

sold off the record. These deceptive tactics allow firearms to be purchased without background checks, fueling illegal gun trafficking and putting lives at risk.

Fraudulent firearm listings undermine essential safeguards contribute to gun trafficking, and increase the risk of violent crime. Around 80 percent of firearms used in criminal activity are obtained from sellers who do not conduct background checks, including fraudulent online dealers. From 2017 to 2021, unlicensed sellers were responsible for more than half of all trafficked firearms, amounting to over 68,000 guns.

The Stopping the Fraudulent Sale of Firearms Act would directly address this growing threat. By prohibiting fraudulent transactions and holding deceptive sellers accountable, this bill would reinforce background check requirements and help prevent firearms from falling into the wrong hands.

Public safety is a shared responsibility, and this bill represents an important step forward in our collective efforts to reduce gun violence and protect our communities. I urge my colleagues to join me in supporting this legislation and working to pass the Stopping the Fraudulent Sale of Firearms Act without delay.

SUBMITTED RESOLUTIONS

SENATE RESOLUTION 297—COMMEMORATING THE PASSAGE OF 4 YEARS SINCE THE TRAGIC BUILDING COLLAPSE IN SURFSIDE, FLORIDA, ON JUNE 24, 2021

Mr. SCOTT of Florida (for himself and Mrs. MOODY) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary:

S. RES. 297

Whereas June 24, 2025, marks 4 years since portions of the Champlain Towers South condominium building in Surfside, Florida, catastrophically collapsed; and

Whereas, in the aftermath of the devastating collapse—

(1) one of the largest rescue and recovery operations in the history of the United States commenced to locate scores of residents who were unaccounted for and believed to be in the collapsed building;

(2) first responders from across Florida immediately answered the call of duty, including firefighters, uniformed police officers, rescue and recovery crews, emergency medical technicians, physicians, nurses, and others rushing to save the lives of individuals trapped in the building;

(3) international rescue crews and emergency support organizations from Israel and Mexico responded to the site to aid in the search and recovery efforts;

(4) National Urban Search and Rescue Response System task forces from Florida, Virginia, Indiana, Ohio, Pennsylvania, and New Jersey, and emergency specialists from California, deployed to Surfside, Florida, to provide critical support;

(5) teams worked tirelessly around the clock to rescue survivors and recover the remains of individuals killed in the tragic collapse; and

(6) on June 30, 2021, the National Institute of Standards and Technology announced it would launch a formal investigation into the cause of the collapse: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) commemorates the passage of 4 years since the tragic building collapse in Surfside, Florida, on June 24, 2021;

(2) honors the survivors and the 98 lives lost in the collapse of the Champlain Towers South condominium building and offers heartfelt condolences to the families, loved ones, and friends of the victims;

(3) commends the bravery and selfless service demonstrated by the local, State, national, and international teams of first responders deployed in the aftermath of the collapse; and

(4) expresses support for the survivors and community of Surfside, Florida.

SENATE RESOLUTION 298—CONGRATULATING THE OKLAHOMA STATE UNIVERSITY MEN'S GOLF TEAM FOR WINNING THE 2025 NATIONAL COLLEGIATE ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION DIVISION I MEN'S GOLF NATIONAL CHAMPIONSHIP

Mr. LANKFORD (for himself and Mr. MULLIN) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 298

Whereas the Oklahoma State University men's golf team (referred to in this preamble as the "Cowboys"), under the direction of Alan Bratton, the head coach of the Cowboys, won the 2025 National Collegiate Athletic Association (referred to in this preamble as the "NCAA") Division I Men's Golf National Championship (referred to in this preamble as the "National Championship");

Whereas the 2025 National Championship win is the 12th national championship title for the Cowboys, and the first since 2018;

Whereas the Cowboys competed in a 72-hole stroke play format, earning them a spot in the top 8 teams to compete for the National Championship;

Whereas, after securing a spot in the top 8, the Cowboys competed in a match play bracket where they ultimately defeated the University of Virginia with a 3 to 1 victory to secure the National Championship win;

Whereas the Cowboys have appeared in 4 NCAA Division I men's golf national championship matches since 2009, winning twice;

Whereas the Cowboys ended the 2025 season on a 5-tournament winning streak and won 7 events overall during the year;

Whereas the Cowboys 11-man team was comprised of young talent, including 5 freshmen and 5 sophomores;

Whereas Filip Fahlberg-Johnsson, Eric Lee, Preston Stout, Gaven Lane, and Ethan Fang participated in the final matches of the National Championship, all playing a key role in securing the team title;

Whereas Ethan Fang and Preston Stout were honored as 2025 First-Team All-Americans;

Whereas 3 Cowboys golfers received Golfweek All-American honors, including Preston Stout who received First-Team honors, Ethan Fang who received Second-Team distinction, and Eric Lee who was an honorable mention;

Whereas 4 Cowboys golfers were named NCAA Division I PING All-Region honorees, including Ethan Fang, Gaven Lane, Eric Lee, and Preston Stout; and

Whereas Cowboys head coach Alan Bratton was a recipient of the Dave Williams National Coach of the Year Award: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) commends the 2025 Oklahoma State University men's golf team (referred to in this resolution as the "Cowboys") for winning the 2025 National Collegiate Athletic Association Division I Men's Golf National Championship;

(2) recognizes the Cowboys for their hard work and dedication to the sport of golf and for the excitement they bring to Oklahoma State University, the State of Oklahoma, and to fans of the Cowboys everywhere; and

(3) congratulates the Cowboys on a wonderful 2025 season.

SENATE RESOLUTION 299—EXPRESSING SUPPORT FOR THE DESIGNATION OF JULY 2025 AS "NATIONAL SARCOMA AWARENESS MONTH"

Mr. JOHNSON submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 299

Whereas sarcoma is a rare cancer of the bones or connective tissues, such as nerves, muscles, joints, fat, and blood vessels, that can arise nearly anywhere in the body;

Whereas, in the United States—

(1) about 17,000 individuals are diagnosed with sarcoma each year;

(2) approximately 7,600 individuals die from sarcoma each year; and

(3) about 50,000 individuals struggle with sarcoma at any given time;

Whereas, each year, about 1 percent of cancers diagnosed in adults and around 15 percent of cancers diagnosed in children are sarcoma;

Whereas more than 70 subtypes of sarcoma have been identified;

Whereas the potential causes of sarcoma are not well understood;

Whereas treatment for sarcoma can include surgery, radiation therapy, or chemotherapy;

Whereas sarcoma is often misdiagnosed and underreported; and

Whereas July 2025 would be an appropriate month to designate as National Sarcoma Awareness Month—

(1) to raise awareness about sarcoma; and

(2) to encourage more individuals in the United States to get properly diagnosed and treated: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate supports the designation of July 2025 as "National Sarcoma Awareness Month".

SENATE RESOLUTION 300—DESIGNATING JUNE 15, 2025, AS "WORLD ELDER ABUSE AWARENESS DAY" AND THE MONTH OF JUNE 2025 AS "ELDER ABUSE AWARENESS MONTH"

Mr. GRASSLEY (for himself and Mr. BLUMENTHAL) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 300

Whereas, in 2021, approximately 55,800,000 residents of the United States, or about 1 in every 6 individuals, had attained the age of 65, and by 2060, 95,000,000 individuals in the United States, or about 1 in every 4 individuals, will be over the age of 65, according to estimates by the Bureau of the Census;

Whereas, in 2034, it is anticipated that older adults will outnumber children for the first time, according to the Bureau of the Census;

Whereas elder abuse remains a challenging problem and can come in many different

forms, often manifesting as physical, sexual, or psychological abuse, financial exploitation, neglect, and social media abuse;

Whereas elder abuse, neglect, and exploitation have no boundaries and cross all racial, social, class, gender, and geographic lines, according to the Elder Justice Coalition;

Whereas about 1 in 10 adults over the age of 60 are subjected to abuse, neglect, or financial exploitation each year, according to the National Institute on Aging;

Whereas the annual loss by victims of financial abuse over the age of 60 is estimated to be at least \$28,300,000,000, according to the National Council on Aging;

Whereas for older adults over the age of 60, the Department of Justice reported the following scam-related financial losses for 2023—

- (1) \$1,200,000,000 from investment scams;
- (2) \$590,000,000 from tech support scams;
- (3) \$382,000,000 from business email compromise scams;
- (4) \$356,000,000 from romance scams; and
- (5) \$179,000,000 from government impersonation scams;

Whereas older adults reported losses of \$4,885,000,000 related to internet scams and fraud in 2024, and filed over 147,000 complaints related to internet crimes, according to the Federal Bureau of Investigation;

Whereas adults over the age of 60 are less likely than younger adults to report losing money to fraud according to the Federal Trade Commission;

Whereas most reported cases of abuse, neglect, and exploitation of older adults take place within private homes, and approximately 90 percent of the perpetrators in elder financial exploitation cases are family members or other trusted individuals, according to the National Adult Protective Services Association;

Whereas research suggests that elderly individuals in the United States who experience cognitive impairment, physical disabilities, or isolation are more likely to become the victims of abuse than those who do not experience cognitive impairment, physical disabilities, or isolation;

Whereas other risk factors for elder abuse can include low social support, poor physical health, and experience of previous traumatic events, according to the National Center on Elder Abuse;

Whereas close to half of elderly individuals who suffer from dementia will experience abuse during their lifetime, according to the Department of Justice;

Whereas only 1 in 24 cases of elder abuse is reported, and only 1 in 44 cases of elder financial exploitation is reported, according to the New York State Office of Children and Family Services;

Whereas the COVID-19 pandemic has led to the emergence of new scams against older adults, including those related to vaccines;

Whereas more than 1 in 5 older persons reported elder abuse during the COVID-19 pandemic, an over 80 percent increase from previous years, according to the National Institute of Health;

Whereas, during the last 5 years, Congress passed and the President signed 2 measures that make nearly \$400,000,000 available for implementation of the initiatives under the Elder Justice Act of 2009 (subtitle H of title VI of Public Law 111-148; 124 Stat. 783), the largest funding stream related to such initiatives in the history of the Act; and

Whereas Congress, in passing the Elder Justice Act of 2009 (subtitle H of title VI of Public Law 111-148; 124 Stat. 783), the Older Americans Act of 1965 (42 U.S.C. 3001 et seq.), the Elder Abuse Prevention and Prosecution Act (34 U.S.C. 21701 et seq.), the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (Public Law 117-2;

135 Stat. 4), and the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 (Public Law 116-260; 134 Stat. 1182), recognized the importance of protecting older people of the United States against abuse and exploitation: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) designates June 15, 2025, as “World Elder Abuse Awareness Day” and the month of June 2025 as “Elder Abuse Awareness Month”;

(2) recognizes—

(A) judges, lawyers, adult protective services professionals, law enforcement officers, social workers, health care providers, advocates for victims, and other professionals and agencies for their efforts to advance awareness of elder abuse;

(B) the important work of the Elder Justice Coordinating Council, which has continued through the previous 3 Presidential administrations and involves 15 different Federal agencies;

(C) the essential work done by adult protective services personnel, who regularly come to the assistance of victims, investigate reports of abuse, and actively prevent future victimization of older people in the United States, especially during the COVID-19 pandemic as the social isolation of elderly individuals, due to stay-at-home orders, only increased the risk of abuse and neglect; and

(D) the importance of supporting State long-term care ombudsman programs, which help prevent elder abuse and neglect in nursing homes and other long-term care facilities, where infection prevention and control deficiencies pose persistent challenges;

(3) applauds the work of the Elder Justice Coalition and its members, whose efforts to increase public awareness of elder abuse have the potential to increase the identification and reporting of this crime by the public, professionals, and victims, and can act as a catalyst to promote issue-based education and long-term prevention; and

(4) encourages—

(A) members of the public and professionals who work with older adults to act as catalysts to promote awareness and long-term prevention of elder abuse—

(i) by reaching out to local adult protective services agencies, State long-term care ombudsman programs, and the National Center on Elder Abuse; and

(ii) by learning to recognize, detect, report, and respond to elder abuse;

(B) private individuals and public agencies in the United States to continue work together at the Federal, State, and local levels to combat abuse, neglect, exploitation, crime, and violence against vulnerable adults, including vulnerable older adults, particularly in light of limited resources for vital protective services; and

(C) those Federal agencies with responsibility for preventing elder abuse to fully exercise such responsibilities to protect older adults, whether such older adults are living in the community or in long-term care facilities.

ferred to the Committee on the Judiciary:

S. RES. 301

Whereas, on June 14, 2025, a gunman entered the home of Minnesota State Senator John Hoffman and shot and critically injured him and his wife, Yvette Hoffman;

Whereas the gunman then entered the home of Minnesota State House Speaker Emerita Melissa Hortman and assassinated her and her husband, Mark Hortman;

Whereas the gunman had documents that listed dozens of lawmakers targeted for assassination;

Whereas the law enforcement officers of Brooklyn Park and Champlin saved additional lives by intervening with their bravery and rapid response to the attack;

Whereas Speaker Emerita Hortman was a formidable public servant who served her community and the people of Minnesota with deep devotion, compassion, and strength;

Whereas acts of political violence have no place in the United States and represent a grave threat;

Whereas swift condemnation of political violence by elected officials is necessary to preserve and protect the democracy of the United States;

Whereas, when these violent acts expose division, the people of the United States must persevere in the pursuit of democratic principles, resolving their differences through debate and civil discourse; and

Whereas political violence not only attacks the life and liberty of the representatives of the people of the United States, it also attacks the right of the people to be represented: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate, in this moment of tragic loss—

(1) strongly condemns and denounces the attacks on Minnesota State legislators in Brooklyn Park and Champlin, Minnesota on June 14, 2025;

(2) honors the life of Speaker Emerita Melissa Hortman for her devotion to public service and her tireless efforts to serve the people of Minnesota and the life of her husband, Mark Hortman;

(3) honors Senator John Hoffman and his wife, Yvette Hoffman, who were shot and critically injured, and wishes for their full and speedy recovery;

(4) honors the courageous law enforcement officers who saved additional lives with their rapid response to the attack and successfully apprehended and charged the suspected perpetrator on June 15, 2025;

(5) calls on all community leaders and elected officials to publicly and unequivocally denounce acts of political violence; and

(6) calls on all people of the United States to unite in this moment of pain and tragedy and reaffirm the commitment of the people of the United States to a safe, civil, and peaceful democracy in which violent rhetoric and acts are not tolerated.

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED AND PROPOSED

SA 2356. Mr. CRUZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the joint resolution S.J. Res. 59, to direct the removal of United States Armed Forces from hostilities against the Islamic Republic of Iran that have not been authorized by Congress; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA 2356. Mr. CRUZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by

SENATE RESOLUTION 301—CONDEMNING THE ATTACKS ON MINNESOTA LAWMAKERS IN BROOKLYN PARK AND CHAMPLIN, MINNESOTA AND CALLING FOR UNITY AND THE REJECTION OF POLITICAL VIOLENCE IN MINNESOTA AND ACROSS THE UNITED STATES

Ms. KLOBUCHAR (for herself, Ms. SMITH, Mr. THUNE, Mr. SCHUMER, Mr. GRASSLEY, and Ms. BALDWIN) submitted the following resolution; which was re-