capabilities) of each national security laboratory that exist at the time of the assessment compared with the science based tools expected to exist during the period covered by the future-years nuclear security program; and
- "(D) an assessment of the core scientific and technical competencies required to achieve the objectives of the stockpile stewardship program and other weapons activities and weapons-related activities of the Administration, including—
- "(i) the number of scientists, engineers, and technicians, by discipline, required to maintain such competencies; and
- "(ii) a description of any shortage of such individuals that exists at the time of the assessment compared with any shortage expected to exist during the period covered by the future-years nuclear security program.
- "(4) With respect to the nuclear security infrastructure—
- "(A) a description of the modernization and refurbishment measures the Administrator determines necessary to meet the requirements prescribed in—
- "(i) the national security strategy of the United States as set forth in the most recent national security strategy report of the President under section 108 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3043) if such strategy has been submitted as of the date of the plan:
- "(ii) the most recent national defense strategy as of the date of the plan; and
- "(iii) the most recent Nuclear Posture Review as of the date of the plan;
- "(B) a schedule for implementing the measures described under subparagraph (A) during the 10-year period following the date of the plan;
- "(C) the estimated levels of annual funds the Administrator determines necessary to carry out the measures described under subparagraph (A), including a discussion of the criteria, evidence, and strategies on which such estimated levels of annual funds are based; and
- "(D)(i) a description of-
- "(I) the metrics (based on industry best practices) used by the Administrator to determine the infrastructure deferred maintenance and repair needs of the nuclear security enterprise; and
- "(II) the percentage of replacement plant value being spent on maintenance and repair needs of the nuclear security enterprise; and
- "(ii) an explanation of whether the annual spending on such needs complies with the recommendation of the National Research Council of the National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine that such spending be in an amount equal to four percent of the replacement plant value, and, if not, the reasons for such noncompliance and a plan for how the Administrator will ensure facilities of the nuclear security enterprise are being properly sustained.
- "(5) With respect to the nuclear test readiness of the United States—
- "(A) an estimate of the period of time that would be necessary for the Administrator to

- conduct an underground test of a nuclear weapon once directed by the President to conduct such a test:
- "(B) a description of the level of test readiness that the Administrator, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, determines to be appropriate;
- "(C) a list and description of the workforce skills and capabilities that are essential to carrying out an underground nuclear test at the Nevada National Security Site;
- "(D) a list and description of the infrastructure and physical plants that are essential to carrying out an underground nuclear test at the Nevada National Security Site; and
- "(E) an assessment of the readiness status of the skills and capabilities described in subparagraph (C) and the infrastructure and physical plants described in subparagraph (D).
- "(6) A strategy for the integrated management of plutonium for stockpile and stockpile stewardship needs over a 20-year period that includes the following:
- "(A) An assessment of the baseline science issues necessary to understand plutonium aging under static and dynamic conditions under manufactured and nonmanufactured plutonium geometries.
- "(B) An assessment of scientific and testing instrumentation for plutonium at elemental and bulk conditions.
- "(C) An assessment of manufacturing and handling technology for plutonium and plutonium components.
- "(D) An assessment of computational models of plutonium performance under static and dynamic loading, including manufactured and nonmanufactured conditions.
- "(E) An identification of any capability gaps with respect to the assessments described in subparagraphs (A) through (D).
- "(F) An estimate of costs relating to the issues, instrumentation, technology, and models described in subparagraphs (A) through (D) over the period covered by the future-years nuclear security program under section 3253 of the National Nuclear Security Administration Act (50 U.S.C. 2453)
- "(G) An estimate of the cost of eliminating the capability gaps identified under subparagraph (E) over the period covered by the future-years nuclear security program.
- "(H) Such other items as the Administrator considers important for the integrated management of plutonium for stockpile and stockpile stewardship needs.
- "(7) A plan for the research and development, deployment, and lifecycle sustainment of the technologies employed within the nuclear security enterprise to address physical and cyber security threats during the five fiscal years following the date of the report, together with—
- "(A) for each site in the nuclear security enterprise, a description of the technologies deployed to address the physical and cybersecurity threats posed to that site;
- "(B) for each site and for the nuclear security enterprise, the methods used by the Administration to establish priorities among investments in physical and cybersecurity technologies; and
- "(C) a detailed description of how the funds identified for each program element specified pursuant to paragraph (1) in the budget for the Administration for each fiscal year during that five-fiscal-year period will help carry out that plan.
- "(8) An assessment of whether the programs described by the report can be executed with current and projected budgets and any associated risks.
- "(9) Identification of any modifications or updates to the plan since the previous summary or detailed report was submitted under subsection (b).

- "(e) NUCLEAR WEAPONS COUNCIL ASSESSMENT.—
- "(1) For each detailed report on the plan submitted under subsection (b)(2), the Nuclear Weapons Council shall conduct an assessment that includes the following:
  - "(A) An analysis of the plan, including-
- "(i) whether the plan supports the requirements of the national security strategy of the United States referred to in subsection (d)(4)(A)(i), the most recent the national defense strategy, and the most recent Nuclear Posture Review;
- "(ii) whether the modernization and refurbishment measures described under subparagraph (A) of subsection (d)(4) and the schedule described under subparagraph (B) of such subsection are adequate to support such requirements: and
- "(iii) whether the plan supports the stockpile responsiveness program under section 5641 in a manner that meets the objectives of such program and an identification of any improvements that may be made to the plan to better carry out such program.
- "(B) An analysis of whether the plan adequately addresses the requirements for infrastructure recapitalization of the facilities of the nuclear security enterprise.
- "(C) If the Nuclear Weapons Council determines that the plan does not adequately support modernization and refurbishment requirements under subparagraph (A) or the nuclear security enterprise facilities infrastructure recapitalization requirements under subparagraph (B), a risk assessment with respect to—
- "(i) supporting the annual certification of the nuclear weapons stockpile; and
- "(ii) maintaining the long-term safety, security, and reliability of the nuclear weapons stockpile.
- "(2) Not later than 180 days after the date on which the Administrator submits the plan under subsection (b)(2), the Nuclear Weapons Council shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report detailing the assessment required under paragraph (1).
  - "(f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- "(1) The term 'budget', with respect to a fiscal year, means the budget for that fiscal year that is submitted to Congress by the President under section 1105(a) of title 31.
- "(2) The term 'future-years nuclear security program' means the program required by section 3253 of the National Nuclear Security Administration Act (50 U.S.C. 2453).
- "(3) The term 'national defense strategy' means the review of the defense programs and policies of the United States that is carried out every four years under section 113(g).
- "(4) The term 'nuclear security budget materials', with respect to a fiscal year, means the materials submitted to Congress by the Administrator in support of the budget for that fiscal year.
- "(5) The term 'weapons activities' means each activity within the budget category of weapons activities in the budget of the Administration.
- "(6) The term 'weapons-related activities' means each activity under the Department of Energy that involves nuclear weapons, nuclear weapons technology, or fissile or radioactive materials, including activities related to—
  - "(A) nuclear nonproliferation;
  - "(B) nuclear forensics;
  - "(C) nuclear intelligence;
  - "(D) nuclear safety; and
- "(E) nuclear incident response.

## "\$ 5625. Major warhead refurbishment program

"In fiscal year 2015 and subsequent fiscal years, the Secretary of Energy shall submit to the congressional defense committees (as defined in 10 U.S.C. 101(a)(16)) a report, on each major warhead refurbishment program that reaches the Phase 6.3 milestone, that provides an analysis of alternatives. Such report shall include—

"(1) a full description of alternatives considered prior to the award of Phase 6.3;

"(2) a comparison of the costs and benefits of each of those alternatives, to include an analysis of trade-offs among cost, schedule, and performance objectives against each alternative considered;

"(3) identification of the cost and risk of critical technology elements associated with each alternative, including technology maturity, integration risk, manufacturing feasibility, and demonstration needs:

"(4) identification of the cost and risk of additional capital asset and infrastructure capabilities required to support production and certification of each alternative:

"(5) a comparative analysis of the risks, costs, and scheduling needs for any military requirement intended to enhance warhead safety, security, or maintainability, including any requirement to consolidate and/or integrate warhead systems or mods as compared to at least one other feasible refurbishment alternative the Nuclear Weapons Council considers appropriate; and

"(6) a life-cycle cost estimate for the alternative selected that details the overall cost, scope, and schedule planning assumptions.

#### "§ 5626. Stockpile management program

"(a) PROGRAM REQUIRED.—The Secretary of Energy, acting through the Administrator and in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, shall carry out a program, in support of the stockpile stewardship program, to provide for the effective management, modernization, and replacement, as required, of the weapons in the nuclear weapons stockpile. The program shall have the following objectives:

"(1) To enhance the performance and reliability of the nuclear weapons stockpile of the United States.

"(2) To further reduce the likelihood of the resumption of underground nuclear weapons testing.

"(3) To maintain the safety and security of the nuclear weapons stockpile.

"(4) To optimize the future size of the nuclear weapons stockpile.

"(5) To reduce the risk of an accidental detonation of an element of the stockpile.

"(6) To reduce the risk of an element of the stockpile being used by a person or entity hostile to the United States, its vital interests, or its allies.

"(b) Program Limitations.—In carrying out the stockpile management program under subsection (a), the Secretary of Energy shall ensure that—

"(1) any changes made to the stockpile shall be consistent with the objectives identified in subsection (a);

"(2) any changes made to the stockpile consistent with the objectives identified in subsection (a) are carried out in a cost effective manner; and

"(3) any such changes made to the stockpile shall—

"(A) be well understood and certifiable without the need to resume underground nuclear weapons testing;

"(B) use the design, certification, and production expertise resident in the nuclear security enterprise to fulfill current mission requirements of the existing stockpile; and

"(C) develop future generations of design, certification, and production expertise in the nuclear security enterprise to support the fulfillment of mission requirements of the future stockpile.

"(c) PROGRAM BUDGET.—In accordance with the requirements under section 5630, for each budget submitted by the President to Congress under section 1105 of title 31, the amounts requested for the program under this section shall be clearly identified in the budget justification materials submitted to Congress in support of that budget.

#### "§ 5627. Annual assessments and reports to the President and Congress regarding the condition of the United States nuclear weapons stockpile

"(a) ANNUAL ASSESSMENTS REQUIRED.—For each nuclear weapon type in the stockpile of the United States, each official specified in subsection (b) on an annual basis shall, to the extent such official is directly responsible for the safety, reliability, performance, or military effectiveness of that nuclear weapon type, complete an assessment of the safety, reliability, performance, or military effectiveness (as the case may be) of that nuclear weapon type.

"(b) COVERED OFFICIALS.—The officials referred to in subsection (a) are the following: "(1) The head of each national security laboratory.

"(2) The Commander of the United States Strategic Command.

"(c) DUAL VALIDATION TEAMS IN SUPPORT OF ASSESSMENTS.—In support of the assessments required by subsection (a), the Administrator may establish teams, known as 'dual validation teams', to provide each national security laboratory responsible for weapons design with independent evaluations of the condition of each warhead for which such laboratory has lead responsibility. A dual validation team established by the Administrator shall—

"(1) be comprised of weapons experts from the laboratory that does not have lead responsibility for fielding the warhead being evaluated:

"(2) have access to all surveillance and underground test data for all stockpile systems for use in the independent evaluations;

"(3) use all relevant available data to conduct independent calculations; and

"(4) pursue independent experiments to support the independent evaluations.

"(d) USE OF TEAMS OF EXPERTS FOR ASSESSMENTS.—The head of each national security laboratory shall establish and use one or more teams of experts, known as 'red teams', to assist in the assessments required by subsection (a). Each such team shall include experts from both of the other national security laboratories. Each such team for a national security laboratory shall—

"(1) review both the matters covered by the assessments under subsection (a) performed by the head of that laboratory and any independent evaluations conducted by a dual validation team under subsection (c);

"(2) subject such matters to challenge; and "(3) submit the results of such review and challenge, together with the findings and recommendations of such team with respect to such review and challenge, to the head of that laboratory.

"(e) REPORT ON ASSESSMENTS.—Not later than December 1 of each year, each official specified in subsection (b) shall submit to the Secretary concerned, and to the Nuclear Weapons Council, a report on the assessments that such official was required by subsection (a) to complete. The report shall include the following:

"(1) The results of each such assessment.
"(2)(A) Such official's determination as to whether or not one or more underground nuclear tests are necessary to resolve any issues identified in the assessments and, if

"(i) an identification of the specific underground nuclear tests that are necessary to resolve such issues; and

"(ii) a discussion of why options other than an underground nuclear test are not available or would not resolve such issues.

"(B) An identification of the specific underground nuclear tests which, while not necessary, might have value in resolving any such issues and a discussion of the anticipated value of conducting such tests.

"(C) Such official's determination as to the readiness of the United States to conduct the underground nuclear tests identified under subparagraphs (A)(i) and (B), if directed by the President to do so.

"(3) In the case of a report submitted by the head of a national security laboratory—

"(A) a concise statement regarding the adequacy of the science-based tools and methods, including with respect to cyber assurance, being used to determine the matters covered by the assessments;

"(B) a concise statement regarding the adequacy of the tools and methods employed by the manufacturing infrastructure required by section 5632 to identify and fix any inadequacy with respect to the matters covered by the assessments, and the confidence of the head in such tools and methods;

"(C) a concise summary of the findings and recommendations of any teams under subsection (d) that relate to the assessments, together with a discussion of those findings and recommendations:

"(D) a concise summary of the results of any independent evaluation conducted by a dual validation team under subsection (c); and

"(E) a concise summary of any significant finding investigations initiated or active during the previous year for which the head of the national security laboratory has full or partial responsibility.

"(4) In the case of a report submitted by the Commander of the United States Strategic Command—

"(A) a discussion of the relative merits of other nuclear weapon types (if any), or compensatory measures (if any) that could be taken, that could enable accomplishment of the missions of the nuclear weapon types to which the assessments relate, should such assessments identify any deficiency with respect to such nuclear weapon types:

"(B) a summary of all major assembly releases in place as of the date of the report for the active and inactive nuclear weapon stockpiles; and

"(C) the views of the Commander on the stockpile responsiveness program under section 5641, the activities conducted under such program, and any suggestions to improve such program.

"(5) An identification and discussion of any matter having an adverse effect on the capability of the official submitting the report to accurately determine the matters covered by the assessments.

''(f) Submittals to the President and Congress.—

"(1) Not later than February 1 of each year, the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Energy shall submit to the President—

"(A) each report, without change, submitted to either Secretary under subsection (e) during the preceding year;

"(B) any comments that the Secretaries individually or jointly consider appropriate with respect to each such report;

"(C) the conclusions that the Secretaries individually or jointly reach as to the safety, reliability, performance, and military effectiveness of the nuclear weapons stockpile of the United States: and

"(D) any other information that the Secretaries individually or jointly consider appropriate.

"(2) Not later than March 15 of each year, the President shall forward to Congress the matters received by the President under paragraph (1) for that year, together with any comments the President considers appropriate.

"(3) If the President does not forward to Congress the matters required under paragraph (2) by the date required by such paragraph, the officials specified in subsection (b) shall provide a briefing to the congressional defense committees not later than March 30 on the report such officials submitted to the Secretary concerned under subsection (e).

"(g) CLASSIFIED FORM.—Each submittal under subsection (f) shall be in classified form only, with the classification level required for each portion of such submittal marked appropriately.

"(h) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term 'Secretary concerned' means—

"(1) the Secretary of Energy, with respect to matters concerning the Department of Energy; and

"(2) the Secretary of Defense, with respect to matters concerning the Department of Defense

#### "\$ 5628. Form of certifications regarding the safety or reliability of the nuclear weapons stockpile

"Any certification submitted to the President by the Secretary of Defense or the Secretary of Energy regarding confidence in the safety or reliability of a nuclear weapon type in the United States nuclear weapons stockpile shall be submitted in classified form only.

#### "§ 5629. Nuclear test ban readiness program

"(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.—The Secretary of Energy shall establish and support a program to assure that the United States is in a position to maintain the reliability, safety, and continued deterrent effect of its stockpile of existing nuclear weapons designs in the event that a low-threshold or comprehensive ban on nuclear explosives testing is negotiated and ratified within the framework agreed to by the United States and the Russian Federation.

"(b) PURPOSES OF PROGRAM.—The purposes of the program under subsection (a) shall be the following:

"(1) To assure that the United States maintains a vigorous program of stockpile inspection and non-explosive testing so that, if a low-threshold or comprehensive test ban is entered into, the United States remains able to detect and identify potential problems in stockpile reliability and safety in existing designs of nuclear weapons.

"(2) To assure that the specific materials, components, processes, and personnel needed for the remanufacture of existing nuclear weapons or the substitution of alternative nuclear warheads are available to support such remanufacture or substitution if such action becomes necessary in order to satisfy reliability and safety requirements under a low-threshold or comprehensive test ban agreement.

"(3) To assure that a vigorous program of research in areas related to nuclear weapons science and engineering is supported so that, if a low-threshold or comprehensive test ban agreement is entered into, the United States is able to maintain a base of technical knowledge about nuclear weapons design and nuclear weapons effects.

"(c) CONDUCT OF PROGRAM.—The Secretary of Energy shall carry out the program provided for in subsection (a). The program shall be carried out with the participation of representatives of the Department of Defense, the nuclear weapons production facilities, and the national security laboratories.

#### "§ 5630. Requirements for specific request for new or modified nuclear weapons

''(a) REQUIREMENT FOR REQUEST FOR FUNDS FOR DEVELOPMENT.—

"(1) In any fiscal year after fiscal year 2002 in which the Secretary of Energy plans to carry out activities described in paragraph (2) relating to the development of a new nuclear weapon or modified nuclear weapon beyond phase 2 or phase 6.2 (as the case may be) of the nuclear weapon acquisition process. the Secretary—

"(A) shall specifically request funds for such activities in the budget of the President for that fiscal year under section 1105(a) of title 31: and

"(B) may carry out such activities only if amounts are authorized to be appropriated for such activities by an Act of Congress consistent with section 660 of the Department of Energy Organization Act (42 U.S.C. 7270).

"(2) The activities described in this paragraph are as follows:

"(A) The conduct, or provision for conduct, of research and development for the production of a new nuclear weapon by the United States.

"(B) The conduct, or provision for conduct, of engineering or manufacturing to carry out the production of a new nuclear weapon by the United States.

"(C) The conduct, or provision for conduct, of research and development for the production of a modified nuclear weapon by the United States.

"(D) The conduct, or provision for conduct, of engineering or manufacturing to carry out the production of a modified nuclear weapon by the United States.

"(b) BUDGET REQUEST FORMAT.—In a request for funds under subsection (a), the Secretary shall include a dedicated line item for each activity described in subsection (a)(2) for a new nuclear weapon or modified nuclear weapon that is in phase 2 or higher or phase 6.2 or higher (as the case may be) of the nuclear weapon acquisition process.

"(c) NOTIFICATION AND BRIEFING OF NON-COVERED ACTIVITIES.—In any fiscal year after fiscal year 2022, the Secretary of Energy, acting through the Administrator, in conjunction with the annual submission of the budget of the President to Congress pursuant to section 1105 of title 31, shall notify the congressional defense committees of—

"(1) any activities described in subsection (a)(2) relating to the development of a new nuclear weapon or modified nuclear weapon that, during the calendar year prior to the budget submission, were carried out prior to phase 2 or phase 6.2 (as the case may be) of the nuclear weapon acquisition process; and

"(2) any plans to carry out, prior to phase 2 or phase 6.2 (as the case may be) of the nuclear weapon acquisition process, activities described in subsection (a)(2) relating to the development of a new nuclear weapon or modified nuclear weapon during the fiscal year covered by that budget.

"(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

"(1) The term 'modified nuclear weapon' means a nuclear weapon that contains a pit or canned subassembly, either of which—

``(A) is in the nuclear weapons stockpile as of December 2, 2002; and

"(B) is being modified in order to meet a military requirement that is other than the military requirements applicable to such nuclear weapon when first placed in the nuclear weapons stockpile.

"(2) The term 'new nuclear weapon' means a nuclear weapon that contains a pit or canned subassembly, either of which is neither—

``(A) in the nuclear weapons stockpile on December 2, 2002; nor

"(B) in production as of that date.

#### "§ 5631. Testing of nuclear weapons

"(a) UNDERGROUND TESTING.—No underground test of nuclear weapons may be conducted by the United States after September

30, 1996, unless a foreign state conducts a nuclear test after this date, at which time the prohibition on United States nuclear testing is lifted.

"(b) ATMOSPHERIC TESTING.—None of the funds appropriated pursuant to the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1994 (Public Law 103–160; 107 Stat. 1547) or any other Act for any fiscal year may be available to maintain the capability of the United States to conduct atmospheric testing of a nuclear weapon.

#### "§ 5632. Manufacturing infrastructure for refabrication and certification of nuclear weapons stockpile

"(a) MANUFACTURING PROGRAM.—

"(1) The Secretary of Energy shall carry out a program for purposes of establishing within the Government a manufacturing infrastructure that has the capabilities of meeting the following objectives:

"(A) To provide a stockpile surveillance engineering base.

"(B) To refabricate and certify weapon components and types in the enduring nuclear weapons stockpile, as necessary.

"(C) To fabricate and certify new nuclear warheads, as necessary.

"(D) To support nuclear weapons.

"(E) To supply sufficient tritium in support of nuclear weapons to ensure an upload hedge in the event circumstances require.

"(2) The purpose of the program carried out under paragraph (1) shall also be to develop manufacturing capabilities and capacities necessary to meet the requirements specified in the annual Nuclear Weapons Stockpile Memorandum.

"(b) REQUIRED CAPABILITIES.—The manufacturing infrastructure established under the program under subsection (a) shall include the following capabilities (modernized to attain the objectives referred to in that subsection):

"(1) The weapons assembly and high explosives manufacturing capabilities of the Pantex Plant.

"(2) The weapon secondary fabrication capabilities of the Y-12 National Security Complex, Oak Ridge, Tennessee.

"(3) The capabilities of the Savannah River Site relating to tritium recycling and processing.

"(4) The fissile material component processing and fabrication capabilities of the Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility and the Los Alamos National Laboratory.

"(5) The non-nuclear component capabilities of the Kansas City National Security Campus, Kansas City, Missouri.

### "§ 5633. Acceleration of depleted uranium manufacturing processes

"(a) ACCELERATION OF MANUFACTURING.— The Administrator shall require the nuclear security enterprise to accelerate the modernization of manufacturing processes for depleted uranium by 2030 so that the nuclear security enterprise—

"(1) demonstrates bulk cold hearth melting of depleted uranium alloys to augment existing capabilities on an operational basis for war reserve components:

"(2) manufactures, on a repeatable and ongoing basis, war reserve depleted uranium alloy components using net shape casting;

"(3) demonstrates, if possible, a production facility to conduct routine operations for manufacturing depleted uranium alloy components outside of the current perimeter security fencing of the Y-12 National Security Complex, Oak Ridge, Tennessee; and

"(4) has available high purity depleted uranium for the production of war reserve components.

"(b) ANNUAL BRIEFING.—Not later than March 31, 2023, and annually thereafter

through 2030, the Administrator shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on-

- "(1) progress made in carrying out subsection (a);
- "(2) the cost of activities conducted under such subsection during the preceding fiscal year; and
- "(3) the ability of the nuclear security enterprise to convert depleted uranium fluoride hexafluoride to depleted uranium tetrafluoride.

#### "§ 5634. Reports on critical difficulties at national security laboratories and nuclear weapons production facilities

"(a) Reports by Heads of Laboratories AND FACILITIES.—In the event of a difficulty at a national security laboratory or a nuclear weapons production facility that has a significant bearing on confidence in the safety or reliability of a nuclear weapon or nuclear weapon type, the head of the laboratory or facility, as the case may be, shall submit to the Administrator a report on the difficulty. The head of the laboratory or facility shall submit the report as soon as practicable after discovery of the difficulty.

(b) Transmittal by Administrator.—Not later than 10 days after receipt of a report under subsection (a), the Administrator shall transmit the report (together with the comments of the Administrator) to the congressional defense committees, to the Secretary of Energy and the Secretary of Defense, and to the President.

"(c) INCLUSION OF REPORTS IN ANNUAL STOCKPILE ASSESSMENT .- Any report submitted pursuant to subsection (a) shall also be submitted to the President and Congress with the matters required to be submitted under section 5627(f) for the year in which such report is submitted.

#### "§ 5635. Selected acquisition reports and independent cost estimates and reviews of certain programs and facilities

"(a) SELECTED ACQUISITION REPORTS.

"(1) At the end of the first quarter of each fiscal year, the Secretary of Energy, acting through the Administrator, shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on each nuclear weapon system undergoing life extension and each major alteration project (as defined in section 5794(a)(2)) during the preceding fiscal year. The reports shall be known as Selected Acquisition Reports for the weapon system concerned.

"(2) The information contained in the Selected Acquisition Report for a fiscal year for a nuclear weapon system shall be the information contained in the Selected Acquisition Report for each fiscal-year quarter in that fiscal year for a major defense acquisition program under section 4351 or any successor system, expressed in terms of the nuclear weapon system.

"(b) INDEPENDENT COST ESTIMATES AND RE-VIEWS

- "(1) The Secretary, acting through the Administrator, shall submit to the congressional defense committees and the Nuclear Weapons Council the following:
- "(A) An independent cost estimate of the following:
- "(i) Each nuclear weapon system undergoing life extension at the completion of phase 6.2A or new weapon system at the completion of phase 2A, relating to design definition and cost study.
- "(ii) Each nuclear weapon system undergoing life extension at the completion of phase 6.3 or new weapon system at the completion of phase 3, relating to development engineering.
- (iii) Each nuclear weapon system undergoing life extension at the completion of phase 6.4, relating to production engineering, and before the initiation of phase 6.5, relating to first production.

- "(iv) Each new weapon system at the completion of phase 4, relating to production engineering, and before the initiation of phase 5, relating to first production.
- "(v) Each new nuclear facility within the nuclear security enterprise that is estimated to cost more than \$500,000,000 before such facility achieves critical decision 1 and before such facility achieves critical decision 2 in the acquisition process.
- "(vi) Each nuclear weapons system undergoing a major alteration project (as defined in section 5794(a)(2)).
- '(B) An independent cost review of each nuclear weapon system undergoing life extension at the completion of phase 6.2 or new weapon system at the completion of phase 2. relating to study of feasibility and down-se-
- "(2) Each independent cost estimate and independent cost review under paragraph (1) shall include-
- "(A) whether the cost baseline or the budget estimate for the period covered by the future-years nuclear security program has changed, and the rationale for any such change: and
- "(B) any views of the Secretary or the Administrator regarding such estimate or review.
- "(3) The Administrator shall review and consider the results of any independent cost estimate or independent cost review of a nuclear weapon system or a nuclear facility, as the case may be, under this subsection before entering the next phase of the development process of such system or the acquisition process of such facility.
- "(4) Except as otherwise specified in paragraph (1), each independent cost estimate or independent cost review of a nuclear weapon system or a nuclear facility under this subsection shall be submitted not later than 30 days after the date on which-
- (A) in the case of a nuclear weapons system, such system completes a phase specified in such paragraph; or
- (B) in the case of a nuclear facility, such facility achieves critical decision 1 as specified in subparagraph (A)(v) of such paragraph.
- "(5) Each independent cost estimate or independent cost review submitted under this subsection shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified
- annex if necessary.

  "(c) AUTHORITY FOR FURTHER ASSESS-MENTS.—Upon the request of the Administrator, the Secretary of Defense, acting through the Director of Cost Assessment and Program Evaluation and in consultation with the Administrator, may conduct an independent cost assessment of any initiative or program of the Administration that is estimated to cost more than \$500,000,000.

#### "§ 5636. Advice to President and Congress regarding safety, security, and reliability of United States nuclear weapons stockpile

"(a) POLICY.-

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—It is the policy of the United States-
- "(A) to maintain a safe, secure, effective, and reliable nuclear weapons stockpile; and
- "(B) as long as other nations control or actively seek to acquire nuclear weapons, to retain a credible nuclear deterrent.
- "(2) NUCLEAR WEAPONS STOCKPILE.—It is in the security interest of the United States to sustain the United States nuclear weapons stockpile through a program of stockpile stewardship, carried out at the national security laboratories and nuclear weapons production facilities.
- "(3) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that-
- "(A) the United States should retain a triad of strategic nuclear forces sufficient to

- deter any future hostile foreign leadership with access to strategic nuclear forces from acting against the vital interests of the United States;
- "(B) the United States should continue to maintain nuclear forces of sufficient size and capability to implement an effective and robust deterrent strategy; and
- "(C) the advice of the persons required to provide the President and Congress with assurances of the safety, security, effectiveness, and reliability of the nuclear weapons force should be scientifically based, without regard for politics, and of the highest quality
- and integrity.

  "(b) Advice and Opinions Regarding Nu-CLEAR WEAPONS STOCKPILE.—In addition to a director of a national security laboratory or a nuclear weapons production facility under section 5634, any member of the Nuclear Weapons Council may also submit to the President, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Energy, or the congressional defense committees advice or opinion regarding the safety, security, effectiveness, and reliability of the nuclear weapons stockpile.

"(c) EXPRESSION OF INDIVIDUAL VIEWS.

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—No individual, including a representative of the President, may take any action against, or otherwise constrain, a director of a national security laboratory or a nuclear weapons production facility or a member of the Nuclear Weapons Council from presenting the professional views of the director or member, as the case may be, to the President, the National Security Council, or Congress regarding-
- "(A) the safety, security, reliability, or credibility of the nuclear weapons stockpile and nuclear forces; or
- "(B) the status of, and plans for, the capabilities and infrastructure that support and sustain the nuclear weapons stockpile and nuclear forces.
- "(2) Construction.—Nothing in paragraph (1)(B) may be construed to affect the interagency budget process.
- '(d) Representative of the President DEFINED.—In this section, the term 'representative of the President' means the fol-
- "(1) Any official of the Department of Defense or the Department of Energy who is appointed by the President and confirmed by the Senate.
- "(2) Any member or official of the National Security Council.
- "(3) Any member or official of the Joint Chiefs of Staff.
- "(4) Any official of the Office of Management and Budget.

#### "§ 5637. Notification of certain regulations that impact the National Nuclear Security Administration

- "(a) IN GENERAL.-If a director of a national security laboratory of the Administration determines that a Federal regulation could inhibit the ability of the Administrator to maintain the safety, security, or effectiveness of the nuclear weapons stockpile without engaging in explosive nuclear testing, such director, not later than 15 days after making such determination, shall submit to Congress a notification of such determination.
- '(b) FORM.—Each notification required by subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

#### "§ 5638. Plutonium pit production capacity

- "(a) REQUIREMENT.—Consistent with the requirements of the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Energy shall ensure that the nuclear security enterprise-
- "(1) during 2021, begins production of qualification plutonium pits;
- "(2) during 2024, produces not less than 10 war reserve plutonium pits;

- "(3) during 2025, produces not less than 20 war reserve plutonium pits;
- "(4) during 2026, produces not less than 30 war reserve plutonium pits; and

``(5) during 2030, produces not less than 80 war reserve plutonium pits.

"(b) ANNUAL CERTIFICATION.—Not later than March 1, 2015, and each year thereafter through 2030, the Secretary of Energy shall certify to the congressional defense committees and the Secretary of Defense that the programs and budget of the Secretary of Energy will enable the nuclear security enterprise to meet the requirements under subsection (a).

"(c) PLAN.—If the Secretary of Energy does not make a certification under subsection (b) by March 1 of any year in which a certification is required under that subsection, by not later than May 1 of such year, the Chairman of the Nuclear Weapons Council shall submit to the congressional defense committees a plan to enable the nuclear security enterprise to meet the requirements under subsection (a). Such plan shall include identification of the resources of the Department of Energy that the Chairman determines should be redirected to support the plan to meet such requirements.

"(d) CERTIFICATIONS ON PLUTONIUM ENTER-PRISE.—

- "(1) REQUIREMENT.—Not later than 30 days after the date on which a covered project achieves a critical decision milestone, the Assistant Secretary for Environmental Management and the Deputy Administrator for Defense Programs shall jointly certify to the congressional defense committees that the operations, infrastructure, and workforce of such project are adequate to carry out the delivery and disposal of planned waste shipments relating to the plutonium enterprise, as outlined in the critical decision memoranda of the Department of Energy with respect to such project.
- (2) FAILURE TO CERTIFY.—If the Assistant Secretary for Environmental Management and the Deputy Administrator for Defense Programs fail to make a certification under paragraph (1) by the date specified in such paragraph with respect to a covered project achieving a critical decision milestone, the Assistant Secretary and the Deputy Administrator shall jointly submit to the congressional defense committees, by not later than 30 days after such date, a plan to ensure that the operations, infrastructure, and workforce of such project will be adequate to carry out the delivery and disposal of planned waste shipments described in such paragraph.

"(e) Reports.—

- "(1) REQUIREMENT.—Not later than March 1 of each year during the period beginning on the date on which the first covered project achieves critical decision 2 in the acquisition process and ending on the date on which the second project achieves critical decision 4 and begins operations, the Administrator for Nuclear Security shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the planned production goals of both covered projects during the first 10 years of the operation of the projects.
- "(2) ELEMENTS.—Each report under paragraph (1) shall include-
- "(A) the number of war reserve plutonium pits planned to be produced during each year, including the associated warhead type;
- "(B) a description of risks and challenges to meeting the performance baseline for the covered projects, as approved in critical decision 2 in the acquisition process;
- "(C) options available to the Administrator to balance scope, costs, and production requirements at the projects to decrease overall risk to the plutonium enterprise and enduring plutonium pit requirements; and

- "(D) an explanation of any changes to the production goals or requirements as compared to the report submitted during the previous year.
- "(f) Prohibition on ARIES Expansion Before Achievement of 30 Pit-per-year Base Capability.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Until the date on which the Administrator certifies to the congressional defense committees that the base capability to produce not less than 30 war reserve plutonium pits per year has been established at Los Alamos National Laboratory, the Administrator may not—
- "(A) carry out a project to expand the pit disassembly and processing capability of the spaces at PF-4 occupied by ARIES as of December 22, 2023; or

"(B) otherwise expand such spaces.

"(2) EXCEPTIONS.—Paragraph (1) shall not apply with respect to—

"(A) ongoing or planned small projects to sustain or improve the efficiency of plutonium oxide production, provided that such projects do not expand the spaces at PF-4 occupied by ARIES as of December 22, 2023;

"(B) the planning and design of an additional ARIES capability at a location other than PF-4; or

"(C) the transfer of the ARIES capability to a location other than PF-4.

"(3) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:

- "(A) The term 'ARIES' means the Advanced Recovery and Integrated Extraction System method, developed and piloted at Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico, for disassembling surplus defense plutonium pits and converting the plutonium from such pits into plutonium oxide.
- "(B) The term 'PF-4' means the Plutonium Facility at Technical Area 55 located at Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico.
- "(g) COVERED PROJECT DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term 'covered project'
- "(1) the Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility, Savannah River Site, Aiken, South Carolina (Project 21–D–511); or

"(2) the Plutonium Pit Production Project, Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico (Project 21-D-512).

"(h) MANAGEMENT OF PLUTONIUM MODERNIZATION PROGRAM.—Not later than 570 days after December 22, 2023, the Administrator for Nuclear Security shall ensure that the plutonium modernization program established by the Office of Defense Programs of the National Nuclear Security Administration, or any subsequently developed program designed to meet the requirements under subsection (a), is managed in accordance with the best practices for schedule development and cost estimating of the Government Accountability Office.

#### "\$ 5639. Certification of completion of milestones with respect to plutonium pit aging

- "(a) REQUIREMENT.—The Administrator shall complete the milestones on plutonium pit aging identified in the report entitled "Research Program Plan for Plutonium and Pit Aging", published by the Administration in September 2021.
- "(b) Assessments.—The Administrator shall—
- "(1) acting through the Defense Programs Advisory Committee, conduct biennial reviews during the period beginning not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act and ending December 31, 2030, regarding the progress achieved toward completing the milestones described in subsection (a): and
- "(2) seek to enter into an arrangement with the private scientific advisory group known as JASON to conduct, not later than 2030, an assessment of plutonium pit aging.

- "(c) BRIEFINGS.—During the period beginning not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act and ending December 31, 2030, the Administrator shall provide to the congressional defense committees biennial briefings on—
- "(1) the progress achieved toward completing the milestones described in subsection (a); and
- "(2) the results of the assessments described in subsection (b).
- "(d) CERTIFICATION OF COMPLETION OF MILESTONES.—Not later than October 1, 2031, the Administrator shall—
- "(1) certify to the congressional defense committees whether the milestones described in subsection (a) have been achieved; and
- "(2) if the milestones have not been achieved, submit to such committees a report—
- "(A) describing the reasons such milestones have not been achieved;
- "(B) including, if the Administrator determines the Administration will not be able to meet one of such milestones, an explanation for that determination; and
- "(C) specifying new dates for the completion of the milestones the Administrator anticipates the Administration will meet.

#### "§ 5640. Authorization of workforce development and training partnership programs within National Nuclear Security Administration

- "(a) AUTHORITY.—The Administrator for Nuclear Security may authorize management and operating contractors at covered facilities to develop and implement workforce development and training partnership programs to further the education and training of employees or prospective employees of such management and operating contractors to meet the requirements of section 5638.
- "(b) CAPACITY.—To carry out subsection (a), a management and operating contractor at a covered facility may provide funding through grants or other means to cover the costs of the development and implementation of a workforce development and training partnership program authorized under such subsection, including costs relating to curriculum development, hiring of teachers, procurement of equipment and machinery, use of facilities or other properties, and provision of scholarships and fellowships.
- "(c) Definitions.—In this section:
- "(1) The term 'covered facility' means—
- "(A) Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico; or
- "(B) the Savannah River Site, Aiken, South Carolina.
- "(2) The term 'prospective employee' means an individual who has applied (or who, based on their field of study and experience, is likely to apply) for a position of employment with a management and operating contractor to support plutonium pit production at a covered facility.

#### "§ 5641. Stockpile responsiveness program

- "(a) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It is the policy of the United States to identify, sustain, enhance, integrate, and continually exercise all capabilities required to conceptualize, study, design, develop, engineer, certify, produce, and deploy nuclear weapons to ensure the nuclear deterrent of the United States remains safe, secure, reliable, credible, and responsive.
- "(b) PROGRAM REQUIRED.—The Secretary of Energy, acting through the Administrator and in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, shall carry out a stockpile responsiveness program, along with the stockpile stewardship program under section 5621 and the stockpile management program under section 5626, to identify, sustain, enhance,

integrate, and continually exercise all capabilities required to conceptualize, study, design, develop, engineer, certify, produce, and deploy nuclear weapons.

- "(c) OBJECTIVES.—The program under subsection (b) shall have the following objectives:
- "(1) Identify, sustain, enhance, integrate, and continually exercise all of the capabilities, infrastructure, tools, and technologies across the science, engineering, design, certification, and manufacturing cycle required to carry out all phases of the joint nuclear weapons life cycle process, with respect to both the nuclear security enterprise and relevant elements of the Department of Defense.
- "(2) Identify, enhance, and transfer knowledge, skills, and direct experience with respect to all phases of the joint nuclear weapons life cycle process from one generation of nuclear weapon designers and engineers to the following generation.
- "(3) Periodically demonstrate stockpile responsiveness throughout the range of capabilities as required, such as through the use of prototypes, flight testing, and development of plans for certification without the need for nuclear explosive testing.
- "(4) Shorten design, certification, and manufacturing cycles and timelines to minimize the amount of time and costs leading to an engineering prototype and production.
- "(5) Continually exercise processes for the integration and coordination of all relevant elements and processes of the Administration and the Department of Defense required to ensure stockpile responsiveness.
- "(6) The retention of the ability, in coordination with the Director of National Intelligence, to assess and develop prototype nuclear weapons of foreign countries if needed to meet intelligence requirements and, if necessary, to conduct no-yield testing of those prototypes.
- "(d) Joint Nuclear Weapons Life Cycle Process Defined.—In this section, the term 'joint nuclear weapons life cycle process' means the process developed and maintained by the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Energy for the development, production, maintenance, and retirement of nuclear weapons.

## "§ 5642. Long-term plan for meeting national security requirements for unencumbered uranium

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than December 31 of each odd-numbered year through 2031, the Secretary of Energy shall submit to the congressional defense committees a plan for meeting national security requirements for unencumbered uranium through 2070.
- "(b) PLAN REQUIREMENTS.—The plan required by subsection (a) shall include the following:
- "(1) An inventory of unencumbered uranium (other than depleted uranium), by program source and enrichment level, that, as of the date of the plan, is allocated to national security requirements.
- "(2) An inventory of unencumbered uranium (other than depleted uranium), by program source and enrichment level, that, as of the date of the plan, is not allocated to national security requirements but could be allocated to such requirements.
- "(3) An identification of national security requirements for unencumbered uranium through 2070, by program source and enrichment level.
- "(4) An assessment of current and projected unencumbered uranium production by private industry in the United States that could support future defense requirements.
- "(5) A description of any shortfall in obtaining unencumbered uranium to meet national security requirements and an assess-

- ment of whether that shortfall could be mitigated through the blending down of uranium that is of a higher enrichment level.
- "(6) An inventory of unencumbered depleted uranium, an assessment of the portion of that uranium that could be allocated to national security requirements through reenrichment, and an estimate of the costs of re-enriching that uranium.
- "(7) A description of the swap and barter agreements involving unencumbered uranium needed to meet national security requirements that are in effect on the date of the plan.
  - "(8) An assessment of—
- "(A) when additional enrichment of uranium will be required to meet national security requirements; and
- "(B) the options the Secretary is considering to meet such requirements, including an estimated cost and timeline for each option and a description of any changes to policy or law that the Secretary determines would be required for each option.
- "(9) An assessment of how options to provide additional enriched uranium to meet national security requirements could, as an additional benefit, contribute to the establishment of a sustained domestic enrichment capacity and allow the commercial sector of the United States to reduce reliance on importing uranium from adversary countries.
- "(c) FORM OF PLAN.—The plan required by subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.
- "(d) COMPTROLLER GENERAL BRIEFING.— Not later than 180 days after the date on which the congressional defense committees receive each plan under subsection (a), the Comptroller General of the United States shall provide to the Committees on Armed Services of the House of Representatives and the Senate a briefing that includes an assessment of the plan.
  - "(e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- "(1) The term 'depleted', with respect to uranium, means that the uranium is depleted in uranium-235 compared with natural uranium.
- "(2) The term 'unencumbered', with respect to uranium, means that the United States has no obligation to foreign governments to use the uranium for only peaceful purposes.

# "§ 5643. Plan for domestic enrichment capability to satisfy Department of Defense uranium requirements

- "(a) REPORT.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31), the Administrator shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services and Appropriations of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report that contains a plan to establish a domestic enrichment capability sufficient to meet defense requirements for enriched uranium. Such plan shall include—
- "(1) a description of defense requirements for enriched uranium expected to be necessary between the date of the enactment of this Act and 2060 to meet the requirements of the Department of Defense, including quantities, material assay, and the dates by which new enrichment is required;
- "(2) key milestones, steps, and policy decisions required to achieve the domestic uranium enrichment capability;
- "(3) the dates by which such key milestones are to be achieved;
- "(4) a funding profile, broken down by project and sub-project, for obtaining such capability;
- "(5) a description of any changes in the requirement of the Department of Defense for highly enriched uranium due to AUKUS; and

- "(6) any other elements or information the Administrator determines appropriate.
- "(b) Annual Certification Require-
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than February 1 of each year after the year during which the report required by subsection (a) is submitted until the date specified in paragraph (2), the Administrator shall submit to the congressional defense committees a certification that—
- "(A) the Administration is in compliance with the plan and milestones contained in the report; or
- "(B) the Administration is not in compliance with such plan or milestones, together with—
- "(i) a description of the nature of the noncompliance;
- "(ii) the reasons for the non-compliance; and
- "(iii) a plan to achieve compliance.
- "(2) TERMINATION DATE.—No report shall be required under paragraph (1) after the date on which the Administrator certifies to the congressional defense committees that the final key milestone under the plan has been met.
- "(c) FORM OF REPORTS.—The report under subsection (a) and each annual certification under subsection (b) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

#### "\$ 5644. Incorporation of integrated surety architecture

- "(a) SHIPMENTS.—
- "(1) The Administrator shall ensure that shipments described in paragraph (2) incorporate surety technologies relating to transportation and shipping developed by the Integrated Surety Architecture program of the Administration.
- "(2) A shipment described in this paragraph is an over-the-road shipment of the Administration that involves any nuclear weapon planned to be in the active stockpile after 2025.
  - "(b) CERTAIN PROGRAMS.—
- "(1) The Administrator, in coordination with the Chairman of the Nuclear Weapons Council, shall ensure that each program described in paragraph (2) incorporates integrated designs compatible with the Integrated Surety Architecture program.
- "(2) A program described in this subsection is a program of the Administration that is a warhead development program, a life extension program, or a warhead major alteration program.
  - "(c) Determination.—
- "(1) If, on a case-by-case basis, the Administrator determines that a shipment under subsection (a) will not incorporate some or all of the surety technologies described in such subsection, or that a program under subsection (b) will not incorporate some or all of the integrated designs described in such subsection, the Administrator shall submit such determination to the congressional defense committees, including the results of an analysis conducted pursuant to paragraph (2).
- "(2) Each determination made under paragraph (1) shall be based on a documented, system risk analysis that considers security risk reduction, operational impacts, and technical risk.
- "(d) TERMINATION.—The requirements of subsections (a) and (b) shall terminate on December 31, 2029.

### "§ 5645. W93 nuclear warhead acquisition process

- "(a) REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.—
- "(1) PHASE 1.—Upon receiving a concept definition study under phase 1 of the joint nuclear weapons life cycle for the W93 nuclear weapon, the Nuclear Weapons Council

shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report that includes the following:

"(A) A description of the potential military characteristics of the weapon.

"(B) A description of the stockpile-to-target sequence requirements of the weapon.

- "(C) An initial assessment of the requirements a W93 nuclear weapon program is likely to generate for the nuclear security enterprise, including—
- "(i) adjustments to the size and composition of the workforce;
- "(ii) additions to existing weapon design and production capabilities; or
- "(iii) additional facility recapitalization or new construction.
- "(D) A preliminary description of other significant requirements for a W93 nuclear weapon program, including—
  - "(i) first production unit date;
  - "(ii) initial operational capability date;
- "(iii) full operational capability date; and
- "(iv) any unique safety and surety requirements that could increase design complexity or cost estimate uncertainty.
  - "(2) Phase 2.-
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 15 days after the date on which the Nuclear Weapons Council approves phase 2 of the joint nuclear weapons life cycle for the W93 nuclear weapon, the Administrator shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on a plan to implement a process of independent peer review or review by a board of experts, or both, with respect to—
- "(i) the nonnuclear components of the weapon:
  - "(ii) subsystem design; and
  - "(iii) engineering aspects of the weapon.
- "(B) REQUIREMENTS FOR PROCESS.—The Administrator shall ensure that the process required by subparagraph (A)—
  - "(i) uses-
- "(I) all relevant capabilities of the Federal Government, the defense industrial base, and institutions of higher education; and
- "(II) other capabilities that the Administrator determines necessary; and
- "(ii) informs the entire development life cycle of the W93 nuclear weapon.
- "(b) CERTIFICATIONS AND REPORTS AT PHASE 3.—Not later than 15 days after the date on which the Nuclear Weapons Council approves phase 3 of the joint nuclear weapons life cycle for the W93 nuclear weapon—
- "(1) the administrator shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing that includes certifications that—
- "(A) phases 1 through 5 of the joint nuclear weapons life cycle for the weapon will employ, at a minimum, the same best practices and will provide Congress with the same level of programmatic insight as exists under the phase 6.X process for life extension programs; and
- "(B) the proposed design for the weapon can be carried out within estimated schedule and cost objectives; and
- "(2) the Commander of the United States Strategic Command shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report containing, or provide to such committees a briefing on, the requirements for weapon quantity and composition by type for the sub-surface ballistic nuclear (SSBN) force, including such requirements planned for the 15-year period following the date of the report or briefing, as the case may be, including any planned life extensions, retirements, or alterations.

"(c) WAIVERS.—Subsections (a) and (b) may be waived during a period of war declared by Congress after January 1, 2021.

"(d) JOINT NUCLEAR WEAPONS LIFE CYCLE DEFINED.—In this section, the term 'joint nuclear weapons life cycle' has the meaning given that term in section 5641.

#### "§ 5646. Earned value management and technology readiness levels for life extension programs

- "(a) REVIEW OF CONTRACTOR EARNED VALUE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS.—The Administrator shall enter into an arrangement with an independent entity under which that entity shall—
- "(1) review and validate whether the earned value management systems of contractors of the Administration for life extension programs meet the earned value management national standard; and
- "(2) conduct periodic surveillance reviews of such systems to ensure that such systems maintain compliance with that standard through program completion.
- "(b) BENCHMARKS FOR TECHNOLOGY READINESS LEVELS.—The Administrator shall—
- "(1) establish specific benchmarks for technology readiness levels of critical technologies for life extension programs at key decision points; and
- "(2) ensure that critical technologies meet such benchmarks at such decision points.
- "(c) APPLICABILITY.—This section shall apply to programs that, as of January 1, 2021, have not entered phase 3 of the nuclear weapons acquisition process or phase 6.3 of a nuclear weapons life extension program.
- "(d) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term 'earned value management national standard' means the most recent version of the EIA-748 Earned Value Management System Standard published by the National Defense Industrial Association.

#### "PART B-TRITIUM

#### "§ 5651. Tritium production program

- "(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.—The Secretary of Energy shall establish a tritium production program that is capable of meeting the tritium requirements of the United States for nuclear weapons.
- "(b) LOCATION OF TRITIUM PRODUCTION FACILITY.—The Secretary shall locate any new tritium production facility of the Department of Energy at the Savannah River Site, South Carolina.
- "(c) IN-REACTOR TESTS.—The Secretary may perform in-reactor tests of tritium target rods as part of the activities carried out under the commercial light water reactor program.

#### "§ 5652. Tritium recycling

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection (b), the following activities shall be carried out at the Savannah River Site, South Carolina:
- "(1) All tritium recycling for weapons, including tritium refitting.
- "(2) All activities regarding tritium formerly carried out at the Mound Plant, Ohio.
- "(b) EXCEPTION.—The following activities may be carried out at the Los Alamos National Laboratory, New Mexico:
- "(1) Research on tritium.
- "(2) Work on tritium in support of the defense inertial confinement fusion program.
- "(3) Provision of technical assistance to the Savannah River Site regarding the weapons surveillance program.

### "§ 5653. Modernization and consolidation of tritium recycling facilities

- "The Secretary of Energy shall carry out activities at the Savannah River Site, South Carolina, to—
- "(1) modernize and consolidate the facilities for recycling tritium from weapons; and
- "(2) provide a modern tritium extraction facility so as to ensure that such facilities have a capacity to recycle tritium from weapons that is adequate to meet the requirements for tritium for weapons specified in the Nuclear Weapons Stockpile Memorandum.

### $\begin{array}{c} \text{``SUBCHAPTER III} \\ \text{--PROLIFERATION} \\ \text{--MATTERS} \end{array}$

#### "§ 5661. Authority to conduct program relating to fissile materials

"The Secretary of Energy may conduct programs designed to improve the protection, control, and accountability of fissile materials in Russia.

#### "\$ 5662. Completion of material protection, control, and accounting activities in the Russian Federation

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection (b) or specifically authorized by Congress, international material protection, control, and accounting activities in the Russian Federation shall be completed not later than fiscal year 2018.
- "(b) EXCEPTION.—The limitation in subsection (a) shall not apply to international material protection, control, and accounting activities in the Russian Federation associated with the Agreement Concerning the Management and Disposition of Plutonium Designated as No Longer Required for Defense Purposes and Related Cooperation, signed at Moscow and Washington August 29 and September 1, 2000, and entered into force July 13, 2011 (TIAS 11–713.1), between the United States and the Russian Federation.

#### "§ 5663. Disposition of weapons-usable plutonium at Savannah River Site

- "(a) PLAN FOR CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATION OF MOX FACILITY.—
- "(1) Not later than February 1, 2003, the Secretary of Energy shall submit to Congress a plan for the construction and operation of the MOX facility at the Savannah River Site, Aiken, South Carolina.
- "(2) The plan under paragraph (1) shall include—
- "(A) a schedule for construction and operations so as to achieve, as of January 1, 2012, and thereafter, the MOX production objective, and to produce 1 metric ton of mixed-oxide fuel by December 31, 2012; and
- "(B) a schedule of operations of the MOX facility designed so that 34 metric tons of defense plutonium and defense plutonium materials at the Savannah River Site will be processed into mixed-oxide fuel by January 1, 2019.
- "(3)(A) Not later than February 15 each year, beginning in 2004 and continuing through 2024, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a report on the implementation of the plan required by paragraph (1).
- $\mbox{``(B)}$  Each report under subparagraph (A) for years before 2010 shall include—
- "(i) an assessment of compliance with the schedules included with the plan under paragraph (2); and
- "(ii) a certification by the Secretary whether or not the MOX production objective can be met by January 2012.
- "(C) Each report under subparagraph (A) for years after 2014 shall—  $\,$
- "(i) address whether the MOX production objective has been met; and
- "(ii) assess progress toward meeting the obligations of the United States under the Plutonium Management and Disposition Agreement.
- "(D) Each report under subparagraph (A) for years after 2019 shall also include an assessment of compliance with the MOX production objective and, if not in compliance, the plan of the Secretary for achieving one of the following:
  - "(i) Compliance with such objective.
- "(ii) Removal of all remaining defense plutonium and defense plutonium materials from the State of South Carolina.
  - "(b) CORRECTIVE ACTIONS.—
- "(1) If a report under subsection (a)(3) indicates that construction or operation of the MOX facility is behind the applicable schedule under subsection (g) by 12 months or

more, the Secretary shall submit to Congress, not later than August 15 of the year in which such report is submitted, a plan for corrective actions to be implemented by the Secretary to ensure that the MOX facility project is capable of meeting the MOX production objective.

"(2) If a plan is submitted under paragraph (1) in any year after 2008, the plan shall include corrective actions to be implemented by the Secretary to ensure that the MOX production objective is met.

"(3) Any plan for corrective actions under paragraph (1) or (2) shall include established milestones under such plan for achieving compliance with the MOX production objective

"(4) If, before January 1, 2012, the Secretary determines that there is a substantial and material risk that the MOX production objective will not be achieved by 2012 because of a failure to achieve milestones set forth in the most recent corrective action plan under this subsection, the Secretary shall suspend further transfers of defense plutonium and defense plutonium materials to be processed by the MOX facility until such risk is addressed and the Secretary certifies that the MOX production objective can be met by 2012.

"(5) If, after January 1, 2014, the Secretary determines that the MOX production objective has not been achieved because of a failure to achieve milestones set forth in the most recent corrective action plan under this subsection, the Secretary shall suspend further transfers of defense plutonium and defense plutonium materials to be processed by the MOX facility until the Secretary certifies that the MOX production objective can be met.

"(6)(A) Upon making a determination under paragraph (4) or (5), the Secretary shall submit to Congress a report on the options for removing from the State of South Carolina an amount of defense plutonium or defense plutonium materials equal to the amount of defense plutonium or defense plutonium materials transferred to the State of South Carolina after April 15, 2002.

"(B) Each report under subparagraph (A) shall include an analysis of each option set forth in the report, including the cost and schedule for implementation of such option, and any requirements under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) relating to consideration or selection of such option.

"(C) Upon submittal of a report under subparagraph (A), the Secretary shall commence any analysis that may be required under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 in order to select among the options set forth in the report.

"(c) CONTINGENT REQUIREMENT FOR RE-MOVAL OF PLUTONIUM AND MATERIALS FROM SAVANNAH RIVER SITE.—If the MOX production objective is not achieved as of January 1, 2014, the Secretary shall, consistent with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) and other applicable laws, remove from the State of South Carolina, for storage or disposal elsewhere—

"(1) not later than January 1, 2016, not less than 1 metric ton of defense plutonium or defense plutonium materials; and

"(2) not later than January 1, 2022, an amount of defense plutonium or defense plutonium materials equal to the amount of defense plutonium or defense plutonium materials transferred to the Savannah River Site between April 15, 2002, and January 1, 2022, but not processed by the MOX facility.

"(d) ECONOMIC AND IMPACT ASSISTANCE.—

"(1) If the MOX production objective is not achieved as of January 1, 2016, the Secretary shall, subject to the availability of appropriations, pay to the State of South Carolina

each year beginning on or after that date through 2021 for economic and impact assistance an amount equal to \$1,000,000 per day, not to exceed \$100,000,000 per year, until the later of—

"(A) the date on which the MOX production objective is achieved in such year; or

"(B) the date on which the Secretary has removed from the State of South Carolina in such year at least 1 metric ton of defense plutonium or defense plutonium materials.

"(2)(A) If, as of January 1, 2022, the MOX facility has not processed mixed-oxide fuel from defense plutonium and defense plutonium materials in the amount of not less than—

"(i) one metric ton, in each of any two consecutive calendar years: and

"(ii) three metric tons total.

the Secretary shall, from funds available to the Secretary, pay to the State of South Carolina for economic and impact assistance an amount equal to \$1,000,000 per day, not to exceed \$100,000,000 per year, until the removal by the Secretary from the State of South Carolina of an amount of defense plutonium or defense plutonium materials equal to the amount of defense plutonium or defense plutonium materials transferred to the Savannah River Site between April 15, 2002, and January 1, 2022, but not processed by the MOX facility.

"(B) Nothing in this paragraph may be construed to terminate, supersede, or otherwise affect any other requirements of this section.

"(3) If the State of South Carolina obtains an injunction that prohibits the Department of Energy from taking any action necessary for the Department to meet any deadline specified by this subsection, that deadline shall be extended for a period of time equal to the period of time during which the injunction is in effect.

"(e) FAILURE TO COMPLETE PLANNED DIS-POSITION PROGRAM.—If less than 34 metric tons of defense plutonium or defense plutonium materials have been processed by the MOX facility by October 1, 2026, the Secretary shall, not later than December 1, 2026, and on a biennial basis thereafter, submit to Congress a plan for—

"(1) completing the processing of 34 metric tons of defense plutonium and defense plutonium material by the MOX facility; or

"(2) removing from the State of South Carolina an amount of defense plutonium or defense plutonium materials equal to the amount of defense plutonium or defense plutonium materials transferred to the Savannah River Site after April 15, 2002, but not processed by the MOX facility.

"(f) REMOVAL OF MIXED-OXIDE FUEL UPON COMPLETION OF OPERATIONS OF MOX FACILITY.—If, one year after the date on which operation of the MOX facility permanently ceases, any mixed-oxide fuel remains at the Savannah River Site, the Secretary shall submit to Congress—

"(1) a report on when such fuel will be transferred for use in commercial nuclear reactors: or

"(2) a plan for removing such fuel from the State of South Carolina.

"(g) BASELINE.—Not later than December 31, 2006, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a report on the construction and operation of the MOX facility that includes a schedule for revising the requirements of this section during fiscal year 2007 to conform with the schedule established by the Secretary for the MOX facility, which shall be based on estimated funding levels for the fiscal year.

"(h) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

"(1) MOX PRODUCTION OBJECTIVE.—The term 'MOX production objective' means production at the MOX facility of mixed-oxide

fuel from defense plutonium and defense plutonium materials at an average rate equivalent to not less than one metric ton of mixed-oxide fuel per year. The average rate shall be determined by measuring production at the MOX facility from the date the facility is declared operational to the Nuclear Regulatory Commission through the date of assessment.

''(2) MOX FACILITY.—The term 'MOX facility' means the mixed-oxide fuel fabrication facility at the Savannah River Site, Aiken, South Carolina.

"(3) DEFENSE PLUTONIUM; DEFENSE PLUTO-NIUM MATERIALS.—The terms 'defense plutonium' and 'defense plutonium materials' mean weapons-usable plutonium.

#### "\$ 5664. Disposition of surplus defense plutonium at Savannah River Site, Aiken, South Carolina

"(a) Consultation Required.—The Secretary of Energy shall consult with the Governor of the State of South Carolina regarding any decisions or plans of the Secretary related to the disposition of surplus defense plutonium and defense plutonium materials located at the Savannah River Site, Aiken, South Carolina.

"(b) NOTICE REQUIRED.—For each shipment of defense plutonium or defense plutonium materials to the Savannah River Site, the Secretary shall, not less than 30 days before the commencement of such shipment, submit to the congressional defense committees a report providing notice of such shipment.

"(c) PLAN FOR DISPOSITION.—The Secretary shall prepare a plan for disposal of the surplus defense plutonium and defense plutonium materials currently located at the Savannah River Site and for disposal of defense plutonium and defense plutonium materials to be shipped to the Savannah River Site in the future. The plan shall include the following:

"(1) A review of each option considered for such disposal.

"(2) An identification of the preferred option for such disposal.

"(3) With respect to the facilities for such disposal that are required by the Department of Energy's Record of Decision for the Storage and Disposition of Weapons-Usable Fissile Materials Final Programmatic Environmental Impact Statement dated January 14, 1997—

"(A) a statement of the cost of construction and operation of such facilities;

"(B) a schedule for the expeditious construction of such facilities, including milestones; and

"(C) a firm schedule for funding the cost of such facilities.

"(4) A specification of the means by which all such defense plutonium and defense plutonium materials will be removed in a timely manner from the Savannah River Site for storage or disposal elsewhere.

"(d) PLAN FOR ALTERNATIVE DISPOSITION.—
If the Secretary determines not to proceed at
the Savannah River Site with construction
of the plutonium immobilization plant, or
with the mixed oxide fuel fabrication facility, the Secretary shall prepare a plan that
identifies a disposition path for all defense
plutonium and defense plutonium materials
that would otherwise have been disposed of
at such plant or such facility, as applicable.

"(e) SUBMISSION OF PLANS.—Not later than February 1, 2002, the Secretary shall submit to Congress the plan required by subsection (c) (and the plan prepared under subsection (d), if applicable).

"(f) LIMITATION ON PLUTONIUM SHIP-MENTS.—If the Secretary does not submit to Congress the plan required by subsection (c) (and the plan prepared under subsection (d), if applicable) by February 1, 2002, the Secretary shall be prohibited from shipping defense plutonium or defense plutonium materials to the Savannah River Site during the period beginning on February 1, 2002, and ending on the date on which such plans are submitted to Congress.

"(g) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section may be construed to prohibit or limit the Secretary from shipping defense plutonium or defense plutonium materials to sites other than the Savannah River Site during the period referred to in subsection (f) or any other period.

"(h) ANNUAL REPORT ON FUNDING FOR FISSILE MATERIALS DISPOSITION ACTIVITIES -The Secretary shall include with the budget justification materials submitted to Congress in support of the Department of Energy budget for each fiscal year (as submitted with the budget of the President under section 1105(a) of title 31) a report setting forth the extent to which amounts requested for the Department for such fiscal year for fissile materials disposition activities will enable the Department to meet commitments for the disposition of surplus defense plutonium and defense plutonium materials located at the Savannah River Site, and for any other fissile materials disposition activities, in such fiscal year.

#### "§ 5665. Acceleration of removal or security of fissile materials, radiological materials, and related equipment at vulnerable sites worldwide

"(a) Sense of Congress.—

"(1) It is the sense of Congress that the security, including the rapid removal or secure storage, of high-risk, proliferation-attractive fissile materials, radiological materials, and related equipment at vulnerable sites worldwide should be a top priority among the activities to achieve the national security of the United States.

"(2) It is the sense of Congress that the President may establish in the Department of Energy a task force to be known as the Task Force on Nuclear Materials to carry out the program authorized by subsection

(b).
"(b) PROGRAM AUTHORIZED.—The Secretary of Energy may carry out a program to undertake an accelerated, comprehensive world-wide effort to mitigate the threats posed by high-risk, proliferation-attractive fissile materials, radiological materials, and related equipment located at sites potentially vulnerable to theft or diversion.

"(c) Program Elements.—

"(1) Activities under the program under subsection (b) may include the following:

"(A) Accelerated efforts to secure, remove, or eliminate proliferation-attractive fissile materials or radiological materials in research reactors, other reactors, and other facilities worldwide

"(B) Arrangements for the secure shipment of proliferation-attractive fissile materials, radiological materials, and related equipment to other countries willing to accept such materials and equipment, or to the United States if such countries cannot be identified, and the provision of secure storage or disposition of such materials and equipment following shipment.

"(C) The transportation of proliferation-attractive fissile materials, radiological materials, and related equipment from sites identified as proliferation risks to secure facilities in other countries or in the United

"(D) The processing and packaging of proliferation-attractive fissile materials, radiological materials, and related equipment in accordance with required standards for transport, storage, and disposition.

"(E) The provision of interim security upgrades for vulnerable, proliferation-attrac-

tive fissile materials, radiological materials, and related equipment pending their removal from their current sites.

"(F) The utilization of funds to upgrade security and accounting at sites where proliferation-attractive fissile materials or radiological materials will remain for an extended period of time in order to ensure that such materials are secure against plausible potential threats and will remain so in the future.

"(G) The management of proliferation-attractive fissile materials, radiological materials, and related equipment at secure facilities.

"(H) Actions to ensure that security, including security upgrades at sites and facilities for the storage or disposition of proliferation-attractive fissile materials, radiological materials, and related equipment, continues to function as intended.

"(I) The provision of technical support to the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA), other countries, and other entities to facilitate removal of, and security upgrades to facilities that contain, proliferation-attractive fissile materials, radiological materials, and related equipment worldwide.

"(J) The development of alternative fuels and irradiation targets based on low-enriched uranium to convert research or other reactors fueled by highly-enriched uranium to such alternative fuels, as well as the conversion of reactors and irradiation targets employing highly-enriched uranium to employment of such alternative fuels and targets.

"(K) Accelerated actions for the blend down of highly-enriched uranium to low-enriched uranium.

"(L) The provision of assistance in the closure and decommissioning of sites identified as presenting risks of proliferation of proliferation-attractive fissile materials, radiological materials, and related equipment.

"(M) Programs to—

"(i) assist in the placement of employees displaced as a result of actions pursuant to the program in enterprises not representing a proliferation threat; and

"(ii) convert (including through the use of alternative technologies) sites identified as presenting risks of proliferation regarding proliferation-attractive fissile materials, radiological materials, and related equipment to purposes not representing a proliferation threat to the extent necessary to eliminate the proliferation threat.

"(2) The Secretary of Energy shall, in coordination with the Secretary of State, carry out the program in consultation with, and with the assistance of, appropriate departments, agencies, and other entities of the United States Government.

"(3) The Secretary of Energy shall, with the concurrence of the Secretary of State, carry out activities under the program in collaboration with such foreign governments, non-governmental organizations, and other international entities as the Secretary of Energy considers appropriate for the program.

"(d) FUNDING.—Amounts authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Energy for defense nuclear nonproliferation activities shall be available for purposes of the program under this section.

"(e) PARTICIPATION BY OTHER GOVERNMENTS AND ORGANIZATIONS.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Energy may, with the concurrence of the Secretary of State, enter into one or more agreements with any person (including a foreign government, international organization, or multinational entity) that the Secretary of Energy considers appropriate under which the person contributes funds for purposes of the programs described in paragraph (2).

"(2) PROGRAMS COVERED.—The programs described in this paragraph are any programs within the Office of Defense Nuclear Non-proliferation of the National Nuclear Security Administration.

"(3) RETENTION AND USE OF AMOUNTS.—Notwithstanding section 3302 of title 31, the Secretary of Energy may retain and use amounts contributed under an agreement under paragraph (1) for purposes of the programs described in paragraph (2). Amounts so contributed shall be retained in a separate fund established in the Treasury for such purposes and shall be available for use without further appropriation and without fiscal year limitation.

"(4) RETURN OF AMOUNTS NOT USED WITHIN 5 YEARS.—If an amount contributed under an agreement under paragraph (1) is not used under this subsection within 5 years after it was contributed, the Secretary of Energy shall return that amount to the person who contributed it.

"(5) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than October 31 of each year, the Secretary of Energy shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the receipt and use of amounts under this subsection during the preceding fiscal year. Each report for a fiscal year shall set forth—

"(A) a statement of any amounts received under this subsection, including, for each such amount, the value of the contribution and the person who contributed it;

"(B) a statement of any amounts used under this subsection, including, for each such amount, the purposes for which the amount was used; and

"(C) a statement of the amounts retained but not used under this subsection, including, for each such amount, the purposes (if known) for which the Secretary intends to use the amount.

"(f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

"(1) The term 'fissile materials' means plutonium, highly-enriched uranium, or other material capable of sustaining an explosive nuclear chain reaction, including irradiated items containing such materials if the radiation field from such items is not sufficient to prevent the theft or misuse of such items.

"(2) The term 'radiological materials' includes Americium-241, Californium-252, Cesium-137, Cobalt-60, Iridium-192, Plutonium-238, Radium-226, Strontium-90, Curium-244, and irradiated items containing such materials, or other materials designated by the Secretary of Energy for purposes of this paragraph.

"(3) The term 'related equipment' includes equipment useful for enrichment of uranium in the isotope 235 and for extraction of fissile materials from irradiated fuel rods and other equipment designated by the Secretary of Energy for purposes of this section.

"(4) The term 'highly-enriched uranium' means uranium enriched to or above 20 percent in the isotope 235.

"(5) The term 'low-enriched uranium' means uranium enriched below 20 percent in the isotope 235.

"(6) The term 'proliferation-attractive', in the case of fissile materials and radiological materials, means quantities and types of such materials that are determined by the Secretary of Energy to present a significant risk to the national security of the United States if diverted to a use relating to proliferation.

"(7) The term 'alternative technologies' means technologies, such as accelerator-based equipment, that do not use radiological materials.

### "\$ 5666. Acceleration of replacement of cesium blood irradiation sources

"(a) GOAL.—The Administrator shall ensure that the goal of the covered programs is

eliminating the use of blood irradiation devices in the United States that rely on cesium chloride by December 31, 2027.

- "(b) IMPLEMENTATION.—To meet the goal specified by subsection (a), the Administrator shall carry out the covered programs in a manner that—
- "(1) is voluntary for owners of blood irradiation devices;
- "(2) allows for the United States, subject to the review of the Administrator, to pay up to 50 percent of the per-device cost of replacing blood irradiation devices covered by the programs;
- "(3) allows for the United States to pay up to 100 percent of the cost of removing and disposing of cesium sources retired from service by the programs; and
- "(4) replaces such devices with x-ray irradiation devices or other devices approved by the Food and Drug Administration that provide significant threat reduction as compared to cesium chloride irradiators.

"(c) DURATION.—The Administrator shall carry out the covered programs until December 31, 2027.

- "(d) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115-232), the Administrator shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on the covered programs, including—
- "(1) identification of each cesium chloride blood irradiation device in the United States, including the number, general location, and user type;
- "(2) a plan for achieving the goal established by subsection (a):
- "(3) a methodology for prioritizing replacement of such devices that takes into account irradiator age and prior material security initiatives:
- "(4) in consultation with the Nuclear Regulatory Commission and the Food and Drug Administration, a strategy identifying any legislative, regulatory, or other measures necessary to constrain the introduction of new cesium chloride blood irradiation devices:
- "(5) identification of the annual funds required to meet the goal established by subsection (a); and
- "(6) a description of the disposal path for cesium chloride sources under the covered programs.
- "(e) ASSESSMENT.—The Administrator shall submit an assessment to the appropriate congressional committees by September 20, 2023, of the results of the actions on the covered programs under this section, including—
- "(1) the number of replacement irradiators under the covered programs;
- "(2) the life-cycle costs of the programs, including personnel training, maintenance, and replacement costs for new irradiation devices:
- "(3) the cost-effectiveness of the covered programs;
- "(4) an analysis of the effectiveness of the new irradiation devices' technology; and
- "(5) a forecast of whether the Administrator will meet the goal established in subsection (a).
  - "(f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- "(1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term 'appropriate congressional committees' means—
- "(A) the Committee on Appropriations, the Committee on Armed Services, and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives; and
- "(B) the Committee on Appropriations, the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, and the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of the Senate.

- "(2) COVERED PROGRAMS.—The term 'covered programs' means the following programs of the Office of Radiological Security of the National Nuclear Security Administration:
- "(A) The Cesium Irradiator Replacement Program.
- "(B) The Off-Site Source Recovery Program.

### "\$ 5667. International agreements on nuclear weapons data

"The Secretary of Energy may, with the concurrence of the Secretary of State and in coordination with the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the Director of National Intelligence, enter into agreements with countries or international organizations to conduct data collection and analysis to determine accurately and in a timely manner the source of any components of, or fissile material used or attempted to be used in, a nuclear device or weapon.

#### "§ 5668. International agreements on information on radioactive materials

"The Secretary of Energy may, with the concurrence of the Secretary of State and in coordination with the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the Director of National Intelligence, enter into agreements with countries or international organizations—

- "(1) to acquire for the materials information program of the Department of Energy validated information on the physical characteristics of radioactive material produced, used, or stored at various locations, in order to facilitate the ability to determine accurately and in a timely manner the source of any components of, or fissile material used or attempted to be used in, a nuclear device or weapon; and
- "(2) to obtain access to information described in paragraph (1) in the event of—
- "(A) a nuclear detonation; or
- "(B) the interdiction or discovery of a nuclear device or weapon or nuclear material.

### "§ 5669. Defense nuclear nonproliferation management plan

- "(a) PLAN REQUIRED.—The Administrator shall develop and annually update a five-year management plan for activities associated with the defense nuclear nonproliferation programs of the Administration to prevent and counter the proliferation of materials, technology, equipment, and expertise related to nuclear and radiological weapons in order to minimize and address the risk of nuclear terrorism and the proliferation of such weapons.
  - "(b) Submission to Congress.—
- "(1) Not later than March 15 of each evennumbered year, the Administrator shall submit to the congressional defense committees a summary of the plan developed under subsection (a).
- "(2) Not later than March 15 of each oddnumbered year, the Administrator shall submit to the congressional defense committees a detailed report on the plan developed under subsection (a).
- "(3) Each summary submitted under paragraph (1) and each report submitted under paragraph (2) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex if necessary.
- "(c) ELEMENTS.—The plan required by subsection (a) shall include, with respect to each defense nuclear nonproliferation program of the Administration, the following:
- "(1) A description of the policy context in which the program operates, including—
- "(A) a list of relevant laws, policy directives issued by the President, and international agreements; and
- "(B) nuclear nonproliferation activities carried out by other Federal agencies.

- "(2) A description of the objectives and priorities of the program during the year preceding the submission of the summary required by paragraph (1) of subsection (b) or the report required by paragraph (2) of that subsection, as the case may be.
- "(3) A description of the activities carried out under the program during that year.
- "(4) A description of the accomplishments and challenges of the program during that year, based on an assessment of metrics and objectives previously established to determine the effectiveness of the program.
- "(5) A description of any gaps that remain that were not or could not be addressed by the program during that year.
- "(6) An identification and explanation of uncommitted or uncosted balances for the program, as of the date of the submission of the summary required by paragraph (1) of subsection (b) or the report required by paragraph (2) of that subsection, as the case may be, that are greater than the acceptable carryover thresholds, as determined by the Secretary of Energy.
- "(7) An identification of funds for the program received through contributions from or cost-sharing agreements with foreign governments consistent with section 5665(e) during the year preceding the submission of the summary required by paragraph (1) of subsection (b) or the report required by paragraph (2) of that subsection, as the case may be, and an explanation of such contributions and agreements.
- "(8) A description and assessment of activities carried out under the program during that year that were coordinated with other elements of the Department of Energy, with the Department of Defense, and with other Federal agencies, to maximize efficiency and avoid redundancies.
- "(9) Plans for activities of the program during the five-year period beginning on the date on which the summary required by paragraph (1) of subsection (b) or the report required by paragraph (2) of that subsection, as the case may be, is submitted, including activities with respect to the following:
- "(A) Preventing nuclear and radiological proliferation and terrorism, including through—
- "(i) material management and minimization, particularly with respect to removing or minimizing the use of highly enriched uranium, plutonium, and radiological materials worldwide (and identifying the countries in which such materials are located), efforts to dispose of surplus material, converting reactors from highly enriched uranium to low-enriched uranium (and identifying the countries in which such reactors are located):
- "(ii) global nuclear material security, including securing highly enriched uranium, plutonium, and radiological materials worldwide (and identifying the countries in which such materials are located), and providing radiation detection capabilities at foreign ports and borders:
- "(iii) nonproliferation and arms control, including nuclear verification and safe-guards;
- "(iv) defense nuclear research and development, including a description of activities related to developing and improving technology to detect the proliferation and detonation of nuclear weapons, verifying compliance of foreign countries with commitments under treaties and agreements relating to nuclear weapons, and detecting the diversion of nuclear materials (including safeguards technology); and
- "(v) nonproliferation construction programs, including activities associated with Department of Energy Order 413.1 (relating to program management controls).

- "(B) Countering nuclear and radiological proliferation and terrorism.
- "(C) Responding to nuclear and radiological proliferation and terrorism, including through—
  - "(i) crisis operations;
  - "(ii) consequences management; and
- "(iii) emergency management, including international capacity building.
- "(10) A threat assessment, carried out by the intelligence community (as defined in section 3(4) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003(4))), with respect to the risk of nuclear and radiological proliferation and terrorism and a description of how each activity carried out under the program will counter the threat during the five-year period beginning on the date on which the summary required by paragraph (1) of subsection (b) or the report required by paragraph (2) of that subsection, as the case may be, is submitted and, as appropriate, in the longer term.
- "(11) A plan for funding the program during that five-year period.
- "(12) An identification of metrics and objectives for determining the effectiveness of each activity carried out under the program during that five-year period.
- "(13) A description of the activities to be carried out under the program during that five-year period and a description of how the program will be prioritized relative to other defense nuclear nonproliferation programs of the Administration during that five-year period to address the highest priority risks and requirements, as informed by the threat assessment carried out under paragraph (10).
- "(14) A description and assessment of activities to be carried out under the program during that five-year period that will be coordinated with other elements of the Department of Energy, with the Department of Defense, and with other Federal agencies, to maximize efficiency and avoid redundancies.
- "(15) A summary of the technologies and capabilities documented under section 5670(a).
- (16) A summary of the assessments conducted under section 5670(b)(1).
- "(17) Such other matters as the Administrator considers appropriate.

#### "\$ 5670. Information relating to certain defense nuclear nonproliferation programs

- "(a) TECHNOLOGIES AND CAPABILITIES.—The Administrator shall document, for efforts that are not focused on basic research, the technologies and capabilities of the defense nuclear nonproliferation research and development program that—
- "(1) are transitioned to end users for further development or deployment; and
  - "(2) are deployed.
  - "(b) Assessments of Status.—
- "(1) In assessing projects under the defense nuclear nonproliferation research and development program or the defense nuclear nonproliferation and arms control program, the Administrator shall compare the status of each such project, including with respect to the final results of such project, to the baseline targets and goals established in the initial project plan of such project.
- "(2) The Administrator may carry out paragraph (1) using a common template or such other means as the Administrator determines appropriate.

#### "§ 5671. Annual Selected Acquisition Reports on certain hardware relating to defense nuclear nonproliferation

- "(a) ANNUAL SELECTED ACQUISITION REPORTS.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—At the end of each fiscal year, the Administrator shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on each covered hardware project. The reports shall be known as Selected Acquisition

Reports for the covered hardware project concerned.

- "(2) MATTERS INCLUDED.—The information contained in the Selected Acquisition Report for a fiscal year for a covered hardware project shall be the information contained in the Selected Acquisition Report for such fiscal year for a major defense acquisition program under section 4351 or any successor system, expressed in terms of the covered hardware project.
- "(b) COVERED HARDWARE PROJECT DE-FINED.—In this section, the term 'covered hardware project' means a project carried out under the defense nuclear nonproliferation research and development program that.—
- "(1) is focused on the production and deployment of hardware, including with respect to the development and deployment of satellites or satellite payloads; and
- "(2) exceeds \$500,000,000 in total program cost over the course of five years.
- "SUBCHAPTER IV—DEFENSE ENVIRONMENTAL CLEANUP MATTERS "PART A—DEFENSE ENVIRONMENTAL

### CLEANUP 5681 Defense environmental cleanup ac

#### "§ 5681. Defense environmental cleanup account

"(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is hereby established in the Treasury of the United States for the Department of Energy an account to be known as the 'Defense Environmental Cleanup Account' (hereafter in this section referred to as the 'Account').

"(b) AMOUNTS IN ACCOUNT.—All sums appropriated to the Department of Energy for defense environmental cleanup at defense nuclear facilities shall be credited to the Account. Such appropriations shall be authorized annually by law. To the extent provided in appropriations Acts, amounts in the Account shall remain available until expended.

#### "§ 5682. Classification of defense environmental cleanup as capital asset projects or operations activities

"The Assistant Secretary of Energy for Environmental Management, in consultation with other appropriate officials of the Department of Energy, shall establish requirements for the classification of defense environmental cleanup projects as capital asset projects or operations activities.

#### "§ 5683. Requirement to develop future use plans for defense environmental cleanup

- "(a) AUTHORITY TO DEVELOP FUTURE USE PLANS.—The Secretary of Energy may develop future use plans for any defense nuclear facility at which defense environmental cleanup activities are occurring.
- "(b) REQUIREMENT TO DEVELOP FUTURE USE PLANS.—The Secretary shall develop a future use plan for each of the following defense nuclear facilities:
- "(1) Hanford Site, Richland, Washington.
  "(2) Savannah River Site, Aiken, South Carolina.
- "(3) Idaho National Engineering Laboratory, Idaho.
- ory, idano. "(c) Citizen Advisory Board.—
- "(1) At each defense nuclear facility for which the Secretary of Energy intends or is required to develop a future use plan under this section and for which no citizen advisory board has been established, the Secretary shall establish a citizen advisory board
- "(2) The Secretary may authorize the manager of a defense nuclear facility for which a future use plan is developed under this section (or, if there is no such manager, an appropriate official of the Department of Energy designated by the Secretary) to pay routine administrative expenses of a citizen advisory board established for that facility. Such payments shall be made from funds

available to the Secretary for defense environmental cleanup activities necessary for national security programs.

- "(d) REQUIREMENT TO CONSULT WITH CIT-IZEN ADVISORY BOARD.—In developing a future use plan under this section with respect to a defense nuclear facility, the Secretary of Energy shall consult with a citizen advisory board established pursuant to subsection (c) or a similar advisory board already in existence as of September 23, 1996, for such facility, affected local governments (including any local future use redevelopment authorities), and other appropriate State agencies.
- "(e) 50-YEAR PLANNING PERIOD.—A future use plan developed under this section shall cover a period of at least 50 years.
- "(f) REPORT.—Not later than 60 days after completing development of a final plan for a site listed in subsection (b), the Secretary of Energy shall submit to Congress a report on the plan. The report shall describe the plan and contain such findings and recommendations with respect to the site as the Secretary considers appropriate.
  - "(g) SAVINGS PROVISIONS.—
- "(1) Nothing in this section, or in a future use plan developed under this section with respect to a defense nuclear facility, shall be construed as requiring any modification to a future use plan with respect to a defense nuclear facility that was developed before September 23, 1996.
- "(2) Nothing in this section may be construed to affect statutory requirements for a defense environmental cleanup activity or project or to modify or otherwise affect applicable statutory or regulatory defense environmental cleanup requirements, including substantive standards intended to protect public health and the environment, nor shall anything in this section be construed to prempt or impair any local land use planning or zoning authority or State authority.

### "\$ 5684. Future-years defense environmental cleanup plan

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Energy shall submit to Congress each year, at or about the same time that the President's budget is submitted to Congress for a fiscal year under section 1105(a) of title 31, a future-years defense environmental cleanup plan that—
- "(1) reflects the estimated expenditures and proposed appropriations included in that budget for the Department of Energy for defense environmental cleanur; and
- "(2) covers a period that includes the fiscal year for which that budget is submitted and not less than the four succeeding fiscal years.
- "(b) ELEMENTS.—Each future-years defense environmental cleanup plan required by subsection (a) shall contain the following:
- "(1) A detailed description of the projects and activities relating to defense environmental cleanup to be carried out during the period covered by the plan at the sites specified in subsection (c) and with respect to the activities specified in subsection (d).
- "(2) A statement of proposed budget authority, estimated expenditures, and proposed appropriations necessary to support such projects and activities.
- "(3) With respect to each site specified in subsection (c), the following:
- "(A) A statement of each milestone included in an enforceable agreement governing cleanup and waste remediation for that site for each fiscal year covered by the plan.
- "(B) For each such milestone, a statement with respect to whether each such milestone will be met in each such fiscal year.
- "(C) For any milestone that will not be met, an explanation of why the milestone

will not be met and the date by which the milestone is expected to be met.

- "(D) For any milestone that has been missed, renegotiated, or postponed, a statement of the current milestone, the original milestone, and any interim milestones.
- "(c) SITES SPECIFIED.—The sites specified in this subsection are the following:
- "(1) The Idaho National Laboratory, Idaho. "(2) The Waste Isolation Pilot Plant, Carlsbad, New Mexico.
- "(3) The Savannah River Site, Aiken, South Carolina.
- "(4) The Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, Tennessee.
- "(5) The Hanford Site, Richland, Washington.
- "(6) Any defense closure site of the Department of Energy.
- "(7) Any site of the National Nuclear Security Administration.
- "(d) ACTIVITIES SPECIFIED.—The activities specified in this subsection are the following:
- "(1) Program support.
- "(2) Program direction.
- "(3) Safeguards and security.
- "(4) Technology development and deployment.
- "(5) Federal contributions to the Uranium Enrichment Decontamination and Decommissioning Fund established under section 1801 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2297g).

#### "§ 5685. Accelerated schedule for defense environmental cleanup activities

- "(a) ACCELERATED CLEANUP.—The Secretary of Energy shall accelerate the schedule for defense environmental cleanup activities and disposition projects for a site at a Department of Energy defense nuclear facility if the Secretary determines that such an accelerated schedule will accelerate the recapitalization, modernization, or replacement of National Nuclear Security Administration facilities supporting the nuclear weapons stockpile, achieve meaningful, long-term cost savings to the Federal Government, or could substantially accelerate the release of land for local reuse without undermining national security objectives.
- "(b) CONSIDERATION OF FACTORS.—In making a determination under subsection (a), the Secretary shall consider the following:
- "(1) The extent to which accelerated cleanup schedules can contribute to a more rapid modernization of National Nuclear Security Administration facilities.
- $\lq\lq(2)$  The cost savings achievable by the Federal Government.
- "(3) The potential for reuse of the site.
- "(4) The risks that the site poses to local health and safety.
- "(5) The proximity of the site to populated areas.
- "(c) Savings Provision.—Nothing in this section may be construed to affect a specific statutory requirement for a specific defense environmental cleanup activity or project or to modify or otherwise affect applicable statutory or regulatory defense environmental cleanup requirements, including substantive standards intended to protect public health and the environment.

### "§ 5686. Defense environmental cleanup technology program

- "(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.—The Secretary of Energy shall establish and carry out a program of research for the development of technologies useful for—
- "(1) the reduction of environmental hazards and contamination resulting from defense waste; and
- $\lq\lq(2)$  environmental restoration of inactive defense waste disposal sites.
- "(b) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section: "(1) The term 'defense waste' means waste, including radioactive waste, resulting pri-

marily from atomic energy defense activities of the Department of Energy.

"(2) The term 'inactive defense waste disposal site' means any site (including any facility) under the control or jurisdiction of the Secretary of Energy which is used for the disposal of defense waste and is closed to the disposal of additional defense waste, including any site that is subject to decontamination and decommissioning.

### "§ 5687. Other programs relating to technology development

- "(a) INCREMENTAL TECHNOLOGY DEVELOP-MENT PROGRAM —
- "(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary may establish a program, to be known as the 'Incremental Technology Development Program', to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of the defense environmental cleanup processes of the Office.
  - "(2) Focus.-
- "(A) IMPROVEMENTS.—In carrying out the Incremental Technology Development Program, the Secretary shall focus on the continuous improvement of new or available technologies, including—
- "(i) decontamination chemicals and techniques;
- "(ii) remote sensing and wireless communication to reduce manpower and laboratory efforts:
- "(iii) detection, assay, and certification instrumentation; and
- "(iv) packaging materials, methods, and shipping systems
- "(B) OTHER AREAS.—The Secretary may include in the Incremental Technology Development Program mission-relevant development, demonstration, and deployment activities unrelated to the focus areas described in subparagraph (A).
- "(3) USE OF NEW AND EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES.—
- "(A) DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION.—
  In carrying out the Incremental Technology Development Program, the Secretary shall ensure that site offices of the Office conduct technology development, demonstration, testing, permitting, and deployment of new and emerging technologies to establish a sound technical basis for the selection of technologies for defense environmental cleanup or infrastructure operations.
- "(B) COLLABORATION REQUIRED.—The Secretary shall collaborate, to the extent practicable, with the heads of other departments and agencies of the Federal Government, the National Laboratories, other Federal laboratories, appropriate State regulators and agencies, and the Department of Labor in the development, demonstration, testing, permitting, and deployment of new technologies under the Incremental Technology Development Program.
  - "(4) AGREEMENTS TO CARRY OUT PROJECTS.—
- "(A) AUTHORITY.—In carrying out the Incremental Technology Development Program, the Secretary may enter into agreements with nongovernmental entities for technology development, demonstration, testing, permitting, and deployment projects to improve technologies in accordance with paragraph (2).
- "(B) SELECTION.—The Secretary shall select projects under subparagraph (A) through a rigorous process that involves—
- "(i) transparent and open competition; and "(ii) a review process that, if practicable, is conducted in an independent manner consistent with Department guidance on selecting and funding public-private partnerships.
- "(C) COST-SHARING.—The Federal share of the costs of the development, demonstration, testing, permitting, and deployment of new technologies carried out under this paragraph shall be not more than 70 percent.
- "(D) BRIEFING.—Not later than 120 days before the date on which the Secretary enters

- into the first agreement under subparagraph (A), the Secretary shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on the process of selecting and funding efforts within the Incremental Technology Development Program, including with respect to the plans of the Secretary to ensure a scientifically rigorous process that minimizes potential conflicts of interest.
- "(b) HIGH-IMPACT TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM.—
- "(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish a program, to be known as the 'High-Impact Technology Development Program', under which the Secretary shall enter into agreements with nongovernmental entities for projects that pursue technologies that, with respect to the mission—
- "(A) holistically address difficult challenges;
- "(B) hold the promise of breakthrough improvements; or
- "(C) align existing or in-use technologies with difficult challenges.
- "(2) AREAS OF FOCUS.—The Secretary may include as areas of focus for a project carried out under the High-Impact Technology Development Program the following:
- "(A) Developing and demonstrating improved methods for source and plume characterization and monitoring, with an emphasis on—
  - "(i) real-time field acquisition; and
- "(ii) the use of indicator species analyses with advanced contaminant transport models to enable better understanding of contaminant migration.
- "(B) Developing and determining the limits of performance for remediation technologies and integrated remedial systems that prevent migration of contaminants, including by producing associated guidance and design manuals for technologies that could be widely used across the complex.
- "(C) Demonstrating advanced monitoring approaches that use multiple lines of evidence for monitoring long-term performance of
  - "(i) remediation systems; and
- "(ii) noninvasive near-field monitoring techniques.
- "(D) Developing and demonstrating methods to characterize the physical and chemical attributes of waste that control behavior, with an emphasis on—
- "(i) rapid and nondestructive examination and assay techniques; and
- "(ii) methods to determine radio-nuclide, heavy metals, and organic constituents.
- "(E) Demonstrating the technical basis for determining when enhanced or natural attenuation is an appropriate approach for remediation of complex sites.
- "(F) Developing and demonstrating innovative methods to achieve real-time and, if practicable, in situ characterization data for tank waste and process streams that could be useful for all phases of the waste management program, including improving the accuracy and representativeness of characterization data for residual waste in tanks and ancillary equipment.
- "(G) Adapting existing waste treatment technologies or demonstrating new waste treatment technologies at the pilot plant scale using real wastes or realistic surro-
  - "(i) to address engineering adaptations;
- "(ii) to ensure compliance with waste treatment standards and other applicable requirements under Federal and State law and any existing agreements or consent decrees to which the Department is a party; and
- "(iii) to enable successful deployment at full-scale and in support of operations.
- $\mbox{\ensuremath{^{\prime\prime}}}(H)$  Developing and demonstrating rapid testing protocols that—

- "(i) are accepted by the Environmental Protection Agency, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, the Department, and the scientific community;
- "(ii) can be used to measure long-term waste form performance under realistic disposal environments;
- "(iii) can determine whether a stabilized waste is suitable for disposal; and
- "(iv) reduce the need for extensive, timeconsuming, and costly analyses on every batch of waste prior to disposal.
- "(I) Developing and demonstrating direct stabilization technologies to provide waste forms for disposing of elemental mercury.
- "(J) Developing and demonstrating innovative and effective retrieval methods for removal of waste residual materials from tanks and ancillary equipment, including mobile retrieval equipment or methods capable of immediately removing waste from leaking tanks, and connecting pipelines.
  - "(3) Project selection.—
- "(A) SELECTION.—The Secretary shall select projects to be carried out under the High-Impact Technology Development Program through a rigorous process that involves—
- "(i) transparent and open competition; and "(ii) a review process that, if practicable, is conducted in an independent manner consistent with Department guidance on selecting and funding public-private partnerships.
- "(B) BRIEFING.—Not later than 120 days before the date on which the Secretary enters into the first agreement under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on the process of selecting and funding efforts within the High-Impact Technology Development Program, including with respect to the plans of the Secretary to ensure a scientifically rigorous process that minimizes potential conflicts of interest.
- "(c) ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT UNIVERSITY PROGRAM.—
- ''(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish a program, to be known as the 'Environmental Management University Program', to—
- "(A) engage faculty, post-doctoral fellows or researchers, and graduate students of institutions of higher education on subjects relating to the mission to show a clear path for students for employment within the environmental management enterprise;
- "(B) provide institutions of higher education and the Department access to advances in engineering and science:
- "(C) clearly identify to institutions of higher education the tools necessary to enter into the environmental management field professionally; and
- "(D) encourage current employees of the Department to pursue advanced degrees.
- "(2) AREAS OF FOCUS.—The Secretary may include as areas of focus for a grant made under the Environmental Management University Program the following:
- "(A) The atomic- and molecular-scale chemistries of waste processing.
- "(B) Contaminant immobilization in engineered and natural systems.
- "(C) Developing innovative materials, with an emphasis on nanomaterials or biomaterials, that could enable sequestration of challenging hazardous or radioactive constituents such as technetium and iodine.
- "(D) Elucidating and exploiting complex speciation and reactivity far from equilibrium.
- "(E) Understanding and controlling chemical and physical processes at interfaces.
- "(F) Harnessing physical and chemical processes to revolutionize separations.
- "(G) Tailoring waste forms for contaminants in harsh chemical environments.

- "(H) Predicting and understanding subsurface system behavior and response to perturbations.
- "(3) INDIVIDUAL RESEARCH GRANTS.—In carrying out the Environmental Management University Program, the Secretary may make individual research grants to faculty, post-doctoral fellows or researchers, and graduate students of institutions of higher education for three-year research projects, with an option for an extension of one additional two-year period.
- "(4) Grants for interdisciplinary col-Laborations.—In carrying out the Environmental Management University Program, the Secretary may make research grants for strategic partnerships among scientists, faculty, post-doctoral fellows or researchers, and graduate students of institutions of higher education for three-year research projects.
- "(5) HIRING OF UNDERGRADUATES.—In carrying out the Environmental Management University Program, the Secretary may establish a summer internship program for undergraduates of institutions of higher education to work on projects relating to environmental management.
- "(6) Workshops.—In carrying out the Environmental Management University Program, the Secretary may hold workshops with the Office of Environmental Management, the Office of Science, and members of academia and industry concerning environmental management challenges and solutions.
- "(d) Definitions.—In this section:
- "(1) The term 'complex' means all sites managed in whole or in part by the Office.
- "(2) The term 'Department' means the Department of Energy.
- "(3) The term 'institution of higher education' has the meaning given the term in section 101(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001(a)).
- "(4) The term 'mission' means the mission of the Office.
- "(5) The term 'National Laboratory' has the meaning given the term in section 2 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 15801).
- "(6) The term 'Office' means the Office of Environmental Management of the Department
- "(7) The term 'Secretary' means the Secretary of Energy, acting through the Assistant Secretary for Environmental Management.

### "\$ 5688. Report on defense environmental cleanup expenditures

"Each year, at the same time the President submits to Congress the budget for a fiscal year (pursuant to section 1105 of title 31), the Secretary of Energy shall submit to Congress a report on how the defense environmental cleanup funds of the Department of Energy were expended during the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year during which the budget is submitted. The report shall include details on expenditures by operations office, installation, budget category, and activity. The report also shall include any schedule changes modifications  $^{\mathrm{or}}$ planned activities for the fiscal year in which the budget is submitted.

#### "\$ 5689. Public participation in planning for defense environmental cleanup

"The Secretary of Energy shall consult with the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, the Attorney General, Governors and attorneys general of affected States, appropriate representatives of affected Indian tribes, and interested members of the public in any planning conducted by the Secretary for defense environmental cleanup activities at Department of Energy defense nuclear facilities.

# "\$ 5690. Policy of Department of Energy regarding future defense environmental management matters

- "(a) POLICY REQUIRED.—
- "(1) Commencing not later than October 1, 2005, the Secretary of Energy shall have in effect a policy for carrying out future defense environmental management matters of the Department of Energy. The policy shall specify each officer within the Department with responsibilities for carrying out that policy and, for each such officer, the nature and extent of those responsibilities.
- (2) In paragraph (1), the term 'future defense environmental management matter' means any environmental cleanup project. decontamination and decommissioning project, waste management project, or related activity that arises out of the activities of the Department in carrying out programs necessary for national security and is to be commenced after November 24, 2003. However, such term does not include any such project or activity the responsibility for which has been assigned, as of November 24, 2003, to the Environmental Management program of the Department.
- "(b) REFLECTION IN BUDGET.—For fiscal year 2006 and each fiscal year thereafter, the Secretary shall ensure that the budget justification materials submitted to Congress in support of the Department of Energy budget for such fiscal year (as submitted with the budget of the President under section 1105(a) of title 31) reflect the policy required by subsection (a).
- "(c) CONSULTATION.—The Secretary shall carry out this section in consultation with the Administrator for Nuclear Security and the Under Secretary of Energy for Energy, Science, and Environment.
- "(d) REPORT.—The Secretary shall include with the budget justification materials submitted to Congress in support of the Department of Energy budget for fiscal year 2005 (as submitted with the budget of the President under section 1105(a) of title 31) a report on the policy that the Secretary plans to have in effect under subsection (a) as of October 1, 2005. The report shall specify the officers and responsibilities referred to in subsection (a).

#### "§ 5691. Estimation of costs of meeting defense environmental cleanup milestones required by consent orders

"The Secretary of Energy shall include in the budget justification materials submitted to Congress in support of the Department of Energy budget for each fiscal year (as submitted with the budget of the President under section 1105(a) of title 31) a report on the cost, for that fiscal year and the four fiscal years following that fiscal year, of meeting milestones required by a consent order at each defense nuclear facility at which defense environmental cleanup activities are occurring. The report shall include, for each such facility—

"(1) a specification of the cost of meeting such milestones during that fiscal year; and

"(2) an estimate of the cost of meeting such milestones during the four fiscal years following that fiscal year.

#### "\$ 5692. Public statement of environmental liabilities

"Each year, at the same time that the Department of Energy submits its annual financial report under section 3516 of title 31, the Secretary of Energy shall make available to the public a statement of environmental liabilities, as calculated for the most recent audited financial statement of the Department under section 3515 of that title, for each defense nuclear facility at which defense environmental cleanup activities are occurring.

#### "PART B—CLOSURE OF FACILITIES

#### "§ 5701. Reports in connection with permanent closures of Department of Energy defense nuclear facilities

"(a) TRAINING AND JOB PLACEMENT SERV-ICES PLAN.—Not later than 120 days before a Department of Energy defense nuclear facility permanently ceases all production and processing operations, the Secretary of Energy shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report containing a discussion of the training and job placement services needed to enable the employees at such facility to obtain employment in the defense environmental cleanup activities at such facility. The discussion shall include the actions that should be taken by the contractor operating and managing such facility to provide retraining and job placement services to employees of such contractor.

"(b) CLOSURE REPORT.—Upon the permanent cessation of production operations at a Department of Energy defense nuclear facility, the Secretary of Energy shall submit to Congress a report containing—

"(1) a complete survey of environmental problems at the facility;

"(2) budget quality data indicating the cost of defense environmental cleanup activities at the facility; and

"(3) a discussion of the proposed cleanup schedule.

#### "§ 5702. Defense site acceleration completion

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding the provisions of the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982 (42 U.S.C. 10101 et seq.), the requirements of section 202 of the Energy Reorganization Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5842), and other laws that define classes of radioactive waste, with respect to material stored at a Department of Energy site at which activities are regulated by a covered State pursuant to approved closure plans or permits issued by the State, the term 'high-level radioactive waste' does not include radioactive waste resulting from the reprocessing of spent nuclear fuel that the Secretary of Energy (in this section referred to as the 'Secretary'), in consultation with the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (in this section referred to as the 'Commission'), determines—
- "(1) does not require permanent isolation in a deep geologic repository for spent fuel or high-level radioactive waste;
- (2) has had highly radioactive radionuclides removed to the maximum extent practical; and
- "(3)(A) does not exceed concentration limits for Class C low-level waste as set out in section 61.55 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations, and will be disposed of—
- "(i) in compliance with the performance objectives set out in subpart C of part 61 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations; and
- "(ii) pursuant to a State-approved closure plan or State-issued permit, authority for the approval or issuance of which is conferred on the State outside of this section; or
- "(B) exceeds concentration limits for Class C low-level waste as set out in section 61.55 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations, but will be disposed of-
- "(i) in compliance with the performance objectives set out in subpart C of part 61 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations;
- "(ii) pursuant to a State-approved closure plan or State-issued permit, authority for the approval or issuance of which is conferred on the State outside of this section; and
- "(iii) pursuant to plans developed by the Secretary in consultation with the Commission
- "(b) MONITORING BY NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION.—(1) The Commission shall, in coordination with the covered State, mon-

itor disposal actions taken by the Department of Energy pursuant to subparagraphs (A) and (B) of subsection (a)(3) for the purpose of assessing compliance with the performance objectives set out in subpart C of part 61 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations.

"(2) If the Commission considers any disposal actions taken by the Department of Energy pursuant to those subparagraphs to be not in compliance with those performance objectives, the Commission shall, as soon as practicable after discovery of the noncompliant conditions, inform the Department of Energy, the covered State, and the following congressional committees:

"(A) The Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

"(B) The Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, the Committee on Environment and Public Works, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate.

(3) For fiscal year 2005, the Secretary shall, from amounts available for defense site acceleration completion, reimburse the Commission for all expenses, including salaries, that the Commission incurs as a result of performance under subsection (a) and this subsection for fiscal year 2005. The Department of Energy and the Commission may enter into an interagency agreement that specifies the method of reimbursement. Amounts received by the Commission for performance under subsection (a) and this subsection may be retained and used for salaries and expenses associated with those activities, notwithstanding section 3302 of title 31, and shall remain available until expended.

"(4) For fiscal years after 2005, the Commission shall include in the budget justification materials submitted to Congress in support of the Commission budget for that fiscal year (as submitted with the budget of the President under section 1105(a) of title 31) the amounts required, not offset by revenues, for performance under subsection (a) and this subsection.

"(c) INAPPLICABILITY TO CERTAIN MATERIALS.—Subsection (a) shall not apply to any material otherwise covered by that subsection that is transported from the covered State.

"(d) COVERED STATES.—For purposes of this section, the following States are covered States:

"(1) The State of South Carolina.

"(2) The State of Idaho.

"(e) CONSTRUCTION.—(1) Nothing in this section shall impair, alter, or modify the full implementation of any Federal Facility Agreement and Consent Order or other applicable consent decree for a Department of Energy site

"(2) Nothing in this section establishes any precedent or is binding on the State of Washington, the State of Oregon, or any other State not covered by subsection (d) for the management, storage, treatment, and disposition of radioactive and hazardous materials.

"(3) Nothing in this section amends the definition of 'transuranic waste' or regulations for repository disposal of transuranic waste pursuant to the Waste Isolation Pilot Plant Land Withdrawal Act (Public Law 102–579; 106 Stat. 4777) or part 191 of title 40, Code of Federal Regulations.

"(4) Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect in any way the obligations of the Department of Energy to comply with section 5664.

"(5) Nothing in this section amends the West Valley Demonstration Act (Public Law 96-368; 42 U.S.C. 2021a note).

"(f) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—Judicial review shall be available in accordance with chapter 7 of title 5, for the following:

"(1) Any determination made by the Secretary or any other agency action taken by the Secretary pursuant to this section.

"(2) Any failure of the Commission to carry out its responsibilities under subsection (b).

#### "§ 5703. Sandia National Laboratories

"Funds appropriated by the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2004 (Public Law 108–199; 118 Stat. 3), or any other Act thereafter, may not be obligated to pay, on behalf of the United States or a contractor or subcontractor of the United States, to post a bond or fulfill any other financial responsibility requirement relating to closure or post-closure care and monitoring of Sandia National Laboratories and properties held or managed by Sandia National Laboratories prior to implementation of closure or post-closure monitoring. The State of New Mexico or any other entity may not enforce against the United States or a contractor or subcontractor of the United States, in this year or any other fiscal year, a requirement to post bond or any other financial responsibility requirement relating to closure or postclosure care and monitoring of Sandia National Laboratories in New Mexico and properties held or managed by Sandia National Laboratories in New Mexico.

#### "\$ 5704. Plan for deactivation and decommissioning of nonoperational defense nuclear facilities

"(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Energy shall, every four years beginning in 2025, develop and subsequently carry out a plan for the activities of the Department of Energy relating to the deactivation and decommissioning of nonoperational defense nuclear facilities.

"(b) ELEMENTS.—The plan required by subsection (a) shall include the following:

- "(1) A list of nonoperational defense nuclear facilities, prioritized for deactivation and decommissioning based on the potential to reduce risks to human health, property, or the environment and to maximize cost savings.
- "(2) An assessment of the life cycle costs of each nonoperational defense nuclear facility during the period beginning on the date on which the plan is submitted under subsection (d) and ending on the earlier of—
- "(A) the date that is 25 years after the date on which the plan is submitted; or
- "(B) the estimated date for deactivation and decommissioning of the facility.
- "(3) An estimate of the cost and time needed to deactivate and decommission each nonoperational defense nuclear facility.
- "(4) A schedule for when the Office of Environmental Management will accept each nonoperational defense nuclear facility for deactivation and decommissioning.
- ``(5) An estimate of costs that could be avoided by—
- "(A) accelerating the cleanup of nonoperational defense nuclear facilities; or
- "(B) other means, such as reusing such facilities for another purpose.
- "(c) PLAN FOR TRANSFER OF RESPONSIBILITY FOR CERTAIN FACILITIES.—The Secretary shall, during 2025, develop and subsequently carry out a plan under which the Administrator shall transfer, by March 31, 2029, to the Assistant Secretary for Environmental Management the responsibility for decontaminating and decommissioning facilities of the Administration that the Secretary determines are nonoperational as of September 30, 2024.
- "(d) SUBMISSION TO CONGRESS.—Not later than March 31, 2025, and every four years thereafter, the Secretary shall submit to the

appropriate congressional committees a report that includes—

"(1) the plan required by subsection (a);

- "(2) a description of the deactivation and decommissioning actions expected to be taken during the following fiscal year pursuant to the plan:
- "(3) in the case of the report submitted during 2025, the plan required by subsection (c); and
- "(4) a description of the deactivation and decommissioning actions taken at each non-operational defense nuclear facility during the period following the date on which the previous report required by this section was submitted.
- "(e) TERMINATION.—The requirements of this section shall terminate after the submission to the appropriate congressional committees of the report required by subsection (d) to be submitted not later than March 31, 2033
  - "(f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- "(1) The term 'appropriate congressional committees' means—
- ``(A) the congressional defense committees; and
- "(B) the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives.
- (2) The term 'life cycle costs', with respect to a facility, means—
- "(A) the present and future costs of all resources and associated cost elements required to develop, produce, deploy, or sustain the facility; and
- "(B) the present and future costs to deactivate, decommission, and deconstruct the facility.
- "(3) The term 'nonoperational defense nuclear facility' means a production facility or utilization facility (as those terms are defined in section 11 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2014)) under the control or jurisdiction of the Secretary of Energy and operated for national security purposes that is no longer needed for the mission of the Department of Energy, including the National Nuclear Security Administration.

#### "PART C—HANFORD RESERVATION, WASHINGTON

#### "§ 5711. Safety measures for waste tanks at Hanford Nuclear Reservation

"(a) IDENTIFICATION AND MONITORING OF TANKS.—Not later than February 3, 1991, the Secretary of Energy shall identify which single-shelled or double-shelled high-level nuclear waste tanks at the Hanford Nuclear Reservation, Richland, Reservation, Richland, Washington, may have a serious potential for release of highlevel waste due to uncontrolled increases in temperature or pressure. After completing such identification, the Secretary shall determine whether continuous monitoring is being carried out to detect a release or excessive temperature or pressure at each tank so identified. If such monitoring is not being carried out, as soon as practicable the Secretary shall install such monitoring, but only if a type of monitoring that does not itself increase the danger of a release can be installed.

"(b) ACTION PLANS.—Not later than March 5, 1991, the Secretary of Energy shall develop action plans to respond to excessive temperature or pressure or a release from any tank identified under subsection (a).

"(c) Prohibition.—Beginning March 5, 1991, no additional high-level nuclear waste (except for small amounts removed and returned to a tank for analysis) may be added to a tank identified under subsection (a) unless the Secretary determines that no safer alternative than adding such waste to the tank currently exists or that the tank does not pose a serious potential for release of high-level nuclear waste.

### "\$ 5712. Hanford waste tank cleanup program reforms

- "(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF OFFICE OF RIVER PROTECTION.—The Secretary of Energy shall establish an office at the Hanford Reservation, Richland, Washington, to be known as the 'Office of River Protection' (in this section referred to as the 'Office').
- "(b) Management and Responsibilities of Office.—
- "(1) The Office shall be headed by a senior official of the Department of Energy, who shall report to the Assistant Secretary of Energy for Environmental Management.
- "(2) The head of the Office shall be responsible for managing all aspects of the River Protection Project, Richland, Washington, including Hanford Tank Farm operations and the Waste Treatment Plant.
- "(3)(A) The Assistant Secretary of Energy for Environmental Management shall delegate in writing responsibility for the management of the River Protection Project, Richland, Washington, to the head of the Office.
- "(B) Such delegation shall include, at a minimum, authorities for contracting, financial management, safety, and general program management that are equivalent to the authorities of managers of other operations offices of the Department of Energy.
- "(C) The head of the Office shall, to the maximum extent possible, coordinate all activities of the Office with the manager of the Richland Operations Office of the Department of Energy.
- "(c) DEPARTMENT RESPONSIBILITIES.—The Secretary shall provide the head of the Office with the resources and personnel necessary to carry out the responsibilities specified in subsection (b)(2).
- "(d) NOTIFICATION.—The Assistant Secretary of Energy for Environmental Management shall submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives written notification detailing any changes in the roles, responsibilities, and reporting relationships that involve the Office.
- "(e) TERMINATION.—The Office shall terminate on September 30, 2024. The Office may be extended beyond that date if the Assistant Secretary of Energy for Environmental Management determines in writing that termination would disrupt effective management of the Hanford Tank Farm operations.

#### "§ 5713. River protection project

"The tank waste remediation system environmental project, Richland, Washington, including all programs relating to the retrieval and treatment of tank waste at the site at Hanford, Washington, under the management of the Office of River Protection, shall be known and designated as the 'River Protection Project'. Any reference to that project in any law, regulation, map, document, record, or other paper of the United States shall be considered to be a reference to the River Protection Project.

### "§ 5714. Notification regarding air release of radioactive or hazardous material

"If the Secretary of Energy (or a designee of the Secretary) is notified of an improper release into the air of radioactive or hazardous material above applicable statutory or regulatory limits that resulted from waste generated by atomic energy defense activities at the Hanford Nuclear Reservation, Richland, Washington, the Secretary (or designee of the Secretary) shall—

- "(1) not later than two business days after being notified of the release, notify the congressional defense committees of the release; and
- "(2) not later than seven business days after being notified of the release, provide

the congressional defense committees a briefing on the status of the release, including—

"(A) the cause of the release, if known; and "(B) preliminary plans to address and remediate the release, including associated costs and timelines.

### "PART D—SAVANNAH RIVER SITE, SOUTH CAROLINA

#### "\$ 5721. Accelerated schedule for isolating high-level nuclear waste at the Defense Waste Processing Facility, Savannah River Site

"The Secretary of Energy shall accelerate the schedule for the isolation of high-level nuclear waste in glass canisters at the Defense Waste Processing Facility at the Savannah River Site, South Carolina, if the Secretary determines that the acceleration of such schedule—

"(1) will achieve long-term cost savings to the Federal Government; and

"(2) could accelerate the removal and isolation of high-level nuclear waste from longterm storage tanks at the site.

#### "§ 5722. Multi-year plan for clean-up

"The Secretary of Energy shall develop and implement a multi-year plan for the clean-up of nuclear waste at the Savannah River Site that results, or has resulted, from the following:

- "(1) Nuclear weapons activities carried out at the site.
- "(2) The processing, treating, packaging, and disposal of Department of Energy domestic and foreign spent nuclear fuel rods at the site

#### "§ 5723. Continuation of processing, treatment, and disposal of legacy nuclear materials

"The Secretary of Energy shall continue operations and maintain a high state of readiness at the H-canyon facility at the Savannah River Site, Aiken, South Carolina, and shall provide technical staff necessary to operate and so maintain such facility.

"SUBCHAPTER V—SAFEGUARDS AND SECURITY MATTERS

#### "PART A—SAFEGUARDS AND SECURITY

#### "§ 5731. Prohibition on international inspections of Department of Energy facilities unless protection of restricted data is certified

"The Secretary of Energy may not allow an inspection of a national security laboratory or nuclear weapons production facility by the International Atomic Energy Agency until the Secretary certifies to Congress that no Restricted Data will be revealed during such inspection.

#### "\$ 5732. Restrictions on access to national security laboratories by foreign visitors from sensitive countries

- "(a) BACKGROUND REVIEW REQUIRED.—The Secretary of Energy and the Administrator may not admit to any facility described in paragraph (3) of subsection (c) other than areas accessible to the general public any individual who is a citizen or agent of a covered foreign nation or a nation on the current sensitive countries list unless the Secretary or Administrator first completes a background review with respect to that individual.
- "(b) SENSE OF CONGRESS REGARDING BACK-GROUND REVIEWS.—It is the sense of Congress that the Secretary of Energy, the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and the Director of National Intelligence should ensure that background reviews carried out under this section are completed in not more than 15 days.
  - "(c) Prohibition on Admittance.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—With respect to an individual who is a citizen or agent of a covered

foreign nation, the Secretary and the Administrator may not, except as provided in paragraph (2), admit such individual to any areas not accessible to the general public within a facility described in paragraph (3).

"(2) WAIVER.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator, may waive the prohibition under paragraph (1) with respect to an individual who is a citizen or agent of a covered foreign nation if, not later than 30 days prior to admitting such individual to a facility described in such paragraph, the Secretary certifies to Congress that—

"(A) the admittance of such individual to the facility is in the national security interests of the United States;

"(B) no classified or restricted data will be revealed to such individual in connection with the admittance of such individual to the facility;

"(C) the Secretary or Administrator has consulted with the heads of other relevant departments or agencies of the United States Government to mitigate risks associated with the admittance of such individual; and

"(D) the background review completed to subsection (a) with respect to such individual did not uncover any previously unreported affiliation with military or intelligence organizations associated with a covered foreign nation.

"(3) Facilities described.—A facility described in this paragraph is a facility, or any portion thereof, that directly supports the mission, functions, and operations of the Administration (as described in this chapter) and is located on—

"(A) a national security laboratory:

"(B) a nuclear weapons production facility; or

"(C) a site that directly supports the protection, development, sustainment, or disposal of technologies or materials related to the provision of nuclear propulsion for United States naval vessels.

"(4) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The prohibition under paragraph (1) shall take effect on April 15, 2025.

"(d) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit or otherwise affect the authority of the Secretary or the Administrator to—

"(1) admit to a facility described in paragraph (3) of subsection (c)—

"(A) a citizen or lawful permanent resident of the United States:

"(B) an individual involved in an International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) inspection (as defined in the 'Agreement between the United States and the IAEA for the Application of Safeguards in the U.S.'); or

"(C) an individual involved in information exchanges in support of activities of the United States with respect to nonproliferation, counterproliferation, and counterterrorism, in accordance with international treaties or other legally-binding agreements or instruments to which the United States is a party; or

"(2) admit any individual to a facility, or any portion thereof, that is not directly associated with or directly funded to perform the mission, functions, and operations of the Administration (as described in this chapter).

"(e) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section:

"(1) The term 'background review', commonly known as an indices check, means a review of information provided by the Director of National Intelligence and the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation regarding personal background, including information relating to any history of criminal activity or to any evidence of espionage.

"(2) The term 'covered foreign nation' means—

"(A) the People's Republic of China;

"(B) the Russian Federation;

"(C) the Democratic People's Republic of Korea; and

"(D) the Islamic Republic of Iran.

"(3) The term 'sensitive countries list' means the list prescribed by the Secretary of Energy known as the Department of Energy List of Sensitive Countries.

#### "§ 5733. Background investigations of certain personnel at Department of Energy facilities

"The Secretary of Energy shall ensure that an investigation meeting the requirements of section 145 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2165) is made for each Department of Energy employee, or contractor employee, at a national security laboratory or nuclear weapons production facility who—

"(1) carries out duties or responsibilities in or around a location where Restricted Data is present; or

"(2) has or may have regular access to a location where Restricted Data is present.

#### "§ 5734. Department of Energy counterintelligence polygraph program

"(a) New Counterintelligence Polygraph Program Required.—The Secretary of Energy shall carry out, under regulations prescribed under this section, a new counterintelligence polygraph program for the Department of Energy. The purpose of the new program is to minimize the potential for release or disclosure of classified data, materials, or information.

"(b) AUTHORITIES AND LIMITATIONS.—

"(1) The Secretary shall prescribe regulations for the new counterintelligence polygraph program required by subsection (a) in accordance with the provisions of subchapter II of chapter 5 of title 5 (commonly referred to as the Administrative Procedures Act).

"(2) In prescribing regulations for the new program, the Secretary shall take into account the results of the Polygraph Review.

"(3) Not later than six months after obtaining the results of the Polygraph Review, the Secretary shall issue a notice of proposed rulemaking for the new program.

"(4) In the event of a counterintelligence investigation, the regulations prescribed under paragraph (1) may ensure that the persons subject to the counterintelligence polygraph program required by subsection (a) include any person who is—

"(A) a national of the United States (as such term is defined in section 101 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101)) and also a national of a foreign state; and

"(B) an employee or contractor who requires access to classified information.

"(c) POLYGRAPH REVIEW DEFINED.—In this section, the term 'Polygraph Review' means the review of the Committee to Review the Scientific Evidence on the Polygraph of the National Academy of Sciences.

#### "\$ 5735. Notice to congressional committees of certain security and counterintelligence failures within atomic energy defense programs

"(a) REQUIRED NOTIFICATION.—The Secretary of Energy shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives a notification of each significant atomic energy defense intelligence loss. Any such notification shall be provided only after consultation with the Director of National Intelligence and the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, as appropriate.

"(b) SIGNIFICANT ATOMIC ENERGY DEFENSE INTELLIGENCE LOSSES.—In this section, the term 'significant atomic energy defense intelligence loss' means any national security or counterintelligence failure or compromise

of classified information at a facility of the Department of Energy or operated by a contractor of the Department that the Secretary considers likely to cause significant harm or damage to the national security interests of the United States.

"(c) Manner of Notification.—Notification of a significant atomic energy defense intelligence loss under subsection (a) shall be provided, in accordance with the procedures established pursuant to subsection (d), not later than 30 days after the date on which the Department of Energy determines that the loss has taken place.

"(d) PROCEDURES.—The Secretary of Energy and the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives shall each establish such procedures as may be necessary to protect from unauthorized disclosure classified information, information relating to intelligence sources and methods, and sensitive law enforcement information that is submitted to those committees pursuant to this section and that are otherwise necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.

"(e) STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION.—

"(1) Nothing in this section shall be construed as authority to withhold any information from the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives on the grounds that providing the information to those committees would constitute the unauthorized disclosure of classified information, information relating to intelligence sources and methods, or sensitive law enforcement information.

"(2) Nothing in this section shall be construed to modify or supersede any other requirement to report information on intelligence activities to Congress, including the requirement under section 501 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3091) for the President to ensure that the congressional intelligence committees are kept fully informed of the intelligence activities of the United States and for those committees to notify promptly other congressional committees of any matter relating to intelligence activities requiring the attention of those committees.

#### "§ 5736. Annual report and certification on status of security of atomic energy defense facilities

"(a) REPORT AND CERTIFICATION ON NUCLEAR SECURITY ENTERPRISE.—

"(1) Not later than September 30 of each even-numbered year, the Administrator shall submit to the Secretary of Energy—

"(A) a report detailing the status of security at facilities holding Category I and II quantities of special nuclear material that are administered by the Administration; and

"(B) written certification that such facilities are secure and that the security measures at such facilities meet the security standards and requirements of the Administration and the Department of Energy.

"(2) If the Administrator is unable to make the certification described in paragraph (1)(B) with respect to a facility, the Administrator shall submit to the Secretary with the matters required by paragraph (1) a corrective action plan for the facility describing—

"(A) the deficiency that resulted in the Administrator being unable to make the certification;

"(B) the actions to be taken to correct the deficiency; and

"(C) timelines for taking such actions.

"(3) Not later than December 1 of each even-numbered year, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees the unaltered report, certification, and any corrective action plans submitted by the Administrator under paragraphs (1) and (2) together with any comments of the Secretary.

- "(b) REPORT AND CERTIFICATION ON ATOMIC ENERGY DEFENSE FACILITIES NOT ADMINISTERED BY THE ADMINISTRATION.—
- "(1) Not later than December 1 of each even-numbered year, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees—
- "(A) a report detailing the status of the security of atomic energy defense facilities holding Category I and II quantities of special nuclear material that are not administered by the Administration; and
- "(B) written certification that such facilities are secure and that the security measures at such facilities meet the security standards and requirements of the Department of Energy.
- "(2) If the Secretary is unable to make the certification described in paragraph (1)(B) with respect to a facility, the Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees, together with the matters required by paragraph (1), a corrective action plan describing—
- "(A) the deficiency that resulted in the Secretary being unable to make the certification:
- "(B) the actions to be taken to correct the deficiency; and
- "(C) timelines for taking such actions.

#### "§ 5737. Protection of certain nuclear facilities and assets from unmanned aircraft

- "(a) AUTHORITY.—Notwithstanding any provision of title 18, the Secretary of Energy may take such actions described in subsection (b)(1) that are necessary to mitigate the threat (as defined by the Secretary of Energy, in consultation with the Secretary of Transportation) that an unmanned aircraft system or unmanned aircraft poses to the safety or security of a covered facility or asset.
  - "(b) ACTIONS DESCRIBED.—
- "(1) The actions described in this paragraph are the following:
- "(A) Detect, identify, monitor, and track the unmanned aircraft system or unmanned aircraft, without prior consent, including by means of intercept or other access of a wire, oral, or electronic communication used to control the unmanned aircraft system or unmanned aircraft.
- "(B) Warn the operator of the unmanned aircraft system or unmanned aircraft, including by passive or active, and direct or indirect physical, electronic, radio, and electromagnetic means.
- "(C) Disrupt control of the unmanned aircraft system or unmanned aircraft, without prior consent, including by disabling the unmanned aircraft system or unmanned aircraft by intercepting, interfering, or causing interference with wire, oral, electronic, or radio communications used to control the unmanned aircraft system or unmanned aircraft.
- "(D) Seize or exercise control of the unmanned aircraft system or unmanned aircraft.
- "(E) Seize or otherwise confiscate the unmanned aircraft system or unmanned aircraft.
- "(F) Use reasonable force to disable, damage, or destroy the unmanned aircraft system or unmanned aircraft.
- "(2) The Secretary of Energy shall develop the actions described in paragraph (1) in coordination with the Secretary of Transportation.
- "(c) FORFEITURE.—Any unmanned aircraft system or unmanned aircraft described in subsection (a) that is seized by the Secretary of Energy is subject to forfeiture to the United States.
- "(d) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary of Energy and the Secretary of Transportation may prescribe regulations and shall issue

- guidance in the respective areas of each Secretary to carry out this section.
  - "(e) Definitions.—In this section:
- "(1) The term 'covered facility or asset' means any facility or asset that is—
- "(A) identified by the Secretary of Energy for purposes of this section;
- "(B) located in the United States (including the territories and possessions of the United States); and
- "(C) owned by the United States or contracted to the United States, to store or use special nuclear material.
- "(2) The terms 'unmanned aircraft' and 'unmanned aircraft system' have the meanings given those terms in section 331 of the FAA Modernization and Reform Act of 2012 (Public Law 112-95; 49 U.S.C. 40101 note).

