Whereas the LSU Fighting Tigers showed incredible sportsmanship and teamwork throughout the entire season; and

Whereas the LSU Fighting Tigers have made the entire State of Louisiana proud: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate-

- (1) congratulates the Louisiana State University Fighting Tigers for winning the 2023 National Collegiate Athletic Association Division I Women's Basketball Tournament Championship:
- (2) recognizes the many achievements of the coaches, players, and staff of the Louisiana State University women's basketball team:
- (3) recognizes the fans and the entire State of Louisiana for their dedication and support; and
- (4) respectfully requests that the Secretary of the Senate transmit an enrolled copy of this resolution to-
- (A) the head coach of the Louisiana State University women's basketball team. Kim Mulkev:
  - (B) the associate head coach, Bob Starkey;
  - (C) assistant coach, Daphne Mitchell:
  - (D) assistant coach, Garv Redus II:
- (E) the president of Louisiana State University, William F. Tate IV; and
- (F) the athletic director of Louisiana State University, Scott Woodward.

## RESOLUTION SENATE 172—EX-PRESSING THE SENSE OF THE SENATE ON UKRAINIAN VICTORY

Mr. BLUMENTHAL (for himself, Mr. GRAHAM, and Mr. WHITEHOUSE) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations:

## S. RES. 172

Whereas Ukraine regained its independence in 1991 after three centuries of Moscow's imperial rule:

Whereas the United States encouraged Ukraine to abandon its arsenal of nuclear weapons, the third largest in the world at the time, in exchange for security assurances in the Budapest Memorandum of 1994;

Whereas the 2004 Orange Revolution and the Revolution of Dignity in 2014 demonstrated the commitment of Ukrainians to shared ideals of democracy and freedom and their desire for Euroatlantic integration:

Whereas the 2008 Bucharest North Atlantic Treaty Organization Summit Declaration states that "NATO welcomes Ukraine's and Georgia's Euro-Atlantic aspirations for membership in NATO. We agree today that these countries will become members of NATO.";

Whereas the initial Russian invasion of Ukraine in 2014 demonstrated the Russian regime's imperial fixation on controlling Ukraine, as well as the determination of the Ukrainian people to preserve their sovereignty and independence:

Whereas the Russian Federation launched a full-scale invasion of Ukraine in February 2022, grossly violating international norms, costing hundreds of thousands of people their lives, and displacing millions;

Whereas, in 2014, 2018, 2019, 2020, and 2022, the United Nations General Assembly affirmed the territorial integrity of Ukraine. and in November 2022, called on member states to create a mechanism for reparations to be paid to Ukraine;

Whereas, on February 18, 2023, the United States issued a finding that officials of the Russian Federation have committed crimes against humanity:

Whereas the threat to United States interests, European security, and global peace would greatly increase should Ukraine be un-

able to prevail against the invasion, by emboldening the Russian Federation and other autocratic states to engage in aggression against other states:

Whereas previous attempts to accommodate the Russian Federation's imperialism have resulted only in increasingly ruinous wars of aggression, anything short of victory for Ukraine would be an intolerable outcome for international peace, human rights, and democracy: and

Whereas United States interests, European security, and the cause of international peace depend on ensuring continued, robust, and longstanding United States support for Ukraine and all free nations from wars of aggression by Russia and its proxies, allies, or other autocratic states: Now, therefore, be it Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) affirms that it is the policy of the United States to see Ukraine victorious against the invasion and restored to its internationally recognized 1991 borders;

(2) holds that the peace brought by Ukrainian victory must be secured by integrating Ukraine into the North Atlantic Treaty Organization and other Euroatlantic institutions, as consistent with longstanding United States policy; and

(3) declares that the United States must work with its allies and partners to ensure

- (A) the Russian Federation pays reparations to Ukraine;
- (B) the global community helps to rebuild Ukraine;
- (C) the leaders of the Russian Federation are held accountable for this war of aggression: and
- (D) there is justice for victims of crimes committed by the Russian Federation during its invasion.

SENATE RESOLUTION 173-RECOG-NIZING THE DUTY OF THE FED-ERAL GOVERNMENT TO CREATE A GREEN NEW DEAL

Mr. MARKEY (for himself, Mr. BLUMENTHAL, Mr. BOOKER, Ms. HIRONO, Merkley. Mr. Murphy. Mr. Padilla, Mr. Sanders, Mr. Van Hol-LEN, Ms. WARREN, Mr. WELCH, and Mr. WYDEN) submitted the following resolution: which was referred to the Committee on Environment and Public Works:

## S. RES. 173

Whereas the October 2018 report entitled "Special Report on Global Warming of 1.5 °C" by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change and the November 2018 Fourth National Climate Assessment report found

(1) human activity is the dominant cause of observed climate change over the past century

(2) a changing climate is causing sea levels to rise and an increase in wildfires, severe storms, droughts, and other extreme weather events that threaten human life, healthy

communities, and critical infrastructure;
(3) global warming at or greater than 2 degrees Celsius beyond preindustrialized levels will cause-

(A) mass migration from the regions most

affected by climate change;
(B) more than \$500,000,000,000 in lost annual economic output in the United States by the year 2100:

(C) wildfires that, by 2050, will annually burn at least twice as much forest area in the western United States than was typically burned by wildfires in the years preceding 2019:

(D) a loss of more than 99 percent of all

coral reefs on Earth;

(E) more than 350,000,000 more people to be exposed globally to deadly heat stress by

- (F) a risk of damage to \$1,000,000,000,000 of public infrastructure and coastal real estate in the United States; and
- (4) global temperatures must be kept less than degrees Celsius 1.5 above preindustrialized levels to avoid the most severe impacts of a changing climate, which will require-
- (A) global reductions in greenhouse gas emissions from human sources of 40 to 60 percent from 2010 levels by 2030; and

(B) net-zero global emissions by 2050;

Whereas, because the United States has historically been responsible for a disproportionate amount of greenhouse gas emissions, having emitted 20 percent of global greenhouse gas emissions through 2014, and has a high technological capacity, the United States must take a leading role in reducing emissions through economic transformation;

Whereas the United States is currently experiencing several related crises, with-

- (1) life expectancy declining while basic needs, such as clean air, clean water, healthy food, and adequate health care, housing, transportation, and education, are inaccessible to a significant portion of the United States population;
- (2) a 4-decade trend of wage stagnation, deindustrialization, and antilabor policies that has led to-
- (A) hourly wages overall stagnating since the 1970s despite increased worker productivity:
- (B) the third-worst level of socioeconomic mobility in the developed world before the Great Recession;
- (C) the erosion of the earning and bargaining power of workers in the United States; and
- (D) inadequate resources for public sector workers to confront the challenges of climate change at the Federal, State, and local level; and
- (3) the greatest income inequality since the 1920s, with-
- (A) the top 1 percent of earners accruing 91 percent of gains in the first few years of economic recovery after the Great Recession;
- (B) a large racial wealth divide amounting to a difference of 20 times more wealth between the average White family and the average Black family: and
- (C) a gender earnings gap that results in women earning approximately 80 percent as much as men, at the median:

Whereas climate change, pollution, and environmental destruction have exacerbated systemic racial regional social environmental, and economic injustices (referred to in this preamble as "systemic injustices") by disproportionately affecting indigenous peoples, communities of color, migrant communities, deindustrialized communities, depopulated rural communities, the poor, lowincome workers, women, the elderly, the unhoused, people with disabilities, and youth (referred to in this preamble as "frontline and vulnerable communities"):

Whereas climate change constitutes a direct threat to the national security of the United States-

- (1) by impacting the economic, environmental, and social stability of countries and communities around the world; and
  - (2) by acting as a threat multiplier;

Whereas the Federal Government-led mobilizations during World War II and the New Deal created the greatest middle class that the United States has ever seen, but many members of frontline and vulnerable communities were excluded from many of the economic and societal benefits of those mobilizations; and

Whereas the Senate recognizes that a new national, social, industrial, and economic mobilization on a scale not seen since World War II and the New Deal era is a historic opportunity—

- (1) to create millions of good, high-wage jobs in the United States;
- (2) to provide unprecedented levels of prosperity and economic security for all people of the United States; and
- (3) to counteract systemic injustices: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That it is the sense of the Senate that—

- (1) it is the duty of the Federal Government to create a Green New Deal—
- (A) to achieve the greenhouse gas and toxic emissions reductions needed to stay under 1.5 degrees Celsius of warming, through a fair and just transition for all communities and workers:
- (B) to create millions of good, high-wage union jobs and encourage collective bargaining agreements to ensure prosperity and economic security for all people of the United States:
- (C) to invest in the infrastructure and industry of the United States to sustainably meet the challenges of the 21st century;
- (D) to secure for all people of the United States for generations to come—
  - (i) clean air and water:
  - (ii) climate and community resiliency;
- (iii) healthy food;
- (iv) access to nature; and
- (v) a sustainable environment; and
- (E) to promote justice and equity by stopping current, preventing future, and repairing historic oppression of indigenous peoples, communities of color, migrant communities, deindustrialized communities, depopulated rural communities, the poor, low-income workers, women, the elderly, the unhoused, people with disabilities, and youth (referred to in this resolution as "frontline and vulnerable communities");
- (2) the goals described in subparagraphs (A) through (E) of paragraph (1) (referred to in this resolution as the "Green New Deal goals") should be accomplished through a 10-year national mobilization (referred to in this resolution as the "Green New Deal mobilization") that will require—
- (A) building resiliency against climate change-related disasters, such as extreme weather, including by leveraging funding and providing investments for community-defined projects and strategies:
- (B) repairing and upgrading the infrastructure in the United States, including—
- (i) by eliminating pollution and greenhouse gas emissions as much as technologically feasible;
- (ii) by guaranteeing universal access to clean water:
- (iii) by reducing the risks posed by climate impacts; and
- (iv) by ensuring that any infrastructure bill considered by Congress addresses climate change;
- (C) meeting 100 percent of the power demand in the United States through clean, renewable, and zero-emission energy sources, including—
- (i) by dramatically expanding and upgrading renewable power sources; and
  - (ii) by deploying new capacity;
- (D) building or upgrading to energy-efficient, distributed, and "smart" power grids and ensuring affordable access to electricity;
- (E) upgrading all existing buildings in the United States and building new buildings to achieve maximum energy efficiency, water efficiency, safety, affordability, comfort, and durability, including through electrification;
- (F) spurring massive growth in clean manufacturing in the United States and removing pollution and greenhouse gas emissions from manufacturing and industry as much as is technologically feasible, including by ex-

- panding renewable energy manufacturing and investing in existing manufacturing and industry:
- (G) working collaboratively with farmers and ranchers in the United States to remove pollution and greenhouse gas emissions from the agricultural sector as much as is technologically feasible, including—
  - (i) by supporting family farming;
- (ii) by investing in sustainable farming and land use practices that increase soil health; and
- (iii) by building a more sustainable food system that ensures universal access to healthy food;
- (H) overhauling transportation systems in the United States to remove pollution and greenhouse gas emissions from the transportation sector as much as is technologically feasible, including through investment in—
- (i) zero-emission vehicle and non-motorized alternative modes of transportation infrastructure and manufacturing;
- (ii) clean, affordable, and accessible public transit; and
- (iii) high-speed rail:
- (I) mitigating and managing the long-term adverse health, economic, and other effects of pollution and climate change, including by providing funding for community-defined projects and strategies;
- (J) removing greenhouse gases from the atmosphere and reducing pollution by restoring natural ecosystems through proven low-tech solutions that increase soil carbon storage, such as land preservation and afforestation;
- (K) restoring and protecting threatened, endangered, and fragile ecosystems through locally appropriate and science-based projects that enhance biodiversity and support climate resiliency:
- (L) cleaning up existing hazardous waste sites and abandoned sites and ensuring economic development and sustainability on those sites:
- (M) identifying other emission and pollution sources and creating solutions to remove them; and
- (N) promoting the international exchange of technology, expertise, products, funding, and services, with the aim of making the United States the international leader on climate action and to help other countries achieve a Green New Deal;
- (3) a Green New Deal must be developed through transparent and inclusive consultation, collaboration, and partnership with frontline and vulnerable communities, labor organizations, worker cooperatives, civil society groups, academia, and businesses; and
- (4) to achieve the Green New Deal goals and mobilization, a Green New Deal will require—
- (A) providing and leveraging, in a way that ensures that the public receives appropriate ownership stakes and returns on investment, adequate capital (including through community grants, public banks, and other public financing), technical expertise, supporting policies, and other forms of assistance to communities, organizations, Federal, State, and local government agencies, and businesses working on the Green New Deal mobilization:
- (B) ensuring that the Federal Government takes into account the complete environmental and social costs and impacts of emissions through—
  - (i) existing laws;
  - (ii) new policies and programs; and
- (iii) ensuring that frontline and vulnerable communities shall not be adversely affected;
- (C) providing resources, training, and highquality education, including higher education, to all people of the United States, with a focus on frontline and vulnerable communities, so that all people of the United

- States may be full and equal participants in the Green New Deal mobilization;
- (D) making public investments in the research and development of new clean and renewable energy technologies and industries;
- (E) directing investments to spur economic development, deepen and diversify industry and business in local and regional economies, and build wealth and community ownership, while prioritizing high-quality job creation and economic, social, and environmental benefits in frontline and vulnerable communities, and deindustrialized communities, that may otherwise struggle with the transition away from greenhouse gas intensive industries;
- (F) ensuring the use of democratic and participatory processes that are inclusive of and led by frontline and vulnerable communities and workers to plan, implement, and administer the Green New Deal mobilization at the local level:
- (G) ensuring that the Green New Deal mobilization creates high-quality union jobs that pay prevailing wages, hires local workers, offers training and advancement opportunities, and guarantees direct replacement of lost wages, health care, retirement, and other benefits for workers affected by the transition:
- (H) guaranteeing a job with a family-sustaining wage, adequate family and medical leave, paid vacations, and retirement security to all people of the United States;
- (I) strengthening and protecting the right of all workers to organize, unionize, and collectively bargain free of coercion, intimidation, and harassment:
- (J) strengthening and enforcing labor, workplace health and safety, antidiscrimination, and wage and hour standards across all employers, industries, and sectors;
- $(\bar{\mathbf{K}})$  enacting and enforcing trade rules, procurement standards, and border adjustments with strong labor and environmental protections—
- (i) to stop the transfer of jobs and pollution overseas; and
- (ii) to grow domestic manufacturing in the United States;
- (L) ensuring that public lands, waters, and oceans are protected and that eminent domain is not abused:
- (M) obtaining the free, prior, and informed consent of indigenous peoples for all decisions that affect indigenous peoples and their traditional territories, honoring all treaties and agreements with indigenous peoples, and protecting and enforcing the sovereignty and land rights of indigenous peoples:
- (N) ensuring a commercial environment where every businessperson is free from unfair competition and domination by domestic or international monopolies; and
- (O) providing all people of the United States with—  $\,$ 
  - (i) high-quality health care;
- (ii) affordable, safe, and adequate housing;
- (iii) economic security; and
- (iv) clean water, clean air, healthy and affordable food, and access to nature.

## UNANIMOUS CONSENT AGREEMENT—S.J. RES. 11

Mr. MENENDEZ. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that if cloture is invoked on the motion to proceed to S. 326, that notwithstanding rule XXII, the Committee on Environment and Public Works be discharged from further consideration of S.J. Res. 11 and that it be in order for Senator FISCHER to make a motion to proceed to S.J.