

Fields	Levin	Ross
Figures	Liccardo	Ruiz
Fitzpatrick	Lieu	Ryan
Fletcher	Lofgren	Salinas
Foster	Lynch	Sánchez
Foushee	Mackenzie	Scanlon
Frankel, Lois	Magaziner	Schakowsky
Friedman	Malliotakis	Schneider
Frost	Mannion	Scholten
Garamendi	Matsui	Schrier
Garbarino	McBath	Scott (VA)
Garcia (CA)	McBride	Scott, David
Garcia (IL)	McClain Delaney	Sewell
Garcia (TX)	McClellan	Sherman
Golden (ME)	McCollum	Simon
Goldman (NY)	McDonald Rivet	Smith (NJ)
Gomez	McGarvey	Smith (WA)
Gonzalez, V.	McGovern	Sorensen
Goodlander	McIver	Soto
Gottheimer	Meeks	Stansbury
Gray	Menendez	Stanton
Green, Al (TX)	Meng	Stauber
Grijalva	Mfume	Stevens
Harder (CA)	Min	Strickland
Hayes	Moore (AL)	Subramanyam
Himes	Moore (WI)	Suozzi
Horsford	Morelle	Sykes
Houlahan	Morrison	Takano
Hoyer	Moskowitz	Thanedar
Hoyle (OR)	Moulton	Thompson (CA)
Huffman	Mrvan	Thompson (MS)
Issa	Mullin	Titus
Ivey	Neal	Tlaib
Jackson (IL)	Neguse	Tokuda
Jacobs	Norcross	Tonko
Jayapal	Nunn (IA)	Torres (CA)
Jeffries	Ocasio-Cortez	Torres (NY)
Johnson (GA)	Olzewski	Trahan
Johnson (TX)	Omar	Tran
Joyce (OH)	Pallone	Turner (OH)
Kamlager-Dove	Panetta	Underwood
Kaptur	Pappas	Valadao
Kean	Patronis	Van Drew
Keating	Pelosi	Van Orden
Kelly (IL)	Perez	Vargas
Kennedy (NY)	Peters	Vasquez
Khanna	Pettersen	Veasey
Krishnamoorthi	Pingree	Velázquez
LaLota	Pocan	Vindman
Landsman	Pou	Walkinshaw
Larsen (WA)	Pressley	Wasserman
Larson (CT)	Quigley	Schultz
Latimer	Ramirez	Waters
Lawler	Randall	Watson Coleman
Lee (NV)	Raskin	Whitesides
Lee (PA)	Riley (NY)	Williams (GA)
Leger Fernandez	Rivas	Wilson (FL)

NAYS—194

Aderholt	De La Cruz	Harris (MD)
Alford	DesJarlais	Harris (NC)
Allen	Diaz-Balart	Harshbarger
Amodei (NV)	Downing	Hern (OK)
Arrington	Dunn (FL)	Higgins (LA)
Babin	Edwards	Hill (AR)
Baird	Ellzey	Hinson
Balderson	Emmer	Houchin
Barr	Estes	Hudson
Barrett	Evans (CO)	Huizenga
Baumgartner	Ezell	Hunt
Bean (FL)	Fallon	Hurd (CO)
Begich	Fedorchak	Jack
Bentz	Feenstra	Jackson (TX)
Bergman	Fine	James
Bice	Finstad	Johnson (LA)
Biggs (AZ)	Fischbach	Johnson (SD)
Biggs (SC)	Fitzgerald	Jordan
Bilirakis	Fleischmann	Joyce (PA)
Brecheen	Flood	Kelly (MS)
Buchanan	Fong	Kelly (PA)
Burchett	Fox	Kennedy (UT)
Burlison	Franklin, Scott	Kiggins (VA)
Calvert	Fry	Kiley (CA)
Cammack	Fulcher	Kim
Carey	Gill (TX)	Knott
Carter (GA)	Goldman (TX)	Kustoff
Carter (TX)	Gonzales, Tony	LaHood
Ciscomani	Gooden	LaMalfa
Cline	Gosar	Langworthy
Cloud	Graves	Latta
Clyde	Greene (GA)	Lee (FL)
Cole	Griffith	Letlow
Collins	Grothman	Loudermilk
Comer	Guest	Lucas
Crane	Guthrie	Luna
Crank	Hageman	Luttrell
Crawford	Hamadeh (AZ)	Mace
Crenshaw	Haridopolos	Maloy
Davidson	Harrigan	Mann

Massie	Ogles	Stefanik
Mast	Onder	Steil
McCaul	Owens	Steube
McClain	Palmer	Strong
McClintock	Perry	Stutzman
McCormick	Pfluger	Taylor
McDowell	Reschenthaler	Tenney
McGuire	Rogers (AL)	Thompson (PA)
Messmer	Rogers (KY)	Tiffany
Meuser	Rose	Timmons
Miller (IL)	Rouzer	Van Duyne
Miller (OH)	Roy	Van Epps
Miller (WV)	Rulli	Wagner
Miller-Meeks	Scalise	Walberg
Mills	Schmidt	Weber (TX)
Moolenaar	Schweikert	Webster (FL)
Moore (NC)	Scott, Austin	Westerman
Moore (UT)	Self	Wied
Moore (WV)	Sessions	Williams (TX)
Moran	Shreve	Wilson (SC)
Murphy	Simpson	Wittman
Nehls	Smith (MO)	Womack
Newhouse	Smith (NE)	Yakym
Norman	Smucker	Zinke
Obernolte	Spartz	

NOT VOTING—7

Donalds	Nadler	Swalwell
Gillen	Rutherford	
Gimenez	Salazar	

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote). There are 2 minutes remaining.

□ 1503

Mr. COLE changed his vote from “yea” to “nay.”

So the resolution was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Ms. GILLEN. Mr. Speaker, had I been present, I would have voted YEA on Roll Call No. 322, NAY on Roll Call No. 323, YEA on Roll Call No. 324, NO on Roll Call No. 325, AYE on Roll Call No. 326, AYE on Roll Call No. 327, AYE on Roll Call No. 328, YEA on Roll Call No. 329, NAY on Roll Call No. 330, and YEA on Roll Call No. 331.

PROTECT AMERICA'S WORKFORCE ACT

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. MOOLENAAR). Pursuant to House Resolution 432, the House will proceed to the immediate consideration of H.R. 2550, which the clerk will report by title.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 432, the bill is considered read.

The text of the bill is as follows:

H.R. 2550

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Protect America’s Workforce Act”.

SEC. 2. NULLIFICATION OF EXECUTIVE ORDER RELATING TO EXCLUSIONS FROM FEDERAL LABOR-MANAGEMENT RELATIONS PROGRAMS.

The Executive order titled “Exclusions from Federal Labor-Management Relations Programs”, issued on March 27, 2025, shall have no force or effect and no Federal funds may be obligated or expended to carry out such Executive order.

SEC. 3. COLLECTIVE BARGAINING AGREEMENTS.

Any collective bargaining agreement in effect as of March 26, 2025, between any execu-

tive branch Federal agency and any labor organization that is an exclusive representative of Federal employees shall have full force and effect through the stated term of the applicable agreement.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The bill shall be debatable for 1 hour, equally divided and controlled by the chair and ranking member of the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform, or their respective designees.

The gentleman from Kentucky (Mr. COMER) and the gentleman from California (Mr. GARCIA) will each control 30 minutes.

The chair recognizes the gentleman from Kentucky (Mr. COMER).

Mr. COMER. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I rise in opposition to H.R. 2550. Americans pay several hundred billion dollars in taxes each year to fund the salaries and benefits of more than 2 million Federal civilian employees. These workers are paid to carry out the critical mission and functions of the Federal Government, but the more than 340 million Americans who foot the bill do not directly manage Federal executive branch employees. They elect a President to do that.

The President directs the workforce of the executive branch so he can fulfill his constitutional duty to ensure the laws of the land are faithfully executed.

When President Trump ran for office last year, he told the American public that if—if elected, he would return Federal employees to their offices, reform the bureaucracy, and restore much-needed accountability to the workforce. The American people chose to elect him to do just that.

Even before President Trump took office, Federal collective bargaining legal authorities were weaponized to sabotage what Americans had voted for. On their way out the door, lame-duck Biden administration officials signed collective bargaining agreements with Federal employee union bosses specifically designed to tie the hands of incoming President Trump.

In January, at our very first hearing this Congress, the House Committee on Oversight and Government Reform heard testimony from President Biden’s Social Security Commissioner, Martin O’Malley. He cut a deal with union bosses after the November election and just before leaving the agency to run for chair of the Democratic National Committee.

The deal locked in telework levels for tens of thousands of Social Security Administration employees for the entirety of the incoming Trump administration. To be clear, this was done specifically to Trump-proof the workforce and to force the incoming President to continue the failed management policies the public had just voted to end.

We must ask: Are we going to uphold the President’s constitutional role as head of the executive branch?

Can he truly lead if he is held hostage by union deals to which he never

agreed and were intended to undermine his authority?

Should an elected President be unable to bring tax-funded Federal employees back to work for his entire 4-year term?

The American people do not think so.

That is why the House Committee on Oversight and Reform adopted legislation that would allow the President to manage the workforce without being bound by last-minute union agreements designed to undermine him. That legislation, the Preserving Presidential Management Authority Act, sponsored by Representative CLOUD of Texas, is the bill we should be debating here today.

It is important to remember that public-sector unions are fundamentally different from their private-sector counterparts. In fact, none other than Franklin Delano Roosevelt, a major champion of private-sector unions, believed that public-sector unions made no sense. FDR wrote: "The process of collective bargaining, as usually understood, cannot be transplanted into the public service."

Why is that? In the private sector, unions represent workers and sit across the bargaining table from representatives of businessowners. However, Federal unions are not negotiating with a profit-seeking corporation. They are negotiating with the public's elected representatives.

As FDR put it in the case of the public sector, the employer is the whole people. Federal unions, in other words, seek concessions not from private owners but from the taxpayers themselves.

Since Federal salaries and benefits are determined by laws, which also establish basic civil service protections for employees, what exactly do Federal unions bargain over? They bargain over conditions of employment like telework.

Unions also seek contract provisions that limit management's ability to hold employees accountable through disciplinary procedures or performance management processes.

□ 1510

I urge my colleagues to buck Federal union bosses. Put Americans first and oppose the so-called Protect America's Workforce Act.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. GARCIA of California. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material in the RECORD.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from California?

There was no objection.

Mr. GARCIA of California. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I rise in strong support of the Protecting America's Workforce

Act, which will restore collective bargaining rights for more than 1 million Federal workers.

I thank Congressman GOLDEN for all his work to bring this bipartisan bill to the floor and so many Members across our caucus who are supportive.

We know this bill is a historic win which overcame opposition from Speaker JOHNSON and certainly antiworker allies across the government.

In March, President Trump signed an executive order terminating collective bargaining rights for Federal police officers, firefighters, nurses, food safety inspectors, and so many more.

The nurses who care for our veterans, the flight safety inspectors at the FAA, nuclear power plant safety workers, and countless others lost their right to have representation in the workplace. This is unfair, and it is wrong. Workers deserve the right to make their voices heard with a union.

Mr. Speaker, I was the mayor of my city of Long Beach, California, before I came to Congress. I am so proud to partner with our city unions, always making sure that the city and services ran effectively. Our Federal unions are the same. They make sure that our civil service is independent and non-partisan, serving the citizens and not whichever party is currently in power.

They make sure we attract and retain highly talented workers, and they make sure our agencies follow the law.

President Trump is targeting Federal unions to further his power grab and to continue to push an agenda which leaves working families behind and, instead, supports billionaires.

Unions make our middle class stronger. They make our government stronger, and they make our economy stronger. We should be working every day to strengthen the right to organize and not to undermine it. This bill is a historic victory.

Mr. Speaker, I commend Congressman GOLDEN and everyone who has worked on it, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. COMER. Mr. Speaker, I yield 5 minutes to the gentleman from Texas (Mr. CLOUD).

Mr. CLOUD. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in strong opposition to H.R. 2550.

The proposed legislation is designed to nullify President Trump's lawful executive order to exclude agencies with national security missions from collective bargaining agreements.

Article II of the Constitution is crystal clear: The executive power is invested in the President of the United States. Let me repeat: All authority in the executive branch flows from the people to the duly elected executive. Anyone operating outside of the pleasure of the President in the executive branch is simply part of an unconstitutional fourth branch of government. The President holds the sole authority.

Yet for decades, Federal collective bargaining agreements have been allowed, and some are even designed to

restrict the President's ability to lead the government we elected him to run.

That is why President Trump, acting fully within the authority granted by the Civil Service Reform Act of 1978, amended Jimmy Carter's 1979 executive order, to exempt additional agencies from burdensome collective bargaining agreements—agencies such as the Departments of Defense, State, Justice, Homeland Security, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, as well as many others.

The left's disdain for the Constitution cannot be more clear. We saw this during Trump administration 1.0 with the resistance movement. During the Biden administration we saw the auto pen controversy where they even went around the executive. The Biden administration spent the final months, even after being voted out of office, frantically signing union contracts which were explicitly designed to sabotage the incoming administration and prevent President Trump, elected by the people, from carrying out the mandate he was given.

