

on the Judiciary, in the same manner as a standing committee pursuant to section 3(t) of House Resolution 5, One Hundred Nineteenth Congress.

(B) Depositions taken under the authority prescribed in this paragraph shall be governed by the procedures submitted by the chair of the Committee on Rules for printing in the Congressional Record on January 14, 2025.

(4) Subpoenas authorized pursuant to this resolution may be signed by the chair of the select subcommittee or a designee.

(5) The provisions of this resolution shall govern the proceedings of the select subcommittee in the event of any conflict with the rules of the House or of the Committee on the Judiciary.

(d) **TRANSFER OF RECORDS.**—The Committee on House Administration is directed to transfer any records in any form relating to the matters described in subsection (b) to the select subcommittee not later than seven days after adoption of the resolution by the House. Such records shall become the records of the select subcommittee.

(e) **SUCCESSOR.**—The Committee on the Judiciary is the “successor in interest” to the select subcommittee for purposes of clause 8(c) of rule II of the Rules of the House of Representatives.

(f) **FINAL REPORT.**—The final report of the select subcommittee shall be submitted to the Committee on the Judiciary by December 31, 2026.

(g) **TERMINATION.**—The select subcommittee shall terminate—

(1) 30 days after filing the final report under subsection (f); or

(2) on the last day of the One Hundred Nineteenth Congress, whichever occurs earlier.

RAISING A QUESTION OF THE PRIVILEGES OF THE HOUSE

Mr. HIGGINS of Louisiana. Mr. Speaker, I rise to a question of the privileges of the House and offer the resolution that was previously noticed.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will report the resolution.

The Clerk read as follows:

H. RES. 539

Whereas, on May 9, 2025, Representative McIver took part in an incident at the Delaney Hall Federal Immigration Facility located in Newark, New Jersey;

Whereas Representative LaMonica McIver of New Jersey, as a result of her actions on May 9, 2025, has been charged in a three-count indictment by a Federal grand jury for assaulting, resisting, impeding, and interfering with Federal officers;

Whereas Representative McIver is alleged to have challenged guidance from a Federal officer regarding access to the secure immigration detention facility;

Whereas Representative McIver is alleged to have interfered with Homeland Security Investigations (HSI) officials from making an arrest of an unauthorized visitor;

Whereas Representative McIver is alleged to have “slammed her forearm into the body” and “restrain” an HSI officer by “forcibly grabbing him”;

Whereas Representative McIver is alleged to have further interfered with an Immigration and Customs Enforcement Deportation Officer engaged in the performance of his official duties;

Whereas body camera and other video evidence support the allegations made within the Federal indictment;

Whereas such actions constitute a violation of section 111(a)(1) of title 18, United

States Code, relating to assaulting, resisting, impeding, and interfering with a Federal officer;

Whereas clause 1 of rule XXIII of the Rules of the House of Representatives provides, “A Member, Delegate, Resident Commissioner, officer, or employee of the House shall behave at all times in a manner that shall reflect creditably on the House.”;

Whereas such actions of a Member of the House of Representatives do not reflect creditably on the House; and

Whereas Representative McIver’s continued service on the Committee on Homeland Security, which is charged with oversight of Federal immigration enforcement and other national security matters, would represent a significant conflict of interest: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved,

SECTION 1. CENSURE OF REPRESENTATIVE LAMONICA MCIVER.

Representative LaMonica McIver—

(1) is censured;

(2) shall forthwith present herself in the well of the House of Representatives for the pronouncement of censure; and

(3) is censured with the public reading of this resolution by the Speaker.

SEC. 2. REMOVAL FROM COMMITTEE ON HOMELAND SECURITY.

The following named Member be, and is hereby, removed from the following standing committee of the House of Representatives:

COMMITTEE ON HOMELAND SECURITY: Mrs. McIver.

□ 1410

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The resolution presents a question of privilege.

MOTION TO TABLE

Ms. CLARK of Massachusetts. Mr. Speaker, I have a motion at the desk.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will report the motion.

The Clerk read as follows:

Ms. Clark of Massachusetts moves to lay the resolution on the table.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the motion to table.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the noes appeared to have it.

Ms. CLARK of Massachusetts. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 215, nays 207, answered “present” 2, not voting 7, as follows:

[Roll No. 223]

YEAS—215

Adams	Bynum	Conaway
Aguilar	Carbajal	Correa
Amo	Carson	Costa
Ansari	Carter (LA)	Courtney
Auchincloss	Casar	Craig
Bacon	Case	Crockett
Balint	Casten	Crow
Barragán	Castor (FL)	Cuellar
Beatty	Castro (TX)	Davids (KS)
Bell	Cherfilus-	Davis (IL)
Bera	McCormick	Davis (NC)
Beyer	Chu	Dean (PA)
Bishop	Cisneros	DeGette
Bonamici	Clark (MA)	DeLauro
Boyle (PA)	Clarke (NY)	DelBene
Brown	Cleaver	Deluzio
Brownley	Clyburn	DeSaulnier
Budzinski	Cohen	Dexter

Dingell	Lee (NV)	Rivas
Doggett	Lee (PA)	Ross
Elfreth	Leger Fernandez	Ruiz
Escobar	Levin	Ryan
Espallat	Liccardo	Salinas
Evans (PA)	Lieu	Sánchez
Fields	Lofgren	Scanlon
Figures	Lynch	Schakowsky
Fletcher	Magaziner	Schneider
Flood	Mannion	Scholten
Foster	Matsui	Schrier
Foushee	McBath	Scott (VA)
Frankel, Lois	McBride	Scott, David
Friedman	McClain Delaney	Sewell
Frost	McClellan	Sherman
Garamendi	McCollum	Simon
Garcia (CA)	McDonald Rivet	Smith (WA)
Garcia (IL)	McGarvey	Sorensen
Garcia (TX)	McGovern	Soto
Gillen	McIver	Stansbury
Golden (ME)	Meeks	Stanton
Goldman (NY)	Menendez	Stevens
Gomez	Meng	Strickland
Gonzalez, V.	Mfume	Subramanyam
Goodlander	Min	Suozzi
Gottheimer	Moore (WI)	Sykes
Gray	Morelle	Takano
Green, Al (TX)	Morrison	Thandekar
Harder (CA)	Moskowitz	Thompson (CA)
Hayes	Moulton	Thompson (MS)
Himes	Mryan	Titus
Horsford	Mullin	Tlaib
Houlahan	Nadler	Tokuda
Hoyer	Neal	Tonko
Hoyle (OR)	Neguse	Torres (CA)
Huffman	Norcross	Torres (NY)
Ivey	Ocasio-Cortez	Trahan
Jackson (IL)	Olszewski	Tran
Jacobs	Omar	Turner (OH)
Jayapal	Pallone	Underwood
Jeffries	Panetta	Valadao
Johnson (GA)	Pappas	Vargas
Johnson (TX)	Pelosi	Vasquez
Joyce (OH)	Perez	Veasey
Kamlager-Dove	Peters	Velázquez
Kaptur	Pettersen	Vindman
Keating	Pingree	Wasserman
Kelly (IL)	Pocan	Schultz
Kennedy (NY)	Pou	Waters
Khanna	Pressley	Watson Coleman
Krishnamoorthi	Quigley	Whitesides
Landsman	Ramirez	Williams (GA)
Larsen (WA)	Randall	Wilson (FL)
Larson (CT)	Raskin	
Latimer	Riley (NY)	

NAYS—207

Aderholt	De La Cruz	Harris (MD)
Alford	DesJarlais	Harris (NC)
Allen	Diaz-Balart	Harshbarger
Amodei (NV)	Donalds	Higgins (LA)
Arrington	Downing	Hill (AR)
Babin	Dunn (FL)	Hinson
Baird	Edwards	Houchin
Balderson	Ellzey	Hudson
Barr	Emmer	Huizenga
Barrett	Estes	Hurd (CO)
Baumgartner	Evans (CO)	Issa
Bean (FL)	Ezell	Jack
Begich	Fallon	Jackson (TX)
Bentz	Fedorchak	James
Bergman	Feenstra	Johnson (LA)
Bice	Fine	Johnson (SD)
Biggs (AZ)	Finstad	Jordan
Biggs (SC)	Fischbach	Joyce (PA)
Billirakis	Fitzgerald	Kean
Boebert	Fitzpatrick	Kelly (MS)
Bost	Fleischmann	Kelly (PA)
Brecheen	Fong	Kennedy (UT)
Bresnahan	Fox	Kiggans (VA)
Buchanan	Franklin, Scott	Kiley (CA)
Burchett	Fry	Kim
Burlison	Fulcher	Knott
Calvert	Gill (TX)	Kustoff
Cammack	Gimenez	LaHood
Carey	Goldman (TX)	LaMalfa
Carter (GA)	Gonzales, Tony	Langworthy
Carter (TX)	Gooden	Latta
Ciscomani	Gosar	Lawler
Cline	Graves	Lee (FL)
Cloud	Greene (GA)	Letlow
Clyde	Griffith	Loudermilk
Cole	Grothman	Lucas
Collins	Guest	Luna
Comer	Guthrie	Luttrell
Crane	Hageman	Mace
Crank	Hamadeh (AZ)	MacKenzie
Crawford	Haridopolos	Malliotakis
Davidson	Harrigan	Maloy

Mann	Ogles	Spartz
Massie	Onder	Stauber
Mast	Owens	Stefanik
McCaul	Palmer	Steil
McClain	Patronis	Steube
McClintock	Perry	Strong
McCormick	Pfluger	Stutzman
McDowell	Reschenthaler	Taylor
McGuire	Rogers (AL)	Tenney
Messmer	Rogers (KY)	Thompson (PA)
Meuser	Rose	Tiffany
Miller (IL)	Rouzer	Timmons
Miller (OH)	Roy	Van Drew
Miller (WV)	Rulli	Van Dyne
Miller-Meeks	Rutherford	Van Orden
Mills	Salazar	Wagner
Moolenaar	Scalise	Walberg
Moore (AL)	Schweikert	Weber (TX)
Moore (NC)	Scott, Austin	Webster (FL)
Moore (UT)	Self	Westerman
Moore (WV)	Sessions	Wied
Murphy	Shreve	Williams (TX)
Nehls	Simpson	Wilson (SC)
Newhouse	Smith (MO)	Wittman
Norman	Smith (NE)	Womack
Nunn (IA)	Smith (NJ)	Yakym
Oberholte	Smucker	Zinke

ANSWERED "PRESENT"—2

Garbarino Moran

NOT VOTING—7

Crenshaw	LaLota	Swalwell
Hern (OK)	Schmidt	
Hunt	Sherrill	

□ 1418

Mr. MRVAN changed his vote from "nay" to "yea."

So the motion to table was agreed to. The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

Stated against:

Mr. TURNER of Ohio. Mr. Speaker, had I been present, I would have voted NAY on Roll Call No. 223.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. SCHMIDT. Mr. Speaker, I was absent from the house to attend the funeral of Kansas City, Kansas, Police Officer Hunter Simoncic, who was killed in the line of duty last month. Had I been present, I would have voted YEA on Roll Call No. 221, YEA on Roll Call No. 222, and NAY on Roll Call No. 223.

PROVIDING FOR CONGRESSIONAL DISAPPROVAL OF THE RULE SUBMITTED BY THE BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT RELATING TO "MILES CITY FIELD OFFICE RECORD OF DECISION AND APPROVED RESOURCE MANAGEMENT PLAN AMENDMENT"

Mr. WESTERMAN. Mr. Speaker, pursuant to House Resolution 672, I call up the joint resolution (H.J. Res. 104) providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Bureau of Land Management relating to "Miles City Field Office Record of Decision and Approved Resource Management Plan Amendment", and ask for its immediate consideration in the House.

The Clerk read the title of the joint resolution.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 672, the joint resolution is considered read.

The text of the joint resolution is as follows:

H.J. RES. 104

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Congress disapproves the rule submitted by the Bureau of Land Management relating to "Miles City Field Office Record of Decision and Approved Resource Management Plan Amendment" (issued November 20, 2024, as a record of decision and resource management plan amendment, and a letter of opinion from the Government Accountability Office dated June 25, 2025, printed in the Congressional Record on June 26, 2025, on pages S3552–S3554, concluding that such record of decision and resource management plan amendment is a rule under the Congressional Review Act), and such rule shall have no force or effect.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The joint resolution shall be debated for 1 hour, equally divided and controlled by the chair and ranking minority member of the Committee on Natural Resources or their respective designees.

The gentleman from Arkansas (Mr. WESTERMAN) and the gentleman from Colorado (Mr. NEGEUSE) each will control 30 minutes.

The Chair now recognizes the gentleman from Arkansas (Mr. WESTERMAN).

GENERAL LEAVE

Mr. WESTERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days in which to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous material on H.J. Res. 104.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Arkansas?

There was no objection.

Mr. WESTERMAN. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I rise in strong support of H.J. Res. 104, sponsored by Representative DOWNING of Montana.

This Congressional Review Act resolution would permanently repeal the Bureau of Land Management's misguided resource management plan amendment for the Miles City Field Office in Montana, finalized under the Biden administration.

This resource management plan, or RMP, amendment locked up 11.7 million acres of land and mineral estate. To put that in perspective, that is an area roughly the size of the States of Rhode Island, Delaware, Connecticut, and New Jersey combined.

RMPs are meant to be collaborative approaches to land management that balance multiple uses, including energy and mineral production, outdoor recreation, grazing, and timber harvesting. When done correctly, RMPs help guide public land management in a way that provides fuel, food, and fiber for the Nation and conserves our natural resources.

RMPs manage the resources that are the backbone of western rural economies and support thousands of good-paying jobs. That is what makes the Miles City Resource Management Plan amendment so egregious.

This RMP amendment virtually ended future coal leasing across Mon-

tana's entire Powder River Basin, dealing a severe blow to America's energy security and threatening Montana jobs and economic growth.

The national security and economic importance of this region cannot be overstated. Montana holds nearly 30 percent of our Nation's coal reserves. In total, coal from the Powder River Basin produced in Montana and Wyoming makes up about 85 percent of Federal coal production and 40 percent of overall coal production in the entire United States.

Coal is reliable and affordable, and we know we are going to need this critical resource of baseload power as electricity demands continue to skyrocket. If your State has coal, we should be developing it, not burying it under bureaucracy. No one produces coal cleaner or more responsibly than the United States. Nobody understands this better than President Trump, who is reversing the war on American energy and ushering in a new age of energy dominance. He is putting Montana over Moscow and the Powder River Basin over the PRC.

By passing the CRA today, we are advancing President Trump's executive orders on unleashing American energy and reinvigorating America's beautiful clean coal industry.

The CRA will immediately reinstate future coal leasing and open access to 37.8 billion short tons of coal, enough to meet U.S. demand for the next 73 years.

In addition, passing Representative DOWNING's CRA will unleash Montana's coal industry and generate millions of dollars in revenue for the Federal Government and the State of Montana.

According to the Congressional Budget Office, this CRA will generate \$16 million in revenue for the Federal Government over the next decade. This resolution also protects approximately \$46 million in annual revenue for Montana's K–12 public education system.

These estimates are conservative, as they don't account for the thousands of good-paying jobs supported by Montana's coal industry and the broad positive economic effects of producing energy here at home.

The CRA isn't just about Montana. Energy security is national security, and Montana's mining industry plays a vital role in ensuring America and our allies maintain a strategic energy advantage over our adversaries.

We can be sure of one thing: The people who benefit from America not harnessing our abundant natural resources are currently sitting in Beijing, China, where they are building new coal-fired power plants at the rate of one per week. In this global energy race, we cannot afford to lose.

□ 1430

Unleashing American energy should not be a partisan issue. Harnessing and unleashing American energy brings down electricity prices for families and boosts real wages for hardworking