#### "§ 5738. Reporting on penetrations of networks of contractors and subcontractors

- "(a) PROCEDURES FOR REPORTING PENETRA-TIONS.—The Administrator shall establish procedures that require each contractor and subcontractor to report to the Chief Information Officer when a covered network of the contractor or subcontractor that meets the criteria established pursuant to subsection (b) is successfully penetrated.
- "(b) ESTABLISHMENT OF CRITERIA FOR COVERED NETWORKS—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall, in consultation with the officials specified in paragraph (2), establish criteria for covered networks to be subject to the procedures for reporting penetrations under subsection (a).
- "(2) OFFICIALS SPECIFIED.—The officials specified in this paragraph are the following officials of the Administration:
- "(A) The Deputy Administrator for Defense Programs.
- "(B) The Associate Administrator for Acquisition and Project Management.
  - "(C) The Chief Information Officer.
- "(D) Any other official of the Administration the Administrator considers necessary.
- "(c) Procedure Requirements.—
- "(1) RAPID REPORTING.—
- "(A) In general.—The procedures established pursuant to subsection (a) shall require each contractor or subcontractor to submit to the Chief Information Officer a report on each successful penetration of a covered network of the contractor or subcontractor that meets the criteria established pursuant to subsection (b) not later than 60 days after the discovery of the successful penetration.
- "(B) ELEMENTS.—Subject to subparagraph (C), each report required by subparagraph (A) with respect to a successful penetration of a covered network of a contractor or subcontractor shall include the following:
- "(i) A description of the technique or method used in such penetration.
- "(ii) A sample of the malicious software, if discovered and isolated by the contractor or subcontractor, involved in such penetration.
- "(iii) A summary of information created by or for the Administration in connection with any program of the Administration that has been potentially compromised as a result of such penetration.
- "(C) AVOIDANCE OF DELAYS IN REPORTING.—
  If a contractor or subcontractor is not able to obtain all of the information required by subparagraph (B) to be included in a report required by subparagraph (A) by the date that is 60 days after the discovery of a successful penetration of a covered network of the contractor or subcontractor, the contractor or subcontractor shall—
- $\lq\lq(i)$  include in the report all information available as of that date; and
- "(ii) provide to the Chief Information Officer the additional information required by subparagraph (B) as the information becomes available.

- "(2) ACCESS TO EQUIPMENT AND INFORMATION BY ADMINISTRATION PERSONNEL.—Concurrent with the establishment of the procedures pursuant to subsection (a), the Administrator shall establish procedures to be used if information owned by the Administration was in use during or at risk as a result of the successful penetration of a covered network—
  - "(A) in order to—
- "(i) in the case of a penetration of a covered network of a management and operating contractor, enhance the access of personnel of the Administration to Government-owned equipment and information; and
- "(ii) in the case of a penetration of a covered network of a contractor or subcontractor that is not a management and operating contractor, facilitate the access of personnel of the Administration to the equipment and information of the contractor or subcontractor; and
  - "(B) which shall-
- "(i) include mechanisms for personnel of the Administration to, upon request, obtain access to equipment or information of a contractor or subcontractor necessary to conduct forensic analysis in addition to any analysis conducted by the contractor or subcontractor:
- "(ii) provide that a contractor or subcontractor is only required to provide access to equipment or information as described in clause (i) to determine whether information created by or for the Administration in connection with any program of the Administration was successfully exfiltrated from a network of the contractor or subcontractor and, if so, what information was exfiltrated; and
- "(iii) provide for the reasonable protection of trade secrets, commercial or financial information, and information that can be used to identify a specific person.
- "(3) DISSEMINATION OF INFORMATION.—The procedures established pursuant to subsection (a) shall allow for limiting the dissemination of information obtained or derived through such procedures so that such information may be disseminated only to entities—
- "(A) with missions that may be affected by such information:
- "(B) that may be called upon to assist in the diagnosis, detection, or mitigation of cyber incidents;
- "(C) that conduct counterintelligence or law enforcement investigations; or
- "(D) for national security purposes, including cyber situational awareness and defense purposes.
- "(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- "(1) CHIEF INFORMATION OFFICER.—The term 'Chief Information Officer' means the Associate Administrator for Information Management and Chief Information Officer of the Administration.
- "(2) CONTRACTOR.—The term 'contractor' means a private entity that has entered into a contract or contractual action of any kind with the Administration to furnish supplies, equipment, materials, or services of any kind.
- "(3) COVERED NETWORK.—The term 'covered network' includes any network or information system that accesses, receives, or stores—
- "(A) classified information; or
- "(B) sensitive unclassified information germane to any program of the Administration, as determined by the Administrator.
- "(4) SUBCONTRACTOR.—The term 'subcontractor' means a private entity that has entered into a contract or contractual action with a contractor or another subcontractor to furnish supplies, equipment, materials, or services of any kind in connection with another contract in support of any program of the Administration.

# "PART B—CLASSIFIED INFORMATION "\$ 5741. Review of certain documents before declassification and release

"(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Energy shall ensure that, before a document of the Department of Energy that contains national security information is released or declassified, such document is reviewed to determine whether it contains Restricted Data.

"(b) LIMITATION ON DECLASSIFICATION.—The Secretary may not implement the automatic declassification provisions of Executive Order No. 13526 (50 U.S.C. 3161 note) if the Secretary determines that such implementation could result in the automatic declassification and release of documents containing Restricted Data.

#### "§ 5742. Protection against inadvertent release of restricted data and formerly restricted data

"(a) PLAN FOR PROTECTION AGAINST RELEASE.—The Secretary of Energy and the Archivist of the United States shall, after consultation with the members of the National Security Council and in consultation with the Secretary of Defense and the heads of other appropriate Federal agencies, develop a plan to prevent the inadvertent release of records containing Restricted Data or Formerly Restricted Data during the automatic declassification of records under Executive Order No. 13526 (50 U.S.C. 3161 note).

"(b) PLAN ELEMENTS.—The plan under subsection (a) shall include the following:

"(1) The actions to be taken in order to ensure that records subject to Executive Order No. 13526 are reviewed on a page-by-page basis for Restricted Data and Formerly Restricted Data unless they have been determined to be highly unlikely to contain Restricted Data or Formerly Restricted Data.

"(2) The criteria and process by which documents are determined to be highly unlikely to contain Restricted Data or Formerly Restricted Data.

"(3) The actions to be taken in order to ensure proper training, supervision, and evaluation of personnel engaged in declassification under that Executive order so that such personnel recognize Restricted Data and Formerly Restricted Data.

"(4) The extent to which automated declassification technologies will be used under that Executive order to protect Restricted Data and Formerly Restricted Data from inadvertent release.

"(5) Procedures for periodic review and evaluation by the Secretary of Energy, in consultation with the Director of the Information Security Oversight Office of the National Archives and Records Administration, of compliance by Federal agencies with the plan.

"(6) Procedures for resolving disagreements among Federal agencies regarding declassification procedures and decisions under the plan.

the plan.
"(7) The funding, personnel, and other resources required to carry out the plan.

``(8) A timetable for implementation of the plan.

"(c) LIMITATION ON DECLASSIFICATION OF CERTAIN RECORDS.—

"(1) Effective on October 17, 1998, and except as provided in paragraph (3), a record referred to in subsection (a) may not be declassified unless the agency having custody of the record reviews the record on a page-byage basis to ensure that the record does not contain Restricted Data or Formerly Restricted Data.

"(2) Any record determined as a result of a review under paragraph (1) to contain Restricted Data or Formerly Restricted Data may not be declassified until the Secretary of Energy, in conjunction with the head of the agency having custody of the record, de-

termines that the document is suitable for declassification.

"(3) After the date occurring 60 days after the submission of the plan required by subsection (a) to the committees referred to in paragraphs (1) and (2) of subsection (d), the requirement under paragraph (1) to review a record on a page-by-page basis shall not apply in the case of a record determined, under the actions specified in the plan pursuant to subsection (b)(1), to be a record that is highly unlikely to contain Restricted Data or Formerly Restricted Data.

"(d) SUBMISSION OF PLAN.—The Secretary of Energy shall submit the plan required under subsection (a) to the following:

"(1) The Committee on Armed Services of the Senate.

"(2) The Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives.

"(3) The Assistant to the President for National Security Affairs.

"(e) REPORT AND NOTIFICATION REGARDING INADVERTENT RELEASES.—

"(1) The Secretary of Energy shall submit to the committees and Assistant to the President specified in subsection (d) a report on inadvertent releases of Restricted Data or Formerly Restricted Data under Executive Order No. 12958 that occurred before October 17, 1998.

"(2) The Secretary of Energy shall, in each even-numbered year beginning in 2010, submit to the committees and Assistant to the President specified in subsection (d) a report identifying any inadvertent releases of Restricted Data or Formerly Restricted Data under Executive Order No. 13526 discovered in the two-year period preceding the submittal of the report.

#### "§ 5743. Supplement to plan for declassification of restricted data and formerly restricted data

"(a) SUPPLEMENT TO PLAN.—The Secretary of Energy and the Archivist of the United States shall, after consultation with the members of the National Security Council and in consultation with the Secretary of Defense and the heads of other appropriate Federal agencies, develop a supplement to the plan required under subsection (a) of section 5742.

"(b) CONTENTS OF SUPPLEMENT.—The supplement shall provide for the application of that plan (including in particular the element of the plan required by section 5742(b)(1)) to all records subject to Executive Order No. 12958 that were determined before October 17, 1998, to be suitable for declassification.

"(c) LIMITATION ON DECLASSIFICATION OF RECORDS.—All records referred to in subsection (b) shall be treated, for purposes of subsection (c) of section 5742, in the same manner as records referred to in subsection (a) of such section.

"(d) SUBMISSION OF SUPPLEMENT.—The Secretary of Energy shall submit the supplement required under subsection (a) to the recipients of the plan referred to in subsection (d) of section 5742.

#### "§ 5744. Protection of classified information during laboratory-to-laboratory exchanges

"(a) Provision of Training.—The Secretary of Energy shall ensure that all Department of Energy employees and Department of Energy contractor employees participating in laboratory-to-laboratory cooperative exchange activities are fully trained in matters relating to the protection of classified information and to potential espionage and counterintelligence threats.

"(b) Countering of Espionage and Intel-LIGENCE-GATHERING ABROAD.—

"(1) The Secretary shall establish a pool of Department employees and Department contractor employees who are specially trained to counter threats of espionage and intelligence-gathering by foreign nationals against Department employees and Department contractor employees who travel abroad for laboratory-to-laboratory exchange activities or other cooperative exchange activities on behalf of the Department.

"(2) The Director of Intelligence and Counterintelligence of the Department of Energy may assign at least one employee from the pool established under paragraph (1) to accompany a group of Department employees or Department contractor employees who travel to any nation designated to be a sensitive country for laboratory-to-laboratory exchange activities or other cooperative exchange activities on behalf of the Department.

#### "§ 5745. Identification in budget materials of amounts for declassification activities and limitation on expenditures for such activities

"(a) AMOUNTS FOR DECLASSIFICATION OF RECORDS.—The Secretary of Energy shall include in the budget justification materials submitted to Congress in support of the Department of Energy budget for any fiscal year (as submitted with the budget of the President under section 1105(a) of title 31) specific identification, as a budgetary line item, of the amounts required to carry out programmed activities during that fiscal year to declassify records pursuant to Executive Order No. 13526 (50 U.S.C. 3161 note), or any successor Executive order, or to comply with any statutory requirement to declassify Government records.

"(b) CERTIFICATION REQUIRED WITH RESPECT TO AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION OF RECORDS.—No records of the Department of Energy that have not as of October 5, 1999, been reviewed for declassification shall be subject to automatic declassification unless the Secretary of Energy certifies to Congress that such declassification would not harm the national security.

"SUBCHAPTER VI—PERSONNEL MATTERS

#### "PART A—PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT

#### "\$ 5751. Authority for appointment of certain scientific, engineering, and technical personnel

"(a) AUTHORITY.—

"(1) Notwithstanding any provision of title 5 governing appointments in the competitive service and General Schedule classification and pay rates, the Secretary of Energy may—

"(A) establish and set the rates of pay for not more than 200 positions in the Department of Energy for scientific, engineering, and technical personnel whose duties will relate to safety at defense nuclear facilities of the Department; and

"(B) appoint persons to such positions.

"(2) The rate of pay for a position established under paragraph (1) may not exceed the rate of pay payable for level III of the Executive Schedule under section 5314 of title 5.

"(3) To the maximum extent practicable, the Secretary shall appoint persons under paragraph (1)(B) to the positions established under paragraph (1)(A) in accordance with the merit system principles set forth in section 2301 of such title.

"(b) OPM REVIEW.-

"(1) The Secretary shall enter into an agreement with the Director of the Office of Personnel Management under which agreement the Director shall periodically evaluate the use of the authority set forth in subsection (a)(1). The Secretary shall reimburse the Director for evaluations conducted by the Director pursuant to the agreement. Any

such reimbursement shall be credited to the revolving fund referred to in section 1304(e) of title 5

- "(2) If the Director determines as a result of such evaluation that the Secretary of Energy is not appointing persons to positions under such authority in a manner consistent with the merit system principles set forth in section 2301 of title 5 or is setting rates of pay at levels that are not appropriate for the qualifications and experience of the persons appointed and the duties of the positions involved, the Director shall notify the Secretary and Congress of that determination.
- "(3) Upon receipt of a notification under paragraph (2), the Secretary shall—
- "(A) take appropriate actions to appoint persons to positions under such authority in a manner consistent with such principles or to set rates of pay at levels that are appropriate for the qualifications and experience of the persons appointed and the duties of the positions involved; or
- "(B) cease appointment of persons under such authority.
- "(c) TERMINATION —
- "(1) The authority provided under subsection (a)(1) shall terminate on September 30, 2026.
- "(2) An employee may not be separated from employment with the Department of Energy or receive a reduction in pay by reason of the termination of authority under paragraph (1).

#### "§ 5752. Whistleblower protection program

- "(a) PROGRAM REQUIRED.—The Secretary of Energy shall establish a program to ensure that covered individuals may not be discharged, demoted, or otherwise discriminated against as a reprisal for making protected disclosures.
- "(b) COVERED INDIVIDUALS.—For purposes of this section, a covered individual is an individual who is an employee of the Department of Energy, or of a contractor of the Department, who is engaged in the defense activities of the Department.
- "(c) PROTECTED DISCLOSURES.—For purposes of this section, a protected disclosure is a disclosure—
- "(1) made by a covered individual who takes appropriate steps to protect the security of the information in accordance with guidance provided under this section:
- "(2) made to a person or entity specified in subsection (d); and
- "(3) of classified or other information that the covered individual reasonably believes to provide direct and specific evidence of any of the following:
- "(A) A violation of law or Federal regulation.
- "(B) Gross mismanagement, a gross waste of funds, or abuse of authority.
- "(C) A false statement to Congress on an issue of material fact.
- "(d) PERSONS AND ENTITIES TO WHICH DIS-CLOSURES MAY BE MADE.—A person or entity specified in this subsection is any of the following:
- "(1) A member of a committee of Congress having primary responsibility for oversight of the department, agency, or element of the Government to which the disclosed information relates.
- "(2) An employee of Congress who is a staff member of such a committee and has an appropriate security clearance for access to information of the type disclosed.
- "(3) The Inspector General of the Department of Energy.
- "(4) The Federal Bureau of Investigation.
- "(5) Any other element of the Government designated by the Secretary as authorized to receive information of the type disclosed.
- "(e) OFFICIAL CAPACITY OF PERSONS TO WHOM INFORMATION IS DISCLOSED.—A mem-

- ber of, or an employee of Congress who is a staff member of, a committee of Congress specified in subsection (d) who receives a protected disclosure under this section does so in that member or employee's official capacity as such a member or employee.
- "(f) ASSISTANCE AND GUIDANCE.—The Secretary, acting through the Inspector General of the Department of Energy, shall provide assistance and guidance to each covered individual who seeks to make a protected disclosure under this section. Such assistance and guidance shall include the following:
- "(1) Identifying the persons or entities under subsection (d) to which that disclosure may be made.
- "(2) Advising that individual regarding the steps to be taken to protect the security of the information to be disclosed.
- "(3) Taking appropriate actions to protect the identity of that individual throughout that disclosure.
- "(4) Taking appropriate actions to coordinate that disclosure with any other Federal agency or agencies that originated the information.
- "(g) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary shall prescribe regulations to ensure the security of any information disclosed under this section.
- "(h) NOTIFICATION TO COVERED INDIVID-UALS.—The Secretary shall notify each covered individual of the following:
- "(1) The rights of that individual under this section.
- "(2) The assistance and guidance provided under this section.
- "(3) That the individual has a responsibility to obtain that assistance and guidance before seeking to make a protected disclosure
- "(i) COMPLAINT BY COVERED INDIVIDUALS.—
  If a covered individual believes that that individual has been discharged, demoted, or otherwise discriminated against as a reprisal for making a protected disclosure under this section, the individual may submit a complaint relating to such matter to the Director of the Office of Hearings and Appeals of the Department of Fragry
- the Department of Energy.

  "(j) INVESTIGATION BY OFFICE OF HEARINGS AND APPEALS.—
- "(1) For each complaint submitted under subsection (i), the Director of the Office of Hearings and Appeals shall—
- "(A) determine whether or not the complaint is frivolous; and
- "(B) if the Director determines the complaint is not frivolous, conduct an investigation of the complaint.
- "(2) The Director shall submit a report on each investigation undertaken under paragraph (1)(B) to—
- "(A) the individual who submitted the complaint on which the investigation is based:
  - "(B) the contractor concerned, if any; and
  - "(C) the Secretary of Energy.
- "(k) REMEDIAL ACTION.—
- "(1) Whenever the Secretary determines that a covered individual has been discharged, demoted, or otherwise discriminated against as a reprisal for making a protected disclosure under this section, the Secretary shall—
- "(A) in the case of a Department employee, take appropriate actions to abate the action; or
- "(B) in the case of a contractor employee, order the contractor concerned to take appropriate actions to abate the action.
- "(2)(A) If a contractor fails to comply with an order issued under paragraph (1)(B), the Secretary may file an action for enforcement of the order in the appropriate United States district court.
- "(B) In any action brought under subparagraph (A), the court may grant appropriate

- relief, including injunctive relief and compensatory and exemplary damages.
- "(1) RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER LAWS.—The protections provided by this section are independent of, and not subject to any limitations that may be provided in, the Whistleblower Protection Act of 1989 (Public Law 101–12; 103 Stat. 16) or any other law that may provide protection for disclosures of information by employees of the Department of Energy or of a contractor of the Department.
  - "(m) Annual Report.—
- "(1) Not later than 30 days after the commencement of each fiscal year, the Director shall submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives a report on the investigations undertaken under subsection (j)(1)(B) during the preceding fiscal year, including a summary of the results of each such investigation.
- "(2) A report under paragraph (1) may not identify or otherwise provide any information about an individual submitting a complaint under this section without the consent of the individual.

#### "§ 5753. Department of Energy defense nuclear facilities workforce restructuring plan

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—Upon determination that a change in the workforce at a defense nuclear facility is necessary, the Secretary of Energy shall develop a plan for restructuring the workforce for the defense nuclear facility that takes into account—
- "(1) the reconfiguration of the defense nuclear facility; and
- "(2) the plan for the nuclear weapons stockpile that is the most recently prepared plan at the time of the development of the plan referred to in this subsection.
  - "(b) Consultation.—
- "(1) In developing a plan referred to in subsection (a), the Secretary shall consult with the Secretary of Labor, appropriate representatives of local and national collective-bargaining units of individuals employed at Department of Energy defense nuclear facilities, appropriate representatives of departments and agencies of State and local governments, appropriate representatives of State and local institutions of higher education, and appropriate representatives of community groups in communities affected by the restructuring plan.
- "(2) The Secretary shall determine appropriate representatives of the units, governments, institutions, and groups referred to in paragraph (1).
- "(c) OBJECTIVES.—In preparing the plan required under subsection (a), the Secretary shall be guided by the following objectives:
- "(1) Changes in the workforce at a Department of Energy defense nuclear facility—
- "(A) should be accomplished so as to minimize social and economic impacts;
- "(B) should be made only after the provision of notice of such changes not later than 120 days before the commencement of such changes to such employees and the communities in which such facilities are located; and
- "(C) should be accomplished, when possible, through the use of retraining, early retirement, attrition, and other options that minimize layoffs.
- "(2) Employees whose employment in positions at such facilities is terminated shall, to the extent practicable, receive preference in any hiring of the Department of Energy (consistent with applicable employment seniority plans or practices of the Department of Energy and with section 3152 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 1990 and 1991 (Public Law 101–189; 103 Stat. 1682)).

- "(3) Employees shall, to the extent practicable, be retrained for work in environmental restoration and waste management activities at such facilities or other facilities of the Department of Energy.
- "(4) The Department of Energy should provide relocation assistance to employees who are transferred to other Department of Energy facilities as a result of the plan.
- "(5) The Department of Energy should assist terminated employees in obtaining appropriate retraining, education, and reemployment assistance (including employment placement assistance).
- "(6) The Department of Energy should provide local impact assistance to communities that are affected by the restructuring plan and coordinate the provision of such assistance with—
- "(A) programs carried out by the Secretary of Labor under title I of the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (29 U.S.C. 3111 et seq.)"
- "(B) programs carried out pursuant to the Defense Economic Adjustment, Diversification, Conversion, and Stabilization Act of 1990 (division D of Public Law 101-510; 10 U.S.C. 2391 note); and
- "(C) programs carried out by the Department of Commerce pursuant to title II of the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965 (42 U.S.C. 3141 et seq.).
- "(d) IMPLEMENTATION.—The Secretary shall, subject to the availability of appropriations for such purpose, work on an ongoing basis with representatives of the Department of Labor, workforce bargaining units, and States and local communities in carrying out a plan required under subsection (a).
- "(e) SUBMITTAL TO CONGRESS.—
- "(1) The Secretary shall submit to Congress a plan referred to in subsection (a) with respect to a defense nuclear facility within 90 days after the date on which a notice of changes described in subsection (c)(1)(B) is provided to employees of the facility, or 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, whichever is later.
- "(2) In addition to the plans submitted under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall submit to Congress every six months a report setting forth a description of, and the amount or value of, all local impact assistance provided during the preceding six months under subsection (c)(6).
- "(f) DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY DEFENSE NU-CLEAR FACILITY DEFINED.—In this section, the term 'Department of Energy defense nuclear facility' means—
- "(1) a production facility or utilization facility (as those terms are defined in section 11 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2014)) that is under the control or jurisdiction of the Secretary and that is operated for national security purposes (including the tritium loading facility at Savannah River, South Carolina, and the 236 H facility at Savannah River, South Carolina), but the term does not include any facility that does not conduct atomic energy defense activities and does not include any facility or activity covered by Executive Order Number 12344, dated February 1, 1982, pertaining to the naval nuclear propulsion program;
- "(2) a nuclear waste storage or disposal facility that is under the control or jurisdiction of the Secretary;
- "(3) a testing and assembly facility that is under the control or jurisdiction of the Secretary and that is operated for national security purposes (including the Nevada National Security Site, Nevada, and the Pantex facility, Texas):
- "(4) an atomic weapons research facility that is under the control or jurisdiction of the Secretary (including Lawrence Liver-

- more, Los Alamos, and Sandia National Laboratories); or
- ''(5) any facility described in paragraphs (1) through (4) that—
- "(A) is no longer in operation;
- "(B) was under the control or jurisdiction of the Department of Defense, the Atomic Energy Commission, or the Energy Research and Development Administration; and
- "(C) was operated for national security purposes.
- \*§ 5754. Authority to provide certificate of commendation to Department of Energy and contractor employees for exemplary service in stockpile stewardship and security
- "(a) AUTHORITY TO PRESENT CERTIFICATE OF COMMENDATION.—The Secretary of Energy may present a certificate of commendation to any current or former employee of the Department of Energy, and any current or former employee of a Department contractor, whose service to the Department in matters relating to stockpile stewardship and security assisted the Department in furthering the national security interests of the United States.
- "(b) CERTIFICATE.—The certificate of commendation presented to a current or former employee under subsection (a) shall include an appropriate citation of the service of the current or former employee described in that subsection, including a citation for dedication, intellect, and sacrifice in furthering the national security interests of the United States by maintaining a strong, safe, and viable United States nuclear deterrent during the cold war or thereafter.
- "(c) DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY DEFINED.— For purposes of this section, the term 'Department of Energy' includes any predecessor agency of the Department of Energy.

#### "PART B—EDUCATION AND TRAINING \$5761. Executive management training in Department of Energy

- "(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF TRAINING PROGRAM.—The Secretary of Energy shall establish and implement a management training program for personnel of the Department of Energy involved in the management of atomic energy defense activities.
- "(b) Training Provisions.—The training program shall at a minimum include instruction in the following areas:
- "(1) Department of Energy policy and procedures for management and operation of atomic energy defense facilities.
- "(2) Methods of evaluating technical performance
- "(3) Federal and State environmental laws and requirements for compliance with such environmental laws, including timely compliance with reporting requirements in such
- "(4) The establishment of program milestones and methods to evaluate success in meeting such milestones.
- "(5) Methods for conducting long-range technical and budget planning.
- "(6) Procedures for reviewing and applying innovative technology to defense environmental cleanup.

### "\$ 5762. Stockpile stewardship recruitment and training program

- "(a) CONDUCT OF PROGRAM.-
- "(1) As part of the stockpile stewardship program established pursuant to section 5621, the Secretary of Energy shall conduct a stockpile stewardship recruitment and training program at the national security laboratories
- "(2) The recruitment and training program shall be conducted in coordination with the Chairman of the Joint Nuclear Weapons Council established by section 179 and the directors of the laboratories referred to in paragraph (1).

- "(b) SUPPORT OF DUAL-USE PROGRAMS.—As part of the recruitment and training program, the directors of the national security laboratories may employ undergraduate students, graduate students, and postdoctoral fellows to carry out research sponsored by such laboratories for military or nonmilitary dual-use programs related to nuclear weapons stockpile stewardship.

  "(c) ESTABLISHMENT OF RETIREE CORPS.—
- "(c) ESTABLISHMENT OF RETIREE CORPS.—
  As part of the training and recruitment program, the Secretary, in coordination with the directors of the national security laboratories, shall establish for the laboratories a retiree corps of retired scientists who have expertise in research and development of nuclear weapons. The directors may employ the retired scientists on a part-time basis to provide appropriate assistance on nuclear weapons issues, to contribute relevant information to be archived, and to help to provide training to other scientists.

#### "\$ 5763. Fellowship program for development of skills critical to the nuclear security enterprise

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Energy shall conduct a fellowship program for the development of skills critical to the ongoing mission of the nuclear security enterprise. Under the fellowship program, the Secretary shall provide educational assistance and research assistance to eligible individuals to facilitate the development by such individuals of skills critical to maintaining the ongoing mission of the nuclear security enterprise.
- "(b) ELIGIBLE INDIVIDUALS.—Individuals eligible for participation in the fellowship program are United States citizens who are either of the following:
- "(1) Students pursuing graduate degrees in fields of science or engineering that are related to nuclear weapons engineering or to the science and technology base of the Department of Energy.
- "(2) Individuals engaged in postdoctoral studies in such fields
- "(c) COVERED FACILITIES.—The Secretary shall carry out the fellowship program at or in connection with the national security laboratories and nuclear weapons production facilities.
- "(d) ADMINISTRATION.—The Secretary shall carry out the fellowship program at a facility referred to in subsection (c) through the stockpile manager of the facility.
- "(e) ALLOCATION OF FUNDS.—The Secretary shall, in consultation with the Assistant Secretary of Energy for Defense Programs, allocate funds available for the fellowship program under subsection (f) among the facilities referred to in subsection (c). The Secretary shall make the allocation after evaluating an assessment by the weapons program director of each such facility of the personnel and critical skills necessary at the facility for carrying out the ongoing mission of the facility.
  - "(f) AGREEMENT.—
- "(1) The Secretary may allow an individual to participate in the program only if the individual signs an agreement described in paragraph (2).
- "(2) An agreement referred to in paragraph (1) shall be in writing, shall be signed by the participant, and shall include the participant's agreement to serve, after completion of the course of study for which the assistance was provided, as a full-time employee in a position in the nuclear security enterprise for a period of time to be established by the Secretary of Energy of not less than one year, if such a position is offered to the participant.

#### "PART C-WORKER SAFETY

#### "§ 5771. Worker protection at nuclear weapons facilities

"(a) TRAINING GRANT PROGRAM.—

- "(1) The Secretary of Energy is authorized to award grants to organizations referred to in paragraph (2) in order for such organizations—
- "(A) to provide training and education to persons who are or may be engaged in hazardous substance response or emergency response at Department of Energy nuclear weapons facilities; and
- "(B) to develop curricula for such training and education.
- "(2)(A) Subject to subparagraph (B), the Secretary is authorized to award grants under paragraph (1) to non-profit organizations that have demonstrated (as determined by the Secretary) capabilities in-
- "(i) implementing and conducting effective training and education programs relating to the general health and safety of workers; and
- "(ii) identifying, and involving in training, groups of workers whose duties include hazardous substance response or emergency response.
- "(B) The Secretary shall give preference in the award of grants under this section to employee organizations and joint labor-management training programs that are grant recipients under section 126(g) of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (42 U.S.C. 9660a).
- "(3) An organization awarded a grant under paragraph (1) shall carry out training, education, or curricula development pursuant to Department of Energy orders relating to employee safety training, including orders numbered 5480.4 and 5480.11.
- "(b) ENFORCEMENT OF EMPLOYEE SAFETY STANDARDS.—
- "(1) Subject to paragraph (2), the Secretary shall assess civil penalties against any contractor of the Department of Energy who (as determined by the Secretary)—
- "(A) employs individuals who are engaged in hazardous substance response or emergency response at Department of Energy nuclear weapons facilities; and
- "(B) fails (i) to provide for the training of such individuals to carry out such hazardous substance response or emergency response, or (ii) to certify to the Department of Energy that such employees are adequately trained for such response pursuant to orders issued by the Department of Energy relating to employee safety training (including orders numbered 5480.4 and 5480.11).
- "(2) Civil penalties assessed under this subsection may not exceed \$5,000 for each day in which a failure referred to in paragraph (1)(B) occurs.
- "(c) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary shall prescribe regulations to carry out this section.
- "(d) DEFINITIONS.—For the purposes of this section, the term 'hazardous substance' includes radioactive waste and mixed radioactive and hazardous waste.

### "§ 5772. Safety oversight and enforcement at defense nuclear facilities

"The Secretary of Energy shall take appropriate actions to ensure that—

- "(1) officials of the Department of Energy who are responsible for independent oversight of matters relating to nuclear safety at defense nuclear facilities and enforcement of nuclear safety standards at such facilities maintain independence from officials who are engaged in, or who are advising persons who are engaged in, management of such facilities:
- "(2) the independent, internal oversight functions carried out by the Department include activities relating to—
- "(A) the assessment of the safety of defense nuclear facilities;
- "(B) the assessment of the effectiveness of Department program offices in carrying out programs relating to the environment, safe-

- ty, health, and security at defense nuclear facilities:
- "(C) the provision to the Secretary of oversight reports that—  $\,$
- "(i) contain validated technical information; and
- "(ii) provide a clear analysis of the extent to which line programs governing defense nuclear facilities meet applicable goals for the environment, safety, health, and security at such facilities: and
- "(D) the development of clear performance standards to be used in assessing the adequacy of the programs referred to in subparagraph (C)(ii);
- "(3) the Department has a system for bringing issues relating to nuclear safety at defense nuclear facilities to the attention of the officials of the Department (including the Secretary of Energy) who have authority to resolve such issues in an adequate and timely manner; and
- "(4) an adequate number of qualified personnel of the Department are assigned to oversee matters relating to nuclear safety at defense nuclear facilities and enforce nuclear safety standards at such facilities.

#### "§ 5773. Program to monitor department of energy workers exposed to hazardous and radioactive substances

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Energy shall establish and carry out a program for the identification and on-going medical evaluation of current and former Department of Energy employees who are subject to significant health risks as a result of the exposure of such employees to hazardous or radioactive substances during such employment.
- "(b) Implementation of Program.—
- "(1) The Secretary shall, with the concurrence of the Secretary of Health and Human Services, issue regulations under which the Secretary shall implement the program. Such regulations shall, to the extent practicable, provide for a process to—
- "(A) identify the hazardous substances and radioactive substances to which current and former Department of Energy employees may have been exposed as a result of such employment;
- "(B) identify employees referred to in subparagraph (A) who received a level of exposure identified under paragraph (2)(B):
- "(C) determine the appropriate number, scope, and frequency of medical evaluations and laboratory tests to be provided to employees who have received a level of exposure identified under paragraph (2)(B) to permit the Secretary to evaluate fully the extent, nature, and medical consequences of such exposure:
- "(D) make available the evaluations and tests referred to in subparagraph (C) to the employees referred to in such subparagraph;
- "(E) ensure that privacy is maintained with respect to medical information that personally identifies any such employee; and
- "(F) ensure that employee participation in the program is voluntary.
- "(2)(A) In determining the most appropriate means of carrying out the activities referred to in subparagraphs (A) through (D) of paragraph (1), the Secretary shall consult with the Secretary of Health and Human Services under the agreement referred to in subsection (c).
- "(B) The Secretary of Health and Human Services, with the assistance of the Director of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and the Director of the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, and the Secretary of Labor shall identify the levels of exposure to the substances referred to in subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1) that present employees referred to in such subparagraph with significant health risks under Federal and State occupational, health, and safety standards.

- "(3) In prescribing the guidelines referred to in paragraph (1), the Secretary shall consult with representatives of the following entities:
- "(A) The American College of Occupational and Environmental Medicine.
- "(B) The National Academy of Sciences.
- $\mbox{\ensuremath{^{\prime\prime}}}(C)$  The National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements.
- "(D) Any labor organization or other collective bargaining agent authorized to act on the behalf of employees of a Department of Energy defense nuclear facility.
- "(4) The Secretary shall provide for each employee identified under paragraph (1)(B) and provided with any medical examination or test under paragraph (1) to be notified by the appropriate medical personnel of the identification and the results of any such examination or test. Each notification under this paragraph shall be provided in a form that is readily understandable by the employee.
- "(5) The Secretary shall collect and assemble information relating to the examinations and tests carried out under paragraph (1).
- "(6) The Secretary shall commence carrying out the program described in this subsection not later than October 23, 1993.
- "(c) AGREEMENT WITH SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES.—Not later than April 23, 1993, the Secretary shall enter into an agreement with the Secretary of Health and Human Services relating to the establishment and conduct of the program required and regulations issued under this section.
  - "(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- "(1) The term 'Department of Energy defense nuclear facility' has the meaning given that term in section 5753(f).
- "(2) The term 'Department of Energy employee' means any employee of the Department of Energy employed at a Department of Energy defense nuclear facility, including any employee of a contractor or subcontractor of the Department of Energy employed at such a facility.

#### "\$ 5774. Programs for persons who may have been exposed to radiation released from Hanford Nuclear Reservation

- "(a) FUNDING.—Of the funds authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy under title XXXI of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1991 (Public Law 101–510), the Secretary of Energy shall make available \$3,000,000 to the State of Washington, \$1,000,000 to the State of Oregon, and \$1,000,000 to the State of Idaho. Such funds shall be used to develop and implement programs for the benefit of persons who may have been exposed to radiation released from the Department of Energy Hanford Nuclear Reservation (Richland, Washington) between the years 1944 and 1972.
- "(b) Programs.—The programs to be developed by the States may include only the following activities:
- "(1) Preparing and distributing information on the health effects of radiation to health care professionals, and to persons who may have been exposed to radiation.
- "(2) Developing and implementing mechanisms for referring persons who may have been exposed to radiation to health care professionals with expertise in the health effects of radiation.
- "(3) Evaluating and, if feasible, implementing, registration and monitoring of persons who may have been exposed to radiation released from the Hanford Nuclear Reservation.
  - "(c) PLAN AND REPORTS.—
- "(1) The States of Washington, Oregon, and Idaho shall jointly develop a single plan for implementing this section.
- (2) Not later than May 5, 1991, such States shall submit to the Secretary of Energy and

Congress a copy of the plan developed under paragraph (1).

- "(3) Not later than May 5, 1992, such States shall submit to the Secretary of Energy and Congress a single report on the implementation of the plan developed under paragraph (1).
- "(4) In developing and implementing the plan, such States shall consult with persons carrying out current radiation dose and epidemiological research programs (including the Hanford Thyroid Disease Study of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and the Hanford Environmental Dose Reconstruction Project of the Department of Energy), and may not cause substantial damage to such research programs.
- "(d) Prohibition on Disclosure of Exposure Information.—
- "(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), a person may not disclose to the public the following:
- "(A) Any information obtained through a program that identifies a person who may have been exposed to radiation released from the Hanford Nuclear Reservation.
- "(B) Any information obtained through a program that identifies a person participating in any of the programs developed under this section.
- "(C) The name, address, and telephone number of a person requesting information referred to in subsection (b)(1).
- "(D) The name, address, and telephone number of a person who has been referred to a health care professional under subsection (b)(2)
- "(E) The name, address, and telephone number of a person who has been registered and monitored pursuant to subsection (b)(3).
- "(F) Information that identifies the person from whom information referred to in this paragraph was obtained under a program or any other third party involved with, or identified by, any such information so obtained.
- "(G) Any other personal or medical information that identifies a person or party referred to in subparagraphs (A) through (F).
- "(H) Such other information or categories of information as the chief officers of the health departments of the States of Washington, Oregon, and Idaho jointly designate as information covered by this subsection.
- "(2) Information referred to in paragraph (1) may be disclosed to the public if the person identified by the information, or the legal representative of that person, has consented in writing to the disclosure.
- "(3) The States of Washington, Oregon, and Idaho shall establish uniform procedures for carrying out this subsection, including procedures governing the following:
- cedures governing the following:
  "(A) The disclosure of information under
- paragraph (2).

  "(B) The use of the Hanford Health Information Naturally database.
- mation Network database.

  "(C) The future disposition of the database.

  "(D) Enforcement of the prohibition pro-
- "(D) Enforcement of the prohibition provided in paragraph (1) on the disclosure of information described in that paragraph.

#### "§ 5775. Use of probabilistic risk assessment to ensure nuclear safety of facilities of the Administration and the Office of Environmental Management

- "(a) NUCLEAR SAFETY AT NNSA AND DOE FACILITIES.—The Administrator and the Secretary of Energy shall ensure that the methods for assessing, certifying, and overseeing nuclear safety at the facilities specified in subsection (c) use national and international standards and nuclear industry best practices, including probabilistic or quantitative risk assessment if sufficient data exist.
- "(b) ADEQUATE PROTECTION.—The use of probabilistic or quantitative risk assessment under subsection (a) shall be to support, rather than replace, the requirement under

- section 182 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2232) that the utilization or production of special nuclear material will be in accordance with the common defense and security and will provide adequate protection to the health and safety of the public.
- "(c) FACILITIES SPECIFIED.—Subsection (a) shall apply—
- "(1) to the Administrator with respect to the national security laboratories and the nuclear weapons production facilities; and
- "(2) to the Secretary of Energy with respect to defense nuclear facilities of the Office of Environmental Management of the Department of Energy.

### "\$ 5776. Notification of nuclear criticality and non-nuclear incidents

- "(a) NOTIFICATION.—The Secretary of Energy or the Administrator, as the case may be, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a notification of a nuclear criticality incident resulting from a covered program that results in an injury or fatality or results in the shutdown, or partial shutdown, of a covered facility by not later than 15 days after the date of such incident.
- "(b) ELEMENTS OF NOTIFICATION.—Each notification submitted under subsection (a) shall include the following:
- "(1) A description of the incident, including the cause of the incident.
- "(2) In the case of a criticality incident, whether the incident caused a facility, or part of a facility, to be shut down.
- "(3) The effect, if any, on the mission of the Administration or the Office of Environmental Management of the Department of Energy.
- "(4) Any corrective action taken in response to the incident.
- "(c) Database.—
- "(1) The Secretary shall maintain a record of incidents described in paragraph (2).
- "(2) An incident described in this paragraph is any of the following incidents resulting from a covered program:
- "(A) A nuclear criticality incident that results in an injury or fatality or results in the shutdown, or partial shutdown, of a covered facility.
- "(B) A non-nuclear incident that results in serious bodily injury or fatality at a covered facility.
- "(d) COOPERATION.—In carrying out this section, the Secretary and the Administrator shall ensure that each management and operating contractor of a covered facility cooperates in a timely manner.
- "(e) Definitions.—In this section:
- ``(1) The term 'appropriate congressional committees' means—
- "(A) the congressional defense committees; and
- "(B) the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate.
- "(2) The term 'covered facility' means—
  "(A) a facility of the nuclear security enterprise; and
- "(B) a facility conducting activities for the defense environmental cleanup program of the Office of Environmental Management of the Department of Energy.
  - "(3) The term 'covered program' means—
- "(A) programs of the Administration; and
- "(B) defense environmental cleanup programs of the Office of Environmental Management of the Department of Energy.
  - "SUBCHAPTER VII—BUDGET AND FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT MATTERS

# "PART A—RECURRING NATIONAL SECURITY AUTHORIZATION PROVISIONS \$5781. Definitions

"In this part:

"(1) The term 'DOE national security authorization' means an authorization of ap-

- propriations for activities of the Department of Energy in carrying out programs necessary for national security.
- "(2)(A) Except as provided by subparagraph (B), the term 'minor construction threshold' means \$30,000,000.
- "(B) The Administrator may calculate the amount specified in subparagraph (A) based on fiscal year 2022 constant dollars if the Administrator-
- "(i) submits to the congressional defense committees a report on the method used by the Administrator to calculate the adjustment:
- "(ii) a period of 30 days elapses following the date of such submission; and
- "(iii) publishes the adjusted amount in the Federal Register.

#### "§ 5782. Reprogramming

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection (b) and in sections 5791 and 5792 of this title, the Secretary of Energy may not use amounts appropriated pursuant to a DOE national security authorization for a program—
- "(1) in amounts that exceed, in a fiscal vear—
- "(A) 115 percent of the amount authorized for that program by that authorization for that fiscal year; or
- "(B) \$5,000,000 more than the amount authorized for that program by that authorization for that fiscal year; or
- "(2) which has not been presented to, or requested of, Congress.
- "(b) EXCEPTION WHERE NOTICE-AND-WAIT GIVEN.—An action described in subsection (a) may be taken if—
- "(1) the Secretary submits to the congressional defense committees a report referred to in subsection (c) with respect to such action; and
- "(2) a period of 30 days has elapsed after the date on which such committees receive the report.
- "(c) REPORT.—The report referred to in this subsection is a report containing a full and complete statement of the action proposed to be taken and the facts and circumstances relied upon in support of the proposed action.
- "(d) COMPUTATION OF DAYS.—In the computation of the 30-day period under subsection (b), there shall be excluded any day on which either House of Congress is not in session because of an adjournment of more than three days to a day certain.
  - "(e) LIMITATIONS.—
- "(1) TOTAL AMOUNT OBLIGATED.—In no event may the total amount of funds obligated pursuant to a DOE national security authorization for a fiscal year exceed the total amount authorized to be appropriated by that authorization for that fiscal year.
- "(2) PROHIBITED ITEMS.—Funds appropriated pursuant to a DOE national security authorization may not be used for an item for which Congress has specifically denied funds.

#### "§ 5783. Minor construction projects

- "(a) AUTHORITY.—Using operation and maintenance funds or facilities and infrastructure funds authorized by a DOE national security authorization, the Secretary of Energy may carry out minor construction projects.
- "(b) ANNUAL REPORT.—The Secretary shall submit to the congressional defense committees on an annual basis a report on each excreise of the authority in subsection (a) during the preceding fiscal year. Each report shall provide a brief description of each minor construction project covered by the report. The report shall include with respect to each project the following:
- "(1) The estimated original total project cost and the estimated original date of completion.

- "(2) The percentage of the project that is complete.
- "(3) The current estimated total project cost and estimated date of completion.
- "(c) COST VARIATION REPORTS TO CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—If, at any time during the construction of any minor construction project authorized by a DOE national security authorization, the estimated cost of the project is revised and the revised cost of the project exceeds the minor construction threshold, the Secretary shall immediately submit to the congressional defense committees a report explaining the reasons for the cost variation.
- "(d) NOTIFICATION REQUIRED FOR CERTAIN PROJECTS.—Notwithstanding subsection (a), the Secretary may not start a minor construction project with a total estimated cost of more than \$5,000,000 until—
- "(1) the Secretary notifies the congressional defense committees of such project and total estimated cost; and
- "(2) a period of 15 days has elapsed after the date on which such notification is received
- "(e) MINOR CONSTRUCTION PROJECT DE-FINED.—In this section, the term 'minor construction project' means any plant project not specifically authorized by law for which the approved total estimated cost does not exceed the minor construction threshold.

#### "§ 5784. General plant projects

"Plant or construction projects for which amounts are made available under this and subsequent appropriation Acts with a current estimated cost of less than \$10,000,000 are considered for purposes of section 5783 as a plant project for which the approved total estimated cost does not exceed the minor construction threshold and for purposes of section 5785 as a construction project with a current estimated cost of less than a minor construction threshold.

#### "§ 5785. Limits on construction projects

- "(a) Construction Cost Ceiling.—Except as provided in subsection (b), construction on a construction project which is in support of national security programs of the Department of Energy and was authorized by a DOE national security authorization may not be started, and additional obligations in connection with the project above the total estimated cost may not be incurred, whenever the current estimated cost of the construction project exceeds by more than 25 percent the higher of—
- ``(1) the amount authorized for the project; or
- "(2) the amount of the total estimated cost for the project as shown in the most recent budget justification data submitted to Congress.
- "(b) EXCEPTION WHERE NOTICE-AND-WAIT GIVEN.—An action described in subsection (a) may be taken if—
- "(1) the Secretary of Energy has submitted to the congressional defense committees a report on the actions and the circumstances making such action necessary; and
- "(2) a period of 30 days has elapsed after the date on which the report is received by the committees.
- "(c) COMPUTATION OF DAYS.—In the computation of the 30-day period under subsection (b), there shall be excluded any day on which either House of Congress is not in session because of an adjournment of more than three days to a day certain.
- "(d) EXCEPTION FOR MINOR PROJECTS.—Subsection (a) does not apply to a construction project with a current estimated cost of less than the minor construction threshold.

#### "§ 5786. Fund transfer authority

"(a) TRANSFER TO OTHER FEDERAL AGENCIES.—The Secretary of Energy may transfer

- funds authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy pursuant to a DOE national security authorization to other Federal agencies for the performance of work for which the funds were authorized. Funds so transferred may be merged with and be available for the same purposes and for the same time period as the authorizations of the Federal agency to which the amounts are transferred.
- "(b) Transfer Within Department of Energy —
- "(1) Transfers permitted.—Subject to paragraph (2), the Secretary of Energy may transfer funds authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy pursuant to a DOE national security authorization to any other DOE national security authorization. Amounts of authorizations so transferred may be merged with and be available for the same purposes and for the same period as the authorization to which the amounts are transferred.
- "(2) MAXIMUM AMOUNTS.—Not more than 5 percent of any such authorization may be transferred to another authorization under paragraph (1). No such authorization may be increased or decreased by more than 5 percent by a transfer under such paragraph.
- "(c) LIMITATIONS.—The authority provided by this subsection to transfer authorizations—
- "(1) may be used only to provide funds for items relating to activities necessary for national security programs that have a higher priority than the items from which the funds are transferred; and
- "(2) may not be used to provide funds for an item for which Congress has specifically denied funds.
- "(d) NOTICE TO CONGRESS.—The Secretary of Energy shall promptly notify the congressional defense committees of any transfer of funds to or from any DOE national security authorization.

#### "§ 5787. Conceptual and construction design

- "(a) CONCEPTUAL DESIGN.—
- "(1) REQUIREMENT.—Subject to paragraph (2) and except as provided in paragraph (3), before submitting to Congress a request for funds for a construction project that is in support of a national security program of the Department of Energy, the Secretary of Energy shall complete a conceptual design for that project.
- "(2) REQUESTS FOR CONCEPTUAL DESIGN FUNDS.—If the estimated cost of completing a conceptual design for a construction project exceeds \$5,000,000, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a request for funds for the conceptual design before submitting a request for funds for the construction project.
- "(3) EXCEPTIONS.—The requirement in paragraph (1) does not apply to a request for funds—
- "(A) for a construction project the total estimated cost of which is less than the minor construction threshold; or
- "(B) for emergency planning, design, and construction activities under section 5788.
- "(b) Construction Design.—
- "(1) AUTHORITY.— Within the amounts authorized by a DOE national security authorization, the Secretary may carry out construction design (including architectural and engineering services) in connection with any proposed construction project if the total estimated cost for such design does not exceed \$5,000,000.
- "(2) LIMITATION ON AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS FOR CERTAIN PROJECTS.—If the total estimated cost for construction design in connection with any construction project exceeds \$5,000,000, funds for that design must be specifically authorized by law.

#### "§ 5788. Authority for emergency planning, design, and construction activities

"(a) AUTHORITY.—The Secretary of Energy may use any funds available to the Department of Energy pursuant to a DOE national security authorization, including funds authorized to be appropriated for advance planning, engineering, and construction design, and for plant projects, to perform planning, design, and construction activities for any Department of Energy national security program construction project that, as determined by the Secretary, must proceed expeditiously in order to protect public health and safety, to meet the needs of national defense, or to protect property.

"(b) LIMITATION.—The Secretary may not exercise the authority under subsection (a) in the case of a construction project until the Secretary has submitted to the congressional defense committees a report on the activities that the Secretary intends to carry out under this section and the circumstances making those activities necessary.

"(c) SPECIFIC AUTHORITY.—The requirement of section 5787(b)(2) does not apply to emergency planning, design, and construction activities conducted under this section.

### "\$ 5789. Scope of authority to carry out plant projects

"In carrying out programs necessary for national security, the authority of the Secretary of Energy to carry out plant projects includes authority for maintenance, restoration, planning, construction, acquisition, modification of facilities, and the continuation of projects authorized in prior years, and land acquisition related thereto.

#### "§ 5790. Availability of funds

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection (b), amounts appropriated pursuant to a DOE national security authorization for operation and maintenance or for plant projects may, when so specified in an appropriations Act, remain available until expended.
- "(b) EXCEPTION FOR PROGRAM DIRECTION FUNDS.—Amounts appropriated for program direction pursuant to a DOE national security authorization for a fiscal year shall remain available to be obligated only until the end of that fiscal year.

### "§ 5791. Transfer of defense environmental cleanup funds

- "(a) TRANSFER AUTHORITY FOR DEFENSE ENVIRONMENTAL CLEANUP FUNDS.—The Secretary of Energy shall provide the manager of each field office of the Department of Energy with the authority to transfer defense environmental cleanup funds from a program or project under the jurisdiction of that office to another such program or project.
  - "(b) LIMITATIONS.—
- "(1) NUMBER OF TRANSFERS.—Not more than one transfer may be made to or from any program or project under subsection (a) in a fiscal year.
- "(2) AMOUNTS TRANSFERRED.—The amount transferred to or from a program or project in any one transfer under subsection (a) may not exceed \$5,000,000.
- "(3) DETERMINATION REQUIRED.—A transfer may not be carried out by a manager of a field office under subsection (a) unless the manager determines that the transfer is necessary—
- "(A) to address a risk to health, safety, or the environment; or
- "(B) to assure the most efficient use of defense environmental cleanup funds at the field office.
- "(4) IMPERMISSIBLE USES.—Funds transferred pursuant to subsection (a) may not be used for an item for which Congress has specifically denied funds or for a new program

or project that has not been authorized by Congress.

"(C) EXEMPTION FROM REPROGRAMMING REQUIREMENTS.—The requirements of section 5782 shall not apply to transfers of funds pursuant to subsection (a).

"(d) NOTIFICATION.—The Secretary, acting through the Assistant Secretary of Energy for Environmental Management, shall notify Congress of any transfer of funds pursuant to subsection (a) not later than 30 days after such transfer occurs.

"(e) Definitions.—In this section:

"(1) The term 'program or project' means, with respect to a field office of the Department of Energy, a program or project that is for defense environmental cleanup activities necessary for national security programs of the Department, that is being carried out by that office, and for which defense environmental cleanup funds have been authorized and appropriated.

"(2) The term 'defense environmental cleanup funds' means funds appropriated to the Department of Energy pursuant to an authorization for carrying out defense environmental cleanup activities necessary for national security programs.

#### "§ 5792. Transfer of weapons activities funds

- "(a) Transfer Authority for Weapons Activities Funds.—The Secretary of Energy shall provide the manager of each field office of the Department of Energy with the authority to transfer weapons activities funds from a program or project under the jurisdiction of that office to another such program or project.
  - "(b) LIMITATIONS.—
- "(1) NUMBER OF TRANSFERS.—Not more than one transfer may be made to or from any program or project under subsection (a) in a fiscal year.
- "(2) AMOUNTS TRANSFERRED.—The amount transferred to or from a program or project in any one transfer under subsection (a) may not exceed \$5,000,000.
- "(3) DETERMINATION REQUIRED.—A transfer may not be carried out by a manager of a field office under subsection (a) unless the manager determines that the transfer—
- "(A) is necessary to address a risk to health, safety, or the environment; or
- "(B) will result in cost savings and efficiencies.
- "(4) LIMITATION.—A transfer may not be carried out by a manager of a field office under subsection (a) to cover a cost overrun or scheduling delay for any program or project.
- "(5) IMPERMISSIBLE USES.—Funds transferred pursuant to subsection (a) may not be used for an item for which Congress has specifically denied funds or for a new program or project that has not been authorized by Congress.
- "(c) EXEMPTION FROM REPROGRAMMING RE-QUIREMENTS.—The requirements of section 5782 shall not apply to transfers of funds pursuant to subsection (a).
- "(d) NOTIFICATION.—The Secretary, acting through the Administrator, shall notify Congress of any transfer of funds pursuant to subsection (a) not later than 30 days after such transfer occurs.
  - ``(e) Definitions.—In this section:
- "(1) The term 'program or project' means, with respect to a field office of the Department of Energy, a program or project that is for weapons activities necessary for national security programs of the Department, that is being carried out by that office, and for which weapons activities funds have been authorized and appropriated.
- "(2) The term 'weapons activities funds' means funds appropriated to the Department of Energy pursuant to an authorization for carrying out weapons activities necessary for national security programs.

#### "§ 5793. Funds available for all national security programs of the Department of Energy

"Subject to the provisions of appropriation Acts and section 5782, amounts appropriated pursuant to a DOE national security authorization for management and support activities and for general plant projects are available for use, when necessary, in connection with all national security programs of the Department of Energy.

#### "§ 5794. Notification of cost overruns for certain Department of Energy projects

- "(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF COST AND SCHEDULE BASELINES.—
- "(1) STOCKPILE LIFE EXTENSION AND NEW NUCLEAR WEAPON PROGRAM PROJECTS.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall establish a cost and schedule baseline for each nuclear stockpile life extension or new nuclear weapon program project of the Administration. In addition to the requirement under subparagraph (B), the cost and schedule baseline of a nuclear stockpile life extension or new nuclear weapon program project established under this subparagraph shall be the cost and schedule as described in the first Selected Acquisition Report submitted under section 5635(a) for the project.
- "(B) PER UNIT COST.—The cost baseline developed under subparagraph (A) shall include, with respect to each stockpile life extension or new nuclear weapon program project, an estimated cost for each warhead in the project.
- "(C) NOTIFICATION TO CONGRESSIONAL DEFENSE COMMITTEES.—Not later than 30 days after establishing a cost and schedule baseline under subparagraph (A), the Administrator shall submit the cost and schedule baseline to the congressional defense committees.
- "(2) Major alteration projects.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall establish a cost and schedule baseline for each major alteration project.
- "(B) PER UNIT COST.—The cost baseline developed under subparagraph (A) shall include, with respect to each major alteration project, an estimated cost for each warhead in the project.
- "(C) NOTIFICATION TO CONGRESSIONAL DE-FENSE COMMITTEES.—Not later than 30 days after establishing a cost and schedule baseline under subparagraph (A), the Administrator shall submit the cost and schedule baseline to the congressional defense committees.
- "(D) MAJOR ALTERATION PROJECT DE-FINED.—In this paragraph, the term "major alteration project" means a nuclear weapon system alteration project of the Administration the cost of which exceeds \$800,000,000.
- "(3) DEFENSE-FUNDED CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Energy shall establish a cost and schedule baseline under the project management protocols of the Department of Energy for each construction project that is—
- "(i) in excess of \$65,000,000; and
- "(ii) carried out by the Department using funds authorized to be appropriated for a fiscal year pursuant to a DOE national security authorization.
- "(B) NOTIFICATION TO CONGRESSIONAL DEFENSE COMMITTEES.—Not later than 30 days after establishing a cost and schedule baseline under subparagraph (A), the Secretary shall submit the cost and schedule baseline to the congressional defense committees.
- "(4) Defense environmental cleanup projects.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall establish a cost and schedule baseline under the project management protocols of the Department of Energy for each defense environmental cleanup project that is—

- "(i) in excess of \$65,000,000; and
- "(ii) carried out by the Department pursuant to such protocols.
- "(B) NOTIFICATION TO CONGRESSIONAL DEFENSE COMMITTEES.—Not later than 30 days after establishing a cost and schedule baseline under subparagraph (A), the Secretary shall submit the cost and schedule baseline to the congressional defense committees.
- "(b) Notification of Costs Exceeding Baseline.—The Administrator or the Secretary, as applicable, shall notify the congressional defense committees not later than 30 days after determining that—
- "(1) the total cost for a project referred to in paragraph (1), (2), (3), or (4) of subsection (a) will exceed an amount that is equal to 125 percent of the cost baseline established under subsection (a) for that project; and
- "(2) in the case of a stockpile life extension or new nuclear weapon program project referred to in subsection (a)(1) or a major alteration project referred to in subsection (a)(2), the cost for any warhead in the project will exceed an amount that is equal to 150 percent of the cost baseline established under subsection (a)(1)(B) or (a)(2)(B), as applicable, for each warhead in that project.
- "(c) NOTIFICATION OF DETERMINATION WITH RESPECT TO TERMINATION OR CONTINUATION OF PROJECTS AND ROOT CAUSE ANALYSES.—
  Not later than 90 days after submitting a notification under subsection (b) with respect to a project, the Administrator or the Secretary, as applicable, shall—
- "(1) notify the congressional defense committees with respect to whether the project will be terminated or continued;
- "(2) if the project will be continued, certify to the congressional defense committees that—
- "(A) a revised cost and schedule baseline has been established for the project and, in the case of a stockpile life extension or new nuclear weapon program project referred to in subparagraph (A) or (B) of subsection (a)(1) or a major alteration project referred to in subsection (a)(2), a revised estimate of the cost for each warhead in the project has been made:
- "(B) the continuation of the project is necessary to the mission of the Department of Energy and there is no alternative to the project that would meet the requirements of that mission; and
- "(C) a management structure is in place adequate to manage and control the cost and schedule of the project; and
- "(3) submit to the congressional defense committees an assessment of the root cause or causes of the growth in the total cost of the project, including the contribution of any shortcomings in cost, schedule, or performance of the program, including the role, if any, of—
- "(A) unrealistic performance expectations; "(B) unrealistic baseline estimates for cost or schedule:
- "(C) immature technologies or excessive manufacturing or integration risk;
- "(D) unanticipated design, engineering, manufacturing, or technology integration issues arising during program performance:
- "(E) changes in procurement quantities:
- ``(F) inadequate program funding or funding instability;
- "(G) poor performance by personnel of the Federal Government or contractor personnel responsible for program management; or
  - "(H) any other matters.
- "(d) APPLICABILITY OF REQUIREMENTS TO REVISED COST AND SCHEDULE BASELINES.—A revised cost and schedule baseline established under subsection (c) shall—
- "(1) be submitted to the congressional defense committees with the certification submitted under subsection (c)(2); and

"(2) be subject to the notification requirements of subsections (b) and (c) in the same manner and to the same extent as a cost and schedule baseline established under subsection (a).

### "\$ 5795. Life-cycle cost estimates of certain atomic energy defense capital assets

"(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Energy shall ensure that an independent life-cycle cost estimate under Department of Energy Order 413.3B (relating to program management and project management for the acquisition of capital assets), or a successor order, of each capital asset described in subsection (b) is conducted before the asset achieves critical decision 2 in the acquisition process.

"(b) Capital Assets Described.—A capital asset described in this subsection is an atomic energy defense capital asset—

"(1) the total project cost of which exceeds \$100,000,000; and

"(2) the purpose of which is to perform a limited-life, single-purpose mission.

"(c) INDEPENDENT DEFINED.—For purposes of subsection (a), the term 'independent', with respect to a life-cycle cost estimate of a capital asset, means that the life-cycle cost estimate is prepared by an organization independent of the project sponsor, using the same detailed technical and procurement information as the sponsor, to determine if the life-cycle cost estimate of the sponsor is accurate and reasonable.

# "\$ 5796. Use of best practices for capital asset projects and nuclear weapon life extension programs

"(a) ANALYSES OF ALTERNATIVES.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114–92; 129 Stat. 726), the Secretary of Energy, in coordination with the Administrator, shall ensure that analyses of alternatives are conducted (including through contractors, as appropriate) in accordance with best practices for capital asset projects and life extension programs of the Administration and capital asset projects relating to defense environmental management.

"(b) Cost Estimates.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of such Act, the Secretary, in coordination with the Administrator, shall develop cost estimates in accordance with cost estimating best practices for capital asset projects and life extension programs of the Administration and capital asset projects relating to defense environmental management.

"(c) REVISIONS TO DEPARTMENTAL PROJECT MANAGEMENT ORDER AND NUCLEAR WEAPON LIFE EXTENSION REQUIREMENTS.—As soon as practicable after the date of the enactment of such Act, but not later than two years after such date of enactment, the Secretary shall revise—

"(1) the capital asset project management order of the Department of Energy to require the use of best practices for preparing cost estimates and for conducting analyses of alternatives for Administration and defense environmental management capital asset projects; and

"(2) the nuclear weapon life extension program procedures of the Department to require the use of best practices for preparing cost estimates and conducting analyses of alternatives for Administration life extension programs.

#### "§ 5797. Matters relating to critical decisions

"(a) Post-critical Decision 2 Changes.— After the date on which a plant project specifically authorized by law and carried out under Department of Energy Order 413.3B (relating to program management and project management for the acquisition of capital assets), or a successor order, achieves critical decision 2, the Administrator may not change the requirements for such project if such change increases the cost of such project by more than the lesser of \$5,000,000 or 15 percent, unless—

``(1) the Administrator submits to the congressional defense committees—

"(A) a certification that the Administrator, without delegation, authorizes such proposed change; and

"(B) a cost-benefit and risk analysis of such proposed change, including with respect to—

"(i) the effects of such proposed change on the project cost and schedule; and

"(ii) any mission risks and operational risks from making such change or not making such change; and

"(2) a period of 15 days elapses following the date of such submission.

"(b) REVIEW AND APPROVAL.—The Administrator shall ensure that critical decision packages are timely reviewed and either approved or disapproved.

#### "§ 5798. Unfunded priorities of the Administration

"(a) ANNUAL REPORT OR CERTIFICATION.— Not later than 10 days after the date on which the budget of the President for a fiscal year is submitted to Congress pursuant to section 1105(a) of title 31, the Administrator shall submit to the Secretary of Energy and the congressional defense committees either—

"(1) a report on the unfunded priorities of the Administration; or

"(2) if the Administrator determines that there are no unfunded priorities to include in such a report, a certification and explanation by the Administrator, without delegation, of the determination.

"(b) ELEMENTS.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Each report under subsection (a)(1) shall specify, for each unfunded priority covered by the report, the following:

"(A) A summary description of that priority, including the objectives to be achieved or the risk to be mitigated if that priority is funded (whether in whole or in part).

"(B) The additional amount of funds recommended in connection with the objectives or risk mitigation under subparagraph (A).

"(C) Account information with respect to that priority.

"(2) PRIORITIZATION OF PRIORITIES.—Each report under subsection (a)(1) shall present the unfunded priorities covered by the report in order of urgency of priority.

"(c) Unfunded Priority Defined.—In this section, the term 'unfunded priority', in the case of a fiscal year, means a program, activity, or mission requirement that—

"(1) is not funded in the budget of the President for that fiscal year as submitted to Congress pursuant to section 1105(a) of title 31:

"(2) is necessary to address a requirement associated with the mission of the Administration; and

"(3) would have been recommended for funding through the budget referred to in paragraph (1) by the Administrator—

"(A) if additional resources were available for the budget to fund the program, activity, or mission requirement; or

"(B) in the case of a program, activity, or mission requirement that emerged after the budget was formulated, if the program, activity, or mission requirement had emerged before the budget was formulated.

#### "\$ 5799. Review of adequacy of nuclear weapons budget

"(a) REVIEW OF ADEQUACY OF ADMINISTRA-TION BUDGET BY NUCLEAR WEAPONS COUN-CIL.—

"(1) TRANSMISSION TO COUNCIL.—The Secretary of Energy shall transmit to the Nu-

clear Weapons Council (in this section referred to as the 'Council') a copy of the proposed budget request of the Administration for each fiscal year before that budget request is submitted to the Director of the Office of Management and Budget in relation to the preparation of the budget of the President to be submitted to Congress under section 1105(a) of title 31.

``(2) REVIEW.—The Council shall review each budget request transmitted to the Council under paragraph (1) in accordance with section 179(f).

"(3) DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY RESPONSE.-

"(A) In GENERAL.—If the Council submits to the Secretary of Energy a written description under section 179(f)(2)(B)(i) with respect to the budget request of the Administration for a fiscal year, the Secretary shall include as an appendix to the budget request submitted to the Director of the Office of Management and Budget—

"(i) the funding levels and initiatives identified in that description; and

"(ii) any additional comments the Secretary considers appropriate.

"(B) Transmission to congress.—The Secretary of Energy shall transmit to Congress, with the budget justification materials submitted in support of the Department of Energy budget for a fiscal year (as submitted with the budget of the President under section 1105(a) of title 31), a copy of the appendix described in subparagraph (A).

"(b) REVIEW AND CERTIFICATION OF DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY BUDGET BY NUCLEAR WEAPONS COUNCIL.—At the time the Secretary of Energy submits the budget request of the Department of Energy for that fiscal year to the Director of the Office of Management and Budget in relation to the preparation of the budget of the President, the Secretary shall transmit a copy of the budget request of the Department to the Council.

#### "§ 5800. Improvements to cost estimates informing analyses of alternatives

"(a) REQUIREMENT FOR ANALYSES OF ALTERNATIVES.—The Administrator shall ensure that any cost estimate used in an analysis of alternatives for a project carried out using funds authorized by a DOE national security authorization is designed to fully satisfy the requirements outlined in the mission needs statement approved at critical decision 0 in the acquisition process, as set forth in Department of Energy Order 413.3B (relating to program management and project management for the acquisition of capital assets) or a successor order.

"(b) USE OF PROJECT ENGINEERING AND DESIGN FUNDS.—In the case of a project the total estimated cost of which exceeds \$500,000,000 and that has not reached critical decision 1 in the acquisition process, the Administrator may use funds authorized by a DOE national security authorization for project engineering and design to begin the development of a conceptual design to facilitate the development of a cost estimate for the project during the analysis of alternatives for the project if—

"(1) the Administrator—

"(A) determines that such use of funds would improve the quality of the cost estimate for the project; and

"(B) notifies the congressional defense committees of that determination; and

"(2) a period of 15 days has elapsed after the date on which such committees receive the notification.

#### "PART B—PENALTIES

#### "§ 5801. Restriction on use of funds to pay penalties under environmental laws

"(a) RESTRICTION.—Funds appropriated to the Department of Energy for the Naval Nuclear Propulsion Program or the nuclear weapons programs or other atomic energy defense activities of the Department of Energy may not be used to pay a penalty, fine, or forfeiture in regard to a defense activity or facility of the Department of Energy due to a failure to comply with any environmental requirement.

- "(b) EXCEPTION.—Subsection (a) shall not apply with respect to an environmental requirement if—
- "(1) the President fails to request funds for compliance with the environmental requirement; or
- "(2) Congress has appropriated funds for such purpose (and such funds have not been sequestered, deferred, or rescinded) and the Secretary of Energy fails to use the funds for such purpose.

#### "§ 5802. Restriction on use of funds to pay penalties under Clean Air Act

"None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by the Department of Energy National Security and Military Applications of Nuclear Energy Authorization Act of 1981 (Public Law 96–540; 94 Stat. 3197) or any other Act may be used to pay any penalty, fine, forfeiture, or settlement resulting from a failure to comply with the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.) with respect to any defense activity of the Department of Energy if—

- "(1) the Secretary finds that compliance is physically impossible within the time prescribed for compliance; or
- "(2) the President has specifically requested appropriations for compliance and Congress has failed to appropriate funds for such purpose.

#### "PART C-OTHER MATTERS

### "§ 5811. Reports on financial balances for atomic energy defense activities

"(a) REPORTS REQUIRED.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Concurrent with the submission of the budget justification materials submitted to Congress in support of the budget of the President for a fiscal year (submitted to Congress pursuant to section 1105(a) of title 31), the Secretary of Energy shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the financial balances for each atomic energy defense program.
- "(2) PRESENTATION OF INFORMATION.—In each report required by paragraph (1), the Secretary shall—
- "(A) present information on the financial balances for each atomic energy defense program at the budget control levels used in the report accompanying the most current Act appropriating funds for energy and water development: and
- "(B) present financial balances in connection with funding under recurring DOE national security authorizations (as defined in section 5781) separately from balances in connection with funding under any other provision of law.
  - "(b) Elements.—
- "(1) FORMAT.—Each report required by subsection (a) shall—
- "(A) be divided into two parts, as specified in paragraphs (2) and (3); and
- "(B) set forth the information required by those paragraphs in summary form and by fiscal year.
- "(2) PART 1.—The first part of the report required by subsection (a) shall set forth, for each atomic energy defense program, the following information, as of the end of the most recently completed fiscal year:
- "(A) The balance of any unobligated funds and an explanation for why those funds are unobligated.
  - "(B) The total funds available to cost.
  - "(C) The total balance of costed funds.
  - "(D) The total balance of uncosted funds.

- "(E) The threshold for the balance of uncosted funds, stated in dollars.
- "(F) The amount of any balance of uncosted funds that is over or under that threshold and, in the case of a balance over that threshold, an explanation for why the balance is over that threshold.
- "(G) The total balance of encumbered, uncosted funds.
- "(H) The total balance of unencumbered, uncosted funds.
- "(I) The amount of any balance of unencumbered, uncosted funds that is over or under the threshold described in subparagraph (E) and, in the case of a balance over that threshold, an explanation for why the balance is over that threshold.
- "(3) PART 2.—The second part of the report required by subsection (a) shall set forth, for each atomic energy defense program, the following information:
- "(A) The balance of any unobligated funds, as of the end of the first quarter of the current fiscal year.
- "(B) The total balance of uncosted funds, as of the end of the first quarter of the current fiscal year.
  - "(C) Unalloted budget authority.
  - "(c) Definitions.—In this section:
- "(1) COSTED.—The term 'costed', with respect to funds, means the funds have been obligated to a contract and goods or services have been received from the contractor in exchange for the funds.
- "(2) ENCUMBERED.—The term 'encumbered', with respect to funds, means the funds have been obligated to a contract and are being held for a specific known purpose by the contractor.
- "(3) UNCOSTED.—The term 'uncosted', with respect to funds, means the funds have been obligated to a contract and goods or services have not been received from the contractor in exchange for the funds.
- "(4) UNENCUMBERED.—The term 'unencumbered', with respect to funds, means the funds have been obligated to a contract and are not being held for a specific known purpose by the contractor.
- "(5) THRESHOLD.—The term 'threshold' means a benchmark over which a balance carried over at the end of a fiscal year should be given greater scrutiny by Congress.
- ''(6) TOTAL FUNDS AVAILABLE TO COST.—The term 'total funds available to cost' means the sum of—
- "(A) total uncosted obligations from prior fiscal years:
- "(B) current fiscal year obligations; and (C) current fiscal year deobligations.

### "§ 5812. Independent acquisition project reviews of capital assets acquisition projects

- "(a) REVIEWS.—The appropriate head shall ensure that an independent entity conducts reviews of each capital assets acquisition project as the project moves toward the approval of each of critical decision 0, critical decision 1, and critical decision 2 in the acquisition process.
- "(b) PRE-CRITICAL DECISION 1 REVIEWS.—In addition to any other matters, with respect to each review of a capital assets acquisition project under subsection (a) that has not reached critical decision 1 approval in the acquisition process, such review shall include—
- "(1) a review using best practices of the analysis of alternatives for the project; and
- "(2) identification of any deficiencies in such analysis of alternatives for the appropriate head to address.
- "(c) INDEPENDENT ENTITIES.—The appropriate head shall ensure that each review of a capital assets acquisition project under subsection (a) is conducted by an independent entity with the appropriate expertise with respect to the project and the stage in the acquisition process of the project.

- "(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- "(1) The term 'acquisition process' means the acquisition process for a project, as defined in Department of Energy Order 413.3B (relating to project management and project management for the acquisition of capital assets), or a successor order.
  - "(2) The term 'appropriate head' means—
- "(A) the Administrator, with respect to capital assets acquisition projects of the Administration; and
- "(B) the Assistant Secretary of Energy for Environmental Management, with respect to capital assets acquisition projects of the Office of Environmental Management.
- "(3) The term 'capital assets acquisition project' means a project—
- "(A) the total project cost of which is more than \$500,000,000; and
- "(B) that is covered by Department of Energy Order 413.3B, or a successor order, for the acquisition of capital assets for atomic energy defense activities.
- "SUBCHAPTER VIII—ADMINISTRATIVE MATTERS

#### "PART A—CONTRACTS

#### "§ 5821. Costs not allowed under covered contracts

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The following costs are not allowable under a covered contract:
- "(1) Costs of entertainment, including amusement, diversion, and social activities and any costs directly associated with such costs (such as tickets to shows or sports events, meals, lodging, rentals, transportation, and gratuities).
- "(2) Costs incurred to influence (directly or indirectly) legislative action on any matter pending before Congress or a State legislature.
- "(3) Costs incurred in defense of any civil or criminal fraud proceeding or similar proceeding (including filing of any false certification) brought by the United States where the contractor is found liable or has pleaded nolo contendere to a charge of fraud or similar proceeding (including filing of false certification).
- "(4) Payments of fines and penalties resulting from violations of, or failure to comply with, Federal, State, local, or foreign laws and regulations, except when incurred as a result of compliance with specific terms and conditions of the contract or specific written instructions from the contracting officer authorizing in advance such payments in accordance with applicable regulations of the Secretary of Energy.
- "(5) Costs of membership in any social, dining, or country club or organization.
  - "(6) Costs of alcoholic beverages.
- "(7) Contributions or donations, regardless of the recipient.
- "(8) Costs of advertising designed to promote the contractor or its products.
- "(9) Costs of promotional items and memorabilia, including models, gifts, and souvenirs.
- "(10) Costs for travel by commercial aircraft or by travel by other than common carrier that is not necessary for the performance of the contract and the cost of which exceeds the amount of the standard commercial fare.
- "(b) REGULATIONS; COSTS OF INFORMATION PROVIDED TO CONGRESS OR STATE LEGISLATURES AND RELATED COSTS.—
- "(1) Not later than 150 days after November 8, 1985, the Secretary of Energy shall prescribe regulations to implement this section. Such regulations may establish appropriate definitions, exclusions, limitations, and qualifications. Such regulations shall be published in accordance with section 1707 of title 41.
- "(2) In any regulations implementing subsection (a)(2), the Secretary may not treat as

not allowable (by reason of such subsection) the following costs of a contractor:

"(A) Costs of providing to Congress or a State legislature, in response to a request from Congress or a State legislature, information of a factual, technical, or scientific nature, or advice of experts, with respect to topics directly related to the performance of the contract.

"(B) Costs for transportation, lodging, or meals incurred for the purpose of providing such information or advice.

"(c) COVERED CONTRACT DEFINED.—In this section, the term covered contract means a contract for an amount more than \$100,000 entered into by the Secretary of Energy obligating funds appropriated for national security programs of the Department of Energy.

"(d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—Subsection (a) shall apply with respect to costs incurred under a covered contract on or after 30 days after the regulations required by subsection (b) are issued.

#### "§ 5822. Prohibition and report on bonuses to contractors operating defense nuclear facilities

"(a) PROHIBITION.—The Secretary of Energy may not provide any bonuses, award fees, or other form of performance- or production-based awards to a contractor operating a Department of Energy defense nuclear facility unless, in evaluating the performance or production under the contract, the Secretary considers the contractor's compliance with all applicable environmental, safety, and health statutes, regulations, and practices for determining both the size of, and the contractor's qualification for, such bonus, award fee, or other award. The prohibition in this subsection applies with respect to contracts entered into, or contract options exercised, after November 29, 1989.

"(b) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary of Energy shall promulgate regulations to implement subsection (a) not later than March 1, 1990.

### "§ 5823. Assessments of emergency preparedness of defense nuclear facilities

"The Secretary of Energy shall include, in each award-fee evaluation conducted under section 16.401 of title 48, Code of Federal Regulations, of a management and operating contract for a Department of Energy defense nuclear facility in 2016 or any even-numbered year thereafter, an assessment of the adequacy of the emergency preparedness of that facility, including an assessment of the seniority level of management and operating contractor employees that participate in emergency preparedness exercises at that facility.

#### "§ 5824. Contractor liability for injury or loss of property arising out of atomic weapons testing programs

"(a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the 'Atomic Energy Testing Liability Act'.

"(b) FEDERAL REMEDIES APPLICABLE; EXCLUSIVENESS OF REMEDIES.—

"(1) REMEDY.—The remedy against the United States provided by sections 1346(b) and 2672 of title 28, or by chapter 309 or 311 of title 46, as appropriate, for injury, loss of property, personal injury, or death shall apply to any civil action for injury, loss of property, personal injury, or death due to exposure to radiation based on acts or omissions by a contractor in carrying out an atomic weapons testing program under a contract with the United States.

"(2) EXCLUSIVITY.—The remedies referred to in paragraph (1) shall be exclusive of any other civil action or proceeding for the purpose of determining civil liability arising from any act or omission of the contractor

without regard to when the act or omission occurred. The employees of a contractor referred to in paragraph (1) shall be considered to be employees of the Federal Government, as provided in section 2671 of title 28, for the purposes of any such civil action or proceeding; and the civil action or proceeding; and the civil action or proceeding shall proceed in the same manner as any action against the United States filed pursuant to section 1346(b) of such title and shall be subject to the limitations and exceptions applicable to those actions.

(c) Procedure.—A contractor whom a civil action or proceeding described in subsection (b) is brought shall promptly deliver all processes served upon that contractor to the Attorney General of the United States. Upon certification by the Attorney General that the suit against the contractor is within the provisions of subsection (b), a civil action or proceeding commenced in a State court shall be removed without bond at any time before trial by the Attornev General to the district court of the United States for the district and division embracing the place wherein it is pending and the proceedings shall be deemed a tort action brought against the United States under the provisions of section 1346(b), 2401(b). or 2402, or sections 2671 through 2680 of title 28. For purposes of removal, the certification by the Attorney General under this subsection establishes contractor status conclusively.

"(d) ACTIONS COVERED.—The provisions of this section shall apply to any action, within the provisions of subsection (b), which is pending on November 5, 1990, or commenced on or after such date. Notwithstanding section 2401(b) of title 28, if a civil action or proceeding to which this section applies is pending on November 5, 1990, and is dismissed because the plaintiff in such action or proceeding did not file an administrative claim as required by section 2672 of that title, the plaintiff in that action or proceeding shall have 30 days from the date of the dismissal or two years from the date upon which the claim accrued, whichever is later, to file an administrative claim, and any claim or subsequent civil action or proceeding shall thereafter be subject to the provisions of section 2401(b) of title 28.

(e) Contractor Defined.—For purposes of this section, the term 'contractor' includes a contractor or cost reimbursement subcontractor of any tier participating in the conduct of the United States atomic weapons testing program for the Department of Energy (or its predecessor agencies, including the Manhattan Engineer District, the Atomic Energy Commission, and the Energy Research and Development Administration). Such term also includes facilities which conduct or have conducted research concerning health effects of ionizing radiation in connection with the testing under contract with the Department of Energy (or any of its predecessor agencies).

#### "§ 5825. Notice-and-wait requirement applicable to certain third-party financing arrangements

"(a) NOTICE-AND-WAIT REQUIREMENT.—The Secretary of Energy may not enter into an arrangement described in subsection (b) until 30 days after the date on which the Secretary notifies the congressional defense committees in writing of the proposed arrangement.

"(b) COVERED ARRANGEMENTS.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), an arrangement referred to in subsection (a) is any alternative financing arrangement, third-party financing arrangement, public-private partnership, privatization arrangement, private capital arrangement, or other financing arrangement that—

"(A) is entered into in connection with a project conducted using funds authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy to carry out programs necessary for national security; and

"(B) involves a contractor or Federal agency obtaining and charging to the Department of Energy as an allowable cost under a contract the use of office space, facilities, or other real property assets with a value of at least \$5.000.000.

"(2) EXCEPTION.—An arrangement referred to in subsection (a) does not include an arrangement that—

"(A) involves the Department of Energy or a contractor acquiring or entering into a capital lease for office space, facilities, or other real property assets; or

"(B) is entered into in connection with a capital improvement project undertaken as part of an energy savings performance contract under section 801 of the National Energy Conservation Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 8287)

### "§ 5826. Publication of contractor performance evaluations leading to award fees

"(a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall take appropriate actions to make available to the public, to the maximum extent practicable, contractor performance evaluations conducted by the Administration of management and operating contractors of the nuclear security enterprise that results in the award of an award fee to the contractor concerned.

"(b) FORMAT.—Performance evaluations shall be made public under this section in a common format that facilitates comparisons of performance evaluations between and among similar management and operating contracts.

contracts.

### "§ 5827. Enhanced procurement authority to manage supply chain risk

"(a) AUTHORITY.—Subject to subsection (b), the Secretary of Energy may—

"(1) carry out a covered procurement action or special exclusion action; and

"(2) notwithstanding any other provision of law, limit, in whole or in part, the disclosure of information relating to the basis for carrying out a covered procurement action or special exclusion action.

"(b) REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary may exercise the authority under subsection (a) only after—

"(1) obtaining a risk assessment that demonstrates that there is a significant supply

chain risk to a covered system;
"(2) making a determination in writing, in
unclassified or classified form, that—

"(A) the use of the authority under subsection (a) is necessary to protect national security by reducing supply chain risk;

"(B) less restrictive measures are not reasonably available to reduce the supply chain risk: and

"(C) in a case in which the Secretary plans to limit disclosure of information under subsection (a)(2), the risk to national security of the disclosure of the information outweighs the risk of not disclosing the information; and

"(3) submitting to the appropriate congressional committees, not later than seven days after the date on which the Secretary makes the determination under paragraph (2), a notice of such determination, in classified or unclassified form, that includes—

"(A) the information required by section 3304(e)(2)(A) of title 41;

"(B) a summary of the risk assessment required under paragraph (1); and

"(C) a summary of the basis for the determination, including a discussion of less restrictive measures that were considered and why such measures were not reasonably available to reduce supply chain risk.

- "(c) NOTIFICATIONS.—If the Secretary has exercised the authority under subsection (a), the Secretary shall—
- "(1) notify appropriate parties of the covered procurement action or special exclusion action and the basis for the action only to the extent necessary to carry out the covered procurement action or special exclusion action:
- "(2) notify other Federal agencies responsible for procurement that may be subject to the same or similar supply chain risk, in a manner and to the extent consistent with the requirements of national security; and
- "(3) ensure the confidentiality of any notifications under paragraph (1) or (2).
- "(d) LIMITATION OF REVIEW.—No action taken by the Secretary under the authority under subsection (a) shall be subject to review in any Federal court.
- "(e) DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY.—The Secretary may delegate the authority under this section to—
- ``(1) in the case of the Administration, the Administrator; and
- "(2) in the case of any other component of the Department of Energy, the Senior Procurement Executive of the Department.
- "(f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- "(1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term 'appropriate congressional committees' means—
- "(A) the congressional defense committees; and
- "(B) the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives.
- "(2) COVERED ITEM OF SUPPLY.—The term 'covered item of supply' means an item—
- "(A) that is purchased for inclusion in a covered system; and
- "(B) the loss of integrity of which could result in a supply chain risk for a covered system.
- "(3) COVERED PROCUREMENT.—The term 'covered procurement' means the following:
- "(A) A source selection for a covered system or a covered item of supply involving either a performance specification, as described in subsection (a)(3)(B) of section 3306 of title 41, or an evaluation factor, as described in subsection (b)(1) of such section, relating to supply chain risk.
- "(B) The consideration of proposals for and issuance of a task or delivery order for a covered system or a covered item of supply, as provided in section 4106(d)(3) of title 41, where the task or delivery order contract concerned includes a contract clause establishing a requirement relating to supply chain risk.
- "(C) Any contract action involving a contract for a covered system or a covered item of supply if the contract includes a clause establishing requirements relating to supply chain risk.
- "(4) COVERED PROCUREMENT ACTION.—The term 'covered procurement action' means, with respect to an action that occurs in the course of conducting a covered procurement, any of the following:
- "(A) The exclusion of a source that fails to meet qualification requirements established pursuant to section 3311 of title 41 for the purpose of reducing supply chain risk in the acquisition of covered systems.
- '(B) The exclusion of a source that fails to achieve an acceptable rating with regard to an evaluation factor providing for the consideration of supply chain risk in the evaluation of proposals for the award of a contract or the issuance of a task or delivery order.
- "(C) The withholding of consent for a contractor to subcontract with a particular source or the direction to a contractor for a covered system to exclude a particular

- source from consideration for a subcontract under the contract.
- "(5) COVERED SYSTEM.—The term 'covered system' means the following:
- "(A) National security systems (as defined in section 3552(b) of title 44) and components of such systems.
- "(B) Nuclear weapons and components of nuclear weapons.
- "(C) Items associated with the design, development, production, and maintenance of nuclear weapons or components of nuclear weapons.
- "(D) Items associated with the surveillance of the nuclear weapon stockpile.
- "(E) Items associated with the design and development of nonproliferation and counterproliferation programs and systems.
- "(6) SPECIAL EXCLUSION ACTION.—The term 'special exclusion action' means an action to prohibit, for a period not to exceed two years, the award of any contracts or subcontracts by the Administration or any other component of the Department of Energy related to any covered system to a source the Secretary determines to represent a supply chain risk.
- "(7) SUPPLY CHAIN RISK.—The term 'supply chain risk' means the risk that an adversary may sabotage, maliciously introduce unwanted function, or otherwise subvert the design, integrity, manufacturing, production, distribution, installation, operation, or maintenance of a covered system or covered item of supply so as to surveil, deny, disrupt, or otherwise degrade the function, use, or operation of the system or item of supply.
- "(g) TERMINATION.—The authority under this section shall terminate on December 31, 2028.

### "§ 5828. Cost-benefit analyses for competition of management and operating contracts

- "(a) BRIEFINGS ON REQUESTS FOR PRO-POSALS.—Not later than 7 days after issuing a request for proposals for a contract to manage and operate a facility of the Administration, the Administrator shall brief the congressional defense committees on the preliminary assessment of the Administrator of the costs and benefits of the competition for the contract, including a preliminary assessment of the matters described in subsection (c) with respect to the contract.
- "(b) REPORTS AFTER TRANSITION TO NEW CONTRACTS.—If the Administrator awards a new contract to manage and operate a facility of the Administration, the Administrator shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report that includes the matters described in subsection (c) with respect to the contract by not later than 30 days after the completion of the period required to transition to the contract.
- "(c) MATTERS DESCRIBED.—The matters described in this subsection, with respect to a contract, are the following:
- "(1) A clear and complete description of the cost savings the Administrator expects to result from the competition for the contract over the life of the contract, including associated analyses, assumptions, and information sources used to determine such expected cost savings.
- "(2) A description of any key limitations or uncertainties that could affect such costs savings, including costs savings that are anticipated but not fully known.
- "(3) The costs of the competition for the contract, including the immediate costs of conducting the competition, the costs of the transition to the contract from the previous contract, and any increased costs over the life of the contract.
- "(4) A description of any disruptions or delays in mission activities or deliverables resulting from the competition for the contract.

- "(5) A clear and complete description of the benefits expected by the Administrator with respect to mission performance or operations resulting from the competition.
- "(6) How the competition for the contract complied with the Federal Acquisition Regulation regarding Federally funded research and development centers, if applicable.
- "(7) The factors considered and processes used by the Administrator to determine—
- "(A) whether to compete or extend the previous contract; and
- "(B) which activities at the facility should be covered under the contract rather than under a different contract.
- "(8) With respect to the matters included under paragraphs (1) through (7), a detailed description of the analyses conducted by the Administrator to reach the conclusions presented in the report, including any assumptions, limitations, and uncertainties relating to such conclusions.
- "(9) Any other matters the Administrator considers appropriate.
- "(d) Information Quality.—Each briefing required by subsection (a) and report required by subsection (b) shall be prepared in accordance with—
- "(1) the information quality guidelines of the Department of Energy that are relevant to the clear and complete presentation of the matters described in subsection (c); and
- "(2) best practices of the Government Accountability Office and relevant industries for cost estimating, if appropriate.
- "(e) REVIEW OF REPORTS BY COMPTROLLER GENERAL OF THE UNITED STATES.—
- "(1) DETERMINATION.—The Comptroller General of the United States shall determine, in consultation with the congressional defense committees, whether to conduct an initial review, a comprehensive review, or both, of a report required by subsection (b).
- "(2) INITIAL REVIEW.—The Comptroller General shall provide any initial review of a report required by subsection (b) as a briefing to the congressional defense committees not later than 180 days after that report is submitted to the congressional defense committees.
  - "(3) COMPREHENSIVE REVIEW.—
- "(A) SUBMISSION.—The Comptroller General shall submit any comprehensive review of a report required by subsection (b) to the congressional defense committees not later than 3 years after that report is submitted to the congressional defense committees.
- "(B) ELEMENTS.—A comprehensive review of a report required by subsection (b) shall include an assessment, based on the most current information available, of the following:
- "(i) The actual cost savings achieved compared to cost savings estimated under subsection (c)(1), and any increased costs incurred under the contract that were unexpected or uncertain at the time the contract was awarded.
- "(ii) Any disruptions or delays in mission activities or deliverables resulting from the competition for the contract compared to the disruptions and delays estimated under subsection (c)(4).
- "(iii) Whether expected benefits of the competition with respect to mission performance or operations have been achieved.
- "(iv) Such other matters as the Comptroller General considers appropriate.
- "(f) Applicability.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The requirements for briefings under subsection (a) and reports under subsection (b) shall apply with respect to requests for proposals issued or contracts awarded, as applicable, by the Administrator during fiscal years 2019 through 2032.
- "(2) NAVAL REACTORS.—The requirements for briefings under subsection (a) and reports

under subsection (b) shall not apply with respect to a management and operations contract for a Naval Reactor facility.

#### "PART B—RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT "§ 5831. Laboratory-directed research and development programs

"(a) AUTHORITY.—Government-owned, contractor-operated laboratories that are funded out of funds available to the Department of Energy for national security programs are authorized to carry out laboratory-directed research and development.

"(b) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary of Energy shall prescribe regulations for the conduct of laboratory-directed research and development at such laboratories.

"(c) FUNDING.—Of the funds provided by the Department of Energy to a national security laboratory for national security activities, the Secretary shall provide a specific amount, of not less than 5 percent and not more than 7 percent of such funds, to be used by the laboratory for laboratory-directed research and development.

"'(d) LABORATORY-DIRECTED RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT DEFINED.—For purposes of this section, the term 'laboratory-directed research and development' means research and development work of a creative and innovative nature which, under the regulations prescribed pursuant to subsection (b), is selected by the director of a laboratory for the purpose of maintaining the vitality of the laboratory in defense-related scientific disciplines.

### "§ 5832. Laboratory-directed research and development

" Of the funds made available by the Department of Energy for activities at government-owned. contractor-operated laboratories funded in this Act or subsequent Energy and Water Development Appropriations Acts, the Secretary may authorize a specific amount, not to exceed 8 percent of such funds, to be used by such laboratories for laboratory directed research and development: Provided, That the Secretary may also authorize a specific amount not to exceed 4 percent of such funds, to be used by the plant manager of a covered nuclear weapons production plant or the manager of the Nevada Site Office for plant or site directed research and development: Provided further, That notwithstanding Department of Energy order 413.2A, dated January 8, 2001, beginning in fiscal year 2006 and thereafter, all DOE laboratories may be eligible for laboratory directed research and development funding.

#### "§ 5833. Funding for laboratory directed research and development

"Notwithstanding section 307 of the Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2010 (Public Law 111-85; 123 Stat. 2845), of the funds made available by the Department of Energy for activities at Government-owned, contractoroperated laboratories funded in the Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2014 (div. D of Pub. L. 113-76) or any subsequent Energy and Water Development Appropriations Act for any fiscal year, the Secretary may authorize a specific amount, not to exceed 6 percent of such funds, to be used by such laboratories for laboratory directed research and development.

### "\$ 5834. Charges to individual program, project, or activity

"Of the funds authorized by the Secretary of Energy for laboratory directed research and development, no individual program, project, or activity funded by this or any subsequent Act making appropriations for Energy and Water Development for any fiscal year may be charged more than the stat-

utory maximum authorized for such activities: *Provided*, That this section shall take effect not earlier than October 1, 2015.

#### "§ 5835. Limitations on use of funds for laboratory directed research and development purposes

"(a) LIMITATION ON USE OF WEAPONS ACTIVITIES FUNDS.—No funds authorized to be appropriated or otherwise made available to the Department of Energy in any fiscal year after fiscal year 1997 for weapons activities may be obligated or expended for activities under the Department of Energy Laboratory Directed Research and Development Program, or under any Department of Energy technology transfer program or cooperative research and development agreement, unless such activities support the national security mission of the Department of Energy.

"(b) LIMITATION ON USE OF CERTAIN OTHER FUNDS.—No funds authorized to be appropriated or otherwise made available to the Department of Energy in any fiscal year after fiscal year 1997 for defense environmental cleanup may be obligated or expended for activities under the Department of Energy Laboratory Directed Research and Development Program, or under any Department of Energy technology transfer program or cooperative research and development agreement, unless such activities support the defense environmental cleanup mission of the Department of Energy.

"(c) LIMITATION ON USE OF FUNDS FOR OVERHEAD.—A national security laboratory may not use funds made available under section 5831(c) to cover the costs of general and administrative overhead for the laboratory.

#### "§ 5836. Report on use of funds for certain research and development purposes

"(a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than February 1 each year, the Secretary of Energy shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the funds expended during the preceding fiscal year on activities under the Department of Energy Laboratory Directed Research and Development Program. The purpose of the report is to permit an assessment of the extent to which such activities support the national security mission of the Department of Energy.

"(b) PLANT-DIRECTED RESEARCH AND DEVEL-OPMENT.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The report required by subsection (a) shall include, with respect to plant-directed research and development, the following:

"(A) A financial accounting of expenditures for such research and development, disaggregated by nuclear weapons production facility.

"(B) A breakdown of the percentage of research and development conducted by each such facility that is plant-directed research and development.

"(C) An explanation of how each such facility plans to increase the availability and utilization of funds for plant-directed research and development.

"(2) PLANT-DIRECTED RESEARCH AND DEVEL-OPMENT DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term 'plant-directed research and development' means research and development selected by the director of a nuclear weapons production facility.

"(c) PREPARATION OF REPORT.—Each report shall be prepared by the officials responsible for Federal oversight of the funds expended on activities under the program.

"(d) CRITERIA USED IN PREPARATION OF RE-PORT.—Each report shall set forth the criteria utilized by the officials preparing the report in determining whether or not the activities reviewed by such officials support the national security mission of the Department.

#### "§ 5837. Critical technology partnerships and cooperative research and development centers

"(a) Partnerships.—For the purpose of facilitating the transfer of technology, the Secretary of Energy shall ensure, to the maximum extent practicable, that research on and development of dual-use critical technology carried out through atomic energy defense activities is conducted through cooperative research and development agreements, or other arrangements, that involve laboratories of the Department of Energy and other entities.

"(b) COOPERATIVE RESEARCH AND DEVELOP-MENT CENTERS.—

"(1) Subject to the availability of appropriations provided for such purpose, the Administrator shall establish a cooperative research and development center described in paragraph (2) at each national security laboratory.

"(2) A cooperative research and development center described in this paragraph is a center to foster collaborative scientific research, technology development, and the appropriate transfer of research and technology to users in addition to the national security laboratories.

"(3) In establishing a cooperative research and development center under this subsection, the Administrator—

"(A) shall enter into cooperative research and development agreements with governmental, public, academic, or private entities; and

"(B) may enter into a contract with respect to constructing, purchasing, managing, or leasing buildings or other facilities.

'(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

"(1) The term 'dual-use critical technology' means a technology—

"(A) that is critical to atomic energy defense activities, as determined by the Secretary of Energy;

"(B) that has military applications and nonmilitary applications; and

"(C) that is a defense critical technology (as defined in section 4801).

"(2) The term 'cooperative research and development agreement' has the meaning given that term by section 12(d) of the Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3710a(d)).

"(3) The term 'other entities' means—

"(A) firms, or a consortium of firms, that are eligible to participate in a partnership or other arrangement with a laboratory of the Department of Energy, as determined in accordance with applicable law and regulations; or

"(B) firms, or a consortium of firms, described in subparagraph (A) in combination with one or more of the following:

 $\lq\lq$ (i) Institutions of higher education in the United States.

"(ii) Departments and agencies of the Federal Government other than the Department of Energy.

"(iii) Agencies of State governments.

"(iv) Any other persons or entities that may be eligible and appropriate, as determined in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.

"(4) The term 'atomic energy defense activities' does not include activities covered by Executive Order No. 12344, dated February 1, 1982, pertaining to the Naval nuclear propulsion program.

#### "§ 5838. University-based research collaboration program

"(a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following findings:

"(1) The maintenance of scientific and engineering competence in the United States is vital to long-term national security and the defense and national security missions of the Department of Energy.

- "(2) Engaging the universities and colleges of the Nation in research on long-range problems of vital national security interest will be critical to solving the technology challenges faced within the defense and national security programs of the Department of Energy in the next century.
- "(3) Enhancing collaboration among the national laboratories, universities and colleges, and industry will contribute significantly to the performance of these Department of Energy missions.
- "(b) Program.—The Secretary of Energy shall establish a university program at a location that can develop the most effective collaboration among national laboratories, universities and colleges, and industry in support of scientific and engineering advancement in key Department of Energy defense and national security program areas.

#### "§ 5839. Limitation on establishing an enduring bioassurance program within the administration

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator may not establish, administer, manage, or facilitate a program within the Administration for the purposes of executing an enduring national security research and development effort to broaden the role of the Department of Energy in national biodefense.
- "(b) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—The limitation described in subsection (a) shall not be interpreted—
- "(1) to prohibit the establishment of a bioassurance program for the purpose of executing enduring national security research and development in any component of the Department of Energy other than the Administration or in any other Federal agency; or
- "(2) to impede the use of resources of the Administration, including resources provided by a national security laboratory or a nuclear weapons production facility site, to support the execution of a bioassurance program, if such support is provided—
- "(A) on a cost-reimbursable basis to an entity that is not a component of the Department of Energy; and
- "(B) in a manner that does not interfere with mission of such laboratory or facility.

#### "PART C-FACILITIES MANAGEMENT

#### "§ 5841. Transfers of real property at certain Department of Energy facilities

- "(a) Transfer Regulations.—
- "(1) The Secretary of Energy shall prescribe regulations for the transfer by sale or lease of real property at Department of Energy defense nuclear facilities for the purpose of permitting the economic development of the property.
- "(2) The Secretary may not transfer real property under the regulations prescribed under paragraph (1) until—
- "(A) the Secretary submits a notification of the proposed transfer to the congressional defense committees; and
- "(B) a period of 30 days has elapsed following the date on which the notification is submitted.
  - "(b) Indemnification.—
- "(1) Except as provided in paragraph (3) and subject to subsection (c), in the sale or lease of real property pursuant to the regulations prescribed under subsection (a), the Secretary may hold harmless and indemnify a person or entity described in paragraph (2) against any claim for injury to person or property that results from the release or threatened release of a hazardous substance or pollutant or contaminant as a result of Department of Energy activities at the defense nuclear facility on which the real property is located. Before entering into any agreement for such a sale or lease, the Secretary shall notify the person or entity that

- the Secretary has authority to provide indemnification to the person or entity under this subsection. The Secretary shall include in any agreement for such a sale or lease a provision stating whether indemnification is or is not provided.
- "(2) Paragraph (1) applies to the following persons and entities:
- "(A) Any State that acquires ownership or control of real property of a defense nuclear facility.
- "(B) Any political subdivision of a State that acquires such ownership or control.
- "(C) Any other person or entity that acquires such ownership or control.
- "(D) Any successor, assignee, transferee, lender, or lessee of a person or entity described in subparagraphs (A) through (C).
- "(3) To the extent the persons and entities described in paragraph (2) contributed to any such release or threatened release, paragraph (1) shall not apply.
  - "(c) Conditions.—
- "(1) No indemnification on a claim for injury may be provided under this section unless the person or entity making a request for the indemnification—
- "(A) notifies the Secretary in writing within two years after such claim accrues;
- "(B) furnishes to the Secretary copies of pertinent papers received by the person or entity:
- "(C) furnishes evidence or proof of the claim;
- "(D) provides, upon request by the Secretary, access to the records and personnel of the person or entity for purposes of defending or settling the claim; and
- "(E) begins action within six months after the date of mailing, by certified or registered mail, of notice of final denial of the claim by the Secretary.
- "(2) For purposes of paragraph (1)(A), the date on which a claim accrues is the date on which the person asserting the claim knew (or reasonably should have known) that the injury to person or property referred to in subsection (b)(1) was caused or contributed to by the release or threatened release of a hazardous substance, pollutant, or contaminant as a result of Department of Energy activities at the defense nuclear facility on which the real property is located.
  - "(d) AUTHORITY OF SECRETARY.—
- "(1) In any case in which the Secretary determines that the Secretary may be required to indemnify a person or entity under this section for any claim for injury to person or property referred to in subsection (b)(1), the Secretary may settle or defend the claim on behalf of that person or entity.
- "(2) In any case described in paragraph (1), if the person or entity that the Secretary may be required to indemnify does not allow the Secretary to settle or defend the claim, the person or entity may not be indemnified with respect to that claim under this section.
- "(e) RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER LAW.—Nothing in this section shall be construed as affecting or modifying in any way section 120(h) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9620(h)).
- "(f) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the terms 'hazardous substance', 'release', and 'pollutant or contaminant' have the meanings provided by section 101 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (42 U.S.C. 9601).

#### "§ 5842. Engineering and manufacturing research, development, and demonstration by managers of certain nuclear weapons production facilities

"(a) AUTHORITY FOR PROGRAMS AT NUCLEAR WEAPONS PRODUCTIONS FACILITIES.—The Ad-

ministrator shall authorize the head of each nuclear weapons production facility to establish an Engineering and Manufacturing Research, Development, and Demonstration Program under this section.

- "(b) PROJECTS AND ACTIVITIES.—The projects and activities carried out through the program at a nuclear weapons production facility under this section shall support innovative or high-risk design and manufacturing concepts and technologies with potentially high payoff for the nuclear security enterprise. Those projects and activities may include—
- "(1) replacement of obsolete or aging design and manufacturing technologies;
- "(2) development of innovative agile manufacturing techniques and processes; and
- "(3) training, recruitment, or retention of essential personnel in critical engineering and manufacturing disciplines.

### "\$ 5843. Activities at covered nuclear weapons facilities

"The Administrator may authorize the manager of a covered nuclear weapons research, development, testing or production facility to engage in research, development, and demonstration activities with respect to the engineering and manufacturing capabilities at such facility in order to maintain and enhance such capabilities at such facility: Provided. That of the amount allocated to a covered nuclear weapons facility each fiscal year from amounts available to the Department of Energy for such fiscal year for national security programs, not more than an amount equal to 2 percent of such amount may be used for these activities: Provided further, That for purposes of this section, the 'covered nuclear weapons facility' term means the following:

- "(1) The Kansas City Plant, Kansas City, Missouri.
  - "(2) The Y-12 Plant, Oak Ridge, Tennessee.
- "(3) The Pantex Plant, Amarillo, Texas.
  "(4) The Savannah River Plant, South Carolina.
- "(5) The Nevada Test Site.

#### "\$ 5844. Pilot program relating to use of proceeds of disposal or utilization of certain department of energy assets

- "(a) PURPOSE.—The purpose of this section is to encourage the Secretary of Energy to dispose of or otherwise utilize certain assets of the Department of Energy by making available to the Secretary the proceeds of such disposal or utilization for purposes of defraying the costs of such disposal or utilization
- "(b) Use of Proceeds to Defray Costs.—"(1) Notwithstanding section 3302 of title 31, the Secretary may retain from the proceeds of the sale, lease, or disposal of an asset under subsection (c) an amount equal to the cost of the sale, lease, or disposal of the asset. The Secretary shall utilize amounts retained under this paragraph to defray the cost of the sale, lease, or disposal.
- "(2) For purposes of paragraph (1), the cost of a sale, lease, or disposal shall include—
- "(A) the cost of administering the sale, lease, or disposal;
- "(B) the cost of recovering or preparing the asset concerned for the sale, lease, or disposal; and
- "(C) any other cost associated with the sale, lease, or disposal.
- "(c) COVERED TRANSACTIONS.—Subsection (b) applies to the following transactions:
- "(1) The sale of heavy water at the Savannah River Site, South Carolina, that is under the jurisdiction of the Defense Environmental Management Program.
- "(2) The sale of precious metals that are under the jurisdiction of the Defense Environmental Management Program.
- "(3) The lease of buildings and other facilities located at the Hanford Reservation,

Washington, that are under the jurisdiction of the Defense Environmental Management Program.

- "(4) The lease of buildings and other facilities located at the Savannah River Site that are under the jurisdiction of the Defense Environmental Management Program.
- "(5) The disposal of equipment and other personal property located at the Rocky Flats Defense Environmental Technology Site, Colorado, that is under the jurisdiction of the Defense Environmental Management Program.
- "(6) The disposal of materials at the National Electronics Recycling Center, Oak Ridge, Tennessee that are under the jurisdiction of the Defense Environmental Management Program.
- "(d) APPLICABILITY OF DISPOSAL AUTHOR-ITY.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the application of subchapter II of chapter 5 and section 549 of title 40 to the disposal of equipment and other personal property covered by this section.

### "§ 5845. Department of Energy energy parks program

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Energy may establish a program to permit the establishment of energy parks on former defense nuclear facilities.
- "(b) OBJECTIVES.—The objectives for establishing energy parks pursuant to subsection (a) are the following:
- "(1) To provide locations to carry out a broad range of projects relating to the development and deployment of energy technologies and related advanced manufacturing technologies.
- "(2) To provide locations for the implementation of pilot programs and demonstration projects for new and developing energy technologies and related advanced manufacturing technologies.
- "(3) To set a national example for the development and deployment of energy technologies and related advanced manufacturing technologies in a manner that will promote energy security, energy sector employment, and energy independence.
- "(4) To create a business environment that encourages collaboration and interaction between the public and private sectors.
- "(c) CONSULTATION.—In establishing an energy park pursuant to subsection (a), the Secretary shall consult with—
- "(1) the local government with jurisdiction over the land on which the energy park will be located;
- ``(2) the local governments of adjacent areas; and
- "(3) any community reuse organization recognized by the Secretary at the former defense nuclear facility on which the energy park will be located.
- "(d) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 120 days after January 7, 2011, the Secretary shall submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives a report on the implementation of the program under subsection (a). The report shall include such recommendations for additional legislative actions as the Secretary considers appropriate to facilitate the development of energy parks on former defense nuclear facilities.
- "(e) DEFENSE NUCLEAR FACILITY DEFINED.— In this section, the term 'defense nuclear facility' has the meaning given the term 'Department of Energy defense nuclear facility' in section 318 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2286g).

### "§ 5846. Authority to use passenger carriers for contractor commuting

"(a) AUTHORITY.—If and to the extent that the Administrator deems it appropriate to further mission activities under section 3211 of the National Nuclear Security Administration Act (50 U.S.C. 2401), a passenger carrier may be used to provide transportation services to contractor employees between the covered facility of the contractor employee and a mass transit facility in accordance with any applicable transportation plan adopted by the Administrator pursuant to this section.

- "(b) Plan Requests and Approval.—
- "(1) The Administrator—
- "(A) shall—
- "(i) provide Management and Operating contractors at covered facilities the opportunity to, on a voluntary basis, submit, through the cognizant contracting officer of the applicable covered facility, a plan to provide transportation services described in subsection (a) for contractor employees at the covered facility; and
- "(ii) review each such plan submitted in accordance with clause (i); and
- "(B) may approve each such plan if the requirements described in clauses (i) through (iv) of paragraph (2)(B) are satisfied.
- "(2) Each plan submitted pursuant to paragraph (1)(A)—
- "(A) may include proposals for parking facilities, road improvements, real property acquisition, passenger carrier services, and commuting cost deferment payments to contractor employees; and
  - "(B) shall include-
- "(i) a description of how the use of passenger carriers will facilitate the mission of the covered facility:
- "(ii) a description of how the plan will be economical and advantageous to the Federal Government:
- "(iii) a summary of the benefits that will be provided under the plan and how costs will be monitored; and
- "(iv) a description of how the plan will alleviate traffic congestion, reduce commuting times, and improve recruitment and retention of contractor employees.
- "(3) The Administrator may delegate to the Senior Procurement Executive of the Administration the approval of any plan submitted under this subsection.
- "(c) REIMBURSEMENT.—The Administration may reimburse a contractor for the costs of transportation services incurred pursuant to a plan approved under subsection (b) using funds appropriated to the Administration.
- "(d) ÎMPLEMENTATION.—In carrying out a plan approved under subsection (b), the Administrator, to the maximum extent practicable and consistent with sound budget policy, shall—
- "(1) require the use of alternative fuel vehicles to provide transportation services;
- "(2) ensure funds spent for this plan further the mission activities of the Administration under section 3211 of the National Nuclear Security Administration Act (50 U.S.C. 2401); and
- "(3) ensure that the time during which a contractor employee uses transportation services shall not be included for purposes of calculating the hours of work for such contractor employee.
- "(e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- "(1) The term 'contractor employee' means an employee of a Management and Operating contractor or subcontractor employee at any tier.
- "(2) The term 'covered facility' means any facility of the Administration that directly supports the mission of the Administration under section 3211 of the National Nuclear Security Administration Act (50 U.S.C. 2401).
- "(3) The term 'Management and Operating contractor' means a management and operating contractor that manages a covered facility.
- "(4) The term 'passenger carrier' means a passenger motor vehicle, aircraft, boat, ship,

train, or other similar means of transportation that is owned, leased, or provided pursuant to contract or subcontract by the Federal Government or through a contractor of the Administration.

#### "PART D-OTHER MATTERS

#### "§ 5851. Payment of costs of operation and maintenance of infrastructure at Nevada National Security Site

"Notwithstanding any other provision of law and effective as of September 30, 1996, the costs associated with operating and maintaining the infrastructure at the Nevada National Security Site, Nevada, with respect to any activities initiated at the site after that date by the Department of Defense pursuant to a work-for-others agreement may be paid for from funds authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Energy for activities at the Nevada National Security Site.

### \*§ 5852. University-based defense nuclear policy collaboration program

- "(a) PROGRAM.—The Administrator shall carry out a program under which the Administrator establishes a policy research consortium of institutions of higher education and nonprofit entities in support of implementing and innovating the defense nuclear policy programs of the Administration. The Administrator shall establish and carry out such program in a manner similar to the program established under section 5838.
- "(b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of the consortium under subsection (a) are as follows:
- "(1) To shape the formulation and application of policy through the conduct of research and analysis regarding defense nuclear policy programs.
- "(2) To maintain open-source databases on issues relevant to understanding defense nuclear nonproliferation, arms control, nuclear deterrence, foreign nuclear programs, and nuclear security.
- "(3) To facilitate the collaboration of research centers of excellence relating to defense nuclear policy to better distribute expertise to specific issues and scenarios regarding such threats.
  - "(c) Duties.—
- "(1) SUPPORT.—The Administrator shall ensure that the consortium established under subsection (a) provides support to individuals described in paragraph (2) through the use of nongovernmental fellowships, scholarships, research internships, workshops, short courses, summer schools, and research grants.
- "(2) INDIVIDUALS DESCRIBED.—The individuals described in this paragraph are graduate students, academics, and policy specialists, who are focused on policy innovation related to
  - "(A) defense nuclear nonproliferation;
  - "(B) arms control;
  - "(C) nuclear deterrence;
- "(D) the study of foreign nuclear programs;
- ``(E) nuclear security; or
- "(F) educating and training the next generation of defense nuclear policy experts.".
- (b) CONFORMING REPEALS.—The following provisions of law are repealed:
- (1) Division D of the Bob Stump National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2003 (50 U.S.C. 4001 et seq.).
- (2) Sections 3116 and 3141 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2014 (50 U.S.C. 2515, 2512 note).
- (3) Sections 308 and 311 of the Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2015 (50 U.S.C. 2523c, 2791b).
- (4) Section 3132 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2004 (50 U.S.C. 2589).
- (5) Section 306 of the Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2012 (50 U.S.C. 2743a).

- (6) Section 308 of the Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2009 (50 U.S.C. 2791a).
- (7) Section 3124 of the Ike Skelton National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011 (50 U.S.C. 2814).
- (8) Sections 3113 and 3123 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283; 50 U.S.C. 2512 note, 2581 note).
- (9) Section 3113 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114-328: 50 U.S.C. 2512 note).
- (10) Section 3121 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81; 50 U.S.C. 2521 note).
- (11) Section 3121, 3124, and 3126 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 50 U.S.C. 2532 note, 2538a note).
- (12) Section 3125 of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (Public Law 118–159; 50 U.S.C. 2538 note).
- (13) Section 3133 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118-31; 50 U.S.C. 2538c note).
- (14) Section 3122 of the Carl Levin and Howard P. 'Buck' McKeon National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2015 (Public Law 113-291; 50 U.S.C. 2565 note).
- (15) Section 3141 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232; 50 U.S.C. 2569 note)
- (16) Section 3116 of the Ronald W. Reagan National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2005 (Public Law 108-375; 50 U.S.C. 2601 note).
- (17) Section 127 of the Miscellaneous Appropriations and Offsets Act, 2004 (division H of Public 108–199: 50 U.S.C. 2601 note).
- (18) Section 3117 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114-92; 50 U.S.C. 2754 note).
- (19) Section 309 of the Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2014 (division D of Public Law 113-76: 50 U.S.C. 2791a note).
- (20) Section 308 of the Energy and Water Development Appropriations Act, 2005 (division C of Public Law 108-447; 50 U.S.C. 2812 note).
- (21) Section 3114 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2013 (Public Law 112–239: 50 U.S.C. 2535 note).
  - (c) Technical Amendments.—
- (1) AMENDMENTS TO TITLE 10.—Title 10, United States Code. is amended—
  - (A) in section 179-
- (i) in subsection (d)(13), by striking "section 4002 of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2501)" and inserting "section 5601"; and
- (ii) in subsection (f)-
- (I) in paragraph (2), by striking "section 4717 of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2757)" at each place it appears and inserting "section 5799"; and
- (II) in paragraph (3), by striking "section 4219(a) of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2538a(a))" and inserting "section 5638";
- (B) in section 499a(e), by striking "section 4002 of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2501)" and inserting "section 5601".
- (2) Amendments to other laws.—
- (A) Section 809(b)(2) of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 10 U.S.C. 4351 note) is amended by striking "sections 4217 and 4311 of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2537, 2577)" and inserting "sections 5635 and 5671 of title 10, United States Code".
- (B) Section 1635(c)(2) of the Servicemember Quality of Life Improvement and National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year

- 2025 (Public Law 118–159; 10 U.S.C. 4811 note) is amended by striking "section 4002 of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2501)" and inserting "section 5601 of title 10, United States Code".
- (C) Section 3111(b)(1) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law 115-91; 50 U.S.C. 2402 note) is amended by striking "section 4002(6) of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2501(6))" and inserting "section 5601 of title 10, United States Code".
- (D) Section 3116(a)(3) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law 115-91; 131 Stat. 1888) is amended by striking "section 4101 of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2511)" and inserting "section 5611 of title 10, United States Code".
- (E) Section 3113 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328; 50 U.S.C. 2512 note) is amended—
- (i) in subsection (a), by striking "section 4102(b) of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2512(b))" and inserting "section 5612 of title 10, United States Code"; and
- (ii) in subsection (d), by striking "section 4002 of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2501)" and inserting "section 5601 of title 10. United States Code".
- (F) Section 3137(d) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114-92; 50 U.S.C. 2512 note) is amended by striking "section 4002(6) of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2501(6))" and inserting "section 5601 of title 10, United States Code".
- (G) Section 3121(c) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117-81; 50 U.S.C. 2521 note) is amended by striking "section 4002 of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2501)" and inserting "section 5601 of title 10, United States Code".
- (H) Section 3129 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2014 (Public Law 113-66; 50 U.S.C. 2521 note) is amended—
- (i) in subsection (a), by striking "section 4201 of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2521)" and inserting "section 5621 of title 10, United States Code,"; and
- (ii) in subsection (e), by striking "section 4203 of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2523)" and inserting "section 5624 of title 10, United States Code,".
- (I) Section 3116(c) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2004 (Public Law 108-136; 50 U.S.C. 2529 note) is amended by striking "section 4209(a) of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2529(a))" and inserting "section 5630 of title 10, United States Code".
- (J) Section 3121(c) of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 50 U.S.C. 2532 note) is amended by striking "section 4002 of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2501)" and inserting "section 5601 of title 10, United States Code".
- (K) Section 3126 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 50 U.S.C. 2538a note) is amended by striking "section 4219 of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2538a)" and inserting "section 5638 of title 10, United States Code".
- (L) Section 3116(e)(4) of the Ronald W. Reagan National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2005 (Public Law 108–375; 50 U.S.C. 2602 note) is amended by striking "section 4306A of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2567)" and inserting "section 5664 of title 10, United States Code".
- (M) Section 3121 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal

- Year 2019 (Public Law 115-232; 50 U.S.C. 2652 note) is amended—
- (i) by striking "section 4502(a) of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2652(a))" each place it appears and inserting "section 5732(a) of title 10, United States Code"; and
- (ii) in subsection (f)(2), by striking "section 4002 of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2501)" and inserting "section 5601 of title 10, United States Code".

### SEC. 3112. ADJUSTMENT TO PLUTONIUM PIT PRODUCTION CAPACITY.

Section 4219 of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2538a) is amended—

- (1) by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
  - "(a) REQUIREMENTS.—
- "(1) OVERALL CAPACITY.—Consistent with the requirements of the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of Energy shall ensure that the nuclear security enterprise—
- "(A) during 2021, begins production of qualification plutonium pits;
- "(B) during 2025, produces no fewer than 10 war reserve plutonium pits;
- "(C) during 2026, produces no fewer than 20 war reserve plutonium pits:
- "(D) during 2027, produces no fewer than 30 war reserve plutonium pits;
- "(E) during 2029, produces no fewer than 50 war reserve plutonium pits; and
- "(F) during 2032 and subsequent years, produces no fewer than 80 war reserve plutonium pits.
- "(2) SITE SPECIFIC FULL PRODUCTION RATE TARGETS.—In meeting the annual production rate requirement under paragraph (1)(F), the Secretary of Energy shall ensure that—
- "(A) no fewer than 30 war reserve plutonium pits are produced annually at Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, New Mexico:
- "(B) no fewer than 50 war reserve plutonium pits are produced annually at the Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility, Aiken, South Carolina; and
- "(C) total annual production quantities exceeding 80 war reserve plutonium pits are allocated to each site as necessary to meet Department of Defense requirements."; and
- (2) in subsection (b), by striking "2030" and inserting "2032".

## SEC. 3113. NATIONAL NUCLEAR SECURITY ADMINISTRATION RAPID CAPABILITIES DEVELOPMENT OFFICE.

- (a) Repeal.—Section 4220 of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2538b) is repealed.
- (b) ASSISTANT DEPUTY ADMINISTRATOR FOR RAPID CAPABILITIES DEVELOPMENT.—National Nuclear Security Administration Act (50 U.S.C. 2401 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end of subtitle A the following new section:

#### "SEC. 3223. OFFICE OF RAPID CAPABILITIES DE-VELOPMENT.

- "(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—There is established in the Administration an Office of Rapid Capabilities Development (referred to in this section as the 'Office'), which shall be led by an Assistant Deputy Administrator for Rapid Capabilities Development (referred to in this section as the 'Assistant Deputy Administrator').
  - "(2) ASSISTANT DEPUTY ADMINISTRATOR.—
- "(A) SENIOR EXECUTIVE SERVICE.—The position of the Assistant Deputy Administrator shall be a Senior Executive Service position (as defined in section 3132(a) of title 5, United States Code).
- "(B) DUTIES.—The Assistant Deputy Administrator shall report to the Board established under subsection (c).

- "(b) MISSION.—The primary objective of the Office shall be to expedite the development and fielding of technologies and weapon systems in support of United States strategic deterrence requirements, as determined by the President or the Secretary of Defense. In achieving this objective, the office shall—
- "(1) leverage defense-wide and Administration technology development efforts and existing capabilities to achieve improved deterrence and operational effects;
- "(2) provide integration and technical support to Department of Defense, the Administration, or other activities of the United States Government;
- "(3) identify and pursue opportunities to accelerate operationally-focused capabilities through advanced prototyping; and
- "(4) explore innovative, cost-effective material and non-material solutions to defeat rapidly-evolving nuclear and radiological threats.
  - "(c) Board of Directors.—
- "(1) COMPOSITION.—The Office shall be governed by a Board of Directors of (referred to in this section as the 'Board'), which shall be composed of the following members:
- "(A) The Administrator.
- "(B) The Assistant Secretary of Defense for Nuclear Deterrence, Chemical and Biological Defense Policy and Programs.
- "(C) The Deputy Commander of United States Strategic Command.
- "(D) The Joint Staff Director for Strategy, Plans, and Policy (J5).
- "(E) The Director of Navy Strategic Systems Programs.
- "(F) The Deputy Commander of Air Force Global Strike Command.
- $\lq\lq(2)$  Chair.—The Chair of the Board shall be the Administrator.
- "(3) ORGANIZATION AND TASKING.-
- "(A) OPERATIONS.—The Board shall operate on a consensus basis and issue taskings directly to the Assistant Deputy Administrator as necessary to achieve the mission objectives outlined in subsection (b).
  - "(B) SUBMISSIONS TO BOARD.—
- "(i) SUBMISSIONS FROM THE ASSISTANT DEP-UTY ADMINISTRATOR.—The Assistant Deputy Administrator may submit research and development proposals for Board consideration if such proposals support the mission objectives outlined in subsection (b).
- "(ii) SUBMISSIONS FROM MEMBERS.—Members of the Board may submit—
- "(I) research and development proposals for Board consideration; and
- "(II) proposals on behalf of organizations that are not members of the Board if such proposals support the mission objectives outlined in subsection (b).
- "(d) STAFF.—The Administrator shall ensure that the Assistant Deputy Administrator has sufficient numbers of personnel with competence in technical, programmatic, and other appropriate matters necessary to carry out the functions required by this section.
- "(e) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to obviate or otherwise after the requirements for the development of new or modified nuclear weapons outlined by section 4209 of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2529).
- "(f) Definitions.—In this section:
- "(1) ADMINISTRATION.—The term 'Administration', with respect to any authority, duty, or responsibility provided by this section, does not include the Office of Naval Reactors.
- "(2) PROTOTYPING.—The term 'prototyping' means the development of any physical or virtual model used to evaluate the technical or manufacturing feasibility or military utility of a technology, process, concept, end item, or system."

# SEC. 3114. REVIEW AND ASSESSMENT OF THE NATIONAL NUCLEAR SECURITY ADMINISTRATION ENTERPRISE BLUEPRINT.

- (a) REVIEW AND ASSESSMENT.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Chair of the Nuclear Weapons Council shall initiate within the Nuclear Weapons Council a review of the Enterprise Blueprint and assess—
- (1) the adequacy of the projected future infrastructure to meet anticipated Department of Defense requirements; and
- (2) the feasibility of executing the Enterprise Blueprint for a period of 25 years beginning on the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (b) REPORT.—Not later than June 1, 2026, the Chair of the Nuclear Weapons Council, acting through the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Nuclear Deterrence, Chemical, and Biological Defense Policy and Programs, shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on—
- (1) the conclusions of the review and assessment described in subsection (a);
- (2) any recommended modifications to the infrastructure recapitalization plans or future capabilities described in the Enterprise Blueprint necessary to meet future Department of Defense requirements; and
- (3) any other information the Chair determines to be relevant.
- (c) FORM.—The report required by subsection (b) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.
  - (d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) NUCLEAR WEAPONS COUNCIL.—The term "Nuclear Weapons Council" means the council established by section 179 of title 10, United States Code.
- (2) ENTERPRISE BLUEPRINT.—The term "Enterprise Blueprint" means the document entitled "NNSA Enterprise Blueprint", published in October 2024 by the Department of Energy and the National Nuclear Security Administration.

# SEC. 3115. NOTIFICATION OF COST OVERRUNS FOR CERTAIN DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY PROJECTS.

Section 4713 of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2753) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a)—
- (A) in paragraph (1)(A), in the first sentence, by inserting "prior to entry into Phase 6.3 or Phase 3, as appropriate" after "Administration"; and
- (B) in paragraph (2)(A), by inserting "prior to entry into Phase 6.3" after "project"; and (2) in subsection (c)(2)—
- (A) by redesignating subparagraphs (B) and (C) as subparagraphs (C) and (D), respectively; and
- (B) by inserting after subparagraph (A) the following new subparagraph (B):
- "(B) the results of the review conducted by the Director of Cost Estimating and Program Evaluation are consistent with section 3221(d)(1)(F) of the National Nuclear Security Administration Act (50 U.S.C. 2411(d)(1)(F))."

## SEC. 3116. PROTECTION OF CERTAIN NUCLEAR FACILITIES AND ASSETS FROM UNMANNED AIRCRAFT.

Section 4510(e)(1)(C) of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2661(e)(1)(C)) is amended to read as follows:

- "(C)(i) owned by or contracted to the National Nuclear Security Administration, including any facility that stores or uses special nuclear material; or
- "(ii) a national security laboratory or nuclear weapons production facility.".

#### SEC. 3117. EXTENSION OF AUTHORITY FOR AP-POINTMENT OF CERTAIN SCI-ENTIFIC, ENGINEERING, AND TECH-NICAL PERSONNEL.

Section 4601(c)(1) of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2701(c)(1)) is amended by striking "2026" and inserting "2036".

#### SEC. 3118. APPROPRIATE SCOPING OF ARTIFI-CIAL INTELLIGENCE RESEARCH WITHIN THE NATIONAL NUCLEAR SECURITY ADMINISTRATION.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subtitle B of title XLVIII of the Atomic Energy Defense Act (50 U.S.C. 2791 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following section:

# "SEC. 4816. APPROPRIATE SCOPING OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE RESEARCH WITHIN THE ADMINISTRATION.

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—Funds authorized to be appropriated by this Act or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2026, or any subsequent fiscal year, for the Administration for the purposes of conducting research and development of artificial intelligence technologies, executing a program to develop or manage the application of such technologies, or developing, acquiring, or sustaining any associated computing hardware or supporting infrastructure may only be used to support the nuclear security missions of the Administration.
- "(b) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—The limitation described in subsection (a) shall not be interpreted—
- "(1) to prohibit the establishment of an enduring national security artificial intelligence research and development program in any component of the Department of Energy other than the Administration or in any other Federal agency; or
- "(2) to impede the use of resources of the Administration, including resources provided by a national security laboratory or a nuclear weapons production facility site, to support the execution of an enduring national security artificial intelligence research and development program or activity, if such support is provided—
- "(A) on a full cost recovery basis, including any associated infrastructure or utility costs, to an entity that is not a component of the Department of Energy; and
- "(B) in a manner that does not interfere with the nuclear security mission of such laboratory or facility.".
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for the Atomic Energy Defense Act is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 4815 the following new item:
- "Sec. 4816. Appropriate scoping of artificial intelligence research within the Administration.".

#### Subtitle C-Other Matters

#### SEC. 3121. NATIONAL SECURITY POSITIONS WITH-IN THE DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY.

Any position of the Department of Energy requiring the performance of duties funded under Office of Management and Budget functional subcategory 053, Atomic Energy Defense Activities, shall be considered as a position that is necessary to meet national security responsibilities.

#### SEC. 3122. OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGE-MENT PROGRAM-WIDE PERFORM-ANCE METRICS FOR REDUCING RISK.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Energy shall—
- (1) develop and implement program performance metrics for the Office of Environmental Management (referred to in this section as the "Office"), in addition to the program performance metrics identified in the plan published by the Office of Environmental Management entitled "EM Program Plan 2022"; and
- (2) revise the program performance metrics identified in the "EM Program Plan 2022" in

- accordance with the requirements of subsection (b).
- (b) REQUIRED ELEMENTS.—The program performance metrics described in subsection (a) shall incorporate the following elements:
  - (1) LINKAGE.—Each metric shall—
- (A) align with the goals and mission of the Department of Energy (referred to in this section as the "Department") and the Office;
- (B) link to the other metrics developed or revised under subsection (a) and any other existing performance metrics of the Department and the Office; and
- (C) be clearly communicated throughout the Department and the Office.
- (2) CLARITY.—Each metric shall be clear and the name and definition of such metric shall be consistent with the methodology used to calculate the metric.
- (3) MEASURABLE.—Each metric shall have a numerical goal.
- (4) OBJECTIVE.—Each metric shall be reasonably free from significant bias or manipulation.
- (5) Reliable.—Each metric shall produce the same result under similar conditions.
- (6) CORE PROGRAM ACTIVITIES.—The metrics shall cover the activities that the Office is expected to perform to support its mission.
- (7) LIMITED OVERLAP.—Each metric shall provide new information beyond any information provided by other metrics.
- (8) BALANCE.—The metrics shall ensure that various priorities of the Office are covered
- (9) EFFECTIVENESS.—Each metric shall incorporate an effectiveness measure, such as quality, timeliness, and cost of service.
- (c) RISK REDUCTION PRIORITIZATION.—The program performance metrics described in subsection (a) shall—
- (1) give first priority to addressing any issues posing an immediate risk to human health or the environment:
- (2) give second priority, as appropriate, to addressing issues based on achieving the highest risk reduction benefit per radioactive or hazardous content removed; and
- (3) measure the amount of radioactivity or hazardous content removed, as determined by—
  - (A) curies, rads, or rems;
- (B) pounds of hazardous content removed;
  - (C) such other appropriate measure.
- (d) REPORT.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and every 2 years thereafter until 2036, the Secretary of Energy shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report describing the outcomes achieved under the program performance metrics described in subsection (a) for each fiscal year covered by such report.
- (2) CONTENTS.—Each report shall identify the cost per curie, rad, or rem of radioactivity and cost per pound of hazardous content removed program-wide, by site, and by mission area.

#### SEC. 3123. OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGE-MENT INTEGRATED RADIOACTIVE WASTE DISPOSAL PLANNING AND OPTIMIZATION.

- (a) RADIOACTIVE WASTE DISPOSAL OPTIMIZATION ANALYSES.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Energy shall develop a complex-wide analysis to identify optimal disposal pathways and schedules for defense radioactive waste produced by the Department of Energy and its predecessor agencies and managed by the Office of Environmental Management.
- (2) CONTENTS.—The analysis required by paragraph (1) shall—

- (A) incorporate modeling to identify optimal disposal pathways and schedules that could be achieved—
- (i) considering regulatory constraints; and (ii) if key regulatory constraints were lifted or altered; and
- (B) identify strategic alternatives to radioactive waste disposal plans and schedules.
- (b) NATIONWIDE RADIOACTIVE WASTE DISPOSAL PLAN.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 15 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Energy shall develop an integrated, nationwide radioactive waste disposal plan.
- (2) CONTENTS.—The plan required by paragraph (1) shall—
- (A) include, to the maximum extent practicable, optimal radioactive waste disposal pathways and schedules identified through the analysis conducted pursuant to subsection (a):
- (B) identify specific opportunities for further optimization of radioactive waste disposal pathways and schedules that might be achieved through changes in regulatory constraints:
- (C) address complex-wide disposal issues, such as waste with no disposal pathway; and
- (D) incorporate feedback from key stakeholders, including Federal and State regulators and operators of radioactive waste disposal facilities.
- (c) RADIOACTIVE WASTE DISPOSAL FORUM.—
  (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 18 months after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Energy shall establish a forum for Federal and State agencies that regulate radioactive waste cleanup and disposal activities by the Office of Environmental Management.
- (2) PURPOSE.—The forum established pursuant to paragraph (1) shall holistically negotiate regulatory and other changes that could allow the Department of Energy to implement opportunities for optimal radioactive waste disposal identified pursuant to subsection (b).
- (d) REPORTING.—Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Energy shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the results of the optimization analysis required by subsection (a), the nationwide disposal plan required by subsection (b), and the initial activities of the forum established pursuant to subsection (c).
  - (e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) COMPLEX.—The term "complex" means the set of sites across the United States where radioactive waste cleanup and disposal activities are managed by the Office of Environmental Management.
- (2) INTEGRATED.—The term "integrated" means inclusive of all radioactive waste across the complex.
- (3) OPTIMAL.—The term "optimal" means the best possible outcome, such as the lowest cost or highest profit, while following specific rules and limitations.
- (4) REGULATORY CONSTRAINTS.—The term "regulatory constraints" means requirements included in regulations or agreements with regulators that affect decisions regarding radioactive waste disposal pathways and schedules by the Office of Environmental Management that could reasonably be the subject of negotiation with Federal or State regulatory agencies.

#### SEC. 3124. REPORT ON FUTURE ACTIVITIES AND RESOURCES FOR THE DELIVERY OF SPECIALIZED INFRASTRUCTURE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than February 15, 2026, and annually thereafter until February 15, 2046, the Administrator for Nuclear Security shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on future activities and resources for the delivery of

- specialized infrastructure with demands across the nuclear stockpile, global security, and naval nuclear propulsion missions, which shall include the following:
- (1) An assessment of infrastructure investments necessary in the 5 fiscal years following the fiscal year of the report, including—
- (A) the cost estimates and schedules for such infrastructure investments;
- (B) the impacts to workforce requirements of the Administration:
- (C) the status of any reviews required by the National Environmental Policy Act for such infrastructure investments;
- (D) an explanation of the targeted needs addressed by such infrastructure investments; and
- (E) a summary of progress made towards achieving such infrastructure investments.
- (2) For fiscal year 2027 and each subsequent fiscal year, an explanation of any changes in cost estimates and schedules for the projects listed in the assessment required by paragraph (1) for the prior fiscal year.
- (3) An assessment of infrastructure investments necessary in the 6 to 15 fiscal years following the fiscal year of the report, including—
- (A) an estimated schedule for such infrastructure investments; and
- (B) an explanation of the targeted needs addressed by such infrastructure investments.
- (4) For fiscal year 2027 and each subsequent fiscal year, an explanation of any changes in cost estimates and schedules for the projects listed in the assessment required by paragraph (3) for the prior fiscal year.
- (5) An assessment of the infrastructure investments necessary in the 16 to 25 fiscal years following the fiscal year of the report, including an explanation of the targeted needs such infrastructure investments are addressing.
- (6) For fiscal year 2027 and each subsequent fiscal year, an explanation of any changes in cost estimates and schedules for the projects listed in the assessment required by paragraph (5) for the prior fiscal year.
- (b) FORM.—Each report required by subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.
  - (c) Definitions.—In this section:
- (1) ADMINISTRATION.—The term "Administration" means the National Nuclear Security Administration.
- (2) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the Committee on Armed Services and the Subcommittee on Energy and Water Development of the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
- (B) the Committee on Armed Services and the Subcommittee on Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies of the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
- (3) SPECIALIZED INFRASTRUCTURE.—The term "specialized infrastructure" means any facility—
- (A) that supports the nuclear stockpile mission, including capabilities to handle and process—
  - (i) special nuclear materials;
- (ii) radioactive, hazardous, and specialized materials;
  - (iii) non-nuclear unique components; and
- (iv) assembled nuclear weapons;
- (B) that supports the global security mission of the Administration; or
- (C) that supports naval spent fuel management, nuclear material testing and examination, and functional nuclear laboratory consolidation for naval nuclear propulsion.

### TITLE XXXII—DEFENSE NUCLEAR FACILITIES SAFETY BOARD

SEC. 3201. AUTHORIZATION.

There are authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2026, \$45,000,000 for the operation of the Defense Nuclear Facilities Safety Board under chapter 21 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2286 et seq.).

#### DIVISION D-FUNDING TABLES

### SEC. 4001. AUTHORIZATION OF AMOUNTS IN FUNDING TABLES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Whenever a funding table in this division specifies a dollar amount authorized for a project, program, or activity, the obligation and expenditure of the specified dollar amount for the project, program,

or activity is hereby authorized, subject to the availability of appropriations.

- (b) MERIT-BASED DECISIONS.—A decision to commit, obligate, or expend funds with or to a specific entity on the basis of a dollar amount authorized pursuant to subsection (a) shall—
- (1) be based on merit-based selection procedures in accordance with the requirements of sections 3201 and 4024 of title 10, United States Code, or on competitive procedures; and
- (2) comply with other applicable provisions of law.
- (c) RELATIONSHIP TO TRANSFER AND PROGRAMMING AUTHORITY.—An amount specified in the funding tables in this division may be transferred or reprogrammed under a trans-

fer or reprogramming authority provided by another provision of this Act or by other law. The transfer or reprogramming of an amount specified in such funding tables shall not count against a ceiling on such transfers or reprogrammings under section 1001 of this Act or any other provision of law, unless such transfer or reprogramming would move funds between appropriation accounts.

- (d) APPLICABILITY TO CLASSIFIED ANNEX.— This section applies to any classified annex that accompanies this Act.
- (e) Oral or Written Communications.—No oral or written communication concerning any amount specified in the funding tables in this division shall supersede the requirements of this section.

budget request.

TITLE XLI—PROCUREMENT SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT. FY 2026 Request FY 2026 Senate Authorized Senate Authorized Line Item Line Item SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars 11 INDIRECT FIRE PROTEC-830,579 1,018,579 WEAPONS & OTHER COM-FY 2026 Senate TION CAPABILITY INC **BAT VEHICLES** Line Item Authorized 24 PERSONAL DEFENSE 1,002 1,002 2-I. IFPC Inc 2 AIM 9X missile [188,000] WEAPON (ROLL). AIRCRAFT PROCUREMENT, production to 432x 25 M240 MEDIUM MACHINE 5 5 GUN (7.62MM) AUR-misaligned FIXED WING 27 MACHINE GUN, CAL .50 4 4 budget request. 6 HADES PLATFORM, PAY-26,850 26,850 M2 ROLL. 12 MID-RANGE CAPABILITY 82,407 179,407 LOADS/PED, AND INTE-(MRC). 28 MORTAR SYSTEMS 5.807 5.807 GRATION. [42,000] 29 LOCATION & AZIMITH DE-9,477 9.477 Hypersonics Rocket Motor ROTARY TERMINATION SYSTEM Cost Reduction Initia-AH-64 APACHE BLOCK IIIA 9 1.669 1.669 (LADS. tive. REMAN 31 PRECISION SNIPER RIFLE . 1.853 1 853 Maritime Strike Tomahawk [55.000] UH-60 BLACKHAWK M 13 732,060 732.060 34 NEXT GENERATION SQUAD 365,155 365,155 (MST) (USA, USN) MODEL (MYP) WEAPON AIR-TO-SURFACE MISSILE 17 CH-47 HELICOPTER 618 798 618 798 36 HANDGUN 7 SYSTEM 18 CH-47 HELICOPTER 61,421 61,421 MOD OF WEAPONS AND 15 IOINT AIR-TO-GROUND 84.667 84 667 MODIFICATION OF AIR-OTHER COMBAT VEH MSLS (JAGM) CRAFT 38 M777 MODS 2.429 2.429 17 LONG-RANGE HYPERSONIC 353,415 353,415 27 AH-64 MODS 125,236 125.236 42 SNIPER RIFLES MODIFICA-19 19 WEAPON SCALABLE CONTROL 28 1,257 1,257 TIONS ANTI-TANK/ASSAULT MIS-INTERFACE (SCI). M119 MODIFICATIONS 43 4,642 4,642 SILE SYS 29 CH-47 CARGO HELI-17.709 17.709 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT & 18 JAVELIN (AAWS-M) SYSTEM 329,205 329,205 COPTER MODS (MYP) **FACILITIES** SUMMARY UTILITY HELICOPTER MODS 34 33.659 33,659 46 ITEMS LESS THAN \$5.0M 469 19,469 TOW 2 SYSTEM SUMMARY 11,731 19 11.731 36 NETWORK AND MISSION 40,472 40,472 (WOCV-WTCV) 20 GUIDED MLRS ROCKET 1,125,071 1,125,071 PI AN Procurement of six addi-[19,000] (GMLRS) 37 COMMS. NAV SURVEIL-11.566 11.566 tional Robotic Combat 21 GUIDED MLRS ROCKET 43,156 43.156 LANCE Vehicles (RCVs). (GMLRS) 39 AVIATION ASSURED PNT .... 49,475 49,475 47 PRODUCTION BASE SUP-104,993 104,993 22 MLRS REDUCED RANGE 32,339 32,339 GATM ROLLUP PORT (WOCV-WTCV). 40 4,651 4,651 PRACTICE ROCKETS GROUND SUPPORT AVI-TOTAL PROCUREMENT OF 2,886,534 2,905,534 (RRPR). W&TCV. ARMY. HIGH MOBILITY ARTILLERY 23 61.503 61.503 AIRCRAFT SURVIVABILITY 45 129.167 129.167 ROCKET SYSTEM PROCUREMENT OF AMMU-EQUIPMENT. (HIMARS 47 CMWS NITION, ARMY 38,419 38,419 MODIFICATIONS COMMON INFRARED COUN-SMALL/MEDIUM CAL AM-225,647 225,647 48 29 757.800 PATRIOT MODS 757.800 MUNITION TERMEASURES (CIRCM) STINGER MODS 428,935 450.935 32 CTG, 5.56MM, ALL TYPES 128,283 128,283 OTHER SUPPORT Qualification of Stinger [22.000] CTG. 7.62MM. ALL TYPES 62.157 62.157 COMMON GROUND FOLLIP-50 29,489 29,489 additional SRMs NEXT GENERATION SQUAD 426,177 426,177 MFNT 35 MLRS MODS 243,470 243,470 WEAPON AMMUNITION AIRCREW INTEGRATED 52 14,986 14,986 HIMARS MODIFICATIONS .... 36 54,005 54,005 7,750 CTG, HANDGUN, ALL TYPES 7,750 SYSTEMS. SPARES AND REPAIR CTG, .50 CAL, ALL TYPES 78,199 78,199 AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL ..... 24,213 24,213 PARTS CTG, 20MM, ALL TYPES 25,773 25,773 54 LAUNCHER, 2.75 ROCKET 1,611 1,611 38 SPARES AND REPAIR 6,651 6,651 CTG, 25MM, ALL TYPES 22,324 22,324 AGILE PORTFOLIO MAN-PARTS CTG, 30MM, ALL TYPES 100.392 100.392 AGEMENT SUPPORT EQUIPMENT & CTG, 40MM, ALL TYPES 131,432 131,432 SMALL UNMANNED AERIAL 57 726.034 741.034 **FACILITIES** CTG. 50MM, ALL TYPES 42.131 42.131 11 SYSTEMS. AIR DEFENSE TARGETS ..... 40 12.801 12.801 MORTAR AMMUNITION Flammable Solids UAS Ap-[15.000] AGILE PORTFOLIO MAN-12 60MM MORTAR ALL TYPES 38 114 38 114 plications. AGEMENT 81MM MORTAR, ALL TYPES 41,786 41,786 13 FIITURE LINMANNED AFR-58 118 459 118,459 LAUNCHED EFFECTS FAM-44 67.816 67.816 14 120MM MORTAR, ALL 123,144 123,144 IAL SYSTEMS (UAS) ΠY TYPES FAMILY. TOTAL MISSILE PROCURE-6,948,889 8,728,609 TANK AMMUNITION 59 GRAY EAGLE MODIFICA-12,351 12,351 MENT, ARMY 15 CARTRIDGES, TANK 440.152 440,152 TIONS. 105MM AND 120MM. TOTAL AIRCRAFT PRO-3,045,199 3,060,199 PROCUREMENT OF ALL TYPES. CUREMENT, ARMY W&TCV. ARMY ARTILLERY AMMUNITION TRACKED COMBAT VEHI-16 ARTILLERY CARTRIDGES, 80,780 80,780 MISSILE PROCUREMENT, CLES 75MM & 105MM, ALL ARMY ARMORED MULTI PUPOSE 2 554.678 554.678 **TYPES** SURFACE-TO-AIR MISSILE VEHICLE (AMPV) 17 ARTILLERY PROJECTILE, 218,877 218,877 SYSTEM ASSAULT BREACHER VEHI-4 4,079 4.079 155MM, ALL TYPES. 2 LOWER TIER AIR AND MIS-637 473 1,250,473 CLF (ARV) PRECISION ARTILLERY MU-19 28,995 28,995 SILE DEFENSE (AMD) 5 M10 ROOKER 64,919 64.919 NITIONS SEN MODIFICATION OF 20 ARTILLERY PROPELLANTS, 168,737 168,737 [613.000] Procure additional 4x TRACKED COMBAT VE-FUZES AND PRIMERS, LTAMDS-misaligned HICLES budget request STRYKER UPGRADE 135,816 135,816 MINES 4 M-SHORAD-PROCURE-679,114 679.114 9 BRADI FY FIRE SUPPORT 4.684 4.684 21 MINES & CLEARING CHAR-42.748 42.748 MFNT TEAM (BFIST) VEHICLE GERS, ALL TYPES 6 MSF MISSILF 945.905 1 485 525 10 BRADLEY PROGRAM (MOD) 157,183 157,183 CLOSE TERRAIN SHAPING 22 7.860 7,860 PAC-3 MSE missile [366,000] 11 M109 FOV MODIFICATIONS 82.537 82 537 OBSTACLE recerts-misaligned PALADIN INTEGRATED 250,238 250,238 12 budget request. MANAGEMENT (PIM) SHOULDER LAUNCHED MU-24 46.089 46.089 Patriot Mods: AMMPS/DEX [173,620] 13 IMPROVED RECOVERY VE-155,540 155,540 NITIONS, ALL TYPES 9 PRECISION STRIKE MISSILE 160,846 HICLE (M88 HERCULES). ROCKET, HYDRA 70, ALL 34,836 480,946 25 34.836 (PRSM) JOINT ASSAULT BRIDGE 132,637 132,637 Max PrSM Inc 1 procure [320,100] 19 ABRAMS UPGRADE PRO-740,528 740,528 OTHER AMMUNITION ment (+254 mis-26 CAD/PAD. ALL TYPES 12.543 12.543 VEHICLE PROTECTION SYSsiles)-misaligned 21 107,833 107,833 27 DEMOLITION MUNITIONS, 21,409 21,409

TEMS (VPS)

SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)				SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)				SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Line	Item	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized	Line	Item	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized	Line	Item	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized	
28	GRENADES, ALL TYPES	56,530	56,530	56	CI AUTOMATION ARCHITEC-	15,290	15,290	116	IAMD BATTLE COMMAND	546,480	546,480	
29 30	SIGNALS, ALL TYPES Simulators, all types Miscellaneous	36,846 10,821	36,846 10,821	58	TURE-INTEL. MULTI-DOMAIN INTEL- LIGENCE.	108,655	108,655	117	SYSTEM. AIAMD FAMILY OF SYS- TEMS (FOS) COMPO-	31,016	31,016	
32	AMMO COMPONENTS, ALL TYPES.	4,084	4,084	60	INFORMATION SECURITY INFORMATION SYSTEM SE-	826	826	118	NENTS. LIFE CYCLE SOFTWARE	5,175	5,175	
34	ITEMS LESS THEN \$5 MIL- LION (AMMO).	16,799	16,799	61	CURITY PROGRAM-ISSP. COMMUNICATIONS SECU-	125,970	125,970	119	SUPPORT (LCSS). NETWORK MANAGEMENT	244,403	244,403	
35	AMMUNITION PECULIAR EQUIPMENT.	16,219	16,219	66	RITY (COMSEC). BIOMETRIC ENABLING CA-	65	65	104	INITIALIZATION AND SERVICE.	10.505	10.505	
36	FIRST DESTINATION TRANSPORTATION (AMMO).	18,600	18,600		PABILITY (BEC).  COMM—BASE COMMU- NICATIONS			124	MOD OF IN-SVC EQUIP- Ment (Enfire). Elect Equip—automa- Tion	16,595	16,595	
37	CLOSEOUT LIABILITIES  PRODUCTION BASE SUP- PORT	102	102	70 72	INFORMATION SYSTEMS BASE EMERGENCY COM- MUNICATION.	209,378 50,177	209,378 50,177	125	ARMY TRAINING MOD- ERNIZATION.	8,262	8,262	
40	INDUSTRIAL FACILITIES Modernization of organic	1,084,611	1,334,611 [250,000]	74	INSTALLATION INFO INFRA- STRUCTURE MOD PRO-	439,373	439,373	126	AUTOMATED DATA PROC- ESSING EQUIP.	93,804	93,804	
41	industrial base. CONVENTIONAL MUNITIONS	155,050	155,050		GRAM. Elect equip—tact int			129 130	HIGH PERF COMPUTING MOD PGM (HPCMP). CONTRACT WRITING SYS-	74,708 468	74,708 468	
42	DEMILITARIZATION. ARMS INITIATIVE	3,885	3,885	78	REL ACT (TIARA) TITAN	236,314	236,314	100	TEM.	400	400	
72	TOTAL PROCUREMENT OF	3,734,235	3,984,235	81	COLLECTION CAPABILITY	2,935	2,935	0000	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	1.540	1.540	
	AMMUNITION, ARMY.			83 85	DCGS-A-INTEL TROJAN	1,087 37,968	1,087 58,568	9999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS CHEMICAL DEFENSIVE EQUIPMENT	1,546	1,546	
	OTHER PROCUREMENT, ARMY				AFRICOM: CRAM capabili- ties.		[20,600]	138	BASE DEFENSE SYSTEMS (BDS).	143	143	
2	TACTICAL VEHICLES FAMILY OF SEMITRAILERS	132,793	132,793	86	MOD OF IN-SVC EQUIP (INTEL SPT).	20,598	134,376	139	CBRN DEFENSE	69,739	69,739	
6	GROUND MOBILITY VEHI- CLES (GMV).	308,620	308,620		AN/TPQ-53 Counterfire Target Acquisition		[113,778]	142	BRIDGING EQUIPMENT TACTICAL BRIDGE, FLOAT- RIBBON.	69,863	69,863	
9	JOINT LIGHT TACTICAL VE- HICLE FAMILY OF VEHICL.	45,840	79,840		Radar. Elect equip—elec- tronic warfare (ew)				ENGINEER (NON-CON- Struction) Equip- Ment			
	Infantry Squad Vehicle Procurement.		[34,000]	91 93	AIR VIGILANCE (AV) FAMILY OF PERSISTENT	9,731 15,382	9,731 115,382	150	ROBOTICS AND APPLIQUE	509	509	
10	TRUCK, DUMP, 20T (CCE) Heavy Dump Trucks	17,000	30,506 [13,506]	33	SURVEILLANCE CAP CENTCOM: aerostat sen-	13,302	[100,000]	151	SYSTEMS. RENDER SAFE SETS KITS	14,184	14,184	
11	FAMILY OF MEDIUM TAC-	85,490	85,490		sors.		- /		OUTFITS.  Combat service sup-			
12	TICAL VEH (FMTV).  FAMILY OF COLD WEATHER  ALL-TERRAIN VEHICLE	38,001	38,001	94	COUNTERINTELLIGENCE/ SECURITY COUNTER- MEASURES.	8,283	8,283	153	PORT EQUIPMENT HEATERS AND ECU'S	14,288	14,288	
	(C.				ELECT EQUIP—TACTICAL			156 157	GROUND SOLDIER SYSTEM MOBILE SOLDIER POWER	178,850 15,729	178,850 15,729	
13	FIRETRUCKS & ASSOCI- ATED FIREFIGHTING	39,761	39,761	96	SURV. (TAC SURV) SENTINEL MODS	462,010	462,010	159 160	FIELD FEEDING EQUIPMENT CARGO AERIAL DEL &	4,500 61,224	4,500 61,224	
14	EQUIP. FAMILY OF HEAVY TAC-	202,009	202,009	97 98	NIGHT VISION DEVICES SMALL TACTICAL OPTICAL	211,056 2,111	211,056 2,111		PERSONNEL PARACHUTE	. ,	,	
19	TICAL VEHICLES (FHTV). TACTICAL WHEELED VEHI-	2,660	2,660	99	RIFLE MOUNTED MLRF. BASE EXPEDITIARY TAR-	1,801	1,801	161	SYSTEM. FAMILY OF ENGR COMBAT AND CONSTRUCTION	0	37,615	
	CLE PROTECTION KITS.		,		GETING AND SURV SYS.		,		SETS.			
20	MODIFICATION OF IN SVC EQUIP. Non-tactical vehicles	98,728	98,728	100	INDIRECT FIRE PROTEC- TION FAMILY OF SYS- TEMS.	27,881	27,881		Hydraulic Excavator (HYEX) TRACTOR FULL TRACKED,		[7,980] [29,635]	
23	NONTACTICAL VEHICLES, OTHER.	8,462	8,462	101	FAMILY OF WEAPON SIGHTS (FWS).	103,607	103,607		MED T-9 (Medium Dozer). PETROLEUM EQUIPMENT			
	COMM—JOINT COMMU- NICATIONS			102	ENHANCED PORTABLE IN- DUCTIVE ARTILLERY	10,456	10,456	164	DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS, PETROLEUM & WATER.	96,020	96,020	
29 31	TACTICAL NETWORK COM- MUNICATION. JCSE EQUIPMENT	866,347 5,389	866,347 5,389	104	fuze Se. forward looking infra- red (Iflir).	60,765	60,765	165	MEDICAL EQUIPMENT COMBAT SUPPORT MED-	99,567	99,567	
31	(USRDECOM).  COMM—SATELLITE COM-	3,303	3,363	106	JOINT BATTLE COM- MAND—PLATFORM	165,395	165,395	166	ICAL.  MAINTENANCE EQUIPMENT  MOBILE MAINTENANCE	63,311	63,311	
	MUNICATIONS				(JBC-P).			100	EQUIPMENT SYSTEMS.	05,511	03,311	
32	SATELLITE COMMUNICA- TIONS.	114,770	114,770	107	JOINT EFFECTS TARGETING SYSTEM (JETS).	48,715	48,715		CONSTRUCTION EQUIP- Ment			
36	DEFENSE ENTERPRISE WIDEBAND SATCOM	65,591	65,591	109	COMPUTER BALLISTICS: LHMBC XM32.	6,325	6,325	169	CONSTRUCTION EQUIP- MENT.	92,299	92,299	
39	SYSTEMS. ASSURED POSITIONING,	212,469	212,469	110 111	MORTAR FIRE CONTROL SYSTEM.	3,657 3,262	3,657 3,262		RAIL FLOAT CONTAINERIZATION			
	NAVIGATION AND TIMING.  COMM—COMBAT COMMU-  NICATIONS			111	MORTAR FIRE CONTROL SYSTEMS MODIFICA- TIONS.	3,202	3,202	179 180	EQUIPMENT  ARMY WATERCRAFT ESP  MANEUVER SUPPORT VES-	57,342 33,949	57,342 158,949	
46	HANDHELD MANPACK SMALL FORM FIT (HMS).	478,435	478,435	112	COUNTERFIRE RADARS ELECT EQUIP—TACTICAL	40,526	40,526	100	SEL (MSV). MSV-L 2x ships per year	33,343	[125,000]	
48	ARMY LINK 16 SYSTEMS	133,836	133,836	112	C2 SYSTEMS	700 107	700 107	181	ITEMS LESS THAN \$5.0M	18,217	18,217	
51 52	UNIFIED COMMAND SUITE COTS COMMUNICATIONS	20,010 207,402	20,010 207,402	113	ARMY COMMAND POST IN- TEGRATED INFRASTRUC-	723,187	723,187	100	(FLOAT/RAIL).  GENERATORS	00.070	00.0=0	
54	EQUIPMENT.  ARMY COMMUNICATIONS &	110,678	110,678	114	TURE (. FIRE SUPPORT C2 FAMILY	3,389	3,389	182	GENERATORS AND ASSOCI- ATED EQUIP.	89,073	89,073	
	ELECTRONICS.  Comm—intelligence			115	AIR & MSL DEFENSE PLANNING & CONTROL	33,103	33,103		MATERIAL HANDLING Equipment			

	SEC. 4101. PROCURE (In Thousands of Do			SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)				SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Line	Item	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized	Line	Item	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized	Line	Item	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized	
	Family of All Terrain		[15,000]	47	H-53 SERIES	69,227	69,227	21	NAVAL STRIKE MISSILE	32,238	32,238	
	Cranes. Type 1 Crane/Mobility		[18,201]	48 49	MH-60 SERIES H-1 SERIES	115,545 149,405	115,545 149,405	22	(NSM). NAVAL STRIKE MISSILE	3,059	3,059	
	TRAINING EQUIPMENT		[10,201]	51	E-2 SERIES	143,772	143,772	22	(NSM).	3,033	3,033	
185	COMBAT TRAINING CEN-	49,025	49,025	52	TRAINER A/C SERIES	12,151	12,151		MODIFICATION OF MIS-			
	TERS SUPPORT.			54	C-130 SERIES	144,017	144,017		SILES			
186	TRAINING DEVICES, NON- SYSTEM.	189,306	189,306	55 56	FEWSGCARGO/TRANSPORT A/C	5 7,526	5 7,526	25	TOMAHAWK MODS TLAM procurement in-	6,283	41,283 [35,000]	
187	SYNTHETIC TRAINING ENVI- RONMENT (STE).	166,402	166,402	57	SERIES. E-6 SERIES	163,737	163,737	26	crease. ESSM	503,381	503,381	
189	GAMING TECHNOLOGY IN	7,320	7,320	58	EXECUTIVE HELICOPTERS	66,645	66,645	28	AARGM-ER	261,041	261,041	
	SUPPORT OF ARMY			30	SERIES.	00,043	00,043	29	AARGM-ER	24,284	24,284	
	TRAINING.			60	T-45 SERIES	173,433	173,433	31	STANDARD MISSILES MODS	32,127	32,127	
	TEST MEASURE AND DIG			61	POWER PLANT CHANGES	18,707	18,707		SUPPORT EQUIPMENT & FACILITIES			
191	EQUIPMENT (TMD) INTEGRATED FAMILY OF	38,784	38,784	62	JPATS SERIES	21,330	21,330	32	WEAPONS INDUSTRIAL FA-	127,222	527,222	
131	TEST EQUIPMENT (IFTE).	00,704	00,704	64	COMMON AVIONICS	91,553	91,553	02	CILITIES.	127,222	027,222	
193	TEST EQUIPMENT MOD-	51,119	51,119	65	COMMON AVIONICS CHANGES.	161,376	161,376		Navy munitions		[400,000]	
195	ERNIZATION (TEMOD).			66	COMMON DEFENSIVE	8,926	8,926		ORDNANCE SUPPORT			
	OTHER SUPPORT EQUIP-				WEAPON SYSTEM.	-,	-,	00	EQUIPMENT	07.050	07.050	
	MENT PHYSICAL SECURITY SYS-	136,315	136,315	67	ID SYSTEMS	3,011	3,011	36	ORDNANCE SUPPORT EQUIPMENT.	37,059	37,059	
133	TEMS (OPA3).	130,313	130,313	68	P-8 SERIES	320,130	320,130		TORPEDOES AND RELATED			
196	BASE LEVEL COMMON	19,452	19,452	69	MAGTE EW FOR AVIATION	22,356	22,356		EQUIP			
	EQUIPMENT.		.,	71	V-22 (TILT/ROTOR ACFT) OSPREY.	319,145	319,145	39	SSTD	4,789	4,789	
197	MODIFICATION OF IN-SVC	31,452	31,452	72	NEXT GENERATION	439,493	439,493	40	MK-48 TORPEDO	7,081	7,081	
	EQUIPMENT (OPA-3).			12	JAMMER (NGJ).	400,400	400,400	42	ASW TARGETS	38,386	38,386	
198	BUILDING, PRE-FAB,	10,490	10,490	73	F-35 STOVL SERIES	364,774	364,774		MOD OF TORPEDOES AND RELATED EQUIP			
200	RELOCATABLE. SPECIAL EQUIPMENT FOR	93,777	93,777	74	F-35 CV SERIES	180,533	180,533	43	MK-54 TORPEDO MODS	1,692	1,692	
200	TEST AND EVALUATION.	33,777	33,777	75	QRC	24,893	24,893	44	MK-48 TORPEDO ADCAP	31,479	31,479	
	OPA2			76	MQ-4 SERIES	180,463	180,463		MODS.			
205	INITIAL SPARES—C&E	7,254	7,254		AIRCRAFT SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS			45	MARITIME MINES	0	75,000	
	AGILE PORTFOLIO MAN- AGEMENT			84	SPARES AND REPAIR	2,562,627	2,562,627		Enhanced Joint Direct At- tack Missile (JDAM)		[75,000]	
207	COUNTER-SMALL UN-	306,568	306,568		PARTS.				(USN).			
	MANNED AERIAL SYS-		,		AIRCRAFT SUPPORT EQUIP				SUPPORT EQUIPMENT			
	TEM (C-SUAS).			85	& FACILITIES  COMMON GROUND EQUIP-	584,561	584,561	46	TORPEDO SUPPORT EQUIP-	161,218	161,218	
208	ELECTRONIC WARFARE	24,547	24,547	00	MENT.	364,301	364,301	47	MENT.	4.000	4.000	
209	ELECTRONIC WARFARE AGILE.	54,427	54,427	86	AIRCRAFT INDUSTRIAL FA-	112,513	112,513	47	ASW RANGE SUPPORT  DESTINATION TRANSPOR-	4,328	4,328	
210	SOLDIER BORNE SENSOR	21,919	21,919		CILITIES.				TATION			
	TOTAL OTHER PROCURE-	9,605,566	10,083,266	87	WAR CONSUMABLES	45,153	45,153	48	FIRST DESTINATION	5,346	5,346	
	MENT, ARMY.			88	OTHER PRODUCTION CHARGES.	70,770	70,770		TRANSPORTATION.  GUNS AND GUN MOUNTS			
	AIRCRAFT PROCUREMENT,			89	SPECIAL SUPPORT EQUIP- MENT.	130,993	130,993	51	SMALL ARMS AND WEAP-	9,987	9,987	
	NAVY				TOTAL AIRCRAFT PRO-	17,028,101	16.080.101		ONS.  MODIFICATION OF GUNS			
2	COMBAT AIRCRAFT F/A-18E/F (FIGHTER) HOR-	50,607	50,607		CUREMENT, NAVY.	,, -	.,,		AND GUN MOUNTS			
_	NET.	30,007	30,007					52	CIWS MODS	8,122	8,122	
4	JOINT STRIKE FIGHTER CV	1,951,629	1,951,629		WEAPONS PROCUREMENT,			53	COAST GUARD WEAPONS	44,455	44,455	
5	JOINT STRIKE FIGHTER CV	401,596	401,596		NAVY Modification of Mis-			54	GUN MUNT MODS	83,969	83,969	
6	JSF STOVL	1,787,313	1,787,313		SILES			55	LCS MODULE WEAPONS	2,200	2,200	
7 8	JSF STOVL CH-53K (HEAVY LIFT)	113,744	113,744 2,259,601	2	TRIDENT II MODS	2,582,029	2,582,029	56	AIRBORNE MINE NEUTRAL- IZATION SYSTEMS.	14,413	14,413	
0	USMC (+4) CH-53K	1,707,601	[552,000]		STRATEGIC MISSILES	,,	,,.		SPARES AND REPAIR			
9	CH-53K (HEAVY LIFT)	335,352	335,352	6	TOMAHAWK	12,593	205,593		PARTS			
10	V-22 (MEDIUM LIFT)	47,196	47,196		TLAM supplier base sta-		[193,000]	61	SPARES AND REPAIR	202,425	202,425	
12	H-1 UPGRADES (UH-1Y/	8,305	8,305		bilization—turbofans.  TACTICAL MISSILES				PARTS.			
1.4	AH-1Z).	12 (21	12 (21	7	AMRAAM	69,913	763,913		TOTAL WEAPONS PRO-	5,597,300	7,214,300	
14 15	P—8A POSEIDON E—2D ADV HAWKEYE	13,631 1,503,556	13,631 3,556	,	AMRAAM: maximize pro-	03,310	[694,000]		CUREMENT, NAVY.			
13	E-2D cancelation	1,303,330	[-1,500,000]		curement.		,		PROCUREMENT OF AMMO,			
	E ED CONCONCION MANAGEMENT		[ 1,000,000]	8	SIDEWINDER	84,713	84,713		NAVY & MC			
	OTHER AIRCRAFT				JOINT ADVANCE TACTICAL	301,858	301,858		NAVY AMMUNITION			
23	OTHER AIRCRAFT KC-130J	18,017	18,017	9								
27	KC-130J MQ-4 TRITON	133,139	133,139		MISSILE (JATM).		040 400	1	GENERAL PURPOSE BOMBS	30,915	30,915	
27 31	KC-130J MQ-4 TRITON MQ-25	133,139 407,046	133,139 407,046	9	MISSILE (JATM). STANDARD MISSILE	187,420	249,420	2	JDAM	61,119	61,119	
27 31 32	KC-130J MQ-4 TRITON MQ-25 MQ-25	133,139 407,046 52,191	133,139 407,046 52,191		MISSILE (JATM). STANDARD MISSILESM-6 procurement—mis-		249,420 [62,000]		JDAM AIRBORNE ROCKETS, ALL			
27 31	KC-130J MQ-4 TRITON MQ-25	133,139 407,046	133,139 407,046		MISSILE (JATM). STANDARD MISSILE			2	JDAM	61,119	61,119	
27 31 32 34	KC-130J	133,139 407,046 52,191 15,162	133,139 407,046 52,191 15,162		MISSILE (JATM). STANDARD MISSILE SM-6 procurement—mis- aligned budget request (+11 AURs). SMALL DIAMETER			2	JDAM AIRBORNE ROCKETS, ALL TYPES.	61,119 87,797	61,119 87,797	
27 31 32 34 36	KC-130J	133,139 407,046 52,191 15,162 19,812	133,139 407,046 52,191 15,162 19,812	10	MISSILE (JATM). STANDARD MISSILE SM-6 procurement—misaligned budget request (+11 AURs). SMALL DIAMETER BOBOMBMB II.	187,420 86,255	[62,000] 86,255	2 3 4 5	JDAM	61,119 87,797 17,645 45,049	61,119 87,797 17,645 45,049	
27 31 32 34 36	KC-130J	133,139 407,046 52,191 15,162 19,812 53,809	133,139 407,046 52,191 15,162 19,812	10 12 13	MISSILE (JATM). STANDARD MISSILE	187,420 86,255 122,372	[62,000] 86,255 122,372	2 3 4	JDAM	61,119 87,797 17,645	61,119 87,797 17,645	
27 31 32 34 36	KC-130J	133,139 407,046 52,191 15,162 19,812	133,139 407,046 52,191 15,162 19,812	10	MISSILE (JATM). STANDARD MISSILE SM-6 procurement—mis- aligned budget request (+11 AURS). SMALL DIAMETER BOBOMBMB II. RAM	187,420 86,255	[62,000] 86,255	2 3 4 5 6	JDAM	61,119 87,797 17,645 45,049 74,535	61,119 87,797 17,645 45,049 74,535	
27 31 32 34 36	KC-130J	133,139 407,046 52,191 15,162 19,812 53,809	133,139 407,046 52,191 15,162 19,812	10 12 13 15	MISSILE (JATM). STANDARD MISSILE SM-6 procurement—mis- aligned budget request (+11 AURs). SMALL DIAMETER BOBOMBMB II. RAM JOINT AIR GROUND MIS- SILE (JAGM).	187,420 86,255 122,372 74,152	86,255 122,372 74,152	2 3 4 5	JDAM	61,119 87,797 17,645 45,049	61,119 87,797 17,645 45,049	
27 31 32 34 36	KC-130J	133,139 407,046 52,191 15,162 19,812 53,809	133,139 407,046 52,191 15,162 19,812	10 12 13	MISSILE (JATM). STANDARD MISSILE SM-6 procurement—mis- aligned budget request (+11 AURS). SMALL DIAMETER BOBOMBMB II. RAM	187,420 86,255 122,372	[62,000] 86,255 122,372	2 3 4 5 6	JDAM	61,119 87,797 17,645 45,049 74,535	61,119 87,797 17,645 45,049 74,535	
27 31 32 34 36 39 40	KC-130J	133,139 407,046 52,191 15,162 19,812 53,809 576,229	133,139 407,046 52,191 15,162 19,812 53,809 576,229	10 12 13 15	MISSILE (JATM). STANDARD MISSILE SM-6 procurement—mis- aligned budget request (+11 AURS). SMALL DIAMETER BOBOMBMB II. RAM JOINT AIR GROUND MIS- SILE (JAGM). AERIAL TARGETS	187,420 86,255 122,372 74,152 182,704	[62,000] 86,255 122,372 74,152 182,704	2 3 4 5 6	JDAM	61,119 87,797 17,645 45,049 74,535 98,437	61,119 87,797 17,645 45,049 74,535 98,437	
27 31 32 34 36 39 40	KC-130J	133,139 407,046 52,191 15,162 19,812 53,809 576,229 143,695 25,848	133,139 407,046 52,191 15,162 19,812 53,809 576,229 143,695 25,848	10 12 13 15 17	MISSILE (JATM). STANDARD MISSILE SM-6 procurement—mis- aligned budget request (+11 AURs). SMALL DIAMETER BOBOMBMB II. RAM JOINT AIR GROUND MIS- SILE (JAGM). AERIAL TARGETS OTHER MISSILE SUPPORT LRASM LRASM supplier base Navy	187,420 86,255 122,372 74,152 182,704 3,490	86,255 122,372 74,152 182,704 3,490	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	JDAM	61,119 87,797 17,645 45,049 74,535 98,437 6,373 24,864	61,119 87,797 17,645 45,049 74,535 98,437 6,373 24,864	
27 31 32 34 36 39 40	KC-130J	133,139 407,046 52,191 15,162 19,812 53,809 576,229	133,139 407,046 52,191 15,162 19,812 53,809 576,229	10 12 13 15 17	MISSILE (JATM). STANDARD MISSILE SM-6 procurement—mis- aligned budget request (+11 AURS). SMALL DIAMETER BOBOMBMB II. RAM JOINT AIR GROUND MIS- SILE (JAGM). AERIAL TARGETS OTHER MISSILE SUPPORT LRASM LRASM Supplier base Navy production to 160 per	187,420 86,255 122,372 74,152 182,704 3,490	[62,000] 86,255 122,372 74,152 182,704 3,490 401,217	2 3 4 5 6 7	JDAM AIRBORNE ROCKETS, ALL TYPES. MACHINE GUN AMMUNI- TION. PRACTICE BOMBS CARTRIDGES & CART AC- TUATED DEVICES. AIR EXPENDABLE COUN- TERMEASURES. JATOS 5 INCH/54 GUN AMMUNI- TION. INTERMEDIATE CALIBER	61,119 87,797 17,645 45,049 74,535 98,437 6,373	61,119 87,797 17,645 45,049 74,535 98,437 6,373	
27 31 32 34 36 39 40	KC-130J	133,139 407,046 52,191 15,162 19,812 53,809 576,229 143,695 25,848	133,139 407,046 52,191 15,162 19,812 53,809 576,229 143,695 25,848	10 12 13 15 17	MISSILE (JATM). STANDARD MISSILE SM-6 procurement—mis- aligned budget request (+11 AURs). SMALL DIAMETER BOBOMBMB II. RAM JOINT AIR GROUND MIS- SILE (JAGM). AERIAL TARGETS OTHER MISSILE SUPPORT LRASM LRASM supplier base Navy	187,420 86,255 122,372 74,152 182,704 3,490	[62,000] 86,255 122,372 74,152 182,704 3,490 401,217	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	JDAM	61,119 87,797 17,645 45,049 74,535 98,437 6,373 24,864	61,119 87,797 17,645 45,049 74,535 98,437 6,373 24,864	

	SEC. 4101. PROCURE (In Thousands of Do			SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)					SEC. 4101. PROCURE (In Thousands of Do		
Line	Item	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized	Line	Item	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized	Line	Item	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized
12	SMALL ARMS & LANDING PARTY AMMO.	49,493	49,493		TOTAL SHIPBUILDING AND CONVERSION, NAVY.	20,840,224	30,957,624	36	LCS SUW MISSION MOD- ULES.	3,790	3,790
13	PYROTECHNIC AND DEMO- LITION.	9,644	9,644		OTHER PROCUREMENT,			37	LCS IN-SERVICE MOD- ERNIZATION.	203,442	203,442
15	AMMUNITION LESS THAN \$5 MILLION.	1,723	1,723		NAVY SHIP PROPULSION EQUIP-			38	SMALL & MEDIUM UUV Logistic Support	54,854	54,854
16	EXPEDITIONARY LOITERING MUNITIONS.	0	64,000	1	MENT SURFACE POWER EQUIP-	9,978	9,978	40	LSD MIDLIFE & MOD- ERNIZATION.	4,079	4,079
	Expeditionary Loitering Munitions.		[64,000]	1	MENT. GENERATORS	3,370	3,376	43	SHIP SONARS AN/SQQ-89 SURF ASW	144,425	144,425
	MARINE CORPS AMMUNI- Tion			2	SURFACE COMBATANT HM&E.	62,004	71,004	44	COMBAT SYSTEM. SSN ACOUSTIC EQUIPMENT	498,597	498,597
18	MORTARS	141,135	141,135		Mixed-Oxidant Electrolytic		[9,000]		ASW ELECTRONIC EQUIP- Ment		,
19	DIRECT SUPPORT MUNI- TIONS.	26,729	26,729	2	Disinfectant Generator.  NAVIGATION EQUIPMENT	00.045	00.045	46	SUBMARINE ACOUSTIC WARFARE SYSTEM.	56,482	56,482
20	INFANTRY WEAPONS AM- MUNITION.	180,867	180,867	3	OTHER NAVIGATION EQUIP- MENT.	96,945	96,945	47 48	SSTDFIXED SURVEILLANCE SYS-	14,915 352,312	14,915 352,312
21	COMBAT SUPPORT MUNI- TIONS.	12,936	12,936		OTHER SHIPBOARD EQUIP- Ment			49	TEM. SURTASS	31,169	31,169
22 23	AMMO MODERNIZATION ARTILLERY MUNITIONS	18,467 147,473	18,467 147,473	4	SUB PERISCOPE, IMAGING AND SUPT EQUIP PROG.	135,863	277,863	45	ELECTRONIC WARFARE	01,103	01,103
24	ITEMS LESS THAN \$5 MIL- LION.	15,891	15,891		Sub periscope, imaging and supt equip—mis-		[142,000]	50	EQUIPMENT AN/SLQ-32	461,380	461,380
	TOTAL PROCUREMENT OF	1,135,030	1,199,030	5	aligned budget request.  DDG MOD	686,787	007 797		RECONNAISSANCE EQUIP- Ment		
	AMMO, NAVY & MC.			5	DDG Mod	000,707	997,787 [311,000]	51	SHIPBOARD IW EXPLOIT	379,908	379,908
	SHIPBUILDING AND CON-			6	FIREFIGHTING EQUIPMENT	36,488	36,488	52	MARITIME BATTLESPACE AWARENESS.	13,008	13,008
	VERSION, NAVY Fleet Ballistic Missile			7	COMMAND AND CONTROL SWITCHBOARD.	2,417	2,417		OTHER SHIP ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT		
1	SHIPS COLUMBIA CLASS SUB-	3,928,828	3,928,828	8	LHA/LHD MIDLIFE	86,884	123,884 [37,000]	53	COOPERATIVE ENGAGE-	26,648	26,648
2	MARINE. COLUMBIA CLASS SUB-	5,065,766	5,065,766	9	LHA/LHD Midlife LCC 19/20 EXTENDED	19,276	19,276	54	MENT CAPABILITY. NAVAL TACTICAL COM-	7,972	7,972
2	MARINE.	3,003,700	3,003,700	10	SERVICE LIFE PROGRAM. POLLUTION CONTROL	22,477	22,477		MAND SUPPORT SYSTEM (NTCSS).		
5	OTHER WARSHIPS CARRIER REPLACEMENT	1,046,700	1,046,700	11	EQUIPMENT. SUBMARINE SUPPORT	383,062	383,062	55 56	ATDLS NAVY COMMAND AND	58,739 3,489	58,739 3,489
6	PROGRAM.  CARRIER REPLACEMENT  PROGRAM.	612,038	612,038	12	EQUIPMENT. VIRGINIA CLASS SUPPORT	52,039	52,039		CONTROL SYSTEM (NCCS).		
7 8	CVN-81VIRGINIA CLASS SUB-	1,622,935 816,705	1,622,935 2,016,705	13	EQUIPMENT. LCS CLASS SUPPORT EQUIPMENT.	2,551	2,551	57	MINESWEEPING SYSTEM REPLACEMENT.	16,426	22,426
0	MARINE. Virginia class submarine	610,703	[1,200,000]	14 15	SUBMARINE BATTERIES LPD CLASS SUPPORT	28,169 101,042	28,169 126,042		Dual-Modality Vehicle Mine Countermeasures.		[6,000]
9	VIRGINIA CLASS SUB- MARINE.	3,126,816	3,126,816	15	EQUIPMENT.	101,042		59	NAVSTAR GPS RECEIVERS (SPACE).	45,701	45,701
10	CVN REFUELING OVER-	1,779,011	1,779,011	4.0	LPD Class Support Equip- ment.	445.007	[25,000]	60	AMERICAN FORCES RADIO AND TV SERVICE.	304	304
12	HAULS. DDG 1000	52,358	52,358	16	DDG 1000 CLASS SUPPORT EQUIPMENT.	115,267	115,267		AVIATION ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT		
13	DDG-51 DDG-51	10,773	6,335,173 [5,400,000]	17	STRATEGIC PLATFORM SUPPORT EQUIP.	38,039	38,039	62	ASHORE ATC EQUIPMENT	97,262	97,262
	Wage and quality of life		[924,400]	19	DSSP EQUIPMENT	5,849	5,849	63 64	AFLOAT ATC EQUIPMENT ID SYSTEMS	72,104 52,171	72,104 52,171
	enhancements for con- ventional surface ship-			22	UNDERWATER EOD EQUIP- MENT.	22,355	22,355	65	JOINT PRECISION AP- PROACH AND LANDING	5,105	5,105
	building, private ship repair, and public ship-			23	ITEMS LESS THAN \$5 MIL- LION.	11,691	86,691	66	SYSTEM (. NAVAL MISSION PLANNING	60,058	60,058
	yards.				Misaligned budget request		[75,000]	00	SYSTEMS.	00,000	00,000
14	DDG-51 Advance Procure-	0	1,350,000 [900,000]	24	CHEMICAL WARFARE DE- TECTORS.	2,607	2,607		OTHER SHORE ELEC- Tronic Equipment		
	ment. Large Surface Combatant		[450,000]		REACTOR PLANT EQUIP- Ment			68	TACTICAL/MOBILE C4I SYS- TEMS.	64,901	64,901
	Shipyard Infrastructure and Industrial Base.			26	SHIP MAINTENANCE, RE- PAIR AND MODERNIZA-	2,392,620	2,392,620	69	INTELLIGENCE SURVEIL- LANCE AND	12,112	12,112
	AUXILIARIES, CRAFT AND			00	TION.	200 200	474.000		RECONAISSANCE (ISR).		
	PRIOR YR PROGRAM Cost			28	REACTOR COMPONENTS Navv budget request er-	399,603	474,603 [75,000]	70 71	CANES RADIAC	534,324 31,289	534,324 31,289
31	TAO FLEET OILER	8,346	8,346		rata to restore funding		[/0,000]	72	CANES-INTELL	46,281	46,281
34	TAGOS SURTASS SHIPS	612,205	612,205		for reactor plant com-			73	GPETE	33,395	33,395
41	OUTFITTING Outfitting	863,846	886,846 [23,000]		ponents.  OCEAN ENGINEERING			74 75	MASFINTEG COMBAT SYSTEM	13,205	13,205
43	SERVICE CRAFT	34,602	174,602	29	DIVING AND SALVAGE	7,842	7,842	/5	TEST FACILITY.	11,493	11,493
48	YRBM procurement AUXILIARY VESSELS (USED	45,000	[140,000] 648,000		EQUIPMENT.  SMALL BOATS			76	EMI CONTROL INSTRUMEN- TATION.	3,687	3,687
	SEALIFT). Auxiliary Personnel Lighter		[78,000]	31	STANDARD BOATS40-foot Patrol Boat	51,546	118,546 [67,000]	78	IN-SERVICE RADARS AND SENSORS.	249,656	249,656
	Used Sealift Vessels for the Ready Reserve		[525,000]		PRODUCTION FACILITIES EQUIPMENT				SHIPBOARD COMMUNICA- Tions		
49	Force (RRF). COMPLETION OF PY SHIP-	1,214,295	1,691,295	32	OPERATING FORCES IPE OTHER SHIP SUPPORT	208,998	208,998	79	BATTLE FORCE TACTICAL NETWORK.	106,583	106,583
	BUILDING PROGRAMS. Completion of prior year		[477,000]	33	LCS COMMON MISSION MODULES EQUIPMENT.	38,880	38,880	80	SHIPBOARD TACTICAL COMMUNICATIONS.	20,900	20,900
	shipbuilding—mis- aligned budget request.			34	LCS MCM MISSION MOD- ULE.	91,372	91,372	81	SHIP COMMUNICATIONS AUTOMATION.	162,075	162,075

	SEC. 4101. PROCURE (In Thousands of Do				SEC. 4101. PROCURE (In Thousands of Do				SEC. 4101. PROCURE (In Thousands of Do		
Line	Item	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized	Line	Item	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized	Line	Item	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized
82	COMMUNICATIONS ITEMS UNDER \$5M.	11,138	11,138		OTHER EXPENDABLE ORD- Nance				ARTILLERY AND OTHER WEAPONS		
	SUBMARINE COMMUNICA- TIONS			136	ANTI-SHIP MISSIL DECOY SYSTEM.	19,129	89,129	4	155MM LIGHTWEIGHT TOWED HOWITZER.	3	3
83	SUBMARINE BROADCAST SUPPORT.	113,115	113,115		ASCM decoy systems— misaligned budget re-		[70,000]	5	ARTILLERY WEAPONS SYS- TEM.	221,897	221,897
84	SUBMARINE COMMUNICA- TION EQUIPMENT.	84,584	84,584	137	quest. SUBMARINE TRAINING DE-	77,889	77,889	6	WEAPONS AND COMBAT VEHICLES UNDER \$5	13,401	13,401
	SATELLITE COMMUNICA- Tions			138	VICE MODS. SURFACE TRAINING EQUIP-	186,085	186,085		MILLION. Guided Missiles		
85	SATELLITE COMMUNICA- TIONS SYSTEMS.	62,943	62,943		MENT. Civil Engineering Sup- Port Equipment			11	NAVAL STRIKE MISSILE (NSM).	143,711	143,711
86 87	NAVY MULTIBAND TER- MINAL (NMT). MOBILE ADVANCED EHF	63,433 220,453	63,433 220,453	141	PASSENGER CARRYING VE- HICLES.	3,825	3,825	12 13	NAVAL STRIKE MISSILE (NSM). GROUND BASED AIR DE-	20,930 620,220	20,930 620,220
	TERMINAL (MAT). SHORE COMMUNICATIONS	,	,	142	GENERAL PURPOSE TRUCKS.	5,489	5,489	14	FENSE. ANTI-ARMOR MISSILE-JAV-	32,576	32,576
88	JOINT COMMUNICATIONS SUPPORT ELEMENT	3,389	3,389	143	CONSTRUCTION & MAINTE- NANCE EQUIP.	102,592	102,592	15	ELIN. FAMILY ANTI-ARMOR	107	107
	(JCSE).			144	FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT	27,675	27,675		WEAPONS SYSTEMS		
	CRYPTOGRAPHIC EQUIP- Ment			145 146	TACTICAL VEHICLES AMPHIBIOUS EQUIPMENT	37,262 38,073	37,262 38,073	16	(FOAAWS). ANTI-ARMOR MISSILE-TOW	2,173	2,173
89	INFO SYSTEMS SECURITY PROGRAM (ISSP).	191,239	191,239	147	POLLUTION CONTROL EQUIPMENT.	4,009	4,009	17	GUIDED MLRS ROCKET (GMLRS).	61,490	61,490
90	MIO INTEL EXPLOITATION TEAM.	1,122	1,122	148	ITEMS LESS THAN \$5 MIL- LION.	127,086	127,086		COMMAND AND CONTROL SYSTEMS		
91	CRYPTOLOGIC EQUIPMENT CRYPTOLOGIC COMMU- NICATIONS EQUIP.	7,841	7,841	149	PHYSICAL SECURITY VEHI- CLES. Supply support equip-	1,297	1,297	21	COMMON AVIATION COM- MAND AND CONTROL SYSTEM (C.	68,589	68,589
	OTHER ELECTRONIC SUP- Port			151	MENT SUPPLY EQUIPMENT	38,838	38,838		REPAIR AND TEST EQUIP- Ment		
109	COAST GUARD EQUIPMENT SONOBUOYS	61,512	61,512	152	FIRST DESTINATION TRANSPORTATION.	6,203	6,203	22	REPAIR AND TEST EQUIP- MENT.	61,264	61,264
112	SONOBUOYS—ALL TYPES AIRCRAFT SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	249,908	249,908	153	SPECIAL PURPOSE SUPPLY SYSTEMS. TRAINING DEVICES	643,618	643,618	23	OTHER SUPPORT (TEL) MODIFICATION KITS COMMAND AND CONTROL	1,108	1,108
113	MINOTAUR	5,191	5,191	155	TRAINING SUPPORT EQUIP-	3,480	3,480		SYSTEM (NON-TEL)		
114	WEAPONS RANGE SUPPORT	123,435	123,435		MENT.			24	ITEMS UNDER \$5 MILLION	202,679	202,679
115	EQUIPMENT. AIRCRAFT SUPPORT EQUIP- MENT.	91,284	91,284	156	TRAINING AND EDUCATION EQUIPMENT. COMMAND SUPPORT	75,048	75,048	25	(COMM & ELEC). AIR OPERATIONS C2 SYS- TEMS.	15,784	15,784
116	ADVANCED ARRESTING GEAR (AAG).	4,484	4,484	157	EQUIPMENT COMMAND SUPPORT	34,249	34,249		RADAR + EQUIPMENT (NON-TEL)		
117	ELECTROMAGNETIC AIR- CRAFT LAUNCH SYSTEM	16,294	16,294	158	EQUIPMENT. MEDICAL SUPPORT EQUIP-	12,256	12,256	27	GROUND/AIR TASK ORI- ENTED RADAR (G/ATOR).	79,542	190,742
118	(EMALS. METEOROLOGICAL EQUIP- MENT.	13,806	13,806	160	MENT. NAVAL MIP SUPPORT EQUIPMENT.	8,810	8,810		USMC (+2) G/ATOR Radar Systems. INTELL/COMM EQUIPMENT		[111,200]
119	AIRBORNE MCM	9,643	9,643	161	OPERATING FORCES SUP-	16,567	16,567		(NON-TEL)		
121	AVIATION SUPPORT EQUIP-	111,334	111,334		PORT EQUIPMENT.			29	ELECTRO MAGNETIC SPEC-	35,396	35,396
122	MENT. UMCS-UNMAN CARRIER AVIATION(UCA)MISSION	189,553	189,553	162 163	C4ISR EQUIPMENT ENVIRONMENTAL SUPPORT EQUIPMENT.	36,945 42,860	36,945 42,860	30	TRUM OPERATIONS (EMSO). GCSS-MC	3,303	3,303
	CNTRL.			164	PHYSICAL SECURITY	166,577	166,577	31	FIRE SUPPORT SYSTEM	116,304	116,304
	SHIP GUN SYSTEM EQUIP- Ment			165	EQUIPMENT. ENTERPRISE INFORMATION	42,363	42,363	32	INTELLIGENCE SUPPORT EQUIPMENT.	67,690	85,390
125	SHIP GUN SYSTEMS EQUIPMENT.	7,358	7,358	470	TECHNOLOGY.  OTHER	405 755	405 755		Marine Littoral Regiment Organic Find, Fix, and		[17,700]
126	SHIP MISSILE SYSTEMS  EQUIPMENT  HARPOON SUPPORT EQUIP-	209	209	170 171	NEXT GENERATION ENTER- PRISE SERVICE. CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES	185,755 5,446	185,755 19,986	34	Track (F2T). UNMANNED AIR SYSTEMS (INTEL).	14,991	14,991
127	MENT. SHIP MISSILE SUPPORT	455,822	455,822	171	Information Security Cyber Security Chain Risk	0,440	[14,540]	35 36	DCGS-MC UAS PAYLOADS	42,946 12,232	42,946 12,232
128	EQUIPMENT. TOMAHAWK SUPPORT	107,709	107,709		Management Program. CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS				OTHER SUPPORT (NON- TEL)		
100	EQUIPMENT.  FBM SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	07.004	07.004	9999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS SPARES AND REPAIR	41,991	41,991	40	MARINE CORPS ENTER- PRISE NETWORK (MCEN).	205,710	205,710
129 130	CPS SUPPORT EQUIPMENT STRATEGIC MISSILE SYS- TEMS EQUIP.	67,264 491,179	67,264 491,179	176	PARTS SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS.	585,865	585,865	41 42	COMMON COMPUTER RE- SOURCES. COMMAND POST SYSTEMS	21,064 50,549	21,064 50,549
131	ASW SUPPORT EQUIPMENT SSN COMBAT CONTROL SYSTEM.	102,954	102,954		TOTAL OTHER PROCURE- MENT, NAVY.	14,569,524	15,401,064	43 44	RADIO SYSTEMSCOMM SWITCHING & CONTROL SYSTEMS.	209,444 100,712	209,444 100,712
132	ASW SUPPORT EQUIPMENT OTHER ORDNANCE SUP-	25,721	25,721		PROCUREMENT, MARINE CORPS			45	COMM & ELEC INFRA- STRUCTURE SUPPORT.	16,163	16,163
133	PORT EQUIPMENT EXPLOSIVE ORDNANCE DISPOSAL EQUIP.	24,822	24,822	1	TRACKED COMBAT VEHI- CLES AAV7A1 PIP	21	21	46 9999	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES  CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS  CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	14,541 2,145	14,541 2,145
134	DIRECTED ENERGY SYS- TEMS.	2,976	2,976	2	AMPHIBIOUS COMBAT VE- HICLE FAMILY OF VEHI-	790,789	790,789	51	ADMINISTRATIVE VEHICLES COMMERCIAL CARGO VE-	24,699	24,699
135	ITEMS LESS THAN \$5 MIL- LION.	3,635	3,635	3	CLES. LAV PIP	764	764		HICLES.  Tactical vehicles		•

	(In Thousands of Do	MENT llars)		SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)				SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Line	Item	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized	Line	Item	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized	Line	ltem	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized	
52	MOTOR TRANSPORT MODI-	16,472	16,472	51	C-5	34,939	34,939	9	AGM-183A AIR-LAUNCHED	387,055	669,055	
53	FICATIONS.  JOINT LIGHT TACTICAL VE- HICLE.	81,893	249,893	52 56	C-17A OSA-EA MODIFICATIONS TRAINER AIRCRAFT	9,853 87,515	9,853 87,515	11	RAPID RESPONSE WEAPON. JOINT AIR-SURFACE	328,081	650,081	
	USMC JLTV procurement (+224).		[168,000]	57 58	GLIDER MODS	159 247,814	159 247,814	11	STANDOFF MISSILE.  Joint Air to Surface Stand-	320,001	[322,000]	
	ENGINEER AND OTHER EQUIPMENT			59	T-1	137	152,137 [152,000]		Off Missile (JASSM) (USAF).		[322,000	
58 59	TACTICAL FUEL SYSTEMS POWER EQUIPMENT AS-	33,611 24,558	33,611 24,558	60	T-38 Other Aircraft	85,381	85,381	13	JOINT ADVANCED TACTICAL MISSILE.	368,593	368,593	
	SORTED.	,	,	68	C-130	144,041	144,041	15	LRASMO	294,401	294,401	
60	AMPHIBIOUS SUPPORT	9,049	59,049	70	C-135	124,368	124,368	17	SIDEWINDER (AIM-9X)	100,352	100,352	
	EQUIPMENT. ALPV procurement		[50,000]	73	CVR (CONNON ULF RE- CEIVER) INC 2.	79,859	79,859	18	AMRAAM	365,125	365,125	
61	EOD SYSTEMS	21,069	21,069	74	RC-135	231,001	231,001	21	SMALL DIAMETER BOMB GLSDB procurement	41,510	191,510 [150,000]	
	MATERIALS HANDLING	,	,	75	E-3	17,291	17,291	22	SMALL DIAMETER BOMB II	307,743	307,743	
	EQUIPMENT			76	E-4	45,232	45,232	23	STAND-IN ATTACK WEAPON	185,324	185,324	
62	PHYSICAL SECURITY	52,394	52,394	80 81	H-1 MH-139A MOD	17,899 4,992	17,899 4,992		(SIAW).			
	EQUIPMENT.  GENERAL PROPERTY			82	H–60	1,749	1,749		INDUSTRIAL FACILITIES			
63	FIELD MEDICAL EQUIP-	58,768	58,768	83	HH60W MODIFICATIONS	9,150	9,150	24	INDUSTRIAL PREPARED- NESS/POL PREVENTION.	917	917	
	MENT.			85	HC/MC-130 MODIFICA-	365,086	365,086		CLASS IV			
64	TRAINING DEVICES	63,133	63,133	00	TIONS.	000 000	000.000	25	ICBM FUZE MOD	119,376	119,376	
65	FAMILY OF CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT.	33,644	33,644	86 88	OTHER AIRCRAFT MQ-9 MODS	263,902 100,923	263,902 100,923	27	MM III MODIFICATIONS	14,604	14,604	
66	ULTRA-LIGHT TACTICAL VE-	7,836	7,836	90	SENIOR LEADER C3 SYS-	24,414	24,414	29	AIR LAUNCH CRUISE MIS- SILE (ALCM).	41,393	41,393	
	HICLE (ULTV).			91	TEM—AIRCRAFT. CV-22 MODS	78,713	78,713		MISSILE SPARES AND RE-			
67	OTHER SUPPORT ITEMS LESS THAN \$5 MIL-	35,920	35,920	31	AIRCRAFT SPARES AND	70,713	70,713	20	PAIR PARTS	F 004	5.004	
	LION.		,		REPAIR PARTS			30	MSL SPRS/REPAIR PARTS (INITAL).	5,824	5,824	
	SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS			94	INITIAL SPARES/REPAIR PARTS.	973,535	973,535	31	MSL SPRS/REPAIR PARTS	108,249	358,249	
70	SPARES AND REPAIR	40,828	40,828		COMMON SUPPORT				(REPLEN). Air Force munitions—mis-		[250,000]	
	PARTS.  Total procurement,	3,754,112	4,101,012	99	EQUIPMENT AIRCRAFT REPLACEMENT	156,776	156,776		aligned budget request.		(===,===	
	MARINE CORPS.	3,734,112	4,101,012		SUPPORT EQUIP.	,	,	33	SPECIAL PROGRAMS SPECIAL UPDATE PRO-	221,199	221,199	
	ALDODAFT DROOMDEMENT				POST PRODUCTION SUP- Port			33	GRAMS.	221,199	221,195	
	AIRCRAFT PROCUREMENT, AIR FORCE			103	B-2B	18,969	18,969		CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS			
	STRATEGIC OFFENSIVE			104	B-52	111	111	9999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	828,275	828,275	
1	B-21 RAIDER	2,590,116	2,590,116	106	C-17A	2,672	2,672		TOTAL MISSILE PROCURE- Ment, air force.	4,223,876	5,227,876	
2	B-21 RAIDER	862,000	862,000	111 114	F-15 F-16 POST PRODUCTION	5,112 18,402	5,112 18,402		MENI, AIR FURGE.			
3	TACTICAL FORCES F-35	3.555.503	4,545,000	114	SUPPORT.	10,402	10,402		PROCUREMENT OF AMMU-			
,	Procure 10x F-35As	0,000,000	[989,497]	116	HC/MC-130 POST PROD	17,986	17,986		NITION, AIR FORCE			
4	F–35	531,241	531,241	117	JOINT SIMULATION ENVI-	28,524	57,048	3	CARTRIDGES	126,077	126,077	
8	LC-130	0	300,000		RONMENT POST PRO- DUCTION SUPPORT.			J	BOMBS	120,077	120,077	
9	LC-130 JOINT SIMULATION ENVI-	17,985	[300,000] 35,970		INDUSTRIAL PREPARED-			5	GENERAL PURPOSE BOMBS	189,097	189,097	
	RONMENT.	,	,		NESS			6	MASSIVE ORDNANCE PEN-	6,813	6,813	
10	TACTICAL AIRLIFT	2 700 622	2 700 622	122	INDUSTRIAL RESPONSIVE- NESS.	19,998	19,998	7	ETRATOR (MOP). JOINT DIRECT ATTACK MU-	126,389	126,389	
12	KC-46A MDAP UPT TRAINERS	2,799,633	2,799,633		WAR CONSUMABLES				NITION.		,	
17	ADVANCED PILOT TRAINING	362,083	362,083	123	WAR CONSUMABLES	26,323	26,323	9	B61—12 TRAINER Other items	7,668	7,668	
	T-7A. Helicopters				OTHER PRODUCTION CHARGES			10	CAD/PAD	58,454	58,454	
19	MH-139A	4,478	4,478	124	OTHER PRODUCTION	940,190	940,190	11	EXPLOSIVE ORDNANCE	7,297	7,297	
20	COMBAT RESCUE HELI-	107,500	107,500		CHARGES.			12	DISPOSAL (EOD). SPARES AND REPAIR	636	636	
	COPTER.  MISSION SUPPORT AIR-			9999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	16,006	222,006	12	PARTS.			
0.4	CRAFT	2 121	2 121		Acceleration of Air Force		[206,000]	14	FIRST DESTINATION TRANSPORTATION.	2,955	2,955	
24	CIVIL AIR PATROL A/C Other aircraft	3,131	3,131		program. TOTAL AIRCRAFT PRO-	17,776,472	19,423,969	15	ITEMS LESS THAN	5,571	5,571	
26	TARGET DRONES	34,224	34,224		CUREMENT, AIR FORCE.				\$5,000,000.			
34	RQ-20B PUMA	11,437	11,437		MICCUE DDOCUDEMENT			17	FLARES Expendable counter-	101,540	101,540	
36	STRATEGIC AIRCRAFT B-2A	76,906	76,906		MISSILE PROCUREMENT, AIR FORCE			17	MEASURES.	101,340	101,540	
37	B-1B	73,893	73,893		MISSILE REPLACEMENT				FUZES			
38	B-52	223,827	223,827		EQUIPMENT—BAL-			18	FUZES	125,721	125,721	
39	LARGE AIRCRAFT INFRA-	35,165	35,165	1	LISTIC	25 110	35,116	19	SMALL ARMS SMALL ARMS	26,260	26,260	
	RED COUNTER- MEASURES.			1	MISSILE REPLACEMENT EQ-BALLISTIC.	35,116	33,110	13	TOTAL PROCUREMENT OF	784,478	784,478	
	TACTICAL AIRCRAFT	45.440	45.440	2	MISSILE REPLACEMENT	2,166	2,166		AMMUNITION, AIR			
41	COLLABORATIVE COMBAT AIRCRAFT MODS.	15,048	15,048	5	EQ-BALLISTIC. Long range stand-off	192,409	192,409		FORCE.			
42	E-11 BACN/HAG	28,797	28,797	-	WEAPON.	,	,		PROCUREMENT, SPACE			
43	F-15	120,044	120,044	6	LONG RANGE STAND-OFF	250,300	250,300		FORCE			
45 46	F-16 MODIFICATIONS F-22A	448,116 977 526	448,116 977 526	7	WEAPON. REPLAC EQUIP & WAR	12,436	12,436	2	SPACE PROCUREMENT, SF AF SATELLITE COMM SYS-	68,238	68,238	
46 47	F-22AF-35 MODIFICATIONS	977,526 380,337	977,526 380,337	,	CONSUMABLES.	12,430	12,430	4	TEM.	UO,ZJŌ	00,230	
	F-15 EPAW	252,607	252,607	8	ADVANCED PRECISION KILL	13,428	13,428	4	COUNTERSPACE SYSTEMS	2,027	2,027	
48 50	KC-46A MDAP				WEAPON SYSTEM			6	EVOLVED STRATEGIC	64,996	64,996	

	SEC. 4101. PROCURE (In Thousands of Do			SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)					SEC. 4101. PROCURE (In Thousands of Do		
Line	Item	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized	Line	Item	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized	Line	Item	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized
	FAMILY OF BEYOND LINE- OF-SIGHT TERMINALS.	15,404	15,404	19	INTELLIGENCE COMM EQUIPMENT.	42,257	42,257	68 69	MOBILITY EQUIPMENT FUELS SUPPORT EQUIP-	95,584 34,794	95,584 34,794
10	GENERAL INFORMATION TECH—SPACE.	1,835	1,835	20	ELECTRONICS PROGRAMS AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL &	26,390	26,390	70	ment (FSE). Base maintenance and	59,431	59,431
l 1 l 2	GPSIII FOLLOW ON GPS III SPACE SEGMENT	109,944 29,274	109,944 29,274	21	LANDING SYS. NATIONAL AIRSPACE SYS-	11,810	11,810		SUPPORT EQUIPMENT. SPECIAL SUPPORT		
13	GLOBAL POSTIONING (SPACE).	870	870	22	TEM. BATTLE CONTROL SYS-	16,592	16,592	72	PROJECTS DARP RC135	30,136	30,136
17	SPACEBORNE EQUIP (COMSEC).	84,044	84,044	23	TEM—FIXED. THEATER AIR CONTROL	27,650	27,650	73 77	DCGS-AF SPECIAL UPDATE PRO-	87,044 1,178,397	87,044 1,178,397
18 20	MILSATCOM SPECIAL SPACE ACTIVITIES	36,447 482,653	36,447 482,653	24	SYS IMPROVEMEN. 3D EXPEDITIONARY LONG-	103,226	103,226		GRAM. Classified Programs		
21	MOBILE USER OBJECTIVE SYSTEM.	48,977	48,977	25	RANGE RADAR. WEATHER OBSERVATION	31,516	31,516	9999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS Acceleration of Air Force	26,920,092	27,138,092 [218,000]
22	NATIONAL SECURITY SPACE LAUNCH.	1,466,963	1,466,963	26	FORECAST. STRATEGIC COMMAND AND	82,912	82,912		program. SPARES AND REPAIR		
24 26	PTES HUB SPACE DEVELOPMENT	29,949 648,446	29,949 648,446	27	CONTROL. CHEYENNE MOUNTAIN	22,021	22,021	80	PARTS SPARES AND REPAIR	1,075	1,075
27	AGENCY LAUNCH. SPACE DIGITAL INTE-	4,984	4,984	28	COMPLEX. MISSION PLANNING SYS-	18,722	18,722	81	PARTS (CYBER). SPARES AND REPAIR	20,330	20,330
	GRATED NETWORK (SDIN).	445.400		31	TEMS. STRATEGIC MISSION PLAN-	6,383	6,383		PARTS.  Total other procure-	31,504,644	31,822,644
29 30	SPACE MODSSPACELIFT RANGE SYSTEM	115,498 64,321	115,498 64,321		NING & EXECUTION SYSTEM.				MENT, AIR FORCE.		
31	SPACE. WIDEBAND SATCOM OPER-	92,380	92,380	20	SPCL COMM-ELECTRONICS PROJECTS	170.005	170.005		PROCUREMENT, DEFENSE- WIDE		
	ATIONAL MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS.			32	GENERAL INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY.	172,085	172,085	38	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, DCSA MAJOR EQUIPMENT	2,230	2,230
32	SPARES SPARES AND REPAIR PARTS.	938	938	34 36	AF GLOBAL COMMAND & CONTROL SYS.	1,947	1,947	59	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, DHRA PERSONNEL ADMINISTRA-	3,797	3,797
33	NON-TACTICAL VEHICLES USSF VEHICLES	5,000	5,000	37	MOBILITY COMMAND AND CONTROL. AIR FORCE PHYSICAL SE-	11,648 294,747	11,648 294,747	16	TION.  MAJOR EQUIPMENT, DISA INFORMATION SYSTEMS	C 254	6,254
35	SUPPORT EQUIPMENT POWER CONDITIONING	20,449	20,449	38	CURITY SYSTEM.  COMBAT TRAINING RANGES	231,987	231,987	17	INFORMATION SYSTEMS SECURITY. TELEPORT PROGRAM	6,254 112,517	112,517
33	EQUIPMENT.  TOTAL PROCUREMENT,	3,393,637	3,393,637	39	MINIMUM ESSENTIAL  EMERGENCY COMM N.	94,995	94,995	19	ITEMS LESS THAN \$5 MIL- LION.	23,673	23,673
	SPACE FORCE.	3,333,037	3,333,037	40	WIDE AREA SURVEILLANCE (WAS).	29,617	29,617	20	DEFENSE INFORMATION SYSTEM NETWORK.	252,370	277,370
	OTHER PROCUREMENT, AIR FORCE			41 44	C3 COUNTERMEASURES DEFENSE ENTERPRISE AC-	116,410 698	116,410 698		Defense Information Sys- tem Network (DISN)—		[25,000]
	PASSENGER CARRYING VEHICLES			46	COUNTING & MGT SYS. THEATER BATTLE MGT C2	442	442	21	Service Delivery Nodes. WHITE HOUSE COMMU-	125,292	125,292
2	PASSENGER CARRYING VE- HICLES.	5,557	5,557	47	SYSTEM. AIR & SPACE OPERATIONS	22,785	22,785	22	NICATION AGENCY. SENIOR LEADERSHIP EN-	175,264	175,264
	CARGO AND UTILITY VEHI- Cles				CENTER (AOC).  AIR FORCE COMMUNICA-			23	TERPRISE. JOINT REGIONAL SECURITY	1,496	33,570
3	MEDIUM TACTICAL VEHI- CLE.	3,938	3,938	50	TIONS BASE INFORMATION	79,091	79,091		STACKS (JRSS). Army Modernization—JRSS		[32,074]
4 5	CAP VEHICLES CARGO AND UTILITY VEHI-	1,175 56,940	1,175 56,940		Transpt infrast (biti) Wired.			24 25	JOINT SERVICE PROVIDER FOURTH ESTATE NETWORK	54,186 75,386	54,186 75,386
	CLES. Special purpose vehi-			51 52	AFNET JOINT COMMUNICATIONS	282,907 5,930	282,907 5,930		OPTIMIZATION (4ENO).  MAJOR EQUIPMENT, DLA		
6	CLES JOINT LIGHT TACTICAL VE-	62,202	62,202		SUPPORT ELEMENT (JCSE).			37	MAJOR EQUIPMENT	79,251	79,251
7	HICLE. SECURITY AND TACTICAL	129	129	53 54	USCENTCOM USSTRATCOM	14,919 4,788	14,919 4,788	70	DMACT MAJOR EQUIPMENT	7,258	7,258
8	VEHICLES. SPECIAL PURPOSE VEHI-	68,242	68,242	55	USSPACECOMORGANIZATION AND BASE	32,633	32,633		MAJOR EQUIPMENT, Dodea		
	CLES. FIRE FIGHTING EQUIP-			56 59	TACTICAL C-E EQUIPMENT RADIO EQUIPMENT	143,829 50,730	143,829 50,730	68	AUTOMATION/EDUCATIONAL SUPPORT & LOGISTICS.	0	5,000
9	<b>MENT</b> FIRE FIGHTING/CRASH	58,416	58,416	61	BASE COMM INFRASTRUC- TURE.	67,015	67,015		Blast Overpressure Anal- ysis and Mitigation.		[5,000]
	RESCUE VEHICLES.  MATERIALS HANDLING			62	MODIFICATIONS COMM ELECT MODS	76,034	76,034	4	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, DPAA Major Equipment, DPAA	475	475
10	EQUIPMENT Materials Handling Ve-	18,552	18,552		PERSONAL SAFETY & RES- CUE EQUIP				MAJOR EQUIPMENT, DE- Fense threat reduc-		
	HICLES.  BASE MAINTENANCE SUP-			63	PERSONAL SAFETY AND RESCUE EQUIPMENT.	81,782	81,782	62	TION AGENCY VEHICLES	911	911
11	PORT Runway Snow Remov	11,045	11,045		DEPOT PLANT+MTRLS Handling Eq			63 65	OTHER MAJOR EQUIPMENT DTRA CYBER ACTIVITIES	12,023 1,800	12,023 1,800
12	AND CLEANING EQU. BASE MAINTENANCE SUP-	25,291	25,291	64	POWER CONDITIONING EQUIPMENT.	13,711	13,711		MAJOR EQUIPMENT, MIS- Sile defense agency		
	PORT VEHICLES.  COMM SECURITY EQUIP-			65	MECHANIZED MATERIAL HANDLING EQUIP.	21,143	21,143	44	THAAD Maximize THAAD Talon	523,125	673,125 [150,000]
15	MENT(COMSEC) COMSEC EQUIPMENT	169,363	169,363		BASE SUPPORT EQUIP- Ment				production line (+12– 16 AURs)—misaligned		
17	INTELLIGENCE PROGRAMS INTERNATIONAL INTEL	5,833	5,833	66	BASE PROCURED EQUIP- MENT.	90,654	90,654	46	budget request. AEGIS BMD	0	400,000
10	TECH & ARCHITEC- TURES.			67	ENGINEERING AND EOD EQUIPMENT.	253,799	353,799	40	Maximize SM-3 IB produc- tion line.	**	[400,000]
18	INTELLIGENCE TRAINING EQUIPMENT.	5,273	5,273		Regional Base Cluster Prepositioning (RBCP).		[100,000]	48 49	BMDS AN/TPY-2 RADARS SM-3 IIAS	36,530 444,835	36,530 444,835

	SEC. 4101. PROCURE (In Thousands of Do			SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)				SEC. 4101. PROCUREMENT (In Thousands of Dollars)				
Line	Item	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized	Line	Item	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized	Line	ltem	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized	
50	ARROW 3 UPPER TIER SYSTEMS.	100,000	100,000	95	ROTARY WING UPGRADES AND SUSTAINMENT.	189,059	189,059	110	COMBATANT CRAFT SYS- TEMS.	0	9,600	
51	SHORT RANGE BALLISTIC	40,000	40,000	96	UNMANNED ISR	6,858	6,858		Combatant Craft Assault		[9,600]	
	MISSILE DEFENSE			97	NON-STANDARD AVIATION	7,849	17,849	111	SPECIAL PROGRAMS	30.418	30,418	
	(SRBMD).				Non-Standard Aviation-		[10,000]	112	TACTICAL VEHICLES	54.100	54,100	
52	DEFENSE OF GUAM PRO-	11,351	11,351		Sea Planes.			113	WARRIOR SYSTEMS <\$5M	303.991	303,991	
	CUREMENT.			98	U-28	2,031	2,031	114	COMBAT MISSION RE-	4.985	4,985	
56	IRON DOME	60,000	60,000	99	MH-47 CHINOOK	156,934	156,934		QUIREMENTS.	.,	.,	
58	AEGIS BMD HARDWARE	17,211	17,211	100	CV-22 MODIFICATION	19,692	19,692	116	OPERATIONAL ENHANCE-	21,339	21,339	
	AND SOFTWARE.			101	MQ-9 UNMANNED AERIAL	12,890	12,890	110	MENTS INTELLIGENCE.	21,000	21,000	
-	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, OSD	104 000	104.000		VEHICLE.			117	OPERATIONAL ENHANCE-	352,100	352,100	
5	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, OSD MAJOR EQUIPMENT. TJS	164,900	164,900	102	PRECISION STRIKE PACK-	61,595	61,595	11,	MENTS.	552,155	002,100	
42	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, TJS	33.090	33.090		AGE.				CBDP			
42	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, WHS	33,030	33,030	103	AC/MC-130J	236,312	236,312	120	CHEMICAL BIOLOGICAL	208.051	208,051	
15	MAJOR EQUIPMENT, WHS	403	403		AMMUNITION PROGRAMS			120	SITUATIONAL AWARE-	200,001	200,002	
10	MAJOR EQUIPMENT.	400	400	106	ORDNANCE ITEMS <\$5M	116,972	116,972		NESS.			
	USCYBERCOM				OTHER PROCUREMENT			121	CB PROTECTION & HAZ-	213.330	213.330	
71	CYBERSPACE OPERATIONS	73,358	73,358		PROGRAMS				ARD MITIGATION.			
	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS		,	107	INTELLIGENCE SYSTEMS	227,073	227,073		TOTAL PROCUREMENT. DE-	6.048.863	6.680.537	
9999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	1,129,183	1,129,183	108	DISTRIBUTED COMMON	2,824	2,824		FENSE-WIDE.	-,,	-,,	
	AVIATION PROGRAMS				GROUND/SURFACE SYS-							
91	ARMED OVERWATCH/TAR-	156,606	156,606		TEMS.				TOTAL PROCUREMENT	152.876.684	171.048.115	
	GETING.			109	OTHER ITEMS <\$5M	95,685	95,685			. 02,070,004	,,	

# $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{TITLE XLII--RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT,} \\ \textbf{TEST, AND EVALUATION} \end{array}$

SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION.

## SEC. 4201. RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION

ine	Program Element	Item	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized
		RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST & EVAL, ARMY		
,	00011004	BASIC RESEARCH	007.070	007.0
1 2	0601102A 0601103A	DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES UNIVERSITY RESEARCH INITIATIVES	237,678 78,947	237,67 78,94
3	0601103A	UNIVERSITY AND INDUSTRY RESEARCH CENTERS	69,391	69,39
4	0601121A	Cyber Collaborative research alliance	5,463	5,46
5	0601275A	ELECTRONIC WARFARE BASIC RESEARCH	88,053	88,05
6	0601601A	ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING BASIC RESEARCH	7,012	7,0
		SUBTOTAL BASIC RESEARCH	486,544	486,54
7	0602002A	APPLIED RESEARCH	0.455	0.41
7 8	0602002A 0602134A	ARMY AGILE INNOVATION AND DEVELOPMENT-APPLIED RESEARCH  COUNTER IMPROVISED-THREAT ADVANCED STUDIES	9,455 6,174	9,4 6,1
9	0602135A	COUNTER MIRROVISED-ITRICAL ADVANCED STORIES  COUNTER SMALL UNMANNED AERIAL SYSTEMS (C-SUAS) APPLIED RESEARCH	12,618	12,6
10	0602141A	LETHALITY TECHNOLOGY	97,157	107,1
		Advanced Materials and Manufacturing for Hypersonics (AMMH)		[10,0
12	0602143A	SOLDIER LETHALITY TECHNOLOGY	72,670	110,6
		Army Pathfinder Airborne		[5,00
		Decrease Soldier load and power burden		[8,00
		Enhancing Energy Technologies in Cold Regions		[15,00
13	0602144A	Pathfinder—Air Assault	56,342	[10,00 69,3
10	000214471	Earth Sciences Polar Proving Ground & Training Program	00,042	[5,00
		Engineered Roadway Repair Materials for Effective Maneuver of Military Assets		[5,0
		Geotechnical Intelligence and Terrain Analytics Network for Arctic Maneuverability		[3,00
14	0602145A	NEXT GENERATION COMBAT VEHICLE TECHNOLOGY	71,547	90,5
		Platform anti-idle and mobility technology		[15,00
		Standardized Army Battery		[4,00
15	0602146A	NETWORK C3I TECHNOLOGY	56,529	56,5
16	0602147A	LONG RANGE PRECISION FIRES TECHNOLOGY  Novel Printed Armament Components for Distributed Operations	25,744	32,7
17	0602148A	FUTURE VERTICLE LIFT TECHNOLOGY	20,420	[7,00 20,4
18	0602150A	AIR AND MISSILE DEFENSE TECHNOLOGY	25,992	30,9
10	00021007	Counter-UAS Testing and Research Center (CTRC)	20,002	[5,00
19	0602180A	ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING TECHNOLOGIES	13,745	13,7
21	0602182A	C3I APPLIED RESEARCH	22,317	22,3
22	0602183A	AIR PLATFORM APPLIED RESEARCH	53,305	63,3
		Shape-shifting Drones Powered by Mechanical Intelligence		[10,00
23	0602184A	SOLDIER APPLIED RESEARCH	27,597	27,5
24 25	0602213A	C3I APPLIED CYBER  ELECTRONIC WARFARE APPLIED RESEARCH	4,716	4,7 45,4
26	0602275A 0602276A	ELECTRONIC WARFARE APPLIED RESEARCH	45,415 17,102	45,4 17,1
27	0602345A	UNMANNED AERIAL SYSTEMS LAUNCHED EFFECTS APPLIED RESEARCH	18,408	18,4
28	0602386A	BIOTECHNOLOGY FOR MATERIALS—APPLIED RESEARCH	8,209	8,2
30	0602785A	MANPOWER/PERSONNEL/TRAINING TECHNOLOGY	17,191	17,1
31	0602787A	MEDICAL TECHNOLOGY	143,293	143,2
199	999999999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	34,599 <b>860,545</b>	34,5 <b>962,5</b>
			000,010	002,0
32	0603002A	ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT  MEDICAL ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	1,860	1,8
33	0603007A	MANPOWER, PERSONNEL AND TRAINING ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	13,559	13,5
34	0603025A	ARMY AGILE INNOVATION AND DEMONSTRATION	19,679	19,6
35	0603040A	ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND MACHINE LEARNING ADVANCED TECHNOLOGIES	20,487	32,4
00	00000414	Multi-Domain Kill Chain Automation	10.500	[12,0
36	0603041A	ALL DOMAIN CONVERGENCE ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY  C31 ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	10,560	10,5
37 38	0603042A 0603043A	AIR PLATFORM ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	15,028 41,266	15,0 41,2
39	0603043A	SOLDIER ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	18,143	18,1
40	0603116A	SETHALITY ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	13,232	13,2
42	0603118A	SOLDIER LETHALITY ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	95,186	100,1
		Aerial Delivery of Fire Suppression		[5,00
43	0603119A	GROUND ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	30,507	46,5
		Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory		[5,00
		Fuel Cell Multi-Modular Use		[5,00
	00001044	Improvements in Mobility Modeling	15.000	[6,00
44	0603134A	COUNTER IMPROVISED-THREAT SIMULATION	15,692	15,6
45 46	0603135A 0603275A	ELECTRONIC WARFARE ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	7,773 83,922	7,7 83,9
47	0603276A	ELECTRONIC WARFARE ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	15,254	15,2
48	0603276A	UNMANNED AERIAL SYSTEMS LAUNCHED EFFECTS ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	13,898	13,
49	0603386A	BIOTECHNOLOGY FOR MATERIALS—ADVANCED RESEARCH	24,683	29,0
		NCSEB Recommendation—Al-Ready Biological Data		[5,0
50	0603457A	C3I CYBER ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT	3,329	3,3
51	0603461A	HIGH PERFORMANCE COMPUTING MODERNIZATION PROGRAM	241,855	291,8
		High Performance Computing Modernization Program		[50,00
52	0603462A	NEXT GENERATION COMBAT VEHICLE ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	141,301	148,3

Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized
53	0603463A	NETWORK C3I ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	78,539	88,539
33	0003403A	Geophysical Littoral Autonomous Detection and Exploitation II (GLADE II)	70,555	[5,000]
		Network C3I Advanced Technology		[5,000]
54	0603464A	LONG RANGE PRECISION FIRES ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	162,236	162,236
55 56	0603465A 0603466A	FUTURE VERTICAL LIFT ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY AIR AND MISSILE DEFENSE ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	66,686 23,330	66,686 33,330
30	0003400A	Material Improvements for Electric Motors	23,330	[10,000]
58	0603920A	HUMANITARIAN DEMINING	9,349	9,349
999	999999999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	72,837	72,837
		SUBTOTAL ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	1,240,191	1,355,191
co	00022054	ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPES	0.141	0.141
60 61	0603305A 0603308A	ARMY MISSILE DEFENSE SYSTEMS INTEGRATION	8,141 83,080	8,141 83,080
63	0603619A	LANDMINE WARFARE AND BARRIER—ADV DEV	41,516	41,516
64	0603639A	TANK AND MEDIUM CALIBER AMMUNITION	85,472	90,472
		Large caliber automated ammunition resupply		[5,000]
65	0603645A	ARMORED SYSTEM MODERNIZATION – ADV DEV	22,645	22,645
66 67	0603747A 0603766A	SOLDIER SUPPORT AND SURVIVABILITY	4,033 107,525	4,033 107,525
68	0603774A	NIGHT VISION SYSTEMS ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT	5,153	5,153
69	0603779A	ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY TECHNOLOGY—DEM/VAL	11,343	11,343
70	0603790A	NATO RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT	5,031	5,031
72	0603804A	LOGISTICS AND ENGINEER EQUIPMENT—ADV DEV	15,435	15,435
73	0603807A	MEDICAL SYSTEMS—ADV DEV.	1,000	1,000
74 75	0603827A 0604017A	SOLDIER SYSTEMS—ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT	41,856 35,082	41,856 35,082
76	0604017A	EXPANDED MISSION AREA MISSILE (EMAM)	178,137	178,137
78	0604035A	LOW EARTH ORBIT (LEO) SATELLITE CAPABILITY	17,063	17,063
79	0604036A	MULTI-DOMAIN SENSING SYSTEM (MDSS) ADV DEV	239,813	239,813
80	0604037A	TACTICAL INTEL TARGETING ACCESS NODE (TITAN) ADV DEV	3,092	3,092
81	0604100A	ANALYSIS OF ALTERNATIVES	9,865	9,865
85 86	0604114A 0604115A	LOWER TIER AIR MISSILE DEFENSE (LTAMD) SENSOR TECHNOLOGY MATURATION INITIATIVES	196,448 267,619	196,448 277,619
00	000411JA	Short Pulse Laser Directed Energy Demonstration	207,013	[10,000]
87	0604117A	MANEUVER—SHORT RANGE AIR DEFENSE (M-SHORAD)	238,247	238,247
89	0604120A	Assured Positioning, Navigation and Timing (PNT)	8,686	8,686
90	0604121A	Synthetic training environment refining & prototyping	240,899	240,899
91 92	0604134A 0604135A	COUNTER IMPROVISED-THREAT DEMONSTRATION, PROTOTYPE DEVELOPMENT, AND TESTING STRATEGIC MID-RANGE FIRES	5,491 231,401	5,491 231,401
93	0604182A	STARLEGIC INITERANGE FIRES	25,000	38,000
30	00041021	Emerging Hypersonic Capabilities (USA, USN)	20,000	[13,000]
95	0604403A	FUTURE INTERCEPTOR	8,019	8,019
97	0604531A	COUNTER—SMALL UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT	45,281	45,281
99	0604541A	Unified Network Transport	29,191	29,191
100 999	0305251A 9999999999	CYBERSPACE OPERATIONS FORCES AND FORCE SUPPORT	5,605 203,746	5,605 203,746
333	333333333	SUBTOTAL ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPES	2,420,915	2,448,915
		SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION		
101	0604201A	AIRCRAFT AVIONICS	2,696	2,696
102	0604270A	ELECTRONIC WARFARE DEVELOPMENT	9,153	9,153
103	0604601A	INFANTRY SUPPORT WEAPONS	56,553	56,553
104	0604604A	MEDIUM TACTICAL VEHICLES	18,503	18,503
105 106	0604611A 0604622A	JAVELIN	9,810 47,064	9,810 47,064
110	0604645A	Armored systems modernization (ASM)—eng dev	16,593	16,593
111	0604710A	NIGHT VISION SYSTEMS—ENG DEV	351,274	351,274
112	0604713A	COMBAT FEEDING, CLOTHING, AND EQUIPMENT	5,654	5,654
113	0604715A	NON-SYSTEM TRAINING DEVICES—ENG DEV	19,063	19,063
114 115	0604741A 0604742A	AIR DEFENSE COMMAND, CONTROL AND INTELLIGENCE—ENG DEV  CONSTRUCTIVE SIMULATION SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT	13,892 7,790	13,892 7,790
116	0604742A 0604746A	AUTOMATIC TEST EQUIPMENT DEVELOPMENT	9,512	9,512
117	0604760A	distributive interactive simulations (dis)—eng dev	7,724	7,724
118	0604798A	Brigade analysis, integration and evaluation	24,318	24,318
119	0604802A	Weapons and Munitions—eng dev	150,344	150,344
120	0604804A	LOGISTICS AND ENGINEER EQUIPMENT—ENG DEV	50,194	50,194
121	0604805A	COMMAND, CONTROL, COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS—ENG DEV	63,725	63,725
122 123	0604807A 0604808A	Medical materiel/medical biological defense equipment—eng dev Landmine warfare/barrier—eng dev	6,252 9,862	6,252 9,862
124	0604818A	ARMY TACTICAL COMMAND & CONTROL HARDWARE & SOFTWARE	430,895	430,895
125	0604820A	RADAR DEVELOPMENT	53,226	53,226
127	0604827A	SOLDIER SYSTEMS—WARRIOR DEM/VAL	4,137	4,137
128	0604852A	Suite of Survivability enhancement systems—emd	76,903	76,903
129	0604854A	ARTILLERY SYSTEMS—EMD	80,862	80,862
130	0605013A	INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	125,701	125,701
131 132	0605018A 0605030A	INTEGRATED PERSONNEL AND PAY SYSTEM-ARMY (IPPS-A)  JOINT TACTICAL NETWORK CENTER (JTNC)	164,600 20,954	164,600 20,954
132	0605030A	JOINT TACTICAL NETWORK (JINC)	41,696	41,696
134	0605035A	COMMON INFRARED COUNTERMEASURES (CIRCM)	10,789	10,789
135	0605036A	COMBATING WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION (CWMD)	13,322	13,322
136	0605037A	EVIDENCE COLLECTION AND DETAINEE PROCESSING	4,619	4,619
137	0605038A	NUCLEAR BIOLOGICAL CHEMICAL RECONNAISSANCE VEHICLE (NBCRV) SENSOR SUITE	13,459	13,459

Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized
138	0605041A	DEFENSIVE CYBER TOOL DEVELOPMENT	3,611	3,611
139	0605041A	TACTICAL NETWORK RADIO SYSTEMS (LOW-TIER)	3,222	3,22
140	0605047A	CONTRACT WRITING SYSTEM	8,101	8,10
142	0605051A	AIRCRAFT SURVIVABILITY DEVELOPMENT	44,182	52,182
140	00050504	Advances in surface-to-air missile technologies	040.050	[8,000
143 144	0605052A 0605053A	INDIRECT FIRE PROTECTION CAPABILITY INC 2—BLOCK 1 GROUND ROBOTICS	248,659 227,038	248,659 227,038
145	0605053A	EMERGING TECHNOLOGY INITIATIVES	57,546	95,546
140	000000411	Operationalize anti-idle ground vehicles	07,040	[38,000]
146	0605144A	NEXT GENERATION LOAD DEVICE—MEDIUM	24,492	24,492
147	0605148A	TACTICAL INTEL TARGETING ACCESS NODE (TITAN) EMD	44,273	44,273
152	0605224A	MULTI-DOMAIN INTELLIGENCE	34,844	39,844
		DeepFake and Al-synthesized Image Detection	540.007	[5,000]
154	0605232A	HYPERSONICS END  ACCESSION INFORMATION FAMILICATION (ALEXANDER)	513,027	513,027
155 156	0605233A 0605235A	ACCESSIONS INFORMATION ENVIRONMENT (AIE) STRATEGIC MID-RANGE CAPABILITY	32,710 186,304	32,710 188,394
130	0003233A	Maritime Strike Tomahawk (MST) (USA, USN)	100,304	[2,090]
157	0605236A	INTEGRATED TACTICAL COMMUNICATIONS	22,732	22,732
158	0605241A	FUTURE LONG RANGE ASSAULT AIRCRAFT DEVELOPMENT	1,248,544	1,248,544
160	0605244A	JOINT REDUCED RANGE ROCKET (JR3)	28,893	28,893
163	0605457A	ARMY INTEGRATED AIR AND MISSILE DEFENSE (AIAMD)	146,056	146,056
164	0605531A	COUNTER—SMALL UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS SYS DEV & DEMONSTRATION	55,196	55,196
166	0605625A	MANNED GROUND VEHICLE	386,393	386,393
167 168	0605766A 0605812A	National Capabilities integration (MIP)	16,913 2,664	16,913 2,664
169	0605830A	AVIATION GROUND SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	930	2,004
170	0303032A	TROJAN – RH12	3,920	3,920
999	9999999999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	117,428	117,428
		SUBTOTAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION	5,378,817	5,431,907
		MANAGEMENT SUPPORT		
173	0604256A	THREAT SIMULATOR DEVELOPMENT	74,767	74,767
174	0604258A	TARGET SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT	16,004	16,004
175	0604759A	MAJOR T&E INVESTMENT	101,027	101,027
176 177	0605103A 0605301A	RAND ARROYO CENTER	10,892 379,283	10,892 832,058
1//	0003301A	Cost to Complete, Family Housing Replacement Construction, Kwajalein Atoll	373,263	[14,000]
		Facilities Sustainment for Kwajalein Operational Facilities		[8,775]
		Kwajalein Catchments / Solar		[20,000]
		Kwajalein Deferred Maintenance Backlog Reduction		[100,000]
		Kwajalein Palm Barracks Repair		[16,000]
		Kwajalein Redundant Cooling for Power Plants		[15,000]
		Kwajalein Repair Roi DAAF Aprons & Taxiways		[176,000]
		Kwajalein Repair Roi Dining Facility  Kwajalein Repair Rotary and Fixed Wing Hangars		[7,000] [40,000]
		Kwajalein Kepan Juday anu Juda Ming Hangas . Kwajalein Roi Water Distribution System Repair		[9,000]
		Kwajalein Sewer Lift Station Power Loop		[6,000]
		Kwajalein Vehicle Maintenance Facility Repair		[22,000]
		Kwajalein Water Distribution System Repair		[19,000]
178	0605326A	CONCEPTS EXPERIMENTATION PROGRAM	58,606	58,606
180	0605601A	ARMY TEST RANGES AND FACILITIES	425,108	425,108
181	0605602A	ARMY TECHNICAL TEST INSTRUMENTATION AND TARGETS	69,328	69,328
182 183	0605604A 0605606A	Survivability/lethality analysis	31,306 1,887	31,306 1,887
184	0605706A	MATERIEL SYSTEMS ANALYSIS	19,100	19,100
185	0605709A	EXPLOITATION OF FOREIGN ITEMS	6,277	6,277
186	0605712A	SUPPORT OF OPERATIONAL TESTING	63,637	63,637
187	0605716A	ARMY EVALUATION CENTER	62,343	62,343
188	0605718A	ARMY MODELING & SIM X-CMD COLLABORATION & INTEG	11,825	11,825
189	0605801A	PROGRAMWIDE ACTIVITIES	54,172	54,172
190	0605803A	TECHNICAL INFORMATION ACTIVITIES	26,592	26,592
191	0605805A	MUNITIONS STANDARDIZATION, EFFECTIVENESS AND SAFETY	44,465	44,465
192 193	0605857A 0605898A	ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY TECHNOLOGY MGMT SUPPORT	2,857 53,436	2,857 53,436
193	0606002A	RONALD REAGAN BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE TEST SITE	72,302	80,302
134	200000ZA	Multi-level security modernization	12,002	[8,000]
195	0606003A	COUNTERINTEL AND HUMAN INTEL MODERNIZATION	5,660	5,660
196	0606118A	AIAMD SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT & INTEGRATION	358,854	358,854
197	0606942A	ASSESSMENTS AND EVALUATIONS CYBER VULNERABILITIES	6,354	6,354
		SUBTOTAL MANAGEMENT SUPPORT	1,956,082	2,416,857
100	00007704	OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT	1,000	
199	0603778A	MLRS PRODUCT IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM	14,639	34,639
200	0605024A	GLSDB HIMARS integration work ANTI-TAMPER TECHNOLOGY SUPPORT	6,449	[20,000] 6,449
200	0605024A 0607101A	ANTI-TAMPER TECHNOLOGY SUPPORT	115	6,449 115
201	0607131A	WEAPONS AND MUNITIONS PRODUCT IMPROVEMENT PROGRAMS	13,687	13,687
203	0607136A	BLACKHAWK PRODUCT IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM	23,998	23,998
204	0607137A	CHINOOK PRODUCT IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM	10,859	10,859
208	0607145A	APACHE FUTURE DEVELOPMENT	44,371	44,371
200				
209	0607148A	AN/TPQ-53 COUNTERFIRE TARGET ACQUISITION RADAR SYSTEM	43,054	43,054
	0607148A 0607150A 0607665A	ANTPQ-53 COUNTERFIRE TARGET ACQUISITION RADAR SYSTEM INTEL CYBER DEVELOPMENT FAMILY OF BIOMETRICS	43,054 13,129 1,594	43,054 13,129 1,594

Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized
216	0607865A	PATRIOT PRODUCT IMPROVEMENT	183,763	183,763
217	0203728A	JOINT AUTOMATED DEEP OPERATION COORDINATION SYSTEM (JADOCS)	8,424	8,424
218	0203735A	COMBAT VEHICLE IMPROVEMENT PROGRAMS	744,085	744,085
219	0203743A	155MM SELF-PROPELLED HOWITZER IMPROVEMENTS	107,826	107,826
220	0203752A	AIRCRAFT ENGINE COMPONENT IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM	237	237
221	0203758A	DIGITIZATION	1,013	1,013
222	0203801A	Missile/Air Defense product improvement program	1,338	1,338
225	0205778A	GUIDED MULTIPLE-LAUNCH ROCKET SYSTEM (GMLRS)	33,307	33,307
230	0303140A	INFORMATION SYSTEMS SECURITY PROGRAM	15,040	15,040
232	0303142A	SATCOM GROUND ENVIRONMENT (SPACE)	35,720	35,720
235	0305179A	INTEGRATED BROADCAST SERVICE (IBS)	6,653	6,653
236	0305219A	MQ-1 gray eagle uav	3,444	3,444
237 999	0708045A 9999999999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	67,002	67,002 46,872
333	333333333	SUBTOTAL OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT	46,872 <b>1,426,619</b>	1,446,619
		SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS		
238	0608041A	DEFENSIVE CYBER—SOFTWARE PROTOTYPE DEVELOPMENT	89,238	91,238
		Army Cyber/NETCOM — AI Enabled Network Visibility and Security Controls  Subtotal Software and Digital Technology Pilot Programs	89,238	[2,000] <b>91,238</b>
		AGILE RDTE PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT		, , ,
239	0609135A	COUNTER UNMANNED AERIAL SYSTEMS (UAS) AGILE DEVELOPMENT	143,618	143,618
240	0609277A	ELECTRONIC WARFARE AGILE DEVELOPMENT	127,081	127,081
241	0609278A	ELECTRONIC WARFARE AGILE SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT	59,202	59,202
242	0609345A	UNMANNED AERIAL SYSTEMS LAUNCHED EFFECTS AGILE SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT	187,473	187,473
243	0609346A	UAS LAUNCHED EFFECTS AGILE DEVELOPMENT  Subtotal agile rote portfolio management	172,898 <b>690,272</b>	172,898 <b>690,272</b>
		TOTAL RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST & EVAL, ARMY	14,549,223	15,330,088
		RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST & EVAL, NAVY		
1	0601103N	BASIC RESEARCH	67,306	72,306
1	0001103N	UNIVERSITY RESEARCH INITIATIVES	07,300	[5,000]
2	0601153N	DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES	511,163	526,263
		NCSEB Recommendation—Al-Ready Biological Data		[5,000]
		Precision interferometer at Lowell Observatory		[10,100]
		SUBTOTAL BASIC RESEARCH	578,469	598,569
2	0000114N	APPLIED RESEARCH	20.025	20.025
3 4	0602114N 0602123N	POWER PROJECTION APPLIED RESEARCH FORCE PROTECTION APPLIED RESEARCH	30,635	30,635 149,699
4	U0UZ1Z3N	Advanced Circuit Breaker	125,699	[12,000]
		Auvanced Great Dreaks		[2,000]
		Outcly Volinciant Flexible Automated Manufacturing		[5,000]
		Sea-Launched Aerial Drones		[5,000]
5	0602131M	MARINE CORPS LANDING FORCE TECHNOLOGY	45,697	52,697
		Unmanned Logistics Solutions	.,	[7,000]
6	0602235N	COMMON PICTURE APPLIED RESEARCH	55,246	55,246
7	0602236N	WARFIGHTER SUSTAINMENT APPLIED RESEARCH	74,264	79,264
		On-Demand IV Fluids for Expeditionary Medicine		[5,000]
8	0602271N	ELECTROMAGNETIC SYSTEMS APPLIED RESEARCH	79,929	84,929
		Future Radio Frequency Digital Array Technology Development and Demonstration		[5,000]
9	0602435N	OCEAN WARFIGHTING ENVIRONMENT APPLIED RESEARCH	81,270	81,270
10	0602651M	Joint Non-Lethal Weapons applied research	7,300	7,300
11	0602747N	Undersea warfare applied research	64,335	64,335
12	0602750N	Future Naval Capabilities Applied Research	279,815	279,815
13	0602782N	MINE AND EXPEDITIONARY WARFARE APPLIED RESEARCH	29,081	29,081
15	0602861N	SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY MANAGEMENT—ONR FIELD ACTIVITIES	81,423 <b>954,694</b>	81,423 <b>995,694</b>
		ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT		
16	0603123N	FORCE PROTECTION ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	43,527	43,527
17	0603271N	ELECTROMAGNETIC SYSTEMS ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	8,644	8,644
18	0603273N	SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY FOR NUCLEAR RE-ENTRY SYSTEMS	121,618	121,618
19	0603640M	USMC ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEMONSTRATION (ATD)  Autonomous Amphibious Robotic Vehicle Development and Integration	309,711	322,711 [8,000]
		Low-Cost Tactical Hypersonic Long-Range Precision Fires		[5,000]
20	0603651M	JOINT NON-LETHAL WEAPONS TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	6,561	6,561
21	0603673N	FUTURE NAVAL CAPABILITIES ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	455,851	455,851
22	0603680N	MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM	63,903	63,903
23	0603729N	WARFIGHTER PROTECTION ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	7,653	7,653
24	0603758N	NAVY WARFIGHTING EXPERIMENTS AND DEMONSTRATIONS	81,923	81,923
25	0603782N	MINE AND EXPEDITIONARY WARFARE ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY Subtotal advanced technology development	2,075 <b>1,101,466</b>	2,075 <b>1,114,466</b>
		ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPES	.,,	.,,.00
27	0603128N	UNMANNED AERIAL SYSTEM	28,388	28,388
29	0603207N	AIR/OCEAN TACTICAL APPLICATIONS	35,870	35,870
30	0603216N	AVIATION SURVIVABILITY	24,064	24,064
31	0603239N	NAVAL CONSTRUCTION FORCES	8,603	8,603
32	0603254N	ASW SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT	18,904	18,904

34 0603382N 35 0603502N 36 0603502N 37 0603512N 38 0603525N 40 0603536N 41 0603542N 43 0603542N 43 0603542N 44 0603563N 45 0603563N 46 0603563N 47 0603570N 48 0603573N 49 0603576N 50 0603582N 50 0603596N 51 0603596N 52 0603595N 53 0603596N 54 0603599N 55 0603699N 56 0603599N 57 0603609N 58 06036359N 59 060354N 60 0603713N 61 0603721N 62 0603724N 63 0603724N 64 0603734N 65 0603734N 66 0603746N 67 0603746N 67 0603746N 67 0603764M 70 0603764M 71 060379N 71 0604027N 72 0604029N 73 0604029N 74 0604029N 75 0604029N 76 060429N 77 0604027N 78 0604029N 78 060429N 78 060429N 78 060429N 78 060429N 78 060429N 78 0604518N 79 0604518N 79 0605513N 79 0604270N 70 0303797N	Item	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized
36 0603502N 36 0603506N 37 0603512N 38 0603525N 40 06035356N 41 0603536N 41 0603561N 45 0603561N 45 0603561N 46 0603561N 47 0603570N 48 0603570N 48 0603576N 50 0603581N 51 0603582N 52 0603595N 53 0603596N 54 0603595N 55 0603598N 66 0603599N 56 0603598N 66 0603599N 56 0603598N 66 060359N 66 0603721N 66 0603721N 66 0603721N 66 0603724N 66 0603724N 67 0603724N 68 0603724N 68 0603724N 68 0603724N 69 0603724N 69 0603724N 60 060	TACTICAL AIRBORNE RECONNAISSANCE	2,241	2,241
366 0603506N 377 0603512N 381 0603525N 400 0603536N 41 0603536N 41 0603536N 41 0603564N 47 0603564N 47 0603570N 48 0603570N 48 0603570N 48 0603576N 50 0603581N 51 0603595N 52 0603595N 53 0603598N 55 0603598N 55 0603598N 55 0603598N 55 060359N 55 060359N 56 060359N 56 060359N 56 060359N 56 060359N 57 0603609N 56 0603721N 62 0603721N 62 0603721N 62 0603721N 62 0603721N 62 0603721N 63 0603721N 64 0603731N 65 0603721N 65 060379N 77 060379N 77 0604029N 77 07 0044040N 77 07 0044040N 77 07 0044040N 77 07 0044040N 77 0044040	ADVANCED COMBAT SYSTEMS TECHNOLOGY	2,083	(
366 0603506N 377 0603512N 381 0603525N 400 0603536N 41 0603536N 41 0603536N 41 0603564N 47 0603564N 47 0603570N 48 0603570N 48 0603570N 48 0603576N 50 0603581N 51 0603595N 52 0603595N 53 0603598N 55 0603598N 55 0603598N 55 0603598N 55 060359N 55 060359N 56 060359N 56 060359N 56 060359N 56 060359N 57 0603609N 56 0603721N 62 0603721N 62 0603721N 62 0603721N 62 0603721N 62 0603721N 63 0603721N 64 0603731N 65 0603721N 65 060379N 77 060379N 77 0604029N 77 07 0044040N 77 07 0044040N 77 07 0044040N 77 0044040N 7	Excess to need	00.050	[-2,083
37 0603512N 38 0603525N 40 0603525N 41 0603542N 43 0603561N 44 0603561N 45 0603563N 46 0603564N 47 0603570N 48 0603570N 50 060351N 51 0603582N 52 0603595N 53 0603595N 53 0603595N 54 0603599N 55 0603599N 56 0603599N 57 0603609N 58 06036354N 60 060371N 60 060371N 61 0603721N 62 0603724N 63 0603724N 64 0603734N 65 0603734N 66 0603746N 67 0603746N 68 0603746N 67 0603746N 68 0603746N 69 0603746N 69 0603746N 60 0603740N	SURFACE AND SHALLOW WATER MINE COUNTERMEASURES	32,359	32,359
388	Surface ship torpedo defense	11,832 8,361	11,832 8,361
40 0603536N 41 0603561N 43 0603561N 44 0603563N 447 0603563N 447 0603563N 447 0603570N 48 0603576N 50 0603581N 51 0603581N 51 0603581N 51 0603595N 55 0603595N 55 0603595N 55 0603595N 55 0603598N 56 0603595N 56 0603724N 56 0603721N 66 0603713N 61 0603721N 62 0603724N 65 0603724N 66 0603713N 61 0603724N 67 0603721N 68 0603734N 69 0603724N 68 0603746N 67 0603724N 68 0603746N 67 0603746N 68 0603746N 67 0603790N 77 0603795N 78 0604025N 79 0604035N 79 0604025N 79 0604035N 79 0604035N 79 0604025N 79 0604035N 79 0604025N 79 0604035N 79	ORNITER STREET BETTER B	1,218,486	1,218,486
41 0603542N 43 0603561N 44 0603561N 45 0603564N 47 0603570N 48 0603570N 48 0603570N 48 0603576N 50 0603581N 51 0603581N 51 060359N 52 0603595N 53 0603595N 54 0603598N 55 0603598N 56 0603598N 56 0603598N 56 060359N 56 060359N 57 060360SN 58 0603635M 69 060374N 60 0603721N 60 0603721N 60 0603721N 60 060374N 60 0603739N 66 060374N 67 060379N 68 0603764M 70 060379SN 70 060379SN 71 060379SN 72 0603851M 73 060379SN 74 060402PN 75 060402PN 76 060402PN 77 060402PN 78 060402PN 79 060412N 78 060402PN 79 060412N 78 060402PN 79 060402PN 79 060402PN 88 06042PSN 89 06042PSN 89 06042PSN 89 06042PSN 89 060439M 90 060455N 91 060455N 92 0604536N 93 060459N 94 060459N 95 060451N 96 060451N 97 0605513N 98 060451N 99 0604536N 99 0604536N 99 0604536N 99 0604536N 99 060455N 90 060551N 90 06042PON 90 03042PON 90 03047PN	RETRACT JUNIPER	206,429	206,429
45 0603563N 46 0603563N 47 0603570N 48 0603570N 48 0603573N 49 0603576N 50 0603581N 51 0603582N 52 0603595N 53 0603595N 54 0603599N 55 0603699N 56 0603599N 57 0603609N 58 06036359N 60 0603721N 60 0603721N 61 0603721N 62 0603724N 63 0603724N 64 0603734N 65 0603734N 66 0603746N 67 0603764N 68 0603746N 67 060376N 67 060376N 68 060376N 69 060376N 60 060374N 60 060425M 77 0604025M 77 0604025N 88 060425M 89 060425M 90 060454N 90 060455N 91 060453N 92 060453N 93 060455N 94 060453N 95 060453N 96 060455N 97 0605513N 98 0605514M 90 060455N 97 0605513N 98 0605514M 90 060454N 91 060453N 92 060454N 93 060451N 94 060453N 95 060452N 96 060452N 97 060453N 98 0605514M 90 060453N 90 060454N 91 060453N 92 0604454N 91 060453N 92 0604454N 91 060453N 92 0604454N 91 060453N 93 060429N 93 0604454N 91 060453N 93 0604454N 91 060453N 92 0604454N 91 060453N 92 0604454N 91 060453N 93 0604454N 91 060453N 92 0604454N 91 060453N 92 0604454N 91 060453N 93 0604454N 91 060453N 92 0604454N 91 060454N 91 060454N	RADIOLOGICAL CONTROL	730	730
46 0603564N 47 0603570N  48 0603570N  48 0603573N 49 0603576N 50 0603581N  51 0603581N  51 0603595N 53 0603595N 55 0603598N 56 0603598N 56 0603598N 56 0603598N 56 0603598N 56 0603724N  66 0603724N  66 0603724N  67 0603724N  68 0603724N  66 0603746N  67 0603746N  68 0603751N 69 0603746N  67 0603764M  67 060379N  68 0603751N 69 0603746N  67 0603724N  68 0603710  68 0603710  68 0603746N  69 0603746N  60 060374N  60 0603748N  60 06037	ADVANCED SUBMARINE SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT	162,651	162,651
47 0603570N  48 0603573N  49 0603575N  50 0603581N  51 0603581N  52 0603595N  53 0603595N  54 0603595N  55 0603598N  56 0603598N  56 0603599N  56 0603654N  60 0603721N  60 0603721N  60 0603724N  60 0603734N  60 0603739N  66 0603739N  66 0603739N  67 0603748N  68 0603751N  69 0603764M  70 0603795N  70 0603795N  71 0603795N  72 0603851M  73 060379N  71 060379SN  72 0603851M  73 0604029N  74 0604027N  75 0604028N  76 0604028N  77 0604028N  78 0604028N  79 0604112N  88 060429A  88 060429A  89 060429A  80 060429A  80 0604551N  90 0604551N  90 0604536N  91 0604536N  92 0604536N  93 0604551N  94 0604536N  97 0605513N  98 0604536N  99 0604536N  99 0604536N  90 0604536N  90 0604536N  90 0604536N  91 0604536N  92 0604636N  93 0604551N  94 060477N  95 0604536N  97 0605513N  98 0605514M  99 0604536N  90 0605518N  90 0105519N  90 003032420N  90 0303236N  90 0304240N  90 0304270N  90 030477N	SHIP CONCEPT ADVANCED DESIGN	59,218	59,218
48 0603573N 49 0603576N 50 0603576N 50 0603581N 51 0603582N 52 0603595N 53 0603596N 54 0603599N 55 0603599N 56 0603599N 57 0603609N 68 0603635M 69 0603634N 60 0603713N 61 0603721N 62 0603724N 63 0603724N 64 0603734N 65 0603739N 66 0603746N 67 0603746N 67 0603746N 67 0603746N 67 0603746N 68 0603746N 67 0603748N 68 0603751N 69 0603748N 68 0603751N 69 0603748N 69 0604326N 70 0604025M 70 0604025M 70 0604025N 70 060425N	Ship Preliminary design & Feasibility Studies	96,022	96,022
48 0603573N 49 0603573N 499 0603576N 50 0603581N 51 0603595N 52 0603595N 55 0603595N 55 0603599N 56 0603599N 57 0603699N 56 0603599N 57 060369N 58 0603654N 60 0603721N 61 0603721N 62 0603724N 56 0603724N 57 060376N 57 0604027N 57 060455N 57 06045N 57	ADVANCED NUCLEAR POWER SYSTEMS	383,831	449,831
49 0603576N 50 0603581N 51 0603581N 52 0603595N 53 0603595N 53 0603595N 55 0603595N 55 0603598N 56 0603598N 56 0603598N 57 0603609N 58 0603635M 59 0603654N 60 0603713N 61 0603724N 56 0603724N 57 0603721N 66 0603724N 57 0603721N 66 0603746N 67 060379N 71 0604025M 71 0604025M 71 0604025M 71 0604025N 71 0604025N 71 0604025N 71 0604029N 71 0604029N 71 0604029N 71 0604039N 71 060459N	Advanced Nuclear Power Systems		[66,000]
50 0603581N 51 0603582N 52 0603595N 53 0603595N 54 0603595N 55 0603598N 56 0603598N 56 0603599N 57 0603609N 58 0603635M 59 0603634N 60 0603713N 61 0603721N 62 0603724N 63 0603724N 65 0603734N 66 0603734N 67 0603746N 68 0603734N 68 060376M 70 060376M 70 060376M 70 060376M 71 0603795N 72 0603651N 73 0604029N 74 0604027N 75 0604028N 76 0604028N 77 0604028N 77 0604028N 78 0604028N 79 0604029N 88 0604292N 88 060429D 88 060429D 88 060429D 88 060429D 89 0604551N 90 0604551N 90 0604551N 91 0604551N 92 0604636N 93 0604551N 94 0604536N 95 0604551N 96 0604551N 97 0605513N 98 0604551N 99 0604536N 99 0604536N 99 0604536N 99 0604536N 90 0604536N 90 0604536N 91 0604536N 92 0604636N 93 060429D 94 060477N 95 0604536N 97 0605513N 98 0605514M 99 0604536N 99 0604536N 90 0604551N 90 0605518N 91 0105519N	ADVANCED SURFACE MACHINERY SYSTEMS	101,136	101,136 156,686
51 0603582N 52 0603595N 53 0603596N 54 0603597N 55 0603598N 56 0603599N 57 0603609N 58 0603635M 59 0603654N 60 0603713N 61 0603721N 62 0603724N 63 0603724N 66 0603734N 66 0603734N 66 0603734N 66 0603739N 67 0603746N 68 0603746N 67 0603746N 67 060379N 71 0603795N 72 0603851M 73 0603850N 76 0604025M 77 0604027N 78 0604029N 88 0604228N 89 060426N 80 0604289M 87 0604289M 88 0604295M 89 060426N 80 060426N 80 0604289M 89 060426N 80 060420N 80 060420N	CHALK EAGLE	156,686 10,203	203
51 0603582N 52 0603595N 52 0603595N 53 0603596N 55 0603598N 55 0603599N 55 0603599N 55 0603599N 56 0603599N 56 0603599N 57 0603659N 58 0603654N 60 0603721N 61 0603721N 62 0603724N 62 0603724N 63 0603725N 64 0603734N 65 0603739N 66 0603746N 67 0603746N 67 0603746N 67 060379N 71 0603795N 71 0603795N 71 0603795N 71 0603795N 71 0603851M 71 0603795N 71 0603851M 71 0603795N 71 0604027N 72 0604027N 73 0604028N 74 0604028N 75 0604028N 77 0604027N 88 0604025M 89 0604345N 99 060435N 99 060435N 99 060435N 99 060435N 99 060435N 99 060451N 99 060551N	Excess to Need	10,203	[-10,000]
52 0603595N  53 0603596N  54 0603597N  55 0603598N  56 0603598N  57 0603609N  58 0603635M  59 0603654N  60 0603713N  61 0603721N  62 0603724N  63 0603724N  63 0603725N  64 0603734N  65 0603734N  66 0603734N  67 0603746N  67 0603746N  68 0603746N  67 0603746N  68 0603751N  69 0603764M  70 0603790N  71 0603790N  71 0603790N  71 0603860N  70 0604025M  77 0604027N  78 0604028N  79 0604028N  79 0604029N  88 0604228N  88 0604228N  89 060428N  80 060429N  88 060429N  88 060429N  89 060436N  90 0604536N  90 0604536N  91 0604536N  92 0604636N  93 0604513N  94 0604536N  97 0605513N  98 0605514M  90 0605518N  91 0105519N  02 027147M  03 0303334N  03 0303260N  04 0303334N  05 0304270N  07 0304797N	COMBAT SYSTEM INTEGRATION	19,643	19,643
53	OHIO REPLACEMENT	273,265	283,265
64 0603597N 555 0603598N 566 0603599N 57 0603609N 58 06036354N 60 0603721N 61 0603721N 62 0603724N 63 0603724N 64 0603734N 65 0603734N 66 0603734N 66 0603746N 67 0603746N 67 0603746N 67 0603748N 68 0603751N 69 0603764M 70 060379N 71 0603795N 71 0603795N 72 0603851M 73 0603860N 76 0604025M 77 0604027N 78 0604028N 79 0604028N 79 0604029N 82 0604112N 83 0604127N 84 0604727N 85 0604289M 87 0604289M 88 060429SM 89 0604289M 89 060436N 90 060456N 91 060456N 91 060456N 92 060456N 93 060459N 94 060459N 95 060459N 96 060459N 97 0605513N 98 0605514M 09 060459N 99 060459N 90 060459N 90 060459N 91 0605513N 92 027147M 03 0303354N 00 0303354N 00 0303354N 00 0303354N 00 0304240M 00 0304270N 00 030477N 00 0304797N	Rapid Realization of Composites for Wet Submarine Application		[10,000]
54 0603597N 55 0603598N 56 0603598N 57 0603599N 57 0603609N 58 0603635M 59 0603654N 60 0603713N 61 0603721N 62 0603724N 63 0603724N 64 0603734N 65 0603734N 66 0603746N 67 0603764M 67 060376M 67 060376M 67 060376M 67 060376M 67 060376M 67 060376M 68 060376M 69 060376M 69 060376M 60 0604025M 60 0604025M 60 0604025M 60 0604025M 60 0604025M 60 060428M 60	LCS MISSION MODULES	39,258	29,258
555 0603598N 566 0603599N 570 0603609N 58 06036359N 59 06036354N 60 0603713N 61 0603721N 62 0603724N 65 0603734N 66 0603734N 66 0603734N 66 0603734N 67 0603746N 67 0603795N 67 0603795N 67 0603795N 67 0603795N 67 0604025M 67 0604055M 67 0604055M 67 060455M 67 060455M 67 060455M 67 060455M 67 0605513M 67 0605513M 67 0605513M 67 0605513M 67 03033354M 67 03033354M 67 03033354M 67 0304240M 67 0304270M 67 0304797N 67 0304797N	Mine Countermeasure (MCM) Mission Package		[-10,000]
566 0603599N 577 06036369N 60036364N 6003731N 61 0603721N 62 0603734N 65 0603734N 66 0603734N 66 0603734N 66 0603739N 66 0603746N 67 0603746N 68 0603746N 69 0603746N 69 0603764M 70 0603795N 72 0603851M 73 0603860N 76 0604025N 78 0604025N 78 0604025N 79 0604027N 78 0604029N 79 0604029N 79 0604029N 79 0604059N 79 0605513N 79 0604059N 79 0605513N 79 06055	AUTOMATED TEST AND RE-TEST (ATRT)	9,862	9,862
57 0603609N 58 0603635M 59 0603635M 60 0603713N 61 0603721N 62 0603724N 63 0603724N 64 0603734N 65 0603739N 66 0603739N 66 0603746N 67 0603746N 67 060379N 71 0603795N 72 0603851M 73 0603850N 76 0604025M 77 0604027N 78 0604029N 82 060412N 83 060412N 83 060428N 84 060429N 85 060428N 87 060429N 88 060429N 89 060436N 89 060436N 89 060436N 90 060455N 91 0604536N 92 0604536N 93 06045513N 94 0604707N 95 0604786N 97 0605513N 98 0605514M 00 0605518N 99 0604786N 99 0604786N 99 060479N	ATRT ENTERPRISE RAPID CAPABILITY	20,000	20,000
58 0603635M 0603654N 0603713N 0603713N 0603713N 0603721N 0603724N 0603724N 0603724N 0603724N 0603725N 0603726N 0603734N 0603734N 0603734N 0603746N 0603746N 0603746N 070 0603790N 071 0603795N 070 0603795N 070 0604027N 070 070 070 070 070 070 070 070 070 0	FRIGATE DEVELOPMENT	84,199	84,199
59 0603654N 60 0603713N 61 0603721N 62 0603724N 63 0603725N 64 0603734N 65 0603739N 66 0603739N 66 0603746N 67 0603746N 68 0603751N 69 060376M 70 0603795N 71 0603795N 72 0603851M 73 0603860N 76 0604025M 77 0604027N 78 0604027N 78 0604028N 80 060428N 80 060428N 80 0604292N 88 060429N 89 060429N 80 0604556N 91 0604556N 92 0604630N 93 060455N 91 0604536N 92 0604536N 93 0604551N 91 0604536N 92 0604536N 93 0604551N 94 0604707N 95 0605513N 96 0605518N 91 0105519N	CONVENTIONAL MUNITIONS  AMANUA CAMPA	10,877	10,877
60 0603713N 61 0603721N 62 0603724N 63 0603724N 664 0603734N 65 0603734N 666 0603734N 667 0603746N 67 0603746N 68 0603751N 69 0603764M 70 0603795N 72 0603851M 73 0603860N 76 0604025M 77 0604027N 78 0604027N 78 0604027N 78 0604028N 6060428N 60604330N 60604459N 60604551N 60604551N 60604551N 60604551N 60604551N 6060551N	MARINE CORPS GROUND COMBAT/SUPPORT SYSTEM	278,261	278,261
61 0603721N 62 0603724N 63 0603725N 64 0603734N 65 0603734N 66 0603734N 66 0603736N 67 0603746N 67 0603790N 71 0603795N 72 0603851M 73 0603860N 76 0604025M 77 0604027N 78 0604027N 78 0604028N 80 060428N	JOINT SERVICE EXPLOSIVE ORDNANCE DEVELOPMENT  OCEAN ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	43,657 9,647	43,657 9,647
62 0603724N 63 0603725N 64 0603734N 65 0603739N 66 0603746N 67 0603746N 68 0603751N 69 0603764M 70 0603790N 71 0603795N 72 0603851M 73 0603860N 76 0604025M 77 0604027N 78 0604027N 78 0604028N 79 0604029N 82 0604112N 83 0604127N 84 0604272N 85 0604289M 87 0604289M 88 060429N 89 060436N 99 060436N 99 060436N 99 060456N 99 060459N 99 060459N 99 060459N 99 060459N 99 060459N 90 060459N 90 060459N 91 0605513N 92 0604518N 93 0605514M 94 0605514M 95 0605513N 96 0605513N 97 0605513N 98 0605514M 99 060450N 90 060436N 90 060450N 90 060450N 90 060450N 90 060450N 90 060450N	GOLDA CHOINEANT PROTECTION  ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION	22,829	22,829
633 0603725N 64 0603734N 65 0603734N 66 0603746N 67 0603746N 68 0603751N 69 060376M 70 0603795N 71 0603795N 72 0603851M 73 0604025M 76 0604025N 77 0604027N 78 0604025N 80 060425N 80 060455N 90 060451N 91 0604536N 92 0604636N 93 060455N 91 060451N 92 0604536N 93 060455N 94 060470N 95 060451N 90 0604536N 90 0604536N 90 0604536N 91 0604536N 92 0604630N 93 0604536N 93 0604536N 94 060470N 95 0604536N 96 060470N 96 060470N 97 0605513N 98 0605514M 99 0605513N 90 0605518N 91 0105519N	NAVY ENERGY PROGRAM	46,577	69,577
63 0603725N 64 0603734N 65 0603734N 66 0603739N 66 0603746N  67 0603748N 68 0603751N 69 0603764M 70 0603795N 71 0603795N 72 0603851M 73 0603860N 76 0604025M 77 0604027N 78 0604027N 78 0604027N 78 0604027N 88 0604228N 89 0604127N 884 060427N 885 0604286N 886 0604295M 887 060428N 99 060456N 99 060456N 99 060456N 99 060456N 99 060455N 99 060455N 99 060455N 90 060455N 91 060455N 92 0604536N 93 060455N 94 0604707N 95 060451N 96 0604536N 97 0605513N 98 0605514M 90 0605518N 90 0605518N 91 0105519N	LOCNESS: derisking DEW/advanced sensors on DDGx	,	[11,000]
64 0603734N 65 0603734N 666 0603739N 666 0603746N 67 0603746N 68 0603751N 699 0603764M 70 0603795N 71 0603795N 72 0603851M 77 0604027N 78 0604025M 777 0604027N 78 0604028N 79 0604029N 82 0604112N 83 0604127N 84 0604272N 85 0604289M 87 060428N 79 060438N 79 0605513N 79 060438N 79 060438N 79 0605513N 79 060438N 79 060438N 79 060438N 79 060438N 79 060438N 79 060440N 79 0304420N 79 030479N 79 030479N	Safety certification and USMC support for soldier/ground vehicle auxilliary power		[12,000]
655 0603739N 666 0603746N 667 0603746N 668 0603751N 669 060376M 771 0603795N 772 0603851M 773 060386N 776 0604025M 777 0604027N 788 0604025M 779 0604025N 840 0604127N 840 0604272N 85 0604127N 885 0604286N 867 060428N 879 0604056N 879 0604056N 879 0604050N 879 0605513N 879 0605514M 879 0604050N 879 0605513N 879 0605513N 879 0605513N 879 0605514M 879 0604050N 879 0605513N 879 0605514M 879 0605513N 879 0605514M 879 0605513N 879 0605514M 879 0605514M 879 0605513N 879 0605513N 879 0605514M 879 0605514M 879 0605513N 879 0605514M 879 06055	FACILITIES IMPROVEMENT	10,925	10,925
666 0603746N 67 0603748N 68 0603751N 69 0603764M 70 0603795N 71 0603795N 72 0603851M 73 0603860N 76 0604025M 77 0604027N 78 0604027N 78 0604027N 78 0604027N 88 0604228N 89 0604127N 88 0604286N 80 060428N 80 0604320N 80 0604536N 80 060444N 80 0604536N 80 0604459N	CHALK CORAL	414,282	414,282
67 0603748N  68 0603751N  69 0603764M  70 0603790N  71 0603795N  72 0603851M  73 0603851M  73 0603851M  78 0604025M  77 0604027N  78 0604029N  82 0604112N  83 0604127N  84 0604278N  85 0604226N  86 0604289M  87 060426N  88 060429N  89 0604320M  90 060436N  91 0604536N  92 0604659N  94 0604707N  95 060458N  97 0605513N  98 0605514M  00 0605518N  90 0605518N  91 0105519N  92 0207147M  93 03033260N  94 03033344N  95 0304270N  96 0304270N  97 0304797N	NAYY LOGISTIC PRODUCTIVITY	1,016	1,016
67 0603748N  68 0603751N  69 0603764M  70 0603790N  71 0603795N  72 0603851M  73 0603860N  76 0604025M  77 0604027N  78 0604028N  79 0604029N  82 0604112N  83 0604127N  84 0604272N  85 0604289M  87 060428N  87 060428N  89 060428N  90 060436N  91 0604536N  92 060456N  93 060456N  94 0604707N  95 060459N  97 0605513N  98 0605514M  00 0605518N  10 10105519N  02 0207147M  03 0303354N  04 0303334N  05 0304270N  06 0304270N  07 0304797N	RETRACT MAPLE	647,914	732,464
689 0603751N 699 0603764M 70 0603790N 71 0603795N 72 0603851M 73 0603860N 76 0604025M 77 0604027N 78 0604027N 78 0604028N 99 0604112N 84 0604272N 85 0604127N 88 060428N 89 060428N 80 060428N 80 060428N 80 060428N 80 060428N 80 0604326N 80 0604326N 80 060456N 81 060456N 82 060456N 83 060456N 84 060456N 85 060458N 86 060458N 87 06045513N 88 06045513N 90 0605513N 90 0605513N 91 0605513N 92 0207147M 93 0303354N 94 03033354N 95 0304270N 96 0304270N 97 0304797N	Joint Warfighting Critical Munitions		[84,550]
68 0603751N 699 0603751N 70 0603764M 770 0603795N 772 0603851M 773 0604025M 777 0604027N 78 0604027N 78 0604027N 78 0604027N 78 0604027N 78 0604027N 78 0604027N 79 06040127N 884 0604127N 885 0604127N 885 0604286N 887 0604286N 887 0604286N 887 0604286N 887 0604286N 887 0604286N 889 0604320M 990 0604454N 991 0604536N 992 0604636N 993 0604659N 994 060470N 995 060451N 0105519N 0105519N 0105519N 0105519N 0105519N 02 0207147M 03 0303354N 04 03033354N 05 0304270N 07 0304797N	LIN PLUMERIA	376,672	876,672
69 0603764M 70 0603790N 71 0603790N 72 0603851M 73 0603860N 76 0604025M 78 0604025N 79 0604028N 82 060412N 83 0604127N 84 0604228N 85 0604286N 86 0604286N 86 060429N 88 060429N 89 0604320M 90 0604536N 91 0604536N 92 0604659N 94 0604707N 95 0604513N 99 0605513N 99 0605513N 99 0605513N 99 0605513N 90 0605518N 01 0105519N 02 0207147M 03 0303354N 04 0303334N 05 0304270N 05 0304270N 07 0304797N	F/A-XX	106,810	[500,000] 106,810
70 0603790N 711 0603795N 722 0603851M 73 0603851M 73 0603860N 76 0604025M 777 0604027N 82 0604112N 83 0604028N 79 0604029N 84 060427N 85 0604289M 87 0604289M 887 0604289M 889 0604295M 889 0604360N 99 0604545M 99 060456N 99 060456N 99 060456N 99 060459N 99 0605513N 99 0605513N 99 0605514M 99 0605513N 99 0605514M 99 0605513N 99 0605514M 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99 99	LINE CYPROFEEN	529,550	529,550
71 0603795N 72 0603851M 73 0603860N 76 0604025M 77 0604027N 78 0604027N 78 0604028N 79 0604029N 82 0604112N 83 0604127N 84 060427N 85 060428M 87 060428M 88 060428M 89 060428M 90 060436N 91 060456N 92 0604636N 93 0604659N 94 0604707N 95 0604636N 97 0605513N 98 0605514M 00 0605518N 01 0105519N 02 0207147M 03 0303354N 04 0303334N 05 0304270N 06 0304270N 07 0304797N	NATO RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT	5,234	5,234
73 0603860N 76 0604025M 77 0604027N 78 0604028N 99 0604028N 82 0604112N 83 0604127N 84 0604228N 85 0604286N 86 0604286N 87 0604292N 88 0604295M 89 0604320M 90 0604536N 91 0604536N 92 0604636N 93 0604659N 94 0604707N 95 0605513N 98 0605514M 00 0605518N 01 0105519N 02 0207147M 03 0303360N 04 0303334N 05 0304270N 07 0304797N	LAND ATTACK TECHNOLOGY	1,056	1,056
76 0604025M 77 0604027N 78 0604027N 79 0604029N 82 0604112N 83 0604127N 84 060427N 85 0604286N 86 0604286N 87 0604286N 89 0604295M 89 0604295M 89 0604320M 90 0604546N 91 0604536N 92 0604636N 93 0604659N 94 0604707N 95 0605513N 98 0605514M 00 0605518N 01 0105519N 02 0207147M 03 0303260N 04 0303334N 05 0304270N 07 0304797N	JOINT NON-LETHAL WEAPONS TESTING	9,832	9,832
777 0604027N 788 0604028N 79 0604029N 82 0604112N 83 0604127N 84 0604272N 85 0604289M 86 0604289M 87 0604289M 88 0604295N 88 0604295N 89 0604326N 99 060436N 99 060456N 99 060456N 99 060456N 91 060456N 92 0604636N 93 060456N	JOINT PRECISION APPROACH AND LANDING SYSTEMS—DEM/VAL	41,978	41,978
78 0604028N 79 0604029N 82 0604012N 83 0604127N 84 0604272N 85 0604286N 86 0604286N 87 0604292N 88 0604295M 89 0604320M 90 0604454N 91 0604536N 92 0604636N 93 0604659N 94 0604707N 95 0605513N 96 0605514M 00 0605518N 01 0105519N	rapid defense experimentation reserve (rder)	99	99
79 0604029N 82 0604112N 83 060412TN 84 0604272N 85 060428N 86 060428N 87 060429M 89 060429M 90 060454N 91 0604320M 90 060454N 91 0604536N 92 0604636N 93 0604659N 94 0604707N 95 0605513N 98 0605514M 00 0605518N 01 0105519N 02 0207147M 03 0303354N 04 0303334N 05 0304270N 07 0304797N	DIGITAL WARFARE OFFICE	151,271	151,271
82 0604112N 83 0604127N 84 060427N 85 0604226N 86 0604286M 87 0604292N 88 0604295M 89 0604320M 90 0604454N 91 0604536N 92 0604636N 93 0604659N 95 0605513N 98 0605514M 00 0605518N 01 0105519N 02 0207147M 03 0303354N 00 03034240M 00 0304270N 07 0304797N	SMALL AND MEDIUM UNMANNED UNDERSEA VEHICLES	4,855	4,855
83 0604127N 84 0604272N 85 0604289M 86 0604289M 87 060429N 88 0604295M 89 0604320M 90 0604454N 91 0604536N 92 0604636N 93 060456N 97 0605513N 98 0605514M 00 0605518N 01 0105519N 02 0207147M 03 0303260N 04 0303334N 05 0304240M 06 0304270N 07 0304797N	GERALD R. FORD CLASS NUCLEAR AIRCRAFT CARRIER (CVN 78—80)	47,106 112,704	47,106 112,704
84 0604272N 85 0604286N 86 0604289M 87 0604292N 88 0604295M 89 0604320M 90 0604454N 91 0604356N 92 0604636N 93 0604659N 94 0604707N 95 0605513N 96 0605514M 00 0605518N 01 0105519N 02 0207147M 03 0303260N 04 0303334N 05 0304240M 06 0304270N 07 0304797N	SURFACE MINE COUNTERMEASURES	18,504	18,504
85 0604286N 86 0604289M 87 0604292N 88 0604295M 89 0604295M 99 0604454N 991 0604536N 992 0604659N 95 0604707N 995 060476N 995 0605513N 998 0605514M 00 0605518N 01 0105519N 02 0207147M 03 0303260N 04 0303354N 05 0304240M 06 0304270N 07 0304797N	TACTICAL AIR DIRECTIONAL INFRARED COUNTERMEASURES (TADIRCM)	14,387	14,387
86 0604289M 87 0604292N 88 0604292N 89 0604230M 90 0604454N 91 0604536N 93 0604659N  94 0604707N 95 0605513N 98 0605514M 00 0605518N 01 0105519N 02 0207147M 03 0303260N 04 0303334N 05 0304240M 06 0304270N 07 0304797N	NAVY ADVANCED MANUFACTURING	10,585	10,585
88 0604295M 89 0604320M 90 0604454N 91 06044536N 92 0604636N 93 0604659N 94 0604707N 95 0604786N 97 0605513N 98 0605514M 00 0605518N 01 0105519N 02 0207147M 03 0303260N 04 0303334N 05 0304240M 06 0304270N 07 0304797N	NEXT GENERATION LOGISTICS	2,722	2,722
89 0604320M 90 0604454N 91 0604536N 92 0604636N 93 0604659N 94 0604707N 95 0604786N 97 0605513N 98 0605514M 00 0605518N 01 0105519N 02 0207147M 03 0303260N 04 0303354N 05 0304240M 06 0304270N 07 0304797N	Future vertical lift (maritime strike)	7,125	7,125
90 0604454N 91 0604536N 92 0604636N 93 0604659N 94 0604707N 95 0604786N 97 0605513N 98 0605514M 00 0605518N 01 0105519N 02 0207147M 03 0303260N 04 0303354N 05 0304240M 06 0304270N 07 0304797N	Marine aviation demonstration/validation	38,873	38,873
91 0604536N 92 0604636N 93 0604659N 94 0604707N 95 0604786N 97 0605513N 98 0605514M 00 0605518N 01 0105519N 02 0207147M 03 0303260N 04 0303354N 05 0304240M 06 0304270N 07 0304797N	RAPID TECHNOLOGY CAPABILITY PROTOTYPE	16,316	16,316
92 0604636N 93 0604659N 94 0604707N 95 0604786N 97 0605513N 98 0605514M 00 0605518N 01 0105519N 02 0207147M 03 0303260N 04 0303354N 05 0304240M 06 0304270N 07 0304797N	LX (R)	26,709	26,709
93 0604659N  94 0604707N  95 0604786N  97 0605513N  98 0605514M  00 0605518N  01 0105519N  02 0207147M  03 0303260N  04 0303334N  05 0304240M  06 0304270N  07 0304797N	ADVANCED UNDERSEA PROTOTYPING	143,943	143,943
94 0604707N 95 0604786N 97 0605513N 98 0605514M 00 0605518N 01 0105519N 02 0207147M 03 0303260N 04 0303354N 05 0304240M 06 0304270N 07 0304797N	COUNTER UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS (C-UAS)	16,689	16,689
94 0604707N 95 0604786N 97 0605513N 98 0605514M 00 0605518N 01 0105519N 02 0207147M 03 0303260N 04 0303354N 05 0304240M 06 0304270N 07 0304797N	PRECISION STRIKE WEAPONS DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM  Emerging Hypersonic Capabilities (USA, USN)	110,072	235,072
94 0604707N 95 0604786N 97 0605513N 98 0605514M 00 0605518N 01 0105519N 02 0207147M 03 0303260N 04 0303354N 05 0304240M 06 0304270N 07 0304797N	Emerging hypersonic capabilities (USA, USN)  Navy MACE		[25,000] [100,000]
95 0604786N  97 0605513N  98 0605514M  00 0605518N  01 0105519N  02 0207147M  03 0303260N  04 0303354N  05 0304240M  06 0304270N  07 0304797N	SPACE AND ELECTRONIC WARFARE (SEW) ARCHITECTURE/ENGINEERING SUPPORT	6,866	6,866
97 0605513N 98 0605514M 00 0605518N 01 0105519N 02 0207147M 03 0303260N 04 0303354N 05 0304240M 06 0304270N 07 0304797N	GFENSIVE ANTI-SURFACE WARFARE WEAPON DEVELOPMENT	225,773	285,773
97 0605513N 98 0605514M 00 0605518N 01 0105519N 02 0207147M 03 0303260N 04 0303354N 05 0304240M 06 0304270N 07 0304797N	LRASM MADCAP C-3 development acceleration	,,,,	[60,000]
98 0605514M 00 0605518N 01 0105519N 02 0207147M 03 0303260N 04 0303354N 05 0304240M 06 0304270N 07 0304797N	UNMANNED SURFACE VEHICLE ENABLING CAPABILITIES	3,712	3,712
01 0105519N  02 0207147M  03 0303260N  04 0303354N  05 0304240M  06 0304270N  07 0304797N	GROUND BASED ANTI-SHIP MISSILE	29,004	29,004
02 0207147M 03 0303260N 04 0303354N 05 0304240M 06 0304270N 07 0304797N	CONVENTIONAL PROMPT STRIKE (CPS)	798,337	798,337
02 0207147M 03 0303260N 04 0303354N 05 0304240M 06 0304270N 07 0304797N	NUCLEAR-ARMED SEA-LAUNCHED CRUISE MISSILE (SLCM-N) SUPPORT	0	320,000
03 0303260N 04 0303354N 05 0304240M 06 0304270N 07 0304797N	Restoration of full funding for Nuclear-Armed Sea-Launched Cruise Missile		[320,000]
04 0303354N 05 0304240M 06 0304270N 07 0304797N	COLLABORATIVE COMBAT AIRCRAFT	58,000	58,000
05 0304240M 06 0304270N 07 0304797N	DEFENSE MILITARY DECEPTION INITIATIVE	1,980	1,980
06 0304270N 07 0304797N	ASW SYSTEMS SOPELOPMENT—MIP	3,864	3,864
07 0304797N	ADVANCED TACTICAL UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEM	2,822	2,822
	ELECTRONIC WARFARE DEVELOPMENT—MIP  UNDERSEA ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE / MACHINE LEARNING (AI/ML)	1,278 29,308	1,278 29,308
	SUBTOTAL ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPES	29,308 <b>7,454,345</b>	29,308 <b>8,620,812</b>
	COLORD COMMON CO	7,707,070	0,020,012
	SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION		
	TRAINING SYSTEM AIRCRAFT	15,101	15,101

Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized
109	0604038N	MARITIME TARGETING CELL	147,802	147,802
111	0604212N	OTHER HELO DEVELOPMENT	987	987
113	0604215N	STANDARDS DEVELOPMENT	4,540	4,540
114	0604216N	MULTI-MISSION HELICOPTER UPGRADE DEVELOPMENT	64,838	64,838
116	0604230N	WARFARE SUPPORT SYSTEM	15,778	15,778
117 118	0604231N 0604234N	COMMAND AND CONTROL SYSTEMS  ADVANCED HAWKEYE	64,547 350,324	64,547 350,324
119	0604234N 0604245M	AUTHREE INTRICE : H-1 UPGRADES	62,240	62,240
120	0604261N	ACOUSTIC SEARCH SENSORS	52,549	52,549
121	0604262N	V-22	124,958	124,958
122	0604264N	AIR CREW SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT	44,297	44,297
123	0604269N	EA-18	184,921	184,921
124	0604270N	ELECTRONIC WARFARE DEVELOPMENT	185,606	185,606
125	0604273M	EXECUTIVE HELO DEVELOPMENT	74,980	74,980
126	0604274N	NEXT GENERATION JAMMER (NGJ)	64,167	64,167
127	0604280N	JOINT TACTICAL RADIO SYSTEM—NAVY (JTRS-NAVY)	289,345	289,345
128	0604282N	NEXT GENERATION JAMMER (NG) (NOREMENT II	228,256	228,256
129 130	0604307N 0604329N	SURFACE COMBATANT COMBAT SYSTEM ENGINEERING	432,981 23,836	432,981 23,836
131	0604325N 0604366N	SIMPLE DUMB (SUB ) MISSIE IMPROVEMENTS	412,964	412,964
132	0604373N	AIRBORNE MCM	8,372	8,372
133	0604378N	NAVAL INTEGRATED FIRE CONTROL —COUNTER AIR SYSTEMS ENGINFERING	39,878	39,878
135	0604501N	ADVANCED ABOVE WATER SENSORS	67,881	67,881
136	0604503N	SUBMARINE SWFTS MODERNIZATION	204,158	204,158
137	0604504N	AIR CONTROL	23,930	23,930
138	0604512N	SHIPBOARD AVIATION SYSTEMS	33,704	33,704
139	0604516N	SHIP SURVIVABILITY	4,364	4,364
141	0604522N	AIR AND MISSILE DEFENSE RADAR (AMDR) SYSTEM	74,937	74,937
142	0604530N	Advanced arresting gear (AAG)	32,037	32,037
143	0604558N	NEW DESIGN SSN	247,293	247,293
145	0604567N	SHIP CONTRACT DESIGN LIVE FIRE T&E	28,400	28,400
146 147	0604574N	NAVY TACTICAL COMPUTER RESOURCES	3,552	3,552
147	0604601N	MINE DEVELOPMENT  Enhanced Joint Direct Attack Missile (JDAM) (USN)	130	79,430 [50,000]
		Clinicieu Junii Direct Nictor Inscrie (Junii) (John )  Quickstrike Extended Range (QS-ER) (JUNI) (JUNI)		[29,300]
148	0604610N	UGHTWEIGHT TORPEDD DEVELOPMENT	12,565	12,565
149	0604654N	JOINT SERVICE EXPLOSIVE ORDINANCE DEVELOPMENT	8,740	8,740
150	0604657M	USMC GROUND COMBAT/SUPPORTING ARMS SYSTEMS—ENG DEV	17,377	17,377
151	0604703N	PERSONNEL, TRAINING, SIMULATION, AND HUMAN FACTORS	6,703	6,703
152	0604727N	JOINT STANDOFF WEAPON SYSTEMS	895	895
153	0604755N	SHIP SELF DEFENSE (DETECT & CONTROL)	167,711	167,711
154	0604756N	SHIP SELF DEFENSE (ENGAGE: HARD KILL)	145,007	145,007
155	0604757N	SHIP SELF DEFENSE (ENGAGE: SOFT KILI/EW)	232,368	232,368
156	0604761N	INTELLIGENCE ENGINEERING	7,023	7,023
157	0604771N	MEDICAL DEVELOPMENT	7,629	7,629
158	0604777N 0604850N	NAVIGATION/ID SYSTEM	3,724	3,724
159 160	0605013M	SSN(X) INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	365,987 16,000	365,987 16,000
161	0605013N	INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	192,784	192,784
162	0605024N	ANTI-TAMPER TECHNOLOGY SUPPORT	3,428	3,428
163	0605180N	TACAMO MODERNIZATION	1,243,978	1,243,978
164	0605212M	CH-53K RDTE	135,432	135,432
165	0605215N	MISSION PLANNING	120,255	120,255
166	0605217N	COMMON AVIONICS	67,944	67,944
167	0605220N	SHIP TO SHORE CONNECTOR (SSC)	7,267	7,267
168	0605285N	NEXT GENERATION FIGHTER	74,320	74,320
170	0605414N	unmanned Carrier Aviation (UCA)	305,487	305,487
171	0605450M	JOINT AIR-TO-GROUND MISSILE (JAGM)	59,077	59,077
172	0605500N	MULT-MISSION MARITIME AIRCRAFT (MMA)	41,129	41,129
173	0605504N 0605516N	MULTI-MISSION MARITIME (MMA) INCREMENT III	103,397	103,397
174 175	0605516N 0605611M	LUNG KANGE FIRES  MARINE CORPS ASSAULT VEHICLES SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT & DEMONSTRATION	138,443 44,644	138,443 44,644
175	0605813M	JOINT LIGHT TACTICAL VEHICLES STSTEM DEVELOPMENT & DEMONSTRATION	6,984	6,984
177	0204202N	JOINT LIGHT I MADIGAL VERIFICE QUITY) STISIEM DVELOFMENT & DEMONSTRATION DESTROYERS GUIDED MISSILE (DDG-1000)	58,817	58,817
178	0301377N	COUNTERING ADVANCED CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS (CACW)	16,906	16,906
179	0302315N	NON-KINETIC COUNTERMEASURE SUPPORT	23,818	23,818
183	0304785N	ISR & INFO OPERATIONS	170,567	170,567
185	0306250M	CYBER OPERATIONS TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT SUBTOTAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION	11,936 <b>7,431,995</b>	11,936 <b>7,511,295</b>
		MANAGEMENT SUPPORT	,,	,,_30
186	0604256N	THREAT SIMULATOR DEVELOPMENT	25,133	25,133
187	0604258N	TARGET SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT	14,191	24,191
		Secure power: high value target protection		[10,000]
188	0604759N	MAJOR T&E INVESTMENT	61,946	61,946
189	0605152N	Studies and analysis support—navy	3,596	3,596
	0605154N	Center for Naval Analyses	31,695	31,695
190	OCOFORON	MANAGEMENT, TECHNICAL & INTERNATIONAL SUPPORT	133,538	133,538
190 193	0605853N		2 700	2 700
190 193 194	0605856N	STRATEGIC TECHNICAL SUPPORT	3,709	3,709
190 193 194 195	0605856N 0605863N	RDT&E SHIP AND AIRCRAFT SUPPORT	151,479	151,479
190 193 194	0605856N			151,479 463,725 30,880

Line	Program	Item	FY 2026	Senate
TILLE	Element	цет	Request	Authorized
199	0605867N	SEW SURVEILLANCE/RECONAISSANCE SUPPORT	7,325	7,325
200	0605873M	MARINE CORPS PROGRAM WIDE SUPPORT	28,816	28,816
201	0605898N	MANAGEMENT HQ—R&D	42,751	42,751
202 203	0606295M 0606355N	Marine aviation developmental management and support  Warfare innovation management	4,732 37,551	4,732 37,551
203	0305327N	INSIDER THREAT	2,653	2,653
205	0902498N	MANAGEMENT HEADQUARTERS (DEPARTMENTAL SUPPORT ACTIVITIES)	2,041	2,041
		SUBTOTAL MANAGEMENT SUPPORT	1,068,324	1,078,324
		OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT		
208	0604840M 0604840N	F-35 C2D2F-35 C2D2	494,034 475,710	494,034 475,710
209 210	0605520M	r-33 GCDZ MARINE CORPS AIR DEFENSE WEAPONS SYSTEMS	56,140	56,140
211	0607658N	COOPERATIVE ENGAGEMENT CAPABILITY (CEC)	136,436	136,436
212	0101221N	STRATEGIC SUB & WEAPONS SYSTEM SUPPORT	807,099	807,099
213	0101224N	SSBN SECURITY TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM	63,252	68,252
		Strategic Weapon System shipboard navigation system modernization		[5,000]
214	0101226N	SUBMARINE ACOUSTIC WARFARE DEVELOPMENT	56,401	56,401
215	0101402N	NAYY STRATEGIC COMMUNICATIONS.	52,404	52,404
216 218	0204136N 0204229N	F/A-18 SQUADRONS	369,863 151.177	369,863 151,177
219	0204223N 0204311N	INTEGRATED SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM	71,800	71,800
220	0204313N	SHIP-TOWED ARRAY SURVEILLANCE SYSTEMS	1,990	1,990
222	0204460M	Ground/Air Task oriented radar (g/ator)	32,045	32,045
223	0204571N	CONSOLIDATED TRAINING SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT	199,067	199,067
224	0204575N	ELECTRONIC WARFARE (EW) READINESS SUPPORT	115,834	115,834
225	0205601N	ANTI-RADIATION MISSILE IMPROVEMENT	33,659	33,659
227	0205632N 0205633N	MK-48 ADCAP	84,338	84,338
228	0205633N	AVIATION IMPROVEMENTS	127,421	137,321
229	0205675N	Autonomous airfield FOD sweeping systems  OPERATIONAL NUCLEAR POWER SYSTEMS	209,200	[9,900] 209,200
230	0206313M	MARINE CORPS COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS	125,488	134,488
200	0200010	Hydrogen Fuel Cell for small-UAS	120,100	[5,000]
		Integrated Contested Logistics Communications		[4,000]
231	0206335M	COMMON AVIATION COMMAND AND CONTROL SYSTEM (CAC2S)	17,813	17,813
232	0206623M	MARINE CORPS GROUND COMBAT/SUPPORTING ARMS SYSTEMS	70,139	70,139
233	0206624M	MARINE CORPS COMBAT SERVICES SUPPORT	20,419	20,419
234	0206625M	USMC INTELLIGENCE/FLECTRONIC WARFARE SYSTEMS	34,289	34,289
236	0207161N	TACTICAL AIM MISSILES	34,650	34,650
237 238	0207163N 0208043N	ADVANCED MEDIUM RANGE AIR-TO-AIR MISSILE (AMRAAM) PLANNING AND DECISION AID SYSTEM (PDAS)	26,286 3,572	26,286 3,572
242	0303138N	AFLOAT NETWORKS	70,742	70,742
243	0303140N	INFORMATION SYSTEMS SECURITY PROGRAM	64,147	64,147
244	0305192N	MILITARY INTELLIGENCE PROGRAM (MIP) ACTIVITIES	3,311	3,311
247	0305208M	DISTRIBUTED COMMON GROUND/SURFACE SYSTEMS	61,238	61,238
248	0305220N	MQ-4C TRITON	14,421	14,421
250	0305232M	RQ-11 UAV	1,063	1,063
252	0305241N	MULTI-INTELLIGENCE SENSOR DEVELOPMENT	41,414	41,414
253 255	0305242M 0305421N	UNMANNED AERIAL SYSTEMS (UAS) PAYLOADS (MIP)	9,157 361,943	9,157 361,943
256	0307577N	ME-EL TRITON MODERNIZATION MET-EL IGENO MODERNIZ	803	803
257	0308601N	MODELING AND SIMULATION SUPPORT	12,389	12,389
258	0702207N	DEPOT MAINTENANCE (NON-IF)	23,372	23,372
259	0708730N	MARITIME TECHNOLOGY (MARITECH)	3,600	3,600
999	9999999999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	2,554,769	2,578,769
		Acceleration of Navy program	7 000 005	[24,000]
		SUBTOTAL OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT	7,092,895	7,140,795
000	0000010	SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS		
260	0608013N	RISK MANAGEMENT INFORMATION—SOFTWARE PILOT PROGRAM  MARITIME TACTICAL COMMAND AND CONTROL (MTC2)—SOFTWARE PILOT PROGRAM	13,341	13,341
261	0608231N	MARITIME TACTICAL COMMAND AND CONTROL (MICZ)—SOFTWARE PILOT PROGRAM  SUBTOTAL SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS	12,520 <b>25,861</b>	12,520 <b>25,861</b>
		TOTAL RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST & EVAL, NAVY	25,708,049	27,085,816
		RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST & EVAL, AF		
		BASIC RESEARCH		
1	0601102F	DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES	302,716	302,716
2	0601103F	UNIVERSITY RESEARCH INITIATIVES	94,121	94,121
		SUBTOTAL BASIC RESEARCH	396,837	396,837
3	0602020F	APPLIED RESEARCH FUTURE AF CAPABILITIES APPLIED RESEARCH	78,214	78,214
4	0602020F	UNIVERSITY AFFILIATED RESEARCH CENTER (UARC)—TACTICAL AUTONOMY	6,294	6,294
5	0602102F	MATERIALS	147,422	167,422
-		Advanced materials science for manufacturing research	,	[10,000]
		Metals Affordability Iniatitive		[5,000]
		NCSEB Recommendation—Al-Ready Biological Data		[5,000]
7	0602202F	HUMAN EFFECTIVENESS APPLIED RESEARCH	133,928	133,928
8	0602203F	AEROSPACE SYSTEMS TECHNOLOGIES	321,059	321,059
9	0602204F	AEROSPACE SENSORS	199,120	199,120
11	0602298F	SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY MANAGEMENT— MAJOR HEADQUARTERS ACTIVITIES	10,813	10,813
12	0602336F	NUCLEAR DELIVERY SYSTEMS TECH EXPLORATION	4,969	4,969

Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized
13	0602602F	CONVENTIONAL MUNITIONS	125,102	125,102
14	0602605F	DIRECTED ENERGY TECHNOLOGY	92,331	92,331
15	0602788F	DOMINANT INFORMATION SCIENCES AND METHODS	187,036	217,036
		Agile, Assured, and Autonomous Battle Management Network and Readiness Accelerator (3A-BMN)		[5,000
		Dependable AI for National Security		[15,000]
		Distributed Quantum Networking Testbed and Quantum Cloud Computing Environment		[10,000]
		SUBTOTAL APPLIED RESEARCH	1,306,288	1,356,288
		ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT		
16	0603032F	Future af integrated technology demos	268,754	268,754
17	0603112F	ADVANCED MATERIALS FOR WEAPON SYSTEMS.	31,021	31,021
18 19	0603199F 0603203F	SUSTAINMENT SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (S&T)	12,915	12,915
20	0603211F	ADVANCED AEROSPACE SENSORS  AEROSPACE TECHNOLOGY DEV/DEMO	69,652 102,125	69,652 102,125
23	0603273F	AERUSPIGE TECHNOLOGY FOR NUCLEAR RE-ENTRY SYSTEMS	128,407	148,407
20	00032731	S&T for Nuclear Reenty Systems—Resonating Fiber Optic Gyroscopes	120,407	[20,000
25	0603456F	HUMAN EFFECTIVENESS ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	19.790	19,790
26	0603601F	CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS TECHNOLOGY	99,263	99,263
27	0603605F	ADVANCED WAEPONS TECHNOLOGY	4,434	4,434
28	0603680F	MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM	38,891	42,891
		Additive Manufacturing for Engineer Components		[4,000]
29	0603788F	Battlespace knowledge development and demonstration	30,812	30,812
30	0604776F	DEPLOYMENT & DISTRIBUTION ENTERPRISE R&D	28,316 <b>834,380</b>	28,316 <b>858,38</b> 6
			034,300	030,300
32	0603260F	ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPES INTELLIGENCE ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT	3,901	3,901
33	0603742F	COMBAT IDENTIFICATION TECHNOLOGY	25,172	25,172
34	0603790F	NATO RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT	4,595	4,595
35	0603851F	Intercontinental Ballistic Missile—dem/val	90,096	90,096
36	0604001F	NC3 ADVANCED CONCEPTS	15,910	15,910
37	0604003F	ADVANCED BATTLE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (ABMS)	1,040,475	1,040,475
39	0604005F	NC3 COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT & PROTOTYPING	67,081	67,081
40	0604007F	E-7	199,676	899,676
		E-7 continued development and procurement		[700,000]
41	0604009F	AFWERX	18,499	18,499
42	0604010F	NEXT GENERATION ADAPTIVE PROPULSION	330,270	330,270
43	0604015F	LONG RANGE STRIKE—BOMBER	2,347,225	2,347,225
47	0604183F	Hypersonics prototyping—hypersonic attack cruise missile (Hacm)	802,810	802,810
49	0604257F	ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY AND SENSORS AND SENSORS	40,779	40,779
52 53	0604317F	TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER  HARD AND DEPLY BURIED TARGET DEFEAT SYSTEM (HDBTDS) PROGRAM	3,558	3,558
54	0604327F 0604336F	NACLEAR DELIVER'S SYSTEMS PROTOTYPING	144,143 56,926	144,143 56,926
55	0604414F	CYBER RESILIENCY OF WEAPON SYSTEMS-ACS	46,148	46,148
56	0604609F	REQUIREMENTS ANALYSIS & CONCEPT MATURATION	22,754	22,754
57	0604668F	Joint transportation management system (ITMS)	129,626	129,626
58	0604776F	DEPLOYMENT & DISTRIBUTION ENTERPRISE R&D	4,996	4,996
59	0604858F	TECH TRANSITION PROGRAM	134,833	155,833
		Blended Wing Body—Next Generation Aircraft		[21,000]
60	0604860F	OPERATIONAL ENERGY AND INSTALLATION RESILIENCE	49,460	115,460
		Operational energy program increase		[56,000]
		XR (AR/VR) plus mission execution tools		[10,000]
61	0605057F	NEXT GENERATION AIR-REFUELING SYSTEM	12,960	12,960
63	0606004F	NUCLEAR ENTERPRISE RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT	1,097	6,097
CA	00000055	Wing-level additive manufacturing	15.007	[5,000]
64	0606005F	DIGITAL TRANSFORMATION OFFICE	15,997	30,997
65	0207110F	F-47	0	[15,000] 500,000
00	02071101	F-47—misaligned budget request	Ü	[500,000]
66	0207147F	COLLABORATIVE COMBAT AIRCRAFT	111,365	789,365
		CCA—misaligned budget request	,0	[678,000]
67	0207179F	AUTONOMOUS COLLABORATIVE PLATFORMS	62,019	62,019
68	0207420F	COMBAT IDENTIFICATION	1,713	1,713
71	0207455F	THREE DIMENSIONAL LONG-RANGE RADAR (3DELRR)	17,344	17,344
72	0207522F	AIRBASE AIR DEFENSE SYSTEMS (ABADS)	15,785	15,785
73	0207606F	JOINT SIMULATION ENVIRONMENT (JSE)	260,667	260,667
74	0208030F	War reserve materiel—ammunition	9,865	9,865
75	0303010F	Af isr digital infrastructure	24,817	24,817
76	0305236F	COMMON DATA LINK EXECUTIVE AGENT (CDL EA)	32,511	32,511
77 70	0305601F	MISSION PARTNER ENVIRONMENTS	14,956	14,956
78 79	0701200F	ENTERPRISE SELECT CLASS II	1,000	1,000
19	0708051F	RAPID SUSTAINMENT MODERNIZATION (RSM)  B-21 Additive Manufacturing	32,666	101,666 [40,000]
		B-21 Additive Manufacturing		[29,000]
80	0808736F	Engine wash, data analysis, mission execution excenence program  Special Victim accountability and investigation	1,997	1,997
81	0808737F	INTEGRATED PRIMARY PREVENTION	5,167	5,167
82	0901410F	CONTRACTING INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY SYSTEM	29,277	29,277
83	1206415F	U.S. SPACE COMMAND RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT SUPPORT	36,913	36,913
	-200,101	SUBTOTAL ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPES	6,267,049	8,321,049
		SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION		
			20 105	20 105
84	0604200F	FUTURE ADVANCED WEAPON ANALYSIS & PROGRAMS	36,125	36,125

Line	Program Element	ltem	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized
		NUALFAR HIPARANA ANDRORT	•	
86 87	0604222F 0604270F	NUCLEAR WEAPONS SUPPORT ELECTRONIC WARFARE DEVELOPMENT	79,312 17.013	79,312 17,013
88	0604270F	TACTICAL DATA NETWORKS ENTERPRISE	77,170	77,170
89	0604287F	PHYSICAL SECURITY EQUIPMENT	10,589	10,589
90	0604288F	SURVIVABLE AIRBORNE OPERATIONS CENTER (SAOC)	1,826,328	1,826,328
91	0604602F	ARMAMENT/ORDNANCE DEVELOPMENT	7,253	7,25
92	0604604F	SUBMINITIONS SUPPORT	3,502	3,502
93	0604617F	AGILE COMBAT SUPPORT	23,474	23,474
94 95	0604706F 0604735F	LIFE SUPPORT SYSTEMS	20,542 139,499	20,542 139,499
96	0604733F 0604932F	COMBAT INAUTION PARIES :	606,955	755,955
30	00043321	Conventional Variant Advance Planning	000,555	[8,000]
		Long Range Standoff Weapon Acceleration		[141,000]
97	0604933F	ICBM FUZE MODERNIZATION	3,252	3,252
100	0605056F	OPEN ARCHITECTURE MANAGEMENT	44,150	44,150
101	0605223F	ADVANCED PILOT TRAINING	172,378	172,378
103	0605238F	GROUND BASED STRATEGIC DETERRENT EMD	2,647,563	4,647,563
104	00052005	Restoration of full funding for Sentinel ICBM program EMD	104 000	[2,000,000]
104 106	0605296F 0207039F	MICROELECTRONICS SECURE ENCLAVE  COGNITIVE ELECTROMAGNETIC WARFARE	104,990 44,267	104,990 44,267
107	0207039F 0207110F	6-47	2,579,362	2,579,362
109	0207279F	ISOLATED PERSONNEL SURVIVABILITY AND RECOVERY	99,248	99,248
110	0207328F	STAND IN ATTACK WEAPON	255,336	255,336
111	0207407F	ELECTROMAGNETIC BATTLE MANAGEMENT (EMBM)	20,439	20,439
112	0207701F	FULL COMBAT MISSION TRAINING	12,898	12,898
114	0303008F	SATURN	4,985	4,985
117	0305155F	THEATER NUCLEAR WEAPON STORAGE & SECURITY SYSTEM	19,875	19,875
120	0401221F	KC-46A TANKER SQUADRONS	145,434	145,434
121	0401319F	VC-25B	602,318	602,318
122	0701212F	AUTOMATED TEST SYSTEMS	30,341	30,341
123	0804772F	TRAINING DEVELOPMENTS	5,067 <b>9,765,328</b>	5,067 <b>11,914,328</b>
		SUDIVIAL SISILM DETELOF MENT AND DEMONSTRATION	3,703,320	11,314,320
125	0604256F	MANAGEMENT SUPPORT THREAT SIMULATOR DEVELOPMENT	41,125	41,125
126	0604759F	MAIOR TSE INVESTMENT	156,915	156,915
127	0605101F	RAND PROJECT AIR FORCE	32,405	32,405
129	0605712F	INITIAL OPERATIONAL TEST & EVALUATION	13,872	13,872
130	0605807F	TEST AND EVALUATION SUPPORT	1,098,871	1,098,871
133	0605829F	ACQ WORKFORCE- CYBER, NETWORK, & BUS SYS	435,918	435,918
134	0605831F	ACQ WORKFORCE- CAPABILITY INTEGRATION	1,153,165	1,153,165
136	0605833F	ACQ WORKFORCE- NUCLEAR SYSTEMS	368,881	368,881
137	0605898F	MANAGEMENT HQ—R&D	5,960	5,960
138	0605976F	FACILITIES RESTORATION AND MODERNIZATION—TEST AND EVALUATION SUPPORT	217,761	217,761
139 140	0605978F 0606017F	FACILITIES SUSTAINMENT—TEST AND EVALUATION SUPPORT REQUIREMENTS ANALYSIS AND MATURATION	91,969 28,157	91,969 28,157
141	0606398F	MANAGEMENT HQ—T&E	7,417	7,417
142	0208201F	OFFENSIVE SMALL UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS (SUAS)	4,985	4,985
143	0303255F	COMMAND, CONTROL, COMMUNICATION, AND COMPUTERS (C4)—STRATCOM	15,662	65,662
		C4 STRATCOM		[20,000]
		NC3 network sensor demonstration		[15,000]
		NC3 REACH		[15,000]
144	0308602F	Enteprise information services (EIS)	101,779	101,779
145	0702806F	ACQUISITION AND MANAGEMENT SUPPORT	22,670	22,670
146 148	0804776F 1001004F	ADVANCED DISTRIBUTED LEARNING	1,698 4,430	1,698 4,430
140	10010041	SUBTOTAL MANAGEMENT SUPPORT	3,803,640	3,853,640
		OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT		
149	0604233F	SPECIALIZED UNDERGRADUATE FLIGHT TRAINING	66,200	66,200
150	0604283F	BATTLE MGMT COM & CTRL SENSOR DEVELOPMENT	17,353	17,353
153	0604840F	F-35 C2D2	1,182,094	1,182,094
154	0605018F	AF INTEGRATED PERSONNEL AND PAY SYSTEM (AF-IPPS)	64,050	64,050
155	0605024F	ANTI-TAMPER TECHNOLOGY EXECUTIVE AGENCY	62,965	62,965
157	0605229F	HI-60W	43,579	43,579
158	0605278F	HC/MC-130 RECAP RDT&E	50,845	50,845
159 160	0606018F 0101113F	NC3 INTEGRATION	40,066 931,164	40,066 931,164
161	0101113F 0101122F	AIR-LAUNHCED CRUISE MISSILE (ALCM)	555	551,104
162	0101122F	AIT-CHOTHEC HOUSE MISSIEL (ALUM)	116,589	116,589
163	0101127F	B-2 SQUADRONS	12,519	12,519
164	0101213F	MINUTEMAN SQUADRONS	106,032	106,032
165	0101316F	WORLDWIDE JOINT STRATEGIC COMMUNICATION	24,081	24,081
166	0101318F	SERVICE SUPPORT TO STRATCOM—GLOBAL STRIKE	6,928	6,928
167	0101328F	ICBM REENTRY VEHICLES	259,605	259,605
	0102110F	MH-139A	5,982	5,982
169	0102326F	REGION/SECTOR OPERATION CONROL CENTER MODERNIZATION PROGRAM	726	726
170	0102417F	OVER-THE-HORIZON BACKSCATTER RADAR	132,097	132,097
170 171		VEHICLES AND SUPPORT EQUIPMENT—GENERAL		744
170 171 172	0202834F		744	
170 171 172 173	0202834F 0205219F	MQ-9 UAV	26,689	26,689
170 171 172	0202834F			744 26,689 3,424 366,638

Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized
		IVEWS development for F-16		[75,000]
177	0207134F	F-15E SQUADRONS	233,018	413,018
170	00071205	F-15 Global Lighting/Eagle Tether	17.000	[180,000]
178 179	0207136F 0207138F	MANNED DESTRUCTIVE SUPPRESSION	17,680 852,332	17,680 852,332
180	0207136F 0207142F	F-35 SQUADRONS	48,446	48,446
181	0207142F	F-15EX	78,345	78,345
182	0207161F	TACTICAL AIM MISSILES	86,549	86,549
183	0207163F	ADVANCED MEDIUM RANGE AIR-TO-AIR MISSILE (AMRAAM)	51,242	51,242
184	0207172F	JOINT ADVANCED TACTICAL MISSILE (JATM)	425,029	425,029
186	0207238F	E-11A	15,244	15,244
188	0207247F	AF TENCAP	52,492	52,492
189	0207249F	PRECISION ATTACK SYSTEMS PROCUREMENT	13,613	13,613
191	0207268F	AIRCRAFT ENGINE COMPONENT IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM	52,734	52,734
192	0207325F	JOINT-TO-SURFACE STANDOFF MISSILE (JASSM)	232,252	237,252 [5,000]
193	0207327F	Juillan in Juillande Jain-Uni missie (Jasan) (Usat). SMALD DIAMETER BOMB (SDB).	24,810	24,810
194	0207410F	AIR & SPACE OPERATIONS CENTER (AOC)	113,086	113,086
195	0207412F	CONTROL AND REPORTING CENTER (CRC)	17,569	17,569
198	0207431F	COMBAT AIR INTELLIGENCE SYSTEM ACTIVITIES	33,601	33,601
199	0207438F	THEATER BATTLE MANAGEMENT (TBM) C41	6,787	6,787
200	0207439F	ELECTROMAGNETIC WARFARE INT REPROG (EWIR)	60,072	60,072
202	0207452F	DCAPES	8,507	8,507
203	0207457F	AIR FORCE SPECIAL WARFARE (SPECWAR)	27,526	27,526
204	0207521F	AIR FORCE CALIBRATION PROGRAMS	2,273	2,273
206	0207590F	SEEK EAGLE	33,707	33,707
208	0207611F	READINESS DECISION SUPPORT ENTERPRISE	8,880	8,880
209	0207697F	DISTRIBUTED TRAINING AND EXERCISES	4,399	4,399
210	0207701F	FULL COMBAT MISSION TRAINING MISSION ANNING MISSION TRAINING	8,096	8,096
211 212	0208006F 0208007F	MISSION PLANNING SYSTEMS	138,745 13,711	138,745 13,711
212	0208007F	DISTRIBUTED CYBER WARFARE OPERATIONS	31,197	31,197
214	0208088F	AF DEFENSIVE CYBERSPACE OPERATIONS	95,034	95,034
218	0208288F	INTEL DATA APPLICATIONS	1,012	1,012
219	0301025F	GEOBASE	999	999
220	0301113F	CYBER SECURITY INTELLIGENCE SUPPORT	14,749	14,749
226	0301377F	COUNTERING ADVANCED CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS (CACW)	1,117	1,117
228	0301401F	AF MULTI-DOMAIN NON-TRADITIONAL ISR BATTLESPACE AWARENESS	2,987	2,987
229	0302015F	E-4B NATIONAL AIRBORNE OPERATIONS CENTER (NAOC)	54,457	54,457
230	0302315F	NON-KINETIC COUNTERMEASURE SUPPORT	7,006	7,006
232	0303089F	CYBERSPACE AND DODIN OPERATIONS	10,080	10,080
233	0303131F	Minimum Essential Emergency Communications Network (Meecn)	99,599	99,599
234	0303133F	HIGH FREQUENCY RADIO SYSTEMS	19,955	19,955
235	0303140F	INFORMATION SYSTEMS SECURITY PROGRAM	98,414	98,414
236 237	0303248F 0303260F	ALL DOMAIN COMMON PLATFORM  JOINT MILITARY DECEPTION INITIATIVE	76,642	76,642 356
238	0304100F	STRATEGIC MISSION PLANNING & EXECUTION SYSTEM (SMPES)	356 75,164	75,164
239	0304100F	THRESHER	105	105
242	0304260F	AIRBORNE SIGINT ENTERPRISE	90,650	90,650
243	0304310F	COMMERCIAL ECONOMIC ANALYSIS	4,127	4,127
247	0305020F	CCMD INTELLIGENCE INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY	1,547	1,547
248	0305022F	ISR MODERNIZATION & AUTOMATION DVMT (IMAD)	22,237	22,237
249	0305099F	GLOBAL AIR TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT (GATM)	4,257	4,257
250	0305103F	Cyber Security Initiative	310	310
251	0305111F	WEATHER SERVICE	30,509	30,509
252	0305114F	AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL, APPROACH, AND LANDING SYSTEM (ATCALS)	17,259	17,259
253 256	0305116F 0305128F	AERIAL TARGETS SECURITY AND INVESTIGATIVE ACTIVITIES	5,081 8,964	5,081 8,964
257	0305126F 0305146F	DEFENSE JOINT COUNTERINTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES	6,524	6,524
258	0305158F	TACTICAL TERMINAL	1,099	1,099
259	0305179F	INTEGRATED BROADCAST SERVICE (IBS)	19,085	19,085
261	0305206F	AIRBORNE RECONNAISSANCE SYSTEMS	25,432	25,432
262	0305207F	MANNED RECONNAISSANCE SYSTEMS	16,643	16,643
263	0305208F	DISTRIBUTED COMMON GROUND/SURFACE SYSTEM	79,033	79,033
265	0305221F	NETWORK-CENTRIC COLLABORATIVE TARGETING	12,019	12,019
266	0305238F	NATO AGS	816	816
267	0305240F	ISR TRANSPORT AND PROCESSING	32,578	32,578
268	0305249F	AF JWICS ENTERPRISE	21,097	21,097
269	0305600F	INTERNATIONAL INTELLIGENCE TECHNOLOGY AND ARCHITECTURES	18,946	18,946
270	0305836F	C2IMERA	13,867	13,867
272	0305903F	MOBILE COMMAND AND CONTROL CENTERS (MCCCS)	3,988	3,988
273	0305984F	PERSONNEL RECOVERY COMMAND & CTRL (PRC2)	2,891	2,891
274 276	0307577F 0401119F	INTELLIGENCE MISSION DATA (IMD)	3,000 33,713	3,000 33,713
276	0401119F 0401130F		76,514	101,514
411	U4U113UF	C-17 AIRCRAFT (IF)  C-17 blade coatings	/0,014	[17,000]
		C-17 vinglet procurement		[8,000]
278	0401132F	C-13U PROGRAM	31,354	101,354
210	24011051	C-130 Non-recurring engineering	31,334	[70,000]
279	0401134F	LARGE AIRCRAFT IR COUNTERMEASURES (LAIRCM)	52,928	52,928
	0401218F	KC-135S	0	35,000
280				[35,000]
200	0401218F	KC-135 drag reduction		[33,000]

284 08 285 08 286 09 287 09 288 09 289 09 290 09 291 09 292 12 999 99	0708610F 0801380F 0804743F 0901202F 0901218F 0901220F 0901226F 0901538F 090154F 1201921F 190999999999	LOGISTICS INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY (LOGIT) AF LVC OPERATIONAL TRAINING (LVC-OT) OTHER FLIGHT TRAINING JOINT PERSONNEL RECOVERY AGENCY CIVILIAN COMPENSATION PROGRAM PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION AIR FORCE STUDIES AND ANALYSIS AGENCY FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT DEFENSE ENTERPRISE ACNTING MGT SYS (DEAMS) SERVICE SUPPORT TO STRATCOM—SPACE ACTIVITIES CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS ACCELERATION OF AIR FORCE PROGRAM ADVANCED SERVICE SUPPORT OF STRATCOM—SPACE ACTIVITIES CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS ACCELERATION OF AIR FORCE PROGRAM SUBTOTAL OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT TOTAL RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST & EVAL, AF	18,581 33,898 2,371 2,080 4,355 2,766 14,761 3,982 38,942 335 22,264,031	18,581 33,898 2,371 2,080 4,355 2,766 14,761 3,982 38,942 335 22,398,031 [121,000] [13,000] 30,242,766
284 08 285 08 286 09 287 09 288 09 289 09 290 09 291 09 292 12 999 99	0801380F 0804743F 0901202F 0901218F 0901220F 0901226F 0901538F 0901554F 1201921F	AF LVC OPERATIONAL TRAINING (LVC-OT) OTHER FLIGHT TRAINING JOINT PERSONNEL RECOVERY AGENCY CIVILIAN COMPENSATION PROGRAM PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION AIR FORCE STUDIES AND ANALYSIS AGENCY FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT DEFENSE ENTERPRISE ACNTING MGT SYS (DEAMS) SERVICE SUPPORT TO STRATCOM—SPACE ACTIVITIES CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS Acceleration of Air Force program Advanced Sensors Application Program SUBTOTAL OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT	33,898 2,371 2,080 4,355 2,766 14,761 3,982 38,942 335 22,264,031	33,898 2,371 2,080 4,355 2,766 14,761 3,982 38,942 335 22,398,031 [121,000]
285 08 286 09 287 09 288 09 289 09 290 09 291 09 292 12 999 99	0804743F 0901202F 0901218F 0901220F 0901226F 0901538F 0901554F 1201921F	OTHER FLIGHT TRAINING JOINT PERSONNEL RECOVERY AGENCY CIVILAN COMPENSATION PROGRAM PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION AIR FORCE STUDIES AND ANALYSIS AGENCY FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT DEFENSE ENTERPRISE ACKTING MGT SYS (DEAMS) SERVICE SUPPORT TO STRATCOM—SPACE ACTIVITIES CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS Acceleration of Air Force program Advanced Sensors Application Program SUBTOTAL OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT	2,371 2,080 4,355 2,766 14,761 3,982 38,942 335 22,264,031	2,371 2,080 4,355 2,766 14,761 3,982 38,942 335 22,398,031 [121,000]
286 09 287 09 288 09 289 09 290 09 291 09 292 12 999 99	0901202F 0901218F 0901220F 0901226F 0901538F 0901554F 1201921F	JOINT PERSONNEL RECOVERY AGENCY CIVILIAN COMPENSATION PROGRAM PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION AIR FORCE STUDIES AND ANALYSIS AGENCY FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT DEFENSE ENTERPRISE ACNTING MGT SYS (DEAMS) SERVICE SUPPORT TO STRATCOM—SPACE ACTIVITIES CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS Acceleration of Air Force program Advanced Sensors Application Program SUBTOTAL OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT	2,080 4,355 2,766 14,761 3,982 38,942 335 22,264,031	2,080 4,355 2,766 14,761 3,982 38,942 335 22,398,031 [121,000]
287 09 288 09 289 09 290 09 291 09 292 12 999 99	0901218F 0901220F 0901226F 0901538F 0901554F 1201921F	CIVILIAN COMPENSATION PROGRAM  PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION  AIR FORCE STUDIES AND ANALYSIS AGENCY  FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT  DEFENSE ENTERPRISE ACRITING MGT SYS (DEAMS)  SERVICE SUPPORT TO STRATCOM—SPACE ACTIVITIES  CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS  Acceleration of Air Force program  Advanced Sensors Application Program  SUBTOTAL OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT	4,355 2,766 14,761 3,982 38,942 335 22,264,031	4,355 2,766 14,761 3,982 38,942 335 22,398,031 [121,000]
288 09 289 09 290 09 291 09 292 12 999 99	0901220F 0901226F 0901538F 0901554F 1201921F	PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION AIR FORCE STUDIES AND ANALYSIS AGENCY FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT DEFENSE ENTERPRISE ACNTING MGT SYS (DEAMS) SERVICE SUPPORT TO STRATCOM—SPACE ACTIVITIES CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS Acceleration of Air Force program Advanced Sensors Application Program SUBTOTAL OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT	2,766 14,761 3,982 38,942 335 22,264,031 29,643,766	2,766 14,761 3,982 38,942 335 22,398,031 [121,000] [13,000]
290 09 291 09 292 12 999 99	0901538F 0901554F 1201921F	AIR FORCE STUDIES AND ANALYSIS AGENCY FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT DEFENSE ENTERPRISE ACKING MGT SYS (DEAMS) SERVICE SUPPORT TO STRATCOM—SPACE ACTIVITIES CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS Acceleration of Air Force program Advanced Sensors Application Program SUBTOTAL OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT	14,761 3,982 38,942 335 22,264,031 29,643,766	14,761 3,982 38,942 335 22,398,031 [121,000 [13,000
290 09 291 09 292 12 999 99	0901538F 0901554F 1201921F	FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT  DEFENSE ENTERPRISE ACNTING MGT SYS (DEAMS)  SERVICE SUPPORT TO STRATCOM—SPACE ACTIVITIES  CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS  Acceleration of Air Force program  Advanced Sensors Application Program  SUBTOTAL OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT	3,982 38,942 335 22,264,031 <b>29,643,766</b>	3,982 38,942 335 22,398,031 [121,000 [13,000
291 09 292 12 999 99	0901554F 1201921F	DEFENSE ENTERPRISE ACNTING MGT SYS (DEAMS)  SERVICE SUPPORT TO STRATCOM—SPACE ACTIVITIES  CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS  Acceleration of Air Force program  Advanced Sensors Application Program  Subtotal Operational System Development	38,942 335 22,264,031 <b>29,643,766</b>	38,942 335 22,398,031 [121,000 [13,000
292 12: 999 99	1201921F	SERVICE SUPPORT TO STRATCOM—SPACE ACTIVITIES  CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS  Acceleration of Air Force program  Advanced Sensors Application Program  SUBTOTAL OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT	335 22,264,031 <b>29,643,766</b>	335 22,398,031 [121,000 [13,000
999 99		CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS Acceleration of Air Force program Advanced Sensors Application Program SUBTOTAL OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT	22,264,031 29,643,766	22,398,03 [121,000 [13,000
1 06		Acceleration of Air Force program Advanced Sensors Application Program SUBTOTAL OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT	29,643,766	[121,000 [13,000
		Advanced Sensors Application Program  SUBTOTAL OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT		[13,000
		SUBTOTAL OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT		- ,
		TOTAL RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST & EVAL, AF	E2 017 200	
			52,017,288	56,943,288
		RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST & EVAL, SF		
		BASIC RESEARCH		
2 06	0601102SF	DEFENSE RESEARCH SCIENCES	22,270	22,270
	0601103SF	University research initiatives	14,569	14,569
		SUBTOTAL BASIC RESEARCH	36,839	36,839
		APPLIED RESEARCH		
4 12	1206601SF	SPACE TECHNOLOGY	245,497	253,497
+ 12		Space Modeling, Simulation, & Analysis Hub	L4J,431	[8,000]
5 12	1206616SF	Space modeling, Simulation, & Analysis Hub  Space Advanced Technology Development/Demo	2 501	
o 12	12001001	Space advanced technology development/demo	2,591	3,591
		SUBTOTAL APPLIED RESEARCH	240 000	[1,000]
		SUBTUTAL APPLIEU RESEARCH	248,088	257,088
		ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT		
6 12	1206310SF	SPACE SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT	459,989	459,989
7 12	1206616SF	SPACE ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT/DEMO	128,588	129,588
		Rocket Cargo program		[-7,000]
		Space Advanced Technology Development/Demo		[8,000]
		SUBTOTAL ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	588,577	589,577
		ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPES		
	0604002SF	SPACE FORCE WEATHER SERVICES RESEARCH	857	857
	1203010SF	SPACE FORCE IT, DATA ANALYTICS, DIGITAL SOLUTIONS	88,606	88,606
	1203164SF	NAVSTAR GLOBAL POSITIONING SYSTEM (USER EQUIPMENT) (SPACE)	175,304	175,304
	1203622SF	SPACE WARFIGHTING ANALYSIS	125,982	125,982
	1203710SF	EO/IR WEATHER SYSTEMS	77,135	77,135
	1203955SF	SPACE ACCESS, MOBILITY & LOGISTICS (SAML)	14,478	14,478
14 12	1206410SF	SPACE TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPING	1,307,970	1,584,970
		SDA Tranche 3 Transport Layer		[277,000]
	1206427SF	SPACE SYSTEMS PROTOTYPE TRANSITIONS (SSPT)	67,246	67,246
	1206438SF	SPACE CONTROL TECHNOLOGY	60,106	60,106
	1206458SF	TECH TRANSITION (SPACE)	326,144	326,144
	1206730SF	SPACE SECURITY AND DEFENSE PROGRAM	45,200	45,200
	1206760SF	PROTECTED TACTICAL ENTERPRISE SERVICE (PTES)	114,430	114,430
	1206761SF	PROTECTED TACTICAL SERVICE (PTS)	571,921	571,921
	1206855SF	EVOLVED STRATEGIC SATCOM (ESS)	1,229,929	1,229,929
22 12	1206857SF	SPACE RAPID CAPABILITIES OFFICE	9,664	9,664
23 12	1206862SF	TACTICALLY RESPONSIVE SPACE	33,282	93,282
		Tactically Responsive Space		[60,000]
		SUBTOTAL ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPES	4,248,254	4,585,254
		SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION		
25 12	1203269SF	GPS III FOLLOW-ON (GPS IIIF)	179,249	179,249
26 12	1206421SF	COUNTERSPACE SYSTEMS	31,298	31,298
27 12	1206422SF	WEATHER SYSTEM FOLLOW-ON	38,501	38,501
28 12	1206425SF	SPACE SITUATION AWARENESS SYSTEM	992	992
	1206431SF	ADVANCED EHF MILSATCOM (SPACE)	13,825	13,825
	1206433SF	WIDEBAND GLOBAL SATCOM (SPACE)	29,609	29,609
	1206440SF	NEXT-GEN OPIR—GROUND	358,330	358,330
	1206442SF	NEXT GENERATION OPIR	189,621	189,621
	1206443SF	NEXT-GEN OPIR—GEO	432,073	432,073
	1206445SF	COMMERCIAL SATCOM (COMSATCOM) INTEGRATION	132,060	132,060
	1206446SF	resilient missile warning missile tracking—low earth orbit (leo	1,757,354	1,757,354
	1206447SF	RESILIENT MISSILE WARNING MISSILE TRACKING—MEDUM EARTH ORBIT (MEO	686,348	686,348
	1206771SF	COMMERCIAL SERVICES	36,628	36,628
	1206853SF	NATIONAL SECURITY SPACE LAUNCH PROGRAM (SPACE)—EMD	6,595	6,595
		SUBTOTAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION	3,892,483	3,892,483
		MANAGEMENT CURRENT		
44 12	1206392SF	MANAGEMENT SUPPORT  ACQ WORKFORCE—SPACE & MISSILE SYSTEMS	269,162	269,162
				,
	1206398SF	SPACE & MISSILE SYSTEMS CENTER—MHA	15,356	15,350
	1206399SF	SSC ENTERPRISE ENGINEERING & INTEGRATION	110,598	110,598
	1206759SF	MAJOR T&E INVESTMENT—SPACE	189,083	189,08
	1206860SF	ROCKET SYSTEMS LAUNCH PROGRAM (SPACE)	19,857	19,857
49 12	1206864SF	SPACE TEST PROGRAM (STP)	28,787	28,787
		SUBTOTAL MANAGEMENT SUPPORT	632,843	632,843

Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized
		OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT		
51	1201212SF	SERVICE-WIDE SUPPORT (NOT OTHERWISE ACCOUNTED FOR)	18,451	18,45
52	1203001SF	FAMILY OF ADVANCED BLOS TERMINALS (FAB-T)	303	30
53	1203040SF	DCO-SPACE	102,439	102,43
54	1203109SF	NARROWBAND SAFELLITE COMMUNICATIONS	421,847	421,84
55 56	1203110SF 1203154SF	SATELLITE CONTROL NETWORK (SPACE)	93,780 1,916	93,78 1,91
57	12031545F 1203155SF	CROUND MOVING TARGET INDICATOR (GMTI)	1,063,384	1,063,38
58	1203173SF	SPACE AND MISSILE TEST AND EVALUATION CENTER	22,128	22,12
59	1203174SF	SPACE INNOVATION, INTEGRATION AND RAPID TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	82,399	82,39
60	1203182SF	SPACELIFT RANGE SYSTEM (SPACE)	54,996	54,99
61	1203330SF	SPACE SUPERIORITY ISR	24,411	24,41
62	1203609SF	PLEO SATCOM (MILNET)	277,407	277,40
63	1203873SF	BALISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE RADARS	0	22,00
64	1203906SF	PARCS radar upgrades	25,839	[22,000 25,83
66	12039003F 1203913SF	NCMC—ITW/AA SYSTEM	96,836	96,83
67	12039135F	SPACE STITUTION AWARENESS OPERATIONS	182,377	182,37
68	1206423SF	GLOBAL POSITIONING SYSTEM III—OPERATIONAL CONTROL SEGMENT	190,484	190,48
73	1206772SF	RAPID RESILIENT COMMAND AND CONTROL (R2C2)	106,220	106,220
75	1208053SF	JOINT TACTICAL GROUND SYSTEM	6,698	6,69
999	999999999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS SUBTOTAL OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT	2,866,499 <b>5,638,414</b>	2,866,499 <b>5,660,41</b> 4
			3,030,414	3,000,414
76	1208248SF	SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS  Space Domain Awareness/Planning/Tasking SW	200,968	200,968
70	120024031	SUBTOTAL SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS	200,968	200,968
		TOTAL RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST & EVAL, SF	15,486,466	15,855,466
		RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST & EVAL. DW		
		BASIC RESEARCH		
1	0601000BR	DTRA BASIC RESEARCH	15,643	15,643
3	0601108D8Z	HIGH ENERGY LASER RESEARCH INITIATIVES	16,817	16,817
4	0601110D8Z	BASIC RESEARCH INITIATIVES	82,264	112,264
6	0601120D8Z	Defense Established Program to Stimulate Competitive Research  NATIONAL DEFENSE EDUCATION PROGRAM	146,010	[30,000] 146,010
7	0601123E	EMERGING OPPORTUNITIES	360,456	360,456
8	0601228D8Z	HISTORICALLY BLACK COLLEGES AND UNIVERSITIES/MINORITY INSTITUTIONS	99,610	109,610
		Efficient Al Linguistics Algorithmic Development to Support National Security		[10,000]
9	0601384BP	CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE PROGRAM Subtotal Basic Research	36,582 <b>757.382</b>	36,582 <b>797,38</b> 2
			131,302	131,302
10	0602000D8Z	APPLIED RESEARCH JOINT MUNITIONS TECHNOLOGY	19,734	19,734
11	0602000B8Z	JOHN MUNITION TECHNOLOGY ACCESS AND AWARENESS	100,791	100,791
12	0602024E	WARFIGHTING PERFORMANCE	278,121	278,121
13	0602025E	MAKING, MAINTAINING, SUPPLY CHAIN AND LOGISTICS	1,347,049	1,347,049
14	0602026E	EFFECTS	20,275	20,275
16	0602128D8Z	PROMOTION AND PROTECTION STRATEGIES	3,166	3,166
17	0602230D8Z	DEFENSE TECHNOLOGY INNOVATION	46,261	46,261
18	0602234D8Z	LINCOLN LABORATORY RESEARCH PROGRAM	11,479	41,479
10	0000051007	Lincoln Laboratory Research Program	F2 002	[30,000
19 21	0602251D8Z 0602384BP	APPLIED RESEARCH FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF S&T PRIORITIES	53,983 230,751	53,983 230,751
22	0602668D8Z	OTHER SECURITY RESEARCH	17,988	50,988
	0002000002	University Consortium for Cybersecurity	17,000	[20,000
		Pacific Intelligence and Innovation Initiative (P3I)		[13,000
28	0602718BR	COUNTER WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION APPLIED RESEARCH	161,495	161,495
29	0602751D8Z	SOFTWARE ENGINEERING INSTITUTE (SEI) APPLIED RESEARCH	8,883	8,883
30	0602890D8Z	HIGH ENERGY LASER RESEARCH	48,738	48,738
31	0602891D8Z	FSRM MODELLING	994	994
32	1160401BB	SOF TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	50,026	61,226 [11,200
		SUBTOTAL APPLIED RESEARCH	2,399,734	2,473,934
		ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT		
33	0603000D8Z	JOINT MUNITIONS ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	50,663	50,663
35	0603055D8Z	OPERATIONAL ENERGY CAPABILITY IMPROVEMENT	168,253	183,253
	0000100007	Power generation	01 510	[15,000
37	0603122D8Z	COMBATING TERRORISM TECHNOLOGY SUPPORT	81,513	96,513
38	0603133D8Z	U.SIsrael Joint R&D on emerging technologies	27,958	[15,000] 37,958
50	0000100D0L	Foreign Comparative Testing program	۵۱,۵۵۵	[10,000
39	0603142D8Z	MISSION ENGINEERING & INTEGRATION (ME&I)	99,534	99,534
40	0603160BR	COUNTER WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	393,469	393,469
42	0603176C	ADVANCED CONCEPTS AND PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT	21,625	38,625
		Directed energy technology maturation	, ,	[17,000
43	0603180C	ADVANCED RESEARCH	42,093	42,093
44	0603183D8Z	JOINT HYPERSONIC TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT &TRANSITION	50,998	50,998
		TOTAL BOD BOT AND WINDOWS PERSONS AND RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY.	25 505	25 501
45 48	0603225D8Z 0603288D8Z	JOINT DOD-DOE MUNITIONS TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	35,505 41,010	35,505 41,010

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49	0603289D8Z	ADVANCED INNOVATIVE ANALYSIS AND CONCEPTS	57,457	57,457
50	0603330D8Z	QUANTUM APPLICATION	59,521	59,521
51	0603342D8Z	DEFENSE INNOVATION UNIT (DIU)	0	5,000
52	0603375D8Z	DIU OnRamp Hub TECHNOLOGY INNOVATION	19,654	[5,000] 29,654
32	0003373D62	Auxiliary equipment	13,034	[10,000]
53	0603379D8Z	ADVANCED TECHNICAL INTEGRATION	19,991	19,991
54	0603384BP	CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE PROGRAM—ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT	247,043	247,043
55	0603467E	DARPA ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	1,643,465	1,643,465
56 57	0603468E 0603469E	ADVANCED COMPLEX SYSTEMS	350,695 335,647	350,695 335,647
59	0603618D8Z	AUTHRICLE LEGITORIES DEVINITUORIES JOINT ELECTRONIC ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY	20,575	20,575
60	0603662D8Z	networked communications capabilities	19,937	19,937
62	0603680D8Z	DEFENSE-WIDE MANUFACTURING SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM	409,493	584,493
		Critical Minerals RDT&E Increase		[15,000]
		Advanced manufacturing		[150,000] [5,000]
		Robotics Enhancements for Armaments Manufacturing		[5,000]
63	0603680S	MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM	50,610	55,610
		DLA Critical Materials		[5,000]
64	0603712S 0603716D87	GENERIC LOGISTICS R&D TECHNOLOGY DEMONSTRATIONS	19,640	19,640
65 66	0603716D8Z	STRATEGIC ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH PROGRAM MICROELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT AND SUPPORT	58,092 135,016	58,092 135,016
67	0603727D8Z	JOINT WARFIGHTING PROGRAM	945	945
70	0603766E	NETWORK-CENTRIC WARFARE TECHNOLOGY	0	14,000
		Air Combat Evolution (ACE)—autonomous air-to-air cruise missile and drone defense		[14,000]
72 73	0603781D8Z 0603838D8Z	SOFTWARE ENGINEERING INSTITUTE  DEFENSE INNOVATION ACCELERATION (DIA)	12,972	12,972
73 74	0603924D8Z	HIGH ENERGY LASER ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY PROGRAM	211,027 114,577	211,027 124,577
, ,	0000324802	Ultra-Short Pulsed Laser (USPL) Weapons Lethality	114,077	[10,000]
75	0603941D8Z	TEST & EVALUATION SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY	1,095,772	1,105,772
		Reusable Hypersonic Test Bed Integration & Testing		[10,000]
76	0603945D8Z	INTERNATIONAL INNOVATION INITIATIVES	173,048	178,048
78	0604055D8Z	Critical Minerals for Energy Storage Solutions  OPERATIONAL ENERGY CAPABILITY IMPROVEMENT	0	[5,000] 17,000
, ,	0001000002	Micro-Reactor Program Advancement	· ·	[5,000]
		TRISO fuel development		[12,000]
80	1160402BB	SOF ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	152,282	152,282
		SUBTOTAL ADVANCED TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	6,220,080	6,528,080
81	0603161D8Z	ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT AND PROTOTYPES  NUCLEAR AND CONVENTIONAL PHYSICAL SECURITY EQUIPMENT RDT&E ADC&P	55,465	103,465
01	0003101D07	Nuclear Advanced Concept Development & Prototypes	33,403	[48,000]
82	0603600D8Z	WALKOFF	152,449	152,449
83	0603851D8Z	ENVIRONMENTAL SECURITY TECHNICAL CERTIFICATION PROGRAM	123,981	123,981
84	0603881C	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE TERMINAL DEFENSE SEGMENT	508,898	508,898
85 86	0603882C 0603884BP	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE MIDCOURSE DEFENSE SEGMENT  CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE PROGRAM—DEM/VAL	825,919 272,940	825,919 272,940
87	0603884C	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE SENSORS	197,641	197,641
88	0603890C	BMD ENABLING PROGRAMS	646,039	646,039
89	0603891C	SPECIAL PROGRAMS—MDA	498,630	562,630
		AMD/LTRI		[55,000]
00	06030030	C2BMC-G	E00 440	[9,000]
90 91	0603892C 0603896C	AEGIS BMD	588,440 634,183	588,440 636,183
31	00030300	Fiber Feston Cable sustainment	034,103	[2,000]
92	0603898C	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE JOINT WARFIGHTER SUPPORT	45,758	47,758
		DEEP SENTRY		[2,000]
93	0603904C	MISSILE DEFENSE INTEGRATION & OPERATIONS CENTER (MDIOC)	55,097	55,097
94 95	0603906C 0603907C	REGARDING TRENCH SEA BASED X-BAND RADAR (SBX)	29,608 166,813	29,608 166,813
96	0603913C	ISRAELI COOPERATIVE PROGRAMS	300,000	300,000
97	0603914C	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE TEST	463,079	463,079
98	0603915C	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE TARGETS	514,904	559,904
		Advanced reactive target simulation development		[5,000]
		Affordable air-breathing hypersonic flight vehicle		[10,000]
		High Mach Airbreathing Targets		[20,000] [10,000]
99	0603923D8Z	COALITION WARFARE	10,090	10,000
100	0604011D8Z	NEXT GENERATION INFORMATION COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY (5G)	41,815	41,815
101	0604016D8Z	DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE CORROSION PROGRAM	2,545	8,545
100	00041000	Corrosion Control Research	100 405	[6,000]
102	0604102C	GUAM DEFENSE DEVELOPMENT  AGS integration of AN/TPY-6 TAUS	128,485	244,485 [116,000]
105	0604125D8Z	AGS INTEGRATION OF AIM IPY-0 TAUS  ADVANCED MANUFACTURING COMPONENTS AND PROTOTYPES	45,513	45,513
105	0604123D82 0604181C	HYPERSONIC DEFENSE	200,627	200,627
	0604250D8Z	ADVANCED INNOVATIVE TECHNOLOGIES	749,452	768,452
107		EUCOM: Defense of undersea infrastructure		[9,000]
107				F4 0 0 0 0 0
	0004004007	Project Pele	F10 151	- , -
108	0604294D8Z	TRUSTED & ASSURED MICROELECTRONICS	512,151	[10,000] 512,151
	0604294D8Z 0604331D8Z 0604400D8Z	·	512,151 235,292 2,142	- , -

Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized
114	0604555D8Z	OPERATIONAL ENERGY PROTOTYPING—NON S&T	55,005	55,005
117	0604682D8Z	SUPPORT FOR STRATEGIC ANALYSIS	2,776	2,776
119	0604791D8Z	MULTI-DOMAIN JOINT OPERATIONS (MDJO)	20,343	20,343
120	0604797D8Z	JOINT ENERGETIC TRANSITION OFFICE	3,000	3,000
121	0604826J	JOINT C5 CAPABILITY DEVELOPMENT, INTEGRATION AND INTEROPERABILITY ASSESSMENTS	25,889	25,889
122	0604873C	LONG RANGE DISCRIMINATION RADAR (LRDR)	60,443	60,443
123	0604874C	IMPROVED HOMELAND DEFENSE INTERCEPTORS	1,582,414	1,582,414
124	0604876C	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE TERMINAL DEFENSE SEGMENT TEST	37,784	37,784
125	0604878C	AEGIS BMD TEST	153,618	153,618
126	0604879C	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE SENSOR TEST	68,699	84,699
		Sensor Ground Testing		[16,000]
127	0604880C	LAND-BASED SM-3 (LBSM3)	24,555	42,555
		Evaluation of CONUS, Hawaii, Alaska emplacements		[8,000]
		Guam SM–3 software integration		[10,000]
128	0604887C	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE MIDCOURSE SEGMENT TEST	38,325	38,325
129	0604924D8Z	HIGH ENERGY LASER ADVANCED COMPONENT DEVELOPMENT & PROTOTYPE	5,589	5,589
130	0202057C	SAFETY PROGRAM MANAGEMENT	1,806	1,806
131	0208059JCY	CYBERCOM ACTIVITIES	30,212	30,212
133	0208086JCY	CYBER TRAINING ENVIRONMENT (CTE)	124,971	124,971
135	0305103C	CYBER SECURITY INITIATIVE	2,131	2,131
136	0305245D8Z	Intelligence capabilities and innovation investments	43,596	48,596
		Geospatial Workforce Development Program		[5,000]
139	1206895C	BALLISTIC MISSILE DEFENSE SYSTEM SPACE PROGRAMS  Subtotal advanced component development and prototypes	97,061 <b>10,390,334</b>	97,061 <b>10.731.334</b>
			10,000,004	10,701,004
141	0604123D8Z	SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION CHIEF DIGITAL AND ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE OFFICER (CDAO)—DEMOVAL ACTIVITIES	9,196	9,196
142	0604133D8Z	ALPHA-1 DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES	441,821	441,821
143	0604161D8Z	NUCLEAR AND CONVENTIONAL PHYSICAL SECURITY EQUIPMENT RDT&E SDD	12,874	12,874
144	0604384BP	CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE PROGRAM—EMD	255,630	255,630
145	0604771D8Z	JOINT TACTICAL INFORMATION DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM (JTIDS)	10,527	10,527
146	0605000BR	COUNTER WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT	14,931	14,931
147	0605013BL	INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPMENT	1,283	1,283
148	0605021SE	HOMELAND PERSONNEL SECURITY INITIATIVE	9,137	9,137
149	0605022D8Z	DEFENSE EXPORTABILITY PROGRAM	6,780	6,780
150	0605027D8Z	OUSD(C) IT DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVES	9,765	9,765
151	0605080S	defense agency initiatives (dai)—financial system	31,714	31,714
152	0605141BR	MISSION ASSURANCE RISK MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (MARMS)	9,573	9,573
153	0605210D8Z	DEFENSE-WIDE ELECTRONIC PROCUREMENT CAPABILITIES	9,366	9,366
154	0605294D8Z	TRUSTED & ASSURED MICROELECTRONICS	143,475	143,475
155	0605649D8Z	ACQUISITION INTEGRATION AND INTEROPERABILITY (AI2)	13,556	13,556
156	0605755D8Z	RADIOLOGICAL AND NUCLEAR DEFENSE MODERNIZATION SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION	3,307	3,307
157	0605772D8Z	NUCLEAR COMMAND, CONTROL, & COMMUNICATIONS	3,158	3,158
159	0305282K	JOINT FIRES NETWORK (JFN)	10,000	10,000
160	0305304D8Z	REAL PROPERTY INFORMATION MANAGEMENT	6,473	6,473
161	0305310D8Z	COUNTERPROLIFERATION ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT SUBTOTAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT AND DEMONSTRATION	12,107	12,107
			1,014,673	1,014,673
163	0603829J	MANAGEMENT SUPPORT  JOINT CAPABILITY EXPERIMENTATION	13,822	13,822
164	0604122D8Z	JADC2 DEVELOPMENT AND EXPERIMENTATION ACTIVITIES	297,801	297,801
165	0604774D8Z	DEFENSE READINESS REPORTING SYSTEM (DRRS)	8,552	8,552
166	0604875D8Z	JOINT SYSTEMS ARCHITECTURE DEVELOPMENT	8,627	8,627
167	0604940D8Z	CENTRAL TEST AND EVALUATION INVESTMENT DEVELOPMENT (CTEIP)	542,773	542,773
168	0604942D8Z	ASSESSMENTS AND EVALUATIONS	1,275	1,275
170	0605001E	MISSION SUPPORT	115,673	115,673
171	0605100D8Z	MISSION SOLVINOMENT TEST CAPABILITY (JMETC)	210,878	210,878
172	0605126J	JOINT INTEGRATED AIR AND MISSILE DEFENSE ORGANIZATION (JIAMDO)	78,057	78,057
174	0605142D8Z	SYSTEMS ENGINEERING	23,405	23,405
175	0605151D8Z	Studies and analysis support—osd	5,301	5,301
176	0605161D8Z	NUCLEAR MATTERS-PHYSICAL SECURITY	12,549	22,549
-		Nuclear Matters Management Support	-,	[10,000]
177	0605170D8Z	SUPPORT TO NETWORKS AND INFORMATION INTEGRATION	15,597	15,597
178	0605200D8Z	GENERAL SUPPORT TO OUSD(INTELLIGENCE AND SECURITY)	3,468	3,468
179	0605384BP	CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL DEFENSE PROGRAM	67,263	67,263
186	0605711D8Z	CRITICAL TECHNOLOGY ANALYSIS	11,781	11,781
187	0605790D8Z	SMALL BUSINESS INNOVATION RESEARCH (SBIR)/ SMALL BUSINESS TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER (STTR) ADMINISTRATION	5,411	5,411
188	0605797D8Z	MAINTAINING TECHNOLOGY ADVANTAGE	29,675	34,675
100	0005700007	NSCEB recommendation—Abbio Sandbox	45 10.	[5,000]
189	0605798D8Z	DEFENSE TECHNOLOGY ANALYSIS DEFENSE TECHNOLOGY ANALYSIS DEFENSE TECHNOLOGY ANALYSIS	45,134	45,134
190	0605801KA	DEFENSE TECHNICAL INFORMATION CENTER (OTIC)	60,209	60,209
191	0605803SE	R&D IN SUPPORT OF DOD ENLISTMENT, TESTING AND EVALUATION	30,778	30,778
192	0605804D8Z	DEVELOPMENT TEST AND EVALUATION	37,381	37,381
193	0605898E	MANAGEMENT HQ—R&D.	13,623	13,623
194	0605998KA	MANAGEMENT HQ—DEFENSE TECHNICAL INFORMATION CENTER (DTIC)	3,466	3,466
195	0606005D8Z	SPECIAL ACTIVITIES	18,594	18,594
196	0606100D8Z	BUDGET AND PROGRAM ASSESSMENTS	13,084	13,084
197	0606114D8Z	analysis working group (awg) support	5,229	5,229
199	0606225D8Z	ODNA TECHNOLOGY AND RESOURCE ANALYSIS	3,461	3,461
200	0606300D8Z	DEFENSE SCIENCE BOARD	6,563	6,563
201	0606301D8Z	AVIATION SAFETY TECHNOLOGIES	1,702	1,702
202	0606771D8Z	CYBER RESILIENCY AND CYBERSECURITY POLICY	14,220	14,220
203	0606774D8Z	DEFENSE CIVILIAN TRAINING CORPS	8,752	8,752

1985    1985			(In Thousands of Dollars)		
	Line		Item		
1989   1989-1988   WANGERSON, CORPORED   10.0000   10.000   10.000   10.000   10.000   10.000   10.000   10.0	204	0606775D8Z	JOINT PRODUCTION ACCELERATOR CELL (JPAC)	5,493	5,493
DECEMBERS   DECE	205	0606829D8Z	SUSTAINMENT TRANSITION CAPABILITIES	30,000	30,000
2003-0000000000000000000000000000000000	206	0606853BR		14,841	24,841
Section					[10,000]
200   100					2,493
20050000000000000000000000000000000000					8,070
10   10   10   10   10   10   10   10					,
13   10   10   10   10   10   10   10					
140   1505-150   200					
15   GRISTING   CRICATE PERSONS PROCESSIFED PROCESSITE PROCESSIFED PROCESSITE PROCESSIFED PROCESSIFE					,
1898   1898					
1972   BOSTATES   INSTAREAS PROMOTE PROFITEDING   1,24   1,25					388
1988   1989/9899   1989/9899   1989/989999   1989/989999   1989/98999   1989/989999   1989/9899999   1989/9899999999   1989/9899999999999999999999999999999999					5,744
298   99999999   999999999   999999999   999999					28,719
\$1,99999999					1,283
### OPERATIONAL SYSTEM REPLICAMENT    120   060011032   MICH ILBERATION INFORMATION COMMUNICATION (1997)   22.00   22.	999	9999999999		31,148	31,148
22.06910022   RESPECTIVE CONTROLOGY FISC   22.45   22.55   2			SUBTOTAL MANAGEMENT SUPPORT	2,032,317	2,057,317
2.980   1.98					
Personal Communication   Personal Communicat					22,439
					2,360
Page	224	U6U/21UD8Z		2/3,379	,
1987   1987					
2003/3277    COORD   INCATES SCURITY COOPSAIRN MANAGEMENT NOTRING ISSUES   57,000	00=	0007010007		10 70 .	[4,000]
Composition					
2.9003759782   PORTRO   PORT					,
200					,
202   0.0009071/C   OPER COMMON AND CONTROL (CYDER C.C.)   8.8,833   8.8,8					,
232   0.003899INY   DIATA AND UNITED PATATORM (DRIP)   83,039   83,032					
16.192   1					,
288   300506999   COUNTERING THERATS AUTOMATED PLATFORM   5,939   40,239					,
238   3813   SEK   LONG-HALL COMMUNICATIONS—DCS   40,239   40,238   40,23					,
238   0.033131K					
BOSSI   ADDRESS   BOSSI					,
National Narrative Intelligence Research Center					,
	240	0303140002		23,347	,
20, 30, 30, 31, 31, 32, 32, 32, 32, 32, 32, 32, 32, 32, 32	242	0303140K	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	23 224	
244   0.03371K   OMPT PLANNING AND EXCURION SERVICES   6,24   6					
AGE   GOSSASON   FEDERAL INVESTIGATIVE SERVICES INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY   2.700   2.7					6,242
252 0305100R2					22,700
250   30514PW   DEFENSE JOINT COUNTERNITELIGENCE ACTIVITIES   1,800   1,280   2,258   22,58					10,840
258   0305172887   COMBINED ADVANCED APPLICATIONS   22.548   22.548   22.548   23.					1,800
260   03015808Z	258	0305172D8Z	COMBINED ADVANCED APPLICATIONS	22,548	22,548
	260	0305186D8Z	POLICY R&D PROGRAMS	6,043	6,043
270   3036337082	262	0305199D8Z	NET CENTRICITY	17,114	17,114
279   0366250ICY	264	0305208BB	DISTRIBUTED COMMON GROUND/SURFACE SYSTEMS	5,656	5,656
280   0307609Y	270	0305387D8Z	HOMELAND DEFENSE TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER PROGRAM	1,771	1,771
287   0708012K	279	0306250JCY	CYBER OPERATIONS TECHNOLOGY SUPPORT	473,399	473,399
2,00		0307609V	NATIONAL INDUSTRIAL SECURITY SYSTEMS (NISS)	34,710	34,710
Pacific Disaster Centers		0708012K	LOGISTICS SUPPORT ACTIVITIES	2,876	2,876
285   0708047S   DEFENSE PROPERTY ACCOUNTABILITY SYSTEM   3,020   3,02   3,02   1160403BB   AVIATION SYSTEMS   119,699   134,69   134,69   146,604,604,604,604,604,604,604,604,604,6	284	0708012S		2,000	4,000
1160403BB					[2,000]
Vertical Take Off and Landing Optionally Piloted Vehicle (VTOL-OPV)   [15,000]   1160405BB   NITELLIGENCE SYSTEMS DEVELOPMENT   102,732   105,73					3,020
1160405BB	289	1160403BB		119,699	134,699
Ultra-lightweight Group 1 Small UAS   [3,000]   291   1160408BB   OPERATIONAL ENHANCEMENTS   234,653   2	000	110040505		100 700	[15,000]
291   1160408BB   OPERATIONAL ENHANCEMENTS   234,653   234,652   234,653	290	1160402RB		102,732	105,732
279,639   284,63   279,639   284,63   279,639   284,63	201	110040000		004.050	
Blast Overpressure Analysis and Mitigation   [5,000]   293   1160432BB   SPECIAL PRGRAMS   550					
160432BB   SPECIAL PRGRAMS   550   55	292	110043188		279,639	
294         1160434BB         UNMANNED ISR         2,281         2,28           295         1160480BB         SOF TACTICAL VEHICLES         9,213         9,213           296         116043BB         MARITIME SYSTEMS         120,475         120,475           297         1160490BB         OPERATIONAL ENHANCEMENTS INTELLIGENCE         21,752         21,752           298         1203610K         TELEPORT PROGRAM         24,319         24,31           999         999999999         CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS         8,276,313         8,276,31           SUBTOTAL OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT         10,594,200         10,655,20           SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS           299         060814008Z         ENTERPRISE PLATFORMS AND CAPABILITIES—SOFTWARE PILOT PROGRAM         402,783         402,78           300         06086480BZ         ACQUISITION VISIBILITY—SOFTWARE PILOT PROGRAM         17,549         17,54           301         06087760BZ         DEFENSE INNOVATION UNIT FIELDING         48,413         198,41           Attriable autonomous systems         [150,000]           302         0303150K         GLOBAL COMMAND AND CONTROL SYSTEM         44,474         44,474           SUBTOTAL SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS         513,219 <td>202</td> <td>116042000</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	202	116042000			
295   1160480BB   SOF TACTICAL VEHICLES   9,213   9,21     296   1160483BB   MARITIME SYSTEMS   120,475   120,47     297   1160490BB   OPERATIONAL ENHANCEMENTS INTELLIGENCE   21,752   21,75     298   1203610K   TELEPORT PROGRAM   24,319   24,31     999   9999999999999999999999999999					550 2 281
296         1160483BB         MARITIME SYSTEMS         120,475         120,475           297         1160490BB         OPERATIONAL ENHANCEMENTS INTELLIGENCE         21,752         21,752         21,752           298         1203610K         TELEPORT PROGRAM         24,319         24,319           999         999999999         CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS         8,276,313         8,276,313           SUBTOTAL OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT         10,594,200         10,655,20           SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS           299         0608140D8Z         ENTERPRISE PLATFORMS AND CAPABILITIES—SOFTWARE PILOT PROGRAM         402,783         402,783           300         060864808Z         ACQUISITION VISIBILITY—SOFTWARE PILOT PROGRAM         17,549         17,54           301         0608776D8Z         DEFENSE INNOVATION UNIT FIELDING         48,413         198,41           402,783         Attritable autonomous systems         [150,000]           302         0303150K         GLOBAL COMMAND AND CONTROL SYSTEM         44,474         44,474           SUBTOTAL SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS         513,219         663,21					
277   1160490BB   OPERATIONAL ENHANCEMENTS INTELLIGENCE   21,752					,
24,319   24,319   24,319   24,319   24,319   32,310   32,76,313					
999         999999999         CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS SUBTOTAL OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT         8,276,313         9,276,313         40,278					
SUBTOTAL OPERATIONAL SYSTEM DEVELOPMENT   10,594,200   10,655,200					
299         0608140D8Z         ENTERPRISE PLATFORMS AND CAPABILITIES—SOFTWARE PILOT PROGRAM         402,783         402,783           300         0608648D8Z         ACQUISITION VISIBILITY—SOFTWARE PILOT PROGRAM         17,549         17,549           301         0608776D8Z         DEFENSE INNOVATION UNIT FICLINIG         48,413         198,41           Attriable autonomous systems         [150,000           302         0303150K         GLOBAL COMMAND AND CONTROL SYSTEM         44,474         44,474           SUBTOTAL SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS         513,219         663,21	333	555555555			10,655,200
300         0608648D8Z         ACQUISITION VISIBILITY—SOFTWARE PILOT PROGRAM         17,549         17,549           301         0608776D8Z         DEFENSE INNOVATION UNIT FIELDING         48,413         198,41           Attritable autonomous systems         [150,000           302         0303150K         GLOBAL COMMAND AND CONTROL SYSTEM         44,474         44,474           SUBTOTAL SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS         513,219         663,21			SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS		
301         0608776D8Z         DEFENSE INNOVATION UNIT FIELDING         48,413         198,41           Attritable autonomous systems         [150,000           302         0303150K         GLOBAL COMMAND AND CONTROL SYSTEM         44,474         44,474           SUBTOTAL SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS         513,219         663,21	299	0608140D8Z	ENTERPRISE PLATFORMS AND CAPABILITIES—SOFTWARE PILOT PROGRAM	402,783	402,783
301         0608776D8Z         DEFENSE INNOVATION UNIT FIELDING         48,413         198,41           Attritable autonomous systems         [150,000]           302         0303150K         GLOBAL COMMAND AND CONTROL SYSTEM         44,474         44,474           SUBTOTAL SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS         513,219         663,21					17,549
Attritable autonomous systems [150,000] 302 0303150K GLOBAL COMMAND AND CONTROL SYSTEM 44,474 44,474 SUBTOTAL SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS 513,219 663,21					198,413
302 0303150K GLOBAL COMMAND AND CONTROL SYSTEM 44,474 44,475  Subtotal software and digital technology pilot programs 513,219 663,21				-, -	[150,000]
SUBTOTAL SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS 513,219 663,21	302	0303150K		44,474	44,474
TOTAL RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST & EVAL, DW 33,921,939 34,921,13			SUBTOTAL SOFTWARE AND DIGITAL TECHNOLOGY PILOT PROGRAMS	513,219	663,219
			TOTAL RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST & EVAL, DW	33,921,939	34,921,139

OPERATIONAL TEST & EVAL, DEFENSE MANAGEMENT SUPPORT

Line	Program Element	Item	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized
1	06051180TE	OPERATIONAL TEST AND EVALUATION	133,542	133,542
2	06051310TE	LIVE FIRE TEST AND EVALUATION	108,109	108,109
3	06058140TE	OPERATIONAL TEST ACTIVITIES AND ANALYSES	76,492	76,492
		SUBTOTAL MANAGEMENT SUPPORT	318,143	318,143
		TOTAL OPERATIONAL TEST & EVAL, DEFENSE	318,143	318,143
		TOTAL RDT&E	142,001,108	150,453,940

# TITLE XLIII—OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE.

SEC.	4301.	OPERATION	AND	MAINTENANCE
	/1	Thousanda	-4 D	allawa\

Line	Item	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized
	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ARMY		
010	OPERATING FORCES	4 071 407	4 671 4
010	MANEUVER UNITS	4,671,407	4,671,40
020	MODULAR SUPPORT BRIGADES	221,578	221,57
030		927,219	927,2
040	THEATER LEVEL ASSETS FY26 INDOPACOM Campaigning	2,220,746	2,320,7- [100,00
050	LAND FORCES OPERATIONS SUPPORT	1,333,769	1,333,7
060	AVIATION ASSETS	1,829,054	1,829,0
070	FORCE READINESS OPERATIONS SUPPORT	7,497,735	7,599,7
0,0	FY26 INDOPACOM Campaigning	7,107,700	[102,00
080	LAND FORCES SYSTEMS READINESS	583.196	583,1
090	LAND FORCES DEPOT MAINTENANCE	152,404	152,4
100	MEDICAL READINESS	844,140	844,1
110	BASE OPERATIONS SUPPORT	10,694,915	10,694,9
120	FACILITIES SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION	6,159,744	,,-
	Transferred to Division B	.,,	[-6,159,74
130	Management and operational headquarters	263,147	263,1
140	Additional activities	392,457	392,4
150	RESET	111,688	111,6
160	US AFRICA COMMAND	413,046	414,0
	AFRICOM: Office of Strategic Capital detailees	,	[1,00
170	US EUROPEAN COMMAND	385,744	586,7
	EUCOM: Office of Strategic Capital detailees	,	[1,00
	Experimentation for EUCOM Eastern Flank Defense Line		[150,00
	Unmanned systems for EUCOM		[50,00
180	US SOUTHERN COMMAND	224,971	225,9
	SOUTHCOM: Office of Strategic Capital detailees	,	[1,00
190	US FORCES KOREA	77,049	77.04
200	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITES—CYBERSPACE OPERATIONS	331,467	331,40
210	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES—CYBERSECURITY	550,089	553,0
	Human-Artificial Intelligence teaming	,	[3,00
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	39,885,565	34,133,8
	MOBILIZATION		
220	STRATEGIC MOBILITY	134,892	134,8
230	ARMY PREPOSITIONED STOCKS	330,812	362,2
	Army Prepositioned Stocks		[31,40
240	Industrial preparedness	3,162	3,1
	SUBTOTAL MOBILIZATION	468,866	500,2
050	TRAINING AND RECRUITING	170 404	170.4
250	OFFICER ACQUISITION	172,424	172,4
260	RECRUIT TRAINING	78,929	78,9
270	ONE STATION UNIT TRAINING	88,033	88,0
280	SENIOR RESERVE OFFICERS TRAINING CORPS	508,982	508,9
290	SPECIALIZED SKILL TRAINING	988,901	988,9
300	FLIGHT TRAINING	1,398,974	1,398,9
310	PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT EDUCATION	202,738	202,7
320	TRAINING SUPPORT	596,528	596,5
330	RECRUITING AND ADVERTISING	747,712	747,7
340	EXAMINING	177,666	177,6
350	OFF-DUTY AND VOLUNTARY EDUCATION	181,211	181,2
360	CIVILIAN EDUCATION AND TRAINING	227,476	227,4
370	JUNIOR RESERVE OFFICER TRAINING CORPS	190,668	212,6
	Fully fund Army JROTC	F F00 046	[22,00
	SUBTOTAL TRAINING AND RECRUITING	5,560,242	5,582,2

## SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

		FY 2026	Senate
ine	ltem	Request	Authorized
	ADMIN O CRIMIN ACTIVITICS		
90	ADMIN & SRVWD ACTIVITIES SERVICEWIDE TRANSPORTATION	1,306,690	1,306,6
.00	CENTRAL SUPPLY ACTIVITIES	740,581	740.
10	LOGISTIC SUPPORT ACTIVITIES	588,151	588,
20	AMMUNITION MANAGEMENT	344,948	344,
30	ADMINISTRATION	408,825	408.
40	SERVICEWIDE COMMUNICATIONS	2,171,607	2,256,
	Army Data Platform 1.0 (VANTAGE)/Army Data Platform 2.0	2,27.2,007	[74,
	Army Data Platform 2.0		[10,0
0	Manpower Management	313,323	313
0	OTHER PERSONNEL SUPPORT	853,139	853
0	OTHER SERVICE SUPPORT	2,078,411	2,078
0	ARMY CLAIMS ACTIVITIES	223,611	223
0	REAL ESTATE MANAGEMENT	294,705	294
0	FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT AND AUDIT READINESS	618,471	618
0	DEF ACQUISITION WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT ACCOUNT	36,510	30
0	INTERNATIONAL MILITARY HEADQUARTERS	664,510	664
0	MISC, SUPPORT OF OTHER NATIONS	31,387	31
9	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	2,385,523	2.385
•	SUBTOTAL ADMIN & SRVWD ACTIVITIES	13,060,392	13,14
	UNDISTRIBUTED		
8	UNDISTRIBUTED	0	-812
	Unobligated balances SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED	0	[–812, <b>–812</b>
	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ARMY	58,975,065	52.549
		30,373,003	32,340
	OPERATION & MAINTENANCE, ARMY RES OPERATING FORCES		
0	MODULAR SUPPORT BRIGADES	14,651	14
)	ECHELONS ABOVE BRIGADE	703,286	70:
)	THEATER LEVEL ASSETS	146,794	140
)	LAND FORCES OPERATIONS SUPPORT	685,541	68
0	AVIATION ASSETS	55,155	5
0	FORCE READINESS OPERATIONS SUPPORT	438,508	43
0	LAND FORCES SYSTEMS READINESS	23,783	23
		,	
)	LAND FORCES DEPOT MAINTENANCE	40,426	4
)	BASE OPERATIONS SUPPORT	557,465	55
)	FACILITIES SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION	504,922	
	Transferred to Division B	00.501	[-504
)	MANAGEMENT AND OPERATIONAL HEADQUARTERS	20,531	2
)	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES—CYBERSPACE OPERATIONS	2,174	
)	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES—CYBERSECURITY	19,041	1
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	3,212,277	2,70
_	ADMIN & SRVWD ACTIVITIES		
)	SERVICEWIDE TRANSPORTATION	14,629	1.
)	ADMINISTRATION	16,798	10
)	SERVICEWIDE COMMUNICATIONS	6,432	
)	Manpower Management	7,186	_
)	OTHER PERSONNEL SUPPORT	56,856 <b>101,901</b>	5 <b>10</b>
		,	
3	UNDISTRIBUTED  UNDISTRIBUTED	0	-1
	Unobligated balances	0	[-10
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED	0	-1
	TOTAL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE, ARMY RES	3,314,178	2,79
	OPERATION & MAINTENANCE, ARNG OPERATING FORCES		
0	MANEUVER UNITS	911,525	91
)	MODULAR SUPPORT BRIGADES	210,737	21
)		,	87
	ECHELONS ABOVE BRIGADE	879,111	
)	THEATER LEVEL ASSETS	88,001	8
)	LAND FORCES OPERATIONS SUPPORT	350,261	35
)	AVIATION ASSETS	1,128,195	1,12
١.	FORCE READINESS OPERATIONS SUPPORT	810,263	81
		24 254	3
)	LAND FORCES SYSTEMS READINESS	34,354	
0 0 0 0	LAND FORCES SYSTEMS READINESS  LAND FORCES DEPOT MAINTENANCE  BASE OPERATIONS SUPPORT	34,354 179,622 1,246,273	179 1,240

120 MAN 130 CYB 140 CYB SUB 140 CYB SUB 150 SER 160 ADM 170 SER 190 OTH 200 REA SUB UND	ILITIES SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION INSTERRED TO DIVISION B  AGECAMENT AND OPERATIONAL HEADQUARTERS ERSPACE ACTIVITIES—CYBERSPACE OPERATIONS ERSPACE ACTIVITIES—CYBERSECURITY ITOTAL OPERATING FORCES  INI & SRYWD ACTIVITIES VICEWIDE TRANSPORTATION ININISTRATION VICEWIDE COMMUNICATIONS ER PERSONNEL SUPPORT  LE STATE MANAGEMENT ITOTAL ADMIN & SRYWD ACTIVITIES  VISTRIBUTED  DISTRIBUTED  DISTRIBUTED  DISTRIBUTED  INTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  ANON ANON ANON TOTAL COUNTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  AL COUNTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)	FY 2026 Request  1,275,984  1,203,158 5,136 24,096 8,346,716  6,460 45,919 9,373 261,622 3,891 327,265  0  0  8,673,981  212,516 130,000 15,000 357,516	Senate Authorized  0 [-1,275,984] 1,203,158 5,136 24,096 7,070,732  6,460 45,919 9,373 261,622 3,891 327,265  -246,699 [-246,699] -246,699 7,151,298  212,516 130,000 15,000 357,516
120 MAN 130 CYB 140 CYB SUB 140 CYB SUB 150 SER 160 ADM 170 SER 190 OTH 200 REA SUB 170 SUB	AGEMENT AND OPERATIONAL HEADQUARTERS HERSPACE ACTIVITIES—CYBERSPACE OPERATIONS HERSPACE ACTIVITIES—CYBERSECURITY HOTAL OPERATING FORCES  HIN & SRYWD ACTIVITIES VICEWIDE TRANSPORTATION MINISTRATION VICEWIDE COMMUNICATIONS ER PERSONNEL SUPPORT L ESTATE MANAGEMENT HOTAL ADMIN & SRYWD ACTIVITIES VISTRIBUTED DISTRIBUTED DISTRIBUTED DISTRIBUTED AL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE, ARNG HINTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP HITER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF) AL OUNTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF) AL COUNTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF) AL COUNTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP FRATION AND MAINTENANCE, NAVY	1,203,158 5,136 24,096 8,346,716  6,460 45,919 9,373 261,622 3,891 327,265  0  0 8,673,981	[-1,275,984] 1,203,158 5,136 24,096 7,070,732  6,460 45,919 9,373 261,622 3,891 327,265  -246,699 [-246,699 7,151,298  212,516 130,000 15,000 357,516
120 MAN 130 CYB 140 CYB SUB  ADM 150 SER 160 ADM 170 SER 190 OTH 200 REA SUB  UND 998 UND Unol SUB  TOTA  COU COU O10 IRAC O20 SYR O30 LEB, SUB	AGEMENT AND OPERATIONAL HEADQUARTERS HERSPACE ACTIVITIES—CYBERSPACE OPERATIONS HERSPACE ACTIVITIES—CYBERSECURITY HOTAL OPERATING FORCES  HIN & SRYWD ACTIVITIES VICEWIDE TRANSPORTATION MINISTRATION VICEWIDE COMMUNICATIONS ER PERSONNEL SUPPORT L ESTATE MANAGEMENT HOTAL ADMIN & SRYWD ACTIVITIES VISTRIBUTED DISTRIBUTED DISTRIBUTED DISTRIBUTED AL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE, ARNG HINTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP HITER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF) AL OUNTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF) AL COUNTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF) AL COUNTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP FRATION AND MAINTENANCE, NAVY	1,203,158 5,136 24,096 8,346,716  6,460 45,919 9,373 261,622 3,891 327,265  0  0 8,673,981	[-1,275,984] 1,203,158 5,136 24,096 7,070,732  6,460 45,919 9,373 261,622 3,891 327,265  -246,699 [-246,699 7,151,298  212,516 130,000 15,000 357,516
120 MAN 130 CYB 140 CYB SUB  ADM 150 SER 160 ADM 170 SER 190 OTH 200 REA SUB  UND 998 UND Unol SUB  TOTA  COU COU O10 IRAC O20 SYR O30 LEB SUB  TOTA	IAGEMENT AND OPERATIONAL HEADQUARTERS ERSPACE ACTIVITIES—CYBERSPACE OPERATIONS ERSPACE ACTIVITIES—CYBERSPACE OPERATIONS ERSPACE ACTIVITIES  INDIA & SRYWD ACTIVITIES  VICEWIDE TRANSPORTATION MINISTRATION VICEWIDE TRANSPORTATION MINISTRATION VICEWIDE COMMUNICATIONS ER PERSONNEL SUPPORT  L ESTATE MANAGEMENT ITOTAL ADMIN & SRYWD ACTIVITIES  INSTRIBUTED DISTRIBUTED DISTRIBUTED DISTRIBUTED DISTRIBUTED  INTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP INTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  IA ANON TIOTAL COUNTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  AL COUNTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP FINTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  AL COUNTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP FINTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  AL COUNTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP FINTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  AL COUNTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP FIRATION AND MAINTENANCE, NAVY	5,136 24,096 8,346,716  6,460 45,919 9,373 261,622 3,891 327,265  0  0 8,673,981  212,516 130,000 15,000 357,516	1,203,158 5,136 24,096 7,070,732  6,460 45,919 9,373 261,622 3,891 327,265  -246,699 [-246,699] -246,699 7,151,298  212,516 130,000 15,000 357,516
130 CYB 140 CYB SUB  ADM 150 SER 160 ADM 170 SER 190 OTH 200 REA SUB  UND 998 UND Unol SUB  TOTA  COU COU O10 IRAC O20 SYR O30 LEB SUB  TOTA	IERSPACE ACTIVITIES—CYBERSPACE OPERATIONS IERSPACE ACTIVITIES—CYBERSECURITY ITOTAL OPERATING FORCES  IN & SRYWD ACTIVITIES VICEWIDE TRANSPORTATION ININISTRATION VICEWIDE COMMUNICATIONS ER PERSONNEL SUPPORT LE STATE MANAGEMENT VITOTAL ADMIN & SRYWD ACTIVITIES  VISTRIBUTED VISTRIBUTED VISTRIBUTED VISTRIBUTED  AL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE, ARNG  INTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP VINTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  1 1A ANON TIOTAL COUNTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP VITOTAL COUNTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP VITOTAL COUNTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  AL COUNTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP VITOTAL COUNTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  AL COUNTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP VITOTAL COUNTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  AL COUNTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP	5,136 24,096 8,346,716  6,460 45,919 9,373 261,622 3,891 327,265  0  0 8,673,981  212,516 130,000 15,000 357,516	5,136 24,096 7,070,732  6,460 45,919 9,373 261,622 3,891 327,265  -246,699 [-246,699] -246,699 7,151,298  212,516 130,000 15,000 357,516
140 CYB SUB  ADM 150 SER 160 ADM 170 SER 190 OTH 200 REA SUB  UND UND UND UND COU COU 010 IRAC 020 SYR 030 LEB SUB  TOTA	INTERING FORCES  INTERI	24,096 8,346,716  6,460 45,919 9,373 261,622 3,891 327,265  0 0 8,673,981	24,096 <b>7,070,732</b> 6,460 45,919 9,373 261,622 3,891 <b>327,265</b> -246,699 [-246,699] <b>7,151,298</b> 212,516 130,000 15,000 <b>357,516</b>
150 SER: 160 ADM 170 SER: 190 OTH 200 RCA SUB  998 UND Unol SUB  TOTA  COU COU 010 IRAC 020 SYR 030 LEB, SUB  TOTA	INN & SRYWD ACTIVITIES VICEWIDE TRANSPORTATION VICEWIDE COMMUNICATIONS ER PERSONNEL SUPPORT L ESTATE MANAGEMENT ITOTAL ADMIN & SRYWD ACTIVITIES  DISTRIBUTED DISTRIBUTED DISTRIBUTED DISTRIBUTED AL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE, ARNG INTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP INTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  AL ANON ITOTAL COUNTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  AL COUNTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP INTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  AL COUNTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP INTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  AL COUNTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP INTERIBUTED  AL COUNTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP INTERIBUTED  AL COUNTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP	6,460 45,919 9,373 261,622 3,891 327,265  0 0 8,673,981	6,460 45,919 9,373 261,622 3,891 327,265 -246,699 [-246,699] -246,699 7,151,298 212,516 130,000 15,000 357,516
150 SER 160 ADM 170 SER 190 OTH 200 REA SUB  998 UND Unol SUB  TOTA  020 SYR 030 LEB, SUB  TOTA	VICEWIDE TRANSPORTATION  JINISTRATION  VICEWIDE COMMUNICATIONS  ER PERSONNEL SUPPORT  L ESTATE MANAGEMENT  JISTRIBUTED  JISTRIBUTED  JISTRIBUTED  JISTRIBUTED  JISTRIBUTED  JISTRIBUTED  JISTRIBUTED  JISTRIBUTED  JISTRIBUTED  AL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE, ARNG  JINTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP  JINTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  JA  ANON  JA  ANON  JA  ANON  JA  ANON  JA  ANON  JA  ANDON  JA  AL COUNTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP  JIA  ANON  JIA  ANON  JIA  ANON  JIA  ANON  JIA  ANDON  JIA  JIA  ANDON  JIA  JIA  JIA  JIA  JIA  JIA  JIA  JI	45,919 9,373 261,622 3,891 <b>327,265</b> 0 <b>0</b> <b>8,673,981</b> 212,516 130,000 15,000 <b>357,516</b>	45,919 9,373 261,622 3,891 <b>327,265</b> -246,699 [-246,699 <b>7,151,298</b> 212,516 130,000 15,000 <b>357,516</b>
150 SER 160 ADM 170 SER 190 OTH 200 REA SUB UND UND UND SUB TOTA COU COU 020 SYR 030 LEB, SUB	VICEWIDE TRANSPORTATION  JINISTRATION  VICEWIDE COMMUNICATIONS  ER PERSONNEL SUPPORT  L ESTATE MANAGEMENT  JISTRIBUTED  JISTRIBUTED  JISTRIBUTED  JISTRIBUTED  JISTRIBUTED  JISTRIBUTED  JISTRIBUTED  JISTRIBUTED  JISTRIBUTED  AL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE, ARNG  JINTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP  JINTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  JA  ANON  JA  ANON  JA  ANON  JA  ANON  JA  ANON  JA  ANDON  JA  AL COUNTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP  JIA  ANON  JIA  ANON  JIA  ANON  JIA  ANON  JIA  ANDON  JIA  JIA  ANDON  JIA  JIA  JIA  JIA  JIA  JIA  JIA  JI	45,919 9,373 261,622 3,891 <b>327,265</b> 0 <b>0</b> <b>8,673,981</b> 212,516 130,000 15,000 <b>357,516</b>	45,919 9,373 261,622 3,891 <b>327,265</b> -246,699 [-246,699 <b>7,151,298</b> 212,516 130,000 15,000 <b>357,516</b>
170 SER 190 OTH 200 REA SUB  998 UND Unol SUB  TOTA  020 SYR 030 LEB SUB  TOTA	VICEWIDE COMMUNICATIONS  ER PERSONNEL SUPPORT  L ESTATE MANAGEMENT  STOTAL ADMIN & SRYWD ACTIVITIES  DISTRIBUTED  SISTRIBUTED  SISTRIBUTED  SIGNAL UNDISTRIBUTED  AL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE, ARNG  SINTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP  SINTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  AL OND  SIA  ANON  SITOTAL COUNTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  AL COUNTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP  SITOTAL COUNTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  AL COUNTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP	45,919 9,373 261,622 3,891 <b>327,265</b> 0 <b>0</b> <b>8,673,981</b> 212,516 130,000 15,000 <b>357,516</b>	9,373 261,622 3,891 327,265  -246,699 [-246,699 7,151,298  212,516 130,000 15,000 357,516
190 OTH 200 REA SUB 998 UND Unot SUB TOTA 010 IRAC 020 SYR 030 LEBA SUB TOTA OPE	ER PERSONNEL SUPPORT  L ESTATE MANAGEMENT  LITOTAL ADMIN & SRYWD ACTIVITIES  DISTRIBUTED  DISTRIBUTED  DIGATED BAIANCES  STOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED  AL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE, ARNG  INTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP  INTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  D  ANON  ITOTAL COUNTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  AL COUNTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP  STATION AND MAINTENANCE, NAVY	261,622 3,891 327,265 0 0 8,673,981 212,516 130,000 15,000 357,516	261,622 3,891 327,265 -246,699 [-246,699 7,151,298 212,516 130,000 15,000 357,516
998 UND	L ESTATE MANAGEMENT  ITOTAL ADMIN & SRVWD ACTIVITIES  DISTRIBUTED  DISTRIBUTED  DISTRIBUTED  DISTRIBUTED  DISTRIBUTED  AL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE, ARNG  INTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP  INTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  Q  IA  ANON  ITOTAL COUNTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  AL COUNTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  AL COUNTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP  ISTATION AND MAINTENANCE, NAVY	3,891 327,265 0 0 8,673,981 212,516 130,000 15,000 357,516	3,891 327,265 -246,699 [-246,699 -246,699 7,151,298 212,516 130,000 15,000 357,516
998 UND Unol SUB  TOTA  COU COU 010 IRAC 020 SYR 030 LEBA SUB  TOTA  OPE	STOTAL ADMIN & SRYWD ACTIVITIES  DISTRIBUTED  DISTRIBUTED  DIGATED BUIGATED  AL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE, ARNG  INTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP INTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  DIA  ANON  ANON  ANON  ANON  AL COUNTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  AL COUNTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  AL COUNTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP  STATION AND MAINTENANCE, NAVY	327,265 0 0 8,673,981 212,516 130,000 15,000 357,516	327,265  -246,699 [-246,699] -246,699 7,151,298  212,516 130,000 15,000 357,516
998 UND Unol SUB  TOTA  COU COU 010 IRAC 020 SYR 030 LEB, SUB  TOTA  OPE	DISTRIBUTED DISTRIBUTED DISTRIBUTED DISTRIBUTED DISTRIBUTED  AL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE, ARNG DINTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP DINTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF) DIA	0 8,673,981 212,516 130,000 15,000 357,516	-246,699 [-246,699] -246,699 <b>7,151,298</b> 212,516 130,000 15,000 <b>357,516</b>
998 UND Unoi SUB  TOTA  COU COU  010 IRAC  020 SYR  030 LEB. SUB  TOTA  OPE	DISTRIBUTED  Digated balances  ITOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED  AL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE, ARNG  DINTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP  DINTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  DIA  ANON  ITOTAL COUNTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  AL COUNTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP  SERATION AND MAINTENANCE, NAVY	0 8,673,981 212,516 130,000 15,000 357,516	[-246,699] -246,699 7,151,298 212,516 130,000 15,000 357,516
Unol SUB  TOTA  COU COU  010 IRAG  020 SYR  030 LEB  SUB  TOTA  OPE	bligated balances  ITOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED  AL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE, ARNG  INTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP  INTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  IA  ANON  ITOTAL COUNTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  AL COUNTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP  IRATION AND MAINTENANCE, NAVY	0 8,673,981 212,516 130,000 15,000 357,516	[-246,699] -246,699 7,151,298 212,516 130,000 15,000 357,516
COU COU 010 IRAC 020 SYR 030 LEB/ SUB TOT/	AL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE, ARNG  INTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP INTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  IA ANON ISTOTAL COUNTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  AL COUNTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP  IRATION AND MAINTENANCE, NAVY	8,673,981 212,516 130,000 15,000 357,516	-246,699 7,151,298 212,516 130,000 15,000 357,516
COU COU 010 IRAC 020 SYR 030 LEB/ SUB TOT/	AL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE, ARNG  INTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP INTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  IA ANON ITOTAL COUNTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  AL COUNTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP  IRATION AND MAINTENANCE, NAVY	8,673,981 212,516 130,000 15,000 357,516	7,151,298 212,516 130,000 15,000 357,516
COU COU 010 IRAC 020 SYR 030 LEB/ SUB TOT/	INTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP INTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  IA ANON ITOTAL COUNTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  AL COUNTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP  FRATION AND MAINTENANCE, NAVY	212,516 130,000 15,000 <b>357,516</b>	212,516 130,000 15,000 <b>357,516</b>
010 IRAC 020 SYR 030 LEB/ SUB	INTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  2  ANON  ANON  ATOTAL COUNTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  AL COUNTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP  FRATION AND MAINTENANCE, NAVY	130,000 15,000 <b>357,516</b>	130,000 15,000 <b>357,516</b>
010 IRAC 020 SYR 030 LEB/ SUB	INTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  2  ANON  ANON  ATOTAL COUNTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  AL COUNTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP  FRATION AND MAINTENANCE, NAVY	130,000 15,000 <b>357,516</b>	130,000 15,000 <b>357,516</b>
020 SYR 030 LEB/ SUB TOT/	IA	130,000 15,000 <b>357,516</b>	130,000 15,000 <b>357,516</b>
030 LEB/ SUB TOT/	ANON ITOTAL COUNTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  AL COUNTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP  RATION AND MAINTENANCE, NAVY	15,000 <b>357,516</b>	15,000 <b>357,516</b>
SUB Tot <i>i</i> Ope	TOTAL COUNTER ISIS TRAIN AND EQUIP FUND (CTEF)  AL COUNTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP  RATION AND MAINTENANCE, NAVY	357,516	357,516
TOT <i>i</i> Ope	AL COUNTER-ISLAMIC STATE OF IRAQ AND SYRIA TRAIN AND EQUIP	,	,
OPE	RATION AND MAINTENANCE, NAVY	357,516	357,516
	RATING FORCES		
010 MISS	SION AND OTHER FLIGHT OPERATIONS	7,720,210	7,720,210
020 FLEE	ET AIR TRAINING	2,925,791	2,925,791
050 AIR	SYSTEMS SUPPORT	1,447,480	1,447,480
060 AIRC	CRAFT DEPOT MAINTENANCE	1,661,933	1,661,933
	ATION LOGISTICS	2,147,907	2,147,907
	SION AND OTHER SHIP OPERATIONS	5,350,073	5,350,073
	P OPERATIONS SUPPORT & TRAINING	1,719,580	1,719,580
	P DEPOT ABINTENANCE	13,803,188	13,803,188
	P DEPOT OPERATIONS SUPPORT	2,760,878 1,830,993	2,760,878 1,830,993
	DICAL READINESS	604,287	604,287
	CE SYSTEMS AND SURVEILLANCE	453,847	453,847
	RFARE TACTICS	1,000,516	1,000,516
170 OPE	RATIONAL METEOROLOGY AND OCEANOGRAPHY	454,803	454,803
180 COM	IBAT SUPPORT FORCES	2,291,340	2,442,570
AFRI	ICOM: Safeguarding U.S. Operations in Somalia		[53,500]
	6 INDOPACOM Campaigning		[97,730]
	IPMENT MAINTENANCE AND DEPOT OPERATIONS SUPPORT	62,495	62,495
	MBATANT COMMANDERS CORE OPERATIONS	105,914	127,634
	ical Joint Manpower		[16,720]
	OPACOM's Community Engagement Initiative	386,657	[5,000] 647,157
	inabled Planning & Wargaming (Thunderforge)	300,037	[18,000]
	ical Joint Manpower		[29,390]
	6 INDOPACOM Campaigning		[30,780]
	OPACOM: Office of Strategic Capital detailees		[1,000]
	t Sustainment Decision Tool (ISDT)		[42,000]
	oositioned Material in Support of SOF		[43,000]
Resi	ilient TS-SCI Warfighting Architecture		[58,300]
	ust, Resilient Mission Platform (R2MP)		[10,100]
	Air and Maritime Low-Vis Infrastructure		[27,930]
	ERSPACE ACTIVITIES	634,746	634,746
	ET BALLISTIC MISSILE	1,837,670	1,837,670
	PONS MAINTENANCE	1,601,768	1,601,768
	ER WEAPON SYSTEMS SUPPORT	839,619	839,619
	ERPRISE INFORMATION	2,185,422	2,185,422
	TAINMENT, RESTORATION AND MODERNIZATION	3,991,438	ŭ
	E OPERATING SUPPORT	6,166,266	[-3,991,438] 6,210,266
	ber's Point—sec. 2856 of FY24 NDAA	0,100,200	[9,000]
	Hill long-term monitoring, research, and remediation		[35,000]

Line	Item	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	63,984,821	60,470,8
	MOBILIZATION		
290	SHIP PREPOSITIONING AND SURGE	388,627	388,6
800	READY RESERVE FORCE	785,052	785,0
310	SHIP ACTIVATIONS/INACTIVATIONS	583,296	583,2
330	COAST GUARD SUPPORT	22,192	22,1
	SUBTOTAL MOBILIZATION	1,779,167	1,779,1
340	TRAINING AND RECRUITING OFFICER ACQUISITION	202,397	202,3
350	RECRUIT TRAINING	16,945	16,9
360	RESERVE OFFICERS TRAINING CORPS	164,348	164,3
370	SPECIALIZED SKILL TRAINING	1,026,076	1,026,0
380	PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT EDUCATION	272,964	272,9
390	TRAINING SUPPORT	463,572	463,5
400	RECRUITING AND ADVERTISING	303,177	303,1
410	OFF-DUTY AND VOLUNTARY EDUCATION	914	9
420	CIVILIAN EDUCATION AND TRAINING	65,819	65,8
430	JUNIOR ROTC	25,334	61,3
	Fully fund Navy JROTC		[36,00
	SUBTOTAL TRAINING AND RECRUITING	2,541,546	2,577,5
440	ADMIN & SRVWD ACTIVITIES	1 257 420	1.357.4
440 450	ADMINISTRATION	1,357,428 239,918	239,9
450 460	MILITARY MANPOWER AND PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT	690,712	690,7
490 490	DEF ACQUISITION WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT ACCOUNT	61,046	61,0
500	SERVICEWIDE TRANSPORTATION	289,748	289,7
520	PLANNING, ENGINEERING, AND PROGRAM SUPPORT	543,911	543,9
530	ACQUISITION, LOGISTICS, AND OVERSIGHT	853,340	853,3
540	INVESTIGATIVE AND SECURITY SERVICES	1,007,078	1,007,0
999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	731,405	731,4
	SUBTOTAL ADMIN & SRVWD ACTIVITIES	5,774,586	5,774,5
	UNDISTRIBUTED		
998	UNDISTRIBUTED	0	-540,42
	Unobligated balances SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED	0	[-540,42 - <b>540,4</b> 2
	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, NAVY	74,080,120	70,061,71
	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, MARINE CORPS		
	OPERATING FORCES		
010	OPERATIONAL FORCES	1,950,784	2,054,6
	FY26 INDOPACOM Campaigning		[103,90
020	FIELD LOGISTICS	1,981,840	1,981,8
030	DEPOT MAINTENANCE	236	175.0
040 050	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES	175,091 349,082	175,0 349,0
060	SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION	2,079,890	343,0
000	Transferred to Division B	2,073,030	[-2,079,89
070	BASE OPERATING SUPPORT	2,834,721	2,834,7
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	9,371,644	7,395,6
	TRAINING AND RECRUITING		
080	RECRUIT TRAINING	26,350	26,3
090	OFFICER ACQUISITION	1,282	1,2
100	Specialized Skill training	119,526	119,5
110	PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT EDUCATION	58,696	58,6
120	TRAINING SUPPORT	538,812	538,8
130	RECRUITING AND ADVERTISING	237,004	237,0
140	OFF-DUTY AND VOLUNTARY EDUCATION	27,500	27,5
150	JUNIOR ROTC Subtotal training and recruiting	30,808 <b>1,039,978</b>	30,8 <b>1,039,9</b>
	ADMIN & SRVWD ACTIVITIES		
180	SERVICEWIDE TRANSPORTATION	87,509	87,5
190	ADMINISTRATION	431,282	431,2
999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	73,788	73,7
,,,,	SUBTOTAL ADMIN & SRVWD ACTIVITIES	592,579	592,5
333	SUDIUIAL AUMIN & STYPH ACTIVITIES	332,373	002,0
555	UNDISTRIBUTED UNDISTRIBUTED	0	002,0

	(In Thousands of Dollars)		
Line	Item	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized
	Unobligated balances		[-89,275]
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED	0	-89,275
	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, MARINE CORPS	11,004,201	8,938,936
	OPERATION & MAINTENANCE, NAVY RES		
010	OPERATING FORCES MISSION AND OTHER FLIGHT OPERATIONS	759,843	759,843
030	AIR SYSTEMS SUPPORT	9,972	9,972
040	AIRCRAFT DEPOT MAINTENANCE	204,603	204,603
060	AVIATION LOGISTICS	24,469	24,469
070	COMBAT COMMUNICATIONS	19,698	19,698
080 090	COMBAT SUPPORT FORCES	186,946 294	186,946 294
100	ENTERPRISE INFORMATION	33,414	33,414
110	Sustainment, restoration and modernization	58,213	00,111
	Transferred to Division B	•	[-58,213]
120	BASE OPERATING SUPPORT	118,361	118,361
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	1,415,813	1,357,600
	ADMIN & SRVWD ACTIVITIES		
130	ADMINISTRATION	2,539	2,539
140	MILITARY MANPOWER AND PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT	22,185	22,185
150	ACQUISITION AND PROGRAM MANAGEMENT	1,517	1,517
	SUBTOTAL ADMIN & SRVWD ACTIVITIES	26,241	26,241
	UNDISTRIBUTED		
998	UNDISTRIBUTED	0	-19,763
	Unobligated balances		[-19,763]
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED	0	-19,763
	TOTAL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE, NAVY RES	1,442,054	1,364,078
	OPERATION & MAINTENANCE, MC RESERVE OPERATING FORCES		
010	OPERATING FORCES	117,987	117,987
020	DEPOT MAINTENANCE	22,686	22,686
030	Sustainment, restoration and modernization	48,519	0
0.40	Transferred to Division B	100.070	[-48,519]
040	BASE OPERATING SUPPORT SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	123,079 <b>312,271</b>	123,079 <b>263,752</b>
	ADMIN O CHIAND ACTIVITIC		
050	ADMIN & SRVWD ACTIVITIES ADMINISTRATION	49,774	49,774
	SUBTOTAL ADMIN & SRVWD ACTIVITIES	49,774	49,774
	UNDISTRIBUTED		
998	UNDISTRIBUTED	0	-12,267
	Unobligated balances	0	[-12,267]
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED	0	-12,267
	TOTAL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE, MC RESERVE	362,045	301,259
	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, AIR FORCE		
010	OPERATING FORCES	1 405 105	1 711 105
010	PRIMARY COMBAT FORCES	1,425,125	1,711,125
	DAF campaigning and exercises FY26 INDOPACOM Campaigning		[150,000] [136,000]
020	COMBAT ENHANCEMENT FORCES	2,753,789	2,773,789
	FY26 INDOPACOM Campaigning		[20,000]
030	AIR OPERATIONS TRAINING (OJT, MAINTAIN SKILLS)	1,701,493	1,706,493
040	FY26 INDOPACOM Campaigning	4 676 060	[5,000]
040 050	DEPOT PURCHASE EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE	4,676,962 3,093,331	4,676,962 0
000	Transferred to Division B	0,000,001	[-3,093,331]
060	CYBERSPACE SUSTAINMENT	245,874	245,874
070	CONTRACTOR LOGISTICS SUPPORT AND SYSTEM SUPPORT	9,283,958	9,305,458
000	FY26 INDOPACOM Campaigning	0 770 400	[21,500]
080	FLYING HOUR PROGRAMFY26 F–15 retirement prohibition	6,772,468	7,675,468 [400,000]
	FY26 F-22 retirement prohibition		[200,000]
	FY26 reversal of accelerated A-10 divestment plan		[303,000]
090	BASE SUPPORT	11,328,614	11,328,614
100	GLOBAL C3I AND EARLY WARNING	1,239,641	1,239,641

	(in Thousands of Dollars)		
Line	Item	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized
110	OTHER COMBAT OPS SPT PROGRAMS	1,896,441	1,896,441
120	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES	858,321	858,321
140	MEDICAL READINESS	554,180	554,180
150	US NORTHCOM/NORAD	266,248	266,248
160	US STRATCOM	593,503	593,503
170	US CENTCOM	350,566	1,351,566
	CENTCOM: Office of Strategic Capital detailees		[1,000]
	CENTCOM: replenishment of munitions and readiness for Operations ROUGH RIDER and MIDNIGHT HAMMER		[1,000,000]
180	US SOCOM	28,018	28,018
190	US TRANSCOM	703	703
200	CENTCOM CYBERSPACE SUSTAINMENT	928	1,928
	Cooperation with the Kingdom of Jordan		[1,000]
210	USSPACECOM	369,658	369,658
999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	1,805,672	1,805,672
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	49,245,493	48,389,662
	MOBILIZATION		
220	AIRLIFT OPERATIONS	3,391,672	3,391,672
230	MOBILIZATION PREPAREDNESS	279,205	279,205
	SUBTOTAL MOBILIZATION	3,670,877	3,670,877
	TRAINING AND RECRUITING		
240	OFFICER ACQUISITION	250,380	250,380
250	RECRUIT TRAINING	29,335	29,335
260	RESERVE OFFICERS TRAINING CORPS (ROTC)	131,342	131,342
270	SPECIALIZED SKILL TRAINING	522,068	528,068
	Local cyber training supplementals	,,,,,	[6,000]
280	FLIGHT TRAINING	1.065.465	1,065,465
290	PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT EDUCATION	284,442	284,442
300	TRAINING SUPPORT	181,966	181,966
310	RECRUITING AND ADVERTISING	256,687	256,687
320	EXAMINING	6,990	6,990
		,	,
330	OFF-DUTY AND VOLUNTARY EDUCATION	224,340	224,340
340	CIVILIAN EDUCATION AND TRAINING	360,260	360,260
350	JUNIOR ROTC	0	80,000
	FUIIY FUND AF JROTC	3,313,275	[80,000] <b>3,399,275</b>
		2,212,212	-,,
260	ADMIN & SRVWD ACTIVITIES	1 155 650	1 155 650
360	LOGISTICS OPERATIONS	1,155,659	1,155,659
370	TECHNICAL SUPPORT ACTIVITIES	158,965	158,965
380	ADMINISTRATION	1,221,364	1,221,364
390	SERVICEWIDE COMMUNICATIONS	45,228	45,228
410	OTHER SERVICEWIDE ACTIVITIES	1,712,600	1,712,600
420	CIVIL AIR PATROL	32,394	32,394
430	DEF ACQUISITION WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT ACCOUNT	48,741	48,741
450	INTERNATIONAL SUPPORT	89,341	89,341
999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	1,735,598	1,735,598
	SUBTOTAL ADMIN & SRVWD ACTIVITIES	6,199,890	6,199,890
	UNDISTRIBUTED		
998	UNDISTRIBUTED	0	-1,020,189
	Unobligated balances		[-1,020,189]
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED	0	-1,020,189
	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, AIR FORCE	62,429,535	60,639,515
	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, SPACE FORCE		
	OPERATING FORCES		
010	GLOBAL C3I & EARLY WARNING	846,856	846,856
020	SPACE LAUNCH OPERATIONS	397,822	397,822
030	SPACE OPERATIONS	983,784	983,784
040	EDUCATION & TRAINING	302,939	302,939
060	DEPOT MAINTENANCE	67,126	67,126
070	FACILITIES SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION	557,175	07,120
3,0	Transferred to Division B	007,170	[-557,175]
080	CONTRACTOR LOGISTICS AND SYSTEM SUPPORT	1 // 05 2//2	1,495,242
		1,495,242	
090	SPACE OPERATIONS -BOS	233,546	233,546
100	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES	141,512	141,512
999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	641,519	641,519
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	5,667,521	5,110,346
	ADMIN & SRVWD ACTIVITIES	05 000	05.00
110	LOGISTICS OPERATIONS	35,889	35,889

	(In Thousands of Dollars)		
Line	ltem	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized
		кециезі	MULIIOTIZGU
120	ADMINISTRATION	184,753	184,753
	SUBTOTAL ADMIN & SRYWD ACTIVITIES	220,642	220,642
	UNDISTRIBUTED		
998	UNDISTRIBUTED	0	-218,077
330	Unobligated balances	U	[-218,077]
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED	0	-218,077
			-,-
	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, SPACE FORCE	5,888,163	5,112,911
	OPERATION & MAINTENANCE, AF RESERVE		
010	OPERATING FORCES	0.010.700	0.010.700
010 020	PRIMARY COMBAT FORCES	2,010,793 214,701	2,010,793 214,701
030	DEPOT PURCHASE EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE	702,575	702,575
040	FACILITIES SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION	188,802	0
	Transferred to Division B	,	[-188,802]
050	CONTRACTOR LOGISTICS SUPPORT AND SYSTEM SUPPORT	493,324	493,324
060	BASE SUPPORT	585,430	585,430
070	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES	2,484	2,484
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	4,198,109	4,009,307
	ADMIN A ADMIN ADMINISTRA		
000	ADMIN & SRVWD ACTIVITIES ADMINISTRATION	00 410	00.410
080 090	RECRUITING AND ADVERTISING	98,418 10,618	98,418 10,618
100	MILITARY MANPOWER AND PERS MGMT (ARPC)	14,951	14,951
120	AUDIOVISUAL	521	521
	SUBTOTAL ADMIN & SRYWD ACTIVITIES	124,508	124,508
		,	,
	UNDISTRIBUTED		
998	UNDISTRIBUTED	0	-224,891
	Unobligated balances	_	[-224,891]
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED	0	-224,891
	TOTAL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE, AF RESERVE	4 222 617	2 000 024
	IUIAL UTERATION & MAINTENANCE, AT RESERVE	4,322,617	3,908,924
	OPERATION & MAINTENANCE, ANG		
	OPERATING FORCES		
010	AIRCRAFT OPERATIONS	2,501,226	2,501,226
020	MISSION SUPPORT OPERATIONS	627,680	627,680
030	DEPOT PURCHASE EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE	1,024,171	1,024,171
040	FACILITIES SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION	549,496	0
050	Transferred to Division B	1.258.081	[-549,496] 1,258,081
060	BASE SUPPORT	1,230,061	1,110,875
070	CYBERSPACE SUSTAINMENT	16,134	16,134
080	CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES	112,205	112,205
	SUBTOTAL OPERATING FORCES	7,199,868	6,650,372
	ADMIN & SRVWD ACTIVITIES		
090	ADMINISTRATION	82,280	82,280
100	RECRUITING AND ADVERTISING	50,451	50,451
	SUBTOTAL ADMIN & SRVWD ACTIVITIES	132,731	132,731
	UNDISTRIBUTED		
998	UNDISTRIBUTED	0	-5,861
330	Unobligated balances	U	[-5,861]
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED	0	<b>-5,861</b>
			,,,,,
	TOTAL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE, ANG	7,332,599	6,777,242
	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, DEFENSE-WIDE		
010	OPERATING FORCES	414.007	414.007
010	JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF	414,097	414,097
020	JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF—JTEEP	1,026,502	1,082,462 [55,960]
030	JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF—CYBER	9,086	9,086
040	OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE—MISO	209,442	251,242
5 10	AFRICOM: MISO	200,112	[14,000]
	INDOPACOM Information Operations (MISO)		[27,800]
050	SPECIAL OPERATIONS COMMAND COMBAT DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES	2,136,165	2,136,165
060	SPECIAL OPERATIONS COMMAND MAINTENANCE	1,273,409	1,273,409
070	SPECIAL OPERATIONS COMMAND MANAGEMENT/OPERATIONAL HEADQUARTERS	181,122	181,122
080	SPECIAL OPERATIONS COMMAND THEATER FORCES	3,409,285	3,479,285

	(In Thousands of Dollars)		
Line	Item	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized
	Blast Overpressure Analysis and Mitigation		[5,00
	Prepositioned Material in Support of SOF		[65,00
090	SPECIAL OPERATIONS COMMAND CYBERSPACE ACTIVITIES	77,241	77,24
100	SPECIAL OPERATIONS COMMAND INTELLIGENCE	1,187,600	1,187,60
110	SPECIAL OPERATIONS COMMAND OPERATIONAL SUPPORT	1,579,137	1,579,13
120	CYBERSPACE OPERATIONS	1,300,384	1,310,38
100	IOM capabilities	214 204	[10,000
130	USCYBERCOM HEADQUARTERS	314,284 <b>13,117,754</b>	314,28 <b>13,295,51</b>
	TRAINING AND RECRUITING		
140	DEFENSE ACQUISITION UNIVERSITY	173,265	173,26
150	JOINT CHIEFS OF STAFF	124,869	124,86
160	SPECIAL OPERATIONS COMMAND/PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT EDUCATION	28,697 <b>326,831</b>	28,693 <b>326,83</b>
		320,031	320,03
170	ADMIN & SRVWD ACTIVITIES CIVIL MILITARY PROGRAMS	126,637	126,63
180	DEFENSE CONTRACT AUDIT AGENCY—CYBER	3,844	3,84
190	DEFENSE CONTRACT AUDIT AGENCY	632,959	632,959
200	DEFENSE CONTRACT MANAGEMENT AGENCY	1,441,456	1,441,456
210	DEFENSE CONTRACT MANEGEMENT AGENCY—CYBER	43,434	43,434
220	DEFENSE COUNTERINTELLIGENCE AND SECURITY AGENCY	1,168,366	1,168,366
240	DEFENSE COUNTERINTELLIGENCE AND SECURITY AGENCY—CYBER	11,120	11,120
250	DEFENSE HUMAN RESOURCES ACTIVITY—CYBER	46,621	46,621
260	DEFENSE HUMAN RESOURCES ACTIVITY	932,144	967,144
	DLNSEO Restoration	,	[20,000]
	Flagship Language Program for Chinese & Arabic		[15,000]
290	DEFENSE INFORMATION SYSTEMS AGENCY	3,042,559	3,047,559
	Defense Information System Network (DISN)—Service Delivery Nodes	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	[5,000
300	DEFENSE INFORMATION SYSTEMS AGENCY—CYBER	559.426	559,426
310	DEFENSE LEGAL SERVICES AGENCY	164,770	164,770
320	DEFENSE LOGISTICS AGENCY	401,513	401,513
330	DEFENSE MEDIA ACTIVITY	226,665	226,665
340	DEFENSE POW/MIA OFFICE	171,339	190,339
	Reverse cuts to Defense POW/MIA office (DPAA)		[19,000]
350	DEFENSE SECURITY COOPERATION AGENCY	2,864,252	3,570,252
	Irregular Warfare Center of Excellence		[6,000]
	ISCP—EUCOM		[200,000]
	Ukraine Security Assistance Initiative		[500,000]
360	DEFENSE TECHNOLOGY SECURITY ADMINISTRATION	40,052	40,052
370	DEFENSE THREAT REDUCTION AGENCY	708,214	708,214
390	DEFENSE THREAT REDUCTION AGENCY—CYBER	71,925	71,925
400	DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE EDUCATION ACTIVITY	3,600,175	3,680,175
	Impact Aid		[50,000]
	Impact Aid for children with severe disabilities		[30,000]
410	MISSILE DEFENSE AGENCY	720,365	720,365
420	OFFICE OF THE LOCAL DEFENSE COMMUNITY COOPERATION	159,534	159,534
460	OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE—CYBER	98,034	134,934
	Cyber Service Academy Scholarship Program		[22,900]
	Cybersecurity of the DIB		[6,000]
470	Small business cybersecurity certification increase	2 002 717	[8,000]
4/0	OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE	2,093,717	2,238,117
	2026 NDS Commission funding		[5,000 <u>]</u> [11,400]
	Anomalous Health Incidents Cross-Functional Team		[13,000]
	Bien Hoa dioxin remediation		[30,000]
	Defense Community Infrastructure Program		[50,000]
	Defense Operational Resilience International Cooperation		[15,000]
	Readiness and Environmental Protection Integration (REPI)		[20,000]
530	WASHINGTON HEADQUARTERS SERVICES	411,182	411,182
999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	22,750,830	22,750,830
	SUBTOTAL ADMIN & SRVWD ACTIVITIES	42,491,133	43,517,433
000	UNDISTRIBUTED	0	035,000
998	UNDISTRIBUTED	0	-935,000 [-935,000]
	SUBTOTAL UNDISTRIBUTED	0	-935,000
	TOTAL OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, DEFENSE-WIDE	55,935,718	56,204,778
	MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS		
010	UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE ARMED FORCES US COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE ARMED FORCES, DEFENSE	21,243	21,243
010	OC COUNT OF THE CICO FOR THE MININED FOROCO, DELETICE	41,443	21,243

SEC. 4301. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

TOTAL MISCELLAREOUS APPROPRIATIONS  100 OVERSEAS HIMMATIRARIA, DISASTER, AND CHITC AND 100 OVERSEAS HIMMATIRARIA, DISASTER, AND CHITC AND 100 OVERSEAS HIMMATIRARIA, DISASTER, AND CHITC AND 100,783 1	Line	Item	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized
MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS  100.793  MISCELLANEOUS APPR		SUBTOTAL UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE ARMED FORCES	21,243	21,243
O		TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS	21,243	21,243
10   10   10   10   10   10   10   10				
SUBTORAL OVERSEAS IMMAINTARIAN, DISASTER, AND CIVIC AND   100,783   100,78	010	• •	100 793	100 793
MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS   282,830   282	010	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	100,793
COOPERATIVE THERAE REDUCTION ACCOUNT   28.2830   28.28		TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS	100,793	100,793
COOPERATIVE THERAI REDUCTION   222,830   222				
SUBTOTAL COOPERATIVE THEAST REDUCTION ACCOUNT   282,830   282,83	010		202 020	202 020
MISCELLAMEDUS APPROPRIATIONS   45,346	010		,	282,830
MISCELLAMEDUS APPROPRIATIONS   45,346		TOTAL MISCELLANFOLIS APPROPRIATIONS	282.830	282.830
ADUISTION WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT ADVISORROCE ADVISORROCE DEVELOPMENT ADVISORROCE ADVISORROC			202,000	202,000
NACO WORKFORCE DEV FD				
SUBTOTAL ACQUISITION WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT	010		45.346	45,346
MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS			,	45,346
ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, ARMY   148,070		TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS	45,346	45,346
ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, ARMY   148,070				
SUBTOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, ARMY	050	, ,	1/12 070	1/12 070
MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS   8,885   8,855   8,855   8,855   8,855   8,855   8,855   8,855   8,855   8,855   8,855   8,855	030			148,070
ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, DEFENSE   8,885   4,885   4,885   4,885   4,885   4,885   4,885   4,885   4,885		TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS	148,070	148,070
ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, DEFENSE   8,885   8,855				
SUBTOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, DEFENSE   8,885   8,885	000	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	0.005	0.005
TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS   8,885   8,885	080		,	,
MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS			,	,
ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, DEFENSE   342,149		TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS	8,885	8,885
2070   ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, AIR FORCE   342,149				
SUBTOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, DEFENSE  TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS  MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS  ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, DEFENSE  OF ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, DEFENSE  TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS  ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, DEFENSE  TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS  MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS  ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, FORMERLY USED DEFENSE SITES  OF ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, FORMERLY USED SITES  SUBTOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, FORMERLY USED DEFENSE SITES  TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS  ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, FORMERLY USED DEFENSE SITES  TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS  235,156  235,156  TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS  235,156  235,156  235,156	070	· ·	3/12 1/19	3/12 1/19
MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, DEFENSE  OF ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, NAVY SUBTOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, DEFENSE  TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS  MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, FORMERLY USED DEFENSE SITES  OF ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, FORMERLY USED SITES SUBTOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, FORMERLY USED DEFENSE SITES  TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS  ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, FORMERLY USED SITES 235,156 235,156 235,156 235,156 235,156	070		,	342,149
ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, DEFENSE  ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, NAVY SUBTOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, DEFENSE  TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS  MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS  ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, FORMERLY USED DEFENSE SITES  ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, FORMERLY USED SITES  SUBTOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, FORMERLY USED DEFENSE SITES  TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS  ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, FORMERLY USED DEFENSE SITES  235,156 235,156 235,156 235,156		TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS	342,149	342,149
ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, DEFENSE  ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, NAVY SUBTOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, DEFENSE  TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS  MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS  ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, FORMERLY USED DEFENSE SITES  ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, FORMERLY USED SITES  SUBTOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, FORMERLY USED DEFENSE SITES  TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS  ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, FORMERLY USED DEFENSE SITES  235,156 235,156 235,156 235,156		MICCELLANEOUS ADDODDIATIONS		
NISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS  ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, DEFENSE  TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS  MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS  ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, FORMERLY USED DEFENSE SITES  ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, FORMERLY USED SITES  SUBTOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, FORMERLY USED DEFENSE SITES  TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS  ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, FORMERLY USED DEFENSE SITES  235,156  235,156  TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS  235,156  235,156				
TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS  MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS  ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, FORMERLY USED DEFENSE SITES  ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, FORMERLY USED SITES  SUBTOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, FORMERLY USED DEFENSE SITES  TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS  357,949  357,949  235,156  235,156  235,156  235,156  235,156	060		357,949	357,949
MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, FORMERLY USED DEFENSE SITES  090 ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION FORMERLY USED SITES		SUBTOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, DEFENSE	357,949	357,949
ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, FORMERLY USED DEFENSE SITES  OPPORUMENTAL RESTORATION FORMERLY USED SITES 235,156  SUBTOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, FORMERLY USED DEFENSE SITES 235,156  TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS 235,156		TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS	357,949	357,949
O90 ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION FORMERLY USED SITES 235,156 SUBTOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, FORMERLY USED DEFENSE SITES 235,156 TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS 235,156 235,156				
SUBTOTAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION, FORMERLY USED DEFENSE SITES 235,156 235,156  TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS 235,156 235,156	nan		225 156	225 156
	UJU		,	235,156 235,156
TOTAL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE 295 AGO 213 277 708 889		TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS APPROPRIATIONS	235,156	235,156
		TOTAL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE	295.660 213	277,708,889

## TITLE XLIV—MILITARY PERSONNEL

SEC. 4401. MILITARY PERSONNEL.

SEC. 4401. MILITARY PERSONNEL			
(In Thousands of Dollars)			
ltem	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized	
MILITARY PERSONNEL			
MILITARY PERSONNEL APPROPRIATIONS	101 000 107	101 000 107	
MILITARY PERSONNEL APPROPRIATIONS	181,803,437	181,063,437	
Unobligated balances  SUBTOTAL MILITARY PERSONNEL APPROPRIATIONS	181,803,437	[-740,000] <b>181,063,437</b>	
MEDICARE-ELIGIBLE RETIREE HEALTH CARE FUND CONTRIBUTIONS			
MEDICARE-ELIGIBLE RETIREE HEALTH CARE FUND CONTRIBUTIONS	12,850,165	12,850,165	
SUBTOTAL MEDICARE-ELIGIBLE RETIREE HEALTH CARE FUND CONTRIBUTIONS	12,850,165	12,850,165	
TOTAL MILITARY PERSONNEL	194,653,602	193,913,602	

## TITLE XLV—OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS

SEC. 4501. OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS.

	SEC. 4501. OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS (In Thousands of Dollars)		
Line	Item	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized
	WORKING CAPITAL FUND		
010	WORKING CAPITAL FUND, ARMY	20 500	E20 E00
010	INDUSTRIAL OPERATIONS		520,589 [500,000]
	SUBTOTAL WORKING CAPITAL FUND, ARMY		520,589
	WORKING CAPITAL FUND, NAVY		
010	NAVAL SURFACE WARFARE CENTERSSUBTOTAL WORKING CAPITAL FUND, NAVY		381,600 <b>381,60</b> 0
	WORVING CARITAL FIND, AIR FORCE		
020	WORKING CAPITAL FUND, AIR FORCE SUPPLIES AND MATERIALS	90,262	90,262
	SUBTOTAL WORKING CAPITAL FUND, AIR FORCE	90,262	90,262
	NATIONAL DEFENSE STOCKPILE TRANSACTION FUND		
010	DEFENSE STOCKPILE SUBTOTAL NATIONAL DEFENSE STOCKPILE TRANSACTION FUND		5,700 <b>5,70</b> 0
	SUDICIAL NATIONAL DELENSE STOCKFILE TRANSACTION TOND	3,700	3,700
020	WORKING CAPITAL FUND, DEFENSE-WIDE ENERGY MANAGEMENT—DEF		1,272
030	SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT—DEFENSE	,	10,697
	SUBTOTAL WORKING CAPITAL FUND, DEFENSE-WIDE	.,	1,272
	SUBTOTAL WORKING CAPITAL FUND, DEFENSE-WIDE	10,697	10,697
	WORKING CAPITAL FUND, DECA		
010	WORKING CAPITAL FOND, DECA	1,527,817	1,527,817
	SUBTOTAL WORKING CAPITAL FUND, DECA	1. 1.	1,527,817
	TOTAL WORKING CAPITAL FUND	2,037,937	2,537,937
	CHEM AGENTS & MUNITIONS DESTRUCTION		
	OPERATION & MAINTENANCE		
1	CHEM DEMILITARIZATION—0&M		3,243
	SUBTOTAL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE		3,243
	RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION		
3	CHEM DEMILITARIZATION -RDT&E SUBTOTAL RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION	,	210,039 <b>210,03</b> 9
	TOTAL CHEM AGENTS & MUNITIONS DESTRUCTION		213,282
			,
	DRUG INTERDICTION & CTR-DRUG ACTIVITIES, DEF DRUG INTROCTN		
010	COUNTER-NARCOTICS SUPPORT		398,424
9999	CLASSIFIED PROGRAMS	,	254,460
	SUBTOTAL DRUG INTROCTN	652,884	652,884
	DRUG DEMAND REDUCTION PROGRAM		
020	DRUG DEMAND REDUCTION PROGRAM		134,938
	SUBTOTAL DRUG DEMAND REDUCTION PROGRAM	134,938	134,938
	NATIONAL GUARD COUNTER-DRUG PROGRAM		
030	NATIONAL GUARD COUNTER-DRUG PROGRAM  National Guard Counter-Drug Program	,	295,125 [185,000]
	SUBTOTAL NATIONAL GUARD COUNTER-DRUG PROGRAM		<b>295,125</b>
	NATIONAL GUARD COUNTED DRICE COURSE		
040	NATIONAL GUARD COUNTER-DRUG SCHOOLS  NATIONAL GUARD COUNTER-DRUG SCHOOLS		6,354
010	SUBTOTAL NATIONAL GUARD COUNTER-DRUG SCHOOLS		6,354
	TOTAL DRUG INTERDICTION & CTR-DRUG ACTIVITIES, DEF	904,301	1,089,301
	OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL		
	OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL		
010	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE	,	514,036
020	Office of the Inspector General		[19,171]
020 030	OPERATION AND MAINTENANCERDT&E	,	2,030 4,625
040	PROCUREMENT	,	1,079
	SUBTOTAL OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL		516,066
	SUBTOTAL OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL	4,625	4,625
	SUBTOTAL OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL		1,079

	SEC. 4501. OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS (In Thousands of Dollars)			
Line	Item	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized	
	TOTAL OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL	502,599	521,770	
	DEFENSE HEALTH PROGRAM			
	OPERATION & MAINTENANCE			
010	IN-HOUSE CARE	10,731,135	11,021,135	
	Fully fund military medical treatment facilities		[290,000]	
020	PRIVATE SECTOR CARE	21,023,765	21,023,765	
030	CONSOLIDATED HEALTH SUPPORT	2,116,278	2,116,278	
040	Information management	2,271,798	2,321,798	
	Fully fund Defense Health Agency information management systems		[50,000]	
050	MANAGEMENT ACTIVITIES	303,898	303,898	
060	EDUCATION AND TRAINING	371,426	371,426	
070	BASE OPERATIONS/COMMUNICATIONS	2,356,290	2,356,290	
	SUBTOTAL OPERATION & MAINTENANCE	39,174,590	39,514,590	
	RDT&E			
080	R&D RESEARCH	41,660	41,660	
090	R&D EXPLORATRY DEVELOPMENT	183,398	183,398	
100	R&D ADVANCED DEVELOPMENT	333,072	333,072	
110	R&D DEMONSTRATION/VALIDATION	178,983	178,983	
120	R&D ENGINEERING DEVELOPMENT	117,190	117,190	
130	R&D MANAGEMENT AND SUPPORT	99,338	99,338	
140	R&D CAPABILITIES ENHANCEMENT	19,071	19,071	
	SUBTOTAL RDT&E	972,712	972,712	
	PROCUREMENT			
150	PROC INITIAL OUTFITTING	24,597	24,597	
160	PROC REPLACEMENT & MODERNIZATION	222,445	222,445	
170	PROC JOINT OPERATIONAL MEDICINE INFORMATION SYSTEM	30,732	30,732	
180	PROC MILITARY HEALTH SYSTEM—DESKTOP TO DATACENTER	77,047	77,047	
	SUBTOTAL PROCUREMENT	354,821	354,821	
	TOTAL DEFENSE HEALTH PROGRAM	40,502,123	40,842,123	
	TOTAL OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS	44,160,242	45,204,413	

## TITLE XLVI—MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION.

Account	State/Country and Installation	Project Title	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized
IILITARY CONSTRUCTIO RMY				
ırmy	Alabama Redstone Arsenal	COST TO COMPLETE—PROPULSION SYSTEMS BUILDING	55,000	55,00
ırmy	Alaska Fort Wainwright	BARRACKS	208,000	63,00
rmy	Fort Wainwright	DINING FACILITY (DESIGN)	0	8,00
	Arizona			
irmy irmy	Fort Huachuca Yuma Proving Ground	FLIGHT CONTROL TOWER (DESIGN) POLE LINE ROAD (DESIGN)	0	2,00 99
uniy	Florida	TOLL LINE NOAD (DESIGN)	U	33
ırmy	Eglin Air Force Base	BARRACKS	91,000	50,00
ırmy	Naval Air Station Key West	COMMAND & CONTROL FACILITY (INC)	50,000	50,00
Army	Georgia Fort Benning	CAMP MERRILL BARRACKS (DESIGN)	0	3,80
ırmy	Fort Gillem	EVIDENCE STORAGE BUILDING	166,000	45,00
ırmy	Fort Gordon	CYBER FACULTY OPERATIONS AND AUDITORIUM FACILITY (DESIGN)	0	6,10
	Germany			
Army	U.S. Army Garrison Ansbach U.S. Army Garrison Rheinland-Pfalz	VEHICLE MAINTENANCE SHOP Known distance range	92,000 9,800	92,00 9,80
irmy irmy	U.S. Army Garrison Rheinland-Pfalz	LIVE FIRE EXERCISE SHOOTHOUSE	13,200	13,20
ırmy	U.S. Army Garrison Rheinland-Pfalz	VEHICLE MAINTENANCE SHOP	39,000	39,00
,	Guam			,
Army	Joint Region Marianas	PDI: GUAM DEFENSE SYSTEM, EIAMD, PHASE 2 (INC)	33,000	33,00
	Hawaii	AIDEIEID ODEDATIONS DIJII DINIS	0	20.00
Army Army	Pohakuloa Training Area Schofield Barracks	AIRFIELD OPERATIONS BUILDING MCA WILDLAND FIRE STATION (DESIGN)	0	20,00
umy	Illinois	MON MILLERING TIME STATION (DESIGN)	U	2,10
Army	Rock Island Arsenal	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER	0	50,00
Army	Rock Island Arsenal	FORGING EQUIPMENT ANNEX (DESIGN)	0	5,00
	Indiana	DVDOTTOURIA DECOLICTION FACILITY	101.000	70.00
ırmy	Crane Army Ammunition Plant Kansas	PYROTECHNIC PRODUCTION FACILITY	161,000	72,00
Army	Fort Riley	AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL TOWER	0	26,000
Army	Fort Riley	AUTOMATED INFANTRY PLATOON BATTLE COURSE	13,200	13,200
Army	Fort Riley	BARRACKS (DESIGN)	0	16,000
	Kentucky	UD VALUE AANVAA VANUE		
Army	Fort Campbell	AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL TOWER BARRACKS	0 112,000	45,000 40,000
Army Army	Fort Campbell Fort Campbell	FLIGHT CONTROL TOWER	112,000	55,000
u,	Maryland	TEIGHT CONTINUE TOWER	Ū	55,000
Army	Aberdeen Proving Ground	APPLIED SCIENCE CENTER, ABERDEEN PROVING GROUND (DESIGN)	0	8,000
	New York			
Army	Fort Drum	AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE HANGAR ADDITION DESIGN)	0	9,824
Army Army	Fort Drum Fort Drum	ORTC TRANSIENT TRAINING BARRACKS (DEISGN) RANGE 41C, AUTOMATED RECORD FIRE PLUS RANGE (DESIGN)	0	8,655 2,500
Army	Fort Hamilton	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER	31,000	31,000
Army	Watervliet Arsenal	ELECTRICAL SWITCHING STATION	29,000	29,000
	North Carolina			
Army	Fort Bragg	AUTOMATED INFANTRY PLATOON BATTLE COURSE	19,000	19,000
Army	Fort Bragg	COST TO COMPLETE AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE HANGAR	24,000	24,000
Army	Oklahoma McAlester Army Ammunition Plant	COST TO COMPLETE—AMMUNITION DEMOLITION SHOP	55,000	55,000
anny	Pennsylvania	0001 TO 00th LETE—Anniholation behave 10th 51101	33,000	33,000
Army	Letterkenny Army Depot	DEFENSE ACCESS ROADS	7,500	7,500
Army	Letterkenny Army Depot	GUIDED MISSILE MAINTENANCE BUILDING	84,000	84,000
Army	Tobyhanna Army Depot	RADAR TEST RANGE EXPANSION	68,000	68,000
A	Republic of the Marshall Islands	AIDEIEID ADDON 0 TAVINAV DEDAID	0	101.000
Army	U.S. Army Garrison Kwajalein South Carolina	AIRFIELD APRON & TAXIWAY REPAIR	0	161,000
Army	Fort Jackson	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER	51,000	51,000
,	Texas			,
Army	Corpus Christi Army Depot	COST TO COMPLETE—POWERTRAIN FACILITY (ENGINE ASSEMBLY)	60,000	60,000
Army	Red River Army Depot	COST TO COMPLETE—COMPONENT REBUILD SHOP	93,000	48,000
	Washington	COMMAND & CONTROL FACILITY	120 000	EE 001
Army	Joint Base Lewis-McChord Worldwide Unspecified	COMMAND & CONTROL FACILITY	128,000	55,000
Army	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN	287,557	287,557
Army	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	FACILITIES, SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION (\$6,159,744 TRANSFERRED FROM O&M)	0	6,459,744
Army	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	HOST NATION SUPPORT	46,031	46,031
Army	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	PDI: INDOPACOM MINOR CONSTRUCTION PILOT	68,453	68,45
Army	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION	79,218	79,21
Subtotal Militar	y Construction, Army		2,173,959	8,477,67
NAVY & MARINE CORPS				
	Arizona			
Navy & Marine Corps	Marine Corps Air Station Yuma	UDP TRANSIENT BARRACKS (DESIGN)	0	6,700
Navy & Marine Corps	Marine Corps Air Station Yuma	WATER TREATMENT PLANT (DESIGN)	0	26,100

# SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION (In Thousands of Dollars)

Account	State/Country and Installation	Project Title	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized
Navy & Marine Corps	Australia Royal Australian Air Force Base Darwin	PDI: AIRCRAFT PARKING APRON (INC)	190,630	190,630
Navy & Marine Corps	Bahrain Naval Support Activity Bahrain	COST TO COMPLETE—FLEET MAINTENANCE FACILITY & TOC	42,000	42,000
	California			
Navy & Marine Corps Navy & Marine Corps	Marine Corps Base Camp Pendleton Marine Corps Base Camp Pendleton	COMMUNICATION CENTER (AREA 52) FIRE EMERGENCY RESPONSE STATION	18,480	18,480 43,800
Navy & Marine Corps	Marine Corps Base Camp Pendleton	MESS HALL & ARMORY (AREA 43)	108,740	22,740
Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Air Station Lemoore	STRIKE FIGHTER CENTER OF EXCELLENCE PACIFIC (INC)	55,542	55,542
Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Base Coronado	FORD CLASS CVN INFRASTRUCTURE UPGRADES, PIER LIMA	103,000	24,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Base Coronado	UNACCOMPANIED HOUSING	0	199,000
Navy & Marine Corps Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Base San Diego Naval Base San Diego	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER RECONNGURABLE CYBER LABORATORY	86,820 0	86,820 68,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Base Ventura County	COMMUNITY & AIRFIELD AREA FLOOD PROTECTION	0	104,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Base Ventura County Point Mugu	COST TO COMPLETE-MQ-25 AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE HANGAR	71,200	71,200
Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Support Activity Monterey Connecticut	NAVAL INNOVATION CENTER (INC)	30,000	30,000
Navy & Marine Corps Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Submarine Base New London Naval Submarine Base New London District of Columbia	WEAPONS MAGAZINE & ORDNANCE OPERATIONS FACILITY SUBMARINE PIER 8 REPLACEMENT	30,000 0	30,000 225,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Marine Barracks Washington (8th Street & I)	BACHELOR ENLISTED QUARTERS & SUPPORT FACILITY (INC)	65,900	65,900
Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Research Laboratory Djibouti	BIOMOLECULAR SCIENCE & SYNTHETIC BIOLOGY LABORATORY	0	157,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Camp Lemmonier Florida	ELECTRICAL POWER PLANT (INC)	51,600	51,600
Navy & Marine Corps	Cape Canaveral Space Force Station	COST TO COMPLETE—ENGINEERING TEST FACILITY	15,600	15,600
Navy & Marine Corps Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Air Station Pensacola Naval Air Station Whiting Field	CONSOLIDATED "A" SCHOOL DORMITORY ADVANCED HELICOPTER TRAINING SYSTEM HANGAR (INC)	0 98,505	164,000 98,505
Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Air Station Whiting Field Georgia	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER (DESIGN)	0	3,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Submarine Base Kings Bay Guam	TRIDENT REFIT FACILITY EXPANSION—COLUMBIA (INC)	119,030	119,030
Navy & Marine Corps	Joint Region Marianas	BLK V VA CLASS OPERATIONAL STORAGE FACILITY	0	103,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Joint Region Marianas	NEX COLD STORAGE WAREHOUSE	0	62,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Andersen Air Force Base Andersen Air Force Base	PDI: JOINT CONSOLIDATED COMMUNICATIONS CENTER (INC) PDI: WATER WELLS	181,124 70,070	121,124 70,070
Navy & Marine Corps Navy & Marine Corps	Joint Region Marianas	PDI: COST TO COMPLETE—X-RAY WHARF BERTH	31,000	31,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Joint Region Marianas	PDI: JOINT COMMUNICATION UPGRADE (INC)	158,600	83,600
Navy & Marine Corps	Joint Region Marianas	PDI: MISSILE INTEGRATION TEST FACILITY (INC)	87,270	87,270
Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Base Guam	PDI: INNER APRA HARBOR RESILIENCY	105,950	105,950
Navy & Marine Corps Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Base Guam North Finegayan Telecommunications Site Naval Base Guam North Finegayan Telecommunications Site	PDI: ARTILLERY BATTERY FACILITIES (INC) PDI: RECYCLE CENTER	64,774 61,010	64,774 61,010
Navy & Marine Corps	Joint Region Marianas	POLARIS POINT ECP UPGRADE	0	35,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Joint Region Marianas	POLARIS POINT ECP UPGRADE	0	587,020
Navy & Marine Corps	Joint Region Marianas	SATELLITE FIRE STATION	0	23,000
Navy & Marine Corps Navy & Marine Corps	Joint Region Marianas Joint Region Marianas	SUBMARINE MAINTENANCE FACILITY PHASES 1–3 UTILITY INFRASTRUCTURE & ACCESS ROAD	0	537,100 32,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Hawaii Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam	DDG-1000 SHIP SUPPORT INFRASTRUCTURE UPGRADES	83,000	83,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam	DRY DOCK 3 REPLACEMENT (INC)	553,720	492,720
Navy & Marine Corps	Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam	WATER TREATMENT PLANT (INC)	141,650	141,650
Navy & Marine Corps	Marine Corps Base Kaneohe Bay	ELECTRICAL DISTRIBUTION MODERNIZATION	0	94,250
Navy & Marine Corps	Marine Corps Base Kaneohe Bay	MAIN GATE ENTRY REPLACEMENT	100.250	49,260
Navy & Marine Corps Navy & Marine Corps	Marine Corps Base Kaneohe Bay Pacific Missile Range Facility Barking Sands	WATER RECLAMATION FACILITY COMPLIANCE UPGRADE (INC) PDI: AIRFIELD PAVEMENT UPGRADES	108,350 235,730	37,350 65,730
Navy & Marine Corps	Japan Marine Corps Base Camp Smedley D. Butler	PDI: SCHOOL AGE CARE CENTERS	58,000	58,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Maine Portsmouth Naval Shipyard	MULTI-MISSION DRYDOCK #1 EXTENSION (INC)	220,793	220,793
Navy & Marine Corps	Portsmouth Naval Shipyard Maryland	POWER RELIABILITY & WATER RESILIENCE UPGRADES (INC)	227,769	227,769
Navy & Marine Corps	National Maritime Intelligence Center	FOREIGN MATERIALS EXPLOITATION LAB	114,000	73,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Support Facility Indian Head	CONT AINED BURN FACILITY	0	65,000
Navy & Marine Corps	US Naval Academy Annapolis Nevada	STORM WATER MANAGEMENT FACILITIES	0	86,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Air Station Fallon North Carolina	RANGE TRAINING COMPLEX IMPROVEMENTS	47,000	47,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Marine Corps Air Station Cherry Point Marine Corps Air Station Cherry Point	F-35 AIRCRAFT SUSTAINMENT CTR (INC) FLIGHTLINE UTILITIES MODERNIZATION, PHASE 2 (DESIGN)	200,000	40,000
Navy & Marine Corps Navy & Marine Corps	Marine Corps Base Camp Lejeune	AMPHIBIOUS COMBAT VEHICLE SHELTERS	0	15,000 48,280
Navy & Marine Corps	Pennsylvania Naval Support Activity Mechanicsburg	MACHINERY CONTROL DEVELOPMENT CENTER	0	88,000
,	Rhode Island	en e	·	,-00
Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Station Newport	CONSOLIDATED RDT&E SYSTEMS FACILITY	0	40,000
Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Station Newport	NEXT GENERATION SECURE SUBMARINE PLATFORM FACILITY	0	73,000
Navy & Marine Corps Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Station Newport Naval Station Newport	NEXT GENERATION TORPEDO INTEGRATION LAB SUBMARINE PAYLOAD INTEGRATION LABORATORY	0	37,000 40,000
Navy & Marine Corps  Navy & Marine Corps	South Carolina Joint Base Charleston	NUCLEAR POWER TRAINING FACILITY SIMULATION EXPANSION (INC)	65,400	65,400
Navy & Marine Corps	Virginia Joint Expeditionary Base Little Creek-Fort Story	COST TO COMPLETE—CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER	12,360	12,360
Navy & Marine Corps	Marine Corps Base Quantico	WATER TREATMENT PLANT	63,560	63,560
			,	,

# SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION (In Thousands of Dollars)

Account	State/Country and Installation	Project Title	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized
Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Station Norfolk	ELECTRICAL DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM UPGRADES (INC)	93,307	93,307
Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Station Norfolk	MQ-25 AIRCRAFT LAYDOWN FACILITIES	20,430	20,430
Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Station Norfolk	PPV UNACCOMPANIED HOUSING INVESTMENT	380,000	380,000
Navy & Marine Corps Navy & Marine Corps	Naval Weapons Station Yorktown Norfolk Naval Shipyard	WEAPONS MAGAZINES (INC) DRY DOCK 3 MODERNIZATION (INC)	71,758 188,576	71,758 188,576
vavy & mainie Guips	Washington	DRT DOOR 3 MODERNIZATION (INC)	100,370	100,370
lavy & Marine Corps	Naval Air Station Whidbey Island	EA-18G GROWLER MAINTENANCE FACILITY	0	75,000
lavy & Marine Corps	Naval Base Kitsap-Bangor	TRIDENT REFIT FACILITY WAREHOUSE	245,700	95,700
avy & Marine Corps	Puget Sound Naval Shipyard	COST TO COMPLETE—CVN 78 AIRCRAFT CARRIER ELECTRICAL UPGRADES	48,800	48,800
aus 9 Marina Carna	Worldwide Unspecified	DATA DDOCESSING FACILITY	E7 100	E7 100
avy & Marine Corps avy & Marine Corps	Unspecified Worldwide Locations Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DATA PROCESSING FACILITY DESIGN	57,190 562,423	57,190 562,423
lavy & Marine Corps	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	FACILITIES, SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION (NAVY) (\$3,991,438 TRANSFERRED FROM O&M)	0 0	4,191,438
lavy & Marine Corps	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	FACILITIES, SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION (MATTIN CORPS) (\$2,079,890 TRANSFERRED FROM	0	2,179,890
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		O&M)		, ,,,,,,
lavy & Marine Corps	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	INDOPACOM MILITARY CONSTRUCTION PILOT PROGRAM	162,855	162,855
lavy & Marine Corps	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	JOINT MARITIME FACILITY	72,430	72,430
Navy & Marine Corps	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION	119,331	119,331
Subtotal Military	Construction, Navy & Marine Corps		6,012,677	14,517,515
AIR FORCE	Alaska			
Air Force	Eielson Air Force Base	COAL THAW SHED ADDITION (DESIGN)	0	1,750
iir Force	Eielson Air Force Base	CONSOLIDATED MUNITIONS COMPLEX (DESIGN)	0	13,200
ir Force	Eielson Air Force Base	JOINT PACIFIC ALASKA RANGE COMPLEX OPERATIONS FACILITY (DESIGN)	0	8,040
Air Force	Joint Base Elmendorf-Richardson	JOINT INTEGRATED TEST & TRAINING CENTER (INC)	152,000	82,000
	Arizona			
Air Force	Davis-Monthan Air Force Base	COMMUNICATIONS HEADQUARTERS FACILITY	49,000	49,000
Air Force Air Force	Davis-Monthan Air Force Base Luke Air Force Base	MC—130J HANGAR/AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE UNIT CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER	125,000 0	50,000 45,000
Air Force	California	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER	U	45,000
Air Force	Travis Air Force Base	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER	60,000	60,000
V:- F	Diego Garcia	ODERATIONS SUPPORT FACILITY	00.000	00.000
Air Force	Naval Support Facility Diego Garcia	OPERATIONS SUPPORT FACILITY	29,000	29,000
Air Force	Florida Cape Canaveral Space Force Station	INSTALL WASTE WATER "FORCE" MAIN, ICBM ROAD	11,400	11,400
Air Force	Cape Canaveral Space Force Station	INSTALL WATER MAIN, ICBM ROAD	10,400	10,400
Air Force	Cape Canaveral Space Force Station	PHILLIPS PARKWAY HAUL ROUTE	28,000	28,000
Air Force	Eglin Air Force Base	350TH SPECTRUM WARFARE WING (DESIGN)	0	3,300
Air Force	Eglin Air Force Base	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER WITH LAND ACQUISITION	41,000	41,000
Air Force	Eglin Air Force Base	F-35A ADAL SQUADRON OPERATIONS	23,000	23,000
Air Force	Eglin Air Force Base	F-35A DEVELOPMENTAL TEST 2-BAY MX HANGAR	52,000	52,000
Air Force	Eglin Air Force Base	F-35A DEVELOPMENTAL TEST 2-BAY TEST HANGAR	50,000	50,000
Air Force	Hurlburt Field	361 ISRG MISSION OPERATIONS FACILITY	0	66,000
Air Force	MacDill Air Force Base	KC-46A ADAL AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE HANGAR 2	30,000	30,000
Air Force	MacDill Air Force Base	KC-46A ADAL AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE HANGAR 3	33,000	33,000
iir Force iir Force	MacDill Air Force Base Tyndall Air Force Base	KC—46A GENERAL PURPOSE WAREHOUSE FIRE/CRASH RESCUE STATION	11,000 0	11,000 48,000
III FUICE	Georgia	FINE/CRASH RESCUE STATION	U	40,000
Air Force	Moody Air Force Base	23RD SECURITY FORCES SQUADRON OPS FACILITY	0	35,000
Air Force	Moody Air Force Base	MILITARY WORKING DOG KENNEL	0	14,500
Air Force	Robins Air Force Base	AIR TRAFFIC CONTROL TOWER	28,000	28,000
	Germany			
Air Force	Ramstein Air Base	35 POINT INDOOR FIRING RANGE	44,000	44,000
Air Force	Ramstein Air Base	AEROMEDICAL EVACUATION COMPOUND	29,000	0
V:- F	Greenland	DUNIUM ADDOGACII LANDING CVCTTM	20.000	20.000
Air Force	Pituffik Space Base Hawaii	RUNWAY APPROACH LANDING SYSTEM	32,000	32,000
Air Force	Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam	COMBINED OPERATIONS CENTER (DESIGN)	0	5,000
	Japan			
Air Force	Kadena Air Base	PDI: THEATER A/C CORROSION CONTROL CENTER (INC)	66,350	66,350
	Louisiana			
Air Force	Barksdale Air Force Base	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER (DESIGN)	0	2,200
Air Force	Barksdale Air Force Base Maryland	WEAPONS GENERATION FACILITIES DORMITORY	116,000	18,000
Air Force	Joint Base Anacostia-Bolling	LARGE VEHICLE INSPECTION STATION	0	50,000
All Tutce	Massachusetts	LANGE VEHICLE INSI ECTION STATION	U	30,000
Air Force	Hanscom Air Force Base	FIRE STATION	55,000	55,000
	Mississippi	•••••	55,000	50,000
Air Force	Columbus Air Force Base	WATER TANK STORAGE	0	14,200
	Missouri			
Air Force	Whiteman Air Force Base	B-21 ADAL WEAPONS RELEASE SYSTEM STORAGE	13,600	13,600
Air Force	Whiteman Air Force Base	B-21 RADIO FREQUENCY HANGAR	114,000	20,000
N:	Montana Melmetrem Air Ferre Boss	MEADONG CTODAGE & MAINTENANCE FACILITY (MG)	00.000	00.000
Air Force	Malmstrom Air Force Base	WEAPONS STORAGE & MAINTENANCE FACILITY (INC)	60,000	60,000
III TOTOC	Nebraska			1 000
	Offutt Air Force Rase	SAUC REDDOWN_I_RAY HANGAR (DESIGN)	D	
ir Force	Offutt Air Force Base	SAOC BEDDOWN—1-BAY HANGAR (DESIGN) SAOC BEDDOWN—2-RAY HANGAR (DESIGN)	0	,
Air Force Air Force	Offutt Air Force Base	SAOC BEDDOWN—2—BAY HANGAR (DESIGN)	0	1,900 16,000 7,350
Air Force Air Force Air Force				,

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Account	State/Country and Installation	Project Title	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized
	New Jersey			
Air Force Air Force	Joint Base McGuire-Dix-Lakehurst Joint Base McGuire-Dix-Lakehurst	WELL NO. 5 WELL NO. 6	0	11,500 11,500
	New Mexico			,
Air Force	Cannon Air Force Base Cannon Air Force Base	192 BED DORMITORY (DESIGN)	0	9,000
Air Force Air Force	Cannon Air Force Base Cannon Air Force Base	DEPLOYMENT PROCESSING CENTER DORMITORY	90,000	79,000 10,000
Air Force	Kirtland Air Force Base	58 SOW/PJ/CRO PIPELINE DORM	0	91,000
Air Force	Kirtland Air Force Base	COMBAT RESCUE HELICOPTER SIMULATOR	0	33,000
Air Force	Kirtland Air Force Base	EXPLOSIVE OPERATIONS BUILDING	0	26,000
Air Force	Kirtland Air Force Base Kirtland Air Force Base	Joint Navigation warfare center headquarters (design)  Space Rapid Capabilities office headquarters	0 000	6,200
Air Force	North Carolina	SPACE KAPIU GAPADILIIIES UFFICE HEADQUAKTEKS	83,000	83,000
Air Force	Seymour Johnson Air Force Base	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER	0	54,000
Air Force	Seymour Johnson Air Force Base	COMBAT ARMS TRAINING AND MAINTENANCE COMPLEX	0	41,000
Air Force	Norway  Royal Norwegian Air Force Base Rygge	QUICK REACTION AIRCRAFT HANGAR	72,000	72,000
7111 1 0100	Ohio	QUICK RESIDENT AUTOMAT TANIGATIC	72,000	72,000
Air Force	Wright-Patterson Air Force Base	AI SUPERCOMPUTING CENTER (DESIGN)	0	2,800
Air Force	Wright-Patterson Air Force Base	HUMAN PERFORMANCE CENTER LAB	0	45,000
Air Force	Wright-Patterson Air Force Base Oklahoma	RUNWAY (DESIGN)	0	15,000
Air Force	Tinker Air Force Base	BOMBER AGILE COMMON HANGAR (INC)	127,000	15,000
Air Force	Tinker Air Force Base	CHILD DEVELOPMENT CENTER	54,000	54,000
Air Force	Tinker Air Force Base	E-7 SQUAD OPERATIONS CENTER	0	108,000
Air Force	South Dakota Filsworth Air Force Base	B-21 ADD FLIGHT SIMULATOR 2	63,000	63,000
Air Force	Ellsworth Air Force Base	B-21 ALERT FACILITY	71,000	71,000
Air Force	Ellsworth Air Force Base	B-21 ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SHELTERS	75,000	75,000
Air Force	Ellsworth Air Force Base	B-21 S. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SHELTERS	88,000	88,000
Air Force	Ellsworth Air Force Base	B-21 W. ALERT APRON & ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SHELTERS	81,000	81,000
Air Force	Tennessee Arnold Air Force Base	INSTALLATION ACP GATE 2 UPGRADE	0	17,500
All Folce	Texas	INSTALLATION ACT GATE 2 UPGRADE	U	17,300
Air Force	Dyess Air Force Base	B-21 LOW OBSERVABLE CORROSION HANGAR AND THE MISSION PLANNING FACILITY (DESIGN)	0	24,700
Air Force	Dyess Air Force Base	B-21 MISSION PLANNING FACILITY	78,000	78,000
Air Force	Dyess Air Force Base	B-21 UTILITIES & SITE IMPROVEMENTS	12,800	12,800
Air Force	Dyess Air Force Base	GATE REPAIRS (DESIGN)	110.000	4,500
Air Force Air Force	Goodfellow Air Force Base Joint Base San Antonio-Lackland	PIPELINE STUDENT DORMITORY BMT CLASSROOMS/DINING FACILITY 4 (INC)	112,000 79,000	23,000 29,000
All Torce	United Kingdom	Dini OEAGSIOONIS/Dining Project 4 (INO)	73,000	23,000
Air Force	Royal Air Force Feltwell	RADR STORAGE FACILITY	20,000	20,000
Air Force	Royal Air Force Lakenheath	SURETY: COMMAND POST	104,000	10,000
Air Force	Royal Air Force Lakenheath	SURETY: DEFENDER OPERATIONS COMPOUND	149,000	10,000
Air Force	Utah Hill Air Force Base	F-35 MAINTENANCE FACILITY, PHASE 1 (INC)	22,000	22,000
Air Force	Hill Air Force Base	T-7A DEPOT MAINTENANCE COMPLEX (INC)	178,000	123,000
7111 1 0100	Virginia	1 777 DEI OF INMINITERATIOE COMM EEN (INC)	170,000	120,000
Air Force	Joint Base Langley-Eustis	FUEL SYSTEM MAINTENANCE DOCK	0	49,000
Air Force	Langley Air Force Base	192ND WING HEADQUARTERS (DESIGN)	0	3,200
Air Force	Washington Fairchild Air Force Base	ALTERATION AIRCRAFT PARTS WAREHOUSE (DESIGN)	0	2,500
All Folce	Worldwide Unspecified	ALTERATION AIRCRAFT FARTS WAREHOUSE (DESIGN)	U	2,300
Air Force	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN	573,223	573,223
Air Force	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	FACILITIES, SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION (AIR FORCE) (\$3,093,331 TRANSFERRED FROM	0	3,643,331
		0&M)		
Air Force	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	FACILITIES, SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION (SPACE FORCE) (TRANSFERRED FROM 0&M)	122.000	557,175
Air Force Air Force	Unspecified Worldwide Locations Unspecified Worldwide Locations	INDOPACOM MILITARY CONSTRUCTION PILOT PROGRAM UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION	123,800 72,900	123,800 72,900
7111 1 0100	Wyoming	ONO EDITIED INITIAL CONTINUOUS	72,000	72,000
Air Force	F.E. Warren Air Force Base	GBSD UTILITY CORRIDOR (INC)	130,000	130,000
Subtotal Milita	ary Construction. Air Force		3,721,473	7,906,432
	,		-,,	1,111,111
DEFENSE-WIDE				
DEFENCE WIDE	Alabama			
Defense-Wide	DLA Distribution Center Anniston	GENERAL PURPOSE WAREHOUSE	32,000	32,000
	California			
Defense-Wide	Armed Forces Reserve Center Mountain View	POWER GENERATION & MICROGRID	0	20,600
Defense-Wide	Naval Base Coronado Travis Air Force Base	SOF SEAL TEAM SEVENTEEN OPERATIONS FACILITY MEDICAL WAREHOUSE ADDITION	40.000	75,900
Defense-Wide Defense-Wide	Travis Air Force Base Travis Air Force Base	POWER GENERATION & MICROGRID	49,980 0	49,980 25,120
Detende mae	Cuba	TOTAL GENERATION & INICIONAL	•	20,120
Defense-Wide	Naval Station Guantanamo Bay	HOSPITAL REPLACEMENT (INC 3)	35,794	35,794
	Florida			_
Defense-Wide	Homestead Air Reserve Base	SOF CLIMATE CONTROLLED TACTICAL STORAGE WAREHOUSE	0	33,000
Defense-Wide	Marine Corps Support Facility Blount Island	POWER GENERATION & ELECTRICAL INFRASTRUCTURE RESILIENCE	0	30,500
Defense-Wide	Georgia Fort Benning	DEXTER ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	127,375	22,375
	Germany	CEEINETT WIT GOTTOE	121,010	22,010
Defense-Wide	Rhine Ordnance Barracks	MEDICAL CENTER REPLACEMENT (INC 12)	99,167	99,167
Defense-Wide	U.S. Army Garrison Ansbach	POWER GENERATION & MICROGRID	0	73,000

# SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION (In Thousands of Dollars)

16,700 183,900 61,903 0 0	61,903 53,000
61,903 0 0	
61,903 0 0	61,903 53,000
0	53,000
0	63,010
	10,000
455,000	395,000
26,600	26,600
70,000	70,000
0	10,000
0	38,500
	80,000
	32,000
	65,000
	80,000
	34,000
	90,000
90,000	90,000
	13,400
155,000	41,000
0	19,800
0	34,500
500,000	147,327
322,200 45,000	47,200 45,000
0	28,500
34,000	34,000
85 000	85,000
	71,000
,	,
26,571	26,571
29,077	29,077
30,900	30,900
38,669	38,669
21,360	21,360
14,842	14,842
32,731	32,731
2,000	2,000
14,851	14,851
RAM 684,330	0
4,727	4,727
77,000	77,000
3,000	3,000
3,084	3,084
4,140	4,140
6,000	6,000
25,000	25,000
3,792,301	2,702,728
0	4,000
	55,000
	5,000
0	3,050 8,000
0	55,000
13,800	13,800
0	1,850
0	4,400
D (DESIGNI)	11,600
•	SISION 0 130,000 0 80,000 0 90,000 13,400 155,000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

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Account	State/Country and Installation	Project Title	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized
Army National Guard	Meridian Readiness Center and Army Aviation Support Facil- ity Nevada	ARMY AVIATION SUPPORT FACILITY (DESIGN)	0	2,200
Army National Guard	Henderson Armory New Hampshire	ARMORY EXPANSION (DESIGN)	0	2,371
Army National Guard	Plymouth Training Center New Mexico	READINESS CENTER	26,000	26,000
Army National Guard	Santa Fe Training Center New York	SOLDIER PERFORMANCE READINESS CENTER (DESIGN)	0	4,250
Army National Guard	Albany North Carolina	READINESS CENTER	0	90,000
Army National Guard	Salisbury Training Center North Dakota	AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE HANGAR ADDITION/ALTERATION	0	69,000
Army National Guard	Jamestown Armory Oregon	ARMORY (DESIGN)	0	5,200
Army National Guard	Naval Weapons Systems Training Facility Boardman South Dakota	AUTOMATED MULTIPURPOSE MACHINE GUN (MPMG) RANGE	0	16,000
Army National Guard	Watertown Training Center Tennessee	VEHICLE MAINTENANCE SHOP	28,000	28,000
Army National Guard	Smyrna Training Site Vermont	AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE HANGAR (DESIGN)	0	4,000
Army National Guard	Swanton Armory Virginia	READINESS CENTER (DESIGN)	0	4,000
Army National Guard	Army Aviation Support Facility Sandston Washington	COST TO COMPLETE—AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE HANGAR	15,500	15,500
Army National Guard	Fairchild Air Force Base	DINING FACILITY (DESIGN)	0	1,800
Army National Guard	Wisconsin Black River Falls	READINESS CENTER (DESIGN)	0	2,000
Army National Guard	Worldwide Unspecified Unspecified Worldwide Locations Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN	13,580 0	13,580
Army National Guard Army National Guard	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	FACILITIES, SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION (TRANSFERRED FROM 0&M) UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION	0	1,275,984 39,000
Subtotal Military	Construction, Army National Guard		151,880	1,760,585
ARMY RESERVE				
Army Reserve	Alabama Maxwell Gunter	AREA MAINTENANCE SUPPORT ACTIVITY	0	28,000
Army Reserve	Alaska Joint Base Elmendorf-Richardson	MAINTENANCE FACILITY	0	46,000
Army Reserve	Illinois Fort Sheridan	AREA MAINTENANCE SUPPORT ACTIVITY	0	36,000
Army Reserve	Pennsylvania New Castle Army Reserve Center	AREA MAINTENANCE SUPPORT ACTIVITY/VMS/LAND	30,000	30,000
Army Reserve	Texas Conroe Army Reserve Center	ROTARY-WING LANDING PAD & TAXIWAY	0	12,000
Army Reserve	Worldwide Unspecified Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN	6,013	6,013
Army Reserve Army Reserve	Unspecified Worldwide Locations Unspecified Worldwide Locations	FACILITIES, SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION (TRANSFERRED FROM 0&M) UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION	0 6,226	504,922 6,226
	Construction, Army Reserve		42,239	669,161
NAVY RESERVE & MARINE	Maine			
Navy Reserve & Marine Corps Reserve	Portsmouth Naval Shipyard	PARKING CONSOLIDATION (DESIGN)	0	1,020
Navy Reserve & Marine Corps Reserve	Texas Naval Air Station Joint Reserve Base Fort Worth	AIRCRAFT HANGAR MODERNIZATION	0	106,870
Navy Reserve & Marine	Worldwide Unspecified Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN	2,255	2,255
Corps Reserve Navy Reserve & Marine	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	FACILITIES, SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION (MARINE CORPS RESERVE) (TRANSFERRED FROM	0	48,519
Corps Reserve Navy Reserve & Marine Corps Reserve	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	0&M) FACILITIES, SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION (NAVY RESERVE) (TRANSFERRED FROM 0&M)	0	58,213
	Construction, Navy Reserve & Marine Corps Reserve		2,255	216,877
AIR NATIONAL GUARD				
Air National Guard	Alaska Eielson Air Force Base	BCE PAVEMENTS & GROUNDS FACILITY	0	16,000
Air National Guard	Joint Base Elmendorf-Richardson Georgia	BASE SUPPLY COMPLEX	46,000	46,000
Air National Guard Air National Guard	Savannah Combat Readiness Training Center Savannah Combat Readiness Training Center	C130J CORROSION CONTROL FACILITY (DESIGN) TROOP CAMP (DESIGN)	0	1,130 3,800
Air National Guard Air National Guard	Savannah Hilton Head International Airport Savannah/Hilton Head International Airport	C—1301 CORROSION CONTROL FACILITY DINING HALL & SERVICES TRAIN FACILITY	0 27,000	11,400 27,000

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	State/Country and Installation	Project Title	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authoriz
Air National Guard	Scott Air Force Base	AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE HANGAR (DESIGN)	0	6
Air National Guard	Indiana Fort Wayne International Airport Iowa	F16 MISSION TRAINING FACILITY (DESIGN)	0	18
ir National Guard	Sioux Gateway Airport	ADAL AIRCRAFT PARKING APRON	0	45
r National Guard	Sioux Gateway Airport	EXTEND RUNWAY 13-31	0	47
r National Guard	Sioux Gateway Airport	REPAIR RUNWAY 13-31	0	45
National Guard	Sioux Gateway Airport	WARM-UP / HOLDING PAD	0	11
National Guard	Maine Bangor Air National Guard Base Manuard	MENG 101ST ARW AMXS/AGE FACILITY (DESIGN)	0	2
National Guard	Maryland Warfield Air National Guard Base Massachusetts	ENGINE SOUND SUPPRESSOR EQUIPMENT (DESIGN)	0	
National Guard	Otis Air National Guard Base Michigan	DINING FACILITY / EMEDS	31,000	3
r National Guard	Selfridge Air National Guard Base	Brayo runway improvement (design)	0	
National Guard	Selfridge Air National Guard Base	RUNWAY IMPROVEMENT PROJECT (DESIGN)	0	
National Guard	Selfridge Air National Guard Base	TAXIWAY ALPHA RUNWAY IMPROVEMENT (DESIGN)	0	
	Mississippi			
National Guard	Key Field Air National Guard Base	BASE SUPPLY WAREHOUSE	19,000	1
National Guard	Key Field Air National Guard Base Nevada	CORROSION CONTROL HANGAR (DESIGN)	0	
National Guard	Reno-Tahoe International Airport	ENGINE MAINTENANCE AND SUPPORT EQUIPMENT FACILITY (DESIGN)	0	
National Guard	Reno-Tahoe International Airport New Hampshire	FUEL CELL HANGAR (DESIGN)	·	
National Guard	Pease Air National Guard Base New Jersey	SMALL ARMS RANGE	0	1
National Guard	Atlantic City International Airport Oregon	MAINTENANCE HANGAR ADDITION PHASE 1	0	6
National Guard	Kingsley Field Air National Guard Base	ACADEMIC TRAINING CENTER (DESIGN)	0	
National Guard	Klamath Falls Airport	F-35 FTU ACADEMIC TRAINING CENTER	0	8
National Guard	Portland International Airport Utah	ADAL COMMUNICATIONS ANNEX	16,500	1
National Guard	Salt Lake City International Airport	FUEL CELL CORROSION CONTROL HANGAR	0	7
National Guard	Salt Lake City International Airport West Virginia	MAINT HANGAR & SHOPS	0	7
National Guard	Mclaughlin Air National Guard Base Wisconsin	SQUADRON OPERATIONS FACILITY (DESIGN)	0	
National Guard	Volk Air National Guard Base Worldwide Unspecified	ADAL ACS COMPLEX	0	,
National Guard National Guard	Unspecified Worldwide Locations Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN FACILITIES, SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION (TRANSFERRED FROM 0&M)	24,146 0	2 54
National Guard	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION	25,000	2
Subtotal Military			188,646	1,30
R FORCE RESERVE				
Force Reserve	Delaware Dover Air Force Base	512TH OPERATIONS GROUP FACILITY	42,000	
TOICE NESCIVE	New York Niagara Falls Air Reserve Station	COMBINED OPERATIONS FACILITY	42,000	5
Force Posenia	South Carolina	COMMINED OF ENAMORIES PROJECT	U	
		MEDICAL FACILITY ADDITION 307RW	0	
Force Reserve	Joint Base Charleston Air Reserve Base Texas	MEDICAL FACILITY ADDITION 307BW	0	
Force Reserve	Joint Base Charleston Air Reserve Base Texas Joint Base San Antonio-Lackland Virginia	C5M AGE MAINTENANCE FACILITY	18,000	1
Force Reserve Force Reserve	Joint Base Charleston Air Reserve Base Texas Joint Base San Antonio-Lackland Virginia Joint Base Langley-Eustis Worldwide Unspecified	C5M AGE MAINTENANCE FACILITY TARGETING ISR CRITICAL COMMUNICATIONS DATA FACILITY (DESIGN)	18,000	1
Force Reserve Force Reserve Force Reserve	Joint Base Charleston Air Reserve Base Texas Joint Base San Antonio-Lackland Virginia Joint Base Langley-Eustis Worldwide Unspecified Unspecified Worldwide Locations	C5M AGE MAINTENANCE FACILITY  TARGETING ISR CRITICAL COMMUNICATIONS DATA FACILITY (DESIGN)  DESIGN	18,000 0 270	1
Force Reserve Force Reserve Force Reserve Force Reserve Force Reserve	Joint Base Charleston Air Reserve Base Texas Joint Base San Antonio-Lackland Virginia Joint Base Langley-Eustis Worldwide Unspecified	C5M AGE MAINTENANCE FACILITY TARGETING ISR CRITICAL COMMUNICATIONS DATA FACILITY (DESIGN)	18,000	1
Force Reserve Force Reserve Force Reserve Force Reserve Force Reserve Force Reserve	Joint Base Charleston Air Reserve Base Texas Joint Base San Antonio-Lackland Virginia Joint Base Langley-Eustis Worldwide Unspecified Unspecified Worldwide Locations Unspecified Worldwide Locations Unspecified Worldwide Locations	C5M AGE MAINTENANCE FACILITY  TARGETING ISR CRITICAL COMMUNICATIONS DATA FACILITY (DESIGN)  DESIGN FACILITIES, SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION (TRANSFERRED FROM 0&M)	18,000 0 270 0 188	1 1 18
Force Reserve Force Reserve Force Reserve Force Reserve Force Reserve Force Reserve Subtotal Military	Joint Base Charleston Air Reserve Base Texas Joint Base San Antonio-Lackland Virginia Joint Base Langley-Eustis Worldwide Unspecified Unspecified Worldwide Locations V Construction, Air Force Reserve	C5M AGE MAINTENANCE FACILITY  TARGETING ISR CRITICAL COMMUNICATIONS DATA FACILITY (DESIGN)  DESIGN FACILITIES, SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION (TRANSFERRED FROM 0&M) UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION	18,000 0 270 0 188	1 1 18
Force Reserve Force Reserve Force Reserve Force Reserve Force Reserve Force Reserve Subtotal Military	Joint Base Charleston Air Reserve Base Texas Joint Base San Antonio-Lackland Virginia Joint Base Langley-Eustis Worldwide Unspecified Unspecified Worldwide Locations	C5M AGE MAINTENANCE FACILITY  TARGETING ISR CRITICAL COMMUNICATIONS DATA FACILITY (DESIGN)  DESIGN FACILITIES, SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION (TRANSFERRED FROM 0&M) UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION	18,000 0 270 0 188	1 1 18 30
r Force Reserve Force Reserve Subtotal Military	Joint Base Charleston Air Reserve Base Texas Joint Base San Antonio-Lackland Virginia Joint Base Langley-Eustis Worldwide Unspecified Unspecified Worldwide Locations Unspecified Worldwide Locations Unspecified Worldwide Locations Voorstruction, Air Force Reserve MENT PROGRAM Worldwide Unspecified NATO Security Investment Program	C5M AGE MAINTENANCE FACILITY  TARGETING ISR CRITICAL COMMUNICATIONS DATA FACILITY (DESIGN)  DESIGN FACILITIES, SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION (TRANSFERRED FROM 0&M)  UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION	18,000 0 270 0 188 <b>60,458</b>	1 18 36 53
r Force Reserve Subtotal Military ATO SECURITY INVESTM	Joint Base Charleston Air Reserve Base Texas Joint Base San Antonio-Lackland Virginia Joint Base Langley-Eustis Worldwide Unspecified Unspecified Worldwide Locations Unspecified Worldwide Locations Unspecified Worldwide Locations V Construction, Air Force Reserve MENT PROGRAM Worldwide Unspecified NATO Security Investment Program	C5M AGE MAINTENANCE FACILITY  TARGETING ISR CRITICAL COMMUNICATIONS DATA FACILITY (DESIGN)  DESIGN FACILITIES, SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION (TRANSFERRED FROM 0&M) UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION  NATO SECURITY INVESTMENT PROGRAM	18,000 0 270 0 188 <b>60,458</b>	1 18 30 53
ATO SECURITY INVESTM	Joint Base Charleston Air Reserve Base Texas Joint Base San Antonio-Lackland Virginia Joint Base Langley-Eustis Worldwide Unspecified Unspecified Worldwide Locations Unspecified Worldwide Locations Unspecified Worldwide Locations V Construction, Air Force Reserve MENT PROGRAM Worldwide Unspecified NATO Security Investment Program	C5M AGE MAINTENANCE FACILITY  TARGETING ISR CRITICAL COMMUNICATIONS DATA FACILITY (DESIGN)  DESIGN FACILITIES, SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION (TRANSFERRED FROM 0&M) UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION  NATO SECURITY INVESTMENT PROGRAM	18,000 0 270 0 188 <b>60,458</b>	3 1 1 18 30 53 53
r Force Reserve Subtotal Military ATO SECURITY INVESTM ATO Subtotal NATO S  DOPACIFIC COMBATAN LCON, INDOPACOM	Joint Base Charleston Air Reserve Base Texas Joint Base San Antonio-Lackland Virginia Joint Base Langley-Eustis Worldwide Unspecified Unspecified Worldwide Locations Unspecified Worldwide Locations Unspecified Worldwide Locations V Construction, Air Force Reserve  MENT PROGRAM Worldwide Unspecified NATO Security Investment Program  Security Investment Program  IT COMMAND Worldwide Unspecified Unspecified Worldwide Locations	CSM AGE MAINTENANCE FACILITY  TARGETING ISR CRITICAL COMMUNICATIONS DATA FACILITY (DESIGN)  DESIGN FACILITIES, SUSTAINMENT, RESTORATION & MODERNIZATION (TRANSFERRED FROM 0&M) UNSPECIFIED MINOR CONSTRUCTION  NATO SECURITY INVESTMENT PROGRAM	18,000 0 270 0 188 <b>60,458</b> 481,832	18 30 53

FAMILY HOUSING FAMILY HOUSING CONSTRUCTION, ARMY

### SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION

Substituti Family Number   Construction, Name   Parish	Account	State/Country and Installation	Project Title	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized
Commany	am Haw Con Army		FAMILY HOLICING NEW CONCEDITION (100 HINTS)	145.042	AE OA
### DESIGNATION   Process   Content		Germany			,
Sedected Family Incoming Controvation, Jerny   20,055   12,05		Worldwide Unspecified			,
Mart   Michael Bolds	am Hsg Con, Army	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN	32,824	
Birth   Code   Arry   Disposited   Disposited   Code   C	Subtotal Family	Housing Construction, Army		228,558	128,55
Temps   Code   Amy   Comparison   State   Control   Code   Control   Code   C	FAMILY HOUSING O&M, I				
Marie Graph Anny   Despetitive Medianale Leadation   MARIE Classifies   Marie Graph Anny   Marie Graph Anny   Marie Classifies   MARIE Classifie	am Hsg O&M. Armv		FURNISHINGS	16.254	16.25
The SQL ARE   Company			HOUSING PRIVATIZATION SUPPORT	41,089	41,08
am ing COAD, Amy   Despetified Windrobide Learborn   MANGELERIT   MANG					116,27
am fig CAA Army   Despecified Windowice Incentions   MSCRILARAZIS   136   31   31   31   31   31   31   3					,
an ling GAA, Amy   Unspecified Windshell Leadins   \$1,000					
Marie Corp.					
Saldrated Family Notewing Operations And Maintenance, Army  Amily Modeling Constituctions, Many & Markine Corpes  Constituctions  and Rigs Cons, Navy & Busine Region Marianas  COST TO COUPLET—REPLACE ANDERSEN HOUSING, PMASE 4 (88 UNITS)  18,304  18,305  18,000					,
Part   HOUSING CONSTRUCTION, NAVY & MARGINE CORPS   Guard   Such Region Marianas   COST TO COMPLET—REPLACE ANDERSEN HOUSING, PINASE 4 (GB LUNTS)   15.884   13.88					
Description	Subtotal Family	Housing Operation And Maintenance, Army		378,418	378,41
Same   Same   Day   Same   S	FAMILY HOUSING CONST				
Tame	Fam Hsg Con, Navy &		COST TO COMPLETE—REPLACE ANDERSEN HOUSING, PHASE 4 (68 UNITS)	19,384	19,38
The Ing Con, Navy &   Description   September   Sept	Fam Hsg Con, Navy &	Joint Region Marianas	COST TO COMPLETE—REPLACE ANDERSEN HOUSING, PHASE 7 (46 UNITS)	18,000	18,00
Table   Con Navy &   Marine Corps	Fam Hsg Con, Navy &	Joint Region Marianas	REPLACE ANDERSEN HOUSING, PHASE 9 (136 UNITS) (INC)	65,378	65,37
Marine Cons	Fam Hsg Con, Navy &		REPAIR WHOLE HOUSE BUILDING 1255 (6 UNITS)	11,230	11,23
Marine Corps		Worldwide Unspecified			
Marine Corps		Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN	3,806	3,80
		Unspecified Worldwide Locations	DESIGN (DPRI/GUAM)	2,799	2,79
FAMILY HOUSING O&M, NAVY & MARINE CORPS  Fam Hsg O&M, Navy & Unspecified Worldwide Locations FURNISHINGS 16,820 16,820 Marine Corps  Fam Hsg O&M, Nay & Unspecified Worldwide Locations HOUSING PRIVATIZATION SUPPORT 57,061 57,06 5	Fam Hsg Con, Navy & Marine Corps	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	NAVY SOUTHEAST MHPI (2ND RESTRUCTURE) (100 UNITS)	57,000	57,00
Workwide   Unspecified   Unspecified   Unspecified   Unspecified   Unspecified   Workwide   Un	Subtotal Family	Housing Construction, Navy & Marine Corps		177,597	177,59
Tam Hag QAM, Navy & Unspecified Worldwide Locations   FURNISHINGS   16,82	FAMILY HOUSING O&M, I				
Marine Corps   Care					
Part		Unspecified Worldwide Locations	FURNISHINGS	16,820	16,82
EASING 68,426 68,426 Marine Corps	Fam Hsg O&M, Navy &	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	HOUSING PRIVATIZATION SUPPORT	57,061	57,06
FAMILY HOUSING CONSTRUCTION, AIR FORCE  Subtled I Family Go, Air Force Hang Con, Air F	Fam Hsg O&M, Navy &	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	LEASING	68,426	68,42
Fam Hsg Q&M, Navy & Unspecified Worldwide Locations MANAGEMENT 56,956 56,956 Marine Corps Fam Hsg Q&M, Navy & Unspecified Worldwide Locations MISCELLANEOUS 435 435 435 435 Marine Corps Fam Hsg Q&M, Navy & Unspecified Worldwide Locations SERVICES 17,424 17,424 17,424 17,425 14,967 Marine Corps Fam Hsg Q&M, Navy & Unspecified Worldwide Locations UTILITIES 44,967 44,967 Marine Corps  Subtotal Family Housing Operation & Maintenance, Navy & Marine Corps 374,108 374,108 374,108	Fam Hsg O&M, Navy &	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	MAINTENANCE	112,019	112,01
Fam Hsg O&M, Navy & Unspecified Worldwide Locations MISCELLANEOUS 435 435 Marine Corps Fam Hsg O&M, Navy & Unspecified Worldwide Locations SERVICES 17,424 17,426 Fam Hsg O&M, Navy & Unspecified Worldwide Locations UTILITIES 44,967  Subtotal Family Housing Operation & Maintenance, Navy & Marine Corps  Subtotal Family Housing Operation & Maintenance, Navy & Marine Corps  Subtotal Family Housing Operation & Maintenance, Navy & Marine Corps  Fam Hsg Con, Air Force Buckley Air Force Adena Air Base Fam Hsg Con, Air Force Kadena Air Base Fam Hsg Con, Air Force Ram Hsg Con, Air Force Notata Air Base Fam Hsg Con,	Fam Hsg O&M, Navy &	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	MANAGEMENT	56,956	56,95
Fam Hsg 0&M, Navy & Unspecified Worldwide Locations  SERVICES  17,424  17,425  Fam Hsg 0&M, Navy & Unspecified Worldwide Locations  UTILITIES  Subtotal Family Housing Operation & Maintenance, Navy & Marine Corps  Subtotal Family Housing Operation & Maintenance, Navy & Marine Corps  Fam Hsg Con, Air Force  Colorado  Fam Hsg Con, Air Force  Buckley Air Force Base MHPI RESTRUCTURE (351 UNITS)  Fam Hsg Con, Air Force Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam Japan  Fam Hsg Con, Air Force Kadena Air Base Fam Hsg Con, Air Force Yokota Air Base Fam Hsg Con, Air Force Vokota Air Base Fam Hsg Con, Air Force Unspecified  Fam Hsg Con, Air Force Unspecified Worldwide Locations  DESIGN	Fam Hsg O&M, Navy &	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	MISCELLANEOUS	435	43
FAMILY HOUSING CONSTRUCTION, AIR FORCE Fam Hsg Con, Air Force Fam Hs	am Hsg O&M, Navy &	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	SERVICES	17,424	17,42
FAMILY HOUSING CONSTRUCTION, AIR FORCE Colorado  Fam Hsg Con, Air Force Buckley Air Force Base MHPI RESTRUCTURE (351 UNITS) 12,000 12,000  Fam Hsg Con, Air Force Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam Japan  Fam Hsg Con, Air Force Kadena Air Base FAMILY HOUSING IMPROVEMENTS, KADENA TOWER 4511 (68 UNITS) 34,100 34,100  Fam Hsg Con, Air Force Yokota Air Base FAMILY HOUSING IMPROVEMENTS, PAIP 9, PHASE 3 (34 UNITS) 44,000 44,000  Worldwide Unspecified Worldwide Locations DESIGN 36,575	Fam Hsg O&M, Navy &	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UTILITIES	44,967	44,96
Colorado  Fam Hsg Con, Air Force Busekley Air Force Base Buckley Air Force Fam Hsg Con, Air Force Radea Air Base Fearl Harbor-Hickam MHPI RESTRUCTURE (460 UNITS) 147,55 Buckley Air Force Fam Hsg Con, Air Force Radea Air Base Family Housing Improvements, KADENA TOWER 4511 (68 UNITS) 34,100 34,100 44,000 Worldwide Unspecified Fam Hsg Con, Air Force Unspecified Unspecified Unspecified Unspecified Search	Subtotal Family	Housing Operation & Maintenance, Navy & Marine Corps		374,108	374,10
Fam Hsg Con, Air Force Buckley Air Force Base MHPI RESTRUCTURE (351 UNITS) 12,000 12,0	FAMILY HOUSING CONST				
Fam Hsg Con, Air Force Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam MHPI RESTRUCTURE (460 UNITS) 147,555 147	Fam Hsg Con, Air Force	Buckley Air Force Base	MHPI RESTRUCTURE (351 UNITS)	12,000	12,00
Fam Hsg Con, Air Force Kadena Air Base FAMILY HOUSING IMPROVEMENTS, KADENA TOWER 4511 (68 UNITS) 34,100 34,101 34,	Fam Hsg Con, Air Force	Joint Base Pearl Harbor-Hickam	MHPI RESTRUCTURE (460 UNITS)	147,555	147,55
Worldwide Unspecified Fam Hsg Con, Air Force Unspecified Worldwide Locations DESIGN 36,575 36,575		Kadena Air Base			34,10
	- '	Worldwide Unspecified			
Subtotal Family Housing Construction, Air Force 274,230 274,23					36,57 <b>274,23</b>

Worldwide Unspecified

# SEC. 4601. MILITARY CONSTRUCTION (In Thousands of Dollars)

Account	State/Country and Installation	Project Title	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized
Fam Hsg O&M, Air Force	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	FURNISHINGS	31,275	31,275
Fam Hsg O&M, Air Force	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	HOUSING PRIVATIZATION SUPPORT	38,987	38,987
Fam Hsg O&M, Air Force	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	LEASING	5,436	5,430
Fam Hsg O&M, Air Force	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	MAINTENANCE	142,572	142,572
Fam Hsg O&M, Air Force	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	MANAGEMENT	54,581	54,58
Fam Hsg O&M, Air Force	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	MISCELLANEOUS	1,475	1,475
Fam Hsg O&M, Air Force	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	SERVICES UTILITIES	12,701 72,738	12,701 72,738
Fam Hsg O&M, Air Force	Unspecified Worldwide Locations			
Subtotal Family Hi	ousing Uperation And Maintenance, Air Force		359,765	359,765
FAMILY HOUSING O&M, DE	FENSE-WIDE Worldwide Unspecified			
Fam Hsg O&M, Defense- Wide	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	FURNISHINGS (DIA)	553	553
Fam Hsg O&M, Defense- Wide	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	FURNISHINGS (NSA)	93	93
Fam Hsg O&M, Defense- Wide	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	LEASING (DIA)	33,911	33,911
Fam Hsg O&M, Defense- Wide	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	Leasing (NSA)	14,320	14,320
Fam Hsg O&M, Defense- Wide	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	MAINTENANCE (NSA)	37	37
Fam Hsg O&M, Defense- Wide	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	UTILITIES (DIA)	4,445	4,445
Fam Hsg O&M, Defense- Wide	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	utilities (NSA)	15	15
	ousing Operation And Maintenance, Defense-Wide		53,374	53,374
·				
FAMILY HOUSING IMPROVE	EMENT FUND  Worldwide Unspecified			
Family Housing Improve- ment Fund	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES—FHIF	8,315	8,315
Subtotal Family Ho	ousing Improvement Fund		8,315	8,315
UNACCOMPANIED HOUSING				
Unaccompanied Housing	Worldwide Unspecified Unspecified Worldwide Locations	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES—UHIF	497	497
Improvement Fund				
Subtotal Unaccom	panied Housing Improvement Fund		497	497
			1,854,862	1,754,862
DEFENSE BASE REALIGNME				
BASE REALIGNMENT AND C				
DDAO A	Worldwide Unspecified	DAGE DEALIGNMENT & GLOCUDE	171.070	171 070
BRAC, Army	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	BASE REALIGNMENT & CLOSURE	171,870	171,870
Subtotal Base Rea	alignment and Closure—Army		171,870	171,870
BASE REALIGNMENT AND C	CLOSURE. NAVY			
BRAC, Navy	Worldwide Unspecified Unspecified Worldwide Locations	BASE REALIGNMENT & CLOSURE	112,791	112,791
		DASE REPUBLIMIENT & CLUSURE		,
SUBLULAL DASE KEA	angininolit aliu olusuic—NAYy		112,791	112,791
BASE REALIGNMENT AND C	CLOSURE, AIR FORCE Worldwide Unspecified			
BRAC, Air Force	Unspecified Worldwide Locations	BASE REALIGNMENT & CLOSURE	124,196	124,196
Subtotal Base Rea	alignment and Closure—Air Force		124,196	124,196
BASE REALIGNMENT AND C	CLOSURE. DEFENSE-WIDF			
BRAC, Defense-Wide	Worldwide Unspecified Unspecified Worldwide Locations	BASE REALIGNMENT & CLOSURE	1,304	1,304
		DASE REPUBLIMIENT & CLUSURE		1,304
				410,161
				·
TOTAL MILITARY C	UNSTRUCTION, FAMILT HOUSING, AND BRAC		18,892,743	40,711,257

# TITLE XLVII—DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS

SEC. 4701. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS.

SEC. 4701. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS (In Thousands of Dollars)		
Program	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized
Discretionary Summary by Appropriation Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies		
Appropriation Summary:		
Energy Programs		
Nuclear Energy		160,000
Marrie Faren Defense Astriction		
Atomic Energy Defense Activities National Nuclear Security Administration:		
Weapons Activities	20,074,400	21,831,587
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation		2,238,653
Naval Reactors		2,247,000
Federal Salaries and Expenses		555,000
Total, National Nuclear Security Administration	25,260,000	26,872,240
Defense Environmental Cleanup	6,956,000	6,961,000
Defense Uranium Enrichment D&D	278,000	0
Other Defense Activities	1,182,000	1,182,000
Total, Atomic Energy Defense Activities		35,015,250
Total, Discretionary Funding	33,836,000	35,175,250
Nuclear Energy		
Safeguards and security		160,000
Total, Nuclear Energy		160,000
National Nuclear Security Administration  Weapons Activities Stockpile management		
Stockpile major modernization	16 000	16 000
B61–12 Life Extension Program		16,000 1,259,048
SLCM-N Warhead		186,000
Restoration of full funding for Nuclear-Armed Sea-Launched Cruise Missile Warhead		(186,000)
W87—1 Modification Program	649,096	770,283
Restoration of management reserve for program stabilization		(121,187)
W93		781,797
Program decrease B61–13		(-25,000) 49,357
Subtotal, Stockpile major modernization	2,780,298	3,062,485
Stockpile sustainment		1,620,200
Program decrease		(-100,000)
Weapons dismantlement and disposition		87,367
Realignment of improperly applied reconciliation funds		(-20,000)
Harvesting dismantlement for stockpile modernization		(25,000) 1,020,243
Production operations		98,193
Realignment of improperly applied reconciliation funds		(-19,000)
Total, Stockpile management		5,888,488
Production Modernization Primary Capability Modernization		
Plutonium Modernization		
Los Alamos Plutonium Modernization		
Los Alamos Pit Production		982,263
21–D-512 Plutonium Pit Production Project, LANL		509,316
15-D-302 TA-55 Reinvestments Project, Phase 3, LANL		7,942 5,865
Subtotal, Los Alamos Plutonium Modernization		1,505,386
Savannah River Plutonium Modernization	1,000,000	.,500,000
Savannah River Pit Production	75,486	75,486
21-D-511 Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility, SRS		1,130,000
Subtotal, Savannah River Plutonium Modernization		1,205,486
Enterprise Plutonium Support		122,094

## SEC. 4701. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS (In Thousands of Dollars)

Program	FY 2026	Senate Authorize
	Request	Autnorizei
Total, Plutonium Modernization	2,832,966	2,832,9
High Explosives & Energetics	122.022	156 (
High Explosives & Energetics		156,0 (24,0)
21-D-510 HE Synthesis, Formulation, and Production, PX	0	125,0
Project Continuation		(125,0
PFAS Binder Mitigation and Future Alternatives		(60,0
Subtotal, High Explosives & Energetics		341,0
Total, Primary Capability Modernization		3,173,9
econdary Capability Modernization		
Secondary Capability Modernization	770,186	1,052,1
Depleted uranium risk reduction		(145,0
Realignment of improperly applied reconciliation funds		(137,0
18-D-690 Lithium Processing Facility, Y-12		150,
Project Continuation		(150,0
06-D-141 Uranium Processing Facility, Y-12		830,
Realignment of improperly applied reconciliation funds		(830,0
Total, Secondary Capability Modernization	770,186	2,032,
itium and Defense Fuels Program	500.004	F.C.O.
Tritium and Defense Fuels Program		568,
18–D–650 Tritium Finishing Facility, SRS		35,0 (35,0
Total, Tritium and Domestic Uranium Enrichment		603,
on-Nuclear Capability Modernization	300,304	003,
Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization  Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	221,588	190.
Program decrease		(-31,0
26-D-511 MESA Photolithography Capability (MPC), SNL		40.
26-D-510 Product Realization Infrastructure for Stockpile Modernization (PRISM), LLNL		15,
Total, Non-Nuclear Capability Modernization	,	245
pability Based Investments		153,
Program decrease		(-24,0
arhead Assembly Modernization		34,
Total, Production Modernization	4,792,479	6,243,
Assessment Science Assessment Science		992,9 (–97,0
Plutonium aging and mitigation; high explosives evaluation and alternate pathways development		(109,0 20,0
Total, Assessment Science		1,012,9
Engineering and integrated assessments		1,012,
Engineering and Integrated Assessments	399,777	473.
Establishment of Rapid Capabilities Development Office		(12,0
Phase 1 study support		(36,0
Realignment of improperly applied reconciliation funds		(26,0
26-D-513 Combined Radiation Environments for Survivability Testing, SNL	52,248	52,
Total, Engineering and Integrated Assessments	452,025	526,
Inertial Confinement Fusion		
Inertial Confinement Fusion	699,206	724,
Enhanced facility sustainment		(25,0
26-D-514 NIF Enhanced Fusion Yield Capability, LLNL		26,
Total, Inertial Confinement Fusion		750,
Advanced simulation and computing		865,
Weapons technology and manufacturing maturation		276,
Total, Stockpile research, technology, and engineering	3,320,464	3,431,
ademic Programs	94,000	94,
rastructure and operations		
Operating Operating		
Operations of facilities		1,642
Program decrease		(-80,
Safety and Environmental Operations		194
Maintenance and Repair of Facilities		1,061
Program decrease		(-50,
Deferred maintenance buy-down		(191,
Recapitalization	741,179	935
Program decrease		(-31,
Deferred maintenance buy-down		(225,0
Total, Operating		3,832,
Total, Infrastructure and operations		3,832

### SEC. 4701. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS

Program	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized
Operations and equipment		269,54
Program decrease		(-30,000
Program direction		149,24
Total, Secure transportation asset	448,785	418,78
Defense nuclear security	1.045.410	1 000 11
Operations and maintenance		1,200,413
Program decrease		(-45,000
Total, Defense nuclear security		1,200,41
Information Technology and Cybersecurity		658,38
Program decrease		(-152,821
Legacy Contractor Pensions and Settlement Payments		64,20
Total, Weapons Activities		21,831,58
Total, Weapons Activities	20,074,400	21,831,587
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation		
Material Management and Minimization  Reactor conversion and uranium supply		63,383
Nuclear material removal and elimination		38,000
Program decrease		(-23,000
Plutonium disposition		150,686
Total, Material Management and Minimization		252,069
Global Material Security	62.865	62,865
International nuclear security		186,406
Nuclear smuggling detection and deterrence		140,601
Total, Global Material Security	•	389,872
Nonproliferation and Arms Control		221,008
Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D		
Proliferation detection		269,376
Nonproliferation stewardship program		124,383 (-25,000)
Nuclear detonation detection		309,488
Restoral of orbital sensors		(2,053)
Forensics R&D		20,460
Nonproliferation fuels development		700 70
Total, Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation R&D		723,707
U.S. Construction		
18-D-150 Surplus Plutonium Disposition Project, SRS	50,000	50,000
Total, Nonproliferation Construction	50,000	50,000
Legacy contractor pensions		20,993
Nuclear Counterterrorism and Incident Response Program	22 100	22.100
Emergency Management		33,122 596,878
Total, Nuclear Counterterrorism and Incident Response Program		630,000
Subtotal, Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation	2,333,596	2,287,649
Adjustments		
Use of prior year balances		-39,574
Cancellation of Prior Year Balances		-9,422
Total, Adjustments		-48,996
Total, Defense Nuclear Nonproliferation	2,284,600	2,238,653
Naval Reactors		
Naval reactors development		884,579
Columbia-Class reactor systems development	•	35,300
Naval reactors operations and infrastructure		703,581
Program direction		61,540
Construction:	F0C 000	407.00
14–D–901 Spent Fuel Handling Recapitalization Project, NRF		427,000 (-99,000
25-D-530 Naval Examination Acquisition Project		60,000
26-D-530 East Side Office Building		75,000
Total, Naval Reactors Construction		562,000
Total, Naval Reactors	2,346,000	2,247,000

## SEC. 4701. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS (In Thousands of Dollars)

Program	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized
Program direction		555,00
Total, Federal Salaries and Expenses	555,000	555,00
TOTAL, National Nuclear Security Administration	25,260,000	26,872,24
nse Environmental Cleanup  Closure sites administration	500	50
Richland	20.500	00.5
River corridor and other cleanup operations		68,5 754,2
Richland community and regulatory support		10,7
22–D-402 L-897 200 Area Water Treatment Facility	· ·	4,0 <b>837,5</b>
Office of River Protection:		
Waste Treatment Immobilization Plant Commissioning		390,4
Tank Farm Activities	923,212	923,2
23-D-403 Hanford 200 West Area Tank Farms Risk Management Project	108,200	108,2
15-D-409 Low Activity Waste Pretreatment System		78,6
01-D-416: Waste Treatment and Immobilization Plant, RL	600,000	600,0
Subtotal, Construction		786,8
Total, Office of River Protection	2,100,427	2,100,4
Idaho National Laboratory:  Idaho cleanup and waste disposition		452,2
Idaho community and regulatory support		3,7
Construction:	0.000	0.0
22-D-403 Idaho Spent Nuclear Fuel Staging Facility		2,0
22–D–402 Calcine Construction		2,0 <b>4,0</b>
Total, Idaho National Laboratory		460,0
NNSA sites and Nevada off-sites		
Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory		1,9
Separations Processing Research Unit		C 4 6
Nevada		64,8 1,0
Los Alamos National Laboratory		278,2
Los Alamos Excess Facilities D&D		1,6
Total, NNSA sites and Nevada off-sites		348,7
Oak Ridge Reservation:  OR Nuclear Facility D&D		346,5
U233 Disposition Program	,	63,0
OR cleanup and waste disposition		75,0
Construction:	.,,	-,-
14-D-403 Outfall 200 Mercury Treatment Facility		34,8
17-D-401 On-site Waste Disposal Facility	•	15,0
Subtotal, Construction		<b>49,9</b> 5,9
OR technology development and deployment		3,3
Total, Oak Ridge Reservation		543,6
Savannah River Site:	200.001	200
Savannah River risk management operations		396,3 10,3
Payment in lieu of taxes	· ·	(5,00
Savannah River National Laboratory O&M		90,7
Construction:	52,500	52,5
Construction: 20-D-401 Saltstone Disposal Unit #10, 11, 12	700	7
Construction:  20-D-401 Saltstone Disposal Unit #10, 11, 12		52.2
Construction:  20-D-401 Saltstone Disposal Unit #10, 11, 12  19-D-701: SR Security Systems Replacement  Subtotal, Construction	53,208	
Construction:  20-D-401 Saltstone Disposal Unit #10, 11, 12		1,066,0
Construction:  20-D-401 Saltstone Disposal Unit #10, 11, 12  19-D-701: SR Security Systems Replacement  Subtotal, Construction Radioactive liquid tank waste stabilization and disposition  Total, Savannah River Site  Waste Isolation Pilot Plant	53,208 1,066,000 1,611,638	1,066,0 <b>1,616,6</b>
Construction:  20-D-401 Saltstone Disposal Unit #10, 11, 12 19-D-701: SR Security Systems Replacement  Subtotal, Construction Radioactive liquid tank waste stabilization and disposition  Total, Savannah River Site  Waste Isolation Pilot Plant Waste Isolation Pilot Plant	53,208 1,066,000 1,611,638	1,066,0 <b>1,616,6</b>
Construction:  20-D-401 Saltstone Disposal Unit #10, 11, 12  19-D-701: SR Security Systems Replacement  Subtotal, Construction Radioactive liquid tank waste stabilization and disposition  Total, Savannah River Site  Waste Isolation Pilot Plant	53,208 1,066,000 1,611,638 413,424	1,066,0 <b>1,616,6</b> 413,4
Construction:  20-D-401 Saltstone Disposal Unit #10, 11, 12 19-D-701: SR Security Systems Replacement  Subtotal, Construction Radioactive liquid tank waste stabilization and disposition  Total, Savannah River Site  Waste Isolation Pilot Plant Waste Isolation Pilot Plant Construction:	53,208 1,066,000 1,611,638 413,424 2,000	<b>53,2</b> 1,066,0 <b>1,616,6</b> 413,4 2,0 <b>2,0</b>
Construction:  20-D-401 Saltstone Disposal Unit #10, 11, 12 19-D-701: SR Security Systems Replacement  Subtotal, Construction Radioactive liquid tank waste stabilization and disposition  Total, Savannah River Site  Waste Isolation Pilot Plant Waste Isolation Pilot Plant Construction: 21-D-401: Hoisting Capability Project	\$ 53,208 1,066,000 1,611,638 413,424 2,000 2,000	1,066,0 <b>1,616,6</b> 413,4

### SEC. 4701. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY PROGRAMS (In Thousands of Dollars)

Program	FY 2026 Request	Senate Authorized
Program support	20,320	20,320
Safeguards and Security—Defense Environmental Cleanup	288,871	288,871
Technology development and deployment	16,012	16,012
Subtotal, Defense Environmental Cleanup	6,956,000	6,961,000
TOTAL, Defense Environmental Cleanup	6,956,000	6,961,000
Defense Uranium Enrichment D&D	278,000	0
Program Reduction		(-278,000)
Other Defense Activities		
Environment, health, safety and security		
Environment, health, safety and security mission support	141,908	141,908
Program direction	90,555	90,555
Total, Environment, health, safety and security	232,463	232,463
Office of Enterprise Assessments		
Enterprise assessments	30,022	30,022
Program direction	59,132	59,132
Total, Office of Enterprise Assessments	89,154	89,154
Specialized security activities	441,000	441,000
Legacy Management		
Legacy Management Activities—Defense	177,716	177,716
Program Direction	22,542	22,542
Total, Legacy Management	200,258	200,258
Defense-Related Administrative Support	214,626	214,626
Office of Hearings and Appeals	4,499	4,499
Subtotal, Other Defense Activities	1,182,000	1,182,000
Total, Other Defense Activities	1,182,000	1,182,000

# DIVISION E—ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS TITLE LII—RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, TEST, AND EVALUATION

#### Subtitle B—Program Requirements, Restrictions, and Limitations

## SEC. 5211. AVOIDING DUPLICATION HYPERSONIC TESTING EFFORTS.

To the maximum extent practicable, the Secretary of Defense shall use existing hypersonic testing facilities or hypersonic testing facilities currently undergoing refursishment, including those owned by other departments and agencies, for testing related to the development of hypersonic systems.

#### Subtitle C—Plans, Reports, and Other Matters

#### SEC. 5221. EVALUATION OF ADDITIONAL TEST CORRIDORS FOR HYPERSONIC AND LONG-RANGE WEAPONS.

The text of section 223 is hereby deemed to read as follows:

# "SEC. 5223. EVALUATION OF ADDITIONAL TEST CORRIDORS FOR HYPERSONIC AND LONG-RANGE WEAPONS.

- "(a) EVALUATION REQUIRED.—To assess impact effectiveness and increase the cadence of testing and training for long-range and hypersonic systems, the Secretary of Defense shall, acting through the Under Secretary of Defense for Research and Engineering and the Director of the Test Resource Management Center and in consultation with requirements owners of long-range and hypersonic systems of the Armed Forces, evaluate—
- "(1) the comparative advantages of episodic and permanent special activity airspace designated by the Federal Aviation Administration for use by the Department of Defense suitable for the test and training of long-range and hypersonic systems;
- "(2) requirements for continental test ranges, including—

- "(A) attributes, including live, virtual, and constructive capabilities;
  - "(B) scheduling and availability;
  - "(C) safety;
  - "(D) end strength;
- "(E) facilities, infrastructure, radar, and related systems;
  - "(F) launch locations including-
- "(i) Bearpaw Air Traffic Control Assigned Airspace, Montana;
- "(ii) Mountain Home Range Complex, Idaho;
- "(iii) Fallon Range Training Complex, Nevada;
- "(iv) Utah Test and Training Range, Utah; "(v) Nevada Test and Training Range, Nevada;
- "(vi) Green River Test Complex, Utah; and "(vii) White Sands Missile Range, New Mexico:
- "(G) impact areas within the White Sands Missile Range, New Mexico; and
- "(H) such other characteristics as the Secretary considers appropriate; and
- "(3) potential enhancements to existing National Aeronautics and Space Administration facilities needed to enable use of these facilities by the Department of Defense for testing and research of hypersonic systems.
- "(b) BRIEFING.—Not later than December 1, 2026, the Secretary shall provide to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives a briefing on the findings of the Secretary with respect to the evaluation conducted pursuant to subsection (a), including an assessment of the completion date.
- "(c) Definitions.—In this section:
- "(1) The term 'impact area' means the point at which a test terminates.
- "(2) The term 'launch location' means the point from which a test is initiated.".

### TITLE LIII—OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

#### Subtitle D—Reports

# SEC. 5331. REPORT ON ADOPTION OF GRAPHITE OXIDE-BASED FIREFIGHTING FOAMS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than February 1, 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the progress and strategy of the Department of Defense for accelerating adoption of graphite oxide-based firefighting foams.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The report required by subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) A summary of current testing, evaluation, and certification efforts for graphite oxide-based firefighting foams, including performance data and environmental assessments.
- (2) An identification of any remaining technical, regulatory, or logistical barriers to full-scale adoption of such foams, along with proposed mitigation strategies.
- (3) A timeline for the phased replacement throughout the Department of firefighting foams containing perfluoroalkyl or polyfluoroalkyl substances with graphite oxide-based alternatives.
- (4) A description of interagency coordination and partnerships with industry and academia to ensure such foams meet relevant safety, operational, and environmental standards for military use.

### TITLE LVI—COMPENSATION AND OTHER MATTERS

#### Subtitle B—Special and Incentive Pay SEC. 5611. ONE-YEAR EXTENSION OF CERTAIN EX-PIRING BONUS AND SPECIAL PAY AUTHORITIES.

(a) AUTHORITIES RELATING TO RESERVE FORCES.—Section 910(g) of title 37, United States Code, relating to income replacement

payments for reserve component members experiencing extended and frequent mobilization for active duty service, is amended by striking "December 31, 2025" and inserting "December 31, 2026".

- (b) TITLE 10 AUTHORITIES RELATING TO HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS.—The following sections of title 10, United States Code, are amended by striking "December 31, 2025" and inserting "December 31, 2026":
- (1) Section 2130a(a)(1), relating to nurse officer candidate accession program.
- (2) Section 16302(d), relating to repayment of education loans for certain health professionals who serve in the Selected Reserve.
- (c) AUTHORITIES RELATING TO NUCLEAR OFFICERS.—Section 333(i) of title 37, United States Code, is amended by striking "December 31, 2025" and inserting "December 31, 2026".
- (d) AUTHORITIES RELATING TO TITLE 37 CONSOLIDATED SPECIAL PAY, INCENTIVE PAY, AND BONUS AUTHORITIES.—The following sections of title 37, United States Code, are amended by striking "December 31, 2025" and inserting "December 31, 2026":
- (1) Section 331(h), relating to general bonus authority for enlisted members.
- authority for enlisted members.
  (2) Section 332(g), relating to general bonus authority for officers.
- (3) Section 334(i), relating to special aviation incentive pay and bonus authorities for officers.
- (4) Section 335(k), relating to special bonus and incentive pay authorities for officers in health professions.
- (5) Section 336(g), relating to contracting bonus for cadets and midshipmen enrolled in the Senior Reserve Officers' Training Corps.
- (6) Section 351(h), relating to hazardous duty pay.
- (7) Section 352(g), relating to assignment pay or special duty pay.
- (8) Section 353(i), relating to skill incentive pay or proficiency bonus.
- (9) Section 355(h), relating to retention incentives for members qualified in critical military skills or assigned to high priority units.
- (e) AUTHORITY TO PROVIDE TEMPORARY INCREASE IN RATES OF BASIC ALLOWANCE FOR HOUSING.—Section 403(b) of title 37, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in paragraph (7)(E), relating to an area covered by a major disaster declaration or containing an installation experiencing an influx of military personnel, by striking "December 31, 2025" and inserting "December 31, 2026"; and
- (2) in paragraph (8)(C), relating to an area where actual housing costs differ from current rates by more than 20 percent, by striking "December 31, 2025" and inserting "December 31, 2026".

#### Subtitle C—Other Matters

#### SEC. 5621. PILOT PROGRAM TO PROVIDE COU-PONS TO JUNIOR ENLISTED MEM-BERS TO PURCHASE FOOD AT COM-MISSARIES.

- (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—
- (1) members of the Armed Forces and their families deserve access to affordable and healthy food options, including during their duty day:
- (2) there has been increased awareness about the challenges members and their families face in accessing affordable and healthy food options;
- (3) those challenges have been especially acute for unaccompanied junior enlisted members who live in government-provided quarters on military installations; and
- (4) the Department of Defense should explore a variety of proposals for expanding the accessibility of healthy and affordable food options to members, especially mem-

bers who live in unaccompanied housing on military installations.  $\,$ 

- (b) PILOT PROGRAM.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense may conduct a pilot program to assess the efficacy of providing junior enlisted members of the Armed Forces a monthly coupon for use in procuring food at commissaries.
  - (2) SELECTION OF INSTALLATIONS.-
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may conduct the pilot program authorized by paragraph (1) at 2 military installations.
- (B) CONSIDERATIONS.—In selecting installations for the pilot program authorized by paragraph (1), the Secretary shall consider installations with—
- (i) large numbers of enlisted members who live in unaccompanied housing;
- (ii) the largest ratios of enlisted members to commissioned officers;
- (iii) unaccompanied housing that provides access to functioning kitchens that residents may use to prepare meals;
- (iv) commissaries that are experimenting with or expanding their selection of nutritious and minimally processed ready-made and easy-to-make food options;
- (v) low rates of attendance at dining facilities:
- (vi) low customer satisfaction ratings for dining facilities, including installations with complaints about dining facilities submitted through the Interactive Customer Evaluation system of the Department of Defense; and
- (vii) commissaries located within easily accessible distances from unaccompanied housing.
  - (3) Coupons.—
- (A) AMOUNT.—The Secretary may determine the amount of the coupons to be provided under the pilot program authorized by paragraph (1).
  - (B) USE.—
- (i) IN GENERAL.—A coupon provided under the pilot program authorized by paragraph (1) may be used only to purchase food at commissaries.
- (ii) EXCLUSIONS.—A coupon provided under the pilot program authorized by paragraph (1) may not be used—
- (I) to purchase alcoholic beverages or to-bacco; or
- (II) to pay any deposit fee in excess of the amount of the State fee reimbursement (if any) required to purchase any food or food product contained in a returnable bottle or can, without regard to whether the fee is included in the shelf price posted for the food or food product.
- (C) SUPPLEMENT TO OTHER FOOD ASSIST-ANCE.—A coupon provided to a member under the pilot program authorized by paragraph (1) shall be supplement and not supplant—
- (i) the basic allowance for subsistence under section 402 of title 37, United States Code; and
- (ii) any program to provide meals or rations in kind for which the member is eligi-
- (4) DURATION OF PILOT PROGRAM.—The pilot program authorized by paragraph (1) shall terminate not later than one year after the pilot program commences.
- (5) Report required.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the termination under paragraph (4) of the pilot program authorized by paragraph (1), the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report detailing the results of the pilot program.
- (B) ELEMENTS.—The report required by subparagraph (A) shall include an assessment of the following:
- (i) The use of coupons by members who received coupons under the pilot program.

- (ii) The satisfaction of and feedback from such members relating to the coupons.
- (iii) The impact of providing the coupons on—
- (I) the rates at which such members used commissaries; and
- (II) the rates at which such members used dining facilities on their installations.
- (iv) Historical rates of use of dining facilities on installations and historical customer satisfaction metrics for such facilities, including the number of complaints with respect to such facilities submitted through the Interactive Customer Evaluation system of the Department of Defense.
  - (v) The efficacy of the pilot program in-
- (I) reducing food insecurity rates among junior enlisted members;
- (II) increasing the availability of nutritious food options for such members at commissaries; and
- (III) increasing the availability of nutritious food options for such members generally, including such members living in unaccompanied housing.
  - (c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) COUPON.—The term "coupon" means a voucher or monetary benefit for a member of the Armed Forces that may be used only at a commissary for the purchase of food.
- (2) FOOD.—The term "food" means any food or food product intended for home consumption, including a ready-made food item.

