

Sheriff Dannels told us the best he had ever seen the border in 2018 was under Donald Trump. The worst he has ever seen the border was then, and that was before the recent 200,000 people came across last month.

To get up here and say that the administration needs more money or that they need some law—no. Biden has every tool in the toolbox to shut the U.S. southern border down, and he has continued to create crises for our communities. This government is so good often at setting the building on fire and then wanting to fund the fire department.

We don't need more money. We just need to apply the laws that are on the books and shut this flow down across this border before more and more people get killed and injured in these accidents we are talking about.

The Democrats would prefer to engage in these outlandish hypotheticals and make light of driving under the influence rather than protect American communities from dangerous drivers.

Again, here are some facts. According to the Mothers Against Drunk Driving: Most drunk driving offenders drive at least 80 times drunk before they are arrested.

Additionally, a 2014 article detailed how more than one-third of the individuals who are convicted of driving under the influence are repeat offenders.

The Protect our Communities from DUIs Act ensures that aliens who drive drunk can be removed from the United States after their first conviction—not after the tenth, not after they kill or seriously injure a child of yours or mine or a grandchild—instead of spending time on a 50-State survey of DUI laws to formulate some farfetched hypotheticals.

I encourage my colleagues to grapple with the consequences of drunk driving and support this commonsense bill.

Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. All time for debate on the bill has expired.

The Chair understands that amendment No. 1 will not be offered.

Pursuant to the rule, the previous question is ordered on the bill.

The question is on the engrossment and third reading of the bill.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, and was read the third time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on passage of the bill.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Mr. MOORE of Alabama. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. STEUBE). Pursuant to clause 9 of Rule 20, this 15-minute vote on passage of the bill will be followed by a 5-minute vote on agreeing to the Speaker's approval of the Journal, if ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 274, nays 150, not voting 7, as follows:

[Roll No. 31]

YEAS—274

Aderholt	Golden (ME)	Moore (AL)
Alford	Gonzales, Tony	Moore (UT)
Allen	Good (VA)	Moran
Allred	Gooden (TX)	Morelle
Amodei	Gosar	Moskowitz
Arrington	Gottheimer	Mrvan
Babin	Granger	Murphy
Bacon	Graves (LA)	Nehls
Baird	Graves (MO)	Newhouse
Balderson	Green (TN)	Nickel
Banks	Greene (GA)	Norman
Barr	Griffith	Nunn (IA)
Bean (FL)	Grothman	Obernolte
Bentz	Guest	Ogles
Bergman	Guthrie	Owens
Bice	Hageman	Palmer
Biggs	Harder (CA)	Panetta
Bilirakis	Harris	Pappas
Bishop (NC)	Harshbarger	Peltola
Boebert	Hayes	Pence
Bost	Hern	Perez
Boyle (PA)	Higgins (LA)	Perry
Brecheen	Hill	Peters
Buchanan	Himes	Pettersen
Buck	Hinson	Pfuger
Bucshon	Horsford	Posey
Budzinski	Houchin	Reschenthaler
Burchett	Houlahan	Rodgers (WA)
Burgess	Hoyle (OR)	Rogers (AL)
Burlison	Hudson	Rose
Calvert	Huizenga	Rosendale
Cammack	Hunt	Ross
Caraveo	Issa	Rouzer
Carey	Jackson (NC)	Roy
Carl	Jackson (TX)	Rutherford
Carter (GA)	James	Ryan
Carter (TX)	Johnson (SD)	Salazar
Cartwright	Jordan	Salinas
Case	Joyce (OH)	Schneider
Chavez-DeRemer	Joyce (PA)	Scholten
Ciscomani	Kaptur	Schrier
Cline	Kean (NJ)	Schweikert
Cloud	Keating	Scott, Austin
Clyde	Kelly (MS)	Self
Cohen	Kelly (PA)	Sessions
Cole	Kiggans (VA)	Sherrill
Collins	Kildee	Simpson
Comer	Kiley	Slotkin
Courtney	Kim (CA)	Smith (MO)
Craig	Kuster	Smith (NE)
Crane	Kustoff	Smith (NJ)
Crawford	LaHood	Smucker
Crenshaw	LaLota	Sorensen
Cuellar	LaMalfa	Spanberger
Curtis	Lamborn	Spartz
D'Esposito	Landsman	Stanton
Dauids (KS)	Latta	Staubert
Davidson	LaTurner	Steel
Davis (NC)	Lawler	Stefanik
De La Cruz	Lee (FL)	Steil
Deluzio	Lee (NV)	Steube
DesJarlais	Lesko	Strong
Diaz-Balart	Letlow	Swalwell
Donalds	Levin	Sykes
Duarte	Loudermilk	Tenney
Duncan	Lucas	Thompson (PA)
Dunn (FL)	Luetkemeyer	Tiffany
Edwards	Luna	Timmons
Ellzey	Luttrell	Titus
Emmer	Lynch	Turner
Estes	Mace	Valadao
Ezell	Malliotakis	Van Drew
Fallon	Maloy	Van Dwyne
Feenstra	Mann	Van Orden
Ferguson	Manning	Vasquez
Finstad	Massie	Wagner
Fischbach	Mast	Walberg
Fitzgerald	McCauley	Waltz
Fitzpatrick	McClain	Weber (TX)
Fleischmann	McClintock	Webster (FL)
Flood	McCormick	Wenstrup
Foster	McHenry	Westerman
Fox	Meuser	Wild
Franklin, Scott	Miller (IL)	Williams (NY)
Fry	Miller (OH)	Williams (TX)
Fulcher	Miller (WV)	Wilson (SC)
Gaetz	Miller-Meeks	Wittman
Gallagher	Mills	Womack
Gallego	Molinaro	Yakym
Garbarino	Moolenaar	Zinke
Garcia, Mike	Mooney	
Gimenez		

NAYS—150

Adams	Amo	Balint
Aguilar	Auchincloss	Barragán

Beatty	Garcia, Robert	Omar
Bera	Goldman (NY)	Pallone
Beyer	Gomez	Pascarell
Bishop (GA)	Gonzalez,	Payne
Blumenauer	Vicente	Pelosi
Blunt Rochester	Green, Al (TX)	Pingree
Bonamici	Grijalva	Pocan
Bowman	Higgins (NY)	Porter
Brown	Hoyer	Pressley
Brownley	Huffman	Quigley
Bush	Ivey	Ramirez
Carbajal	Jackson (IL)	Raskin
Cárdenas	Jackson Lee	Ruiz
Carson	Jacobs	Ruppersberger
Carter (LA)	Jayapal	Sánchez
Casas	Jeffries	Sarbanes
Casten	Johnson (GA)	Scanlon
Castor (FL)	Kamlager-Dove	Schakowsky
Castro (TX)	Kelly (IL)	Schiff
Cherfilus-	Khanna	Scott (VA)
McCormick	Kilmer	Scott, David
Chu	Kim (NJ)	Sewell
Clark (MA)	Krishnamoorthi	Sherman
Clarke (NY)	Larsen (WA)	Soto
Cleaver	Larson (CT)	Stansbury
Clyburn	Lee (CA)	Stevens
Connolly	Lee (PA)	Strickland
Correa	Leger Fernandez	Takano
Costa	Lieu	Thanedar
Crockett	Lofgren	Thompson (CA)
Crow	Magaziner	Thompson (MS)
Davis (IL)	Matsui	Tlaib
Dean (PA)	McBath	Tokuda
DeGette	McClellan	Tonko
DeLauro	McCollum	Torres (CA)
DelBene	McGarvey	Torres (NY)
DeSaulnier	McGovern	Trahan
Doggett	Meeks	Trone
Escobar	Menendez	Underwood
Eshoo	Meng	Vargas
Espallat	Mfume	Veasey
Evans	Moore (WI)	Velázquez
Fletcher	Moulton	Wasserman
Foushee	Mullin	Schultz
Frankel, Lois	Nadler	Waters
Frost	Napolitano	Watson Coleman
Garamendi	Neal	Wexton
Garcia (IL)	Neguse	Williams (GA)
Garcia (TX)	Ocasio-Cortez	Wilson (FL)

NOT VOTING—7

Armstrong	Phillips	Smith (WA)
Dingell	Rogers (KY)	
Norcross	Scalise	

□ 1029

Ms. CLARK of Massachusetts, Mr. CLEAVER, and Mrs. TRAHAN changed their vote from “yea” to “nay.”

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. CISCOMANI). Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the unfinished business is the question on agreeing to the Speaker's approval of the Journal, which the Chair will put de novo.

The question is on the Speaker's approval of the Journal.

Pursuant to clause 1, rule I, the Journal stands approved.

ADJOURNMENT FROM THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 2024, TO MONDAY, FEBRUARY 5, 2024

Ms. TENNEY. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that when the House adjourns today, it adjourn to meet at noon on Monday next for morning-hour debate and 2 p.m. for legislative business.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentlewoman from New York?

There was no objection.

RESIGNATION FROM THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following resignation from the House of Representatives:

CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES,
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, DC, January 31, 2024.

Re Resignation from the U.S. House of Representatives.

Hon. MIKE JOHNSON,
Speaker of the U.S. House of Representatives,
Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. SPEAKER: I write to notify you that pursuant to New York State Law, I have tendered my resignation as the Representative in Congress for the 26th Congressional District of the State of New York to the Secretary of State of the State of New York, effective at the end of the calendar day on February 2nd, 2024.

Thank you.

Sincerely,

BRIAN HIGGINS.

CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES,
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, DC, January 30, 2024.

Re Resignation from the U.S. House of Representatives

Hon. ROBERT J. RODRIGUEZ,
Secretary of State of the State of New York,
Albany, NY.

DEAR MR. RODRIGUEZ: Pursuant to Section 31 of the Public Officers Law, I hereby resign as the Representative in Congress for the 26th Congressional District of the State of New York, effective at 12:00 midnight, the end of the calendar day, on Friday, February 2nd. I am providing concurrent notification to the Speaker of the U.S. House of Representatives.

Thank you.

Sincerely,

BRIAN HIGGINS,
Member of Congress.

HONORING THE LIFE AND MEMORY OF E. PHILLIP HICKMAN

(Mrs. KIGGANS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Mrs. KIGGANS. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor the life and memory of E. Phillip Hickman of Virginia's Eastern Shore.

Born in July of 1952, Phil grew up in northern Accomack County, graduating from Atlantic High School. He attended Virginia Tech, studying agricultural economics, and returned to the shore upon graduation.

Together with his brother David, they founded Dublin Farms in Horntown, Virginia, and built it into the center of potato growing in the Commonwealth.

Phil was extremely active in the Virginia agriculture community, serving as the chairman of the Virginia State Seed Potato Board, National Potato Board, and countless other local organizations.

Matching his dedication to his community was his next-level enthusiasm

for the Virginia Tech Hokies, owning a maroon pickup, an orange boat, and a van dedicated to tailgating. If it was a Saturday during football season, you could count on Phil to be cheering on Tech.

Phil was a devoted family man, raising the next generation of great Virginia farmers at Dublin Farms. He leaves behind a wife, son, daughter-in-law, two grandchildren, and his brother.

Phil Hickman embodied the culture and values of the Eastern Shore, leaving behind an unforgettable legacy. The Commonwealth mourns his loss.

BLACK HISTORY MONTH

(Mr. PAYNE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. PAYNE. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to celebrate the beginning of Black History Month. This month, we celebrate the tremendous contributions of African Americans to the growth of our Nation.

Black History Month started as Negro History Week in February of 1926. That week was chosen because it included the birthdays of President Abraham Lincoln and famed abolitionist Frederick Douglass.

In 1976, they expanded it to create Black History Month. Today, Africans Americans make a difference in every aspect of American life. Black History Month is a time to remember that and highlight the fact that the African-American story is one that is rich and woven into the history of our great Nation.

PRESIDENT BIDEN'S ECONOMIC POLICIES

(Mr. ROSE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. ROSE. Mr. Speaker, President Biden's economic policies continue to wreak havoc on families across our country, including the Tennessee families I represent.

Prices have skyrocketed by 17.2 percent since the President was sworn into office. The experts tell us these rising prices are a direct result of the deficit spending of the last 3 years, coupled with rising energy costs. However, this administration continues to borrow and stifle American energy growth with multitudes of new and costly regulations.

When President Biden took office, gas prices averaged less than \$2 per gallon in Tennessee. Right now, they are more than \$3. This is a direct result of the President's ongoing war against American energy production.

House Republicans remain committed to getting our fiscal house back in order by cutting deficit spending and passing legislation that robustly grows our economy to help get us out of the red.

COMMEMORATING 25 YEARS OF FAIRNESS IN MY HOMETOWN

(Mr. MCGARVEY asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. MCGARVEY. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to commemorate 25 years of fairness in my hometown of Louisville, Kentucky.

When I was a kid, it wasn't uncommon for someone to be fired just for being gay or kicked out of their home or denied service in a store or restaurant. We don't know how common it was because there was no official body to report it to, because it was completely legal. It is painful to think about.

Fortunately, 25 years ago this week, a citizen-led effort in Louisville resulted in Kentucky's first fairness ordinance, one of the first in the Nation, banning discrimination against our LGBTQ+ neighbors.

I thank everyone who courageously fought for this life-changing achievement way back in 1999.

Today, 24 Kentucky communities and 31 States have these protections. It is time for the rest of our Commonwealth and our country to follow Louisville's lead.

For my entire adult life, fairness has been a reality in Louisville, and we are all better for it.

A WARNING AGAINST THE BIDEN ADMINISTRATION'S NEW INDEPENDENT CONTRACTOR RULE

(Mr. KILEY asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. KILEY. Mr. Speaker, the Department of Labor has announced a new independent contractor rule, which will cost millions of American jobs and be absolutely devastating for our workforce and our economy. We know that, because we have seen the effects of the law it was modeled on, AB 5, in California.

As a warning against the Biden administration's new rule, I am sharing the stories of Californians who have suffered under that law.

For example, Esther said: I help people who don't speak English communicate with medical providers. I am a proud senior, independent and self-sufficient. AB 5 leaves me out of work, unprotected, and isolated. It takes away my pride. It was passed without taking people like me into account.

To spare millions of Americans the same fate as Esther, I am calling on my colleagues on both sides of the aisle to join me in Congressional Review Act legislation to nullify the Biden administration's new independent contractor rule.

MAKE THE CHILD TAX CREDIT PERMANENT

(Ms. STANSBURY asked and was given permission to address the House