These same government unions are not neutral public servants. In the 2023 to 2024 election cycle, the four largest Federal employee unions spent nearly \$1 billion on politics, with 98.8 percent of their Federal contributions going to the Democratic Party.

Unions like the American Federation of Government Employees, the National Treasury Employees Union, AFSCME, SEIU, and others affected by this executive order have made no secret of their intent to resist the agenda the American people voted for.

As Congress, we need to ensure that the Constitution is upheld. We need more legislation like the Preserving Presidential Management Authority Act, which simply reaffirms Article II and ensures that no future administration can permanently handcuff its successor.

Mr. Speaker, I urge my colleagues to defend Article II, reject this H.R. 2550, and stand with the American people who sent us here to drain the swamp, not to protect it.

Mr. GARCIA of California. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1½ minutes to the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. FITZPATRICK).

Mr. FITZPATRICK. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in support of H.R. 2550, bipartisan legislation to restore collective bargaining rights for hundreds of thousands of unionized Federal employees.

This legislation reaffirms a core principle: A government that serves the people must also respect the rights of those who serve within it.

Federal employees work tirelessly every day, often behind the scenes. They process Social Security benefits, safeguard our food and water, care for our veterans, and respond whenever a disaster strikes. Their work is essential, and its impact reaches every community across this Nation.

Mr. Speaker, by restoring their collective bargaining rights, we strengthen a system that keeps government effective, stable, and responsive, all without compromising security or mission readiness.

Reinstating these rights is not a concession. It is a commitment, a commitment to treat federal workers with dignity, to reinforce a resilient public service, and to honor the commitment of the men and women who show up for the American people every single day.

Mr. Speaker, I urge my colleagues to support this bill. I thank my friend and colleague from Maine, JARED GOLDEN, for his partnership, and, more importantly, for his courage in advancing this initiative.

Mr. COMER. Mr. Speaker, I yield 4 minutes to the gentleman from Arizona (Mr. BIGGS).

Mr. BIGGS of Arizona. Mr. Speaker, I thank the chairman for yielding.

This bill would nullify President Trump's Executive Order No. 14251, which rightly excluded 40 national security agencies from collective bargaining.

Agencies like FEMA, the Coast Guard, the CDC, and the VA cannot afford to be paralyzed by union red tape when lives are on the line.

I want to emphasize that this is going to nullify an executive order. It is going to attack his agenda, the America First agenda, that he was overwhelmingly elected to enact.

These unions are not neutral actors. The word "billionaires" was mentioned by my colleague from California. I am glad he mentioned the term "billion," because that is what the partisan machine government union spent in the last election, just under \$1 billion, \$980 million of it going to Democrats, which explains in no small measure the rationale for the movement of this bill to negate President Trump's executive order.

In its final days, the Biden administration rushed to lock in long-term union contracts designed to tie President Trump's hands for a second term.

H.R. 2550 preserves those deals signed after President Trump was reelected but before Inauguration Day. That undermines the will of the voters and the authority of the Commander in Chief. It is legislative sabotage, and we shouldn't give in to that.

The Civil Service Reform Act of 1978 explicitly gives the President authority to exclude agencies from collective bargaining when national security is at stake. This would undo that.

Presidents from Carter to Reagan to Trump have exercised this authority. Courts have already sided with President Trump, affirming that in matters of national security, the President enjoys "unique responsibility."

Arizona knows too well the cost of bureaucratic failure. The Phoenix VA scandal shows what happens when accountability is lost. Veterans died waiting for care.

We must not allow unions to dictate policy if it is going to impact national

security, if it is going to affect our borders, if it is going to affect our energy, and if it is going to affect protecting Americans during pandemics.

In a State where public safety and national defense are daily realities, my State, this bill would put union bosses ahead of the American people and in front of Arizonans.

In 2024 alone, the political arm of the Democratic Party, the four largest public-sector unions, spent \$900 million-plus on progressive politics, and 86 percent of it came from their member dues. They are using taxpayer-backed salaries to fund partisan activism, not to serve the American people.

H.R. 2550 strips the President of his constitutional authority, undermines national security, and rewards partisan obstruction. President Trump is trying to fulfill his duty to protect the American people. Congress should not stand in his way.

Mr. Speaker, I urge my colleagues to stand with the President, put America's security ahead of union politics, and vote "no."

□ 1520

Mr. GARCIA of California. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1½ minutes to the gentleman from New Jersey (Mr. NORCROSS).

Mr. NORCROSS. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in support of H.R. 2550, a bill that would restore collective bargaining rights for all Federal employees.

Earlier this year, President Trump launched one of the largest attacks on labor in the history of the United States, on the working people who voted to join a union and have a voice.

President Trump suggests that this is a problem of national security. Quite frankly, it has not been. They cited that there would be strikes. There hasn't been, and it is illegal to strike. In fact, we are looking for workers to help build our military at the very time that the President is trying to beat down those workers.

This is where the real problem is. That executive order stripped Federal workers of their collective bargaining rights.

The suggestion is that they canceled the contracts. We always deal in contracts. A collective bargaining agreement is a contract between the people and the public entity. We do it across the board each and every day.

Less than 24 hours ago, in this very room, we had a chance to immediately restore the collective bargaining rights just for the Department of Defense. They all voted "no." Today, they want to vote "yes"? A day late and a dollar short is what I am talking about. They could have voted for a fraction of the people yesterday, and it would have become law. Today, they vote for it. You can't have it both ways, Mr. Speaker.

Let me be clear. We want to work together, both sides of the aisle. This is incredibly important. We need to remember that collective bargaining

agreements are about a vote by the people. Don't steal the vote.

Mr. COMER. Mr. Speaker, I yield 3 minutes to the gentleman from Texas (Mr. GILL).

Mr. GILL of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I thank the chairman for yielding me time on this important issue.

I strongly oppose this bill because it would jeopardize our national security, and it locks in harmful last-minute agreements from the Biden administration.

Union bosses love this bill for one reason: It protects their telework perk. It also shields them from accountability and gives them effective veto power over a duly elected President with a mandate to clean up a bloated Federal bureaucracy.

Specifically, this legislation would nullify President Trump's executive order titled "Exclusions From Federal Labor-Management Relations Programs." The executive order wisely designated various agencies as having a national security focus as their primary functions and exempts them from collective bargaining.

Union officials do not and should not have the right to use their collective bargaining power to undermine President Trump and jeopardize our national security.

One example of this just fairly recently is ICE not being able to modify cybersecurity policies without giving its union bosses an opportunity to negotiate, delaying needed cybersecurity updates.

In another example, union bosses threatened to block the Office of Personnel Management from implementing basic IT security controls.

There is a troubling pattern where union bosses block measures that they don't like, forgetting that they work for the American people and not the other way around.

The President's executive order also improves care for veterans. On August 6, 2025, the VA announced that it is terminating most union contracts to comply with the executive order.

Employees at the VA currently spend 750,000 hours engaging not in care for veterans but in union activities. That is every single year. The President's executive order will lead VA employees to spend more time helping veterans and less time in union activities.

It goes even further. This bill forbids the Trump administration from unwinding any collective bargaining agreement signed before March 26, 2025.

After Democrats lost the 2024 elections, the Biden administration hurried to ink multiyear deals that they knew they would never have to enforce, deliberately tying the hands of their successors and rewarding union leadership on their way out.

One example is especially egregious: the Social Security Administration deal that allows maximum telework, prohibits management from reducing it, and applies to 98.5 percent of the agency's workforce.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The time of the gentleman has expired.

Mr. COMER. Mr. Speaker, I yield an additional 1 minute to the gentleman.

Mr. GILL of Texas. The Protect America's Workforce Act is nothing short of an attempt to prevent President Trump from reforming the Federal bureaucracy. It undermines national security and rewards union bosses who think that they run the government. I urge opposition.

Mr. GARCIA of California. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from New York (Mr. JEFFRIES), the Democratic leader.

Mr. JEFFRIES. Mr. Speaker, I thank, of course, the distinguished gentleman from the great State of California, Representative GARCIA, for his leadership, and, of course, I thank Representative GOLDEN for his leadership in pushing this legislation forward.

I rise today in strong support of the Protect America's Workforce Act, legislation that will restore the collective bargaining rights of more than a million hardworking Federal employees, patriotic public servants who have been targeted viciously by the Trump administration from the very beginning of his time in office unnecessarily and in ways that undermine some of the core promises, Mr. Speaker, that Donald Trump made to the American people last year.

Donald Trump and Republicans promised that they would focus on lowering costs on day one. Costs have not gone down in the United States of America. Costs have gone up. Inflation is on the way up. Housing costs are out of control. Childcare costs are out of control. Electricity bills are out of control. Grocery costs are out of control. Healthcare costs are skyrocketing out of control because of the Republican refusal to extend the Affordable Care Act tax credits.

Instead of Donald Trump and Republicans, Mr. Speaker, keeping their core promise to the American people to make their life better, they have been focusing on a variety of other things that relate simply to jamming their extreme rightwing ideology down the throats of the American people, including by targeting organized labor, hardworking men and women, including those who are part of the Federal workforce.

What is it that Federal employees do each and every day to make sure that they are providing services to the American people? The list is too numerous to mention, but we know that hardworking Federal employees, our public servants, each and every day are working hard to make sure that hard-earned Social Security benefits are delivered to the American people, that Medicare benefits are delivered to the American people, that the food we eat is disease-free, that we can enjoy our national parks all across the country, and that aviation safety and the ability to get from your point of departure to your point of destination, flying in

airplanes in order to see your loved ones, is safe.

Of course, our hardworking Federal employees are working hard to make sure that veterans receive their earned benefits. Instead of being targeted by Donald Trump and Republicans, these people should be supported for the work that they do on behalf of the American people.

We also know that when it comes to improving the quality of life of everyday Americans, there is a lot of repair work that must occur to restore the American Dream that is disappearing from folks all across this country.

The American people know that the Trump administration and Republican policies have been a disaster.

□ 1530

In this great country, as Democrats, we believe that when you work hard and play by the rules, you should be able to live an affordable life, a comfortable life, and live the good life.

What exactly does that mean: good-paying job; good housing; good healthcare; good education for your children; and at the end of the day, a good retirement. That is the good life. That is the American Dream.

For far too many people, it is out of reach, but we know that perhaps no force has been more proactive in delivering access to that American Dream than the men and women of organized labor, decade after decade after decade.

Why would Donald Trump and Republicans focus, Mr. Speaker, on targeting hardworking public employees, targeting unions, and targeting the men and women of organized labor?

Is it because my Republican colleagues are too consumed with enacting massive tax breaks for their billionaire donors, which is what the one big, ugly bill was all about, but have zero interest in lifting up the quality of life of hardworking American taxpayers, including, but not limited to, the men and women of our Federal workforce?

It was my understanding, Mr. Speaker, that my Republican colleagues believe in freedom. Well, collective bargaining, essentially, is the freedom to negotiate the best possible work environment to allow these public employees to continue to deliver services that are effective and efficient for the American people.

Yet, instead of focusing on driving down the high cost of living in America, which is out of control—yes, there is an affordability crisis in the United States of America, notwithstanding the fact, Mr. Speaker, that Donald Trump apparently believes it is a hoax. The American people know it is not a hoax.

Instead of focusing on trying to find commonsense solutions to make life better for the American people, Donald Trump and my Republican colleagues continue to just jam their extreme ideology down the throats of the American people while working overtime to benefit their billionaire donors.

That is why I am thankful for this bipartisan effort to restore collective bargaining rights for more than 1 million public servants who are part of the Federal Government, and I urge a "yes" vote.

Do the right thing by the Federal workforce. Do the right thing by the men and women of organized labor and do the right thing when it comes to ensuring that everyone has a path to experiencing the American Dream.

Mr. COMER. Mr. Speaker, that was a long minute for the leader of the Democratic Party to advocate for more work-from-home policies for our Federal employees.

I think the American people have spoken loud and clear. They support our Federal employees, like the Republican Party, but we expect them to show up for work, not get paid to be home and not be accessible by phone or by computer or by email.

That is what we heard from the leader of the Democratic Party.

Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. GARCIA of California. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1½ minutes to the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. KRISHNAMOORTHY).

Mr. KRISHNAMOORTHY. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in strong support of H.R. 2550.

This bipartisan bill reverses an illegal executive order that stripped collective bargaining rights from roughly 67 percent of the Federal workforce, so more than two-thirds of the Federal workforce.

Removing their limited bargaining rights does not improve efficiency. It threatens the integrity of our civil service. These rights exist for one essential reason: to shield Federal employees from political pressure so that they serve the American people, not the agenda of any one President or political party.

No worker should have to take a political loyalty test to receive or keep his or her job. The Protect America's Workforce Act restores a balanced, targeted framework that respects national security, while reaffirming the rights of those who serve us.

Mr. Speaker, I urge all Members to support this legislation and restore these protections for over 1 million Federal workers. Again, this particular legislation is about no political loyalty test having to be administered to workers in the Federal Government. They are accountable to the American people.

Mr. COMER. Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. GARCIA of California. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from Washington (Ms. RANDALL).

Ms. RANDALL. Mr. Speaker, I thank Ranking Member GARCIA and Congressman GOLDEN for the opportunity to speak on Protect America's Workforce Act.

Mr. Speaker, I represent 27,000 Federal employees who have been through

an incredibly challenging year marked by reckless DOGE firings, chaotic rehiring, and unprecedented uncertainties.

They have been stripped of their ability to collectively bargain through President Trump's March executive order. They have been subjected to harassment and questioning of their political loyalties for nonpartisan positions. They live in constant fear that they may lose their jobs due to illegal reduction-in-force efforts that the administration has been trying to get away with.

As a result, we are losing talented and highly skilled workers at rates we can't afford. For Naval Base Kitsap, which includes Submarine Base Bangor and the Puget Sound Naval Shipyard and Intermediate Maintenance Facility, that is a national security issue.

I am a proud former union member and the daughter of union members, and I will always fight to protect union rights. What is true about Kitsap, where I grew up, is that we are not red or blue, but we are a union town. That is why I was proud to cosponsor this bill and a proud signer of the discharge petition.

Mr. Speaker, today, I will be a proud "yes" vote on passage.

Mr. COMER. Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. GARCIA of California. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. BRESNAHAN).

Mr. BRESNAHAN. Mr. Speaker, I rise today not just in support of H.R. 2550, but in support of the right to collectively bargain. This is not a policy idea. It is a lifeline that ensures fair wages, safe workplaces, and the basic dignity that every worker deserves.

Unions like AFGE, Laborers, and IBEW stand on the front lines defending the American Federal workforce.

AFGE represents Federal workers and, in my district, there are 10,000 of them. These men and women care for veterans, help seniors receive timely Social Security payments, and serve as correctional officers at Canaan prison, just to name a few.

When their collective bargaining rights are stripped, they are left without the stability, fairness, and respect they deserve.

Likewise, the Laborers Union, who built and maintained the infrastructure this country runs on; and the IBEW, who work in dangerous conditions at military bases and power plants, depend on these rights to ensure proper training and enforce a safety protocol that prevents accidents and saves lives.

Mr. Speaker, I am proud to help bring the Protect America's Workforce Act to the floor today, and I look forward to its passage.

Mr. COMER. Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. GARCIA of California. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from New York (Mr. LAWLER).

Mr. LAWLER. Mr. Speaker, I rise today in strong support of H.R. 2550, Protect America's Workforce Act.

Earlier this year, an executive order changed the collective bargaining status of tens of thousands of Federal workers. These are career public servants, many of them veterans, who show up every single day to serve our country. Every American deserves a voice in the workplace, and that includes the people who keep our government running and open.

Ensuring collective bargaining rights strengthens our Federal workforce and helps deliver more effective, accountable service to the American people. We must ensure that collective bargaining agreements already in place remain, as well as ensuring that good government goes hand in hand with that.

Mr. Speaker, I was proud to join colleagues across the aisle as being the 218th signature to advance this bill forward.

I thank Congressmen FITZPATRICK and GOLDEN for leading this effort, as well as my fellow Congressmen here, Mr. BRESNAHAN, as well as Congressman LALOTA, for their leadership on this front.

Mr. COMER. Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. GARCIA of California. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from Missouri (Mr. BELL).

Mr. BELL. Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of H.R. 2550, the Protect America's Workforce Act.

Mr. Speaker, we all count on a Federal workforce that shows up every day to serve, not to bend to political pressure or wonder if speaking up will cost them their jobs.

That is exactly the risk if collective bargaining rights are wiped out. It pushes aside a system that has been built over generations to protect workers, protect taxpayers, and keep politics out of public service.

Taking away the voice of Federal workers doesn't make government stronger. It makes it easier for retaliation, harder for whistleblowers, and worse for the people who we represent.

Mr. Speaker, I urge my colleagues to do right by the people who serve our country every day by restoring basic fairness and bringing us back to a system that has worked under both parties for decades.

□ 1540

Mr. COMER. Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. GARCIA of California. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from Virginia (Mr. WALKINSHAW).

Mr. WALKINSHAW. Mr. Speaker, I rise in strong support of the Protect America's Workforce Act.

In my community, Mr. Speaker, public service is a way of life. More than 80,000 of my neighbors work directly for the Federal Government. These civil servants protect our national se-

curity, care for our veterans, process Social Security claims, advance medical research, and respond when disaster strikes.

They have also been on the front lines of President Trump and Russ Vought's Project 2025-inspired efforts to "traumatize" the Federal workforce.

Stripping collective bargaining rights is a direct assault on our nonpartisan civil service. This bill says: Not on our watch. That is why I signed the discharge petition on my first day in office.

This bill restores basic rights for Federal employees, defends the merit-based civil service, and honors the spirit of public service that defines my community and communities across the country.

Mr. Speaker, I urge my colleagues to support the bill.

Mr. COMER. Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. GARCIA of California. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from Nevada (Ms. TITUS).

Ms. TITUS. Mr. Speaker, I rise in very strong support of the Protect America's Workforce Act.

Since day one, President Trump has worked to dismantle the institutions that protect workers and weaken the power of organized labor. He dismissed commissioners from the Federal agency responsible for enforcing workforce civil rights, and he stripped the National Labor Relations Board of its quorum.

Then in March, he moved to take away unionization rights from thousands of government workers, including those at the Departments of Defense, State, and Veterans Affairs.

We count on these public servants to be on the front lines, keeping our communities running and our constituents safe. In return, they deserve to have their rights protected. That is why I am a strong supporter of this legislation that will overturn the President's dangerous and illegal executive order eliminating collective bargaining.

Mr. Speaker, I urge my colleagues to do the same and vote in favor of this important legislation.

Mr. COMER. Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. GARCIA of California. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from Nevada (Mr. HORSFORD).

Mr. HORSFORD. Mr. Speaker, despite repeatedly claiming to be the most pro-worker President and administration in history, since taking office, President Trump took action earlier this year that stripped collective bargaining rights from nearly 1 million Federal employees.

These workers are the backbone of our Nation, from nurses caring for veterans, law enforcement officers keeping our communities safe, teachers educating the next generation, and countless others who ensure America runs every day.

That is why I was proud to cosponsor the Protect America's Workforce Act

alongside my Congressional Labor Caucus co-chairs and our over 120 members to counter what is arguably the largest act of union busting in American history.

I urge every Member of this Chamber to join the Congressional Labor Caucus in supporting this crucial legislation. Let's stand with Federal workers in restoring their union rights against these unprecedented attacks on their livelihoods. I urge adoption.

Mr. COMER. Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. GARCIA of California. Mr. Speaker, I yield one minute to the gentleman from Wisconsin (Mr. POCAN).

Mr. POCAN. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to urge us to pass this discharge petition.

Earlier this year, Donald Trump did an illegal executive order, stripping a million Federal workers from their collective bargaining rights, rights they have had since 1962.

We have seen this in my home State. In 2011, Governor Scott Walker launched one of the most aggressive attacks on workers' rights, stripping collective bargaining rights.

What happened? Our School of Education had a two-thirds drop in people applying to be teachers. We lost long-term public employees. That affected services.

This bill will restore longstanding collective bargaining protections and ensure that any future administration cannot demolish these rights again.

We hear our Federal employees across the country. We value them, and we are fighting with them. We stand on behalf of the Federal workers that are negatively affected by the President's actions.

Mr. COMER. Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. GARCIA of California. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentlewoman from Hawaii (Ms. TOKUDA).

Ms. TOKUDA. Mr. Speaker, I rise today outraged at the ongoing assault on the rights and protections of the Federal workers who serve our Nation, over 48,000 of them in Hawaii alone.

Just yesterday, this House passed the NDAA, meant to strengthen our national defense. However, the NDAA means nothing if we cut down, take away rights, and fail to protect the very workforce that makes national defense possible.

Earlier this year, President Trump issued an executive order dismantling collective bargaining agreements for more than 1 million Federal employees.

Let's be clear: The healthcare we fight to make affordable and accessible, the services we promise our veterans, the readiness we demand of our agencies, none of it is real if we undermine the employees who deliver these services on the front lines. Without them, these are just empty promises, just words.

Collective bargaining, grievance procedures, and whistleblower protections

are the foundation of the strong civilian workforce that our national security, veterans, and communities across this country rely on.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. NEWHOUSE). The time of the gentlewoman has expired.

Mr. GARCIA of California. Mr. Speaker, I yield an additional 30 seconds to the gentlewoman from Hawaii.

Ms. TOKUDA. Our Hawaii Government Employees Association calls the President's action a direct attack on working Americans. That is why I stand firmly with our union "ohana" "family" across the country in rejecting these union-busting efforts and urging passage of the Protect America's Workforce Act.

Mr. COMER. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, she mentioned healthcare, and the healthcare system that she is talking about that she says has failed is ObamaCare, what they voted for and they created. I just find it ironic.

I hope every taxpayer in America who gets up in the morning, drives to work, works hard, and pays their taxes is listening to this debate because there is a difference here.

What the President is trying to do is make government more efficient. The argument I am hearing here, and I think the people who work hard and pay taxes are hearing, there is not a single government agency that is at any time inefficient. Every single Federal employee is at 100 percent efficiency and doesn't need to be held accountable. They can work from home and do whatever they want.

We support the Federal workforce. We want to make the Federal workforce harder. We want the taxpayers to get their money's worth out of the hard-earned taxes that they send to Washington.

What this legislation is doing and the goal is to try to hinder the President's ability to get the backs of the American taxpayer and ensure that every government agency is efficient and every Federal employee is working hard, just like the taxpayers who work hard and pay taxes and send their tax dollars here to Congress for us to appropriate.

I think that is an important part of the discussion that needs to be mentioned on the floor. I hope that a lot of people in America, working hard, frustrated with Washington are watching this debate. I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. GARCIA of California. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, like Chairman COMER, I also agree, and I hope that the American public is watching this debate right now. Certainly, what they would see if they are watching this debate is not just Democrats advocating for passage, but Republicans advocating for passage. In fact, this is a bipartisan effort to protect Federal workers in this country.

We have heard now from multiple Republicans from the chairman's party who have actually advocated with Democrats to ensure that our President doesn't strip basic protections from our Federal workers. We are talking about our Federal nurses, our firefighters, law enforcement, medical professionals, the men and women who are working across our airports, that are taking care of our nuclear reactors in this country. They deserve the right to organize.

I do agree. I hope the American public is watching and listening to our Republican colleagues and our Democrats support our Federal workers.

Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentlewoman from Michigan (Ms. TLAIB).

□ 1550

Ms. TLAIB. Mr. Speaker, our Federal workforce deserves a voice. We know the executive order was the largest act of union busting in our Nation's history. It stripped away collective bargaining rights of over a million Federal employees in over 40 Federal agencies.

The agencies covered by the executive order employ nearly 82 percent of the unionized Federal workforce. They are workers in every single congressional district.

These are workers that protect our food, our water, our air, our skies, and care for our veterans, our children, and our seniors. They are our neighbors.

Many people in this Chamber know that a union may have helped them achieve the dream that they have of serving, as well as being able to take care of their families. Many of us are recipients indirectly or directly because of unions.

Collective bargaining isn't a privilege, Mr. Speaker, that can just be signed away. It is a fundamental right. When working people have a voice on their job, services improve, accountability grows, and we all benefit. The bill doesn't just restore fairness, Mr. Speaker. It restores dignity and due process.

Mr. Speaker, I urge my colleagues to support Protect America's Workforce Act.

Mr. COMER. Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. GARCIA of California. I yield 1 minute to the gentlewoman from Michigan (Mrs. DINGELL).

Mrs. DINGELL. Mr. Speaker, first, I thank Congressman GOLDEN for bringing us together on this important bill.

As co-chair of the Congressional Labor Caucus, I know how critical labor rights are not only for workers in unions but for all American workers. We are all better off because of unions. Healthcare, retirement, safe workplaces, holidays, the length of the workweek, and vacations were negotiated for all of us. We have them because unions negotiated them.

We are here because President Trump signed an executive order seeking to end collective bargaining rights for

unionized Federal employees across several agencies. Congress granted, not the executive branch, collective bargaining rights for Federal employees decades ago, and they have been upheld for years by the administration of both parties and now thousands of workers have had those rights taken away.

Let's get one thing clear: Our Federal employees are absolutely essential to keep our country running.

The Speaker pro tempore. The time of the gentlewoman has expired.

Mr. GARCIA of California. Mr. Speaker, I yield an additional 1 minute to the gentlewoman from Michigan.

Mrs. DINGELL. They are firefighters, nurses, doctors, air traffic controllers, food inspectors, law enforcement, and public safety officials. They impact every part of our lives, and we take them for granted. We cannot hurt them. We must support them.

Mr. Speaker, I thank my Republican colleagues who have joined us on this bill and encourage those who have not yet recognized this is an opportunity for all of us to work together. Let us show government employees we have their backs.

Mr. COMER. Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. GARCIA of California. Mr. Speaker, I yield 1 minute to the gentleman from New York (Mr. MANNION).

Mr. MANNION. Mr. Speaker, as our government employees had their rights violated and were treated poorly, spending is up.

Mr. Speaker, I rise in support of the Protect America's Workforce Act. I am a proud cosponsor of this bipartisan legislation to restore collective bargaining rights to hundreds of thousands of Federal workers.

I was raised in Syracuse, New York, in a union household. My mother was a proud CWA member at New York Telephone, and my father a proud union member at New York Central Railroad. I also served as the president of a 400 member teachers' association union representing teachers, nurses, school psychologists, and social workers.

Those who have a union worker in their family understand the guarantee that comes with the union card: fair pay, solid benefits, a secure retirement, and a real path to the middle class.

The indiscriminate stripping of collective bargaining rights through executive action was an illegal gray area if not outright unlawful.

This legislation ends that ambiguity. It should never have been a partisan issue.

The Speaker pro tempore. The time of the gentleman has expired.

Mr. GARCIA of California. Mr. Speaker, I yield an additional 30 seconds to the gentleman from New York.

Mr. MANNION. I am grateful to my colleagues on both sides of the aisle for working together toward this meaningful solution. My father always said that a job is more than a paycheck. It is about dignity. All work is dignified when providing for your family.

Mr. Speaker, the Protect America's Workforce Act lives up to those ideals. Behind every family's American Dream is a good job and often a good union job.

Mr. COMER. Mr. Speaker, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. GARCIA of California. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself the balance of my time.

Mr. Speaker, I will be brief.

Congress should be fighting hard for working people all over this country. We should be tackling the cost of living. We should be fighting to provide world-class government services, and we should be fighting for the unions which make all that possible. We should be working hard to expand the right to organize, not turning back the clock on working families. This bill is a huge win for the American people.

Mr. Speaker, I thank Congressman GOLDEN for his work, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. COMER. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself the balance of my time.

Mr. Speaker, the President has been fighting back against the deals that public sector unions have negotiated for themselves at the expense of the American taxpayer by invoking an existing legal authority.

H.R. 2550 directly threatens that progress by overturning the President's executive order that exercises one of the few tools available to him under the law to more effectively manage the Federal workforce.

Now, it is no secret that accountability problems in the Federal workforce are legendary. It takes a Herculean effort to fire a poorly performing Federal worker or one who is engaged in misconduct.

Collective bargaining agreements often create procedural hurdles to firing such employees, above and beyond steps required in law and regulation.

For example, unions can bring removals before private arbitrators instead of appealing to the Merit Systems Protection Board.

The Trump administration is exercising its electoral mandate to address this problem.

For instance, the President has embarked on an ambitious overhaul of the performance management system and is pursuing more streamlined disciplinary procedures.

The reality is that preexisting union agreements the President never signed onto can subvert these efforts. They provide barriers to accountability beyond basic employee protections that exist in law. Perhaps the most inappropriate aspect of Federal collective bargaining agreements come from provisions governing the use of official time, which is when Federal employees are paid by taxpayers to do union business.

Indeed, many Federal employees spend all their time doing union business. More than 3 million Federal employee work hours were spent doing union business time in 2024 alone, according to the OPM report.

The cost to American taxpayers in salary and benefits was more than \$200 million. There was an additional \$31 million cost for related expenses, primarily the provision of Federal meeting space. The only reason we know this is that the Trump administration collected and reported this 2024 data.

House Oversight Committee Republicans have attempted to legislate annual public reporting on the use and abuse of official time. However, Democrats have consistently opposed even this ounce of accountability.

They have another opportunity to change their ways by supporting the current version of this legislation H.R. 5749, the Official Time Reporting Act. However, if my colleagues on the other side of the aisle are not interested in supporting legislative reforms to bring accountability to the Federal workforce and public sector unions, they should at the very least not roll back existing progress made under this administration.

I, therefore, call on my colleagues on both sides of the aisle to stand with the American taxpayer by supporting the administration's efforts to bring accountability to the executive branch's workforce and oppose H.R. 2550.

Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. All time for debate has expired.

Pursuant to House Resolution 432, the previous question is ordered on the bill.

The question is on the engrossment and third reading of the bill.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, and was read the third time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on passage of the bill.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the yeas appeared to have it.

Mr. GARCIA of California. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 231, nays 195, not voting 7, as follows:

[Roll No. 332]

YEAS—231

Adams	Casar	Davis (NC)
Aguilar	Case	Dean (PA)
Amo	Casten	DeGette
Ansari	Castor (FL)	DeLauro
Auchincloss	Castro (TX)	DelBene
Bacon	Cherfilus-	Deluzio
Balint	McCormick	DeSaulnier
Barragán	Chu	Dexter
Beatty	Cisneros	Dingell
Bell	Clark (MA)	Doggett
Bera	Clarke (NY)	Elfreth
Beyer	Cleaver	Escobar
Bishop	Clyburn	Espallat
Bonamici	Cohen	Evans (CO)
Bost	Conaway	Evans (PA)
Boyle (PA)	Correa	Fields
Bresnahan	Costa	Figures
Brown	Courtney	Fitzpatrick
Brownley	Craig	Fletcher
Budzinski	Crockett	Foster
Bynum	Crow	Foushee
Carbajal	Cuellar	Frankel, Lois
Carson	Davids (KS)	Friedman
Carter (LA)	Davis (IL)	Frost

Garamendi	Magaziner	Sánchez
Garbarino	Malliotakis	Scanlon
García (CA)	Mannion	Schakowsky
García (IL)	Matsui	Schneider
García (TX)	McBath	Scholten
Gillen	McBride	Schrier
Golden (ME)	McClain Delaney	Scott (VA)
Goldman (NY)	McClellan	Scott, David
Gomez	McCollum	Sewell
Gonzalez, V.	McDonald Rivet	Sherman
Goodlander	McGarvey	Simon
Gottheimer	McGovern	Smith (NJ)
Gray	McIver	Smith (WA)
Green, Al (TX)	Meeks	Sorensen
Grijalva	Menendez	Soto
Harder (CA)	Meng	Stansbury
Hayes	Mfume	Stanton
Himes	Miller-Meeks	Staubert
Horsford	Min	Stevens
Houlahan	Moore (WI)	Strickland
Hoyer	Morelle	Subramanyam
Hoyle (OR)	Morrison	Suozzi
Huffman	Moskowitz	Sykes
Ivey	Moulton	Takano
Jackson (IL)	Mrvan	Thanedar
Jacobs	Mullin	Thompson (CA)
Jayapal	Neal	Thompson (MS)
Jeffries	Neguse	Titus
Johnson (GA)	Norcross	Tlaib
Johnson (TX)	Nunn (IA)	Tokuda
Joyce (OH)	Ocasio-Cortez	Tonko
Kamlager-Dove	Olzewski	Torres (CA)
Kaptur	Omar	Torres (NY)
Kean	Pallone	Trahan
Keating	Panetta	Tran
Kelly (IL)	Pappas	Turner (OH)
Kennedy (NY)	Pelosi	Underwood
Khanna	Perez	Valadao
Krishnamoorthi	Peters	Van Drew
LaLota	Pettersen	Van Orden
Landsman	Pingree	Vargas
Larsen (WA)	Pocan	Vasquez
Larson (CT)	Pou	Veasey
Latimer	Pressley	Velázquez
Lawler	Quigley	Vindman
Lee (NV)	Ramirez	Walkinsaw
Lee (PA)	Randall	Wasserman
Leger Fernandez	Raskin	Schultz
Levin	Riley (NY)	Waters
Liccardo	Rivas	Watson Coleman
Lieu	Ross	Whitesides
Lofgren	Ruiz	Williams (GA)
Lynch	Ryan	Wilson (FL)
Mackenzie	Salinas	

NAYS—195

Aderholt	Downing	Houchin
Alford	Dunn (FL)	Hudson
Allen	Edwards	Huizenga
Amodei (NV)	Ellzey	Hunt
Arrington	Emmer	Hurd (CO)
Babin	Estes	Issa
Baird	Ezell	Jack
Balderson	Fallon	Jackson (TX)
Barr	Fedorchak	James
Barrett	Feenstra	Johnson (LA)
Baumgartner	Fine	Johnson (SD)
Bean (FL)	Finstad	Jordan
Begich	Fischbach	Joyce (PA)
Bentz	Fitzgerald	Kelly (MS)
Bergman	Fleischmann	Kelly (PA)
Bice	Flood	Kennedy (UT)
Biggs (AZ)	Fong	Kiggans (VA)
Biggs (SC)	Fox	Kiley (CA)
Bilirakis	Franklin, Scott	Kim
Boebert	Fry	Knott
Brecheen	Fulcher	Kustoff
Buchanan	Gill (TX)	LaHood
Burchett	Goldman (TX)	LaMalfa
Burlison	Gonzales, Tony	Langworthy
Calvert	Gooden	Latta
Cammack	Gosar	Lee (FL)
Carey	Graves	Letlow
Carter (GA)	Greene (GA)	Loudermilk
Carter (TX)	Griffith	Lucas
Ciscomani	Grothman	Luna
Cline	Guest	Luttrell
Cloud	Guthrie	Mace
Clyde	Hageman	Maloy
Cole	Hamadeh (AZ)	Mann
Collins	Haridopolos	Massie
Comer	Harrigan	Mast
Crane	Harris (MD)	McCaul
Crank	Harris (NC)	McClain
Crawford	Harshbarger	McClintock
Crenshaw	Hern (OK)	McCormick
Davidson	Higgins (LA)	McDowell
De La Cruz	Hill (AR)	McGuire
DesJarlais	Hinson	Messmer

Meuser	Pfluger	Steube
Miller (IL)	Reschenthaler	Strong
Miller (OH)	Rogers (AL)	Stutzman
Miller (WV)	Rogers (KY)	Taylor
Mills	Rose	Tenney
Moolenaar	Rouzer	Thompson (PA)
Moore (AL)	Roy	Tiffany
Moore (NC)	Rulli	Timmons
Moore (UT)	Scalise	Van Duyne
Moore (WV)	Schmidt	Van Epps
Moran	Schweikert	Wagner
Murphy	Scott, Austin	Walberg
Nehls	Self	Weber (TX)
Newhouse	Sessions	Webster (FL)
Norman	Shreve	Westerman
Obornolte	Simpson	Wied
Ogles	Smith (MO)	Williams (TX)
Onder	Smith (NE)	Wilson (SC)
Owens	Smucker	Wittman
Palmer	Spartz	Womack
Patronis	Stefanik	Yakym
Perry	Steil	Zinke

NOT VOTING—7

Diaz-Balart	Nadler	Swalwell
Donalds	Rutherford	
Gimenez	Salazar	

□ 1643

Messrs. ALLEN, WEBSTER of Florida, CRAWFORD, STUTZMAN, RESCHENTHALER, EMMER, WALBERG, DAVIDSON, COLE, BABIN, ROUZER, CRANE, and GOSAR changed their vote from “yea” to “nay.”

Mses. PRESSLEY, SCHAKOWSKY, OMAR, and Mr. DAVIS of Illinois changed their vote from “nay” to “yea.”

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

DIRECTING THE SECRETARY OF THE SENATE TO MAKE A CORRECTION IN THE ENROLLMENT OF THE BILL S. 1071

Mr. ROGERS of Alabama. Mr. Speaker, I send to the desk a concurrent resolution and ask unanimous consent for its immediate consideration in the House.

The Clerk read the title of the concurrent resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. BARRETT). Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Alabama?

There was no objection.

The text of the concurrent resolution is as follows:

H. CON. RES. 66

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That in the enrollment of the bill S. 1071, the Secretary of the Senate shall make the following correction: Amend the long title so as to read: “An Act to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2026 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes.”

The concurrent resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

REMOVAL OF NAME OF MEMBER AS COSPONSOR OF H.R. 740

Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi. Mr. Speaker, I hereby remove my name as cosponsor of H.R. 740.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman's request is granted.

PEARL HARBOR REMEMBRANCE DAY

(Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania. Mr. Speaker, over the weekend, we marked a solemn day: Pearl Harbor Remembrance Day.

On December 7, 1941, our great Nation was suddenly attacked by the Imperial Japanese Navy, killing more than 2,400 American servicemembers and civilians and propelling us into World War II.

On the 84th anniversary of the attack, we remember those brave souls who lost their lives that day, and we honor those who survived. There are only 12 remaining survivors, and they are all over 100 years old.

Unfortunately, none were able to make the trip to Hawaii this year for the remembrance ceremony, but we are forever indebted to their sacrifices. We will forever honor all of the Americans who were at the naval base in Pearl Harbor, Hawaii, that day.

Mr. Speaker, President Franklin D. Roosevelt said:

“No matter how long it may take us to overcome this premeditated invasion, the American people in their righteous might will win through to absolute victory.”

And we did.

God bless those who lost their lives that day, and God bless America.

DIVINE CHILD CHAMPIONSHIP

(Ms. TLAIB asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. TLAIB. Mr. Speaker, I congratulate Dearborn's Divine Child High School for winning the Division 4 State championship with a thrilling 23–22 win.

After a dominant season, they rose to the moment at Ford Field to earn their first State championship in 40 years. It was an incredible game and an accomplishment that these players, coaches, and families will remember forever.

The Falcon players showed grit, heart, and determination from the start to finish. Their offense came alive when it mattered most, and their defense stood strong under pressure.

We saw remarkable leadership on the field and witnessed the team's incredible perseverance through challenges.

I thank the coaches, the families, and all those who helped with the mentorship and planning and the belief in our athletes.