## TITLE LVII—HEALTH CARE PROVISIONS Subtitle C—Reports and Other Matters

#### SEC. 5721. BRIEFING ON USE OF OTHER TRANS-ACTION AGREEMENTS FOR DEVEL-OPMENT OF MEDICAL PROTOTYPES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on how the use of other transaction agreements can expedite development of medical prototypes for assessment by end-user communities to address capability gaps in medical research by leveraging subject matter expertise, infrastructure, and resources to include developing, testing, and fielding prototype technologies and solutions for the military health system.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The briefing required under subsection (a) shall include an update on the following:
- (1) Current medical research and development efforts to support the health and readiness of members of the Armed Forces.
- (2) Efforts of the Department of Defense to establish partnerships with small businesses, academic institutions, and industry to facilitate the advancement of medical concepts and prototypes to protect, treat, and optimize health, performance, and survivability of members of the Armed Forces.
- (3) How the Department is addressing critical gaps in combat casualty care, including trauma care delivery, musculoskeletal injury, and wound management.

#### SEC. 5722. REPORT ON INTEGRATION OF LIFE-STYLE AND PERFORMANCE MEDI-CINE AND BEHAVIORS TO SUPPORT HEALTH AND MILITARY READINESS.

Not later than December 1, 2026, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report containing recommendations on how to integrate lifestyle and performance medicine and behaviors (such as diet, exercise, and sleep) throughout the Department of Defense to support the health and military readiness of members of the Armed Forces.

# SEC. 5723. EVALUATION OF CERTAIN RESEARCH RELATED TO MENOPAUSE, PERIMENOPAUSE, OR MID-LIFE WOMEN'S HEALTH.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense, in coordination with Secretary of Veterans Affairs, shall evaluate—

- (1) the results of completed research related to menopause, perimenopause, or midlife women's health among women who are members of the uniformed services or veterans;
- (2) the status of such research that is ongoing;
- (3) any gaps in knowledge and research on—  $\,$
- (A) treatments for menopause-related symptoms, including hormone and non-hormone treatments:
- (B) the safety and effectiveness of treatments for menopause-related symptoms;
- (C) the relation of service in the uniformed services to perimenopause and menopause and the impact of such service on perimenopause and menopause; and
- (D) the impact of perimenopause and menopause on the mental health of women who are members of the uniformed services or veterans;
- (4) the availability of and uptake of professional training resources for covered providers relating to mid-life women's health with respect to the care, treatment, and management of perimenopause and menopausal symptoms, and related support services; and
- (5) the availability of and uptake of treatments for women who are members of the uniformed services or veterans who are experiencing perimenopause or menopause.
- (b) REPORT; STRATEGIC PLAN.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Veterans Affairs shall each submit to Congress a report containing—
- (1) the findings of the evaluation conducted under subsection (a);
- (2) recommendations for improving professional training resources described in subsection (a)(4) for covered providers; and
  - (3) a strategic plan that-
- (A) resolves the gaps in knowledge and research identified in the report; and
- (B) identifies topics in need of further research relating to potential treatments for menopause-related symptoms of women who are members of the uniformed services or veterans.
- (c) Nonduplication and Supplementation of Efforts.—In carrying out activities under this section, the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Veterans Affairs shall ensure that such activities minimize duplication and supplement, not supplant, existing information-sharing efforts of the Department of Health and Human Services.
- (d) Sense of Congress on Additional Research Related to Menopause, Perimenopause, or Mid-life Women's Health.—It is the sense of Congress that the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Veterans Affairs should each conduct research related to menopause, perimenopause, or mid-life health regarding women who are members of the uniformed services or veterans
- (e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) COVERED PROVIDER.—The term "covered provider" means a health care provider employed by the Department of Defense or the Department of Veterans Affairs.
- (2) MENOPAUSE.—The term''menopause' means the stage of a woman's life—
- (A) when menstrual periods stop permanently and she can no longer get pregnant;
- (B) that is not a disease state, but a normal part of aging for women.
- (3) MID-LIFE.—The term"mid-life" means a life stage that—
- (A) coincides with the menopausal transition in women, which may be physical or emotional;
- (B) encompasses the late reproductive age, which can begin at approximately 35 years of

- age, to the late postmenopausal stages of reproductive aging, which can extend to approximately 65 years of age; and
- (C) often marks the onset of many chronic diseases.
- (4) PERIMENOPAUSE.—The term "perimenopause" means the time during a woman's life when levels of the hormone estrogen fall unevenly in a woman's body and is also called the menopausal transition.
- (5) POSTMENOPAUSAL.—The term "postmenopausal" means the stage of a woman's life after a woman has been without a menstrual period for 12 months that lasts for the rest of a woman's life and reflects a time when women are at increased risk for osteoporosis and heart disease.

# TITLE LVIII—ACQUISITION POLICY, ACQUISITION MANAGEMENT, AND RELATED MATTERS

#### Subtitle E-Other Matters

SEC. 5861. REPEALS OF EXISTING LAWS TO STREAMLINE THE DEFENSE ACQUISITION PROCESS.

The text of section 868 is hereby deemed to read as follows:

# "SEC. 868. REPEALS OF EXISTING LAW TO STREAMLINE THE DEFENSE ACQUISITION PROCESS.

- "The following provisions are hereby repealed:
- $\lq\lq(1)$  Section 3070 of title 10, United States Code.
- "(2) Section 874 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law 115-91; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3101).
- "(3) Section 810 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114-92; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3101).
- (4) Section 3106 of title 10, United States Code.
- (5) Section 8688 of title 10, United States Code.
- "(6) Subsections (a)—(c) of section 804 of the Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2009 (Public Law 110-417: 122 Stat. 4356).
- "(7) Section 822 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1996 (Public Law 104–106; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3201).
- "(8) Section 892 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110–181; 10 U.S.C. 3201 note).
- "(9) Section 805 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2004 (Public Law 108–136; 10 U.S.C. 3201 note).
- "(10) Section 802 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116-92; 10 U.S.C. 3206 note).
- "(11) Section 3208 of title 10, United States Code.
- "(12) Section 852 of the Carl Levin and Howard P. 'Buck' McKeon National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2015 (Public Law 113–291; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3241).
- "(13) Subsections (a)—(f) of section 866 of the Ike Skelton National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011 (Public Law 111–383; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3241).
- "(14) Section 143 of the Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2009 (Public Law 110–417; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3241).
- "(15) Section 254 of the Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2009 (Public Law 110–417; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3241).
- "(16) Section 886 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110–181; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3241).
- "(17) Section 851 of the Ronald W. Reagan National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2005 (Public Law 108-375; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3241).
- "(18) Section 314 of the Bob Stump National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2003 (Public Law 107–314; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3241).

- "(19) Section 826 of the Floyd D. Spence National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2001 (Public Law 106-398; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3241).
- "(20) Section 806 of the Strom Thurmond National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1999 (Public Law 105-261; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3241).
- "(21) Section 368 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2012 (Public Law 112–81; 10 U.S.C. 3303 note).
- "(22) Section 875 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3344).
- "(23) Section 816 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2006 (Public Law 109–163; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3344).
- ``(24) Section 3373 of title 10, United States Code.
- "(25) Section 883 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 10 U.S.C. 3372 note).
- ``(26) Section 3455 of title 10, United States Code.
- "(27) Section 3678 of title 10, United States Code.
- "(28) Section 133 of the Bob Stump National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2003 (Public Law 107-314; 10 U.S.C. 3678 note).
- "(29) Section 891 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116-283; 10 U.S.C. 3804 note).
- "(30) Section 380 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117–81; 10 U.S.C. 4001 note).
- "(31) Section 1056 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114-92: 10 U.S.C. 4001 note)
- "(32) Section 1603 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2014 (Public Law 113-66; 10 U.S.C. 4007 note).
- "(33) Section 1089 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law 115-91; 10 U.S.C. 4025 note).
- "(34) Section 812 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2000 (Public Law 106-65; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4061).
- "(35) Section 235 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328; 10 U.S.C. 4126 note).
- "(36) Section 252 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116–92; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4141).
- "(37) Section 1043 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111–84; 10 U.S.C. 4174 note).
- "(38) Section 828 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114-92; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4201).
- "(39) Section 1252 of the Defense Procurement Reform Act of 1984 (Public Law 98-525; 10 U.S.C. 4205 note).
- "(40) Section 812 of the Ike Skelton National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011 (Public Law 111-383; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4211).
- "(41) Section 806 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2006 (Public Law 109–163; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4211).
- "(42) Section 818 of the John Warner National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2007 (Public Law 109–364; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4231).
- "(43) Section 802(d)(2) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114-92; 10 U.S.C. 4251 note).
- "(44) Section 4271 of title 10, United States Code.
- "(45) Section 814 of the Duncan Hunter National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2009 (Public Law 110-417; 10 U.S.C. 4271 note).
- "(46) Section 925(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (Public Law 114–328; 10 U.S.C. 4271 note).

- "(47) Section 812 of the John Warner National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2007 (Public Law 109–364; 10 U.S.C. 4325 note).
- "(48) Section 4423 of title 10, United States Code.
- "(49) Section 831(b) of the Ike Skelton National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011 (Public Law 111–383; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4501).
- "(50) Section 863(a)—(h) of the Ike Skelton National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011 (Public Law 111–383; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4501).
- "(51) Section 832 of the John Warner National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2007 (Public Law 109–364; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4501).
- "(52) Section 883(e) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114–92; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4571).
- "(53) Section 938 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2014 (Public Law 113-66; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4571).
- "(54) Section 1272 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law 115-91; 10 U.S.C. 4571 note).
- "(55) Section 2867 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2012 (Public Law 112-81; 10 U.S.C. 4571 note).
- "(56) Section 215 of the Ike Skelton National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011 (Public Law 111–383; 10 U.S.C. 4571 note).
- "(57) Section 881 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110–181; 10 U.S.C. 4571 note).
- "(58) Section 804 of the Bob Stump National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2003 (Public Law 107–314; 10 U.S.C. 4571 note).
- ``(59) Chapter 345 of title 10, United States Code.
- "(60) Section 378 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117-81; 10 U.S.C. 113 note).
- "(61) Section 846(a) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283; 10 U.S.C. 4811 note).
- "(62) Section 932 of the Ike Skelton National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011 (Public Law 111–383; 10 U.S.C. 2224 note).
- "(63) Section 849 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Public Law 115-91; 131 Stat. 1487).
- "(64) Section 804 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2010 (Public Law 111-84; 123 Stat. 2402).
- "(65) Section 881 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114-92; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4601).
- "(66) Section 802 of the Ronald W. Reagan National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2005 (Public Law 108-375; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3062).
- "(67) Section 913 of the Department of Defense Authorization Act, 1986 (Public Law 99–145; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3201).
- "(68) Section 821 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110–181; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3451).
- "(69) Section 824(a) of the Ike Skelton National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2011 (Public Law 111-383; 10 U.S.C. 3774 note).
- "(70) Section 805 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110–181; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 3451).
- "(71) Section 844(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (Public Law 114–92; 10 U.S.C. 3453 note).
- "(72) Section 238(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110–181; 10 U.S.C. 4841 note).

- "(73) Subtitle D of title II of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2006 (Public Law 109–163; 119 Stat. 3175).
- "(74) Section 214 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (Public Law 110–181; 10 U.S.C. 4841 note).
- "(75) Section 218 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283; 10 U.S.C. 8013 note).
- "(76) Section 229 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116–92: 10 U.S.C. 4001 note).
- "(77) Section 232 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116-92; 10 U.S.C. 4001 note).
- "(78) Section 222 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232; 10 U.S.C. 4014 note).
- "(79) Section 230 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4061).
- "(80) Section 843 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4171).
- "(81) Section 938 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2014 (Public Law 113-66; 10 U.S.C. note prec. 4571).
- "(82) Section 1651 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (Public Law 116-92; 10 U.S.C. 4571 note).
- "(83) Section 1064 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115-232; 10 U.S.C. 4571 note).
- "(84) Section 854 of the Carl Levin and Howard P. 'Buck' McKeon National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2015 (Public Law 113–291; 10 U.S.C. 4571 note).".

#### SEC. 5862. DUTY-FREE ENTRY OF SUPPLIES PRO-CURED BY DEPARTMENT OF DE-FENSE.

The text of section 874 is hereby deemed to read as follows:

#### "SEC. 874. DUTY-FREE ENTRY OF SUPPLIES PRO-CURED BY DEPARTMENT OF DE-FENSE.

- "The Secretary of Defense shall—
- "(1) track the impact of economic fluctuations, include tariffs, supply chain disruptions and inflation, on all major prime contracts entered into by the Department of Defense: and
- "(2) not later than January 30, 2026, submit to the congressional defense committees a report that includes—
- (A) an assessment of cost increases to both the Department and contractors as a result of tariffs imposed under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) and section 232 of the Trade Expansion Act of 1962 (19 U.S.C. 1862);
- "(B) an assessment of the effects of such tariffs on supply chains and lead times for major defense platforms; and
- "(C) a summary of agreements entered into under section 4851 of title 10, United States Code, and an assessment of the application of those agreements to the defense supply chain."

# TITLE LX—GENERAL PROVISIONS Subtitle D—Miscellaneous Authorities and Limitations

# SEC. 6011. SUPPORT FOR COUNTERDRUG ACTIVITIES AND ACTIVITIES TO COUNTER TRANSNATIONAL ORGANIZED CPIME

The text of section 1033 is hereby deemed to read as follows:

# "SEC. 1033. SUPPORT FOR COUNTERDRUG ACTIVITIES AND ACTIVITIES TO COUNTER TRANSNATIONAL ORGANIZED CRIME.

"Subsection (h) of section 284 of title 10, United States Code, is amended—

- "(1) in paragraph (1)—
- "(A) by redesignating subparagraphs (A) and (B) as subparagraphs (B) and (C), respectively; and
- "(B) by inserting before subparagraph (B), as redesignated by subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, the following new subparagraph:
- "(A) In the case of support for a purpose described in subsection (b)—
- "(i) the agency to which support is provided;
  "(ii) the budget, and anticipated delivery
- schedule for support;
  "(iii) the source of funds provided for the
- "(iii) the source of funds provided for the project or purpose;
- "(iv) a description of the arrangements, if any, for the sustainment of the project or purpose and the source of funds to support sustainment of the capabilities and performance outcomes achieved using such support, if applicable;
- $``\bar{(v)}$  a description of the objectives for the project or purpose; and
- "(vi) information, including the amount, type, and purpose, about the support provided the agency during the three fiscal years preceding the fiscal year for which the support covered by the notice is provided under this section with respect to—
  - "(I) this section:
- "(II) counterdrug activities authorized by section 1033 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1998 (Public Law 105-85; 111 Stat. 1811); or
- "(III) any other significant program, account, or activity for the provision of security assistance that the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of State consider appropriate. and
- "(2) in paragraph (3)(B)(i), by striking 'the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and House of Representatives' and inserting 'the congressional defense committees'.".

#### Subtitle F—Other Matters

# SEC. 6021. TAKING OR TRANSMITTING VIDEO OF DEFENSE INFORMATION PROHIBITED.

Section 793 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting "video," after "photographic negative," each place such term appears.

#### SEC. 6022. STUDY AND REPORT.

Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Securities and Exchange Commission shall—

- (1) conduct a study on the transparency and cooperation regarding—
- (A) brokers and dealers that are a member of a national securities association and registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission that are controlled by or organized under the laws of the People's Republic of China: and
- (B) investment advisors registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and controlled by or organized under the laws of the People's Republic of China; and
- (2) submit to Congress a report that includes the results of the study conducted under paragraph (1).

#### SEC. 6023. INTERNATIONAL NUCLEAR ENERGY.

- (a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the "International Nuclear Energy Act of 2025".
  - (b) Definitions.—In this section:
- (1) ADVANCED NUCLEAR REACTOR.—The term "advanced nuclear reactor" means—
- (A) a nuclear fission reactor, including a prototype plant (as defined in sections 50.2 and 52.1 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations (or successor regulations)), with significant improvements compared to reactors operating on October 19, 2016, including improvements such as—
  - (i) additional inherent safety features;
  - (ii) lower waste yields;
- (iii) improved fuel and material performance;

- (iv) increased tolerance to loss of fuel cooling:
- (v) enhanced reliability or improved resilience;
  - (vi) increased proliferation resistance;
  - (vii) increased thermal efficiency;
- (viii) reduced consumption of cooling water and other environmental impacts;
- (ix) the ability to integrate into electric applications and nonelectric applications;
- (x) modular sizes to allow for deployment that corresponds with the demand for electricity or process heat; and
- (xi) operational flexibility to respond to changes in demand for electricity or process heat and to complement integration with intermittent renewable energy or energy storage:
- (B) a fusion machine (as defined in section 11 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2014)); and
- (C) a radioisotope power system that utilizes heat from radioactive decay to generate energy.
- (2) ALLY OR PARTNER NATION.—The term "ally or partner nation" means—
- (A) the Government of any country that is a member of the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development;
- (B) the Government of the Republic of India; and
- (C) the Government of any country designated as an ally or partner nation by the Secretary of State for purposes of this section.
- (3) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—The term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (A) the Committees on Foreign Relations, Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, and Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate; and
- (B) the Committees on Foreign Affairs and Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives.
- (4) Associated entity.—The term "associated entity" means an entity that—
- (A) is owned, controlled, or operated by—
- (i) an ally or partner nation; or
- (ii) an associated individual; or
- (B) is organized under the laws of, or otherwise subject to the jurisdiction of, a country described in paragraph (2), including a corporation that is incorporated in a country described in that paragraph.
- (5) ASSOCIATED INDIVIDUAL.—The term "associated individual" means a foreign national who is a national of a country described in paragraph (2).
- (6) CIVIL NUCLEAR.—The term "civil nuclear" means activities relating to—
  - (A) nuclear plant construction;
  - (B) nuclear fuel services:
- (C) nuclear energy financing;
- (D) nuclear plant operations;
- (E) nuclear plant regulation;
- (F) nuclear medicine;
- (G) nuclear safety;
- (H) community engagement in areas in reasonable proximity to nuclear sites;
- (I) infrastructure support for nuclear energy;
  - (J) nuclear plant decommissioning;
- (K) nuclear liability;
- (L) safe storage and safe disposal of spent nuclear fuel;
- (M) environmental safeguards;
- (N) nuclear nonproliferation and security; and
- (O) technology related to the matters described in subparagraphs (A) through (N).
- (7) EMBARKING CIVIL NUCLEAR NATION.—
- (A) In GENERAL.—The term "embarking civil nuclear nation" means a country that—
- (i) does not have a civil nuclear energy program;
- (ii) is in the process of developing or expanding a civil nuclear energy program, in-

- cluding safeguards and a legal and regulatory framework, for—
  - (I) nuclear safety
  - (II) nuclear security;
  - (III) radioactive waste management;
- (IV) civil nuclear energy;
- (V) environmental safeguards;
- (VI) community engagement in areas in reasonable proximity to nuclear sites;
- (VII) nuclear liability; or
- (VIII) advanced nuclear reactor licensing;
- (iii) is in the process of selecting, developing, constructing, or utilizing advanced light water reactors, advanced nuclear reactors, or advanced civil nuclear technologies; or
- (iv) is eligible to receive development lending from the World Bank.
- (B) EXCLUSIONS.—The term "embarking civil nuclear nation" does not include—
  - (i) the People's Republic of China;
  - (ii) the Russian Federation;
  - (iii) the Republic of Belarus;(iv) the Islamic Republic of Iran;
- (v) the Democratic People's Republic of Korea;
  - (vi) the Republic of Cuba;
  - (vii) the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela; (viii) Burma; or
  - (ix) any other country—
- (I) the property or interests in property of the government of which are blocked pursuant to the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.); or
- (II) the government of which the Secretary of State has determined has repeatedly provided support for acts of international terrorism for purposes of—
- (aa) section 620A(a) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2371(a));
- (bb) section 40(d) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2780(d));
- (cc) section 1754(c)(1)(A)(i) of the Export Control Reform Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C. 4813(c)(1)(A)(i)); or
- (dd) any other relevant provision of law.
- (8) NATIONAL ENERGY DOMINANCE COUNCIL.— The term "National Energy Dominance Council" means the National Energy Dominance Council established within the Executive Office of the President under Executive Order 14213 (90 Fed. Reg. 9945; relating to establishing the National Energy Dominance Council)
- (9) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Energy.
- (10) SPENT NUCLEAR FUEL.—The term "spent nuclear fuel" has the meaning given the term in section 2 of the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982 (42 U.S.C. 10101).
- (11) U.S. NUCLEAR ENERGY COMPANY.—The term "U.S. nuclear energy company" means a company that—
- (A) is organized under the laws of, or otherwise subject to the jurisdiction of, the United States; and
- (B) is involved in the nuclear energy industry.
- (c) NUCLEAR EXPORTS WORKING GROUP.—
- (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established a working group, to be known as the "Nuclear Exports Working Group" (referred to in this subsection as the "working group").
- (2) COMPOSITION.—The working group shall be composed of—
- (A) senior-level Federal officials, selected internally by the applicable Federal agency or organization, from any Federal agency or organization that the President determines to be appropriate; and
- (B) other senior-level Federal officials, selected internally by the applicable Federal agency or organization, from any other Federal agency or organization that the Secretary determines to be appropriate.
- (3) REPORTING.—The working group shall report to the President or 1 or more Federal

- officials designated by the President, if applicable.
- (4) DUTIES.—The working group shall coordinate, not less frequently than quarterly, with the Civil Nuclear Trade Advisory Committee of the Department of Commerce, the Nuclear Energy Advisory Committee of the Department of Energy, and other advisory or stakeholder groups, as necessary, to maintain an accurate and up-to-date knowledge of the standing of civil nuclear exports from the United States, including with respect to meeting the targets established as part of the 10-year civil nuclear trade strategy described in paragraph (5)(A).
  - (5) STRATEGY.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the working group shall establish a 10-year civil nuclear trade strategy, including biennial targets for the export of civil nuclear technologies, including light water and non-light water reactors and associated equipment and technologies, civil nuclear materials, and nuclear fuel that align with meeting international energy demand while seeking to avoid or reduce emissions and prevent the dissemination of nuclear technology, materials, and weapons to adversarial nations and terrorist groups.
- (B) COLLABORATION REQUIRED.—In establishing the strategy under subparagraph (A), the working group shall collaborate with—
- (i) any Federal agency that the President determines to be appropriate; and
- (ii) representatives of private industry and experts in nuclear security and risk reduction, as appropriate.
- (d) ENGAGEMENT WITH ALLY OR PARTNER NATIONS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The President shall launch, in accordance with applicable nuclear technology export laws (including regulations), an international initiative to modernize the civil nuclear outreach to embarking civil nuclear nations.
  - (2) FINANCING.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out the initiative described in paragraph (1), the President, acting through an appropriate Federal official, and in coordination with the officials described in subparagraph (B), may, if the President determines to be appropriate, seek to establish cooperative financing relationships for the export of civil nuclear technology, components, materials, and infrastructure to embarking civil nuclear nations.
- (B) OFFICIALS DESCRIBED.—The officials referred to in subparagraph (A) are—
- (i) appropriate officials of any Federal agency that the President determines to be appropriate; and
- (ii) appropriate officials representing foreign countries and governments, including— (I) ally or partner nations:
  - (II) embarking civil nuclear nations; and
- (III) any other country or government that the President (or 1 or more Federal officials designated by the President) and the officials described in clause (i) jointly determine to be appropriate.
- (3) ACTIVITIES.—In carrying out the initiative described in paragraph (1), the President shall—  $\,$
- (A) assist nongovernmental organizations and appropriate offices, administrations, agencies, laboratories, and programs of the Department of Energy and other relevant Federal agencies and offices in providing education and training to foreign governments in nuclear safety, security, and safeguards—
- (i) through engagement with the International Atomic Energy Agency; or
- (ii) independently, if the applicable entity determines that it would be more advantageous under the circumstances to provide

the applicable education and training independently:

- (B) assist the efforts of the International Atomic Energy Agency to expand the support provided by the International Atomic Energy Agency to embarking civil nuclear nations for nuclear safety, security, and safeguards:
- (C) coordinate with appropriate Federal departments and agencies on efforts to expand outreach to the private investment community and establish public-private financing relationships that enable the adoption of civil nuclear technologies by embarking civil nuclear nations, including through exports from the United States;
- (D) seek to better coordinate, to the maximum extent practicable, the work carried out by any Federal agency that the President determines to be appropriate; and
- (E) coordinate with the Export-Import Bank of the United States to improve the efficient and effective exporting and importing of civil nuclear technologies and materials.
- (e) COOPERATIVE FINANCING RELATIONSHIPS WITH ALLY OR PARTNER NATIONS AND EMBARKING CIVIL NUCLEAR NATIONS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The President shall designate an appropriate White House official to coordinate with the officials described in subsection (d)(2)(B) to develop, as the President determines to be appropriate, financing relationships with ally or partner nations to assist in the adoption of civil nuclear technologies exported from the United States or ally or partner nations to embarking civil nuclear nations.
- (2) UNITED STATES COMPETITIVENESS CLAUSES.—
- (A) DEFINITION OF UNITED STATES COMPETITIVENESS CLAUSE.—In this paragraph, the term "United States competitiveness clause" means any United States competitiveness provision in any agreement entered into by the Department of Energy, including—
  - (i) a cooperative agreement;
- (ii) a cooperative research and development agreement; and
- (iii) a patent waiver.
- (B) CONSIDERATION.—In carrying out paragraph (1), the relevant officials described in that paragraph shall consider the impact of United States competitiveness clauses on any financing relationships entered into or proposed to be entered into under that paragraph.
- (Ĉ) WAIVER.—The Secretary shall facilitate waivers of United States competitiveness clauses as necessary to facilitate financing relationships with ally or partner nations under paragraph (1).
- (f) COOPERATION WITH ALLY OR PARTNER NATIONS ON ADVANCED NUCLEAR REACTOR DEMONSTRATION AND COOPERATIVE RESEARCH FACILITIES FOR CIVIL NUCLEAR ENERGY.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary and the Secretary of Commerce, shall conduct bilateral and multilateral meetings with not fewer than 5 ally or partner nations, with the aim of enhancing nuclear energy cooperation among those ally or partner nations and the United States, for the purpose of developing collaborative relationships with respect to research, development, licensing, and deployment of advanced nuclear reactor technologies for civil nuclear energy.
- (2) REQUIREMENT.—The meetings described in paragraph (1) shall include—
- (A) a focus on cooperation to demonstrate and deploy advanced nuclear reactors, with an emphasis on U.S. nuclear energy companies, during the 10-year period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act to provide

- options for addressing energy security and environmental impacts; and
- (B) a focus on developing a memorandum of understanding or any other appropriate agreement between the United States and ally or partner nations with respect to—
- (i) the demonstration and deployment of advanced nuclear reactors; and
- (ii) the development of cooperative research facilities.
- (3) FINANCING ARRANGEMENTS.—In conducting the meetings described in paragraph (1), the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary, the Secretary of Commerce, and the heads of other relevant Federal agencies and only after initial consultation with the appropriate committees of Congress, shall seek to develop financing arrangements to share the costs of the demonstration and deployment of advanced nuclear reactors and the development of cooperative research facilities with the ally or partner nations participating in those meetings.
- (g) INTERNATIONAL CIVIL NUCLEAR ENERGY COOPERATION.—Section 959B of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 16279b) is amended—
- (1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking "The Secretary" and inserting the following:
- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary";
- (2) in subsection (a) (as so designated)—
- (A) in paragraph (1)—
- (i) by striking "financing,"; and
- (ii) by striking "and" after the semicolon at the end;
- (B) in paragraph (2)—
- (i) in subparagraph (A), by striking "preparations for"; and
- (ii) in subparagraph (C)(v), by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon; and
  - (C) by adding at the end the following:
- "(3) to support, with the concurrence of the Secretary of State, the safe, secure, and peaceful use of civil nuclear technology in countries developing nuclear energy programs, with a focus on countries that have increased civil nuclear cooperation with the Russian Federation or the People's Republic of China; and
- "(4) to promote the fullest utilization of the reactors, fuel, equipment, services, and technology of U.S. nuclear energy companies (as defined in subsection (b) of the International Nuclear Energy Act of 2025) in civil nuclear energy programs outside the United States through—
- "(A) bilateral and multilateral arrangements developed and executed with the concurrence of the Secretary of State that contain commitments for the utilization of the reactors, fuel, equipment, services, and technology of U.S. nuclear energy companies (as defined in that subsection);
- "(B) the designation of I or more U.S. nuclear energy companies (as defined in that subsection) to implement an arrangement under subparagraph (A) if the Secretary determines that the designation is necessary and appropriate to achieve the objectives of this section; and
- "(C) the waiver of any provision of law relating to competition with respect to any activity related to an arrangement under subparagraph (A) if the Secretary, in consultation with the Attorney General and the Secretary of Commerce, determines that a waiver is necessary and appropriate to achieve the objectives of this section."; and
- (3) by adding at the end the following:
- "(b) REQUIREMENTS.—The program under subsection (a) shall be supported in consultation with the Secretary of State and implemented by the Secretary—
- "(1) to facilitate, to the maximum extent practicable, workshops and expert-based ex-

changes to engage industry, stakeholders, and foreign governments with respect to international civil nuclear issues, such as—

- "(A) training;
- "(B) financing; "(C) safety:
- "(D) security;
- ``(E) safeguards;
- "(F) liability;
- "(G) advanced fuels;
- "(H) operations; and
- "(I) options for multinational cooperation with respect to the disposal of spent nuclear fuel (as defined in section 2 of the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982 (42 U.S.C. 10101)); and
- "(2) in coordination with any Federal agency that the President determines to be appropriate.
- "(c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Of funds appropriated or otherwise made available to the Secretary to carry out the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.) in fiscal years 2026 through 2030, the Secretary may use \$15,500,000 to carry out this section."
- (h) International Civil Nuclear Program Support.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary and 1 or more other Federal officials designated by the President, if applicable, shall launch an international initiative (referred to in this subsection as the "initiative") to provide financial assistance to, and facilitate the building of technical capacities by, in accordance with this subsection, embarking civil nuclear nations for activities relating to the development of civil nuclear energy programs.
  - (2) FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out the initiative, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary and 1 or more other Federal officials designated by the President, if applicable, is authorized to award grants of financial assistance in amounts not greater than \$5,500,000 to embarking civil nuclear nations in accordance with this paragraph—
- (i) for activities relating to the development of civil nuclear energy programs; and
- (ii) to facilitate the building of technical capacities for those activities.
- (B) LIMITATIONS.—The Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary and 1 or more other Federal officials designated by the President, if applicable, may award—
- (i) not more than 1 grant of financial assistance under subparagraph (A) to any 1 embarking civil nuclear nation each fiscal year; and
- (ii) not more than a total of 5 grants of financial assistance under subparagraph (A) to any 1 embarking civil nuclear nation.
  - (3) SENIOR ADVISORS.-
- (A) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out the initiative, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary and 1 or more other Federal officials designated by the President, if applicable, is authorized to provide financial assistance to an embarking civil nuclear nation for the purpose of contracting with a U.S. nuclear energy company to hire 1 or more senior advisors to assist the embarking civil nuclear nation in establishing a civil nuclear program.
- (B) REQUIREMENT.—A senior advisor described in subparagraph (A) shall have relevant experience and qualifications to advise the embarking civil nuclear nation on, and facilitate on behalf of the embarking civil nuclear nation, 1 or more of the following activities:
- (i) The development of financing relationships.

- (ii) The development of a standardized financing and project management framework for the construction of nuclear power plants.
- (iii) The development of a standardized licensing framework for—
- (I) light water civil nuclear technologies; and
- (II) non-light water civil nuclear technologies and advanced nuclear reactors.
- (iv) The identification of qualified organizations and service providers.
- (v) The identification of funds to support payment for services required to develop a civil nuclear program.
  - (vi) Market analysis.
- (vii) The identification of the safety, security, safeguards, and nuclear governance required for a civil nuclear program.
- (viii) Risk allocation, risk management, and nuclear liability.
- (ix) Technical assessments of nuclear reactors and technologies.
- (x) The identification of actions necessary to participate in a global nuclear liability regime based on the Convention on Supplementary Compensation for Nuclear Damage, with Annex, done at Vienna September 12, 1997 (TIAS 15-415).
  - (xi) Stakeholder engagement.
- $\left( xii\right)$  Management of spent nuclear fuel and nuclear waste.
- (xiii) Any other major activities to support the establishment of a civil nuclear program, such as the establishment of export, financing, construction, training, operations, and education requirements.
- (C) CLARIFICATION.—Financial assistance under this paragraph is authorized to be provided to an embarking civil nuclear nation in addition to any financial assistance provided to that embarking civil nuclear nation under paragraph (2).
- (4) LIMITATION ON ASSISTANCE TO EMBARK-ING CIVIL NUCLEAR NATIONS.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Offices of the Inspectors General for the Department of State and the Department of Energy shall coordinate—
- (A) to establish and submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a joint strategic plan to conduct comprehensive oversight of activities authorized under this subsection to prevent fraud, waste, and abuse;
- (B) to engage in independent and effective oversight of activities authorized under this subsection through joint or individual audits, inspections, investigations, or evaluations.
- (5) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Of funds appropriated or otherwise made available to the Secretary of State to carry out the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.) in fiscal years 2026 through 2030, the Secretary of State may use \$50,000,000 to carry out this subsection.
- (i) BIENNIAL CABINET-LEVEL INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON NUCLEAR SAFETY, SECURITY, SAFEGUARDS, AND SUSTAINABILITY.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The President, in coordination with international partners, as determined by the President, and industry, shall hold a biennial conference on civil nuclear safety, security, safeguards, and sustainability (referred to in this subsection as a "conference").
- (2) CONFERENCE FUNCTIONS.—It is the sense of Congress that each conference should—
- (A) be a forum in which ally or partner nations may engage with each other for the purpose of reinforcing the commitment to—
- (i) nuclear safety, security, safeguards, and sustainability:
  - (ii) environmental safeguards; and
- (iii) local community engagement in areas in reasonable proximity to nuclear sites; and
  - (B) facilitate—
  - (i) the development of—

- (I) joint commitments and goals to improve—
- (aa) nuclear safety, security, safeguards, and sustainability;
- (bb) environmental safeguards; and
- (cc) local community engagement in areas in reasonable proximity to nuclear sites;
- (II) stronger international institutions that support nuclear safety, security, safeguards, and sustainability;
- (III) cooperative financing relationships to promote competitive alternatives to Chinese and Russian financing;
- (IV) a standardized financing and project management framework for the construction of civil nuclear power plants;
- (V) a standardized licensing framework for civil nuclear technologies;
- (VI) a strategy to change internal policies of multinational development banks, such as the World Bank, to support the financing of civil nuclear projects;
- (VII) a document containing any lessons learned from countries that have partnered with the Russian Federation or the People's Republic of China with respect to civil nuclear power, including any detrimental outcomes resulting from that partnership; and
- (VIII) a global civil nuclear liability regime;
- (ii) cooperation for enhancing the overall aspects of civil nuclear power, such as—
- (I) nuclear safety, security, safeguards, and sustainability;
  - (II) nuclear laws (including regulations);
  - (III) waste management;
- (IV) quality management systems:
- (V) technology transfer;
- (VI) human resources development;
- (VII) localization:
- (VIII) reactor operations;
- (IX) nuclear liability; and
- (X) decommissioning: and
- (iii) the development and determination of the mechanisms described in subparagraphs (G) and (H) of subsection (j)(1), if the President intends to establish an Advanced Reactor Coordination and Resource Center as described in that subsection.
- (3) INPUT FROM INDUSTRY AND GOVERN-MENT.—It is the sense of Congress that each conference should include a meeting that convenes nuclear industry leaders and leaders of government agencies with expertise relating to nuclear safety, security, safeguards, or sustainability to discuss best practices relating to—
- (A) the safe and secure use, storage, and transport of nuclear and radiological materials:
- (B) managing the evolving cyber threat to nuclear and radiological security; and
- (C) the role that the nuclear industry should play in nuclear and radiological safety, security, and safeguards, including with respect to the safe and secure use, storage, and transport of nuclear and radiological materials, including spent nuclear fuel and nuclear waste.
- (j) ADVANCED REACTOR COORDINATION AND RESOURCE CENTER.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The President shall consider the feasibility of leveraging existing activities or frameworks or, as necessary, establishing a center, to be known as the "Advanced Reactor Coordination and Resource Center" (referred to in this subsection as the "Center"), for the purposes of—
- (A) identifying qualified organizations and service providers—
- (i) for embarking civil nuclear nations;
- (ii) to develop and assemble documents, contracts, and related items required to establish a civil nuclear program; and
- (iii) to develop a standardized model for the establishment of a civil nuclear program that can be used by the International Atomic Energy Agency;

- (B) coordinating with countries participating in the Center and with the Nuclear Exports Working Group established under subsection (c)—
- (i) to identify funds to support payment for services required to develop a civil nuclear program;
  - (ii) to provide market analysis; and
  - (iii) to create-
  - (I) project structure models;
  - (II) models for electricity market analysis;
- (III) models for nonelectric applications market analysis; and
  - (IV) financial models;
- (C) identifying and developing the safety, security, safeguards, and nuclear governance required for a civil nuclear program;
- (D) supporting multinational regulatory standards to be developed by countries with civil nuclear programs and experience;
- (E) developing and strengthening communications, engagement, and consensus-building:
- (F) carrying out any other major activities to support export, financing, education, construction, training, and education requirements relating to the establishment of a civil nuclear program;
- (G) developing mechanisms for how to fund and staff the Center; and
- (H) determining mechanisms for the selection of the location or locations of the Center.
- (2) OBJECTIVE.—The President shall carry out paragraph (1) with the objective of establishing the Center if the President determines that it is feasible to do so.
- (k) STRATEGIC INFRASTRUCTURE FUND WORKING GROUP.—
- (1) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established a working group, to be known as the "Strategic Infrastructure Fund Working Group" (referred to in this subsection as the "working group") to provide input on the feasibility of establishing a program to support strategically important capital-intensive infrastructure projects.
- (2) COMPOSITION.—The working group shall be composed of—
- (A) senior-level Federal officials, selected by the head of the applicable Federal agency or organization, from any Federal agency or organization that the President determines to be appropriate;
- (B) other senior-level Federal officials, selected by the head of the applicable Federal agency or organization, from any other Federal agency or organization that the Secretary determines to be appropriate; and
- (C) any senior-level Federal official selected by the President or 1 or more Federal officials designated by the President from any Federal agency or organization.
- (3) REPORTING.—The working group shall report to the National Security Council.
  - (4) DUTIES.—The working group shall—
- (A) provide direction and advice to the officials described in subsection (d)(2)(B)(i) and appropriate Federal agencies, as determined by the working group, with respect to the establishment of a Strategic Infrastructure Fund (referred to in this paragraph as the "Fund") to be used—
- (i) to support those aspects of projects relating to—  $\,$ 
  - (I) civil nuclear technologies; and
  - (II) microprocessors; and
- (ii) for strategic investments identified by the working group; and
- (B) address critical areas in determining the appropriate design for the Fund, including—
  - (i) transfer of assets to the Fund;
  - (ii) transfer of assets from the Fund;
- (iii) how assets in the Fund should be invested; and
- (iv) governance and implementation of the Fund.

- (5) Briefing and report required.
- (A) BRIEFING.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the working group shall brief the committees described in subparagraph (C) on the status of the development of the processes necessary to implement this subsection.
- (B) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the working group shall submit to the committees described in subparagraph (C) a report on the findings of the working group that includes suggested legislative text for how to establish and structure a Strategic Infrastructure Fund.
- (C) COMMITTEES DESCRIBED.—The committees referred to in subparagraphs (A) and (B) are—  $\,$
- (i) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, the Committee on Environment and Public Works, the Committee on Finance, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
- (ii) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Energy and Commerce, the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology, the Committee on Ways and Means, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
- (D) ADMINISTRATION OF THE FUND.—The report submitted under subparagraph (B) shall include suggested legislative language requiring all expenditures from a Strategic Infrastructure Fund established in accordance with this subsection to be administered by the Secretary of State (or a designee of the Secretary of State).
- (1) JOINT ASSESSMENT BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND INDIA ON NUCLEAR LIABILITY RULES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State, in consultation with the heads of other relevant Federal departments and agencies, shall establish and maintain within the U.S.-India Strategic Security Dialogue a joint consultative mechanism with the Government of the Republic of India that convenes on a recurring basis—
- (A) to assess the implementation of the Agreement for Cooperation between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of India Concerning Peaceful Uses of Nuclear Energy, signed at Washington October 10, 2008 (TIAS 08-1206):
- (B) to discuss opportunities for the Republic of India to align domestic nuclear liability rules with international norms; and
- (C) to develop a strategy for the United States and the Republic of India to pursue bilateral and multilateral diplomatic engagements related to analyzing and implementing those opportunities.
- (2) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for 5 years, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the heads of other relevant Federal departments and agencies, shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report that describes the joint assessment developed pursuant to paragraph (1)(A).
- (m) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Except as expressly stated in this section, nothing in this section may be construed to alter or otherwise affect the interpretation or implementation of section 123 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2153) or any other provision of law, including the requirement that agreements pursuant to that section be submitted to Congress for consideration.
- (n) SUNSET.—This section and the amendments made by this section shall cease to have effect on the date that is 20 years after the date of enactment of this Act.

- SEC. 6024. NATIONAL REGISTRY OF KOREAN AMERICAN DIVIDED FAMILIES.
  - (a) NATIONAL REGISTRY.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State, acting through the Special Envoy on North Korean Human Rights Issues, the Assistant Secretary of State for Consular Affairs, or such other individual as the Secretary may designate, shall—
- (A) engage, to the extent practicable, Korean American families who wish to be reunited with family members residing in North Korea from which such Korean American families were divided after the signing of the Agreement Concerning a Military Armistice in Korea, signed at Panmunjom July 27, 1953 (commonly referred to as the "Korean War Armistice Agreement"), in anticipation of future reunions for such families and family members, including in-person and video reunions; and
- (B) establish a private, internal national registry of the names and other relevant information of such Korean American families...
- (i) to facilitate such future reunions; and
- (ii) to provide for a repository of information about such Korean American families and family members in North Korea, including information about individuals who may be deceased.
- (2) DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION.—The Secretary of State may enter into agreements with Korean individuals and families, academic institutions, or other members of the public, as appropriate, to share, in whole or in part, information collected and housed in the database if—
- (A) the United States person whose personally identifiable information would be disclosed as a result of an agreement has provided consent to such disclosure; and
- (B) the agreement outlines reasonable steps and commitments to ensure that any information disclosed as a result of such agreement is—
- (i) kept private and confidential; and
- (ii) will not be disclosed improperly to other parties outside the agreement.
- (b) ACTIONS TO FACILITATE DIALOGUE BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND NORTH KOREA.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State should take steps to ensure that any direct dialogue between the United States and North Korea includes progress towards holding future reunions for Korean American families and their family members in North Korea.
- (2) CONSULTATIONS.—The Secretary of State shall consult with the Government of the Republic of Korea, as appropriate, in carrying out this subsection.
- (3) REPORTING REQUIREMENT.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State, acting through the Special Envoy on North Korean Human Rights Issues, shall include in each report required under section 107(d) of the North Korean Human Rights Act of 2004 (22 U.S.C. 7817(d)) a description of the consultations described in paragraph (2) conducted during the year preceding the submission of the report.
- (B) ELEMENTS.—The reporting required under subparagraph (A) should include—
- (i) the status of the national registry established pursuant to subsection (a)(1)(B);
- (ii) the number of individuals included on the registry who—
- (I) have met their family members in North Korea during previous reunions; and
- (II) have yet to meet their family members in North Korea;
- (iii) a summary of responses by North Korea to requests by the United States Government to hold reunions of divided families;

- (iv) a description of actions taken by North Korea that prevent the emigration of family members of Korean American families.
- (c) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DEFINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives.

### SEC. 6025. REPORTS ON FOOD INSECURITY IN ARMED FORCES.

Not later than 5 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, and every 5 years thereafter, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to Congress a report on food insecurity in the Armed Forces.

# SEC. 6026. ALIGNMENT OF UPDATES OF STRATEGIC PLAN FOR THE MANUFACTURING USA PROGRAM WITH UPDATES TO NATIONAL STRATEGY FOR ADVANCED MANUFACTURING.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Paragraph (2) of section 34(i) of the National Institute of Standards and Technology Act (15 U.S.C. 278s(i)) is amended—
- (1) in subparagraph (C), by striking "and update not less frequently than once every 3 years thereafter.";
- (2) by redesignating subparagraphs (D) through (M) as subparagraphs (E) through (N), respectively; and
- (3) by inserting after subparagraph (C), the following new bsubparagraph:
- "(D) to update the strategic plan developed under subparagraph (C) not less frequently than once every 4 years such that the planning cycle for the updates aligns with the planning cycle for updates to the National Strategy for Advanced Manufacturing required under section 102(c)(4) of the America COMPETES Reauthorization Act of 2010 (42 U.S.C. 6622(c)(4)) to better ensure the Program reflects the priorities of the national strategy:".
- (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Such section is further amended—
- (1) in paragraph (3), by striking "paragraph (2)(C)" and inserting "subparagraphs (C) and (D) of paragraph (2)"; and
- (2) in paragraph (4), by striking "paragraph (2)(C)" and inserting "subparagraph (C) of paragraph (2) and any update to the plan required under subparagraph (D) of such paragraph".

### SEC. 6027. EXTENSION OF DEFENSE PRODUCTION ACT OF 1950.

Section 717(a) of the Defense Production Act of 1950 (50 U.S.C. 4564(a)) is amended by striking "September 30, 2025" and inserting "September 30, 2026".

# SEC. 6028. INFORMATIONAL MATERIALS UNDER THE FOREIGN AGENTS REGISTRATION ACT.

- (a) DEFINITION OF INFORMATIONAL MATERIAL.—Section 1 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended (22 U.S.C. 611) is amended by inserting after subsection (p) the following:
- "(q) INFORMATIONAL MATERIAL.—The term 'informational material' means any material that a person disseminating the material believes or has reason to believe will, or that the person intends to in any way, influence any agency or official of the Government of the United States or any section of the public within the United States with reference to—
- "(1) formulating, adopting, or changing the domestic or foreign policies of the United States: or
- "(2) the political or public interests, policies, or relations of a government of a foreign country or a foreign political party.".
- (b) FILING AND LABELING OF INFORMATIONAL MATERIALS AND REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION OR ADVICE.—Section 4 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended (22 U.S.C. 614) is amended—

- (1) in the section heading, by striking "PO-LITICAL PROPAGANDA" and inserting "INFOR-MATIONAL MATERIALS";
- (2) in subsection (b), by inserting "that states the name of the foreign country in which the foreign principal is located," after "on behalf of the foreign principal,"; and
- (3) by striking subsection (e) and inserting the following:
- "(e) Information Furnished to Agencies OR OFFICIALS OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERN-MENT.—It shall be unlawful for any person within the United States who is an agent of a foreign principal required to register under the provisions of this Act to transmit, convey, or otherwise furnish to any agency or official of the Government (including a Member or committee of either House of Congress) for or in the interests of such foreign principal any informational material or to request from any such agency or official for or in the interests of such foreign principal any information or advice with respect to any matter pertaining to the political or public interests, policies, or relations of a foreign country or of a political party or pertaining to the foreign or domestic policies of the United States unless the informational material or the request is prefaced or accompanied by a true and accurate statement to the effect that such person is registered as an agent of such foreign principal under this
- (c) REPORTS TO THE CONGRESS.—Section 11 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended (22 U.S.C. 621) is amended by striking "political propaganda" and inserting "informational material".

#### SEC. 6029. CREDIT MONITORING.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.) is amended—
  (1) in section 605A(k) (15 U.S.C. 1681c-
- (1) in section 605A(k) (15 U.S.C. 1681c–1(k))—
  (A) by striking paragraph (1) and inserting
- (A) by striking paragraph (1) and inserting the following:
- "(1) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:
- "(A) ARMED FORCES.—The term 'armed forces' has the meaning given the term in section 101(a) of title 10, United States Code.
- "(B) ARMED FORCES MEMBER CONSUMER.— The term 'armed forces member consumer' means a consumer who, regardless of duty status, is a member of the armed forces."; and
- (B) in paragraph (2)(A), by striking "active duty military consumer" and inserting "armed forces member consumer"; and
- (2) in section 625(b)(1)(K) (15 U.S.C. 1681t(b)(1)(K)), by striking "active duty military consumers" and inserting "armed forces member consumers".
- (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by subsection (a) shall take effect on the date that is 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act.

# SEC. 6030. TREATMENT OF EXEMPTIONS UNDER THE FOREIGN AGENTS REGISTRATION ACT OF 1938.

- (a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the "Preventing Adversary Influence, Disinformation, and Obscured Foreign Financing Act of 2025" or the "PAID OFF Act of 2025".
- (b) TREATMENT OF EXEMPTIONS UNDER THE FOREIGN AGENTS REGISTRATION ACT OF 1938.—Section 3 of the Foreign Agents Registration Act of 1938, as amended (22 U.S.C. 613), is amended—
- (1) in the matter preceding subsection (a), by inserting ", except as provided in subsection (i)" after "principals"; and
  - (2) by adding at the end the following:
- "(i) LIMITATIONS.—The exemptions under subsections (d)(1), (d)(2), and (h) shall not apply to any agent of a foreign principal that is a corporate or government entity that is owned or controlled by 1 or more of the iden-

- tified countries listed in clauses (i) through (v) of section I(m)(1)(A) of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2651a(m)(1)(A))."
- (c) MECHANISM TO AMEND DEFINITION OF "COUNTRY OF CONCERN".—Section 1(m) of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2651a(m)) is amended—
- (1) by redesignating paragraphs (6) and (7) as paragraphs (7) and (8), respectively; and
- (2) by inserting after paragraph (5) the following:
- "(6) MODIFICATION TO DEFINITION OF 'COUNTRY OF CONCERN'.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State may, in consultation with the Attorney General, propose the addition or deletion of countries described in paragraph (1)(A).
- "(B) SUBMISSION.—Any proposal described in subparagraph (A) shall—
- "(i) be submitted to the Chairman and Ranking Member of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Chairman and Ranking Member of the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives; and
- "(ii) become effective upon enactment of a joint resolution of approval as described in subparagraph (C).
  - "(C) JOINT RESOLUTION OF APPROVAL.
- "(i) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of subparagraph (B)(ii), the term 'joint resolution of approval' means only a joint resolution—
  - "(I) that does not have a preamble;
- "(II) that includes in the matter after the resolving clause the following: 'That Congress approves the modification of the definition of "country of concern" under section 1(m) of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956, as submitted by the Secretary of State on \_; and section 1(m)(1)(A) of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 (22 U.S.C. 2651a(m)(1)(A)) is amended by , the blank spaces being appropriately filled in with the appropriate date and the amendatory language required to modify the list of countries in paragraph (1)(A) of this subsection by adding or deleting 1 or more countries; and
- "(III) the title of which is as follows: 'Joint resolution approving modifications to definition of "country of concern" under section 1(m) of the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956.'.
- "(ii) Referral.—
- "(I) SENATE.—A resolution described in clause (i) that is introduced in the Senate shall be referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate.
- "(II) HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—A resolution described in clause (i) that is introduced in the House of Representatives shall be referred to the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives."
- (d) SUNSET.—The amendments made by this section shall terminate on the date that is 5 years after the date of enactment of this Act.

#### Subtitle G—Sentencing Enhancements for Certain Criminal Offenses Directed by or Coordinated With Foreign Governments SEC. 6071. SHORT TITLE.

This subtitle may be cited as the "Deterring External Threats and Ensuring Robust Responses to Egregious and Nefarious Criminal Endeavors Act" or the "DETERRENCE Act"

#### SEC. 6072. KIDNAPPING.

- Section 1201 of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) by redesignating subsection (h) as subsection (i);
- (2) by inserting after subsection (g) the following:
- "(h) SENTENCE ENHANCEMENTS FOR OFFENSES DIRECTED BY OR COORDINATED WITH FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS.—

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The sentence of a person convicted of an offense under subsection (a) may be increased by up to 10 years if such offense was committed knowingly at the direction of or in coordination with a foreign government or an agent of a foreign government.
- "(2) CONSPIRACY.—The sentence of a person convicted of conspiring to commit a violation of subsection (a) as part of a conspiracy under the elements specified in subsection (c) may be increased by up to 10 years if—
- "(A) 1 or more of the persons involved in such conspiracy were knowingly acting in coordination with a foreign government or an agent of a foreign government; and
- "(B) the person convicted of conspiring to commit a violation of subsection (a) knew that 1 or more of the persons involved in such conspiracy were knowingly acting in coordination with a foreign government or an agent of a foreign government.
- "(3) ATTEMPT.—The sentence of a person convicted of an attempt to violate subsection (a) may be increased by up to 5 years if such attempt was knowingly at the direction of or in coordination with a foreign government or an agent of a foreign government."; and
- (3) in subsection (i), as so designated, by inserting "DEFINITION.—" before "As used in this section".

#### SEC. 6073. USE OF INTERSTATE COMMERCE FA-CILITIES IN THE COMMISSION OF MURDER-FOR-HIRE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1958 of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) by redesignating subsection (b) as subsection (c):
- (2) by inserting after subsection (a) the following:
- "(b) SENTENCE ENHANCEMENTS FOR OF-FENSES DIRECTED BY OR COORDINATED WITH FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS.—The sentence of a person convicted of an offense under subsection (a)—
- "(1) may be increased by up to 5 years, if such offense was committed knowingly at the direction of or in coordination with a foreign government or an agent of a foreign government; and
  - "(2) may be increased by up to 10 years—
- "(A) if such offense was committed knowingly at the direction of or in coordination with a foreign government or an agent of a foreign government; and
  - "(B) personal injury results."; and
- (3) in subsection (c), as so redesignated, by inserting "DEFINITIONS.—" before "As used in this section".
- (b) Technical and Conforming Amendments.—
- (1) Section 2332b(g)(2) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by striking "section 1958(b)(2)" and inserting "section 1958".
- (2) Section 1010A(d) of the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. 960a(d)) is amended by striking "section 1958(b)(1)" and inserting "section 1958".

# SEC. 6074. INFLUENCING, IMPEDING, OR RETALIATING AGAINST A FEDERAL OFFICIAL BY THREATENING OR INJURING A FAMILY MEMBER.

Section 115(b) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

- "(5) The sentence of a person convicted of an offense under subsection (a), if such offense was committed knowingly at the direction of or in coordination with a foreign government or an agent of a foreign government—
- "(A) may be increased by up to 5 years if the offense committed was an assault involving physical contact with the victim of that assault or the intent to commit another felony:
  - "(B) may be increased by up to 10 years if—

- "(i) the offense committed was an assault resulting in bodily injury (including serious bodily injury (as that term is defined in section 1365 of this title));
- "(ii) the offense involved any conduct that, if the conduct occurred in the special maritime and territorial jurisdiction of the United States, would violate section 2241 or 2242 of this title: or
- "(iii) a dangerous weapon was used during and in relation to the offense; and
- "(C) may be increased by up to 10 years if the offense committed was a murder, attempted murder, or conspiracy to murder.". SEC. 6075. STALKING.

Section 2261A of title 18, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) by striking "Whoever—" and inserting "(a) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in subsection (b), whoever—"; and
- (2) by adding at the end the following:
- "(b) ENHANCED PENALTIES FOR OFFENSES INVOLVING FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS.—The sentence of a person convicted of an offense under paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection (a), if such offense was committed knowingly at the direction of or in coordination with a foreign government—
- "(1) may be increased by up to 5 years if—
  "(A) serious bodily injury (including permanent disfigurement or life threatening bodily injury) to the victim results:
- "(B) the offender uses a dangerous weapon during the offense; or
- "(C) the victim of the offense is under the age of 18 years:
- "(2) may be increased by up to 10 years if death of the victim results; and
- "(3) may be increased by up to 30 months in any other case."

### SEC. 6076. PROTECTION OF OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE UNITED STATES.

Section 1114 of title 18, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) by redesignating subsection (b) as subsection (c); and
- (2) by inserting after subsection (a) the following:
- "(b) SENTENCE ENHANCEMENTS FOR OFFENSES DIRECTED BY OR COORDINATED WITH FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS.—The sentence of a person convicted of an offense under subsection (a) may be increased by up to 10 years if such offense was committed knowingly at the direction of or in coordination with a foreign government or an agent of a foreign government."

# SEC. 6077. PRESIDENTIAL AND PRESIDENTIAL STAFF ASSASSINATION, KIDNAP-PING, AND ASSAULT.

Section 1751 of title 18, United States Code, is amended—

- (1) by redesignating subsections (f) through (k) as subsections (g) through (i), respectively; and
- (2) by inserting after subsection (e) the following:
- "(f)(1) The sentence of a person convicted of an offense under subsection (a), (b), or (c) may be increased by up to 10 years if such offense was committed knowingly at the direction of or in coordination with a foreign government or an agent of a foreign government.
- "(2) The sentence of a person convicted of conspiring to kill or kidnap any individual designated in subsection (a) as part of a conspiracy under the elements specified in subsection (d) may be increased by up to 10 years if—
- "(A) 1 or more of the persons involved in such conspiracy were knowingly acting in coordination with a foreign government or an agent of a foreign government; and
- "(B) the person convicted of conspiring to kill or kidnap an individual designated in

- subsection (a) knew that 1 or more of the persons involved in such conspiracy were knowingly acting in coordination with a foreign government or an agent of a foreign government.
- "(3) The sentence of a person convicted of an offense under subsection (e) may be increased by up to 10 years if—
- "(A) the victim was any person designated in subsection (a)(1); and
- "(B) such offense was committed knowingly at the direction of or in coordination with a foreign government or an agent of a foreign government.
- "(4) The sentence of a person convicted of an offense under subsection (e) may be increased by up to 10 years if—
- "(A) the victim was any person designated in subsection (a)(2); and
- "(B) such offense was committed knowingly at the direction of or in coordination with a foreign government or an agent of a foreign government.
- "(5) The sentence of a person convicted of an offense under subsection (e) may be increased by up to 10 years if—
- ``(A)(i) the offense involved the use of a dangerous weapon; or
  - "(ii) personal injury resulted; and
- "(B) such offense was committed knowingly at the direction of or in coordination with a foreign government or an agent of a foreign government."

#### Subtitle H—Export Controls for Advanced Artificial Intelligence Chips

#### SEC. 6081. SHORT TITLE.

This subtitle may be cited as the "Guaranteeing Access and Innovation for National Artificial Intelligence Act of 2025" or the "GAIN AI Act of 2025".

#### SEC. 6082. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

- It is the sense of Congress that-
- (1) artificial intelligence is a transformative technology and United States policy should ensure that United States persons, including small businesses, startups, and universities, are in the best position to innovate and harness the potential of artificial intelligence:
- (2) the demand for advanced artificial intelligence chips far exceeds the supply, and United States persons are forced to wait many months, if not longer, to acquire the latest chips;
- (3) at the same time, United States chip developers are selling advanced artificial intelligence chips to entities in countries that are subject to a United States arms embargo or countries that have a close relationship with such countries, so that United States persons are unable to acquire such chips;
- (4) the production of such chips for sale to entities in countries described in paragraph (3) is taking up production capacity that would otherwise be used to fabricate chips for United States persons; and
- (5) it should be the policy of the United States and the Department of Commerce—
- (A) to deny licenses for the export of the most powerful artificial intelligence chips, including such chips with a total processing power of 4.800 or above; and
- (B) to restrict the export of less advanced artificial intelligence chips to foreign entities in countries of concern so long as United States entities are waiting and unable to acquire those same chips.

# SEC. 6083. PROHIBITION ON PRIORITIZING COUNTRIES OF CONCERN OVER UNITED STATES PERSONS FOR EXPORTS OF ADVANCED INTEGRATED CIRCUITS.

Part I of the Export Control Reform Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C. 4811 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 1758 the following:

#### "SEC. 1758A. CONTROL OF EXPORTS OF AD-VANCED INTEGRATED CIRCUITS.

"(a) LICENSE REQUIREMENT.-

- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided by paragraph (2), the Under Secretary of Commerce for Industry and Security shall require a license for the export, reexport, or incountry transfer of an advanced integrated circuit or a product containing such a circuit.
- "(2) AUTHORITY TO EXEMPT CERTAIN COUNTRIES.—The requirement for a license under paragraph (1) does not apply with respect to the export, reexport, or in-country transfer of an advanced integrated circuit or a product containing such a circuit to or in a country that is listed in Country Group A:4, A:5, or A:6 in Supplement No. 1 to part 740 of the Export Administration Regulations.
- $\lq\lq$  (b) Certification of Priority for United States Customers for Certain Advanced Integrated Circuits.—
- "(1) CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENT.—The Under Secretary shall require a person submitting an application for a license to export, reexport, or in-country transfer an advanced integrated circuit or a product containing such a circuit to or in a country subject to a comprehensive United States arms embargo or a country of concern to certify in the application that—
- "(A) United States persons had a right-offirst-refusal for the circuit or product, which means the person submitting the application—
- "(i) upon reaching the decision to enter into a transaction for the sale of such a circuit or product to a person in a country subject to a comprehensive United States arms embargo or a country of concern, provided, in a manner accessible to United States persons, a notice of—
- "(I) intent to sell the circuit or product to the person in that country; and
- "(II) the terms of the transaction, including the price and quantity of the circuit or product involved in the transaction;
- "(ii) allowed not less than 15 business days for United States persons to request to purchase the full quantity or a lesser quantity of the circuit or product on the terms (other than quantity) specified under clause (i); and
- "(iii) provided preference to United States persons that requested to purchase the circuit or product over the person in the country described in clause (i); and
- "(B) the person submitting the applica-
- "(i) has no current backlog of requests from United States persons for the circuit or product or a comparable circuit or product:
- "(ii) cannot foresee the export, reexport, or in-country transfer of the circuit or product resulting in such a backlog or a reduction in the capacity of production lines for the production of the circuit or product for United States persons; and
- "(iii) is not providing advantageous pricing or terms for the circuit or product to foreign persons that the person is not providing to United States persons.
- "(2) DENIAL OF APPLICATIONS WITHOUT CERTIFICATION.—If a certification described in paragraph (1) is not submitted with an application for a license described in that paragraph, the Under Secretary shall deny the application.
- "(3) IMPLEMENTATION.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this section, the Under Secretary shall prescribe regulations providing guidance for complying with the certification requirement under paragraph (1), which shall include—
- "(A) a description of the acceptable formats for the notice required by paragraph (1)(A)(i);
- $\mbox{``(B)}$  establishment of a portal that allows—

- "(i) persons applying for a license under this section to submit details regarding intended sales of advanced integrated circuits and products containing such circuits; and
- "(ii) United States persons to view those details and submit requests to purchase such circuits or products pursuant to paragraph (1)(A)(ii);
- "(C) procedures for handling multiple requests for an intended sale of such a circuit or product, which shall allow for combining requests for lesser quantities of the circuit or product to match the full quantity offered for sale:
- "(D) recordkeeping requirements;
- "(E) penalties for misrepresentation and concealment of material facts; and
- $\mathrm{``(F)}$  metrics and procedures by which to determine whether—
- "(i) the export, reexport, or in-country transfer of a circuit or product would create—
- "(I) a backlog of requests described in paragraph (1)(B)(i); or
- "(II) a reduction in capacity described in paragraph (1)(B)(ii); and
- "(ii) the person selling the circuit or product is providing advantageous pricing or terms described in paragraph (1)(B)(iii) to foreign persons.
  - "(c) Definitions.—
- "(1) ADVANCED INTEGRATED CIRCUIT.—In this section, the term 'advanced integrated circuit' means an integrated circuit (as defined Export Control Classification Number 3A090 in the Commerce Control List) that has one or more digital processing units with—
- "(A) a total processing performance of 2,400 or more and a performance density of 1.6 or more:
- "(B) a total processing performance of 1,600 or more and a performance density of 3.2 or more; or
- "(C) a total DRAM bandwidth of 1,400 gigabytes per second or more, interconnect bandwidth of 1,100 gigabytes per second or more, or a sum of DRAM bandwidth and interconnect bandwidth of 1,700 gigabytes per second or more.
- "(2) COMMERCE CONTROL LIST.—In this section, the term 'Commerce Control List' means the list set forth in Supplement No. 1 to part 774 of the Export Administration Regulations.
- "(3) COUNTRY OF CONCERN.—In this section, the term 'country of concern' means a country that the Director of National Intelligence assesses is hosting, or has the intention of hosting, a military or intelligence facility associated with a country subject to a comprehensive United States arms embarco.
- "(4) PERFORMANCE DENSITY; TOTAL PROC-ESSING PERFORMANCE.—In this section, the terms 'performance density' and 'total processing performance' have the meanings given those terms in, and are calculated as provided for under, Export Control Classification Number 3A090 in the Commerce Control List.".

## TITLE LXI—CIVILIAN PERSONNEL MATTERS

#### SEC. 6101. DEFINITION OF DEFENSE INDUSTRIAL BASE FACILITY FOR PURPOSES OF DIRECT HIRE AUTHORITY.

Section 1125(c) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (10 U.S.C. 1580 note prec.; Public Law 114-328) is amended by inserting "and includes supporting units of a facility at an installation or base" after "United States".

## SEC. 6102. PUBLIC SHIPYARD APPRENTICE PROGRAM.

(a) FISCAL YEAR 2026 CLASSES.—During fiscal year 2026, the Secretary of the Navy shall induct, at each of the Navy shipyards, a class of not fewer than 100 apprentices.

(b) FISCAL YEAR 2027 COSTS.—The Secretary of the Navy shall include the costs of the classes of Navy shipyard apprentices to be inducted in fiscal year 2027 in the materials of the Department of Defense supporting the fiscal year 2027 budget request submitted to Congress by the President pursuant to section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code.

## TITLE LXII—MATTERS RELATING TO FOREIGN NATIONS

#### Subtitle B—Matters Relating to Syria, Iraq, and Iran

## SEC. 6211. REPEAL OF CAESAR SYRIA CIVILIAN PROTECTION ACT OF 2019.

The Caesar Syria Civilian Protection Act of 2019 (title LXXIV of division F of Public Law 116-92; 22 U.S.C. 8791 note) is hereby repealed.

### SEC. 6212. COUNTERING CAPTAGON PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

The Secretary of State is authorize to establish a program that—

- (1) provides funding to rehabilitate border crossings in Syria; and
- (2) supports counter-narcotics, counterterrorism, and counter-weapons trafficking, particularly by personnel and ministries linked to the new Government of Svria.

### Subtitle C—Matters Relating to Europe and the Russian Federation

#### SEC. 6221. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON RUSSIA'S IL-LEGAL ABDUCTION OF UKRAINIAN CHILDREN.

- (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
- (1) Since the Russian Federation's fullscale invasion of Ukraine in February 2022, the Russian Federation military forces and the Government of the Russian Federation have abducted, forcibly transferred, or facilitated the illegal deportation of at least 20,000 Ukrainian children.
- (2) The Russian Federation's abduction, forcible transfer, and facilitation of the illegal deportation of Ukrainian children has left countless children and families with devastating physical and psychological trauma.
- (b) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that Congress—
- (1) condemns the Russian Federation's abduction, forcible transfer, and facilitation of the illegal deportation of Ukrainian children; and
- (2) implores the Russian Federation to work with the international community to ensure the return, without delay, of all forcibly transferred Ukrainian children to their families.

#### SEC. 6222. MODIFICATION OF ANNUAL REPORT ON MILITARY AND SECURITY DEVEL-OPMENTS INVOLVING THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION TO INCLUDE AN AS-SESSMENT ON USE OF CHEMICAL WEAPONS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1234 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283: 134 Stat. 3936) is amended—
- (1) in subsection (b), by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(27) An assessment of the use by the Russian Federation of chemical weapons (including chemical munitions) during the preceding year, which shall include an assessment of each of the following:
- "(A) The use, as part of armed conflict, of any substance the use of which is prohibited by the Organization for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons or any other chemicals the use of which is considered by the United States to be a violation of international obligations.
- "(B) The use of chemical weapons or agents to kill, maim, or incapacitate individuals outside an armed conflict.
- "(C) Any actions taken by the United States Government to hold the Russian Fed-

eration accountable for the actions described in subparagraphs (A) and (B).".

(b) ECONOMIC SANCTIONS.—The President is urged to pursue economic sanctions, including sanctions under the Global Magnitsky Human Rights Accountability Act (22 U.S.C. 10101 et seq.), in any instance identified under paragraph (27) of section 1234(b) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283; 134 Stat. 3936) in which there is credible evidence that foreign person has been involved in the use of chemical weapons.

#### Subtitle D—Matters Relating to the Indo-Pacific Region

### SEC. 6231. MODERNIZING THE DEFENSE CAPABILITIES OF THE PHILIPPINES.

- (a) PURPOSE.—In addition to the purposes otherwise authorized for Foreign Military Financing with respect to the Philippines, the Secretary of State shall use the authorities under this section to—
- (1) strengthen the United States-Philippines alliance in accordance with the historic agreement reached at the United States-Philippines 2+2 Ministerial Dialogue on August 2. 2024:
- (2) enable the acceleration of phase three of the modernization of the Armed Forces of the Philippines;
- (3) provide additional information to the Chairs of the United States-Philippine Bilateral Security Dialogue to enable planning and prioritization of Joint Capability Areas (JCA):
- (4) support the execution of the Philippines-Security Sector Assistance Roadmap (P-SSAR); and
- (5) provide assistance, including equipment, training, and other support, to modernize the defense capabilities of the Armed Forces of the Philippines in order to—
- (A) safeguard the territorial sovereignty of the Philippines;
  - (B) improve maritime domain awareness;
- (C) counter coercive military activities;
- (D) improve the military and civilian infrastructure and capabilities necessary to prepare for regional contingencies; and
- (E) strengthen cooperation between the United States and the Philippines on counterterrorism-related efforts.
- (b) ANNUAL SPENDING PLAN.—Not later than March 1, 2026, and annually thereafter for a period of 4 years, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a plan describing how amounts authorized to be appropriated pursuant to subsection (e), if made available, would be used to achieve the purpose described in subsection (a).
- (c) ANNUAL REPORT ON ENHANCING THE UNITED STATES-PHILIPPINES DEFENSE RELATIONSHIP.—
- (1) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 270 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for a period of 4 years, the Secretary of State, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, and in consultation with such other heads of Federal departments and agencies as the Secretary of State considers appropriate, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report that describes steps taken to enhance the United States-Philippines defense relationship.
- (2) MATTERS TO BE INCLUDED.—Each report required under paragraph (1) shall include the following:
- (A) A description of the capabilities and defense infrastructure improvements needed to modernize the defense capabilities of the Philippines, including with respect to—
  - (i) coastal defense;
  - (ii) long-range fires;

- (iii) integrated air defenses;
- (iv) maritime security;
- (v) manned and unmanned aerial systems;
- (vi) mechanized ground mobility vehicles;
- (vii) intelligence, surveillance, and reconnaissance;
  - (viii) defensive cybersecurity;
  - (ix) military construction;
- (x) maintenance and sustainment of military capabilities; and
- (xi) any other defense capabilities that the Secretary of State determines, including jointly with the Philippines, are crucial to the defense of the Philippines.
- (B) An assessment of the absorptive capacity of the Armed Forces of the Philippines, including the coast guard, over the next 5
- (C) A description of how statutory authorities under title 10, United States Code, including under section 333 of such title and authorities relating to unspecified minor military construction and overseas humanitarian, disaster, and civic aid, will be used to provide support for the Philippines-Security Sector Assistance Roadmap and the defense capabilities described in subparagraph (A), prioritized according to the assessment of the absorptive capacity of the Armed Forces of the Philippines required under subparagraph (B).
- (3) FORM —Each report required under paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may contain a classified annex
- (d) Foreign Military Financing Loan and LOAN GUARANTEE AUTHORITY.-
  - (1) DIRECT LOANS.
- (A) IN GENERAL.—During fiscal years 2026 through 2030, the Secretary of State may make direct loans available for the Philippines pursuant to section 23 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2763).
- (B) MAXIMUM OBLIGATIONS.—Gross obligations for the principal amounts of loans authorized under subparagraph (A) may not exceed \$1,000,000,000.
  - (C) Source of funds.-
- (i) DEFINED TERM.—In this subparagraph, the term "cost"-
- (I) has the meaning given such term in section 502(5) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 661a(5));
- (II) shall include the cost of modifying a loan authorized under subparagraph (A); and
- (III) may include the costs of selling, reducing, or cancelling any amounts owed to the United States or to any agency of the United States.
- (ii) IN GENERAL.—Amounts authorized to be appropriated under subsection (e) may be made available to pay for the cost of loans authorized under subparagraph (A).
- (D) FEES AUTHORIZED.-
- (i) IN GENERAL.—The Government of the United States may charge processing and origination fees for a loan made pursuant to subparagraph (A), not to exceed the cost to the Government of making such loan, which shall be collected from borrowers through a financing account (as defined in section 502(7) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 661a(7)).
- LIMITATION ON FEE PAYMENTS .-Amounts made available under any appropriations Act for any fiscal year may not be used to pay any fees associated with a loan authorized under subparagraph (A).
- (E) REPAYMENT.—Loans made pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall be repaid not later than 17 years after the loan is received by the borrower, including a grace period of not more than 1 year on repayment of principal.
- (i) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section 23(c)(1) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2763(c)(1)), interest for loans made pursuant to subparagraph (A) may be

- charged at a rate determined by the Secretary of State.
- (ii) TREATMENT OF LOAN AMOUNTS USED TO PAY INTEREST.—Amounts made available under this paragraph for interest costs shall not be considered assistance for the purposes of any statutory limitation on assistance to a country.
- (2) Loan guarantees.-
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Amounts authorized to be appropriated under subsection (e) may be made available for the costs of loan guarantees for the Philippines under section 24 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2764) for the Philippines to subsidize gross obligations for the principal amount of commercial loans and total loan principal, any part of which may be guaranteed.
- (B) MAXIMUM AMOUNTS.—Loan guarantees authorized under subparagraph (A)-
- (i) may be made only to the extent that the total loan principal, any part of which is guaranteed, does not exceed \$1,000,000,000;
- (ii) may not exceed 80 percent of the loan principal with respect to any single borrower
- (C) SUBORDINATION.—Any loan guaranteed pursuant to subparagraph (A) may not be subordinated to-
- (i) another debt contracted by the borrower: or
- (ii) any other claims against the borrower in the case of default.
- (D) REPAYMENT.—Repayment in United States dollars of any loan guaranteed under this paragraph shall be required not later than 17 years after the loan agreement is signed.
- (E) FEES.—Notwithstanding section 24 of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2764). the Government of the United States may charge processing and origination fees for a loan guarantee authorized under subparagraph (A), not to exceed the cost to the Government of such loan guarantee, which shall be collected from borrowers, or from third parties on behalf of such borrowers, through a financing account (as defined in section 502(7) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (2 U.S.C. 661a(7)).
- (F) TREATMENTS OF LOAN GUARANTEES -Amounts made available under this paragraph for the costs of loan guarantees authorized under subparagraph (A) shall not be considered assistance for the purposes of any statutory limitation on assistance to a coun-
- (G) COMMERCIAL FLEXIBILITY.—Loan guarantees authorized under subparagraph (A) may be provided to entities doing business inside or outside the United States, notwithstanding any provision of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2751 et seq.) that would otherwise limit eligibility for such guarantees based on geographic location or business operations.
- (3) NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENT.—Amounts authorized to be appropriated to carry out this subsection may not be expended without prior notification of the appropriate commit-
- (e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
- (1) In general.—In addition to amounts otherwise authorized to be appropriated for Foreign Military Financing, there is authorized to be appropriated to the Department of State for Foreign Military Financing grant assistance for the Philippines up \$500,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2026 through 2030.
- (2) TRAINING.—Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated pursuant to paragraph (1), not less than \$500,000 is authorized to be appropriated each fiscal year for one or more blanket order agreements for Foreign Military Financing training programs related to the defense needs of the Philippines.

- (f) SUNSET PROVISION.—Assistance may not be provided under this section after September 30, 2035.
  - (g) DEFINITIONS —In this section:
- (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMIT-TEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means-
- (A) the Committee on Foreign Relations. the Committee on Armed Services, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate;
- (B) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Armed Services, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
- (2) Blanket order agreement.—The term "blanket order agreement" means an agreement between a foreign customer and the United States Government for a specific category of items or services (including training) that-
- (A) does not include a definitive list of items or quantities; and
- (B) specifies a dollar ceiling against which orders may be placed.

#### SEC. 6232. STRATEGY TO RESPOND TO THE PRC'S GLOBAL BASING INTENTIONS.

- (a) SHORT TITLES.—This section may be cited as the "Combating PRC Overseas and Unlawful Networked Threats through Enhanced Resilience Act of 2025" the "COUNTER Act of 2025".
- (b) FINDINGS.—According to multiple sources, including the 2024 annual report to Congress, titled "Military and Security Developments Involving the People's Republic of China" and known informally as the "China Military Power Report"-
- (1) the PRC is seeking to expand its overseas logistics and basing infrastructure to allow the PLA to project and sustain military power at greater distances;
- (2) a global PLA logistics network could give the PRC increased capabilities to surveil or disrupt United States military operations:
- (3) in August 2017, the PRC officially opened the first overseas PLA military base near the commercial port of Doraleh in Djibouti;
- (4) in 2019, the PRC also attempted to acquire strategically important port infrastructure at Subic Bay in the Philippines, but was stopped by the Governments of the United States, the Philippines, and Japan, and by private investors;
- (5) in April 2025, officials from the PRC and Cambodia officially inaugurated the China-Cambodia Ream Naval Base Joint Support and Training Center and celebrated the expansion of port facilities at Ream Naval Base, some of which appear to have been reserved for the use of PRC ships that have been continuously stationed at Ream Naval Base since December 2023; and
- (6) in addition to the base in Djibouti and the PRC's access to the port at the Ream Naval Base in Cambodia, the PRC is likely pursuing access to additional military facilities to support naval, air, and ground forces projection in many countries
- (c) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—While the executive branch has undertaken case-by-case efforts to forestall the establishment of new PRC permanent military presence in several countries, it is the sense of Congress that future efforts to counter the PRC's global basing intentions must-
- (1) proceed with the urgency required to address the strategic implications of the PRC's actions:
- (2) reflect sufficient interagency coordination with respect to a problem that necessitates a whole-of-government approach;
- (3) ensure that the United States Government maintains a proactive posture rather than a reactive posture in order to maximize strategic decision space;

- (4) identify a comprehensive menu of actions that would be influential in shaping a partner's decision making regarding giving the PRC military access to its sovereign territory;
- (5) appropriately prioritize the subject of the PRC's global basing intentions within the context of the overall United States strategic competition with the PRC;
- (6) consider how the PRC uses commercial and scientific cooperation as a guise for establishing access for the PLA and other PRC security forces in foreign countries;
- (7) factor in the potential contributions of key allies and partners to help respond to the PRC's pursuit of global basing, many of which—
- (A) have historic ties and influence in many of the geographic areas the PRC is targeting for potential future bases; and
- (B) rely on the same basic intelligence picture to form our baseline understanding of the PRC's global intentions;
- (8) establish and ensure sufficient resourcing for enduring organizational structures and security and foreign assistance and cooperation efforts to effectively address the issue of PRC global basing intentions; and
- (9) ensure that future force posture, freedom of movement, and other interests of the United States and our allies are not jeopardized by the continued expansion of PRC bases.
- (d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate:
- (B) the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate:
- (C) the Select Committee on Intelligence of the Senate:
- (D) the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate:
- (E) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives;
- (F) the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives;
- (G) the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence of the House of Representatives;
- and
  (H) the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
- (2) PLA.—The term "PLA" means the People's Liberation Army of the PRC.
- (3) PRC.—The term "PRC" means the People's Republic of China.
- (4) PRC GLOBAL BASING.—The term "PRC global basing" means the establishment of physical locations outside the geographic boundaries of the PRC where the PRC maintains some element of the People's Liberation Army, PRC intelligence or security forces, or infrastructure designed to support the presence of PRC military, intelligence, or security forces, for the purposes of potential power projection.
- (e) ASSESSMENT OF EXECUTIVE BRANCH'S C-PRC GLOBAL BASING STRATEGY.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit an intelligence assessment, in classified form, if needed, to the appropriate congressional committees. The assessment shall analyze the risk posed by PRC global basing to the United States or to any United States allies with respect to their ability to project power, maintain freedom of movement, and protect other interests as a function of the PRC's current or potential locations identified pursuant to sub-
- section (f)(2)(A). (f) STRATEGY.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense and other appro-

- priate senior Federal officials, shall submit a strategy to the appropriate congressional committees that contains the information described in paragraph (2).
- (2) CONTENTS.—The strategy required under paragraph (1) shall—
- (A) identify not fewer than 5 locations that pose the greatest potential risks, as identified in the assessment required under subsection (e), where the PRC maintains a physical presence, or is suspected to be seeking a physical presence, which could ultimately transition into a PRC global base;
- (B) include a comprehensive listing of executive branch entities currently involved in addressing aspects of PRC global basing, including estimated programmatic and personal resource requirements on an agency-by-agency basis to effectively address the issue of PRC global basing intentions, and any relevant resource constraints;
- (C) describe in detail all executive branch efforts to mitigate the impacts to the national interests of the United States and partner countries of the locations referred to in subparagraph (A) and prevent the PRC from establishing new global bases, including with resources described in subparagraph (B); and
- (D) for each of the locations referred to in subparagraph (A), identify the actions by the United States or its allies that would be most effective in ensuring the respective foreign governments terminate plans for hosting a PRC base.
- (g) TASK FORCE.—Not later than 90 days after submitting the strategy described in subsection (f), the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense and other appropriate senior Federal officials, shall establish an interagency task force—
- (1) to implement such strategy to counter the PRC's efforts at the locations of chief concern; and
- (2) to identify mitigation measures that would prevent the PRC from establishing new bases in locations beyond the locations of chief concern identified pursuant to subsection (f)(2)(A).
- (h) QUADRENNIAL REVIEWS AND REPORTS.—Not later than 4 years after the submission of the strategy required under subsection (f), and not less frequently than once every 4 years thereafter, the Secretary of State, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense, the Director of National Intelligence, and other appropriate senior Federal officials, shall—
- (1) conduct a review of the Executive Branch's strategy and overall approach in response to the PRC global basing intentions; and
- (2) submit the results of such review, including the information described in subsection (f)(2), to the appropriate congressional committees.

#### SEC. 6233. STRATEGY TO STRENGTHEN MULTI-LATERAL DETERRENCE IN THE INDO-PACIFIC REGION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense, in coordination with the Secretary of State, shall develop and implement a strategy to strengthen multilateral deterrence against regional aggression in the Indo-Pacific region by expanding multilateral coordination with United States allies and partners in the Indo-Pacific region, particularly Japan, the Republic of Korea, the Philippines, and Australia, including by enhancing multilateral access and basing agreements, command and control structures, intelligence-sharing, and exercises and operations.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The strategy required by subsection (a) shall—
- (1) describe current activities and identify future actions to be taken over the next 5 years by the Department of Defense—
- (A) to leverage reciprocal access agreements between the United States and allies

- and partners in the Indo-Pacific region, particularly Japan, the Republic of Korea, the Philippines, and Australia, to expand regional access for the military forces of such allies and partners, including for purposes of enhancing interoperability at locations across the Indo-Pacific region, pre-positioning munitions stockpiles, and jointly supporting and leveraging shared facilities, operational access, and infrastructure;
- (B) to improve command and control structures enabling enhanced multilateral coordination with allies and partners in the Indo-Pacific region, including through the Combined Coordination Center in the Philippines, the joint force headquarters of the United States in Japan, the Combined Forces Command in the Republic of Korea, and a potential combined coordination structure in Australia;
- (C) to expand intelligence-sharing and maritime domain awareness among the United States and allies and partners in the Indo-Pacific region, including through the Bilateral Intelligence Analysis Cell in Japan and the Combined Coordination Center in the Philippines; and
- (D) to expand the scope and scale of multilateral military exercises and operations as well as basing infrastructure and posture in the Indo-Pacific region, particularly among the United States, Japan, the Republic of Korea, the Philippines, and Australia, including more frequent combined maritime operations through the Taiwan Strait, the South China Sea, and the Aleutian Islands;
- (2) fully consider strategic and operational contingencies for security of likely military and economic avenues of approach and trade routes across the South, Central, and North Indo-Pacific region: and
- (3) address the conduct of operations in accordance with such strategic and operational contingencies.
- (c) SUBMISSION.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees the written strategy required by subsection (a), including an identification of—
- (1) any changes to funding or policy required to strengthen multilateral deterrence among the United States and allies and partners in the Indo-Pacific region against regional aggression; and
- (2) any additional resources required to carry out specific initiatives described in subsection (b), such as expanding regional access to the military forces of such allies and partners, improving command and control structures, expanding intelligence-sharing and maritime domain awareness, and expanding the scope and scale of multilateral exercises and operations in the Indo-Pacific region.
- (d) INTERIM REPORT ON IMPLEMENTATION.—
  Not later than March 15, 2027, the Secretary of Defense shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report on the progress of the implementation of the strategy required by subsection (a), including any resource or authority gaps identified in the ability of the Department of Defense to implement the strategy.
  - (e) Definitions.—In this section:
- (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the congressional defense committees; and
- (B) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives.
- (2) INDO-PACIFIC REGION.—The term "Indo-Pacific region" means—
- (A) the geographical area encompassing the area of responsibility of the United States Indo-Pacific Command; and

(B) the Alaska theater of operations, including the entirety of the State of Alaska and the entirety of the oceans or other such maritime features bordering the State of Alaska.

#### Subtitle E—Other Matters

#### SEC. 6241. MODIFICATION OF CERTAIN TEM-PORARY AUTHORIZATIONS RELATED TO MUNITIONS REPLACEMENT.

- (a) In GENERAL.—Section 1244 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 136 Stat. 2844) is amended—
- (1) in the section heading, by striking "AND ISRAEL" and inserting "ISRAEL, AND THE UNITED STATES DEFENSE INDUSTRIAL BASE "; and
  - (2) in subsection (a)—
- (A) in paragraph (1), by striking "or Israel" each place it appears and inserting "Israel, or the United States defense industrial base": and
- (B) in paragraph (5), by striking "or Israel" each place it appears and inserting "Israel, or the United States defense industrial base".
  - (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—
- (1) The table of contents at the beginning of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 136 Stat. 2395) is amended by striking the item relating to section 1244 and inserting the following:
- "1244. Temporary authorizations related to Ukraine, Taiwan, Israel, and the United States defense industrial base."
- (2) The table of contents at the beginning of title XII of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (Public Law 117–263; 136 Stat. 2820) is amended by striking the item relating to section 1244 and inserting the following:
- "1244. Temporary authorizations related to Ukraine, Taiwan, Israel, and the United States defense industrial base.".

# SEC. 6242. DISPOSITION OF WEAPONS AND MATERIEL IN TRANSIT FROM IRAN TO HOUTHIS IN YEMEN.

- (a) DISPOSITION OF WEAPONS AND MATERIEL.—The President may treat as stocks of the United States any weapon or materiel seized by the United States while in transit from the Islamic Republic of Iran to the Houthis in the Republic of Yemen.
- (b) DRAWDOWN AUTHORITY.—Section 506(a) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2318(a)) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:
- "(4) In addition to amounts otherwise specified in this section, the President may direct the drawdown of weapons and materiel treated as stocks of the United States, seized pursuant to section 126\_(a) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026, to be provided to foreign partners."
- (c) REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the President shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report that includes the following:
- (1) The number of times the President exercised the authority under subsection (a).
- (2) An inventory of the weapons and materiel treated as United States stocks pursuant to such authority.
- (3) An inventory of the weapons and materiel provided to foreign partners pursuant to the authority provided in paragraph (4) of section 506(a) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2318(a)).
- (d) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DEFINED.—In this section, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (1) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate; and

(2) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives.

# Subtitle F—Treatment of Taiwan at International Financial Institutions

SEC. 6251. SHORT TITLE.

This subtitle may be cited as the "Taiwan Non-Discrimination  ${\tt Act}$  of 2025".

#### SEC. 6252. FINDINGS.

Congress finds as follows:

- (1) As enshrined in its Articles of Agreement, the International Monetary Fund (IMF) is devoted to promoting international monetary cooperation, facilitating the expansion and balanced growth of international trade, encouraging exchange stability, and avoiding competitive exchange depreciation.
- (2) Taiwan is the 21st largest economy in the world and the 10th largest goods trading partner of the United States.
- (3) Although Taiwan is not an IMF member, it is a member of the World Trade Organization, the Asian Development Bank, and the Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation forum.
- (4) According to the January 2020 Report on Macroeconomic and Foreign Exchange Policies of Major Trading Partners of the United States, published by the Department of the Treasury, Taiwan held \$471,900,000,000 in foreign exchange reserves, more than major economies such as India, South Korea, and Brazil.
- (5) According to section 4(d) of the Taiwan Relations Act (Public Law 96–8), enacted on April 10, 1979, "Nothing in this Act may be construed as a basis for supporting the exclusion or expulsion of Taiwan from continued membership in any international financial institution or any other international organization."
- (6) Taiwan held membership in the IMF for 9 years following the recognition of the People's Republic of China (PRC) by the United Nations, and 16 Taiwan staff members at the Fund were allowed to continue their employment after the PRC was seated at the IMF in 1980. As James M. Boughton has noted in his Silent Revolution: The International Monetary Fund 1979–1989, even as the PRC was seated, the United States Executive Director to the IMF, Sam Y. Cross, expressed support on behalf of the United States Government for "some kind of association between Taiwan and the Fund".
- (7) On September 27, 1994, in testimony before the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations regarding the 1994 Taiwan Policy Review, then-Assistant Secretary of State for East Asian and Pacific Affairs Winston Lord stated: "Recognizing Taiwan's important role in transnational issues, we will support its membership in organizations where statehood is not a prerequisite, and we will support opportunities for Taiwan's voice to be heard in organizations where its membership is not possible."
- (8) The Congress has repeatedly reaffirmed support for this policy, including in Public Laws 107–10, 107–158, 108–28, 108–235, 113–17, and 114–139, and the unanimous House and Senate passage of the Taiwan Allies International Protection and Enhancement Initiative (TAIPEI) Act of 2019.
- (9) In its fact sheet, entitled "U.S. Relations with Taiwan", published on August 31, 2018, the Department of State asserts: "The United States supports Taiwan's membership in international organizations that do not require statehood as a condition of membership and encourages Taiwan's meaningful participation in international organizations where its membership is not possible.".
- (10) According to the Articles of Agreement of the IMF, "membership shall be open to other countries", subject to conditions

prescribed by the Board of Governors of the IMF.

- (11) In the IMF publication "Membership and Nonmembership in the International Monetary Fund: A Study in International Law and Organization", Joseph Gold, the then-General Counsel and Director of the Legal Department of the IMF, elaborated on the differences between the terms "countries" and "states", noting that "the word 'country' may have been adopted because of the absence of agreement on the definition of a 'state'" and, with respect to the use of 'countries" and applications for IMF membership, "the absence of any adjective in the Articles emphasizes the breadth of the discretion that the Fund may exercise in admitting countries to membership". According to Mr. Gold, "the desire to give the Fund flexibility in dealing with applications may explain not only the absence of any adjective that qualifies 'countries' but also the choice of that word itself"
- (12) In his IMF study, Mr. Gold further observes, "in the practice of the Fund the concepts of independence and sovereignty have been avoided on the whole as a mode of expressing a criterion for membership in the Fund". He continues, "Although the Fund usually takes into account the recognition or nonrecognition of an entity as a state, there are no rules or even informal understandings on the extent to which an applicant must have been recognized by members or other international organizations before the Fund will regard it as eligible for membership.". In fact, when considering an application for membership where the status of an applicant may not be resolved, Mr. Gold writes "there have been occasions on which the Fund has made a finding before decisions had been taken by the United Nations or by most members or by members with a majority of the total voting power." Mr. Gold concludes, "the Fund makes its own findings on whether an applicant is a 'country', and makes them solely for its own purposes.
- (13) Although not a member state of the United Nations, the Republic of Kosovo is a member of both the IMF and the World Bank, having joined both organizations on June 29, 2009.
- (14) On October 26, 2021, Secretary of State Antony Blinken issued a statement in support of Taiwan's "robust, meaningful participation" in the United Nations system, which includes the IMF, the World Bank, and other specialized United Nations agencies. Secretary of State Blinken noted, "As the international community faces an unprecedented number of complex and global issues, it is critical for all stakeholders to help address these problems. This includes the 24 million people who live in Taiwan. Taiwan's meaningful participation in the UN system is not a political issue, but a pragmatic one.". He continued, "Taiwan's exclusion undermines the important work of the UN and its related bodies, all of which stand to benefit greatly from its contributions."
- (15) In October 2024, Taiwan announced it would seek IMF membership, with the Taipei Economic and Cultural Representative Office in the United States stating, "Taiwan's membership at the IMF would help boost financial resilience.".

#### SEC. 6253. SENSE OF THE CONGRESS.

It is the sense of the Congress that-

- (1) the size, significance, and connectedness of the Taiwanese economy highlight the importance of greater participation by Taiwan in the International Monetary Fund, given the purposes of the Fund articulated in its Articles of Agreement; and
- (2) the experience of Taiwan in developing a vibrant and advanced economy under democratic governance and the rule of law

should inform the work of the international financial institutions, including through increased participation by Taiwan in the institutions

### SEC. 6254. SUPPORT FOR TAIWAN ADMISSION TO THE IMF.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The United States Governor of the International Monetary Fund (in this section referred to as the "Fund") shall use the voice and vote of the United States to vigorously support—
- (1) the admission of Taiwan as a member of the Fund, to the extent that admission is sought by Taiwan:
- (2) participation by Taiwan in regular surveillance activities of the Fund with respect to the economic and financial policies of Taiwan, consistent with Article IV consultation procedures of the Fund;
- (3) employment opportunities for Taiwan nationals, without regard to any consideration that, in the determination of the United States Governor, does not generally restrict the employment of nationals of member countries of the Fund; and
- (4) the ability of Taiwan to receive appropriate technical assistance and training by the Fund.
- (b) UNITED STATES POLICY.—It is the policy of the United States not to discourage or otherwise deter Taiwan from seeking admission as a member of the Fund.
- (c) WAIVER.—The Secretary of the Treasury may waive any requirement of subsection (a) for up to 1 year at a time on reporting to Congress that providing the waiver will substantially promote the objective of securing the meaningful participation of Taiwan at each international financial institution (as defined in section 1701(c)(2) of the International Financial Institutions Act).
- (d) SUNSET.—This section shall have no force or effect on the earlier of—
- (1) the date of approval by the Board of Governors of the Fund for the admission of Taiwan as a member of the Fund; or
- (2) the date that is 10 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.

#### SEC. 6255, TESTIMONY REQUIREMENT.

In each of the next 7 years in which the Secretary of the Treasury is required by section 1705(b) of the International Financial Institutions Act to present testimony, the Secretary shall include in the testimony a description of the efforts of the United States to support the greatest participation practicable by Taiwan at each international financial institution (as defined in section 1701(c)(2) of such Act).

# TITLE LXV—SPACE ACTIVITIES, STRATEGIC PROGRAMS, AND INTELLIGENCE MATTERS

#### Subtitle A—Space Activities

#### SEC. 6501. ENHANCEMENT OF SPACE DOMAIN AWARENESS THROUGH GROUND-BASED SENSOR DEVELOPMENT.

- (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that—
- (1) the expansion of space domain awareness infrastructure, including advanced ground-based optical sensing capabilities, is essential to the operational testing and training architecture of the Space Force; and
- (2) collaboration with academic institutions is critical to advancing electro-optical sensor research and development in support of national security objectives.
  - (b) Report.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Air Force shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on efforts by the Space Force to expand space domain awareness infrastructure.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The report required by paragraph (1) shall include, at a minimum—

- (A) a description of current and planned infrastructure, equipment, and capability expansions:
- (B) a summary of current and planned engagement with institutions of higher education that possess demonstrated expertise in space domain awareness, including electro-optical sensor development, tasking algorithms, and automation frameworks; and
- (C) an assessment of the ability to integrate research and development from academic partners into operational testing and training environments in support of space domain awareness objectives.

# SEC. 6502. CONTINUATION OF OPERATION OF DEFENSE METEOROLOGICAL SATELLITE PROGRAM.

The text of section 1507 is hereby deemed to read as follows:

#### "SEC. 1507. CONTINUATION OF OPERATION OF DEFENSE METEOROLOGICAL SAT-ELLITE PROGRAM.

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall continue to operate the Defense Meteorological Satellite Program, and its existing functions and distribution capability, until the end of the functional life of the satellites in orbit as of the date of the enactment of this Act under such program.
- "(b) BRIEFING.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall provide to the congressional defense committees a briefing on—
- "(1) the status of the Defense Meteorological Satellite Program;
- "(2) the requirements, capabilities, and costs for such program for fiscal year 2026;
- "(3) the projected costs-
- "(A) to carry out such program for the functional life of the satellites in orbit as of the date of the enactment of this Act under such program; and
- "(B) to replace the satellite functions under such program; and
- "(4) any cybersecurity concerns relating to the systems used to process the data under such program.".

#### Subtitle D—Other Matters

# SEC. 6551. TRANSFER OF FOREIGN LANGUAGES PROGRAM TO DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE.

- (a) Transfer.—Not later than the effective date set forth in subsection (d), the Director of National Intelligence and the Secretary of Defense shall take such actions as may be necessary for the Secretary of Defense to carry out the Foreign Languages Program, including such transfer of personnel, assets, and facilities from the Director to the Secretary as the Director and the Secretary jointly consider appropriate.
- (b) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Part III of subtitle A of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new chapter:

## "CHAPTER 114—FOREIGN LANGUAGES PROGRAM

#### "\$ 2200m. Program on advancement of foreign languages critical to the Defense Intelligence Enterprise

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall, in coordination with the Director of National Intelligence, carry out a program to advance skills in foreign languages that are critical to the capability of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise to carry out the national security activities of the United States (hereinafter in this chapter referred to as the 'Foreign Languages Program').
- "(b) IDENTIFICATION OF REQUISITE ACTIONS.—In order to carry out the Foreign Languages Program, the Secretary of Defense shall identify actions required to improve the education of personnel in the Defense Intelligence Enterprise in foreign lan-

guages that are critical to the capability of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise to carry out the national security activities of the United States and to meet the long-term intelligence needs of the United States.

#### "§ 2200n. Education partnerships

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—In carrying out the Foreign Languages Program, the head of a covered element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise may enter into one or more education partnership agreements with educational institutions in the United States in order to encourage and enhance the study in such educational institutions of foreign languages that are critical to the capability of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise to carry out the national security activities of the United States.
- "(b) ASSISTANCE PROVIDED UNDER EDU-CATIONAL PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENTS.—Under an educational partnership agreement entered into with an educational institution pursuant to this section, the head of a covered element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise may provide the following assistance to the educational institution:
- "(1) The loan of equipment and instructional materials of the element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise to the educational institution for any purpose and duration that the head of the element considers appropriate.
- "(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law relating to the transfer of surplus property, the transfer to the educational institution of any computer equipment, or other equipment, that is—
- "(A) commonly used by educational institutions:
- "(B) surplus to the needs of the element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise; and
- "(C) determined by the head of the element to be appropriate for support of such agreement.
- "(3) The provision of dedicated personnel to the educational institution—
- "(A) to teach courses in foreign languages that are critical to the capability of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise to carry out the national security activities of the United States: or
- "(B) to assist in the development for the educational institution of courses and materials on such languages
- "(4) The involvement of faculty and students of the educational institution in research projects of the element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise.
- "(5) Cooperation with the educational institution in developing a program under which students receive academic credit at the educational institution for work on research projects of the element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise.
- "(6) The provision of academic and career advice and assistance to students of the educational institution.
- "(7) The provision of cash awards and other items that the head of the element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise considers appropriate.

#### "§ 2200o. Voluntary services

- "(a) AUTHORITY TO ACCEPT SERVICES.—Notwithstanding section 1342 of title 31, and subject to subsection (b), the Foreign Languages Program under section 2200m shall include authority for the head of a covered element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise to accept from any dedicated personnel voluntary services in support of the activities authorized by this subtitle.
- "(b) REQUIREMENTS AND LIMITATIONS.—(1) In accepting voluntary services from an individual under subsection (a), the head of a covered element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise shall—

- "(A) supervise the individual to the same extent as the head of the element would supervise a compensated employee of that element providing similar services; and
- "(B) ensure that the individual is licensed, privileged, has appropriate educational or experiential credentials, or is otherwise qualified under applicable law or regulations to provide such services.
- "(2) In accepting voluntary services from an individual under subsection (a), the head of a covered element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise may not—
- "(A) place the individual in a policymaking position, or other position performing inherently governmental functions; or
- "(B) compensate the individual for the provision of such services.
- "(c) AUTHORITY TO RECRUIT AND TRAIN INDI-VIDUALS PROVIDING SERVICES.—The head of a covered element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise may recruit and train individuals to provide voluntary services under subsection (a).
- "(d) STATUS OF INDIVIDUALS PROVIDING SERVICES.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2), while providing voluntary services under subsection (a) or receiving training under subsection (c), an individual shall be considered to be an employee of the Federal Government only for purposes of the following provisions of law:
- "(A) Section 552a of title 5 (relating to maintenance of records on individuals).
- "(B) Chapter 11 of title 18 (relating to conflicts of interest).
- "(2)(A) With respect to voluntary services under paragraph (1) provided by an individual that are within the scope of the services accepted under that paragraph, the individual shall be deemed to be a volunteer of a governmental entity or nonprofit institution for purposes of the Volunteer Protection Act of 1997 (42 U.S.C. 14501 et seq.).
- "(B) In the case of any claim against such an individual with respect to the provision of such services, section 4(d) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 14503(d)) shall not apply.
- "(3) Acceptance of voluntary services under this section shall have no bearing on the issuance or renewal of a security clear-
- "(e) REIMBURSEMENT OF INCIDENTAL EXPENSES.—(1) The head of a covered element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise may reimburse an individual for incidental expenses incurred by the individual in providing voluntary services under subsection (a). The head of a covered element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise shall determine which expenses are eligible for reimbursement under this subsection.
- "(2) Reimbursement under paragraph (1) may be made from appropriated or non-appropriated funds.
- "(f) AUTHORITY TO INSTALL EQUIPMENT.—(1) The head of a covered element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise may install telephone lines and any necessary telecommunication equipment in the private residences of individuals who provide voluntary services under subsection (a).
- "(2) The head of a covered element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise may pay the charges incurred for the use of equipment installed under paragraph (1) for authorized purposes.
- "(3) Notwithstanding section 1348 of title 31, United States Code, the head of a covered element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise may use appropriated funds or non-appropriated funds of the element in carrying out this subsection.

#### " $\S$ 2200p. Regulations

"(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall, in coordination with the Director

- of National Intelligence, prescribe regulations to carry out the Foreign Languages Program.
- "(b) ELEMENTS OF THE DEFENSE INTELLIGENCE ENTERPRISE.—The head of each covered element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise shall prescribe regulations to carry out sections 2200n and 22000 with respect to that element including the following:
- "(1) Procedures to be utilized for the acceptance of voluntary services under section 22000
- "(2) Procedures and requirements relating to the installation of equipment under section 2200o(f).

#### "§ 2200q. Definitions

- "In this chapter:
- "(1) The term 'covered element of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise' means an agency, office, bureau, or element referred to in subparagraph (B) of section 426(b)(4) of this title.
- "(2) The term 'dedicated personnel' means employees of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise and private citizens (including former civilian employees of the Federal Government who have been voluntarily separated, and members of the United States Armed Forces who have been honorably discharged, honorably separated, or generally discharged under honorable circumstances and rehired on a voluntary basis specifically to perform the activities authorized under this subtitle).
- "(3) The term 'Defense Intelligence Enterprise' has the meaning given such term in section 426(b)(4) of this title.
- "(4) The term 'educational institution' means—
- "(A) a local educational agency (as that term is defined in section 8101 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965):
- "(B) an institution of higher education (as defined in section 102 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1002) other than institutions referred to in subsection (a)(1)(C) of such section); or
- "(C) any other nonprofit institution that provides instruction of foreign languages in languages that are critical to the capability of the Defense Intelligence Enterprise to carry out national security activities of the United States."
  - (c) Conforming Repeals.—
- (1) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Title X of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3191 et seq.) is amended by striking subtitle B (50 U.S.C. 3201 et seq.).
- (2) CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—The table of contents for such Act, in the matter preceding section 2 of such Act, is amended by striking the items relating to subtitle B of title X.
- (d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on the date that is 90 days after the date of the enactment of this  ${\tt Act}.$

## TITLE LXVI—CYBERSPACE-RELATED MATTERS

# Subtitle B—Matters Relating to Department of Defense Cybersecurity and Information Technology

#### SEC. 6611. STRATEGY ON QUANTUM READINESS.

- (a) STRATEGY REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall, in coordination with the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense, submit to the congressional defense committees a strategy on quantum readiness. Such strategy shall include each of the following:
- (1) An assessment of the risks that quantum computing pose to Department of Defense systems and data.
- (2) A determination of which Department systems and data are most vulnerable to quantum threats and critical to protect, and

- timelines for the transition of such systems and data.
- (3) An identification of the progress made by organizations and elements of the Department of Defense in inventorying and migrating all cryptographic systems to post-quantum cryptography by 2035 or earlier.
- (4) A plan to adopt and deploy automated quantum readiness platform tools, including capabilities that—
- (A) provide continuous visibility into an organization's cryptographic landscape;
- (B) automate the prioritization of cryptographic risks; and
- (C) facilitate the remediation of insecure cryptography.
- (5) An identification of the methodology used for evaluating and validating Department cryptographic modules as quantum ready.
- (6) An estimate of resources needed to achieve quantum readiness by the target deadline of 2035, as well as an additional estimate of resources needed to achieve quantum readiness earlier than 2035.
- (7) A detailed breakdown of how the funds provided in section 20005(a)(29) of the Act entitled "An Act to provide for reconciliation pursuant to title II of H. Con. Res. 14", approved July 4, 2025 (Public Law 119–21) will be allocated and obligated across specific programs, projects, and activities.
- (8) Any other matter the Secretary of Defense considers relevant.
- (b) FORM OF STRATEGY.—The strategy required by subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form but may contain a classified annex.
- (c) BRIEFING.—Not later than 240 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall, in coordination with the Chief Information Officer, submit to the congressional defense committees a briefing on the strategy required under subsection (a).
  - (d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) The term "post-quantum cryptography" has the meaning given that term in section 3 of the Quantum Computing Cybersecurity Preparedness Act (Public Law 117–260; 6 U.S.C. 1526 note).
- (2) The term "quantum readiness" means the state in which an agency's cryptographic systems have been inventoried, continuously assessed for quantum vulnerabilities, and remediated through the adoption of quantum-resistant cryptographic algorithms and other practices.

#### SEC. 6612. SECURE AND INTEROPERABLE DE-FENSE COLLABORATION TECH-NOLOGY.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) CHIEF INFORMATION OFFICER.—The term "Chief Information Officer" means the Chief Information Officer of the Department of Defense.
- (2) COLLABORATION TECHNOLOGY.—The term "collaboration technology" means a software system or application that offers 1 or more primary collaboration technology features.
- (3) DEPARTMENT.—The term "Department" means the Department of Defense.
- (4) END-TO-END ENCRYPTION.—The term "end-to-end encryption" means communications encryption in which data is encrypted when being passed through a network such that no party, other than the sender and each intended recipient of the communication, can access the decrypted communication, regardless of the transport technology used and the intermediaries or intermediate steps along the sending path.
- (5) IDENTIFIED STANDARDS.—The term "identified standards" means the standard, or set of standards, identified under subsection (b)(2).
- (6) INTEROPERABILITY.—The term "interoperability" has the meaning given the term

- in section 3601 of title 44, United States Code.
- (7) OPEN STANDARD.—The term "open standard" means a standard, or a set of standards, that—
- (A) is available for any individual to read and implement;
- (B) does not impose any royalty or other fee for use; and
- (C) can be certified for low or no cost to users of the standard or set of standards.
- (8) PRIMARY COLLABORATION TECHNOLOGY FEATURE.—The term "primary collaboration technology feature" means a technology feature or function that—
- (A) facilitates remote work or collaboration within the Department;
- (B) facilitates the work or collaboration described in subparagraph (A) by providing functionality that is core or essential, rather than ancillary or secondary; and
- (C) is identified by the Chief Information Officer under subsection (b)(1).
- (9) STANDARDS-COMPATIBLE COLLABORATION TECHNOLOGY.—The term "standards-compatible collaboration technology" means collaboration technology—
- (A) each primary collaboration technology feature of which is compatible with the identified standards for such a primary collaboration technology feature; and
- (B) that has demonstrated compliance under subsection (d)(2).
- (10) VOLUNTARY CONSENSUS STANDARD.—The term "voluntary consensus standard" has the meaning given such term in Circular A-119 of the Office of Management and Budget entitled "Federal Participation in the Development and Use of Voluntary Consensus Standards and in Conformity Assessment Activities", issued in revised form on January 27, 2016.
- (b) IDENTIFYING STANDARDS FOR DEFENSE COLLABORATION TECHNOLOGY.—
- (1) IDENTIFICATION OF FEATURES.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Chief Information Officer shall, in consultation with such others as the Chief Information Officer considers relevant, identify a list of primary collaboration technology features, including—
  - (A) voice and video calling, including—
- (i) calling between 2 individuals; and
- (ii) calling between not less than 3 individuals;
  - (B) text-based messaging;
  - (C) file sharing;
  - (D) live document editing;
- (E) scheduling and calendaring; and
- (F) any other technology feature or function that the Chief Information Officer considers appropriate.
- (2) IDENTIFICATION OF STANDARDS.—Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Chief Information Officer shall identify a standard, or set of standards, for collaboration technology used by the Department that—
- (A) for each primary collaboration technology feature, specifies interoperability protocols, and any other protocol, format, requirement, or guidance required to create interoperable implementations of that feature, including—
- (i) protocols for applications to specify and standardize security, including systems for—
- (I) identifying and authenticating the individuals who are party to a communication or collaboration task;
- (II) controlling the attendance and security settings of voice and video calls; and
- (III) controlling access and editing rights for shared documents; and
- (ii) protocols for any ancillary feature the Chief Information Officer identifies to support the core primary collaboration technology feature, including participation features available within video meetings;

- (B) to the extent possible, is based on open standards:
- (C) to the extent possible, is based on standards planned, developed, established, or coordinated using procedures consistent with those for voluntary consensus standards;
- (D) subject to paragraph (3), uses end-toend encryption technology:
- (E) incorporates protocols, guidance, and requirements based on best practices for the cybersecurity of collaboration technology and collaboration technology features:
- (F) to the extent practicable, integrates cybersecurity technology designed to protect communications from surveillance by foreign adversaries, including technology to protect communications metadata from trafic analysis, with requirements developed in consultation with such others as the Chief Information Officer considers relevant;
- (G) to the extent practicable, is usable by, or offers options for, users with internet connections that have low-bandwidth or high-latency; and
- (H) subject to paragraph (5), with respect to the use of primary collaboration technology features, enables compliance with record retention and disclosure obligations.
- (3) END-TO-END ENCRYPTION REQUIRE-MENTS.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The end-to-end encryption technology selected as part of the identified standards under paragraph (2), to the extent practicable, shall ensure that collaboration and communications content data cannot be compromised if a hosting server is compromised.
- (B) END-TO-END ENCRYPTION NOT AVAILABLE.—Subject to subparagraph (C), if the Chief Information Officer has identified an ancillary feature or function for a primary collaboration technology feature and is unable to identify a standard, or set of standards, that uses end-to-end encryption and that is compatible with such ancillary feature or function, the Chief Information Officer may identify a standard or set of standards that does not utilize end-to-end encryption that may be used to support the ancillary feature or function.
  - (C) END-TO-END ENCRYPTION BY DEFAULT.—
- (i) IN GENERAL.—Subject to clause (ii), the Chief Information Officer shall ensure that, with respect to the use of standards-compatible collaboration technology that offers an ancillary technology feature or function described in subparagraph (B)—
- (I) the ancillary feature or function is disabled by default; and
- (II) the primary collaboration technology feature uses end-to-end encryption.
- (ii) EXCEPTION.—Clause (i) shall not apply to the use of a primary collaboration technology feature with an ancillary feature or function described in subparagraph (B) if—
- (I) the Chief Information Officer has enabled the use of the ancillary feature or function within the Department;
- (II) each user of the ancillary feature or function has been notified of the additional cybersecurity and surveillance risks accompanying the use of the ancillary feature or function:
- (III) each user of the ancillary feature or function has explicitly opted into the use of the ancillary feature or function; and
- (IV) the primary collaboration technology feature offers a means for the Chief Information Officer to collect aggregate statistics about the use of the options that are not end-to-end encrypted.
- (D) ENCRYPTION STATUS TRANSPARENCY.— To the extent practicable, the Chief Information Officer shall identify protocols, guidance, or requirements to ensure that standards-compatible collaboration technology provides users the ability to easily see the

- encryption status of any collaboration feature in use.
- (4) CONSIDERATIONS.—In identifying the identified standards, the Chief Information Officer shall consider secure, standards-based technologies adopted by a component or element of the Department, allies of the United States, State and local governments, and the private sector.
- (5) COMPLIANCE WITH RECORD-KEEPING REQUIREMENTS.—The Chief Information Officer shall ensure that requirements added to the identified standards to achieve compliance with record retention and disclosure obligations to the greatest extent practicable—
- (A) preserve the security benefits of endto-end encryption;
- (B) avoid storing information, like plaintext messages or decryption keys, that would compromise the security of communications content data if a hosting server were compromised;
- (C) minimize other cybersecurity risks; and
- (D) require that all users party to a communication be notified that the communications content data is being saved for archival purposes.
- (6) WAIVER TO EXTEND DEADLINE FOR STANDARDS IDENTIFICATION.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—If the Chief Information Officer determines that it is infeasible to identify a standard for a particular primary collaboration technology feature not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Chief Information Officer may issue a waiver to extend the deadline for the identification of such standard for the particular primary collaboration technology feature.
- (B) WAIVER REQUIREMENTS.—A waiver described in subparagraph (A) shall include—
- (i) the particular primary collaboration technology feature for which the waiver is issued; and
- (ii) an explanation of the reason for which it is currently infeasible to identify a standard meeting the requirements under paragraph (2).
- (C) WAIVER DURATION.—A waiver issued by the Chief Information Officer under subparagraph (A) shall be valid for 1 year.
- (D) WAIVER RE-ISSUANCE.—The Chief Information Officer may re-issue a waiver under paragraph (1) for a primary collaboration technology feature not more than 10 times.
- (c) REQUIREMENT TO USE IDENTIFIED STANDARDS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—On and after the date that is 4 years after the date on which the Chief Information Officer identifies the identified standards, the head of a component or element of the Department may only procure collaboration technology if the collaboration technology is standards-compatible collaboration technology.
- (2) EXCEPTION FOR PARTICULAR COLLABORATION SYSTEMS.—The following collaboration systems shall not be subject to the requirements under paragraph (1):
  - (A) Email.
- (B) Voice services, as defined in section 227(e) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 227(e)).
- (C) National security systems, as defined in section 11103(a) of title 40, United States Code.
- (3) EXCEPTION FOR POST-PURCHASE CONFIGURATION.—If a software product or a device with a software operating system has built-in primary collaboration technology features that are not compatible with the identified standards, and the Chief Information Officer cannot procure the product or device with

those primary collaboration technology features disabled before purchase, the Chief Information Officer may comply with this subsection by disabling the primary collaboration technology features that are not compatible with the identified standards before provisioning the software product or device to an employee of the Department.

- (4) CERTIFICATION FOR WAIVER.—
- (A) CERTIFICATION.—The Chief Information Officer may issue a certification for waiver of the prohibition under paragraph (1) with respect to a particular collaboration technology.
- (B) REQUIREMENT.—A certification under subparagraph (A) shall cite not less than 1 specific reason for which the Department is unable to procure standards-compatible collaboration technology that meets the needs of the Department.
- (C) Submission.—The Chief Information Officer shall submit to the congressional defense committees a copy of each certification issued under subparagraph (A).
- (D) ACCESSIBLE POSTING.—The Chief Information Officer shall post a copy of each certification issued under subparagraph (A) on the Department's website.
- (E) DURATION; RENEWAL.—A certification with respect to a particular collaboration technology under this paragraph shall result in a waiver of the prohibition for that particular collaboration technology under paragraph (1)(B) that—
- (i) shall be valid for a 4-year period; and
- (ii) may be renewed by the Chief Information Officer.
- (d) ATTESTATION OF COMPLIANCE AND INTER-OPERABILITY TEST RESULTS.—
- (1) INTEROPERABILITY TEST.—Not later than 1 year after the date on which the Chief Information Officer identifies the identifies standards, the Chief Information Officer shall identify third-party online interoperability test suites, including not less than 1 free test suite, or develop a free online interoperability test suite if no suitable third-party test suite can be identified, which shall—
- (A) enable any entity to test whether an implementation of a primary collaboration technology feature has interoperability with the identified standards; and
- (B) offer an externally-shareable version of the interoperability test results that can be provided as part of a demonstration of compliance under paragraph (2).
- (2) DEMONSTRATION OF COMPLIANCE.—In order to demonstrate that a collaboration technology is a standards-compatible collaboration technology, the provider of the collaboration technology shall provide to the Chief Information Officer—
- (A) an attestation that includes an affirmation that—
- (i) each primary collaboration technology feature of the collaboration technology, by default—
- (I) uses the relevant standard or standards from the identified standards for the primary collaboration technology feature to interoperate with other instances of standardscompatible collaboration technology; and
- (II) follows all guidance and requirements from the identified standards that is applicable to the primary collaboration technology feature: and
- (ii) the collaboration technology enables the Chief Information Officer to disable the ability of users to use modes of the collaboration technology that are not compatible with the identified standards; and
- (B) interoperability test results described in paragraph (1)(B) that demonstrate interoperability with the identified standards for each primary collaboration technology feature the collaboration technology offers.

- (3) PUBLICATION OF STANDARDS-COMPATIBLE COLLABORATION TECHNOLOGY VENDORS.—Upon a review of the materials submitted under paragraph (2), the Chief Information Officer shall publish on the website of the Department a list of each collaboration technology that the Chief Information Officer has determined to be a standards-compatible collaboration technology.
- (4) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to require a collaboration technology vendor to directly test the interoperability of a primary collaboration technology feature with the product of another collaboration technology vendor.
- (e) Cybersecurity Reviews of Collabora-Tion Technology Products.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 4 years after the date on which the Chief Information Officer identifies the identified standards, the Chief Information Officer shall conduct security reviews of collaboration technology products used within the Department, to identify any cybersecurity vulnerability or threat relating to those collaboration technology products.
- (2) SELECTION AND PRIORITIZATION.—With respect to collaboration technology products selected for security reviews under paragraph (1), the Chief Information Officer shall determine the number of products, the specific products, and the prioritization of products for security review, considering factors including—
- (A) the total number of users across the Department using a collaboration technology product; and
- (B) an estimation of the likelihood of a collaboration technology product being targeted for hacking.
- (3) REPORT.—Not later than 30 days after the date on which the Chief Information Officer conducts security reviews under paragraph (1), the Chief Information Officer shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the results of the security reviews.
- (f) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the ability of—  $\,$
- (1) the Department to communicate with other entities using standards-compatible collaboration technology; or
- (2) other entities to use the identified standards or standards-compatible collaboration technology.

#### SEC. 6613. PROHIBITION ON ACCESS TO DEPART-MENT OF DEFENSE CLOUD-BASED RESOURCES BY INDIVIDUALS WHO ARE NOT CITIZENS OF THE UNITED STATES OR ALLIED COUNTRIES.

- (a) MAINTENANCE, ADMINISTRATION, OPERATION, AND ACCESS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—An individual not described in paragraph (2) may not maintain, administer, operate, use, receive information about, or directly access or indirectly access, irrespective of whether the individual is supervised by a citizen of the United States, any Department of Defense cloud computing system or cloud-based software, Department data, or Department-related data.
- (2) Individual described.—An individual is described in this paragraph if the individual—
- (A) has the requisite security clearance or authorization required to access the applicable system, software, or data; and
- (B)(i) is person described in paragraph (1) or (2) of section 504(b) of title 10, United States Code; or
- (ii) is a citizen of a member country of the Five Eyes intelligence-sharing alliance or of a country that is an ally or partner of the United States that has a similar agreement in effect.
- (3) SAFEGUARDS.—The Secretary of Defense shall establish regulations to carry out this

- subsection, including safeguards to ensure that only individuals described in paragraph (2) maintain, administer, operate, access, and use the systems, software, and data described in paragraph (1).
- (b) DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE GUIDANCE, DI-RECTIVES, PROCEDURES, REQUIREMENTS, AND REGULATIONS.—The Secretary shall—
- (1) review all relevant guidance, directives, procedures, requirements, and regulations of the Department of Defense, including the Cloud Computing Security Requirements Guide, the Security Technical Implementation Guides, and related Department instructions; and
- (2) make such revisions as may be necessary to ensure conformity and compliance with subsection (a).
- (c) REVIEW AND REPORT.—The Secretary shall—
- (1) conduct a review of all cloud computing contracts in effect for the Department—
- (A) for any violations of section 252.225–7058 of the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement and recommended penalties; and
  - (B) to determine—
- (i) which contracts have allowed individuals not described in paragraph (2) to maintain, administer, operate, or directly access or indirectly access, whether supervised or unsupervised by a United States citizen, any Government cloud computing system or cloud-based software, Government data, or Government-related data; and
- (ii) how many of the individuals described in clause (i) are citizens of foreign countries of concern; and
- (2) submit to the Committee on Armed Services of the Senate and the Committee on Armed Services of the House of Representatives a report on the findings of the Secretary with respect to the review conducted pursuant to paragraph (1).
  - (d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) The term "cloud computing" has the meaning given such term in section 239.7601 of the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement, or successor regulation.
- (2) The term ''cloud-based software'' means a software application, platform, or computational service that is—
- (A) delivered to end users via internetbased cloud computing infrastructure;
- (B) hosted, operated, maintained, and controlled by a third-party service provider; and
- (C) accessed remotely by users without requiring local installation or deployment of the software on user devices or Department-controlled systems.
- (3) The terms "Department data" and "Department-related data" have the meanings given the terms "Government data" and "Government-related data", respectively, in section 239.7601 of the Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement, or successor regulation, except in this section, such terms apply only to the Department of Defense
- apply only to the Department of Defense.
  (4) The term "directly access", with respect to a system, software, or data, means—
- (A) to physically access the system, software, or data; or
- (B) to logically access the system, software, or data, through proxy, virtual, administrative, or programmatic means such that an individual can modify, alter, control, administer, configure, or deploy the system, software, or data.
- (5) The term "Five Eyes intelligence-sharing alliance" includes the following:
  - (A) The Commonwealth of Australia.
  - (B) Canada.
  - (C) New Zealand.
- (D) The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.
  - (E) The United States of America.
- (6) The term "foreign country of concern" has the meaning given that term in section

9901 of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (15 U.S.C. 4651).

- (7) The term "indirectly access", with respect to a system, software, or data, means to obtain, receive, collect, or derive information from the system, software, or data regarding technical details, operational characteristics, or security-related attributes, including—
  - (A) system configurations;
  - (B) network architecture;
  - (C) security controls;
  - (D) data schemas;
  - (E) performance metrics; and
- (F) access logs or other information that could compromise the confidentiality, integrity, or availability of the system, software, or data.

#### Subtitle C-Data and Artificial Intelligence

#### SEC. 6621. COMPTROLLER GENERAL OF THE UNITED STATES REVIEW OF DE-PARTMENT OF DEFENSE GOVERN-ANCE PROCESSES FOR ADOPTION OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE TOOLS.

- (a) REVIEW.—The Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct a review of the Department of Defense policies and governance relating to adoption of artificial intelligence tools for military needs.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The review conducted under subsection (a) shall include the following matters:
- (1) An analysis of Department organizational structure for overseeing, tracking, and responding to risks and opportunities arising from military uses of artificial intelligence, including—
- (A) the responsibilities, functions, authorities, and actions of the Chief Digital and Artificial Intelligence Office and other relevant Department offices in the incorporation, implementation, and oversight of artificial intelligence:
- (B) Department processes for development of lessons learned, adoption of best practices, and information sharing with other government agencies, industry, academia, and allies and partners;
- (C) the development of metrics, policy guardrails, oversight mechanisms, and risk mitigation procedures for Department use of artificial intelligence tools;
- (D) steps to ensure all Department engagement with artificial intelligence companies and industry leaders incorporate appropriate recusal requirements, safeguards, and oversight mechanisms to prevent conflicts of interest and biased decisionmaking processes; and
- (E) processes in place to ensure new contracting mechanisms for artificial intelligence provide for appropriate safeguards, transparency requirements, and oversight mechanisms to prevent conflicts of interest and to limit Department exposure to artificial intelligence risks.
- (2) A full description and assessment of current Department of Defense policies and practices relating to current and potential military and civilian applications of artificial intelligence.
- (3) Recommendations for improvements to standards, processes, procedures, and policy relating to the use of artificial intelligence in improving Department civilian and military operations, reducing associated risks, and increasing reliability, effectiveness, safety, and oversight of Department activities
- (c) SUBMISSION OF REPORT.—Not later than July 1, 2026, the Comptroller General shall submit to the congressional defense committees a report on the findings of the Comptroller General with respect to the review conducted pursuant to subsection (a).

## TITLE LXXVIII—MILITARY CONSTRUCTION GENERAL PROVISIONS

# Subtitle A—Military Construction Program SEC. 7801. INCLUSION OF DEMOLITION PROJECTS IN DEFENSE COMMUNITY INFRASTRUCTURE PROGRAM.

Section 2391(d)(1) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

"(C) A project selected to receive assistance under this subsection may include a demolition project."

#### Subtitle B-Military Housing

#### SEC. 7811. REPORT ON INDOOR MOLD, PATHO-GENS, AND AIRBORNE TOXINS WITH-IN HOUSING UNITS AT INSTALLA-TIONS OF THE AIR FORCE.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Air Force shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the prevalence of indoor mold, pathogens, and airborne toxins within housing units at installations of the Air Force.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The report required under subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) An assessment of installations of the Air Force in the United States with 500 or more housing units that have had reported instances of mold, pathogens, or airborne toxins since 2010.
- (2) The number of reports of mold, pathogens, and airborne toxins at each installation specified under paragraph (1), including relevant dates of the reports.
- (3) A description of the steps the Secretary of the Air Force is taking to effectively remediate the housing units where mold, pathogens, and airborne toxins are found.
- (4) An assessment of the ability of installations of the Air Force to locate, mitigate, and prevent indoor residential mold, pathogens, and airborne toxins within housing units of the Air Force, including the feasibility and cost associated with testing and treating individual housing units located at such installations for mold, pathogens, and airborne toxins prior to a member of the Air Force and their dependents taking residence in the unit.

#### SEC. 7813. MODIFICATION OF SEMI-ANNUAL RE-PORT ON PRIVATIZED MILITARY HOUSING.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (c) of section 2884 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraphs:
- "(15) An overview of the housing data being used by the Department and the housing data being sought from management companies.
- "(16) An assessment of how the Secretary of each military department is using such housing data to inform the on-base housing decisions for such military department.
- "(17) An explanation of the limitations of any customer satisfaction data collected (including with respect to the availability of survey data), the process for determining resident satisfaction, and reasons for missing data.
- "(18) To the maximum extent practicable, a breakdown of the information under this paragraph by installation and military housing project.".
- (b) PUBLIC REPORTING.—Such subsection is further amended—
- (1) in paragraph (14), by redesignating subparagraphs (A) through (D) as clauses (i) through (iv), respectively;
- (2) by redesignating paragraphs (1) through (18) as subparagraphs (A) through (R), respectively:
- (3) in subparagraph (E), as redesignated by paragraph (2), by striking "paragraphs (1) through (4)" and inserting "subparagraphs (A) through (D)";

- (4) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), as so redesignated, by striking "The Secretary" and inserting "(1) The Secretary"; and
- (5) by adding at the end the following new
- "(2) Not later than 30 days after submitting a report under paragraph (1), the Secretary of Defense shall publish the report on a publicly available website of the Department of Defense."

  (c) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The heading
- (c) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The heading for such subsection is amended by striking "ANNUAL" and inserting "SEMI-ANNUAL".
- (d) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Subsection (d)(1) of such section is amended by striking "paragraphs (1) through (14) of subsection (c)" and inserting "subparagraphs (A) through (R) of subsection (c)(1)".

# SEC. 7814. IMPROVEMENT OF ADMINISTRATION OF MILITARY UNACCOMPANIED HOUSING.

- (a) UPDATED GUIDANCE ON SURVEYS.—The Secretary of Defense, in carrying out the satisfaction survey requirement under section 3058 of the Military Construction Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020 (division B of Public Law 116–92; 10 U.S.C. 2821 note), shall update guidance to the Secretaries of the military departments to ensure that members of the Armed Forces living in military unaccompanied housing are surveyed in a consistent and comparable manner.
- (b) REVIEW ON PROCESSES AND METHODOLOGIES FOR CONDITION SCORES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall conduct a review of the processes and methodologies by which the Secretaries of the military departments calculate condition scores for military unaccompanied housing facilities under the jurisdiction of the Secretary concerned.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The review required under paragraph (1) shall, among other factors—
- (A) consider how best to ensure a condition score of a facility reflects—
- (i) the physical condition of the facility; and
- (ii) the effect of that condition on the quality of life of members of the Armed Forces.
- (B) aim to increase methodological consistency between the military departments.
- (3) REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to the Committees on Armed Services of the Senate and the House of Representatives a report on the results of the review conducted under paragraph (1).
- (c) ACCOUNTING OF MEMBERS RESIDING IN MILITARY UNACCOMPANIED HOUSING.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Defense shall include with the submission to Congress by the President of the annual budget of the Department of Defense under section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, an accounting of unaccompanied members of the Armed Forces whose rank would require that they live in military unaccompanied housing, but that also receive a basic allowance for housing under section 403 of title 37, United States Code.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The accounting required under paragraph (1) shall include—
- (A) the number of members of the Armed Forces described in such paragraph;
- (B) the total value of basic allowance for housing payments provided to those members; and
- (C) such other information as the Secretary considers appropriate.
- (d) CENTRALIZED TRACKING.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, each Secretary of a military department shall develop a means for centralized tracking, at the service level, of all military construction requirements related to military unaccompanied housing that have been identified at the installation level,

regardless of whether or not they are submitted for funding.

(e) MILITARY UNACCOMPANIED HOUSING DEFINED.—In this section, the term "military unaccompanied housing" has the meaning given that term in section 2871 of title 10, United States Code.

# TITLE LXXXI—DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY NATIONAL SECURITY AUTHORIZATIONS AND OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS

#### Subtitle B—Program Authorizations, Restrictions, and Limitations

### SEC. 8111. SENSE OF CONGRESS ON GROUND-BASED LEG OF NUCLEAR TRIAD.

It is the sense of Congress that-

(1) the modernization of the ground-based leg of the nuclear triad of the United States is vital to the security of the homeland and a core component of the homeland defense mission:

(2) extending the lifecycle of the current Minuteman III platform is both costly and an unsustainable long-term option for maintaining a ready and capable ground-based leg of the nuclear triad;

(3) the breach of chapter 325 of title 10, United States Code (commonly known as the "Nunn-McCurdy Act") by the program to modernize the ground-based leg of the nuclear triad should be addressed in a way that balances the national security need with fiscally responsible modifications to the program that prevent future unanticipated cost overruns:

(4) that breach does not alter the fundamental national security need for the modernization program; and

(5) the modernization program should remain funded and active.

#### DIVISION F—INTELLIGENCE AUTHORIZA-TION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2026

#### SEC. 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

(a) SHORT TITLE.—This division may be cited as the "Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026".

(b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for this division is as follows:

#### DIVISION \_\_\_\_—INTELLIGENCE AUTHOR-IZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2026

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

Sec. 2. Definitions.

#### TITLE I—INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES

Sec. 101. Authorization of appropriations.

Sec. 102. Classified Schedule of Authorizations.

Sec. 103. Increase in employee compensation and benefits authorized by law.

TITLE II—CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY RETIREMENT AND DIS-ABILITY SYSTEM

Sec. 201. Authorization of appropriations.

## TITLE III—INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY MATTERS

Sec. 301. Unauthorized access to intelligence community property.

Sec. 302. Annual survey of analytic objectivity among officers and employees of elements of the intelligence community.

Sec. 303. Annual training requirement and report regarding analytic standards.

Sec. 304. Estimate of cost to ensure compliance with Intelligence Community Directive 705.

Sec. 305. Amendments regarding Presidential appointments for intelligence community positions.

Sec. 306. Counterintelligence support for Department of the Treasury networks and systems.

Sec. 307. Report on Director's Initiatives Group personnel matters.

Sec. 308. Higher Education Act of 1965 special rule.

Sec. 309. Annual Central Intelligence Agency workplace climate assessment.

Sec. 310. Report on secure mobile communications systems available to employees and of the intelligence community.

Sec. 311. Plan for implementing an integrated system spanning the intelligence community for accreditation of sensitive compartmented information facilities.

Sec. 312. Counterintelligence threats to United States space interests.

Sec. 313. Chaplain Corps and Chief of Chaplains of the Central Intelligence Agency.

Sec. 314. Prohibition on contractors collecting or selling location data of individuals at intelligence community locations.

Sec. 315. Technical amendment to procurement authorities of Central Intelligence Agency.

Sec. 316. Threat briefing to protect Federal Reserve information.

Sec. 317. Plan to establish commercial geospatial intelligence data and services program management office.

Sec. 318. Inspector General review of adequacy of policies and procedures governing use of commercial messaging applications by intelligence community.

Sec. 319. Authority for National Security Agency to produce and disseminate intelligence products.

Sec. 320. Prohibiting discrimination in the intelligence community.

Sec. 321. Annual report on Federal Bureau of Investigation case data.

## TITLE IV—INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY EFFICIENCY AND EFFECTIVENESS

Sec. 401. Short title.

Sec. 402. Modification of responsibilities and authorities of the Director of National Intelligence.

Sec. 403. Reforms relating to the Office of the Director of National Intelligence.

Sec. 404. Appointment of Deputy Director of National Intelligence and Assistant Directors of National Intelligence.

Sec. 405. Reform of the National Intelligence Council and National Intelligence Officers.

Sec. 406. Transfer of National Counterintelligence and Security Center to Federal Bureau of Investigation.

Sec. 407. Redesignation and reform of National Counterterrorism Center.

Sec. 408. Transfer of National Counterproliferation and Biosecurity Center.

Sec. 409. National Intelligence Task Forces. Sec. 410. Repeal of various positions, units, centers, councils, and offices.

## TITLE V—MATTERS CONCERNING FOREIGN COUNTRIES

Subtitle A-Foreign Countries Generally

Sec. 501. Declassification of information relating to actions by foreign governments to assist persons evading justice.

Sec. 502. Enhanced intelligence sharing relating to foreign adversary biotechnological threats.

Sec. 503. Threat assessment regarding unmanned aircraft systems at or near the international borders of the United States.

Sec. 504. Assessment of the potential effect of expanded partnerships among western hemisphere countries.

#### Subtitle B—People's Republic of China

Sec. 511. Countering Chinese Communist
Party efforts that threaten Europe.

Sec. 512. Prohibition on intelligence community contracting with Chinese military companies engaged in biotechnology research, development, or manufacturing.

Sec. 513. Report on the wealth of the leadership of the Chinese Communist Party.

Sec. 514. Assessment and report on investments by the People's Republic of China in the agriculture sector of Brazil.

Sec. 515. Identification of entities that provide support to the People's Liberation Army.

Sec. 516. Establishing a China Economics and Intelligence cell to publish China Economic Power Report.

Sec. 517. Modification of annual reports on influence operations and campaigns in the United States by the Chinese Communist Party.

Subtitle C-The Russian Federation

Sec. 521. Assessment of Russian destabilization efforts.

#### Subtitle D—Other Foreign Countries

Sec. 531. Plan to enhance counternarcotics collaboration, coordination, and cooperation with the Government of Mexico.

Sec. 532. Enhancing intelligence support to counter foreign adversary influence in Sudan.

Sec. 533. Ukraine lessons learned working group.

Sec. 534. Improvements to requirement for monitoring of Iranian enrichment of uranium-235.

Sec. 535. Duty to warn United States persons threatened by Iranian lethal plotting.

#### TITLE VI—EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES

Sec. 601. Intelligence Community Technology Bridge Program.

Sec. 602. Enhancing biotechnology talent within the intelligence community.

Sec. 603. Enhanced intelligence community support to secure United States genomic data.

Sec. 604. Ensuring intelligence community procurement of domestic United States production of synthetic DNA and RNA.

Sec. 605. Report on identification of intelligence community sites for advanced nuclear technologies.

Sec. 606. Addressing intelligence gaps relating to China's investment in United States-origin biotechnology.

Sec. 607. Additional functions and requirements of Artificial Intelligence Security Center.

Sec. 608. Artificial intelligence development and usage by intelligence community.

Sec. 609. High-impact artificial intelligence systems.

Sec. 610. Application of artificial intelligence policies of the intelligence community to publicly available models used for intelligence purposes.

Sec. 611. Revision of interim guidance regarding acquisition and use of foundation models.

- Sec. 612. Strategy on intelligence coordination and sharing relating to critical and emerging technologies.
- TITLE VII—CLASSIFICATION REFORM, SECURITY CLEARANCES, AND WHISTLEBLOWERS
- Sec. 701. Notification of certain declassifications
- Sec. 702. Elimination of cap on compensatory damages for retaliatory revocation of security clearances and access determinations.
- Sec. 703. Reforms relating to inactive security clearances.
- Sec. 704. Study on protection of classified information relating to budget functions.
- Sec. 705. Report on executive branch approval of access to classified intelligence information outside of established review processes.
- Sec. 706. Whistleblower protections relating to psychiatric testing or examination.

### TITLE VIII—ANOMALOUS HEALTH INCIDENTS

- Sec. 801. Standard guidelines for intelligence community to report and document anomalous health incidents.
- Sec. 802. Review and declassification of intelligence relating to anomalous health incidents.

#### TITLE IX—OTHER MATTERS

- Sec. 901. Declassification of intelligence and additional transparency measures relating to the COVID-19 pandemic.
- Sec. 902. Counterintelligence briefings for members of the Armed Forces.
- Sec. 903. Policy toward certain agents of foreign governments.
- Sec. 904. Tour limits of accredited diplomatic and consular personnel of certain nations in the United States.
- Sec. 905. Strict enforcement of travel protocols and procedures of accredited diplomatic and consular personnel of certain nations in the United States.
- Sec. 906. Repeal of certain report requirements.
- Sec. 907. Requiring penetration testing as part of the testing and certification of voting systems.
- Sec. 908. Independent security testing and coordinated cybersecurity vulnerability disclosure program for election systems.

Sec. 909. Foreign material acquisitions.

#### SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

In this division:

- (1) CONGRESSIONAL INTELLIGENCE COMMITTEES.—The term "congressional intelligence committees" has the meaning given such term in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003).
- (2) INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.—The term "intelligence community" has the meaning given such term in such section.

#### TITLE I—INTELLIGENCE ACTIVITIES

#### SEC. 101. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

Funds are hereby authorized to be appropriated for fiscal year 2026 for the conduct of the intelligence and intelligence-related activities of the Federal Government.

### SEC. 102. CLASSIFIED SCHEDULE OF AUTHORIZATIONS.

(a) Specifications of Amounts.—The amounts authorized to be appropriated under section 101 for the conduct of the intelligence activities of the Federal Government

- are those specified in the classified Schedule of Authorizations prepared to accompany this division.
- (b) AVAILABILITY OF CLASSIFIED SCHEDULE OF AUTHORIZATIONS.—
- (1) AVAILABILITY.—The classified Schedule of Authorizations referred to in subsection (a) shall be made available to the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives, and to the President.
- (2) DISTRIBUTION BY THE PRESIDENT.—Subject to paragraph (3), the President shall provide for suitable distribution of the classified Schedule of Authorizations referred to in subsection (a), or of appropriate portions of such Schedule, within the executive branch of the Federal Government.
- (3) LIMITS ON DISCLOSURE.—The President shall not publicly disclose the classified Schedule of Authorizations or any portion of such Schedule except—
- (A) as provided in section 601(a) of the Implementing Recommendations of the 9/11 Commission Act of 2007 (50 U.S.C. 3306(a));
- (B) to the extent necessary to implement the budget: or
- (C) as otherwise required by law.

# SEC. 103. INCREASE IN EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS AUTHORIZED BY LAW.

Appropriations authorized by this division for salary, pay, retirement, and other benefits for Federal employees may be increased by such additional or supplemental amounts as may be necessary for increases in such compensation or benefits authorized by law.

# TITLE II—CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY SYSTEM

#### SEC. 201. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

There is authorized to be appropriated for the Central Intelligence Agency Retirement and Disability Fund \$514,000,000 for fiscal year 2026.

### TITLE III—INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY MATTERS

#### SEC. 301. UNAUTHORIZED ACCESS TO INTEL-LIGENCE COMMUNITY PROPERTY.

(a) In General.—The National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3001 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

#### "SEC. 1115. UNAUTHORIZED ACCESS TO INTEL-LIGENCE COMMUNITY PROPERTY.

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—It shall be unlawful, within the jurisdiction of the United States, without authorization to willfully go upon any property, while knowing that such property is—
- "(1) under the jurisdiction of an element of the intelligence community; and
  - "(2) closed or restricted.
- "(b) PENALTIES.—Any person who violates subsection (a) with intent to gather intelligence or information to the detriment of the United States shall—
- "(1) in the case of the first offense, be fined under section 3517 of title 18, United States Code, imprisoned not more than 6 months, or both:
- "(2) in the case of a second offense after a prior conviction under subsection (a) has become final, be fined under such title, imprisoned not more than 2 years, or both; and
- "(3) in the case of a third or subsequent offense after a prior conviction under subsection (a) has become final, be fined under such title, imprisoned not more than 5 years, or both.".
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents preceding section 2 of such Act is amended by adding at the end the following: "Sec. 1115. Unauthorized access to intel-

ligence community property.".

# SEC. 302. ANNUAL SURVEY OF ANALYTIC OBJECTIVITY AMONG OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES OF ELEMENTS OF THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not less frequently than once each year, each head of an element of the intelligence community specified in subsection (c) shall—
- (1) conduct a survey of analytic objectivity among officers and employees of the element of the head who are involved in the production of intelligence products; and
- (2) submit to the congressional intelligence committees a report on the findings of the head with respect to the most recently completed survey under paragraph (1).
- (b) ELEMENTS.—Each survey conducted pursuant to subsection (a)(1) for an element of the intelligence community shall cover the following:
- (1) Perceptions of the officers and employees regarding the presence of bias or politicization affecting the intelligence cycle.
- (2) Types of intelligence products perceived by the officers and employees as most prone to objectivity concerns.
- (3) Whether objectivity concerns identified by responders to the survey were otherwise raised with an analytic ombudsman or appropriate entity.
- (c) ELEMENTS OF THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY SPECIFIED.—The elements of the intelligence community specified in this subsection are the following:
  - (1) The National Security Agency.
  - (2) The Defense Intelligence Agency
- (3) The National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency.
- (4) Each intelligence element of the Army, the Navy, the Air Force, the Marine Corps, the Space Force, and the Coast Guard.
- (5) The Directorate of Intelligence of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
- (6) The Office of Intelligence and Counterintelligence of the Department of Energy.
- (7) The Bureau of Intelligence and Research of the Department of State.
- (8) The Office of Intelligence and Analysis of the Department of Homeland Security.
- (9) The Office of Intelligence and Analysis of the Department of the Treasury.

# SEC. 303. ANNUAL TRAINING REQUIREMENT AND REPORT REGARDING ANALYTIC STANDARDS.

Section 6312 of the James M. Inhofe National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (50 U.S.C. 3364 note; Public Law 117–263) is amended—

- (1) by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:
- "(b) CONDUCT OF TRAINING.—Training required pursuant to the policy required by subsection (a) shall be a dedicated, standalone training that includes instruction on avoiding political bias."; and
  - (2) in subsection (d)(1)—
- (A) by striking "number and themes of"; and
- (B) by striking the period at the end and inserting ", including the number and themes of such incidents and a list of each intelligence product reported during the preceding 1-year period to the Analytic Ombudsman of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence.".

#### SEC. 304. ESTIMATE OF COST TO ENSURE COM-PLIANCE WITH INTELLIGENCE COM-MUNITY DIRECTIVE 705.

(a) ESTIMATE REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives an estimate of the amount of obligations expected to be incurred by the

Federal Government after the date of the enactment of this Act to ensure that all sensitive compartmented information facilities of the intelligence community are compliant with Intelligence Community Directive 705.

(b) CONTENTS.—The estimate submitted pursuant to subsection (a) shall include the following:

- (1) The estimate described in subsection (a), disaggregated by element of the intelligence community.
- (2) An implementation plan to ensure compliance described in such subsection.
- (3) Identification of the administrative actions or legislative actions that may be necessary to ensure such compliance.

#### SEC. 305. AMENDMENTS REGARDING PRESI-DENTIAL APPOINTMENTS FOR IN-TELLIGENCE COMMUNITY POSI-TIONS.

- (a) APPOINTMENT OF DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 104B(a) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3037(a)) is amended by inserting ", by and with the advice and consent of the Senate" after "President".
- (2) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by paragraph (1) shall take effect on the first date after the date of the enactment of this Act that the position of Deputy Director of the Central Intelligence Agency becomes vacant.
- (b) APPOINTMENT OF DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF THE NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY.—Section 2 of the National Security Agency Act of 1959 (50 U.S.C. 3602) is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "(c) There is a Deputy Director of the National Security Agency, who shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate.".
- (c) APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTOR OF THE NATIONAL COUNTERTERRORISM CENTER.—Section 119(b)(1) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3056(b)(1)) is amended by striking "President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate" and inserting "Director of National Intelligence".
- (d) APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTOR OF THE NATIONAL COUNTERINTELLIGENCE AND SECURITY CENTER.—Section 902(a) of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2003 (50 U.S.C. 3382a)) is amended by striking "President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate" and inserting "Director of National Intelligence".
- (e) APPOINTMENT OF GENERAL COUNSEL OF THE OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE.—Section 103C(a) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3028(a)) is amended by striking "by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate" and inserting "by the Director of National Intelligence".
- (f) APPOINTMENT OF GENERAL COUNSEL OF THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY.—Section 20(a) of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 3520(a)) is amended by striking "by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate" and inserting "by the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency".

# SEC. 306. COUNTERINTELLIGENCE SUPPORT FOR DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY NETWORKS AND SYSTEMS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The head of the Office of Counterintelligence of the Office of Intelligence and Analysis of the Department of the Treasury shall implement policies and procedures that ensure counterintelligence support—
- (1) to all entities of the Department of the Treasury responsible for safeguarding networks and systems; and
- (2) for coordination between counterintelligence threat mitigation activities and cyber network and system defense efforts.

(b) REPORT.—Not later than 270 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the head described in subsection (a) shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a report on the status of the implementation of such subsection.

## SEC. 307. REPORT ON DIRECTOR'S INITIATIVES GROUP PERSONNEL MATTERS.

- (a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a report on personnel matters of the Director's Initiatives Group.
- (b) CONTENTS.—The report submitted pursuant to subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) The process for hiring members of the Director's Initiatives Group.
- (2) A list of personnel of such group, from the date of the creation of the group, including a description of responsibilities for each of the personnel.
- (3) Funding sources for personnel of such group.
- (4) A list of which personnel of such group received security clearances and the process for receiving such security clearances.
- (c) NOTICE REGARDING ACTIONS AFFECTING NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE PROGRAM RESOURCES.—Not later than 30 days before taking any action affecting the resources of the National Intelligence Program (as defined in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003)), the Director shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives notice of the intent of the Director to take such action.

### SEC. 308. HIGHER EDUCATION ACT OF 1965 SPECIAL RULE.

Section 135 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1015d) is amended—

- (1) by redesignating subsections (c) and (d) as subsections (d) and (e), respectively; and
- (2) by inserting after subsection (b) the following:
- "(c) SPECIAL RULE.—With respect to a member of a qualifying Federal service who is an officer or employee of an element of the intelligence community, the term 'permanent duty station', as used in this section, shall exclude a permanent duty station that is within 50 miles of the headquarters facility of such element."

# SEC. 309. ANNUAL CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY WORKPLACE CLIMATE ASSESSMENT.

Section 30 of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 3531) is amended by adding at the end the following:

- "(d) ANNUAL AGENCY CLIMATE ASSESS-MENT.—
- $\lq\lq(1)$  In general.—Not less frequently than once every 365 days, the Director shall—
- "(A) complete an Agency climate assessment—
- "(i) that does not request any information that would make an Agency employee or an Agency employee's position identifiable;
  - "(ii) for the purposes of-
- "(I) preventing and responding to sexual assault and sexual harassment; and
- "(II) examining the prevalence of sexual assault and sexual harassment occurring among the Agency's workforce; and
- "(iii) that includes an opportunity for Agency employees to express their opinions regarding the manner and extent to which the Agency responds to allegations of sexual

assault and complaints of sexual harassment, and the effectiveness of such response; and

- "(B) submit to the appropriate congressional committees the findings of the Director with respect to the climate assessment completed pursuant to subparagraph (A).
- "(2) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES DEFINED.—In this subsection, the term 'appropriate congressional committees' means—
- "(A) the Select Committee on Intelligence and the Subcommittee on Defense of the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
- "(B) the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence and the Subcommittee on Defense of the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives."

# SEC. 310. REPORT ON SECURE MOBILE COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS AVAILABLE TO EMPLOYEES AND OF THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.

- (a) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense, shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a report on the secure mobile communications systems available to employees and officers of the intelligence community, disaggregated by element of the intelligence community.
- (b) CONTENTS.—The report submitted pursuant to subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) The number of employees and officers of the intelligence community using each secure mobile communications system, disaggregated by element of the intelligence community and by employee or officer level.
- (2) An estimate of the expenditures incurred by the intelligence community to develop and maintain the systems described in subsection (a), disaggregated by system, element of the intelligence community, year, and number of mobile devices using or accessing the systems.
- (3) A list of the capabilities of each system and the level of classification for each.
- (4) For each system described in subsection (a), identification of the element of the intelligence community that developed and maintains the system and whether that element has service agreements with other elements of the intelligence community for use of the system.
- (5) Identification of any secure mobile communications systems that are in development, the capabilities of such systems, how far along such systems are in development, and an estimate of when the systems will be ready for deployment.
- (c) FORM.—The report submitted pursuant to subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified

#### SEC. 311. PLAN FOR IMPLEMENTING AN INTE-GRATED SYSTEM SPANNING THE IN-TELLIGENCE COMMUNITY FOR AC-CREDITATION OF SENSITIVE COM-PARTMENTED INFORMATION FA-CILITIES.

- (a) PLAN REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall—
- (1) develop a plan to implement an integrated tracking system that spans the intelligence community for the accreditation of sensitive compartmented information facilities to increase transparency, track the status of accreditation, and to reduce and minimize duplication of effort; and

- (2) submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives the plan developed pursuant to paragraph (1).
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The plan required by subsection (a)(1) shall include the following:
- (1) An estimated cost of implementing the plan.
- (2) A description for how applicants and cleared industry could monitor the status of their sensitive compartmented information facility accreditation.
- (3) Guidelines for minimizing duplication of effort across the intelligence community and the Department of Defense in the accreditation process for sensitive compartmented information facilities
- (4) Creation of a mechanism to track compliance with Intelligence Community Directive 705 (relating to sensitive compartmented information facilities), or successor directive.
- (5) Proposed measures for increasing security against adversary threats.
- (6) A list of any administrative and legislative actions that may be necessary to carry out the plan.

### SEC. 312. COUNTERINTELLIGENCE THREATS TO UNITED STATES SPACE INTERESTS.

- (a) ASSESSMENT OF COUNTERINTELLIGENCE VULNERABILITIES OF THE NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence, in consultation with the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees an assessment of the counterintelligence vulnerabilities of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The assessment required by paragraph (1) shall include the following:
- (A) An assessment of the vulnerability of the security practices and facilities of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration to efforts by nation-state and non-nation-state actors to acquire United States space technology.
- (B) An assessment of the counterintelligence threat posed by nationals of the Russian Federation and the People's Republic of China at centers of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration.
- (C) Recommendations for how the National Aeronautics and Space Administration can mitigate any counterintelligence gaps identified under subparagraphs (A) and (B).
- (D) A description of efforts of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration to respond to the efforts of state sponsors of terrorism, other foreign countries, and entities to illicitly acquire United States satellites and related items as described in reports submitted by the Director of National Intelligence pursuant to section 1261 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2013 (Public Law 112–239).
- (E) An evaluation of the effectiveness of the efforts of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration described in subparagraph (D).
- (3) COOPERATION BY NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION.—The Administrator of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration shall cooperate fully with the Director of National Intelligence and the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation in submitting the assessment required by paragraph (1).
- (4) FORM.—The assessment required by paragraph (1) may be submitted in unclassified form with a classified annex.
- (5) DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—In this subsection, the

- term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the congressional intelligence committees:
- (B) the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Appropriations, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate; and
- (C) the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Appropriations, the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology, and the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives.
- (b) SUNSET.—Section 1261(e)(1) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2013 (Public Law 112–239) is amended by inserting "until December 31, 2026" after "thereafter".
- (c) Counterintelligence Support to Commercial Spaceports.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the head of the Counterintelligence Division of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, in coordination with the head of the Office of Private Sector of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, shall—
- (A) develop an assessment of the counterintelligence risks to commercial spaceports; and
  - (B) distribute the assessment to—
- (i) each field office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation the area of responsibility of which includes a federally licensed commercial spaceport;
- (ii) the leadership of each federally licensed commercial spaceport;
- (iii) the congressional intelligence committees;
- (iv) the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate; and
- (v) the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives.
- (2) CLASSIFICATION.—The assessment required by paragraph (1) shall be distributed at the lowest classification level possible, but may include classified annexes at higher classification levels.

# SEC. 313. CHAPLAIN CORPS AND CHIEF OF CHAPLAINS OF THE CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY.

Section 26 of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 3527) is amended to read as follows:

### "SEC. 26. CHAPLAIN CORPS AND CHIEF OF CHAPLAINS.

- "(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF CHAPLAIN CORPS.— There is in the Agency a Chaplain Corps for the provision of spiritual and religious pastoral services.
- "(b) CHIEF OF CHAPLAINS.—The head of the Chaplain Corps shall be the Chief of Chaplains, who shall be appointed by the Director and report directly to the Director.
- "(c) GLOBAL PRESENCE, SERVICES.—Chaplains of the Chaplain Corps shall—
- "(1) be located—
- "(A) at the headquarters building of the Agency; and
- "(B) outside the United States in each region of the regional mission centers of the Agency; and
- "(2) travel as necessary to provide services to personnel of the Agency where such personnel are located.
  - "(d) Staff.—
- "(1) EMPLOYEES.—The Chaplain Corps—
- "(A) shall be staffed by full-time employees of the Agency; and
- "(B) shall not be staffed by any government contractor.
- "(2) SERVICE.
- "(A) EXCLUSIVE ROLE.—A member of the staff of the Chaplain Corps shall serve exclusively in the member's role in the Chaplain Corps.

- "(B) NOT COLLATERAL DUTY.—Assignment to the Chaplain Corps shall not be a collateral duty.
- "(3) APPOINTMENT; COMPENSATION.—The Director may appoint and fix the compensation of such staff of the Chaplain Corps as the Director considers appropriate, except that the Director may not provide basic pay to any member of the staff of the Chaplain Corps at an annual rate of basic pay in excess of the maximum rate of basic pay for grade GS-15 of the General Schedule under section 5332 of title 5, United States Code.
- "(4) NUMBER OF CHAPLAINS.—The ratio of chaplains of the Chaplain Corps to personnel of the Agency shall be, to the extent practicable, equal to the ratio of chaplains of the Armed Forces to members of the Armed Forces.
- "(5) QUALIFICATIONS OF CHAPLAINS.—Each chaplain of the Chaplain Corps shall—
- "(A) before being hired to the Chaplain Corps—
- "(i) have had experience in chaplaincy or the provision of pastoral care; and
- "(ii) be board certified and licensed as a chaplain by a national chaplaincy and pastoral care organization or equivalent; and
- "(B) maintain such certification while in the Chaplain Corps.
- "(e) ADMINISTRATION.—The Director shall—"(1) reimburse members of the staff of the Chaplain Corps for work-related travel expenses:
- "(2) provide security clearances, including one-time read-ins, to such members to ensure that personnel of the Agency can seek unrestricted chaplaincy counseling; and
- "(3) furnish such physical workspace at the headquarters building of the Agency, and outside the United States in each region of the regional missions centers of the Agency, as the Director considers appropriate.
- "(f) PRIVACY.—The Director shall implement privacy standards with respect to the physical workspaces of the Chaplain Corps to ensure privacy for individuals visiting such spaces.
- "(g) PROTECTION OF CHAPLAIN CORPS.—The Director may not require a chaplain of the Chaplain Corps to perform any rite, ritual, or ceremony that is contrary to the conscience, moral principles, or religious beliefs of such chaplain.
- "(h) CERTIFICATIONS TO CONGRESS.—Not less frequently than annually, the Director shall certify to Congress whether the chaplains of the Chaplain Corps meet the qualifications described in subsection (d)(5)(B)."

#### SEC. 314. PROHIBITION ON CONTRACTORS COL-LECTING OR SELLING LOCATION DATA OF INDIVIDUALS AT INTEL-LIGENCE COMMUNITY LOCATIONS.

- (a) PROHIBITION.—A contractor or subcontractor of an element of the intelligence community, as a condition on contracting with an element of the intelligence community, may not, while a contract or subcontract for an element of the intelligence community is effective—
- (1) collect, retain, or knowingly or recklessly facilitate the collection or retention of location data from phones, wearable fitness trackers, and other cellular-enabled or cellular-connected devices located in any covered location, regardless of whether service for such device is provided under contract with an element of the intelligence community, except as necessary for the provision of the service as specifically contracted; or
- (2) sell, monetize, or knowingly or recklessly facilitate the sale of, location data described in paragraph (1) to any individual or entity that is not an element of the intelligence community.
- (b) COVERED LOCATIONS.—For purposes of subsection (a), a covered location is any location described in section 202.222(a)(1) of

title 28, Code of Federal Regulations, or successor regulations.

- (c) CERTIFICATION.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, each head of an element of the intelligence community shall require each contractor and subcontractor of the element to submit to the head a certification as to whether the contractor or subcontractor is in compliance with subsection (a).
- (d) TREATMENT OF CERTIFICATIONS.—The veracity of a certification under subsection (c) shall be treated as "material" for purposes of section 3729 of title 31, United States Code.

#### SEC. 315. TECHNICAL AMENDMENT TO PROCURE-MENT AUTHORITIES OF CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY.

Section 3(a) of the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1949 (50 U.S.C. 3503(a)) is amended by striking "3069" and inserting "3066".

### SEC. 316. THREAT BRIEFING TO PROTECT FEDERAL RESERVE INFORMATION.

The Director of National Intelligence, in coordination with the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and in consultation with the relevant heads of the elements of the intelligence community, as determined by the Directors, shall brief the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System on foreign threats to the Federal Reserve System.

# SEC. 317. PLAN TO ESTABLISH COMMERCIAL GEOSPATIAL INTELLIGENCE DATA AND SERVICES PROGRAM MANAGEMENT OFFICE.

- (a) PLAN REQUIRED.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of the National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency and the Director of the National Reconnaissance Office, in consultation with the Director of National Intelligence and the Secretary of Defense, shall jointly develop and submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a plan to establish an office described in subsection (b).
- (b) OFFICE DESCRIBED.—An office described in this subsection is a co-located joint program management office for commercial geospatial intelligence data and services.
- (c) CONTENTS.—The plan required by subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) Milestones for implementation of the plan.
- (2) An updated acquisition strategy that considers efficiencies to be gained from closely coordinated acquisitions of geospatial intelligence data and services.
- (d) DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—In this section, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (1) the congressional intelligence committees;
- (2) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate: and
- (3) the Committee on Armed Services and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

#### SEC. 318. INSPECTOR GENERAL REVIEW OF ADE-QUACY OF POLICIES AND PROCE-DURES GOVERNING USE OF COM-MERCIAL MESSAGING APPLICA-TIONS BY INTELLIGENCE COMMU-NITY.

(a) REVIEW REQUIRED.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Inspector General of the Intelligence Community shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Homeland Security and Government Affairs and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate, and the Committee Oversight and Government Reform and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives on a review of the adequacy

- of policies and procedures governing the use of commercial messaging applications by the intelligence community.
- (b) CONTENTS.—The review required by subsection (a) shall include an assessment of compliance by the intelligence community with chapter 31 of title 44, United States Code (commonly known as the "Federal Records Act of 1950").
- (c) FORM.—The review required by subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

# SEC. 319. AUTHORITY FOR NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY TO PRODUCE AND DISSEMINATE INTELLIGENCE PRODUCTS.

The National Security Agency Act of 1959 (50 U.S.C. 3602 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

#### "SEC. 23. AUTHORITY TO PRODUCE AND DISSEMI-NATE INTELLIGENCE PRODUCTS.

"The Director of the National Security Agency may correlate and evaluate intelligence related to national security and provide appropriate dissemination of such intelligence to appropriate legislative and executive branch customers."

### SEC. 320. PROHIBITING DISCRIMINATION IN THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence, in coordination with the head of each element of the intelligence community, shall revise all regulations, policies, procedures, manuals, circulars, courses, training, and guidance in the intelligence community such that all such materials are in compliance with and consistent with this section.
- (b) PROHIBITION.—None of the funds authorized to be appropriated by any law for the National Intelligence Program shall be used for the purposes of implementing covered practices in the intelligence community.
- (c) COVERED PRACTICE DEFINED.—In this section, the term "covered practice" means any practice that discriminates for or against any person in a manner prohibited by the Constitution of the United States, the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000 et seq.), or any other Federal law.

## SEC. 321. ANNUAL REPORT ON FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION CASE DATA.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Title V of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3091 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 512 the following:

#### "SEC. 512A. ANNUAL REPORT ON FEDERAL BU-REAU OF INVESTIGATION CASE DATA.

- "(a) In General.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this section, and annually thereafter, the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate, and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives a report containing data on cases of the Federal Bureau of Investigation for the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year in which the report is submitted.
- "(b) ELEMENTS.—Each report required by subsection (a) shall include, for the fiscal year covered by the report, the number of active cases, the number of unique cases, and the number of cases opened, for each of the following:
  - "(1) Russia counterintelligence cases.
  - "(2) China counterintelligence cases.
  - "(3) Espionage or leak cases.
  - "(4) All other counterintelligence cases.
- "(5) ISIS counterterrorism cases.
- "(6) Hizballah counterterrorism cases.
- "(7) Cartel and other transnational criminal organization counterterrorism cases.
- "(8) All other international counterterrorism cases.

- "(9) Russia cyber national security cases.
- "(10) China cyber national security cases.
- "(11) All other cyber national security
- "(c) FORM.—Each report required by subsection (a) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.".
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents preceding section 2 of such Act is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 512 the following:
- "Sec. 512A. Annual report on Federal Bureau of Investigation case data.".

## TITLE IV—INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY EFFICIENCY AND EFFECTIVENESS

#### SEC. 401. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026".

# SEC. 402. MODIFICATION OF RESPONSIBILITIES AND AUTHORITIES OF THE DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE.

- (a) REPEAL OF SUNSETTED REQUIREMENT FOR SEMI-ANNUAL REPORT.—Subsection (c)(7) of section 102A of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3024) is amended by striking "(A) The Director" and all that follows through "(B) The Director" and inserting "The Director".
- (b) REPEAL OF AUTHORITY TO TRANSFER PERSONNEL TO NEW NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE CENTERS.—Such section is amended by striking subsection (e).
  - (c) TASKING AND OTHER AUTHORITIES.—
- (1) REPEAL OF AUTHORITY TO ESTABLISH NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE CENTERS; MODIFICATION OF AUTHORITY TO PRESCRIBE PERSONNEL POLICIES AND PROGRAMS.—Subsection (f) of such section is amended—
- (A) in paragraph (2), by striking "and may" and all that follows through "determines necessary"; and
  - (B) in paragraph (3)(A)—
- (i) in the matter preceding clause (i), by striking "consultation" and inserting "coordination":
  - (ii) in clause (iii)—
- (I) by striking "recruitment and retention" and inserting "recruitment, retention, and training"; and
- (II) by striking the semicolon at the end and inserting ", including those with diverse ethnic, cultural, and linguistic backgrounds; and":
- (iii) in clause (vi), by inserting "on behalf of the Director of National Intelligence" after "matters";
- (iv) by striking clauses (i), (ii), (iv), and (v); and
- (v) by redesignating clauses (iii) and (vi) as clauses (i) and (ii), respectively.
- (2) ACCOUNTABILITY REVIEWS.—Paragraph (7) of such subsection is amended—
- (A) in subparagraph (A), by striking "conduct" and inserting "direct";
  (B) in subparagraph (B), by inserting "di-
- rected" before "under"; and
  (C) in subsection (C)(i), by striking "con-
- (C) in subsection (C)(i), by striking "conducted" and inserting "directed".
- (3) INDEPENDENT ASSESSMENTS AND AUDITS OF COMPLIANCE WITH MINIMUM INSIDER THREAT POLICIES.—Paragraph (8)(A) of such subsection is amended by striking "conduct" and inserting "direct independent".
- (4) INDEPENDENT EVALUATIONS OF COUNTER-INTELLIGENCE, SECURITY, AND INSIDER THREAT PROGRAM ACTIVITIES.—Paragraph (8)(D) of such subsection is amended by striking "carry out" and inserting "direct independent".
- (d) REPEAL OF REQUIREMENT FOR ENHANCED PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT.—Such section is further amended by striking subsection (1).
- (e) ANALYSES AND IMPACT STATEMENTS REGARDING PROPOSED INVESTMENT INTO THE UNITED STATES.—Subsection (z) of such section is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (1)—
- (A) by inserting ", or the head of an element of the intelligence community to whom the Director has delegated such review or investigation," after "for which the Director"; and
- (B) by inserting "or such head" after "materials, the Director"; and
- (2) in paragraph (2), by inserting ", or the head of an element of the intelligence community to whom the Director has delegated such review or investigation," after "the Director".
- (f) PLAN FOR REFORM OF INTELLIGENCE COM-MUNITY ACQUISITION PROCESS.—
- (1) PLAN REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall, in consultation with each head of an element of the intelligence community, submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a plan to reform the acquisition process of each element of the intelligence community so that, to the maximum extent practicable. the process uses existing authorities to expedite acquisitions and includes a preference for acquisition of commercial solutions, consistent with section 3453 of title 10. United States Code, and Executive Order 14265 (90 Fed. Reg. 15621: relating to modernizing defense acquisitions and spurring innovation in the defense industrial base).
- (2) ITEMIZATION OF MAJOR PLANNED OR PENDING ACQUISITIONS.—The plan required by paragraph (1) shall include an itemization of major planned or pending acquisitions for each element of the intelligence community.
  - (g) Conforming Amendments.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Such section is further amended—
- (A) by redesignating subsections (f) through (k) as subsections (e) through (j), respectively;
- (B) by redesignating subsections (m) through (z) as subsections (k) through (x), respectively;
- (C) in subsection (e), as redesignated by subparagraph (A), in paragraph (7), by striking "under subsection (m)" and inserting "under subsection (k)"; and
- (D) in subsection (v)(3), as redesignated by subparagraph (B), by striking "under subsection (f)(8)" and inserting "under subsection (e)(8)".
- (2) External.—
- (A) NATIONAL SECURITY ACT OF 1947.—The National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3001 et seq.) is amended—
- (i) in section 103(c)(15) (50 U.S.C. 3025(c)(15)), by striking ", including national intelligence centers"; and
- (ii) in section 313(1) (50 U.S.C. 3079(1)), by striking "with section 102A(f)(8)" and inserting "with section 102A(e)(8)".
- (B) REDUCING OVER-CLASSIFICATION ACT.— Section 7(a)(1)(A) of the Reducing Over-Classification Act (50 U.S.C. 3344(a)(1)(A)) is amended by striking "of section 102A(g)(1)" and inserting "of section 102A(f)(1)".
- (C) INTELLIGENCE REFORM AND TERRORISM PREVENTION ACT OF 2004.—Section 1019(a) of the Intelligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention Act of 2004 (50 U.S.C. 3364(a)) is amended by striking "out section 102A(h)" and inserting "out section 102A(g)"

#### SEC. 403. REFORMS RELATING TO THE OFFICE OF THE DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTEL-LIGENCE

- (a) PLAN FOR REDUCTION OF STAFF.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on

- Appropriations of the House of Representatives a plan to reduce the staff of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence.
- (2) CONTENTS.—The plan required by paragraph (1) shall include a plan for reducing the staff of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence to the maximum number of full-time equivalent employees, detailes, and individuals under contract with the Office that the Director requires for the optimized execution of the Director's statutory authorities and ensures—
- (A) each Federal employee who is employed by, detailed to, or assigned to the Office of the Director of National Intelligence will be provided an opportunity to accept alternative employment, detail, or assignment within the United States Government; and
- (B) no such Federal employee will be involuntarily terminated by the implementation of the plan required by paragraph (1).
- (b) Orderly Reduction in Staff of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence.—  $\,$
- (1) PROCESS.—On a date that is at least 90 days after the date on which the plan required by subsection (a)(1) is submitted, or 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, whichever is later, the Director of National Intelligence shall initiate a process to reduce the staff of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence, provided the Director submits to the congressional intelligence committees a certification that—
- (A) each Federal employee who is employed by, detailed to, or assigned to the Office of the Director of National Intelligence will be provided an opportunity to accept alternative employment, detail, or assignment within the United States Government; and
- (B) no such Federal employee will be involuntarily terminated by the implementation of such process, except as provided in subsection (c)(1).
- (2) INTERIM UPDATES.—Not later than 60 days after the date on which the plan required by subsection (a)(1) is submitted, and every 60 days thereafter until the staff of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence does not exceed the number of fulltime equivalent employees, detailees, and individuals under contract with the Office identified in the plan provided pursuant to subsection (a), the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a written update identifying the positions of the employees, detailees, and individuals under contract with the Office of the Director of National Intelligence who have been part of the reduction in staff.
- (c) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this section shall be construed as prohibiting—  $\,$
- (1) the involuntarily termination of a Federal employee when there is—
- (A) written documentation to support a security, counterintelligence, or other lawful basis for termination based on misconduct; or
- (B) written documentation over a period of at least 180 days to support a performance basis for the termination; or
- (2) the return of detailees to their home agencies 45 days after the date on which the plan required by subsection (a)(1) is submitted.
- (d) LOCATION OF THE OFFICE.—Subsection (f) of such section is amended by inserting ", with facilities necessary to carry out the core intelligence mission of the Office" before the period at the end.

# SEC. 404. APPOINTMENT OF DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE AND ASSISTANT DIRECTORS OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE.

- (a) REDESIGNATION OF PRINCIPAL DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE AS DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (a) of section 103A of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3026) is amended—
- (A) in the subsection heading, by striking "PRINCIPAL"; and
- (B) by striking "Principal" each place it appears.
- (2) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—Subsection (c) of such section is amended—
- (A) in the subsection heading, by striking "PRINCIPAL"; and
- (B) in paragraph (2)(B), by striking "Principal".
- (3) ADDITIONAL CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—
- (A) NATIONAL SECURITY ACT OF 1947.—Such Act is further amended—
- (i) in section 103(c)(2) (50 U.S.C. 3025(c)(2)), by striking "Principal";
- (ii) in section 103I(b)(1) (50 U.S.C. 3034(b)(1)), by striking "Principal";
- (iii) in section 106(a)(2)(A) (50 U.S.C. 3041(a)(2)(A)), by striking "Principal"; and
- (iv) in section 116(b) (50 U.S.C. 3053(b)), by striking "Principal".
- (B) DAMON PAUL NELSON AND MATTHEW YOUNG POLLARD INTELLIGENCE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEARS 2018, 2019, AND 2020.—Section 6310 of the Damon Paul Nelson and Matthew Young Pollard Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 2018, 2019, and 2020 (50 U.S.C. 3351b) is amended by striking "Principal" each place it appears.
- (C) NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2022.—Section 1683(b)(3) of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (50 U.S.C. 3373(b)(3)) is amended by striking "Principal" both places it appears.
- (b) ELIMINATION OF DEPUTY DIRECTORS OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE AND ESTABLISHMENT OF ASSISTANT DIRECTORS OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 103A(b) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3026(b)) is amended—
- (A) in the subsection heading, by striking "DEPUTY" and inserting "ASSISTANT";
  (B) in paragraph (1), by striking "may"
- (B) in paragraph (1), by striking "may" and all that follows through the period at the end and inserting the following: "is an Assistant Director of National Intelligence for Mission Integration and an Assistant Director of National Intelligence for Policy and Capabilities, who shall be appointed by the Director of National Intelligence."; and
- (C) in paragraph (2), by striking "Deputy" and inserting "Assistant".
- (2) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.—The National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3001 et seq.) is amended—
- (A) in section 102A(1)(4)(F) (50 U.S.C. 3024(1)(4)(F)), as redesignated by section 402(g)(1)(B), by striking "a Deputy" and inserting "an Assistant"; and
- (B) in section 103(c) (50 U.S.C. 3025(c)), by striking paragraph (3).
  (c) References to Principal Deputy Di-
- (c) REFERENCES TO PRINCIPAL DEPUTY DI-RECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE IN LAW.— Any reference in law to the Principal Deputy Director of National Intelligence shall be treated as a reference to the Deputy Director of National Intelligence.
  - (d) CLERICAL AMENDMENTS.—
- (1) SECTION HEADING.—Section 103A of such Act (50 U.S.C. 3026) is further amended, in the section heading, by striking "DEPUTY DIRECTORS OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE" and inserting "DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE AND ASSISTANT DIRECTORS OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE".
- (2) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for such Act, in the matter preceding

section 2 of such Act, is amended by striking the item relating to section 103A and inserting the following:

"Sec. 103A. Deputy Director of National Intelligence and Assistant Directors of National Intelligence.".

#### SEC. 405. REFORM OF THE NATIONAL INTEL-LIGENCE COUNCIL AND NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE OFFICERS.

- (a) DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES.—Subsection (c)(1) of section 103B of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3027) is amended—
- (1) in subparagraph (A), by adding "or coordinate the production of" after "produce"; and
- (2) in subparagraph (B), by striking "and the requirements and resources of such collection and production".
- (b) STAFF.—Subsection (f) of such section is amended by striking "The" and inserting "Subject to section 103(d)(1), the".

#### SEC. 406. TRANSFER OF NATIONAL COUNTER-INTELLIGENCE AND SECURITY CEN-TER TO FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVES-TIGATION.

- (a) PLAN FOR TRANSFERS.—
- (1) DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—In this subsection, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (A) the congressional intelligence committees;
- (B) the Committee on the Judiciary and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate: and
- (C) the Committee on the Judiciary and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
- (2) PLAN REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence and the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall jointly submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a plan to achieve the transfer of—
- (A) the National Counterintelligence and Security Center to the Counterintelligence Division of the Federal Bureau of Investigation; and
- (B) the duties of the Director of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center to the Assistant Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation for Counterintelligence.
- (b) Transfers.—
- (1) Transfer of center.—On a date that is at least 180 days after the date on which the plan required by subsection (a) is submitted, or 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, whichever is later, the Director of National Intelligence shall initiate the transfer of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center to the Counterintelligence Division of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, including such staff and resources of the Center as the Director of National Intelligence, in coordination with the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, determines appropriate and as is consistent with the provisions of this section.
- (2) Transfer of duties of director of the CENTER.—On a date that is at least 90 days after the date on which the plan required by subsection (a) is submitted, or 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, whichever is later, the Director of National Intelligence shall initiate the transfer to the Assistant Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation for Counterintelligence of such duties of the Director of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center as the Director of National Intelligence, in coordination with the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, determines appropriate and as is consistent with the provisions of this section.

- (3) COMPLETION.—Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall complete the transfers initiated under paragraphs (1) and (2).
- (c) REDUCTIONS IN STAFF.—Any reduction in staff of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center shall comply with the requirements of section 403(b).
- (d) QUARTERLY REPORTS.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and every 90 days thereafter until the date specified in subsection (h), the Director of National Intelligence and the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall jointly submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives, the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate, and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives a report on the status of the implementation of this section, including—
- (1) the missions and functions of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center that have been transferred to the Federal Bureau of Investigation;
- (2) the missions and functions of such Center that have been retained at the Office of the Director of National Intelligence:
- (3) the missions and functions of such Center that have been transferred to another department or agency; and
- (4) the missions and functions of such Center that have been terminated.
- (e) Repeal.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 103F of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3031) is repealed.
- (2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for such Act, in the matter preceding section 2 of such Act, is amended by striking the item relating to section 103F.
- (f) CONFORMING AMENDMENTS TO COUNTER-INTELLIGENCE ENHANCEMENT ACT OF 2002.—
- (1) HEAD OF CENTER.—Section 902 of the Counterintelligence Enhancement Act of 2002 (50 U.S.C. 3382) is amended—
- (A) in the section heading, by striking "DIRECTOR" and inserting "HEAD";
- (B) by striking subsection (a) and inserting the following:
- "(a) HEAD OF CENTER.—The head of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center shall be the Assistant Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation for Counterintelligence or the Assistant Director's designee.":
- (C) in subsection (b), by striking "the Director" and inserting "the individual serving as the head of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center"; and
  - (D) in subsection (c)—
- (i) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking "Subject to the direction and control of the Director of National Intelligence, the duties of the Director" and inserting "The duties of the head of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center"; and
- (ii) in paragraph (4), by striking "Director of National Intelligence" and inserting "Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation".
- (2) NATIONAL COUNTERINTELLIGENCE AND SECURITY CENTER.—Section 904 of such Act (50 U.S.C. 3383) is amended—
- (A) in subsection (a), by inserting "in the Counterintelligence Division of the Federal Bureau of Investigation" before the period at the end:
- (B) in subsection (b), by striking "Director of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center" and inserting "Assistant Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation for Counterintelligence or the Assistant Director's designee";

- (C) in subsection (c), by striking "Office of the Director of National Intelligence" and inserting "Counterintelligence Division of the Federal Bureau of Investigation";
- (D) in subsection (e)—
- (i) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking "Director of" and inserting "head of"; and
- (ii) in paragraphs (2)(B), (4), and (5), by striking "Director of National Intelligence" each place it appears and inserting "Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation":
- (E) in subsection (f)(3), by striking "Director" and inserting "head";
- (F) in subsection (g)(2), by striking "Director" and inserting "head"; and
- (G) in subsection (i), by striking "Office of the Director of National Intelligence" and inserting "Counterintelligence Division of the Federal Bureau of Investigation".
- (g) ADDITIONAL CONFORMING AMEND-MENTS.—
- (1) TITLE 5.—Section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking the item relating to the Director of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center.
- (2) NATIONAL SECURITY ACT OF 1947.—The National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3001 et seq.) is amended—
- (A) in section 103(c) (50 U.S.C. 3025(c)), by striking paragraph (9);
  - (B) in section 1107 (50 U.S.C. 3237)—
- (i) in subsection (a), by striking "the Director" and inserting "the head"; and
- (ii) in subsection (c), by striking "the Director shall" and inserting "the head of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center shall"; and
  - (C) in section 1108 (50 U.S.C. 3238)-
- (i) in subsection (a), by striking "the Director" and inserting "the head"; and
- (ii) in subsection (c), by striking "the Director shall" and inserting "the head of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center shall".
- (3) DAMON PAUL NELSON AND MATTHEW YOUNG POLLARD INTELLIGENCE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEARS 2018, 2019, AND 2020.—The Damon Paul Nelson and Matthew Young Pollard Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 2018, 2019, and 2020 (division E of Public Law 116–92) is amended—
- (A) in section 6306(c)(6) (50 U.S.C. 3370(c)(6)), by striking "the Director" and inserting "the head"; and
- (B) in section 6508 (50 U.S.C. 3371d), by striking "Director of National Intelligence" both places it appears and inserting "Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation".
- (4) INTELLIGENCE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 1995.—Section 811 of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1995 (50 U.S.C. 3381) is amended—
- (A) by striking "Director of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center" each place it appears and inserting "head of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center"; and
- (B) in subsection (b), by striking "appointed".
- (5) INTELLIGENCE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2024.—
- (A) Section 7318.—Section 7318 of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (50 U.S.C. 3384) is amended—
  - (i) in subsection (c)—
- (I) in paragraph (1), by striking ", acting through the Director of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center,"; and
- (II) in paragraph (3), by striking "Director of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center" and inserting "Director of National Intelligence, as the Security Executive Agent,"; and
  - (ii) in subsection (d)—
  - (I) in paragraph (1)—

- (aa) in subparagraph (A)(i), by striking "Director of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center" and inserting "Director of National Intelligence"; and
- (bb) in subparagraph (B), by striking "National Counterintelligence and Security Center" both places it appears and inserting "Federal Bureau of Investigation"; and
- (II) in paragraph (2)(A), by striking "Director of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center" and inserting "Director of National Intelligence".
- (B) SECTION 7334.—Section 7334(c)(2) of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (50 U.S.C. 3385(c)(2)) is amended by striking "Director of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center" and inserting "head of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center".
- (h) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on the date that is 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (i) REFERENCES IN LAW.—On and after the date that is 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, any reference to the Director of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center in law shall be treated as a reference to the Assistant Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation for Counterintelligence or the Assistant Director's designee acting on behalf of the Assistant Director as the head of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center.
- (j) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall preclude the Director of National Intelligence from determining that—
- (1) certain coordinating functions of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center shall be retained at the Office of the Director of National Intelligence consistent with the authorities of the Director under section 102A of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3024), transferred to another department or agency, or terminated; or
- (2) certain missions or functions of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center shall be transferred to another department or agency, or terminated.

# SEC. 407. REDESIGNATION AND REFORM OF NATIONAL COUNTERTERRORISM CENTER.

- (a) DOMESTIC COUNTERTERRORISM INTELLIGENCE.—Subsection (e) of section 119 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3056) is amended to read as follows:
- "(e) LIMITATION ON DOMESTIC ACTIVITIES.— The Center may, consistent with applicable law, the direction of the President, and the guidelines referred to in section 102A(b), receive and retain intelligence pertaining to domestic terrorism (as defined in section 2331 of title 18, United States Code) to enable the Center to collect, retain, and disseminate intelligence pertaining only to international terrorism (as defined in section 2331 of title 18, United States Code)."
- (b) REDESIGNATION OF NATIONAL COUNTER-TERRORISM CENTER AS NATIONAL COUNTER-TERRORISM AND COUNTERNARCOTICS CENTER.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Such section is further amended—
- (A) in the section heading, by striking "NATIONAL COUNTERTERRORISM CENTER" and inserting "NATIONAL COUNTERTERRORISM AND COUNTERNARCOTICS CENTER";
- (B) in subsection (b), in the subsection heading, by striking "NATIONAL COUNTERTERRORISM CENTER" and inserting "NATIONAL COUNTERTERRORISM AND COUNTERNARCOTICS CENTER"; and
- (C) by striking "National Counterterrorism Center" each place it appears and inserting "National Counterterrorism and Counternarcotics Center".
- (2) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for such Act, in the matter preceding section 2 of such Act, is amended by striking

the item relating to section 119 and inserting the following:

- "Sec. 119. National Counterterrorism and Counternarcotics Center.".
- (c) Conforming Amendments.—
- (1) NATIONAL SECURITY ACT OF 1947.—Section 102A(g)(3) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3024(g)(3)) is amended by striking "National Counterterrorism Center" and inserting "National Counterterrorism and Counternarcotics Center".
- (2) Homeland security Act of 2002.—The Homeland Security Act of 2002 (6 U.S.C. 101 et seq.) is amended—  $\,$
- (A) in section 201(d)(1) (6 U.S.C. 121(d)(1)), by striking "National Counterterrorism Center" and inserting "National Counterterrorism and Counternarcotics Center"; and
- (B) in section 210D (6 U.S.C. 124k)—
- (i) in subsections (b), (c), (d), (f)(1), (f)(2)(A), and (f)(2)(C), by striking "National Counterterrorism Center" each place it appears and inserting "National Counterterrorism and Counternarcotics Center"; and
  - (ii) in subsection (f)(2)—
- (I) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking "Pursuant to section 119(f)(E) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 404o(f)(E)), the Director of the National Counterterrorism Center" and inserting "The Director of the National Counterterrorism and Counterterrorism and Counternarcotics Center"; and
- (II) in subparagraph (B), by striking "119(f)(E)" and inserting "119(f)".
- (3) INTELLIGENCE REFORM AND TERRORISM PREVENTION ACT OF 2004.—The Intelligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention Act of 2004 (Public Law 108-458) is amended by striking "National Counterterrorism Center" each place it appears and inserting "National Counterterrorism and Counternarcotics Center"
- (4) WILLIAM M. (MAC) THORNBERRY NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2021.—Section 1299F of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (22 U.S.C. 2656j) is amended by striking "Director of the National Counterterrorism Center" each place it appears and inserting "Director of the National Counterterrorism and Counternarcotics Center".
- (5) NATIONAL DEFENSE AUTHORIZATION ACT FOR FISCAL YEAR 2008.—Section 1079 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2008 (50 U.S.C. 3307) is amended by striking "Director of the National Counterterrorism Center" both places it appears and inserting "Director of the National Counterterrorism and Counterterrorism Center".
- (d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on the date that is 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
  - (e) References in Law.—
- (1) NATIONAL COUNTERTERRORISM CENTER.—
  On and after the date that is 30 days after
  the date of the enactment of this Act, any
  reference to the National Counterterrorism
  Center in law shall be treated as a reference
  to the National Counterterrorism and Counternarcotics Center, as redesignated by subsection (c).
- (2) DIRECTOR OF THE NATIONAL COUNTERTER-RORISM CENTER.—On and after the date that is 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, any reference to the Director of the National Counterterrorism Center in law shall be treated as a reference to the Director of the National Counterterrorism and Counternarcotics Center.

#### SEC. 408. TRANSFER OF NATIONAL COUNTERPRO-LIFERATION AND BIOSECURITY CEN-

(a) PLAN FOR TRANSFERS.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intel-

- ligence and the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency shall jointly submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a plan to achieve the transfer of—
- (1) the National Counterproliferation and Biosecurity Center to the Central Intelligence Agency; and
- (2) the duties and responsibilities of the Director of the National Counterproliferation and Biosecurity Center to the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency.
  - (b) Transfers.-
- (1) Transfer of center.—On a date that is at least 90 days after the date on which the plan required by subsection (a) is submitted, or 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, whichever is later, the Director of National Intelligence shall initiate the transfer of the National Counterproliferation and Biosecurity Center to the Central Intelligence Agency, including such missions, objectives, staff, and resources of the Center as the Director of National Intelligence, in coordination with the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency, determines appropriate and as is consistent with the provisions of this section.
- (2) Transfer of duties and responsibil-ITIES OF DIRECTOR OF THE CENTER.-On a date that is at least 90 days after the date on which the plan required by subsection (a) is submitted, or 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, whichever is later, the Director of National Intelligence shall initiate the transfer to the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency of such duties and responsibilities of the Director of the National Counterproliferation and Biosecurity Center as the Director of National Intelligence, in coordination with the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency, determines appropriate and as is consistent with the provisions of this section.
- (3) COMPLETION.—Not later than 455 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall complete the transfers initiated under paragraphs (1) and (2).
- (c) REDUCTIONS IN STAFF.—Any reduction in staff of the National Counterproliferation and Biosecurity Center shall comply with the requirements of section 403(b).
- (d) QUARTERLY REPORTS.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and every 90 days thereafter until the date specified in subsection (i), the Director of National Intelligence and the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency shall jointly submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a report on the status of the implementation of this section, including—
- (1) the missions and functions of the National Counterproliferation and Biosecurity Center that have been transferred to the Central Intelligence Agency;
- (2) the missions and functions of such Center that have been retained at the Office of the Director of National Intelligence;
- (3) the missions and functions of such Center that have been transferred to another department or agency; and
- (4) the missions and functions of such Center that have been terminated.
- (e) Conforming Amendments.—The National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3001 et seq.) is amended—
- (1) in section 103(c) (50 U.S.C. 3025(c)), by striking paragraph (13); and
- (2) in subsection (a) of section 119A (50 U.S.C. 3057)—
- (A) in paragraph (2), by striking "the Director of the National Counterproliferation

- and Biosecurity Center, who shall be appointed by the Director of National Intelligence' and inserting "the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency or the Director's designee':
- (B) in paragraph (3), by striking "Office of the Director of National Intelligence" and inserting "Central Intelligence Agency"; and
  - (C) by striking paragraph (4).
- (f) REPEAL OF NATIONAL SECURITY WAIVER AUTHORITY.—Such section is further amended by striking subsection (c).
- (g) REPEAL OF REPORT REQUIREMENT.— Such section is further amended by striking subsection (d).
- (h) REPEAL OF SENSE OF CONGRESS.—Such section is further amended by striking subsection (e).
- (i) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect 455 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (j) REFERENCES IN LAW.—On and after the date that is 455 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, any reference to the Director of the National Counterproliferation and Biosecurity Center in law shall be treated as a reference to the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency acting as the head of the National Counterproliferation Center or the Director's designee pursuant to section 119A(a)(2) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3057(a)(2)), as amended by subsection (e)(2).
- (k) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall preclude the Director of National Intelligence from determining that—
- (1) certain coordinating functions of the National Counterproliferation and Biosecurity Center shall be retained at the Office of the Director of National Intelligence consistent with the authorities of the Director under section 102A of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3024), transferred to another department or agency, or terminated; or
- (2) certain missions or functions of the National Counterproliferation and Biosecurity Center shall be transferred to another department or agency, or terminated.

### SEC. 409. NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE TASK FORCES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 119B of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3058) is amended to read as follows:

### "SEC. 119B. NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE TASK FORCES.

- "(a) AUTHORITY TO CONVENE.—The Director of National Intelligence may convene 1 or more national intelligence task forces, as the Director considers necessary, to address intelligence priorities.
- "(b) TASK FORCE AUTHORITIES.—Pursuant to the direction of the Director of National Intelligence, a national intelligence task force convened under subsection (a) may—
- "(1) be comprised of select employees of elements of the intelligence community, other than the Office of the Director of National Intelligence, as determined by the Director of National Intelligence to be necessary and appropriate for the task force;
- "(2) convene at the Office of the Director of National Intelligence for a limited time in support of a specific intelligence matter recognized by the Director; and
- "(3) be dissolved by the Director of National Intelligence not later than 540 days after the conclusion of support to a specific intelligence matter.
- "(c) Transfer of Responsibility.—If the specific intelligence matter a national intelligence task force has been convened to support has not concluded within 540 days after the establishment of the task force, the Director shall transfer responsibility for sup-

- porting the intelligence matter to a specific element of the intelligence community.
- "(d) COMPENSATION.—Employees of elements of the intelligence community participating in a national intelligence task force pursuant to subsection (b)(1) shall continue to receive compensation from their agency of employment.
  - "(e) CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION.—
- "(1) NOTIFICATION REQUIRED.—In any case in which a national intelligence task force convened under subsection (a) is in effect for a period of more than 60 days, the Director of National Intelligence shall, not later than 61 days after the date of the convening of the task force, submit to the congressional intelligence committees notice regarding the task force.
- "(2) CONTENTS.—A notice regarding a national intelligence task force submitted pursuant to paragraph (1) shall include the following:
- "(A) The number of personnel of the intelligence community participating in the task force.
- "(B) A list of the elements of the intelligence community that are employing the personnel described in subparagraph (A).
- "(C) Identification of the specific intelligence matter the task force was convened to support.
- $\mbox{``(D)}$  An approximate date by which the task force will be dissolved.''.
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for such Act, in the matter preceding section 2 of such Act, is amended by striking the item relating to section 119B and inserting the following:

"Sec. 119B. National Intelligence Task Forces.".

### SEC. 410. REPEAL OF VARIOUS POSITIONS, UNITS, CENTERS, COUNCILS, AND OFFICES.

- (a) INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY CHIEF DATA OFFICER.—
- (1) REPEAL.—Title I of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3021 et seq.) is amended by striking section 103K (50 U.S.C. 2024b).
- (2) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 103G of such Act (50 U.S.C. 3032) is amended by striking subsection (d).
- (3) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for such Act, in the matter preceding section 2 of such Act, is amended by striking the item relating to section 103K.
- (b) INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY INNOVATION UNIT.—
- (1) TERMINATION.—The Director of National Intelligence shall take such actions as may be necessary to terminate and wind down the operations of the Intelligence Community Innovation Unit before the date specified in paragraph (3).
  - (2) Repeal.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Title I of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3021 et seq.) is further amended by striking section 103L (50 U.S.C. 3034c).
- (B) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for such Act, in the matter preceding section 2 of such Act, is further amended by striking the item relating to section 103L.
- (3) Effective date.—The amendments made by this subsection shall take effect on the date that is 90 days after the date of the enactment of this  ${\rm Act.}$
- (c) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT REGARDING EXPIRED CLIMATE SECURITY ADVISORY COUNCIL.—
- (1) REPEAL.—Title I of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3021 et seq.) is further amended by striking section 120 (50 U.S.C. 3060).
- (2) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 331 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2022 (Public Law 117-81; 10

- U.S.C. 113 note) is amended by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the following:
- "(2) The term 'climate security' means the effects of climate change on the following:
- "(A) The national security of the United States, including national security infrastructure.
- $\mbox{``(B)}$  Subnational, national, and regional political stability.
- "(C) The security of allies and partners of the United States.
- "(D) Ongoing or potential political violence, including unrest, rioting, guerrilla warfare, insurgency, terrorism, rebellion, revolution, civil war, and interstate war."
- (3) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for such Act, in the matter preceding section 2 of such Act, is further amended by striking the item relating to section 120.
  - (d) OFFICE OF ENGAGEMENT.—
- (1) TERMINATION.—The Director of National Intelligence shall take such actions as may be necessary to terminate and wind down the operations of the Office of Engagement before the date specified in paragraph (3).
  - (2) Repeal.-
- (A) IN GENERAL.—Title I of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3021 et seq.) is further amended by striking section 122 (50 U.S.C. 3062).
- (B) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for such Act, in the matter preceding section 2 of such Act, is further amended by striking the item relating to section 122.
- (3) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this subsection shall take effect on the date that is 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (e) Framework for Cross-disciplinary Education and Training.—
- (1) REPEAL.—Subtitle A of title X of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3191 et seq.) is amended by striking section 1002 (50 U.S.C. 3192).
- (2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for such Act, in the matter preceding section 2 of such Act, is further amended by striking the item relating to section 1002.
- (f) JOINT INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY COUNCIL.—
- (1) TERMINATION.—The Joint Intelligence Community Council is terminated.
- (2) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Title I of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3021 et seq.) is amended by striking section 101A (50 U.S.C. 3022).
- (3) REPEAL OF REQUIREMENT TO CONSULT WITH JOINT INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY COUNCIL FOR NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE PROGRAM BUDGET.—Section 102A(c)(1)(B) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3024(c)(1)(B)) is amended by striking ", as appropriate, after obtaining the advice of the Joint Intelligence Community Council."
- (4) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents for such Act, in the matter preceding section 2 of such Act, is amended by striking the item relating to section 101A.

### TITLE V—MATTERS CONCERNING FOREIGN COUNTRIES

#### Subtitle A—Foreign Countries Generally SEC. 501. DECLASSIFICATION OF INFORMATION RELATING TO ACTIONS BY FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS TO ASSIST PERSONS EVADING JUSTICE.

Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation shall, in coordination with the Director of National Intelligence, declassify, with any redactions necessary to protect intelligence sources and methods and to comply with provisions of Federal law relating to privacy, any information relating to whether foreign government officials have assisted or facilitated

any citizen or national of their country in departing the United States while the citizen or national was under investigation or awaiting trial or sentencing for a criminal offense committed in the United States.

### SEC. 502. ENHANCED INTELLIGENCE SHARING RELATING TO FOREIGN ADVERSARY BIOTECHNOLOGICAL THREATS.

- (a) IN GENERAL -Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act. the Director of National Intelligence, in consultation with such other heads of elements of the intelligence community as the Director considers appropriate, shall establish and submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate, and the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives a policy for streamlining the declassification or downgrading and sharing of intelligence information relating to biotechnological developments and threats in order to counter efforts by foreign adversaries to weaponize biotechnologies and biological weapons, including threats relating to military, industrial, agricultural, and health applications of biotechnology.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The plan required by subsection (a) shall include mechanisms for sharing the information described in such subsection—
  - (1) with allies and partners;
  - (2) with private sector partners; and
- (3) across the Federal Government.
- (c) REPORTING.— Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter for 2 years, the Director shall submit to the committees specified in subsection (a) a report on progress sharing information with recipients under subsection (b).

### SEC. 503. THREAT ASSESSMENT REGARDING UN-MANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEMS AT OR NEAR THE INTERNATIONAL BOR-DERS OF THE UNITED STATES.

- (a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the "Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026".
- (b) DEFINITIONS.— In this section:
- (1) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—The term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (A) the congressional intelligence committees;
  - (B) the congressional defense committees;
- (C) the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
- (D) the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Homeland Security, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
- (2) DIRECTOR.—The term "Director" means the Director of National Intelligence.
- (3) FOREIGN MALIGN INFLUENCE.—The term "foreign malign influence" has the meaning given such term in section 119B(f) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3059(f)).
- (4) MALIGN ACTOR.—The term "malign actor" means any individual, group, or organization that is engaged in foreign malign influence, illicit drug trafficking, or other forms of transnational organized crime.
- (5) Transnational organized crime.—The term "transnational organized crime" has the meaning given such term in section 284(i) of title 10, United States Code.
- (6) UNDER SECRETARY.—The term "Under Secretary" means the Under Secretary for Intelligence and Analysis of the Department of Homeland Security.
- (7) UNMANNED AIRCRAFT; UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEM.—The terms "unmanned aircraft" and "unmanned aircraft system" have the meanings given such terms in section 44801 of title 49, United States Code.

- (c) Threat Assessment.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director, the Under Secretary, and the heads of the other elements of the intelligence community, shall complete an assessment of the threat regarding unmanned aircraft systems at or near the international borders of the United States.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The threat assessment required under paragraph (1) shall include a description of—
- (A) the malign actors operating unmanned aircraft systems at or near the international borders of the United States, including malign actors who cross such borders:
- (B) how a threat is identified and assessed at or near the international borders of the United States, including a description of the capabilities of the United States Government to detect and identify unmanned aircraft systems operated by, or on behalf of, malign actors:
- (C) the data and information collected by operators of unmanned aircraft systems at or near the international borders of the United States, including how such data is used by malign actors;
- (D) the tactics, techniques, and procedures used at or near the international borders of the United States by malign actors with regard to unmanned aircraft systems, including how unmanned aircraft systems are acquired, modified, and utilized to conduct malicious activities, including attacks, surveillance, conveyance of contraband, and other forms of threats:
- (E) the guidance, policies, and procedures that address the privacy, civil rights, and civil liberties of persons who lawfully operate unmanned aircraft systems at or near the international borders of the United States; and
- (F) an assessment of the adequacy of current authorities of the United States Government to counter the use of unmanned aircraft systems by malign actors at or near the international borders of the United States.
- (d) Report.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after completing the threat assessment required under subsection (c), the Director and the Under Secretary shall jointly submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report containing findings with respect to such assessment.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The report required under paragraph (1) shall include a detailed description of the threats posed to the national security of the United States by unmanned aircraft systems operated by malign actors at or near the international borders of the United States.
- (3) FORM.—The report required under paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex, as appropriate.

#### SEC. 504. ASSESSMENT OF THE POTENTIAL EF-FECT OF EXPANDED PARTNERSHIPS AMONG WESTERN HEMISPHERE COUNTRIES.

- (a) DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—In this section, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means.—
- (1) the congressional intelligence committees;
- (2) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate; and
- (3) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives.

- (b) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the National Intelligence Council shall—
- (1) conduct an assessment of the potential effect of expanding partnerships among countries in the western hemisphere; and
- (2) submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report on the findings of the National Intelligence Council regarding the assessment conducted pursuant to paragraph (1).
- (c) ELEMENTS.—The assessment required by subsection (b) shall include an assessment of the potential effect of expanding such partnerships on—
- (1) the illicit drug trade, human smuggling networks, and corruption in Latin America; and
- (2) the efforts of China to control global manufacturing.
- (d) FORM.—The report submitted pursuant to subsection (b)(2) shall be submitted in unclassified form and made available to the public, but may include a classified annex.

### Subtitle B—People's Republic of China SEC. 511. COUNTERING CHINESE COMMUNIST PARTY EFFORTS THAT THREATEN EUROPE.

- (a) STRATEGY REQUIRED.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President, acting through the National Security Council, shall develop an interagency strategy to counter the efforts of the Chinese Communist Party to expand its economic, military, and ideological influence in Europe.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The strategy required by subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) An assessment of the current efforts by the intelligence community to brief members of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization on intelligence and influence activities by the Chinese Communist Party in Europe, including the following:
- (A) Any support by the Chinese Communist Party to the economy and defense industrial base of the Russian Federation.
- (B) Any provision of lethal assistance to the Russian army by the Chinese Communist Party.
- (C) Any cyber operations by the Chinese Communist Party to gain the ability to remotely shut down critical infrastructure in Europe.
- (D) Any influence operations by the Chinese Communist Party to sway European public opinion.
- (E) Any use by the Chinese Communist Party of economic coercion and weaponization of economic ties to members of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization for political gain.
- (2) A strategic plan to counter the influence of the Chinese Communist Party in Europe that includes proposals for actions by the United States, including the following:
- (A) Robust intelligence sharing with European allies in the areas described in paragraph (1), and an identification of additional capabilities and resources needed for such intelligence sharing.
- (B) Engagement with European allies regarding coordinated sanctions and export control actions, including compliance with existing and future sanctions and export controls, designed to deter and undermine the ongoing support of the People's Republic of China for the defense industrial base of the Russian Federation.
- (C) Actions required by the United States Government to support United States and allied country businesses to provide competitive alternatives to Chinese bids in the following European sectors:
  - (i) Energy
  - (ii) Telecommunications.
  - (iii) Defense

- (iv) Finance.
- (v) Ports and other critical infrastructure.
- (D) Assistance to European governments in passing legislation or enforcing regulations that protect European academic institutions, think tanks, research entities, and nongovernmental organizations from efforts by the United Front Work Department of the Chinese Communist Party to normalize talking points and propaganda of the Chinese Communist Party.
- (E) Any other action the President determines is necessary to counter the Chinese Communist Party in Europe.
  - (c) Submission to Congress.-
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days after the date on which the President completes development of the strategy required by subsection (a), the President shall submit the strategy to the appropriate committees of Congress.
- (2) DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—In this subsection, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (A) the congressional intelligence committees:
- (B) the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Finance, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
- (C) the Committee on Homeland Security, the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on the Judiciary, the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Financial Services, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

#### SEC. 512. PROHIBITION ON INTELLIGENCE COM-MUNITY CONTRACTING WITH CHI-NESE MILITARY COMPANIES EN-GAGED IN BIOTECHNOLOGY RE-SEARCH, DEVELOPMENT, OR MANU-FACTURING.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) 1260H LIST.—The term "1260H list" means the list of Chinese military companies operating in the United States most recently submitted under section 1260H(b)(1) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (10 U.S.C. 113 note; Public Law 116–283).
- (2) AFFILIATE.—The term "affiliate" means an entity that directly or indirectly controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with another entity.
- (3) BIOTECHNOLOGY.—The term "biotechnology" means the use of biological processes, organisms, or systems for manufacturing, research, or medical purposes, including genetic engineering, synthetic biology, and bioinformatics.
- (b) PROHIBITION.—Subject to subsections (d) and (e), a head of an element of the intelligence community may not enter into, renew, or extend any contract for a good or service with—
- (1) any entity listed on the 1260H list that is engaged in biotechnology research, development, manufacturing, or related activi-
- (2) any entity that is an affiliate, subsidiary, or parent company of a biotechnology company included on the 1260H list:
- (3) any entity that has a known joint venture, partnership, or contractual relationship with a biotechnology company included on the 1260H list, where such relationship presents a risk to national security as determined by the Director of National Intelligence; or
- (4) any entity that is engaged in biotechnology research, development, manufac-

- turing, or related activities and deemed to be a threat to national security as determined by the Director.
- (c) IMPLEMENTATION AND COMPLIANCE.—The Director of National Intelligence shall—
- (1) establish guidelines for determining affiliation and contractual relationships under this section;
- (2) maintain a publicly available list of biotechnology companies and affiliates with whom contracting is prohibited under subsection (b):
- (3) require that each head of an element of the intelligence community ensure that the contractors and subcontractors engaged by the element certify that they are not engaged in a contract for a good or service with an entity included on the 1260H list that is engaged in biotechnology research, development, manufacturing, or a related activity; and
- (4) conduct regular audits to ensure compliance with subsection (b).
  - (d) WAIVER AUTHORITY.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Director of National Intelligence may waive the prohibition under subsection (b) for a procurement on a case-by-case basis if the Director determines, in writing, that—
- (A) the procurement is essential for national security and no reasonable alternative source exists; and
- (B) appropriate measures are in place to mitigate risks associated with the procurement.
- (2) CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION.—For each waiver for a procurement issued under subsection (b), the Director shall, not later than 30 days after issuing the waiver, submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a notice of the waiver, which shall include a justification for the waiver and a description of the risk mitigation measures implemented for the procurement.
- (e) EXCEPTIONS.—The prohibitions under subsection (b) shall not apply to—
- (1) the acquisition or provision of health care services overseas for—
- (A) employees of the United States, including members of the uniformed services (as defined in section 101(a) of title 10, United States Code), whose official duty stations are located overseas or who are on permissive temporary duty travel overseas; or
- (B) employees of contractors or subcontractors of the United States—
- (i) who are performing under a contract that directly supports the missions or activities of individuals described in subparagraph (A); and
- (ii) whose primary duty stations are located overseas or who are on permissive temporary duty travel overseas; or
- (2) the acquisition, use, or distribution of human multiomic data, lawfully compiled, that is commercially or publicly available.
- (f) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section shall take effect on the date that is 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
- (g) SUNSET.—The provisions of this section shall terminate on the date that is 10 years after the date of the enactment of this Act. SEC. 513. REPORT ON THE WEALTH OF THE LEAD-

### ERSHIP OF THE CHINESE COM-MUNIST PARTY.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and not later than 180 days following the appointment of a new Central Committee within the Chinese Communist Party, the Director of National Intelligence, in consultation with the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Defense, shall post on a publicly available website of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence and submit to

- the Select Committee on Intelligence and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives a report on the wealth of the leadership of the Chinese Communist Party.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The report required under subsection (a) shall include the following elements:
- (1) A detailed assessment of the personal wealth, financial holdings, and business interests of the following foreign persons, including the immediate family members of such persons:
- (A) The General Secretary of the Chinese Communist Party.
- (B) Members of the Politburo Standing Committee.
- (C) Members of the full Politburo.
- (2) Evidence of physical and financial assets owned or controlled directly or indirectly by such officials and their immediate family members, including, at a minimum—
- (A) real estate holdings inside and outside the People's Republic of China, including the Special Administrative Regions of Hong Kong and Macau:
  - (B) any high-value personal assets; and
- (C) business holdings, investments, and financial accounts held in foreign jurisdictions.
- (3) Identification of financial proxies, business associates, or other entities used to obscure the ownership of such wealth and assets, including as a baseline those referenced in the March 2025 report issued by the Office of the Director of National Intelligence entitled, "Wealth and Corrupt Activities of the Leadership of the Chinese Communist Party".
- (4) Nonpublic information related to the wealth of the leadership of the Chinese Communist Party, to the extent possible consistent with the protection of intelligence sources and methods.
- (c) FORM.—The report posted and submitted under subsection (a) shall be in unclassified form, but the version submitted to the Select Committee on Intelligence and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives may include a classified annex as necessary.
- (d) SUNSET.—This section shall have no force or effect 5 years after the date of the enactment of this Act.
  - (e) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) IMMEDIATE FAMILY MEMBER.—The term "immediate family member", with respect to a foreign person, means—
  - (A) the spouse of the person;
- (B) the natural or adoptive parent, child, or sibling of the person;
- (C) the stepparent, stepchild, stepbrother, or stepsister of the person;
- (D) the father-, mother-, daughter-, son-, brother-, or sister-in-law of the person;
- (E) the grandparent or grandchild of the person; and
- (F) the spouse of a grandparent or grandchild of the person.
- (2) INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.—the term "intelligence community" has the meaning given such term in section 3(4) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003(4)).

  SEC. 514. ASSESSMENT AND REPORT ON INVEST-

#### 2. 514. ASSESSMENT AND REPORT ON INVEST-MENTS BY THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA IN THE AGRICULTURE SECTOR OF BRAZIL.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) AGRICULTURE SECTOR.—The term "agriculture sector" means any physical infrastructure, energy production, land, or other inputs associated with the production of agricultural commodities (as defined in section 102 of the Agricultural Trade Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5602)).

- (2) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—The term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (A) the congressional intelligence committees;
- (B) the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry and the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate; and
- (C) the Committee on Agriculture and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives.
  - (b) Assessment Required.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence, in consultation with the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Agriculture, shall assess the extent of investment by the People's Republic of China in the agriculture sector of Brazil.
- (2) Considerations.—The assessment shall consider the following:
- (A) The extent to which President Xi Jinping has engaged in or directed engagement with Brazilian leadership with regard to the agriculture sector of Brazil.
- (B) The extent of engagement between the Government of the People's Republic of China and the agriculture sector of Brazil.
- (C) The strategic intentions of the engagement or direction of President Xi, if any, to invest in the agriculture sector of Brazil.
- (D) The number of entities based in or owned by the People's Republic of China invested in the agriculture sector of Brazil, including joint ventures with Brazilian-owned companies.
- $(\overline{E})$  The impacts to the supply chain, global market, and food security of investment in or control of the agriculture sector in Brazil by the People's Republic of China.
  - (c) Report Required.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report detailing the assessment required by subsection (b).
- (2) FORM.—The report required by paragraph (2) shall be submitted in unclassified form but may include a classified annex.

### SEC. 515. IDENTIFICATION OF ENTITIES THAT PROVIDE SUPPORT TO THE PEO-PLE'S LIBERATION ARMY.

- (a) DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—In this section, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (1) the congressional intelligence committees;
- (2) the congressional defense committees;
- (3) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate: and
- (4) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives.
- (b) IN GENERAL.—The Director of National Intelligence shall identify the businesses, academic and research institutions, and other entities in the People's Republic of China that provide support to the People's Liberation Army, including—
- (1) for national defense or military modernization, including the development, application, or integration of civilian capabilities for military, paramilitary, or security purposes:
- (2) for the development, production, testing, or proliferation of weapons systems, critical technologies, or dual-use items, as defined under applicable United States law (including regulations); or
- (3) academic, scientific, or technical collaboration that materially contributes to or supports any of the activities described in paragraphs (1) through (3).
- (c) SUBMISSION OF LIST TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Director of National Intelligence shall

submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a list of each entity identified under subsection (b).

#### SEC. 516. ESTABLISHING A CHINA ECONOMICS AND INTELLIGENCE CELL TO PUB-LISH CHINA ECONOMIC POWER RE-PORT.

- (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Assistant Secretary of State for Intelligence and Research and the Assistant Secretary of the Treasury for Intelligence and Analysis (referred to in this section as the "Assistant Secretaries") shall establish a joint cell to be known as the "China Economics and Intelligence Cell".
- (b) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the China Economics and Intelligence Cell, in coordination with other elements of the intelligence community and Federal agencies, as the Assistant Secretaries determine appropriate, shall submit to the committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives a report on economic and technological developments involving the People's Republic of China.
- (c) ELEMENTS.—The report required by subsection (b) shall include the following:
- (1) An assessment of the economic goals and strategies, financial capabilities, and current and future technological developments used by the People's Republic of China to become the dominant economic, technological, and military power in the world.
- (2) An assessment of efforts by the People's Republic of China during the preceding year to acquire technology from the United States and United States allies, to increase dependence of the United States on the economy of the People's Republic of China, and to distort global markets and harm the economy of the United States through predatory, non-market practices.
- (3) An assessment of plans and efforts by the People's Republic of China to leverage and weaponize the economic power of the country, including access to markets, manufacturing capacity, and use of trade and investment ties, to coerce the United States and United States allies to make concessions on economic security and national security matters.
- (4) An appendix that lists any Chinese entity that is—
- (A) included on the Entity List maintained by the Department of Commerce and set forth in Supplement No. 4 to part 744 of the Export Administration Regulations under subchapter C of chapter VII of title 15, Code of Federal Regulations:
- (B) included on the Unverified List maintained by the Department of Commerce and set forth in Supplement No. 6 to part 744 of the Export Administration Regulations:
- (C) included on the list of specially designated nationals and blocked persons maintained by the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the Department of the Treasury (commonly known as the "SDN list"):
- (D) included on the Non-SDN Chinese Military-Industrial Complex Companies List maintained by the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the Department of the Treasury pursuant to Executive Order 13959 (50 U.S.C. 1701 note; relating to addressing the threat from securities investments that finance communist Chinese military companies);
- (E) designated by the Secretary of State as a foreign terrorist organization pursuant to section 219 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1189):
- (F) identified by the Secretary of Defense under section 1260H(a) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law

- 116-283; 10 U.S.C. 113 note) as a Chinese military company operating directly or indirectly in the United States; or
- (G) included on a list maintained under clause (i), (ii), (iv), or (v) of section 2(d)(2)(B) of the Act entitled "An Act to ensure that goods made with forced labor in the Xinjiang Autonomous Region of the People's Republic of China do not enter the United States market, and for other purposes", approved December 23, 2021 (Public Law 117–78; 22 U.S.C. 6901 note) (commonly referred to as the "Uyghur Forced Labor Prevention Act").
- (d) USE OF INFORMATION.—In preparing the report required by subsection (b), the Assistant Secretaries, in coordination with the Director of National Intelligence, shall use all available source intelligence and strive to declassify information included in the report.
- (e) FORM.—The report required by subsection (b) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.
- (f) Public Availability.—The unclassified portion of the report required by subsection (b) shall be made available to the public.

# SEC. 517. MODIFICATION OF ANNUAL REPORTS ON INFLUENCE OPERATIONS AND CAMPAIGNS IN THE UNITED STATES BY THE CHINESE COMMUNIST PARTY.

Section 1107 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3237) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a)—
- (A) by striking "Director of the National Counterintelligence and Security Center" and inserting "Director of National Intelligence, in coordination with the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency, the Director of the National Security Agency, and any other head of an element of the intelligence community the Director of National Intelligence considers relevant,"; and
- (B) by inserting "the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate, the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives," after "congressional intelligence committees";
  - (2) in subsection (b)—
- (A) by redesignating paragraph (10) as paragraph (12); and
- (B) by inserting after paragraph (9) the following:
- "(10) A listing of provincial, municipal, or other law enforcement institutions, including police departments, in the People's Republic of China associated with establishing or maintaining a Chinese police presence in the United States.
- "(11) A listing of colleges and universities in the People's Republic of China that conduct military research or host dedicated military initiatives or laboratories.";
  - (3) by striking subsection (c); and
- (4) by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (c).

### Subtitle C—The Russian Federation

### SEC. 521. ASSESSMENT OF RUSSIAN DESTA-BILIZATION EFFORTS.

Section 1234(b) of the William M. (Mac) Thornberry National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2021 (Public Law 116–283; 134 Stat. 3936) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

"(27) An assessment of the efforts by Russia to undermine or destabilize the national or economic security of the United States or members of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization, including plans or attempts by Russia to conduct sabotage, including damage to infrastructure, or acts of arson or vandalism."

### Subtitle D—Other Foreign Countries

# SEC. 531. PLAN TO ENHANCE COUNTERNARCOTICS COLLABORATION, COORDINATION, AND COOPERATION WITH THE GOVERNMENT OF MEX-

- (a) REQUIREMENT FOR INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY ELEMENTS.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the head of each element of the intelligence community shall submit to the Director of National Intelligence the following:
- (1) A description and assessment of the intelligence community element's direct relationship, if any, with any element of the Government of Mexico, including an assessment of the counterintelligence risks of such relationship.
- (2) A strategy to enhance counternarcotics cooperation and appropriate coordination with each element of the Government of Mexico with which the intelligence community element has a direct relationshin.
- (3) Recommendations and a description of the resources required to efficiently and effectively implement the strategy required by paragraph (2) in furtherance of the national interest of the United States.
- (b) REQUIREMENT FOR DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives the following:
- (1) The submissions received by the Director pursuant to subsection (a).
- (2) An action plan to enhance counternarcotics collaboration, coordination, and cooperation with the Government of Mexico, including recommendations or requests for any changes in authorities or resources in order to effectuate the plan effectively in fiscal year 2026.
- (c) FORM.—
- (1) SUBMISSIONS FROM INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY ELEMENTS.—The submissions required by subsection (b)(1) shall be submitted to the relevant committees in the same form in which they were submitted to the Director of National Intelligence.
- (2) ACTION PLAN.—The submission required by subsection (b)(2) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

### SEC. 532. ENHANCING INTELLIGENCE SUPPORT TO COUNTER FOREIGN ADVERSARY INFLUENCE IN SUDAN.

Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of the Central Intelligence Agency shall, in consultation with such other heads of elements of the intelligence community as the Director considers appropriate, develop a plan—

- (1) to share relevant intelligence, if any, relating to foreign adversary efforts to influence the conflict in Sudan, with regional allies and partners of the United States, including to downgrade or declassify such intelligence as needed; and
- (2) to counter foreign adversary efforts to influence the conflict in Sudan in order to protect national and regional security.

### SEC. 533. UKRAINE LESSONS LEARNED WORKING GROUP.

Section 6413(e) of the Intelligence Authorization Act of 2025 (division F of Public Law 118–159) is amended—

- (1) by redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (4); and
- (2) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following new paragraph (3):
- "(3) Evaluate which lessons should be shared with Taiwan to assist Taiwan's acquisitions decisions and capability development."

#### SEC. 534. IMPROVEMENTS TO REQUIREMENT FOR MONITORING OF IRANIAN ENRICH-MENT OF URANIUM-235.

Paragraph (1) of section 7413(b) of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (Public Law 118–31; 22 U.S.C. 8701 note) is amended—

- (1) by redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3):
- (2) in paragraph (1), by striking "assesses that the Islamic Republic of Iran has produced or possesses any amount of uranium-235 enriched to greater than 60 percent purity or has engaged in significant enrichment activity," and inserting "makes a finding described in paragraph (2) pursuant to an assessment,"; and
- (3) by inserting after paragraph (1) the following:
- "(2) FINDING DESCRIBED.—A finding described in this paragraph is a finding that the Islamic Republic of Iran has—
- "(A) produced or possesses any amount of uranium-235 enriched to greater than 60 percent purity:
- "(B) engaged in significant enrichment activity; or
- "(C) made the decision to produce a nuclear weapon from highly enriched uranium.".

# SEC. 535. DUTY TO WARN UNITED STATES PERSONS THREATENED BY IRANIAN LETHAL PLOTTING.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Select Committee on Intelligence, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate; and
- (B) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence, the Committee on Homeland Security, and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives.
- (2) IRANIAN PROXY.—The term "Iranian proxy" means any entity receiving support from the Government of the Islamic Republic of Iran or the Iranian Revolutionary Guard Corps, including—
  - (A) Hizballah;
  - (B) Ansar Allah;
  - (C) Hamas; and
  - (D) Shia militia groups in Iraq and Syria.
- (3) UNITED STATES PERSON.—The tern "United States person" means—
- (A) a United States citizen;
- (B) a national of the United States; or
- (C) an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence to the United States.
- (b) IN GENERAL.—Upon collecting or acquiring credible and specific information indicating an impending threat of intentional killing, serious bodily injury, or kidnapping directed at a United States person by the Islamic Republic of Iran or an Iranian proxy, an element of the intelligence community must immediately notify the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and, if the intended victim is under protection of a government entity, any persons responsible for protecting that individual of such information.
- (c) WARNING; TRANSMISSION TO CONGRESS.— Not later than 48 hours after receiving a notification pursuant to subsection (b), the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation
- (1) warn the intended victim, or any persons responsible for protecting the intended victim, of the impending threat;
- (2) inform the agencies with a protective mission of the information, consistent with the protection of sources and methods; and
- (3) provide the information received pursuant to subsection (b) to the appropriate con-

gressional committees, consistent with the protection of sources and methods.

(d) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit any duty to warn already in effect, including under Intelligence Community Directive 191 (relating to duty to warn) and any policies or procedures issued in accordance with such directive.

# TITLE VI—EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES SEC. 601. INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY TECHNOLOGY BRIDGE PROGRAM.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) NONPROFIT ORGANIZATION.—The term "nonprofit organization" means an organization that is described in section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and that is exempt from tax under section 501(a) of such Code
- (2) WORK PROGRAM.—The term "work program" means any agreement between In-Q-Tel and a third-party company, where such third-party company furnishes or is furnishing a product or service for use by any government customer of In-Q-Tel to address the technology needs or requirements of such customer.
- (b) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROGRAM.—There is established in the Office of the Director of National Intelligence a program to be known as the "Intelligence Community Technology Bridge Program" (in this subsection referred to as the "Program") to assist in the transitioning of products or services from the research and development phase to the prototype or production phase, subject to the extent and in such amounts as specifically provided in advance in appropriations Acts for such purposes.
  - (c) Provision of Assistance.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (3), the Director shall, in consultation with In-Q-Tel, carry out the Program by providing assistance to a business or nonprofit organization that is transitioning a product or service to the prototype or production phase, as a means of advancing government acquisitions of the product or service.
- (2) Types of Assistance.—Assistance under paragraph (1) may be provided in the form of a grant or a payment for a product or service.
- (3) REQUIREMENTS FOR ASSISTANCE.—Assistance may be provided under paragraph (1) to a business or nonprofit organization that is transitioning a product or service only if—
- (A) the business or nonprofit organization—
- (i) has participated or is participating in a work program; or
- (ii) is engaged with an element of the intelligence community or Department of Defense for research and development; and
- (B) the Director of National Intelligence or the head of an element of the intelligence community attests that the product or service will be utilized by an element of the intelligence community for a mission need, such as because it would be valuable in addressing a needed capability, fill or complement a technology gap, or increase the supplier base or price competitiveness for the Federal Government.
- (4) PRIORITY FOR SMALL BUSINESS CONCERNS AND NONTRADITIONAL DEFENSE CONTRACTORS.—In providing assistance under paragraph (1), the Director shall limit the provision of assistance to small business concerns (as defined under section 3(a) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632(a))) and nontraditional defense contractors (as defined in section 3014 of title 10, United States Code).
  - (d) Administration of Program.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Program shall be administered by the Director of National Intelligence.
- (2) Consultation.—In administering the Program, the Director—  $\,$

- (A) shall consult with the heads of the elements of the intelligence community; and
- (B) may consult with In-Q-Tel, the Defense Advanced Research Projects Agency, Intelligence Advanced Research Projects Activity, National Laboratories intelligence community laboratories, the North Atlantic Treaty Organization Investment Fund, the Defense Innovation Unit, and such other entities as the Director deems appropriate.
- (e) Semiannual Reports.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than September 30, 2026, and not less frequently than twice each fiscal year thereafter in which amounts are available for the provision of assistance under the Program, the Director shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a report on the Program.
- (2) CONTENTS.—Each report submitted pursuant to paragraph (1) shall include, for the period covered by the report, information about the following:
- (A) How much was expended or obligated by the Program in the provision of assistance under subsection (c).
- (B) For what the amounts were expended or obligated.
- (C) The effects of such expenditures and obligations, including a timeline for expected milestones for operational use.
- (D) A summary of annual transition activities and outcomes of such activities for the intelligence community.
- (E) A description of why products and services were chosen for transition, including a description of milestones achieved.
- (3) FORM.—Each report submitted pursuant to paragraph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified
- (f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.— There is authorized to be appropriated to the Office of the Director of National Intelligence to carry out the Program \$75,000,000 for fiscal year 2026.

## SEC. 602. ENHANCING BIOTECHNOLOGY TALENT WITHIN THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall establish a policy for how existing and future funding and resources of the intelligence community can be directed to ensure the intelligence community has sufficient cleared personnel, including private sector experts, to identify and respond to biotechnology threats.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The policy required by subsection (a) shall include the following:
- (1) The exact number of personnel dedicated to biotechnology issues apart from biological weapons, including military, industrial, agricultural, and healthcare threats, in each element of the intelligence community as of the date on which the report is submitted, including staff breakdowns by position function.
  - (2) An assessment on the following:
- (A) Where additional full-time employees or detailees are appropriate.
- (B) How to increase partnerships with other government and private sector organizations, including the National Laboratories (as defined in section 2 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005 (42 U.S.C. 15801)), including how existing funding and resources of the intelligence community can be directed to secure such expertise, including appropriate security clearances.
- (C) How to better use special hiring authorities to accomplish the goal described in subsection (a).
- (D) How to increase recruitment and retention of biotechnology talent.

- (c) IMPLEMENTATION AND REPORT.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the establishment of the policy required by subsection (a), the Director of National Intelligence shall—
- (1) direct the funding and resources described in subsection (b)(2)(B) towards securing sufficient expertise to identify and respond to biotechnology threats; and
- (2) submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives a report on additional funding and resources needed to carry out subsection (b)(2).

## SEC. 603. ENHANCED INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY SUPPORT TO SECURE UNITED STATES GENOMIC DATA.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Director of National Intelligence, in consultation with such other heads of elements of the intelligence community as the Director considers appropriate, shall provide support to and consult with the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Committee on Foreign Investment in the United States, and other government agencies as appropriate when reviewing transactions relating to the acquisition of covered entities by foreign entities, including attempts by the Government of the People's Republic of China—
- (1) to leverage and acquire biological and genomic data in the United States; and
- (2) to leverage and acquire biological and genomic data outside the United States, including by providing economic support to the military, industrial, agricultural, or healthcare infrastructure of foreign countries of concern.
- (b) ASSESSMENT.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall brief the appropriate congressional committees on—
- (1) a formal process for ensuring intelligence community support to Federal agencies relating to adversary acquisition of genomic data, in compliance with Executive Order 14117 (50 U.S.C. 1701 note; relating to preventing access to Americans' bulk sensitive personal data and United States Government-related data by countries of concern), or any successor order; and
- (2) any additional resources or authorities needed to conduct subsequent intelligence assessments under such subsection.
  - (c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the congressional intelligence committees;
- (B) the congressional defense committees;
- (C) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate: and
- (D) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives.
- (2) BIOLOGICAL DATA.—The term "biological data" means information, including associated descriptors, derived from the structure, function, or process of a biological system, that is either measured, collected, or aggregated for analysis, including information from humans, animals, plants, or microbes.
- (3) COVERED ENTITY.—The term "covered entity" means a private entity involved in genomic data (including genomic data equipment, technologies, sequencing, or synthesis), including a biobank or other private entity that holds large amounts of genomic or biological data.
- (4) FOREIGN ENTITY OF CONCERN.—The term "foreign entity of concern" has the meaning given that term in section 10612(a) of the Re-

search and Development, Competition, and Innovation Act (42 U.S.C. 19221(a)).

# SEC. 604. ENSURING INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY PROCUREMENT OF DOMESTIC UNITED STATES PRODUCTION OF SYNTHETIC DNA AND RNA.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence, in consultation with such other heads of elements of the intelligence community as the Director considers appropriate, shall establish a policy to ensure that elements of the intelligence community may not contract with Chinese biotechnology suppliers that are determined by the Director to pose a security threat.
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The policy required by subsection (a) shall include that an element of the intelligence community may not procure or obtain any product made using synthetic DNA or RNA unless—
- (1) the final assembly or processing of the product occurs in the United States;
- (2) all significant processing of the product occurs in the United States; and
- (3) all or nearly all ingredients or components of the product are made and sourced in the United States.
- (c) WAIVER.—The Director of National Intelligence may waive the application of the policy required by subsection (a) to allow purchases prohibited by such policy if the purpose of such a purchase fulfills a national security need.
  - (d) Definitions.—In this section:
- (1) CHINESE BIOTECHNOLOGY SUPPLIER.—The term "Chinese biotechnology supplier" means a supplier of biotechnology that is organized under the laws of, or otherwise subject to the jurisdiction of, the People's Republic of China.
- (2) SYNTHETIC DNA OR RNA.—The term "synthetic DNA or RNA" means any nucleic acid sequence that is produced de novo through chemical or enzymatic synthesis.

#### SEC. 605. REPORT ON IDENTIFICATION OF INTEL-LIGENCE COMMUNITY SITES FOR ADVANCED NUCLEAR TECH-NOLOGIES.

- (a) DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—In this section, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (1) the congressional intelligence committees;
- (2) the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources, the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, and the Committee on Environment and Public Works of the Senate; and
- (3) the Committee on Energy and Commerce and the Committee on Homeland Security of the House of Representatives.
- (b) Report on Identification of Sites.— Not later than 240 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall, in consultation with such heads of elements of the intelligence community as the Director considers necessary, and in coordination with efforts of the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of Energy, submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report identifying 1 or more sites which could benefit from secure, resilient energy through the deployment of advanced nuclear technologies. ranging from 1 to 100 megawatts, at minimum, which deployment would be to serve in whole or in part the facility, structure, infrastructure, or part thereof for which a head of an element of the intelligence community has financial or maintenance responsibility.
- (c) PLANS.—The report submitted pursuant to subsection (b) shall include plans to ensure—

- (1) prioritizing early site preparation and licensing activities for deployment of advanced nuclear technologies with a goal of beginning advanced nuclear technology deployment at any identified site not later than 3 years after the date of the enactment of this Act:
- (2) the ability to authorize an identified site to interconnect with the commercial electric grid, in accordance with the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C. 2011 et seq.), if the head of the element responsible for the reactor deployment determines that such interconnection enhances national security; and
- (3) fuel for the advanced nuclear technologies operated at identified sites is not subject to obligations (as defined in section 110.2 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations, or successor regulations).

### SEC. 606. ADDRESSING INTELLIGENCE GAPS RE-LATING TO CHINA'S INVESTMENT IN UNITED STATES-ORIGIN BIO-TECHNOLOGY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence, in coordination with the officials specified in subsection (b), shall submit to the President, the congressional intelligence committees, and the congressional defense committees a strategy for addressing intelligence gaps relating to—
- (1) investment activity by the People's Republic of China in the biotechnology sector of the United States;
- (2) acquisition of intellectual property relating to United States-origin biotechnology by entities of the People's Republic of China;
- (3) any authorities or resources needed to address the gaps outlined in paragraphs (1) and (2).
- (b) OFFICIALS SPECIFIED.—The officials specified in this paragraph are the following:
- (1) The Director of the Central Intelligence Agency.
- (2) The Assistant Secretary of the Treasury for Intelligence and Analysis.
- (3) The Director of the Defense Intelligence Agency.
- (4) The Director of the Office of Intelligence and Counterintelligence of the Department of Energy.
- (5) The Assistant Secretary of State for Intelligence and Research.
- (6) The heads of such other elements of the intelligence community as the Director of National Intelligence considers appropriate. SEC. 607. ADDITIONAL FUNCTIONS AND REQUIRE-

### MENTS OF ARTIFICIAL INTE LIGENCE SECURITY CENTER.

Section 6504 of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2025 (division F of Public Law 118–159) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (c)—
- (A) by redesignating paragraph (3) as paragraph (4); and
- (B) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following new paragraph (3):
- "(3) Making available a research test bed to private sector and academic researchers, on a subsidized basis, to engage in artificial intelligence security research, including through the secure provision of access in a secure environment to proprietary third-party models with the consent of the vendors of the models.";
- (2) by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (f): and
- (3) by inserting after subsection (c) the following:
  - "(d) Test Bed Requirements.—
- "(1) ACCESS AND TERMS OF USAGE.-
- "(A) RESEARCHER ACCESS.—The Director shall establish terms of usage governing researcher access to the test bed made available under subsection (c)(3), with limitations

- on researcher publication only to the extent necessary to protect classified information or proprietary information concerning thirdparty models provided through the consent of model vendors.
- "(B) AVAILABILITY TO FEDERAL AGENCIES.— The Director shall ensure that the test bed made available under subsection (c)(3) is also made available to other Federal agencies on a cost-recovery basis.
- "(2) USE OF CERTAIN INFRASTRUCTURE AND OTHER RESOURCES.—In carrying out subsection (c)(3), the Director shall coordinate with the Secretary of Energy to leverage existing infrastructure and other resources associated with the National Artificial Intelligence Research Resource.
- "(e) ACCESS TO PROPRIETARY MODELS.—In carrying out this section, the Director shall establish such mechanisms as the Director considers appropriate, including potential contractual incentives, to ensure the provision of access to proprietary models by qualified independent third-party researchers if commercial model vendors have voluntarily provided models and associated resources for such testing."

#### SEC. 608. ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE DEVELOP-MENT AND USAGE BY INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.

- (a) IDENTIFICATION OF COMMONLY USED ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE SYSTEMS AND FUNCTIONS THAT CAN BE RE-USED BY OTHER ELEMENTS.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Chief Information Officer of the Intelligence Community shall, in coordination with the Chief Artificial Intelligence Officer of the Intelligence Community, identify commonly used artificial intelligence systems or functions that have the greatest potential for re-use by intelligence community elements.
- (b) SHARING OF IDENTIFIED APPLICATIONS AND FUNCTIONS.—Except as explicitly prohibited by a contractual obligation, and to the extent consistent with the protection of intelligence sources and methods, for any artificial intelligence system or function identified pursuant to subsection (a), each Chief Artificial Intelligence Officer of an element of the intelligence community shall adopt a policy to promote the sharing of any custom-developed code, including models and model weights, whether agency-developed or procured, with other elements of the intelligence community that rely on common artificial intelligence systems or functions.
  - (c) Contracts.—
- (1) RIGHTS TO FEDERAL DATA AND IMPROVEMENTS.—Each head of an element of the intelligence community shall take such steps as the Chief Information Officer of the element determines appropriate, to ensure that contracts to which the element is a party provide for the retention of sufficient rights to all Federal data and the retention of the rights to any improvement to that data, including the continued design, development, testing, and operation of an artificial intelligence system.
- (2) LIMITATIONS ON RE-USE OF DERIVED INFORMATION.—Each head of an element of the intelligence community shall consider contractual terms that protect Federal information used by vendors in the development and operation of artificial intelligence products and services procured by the element, including limitations on the re-use of derived information for products or services sold to foreign governments by such vendors.
- (3) LIMITATIONS ON USE OF DATA TO TRAIN OR IMPROVE COMMERCIAL OFFERINGS.—Each head of an element of the intelligence community shall include terms in the contracts in which the elements are parties to protect intelligence community data from being used to train or improve the functionality of a vendor's commercial offerings without express permission from the head.

- (d) Model Contract Terms.—The Chief Information Officer of the Intelligence Community shall provide the elements of the intelligence community with model contractual terms for consideration by the heads of those elements to prevent vendor lock-in, as well as the adoption of procurement practices that encourage competition to sustain a robust marketplace for artificial intelligence products and services, including through contractual preferences for interoperable artificial intelligence products and services.
- (e) TRACKING AND EVALUATING PERFORMANCE.—Each head of an element of the intelligence community shall track and evaluate performance of procured and element-developed artificial intelligence by—
- (1) documenting known capabilities and limitations of the artificial intelligence system and any guidelines on how the artificial intelligence is intended to be used;
- (2) documenting provenance of the data used to train, fine-tune, or operate the artificial intelligence system;
- (3) conducting ongoing testing and validation on artificial intelligence system performance, the effectiveness of vendor artificial intelligence offerings, and associated risk management measures, including by testing in real-world conditions:
- (4) assessing for overfitting to known test data, ensuring that artificial intelligence developers or vendors are not directly relying on the test data to train their artificial intelligence systems;
- (5) considering contractual terms that prioritize the continuous improvement, performance monitoring, and evaluation of effectiveness of procured artificial intelligence:
- (6) stipulating conditions for retraining or decommissioning artificial intelligence models; and
- (7) requiring sufficient post-award monitoring and evaluation of effectiveness of the artificial intelligence system, where appropriate in the context of the product or service acquired.

### SEC. 609. HIGH-IMPACT ARTIFICIAL INTEL-LIGENCE SYSTEMS.

- (a) DEFINITION OF USE CASE.—In this section, the term "use case", with respect to an artificial intelligence system, means the specific mission being performed through the use of an artificial intelligence system.
- (b) GUIDANCE REGARDING DEFINITIONS OF HIGH-IMPACT ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall issue guidance to the heads of elements of the intelligence community to ensure consistency and accuracy in each element's interpretation of the definition of high-impact artificial intelligence systems and high-impact artificial intelligence use cases to apply to each element's respective missions.
- respective missions.
  (c) Inventory of High-impact Artificial Intelligence Use Cases.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Each head of an element of the intelligence community shall maintain an annual inventory of high-impact artificial intelligence use cases, including detailed information on the specific artificial intelligence systems associated with such uses.
- (2) SUBMITTAL TO CONGRESS.—Not less frequently than once each year, each head of an element of the intelligence community shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees the inventory maintained by the head pursuant to paragraph (1).
- (d) GUIDANCE TO MAINTAIN MINIMUM STAND-ARDS.—The Director of National Intelligence shall, in coordination with the heads of the elements of the intelligence community, issue guidance to ensure elements of the intelligence community utilizing high-impact

artificial intelligence systems or executing high-impact artificial intelligence use cases maintain minimum standards for the following:

- (1) Whistleblower protections.
- (2) Risk management practices and policies
- (3) Performance expectations to ensure high-impact artificial intelligence systems or high-impact artificial intelligence use cases are subject to policies that ensure they continue to perform as expected over time or be discontinued, including—
  - (A) continuous monitoring;
- (B) independent testing by a reviewer or team of reviewers within the element that have not been involved in the development or procurement of such artificial intelligence system; and
- (C) cost analyses, supported by a summary of direct costs associated and expected savings, if applicable, relative to existing or feasible human-led alternatives.
- (4) Pre-deployment requirements to ensure high-impact artificial intelligence systems or high-impact artificial intelligence use cases document—
- (A) the advantages and risks of using such capability, to include appropriate legal and policy safeguards;
- (B) the cost of operating such a capability; (C) a schedule to ensure such capability is periodically reevaluated for efficacy and per-
- formance; and
  (D) the oversight and compliance mechanisms in place for reviewing the use and output of such capability.
- (5) Policies to ensure appropriate human oversight and training.

#### SEC. 610. APPLICATION OF ARTIFICIAL INTEL-LIGENCE POLICIES OF THE INTEL-LIGENCE COMMUNITY TO PUBLICLY AVAILABLE MODELS USED FOR IN-TELLIGENCE PURPOSES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 6702 of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (50 U.S.C. 3334m) is amended—
- (1) by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (e);
- (2) by inserting after subsection (b) the following:
- "(c) APPLICATION OF POLICIES TO PUBLICLY AVAILABLE MODELS USED FOR INTELLIGENCE PURPOSES.—In carrying out subsections (a) and (b), the Director shall ensure that the policies established under such subsections apply to the greatest extent possible to artificial intelligence models generally available to the public in any context in which they are used for an intelligence purpose and hosted in classified environments.
- "(d) COMMON TESTING STANDARDS AND BENCHMARKS.—
- "(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Chief Artificial Intelligence Officer of the Intelligence Community, or any provider of common concern designated by the Director of National Intelligence, shall establish standards for testing of artificial intelligence models, including common benchmarks and methodologies for the performance of artificial intelligence models across common use cases, including targeting, machine translation, object detection, and object recognition. Benchmarks and methodologies shall establish higher performance standards for any high-impact artificial intelligence use case, including any artificial intelligence system task whose output (directly or indirectly) could serve as an input for a lethal application.
- "(2) IDENTIFICATION OF COMPUTING MODEL.— The Chief Artificial Intelligence Officer of the Intelligence Community shall convene the Intelligence Community Chief Artificial Intelligence Officer Council to identify an appropriate computing environment, at a level (or multiple levels) of classification deemed appropriate, for elements of the in-

telligence community to engage in testing and evaluation of models prior to acquisition."; and

- (3) by adding at the end the following:
- "(f) LIMITATION.—Under the policies established pursuant to subsection (a)(1), no office or employee of the intelligence community may direct or pressure a vendor or prospective vendor to alter a model to favor a particular viewpoint in a manner that would limit its ability to serve as a neutral, nonpartisan tool that prioritizes accuracy.
  - "(g) Definitions.-
- "(1) INTELLIGENCE PURPOSE DEFINED.—In this section, the term 'intelligence purpose' means the collection, analysis, or other mission-related intelligence activity.
- "(2) GUIDANCE REGARDING DEFINITIONS OF HIGH-IMPACT ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enaction of this subsection, the Director of National Intelligence shall issue guidance to the heads of elements of the intelligence community to ensure consistency and accuracy in each element's interpretation of the definition of high-impact artificial intelligence systems and high-impact artificial intelligence use cases to apply to each element's respective missions."
- (b) UPDATES.—The Director shall make such revisions to Intelligence Community Directive 505 (relating to Artificial Intelligence) and other relevant documents as the Director considers necessary to ensure compliance with subsection (c) of section 6702 of such Act, as added by subsection (a).

#### SEC. 611. REVISION OF INTERIM GUIDANCE RE-GARDING ACQUISITION AND USE OF FOUNDATION MODELS.

- (a) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that the evaluation of training data, methods of labeling data, and model weights pertaining to artificial intelligence systems being considered for use by an element of the intelligence community does not constitute collection by such element of the intelligence community.
- (b) IN GENERAL.—The Director of National Intelligence, in coordination with the Attorney General, shall revise the interim guidance of the intelligence community entitled "Regarding the Acquisition and Use of Foundation Models" to include the following:
- (1) Guidance stipulating that the consideration by an element of the intelligence community of acquisition of a foundation model should involve consideration of the data upon which the model was trained on. Any element of the intelligence community evaluating whether to acquire a foundation model for a potential intelligence use shall request or otherwise lawfully gather pertinent information on sources of training data and methods of data labeling, including any functions carried out by third party vendors, in order to make informed decisions on what mitigation practices or other relevant dissemination, usage, or retention measures may be applicable to that element's future adoption of the foundation model under consideration.
- (2) Guidance stipulating that each element of the intelligence community shall to the greatest extent practicable avoid use of publicly available models found to contain information obtained unlawfully by a model vendor.

#### SEC. 612. STRATEGY ON INTELLIGENCE COORDI-NATION AND SHARING RELATING TO CRITICAL AND EMERGING TECH-NOLOGIES.

- (a) DEFINITION OF APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—In this section, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (1) the congressional intelligence committees;

- (2) the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
- (3) the Committee on Homeland Security and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
- (b) STRATEGY.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall develop a strategy for—
- (1) coordinating the collection, processing, analysis, and dissemination of intelligence relating to critical and emerging technologies across the intelligence community; and
- (2) the appropriate sharing of such intelligence with other Federal departments and agencies with responsibilities for regulation, innovation and research, science, public health, export control and screenings, and Federal financial tools.
- (c) REPORT.—Not later than 30 days after the development of the strategy required by subsection (b), the Director shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a copy of the strategy.

# TITLE VII—CLASSIFICATION REFORM, SECURITY CLEARANCES, AND WHISTLE-BLOWERS

### SEC. 701. NOTIFICATION OF CERTAIN DECLASSIFICATIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Title VIII of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3161 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

### "SEC. 806. NOTIFICATION OF CERTAIN DECLASSIFICATIONS.

- ''(a) NOTIFICATION TO CONGRESS BY DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Immediately upon declassifying, downgrading, or directing the declassification or downgrading of information or intelligence relating to intelligence sources, methods, or activities pursuant to section 3.1(c) of Executive Order 13526 (50 U.S.C. 3161 note; relating to classified national security information), or any successor order, the Director of National Intelligence, or the Principal Deputy Director of National Intelligence, as delegated by the Director of National Intelligence, shall notify the congressional intelligence committees and the Archivist of the United States in writing of such declassification, downgrading, or direction.
- "(2) CONTENTS.—Each notification required by paragraph (1) shall include a copy of the information that has been, or has been directed to be, declassified or downgraded.
- ''(b) Notification to Congress by Agency Head.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Immediately upon the declassification of information pursuant to section 3.1(d) of Executive Order 13526, or any successor order, the head, or senior official, of a relevant element of the intelligence community, shall notify the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate, the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform of the House of Representatives, and the Archivist of the United States in writing of such declassification.
- "(2) CONTENTS.—Each notification required by paragraph (1) shall include a copy of the information that has been declassified.".
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3001 et seq.) is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 805 the following:
- "Sec. 806. Notification of certain declassifications.".

# SEC. 702. ELIMINATION OF CAP ON COMPENSATORY DAMAGES FOR RETALIATORY REVOCATION OF SECURITY CLEARANCES AND ACCESS DETERMINATIONS.

Section 3001(j)(4)(B) of the Intelligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention Act of 2004 (50 U.S.C. 3341(j)(4)(B)) is amended, in the second sentence, by striking "not to exceed \$300,000".

### SEC. 703. REFORMS RELATING TO INACTIVE SE-CURITY CLEARANCES.

- (a) Extension of Period of Inactive Secu-RITY CLEARANCES.—The Director of National Intelligence shall review and evaluate the feasibility of updating personnel security standards and procedures governing eligibility for access to sensitive compartmented information and other controlled access program information and security adjudicative guidelines for determining eligibility for access to sensitive compartmented information and other controlled access program information to determine whether individuals who have been retired or otherwise separated from employment with the intelligence community for a period of not more than 5 years and who was eligible to access classified information on the day before the individual retired or otherwise separated, could, as a matter of policy, be granted eligibility by the Director to access classified information as long as-
- (1) there is no indication the individual no longer satisfies the standards established for access to classified information;
- (2) the individual certifies in writing to an appropriate security professional that there has been no change in the relevant information provided for the last background investigation of the individual; and
- (3) an appropriate record check reveals no unfavorable information.
- (b) FEASIBILITY AND ADVISABILITY ASSESSMENT.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Director shall conduct an assessment of the feasibility and advisability of subjecting inactive security clearances to continuous vetting and due diligence.
- (2) FINDINGS.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director shall provide to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate, and the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform of the House of Representatives the findings from the assessment conducted pursuant to paragraph (1).

### SEC. 704. STUDY ON PROTECTION OF CLASSIFIED INFORMATION RELATING TO BUDG-ET FUNCTIONS.

- (a) Definitions.—In this section:
- (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the congressional intelligence committees:
- (B) the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate: and
- (C) the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform, the Committee on Financial Services, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
- (2) COVERED OFFICIAL.—The term "covered official" means the following:
  - (A) The Secretary of the Treasury.
- (B) The Director of the Office of Management and Budget.
- (C) Each head of an element of the intelligence community.
- (D) Any other head of a department or agency of the Federal Government carrying out a function specified in paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of subsection (a).

- (3) FEDERAL FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT SERV-ICE FUNCTIONS.—The term "Federal financial functions" management service standard functions, as determined by the Secretary of the Treasury, that departments and agencies of the Federal Government perform relating to Federal financial management, including budget execution, financial information management, payable management, revenue management, reimbursable management, receivable management, delinquent debt management, cost management, general ledger management, financial reconciliation, and financial and performance reporting.
- (4) NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE PROGRAM.—The term "National Intelligence Program" has the meaning given such term in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003).
- (b) STUDY REQUIRED.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence, in coordination with the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of the Treasury, and the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a study outlining the feasibility of and cost associated with the department or agency of a covered official using secure systems that meet the requirements to protect classified information, including with respect to the location at which the system is located or accessed, to carry out any of the following activities of the department or agency:
- (1) Formulating, developing, and submitting the budget of the department or agency (including the budget justification materials submitted to Congress) under the National Intelligence Program.
- (2) Apportioning, allotting, issuing warrants for the disbursement of, and obligating and expending funds under the National Intelligence Program.
- (3) Carrying out Federal financial management service functions or related activities of the intelligence community.
- (c) FORM.—The study required by subsection (b) shall be submitted in unclassified form, but may include a classified annex.

#### SEC. 705. REPORT ON EXECUTIVE BRANCH AP-PROVAL OF ACCESS TO CLASSIFIED INTELLIGENCE INFORMATION OUT-SIDE OF ESTABLISHED REVIEW PROCESSES.

- (a) REPORTS REQUIRED.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act. and annually thereafter, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate, and the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform of the House of Representatives a report on approvals of interim security clearances or other access to classified intelligence information that does not satisfy the investigative and adjudicative standards established under Executive Order 12968 (50 U.S.C. 3161 note; relating to access to classified information) for covered individuals issued during the preceding calendar year. The first report under this paragraph shall include information for each of the calendar years 2017 through the calendar year in which this Act is enacted.
- (2) CONTENTS.—Each report required by paragraph (1) shall include—
- (A) the number of such approvals, disaggregated by sponsoring agency, duration of access, and level of security clearance or access;
- (B) the investigative and adjudicative process conducted, if any, for each such level of security clearance or access;

- (C) a categorization of the justifications supporting such approvals, and the number of approvals in each category; and
- (D) the disposition of such approvals, disaggregated by the number of instances in which access was terminated, continued, or resulted in completion of a process satisfying investigative and adjudicative standards required by Executive Order 12986.
- (b) COVERED INDIVIDUAL DEFINED.—In this section, the term "covered individual" means an individual who—
- (1) is an employee or contractor of the intelligence community; or
- (2) has been granted access to the facilities or information of the intelligence community.

### SEC. 706. WHISTLEBLOWER PROTECTIONS RE-LATING TO PSYCHIATRIC TESTING OR EXAMINATION.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1104(a)(3) of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3234(a)(3)), as amended by section 803(a)(1), is further amended—
- (1) in subparagraph (J), by striking "; or" and inserting a semicolon;
- (2) by redesignating subparagraph (K) as subparagraph (L); and
- (3) by inserting after subparagraph (J) the following:
- "(K) a decision to order psychiatric testing or examination; or".
- (b) APPLICATION.—The amendments made by this section shall apply with respect to matters arising under section 1104 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3234) on or after the date of the enactment of this

### TITLE VIII—ANOMALOUS HEALTH INCIDENTS

### SEC. 801. STANDARD GUIDELINES FOR INTEL-LIGENCE COMMUNITY TO REPORT AND DOCUMENT ANOMALOUS HEALTH INCIDENTS.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall, in coordination with such heads of elements of the intelligence community as the Director considers appropriate, develop and issue standard guidelines for personnel of the intelligence community to report and properly document anomalous health incidents.
- (b) CONFORMITY WITH DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE GUIDELINES.—In developing the standard guidelines required by subsection (a), the Director shall ensure that such standard guidelines are as similar as practicable to guidelines issued by the Secretary of Defense for personnel of the Department of Defense to report and properly document anomalous health incidents.
- (c) SUBMISSION.—Not later than 10 days after the date on which the Director issues the standard guidelines required by subsection (a), the Director shall provide the congressional intelligence committees with the standard guidelines, including a statement describing the implementation of such standard guidelines, how the standard guidelines differ from those issued by the Secretary, and the justifications for such differences.

#### SEC. 802. REVIEW AND DECLASSIFICATION OF IN-TELLIGENCE RELATING TO ANOMA-LOUS HEALTH INCIDENTS.

- (a) REVIEW.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence, in consultation with the Secretary of Defense, shall initiate a review of holdings of the intelligence community regarding anomalous health incidents.
- (2) ELEMENTS.—The review initiated pursuant to paragraph (1) shall cover the following:

- (A) Reports of anomalous health incidents affecting personnel of the United States Government and dependents of such personnel.
- (B) Reports of other incidents affecting personnel of the United States Government that have known causes that result in symptoms similar to those observed in anomalous health incidents.
- (C) Information regarding efforts by foreign governments to covertly develop or deploy weapons and technology that could cause any or all symptoms observed in reported anomalous health incidents.
- (D) Assessment of the success of the intelligence community in detecting clandestine weapons programs of foreign governments.
- (b) DECLASSIFICATION.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director shall perform a declassification review of all intelligence relating to anomalous health incidents reviewed pursuant to subsection (a).
  - (c) Publication.—
- (1) In GENERAL.—The Director shall provide for public release of a declassified report that contains all information declassified pursuant to the declassification review required by subsection (b) on the website of the Office of the Director of National Intelligence.
- (2) FORM OF REPORT.—The report required by paragraph (1) may include only such redactions as the Director determines necessary to protect sources and methods and information of United States persons.

### TITLE IX-OTHER MATTERS

### SEC. 901. DECLASSIFICATION OF INTELLIGENCE AND ADDITIONAL TRANSPARENCY MEASURES RELATING TO THE COVID-19 PANDEMIC.

Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall, in coordination with the heads of such Federal agencies as the Director considers appropriate—

- (1) perform a declassification review of intelligence relating to research conducted at the Wuhan Institute of Virology or any other medical or scientific research center within the People's Republic of China, on coronaviruses, including—
- (A) information relating to Gain of Function research and the intention of this research;
- (B) information relating to sources of funding or direction for research on coronaviruses, including both sources within the People's Republic of China and foreign sources: and
- (C) the names of researchers who conducted research into coronaviruses, as well as their current locations of employment;
- (2) perform a declassification review of intelligence relating to efforts by government officials of entities of the People's Republic of China—
- (A) to disrupt or obstruct information sharing or investigations into the origins of the coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) pandemic:
- (B) to disrupt the sharing of medically significant information relating to the transmissibility and potential harm of SARS—CoV-2 to humans, including—
- (i) efforts to limit the sharing of information with the United States Government;
- (ii) efforts to limit the sharing of information with the governments of allies and partners of the United States; and
- (iii) efforts to limit the sharing of information with the United Nations and World Health Organization:
- (C) to obstruct or otherwise limit the sharing of information between national, provincial, and city governments within the People's Republic of China and between subnational entities within the People's Republic of China and external researchers;

- (D) to deny the sharing of information with the United States, allies and partners of the United States, or multilateral organizations, including the United Nations and the World Health Organization;
- (E) to pressure or lobby foreign governments, journalists, medical researchers, officials of the United States Government, or officials of multilateral organizations (including the United Nations and the World Health Organization) with respect to the source, scientific origins, transmissibility, or other attributes of the SARS-CoV-2 virus or the COVID-19 pandemic;
- (F) to disrupt government or private-sector efforts to conduct research and development of medical interventions or countermeasures for the COVID-19 pandemic, including vaccines; and
- (G) to promote alternative narratives regarding the origins of COVID-19 as well as the domestic Chinese and international response to the COVID-19 pandemic:
- (3) provide for public release a declassified report that contains all appropriate information described under paragraphs (1) and (2) and which includes only such redactions as the Director determines necessary to protect sources and methods and information of United States persons; and
- (4) submit to the congressional intelligence committees an unredacted version of the declassified report required under paragraph (3)

## SEC. 902. COUNTERINTELLIGENCE BRIEFINGS FOR MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) COVERED INDIVIDUAL.—The term "covered individual" has the meaning given such term in section 989(h) of title 10, United States Code.
- (2) GOVERNMENTS OR COMPANIES OF CONCERN.—The term "governments or companies of concern" means a government described in subparagraph (A) of section 989(h)(2) of title 10, United States Code, or a company, entity, or other person described in subparagraph (B) of such section.
- (b) IN GENERAL.—The Under Secretary of Defense for Intelligence and Security shall issue appropriate policy to require the military departments to conduct counterintelligence briefings for members of the Armed Forces as part of the process required by section 989(c) of title 10, United States Code.
- (c) ELEMENTS.—Each briefing provided under subsection (b) shall provide members of the Armed Forces—
- (1) with awareness of methods commonly used by governments and companies of concern to solicit and learn from covered individuals sensitive military techniques, tactics, and procedures of the Armed Forces;
- (2) recommended practices for covered individuals to avoid a covered activity that could subject the members to civil or criminal penalties;
- (3) the contact information for the counterintelligence authorities to whom covered individuals should report attempted recruitment or a related suspicious contact: and
- (4) an overview of the prohibition and penalties under subsections (a) and (c) of section 989 of title 10, United States Code.
- (d) Provision of Briefings at Certain Trainings.—The Under Secretary may mandate the briefings required by subsection (b) during the trainings required by Department of Defense Directive 5240.06 (relating to counterintelligence awareness and reporting), or successor document.

### SEC. 903. POLICY TOWARD CERTAIN AGENTS OF FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS.

Section 601 of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1985 (Public Law 98–618; 98 Stat. 3303) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a), by striking "It is the sense of the Congress" and inserting "It is the policy of the United States";
- (2) by redesignating subsections (b) through (d) as subsections (d) through (f), respectively; and
- (3) by inserting after subsection (a) the following new subsections:
- "(b) The Secretary of State, in negotiating agreements with foreign governments regarding reciprocal privileges and immunities of United States diplomatic personnel, shall consult with the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the Director of National Intelligence in achieving the statement of policy in subsection (a).
- "(c) Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this subsection, and annually thereafter for 5 years, the Secretary of State, the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the Select Committee on Intelligence, the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate and the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence, the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on hypropriations of the House of Representatives a report on each foreign government that—
- "(1) engages in intelligence activities within the United States harmful to the national security of the United States; and
- "(2) possesses numbers, status, privileges and immunities, travel accommodations, and facilities within the United States that exceed the respective numbers, status, privileges and immunities, travel accommodations, and facilities within such country of official representatives of the United States to such country."

# SEC. 904. TOUR LIMITS OF ACCREDITED DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR PERSONNEL OF CERTAIN NATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—The term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (A) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Select Committee on Intelligence, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate: and
- (B) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
- (2) COVERED NATION.—The term "covered nation" means—
- (A) the People's Republic of China;
- (B) the Russian Federation;
- (C) the Islamic Republic of Iran;
- $\left( D\right)$  the Democratic People's Republic of Korea; and
  - (E) the Republic of Cuba.
- (b) IN GENERAL.—Accredited diplomatic and consular personnel of covered nations in the United States may not—
- (1) receive diplomatic privileges and immunities for more than 3 consecutive years;
- (2) receive diplomatic privileges and immunities for a second 3-year period until after living outside of the United States for not less than 2 years; or
- (3) receive diplomatic privileges and immunities for more than 6 total years.
- (c) WAIVER.—The Secretary of State may waive a limitation in subsection (b) on a case-by-case basis that permits accredited diplomatic and consular personnel of covered nations to exceed the stated tour limits in such subsection if the following conditions are met:
- (1) The Secretary determines that doing so serves United States national security interests, provided the Secretary submits a justification to the appropriate congressional

committees not later than 15 days prior to issuing the waiver that contains the following:

- (A) A description of the factors considered by the Secretary when evaluating whether to issue the waiver.
- (B) A compelling justification as to why issuing the waiver is in the national security interests of the United States.
- (2) The covered nation at issue reciprocally eases its tour limitations on United States diplomatic and consular personnel.

# SEC. 905. STRICT ENFORCEMENT OF TRAVEL PROTOCOLS AND PROCEDURES OF ACCREDITED DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR PERSONNEL OF CERTAIN NATIONS IN THE UNITED STATES.

Section 502 of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (division N of Public Law 115-31; 22 U.S.C. 254a note) is amended—

- (1) by amending subsection (a) to read as follows:
- "(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- ''(1) Appropriate committees of congress.—The term 'appropriate congressional committees' means—
- "(A) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Select Committee on Intelligence, the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and
- "(B) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Permanent Select Committee on Intelligence, the Committee on Homeland Security, the Committee on the Judiciary, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.
- "(2) COVERED NATIONS.—The term 'covered nations' means—
  - "(A) the People's Republic of China;
- "(B) the Russian Federation;
- "(C) the Islamic Republic of Iran;
- "(D) the Democratic People's Republic of Korea; and
- "(E) the Republic of Cuba.";
- (2) in subsection (b)—
- (A) by striking "consular personnel of the Russian Federation" and inserting "consular personnel of covered nations"; and
- (B) by striking "Russian consular personnel" and inserting "covered nation personnel";
- (3) in subsection (c)(1), by striking "consular personnel of the Russian Federation" and inserting "consular personnel of covered nations".
- (4) by redesignating subsection (d) as subsection (f):
- (5) by inserting after subsection (c) the following new subsections:
- "(d) WAIVERS.—The Secretary of State may waive a requirement of the mandatory advanced notification regime established pursuant to subsection (b) on a case-by-case basis if the Secretary determines that doing so serves United States national security interests, provided the Secretary submits to the appropriate committees of Congress a justification describing the circumstances necessitating the waiver and the reason why the waiver is in the national security interests of the United States.
- "(e) ELEMENTS OF ADVANCE APPROVAL RE-QUIREMENTS.—In establishing the advance approval requirements described in subsection (c), the Secretary of State shall—
- "(1) ensure that covered nations request approval from the Secretary of State at least 2 business days in advance of all travel that is subject to such requirements by accredited diplomatic and consular personnel of covered nations in the United States;
- "(2) immediately provide such requests to the Director of National Intelligence and the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation:

- "(3) not later than 10 days after approving such a request, certify to the appropriate congressional committees that—
- "(A) personnel traveling on the request are not known or suspected intelligence officers;
- "(B) the requested travel will not be used for known or suspected intelligence purposes; and
- "(4) establish penalties for noncompliance with such requirements by accredited diplomatic and consular personnel of covered nations in the United States, including loss of diplomatic privileges and immunities."; and
- (6) in subsection (e), as redesignated by paragraph (4)—
- (A) by inserting "for 5 years after the date of the enactment of subsection (d)" after "quarterly thereafter":
- (B) in paragraph (1), by striking "the number of notifications submitted under the regime required by subsection (b)" and inserting "the number of requests submitted under the regime required by subsection (b) and the number of such requests approved by the Secretary"; and
- (C) in paragraph (2), by striking "consular personnel of the Russian Federation" and inserting "consular personnel of covered nations".

### SEC. 906. REPEAL OF CERTAIN REPORT REQUIREMENTS.

- (a) Briefings on Analytic Integrity Reviews.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 1019 of the Intelligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention Act of 2004 (50 U.S.C. 3364) is amended by striking subsections (c) and (d).
- (2) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Section 6312(d)(1) of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023 (50 U.S.C. 3364 note) is amended by striking "In conjunction with each briefing provided under section 1019(c) of the Intelligence Reform and Terrorism Prevention Act of 2004 (50 U.S.C. 3364(c))" and inserting "Not later than February 1 each year".
- (b) PERSONNEL-LEVEL ASSESSMENTS FOR THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 506B of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3098) is repealed.
- (2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents of such Act is amended by striking the item relating to section 506B.
- (c) REPORTS ON FOREIGN EFFORTS TO ILLICITLY ACQUIRE SATELLITES AND RELATED ITEMS.—Section 1261 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2013 (Public Law 112-239) is amended by striking subsection (e).
- (d) REPORTS BY DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE ON NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE UNIVERSITY PLAN.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 1033 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3227b) is repealed.
- (2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents of such Act is amended by striking the item relating to section 1033.
- (e) MONITORING MINERAL INVESTMENTS UNDER BELT AND ROAD INITIATIVE.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 7003 of the Energy Act of 2020 (50 U.S.C. 3372) is repealed.
- (2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents of such Act is amended by striking the item relating to section 7003.
- (f) NOTICE OF DEPLOYMENT OR TRANSFER OF CONTAINERIZED MISSILE SYSTEM BY RUSSIA OR CERTAIN OTHER COUNTRIES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 501 of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2016 (division M of Public Law 114-113) is repealed.
- (2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents of such Act is amended by striking the item relating to section 501.
- (g) Briefings on Programs for Next-generation Microelectronics in Support of

- ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE.—Section 7507 of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2024 (50 U.S.C. 3334s) is amended by striking subsection (e).
- (h) REPORTS ON COMMERCE WITH, AND ASSISTANCE TO, CUBA FROM OTHER FOREIGN COUNTRIES.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 108 of the Cuban Liberty and Democratic Solidarity (LIBERTAD) Act of 1996 (22 U.S.C. 6038) is repealed.
- (2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents of such Act is amended by striking the item relating to section 108.
- (i) BRIEFINGS ON IRANIAN EXPENDITURES SUPPORTING FOREIGN MILITARY AND TERRORIST ACTIVITIES.—Section 6705 of the Damon Paul Nelson and Matthew Young Pollard Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Years 2018, 2019, and 2020 (22 U.S.C. 9412) is amended—
- (1) in the section heading, by striking "AND ANNUAL BRIEFING"; and
- (2) by striking subsection (b).

## SEC. 907. REQUIRING PENETRATION TESTING AS PART OF THE TESTING AND CERTIFICATION OF VOTING SYSTEMS.

Section 231 of the Help America Vote Act of 2002 (52 U.S.C. 20971) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

- "(e) REQUIRED PENETRATION TESTING.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this subsection, the Commission shall provide for the conduct of penetration testing as part of the testing, certification, decertification, and recertification of voting system hardware and software by the Commission based on accredited laboratories under this section.
- Commission ACCREDITATION.—The "(2) shall develop a program for the acceptance of the results of penetration testing on election systems. The penetration testing required by this subsection shall be required for Commission certification. The Commission shall vote on the selection of any entity identified. The requirements for such selection shall be based on consideration of an entity's competence to conduct penetration testing under this subsection. The Commission may consult with the National Institute of Standards and Technology or any other appropriate Federal agency on lab selection criteria and other aspects of this program.'

# SEC. 908. INDEPENDENT SECURITY TESTING AND COORDINATED CYBERSECURITY VULNERABILITY DISCLOSURE PROGRAM FOR ELECTION SYSTEMS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subtitle D of title II of the Help America Vote Act of 2002 (42 U.S.C. 15401 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following new part:

### "PART 7—INDEPENDENT SECURITY TEST-ING AND COORDINATED CYBERSECU-RITY VULNERABILITY DISCLOSURE PILOT PROGRAM FOR ELECTION SYS-TEMS

"SEC. 297. INDEPENDENT SECURITY TESTING AND COORDINATED CYBERSECU-RITY VULNERABILITY DISCLOSURE PILOT PROGRAM FOR ELECTION SYSTEMS.

- "(a) IN GENERAL.—
- "(1) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Commission, in consultation with the Secretary, shall establish an Independent Security Testing and Coordinated Vulnerability Disclosure Pilot Program for Election Systems (VDP-E) (in this section referred to as the 'program') to test for and disclose cybersecurity vulnerabilities in election systems.
- "(2) DURATION.—The program shall be conducted for a period of 5 years.
- "(3) REQUIREMENTS.—In carrying out the program, the Commission, in consultation with the Secretary, shall—
- "(A) establish a mechanism by which an election systems vendor may make their

election system (including voting machines and source code) available to cybersecurity researchers participating in the program;

- "(B) provide for the vetting of cybersecurity researchers prior to their participation in the program, including the conduct of background checks;
- "(C) establish terms of participation that—
  "(i) describe the scope of testing permitted under the program:
  - "(ii) require researchers to-
- "(I) notify the vendor, the Commission, and the Secretary of any cybersecurity vulnerability they identify with respect to an election system; and
- "(II) otherwise keep such vulnerability confidential for 180 days after such notification:
- "(iii) require the good faith participation of all participants in the program; and
- "(iv) require an election system vendor, within 180 days after validating notification of a critical or high vulnerability (as defined by the National Institute of Standards and Technology) in an election system of the vendor, to—
- "(I) send a patch or propound some other fix or mitigation for such vulnerability to the appropriate State and local election officials, in consultation with the researcher who discovered it; and
- "(II) notify the Commission and the Secretary that such patch has been sent to such officials;
- "(D) in the case where a patch or fix to address a vulnerability disclosed under subparagraph (C)(ii)(I) is intended to be applied to a system certified by the Commission, provide—
- "(i) for the expedited review of such patch or fix within 90 days after receipt by the Commission; and
- "(ii) if such review is not completed by the last day of such 90-day period, that such patch or fix shall be deemed to be certified by the Commission, subject to any subsequent review of such determination by the Commission; and
- "(E) not later than 180 days after the disclosure of a vulnerability under subparagraph (C)(ii)(I), notify the Director of the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency of the vulnerability for inclusion in the database of Common Vulnerabilities and Exposures.
- "(4) VOLUNTARY PARTICIPATION; SAFE HARBOR.—
- "(A) VOLUNTARY PARTICIPATION.—Participation in the program shall be voluntary for election systems vendors and researchers.
- "(B) SAFE HARBOR.—When conducting research under this program, such research and subsequent publication shall be—
- "(i) authorized in accordance with section 1030 of title 18, United States Code (commonly known as the 'Computer Fraud and Abuse Act'), (and similar State laws), and the election system vendor will not initiate or support legal action against the researcher for accidental, good faith violations of the program; and
- "(ii) exempt from the anti-circumvention rule of section 1201 of title 17, United States Code (commonly known as the 'Digital Millennium Copyright Act'), and the election system vendor will not bring a claim against a researcher for circumvention of technology controls.
- "(C) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this paragraph may be construed to limit or otherwise affect any exception to the general prohibition against the circumvention of technological measures under subparagraph (A) of section 1201(a)(1) of title 17, United States Code, including with respect to any use that is excepted from that general prohibition by the Librarian of Congress under

subparagraphs (B) through (D) of such section 1201(a)(1).

"(5) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:

- "(A) CYBERSECURITY VULNERABILITY.—The term 'cybersecurity vulnerability' means, with respect to an election system, any security vulnerability that affects the election system.
- "(B) ELECTION INFRASTRUCTURE.—The term 'election infrastructure' means—
- "(i) storage facilities, polling places, and centralized vote tabulation locations used to support the administration of elections for public office; and
- "(ii) related information and communications technology, including—
  - "(I) voter registration databases;
- "(II) election management systems;
- "(III) voting machines:
- "(IV) electronic mail and other communications systems (including electronic mail and other systems of vendors who have entered into contracts with election agencies to support the administration of elections, manage the election process, and report and display election results); and
- "(V) other systems used to manage the election process and to report and display election results on behalf of an election agency.
- "(C) ELECTION SYSTEM.—The term 'election system' means any information system that is part of an election infrastructure, including any related information and communications technology described in subparagraph (B)(ii).
- "(D) ELECTION SYSTEM VENDOR.—The term 'election system vendor' means any person providing, supporting, or maintaining an election system on behalf of a State or local election official.
- "(E) INFORMATION SYSTEM.—The term 'information system' has the meaning given the term in section 3502 of title 44, United States Code
- "(F) SECRETARY.—The term 'Secretary' means the Secretary of Homeland Security.
- "(G) SECURITY VULNERABILITY.—The term 'security vulnerability' has the meaning given the term in section 102 of the Cybersecurity Information Sharing Act of 2015 (6 U.S.C. 1501)."
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents of such Act is amended by adding at the end of the items relating to subtitle D of title II the following:
- "PART 7—INDEPENDENT SECURITY TESTING AND COORDINATED CYBERSECURITY VULNER-ABILITY DISCLOSURE PILOT PROGRAM FOR ELECTION SYSTEMS
- "Sec. 297. Independent security testing and coordinated cybersecurity vulnerability disclosure pilot program for election systems.".

### SEC. 909. FOREIGN MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of Energy may, acting through the Director of the Office of Intelligence and Counterintelligence, enter into contracts or other arrangements for goods and services, through the National Laboratories, plants, or sites of the Department of Energy, for the purpose of foreign material acquisition in support of existing national security requirements.

(b) ANNUAL REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter until the date that is 4 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of the Office of Intelligence and Counterintelligence shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees, the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate, the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives, and the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives

a report on the use by the Office of Intelligence and Counterintelligence of the authority provided by subsection (a).

### DIVISION G—DEPARTMENT OF STATE MATTERS

### SEC. 6001. TABLE OF CONTENTS.

The table of content for this division is as follows:

DIVISION F—DEPARTMENT OF STATE MATTERS

Sec. 6001. Table of contents.

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Sec. 6104. Prioritization of identification of persons from the People's Republic of China.

Sec. 6105. Expansion of sanctions under the Fentanyl Sanctions Act.

Sec. 6106. Imposition of sanctions with respect to agencies or instrumentalities of foreign states.

Sec. 6107. Annual report on efforts to prevent the smuggling of methamphetamine into the United States from Mexico.

### TITLE LXII—COUNTERING WRONGFUL DETENTION ACT OF 2025

Sec. 6201. Short title.

Sec. 6202. Designation of a foreign country as a State Sponsor of Unlawful or Wrongful Detention.

Sec. 6203. Notification of international travel advisories.

Sec. 6204. Congressional Report on components related to hostage affairs and recovery.

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TITLE LXIII—INTERNATIONAL TRAF-FICKING VICTIMS PROTECTION REAU-THORIZATION ACT OF 2025

Sec. 6301. Short title.

Subtitle A—Combating Human Trafficking Abroad

Sec. 6311. United states support for integration of anti-trafficking in persons interventions in multilateral development banks.

Sec. 6312. Counter-trafficking in persons efforts in development cooperation and assistance policy.

Sec. 6313. Technical amendments to tier rankings.

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Sec. 6315. Clarification of nonhumanitarian, nontrade-related foreign assistance.

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Sec. 6322. Extension of authorizations under the International Megan's Law. Subtitle C—Briefings

Sec. 6331. Briefing on annual trafficking in person's report.

Sec. 6332. Briefing on use and justification of waivers.

### TITLE LXI—BUST FENTANYL ACT SEC. 6101. SHORT TITLES.

This title may be cited as the "Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026" or the "Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026".

### SEC. 6102. INTERNATIONAL NARCOTICS CONTROL STRATEGY REPORT.

Section 489(a) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2291h(a)) is amended— (1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1), by striking "March 1" and inserting "June

1"; and (2) in paragraph (8)(A)(i), by striking "pseudoephedrine" and all that follows

"pseudoephedrine" and all that follows through "chemicals)" and inserting "chemical precursors used in the production of methamphetamine that significantly affected the United States".

# SEC. 6103. STUDY AND REPORT ON EFFORTS TO ADDRESS FENTANYL TRAFFICKING FROM THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA AND OTHER RELEVANT COUNTRIES.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
- (1) APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS.—The term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
- (A) the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate;
- (B) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate;
- (C) the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate;
- (D) the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives;
- (E) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives; and
- (F) the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives.
- (2) DEA.—The term "DEA" means the Drug Enforcement Administration.
- (3) PRC.—The term "PRC" means the People's Republic of China.
- (b) STUDY AND REPORT ON ADDRESSING TRAFFICKING OF FENTANYL AND OTHER SYNTHETIC OPIOIDS FROM THE PRC AND OTHER RELEVANT COUNTRIES.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State and the Attorney General, in consultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, shall jointly submit to the appropriate committees of Congress an unclassified written report, with a classified annex, that includes—
- (1) a description of United States Government efforts to gain a commitment from the Government of the PRC to submit unregulated fentanyl precursors, such as 4-AP, to controls:
- (2) a plan for future steps the United States Government will take to urge the Government of the PRC to combat the production and trafficking of illicit fentanyl and synthetic opioids from the PRC, including the trafficking of precursor chemicals used to produce illicit narcotics in Mexico and in other countries:
- (3) a detailed description of cooperation by the Government of the PRC to address the role of the PRC financial system and PRC money laundering organizations in the trafficking of fentanyl and synthetic opioid precursors:
- (4) an assessment of the expected impact that the designation of principal corporate officers of PRC financial institutions for facilitating narcotics-related money laundering would have on PRC money laundering organizations;
- (5) an assessment of whether the Trilateral Fentanyl Committee, which was established by the United States, Canada, and Mexico during the January 2023 North American Leaders' Summit, is improving cooperation with law enforcement and financial regulators in Canada and Mexico to combat the role of PRC financial institutions and PRC money laundering organizations in narcotics trafficking:
- (6) an assessment of the effectiveness of other United States bilateral and multilateral efforts to strengthen international cooperation to address the PRC's role in the

- trafficking of fentanyl and synthetic opioid precursors, including through the Global Coalition to Address Synthetic Drug Threats;
- (7) an update on the status of commitments made by third countries through the Global Coalition to Address Synthetic Drug Threats to combat the synthetic opioid crisis and progress towards the implementation of such commitments;
- (8) a plan for future steps to further strengthen bilateral and multilateral efforts to urge the Government of the PRC to take additional actions to address the PRC's role in the trafficking of fentanyl and synthetic opioid precursors, particularly in coordination with countries in East Asia and Southeast Asia that have been impacted by such activities:
- (9) an assessment of how actions the Government of the PRC has taken since November 15, 2023 has shifted relevant supply chains for fentanyl and synthetic opioid precursors, if at all; and
- (10) the items described in paragraphs (1) through (4) pertaining to India, Mexico, and other countries the Secretary of State determines to have a significant role in the production or trafficking of fentanyl and synthetic opioid precursors for purposes of this report.
- (c) ESTABLISHMENT OF DEA OFFICES IN THE PRC.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State and the Attorney General shall jointly provide to the appropriate committees of Congress a classified briefing on—
- (1) outreach and negotiations undertaken by the United States Government with the Government of the PRC that was aimed at securing the approval of the Government of the PRC to establish of United States Drug Enforcement Administration offices in Shanghai and Guangzhou, the PRC; and
- (2) additional efforts to establish new partnerships with provincial-level authorities in the PRC to counter the illicit trafficking of fentanyl, fentanyl analogues, and their precursors.

# SEC. 6104. PRIORITIZATION OF IDENTIFICATION OF PERSONS FROM THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.

Section 7211 of the Fentanyl Sanctions Act (21 U.S.C. 2311) is amended—

- (1) in subsection (a)—
- (A) by redesignating paragraphs (3) and (4) as paragraphs (4) and (5), respectively; and
- (B) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following:
- "(3) Prioritization.—
- "(A) DEFINED TERM.—In this paragraph, the term 'person of the People's Republic of China' means—
- "(i) an individual who is a citizen or national of the People's Republic of China; or
- "(ii) an entity organized under the laws of the People's Republic of China or otherwise subject to the jurisdiction of the Government of the People's Republic of China.
- "(B) IN GENERAL.—In preparing the report required under paragraph (1), the President shall prioritize, to the greatest extent practicable, the identification of persons of the People's Republic of China involved in the shipment of fentanyl, fentanyl analogues, fentanyl precursors, precursors for fentanyl analogues, pre-precursors for fentanyl and fentanyl analogues, and equipment for the manufacturing of fentanyl and fentanyl-laced counterfeit pills to Mexico or any other country that is involved in the production of fentanyl trafficked into the United States, including—
- "(i) any entity involved in the production of pharmaceuticals; and
- (ii) any person that is acting on behalf of any such entity.
- "(C) TERMINATION OF PRIORITIZATION.—The President shall continue the prioritization

required under subparagraph (B) until the President certifies to the appropriate congressional committees that the People's Republic of China is no longer the primary source for the shipment of fentanyl, fentanyl analogues, fentanyl precursors, precursors for fentanyl analogues, pre-precursors for fentanyl and fentanyl analogues, and equipment for the manufacturing of fentanyl and fentanyl-laced counterfeit pills to Mexico or any other country that is involved in the production of fentanyl trafficked into the United States."; and

(2) in subsection (c), by striking "the date that is 5 years after such date of enactment" and inserting "December 31, 2030".

### SEC. 6105. EXPANSION OF SANCTIONS UNDER THE FENTANYL SANCTIONS ACT.

Section 7212 of the Fentanyl Sanctions Act (21 U.S.C. 2312) is amended—

- (1) in paragraph (1), by striking "or" at the end;
- (2) in paragraph (2), by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon; and
  - (3) by adding at the end the following:
- "(3) the President determines has knowingly engaged in, on or after the date of the enactment of the BUST FENTANYL Act, a significant activity or significant financial transaction that has materially contributed to opioid trafficking; or
  - "(4) the President determines—
- "(A) has knowingly provided significant financial, material, or technological support for, including through the provision of goods or services in support of any activity or transaction described in paragraph (3); or
- "(B) is or has been owned, controlled, or directed by any foreign person described in subparagraph (A) or in paragraph (3), or has knowingly acted or purported to act for or on behalf of, directly or indirectly, such a foreign person."

### SEC. 6106. IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS WITH RE-SPECT TO AGENCIES OR INSTRU-MENTALITIES OF FOREIGN STATES.

- (a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section, the terms "knowingly" and "opioid trafficking" have the meanings given such terms in section 7203 of the Fentanyl Sanctions Act (21 U.S.C. 2302).
- (b) In General.—The President may—
- (1) impose one or more of the sanctions described in section 7213 of the Fentanyl Sanctions Act (21 U.S.C. 2313) with respect to any political subdivision, agency, or instrumentality of a foreign government, including any financial institution owned or controlled by a foreign government, that the President determines has knowingly, on or after the date of the enactment of this Act—
- (A) engaged in a significant activity or a significant financial transaction that has materially contributed to opioid trafficking; or
- (B) provided financial, material, or technological support for (including through the provision of goods or services in support of) any significant activity or significant financial transaction described in subclause (A); and
- (2) impose one or more of the sanctions described in section 7213(a)(6) of the Fentanyl Sanctions Act (21 U.S.C. 2313(a)(6)) with respect to each senior official of a political subdivision, agency, or instrumentality of a foreign government that the President determines has knowingly, on or after the date of the enactment of this Act, facilitated a significant activity or a significant financial transaction described in paragraph (1).

### SEC. 6107. ANNUAL REPORT ON EFFORTS TO PRE-VENT THE SMUGGLING OF METH-AMPHETAMINE INTO THE UNITED STATES FROM MEXICO.

Section 723(c) of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026 (22 U.S.C. 2291 note) is amended by striking the period

at the end and inserting the following ", which shall—

"(1) identify the significant source countries for methamphetamine that significantly affect the United States, and

"(2) describe the actions by the governments of the countries identified pursuant to paragraph (1) to combat the diversion of relevant precursor chemicals and the production and trafficking of methamphetamine."

### TITLE LXII—COUNTERING WRONGFUL DETENTION ACT OF 2025

SEC. 6201. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026".

## SEC. 6202. DESIGNATION OF A FOREIGN COUNTRY AS A STATE SPONSOR OF UNLAWFUL OR WRONGFUL DETENTION.

The Robert Levinson Hostage Recovery and Hostage-Taking Accountability Act (22 U.S.C. 1741 et seq.) is amended by inserting after section 306 the following:

# "SEC. 306A. DESIGNATION OF A FOREIGN COUNTRY AS A STATE SPONSOR OF UNLAWFUL OR WRONGFUL DETENTION.

"(a) IN GENERAL.—Subject to the notice requirement of subsection (c)(1)(A), the Secretary of State, in consultation with the heads of other relevant Federal agencies, may designate a foreign country that has provided support for or directly engaged in the unlawful or wrongful detention of a United States national as a State Sponsor of Unlawful or Wrongful Detention based on any of the following criteria:

"(1) The unlawful or wrongful detention of a United States national occurs in the foreign country.

"(2) The government of the foreign country or an entity organized under the laws of a foreign country has failed to release an unlawfully or wrongfully detained United States national within 30 days of being officially notified by the Department of State of the unlawful or wrongful detention.

"(3) Actions taken by the government of the foreign country indicate that the government is responsible for, complicit in, or materially supports the unlawful or wrongful detention of a United States national, including by acting as described in paragraph (2) after having been notified by the Department of State.

"(4) The actions of a state or nonstate actor in the foreign country, including any previous action relating to unlawful or wrongful detention or hostage taking of a United States national, pose a risk to the safety and security of United States nationals abroad sufficient to warrant designation of the foreign country as a State Sponsor of Unlawful or Wrongful Detention, as determined by the Secretary.

"(b) TERMINATION OF DESIGNATION.—The Secretary of State may terminate the designation of a foreign country under subsection (a) if the Secretary certifies to Congress that the government of the foreign country—

"(1) has released the United States nationals unlawfully or wrongfully detained within the territory of the foreign country;

"(2) has positively contributed to the release of United States nationals taken hostage within the territory of the foreign country or from the custody of a nonstate entity;

"(3) has demonstrated changes in leadership or policies with respect to unlawful or wrongful detention and hostage taking; or

"(4) has provided assurances that the government of the foreign country will not engage or be complicit in or support acts described in subsection (a).

"(c) Briefing and Reports to Congress; Publication.—

"(1) Reports to congress.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 7 days prior to making a designation of a foreign

country as a State Sponsor of Unlawful or Wrongful Detention under subsection (a), the Secretary of State shall submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a report that notifies the committees of the proposed designation.

"(B) ELEMENTS.—In each report submitted under subparagraph (A) with respect to the designation of a foreign country as a State Sponsor of Unlawful or Wrongful Detention, the Secretary shall include—

"(i) the justification for the designation;

"(ii) a description of any action taken by the United States Government, including the Secretary of State or the head of any other relevant Federal agency, in response to the designation to deter the unlawful or wrongful detention or hostage-taking of foreign nationals in the country.

"(2) INITIAL BRIEFING REQUIRED.—Not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this section, the Secretary shall brief Congress on the following:

"(A) Whether any of the following countries should be designated as a State Sponsor of Unlawful or Wrongful Detention under subsection (a):

"(i) Afghanistan.

"(ii) The Islamic Republic of Iran.

"(iii) The People's Republic of China.

"(iv) The Russian Federation.

"(v) Venezuela under the regime of Nicolás Maduro.

"(vi) The Republic of Belarus.

"(B) The steps taken by the Secretary and the heads of other relevant Federal agencies to deter the unlawful and wrongful detention of United States nationals and to respond to such detentions, including—

"(i) any engagement with private sector companies to optimize the distribution of travel advisories; and

"(ii) any engagement with private companies responsible for promoting travel to foreign countries engaged in the unlawful or wrongful detention of United States nationals

"(C) An assessment of a possible expansion of chapter 97 of title 28, United States Code (commonly known as the 'Foreign Sovereign Immunities Act of 1976') to include an exception from asset seizure immunity for State Sponsors of Unlawful or Wrongful Detention.

"(D) A detailed plan on the manner by which a geographic travel restriction could be instituted against State Sponsors of Unlawful or Wrongful Detention.

"(E) The progress made in multilateral fora, including the United Nations and other international organizations, to address the unlawful and wrongful detention of United States nationals, in addition to nationals of partners and allies of the United States in foreign countries.

"(3) ANNUAL BRIEFING.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this section, and annually thereafter for 5 years, the Assistant Secretary of State for Consular Affairs and the Special Presidential Envoy for Hostage Affairs shall brief the appropriate committees of Congress with respect to unlawful or wrongful detentions taking place in the countries listed under paragraph (2)(A) and actions taken by the Secretary of State and the heads of other relevant Federal agencies to deter the wrongful detention of United States nationals, including any steps taken in accordance with paragraph (2)(B).

"(4) PUBLICATION.—The Secretary shall make available on a publicly accessible website of the Department of State, and regularly update, a list of foreign countries designated as State Sponsors of Unlawful or Wrongful Detention under subsection (a).

"(d) REVIEW OF AVAILABLE RESPONSES TO STATE SPONSORS OF UNLAWFUL OR WRONGFUL

DETENTION.—Upon designation of a foreign country as a State Sponsor of Unlawful or Wrongful Detention under subsection (a), the Secretary of State, in consultation with the heads of other relevant Federal agencies, shall conduct a comprehensive review of the use of existing authorities to respond to and deter the unlawful or wrongful detention of United States nationals in the foreign country, including—

"(1) sanctions available under the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.);

"(2) visa restrictions available under section 7031(c) of the Department of State, Foreign Operations, and Related Programs Appropriations Act, 2024 (division F of Public Law 118-47; 8 U.S.C. 1182 note) or any other provision of Federal law:

"(3) sanctions available under the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101 et seq.);

"(4) imposition of a geographic travel restriction on citizens of the United States;

"(5) restrictions on assistance provided to the government of the country under the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.) or any other provision of Federal law:

"(6) restrictions on the export of certain goods to the country under the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2751 et seq.), the Export Control Reform Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C. 4801 et seq.), or any other Federal law; and

"(7) designating the government of the country as a government that has repeatedly provided support for acts of international terrorism pursuant to—

"(A) section 1754(c)(1)(A)(i) of the Export Control Reform Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C. 4813(c)(1)(A)(i)):

"(B) section 620A of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2371);

"(C) section 40(d) of the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2780(d)); or

"(D) any other provision of law.

"(e) DEFINED TERM.—In this section, the term 'appropriate committees of Congress' means—

"(1) the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Committee on Appropriations, and the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate; and

"(2) the Committee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on Appropriations, and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives.

"(f) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section may be construed to imply that the United States Government formally recognizes any particular country or the government of such country as legitimate.".

### SEC. 6203. NOTIFICATION OF INTERNATIONAL TRAVEL ADVISORIES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 423 of title 49, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:

### "\$ 42309. Notification of international travel advisories

"(a) IN GENERAL.—An air carrier, foreign air carrier, ticket agent, website, or search engine who advertises or provides access to, or sells, in the United States, a ticket for foreign air transportation of a passenger shall make reasonable effort to notify the passenger (or, if applicable, a guardian of such passenger), prior to departure, that Government international United States travel advisories may be in effect and shall make available a web link to the Department of State Travel Advisory System. Such notification shall be accessible for individuals with disabilities (as defined in section 382.3 of title 14, Code of Federal Regulations).

"(b) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—For the purposes of this section, an air carrier, foreign air carrier, ticket agent, website, or search engine referenced in subsection (a) may not be subject to civil or criminal penalty, or considered to be in violation of subsection (a), if information provided by the Department of State's travel advisory website is unavailable, inaccurate, or expired.

"(c) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in subsection (a) may be construed as grounds to inhibit access to consular services by a United States citizen abroad."

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for chapter 423 of title 49, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 42308 the following:

"42309. Notification of international travel advisories.".

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by subsections (a) and (b) shall take effect one year after the date of the enactment of this Act.

# SEC. 6204. CONGRESSIONAL REPORT ON COMPONENTS RELATED TO HOSTAGE AFFAIRS AND RECOVERY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall submit to Congress a report on the following:
- (1) The Hostage Response Group established pursuant to section 305(a) of the Robert Levinson Hostage Recovery and Hostage-Taking Accountability Act (22 U.S.C. 1741c(a)).
- (2) The Hostage Recovery Fusion Cell established pursuant to section 304(a) of such Act (22 U.S.C. 1741b(a)).
- (3) The Office of the Special Presidential Envoy for Hostage Affairs established pursuant to section 303(a) of such Act (22 U.S.C. 1741a(a)).
- (b) ELEMENTS.—The report required by subsection (a) shall include—
- (1) a description of the existing structure of each component listed in subsection (a);
- (2) recommendations on how the components can be improved, including through reorganization or consolidation of the components; and
- (3) cost efficiencies on the components listed in subsection (a), including resources available to eligible former wrongful detainees and hostages and their family members. SEC. 6205. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.

Nothing in this title or the amendments made by this title may be construed as preventing the freedom of travel of United States citizens.

### TITLE LXIII—INTERNATIONAL TRAF-FICKING VICTIMS PROTECTION REAU-THORIZATION ACT OF 2025

### SEC. 6301. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2026".

### Subtitle A—Combating Human Trafficking Abroad

### SEC. 6311. UNITED STATES SUPPORT FOR INTE-GRATION OF ANTI-TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS INTERVENTIONS IN MUL-TILATERAL DEVELOPMENT BANKS.

- (a) REQUIREMENTS.—The Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the Secretary of State acting through the Ambassador-at-Large to Monitor and Combat Trafficking in Persons, shall instruct the United States Executive Director of each multilateral development bank (as defined in section 110(d) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7107(d))) to encourage the inclusion of a counter-trafficking strategy, including risk assessment and mitigation efforts as needed, in proposed projects in countries listed—
- (1) on the Tier 2 Watch List (required under section 110(b)(2)(A) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7107(b)(2)(A)), as amended by section 104(a));
- (2) under subparagraph (C) of section 110(b)(1) of the Trafficking Victims Protec-

tion Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7107(b)(1)) (commonly referred to as "Tier 3"); and

(3) as Special Cases in the most recent report on trafficking in persons required under such section (commonly referred to as the "Trafficking in Persons Report").

- (b) BRIEFINGS.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury, in consultation with the Secretary of State, shall brief the appropriate congressional committees regarding the implementation of this section.
- (c) GAO REPORT.—Not later than 2 years after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a report that details the activities of the United States relating to combating human trafficking, including forced labor, within multilateral development projects.
- (d) DEFINED TERM.—In this section, the term "appropriate congressional committees" means—
- (1) the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate;
- (2) the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate:
- (3) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives; and
- (4) the Committee on Appropriations of the House of Representatives.

#### SEC. 6312. COUNTER-TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS EFFORTS IN DEVELOPMENT CO-OPERATION AND ASSISTANCE POL-ICY.

The Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.) is amended—

- (1) in section 102(b)(4) (22 U.S.C. 2151–1(b)(4))—
- (A) in subparagraph (F), by striking "and" at the end;
- (B) in subparagraph (G), by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and
- (C) by adding at the end the following:
- "(H) effective counter-trafficking in persons policies and programs."; and
- (2) in section 492(d)(1) (22 U.S.C. 2292a(d)(1))—
- (A) by striking "that the funds" and inserting the following: "that—
  - "(A) the funds";
- (B) in subparagraph (A), as added by subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, by striking the period at the end and inserting "; and"; and
  - (C) by adding at the end the following:
- "(B) in carrying out the provisions of this chapter, the President shall, to the greatest extent possible—
- "(i) ensure that assistance made available under this section does not create or contribute to conditions that can be reasonably expected to result in an increase in trafficking in persons who are in conditions of heightened vulnerability as a result of natural and manmade disasters; and
- "(ii) integrate appropriate protections into the planning and execution of activities authorized under this chapter.".

### SEC. 6313. TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS TO TIER RANKINGS.

- (a) Modifications to Tier 2 Watch List.—Section 110(b)(2) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7107(b)(2)) is amended—
- (1) in the paragraph heading, by striking "SPECIAL" and inserting "TIER 2"; and
- (2) by amending subparagraph (A) to read as follows:
- "(A) SUBMISSION OF LIST.—Not later than the date on which the determinations described in subsections (c) and (d) are submitted to the appropriate congressional committees in accordance with such subsections, the Secretary of State shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees

- a list of countries that the Secretary determines require special scrutiny during the following year. Such list shall be composed of countries that have been listed pursuant to paragraph (1)(B) pursuant to the current annual report because—
- "(i) the estimated number of victims of severe forms of trafficking is very significant or is significantly increasing and the country is not taking proportional concrete actions: or
- "(ii) there is a failure to provide evidence of increasing efforts to combat severe forms of trafficking in persons from the previous year, including increased investigations, prosecutions and convictions of trafficking crimes, increased assistance to victims, and decreasing evidence of complicity in severe forms of trafficking by government officials."
- (b) Modification to Special Rule for Downgraded and Reinstated Countries.—Section 110(b)(2)(F) of such Act (22 U.S.C. 7107(b)(2)(F)) is amended—
- (1) in the matter preceding clause (i), by striking "the special watch list" and all that follows through "the country—" and inserting "the Tier 2 watch list described in subparagraph (A) for more than 2 years immediately after the country consecutively—";
- (2) in clause (i), in the matter preceding subclause (I), by striking "the special watch list described in subparagraph (A)(iii)" and inserting "the Tier 2 watch list described in subparagraph (A)"; and
- (3) in clause (ii), by inserting "in the year following such waiver under subparagraph (D)(ii)" before the period at the end.
- (c) Conforming Amendments.—Section 110(b) of such Act (22 U.S.C. 7107(b)) is further amended—
- (1) in paragraph (2), as amended by subsection (a)—
- (A) in subparagraph (B), by striking "special watch list" and inserting "Tier 2 watch list"
  - (B) in subparagraph (C)—
- (i) in the subparagraph heading, by striking "SPECIAL WATCH LIST" and inserting "TIER 2 WATCH LIST"; and
- (ii) by striking "special watch list" and inserting "Tier 2 watch list"; and
  - (C) in subparagraph (D)-
- (i) in the subparagraph heading, by striking "SPECIAL WATCH LIST" and inserting "TIER 2 WATCH LIST"; and
- (ii) in clause (i), by striking "special watch list" and inserting "Tier 2 watch list";
- (2) in paragraph (3)(B), in the matter preceding clause (i), by striking "clauses (i), (ii), and (iii) of"; and
  - (3) in paragraph (4)–
- (A) in subparagraph (A), in the matter preceding clause (i), by striking "each country described in paragraph (2)(A)(ii)" and inserting "each country described in paragraph (2)(A)"; and
- (B) in subparagraph (D)(ii), by striking "the Special Watch List" and inserting "the Tier 2 watch list".
- (d) FREDERICK DOUGLASS TRAFFICKING VICTIMS PREVENTION AND PROTECTION REAUTHORIZATION ACT OF 2018.—Section 204(b)(1) of the Frederick Douglass Trafficking Victims Prevention and Protection Reauthorization Act of 2018 (Public Law 115-425) is amended by striking "special watch list" and inserting "Tier 2 watch list".
- (e) BIPARTISAN CONGRESSIONAL TRADE PRIORITIES AND ACCOUNTABILITY ACT OF 2015.—Section 106(b)(6)(E)(iii) of the Bipartisan Congressional Trade Priorities and Accountability Act of 2015 (19 U.S.C. 4205(b)(6)(E)(iii) is amended by striking "under section" and all that follows and inserting "under section 110(b)(2)(A) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7107(b)(2)(A))".

### SEC. 6314. MODIFICATIONS TO THE PROGRAM TO END MODERN SLAVERY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1298 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2017 (22 U.S.C. 7114) is amended-
- (1) in subsection (g)(2), by striking "2020" and inserting "2029"; and
- (2) in subsection (h)(1), by striking "Not later than September 30, 2018, and September 30, 2020" and inserting "Not later than September 30, 2025, and September 30, 2029'
- (b) ELIGIBILITY.—To be eligible for funding under the Program to End Modern Slavery of the Office to Monitor and Combat Trafficking in Persons, a grant recipient shall-
- (1) publish the names of all subgrantee organizations on a publicly available website;
- (2) if the subgrantee organization expresses a security concern, the grant recipient shall relay such concerns to the Secretary of State, who shall transmit annually the names of all subgrantee organizations in a classified annex to the chairs of the appropriate congressional committees (as defined in section 1298(i) of the National Defense Authorization Act of 2017 (22 U.S.C. 7114(i))).
- (c) AWARD OF FUNDS.—All grants issued under the program referred to in subsection (b) shall be-
- (1) awarded on a competitive basis; and
- (2) subject to the regular congressional notification procedures applicable with respect to grants made available under section 1298(b) of the National Defense Authorization Act of 2017 (22 U.S.C. 7114(b)).

### SEC. 6315. CLARIFICATION OF NONHUMANI-TARIAN, NONTRADE-RELATED FOR-EIGN ASSISTANCE.

- (a) CLARIFICATION OF SCOPE OF WITHHELD Assistance.—Section 110(d)(1) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7107(d)(1)) is amended to read as follows:
- WITHHOLDING OF ASSISTANCE.—The President has determined that-
- "(A) the United States will not provide nonhumanitarian, nontrade-related foreign assistance to the central government of the country or funding to facilitate the participation by officials or employees of such central government in educational and cultural exchange programs, for the subsequent fiscal vear until such government complies with the minimum standards or makes significant efforts to bring itself into compliance; and
- (B) the President will instruct the United States Executive Director of each multilateral development bank and of the International Monetary Fund to vote against, and to use the Executive Director's best efforts to deny, any loan or other utilization of the funds of the respective institution to that country (other than for humanitarian assistance, for trade-related assistance, or for development assistance that directly addresses basic human needs, is not administered by the central government of the sanctioned country, and is not provided for the benefit of that government) for the subsequent fiscal year until such government complies with the minimum standards or makes significant efforts to bring itself into compliance.
- NONHUMANITARIAN, DEFINITION OF NONTRADE RELATED ASSISTANCE.—Section 103(10) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7102(10)) is amended to read as follows:
- NONHUMANITARIAN, ··(10) NONTRADE-RE-LATED FOREIGN ASSISTANCE.-
- (A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'nonhumanitarian, nontrade-related foreign assistance'
- (i) sales, or financing on any terms, under the Arms Export Control Act (22 U.S.C. 2751 et seq.), other than sales or financing provided for narcotics-related purposes lowing notification in accordance with the

- prior notification procedures applicable to reprogrammings pursuant to section 634A of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2394–1); or
- "(ii) United States foreign assistance, other than-
- "(I) with respect to the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961
- "(aa) assistance for international narcotics and law enforcement under chapter 8 of part I of such Act (22 U.S.C. 2291 et seq.);
- '(bb) assistance for International Disaster Assistance under subsections (b) and (c) of section 491 of such Act (22 U.S.C. 2292);
- "(cc) antiterrorism assistance under chapter 8 of part II of such Act (22 U.S.C. 2349aa et seq.); and
- "(dd) health programs under chapters 1 and 10 of part I and chapter 4 of part II of such Act (22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.);
- "(II) assistance under the Food for Peace Act (7 U.S.C. 1691 et seq.);
- "(III) assistance under sections 2(a), (b), and (c) of the Migration and Refugee Assistance Act of 1962 (22 U.S.C. 2601(a), (b), (c)) to meet refugee and migration needs:
- '(IV) any form of United States foreign assistance provided through nongovernmental organizations, international organizations, or private sector partners-
- "(aa) to combat human and wildlife trafficking:
  - "(bb) to promote food security;
  - "(cc) to respond to emergencies;
- "(dd) to provide humanitarian assistance;
- "(ee) to address basic human needs, including for education:
- "(ff) to advance global health security; or
- '(gg) to promote trade; and
- "(V) any other form of United States foreign assistance that the President determines, by not later than October 1 of each fiscal year, is necessary to advance the secueconomic, humanitarian, or global health interests of the United States without compromising the steadfast United States commitment to combating human ficking globally.
- "(B) EXCLUSIONS.—The term 'nonhumanitarian, nontrade-related foreign assistance' shall not include payments to or the participation of government entities necessary or incidental to the implementation of a program that is otherwise consistent with section 110."

### SEC. 6316. EXPANDING PROTECTIONS FOR DO-MESTIC WORKERS OF OFFICIAL AND DIPLOMATIC PERSONS.

Section 203(b) of the William Wilberforce Trafficking Victims Protection Reauthorization Act of 2008 (8 U.S.C. 1375c(b)) is amended by inserting after paragraph (4) the following:

- "(5) NATIONAL EXPANSION OF IN-PERSON REG-ISTRATION PROGRAM.—The Secretary shall administer the Domestic Worker In-Person Registration Program for employees with A-3 visas or G-5 visas employed by accredited foreign mission members or international organization employees and shall expand this program nationally, which shall include-
- "(A) after the arrival of each such employee in the United States, and annually during the course of such employee's employment, a description of the rights of such employee under applicable Federal and State
- "(B) provision of a copy of the pamphlet developed pursuant to section 202 to the employee with an A-3 visa or a G-5 visa; and
- "(C) information on how to contact the National Human Trafficking Hotline.
- "(6) Monitoring and training of A-3 and G-5 VISA EMPLOYERS ACCREDITED TO FOREIGN MISSIONS AND INTERNATIONAL TIONS.—The Secretary shall—
- "(A) inform embassies, international organizations, and foreign missions of the rights

- of A-3 and G-5 domestic workers under the applicable labor laws of the United States, including the fair labor standards described in the pamphlet developed pursuant to section 202 and material on labor standards and labor rights of domestic worker employees who hold A-3 and G-5 visas;
- "(B) inform embassies, international organizations, and foreign missions of the potential consequences to individuals holding a nonimmigrant visa issued pursuant to subparagraph (A)(i), (A)(ii), (G)(i), (G)(ii), or (G)(iii) of section 101(a)(15) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(15)) who violate the laws described in subclause (I)(aa), including (at the discretion of the Secretary)-
- "(i) the suspension of A-3 visas and G-5 visas:
  - "(ii) request for waiver of immunity;
  - "(iii) criminal prosecution;
  - "(iv) civil damages; and
- "(v) permanent revocation of or refusal to renew the visa of the accredited foreign mission or international organization employee; and
- "(C) require all accredited foreign mission and international organization employers of individuals holding A-3 visas or G-5 visas to report the wages paid to such employees on an annual basis."

### SEC. 6317. EFFECTIVE DATES.

Sections 6314(b) and 6315, and the amendments made by those sections, take effect on the date that is the first day of the first full reporting period for the report required under section 110(b)(1) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7107(b)(1)) after the date of the enactment of this Act.

### Subtitle B-Authorization of Appropriations SEC. 6321. EXTENSION OF AUTHORIZATIONS UNDER THE VICTIMS OF TRAFFICKING AND VIOLENCE PROTEC-TION ACT OF 2000.

Section 113 of the Victims of Trafficking and Violence Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7110) is amended-

- (1) in subsection (a), by striking "2018 through 2021, \$13,822,000" and inserting "2026 through 2030, \$17,000,000"; and
  - (2) in subsection (c)-
- (A) in paragraph (1), in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking ' through 2021, \$65,000,000" and inserting "2026 through 2030, \$102,500,000"; and
  - (B) by adding at the end the following:
- (3) Programs to end modern slavery. Of the amounts authorized by paragraph (1) to be appropriated for a fiscal year, not more than \$37.500.000 may be made available to fund programs to end modern slavery."

#### EXTENSION OF AUTHORIZATIONS SEC. 6322. THE UNDER INTERNATIONAL MEGAN'S LAW.

Section 11 of the International Megan's Law to Prevent Child Exploitation and Other Sexual Crimes Through Advanced Notification of Traveling Sex Offenders (34 U.S.C. 21509) is amended by striking "2018 through 2021" and inserting "2025 through 2029".

### Subtitle C—Briefings

### SEC. 6331. BRIEFING ON ANNUAL TRAFFICKING IN PERSON'S REPORT.

Not later than 30 days after the public designation of country tier rankings and subsequent publishing of the Trafficking in Persons Report, the Secretary of State shall brief the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives on-

- (1) countries that were downgraded or upgraded in the most recent Trafficking in Persons Report; and
- (2) the efforts made by the United States to improve counter-trafficking efforts in

those countries, including foreign government efforts to better meet minimum standards to eliminate human trafficking.

### SEC. 6332. BRIEFING ON USE AND JUSTIFICATION OF WAIVERS.

Not later than 30 days after the President has determined to issue a waiver under section 110(d)(5) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. 7107(d)(5)), the Secretary of State shall brief the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate and the Committee on Foreign Affairs of the House of Representatives on—

- (1) each country that received a waiver;
- (2) the justification for each such waiver; and
- (3) a description of the efforts made by each country to meet the minimum standards to eliminate human trafficking.

SA 3749. Mr. HAWLEY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 2296, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

### At the end of title X, add the following:

### Subtitle H—STOP CSAM Act of 2025

SEC. 1091. SHORT TITLE.

This subtitle may be cited as the "Strengthening Transparency and Obligations to Protect Children Suffering from Abuse and Mistreatment Act of 2025" or the "STOP CSAM Act of 2025".

### SEC. 1092. PROTECTING CHILD VICTIMS AND WITNESSES IN FEDERAL COURT.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 3509 of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
- (1) in subsection (a)—
- (A) in paragraph (2)(A), by striking "or exploitation" and inserting "exploitation, or kidnapping, including international parental kidnapping";
- (B) in paragraph (3), by striking "physical or mental injury" and inserting "physical injury, psychological abuse";
- (C) by striking paragraphs (5), (6), and (7) and inserting the following:
- "(5) the term 'psychological abuse' includes—
- "(A) a pattern of acts, threats of acts, or coercive tactics intended to degrade, humiliate, intimidate, or terrorize a child; and
- $\mbox{``(B)}$  the infliction of trauma on a child through—
  - "(i) isolation;
- "(ii) the withholding of food or other necessities in order to control behavior;
- "(iii) physical restraint; or
- "(iv) the confinement of the child without the child's consent and in degrading conditions:
  - "(6) the term 'exploitation' means—
  - "(A) child pornography;
  - ``(B) child sex trafficking; or
- "(C) an obscene visual depiction of a child;
- "(7) the term 'multidisciplinary child abuse team' means a professional unit of individuals working together to investigate child abuse and provide assistance and support to a victim of child abuse, composed of representatives from—
- "(A) health, social service, and legal service agencies that represent the child;
- "(B) law enforcement agencies and prosecutorial offices; and
- "(C) children's advocacy centers;";
- (D) in paragraph (9)(D)—
- (i) by striking "genitals" and inserting "anus, genitals,"; and

- (ii) by striking "or animal";
- (E) in paragraph (11), by striking "and" at the end:
- (F) in paragraph (12)—
- (i) by striking "the term 'child abuse' does not" and inserting "the terms 'physical injury' and 'psychological abuse' do not"; and (ii) by striking the period and inserting a
- (11) by striking the period and inserting a semicolon; and
- (G) by adding at the end the following:
- "(13) the term 'covered person' means a person of any age who—
  - "(A) is or is alleged to be-
- "(i) a victim of a crime of physical abuse, sexual abuse, exploitation, or kidnapping, including international parental kidnapping; or
- "(ii) a witness to a crime committed against another person; and
- "(B) was under the age of 18 when the crime described in subparagraph (A) was committed:
- "(14) the term 'protected information', with respect to a covered person, includes—
  "(A) personally identifiable information of the covered person, including—
- "(i) the name of the covered person;
- "(ii) an address;
- "(iii) a phone number;
- "(iv) a user name or identifying information for an online, social media, or email account; and
- "(v) any information that can be used to distinguish or trace the identity of the covered person, either alone or when combined with other information that is linked or linkable to the covered person;
- "(B) medical, dental, behavioral, psychiatric, or psychological information of the covered person:
- "(C) educational or juvenile justice records of the covered person; and
- "(D) any other information concerning the covered person that is deemed 'protected information' by order of the court under subsection (d)(5):
- "(15) the term 'child pornography' has the meaning given the term in section 2256(8); and
- "(16) the term 'obscene visual depiction of a child' means any visual depiction prohibited by section 1466A involving an identifiable minor, as that term is defined in section 2256(9)".
- (2) in subsection (b)—
- (A) in paragraph (1)(C), by striking "minor" and inserting "child"; and
- (B) in paragraph (2)—
- (i) in the heading, by striking "VIDEOTAPED" and inserting "RECORDED";
- (ii) in subparagraph (A), by striking "that the deposition be recorded and preserved on videotape" and inserting "that a video recording of the deposition be made and preserved":
- (iii) in subparagraph (B)—
- (I) in clause (ii), by striking "that the child's deposition be taken and preserved by videotape" and inserting "that a video recording of the child's deposition be made and preserved";
- (II) in clause (iii)—
- (aa) in the matter preceding subclause (I), by striking "videotape" and inserting "recorded"; and
- (bb) in subclause (IV), by striking "videotape" and inserting "recording"; and
- (III) in clause (v)—
- (aa) in the heading, by striking "VIDEO-TAPE" and inserting "VIDEO RECORDING";
- (bb) in the first sentence, by striking "made and preserved on video tape" and inserting "recorded and preserved"; and
- (cc) in the second sentence, by striking "videotape" and inserting "video recording";
- (iv) in subparagraph (C), by striking "child's videotaped" and inserting "video recording of the child's";

- (v) in subparagraph (D)—
- (I) by striking "videotaping" and inserting "deposition"; and
- (II) by striking "videotaped" and inserting "recorded";
- (vi) in subparagraph (E), by striking "videotaped" and inserting "recorded"; and
- (vii) in subparagraph (F), by striking "videotape" each place the term appears and inserting "video recording";
  - (3) in subsection (d)—
  - (A) in paragraph (1)(A)—
- (i) in clause (i), by striking "the name or any other information concerning a child" and inserting "a covered person's protected information"; and
  - (ii) in clause (ii)—
- (I) by striking "documents described in clause (i) or the information in them that concerns a child" and inserting "a covered person's protected information"; and
- (II) by striking ", have reason to know such information" and inserting "(including witnesses or potential witnesses), have reason to know each item of protected information to be disclosed";
  - (B) in paragraph (2)—
- (i) by striking "the name of or any other information concerning a child" each place the term appears and inserting "a covered person's protected information":
- (ii) by redesignating subparagraphs (A) and (B) as clauses (i) and (ii), respectively, and adjusting the margins accordingly:
- adjusting the margins accordingly;
  (iii) by striking "All papers" and inserting
  the following:
  - "(A) IN GENERAL.—All papers"; and
  - (iv) by adding at the end the following:
- "(B) ENFORCEMENT OF VIOLATIONS.—The court may address a violation of subparagraph (A) in the same manner as disobedience or resistance to a lawful court order under section 401(3).";
  - (C) in paragraph (3)—
  - (i) in subparagraph (A)—
- (I) by striking "a child from public disclosure of the name of or any other information concerning the child" and inserting "a covered person's protected information from public disclosure"; and
- (II) by striking ", if the court determines that there is a significant possibility that such disclosure would be detrimental to the child";
  - (ii) in subparagraph (B)—
  - (I) in clause (i)—
- (aa) by striking "a child witness, and the testimony of any other witness" and inserting "any witness"; and (bb) by striking "the name of or any other
- (bb) by striking "the name of or any other information concerning a child" and inserting "a covered person's protected information"; and
- (II) in clause (ii), by striking "child" and inserting "covered person"; and
- (iii) by adding at the end the following:
- "(C)(i) For purposes of this paragraph, there shall be a presumption that public disclosure of a covered person's protected information would be detrimental to the covered person.
- "(ii) The court shall deny a motion for a protective order under subparagraph (A) only if the court finds that the party opposing the motion has rebutted the presumption under clause (i) of this subparagraph.";
  - (D) in paragraph (4)—
- (i) by striking "This subsection" and inserting the following:
- "(A) DISCLOSURE TO CERTAIN PARTIES.—This subsection";
  - (ii) in subparagraph (A), as so designated-
- (I) by striking "the name of or other information concerning a child" and inserting "a covered person's protected information"; and
- (II) by striking "or an adult attendant, or to" and inserting "an adult attendant, a law

enforcement agency for any intelligence or investigative purpose, or"; and

(iii) by adding at the end the following:

- "(B) REQUEST FOR PUBLIC DISCLOSURE. any party requests public disclosure of a covered person's protected information to further a public interest, the court shall deny the request unless the court finds that-
- "(i) the party seeking disclosure has established that there is a compelling public interest in publicly disclosing the covered person's protected information;
- "(ii) there is a substantial probability that the public interest would be harmed if the covered person's protected information is not disclosed;
- '(iii) the substantial probability of harm to the public interest outweighs the harm to the covered person from public disclosure of the covered person's protected information; and
- "(iv) there is no alternative to public disclosure of the covered person's protected information that would adequately protect the public interest."; and
  - (E) by adding at the end the following:
- "(5) OTHER PROTECTED INFORMATION.—The court may order that information shall be considered to be 'protected information' for purposes of this subsection if the court finds that the information is sufficiently personal. sensitive, or identifying that it should be subject to the protections and presumptions under this subsection.":
- (4) by striking subsection (f) and inserting the following:
  "(f) VICTIM IMPACT STATEMENT.-
- "(1) PROBATION OFFICER.—In preparing the presentence report pursuant to rule 32(c) of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure, the probation officer shall request information from the multidisciplinary child abuse team, if applicable, or other appropriate sources to determine the impact of the offense on a child victim and any other children who may have been affected by the offense.
- "(2) GUARDIAN AD LITEM.—A guardian ad litem appointed under subsection (h) shall-
- "(A) make every effort to obtain and report information that accurately expresses the views of a child victim, and the views of family members as appropriate, concerning the impact of the offense; and
- (B) use forms that permit a child victim to express the child's views concerning the personal consequences of the offense, at a level and in a form of communication commensurate with the child's age and ability.'
- (5) in subsection (h), by adding at the end the following:
- '(4) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be appropriated to the United States courts to carry out this subsection \$25,000,000 for each fiscal year.
- (B) SUPERVISION OF PAYMENTS —Payments from appropriations authorized under subparagraph (A) shall be made under the supervision of the Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts.";
  - (6) in subsection (i)-
- (A) by striking "A child testifying at or attending a judicial proceeding" and inserting the following:
- '(1) IN GENERAL.—A child testifying at a judicial proceeding, including in a manner described in subsection (b),"
- (B) in paragraph (1), as so designated-
- (i) in the third sentence, by striking "proceeding" and inserting "testimony"; and
- (ii) by striking the fifth sentence; and
- (C) by adding at the end the following:
- (2) RECORDING.—If the adult attendant is in close physical proximity to or in contact with the child while the child testifies
- '(A) at a judicial proceeding, a video recording of the adult attendant shall be made and shall become part of the court record; or

- "(B) in a manner described in subsection (b), the adult attendant shall be visible on the closed-circuit television or in the recorded deposition.
- "(3) COVERED PERSONS ATTENDING PRO-CEEDING .- A covered person shall have the right to be accompanied by an adult attendwhen attending any judicial proceeding."
  - (7) in subsection (j)-
- (A) by striking "child" each place the term appears and inserting "covered person"; and (B) in the fourth sentence-
- (i) by striking "and the potential" and inserting ", the potential";
- (ii) by striking "child's" and inserting covered person's"; and
- (iii) by inserting before the period at the end the following: ", and the necessity of the continuance to protect the defendant's rights";
- (8) in subsection (k), by striking "child" each place the term appears and inserting "covered person":
- (9) in subsection (1), by striking "child" each place the term appears and inserting 'covered person'; and
  - (10) in subsection (m)-
- (A) by striking "(as defined by section 2256 of this title)" each place it appears;
- (B) by inserting "or an obscene visual depiction of a child" after "child pornography" each place it appears except the second instance in paragraph (3);
- (C) in paragraph (1), by inserting "and any civil action brought under section 2255 or 2255A" after "any criminal proceeding";
- (D) in paragraph (2), by adding at the end the following:
- "(C)(i) Notwithstanding rule 26 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, a court shall deny, in any civil action brought under section 2255 or 2255A, any request by any party to copy, photograph, duplicate, or otherwise reproduce any property or material that constitutes child pornography or an obscene visual depiction of a child.
- (ii) In a civil action brought under section 2255 or 2255A, for purposes of paragraph (1), the court may
- '(I) order the plaintiff or defendant to provide to the court or the Government, as applicable, any equipment necessary to maintain care, custody, and control of such property or material; and
- "(II) take reasonable measures, and may order the Government (if such property or material is in the care, custody, and control of the Government) to take reasonable measures, to provide each party to the action, the attorney of each party, and any individual a party may seek to qualify as an expert, with ample opportunity to inspect, view, and examine such property or material at the court or a Government facility, as applicable."; and
  - (E) in paragraph (3)—
- (i) by inserting "and during the 1-year period following the date on which the criminal proceeding becomes final or is terminated" after "any criminal proceeding";
- (ii) by striking ", as defined under section 2256(8),"; and
- (iii) by inserting "or obscene visual depiction of a child" after "such child pornography'
- EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to conduct that occurs before, on, or after the date of enactment of this Act.

#### SEC. 1093. FACILITATING PAYMENT OF RESTITU-TION; TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS TO RESTITUTION STATUTES.

- Title 18, United States Code, is amended-(1) in section 1593(c)-
- (A) by inserting "(1)" after "(c)";
- (B) by striking "chapter, including, in" and inserting the following: "chapter.

- "(2) In": and
- (C) in paragraph (2), as so designated, by inserting "may assume the rights of the victim under this section" after "suitable by the court";
  - (2) in section 2248(c)—
- (A) by striking "For purposes" and inserting the following:
  - (1) IN GENERAL.—For purposes";
- (B) by striking "chapter, including, in" and inserting the following: "chapter.
- "(2) ASSUMPTION  $^{
  m OF}$ CRIME RIGHTS .- In"; and
- (C) in paragraph (2), as so designated, by inserting "may assume the rights of the victim under this section" after "suitable by the court":
  - (3) in section 2259-
- (A) by striking subsection (a) and inserting the following:
- "(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding section 3663 or 3663A, and in addition to any other civil or criminal penalty authorized by law, the court shall order restitution for any offense under-
- "(1) section 1466A, to the extent the conduct involves a visual depiction of an identifiable minor: or
  - "(2) this chapter."
  - (B) in subsection (b)—
- (i) in paragraph (1), by striking "DIREC-TIONS.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), the" and inserting "RESTITUTION FOR CHILD PORNOGRAPHY PRODUCTION.—If the defendant was convicted of child pornography production, the"; and
- (ii) in paragraph (2)(B), by striking "\$3,000." and inserting the following: "-
  - "(i) \$3,000; or
- "(ii) 10 percent of the full amount of the victim's losses, if the full amount of the victim's losses is less than \$3,000."; and
  - (C) in subsection (c)-
- (i) by striking paragraph (1) and inserting the following:
- "(1) CHILD PORNOGRAPHY PRODUCTION.—For purposes of this section and section 2259A, the term 'child pornography production'
- "(A) a violation of, attempted violation of, or conspiracy to violate section 1466A(a) to the extent the conduct involves production of a visual depiction of an identifiable minor;
- "(B) a violation of, attempted violation of, or conspiracy to violate section 1466A(a) involving possession with intent to distribute, or section 1466A(b), to the extent the conduct involves a visual depiction of an identifiable minor-
- "(i) produced by the defendant; or
- "(ii) that the defendant attempted or conspired to produce:
- '(C) a violation of subsection (a), (b), or (c) of section 2251, or an attempt or conspiracy to violate any of those subsections under subsection (e) of that section;
  - "(D) a violation of section 2251A;
- "(E) a violation of section 2252(a)(4) or 2252A(a)(5), or an attempt or conspiracy to violate either of those sections under section 2252(b)(2) or 2252A(b)(2), to the extent such conduct involves child pornography-
- "(i) produced by the defendant; or
- "(ii) that the defendant attempted or conspired to produce;
- "(F) a violation of subsection (a)(7) of section 2252A, or an attempt or conspiracy to violate that subsection under subsection (b)(3) of that section, to the extent the conduct involves production with intent to dis-
- "(G) a violation of section 2252A(g) if the series of felony violations involves not fewer than 1 violation-
- "(i) described in subparagraph (A), (B), (E), or (F) of this paragraph;
  - "(ii) of section 1591; or

- "(iii) of section 1201, chapter 109A, or chapter 117, if the victim is a minor:
- "(H) a violation of subsection (a) of section 2260, or an attempt or conspiracy to violate that subsection under subsection (c)(1) of that section:
- "(I) a violation of section 2260B(a)(2) for promoting or facilitating an offense—
- "(i) described in subparagraph (A), (B), (D), or (E) of this paragraph; or
  - "(ii) under section 2422(b); and
- "(J) a violation of chapter 109A or chapter 117, if the offense involves the production or attempted production of, or conspiracy to produce, child pornography.";
- (ii) by striking paragraph (3) and inserting the following:
- "(3) Trafficking in Child Pornography.— For purposes of this section and section 2259A, the term 'trafficking in child pornography' means—
- "(A) a violation of, attempted violation of, or conspiracy to violate section 1466A(a) to the extent the conduct involves distribution or receipt of a visual depiction of an identifiable minor:
- "(B) a violation of, attempted violation of, or conspiracy to violate section 1466A(a) involving possession with intent to distribute, or section 1466A(b), to the extent the conduct involves a visual depiction of an identifiable minor—
  - "(i) not produced by the defendant; or
- "(ii) that the defendant did not attempt or conspire to produce:
- "(C) a violation of subsection (d) of section 2251 or an attempt or conspiracy to violate that subsection under subsection (e) of that section:
- "(D) a violation of paragraph (1), (2), or (3) of subsection (a) of section 2252, or an attempt or conspiracy to violate any of those paragraphs under subsection (b)(1) of that section:
- "(E) a violation of section 2252(a)(4) or 2252A(a)(5), or an attempt or conspiracy to violate either of those sections under section 2252(b)(2) or 2252A(b)(2), to the extent such conduct involves child pornography—
  - $\lq\lq(i)$  not produced by the defendant; or
- "(ii) that the defendant did not attempt or conspire to produce:
- "(F) a violation of paragraph (1), (2), (3), (4), or (6) of subsection (a) of section 2252A, or an attempt or conspiracy to violate any of those paragraphs under subsection (b)(1) of that section:
- "(G) a violation of subsection (a)(7) of section 2252A, or an attempt or conspiracy to violate that subsection under subsection (b)(3) of that section, to the extent the conduct involves distribution:
- "(H) a violation of section 2252A(g) if the series of felony violations exclusively involves violations described in this paragraph (except subparagraphs (A) and (B)):
- "(I) a violation of subsection (b) of section 2260, or an attempt or conspiracy to violate that subsection under subsection (c)(2) of that section; and
- "(J) a violation of subsection (a)(1) of section 2260B, or a violation of subsection (a)(2) of that section for promoting or facilitating an offense described in this paragraph (except subparagraphs (A) and (B))."; and
- (iii) in paragraph (4), in the first sentence, by inserting "or an identifiable minor harmed as a result of the commission of a crime under section 1466A" after "under this chanter":
  - (4) in section 2259A(a)—
- (A) in paragraph (1), by striking "under section 2252(a)(4) or 2252A(a)(5)" and inserting "described in subparagraph (B) or (E) of section 2259(c)(3)"; and
- (B) in paragraph (2), by striking "any other offense for trafficking in child pornography" and inserting "any offense for trafficking in

- child pornography other than an offense described in subparagraph (B) or (E) of section 2259(c)(3)":
  - (5) in section 2429-
- (A) in subsection (b)(3), by striking "2259(b)(3)" and inserting "2259(c)(2)"; and
- (B) in subsection (d)-
- (i) by inserting "(1)" after "(d)";
- (ii) by striking "chapter, including, in" and inserting the following: "chapter.
- "(2) In": and
- (iii) in paragraph (2), as so designated, by inserting "may assume the rights of the victim under this section" after "suitable by the court"; and
- (6) in section 3664, by adding at the end the following:
  - "(q) TRUSTEE OR OTHER FIDUCIARY.-
- "(1) IN GENERAL.-
- "(A) APPOINTMENT OF TRUSTEE OR OTHER FIDUCIARY.—When the court issues an order of restitution under section 1593, 2248, 2259, 2429, or 3663, or subparagraphs (A)(i) and (B) of section 3663A(c)(1), for a victim described in subparagraph (B) of this paragraph, the court, at its own discretion or upon motion by the Government, may appoint a trustee or other fiduciary to hold any amount paid for restitution in a trust or other official account for the benefit of the victim.
- "(B) COVERED VICTIMS.—A victim referred to in subparagraph (A) is a victim who is—
- "(i) under the age of 18 at the time of the proceeding;
  - "(ii) incompetent or incapacitated; or
- "(iii) subject to paragraph (3), a foreign citizen or stateless person residing outside the United States.
- "(2) ORDER.—When the court appoints a trustee or other fiduciary under paragraph (1), the court shall issue an order specifying—
- "(A) the duties of the trustee or other fiduciary, which shall require—
- "(i) the administration of the trust or maintaining an official account in the best interests of the victim; and
- ``(ii) disbursing payments from the trust or account—
- "(I) to the victim; or
- $\lq\lq(\Pi)$  to any individual or entity on behalf of the victim;
- "(B) that the trustee or other fiduciary—
  "(i) shall avoid any conflict of interest;
- "(ii) may not profit from the administration of the trust or maintaining an official account for the benefit of the victim other than as specified in the order; and
- "(iii) may not delegate administration of the trust or maintaining the official account to any other person;
- "(C) if and when the trust or the duties of the other fiduciary will expire; and
- "(D) the fees payable to the trustee or other fiduciary to cover expenses of administering the trust or maintaining the official account for the benefit of the victim, and the schedule for payment of those fees.
- "'(3) FACT-FINDING REGARDING FOREIGN CITIZENS AND STATELESS PERSON.—In the case of a victim who is a foreign citizen or stateless person residing outside the United States and is not under the age of 18 at the time of the proceeding or incompetent or incapacitated, the court may appoint a trustee or other fiduciary under paragraph (1) only if the court finds it necessary to—
- "(A) protect the safety or security of the victim; or
- "(B) provide a reliable means for the victim to access or benefit from the restitution payments.
- "(4) PAYMENT OF FEES.—
- "(A) In general.—The court may, with respect to the fees of the trustee or other fiduciary—
  - "(i) pay the fees in whole or in part; or

- "(ii) order the defendant to pay the fees in whole or in part.
- "(B) APPLICABILITY OF OTHER PROVISIONS.— With respect to a court order under subparagraph (A)(ii) requiring a defendant to pay fees—
- "(i) subsection (f)(3) shall apply to the court order in the same manner as that subsection applies to a restitution order:
- "(ii) subchapter C of chapter 227 (other than section 3571) shall apply to the court order in the same manner as that subchapter applies to a sentence of a fine; and
- "(iii) subchapter B of chapter 229 shall apply to the court order in the same manner as that subchapter applies to the implementation of a sentence of a fine.
- "(C) EFFECT ON OTHER PENALTIES.—Imposition of payment under subparagraph (A)(ii) shall not relieve a defendant of, or entitle a defendant to a reduction in the amount of, any special assessment, restitution, other fines, penalties, or costs, or other payments required under the defendant's sentence.
- other provision of law, if the court orders the defendant to make any payment under subparagraph (A)(ii), the court may provide a payment schedule that is concurrent with the payment of any other financial obligation described in subparagraph (C).
- "(5) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
  "(A) IN GENERAL.—There is authorized to be appropriated to the United States courts
- be appropriated to the United States courts to carry out this subsection \$15,000,000 for each fiscal year.
- "(B) SUPERVISION OF PAYMENTS.—Payments from appropriations authorized under subparagraph (A) shall be made under the supervision of the Director of the Administrative Office of the United States Courts."

# SEC. 1094. CYBERTIPLINE IMPROVEMENTS, AND ACCOUNTABILITY AND TRANSPARENCY BY THE TECH INDUSTRY.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 110 of title 18, United States Code, is amended—
  - (1) in section 2258A-
- (A) by striking subsections (a), (b), and (c) and inserting the following:
  - "(a) DUTY TO REPORT.—
- "(1) DUTY.—In order to reduce the proliferation of online child sexual exploitation and to prevent the online sexual exploitation of children, as soon as reasonably possible after obtaining actual knowledge of any facts or circumstances described in paragraph (2) or any apparent child pornography on the provider's service, and in any event not later than 60 days after obtaining such knowledge, a provider shall submit to the CyberTipline of NCMEC, or any successor to the CyberTipline operated by NCMEC, a report that—
  - "(A) shall contain-
- "(i) the mailing address, telephone number, facsimile number, electronic mailing address of, and individual point of contact for, such provider; and
- "(ii) information or material described in subsection (b)(1)(A) concerning such facts or circumstances or apparent child pornography; and
- "(B) may contain information described in subsection (b)(2), including any available information to identify or locate any involved minor.
- "(2) FACTS OR CIRCUMSTANCES.—The facts or circumstances described in this paragraph are any facts or circumstances indicating an apparent, planned, or imminent violation of section 1591 (if the violation involves a minor), 2251, 2251A, 2252, 2252A, 2252B, 2260, or 2422(b).
- "(3) COMPLAINANT INFORMATION.—For a report premised on a complaint or notification

submitted to a provider by a user of the provider's product or service, or a parent, guardian, or representative of such user, the provider shall take reasonable measures to determine what information or material in the user's account shall be included in the report as provided in subsection (b)(1)(A)(vi).

"(b) Contents of Report.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—In an effort to prevent the future sexual victimization of children, and to the extent the information is within the custody or control of a provider, each report provided under subsection (a)(1)—

"(A) shall include, to the extent that it is applicable and reasonably available—

"(i) the name, address, electronic mail address, user or account identification, Internet Protocol address, port number, and uniform resource locator of any individual who is a subject of the report:

"(ii) the terms of service in effect at the time of—  $\,$ 

"(I) the apparent violation; or

"(II) the detection of apparent child pornography or a planned or imminent violation:

"(iii) a copy of any apparent child pornography that is the subject of the report, or all accessible chats, messages, or text exchanges that are related to the report, that were identified in a publicly available location;

"(iv) for each item of apparent child pornography included in the report under clause (iii) or paragraph (2)(E), information indicating whether—

"(I) the apparent child pornography was publicly available; or

"(II) the provider, in its sole discretion, viewed the apparent child pornography, or any copy thereof, at any point concurrent with or prior to the submission of the report;

"(v) for each item of apparent child pornography that is the subject of the report, an indication as to whether the apparent child pornography—

"(I) is created in whole or in part through the use of software, machine learning, artificial intelligence, or any other computer-generated or technological means, including by adapting, modifying, manipulating, or altering an authentic visual depiction;

"(II) has previously been the subject of a report under subsection (a)(1); or

"(III) is the subject of multiple contemporaneous reports due to rapid and widespread distribution; and

"(vi) any and all information or material (including apparent child pornography, chats, messages, or text exchanges) relating to the subject of the report in the account of a user of the provider's product or service, if the user, or the parent, guardian, or representative of such user—

"(I) provided the information or material in a notification or complaint to the provider:

"(II) indicates that such information or material should be included in the report; or "(III) consents to the inclusion of such in-

formation or material in the report; and

"(B) may, at the sole discretion of the provider, include the information described in paragraph (2) of this subsection.

"(2) OTHER INFORMATION.—The information referred to in paragraph (1)(B) is the following:

"(A) INFORMATION ABOUT ANY INVOLVED IN-DIVIDUAL.—Any information relating to the identity or location of any individual who is a subject of the report, including payment or financial information (excluding personally identifiable information) and self-reported identifying or locating information.

"(B) Information about any involved minor.—Information relating to the identity or location of any involved minor, which may include an address, electronic mail address, Internet Protocol address, port num-

ber, uniform resource locator, payment or financial information (excluding personally identifiable information), or any other information that may identify or locate any involved minor, including self-reported identifying or locating information.

"(C) HISTORICAL REFERENCE.—Information relating to when and how a customer or subscriber of a provider uploaded, transmitted, or received content relating to the report or when and how content relating to the report was reported to, or discovered by the provider, including a date and time stamp and time zone.

"(D) GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION INFORMATION.—Information relating to the geographic location of the involved individual or website, which may include the Internet Protocol address, port number, or verified address, or, if not reasonably available, at least one form of geographic identifying information, including area code or ZIP Code, provided by the customer or subscriber, or stored or obtained by the provider.

"(E) APPARENT CHILD PORNOGRAPHY.—Any apparent child pornography not described in paragraph (1)(A)(iii), or other content related to the subject of the report.

"(F) COMPLETE COMMUNICATION.—The complete communication containing any apparent child pornography or other content, including—

"(i) any data or information regarding the transmission of the communication; and

"(ii) any visual depictions, data, or other digital files contained in, or attached to, the communication

"(G) TECHNICAL IDENTIFIER.—An industrystandard hash value or other similar industry-standard technical identifier for any reported visual depiction as it existed on the provider's service.

"(H) DESCRIPTION.—For any item of apparent child pornography that is the subject of the report, an indication of whether—

"(i) the depicted sexually explicit conduct involves—

"(I) genital, oral, or anal sexual intercourse;

``(II) bestiality;

"(III) masturbation;

''(IV) sadistic or masochistic abuse; or

``(V) lascivious exhibition of the anus, genitals, or pubic area of any person; and

"(ii) the depicted minor is-

"(I) an infant or toddler;

"(II) prepubescent;

"(III) pubescent;

"(IV) post-pubescent; or

"(V) of an indeterminate age or develop-

mental stage.

"(I) CHATS, MESSAGES, OR TEXT EXCHANGES.—Chats, messages, or text exchanges that fully provide the context for the report.

"(3) FORMATTING OF REPORTS.—When a provider includes any information described in paragraph (1) or, at its sole discretion, any information described in paragraph (2) in a report to the CyberTipline of NCMEC, or any successor to the CyberTipline operated by NCMEC, the provider shall use best efforts to ensure that the report conforms with the structure of the CyberTipline or the successor, as applicable.

"(c) FORWARDING OF REPORT AND OTHER INFORMATION TO LAW ENFORCEMENT.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Pursuant to its clearinghouse role as a private, nonprofit organization, and at the conclusion of its review in furtherance of its nonprofit mission, NCMEC shall make available each report submitted under subsection (a)(1) to one or more of the following law enforcement agencies:

"(A) Any Federal law enforcement agency that is involved in the investigation of child sexual exploitation, kidnapping, or enticement crimes. "(B) Any State or local law enforcement agency that is involved in the investigation of child sexual exploitation.

"(C) A foreign law enforcement agency designated by the Attorney General under subsection (d)(3) or a foreign law enforcement agency that has an established relationship with the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Immigration and Customs Enforcement, or INTERPOL, and is involved in the investigation of child sexual exploitation, kidnapping, or enticement crimes.

"(2) TECHNICAL IDENTIFIERS.—If a report submitted under subsection (a)(1) contains an industry-standard hash value or other similar industry-standard technical identifier—

"(A) NCMEC may compare that hash value or identifier with any database or repository of visual depictions owned or operated by NCMEC; and

"(B) if the comparison under subparagraph (A) results in a match, NCMEC may include the matching visual depiction from its database or repository when forwarding the report to an agency described in subparagraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (1).";

(B) in subsection (d)-

(i) in paragraph (2), by striking "subsection (c)(1)" and inserting "subsection (c)(1)(A)";

(ii) in paragraph (3)—

(I) in subparagraph (A), by striking "subsection (c)(3)" and inserting "subsection (c)(1)(C)"; and

(II) in subparagraph (C), by striking "subsection (c)(3)" and inserting "subsection (c)(1)(C)"; and

(iii) in paragraph (5)(B)-

(I) in clause (i), by striking "forwarded" and inserting "made available"; and

(II) in clause (ii), by striking "forwarded" and inserting "made available";

(C) by striking subsection (e) and inserting the following:

"(e) Failure To Comply With Requirements.—

"(1) CRIMINAL PENALTY.—

"(A) OFFENSE.—It shall be unlawful for a provider to knowingly—

"(i) fail to submit a report under subsection (a)(1) within the time period required by that subsection; or

"(ii) fail to preserve material as required under subsection (h).

"(B) PENALTY.—

"(i) IN GENERAL.—A provider that violates subparagraph (A) shall be fined—

"(I) in the case of an initial violation, not more than—

''(aa) \$850,000 if the provider has not fewer than 100,000,000 monthly active users; or

"(bb) \$600,000 if the provider has fewer than 100,000,000 monthly active users; and

"(II) in the case of any second or subsequent violation, not more than—

''(aa) \$1,000,000 if the provider has not fewer than 100,000,000 monthly active users; or

"(bb) \$850,000 if the provider has fewer than 100,000,000 monthly active users.

"(ii) HARM TO INDIVIDUALS.—The maximum fine under clause (i) shall be doubled if an individual is harmed as a direct and proximate result of the applicable violation.

"(2) CIVIL PENALTY.-

"(A) VIOLATIONS RELATING TO CYBERTIPLINE REPORTS AND MATERIAL PRESERVATION.—A provider shall be liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty in an amount of not less than \$50,000 and not more than \$250,000 if the provider knowingly—

"(i) fails to submit a report under subsection (a)(1) within the time period required by that subsection;

"(ii) fails to preserve material as required under subsection (h); or

- "(iii) submits a report under subsection (a)(1) that—
- "(I) contains materially false or fraudulent information; or

"(II) omits information described in subsection (b)(1)(A) that is reasonably available.

- "(B) ANNUAL REPORT VIOLATIONS.—A provider shall be liable to the United States Government for a civil penalty in an amount of not less than \$100,000 and not more than \$1,000,000 if the provider knowingly—
- "(i) fails to submit an annual report as required under subsection (i); or
- "(ii) submits an annual report under subsection (i) that—
- "(I) contains a materially false, fraudulent, or misleading statement; or
- "(II) omits information described in subsection (i)(1) that is reasonably available.
- "(C) HARM TO INDIVIDUALS.—The amount of a civil penalty under subparagraph (A) or (B) shall be tripled if an individual is harmed as a direct and proximate result of the applicable violation.
- "(D) COSTS OF CIVIL ACTIONS.—A provider that commits a violation described in subparagraph (A) or (B) shall be liable to the United States Government for the costs of a civil action brought to recover a civil penalty under that subparagraph.
- "(E) ENFORCEMENT.—This paragraph shall be enforced in accordance with sections 3731, 3732, and 3733 of title 31, except that a civil action to recover a civil penalty under subparagraph (A) or (B) of this paragraph may only be brought by the United States Government.
- "(3) DEPOSIT OF FINES AND PENALTIES.— Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any criminal fine or civil penalty collected under this subsection shall be deposited into the Child Pornography Victims Reserve as provided in section 2259B.";
- (D) in subsection (f), by striking paragraph (3) and inserting the following:
- "(3) affirmatively search, screen, or scan for—
- "(A) facts or circumstances described in subsection (a)(2);
- "(B) information described in subsection (b)(2); or
  - "(C) any apparent child pornography.";
  - (E) in subsection (g)—
  - (i) in paragraph (2)(A)—
- (I) in clause (iii), by inserting "or personnel at a children's advocacy center" after "State)"; and
- (II) in clause (iv), by striking "State or subdivision of a State" and inserting "State, subdivision of a State, or children's advocacy center"; and
- (ii) in paragraph (3), in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by striking "subsection (a)" and inserting "subsection (a)(1)":
- (F) in subsection (h), by striking paragraph (5) and inserting the following:
- "(5) RELATION TO REPORTING REQUIRE-MENT.—Submission of a report as described in subsection (a)(1) does not satisfy the obligations under this subsection."; and
- (G) by adding at the end the following:
- "(i) ANNUAL REPORT.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than March 31 of the second year beginning after the date of enactment of the STOP CSAM Act of 2025, and of each year thereafter, a provider that had more than 1,000,000 unique monthly visitors or users during each month of the preceding year and accrued revenue of more than \$50,000,000 during the preceding year shall submit to the Attorney General and the Chair of the Federal Trade Commission a report, disaggregated by subsidiary, that provides the following information for the preceding year to the extent such information is applicable and reasonably available:
  - "(A) CYBERTIPLINE DATA.—

- "(i) The total number of reports that the provider submitted under subsection (a)(1).
- "(ii) Which items of information described in subsection (b)(2) are routinely included in the reports submitted by the provider under subsection (a)(1).
  - "(B) OTHER REPORTING TO THE PROVIDER.—
- "(i) The measures the provider has in place to receive other reports concerning child sexual exploitation and abuse using the provider's product or on the provider's service.
- "(ii) The average time for responding to reports described in clause (i).
- "(iii) The number of reports described in clause (i) that the provider received.
- "(iv) A summary description of the actions taken upon receipt of the reports described in clause (i).
- "(C) POLICIES.-
- "(i) A description of the policies of the provider with respect to the commission of child sexual exploitation and abuse using the provider's product or on the provider's service, including how child sexual exploitation and abuse is defined.
- "(ii) A description of possible user consequences for violations of the policies described in clause (i).
- "(iii) The methods of informing users of the policies described in clause (i).
- "(iv) The process for adjudicating potential violations of the policies described in clause (i).
- "(D) CULTURE OF SAFETY.—
- "(i) The measures, tools, and technologies that the provider deploys to—
- "(I) protect children from sexual exploitation and abuse using the provider's product or service:
- "(II) prevent or interdict activity by children related to sexual exploitation and abuse, including the posting or sharing of intimate visual depictions; and
- "(III) accurately identify adult and minor users.
- "(ii) The measures, tools, and technologies that the provider deploys to empower parents and guardians to protect their children from sexual exploitation and abuse using the provider's product or service.
- "(iii) The measures, tools, and technologies that the provider deploys to prevent the use of the provider's product or service by individuals seeking to commit child sexual exploitation and abuse.
- "(iv) With respect to the measures, tools, and technologies described in clauses (i), (ii), and (iii)—
- "(I) an assessment of their efficacy, including any relevant quantitative information indicating when and how often they are used; and
- "(II) information on any factors that limit their efficacy or create gaps in their protection and efforts by the provider to address those loopholes or gaps.
- "(v) A description of factors that interfere with the provider's ability to detect or evaluate instances of child sexual exploitation and abuse and an analysis of the impact of those factors.
- "(vi) Information shared by the provider with users about the risks to children on the provider's product or service concerning sexual exploitation and abuse and an assessment of the impact of the information on users, including any relevant quantitative information indicating how often the information is reviewed.
- "(vii) A description of efforts undertaken by the provider, to the extent appropriate, to allow for independent verification of the information provided pursuant to this subparagraph and of the efficacy of the measures, tools, and technologies described in clauses (i), (ii), and (iii), including through the facilitation of independent research.

- "(E) SAFETY BY DESIGN.—The measures that the provider takes before launching a new product or service—
  - "(i) to assess—
- "(I) the safety risks for children with respect to sexual exploitation and abuse; and
- "(II) whether and how individuals could use the new product or service to commit child sexual exploitation and abuse; and
  - "(ii) to determine-
- "(I) the appropriate age for users of the new product or service; and
- "(II) whether the new product or service will be adopted to commit child sexual exploitation and abuse.
- "(F) PREVALENCE, TRENDS, AND PATTERNS.— Any information concerning—
- "(i) the prevalence of child sexual exploitation and abuse on the provider's product or service, including the volume of child pornography that is available and that is being accessed, distributed, or received; and
- "(ii) emerging trends, risks, and changing patterns with respect to the commission of online child sexual exploitation and abuse.
- "(G) OTHER INFORMATION.—Any other information relevant to child sexual exploitation and abuse on the provider's product or service.
- "(2) AVOIDING DUPLICATION.—Notwithstanding the requirement under the matter preceding paragraph (1) that information be submitted annually, in the case of any report submitted under that paragraph after the initial report, a provider shall submit information described in subparagraphs (C) through (F) of that paragraph not less frequently than once every 3 years or when new information is available, whichever is more frequent.
- "(3) LIMITATION.—Nothing in paragraph (1) shall require the disclosure of trade secrets or other proprietary information.
  - "(4) Publication.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subparagraph (B), the Attorney General and the Chair of the Federal Trade Commission shall publish the reports received under this subsection.
  - "(B) REDACTION.—
- "(i) IN GENERAL.—Whether or not such redaction is requested by the provider, the Attorney General and Chair of the Federal Trade Commission shall redact from a report published under subparagraph (A) any information as necessary to avoid—
- "(I) undermining the efficacy of a safety measure described in the report; or
- ``(II) revealing how a product or service of a provider may be used to commit online child sexual exploitation and abuse.
  - "(ii) ADDITIONAL REDACTION.—
- "(I) REQUEST.—In addition to information redacted under clause (i), a provider may request the redaction, from a report published under subparagraph (A), of any information that is law enforcement sensitive or otherwise not suitable for public distribution.
- "(II) AGENCY DISCRETION.—The Attorney General and Chair of the Federal Trade Commission—
- "(aa) shall consider a request made under subclause (I); and
- "(bb) may, in their discretion, redact from a report published under subparagraph (A) any information pursuant to the request.";
  - (2) in section 2258B-
- (A) by striking subsection (a) and inserting the following:
  - "(a) IN GENERAL.—
- "(1) LIMITED LIABILITY.—Except as provided in subsection (b), a civil claim or criminal charge described in paragraph (2) may not be brought in any Federal or State court.
- "(2) COVERED CLAIMS AND CHARGES.—A civil claim or criminal charge referred to in paragraph (1) is a civil claim or criminal charge against a provider or domain name registrar,

including any director, officer, employee, or agent of such provider or domain name registrar, that is directly attributable to-

- "(A) the performance of the reporting or preservation responsibilities of such provider or domain name registrar under this section, section 2258A, or section 2258C;
- "(B) transmitting, distributing, or mailing child pornography to any Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, or giving such agency access to child pornography, in response to a search warrant, court order, or other legal process issued or obtained by such agency; or
- "(C) the use by the provider or domain name registrar of any material being preserved under section 2258A(h) by such provider or registrar for research and the development and training of tools, undertaken voluntarily and in good faith for the sole and exclusive purpose of-
- "(i) improving or facilitating reporting under this section, section 2258A, or section 2258C: or
- "(ii) stopping the online sexual exploitation of children."; and (B) in subsection (b)—
- (i) in paragraph (1), by striking "; or" and inserting "or knowingly failed to comply with a requirement under section 2258A:":
- (ii) in paragraph (2)(C)-
- (I) by striking "sections" and inserting "this section or section"; and
- $({\rm II})$  by striking the period and inserting "; or": and
  - (iii) by adding at the end the following:
- "(3) for purposes of subsection (a)(2)(C), knowingly distributed or transmitted the material, or made the material available, except as required by law, to-
  - '(A) any other entity:
- (B) any person not employed by the provider or domain name registrar; or
- '(C) any person employed by the provider or domain name registrar who is not conducting any research described in that subsection?
  - (3) in section 2258C-
- (A) in the section heading, by striking "the CyberTipline" and inserting "NCMEC";
  - (B) in subsection (a)—
- (i) in the subsection heading, by striking "INFORMATION "ELEMENTS" and inserting SHARING WITH PROVIDERS AND ENTITIES FOR THE PURPOSES OF PREVENTING AND CUR-TAILING THE ONLINE SEXUAL EXPLOITATION OF CHILDREN":
- (ii) in paragraph (1)—
- (I) by striking "to a provider" and inserting the following: "or submission to the Child Victim Identification Program to-
  - '(A) a provider'';
- (II) in subparagraph (A), as so designated— (aa) by inserting "use of the provider's products or services to commit" after "stop the": and
- (bb) by striking the period at the end and inserting "; or"; and
- (III) by adding at the end the following:
- '(B) an entity for the sole and exclusive purpose of preventing and curtailing the online sexual exploitation of children."; and
- (iii) in paragraph (2)-
- (I) in the heading, by striking "INCLU-SIONS" and inserting "ELEMENTS"
- (II) by striking "unique identifiers" and inserting "similar technical identifiers"
- (III) by inserting "or content, elements, or reported materials," after "visual depiction,"
- (IV) by inserting a comma after "location'
- (V) by striking "and any other elements";
- (VI) by inserting "or submission to the Child Victim Identification Program" after 'CyberTipline report';
  - (C) in subsection (b)-

- (i) in the heading, by inserting "OR ENTI-TIES" after "PROVIDERS";
- (ii) by striking "Any provider" and inserting the following:
- In general.— -Any provider or entity";
- (iii) in paragraph (1), as so designated-(I) by striking "receives" and inserting obtains"; and
- (II) by inserting "or submission to the Child Victim Identification Program" after CyberTipline report"; and
- (iv) by adding at the end the following:
- (2) LIMITATION ON SHARING WITH OTHER EN-TITIES.—A provider or entity that obtains elements under subsection (a)(1) may not distribute those elements, or make those elements available, to any other entity, except for the sole and exclusive purpose of curtailing, preventing, or stopping the online sexual exploitation of children.":
  - (D) in subsection (c)—
- (i) by striking "subsections" and inserting "subsection"
- (ii) by striking "providers receiving" and inserting "a provider or entity to obtain";
- (iii) by inserting "or submission to the Child Victim Identification Program" after 'CyberTipline report''; and
- (iv) by striking "to use the elements to stop the online sexual exploitation of children"; and
- (E) in subsection (d), by inserting "or to the Child Victim Identification Program" after "CyberTipline";
  - (4) in section 2258E-
- (A) in paragraph (6), by striking "electronic communication service provider" and inserting "electronic communication serv-
- (B) in paragraph (7), by striking "and" at the end;
- (C) in paragraph (8), by striking the period at the end and inserting a semicolon; and
- (D) by adding at the end the following:
- '(9) the term 'publicly available', with respect to a visual depiction on a provider's service, means the visual depiction can be viewed by or is accessible to all users of the service, regardless of the steps, if any, a user must take to create an account or to gain access to the service in order to access or view the visual depiction; and
- "(10) the term 'Child Victim Identification Program' means the program described in section 404(b)(1)(K)(ii) of the Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974 (34 U.S.C. 11293(b)(1)(K)(ii)).
- (5) in section 2259B(a), by inserting ", any fine or penalty collected under section 2258A(e)," after "2259A"; and
- (6) by adding at the end the following:

### "§ 2260B. Liability for certain child sexual exploitation offenses

- "(a) Offense.—It shall be unlawful for a provider of an interactive computer service, as that term is defined in section 230 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 230), that operates through the use of any facility or means of interstate or foreign commerce or in or affecting interstate or foreign commerce, through such service to-
- "(1) intentionally host or store child pornography or make child pornography available to any person; or
- "(2) knowingly promote or facilitate a violation of section 2251, 2251A, 2252, 2252A, or 2422(b).
- "(b) PENALTY.-A provider of an interactive computer service that violates subsection (a)-
- "(1) subject to paragraph (2), shall be fined not more than \$1,000,000; and
- "(2) if the offense involves a conscious or reckless risk of serious personal injury or an individual is harmed as a direct and proximate result of the violation, shall be fined not more than \$5,000,000.

- "(c) Rule of Construction .- Nothing in this section shall be construed to apply to any good faith action by a provider of an interactive computer service that is necessary to comply with a valid court order, subpoena, search warrant, statutory obligation, or preservation request from law enforcement."
- (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for chapter 110 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following:
- "2260B. Liability for certain child sexual exploitation offenses.'
- (c) Effective Date for Amendments to REPORTING REQUIREMENTS OF PROVIDERS.-The amendments made by subsection (a)(1) of this section shall take effect on the date that is 120 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

### SEC. 1095. EXPANDING CIVIL REMEDIES FOR VIC-TIMS OF ONLINE CHILD SEXUAL EX-PLOITATION.

- (a) STATEMENT OF INTENT.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to abrogate or narrow any case law concerning section 2255 of title 18, United States Code.
- (b) CIVIL REMEDY FOR PERSONAL INJU-RIES.—Section 2255(a) of title 18, United States Code, is amended-
- (1) by striking "IN GENERAL.—Any person who, while a minor, was a victim of a violation of section 1589, 1590, 1591, 2241(c), 2242, 2243. 2251. 2251A, 2252, 2252A, 2260, 2421, 2422, or 2423 of this title and who suffers personal injury as a result of such violation, regardless of whether the injury occurred while such person was a minor, may sue" and inserting the following: "PRIVATE RIGHT OF AC-TION.
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Any person described in subparagraph (A), (B), or (C) of paragraph (2) who suffers personal injury as a result of a violation described in that subparagraph, regardless of whether the injury occurred while such person was a minor, may bring a civil action"; and
- (2) by adding at the end the following:
- "(2) ELIGIBLE PERSONS.—Paragraph shall apply to any person-
- "(A) who, while a minor, was a victim of-"(i) a violation of section 1589, 1590, 1591, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2251, 2251A, 2260(a), 2421, 2422,
- or 2423: "(ii) an attempt to violate section 1589, 1590, or 1591 under section 1594(a);
- "(iii) a conspiracy to violate section 1589 or 1590 under section 1594(b); or
- "(iv) a conspiracy to violate section 1591 under section 1594(c):
  - "(B) who-
- "(i) is depicted as a minor in child pornography: and
- "(ii) is a victim of a violation of 2252. 2252A, or 2260(b) (regardless of when the violation occurs); or
  - "(C) who-
- "(i) is depicted as an identifiable minor in a visual depiction described in section 1466A; and
- "(ii) is a victim of a violation of that section (regardless of when the violation occurs).
- (c) CIVIL REMEDY AGAINST ONLINE PLAT-FORMS AND APP STORES.
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 110 of title 18. United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 2255 the following:

### "§ 2255A. Additional remedy for certain victims of child pornography or child sexual exploitation

- "(a) IN GENERAL.-
- "(1) PROMOTION OR AIDING AND ABETTING OF CERTAIN VIOLATIONS.—Any person who is a victim of the intentional, knowing, or reckless promotion, or aiding and abetting, of a violation of section 1591 or 1594(c) (involving

a minor), or section 2251, 2251A, 2252, 2252A, or 2422(b), where such promotion, or aiding and abetting, is by a provider of an interactive computer service or an app store, and who suffers personal injury as a result of such promotion or aiding and abetting, regardless of when the injury occurred, may bring a civil action in any appropriate United States District Court for relief set forth in subsection (b).

"(2) ACTIVITIES INVOLVING CHILD PORNOGRAPHY.—Any person who is a victim of the intentional, knowing, or reckless hosting or storing of child pornography or making child pornography available to any person by a provider of an interactive computer service, and who suffers personal injury as a result of such hosting, storing, or making available, regardless of when the injury occurred, may bring a civil action in any appropriate United States District Court for relief set forth in subsection (b).

"(b) RELIEF.—In a civil action brought by a person under subsection (a)—

"(1) the person shall recover the actual damages the person sustains or liquidated damages in the amount of \$300,000, and the cost of the action, including reasonable attorney fees and other litigation costs reasonably incurred; and

"(2) the court may, in addition to any other relief available at law, award punitive damages and such other preliminary and equitable relief as the court determines to be appropriate, including a temporary restraining order, a preliminary injunction, or a permanent injunction ordering the defendant to cease the offending conduct.

"(c) STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS.—There shall be no time limit for the filing of a complaint commencing an action under subsection (a).

"(d) VENUE; SERVICE OF PROCESS.—

"(1) VENUE.—Any action brought under subsection (a) may be brought in the district court of the United States that meets applicable requirements relating to venue under section 1391 of title 28.

"(2) SERVICE OF PROCESS.—In an action brought under subsection (a), process may be served in any district in which the defendant—

"(A) is an inhabitant: or

"(B) may be found.

"(e) RELATION TO SECTION 230 OF THE COM-MUNICATIONS ACT OF 1934.—Nothing in section 230 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 230) shall be construed to impair or limit any claim brought under subsection (a).

"(f) Rules of Construction.—

"(1) APPLICABILITY TO LEGAL PROCESS OR OBLIGATION.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to apply to any good faith action that is necessary to comply with a valid court order, subpoena, search warrant, statutory obligation, or preservation request from law enforcement.

"(2) APPLICATION OF SECTION 2258B.—A civil action brought under subsection (a) shall be subject to section 2258B.

"(g) Encryption Technologies.-

"(1) IN GENERAL.—None of the following actions or circumstances shall serve as an independent basis for liability under subsection (a):

"(A) Utilizing full end-to-end encrypted messaging services, device encryption, or other encryption services.

"(B) Not possessing the information necessary to decrypt a communication.

"(C) Failing to take an action that would otherwise undermine the ability to offer full end-to-end encrypted messaging services, device encryption, or other encryption services.

"(2) CONSIDERATION OF EVIDENCE.—Evidence of actions or circumstances described in

paragraph (1) shall be admissible in a civil action brought under subsection (a) if—

"(A) the actions or circumstances are relevant under rules 401 and 402 of the Federal Rules of Evidence to—

"(i) prove motive, intent, preparation, plan, absence of mistake, or lack of accident; or

"(ii) rebut any evidence or factual or legal claim; and

"(B) the actions or circumstances—

"(i) are otherwise admissible under the Federal Rules of Evidence; and

"(ii) are not subject to exclusion under rule 403 or any other rule of the Federal Rules of Evidence.

"(3) NO EFFECT ON DISCOVERY.—Nothing in paragraph (1) or (2) shall be construed to create a defense to a discovery request or otherwise limit or affect discovery in any civil action brought under subsection (a).

"(h) DEFENSE.—In a civil action under subsection (a)(2) involving knowing or reckless conduct, it shall be a defense at trial, which the provider of an interactive computer service must establish by a preponderance of the evidence as determined by the finder of fact, that—

"(1) the provider disabled access to or removed the child pornography within a reasonable timeframe, and in any event not later than 48 hours after obtaining knowledge that the child pornography was being hosted, stored, or made available by the provider (or, in the case of a provider that, for the most recent calendar year, averaged fewer than 10,000,000 active users on a monthly basis in the United States, within a reasonable timeframe, and in any event not later than 2 business days after obtaining such knowledge);

"(2) the provider exercised a reasonable, good faith effort to disable access to or remove the child pornography but was unable to do so for reasons outside the provider's control: or

"(3) it is technologically impossible for the provider to disable access to or remove the child pornography without compromising encryption technologies.

"(i) SANCTIONS FOR REPEATED BAD FAITH CIVIL ACTIONS OR DEFENSES.—

"(1) DEFINITIONS.—In this subsection:

"(A) BAD FAITH CIVIL ACTION.—The term 'bad faith civil action' means a civil action brought under subsection (a) in bad faith where the finder of fact determines that at the time the civil action was filed, the party, attorney, or law firm described in paragraph (2) had actual knowledge that—

``(i) the alleged conduct did not involve any minor; or

``(ii) the alleged child pornography did not depict—

"(I) any minor; or

"(II) sexually explicit conduct, sexual suggestiveness, full or partial nudity, or implied sexual activity.

"(B) BAD FAITH DEFENSE.—The term 'bad faith defense' means a defense in a civil action brought under subsection (a) raised in bad faith where the finder of fact determines that at the time the defense was raised, the party, attorney, or law firm described in paragraph (3) had actual knowledge that the defense—

"(1) was made solely for the purpose of delaying the civil action or increasing the costs of the civil action; or

"(ii) was objectively baseless in light of the applicable law or facts at issue.

"(2) BAD FAITH CIVIL ACTION.—In the case of a civil action brought under subsection (a), the court may impose sanctions on—

"(A) the party bringing the civil action if the court finds that the party has brought 2 or more bad faith civil actions (which may include the instant civil action); or "(B) an attorney or law firm representing the party bringing the civil action if the court finds that the attorney or law firm has represented—

"(i) a party who has brought 2 or more bad faith civil actions (which may include the instant civil action); or

"(ii) 2 or more parties who have each brought a bad faith civil action (which may include the instant civil action).

"(3) BAD FAITH DEFENSE.—In the case of a civil action brought under subsection (a), the court may impose sanctions on—

"(A) the party defending the civil action if the court finds that the party has raised 2 or more bad faith defenses (which may include 1 or more defenses raised in the instant civil action): or

"(B) an attorney or law firm representing the party defending the civil action if the court finds that the attorney or law firm has represented—

"(i) a party who has raised 2 or more bad faith defenses (which may include 1 or more defenses raised in the instant civil action); or

"(ii) 2 or more parties who have each raised a bad faith defense (which may include a defense raised in the instant civil action).

"(4) IMPLEMENTATION.—Rule 11(c) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure shall apply to sanctions imposed under this subsection in the same manner as that rule applies to sanctions imposed for a violation of rule 11(b) of those Rules.

"(5) RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.—

"(A) RULE 11.—This subsection shall not be construed to limit or expand the application of rule 11 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

"(B) DEFINITION CHANGE.—Paragraph (1)(A)(ii) shall not be construed to apply to a civil action affected by a contemporaneous change in the law with respect to the definition of 'child pornography'.

"(i) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

"(1) APP.—The term 'app' means a software application or electronic service that may be run or directed by a user on a computer, a mobile device, or any other general purpose computing device.

"(2) APP STORE.—The term 'app store' means a publicly available website, software application, or other electronic service that—

"(A) distributes apps from third-party developers to users of a computer, a mobile device, or any other general purpose computing device; and

"(B) operates-

"(i) through the use of any means or facility of interstate or foreign commerce; or

"(ii) in or affecting interstate or foreign commerce.

"(3) INTERACTIVE COMPUTER SERVICE.—The term 'interactive computer service' means an interactive computer service, as defined in section 230(f) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 230(f)), that operates—

"(A) through the use of any means or facility of interstate or foreign commerce; or

"(B) in or affecting interstate or foreign commerce.

"(k) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—Nothing in this section, including the defenses under this section, shall be construed to apply to any civil action brought under any other Federal law, rule, or regulation, including any civil action brought against a provider of an interactive computer service or an app store under section 1595 or 2255.".

(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for chapter 110 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 2255 the following:

"2255A. Additional remedy for certain victims of child pornography or child sexual exploitation.'

### SEC. 1096. SEVERABILITY.

If any provision of this subtitle, an amendment made by this subtitle, or the application of such provision or amendment to any person or circumstance is held to be unconstitutional, the remainder of this subtitle and the amendments made by this subtitle, and the application of the provision or amendment to any other person or circumstance, shall not be affected.

### SEC. 1097. CONTINUED APPLICABILITY OF FED-ERAL, STATE, AND TRIBAL LAW.

- (a) FEDERAL LAW.—Nothing in this subtitle or the amendments made by this subtitle, nor any rule or regulation issued pursuant to this subtitle or the amendments made by this subtitle, shall affect or diminish any right or remedy for a victim of child pornography or child sexual exploitation under any other Federal law, rule, or regulation, including any claim under section 2255 of title 18. United States Code, with respect to any individual or entity.
- (b) STATE OR TRIBAL LAW.—Nothing in this subtitle or the amendments made by this subtitle, nor any rule or regulation issued pursuant to this subtitle or the amendments made by this subtitle, shall—
- (1) preempt, diminish, or supplant any right or remedy for a victim of child pornography or child sexual exploitation under any State or Tribal common or statutory law: or
- (2) prohibit the enforcement of a law governing child pornography or child sexual exploitation that is at least as protective of the rights of a victim as this subtitle and the amendments made by this subtitle.

### TRACKING AND REPORTING AB-SENT COMMUNITY-MEMBERS EV-ERYWHERE ACT

Ms. LUMMIS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the immediate consideration of Calendar No. 126, S. 1038.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. clerk will report the bill by title.

The senior assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

A bill (S. 1038) to direct the Attorney General to include a data field in the National Missing and Unidentified Persons System to indicate whether the last known location of a missing person was confirmed or was suspected to have been on Federal land, and for other purposes.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill which had been reported from the Committee on the Judiciary with an amendment to strike all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic, as follows:

### SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Tracking and Reporting Absent Community-Members Everywhere Act" or the "TRACE Act".

### SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

In this Act:

- (1) ATTORNEY GENERAL.—The term "Attorney General" means the Attorney General, acting through the Director of the National Institute of Justice.
- (2) FEDERAL LAND.—The term "Federal land" means land owned by the United States that is under the administrative jurisdiction of-
  - (A) the Secretary of Agriculture;
- (B) the Secretary of the Interior (except land held in trust for the benefit of an Indian Tribe);

- (C) the Secretary of Defense only with respect to land and water resources projects administered by the Corps of Engineers.
- (3) TERRITORIAL WATERS OF THE UNITED STATES.—The term "territorial waters of the United States" means all waters of the territorial sea of the United States, 12 nautical miles wide, adjacent to the coast of the United States and seaward of the territorial baseline, as described in Presidential Proclamation 5928 of December 27, 1988.

### SEC. 3. DATA FIELD IN THE NATIONAL MISSING AND UNIDENTIFIED PERSONS SYSTEM RELATED TO FEDERAL LAND AND TERRITORIAL WATERS.

The Attorney General shall include in the National Missing and Unidentified Persons System a data field to indicate whether the last known location of the missing person was confirmed or was suspected to have been on Federal land or in the territorial waters of the United States, including any specific location details about the unit of Federal land or the area of the territorial waters of the United States that was the last known location of the missing person.

### SEC. 4. REPORT.

Not later than January 15 of the second calendar year that begins after the date of enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Attorney General shall submit to the Committee on the Judiciary of the Senate and the Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives a report that contains, for the previous calendar year, the number of cases in the National Missing and Unidentified Persons System for which the missing person's last known location was confirmed or was suspected to have been on Federal land or in the territorial waters of the United States.

Ms. LUMMIS. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the committee-reported substitute amendment be agreed to; that the bill, as amended, be considered read a third time and passed; and that the motion to reconsider be considered made and laid upon the table.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The committee-reported amendment in the nature of a substitute was agreed to.

The bill (S. 1038), as amended, was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, was read the third time, and passed.

### ORDERS FOR WEDNESDAY. SEPTEMBER 3, 2025

Ms. LUMMIS. Mr. President. I ask unanimous consent that when the Senate completes its business today, it stand adjourned until 10 a.m. on Wednesday, September 3; that following the prayer and pledge, the Journal of proceedings be approved to date, the morning hour be deemed expired, the time for the two leaders be reserved for their use later in the day. morning business be closed, and the Senate resume consideration of the motion to proceed to Calendar No. 115, S. 2296, the National Defense Authorization Act, postcloture; further, that the Senate recess from 12:30 p.m. to 2:15 p.m. to allow for the weekly conference meetings and that all time during recess, adjournment, and leader remarks count postcloture on the motion to proceed to Calendar No. 115, S. 2296.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

### ADJOURNMENT UNTIL 10 A.M. TOMORROW

Ms. LUMMIS. Mr. President, if there is no further business to come before the Senate, I ask that it stand adjourned under the previous order.

There being no objection, the Senate, at 7:37 p.m., adjourned until Wednesday, September 3, 2025, at 10 a.m.

### NOMINATIONS

Executive nominations received by the Senate:

### FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

STEPHEN MIRAN, OF NEW YORK, TO BE A MEMBER OF THE BOARD OF GOVERNORS OF THE FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM FOR THE UNEXPIRED TERM OF FOURTEEN YEARS FROM FEBRUARY 1, 2012, VICE ADRIANA DEBORA KUGLER, RESIGNED.

#### DEPARTMENT OF STATE

TAMMY BRUCE, OF CALIFORNIA, TO BE THE DEPUTY REPRESENTATIVE OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA TO THE UNITED NATIONS, WITH THE RANK AND STATUS OF AMBASSADOR EXTRAORDINARY AND PLENI-POTENTIARY; THE DEPUTY REPRESENTATIVE OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA IN THE SECURITY COUNCIL OF THE UNITED NATIONS; AND TO SERVE CONCURRENTLY AND WITHOUT ADDITIONAL COMPENSATION AS REPRESENTATIVE OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA TO THE SESSIONS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE

TO THE SESSIONS OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE UNITED NATIONS, DURING HER TENURE OF SERVICE AS DEPUTY REPRESENTATIVE OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA TO THE UNITED NATIONS.

BRENT CHRISTENSEN, OF VIRGINIA, A CAREER MEMBER OF THE SENIOR FOREIGN SERVICE, CLASS OF COUNSELOR, TO BE AMBASSADOR EXTRAORDINARY AND PLENIPOTENTIARY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA TO THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF BANGLADESH.

SERGIO GOR, OF FLORIDA, TO BE AMBASSADOR EXTRAORDINARY AND PLENIPOTENTIARY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA TO THE REPUBLIC OF INDIA.

STEPHANIE HALLETT, OF FLORIDA, A CAREER MEMBER OF THE SENIOR FOREIGN SERVICE, CLASS OF MINSTER-COUNSELOR, TO BE AMBASSADOR EXTRAORDINARY.

ISTER-COUNSELOR, TO BE AMBASSADOR EXTRAOR-DINARY AND PLENIPOTENTIARY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA TO THE KINGDOM OF BAHRAIN.

OF AMERICA TO THE KINGDOM OF BAHRAIN.
JAMES HOLTSNIDER, OF IOWA, A CAREER MEMBER OF
THE SENIOR FOREIGN SERVICE, CLASS OF COUNSELOR,
TO BE AMBASSADOR EXTRAORDINARY AND PLENIPOTENTIARY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA TO
THE HASEBMITE KINGDOM OF JORDAN.
WILLIAM LONG, OF MERCOUNT TO THE STATES OF THE STATES OF

WILLIAM LONG, OF MISSOURI, TO BE AMBASSADOR EXTRAORDINARY AND PLENIPOTENTIARY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA TO THE REPUBLIC OF ICELAND.

### THE JUDICIARY

ROBERT P. CHAMBERLIN, OF MISSISSIPPI, TO BE UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF MISSISSIPPI, VICE SHARION AYCOCK, RE-

EDMUND G. LACOUR, JR., OF ALABAMA, TO BE UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT

OF ALABAMA, VICE L. SCOTT COOGLER, RETIRED.

BILL LEWIS, OF ALABAMA, TO BE UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF ALABAMA, VICE ANDREW LYNN BRASHER, ELEVATED.

JENNIFER LEE MASCOTT, OF DELAWARE, TO BE UNITED STATES CIRCUIT JUDGE FOR THE THIRD CIRCUIT, VICE KENT A. JORDAN, RETIRED.

JAMES D. MAXWELL II, OF MISSISSIPPI, TO BE UNITED

STATES DISTRICT JUDGE FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT

OF MISSISSIPPI, VICE MICHAEL P. MILLS, RETIRED.
HAROLD D. MOOTY III, OF ALABAMA, TO BE UNITED
STATES DISTRICT JUDGE FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT

OF ALABAMA, VICE ABDUL K. KALLON, RETIRED. STEPHEN F. RICKARD, OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, TO BE AN ASSOCIATE JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FOR THE TERM OF FIF-TEEN YEARS, VICE JONATHAN H. PITTMAN, RETIRED

ELANA S. SUTTENBERG, OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, TO BE AN ASSOCIATE JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FOR THE TERM OF FIFTEEN YEARS, VICE CAROL A. DALTON, RETIRED.

FIFTEEN YEARS, VICE CAROL A. DALITON, RETIRED. JOHN CUONG TRUONG, OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, O BE AN ASSOCIATE JUDGE OF THE SUPERIOR COURT F THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA FOR THE TERM OF FIF-TEEN YEARS, VICE WENDELL P. GARDNER, JR., RETIRED.

### IN THE AIR FORCE

THE FOLLOWING NAMED AIR NATIONAL GUARD OF THE UNITED STATES OFFICER FOR APPOINTMENT IN THE RESERVE OF THE AIR FORCE TO THE GRADE INDICATED UNDER TITLE 10, U.S.C., SECTIONS 12203 AND 12212:

### To be major general

BRIG. GEN. HUMBERTO PABON, JR.

THE FOLLOWING NAMED AIR NATIONAL GUARD OF THE UNITED STATES OFFICER FOR APPOINTMENT IN THE RE-SERVE OF THE AIR FORCE TO THE GRADE INDICATED UNDER TITLE 10, U.S.C., SECTIONS 12203 AND 12212:

### To be major general

BRIG, GEN, DAVID W. MAY

THE FOLLOWING NAMED OFFICER FOR APPOINTMENT N THE RESERVE OF THE AIR FORCE TO THE GRADE INDI-CATED UNDER TITLE 10, U.S.C., SECTION 12203: