

average age of the principal—is about 60 years old. We also have to make sure that we are bringing this next generation into farming and that we are keeping that family farm, that family ranch, that network of millions of small businesses across this country that feed and fuel the world—we need to make sure that we do everything we can to sustain it, and Senator BOOZMAN's framework does that.

Let's come together in a bipartisan way—in a bipartisan way on our Ag Committee and in a bicameral way—and get this thing done for our farmers, for our ranchers, and for all Americans.

I yield the floor.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from West Virginia.

UNANIMOUS CONSENT AGREEMENT—EXECUTIVE CALENDAR

Mr. MANCHIN. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the mandatory quorum call with respect to the See cloture motion be waived.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection?

Without objection, it is so ordered.

FERC NOMINATIONS

Mr. MANCHIN. Mr. President, I spoke at some length about the important work of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission yesterday. I spoke also about the statutory requirement that the Commission members be able “to assess fairly the needs and concerns of all interest affected by Federal energy policy.”

I believe that is why an earlier Congress, when it created the Department of Energy in 1977 and concentrated most energy functions in the hands of the Secretary of Energy, insisted on maintaining a separate, independent, five-member collegial body for electric and natural gas regulation.

When it comes to fairly assessing all interests, five heads are better than one. Bringing together five different people with five different life experiences and perspectives helps ensure that all affected interests will be heard and fairly considered and assessed.

David Rosner, Lindsay See, and Judy Chang are very different people from very different backgrounds. What matters most is their willingness to work with one another, to consider and assess fairly different interests and points of view, and to put partisan passions aside in favor of the public interest.

After meeting all three and listening to them testify and watching them respond to Senators' questions, I am convinced that all three are willing and able to work with each other and with Chairman PHILLIPS and Commissioner Christie on the Commission to ensure energy reliability and affordability for American consumers.

Lindsay See is currently the solicitor general of West Virginia, a post she has held for the past 6 years. In that role, she represents my State's legal interests in both State and Federal courts, including before the U.S. Supreme Court.

As Lindsay explained in her testimony before our committee, “energy-adjacent matters are front-and-center” for West Virginia's solicitor general, and she has worked on “dozens of cases and rulemakings” which demonstrated “that grid reliability, regulatory certainty, and affordable energy are essentials.”

Prior to her appointment as solicitor general, she served as a special assistant in the West Virginia Attorney General's Office for 2 years. Before that, she practiced appellate and administrative law for 5 years at a law firm here in Washington, DC. After graduating from Harvard Law School, she clerked for Judge Thomas Griffith on the U.S. Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit.

She is plainly a very capable and experienced lawyer and well qualified to serve on the Commission.

Judy Chang is an energy economics and policy expert with more than 20 years of experience working with energy companies, trade associations, and governments on regulatory and financial issues as they relate to investment decisions in energy generation, transmission, and storage.

She served as the under secretary of Energy and Climate Solutions, under Governor Charles Baker from Massachusetts, where she helped develop Massachusetts' Clean Energy and Climate Plan.

I can think of no better preparation for serving on a bipartisan commission than working for a Republican administration in a very, very blue State.

Judy also has been an adjunct lecturer in public policy at the Harvard Kennedy School and a senior fellow at the Kennedy School's center for business and government.

She holds a bachelor of science degree in electrical engineering and computer science from the University of California at Davis and a master of public policy from the Harvard Kennedy School.

Energy reliability and affordability is perhaps more personal to Judy than most of us. In her testimony before our committee, Judy explained that when she was growing up in Taiwan, power outages were a daily event. She said that “from a young age, my parents instilled in me the principle that no resource should ever be wasted, working hard to save every penny . . .”

We will all be served well by having that perspective on the Commission.

We have three extremely qualified, capable, honorable people who are willing to serve our great country. That makes up a five-member FERC. I can tell you, as they have said and as I have said, five heads—good heads—are better than one. So I urge my colleagues to join me in supporting both Lindsay See's and Judy Chang's nominations today.

VOTE ON ROSNER NOMINATION

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Under the previous order, the question is, Will the Senate advise and consent to the Rosner nomination?

Mr. MANCHIN. I ask for the yeas and nays.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there a sufficient second?

There appears to be a sufficient second.

The clerk will call the roll.

The assistant bill clerk called the roll.

Mr. DURBIN. I announce that the Senator from California (Ms. BUTLER), the Senator from New Jersey (Mr. MENENDEZ), and the Senator from Arizona (Ms. SINEMA) are necessarily absent.

Mr. THUNE. The following Senators are necessarily absent: the Senator from South Carolina (Mr. GRAHAM), the Senator from Alaska (Mr. SULLIVAN), and the Senator from North Carolina (Mr. TILLIS).

The result was announced—yeas 67, nays 27, as follows:

[Rollcall Vote No. 192 Ex.]

YEAS—67

Baldwin	Gillibrand	Peters
Barrasso	Grassley	Reed
Bennet	Hassan	Ricketts
Blumenthal	Heinrich	Risch
Booker	Hickenlooper	Romney
Brown	Hirono	Rosen
Cantwell	Hoeven	Rounds
Capito	Hyde-Smith	Schatz
Cardin	Kelly	Schumer
Carper	King	Shaheen
Casey	Klobuchar	Smith
Cassidy	Lujan	Stabenow
Collins	Lummis	Tester
Coons	Manchin	Van Hollen
Cornyn	McConnell	Warner
Cortez Masto	Merkley	Warnock
Cramer	Moran	Welch
Crapo	Mullin	Whitehouse
Daines	Murkowski	Wicker
Duckworth	Murphy	Wyden
Durbin	Murray	Young
Fetterman	Ossoff	
Fischer	Padilla	

NAYS—27

Blackburn	Hawley	Rubio
Boozman	Johnson	Sanders
Braun	Kaine	Schmitt
Britt	Kennedy	Scott (FL)
Budd	Lankford	Scott (SC)
Cotton	Lee	Thune
Cruz	Markey	Tuberville
Ernst	Marshall	Vance
Hagerty	Paul	Warren

NOT VOTING—6

Butler	Menendez	Sullivan
Graham	Sinema	Tillis

The nomination was confirmed.

CHANGE OF VOTE

Ms. WARREN. Mr. President, on rollcall vote 192, I voted yea. It was my intention to vote nay. Therefore, I ask unanimous consent that I be permitted to change my vote, because it will not affect the outcome.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

(The foregoing tally has been changed to reflect the above order.)

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The majority leader.

Mr. SCHUMER. Mr. President, I ask consent to speak for 3 minutes.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

ANTI-SEMITISM

Mr. SCHUMER. Mr. President, I come to the floor this morning sick to my stomach and profoundly disturbed

by pictures that were shared with me this morning of yet another anti-Semitic act in New York.

A few hours ago, the director of the Brooklyn Museum and several members of the board of directors had their homes vandalized with revolting anti-Semitic images, with images of fake blood, symbolism used by Hamas. I have a picture of some of the vandalism right here outside the home of one of the directors.

This is not New York. This is not America. And we must confront this bigotry and vicious intolerance with courage, with perseverance.

Every single American needs to see this. This is the home of a woman on the board of directors. It has her name. It says "Brooklyn Museum," and then it says "White Supremacist Zionist." And her home is smeared with blood.

Every single American needs to see these pictures. This is the face of hatred—Jewish Americans made to feel unsafe in their own home just because they are Jewish.

This is not even close to free speech. It is intimidation. It is scapegoating. It is dehumanization—invasive attacks loaded with the threat of looming violence. It is vile. It is nasty. It is un-American.

And, sadly, this kind of evil is something every Jew on Earth can recognize in an instant. Images like this remind us of evils our families endured for generations, evils that paved the way for unimaginable violence.

I cannot believe we are seeing this here in America, here in New York. Targeting someone for simply being Jewish, smearing their front door with fake blood, and calling them White supremacist is beyond the pale. Vandalism like this is a crime and should be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

And it sickens me that, of all the targets these anti-Semites could have chosen, it was the leadership of the Brooklyn Museum. The Brooklyn Museum is deeply concerned with issues of social justice—I would say, more than most museums. Its doors are always open to all.

I have visited the Brooklyn Museum many times with my children and my grandchildren. I have spoken at their great "First Saturday" events. I have even voted there.

The best antidote for the poison of ignorance is, of course, knowledge, and that is precisely what we find in our museums—knowledge.

These images break my heart. They fill me with both deep grief and profound anger. I condemn the actions of those who smeared these hateful images of the leadership of the Brooklyn Museum. The perpetrators must be held accountable for this hateful vandalism. These hateful actions—make no mistake about it—do nothing, nothing at all, to advance the cause these individuals profess to care about.

Again, this is not New York. This is not America. And we must confront

this intolerance and bigotry with courage, with perseverance, and with common cause with all those who wish to promote tolerance and acceptance here in America.

I yield the floor.

CLOTURE MOTION

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Pursuant to rule XXII, the Chair lays before the Senate the pending cloture motion, which the clerk will state.

The senior assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

CLOTURE MOTION

We, the undersigned Senators, in accordance with the provisions of rule XXII of the Standing Rules of the Senate, do hereby move to bring to a close debate on the nomination of Executive Calendar No. 670, Lindsay S. See, of West Virginia, to be a Member of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission for a term expiring June 30, 2028.

Charles E. Schumer, Joe Manchin III, Sheldon Whitehouse, Jeanne Shaheen, Catherine Cortez Masto, Alex Padilla, Mazie Hirono, Ben Ray Lujan, Maria Cantwell, Patty Murray, Peter Welch, Jack Reed, Benjamin L. Cardin, Angus S. King, Jr., Richard Blumenthal, Mark Kelly, John W. Hickenlooper.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. By unanimous consent, the mandatory quorum call has been waived.

The question is, Is it the sense of the Senate that debate on the nomination of Lindsay S. See, of West Virginia, to be a Member of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission for a term expiring June 30, 2028, shall be brought to a close?

The yeas and nays are mandatory under the rule.

The clerk will call the roll.

The senior assistant legislative clerk called the roll.

Mr. DURBIN. I announce that the Senator from California (Ms. BUTLER), the Senator from New Jersey (Mr. MENENDEZ), and the Senator from Arizona (Ms. SINEMA) are necessarily absent.

Mr. THUNE. The following Senators are necessarily absent: the Senator from South Carolina (Mr. GRAHAM) and the Senator from Alaska (Mr. SULLIVAN).

The yeas and nays resulted—yeas 86, nays 9, as follows:

[Rollcall Vote No. 193 Ex.]

YEAS—86

Baldwin	Cortez Masto	Johnson
Barrasso	Cotton	Kelly
Bennet	Cramer	Kennedy
Blackburn	Crapo	King
Blumenthal	Cruz	Klobuchar
Booker	Daines	Lankford
Boozman	Duckworth	Lee
Braun	Durbin	Lujan
Britt	Ernst	Lummis
Brown	Fetterman	Manchin
Budd	Fischer	Marshall
Cantwell	Gillibrand	McConnell
Capito	Grassley	Moran
Cardin	Hagerty	Mullin
Carper	Hassan	Murkowski
Casey	Heinrich	Murphy
Cassidy	Hickenlooper	Murray
Collins	Hirono	Ossoff
Cooms	Hoeven	Padilla
Cornyn	Hyde-Smith	Paul

Peters	Scott (FL)	Van Hollen
Ricketts	Scott (SC)	Vance
Risch	Shaheen	Warner
Romney	Smith	Warnock
Rosen	Stabenow	Welch
Rounds	Tester	Wicker
Rubio	Thune	Wyden
Schatz	Tillis	Young
Schumer	Tuberville	

NAYS—9

Hawley	Merkley	Schmitt
Kaine	Reed	Warren
Markey	Sanders	Whitehouse

NOT VOTING—5

Butler	Menendez	Sullivan
Graham	Sinema	

CHANGE OF VOTE

Ms. WARREN. Mr. President, on roll-call vote 193, I voted yea. It was my intention to vote nay. Therefore, I ask unanimous consent that I be permitted to change my vote because it will not affect the outcome.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

(The foregoing tally has been changed to reflect the above order.)

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Ms. CORTEZ MASTO). On this vote, the yeas are 86, the nays are 9.

The motion is agreed to.

EXECUTIVE CALENDAR

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report the nomination.

The legislative clerk read the nomination of Lindsay S. See, of West Virginia, to be a Member of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission for a term expiring June 30, 2028.

RECESS

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Under the previous order, the Senate stands in recess until 2:15 p.m. today.

Thereupon, the Senate, at 1:28 p.m., recessed until 2:15 p.m. and reassembled when called to order by the Presiding Officer (Mr. HEINRICH).

EXECUTIVE CALENDAR—Continued

VOTE ON SEE NOMINATION

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is, Will the Senate advise and consent to the See nomination?

Ms. SMITH. I ask for the yeas and nays.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there a sufficient second?

There appears to be a sufficient second.

The clerk will call the roll.

The senior assistant legislative clerk called the roll.

Mr. DURBIN. I announce that the Senator from Ohio (Mr. BROWN), the Senator from California (Ms. BUTLER), the Senator from New Jersey (Mr. MENENDEZ), and the Senator from Arizona (Ms. SINEMA) are necessarily absent.

Mr. THUNE. The following Senator is necessarily absent: the Senator from Alaska (Mr. SULLIVAN).

The result was announced—yeas 83, nays 12, as follows: