

in recognition of the men and women who have served, or are presently serving, in the Foreign Service of the United States, and honoring the members of the Foreign Service who have given their lives in the line of duty; considered and agreed to.

By Mr. WYDEN (for himself, Mrs. HYDE-SMITH, Mr. KING, Mr. HEINRICH, Mr. DAINES, and Mr. WICKER):

S. Res. 235. A resolution designating May 17, 2025, as “Kids to Parks Day”; considered and agreed to.

#### ADDITIONAL COSPONSORS

S. 180

At the request of Mr. GRASSLEY, the name of the Senator from Delaware (Mr. COONS) was added as a cosponsor of S. 180, a bill to amend the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 to authorize the use of grant amounts for providing training and resources for first responders on the use of containment devices to prevent secondary exposure to fentanyl and other potentially lethal substances, and purchasing such containment devices for use by first responders.

S. 199

At the request of Mr. CRAPO, the name of the Senator from New Mexico (Mr. LUJÁN) was added as a cosponsor of S. 199, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide special rules for the taxation of certain residents of Taiwan with income from sources within the United States.

S. 222

At the request of Mr. MARSHALL, the names of the Senator from West Virginia (Mr. JUSTICE) and the Senator from Nebraska (Mrs. FISCHER) were added as cosponsors of S. 222, a bill to amend the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act to allow schools that participate in the school lunch program to serve whole milk, and for other purposes.

S. 304

At the request of Mr. GRAHAM, the name of the Senator from Ohio (Mr. MORENO) was added as a cosponsor of S. 304, a bill to amend section 301 of the Immigration and Nationality Act to clarify those classes of individuals born in the United States who are nationals and citizens of the United States at birth.

S. 410

At the request of Mr. MORAN, the name of the Senator from Connecticut (Mr. MURPHY) was added as a cosponsor of S. 410, a bill to amend titles 10 and 38, United States Code, to improve benefits and services for surviving spouses, and for other purposes.

S. 478

At the request of Mr. KENNEDY, the name of the Senator from Utah (Mr. LEE) was added as a cosponsor of S. 478, a bill to amend title 38, United States Code, to prohibit the Secretary of Veterans Affairs from transmitting certain information to the Department of Justice for use by the national instant criminal background check system.

S. 522

At the request of Mr. HAGERTY, the names of the Senator from North Caro-

lina (Mr. TILLIS) and the Senator from Michigan (Mr. PETERS) were added as cosponsors of S. 522, a bill to amend the Federal Credit Union Act to modify the frequency of board of directors meetings, and for other purposes.

S. 539

At the request of Mr. CORNYN, the names of the Senator from Iowa (Mr. GRASSLEY) and the Senator from Delaware (Mr. COONS) were added as cosponsors of S. 539, a bill to reauthorize the PROTECT Our Children Act of 2008, and for other purposes.

S. 554

At the request of Mr. SULLIVAN, the name of the Senator from Oklahoma (Mr. LANKFORD) was added as a cosponsor of S. 554, a bill to enhance bilateral defense cooperation between the United States and Israel, and for other purposes.

S. 556

At the request of Mr. SULLIVAN, the names of the Senator from Washington (Ms. CANTWELL) and the Senator from Oklahoma (Mr. LANKFORD) were added as cosponsors of S. 556, a bill to impose sanctions with respect to persons engaged in logistical transactions and sanctions evasion relating to oil, gas, liquefied natural gas, and related petrochemical products from the Islamic Republic of Iran, and for other purposes.

S. 803

At the request of Ms. HIRONO, the names of the Senator from Maryland (Ms. ALSOBROOKS) and the Senator from California (Mr. SCHIFF) were added as cosponsors of S. 803, a bill to regulate large capacity ammunition feeding devices.

S. 1162

At the request of Mr. MARSHALL, the name of the Senator from Wyoming (Mr. BARRASSO) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1162, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to remove short-barreled rifles, short-barreled shotguns, and certain other weapons from the definition of firearms for purposes of the National Firearms Act, and for other purposes.

S. 1241

At the request of Mr. GRAHAM, the name of the Senator from Michigan (Mr. PETERS) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1241, a bill to impose sanctions and other measures with respect to the Russian Federation if the Government of the Russian Federation refuses to negotiate a peace agreement with Ukraine, violates any such agreement, or initiates another military invasion of Ukraine, and for other purposes.

S. 1285

At the request of Mr. WYDEN, the name of the Senator from Oregon (Mr. MERKLEY) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1285, a bill to amend part A of title IV of the Social Security Act to provide funding to sustain and increase the supply and quality of child care, access to child care, and the child care workforce, and for other purposes.

S. 1318

At the request of Mr. MORAN, the name of the Senator from Arkansas (Mr. BOOZMAN) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1318, a bill to direct the American Battle Monuments Commission to establish a program to identify American-Jewish servicemembers buried in United States military cemeteries overseas under markers that incorrectly represent their religion and heritage, and for other purposes.

S. 1491

At the request of Ms. WARREN, the name of the Senator from Michigan (Ms. SLOTKIN) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1491, a bill to amend title 18, United States Code, to modify the definition of special Government employee, and for other purposes.

S. 1532

At the request of Mr. CRAPO, the name of the Senator from New Hampshire (Ms. HASSAN) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1532, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to modify the railroad track maintenance credit.

S. 1593

At the request of Mr. MARKEY, the name of the Senator from Virginia (Mr. WARNER) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1593, a bill to exempt small business concerns from duties imposed pursuant to the national emergency declared on April 2, 2025, by the President.

S. 1612

At the request of Mr. RISCH, the name of the Senator from Florida (Mrs. MOODY) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1612, a bill to limit funds to the United Nations and other organizations that provide any status, rights, or privileges beyond observer status to the Palestine Liberation Organization, and for other purposes.

S. 1677

At the request of Ms. BALDWIN, the name of the Senator from Arizona (Mr. KELLY) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1677, a bill to provide health insurance benefits for outpatient and inpatient items and services related to the diagnosis and treatment of a congenital anomaly or birth defect.

S.J. RES. 45

At the request of Mrs. CAPITO, the name of the Senator from Oklahoma (Mr. LANKFORD) was added as a cosponsor of S.J. Res. 45, a joint resolution providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Environmental Protection Agency relating to “California State Motor Vehicle and Engine Pollution Control Standards; Advanced Clean Cars II; Waiver of Preemption; Notice of Decision”.

S.J. RES. 46

At the request of Mrs. FISCHER, the name of the Senator from Oklahoma (Mr. LANKFORD) was added as a cosponsor of S.J. Res. 46, a joint resolution providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United

States Code, of the rule submitted by the Environmental Protection Agency relating to “California State Motor Vehicle and Engine Pollution Control Standards; Heavy-Duty Vehicle and Engine Emission Warranty and Maintenance Provisions; Advanced Clean Trucks; Zero Emission Airport Shuttle; Zero-Emission Power Train Certification; Waiver of Preemption; Notice of Decision”.

S. RES. 212

At the request of Mr. GRAHAM, the name of the Senator from Texas (Mr. CORNYN) was added as a cosponsor of S. Res. 212, a resolution affirming the acceptable outcome of any nuclear deal between the United States and the Islamic Republic of Iran, and for other purposes.

S. RES. 224

At the request of Mr. WELCH, the names of the Senator from Delaware (Mr. COONS), the Senator from California (Mr. SCHIFF), the Senator from Delaware (Ms. BLUNT ROCHESTER), the Senator from New Mexico (Mr. LUJÁN) and the Senator from New York (Mr. SCHUMER) were added as cosponsors of S. Res. 224, a resolution calling for the urgent delivery of humanitarian aid to address the needs of civilians in Gaza.

#### STATEMENTS ON INTRODUCED BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

By Mr. SCHUMER:

S. 1804. A bill to prohibit the use of funds to procure or modify foreign aircraft for presidential airlift; to the Committee on Armed Services.

Mr. SCHUMER. Mr. President, now on the Qatar plane and the Middle East, last week, Donald Trump concluded a visit to the Middle East that was a smashing success for his own bottom line but a dubious outcome for America's economic and security interest.

First, on the Qatari plane, last week, Donald Trump confirmed that he would accept a \$400 million luxury Boeing 747 plane offered by Qatar to use as Air Force One—the largest bribe to an American President in modern history.

So, today, I am introducing the Presidential Airlift Security Act, prohibiting the use of any foreign plane to be utilized as Air Force One. Senate Republicans who say they are troubled by this Qatari gift should join me in supporting this very commonsense legislation.

It should not take an act of Congress to stop the President of the United States from accepting the largest foreign bribe in modern history, but we are dealing with a President who has shown he is perfectly willing to sell out the American people and the Presidency to fill his own pockets.

Specifically, my legislation would prohibit even a single taxpayer dollar from being used by the Department of Defense to procure, modify, or retrofit any foreign aircraft to be used in transporting a U.S. President.

For one, overhauling a foreign luxury plane to serve as Air Force One would cost billions of taxpayer dollars. The refurbishing alone would cost more than the value of the plane itself, and it would take years. It is a senseless waste of taxpayer resources.

Using a foreign plane as Air Force One would also bring unimaginable national security risks. National security experts, from one end of the country to the other, agree: No matter how many modifications are made or how much is spent or how intensely it is retrofitted, there will never be 100 percent confidence that the plane is secure.

This is not a gamble anyone should be willing to take. It makes no practical sense for Donald Trump to accept this luxury gift when other alternatives in the works are less risky and less costly for taxpayers.

This gift reeks of corruption and naked self-enrichment. It reeks of corruption and naked self-enrichment, and Republicans should stand up and support our bill, defend national security, and protect Americans.

In the meantime, I will continue my hold on all political Department of Justice nominees until we get more answers about this clearly unethical deal.

Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the text of the bill be printed in the RECORD.

There being no objection, the text of the bill was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

S. 1804

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

#### SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Presidential Airlift Security Act of 2025”.

#### SEC. 2. PROHIBITION ON USE OF FUNDS TO PROCURE OR MODIFY FOREIGN AIRCRAFT FOR PRESIDENTIAL AIRLIFT.

None of the funds authorized to be appropriated or otherwise made available for fiscal year 2025 or fiscal year 2026 for the Department of Defense may be made available for the procurement, modification, restoration, or maintenance of an aircraft previously owned by a foreign government, an entity controlled by a foreign government, or a representative of a foreign government for the purposes of providing presidential airlift options.

By Ms. COLLINS (for herself and Mrs. SHAHEEN):

S. 1805. A bill to amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to permit nurse practitioners and physician assistants to satisfy the documentation requirement under the Medicare program for coverage of certain shoes for individuals with diabetes; to the Committee on Finance.

Ms. COLLINS. Mr. President, I rise today to introduce the Promoting Access to Diabetic Shoes Act with my colleague from New Hampshire, Senator SHAHEEN. I want to thank Senator SHAHEEN for her partnership on so many issues affecting individuals with diabetes. Our bipartisan bill would allow nurse practitioners and physician

assistants to prescribe therapeutic shoes under Medicare. This will enable Medicare beneficiaries who have diabetes to more easily access this important preventive care, should they need it.

As cochairs of the Senate Diabetes Caucus, Senator SHAHEEN and I are focused on advancing policies that will improve the lives of the more than 37 million Americans who live with diabetes. Therapeutic shoes help prevent some of the costly and painful complications related to diabetes, such as foot ulcers, which almost 1.6 million individuals with diabetes have. If they do not receive timely care, these individuals are at risk of serious health complications, such as lower limb amputations. Only 10 percent of qualifying Medicare patients receive the diabetic shoes they need because of difficulties accessing qualifying providers. By reducing barriers to this preventive care, the Promoting Access to Diabetic Shoes Act will enable more individuals with diabetes to receive the medical care they need to avoid some serious complications.

Nurse practitioners and physician assistants in Maine and across the country provide the full range of care to patients with diabetes. Many patients see an NP or a PA as their preferred primary care provider for treating diabetes. When the treating NP or PA determines that the patient may need therapeutic shoes, however, the NP or PA must send the patient first to a physician to make the same determination, and then the physician must send them to a podiatrist to actually fit the shoes. To make matters more complicated, under current law, the certifying physician must take over all treatment of the patients diabetic condition. This process not only forces a patient to change providers but also delays patient access to effective treatment for diabetes.

In rural States such as Maine, patients often have to drive long distances to see a podiatrist or even a physician. One nurse practitioner from Bangor shared with me that the closest podiatrist she is able to send patients to is an hour-long drive away and has a many-months long waitlist. Patients with diabetes simply cannot afford to wait months and months for treatment. The removal of this outdated and unnecessary barrier means NPs and PAs would be authorized to certify the need for therapeutic shoes for patients with diabetes and ensure they get the care they need in a timely fashion.

Finally, passage of this legislation will reduce Medicare spending by removing the unnecessary and duplicative certifying visit requirements. Data demonstrate that NPs and PAs manage the care for patients with diabetes in a cost-effective manner that results in healthcare savings. The estimated total annual cost of an individual patient with diabetes is \$17,000. If the patient does not receive treatment in